ZHONGXIN FRUIT AND JUICE LIMITED SUSTAINABILITY REPORT 2024



Company registration no.: 200208395H

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This Sustainability Report has been reviewed by the Company's sponsor, UOB Kay Hian Private Limited (the "Sponsor").

This Sustainability Report has not been examined or approved by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"). The SGX-ST assumes no responsibility for the contents of this Sustainability Report, including the correctness of any of the statements or opinions made or reports contained in this Sustainability Report.

The contact person for the Sponsor is Mr Lance Tan, Senior Vice President, at 8 Anthony Road, #01-01, Singapore 229957 and contact number: (+65) 6590 6881.

BOARD STATEMENT

The Board of Directors (the "Board") is pleased to present the seventh Sustainability Report (the "Report") of Zhongxin Fruit and Juice Limited (the "Company") together with its subsidiaries (the "Zhongxin Group") for the financial year ended 30 June 2024.

We stay dedicated in managing the key material economic, environmental, social and governance ("EESG") aspects of our business and operations. Throughout the financial year, Zhongxin Group's insights and skills are assessed to remain as follow:

- sustainability issues and analysis;
- sustainability and business activities in problem solving;
- acquire basic knowledge and tools for compiling sustainability practices; and
- develop analytical approach for business decision making related to sustainable development.

We will continually review our portfolio and challenge ourselves to be the best long-term strategic partner by focusing on the potential of our businesses and aiming to secure sustainable growth. This approach guides our capital allocation strategy as well as our input and contribution to portfolio businesses at both the board and management levels.

Embedding EESG in our management systems is a key part of our overall strategy. We take active steps to measure our level of readiness, initiate conversations with our stakeholders, and chart our progress towards our sustainability goals. The EESG data and information provided have been derived from internal data monitoring and verification to ensure accuracy. The Company's sustainability reporting process have been subjected to internal review.

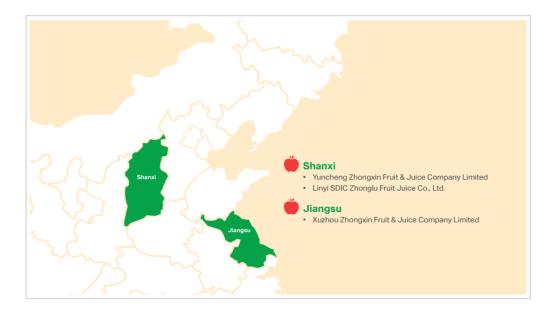
With the availability of economic, environment, social and governance data, sustainability reporting has gained greater significance to investors. Far from being just an image building exercise, today, it is widely accepted that good EESG practices contribute to the overall long-term success of the Company and play an important part in the competition for talent and investment.

We are mindful of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST" or "SGX") enhanced disclosure requirements for all listed entities, and we have made our first climate related disclosures in accordance with the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD") recommendations in this Report.

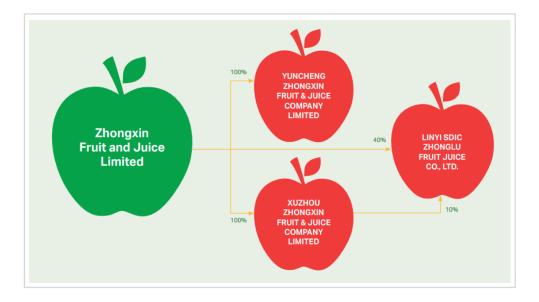
Liu Yu

Chairman and Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

ABOUT THE ZHONGXIN GROUP



Zhongxin Fruit and Juice Limited (the "Company", and together with its subsidiaries, the "Group" or "Zhongxin Group") is a subsidiary of the world's leading producer of fruit and vegetable juice concentrates and beverages, SDIC Zhonglu Fruit Juice Co., Ltd. ("SDICZL"). The Group's primary business is the production of concentrated apple juice mainly for export to multinational F&B corporations in the United States, European Union, South Africa, Japan via SDICZL. The concentrated apple juice produced is used as an ingredient in packet juice drinks, soft drinks, cider, yoghurt and candies.



Zhongxin Group consists of two wholly-owned subsidiaries – Yuncheng Zhongxin Fruit & Juice Company Limited ("Yuncheng Zhongxin"), Xuzhou Zhongxin Fruit & Juice Company Limited ("Xuzhou Zhongxin") and a 50%-owned joint venture – Linyi SDIC Zhonglu Fruit Juice Co., Ltd. ("Linyi SDICZL").

The Company is listed on the Catalist Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") with a registered office in Singapore and its main operations are located in the People's Republic of China ("PRC").

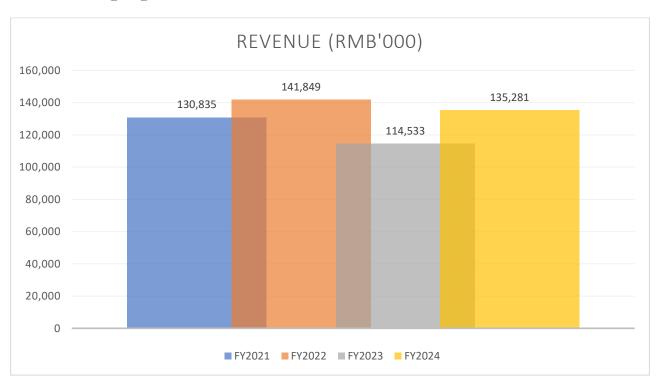
In the last financial year, the Group was impacted by the disruption in raw materials supply caused by heatwaves. The weather returned to normalcy in the current financial year resulting in an ample supply of apples and pears.

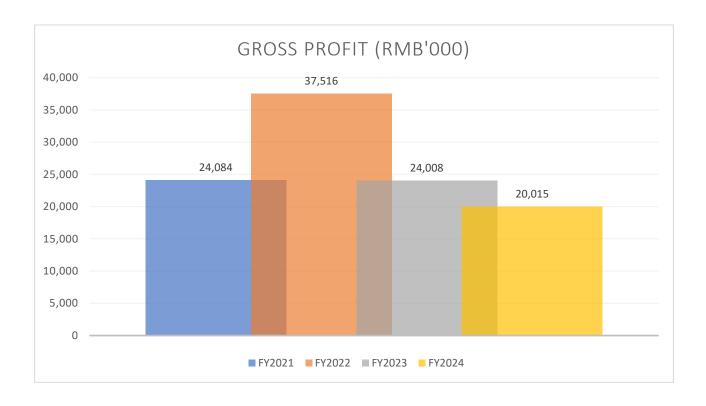
Leveraging on the better harvesting season as well as the higher demand for fructose, the subsidiary of the Company, Yuncheng Zhongxin procured higher volume of apples and increase its production volume in FY2024.

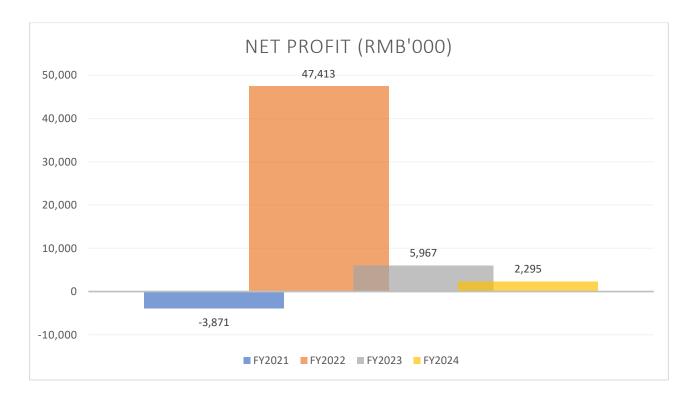
Despite the challenging operating environment, rising business costs and unpredictable global market demand for fruit juices, Yuncheng Zhongxin went ahead to increase the production of the fruit juice concentrate so that it has sufficient inventories to cater to the higher market demand when the fruit juice market rebounded and stabilised.

On the other hand, the Management took the decision to continue the suspension of the production activities of Xuzhou Zhongxin Fruit & Juice Company Limited ("Xuzhou Zhongxin") due to a lack of commercial justification for production resumption.

Financial Highlights







Please refer to the Zhongxin Group's annual report ("Annual Report") for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 ("FY2024") and Zhongxin Group's sustainability report ("Sustainability Report") for operation and financial overview section between page 9 to 12 for detailed analysis and commentary of financial performance.

ABOUT THIS REPORT

The Report express our commitment to sustainability and transparency. This is our seventh sustainability Report. To reflect the interests of our key stakeholders realistically, this Report is designed to provide a true and fair view of the company. Towards sustainability, Zhongxin Group aims to include general and available information on the strategy in this Report.

Reporting Boundary ------

This Report covers the sustainability performance of the Company for FY2024 which has been prepared with reference to the 2021 Global Reporting Initiative ("GRI") Sustainability Reporting Standards ("GRI Standards"). Zhongxin Group has chosen the GRI Standards as it is a well-known and globally recognised sustainability reporting standard. The GRI Content Index on pages 30 to 31 set out the full list of GRI references and disclosures used in this Report.

The Group's climate-related disclosures were guided by the TCFD. The Financial Stability Board ("FSB") established the TCFD to create guidelines for corporate climate-related disclosures. Our compliance with TCFD recommendations is detailed in the TCFD Index section of the Report.

The scope of this report will focus on the sustainability performance, activities and initiatives, as part of our efforts to align our sustainability reporting with relevant market standards.



Reporting Period And Scope -----

The Report contains a full year's data from 1 July 2023 to 30 June 2024 ("FY2024"). It focuses on the business owned by Zhongxin Group, including the subsidiaries. A Report will be published annually in accordance with our Sustainability Report policy.

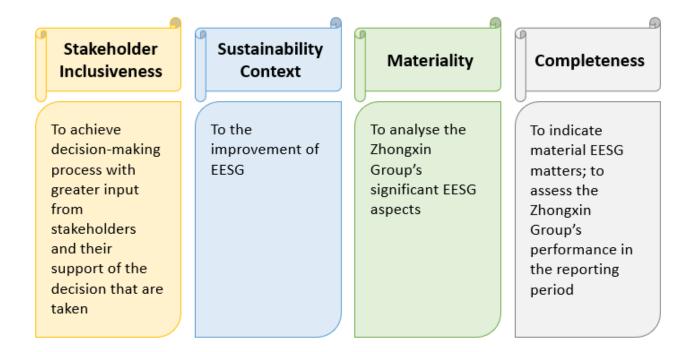
Independent Assurance -----

We have not obtained any external assurance of the information being reported. The sustainability reporting processes were subjected to internal review. We will consider seeking external assurance as our sustainability reporting matures over time if necessary.

Reporting Framework -----

We looked into addressing gaps in our sustainability performance by benchmarking our sustainability processes against industry leaders, to further improve our processes and performance through best practice sharing and knowledge transfer.

The content of this sustainability report is determined by the following Content Reporting Principles establish by GRI Standards:-



Contact For Matters Pertaining To Zhongxin Group SR 2024 -----

We value and appreciate all feedback to help make our future reports more relevant to our stakeholders. Please direct any questions pertaining to our sustainability initiatives or reporting, or comments and feedback to:

Email: AC@zhongxinfj.com **Phone number:** (+65) 6557 2308

Address: 25 International Business Park, #02-53 German Centre, Singapore 609916

OPERATION AND FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

Market Overview

The Apple Juice Concentrate market has witnessed steady growth in recent years and is anticipated to maintain this positive progression until 2032. One notable trend within the Apple Juice Concentrate market is the growing preference for sustainable and eco-friendly products. Another significant trend in the Apple Juice Concentrate market is the escalating integration of technology to enhance product quality and efficiency. Cutting-edge technologies like artificial intelligence, machine learning, and blockchain are being leveraged to develop innovative products that outperform traditional alternatives in terms of effectiveness and efficiency.

From 2024 to 2032, the Apple Juice Concentrate market displays a consistent and positive growth direction, indicating a favourable outlook for the industry. This growth is propelled by several key factors, including increasing consumer demand, advancements in technology, and shifting consumer preferences.

A significant driver of the Apple Juice Concentrate market is the growing consumer awareness of health and wellness. This heightened consciousness has resulted in a surge in demand for Apple Juice Concentrate products that are perceived as healthier and more natural alternatives. Furthermore, technological advancements within the Apple Juice Concentrate industry have led to the emergence of more efficient and sustainable production methods, further enhancing market growth.

Furthermore, key players in the industry are making substantial investments, which are anticipated to drive innovation and fuel market expansion. These investments primarily focus on the development of new products and the expansion of distribution networks, which in turn will stimulate future demand.

However, the unpredictable harvesting conditions due to unfavourable weather condition may cause difficulty in sourcing for quality raw materials, resulting in difficulties to meet market demands. Headwinds such as competition, cost pressures brought about by escalating logistic and shipping costs, inflation, rising interest rates as well as the evolving geopolitical and trade conflicts will continue to present volatility in the economy and drive operating costs higher.

Significant Trends and Competitive Conditions

The Zhongxin Group recorded growth in revenue but reduction in profitability in FY2024. The Zhongxin Group is cautiously managing the rising costs and challenges faced to sustain the business performance in the mid to long term. The challenges faced by the Zhongxin Group include fluctuating market demand, trade tensions, market competition, unpredictable climate change that adversely affects the harvesting conditions and causes reduction in the supply of quality raw materials and drives volatility of raw material prices, etc. The ability to procure sufficient raw materials during the harvesting seasons will impact the Zhongxin Group's ability to maximise the utilisation of the production capacity for economies of scale and cost competitiveness of the products produced by the Zhongxin Group.

The prevailing soft economic outlook continues to pose challenges for the Group's business to thrive. To mitigate these risks, the Zhongxin Group focuses on cost management and optimization as well as driving productivity improvements while exploring product diversification and adoption of practices to improve production processes and reduce costs. Leveraging the resources and network of its parent company, SDICZL, the Zhongxin Group aims to strengthen its position in the concentrated fruit juice industry and broaden its product varieties to include other value-added products.

Seasonal Operations

The fruit juice industry is cyclical in nature as raw materials such as apples are in season during the second half of the calendar year (i.e. the first half of the Zhongxin Group's financial year). To ensure the freshness of the ingredients, generally, the Zhongxin Group procures the raw materials and produces the fruit juice during the first half of the financial year for its full year's supply.

The sales of the Zhongxin Group are not affected significantly by seasonal or cyclical factors during the financial period.

The variance analysis on the items in the **statement of comprehensive income** during the FY2024 are as

No.	Area	Variance Analysis
1.	Revenue	 The Group's revenue increased by 18% from RMB114.5 million in FY2023 to RMB135.3 million in FY2024. This was mainly driven by the increase in selling prices of concentrated fruit juices and fructose which have on the averaged, increased by approximately 13% and 14% respectively in FY2024 as compared to FY2023. The higher revenue recorded in FY2024 was partly contributed by an
		increase in demand for fructose and the Group recorded an increase in the volume of sale of fructose that commanded higher selling price.
2.	Gross profit	- The Group recorded lower gross profit margin of 14.8% in FY2024 as compared to 21.0% in FY2023 mainly due to higher procurement and production costs. This resulted in the gross profit decreased from approximately RMB24.0 million in FY2023 to RMB20.0 million in FY2024.
3.	Other income	- The Group reported lower amount of other income in FY2024 as compared to FY2023 mainly due to the decrease in interest income by approximately RMB2.6 million in relation to the interest charged by Yuncheng Zhongxin for outstanding accounts receivables from SDICZL. The decrease is attributable to the lower level of outstanding accounts receivables due from SDICZL.
4.	Expenses	- The increase in distribution expenses was mainly due to higher warehousing costs by approximately RMB0.9 million following the increase in the level of inventories to cater to production requirements in the financial year.
		 The decrease in administrative expenses was mainly due to the following: a) Absence of RMB1.4 million legal fees incurred by Xuzhou Zhongxin in FY2023. This was in relation to the professional fees paid to the legal firm for assisting in the recovery of a settlement payment that was resolved in year 2022. b) Lower repair and maintenance costs by approximately RMB0.5 million as the major enhancement and upkeep activities had been carried out in the previous financial year.
		- The decrease in finance costs was primarily due to lower interest payments by Xuzhou Zhongxin. This reduction resulted from a lower interest rate charged in FY2024 on the advances provided by the Group's immediate holding company, SDICZL, to finance Xuzhou Zhongxin's working capital requirements.
5.	Share of loss from equity-accounted joint venture	- The Group shared the loss from its equity-accounted joint venture, Linyi SDIC Zhonglu Fruit Juice Co., Ltd ("Linyi SDIC") of approximately RMB1.0 million in FY2024 as compared to approximately RMB1.6 million in FY2023. This was mainly due to the improvement in revenue and gross profit recorded by Linyi SDIC in FY2024 attributed to the higher sales volume.
6.	Profit for the financial year	- Due to the reasons explained above, the Group recorded lower profit after taxation of RMB2.3 million in FY2024 as compared to RMB6.0 million in FY2023.

The variance analysis on the items in the **statement of financial position** as at 30 June 2024 are as follow:

NON-CURRENT ASSETS

No.	Area	Variance Analysis
1.	Property, plant and equipment ("PPE")	 PPE decreased by approximately RMB2.2 million mainly due to depreciation charges of RMB4.1 million, offset by addition of PPE of RMB2.0 million. Included in the depreciation charges in FY2024 was an amount of RMB3.1 million (FY2023: RMB3.4 million) that was absorbed into inventories costing while the remaining amount
		of RMB1.0 million (FY2023: RMB1.1 million) was charged to distribution and administrative expenses.

CURRENT ASSETS

No.	Area	Variance Analysis
1.	Cash and cash equivalents	- Cash and cash equivalents increased by approximately RMB17.0 million as explained under the statement of cash flows below.
2.	Notes receivables	- The notes receivables represent the promissory notes issued by SDICZL in favour of the Group as consideration for trade purchases and the partial settlement of trade receivables owing by SDICZL to the Group. In turn, the Group has endorsed these promissory notes in favour of financial institutions to obtain working capital financing for the Group.
3.	Trade receivables	- Trade receivables decreased by approximately RMB59.8 million mainly attributable to the repayment of the outstanding trade amount owing by SDICZL.
4.	Other receivables	- Other receivables decreased by approximately RMB0.4 million mainly attributable to the decrease in natural gas supply's security deposit and offset by the increase in the advance payment of electricity charges to local authority and other receivables.
5.	Prepayments	- Prepayments increased by approximately RMB1.0 million mainly due to higher prepaid expenses made to suppliers as at 30 June 2024 in preparation for the annual fruit juice production cycle of the Group that commences in June 2024.
6.	Inventories	- Inventories increased by approximately RMB66.0 million mainly due to higher level of production activities in FY2024, attributable to the better harvesting season.
		- The Group carried higher level of inventories as at 30 June 2024 which were mainly represented by fruit juice concentrate and fructose finished goods. Yuncheng Zhongxin increased the production of fruit juice concentrate so that it has ample inventory to satisfy growing market demand when the fruit juice market stabilises. Concurrently, Yuncheng Zhongxin also increased the production of fructose in order to fulfil the rising demand of this product from the customers.

CURRENT LIABILITIES

No.	Area	Variance Analysis
1.	Trade and other payables	- Trade and other payables decreased by approximately RMB0.7 million mainly driven by a decrease in trade payables attributed to lower outstanding payables owed to trade suppliers, and offset by an increase in VAT payable.
2.	Contract liabilities	- Contract liabilities were in relation to advances received from a customer as deposit for the sale of fruit juice. The decrease in contract liabilities' balances were due to the sales recognised in FY2024.
3.	Borrowings	 The borrowings outstanding as at 30 June 2023 had matured and fully settled in the financial year. The borrowings as at 30 June 2024 were in relation to the following: (a) Trade financing of RMB9.9 million obtained by Yuncheng Zhongxin, secured by the endorsement of the notes receivables from SDICZL in favour of Yuncheng Zhongxin. The trade financing was obtained from financial institutions to support the Group's working capital requirements. The proceeds were primarily utilised for the purchase of raw materials. (b) Short-term bank loans of RMB29.1 million obtained by Yuncheng Zhongxin from financial institutions for working capital purpose.

The analysis of the **statement of cash flows** for FY2024 are as follow:

- 1. Net cash generated from operating activities amounted to RMB13.9 million in FY2024. Due to the lower gross margins and higher operating costs in FY2024, the Group generated lesser operating cash flows before working capital changes of RMB6.3 million in FY2024 as compared to RMB8.7 million in FY2023. Despite lower cash flows generated before working capital changes, the Group reported increase in the net cash generated from operating activities, contributed mainly by the significant reduction in receivable from immediate holding company and notes receivables. Part of the surplus cash generated was consumed to fund the increase in the inventories, trade and other payables;
- 2. Net cash used in investing activities of RMB2.0 million in FY2024 was mainly attributable to additions of PPE; and
- 3. Net cash generated from financing activities of RMB5.1 million in FY2024 was mainly due to net proceeds of borrowings.

We target to attain sustainable economic growth annually.

STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

The Zhongxin Group recognises the importance of engaging our stakeholders to encourage open communications and build relationships. Stakeholders include any individual or group who are impacted by or interested in our activities.

Our robust engagement model helps us connect with both internal and external stakeholders. This helps us in developing strong partnerships and thus build success together. We strive to build and maintain strong relationships based on trust and respect will all stakeholders and utilise various platforms where they can voice their opinions and suggestions, as shown in the table below.

Key Stakeho	older Groups	Stakeholders' Expectations/ Concerns	Engagement Platforms	
Internal stakeholders Managers and Employees		 Pleasant and safe working environment Competitive remuneration and incentives Training and education opportunities Career growth 	 Regular internal communications through meetings Employee feedback Corporate activities Employee caring sessions 	
	Supplier and Farmers	 Local communities Anti-corruption Occupational health and safety Competitive pricing 	 Direct communications Reasonable selling prices Strong cooperation 	
External stakeholders	Investors and Shareholders	 Transparency and corporate governance Profitability and sustainability Market presence Better financial returns Industry conditions and prospects 	 Sustainability report and annual report Announcement and circulars Investor presentation General Meeting Fair corporate governance Inflation of financial returns Identify risk and opportunities 	
	Parent Company (SDICZL)	 Regular interests Strength on financial performance and business 	Regular meetings and visitsSustainable development	
	Government Agency and Regulators	 Socioeconomic compliance Environmental compliance Food safety compliance Regulatory compliance 	 Discussions Compliance with rules and regulations Opportunities for business Site visits 	

MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

We conduct a materiality assessment annually to ensure that our sustainability efforts across each aspect of EESG align with matters that are important to our business and stakeholders. We continue to focus on our previously identified material issues as they were still relevant to Zhongxin Group. Our four steps approach on materiality assessment as follow:





Through focus group discussion, we identified potential material topics.

Prioritise



Prioritise material topics based on the strategic importance to the business, importance to stakeholders and the social, economic and environmental impact of each topic in the value chain.

Validate



The prioritised material issues were presented to stakeholders to validate the outcome.

Review



Follow up with stakeholders to get feedback on the material topics reported to improve future sustainability report.

Through the above four steps, we were able to gain an understanding of the sustainability issues that matter most to our key stakeholders. The Group conducted its first materiality assessment in FY2018 and found that they were still relevant to the Group in FY2024. Based on relative importance to sustainable development and to the Zhongxin Group's business success, the following issues have been identified to be material for the purpose of this report.



Economic

sustainable business

performance

- · direct economic value
- customer satisfaction

Z

Environmental

- energy and emissions
- water conservation
- effluents and waste

Social

- · equality
- customer safety
- fair
 employment
 practice



Governance

- business ethics
- risk
- management
- robust corporate compliance

We stay committed to improve the identification and management of material issues annually to ensure their relevance to our stakeholders.

OUR PEOPLE

As a business that is focused on bringing joy to customers through our products, we always put attention for people at the core of our purpose. The Zhongxin Group understands that people are critical assets to the Group. We are committed to developing a positive, harmonious and respectable working community.

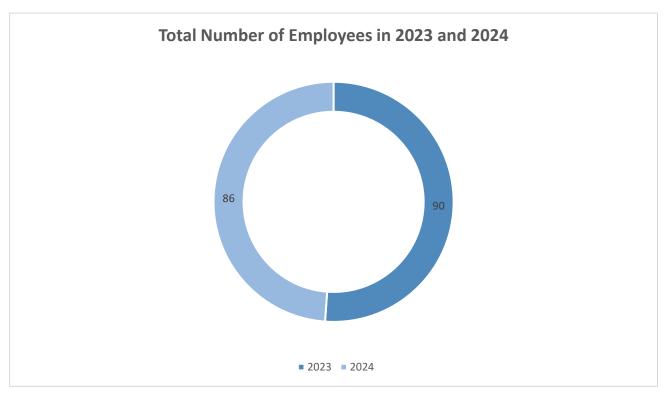
The Human Resources ("HR") department sets the Zhongxin Group's key policies and tracks the implementation of these policies in our organisation in order to effectively implement employment policies across our operations. To set up a holistic and engaging environment where our people are able to deliver their best work, Zhongxin Group is committed to offer equal opportunities, staff welfare and career development for all persons and genders, which means treating people fairly and without bias.

Diversity and Equal Opportunities

A diverse workforce is an asset in today's ever-changing global marketplace. The Zhongxin Group cultivate an inclusive culture where employees with wide-ranging backgrounds and qualities are highly motivated, engaged and connected. The Zhongxin Group continues to remain committed to upholding to fairness and equitable treatment of all candidates in our recruitment and selection process. When undertaking the recruitment process, the primary objective is to place a candidate in an appropriate role based solely on skill, experience and competencies required to effectively and efficiently fulfil the role. All employment decisions will conform to the principle of equal opportunity by imposing only the valid requirements of the position on the candidate under consideration. There were no records of discrimination based on race, age, gender, religion, ethnicity and nationality in FY2024. We intend to maintain this target for FY2025.

The gender and age distribution of our entire workforce for this reporting year as follow:

	Number of Employees						
Commanula Nama		Gender					
Company's Name	M	ale	Female				
	2023	2024	2023	2024			
Yuncheng Zhongxin	46	45	31	29			
Xuzhou Zhongxin	5	5	8	7			
The Company	-	-	-	-			
Total	51	50	39	36			



	Number of Employees				
Age Range	20	2023		24	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	
18 – 30	5	6%	4	5%	
31 - 40	29	32%	25	29%	
41 - 50	40	44%	40	46%	
Over 50	16	18%	17	20%	
Total	90	100%	86	100%	

Target for FY2024	Performance in FY2024	Target for FY2025
- The ratio of female employees		C
over total employees should not	for FY2024.	female employees to not fall
fall below 40%.		below 40% of the total employees.
- The ratio of employees with age		
50 and above over total		- We target to maintain the ratio of
employees should not fall below		employees with age 50 and
15%.		above to not fall below 15% of the total employees.
- Zero record of discrimination		
based on race, age, gender,		- Zero record of discrimination
religion, ethnicity and		based on race, age, gender,
nationality.		religion, ethnicity and nationality.

GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE

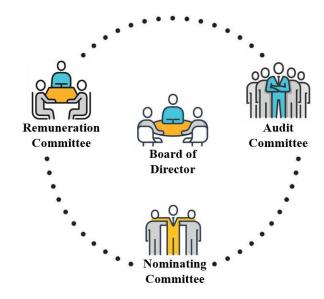
Corporate and Sustainability Governance

We believe that good corporate governance is the cornerstone of our business. Our governance structure complies with applicable laws and regulations throughout our operations. Our business is conducted with professional and transparent management, supported by committees, governance forums, and a clear definition of processes and procedures, which enables the Zhongxin Group to effectively manage our risks and opportunities, protect our reputation as a business, deliver sustainable value for our stakeholders and responsible strategic planning. We identify, prioritise, validate and review key risks (including climate-related risks) and the associated key controls within the Group.

We set out governance levels to assure a balance between our stakeholders' guidelines and business management.

The Board of Director has a number of committees to assist in discharging its duties and responsibilities. These include an Audit committee ("AC"), Nominating committee ("NC") and Remuneration committee ("RC") with its own terms of reference and operating procedures, which are monitored and reviewed periodically.

The Board incorporates sustainability considerations, which include climate-related and other ESG-related risks, issues and opportunities, as part of the Group's strategic formulation. The Board also provides ongoing guidance to the Executive Director and the senior management team of the Zhongxin Group on effective



implementation and monitoring of the relevant sustainability-related programmes. Senior management ensures that the ESG factors are monitored on an ongoing basis and properly managed, and provides regular updates to the Board, which includes urgent sustainability-related issues of critical concern.

The Zhongxin Group has set up a Sustainability Task Force, comprising the Operation Department and Technical Department, which is responsible for the implementation of various sustainability-related measures and initiatives.

The Group's Sustainability Reporting Committee ("SRC") comprised of two committees, namely the Steering Committee and Working Committee who are responsible for the transparency and accountability of our ESG performance.

The Steering Committee fosters the sustainable development of the Zhongxin Group in a holistic approach according to sustainability policy. The purpose to set out Steering Committee is as follow:

- To further integrate sustainability into our strategy and business;
- To assist the Board of Directors in fulfilling the Board of Directors' oversight responsibilities with respect to the Zhongxin Group's sustainability efforts;
- To review our sustainability progress and priorities; and
- To ensure accountability at all levels of the Zhongxin Group.

The Working Committee focuses on EESG directed business practices. EESG criteria add value to business and society through sustainable solutions and the core mission of the committee is to share positive examples of EESG minded best practices, as well as new initiatives stemming from EESG criteria.

Both of these committees comprise of representatives from all business units. Roles and responsibilities have been assigned to each component of our sustainability governance structure to further enhance the integration of sustainability into our operations.

Conflict of Interest Policy

The Group has established procedures to ensure that all transactions with interested persons are reported in a timely manner to the AC and that such transactions are reviewed and approved by senior executives, AC and/or the Board, as the case may be, based on the transaction amount and that the transactions have been conducted on normal commercial terms and are not prejudicial to the interests of the Company and its minority shareholders, in accordance with the prescribed procedures. When a potential conflict of interest arises, the Director concerned will not participate in discussions and will abstain from voting on such transactions.

Whistleblowing and Fraud

The Group has in place a whistleblowing policy to highlight any wrongdoing and inappropriate behavior among its employees, as well as maintain high ethical standards of accountability, reliability and honesty for its stakeholders at all times.

The whistleblowing policy instituted by the Zhongxin Group aims to:

- Provide a trusted avenue for employees, vendors, customers and other stakeholders to report any
 violations, misconduct, wrongdoing or concerns or suspected violations, misconduct, wrongdoings or
 concerns, particularly in relation to fraud, controls or ethics, relating to the Company, the Group and
 its employees without fear of reprisals when whistleblowing in good faith; and
- Ensure that robust arrangements are in place to facilitate independent investigation of the reported concern and for the appropriate follow-up actions to be taken.

Please refer to the Company's Annual Report for more information on the Company's whistle-blowing policy.

For FY2024, we met our target with no reported cases of misconduct, fraud or any other form of wrongdoing or concerns, or suspected violations, misconduct, fraud or any other form of wrongdoing or concerns.

Supply Chain Management

The Zhongxin Group's suppliers are extensively sourced and stringently evaluated to ensure that they meet the relevant specific procurement policies and guidelines. The Zhongxin Group aims to source from consistent, reliable and cost-effective suppliers to minimise potential disruptions in its supply chain. The Zhongxin Group also ensures that no Directors and Executive Officers are materially involved in or dependent on any industrial, commercial or financial contract with any supplier.

EFFLUENTS MANAGEMENT

Over the past few decades, the global demand for fruit production has increased due to the growing population and changing demographics to consume healthy foods and drinks. In this regard, acres gifted for fruit production have been steadily increasing throughout the world. At the same time, effluents management become a hot topic amongst this industry.

In order to have a systematic process for managing effluent and cost control, the Zhongxin Group has been implementing some measures on wastewater management as follow:

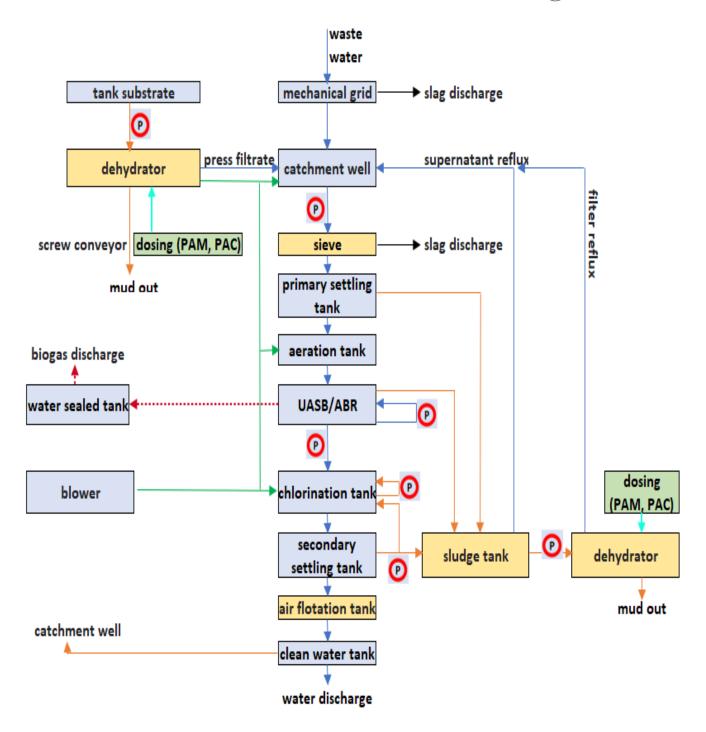
- monitor the maintenance of sewage equipment and cultivation of sludge are function well before the pressing season;
- supervise and inspect the operation of equipment and the addition of auxiliary materials during the pressing season;
- promote sewage heating transformation; and
- promote the accurate sewage addition system.

We understand that managing and reducing waste and effluents generated are important towards our daily operations. To prosper and maintain a better quality of life, the Zhongxin Group has set out few plans to control wastewater as follow:

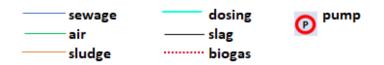
- maintain daily processing capacity at 2,000 cubic meters or above;
- control the processing fee for a ton of fruit juice at RMB55 or lower;
- control the cost of water per ton at RMB4.5 or lower; and
- ensure all pollutants are discharged accordingly.

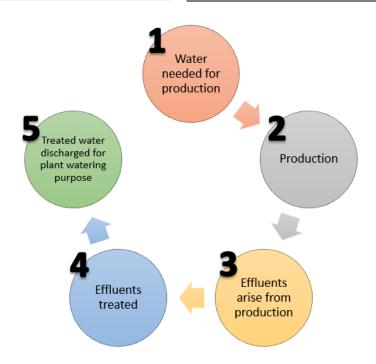
The Zhongxin Group is committed to operate the business in an environmentally friendly manner. Production of concentrate apple juices require a significant amount of water. After going through the production process, this water becomes effluents which need to be discharged in a proper manner.

The Treatment Process of Effluents Management



Outline:





The total volume of water used for production, effluents arising from production and effluents treated yearly for FY2023 and FY2024 as table below:

	Water needed for Production		Effluents arising from Production		Effluents Treated	
2023	52,034	cubic meters	101,427	cubic meters	101,427	cubic meters
2024	101,078	cubic meters	188,237	cubic meters	188,237	cubic meters

The effluents collected were approximately 188,237 cubic meters during the FY2024 production season.

We are aware of our responsibility towards the environment and addressing climate-related risks given that climate change continues to be one of the most pressing global issues. Zhongxin Group uses natural gas in all operational plants and declare natural gas usage according to production and plan. As per records, natural gas is more costly in terms of per unit of energy which generates lesser carbon emission as compared to other sources of energy such as coal.

The water management procedures remained consistent in FY2024. Zhongxin Group is currently in ongoing discussions regarding potential changes to its water management procedures. No new water management procedures have been implemented thus far, primarily due to lack of expertise in this field.

One of the targets set for FY2024 was to maintain or reduce water consumption and waste generated in operations, which Zhongxin Group failed to meet. This situation arose primarily due to Zhongxin Group implementing series of measures aimed at enhancing production quality. These measures encompassed the increased utilisation of water for purposes such as rinsing, cleaning and processing the raw materials which then led to increased in waste generated.. The intention behind this heightened water usage was to ensure that the final product adhered to rigorous quality standards. Additionally, the rise in water consumption was also due to higher production levels in FY2024.

In 2024, the Group is proud to report that we achieved zero incidents of non-compliance with all applicable environmental laws and regulations across our global operations.

CLIMATE-RELATED RISKS AND OPPORTUNITIES

In FY2024, the Zhongxin Group initiated the identification of climate-related risks and opportunities by analysing the impact of climate change on agricultural practices and how comparable businesses are managing their climate-related risks and opportunities.

By scrutinising climate-related risks such as extreme weather events, water scarcity and shifts in growing seasons, the Zhongxin Group could adjust our operational strategies to anticipate and mitigate adverse impacts on apple cultivation. Furthermore, the identification of climate-related opportunities, such as the adoption of innovative and sustainable agricultural practices, would enhance the Zhongxin Group's business resilience and market competitiveness.

The Group undertook a climate scenario analysis to identify and assess climate-related risks and opportunities for all our operations using the Representative Concentration Pathway ("RCP") adopted by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change ("IPCC") as follows:

Scenario	Description	
IPCC RCP 2.6/1.5°C	This scenario is in line with Paris Agreement to limit global warming to below	
	2°C by 2100 as a result of efficiency enhancement and behaviour changes as	
	key mitigation strategy	
IPCC RCP 8.5/4°C	The 'business-as-usual' scenario assumes that GHG emissions continue to rise	
	with significant increases in global temperatures, as no concerted efforts are	
	made to reduce GHG emissions.	

Our preliminary identification of the climate-related risks and opportunities – using short-term (next 5 years), medium-term (next 5-10 years) and long term (beyond 10 years) timeframes – is described in the table below.

Scenario Description		Qualitative Impacts	itative Impacts Impact on Group's Operations				
Physical							
	(i.e. climate-related risks that can result in physical damage)						
IPCC	Extreme -	Increased frequency and	- Short-term disruptions -	Implement resilient			
RCP	weather	intensity of storms,	in production leading to	agricultural practices,			
2.6/1.5	events	floods, or droughts in	potential supply chain	invest in weather-			
$^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$	(short-	the orchard regions.	delays and revenue	resistant infrastructure,			
	term)	-	losses.	and establish			
	_	Potential damage to		emergency response			
		apple crops,	- Higher costs for repair,	plans to mitigate and			
		infrastructure and	recovery, and	manage the impacts of			
		disruption to operations.	production adjustments	extreme weather			
		•	post-event.	events.			
IPCC	Gradual -	Unpredictable	- Long-term reduction in -	Explore apple varieties			
RCP	changes	temperature fluctuations	crop yields and quality	resilient to temperature			
2.6/1.5	in	affecting apple growth	may lower profitability.	variations, invest in			
$^{\circ}$ C	weather	and development		climate-controlled			
	patterns	_	- Additional investments	technologies, and			
IPCC	(medium -	Altered flowering and	in new crop varieties	adjust planting			
RCP	to long-	harvesting seasons,	and technologies,	schedules based on			
8.5/4°C	term)	potentially impacting	impacting capital	climate forecasts.			
		crop quality and yields.	expenditures.				

Scenario I	Description	Qualitative Impacts	Impact on Group's Operations	Possible Actions		
Transition Risks (i.e. climate-related risks as businesses transition to a low-carbon economy)						
IPCC RCP 2.6/1.5°C IPCC RCP 8.5/4°C	Regulatory changes (medium to long-term)	 Introduction of new environmental regulations or carbon pricing affecting agricultural practices. Increased compliance costs and potential restrictions on traditional farming methods. Changes in climate-related reporting rules and processes as mandated by the SGX. 	 Increased operating costs due to compliance investments. Potential operational shifts to adapt to stricter regulations, affecting current production methods. 	- Stay informed on evolving regulations, engage with regulatory authorities, and proactively adopt sustainable farming practices to align with potential future requirements.		
	Market demand shifts (medium to long-term)	 Changing consumer preferences towards sustainably sourced or climate-friendly products. Potential decline in demand for apple that is not sustainably cultivated. 	 Potential loss of market share if sustainability standards aren't met. Opportunity to capture new consumer segments, enhancing brand reputation and revenue growth. 	 Develop better demand projection models. Emphasize sustainable farming practices in communications, and explore green certifications to meet evolving consumer expectations. 		
	Energy transition (short to medium- term)	 Shifts in energy availability or pricing affecting the cost of orchard operations. Increased energy costs impacting overall operational expenses. 	 Rising operational expenses may reduce profit margins. Long-term cost savings and energy security from investments in energy-efficient technologies and renewable energy. 	- Explore energy- efficient technologies and renewable energy sources to manage energy-related risks.		

Description	Qualitative Impacts	Impact on Group's Operations	Possible Actions
Opportunities		*	
Sustainable agriculture practices (short to medium-term)	- Enhanced environmental stewardship, improved resource efficiency and potential cost savings.	 Cost savings from reduced water and energy usage. Strengthened reputation for sustainability, improving market positioning and investor confidence. 	- Invest in sustainable agriculture techniques, organic farming methods, and water-efficient irrigation systems to promote sustainability and reduce environmental impacts.
Market demand for sustainable products (short to medium-term)	- Increased market share, improved brand reputation and access to eco-conscious consumer segments.	 Expanded customer base in growing eco-conscious markets, driving revenue growth. Enhanced competitive advantage through sustainability branding. 	- Obtain relevant certifications and communicate the Group's commitment to sustainable farming practices.
Diversify the supply chain (short to medium-term)	- Reduced supply chain risks. Improved business continuity and enhanced stakeholder trust.	Increased operational resilience reduces production downtime and supply chain disruptions.	- Collaborate with suppliers to ensure climate-resilient practices, assess and address vulnerabilities in the supply chain, and explore partnerships with climate-resilient suppliers.
Innovation in crop varieties (short to medium-term)	- Improved crop yields and minimized risks associated with temperature fluctuations.	 Improved yield stability enhances long-term revenue and profitability. Potential upfront R&D and innovation costs impacting short-term financial performance. 	- Invest in research for climate-resilient apple varieties, collaborate with agricultural research institutions, and continuously monitor advancements in crop science.

The resilience of an organisation's strategy is dependent on its ability to adapt and thrive in the face of changing circumstances and emerging risks. The climate scenario analysis is crucial in providing insights on the potential extent of the climate-related risk exposure to our businesses as well as the potential opportunities.

Through our climate scenario analysis, we concluded that unmitigated climate risks (under warming scenario 2: > 4°C warming) may result in major financial impact by FY2035. Under warming scenario 1: 1.5°C, there may be moderate level of financial impact in the medium and long-term arising from the combined effects of carbon tax increase, shift in consumer preference, rising expectation of stakeholders, increased cost of operating expenses and potential revenue loss. We incorporated these findings and considerations into our strategy and decision-making.

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS

Resource Usage

We begun developing and reporting our Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions to understand our baseline emissions for the first time in FY2024. As such, we do not have the necessary data to present our Scope 1 and Scope 2 GHG emissions for the previous financial year for comparison purposes. We will continue to improve our GHG emission reporting and climate-related risks and opportunities in line with TCFD recommendations.

GRI 305 Emissions is identified as the metric used to assess climate-related risks and opportunities. The Operational Control Approach is used for consolidation of data based on GHG Protocol. Our Scope 1 and 2 CO₂ emissions are detailed below:

	FY2024* (Actual)	FY2025 (Target)
Fuel consumption (Litres)	41,832	41,000
Electricity consumption (10,000 kWh)	548.29	540

	FY2024* (Actual)	FY2025 (Target)
Scope 1 GHG Emissions – direct (kgCO ₂)	101,996#	100,000
Scope 2 GHG Emissions – indirect (kgCO ₂)	2,467,301^	2,430,000

^{*} Information was only available from the year 2024.

Fuel consumption, including gasoline and diesel, plays a crucial role in various stages of apple juice production, from farming to distribution. Diesel is commonly used in tractors, harvesters and other heavy machinery needed for plowing, planting, spraying pesticides, fertilizers and harvesting apples. Once apples are harvested, they are typically transported to the processing plant using diesel-powered trucks. Diesel used to heat water and steam for pasteurization, which is essential for the production of juice to ensure it is safe for consumption. Truck used to transport the packaged apple juice to retailers. In summary, gasoline and diesel are integral to the production of apple juice process at multiple stages, from orchard operations to transportation and processing.

Electricity consumption in apple juice production is spread across several stages, from farming to processing, packaging and storage. This energy is vital for ensuring efficiency, quality and safety in the production of apple juice. The Group continues to implement various practices to reduce energy consumption. Old electronic equipment are replaced with equipment that are energy efficient and environmentally friendly. All staff are reminded to switched off to lighting, air conditioner and other electrical appliances when not in use to reduce energy consumption.

The Group is committed to transparent and rigorous measurement of our climate-related performance. Our energy consumption is monitored across all operations, focusing on continuous improvement in energy efficiency.

[#] Gasoline emission factor - 2.31 kgCO₂ per litre, Diesel emission factor - 2.68 kgCO₂ per litre

[^] Electricity emission factor - 0.45kgCO₂ per kWh

TRAINING AND EDUCATION FOR EMPLOYEE

Our employees are the lifeline of the Zhongxin Group and it is essential to continue our practice in enhancing the value of our employees who contribute to the success of the businesses.

Every employee in the Zhongxin Group is given the opportunity to upgrade and improve their skills and knowledge through formal and on-the-job training programmes. Training programmes are selected according to the role and responsibilities of the employees. The Zhongxin Group will continue to look into ways to enable our employees to grow with the Group.

The training programmes content for FY2024 are as follow:

Training Content:

- 1 General Secretary Xi Jinping's important remarks on production safety
- 2 Safety and Production Law
- 3 Amendments to the Criminal Code
- 4 The spirit of General Secretary Xi Jinping's important instructions on ecological and environmental protection and the important decisions and arrangements of the Party Central Committee and the State Council on ecological and environmental protection, ecological and environmental administrative penalty measures, hazards and other related laws and policies
- 5 Food safety system (FSSC22000, combined with the company's procedure documents and prerequisite plans)
- Food safety system (HACCP system, combined with the company's procedure documents and prerequisite plans)
- 7 Allergens, Food Fraud Prevention
- 8 Halal knowledge
- 9 Kosher knowledge
- 10 Food defense
- 11 CCP points and OPRP points
- 12 Food Safety Law (2021 revised edition) and other relevant laws, regulations and standards
- 13 Lean production-6S on-site management
- 14 Factory visual management training
- 15 Special training on fire safety
- 16 Fire drills, evacuation drills
- 17 Double prevention mechanism and hidden danger investigation and management
- 18 Special training on hazardous chemicals
- 19 Special training for limited space
- 20 Occupational health training
- 21 Reviews in recent years have not been consistent with review and improvement
- 22 Production safety responsibility system within each department
- 23 Safety and precision training for each department and position
- 24 Department internal operating procedures and systems
- 25 Level 3 document training
- 26 Relevant professional training for various departments

We encourage management and employees to continue their career development and job-related education yearly. All employees of the Zhongxin Group receive regular feedback on their performance and development through appraisal. Zhongxin Group will continue to conduct interactive meetings for employees as a platform for feedbacks. In FY2024, the average number of training courses attended per employee is 32 which is 60 minutes per course. In the next financial year ending 30 June 2025 ("FY2025"), our target is to maintain or improve training hours for employees.

QUALITY AND SAFETY ON CONCENTRATED JUICE

Beverage handling is important because unsafe beverage handling can lead to outbreaks of foodborne illnesses. As a possible threat to public health and safety, beverage handling is closely monitored by government agencies across the world. On the other hand, safe beverage handling practices may actively gain the trust of customers.

Around the world, the majority of laws about safety are under the concepts of HACCP. **HACCP** – *Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points* is a systemic, risk-based approach to preventing the biological, chemical and physical contamination of beverage in production, packaging and distribution environments. The HACCP concept is designed to counter health hazards by identifying potential beverage safety problems before they happen, rather than inspect beverage products for hazards after the fact. The HACCP concept entails controlling for contaminants at a number of key junctures in the food production process and strict adherence to hygiene practices throughout.

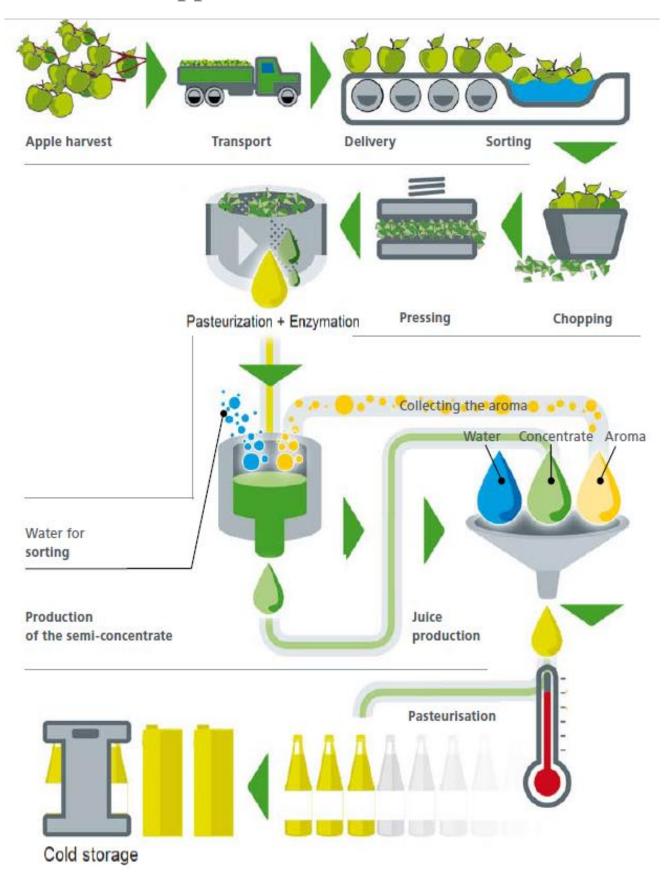
The Zhongxin Group has built the certification programs around FSSC22000 too, which includes an interactive communication strategy between upstream and downstream industry players and a comprehensive system for management. Furthermore, the norm encompasses a model for how to implement a customised HACCP concept depending on the industry, product and facilities. For instance, should a risk of metal contamination be identified, FSSC22000 may recommend the installation of a metal detector with a rejection mechanism to manage the hazard.

While HACCP lays out the principles of a safe beverage supply chain to proactively ensure beverage quality safety in individual beverage production environments, a healthy supply chain also demands action on a collective level with the following beverage safety principles:

- 1. **Corporate responsibility** to ensure the quality and safety of beverage product within the bounds of the responsibility. This includes implementing in-house controls according to HACCP. In addition, corporations assume liability for any damages the products may cause.
- 2. **Traceability** responsible for documenting where the materials are sourced and where are sent. This documentation helps regulatory bodies quickly identify the source of contamination should a recall become necessary.
- 3. **Official beverage controls** responsible for enforcing foods and beverage law requirements through risk-oriented reviews, targeted sample collection and regular inspections.
- 4. **Transparent risk communication** to be promptly informed of imminent and potential beverage safety hazards.
- 5. **Precautionary principle** to take precautionary measures and will be reviewed on an ongoing basis as scientific data becomes available.
- 6. **Separation of risk assessment and risk management** due to possible conflicts of interest, a clear distinction is made between those responsible for scientific risk assessment and those responsible for risk management.

In FY2024, there were no incidents of non-compliance concerning the health and safety impacts and we aim to maintain this for FY2025. There were also no fines or non-monetary sanctions for non-compliance with regulations. The Zhongxin Group's health and safety policies are regularly reviewed and will be updated where appropriate to meet the requirements of the applicable laws and regulations relating to health and safety. There were no work-related injuries or illness reported in FY2024.

Flow Chart Apple Juice Concentrate



FOCUS AND TARGETS

Focus Area	Targets for FY2025			
ECONOMIC				
Economic Performance	Continuously strive for excellence in our performance.			
ENVIRONMENTAL				
Environment Compliance	Zero incident of non-compliance and penalties pertaining to environmental-related issues.			
Water and Waste Management	Improve wastewater treatment process. Maintain or reduce water consumption.			
	Minimise the amount of waste generated in operations.			
Energy Efficiency	Reduce fuel consumption to 41,000 Litres.			
	Reduce electricity consumption to 5,400,000 kWh.			
SOCIAL				
Employment	Maintain the ratio for male and female.			
	Maintain the ratio based on age.			
	Maintain zero record of discrimination based on race, age, gender, religion, ethnicity and nationality.			
Training & Education	Maintain or improve training hours for employee.			
Occupational Health and Safety	Maintain zero work-related injuries and illness.			
Socio-economic Compliance	No incidents of non-compliance with relevant socio-economic laws and regulations.			
GOVERNANCE				
Anti-Corruption	Maintain zero incidents of fraud and corruption.			
	Maintain zero incidents of non-compliance with relevant anti- corruption laws and regulations.			

In FY2024, all set targets have been successfully met, with the exceptions of water and waste management, as explained earlier.

GRI CONTENT INDEX

GRI Standard	Disclosure		Section	Page Reference	
GRI 1: Foundation 2021					
GRI 2: General	2-1	Organisational details	About the Zhongxin Group	SR 4 – 6	
Disclosures 2021	2-2	Entities included in the organisation's sustainability reporting	About the Zhongxin Group	SR 4 – 6	
	2-3	Reporting period, frequency and contact point	About This Report	SR 7 – 8	
	2-4	Restatements of information	None		
	2-5	External assurance	About This Report (This report was subjected to internal review)	SR 7 – 8	
	2-6	Activities, value chain and other business relationships	About the Zhongxin Group	SR 4 – 6	
	2-7	Employees	Our People	SR 15 – 16	
	2-8	Workers who are not employees	None		
	2-9	Governance structure and composition	Governance Structure	AR	
	2-10	Nomination and selection of the highest governance body	Governance Structure	AR	
	2-11	Chair of the highest governance body	Governance Structure	AR	
	2-12	Role of the highest governance body in overseeing the management of impacts	Governance Structure	SR 17 – 18	
	2-13	Delegation of responsibility for managing impacts	Governance Structure	SR 17 – 18	
	2-14	Role of the highest governance body in sustainability reporting	Governance Structure	SR 17 – 18	
	2-15	Conflicts of interest	Governance Structure	SR 17 – 18	
	2-16	Communication of critical concerns	Governance Structure	SR 17 – 18	
	2-17	Collective knowledge of the highest governance body	Governance Structure	SR 17 – 18	
	2-18	Evaluation of the performance of the highest governance body	Governance Structure	SR 17 – 18	
	2-19	Remuneration policies	Corporate Governance Report	AR	
	2-20	Process to determine remuneration	Corporate Governance Report	AR	
	2-21	Annual total compensation ratio	Information is not provided due to confidentiality constraints		
	2-22	Statement on sustainable development strategy	Board Statement	SR 3	
	2-23	Policy commitments	Governance Structure	SR 17 – 18	
	2-24	Embedding policy commitments	Governance Structure	SR 17 – 18	
	2-25	Processes to remediate negative impacts	Governance Structure	SR 17 – 18	
	2-26	Mechanisms for seeking advice and raising concerns	About This Report	SR 7 – 8	

GRI Standard		Disclosure	Section	Page Reference
	2-27	Compliance with laws and regulations	Governance Structure	SR 17 – 18
	2-28	Membership associations	None	
	2-29	Approach to stakeholder engagement	Stakeholder Engagement	SR 13
	2-30	Collective bargaining agreements	Stakeholder Engagement	SR 13
GRI 3: Material Topics 2021	3-1	Process to determine material topics	Materiality Assessment	SR 14
•	3-2	List of material topics	Materiality Assessment	SR 14
	3-3	Management of material topics	Materiality Assessment	SR 14
GRI 302: Energy	302-1	Energy consumption within the organisation	Greenhouse Gas Emissions	SR 25
	302-4	Reduction of energy consumption	Greenhouse Gas Emissions	SR 25
GRI 305: Emissions	305-1	Direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions	Greenhouse Gas Emissions	SR 25
	305-2	Energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions	Greenhouse Gas Emissions	SR 25
GRI 306: Effluents and Waste	306-1	Waste generation and significant waste-related impacts	Effluents Management	SR 19 – 21
GRI 404: Training and Education	404-1	Average hours of training per year per employee	Training and Education for employee	SR 26
GRI 416: Customer Health and Safety	416-1	Assessment of the health and safety impacts of product and service categories	Quality and Safety on Concentrated Juice	SR 27 – 28
j	416-2	Incidents of non-compliance concerning the health and safety impacts of products and services	Quality and Safety on Concentrated Juice	SR 27 – 28

TCFD INDEX

TCFD Thematic's Areas		Recommended Disclosures	Page Reference and Remarks
1. Governance Disclose the organization's governance around climate-related risks and opportunities	a)	Describe the board's oversight of climate related risks and opportunities	The Board oversees the corporate governance structure and sustainability strategy of the Group, including climate-related risks and opportunities. See the Governance Structure section.
	b)	Describe management's role in assessing and managing climate-related risks and opportunities	Management implements, monitors and reports on ESG performance, including climate-related risks and opportunities. See the Governance Structure section.
2. Strategy Disclose the actual and potential impacts of climate-related risks and	a)	Describe the climate-related risks and opportunities the organization has identified over the short, medium, and long term	See the Climate-Related Risks and Opportunities section.
opportunities on the organization's businesses, strategy, and financial planning where such information is	b)	Describe the impact of climate-related risks and opportunities on the organization's businesses, strategy, and financial planning Describe the resilience of the	
material	c)	organization's strategy, taking into consideration different climate-related scenarios, including a 2°C or lower scenario	
3. Risk Management Disclose how the organization identifies,	a)	Describe the organization's processes for identifying and assessing climate- related risks	See the Climate-Related Risks and Opportunities section.
assesses, and manages climate-related risks	b)	Describe the organization's processes for managing climate-related risks Describe how processes for identifying, assessing, and managing	The Board incorporates sustainability considerations, which include climate-related and other ESG risks, issues and opportunities,
		climate-related risks are integrated into the organization's overall risk management	as part of the Group's strategic formulation. See the Governance Structure section.
4. Metrics and Targets Disclose the metrics and targets used to assess and manage relevant	a)	Disclose the metrics used by the organization to assess climate-related risks and opportunities in line with its strategy and risk management process	See the Climate-Related Risks and Opportunities section.
climate-related risks and opportunities where such information is	b)	Disclose Scope 1, Scope 2, and, if appropriate, Scope 3 greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, and the related	See the Greenhouse Gas Emissions section.
material		risks	The Group shall evaluate the need to quantify and monitor Scope 3 GHG emissions in our subsequent sustainability reports.
	c)	Describe the targets used by the organization to manage climate-related risks and opportunities and performance against targets	See the Greenhouse Gas Emissions section.