255 FARSS of Beautiful Smiles





Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited

ANNUAL REPORT 2021



25 YEARS OF BEAUTIFUL SMILES

The journey from Q & M's humble beginnings 25 years ago to where we are today, has been a thoroughly exhilarating yet highly meaningful one. We look back with much gratitude at the wonderful support we have received from all quarters, the friends we have made, the experiences we have garnered and yes, the smiles we have created! We look forward to the days ahead with great anticipation at the exciting opportunities for growth ahead of us.

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CORPORATE PHILOSOPHY, VISION AND MISSION

The Confucius teaching of 修身齐家治国平天下 is the foundation upon which Q & M derives its corporate values and mission.

Confucius teaches that the role of the individual – the sincerity of one's heart, desires, and motivation for knowledge, forms the basis of achieving enduring peace in the world. The individual who embodies sincerity in all aspects of his life by cultivating goodness and rejecting evil, is then able to align his family and home with these values. And when the home is in order, the country and the rest of the world will also be in harmony and peace.

Similarly, Q & M will continue to thrive as long as each individual within the Group strives for knowledge, continual improvement and excellence, allowing one to achieve order in every aspect of their work and lives. Through teamwork, each business unit and division align with the corporate objectives to form a united Q & M family. Q & M consciously aligns its corporate and stakeholders' interests, to achieve greater peace, harmony and well-being for all. For instance, the way our dental professionals practice in an ethical manner: how each protocol or treatment plan benefits our patients (修身), how doctors and support staff relate to one another with mutual respect, are all governed by this philosophy (齐家). Only then, can we work together as a team (治国) to serve our patients (平天下). Together, we will build the Q & M brand to be synonymous with quality, excellence and value.

Our Values						
修身 ● Improving oneself						
舍得 Be willing to give & contribute 齐家 • Unity and alig Q & M family	全市、合忠、合礼、合礼、 willing Being loyal to give & all patients, tribute colleagues, and the Company Company 了 Jnity and alignment of the Q & M family 合 M family 合 合元、合礼、 S A family 合 合元、合元、合元、合元、合元、合元、合元、合元、合元、合元、合元、合元、合元、合		舎仪 舍廉 Being Being professional ethical and and positive doing the right thing 平天下 • Everyone is well-treated, including patients, doctors, nurses, management and shareholders			
by the relevant authorities shareholders as well as Q & M's internal protocols Our Mission						
Ethics		Accessibility	Sustainabili	ty Ex	cellence	
		$(\hat{\mathbf{x}})$			\bigcirc	

CORPORATE PROFILE

Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited (QC7.SI) ("Q & M" or together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") is a leading private dental healthcare group in Asia.

The Group owns the largest network of private dental outlets in Singapore, operating 99 dental outlets across the country. Underpinned by about 270 experienced dentists and over 350 supporting staff, the Group sees an average of 40,000 patient visits a month in Singapore. The Group also operates 5 medical clinics and a dental supplies and equipment distribution company.

Outside of Singapore, the Group has 41 dental clinics and a dental supplies and equipment distribution company in Malaysia, as well as a dental clinic in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). Q & M is also the substantial shareholder of Aoxin Q & M Dental Group Limited ("Aoxin Q & M"), a dental Group listed on the Catalist board of the Singapore Exchange that operates dental clinics and hospitals primarily in the north-eastern region of the PRC. The Group aims to expand its operations geographically and vertically through the value chain in Malaysia, the PRC and within the ASEAN region.

Q & M College of Dentistry Pte. Ltd. ("Q & M College") was established in 2019 to offer postgraduate dental education as part of its commitment to continual education and professional development of dentists. It offers Singapore's first private postgraduate diploma programme in clinical dentistry.

In 2020, the Group expanded into the medical laboratory and research industry with the strategic investment into Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. ("Acumen"). Acumen currently focuses on the manufacture, sale and distribution of COVID-19 diagnostic test kits, as well as COVID-19 testing. It is also working to roll out a pipeline of new tests, including Polymerase Chain Reaction ("PCR") assays for dengue, sepsis and, identification of bacterial pathogens and their associated antibiotics resistance in pneumonia and bloodstream infections.

EM2AI Pte. Ltd. ("EM2AI"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group that focuses on developing Alpowered solutions, has rolled out a cloud-based Integrated Dental Management System which facilitates patient and clinic management in an efficient way. The Al-Guided Ethical Clinical Decision Support System is currently undergoing trials by selected dentists of the Group.

The Group celebrated its 25th anniversary in 2021 and will mark this joyous occasion by opening its landmark 100th outlet, the Q & M Free Clinic at Chai Chee providing high quality free dental healthcare to needy patients in the community.

The Group was listed on the Mainboard of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") on 26 November 2009.

For more information on the Group, please visit www.QandMDental.com.sg

REGIONAL FOOTPRINT

(as at 31 December 2021)

Number of clinics		Manufacturing of D Materials / Distribut Dental Equipment and	ion of	COVID-19 Testing Laboratory
Singapore Dental: 97 Medical: 5 Dental College: 1	China Dental: 1 Malaysia Dental: 38	Singapore 2 Malaysia 1		Singapore 1
		List of Services		
DENTAL		MEDICAL		
 Aesthetic/Cosmeti CAD CAM Digital Children Dentistry Consultations Crowns and Bridg Dental X-rays Dentures Extractions General Dentistry Geriatric Dentistry Gum Disease and Implant Dentistry 	Dentistry	 General Health Services: Adult and Children Consultation Chronic Disease Management Men's Health Skin Care Preventive Care: Cervical PAP Smear Family Planning General Health Screening Pre-Marital Health Screening 	 Pre-educa Activity C Pre-empl Minor Proc Ear Syring Removal Removal Suturing 	ging of Foreign Material
 Mouth Guards Oral Surgery Orthodontics (Braces) 		Smoking CessationWeight Loss Management	COVID-19SwabbingPre-departure testing	
		Manager at a second	- Due even	a chatter of

- Root Canal Treatment
- Scaling and Polishing
- Sensitive Teeth •
- Teeth Grinding (Bruxism)
- Teeth Whitening •
- Tooth-Coloured Fillings •
- Wisdom Tooth Surgery

Vaccinations:

- Cervical Cancer
- Chicken Pox
- Childhood Vaccinations • Hepatitis Profiling and Vaccinations
- Influenza
- Travel Advice and Vaccinations •
- Pre-event testing •

CHINA Shenyang Panjin C Gaizhou Shanghai MALAYSIA 00 SINGAPORE ANNUAL REPORT 2021 3



25 YEARS OF QUALITY DENTAL CARE: FROM HUMBLE BEGINNINGS IN 1996





MARCHING TOWARDS THE 100TH MILESTONE: Progressing as a strong and United Q & M Family



"The Group delivered a strong financial performance across all its business segments, with increase in revenue by 49% to \$205.6 million and profit after tax by 98% to \$39.4 million."



Dear Shareholders,

This year marks Q & M Dental Group's 25th year of operations. We have much to celebrate and be thankful for. From our humble beginnings with our very first outlet in Bukit Batok, to the upcoming opening of our 100th outlet at Chai Chee, we have indeed come a long way. We are committed to strengthening and growing the business to ensure that it will continue to be a leading dental healthcare player and that the next 25 years will be even better than before. Our progress has only been possible because of the trust and confidence that has been placed in our Group by our stakeholders - dentists and dental surgery assistants, headquarters and operational staff, shareholders, and most of all, our patients.

In the financial year ended 31 December 2021 ("FY2021"), the Group delivered a strong financial performance across all its business segments. We increased overall revenue by 49% from \$137.6m in FY2020 to \$205.6m in FY2021. Profit after tax was \$39.4m up 98% from FY2020.

In this period, the Group also expanded its network of clinics, with 15 clinics added in Singapore and 4 clinics added in Malaysia. In the first few months of 2022, 2 clinics have opened in Singapore and 3 clinics have opened in Malaysia, bringing the Group's total number of clinics to 99 in Singapore and 41 in Malaysia. This

is in line with our aim to open 30 clinics per year for the 10 years, commencing 2021. To fuel and support this growth, the group has increased its total number of dentists last year from 250 in FY2020 to 270 as at December 2021.

Growth must be matched by qualitative improvements. Through our Q & M College, we are able to provide a one-stop training and education program encompassing various disciplines, in a learning environment that combines didactic and clinical teaching. With the strong support from our dental supply companies and vendors, the dentists are able to pick up valuable practical tips that they can apply directly to their practice on a daily basis. This helps our dentists achieve an excellent balance of theoretical knowledge with real-world experience. Raising the standards of our dentists via the College is an investment in our long-term future that we are firmly committed to and in line with our philosophy of constantly improving of oneself.

The acquisition of a 49% shareholding in medical diagnostics and R&D outfit Acumen by our associate company, Aoxin Q & M, brings the Group's effective interest in Acumen to 67.15%. Acumen has a suite of COVID-19 testing solutions for onsite, offsite as well as at-home testing.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The group recorded its highest-ever revenue of S\$205.6 million, with S\$39.4 million profit after tax. These represented a year-on-year increase of 49% and 98% respectively. This is the best set of financial results in Q & M's history.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's financial position remains strong with net assets of S\$97.8 million, including cash and cash equivalents of S\$47.6 million. Bank borrowings and financial liabilities amounted to S\$83.7 million.

The dental and medical clinics segment remains a solid contributor to the overall revenue of the Group and has seen a steady stream of patients in the past year, with revenue rising from S\$126.4 million in FY2020 to S\$160.3 million in FY2021.

Revenue from medical laboratory and the dental equipment & supplies distribution segments also delivered a strong performance, jumping by 304% to \$\$45.3 million from \$\$11.2 million a year ago.

We are very proud of our achievements as we celebrate the 25th anniversary of the company's founding. Through the years, we have steadfastly held onto our strong belief that the company exists to serve people, hence our name "全民". We continue to strive to be a provider of the best dental healthcare available in Singapore and the region.

DIVIDEND

The Group declared a fourth interim dividend of 1.0 Singapore cent per ordinary share for 4Q2021. In the last three quarters of 2021, the Group paid 1.0 Singapore cent in 1Q2021, 1.0 Singapore cent in 2Q2021 and 1.0 Singapore cent in 3Q2021. The total dividends work out to 4.0 Singapore cents for FY2021 translating to a 7% dividend yield based on closing share price of (56.5 cents) and a dividend payout ratio of 113%. The 4Q2021 dividend has been paid on 24 March 2022.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK AND FUTURE PLANS

The Group is committed to expanding its network of dental clinics in Singapore and Malaysia and has identified various locations to open clinics in both countries in the coming year. To maintain our current position as the leading private dental healthcare group in Asia, we are working hard to open at least 30 dental outlets a year in Singapore and Malaysia for the next 10 years from FY2021. Additionally, the Group is actively seeking opportunities to establish inroads into other ASEAN markets.

Notwithstanding that Q & M is the largest private dental healthcare provider in Singapore, there is still room for the Group to enhance revenue, both through the core dental business in terms of increasing market share, as well as through other new and existing business segments in the Group.

In May 2021, Acumen became a panel service provider for the Health Promotion Board Singapore ("HPB") for COVID-19 swabbing and testing services, after participating in an open tender by the HPB. In June, Acumen was granted approval to provide offsite COVID-19 Polymerase Chain Reaction ("PCR") swab and serology services at sites appointed by the HPB, as the Singapore government ramped up its efforts in contact tracing, COVID-19 testing and vaccinations.

In December 2021, Acumen was granted a license by the Ministry of Health, Singapore to provide offsite COVID-19 PCR swab services and serology sample collection. Acumen rolled out its testing services via Q & M Dental's network of clinics, and also at Acumen's headquarters. To date, Acumen is able to process 7,000 COVID-19 tests daily and has the ability to ramp up for more tests, if called upon by HPB or the Ministry of Health, Singapore.

In addition to COVID-19 testing, Acumen's R&D is also developing a pipeline of PCR tests for infectious diseases and cancer, and will be steadily rolling these out, to create non-COVID related revenue streams.

Q & M COLLEGE

Q & M College has revamped its syllabus and shifted its focus from a 2-year graduate diploma course to a modular-based one, providing 6 individual modules which are the most relevant to dentists' daily practice. The modules include patient management, aligner orthodontics, prosthodontics, periodontics, minor oral surgery and endodontics. Being able to pick and choose the modules they want to do helps our dentists maximise the benefit they receive in their professional development, balancing learning with the time they have available.

Attendees undergo theoretical and practical training to better equip themselves for their chosen career. Senior dentists have been nominated as clinical supervisors, guiding the attendees in the clinical aspects of their course. In addition to domain knowledge, the students will get to learn the best practices and ethics in dentistry. They will then be able to provide their future patients with a wider range of service as well as the best patient care.

Moving forward, we hope to attract the best talents to join our Group and provide them not just with the best possible environment to perform their duties, but continuous training and upgrading of their skills to maintain the highest standards of care to our patients.

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

The Group continues to invest in Artificial Intelligence ("AI") and we now have Mr. Ryan San as CEO of EM2AI, spearheading the initiative to grow this part of the business. AI currently has many applications in dentistry: Identification of normal and abnormal structures, diagnosis of diseases and prediction of treatment outcomes. We expect AI to play a significantly greater role in the future. AI has been identified as an area of strategic interest for the Group. We hope to establish higher quality patient care, innovative research, and state-of-the-art development in dentistry, which will result in better outcomes for patients. Together with machine learning, artificial intelligence will aid in automation of aesthetic evaluation, smile design, and oral rehabilitation and will help to better identify and prevent occasions of "under-treatment" or "over-treatment" to maintain high standards of ethical dentistry.

GIVING BACK

We are very pleased to report that our 100th outlet will be the Q & M Free Dental Clinic at Chai Chee, which received its charity status on 15 Feb 2022 from the Ministry of Health. This initiative is very much part of our Company's ethos of giving back to society and being a blessing to the community. Our management and staff recognise the importance of playing our part in making a difference in the lives of those that are less fortunate but no less in need of high quality dental healthcare. This initiative is led by one of our colleagues, Dr Mohanarajah Senathirajah and supported by other dentists and support personnel.

APPOINTMENT OF MR TED TAN

The board is pleased to welcome the appointment of Independent Non-Executive Director Mr Ted Tan from 1 May 2022.

Ted is currently Chairman, SEEDS Capital Pte Ltd, Chairman, IPI, Board Member of the Intellectual Property Office of Singapore and a Committee Member on the Committee for Private Education at SkillsFuture Singapore. He started out his career as a consultant at Accenture and was previously Deputy CEO of Spring Singapore and International Enterprise Singapore. He brings with him invaluable experience gained during his time in the public sector and will help us navigate through many of the new initiatives that the Group is embarking on, while lending his knowledge of private-public sector partnerships to strengthen our overall offering.

Ted received his Bachelor of Applied Science (Honours) in Electrical Engineering from the University of Windsor and his MBA from the University of Minnesota, USA. He also holds an Advanced Management Program from Harvard University and a Certificate in Corporate Governance from INSEAD.

PROMOTION OF MDM NG SOOK HWA FROM FINANCIAL CONTROLLER TO CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

The Board having reviewed Mdm Ng Sook Hwa's ("Mdm Ng") qualifications and working experience, and having first-hand knowledge of her professional standards and conduct, has decided to appoint her to the role of the Chief Financial Officer. Mdm Ng will take over the role of Chief Financial Officer upon Mr Vitters Sim Yu Xiong's retirement.

Mdm Ng joined Q & M in 22 March 2002 and has been the Company's Group Financial Controller since 1 June 2011. She has a Bachelor of Commerce, Finance & Marketing (with Distinction) from Curtin University of Technology as well as Master of Accounting from Curtin University of Technology. She is also a Member of CPA Australia.

During her time in the Group, Mdm Ng has participated in the evaluation and execution of multiple M&A deals, corporate exercises, fund-raising, as well as played active roles in the spinning off of two listed companies. We are confident that she possesses the right temperament and appropriate experienced to bring the Group to the next level.

CONCLUSION

While market conditions remain challenging, our strong balance sheet continues to give the Board and management the confidence to invest and implement long-term strategies. The main planks of future growth will be expansion of our core dental business, development and bringing to market non-COVID related tests from Acumen and the implementation of Artificial Intelligence in Dentistry.

APPRECIATION

Amid the challenges, we have much to be proud of. We remain Singapore's largest private dental healthcare group. This is in large part due to the dedication of our staff, who focus every day on providing the best care and expertise to our patients. To our dentists, nurses, and support staff, our heartfelt thanks to you all. We would also like to thank the Board and management for their contributions and invaluable guidance during the past year. Special mention goes to Mr Vitters Sim, who will be retiring from the Group on 6 May 2022 after having served as Chief Financial Officer since 6 April 2010. His contributions and loyal service to the Group has been particularly invaluable and we wish him well in his retirement.

To our shareholders, we wish to thank you for your continued support for our strategic initiatives. It will naturally take time for our investments to produce solid results, but they are necessary to strengthen the Group as a whole, to ensure that the decades ahead are as fruitful as those behind us.

Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan

Independent Non-Executive Chairman

Dr Ng Chin Siau

Group Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director



Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan Independent Non-Executive Chairman

Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan was appointed as Independent Non-Executive Chairman of Q & M on 14 October 2009. He is the Managing Director of K & L Gates Straits Law LLC and has 36 years of experience in government and private legal practice. He is also an Independent Director of FSL Trust Management Pte. Ltd. He graduated with a LLB (Hons) from the National University of Singapore in July 1985. He is an Advocate and Solicitor of the Supreme Court of the Republic of Singapore and is also a Fellow of the Singapore Institute of Arbitrators and a Fellow of the Chartered Institute of Arbitrators. Mr Sreenivasan has an active litigation practice and was appointed as Senior Counsel in January 2013. He is a director of the Law Society Pro Bono Services and the Singapore Business Federation Foundation. Mr Sreenivasan has previously been the Honorary Secretary of the Singapore Indian Development Association and a Council Member and Treasurer of the Law Society.



Dr Ng Chin Siau Non-Independent Executive Director and Group Chief Executive Officer

Dr Ng Chin Siau is the Group's founder and Group Chief Executive Officer. He was appointed as a Non-Independent Executive Director of Q & M on 7 January 2008. Dr Ng is responsible for the corporate direction of the Group. He leads the Group in all aspects of its business strategies, policy planning and business development in Singapore, Malaysia and the PRC.

In June 1992, he graduated from the National University of Singapore with a Bachelor of Dental Surgery. Dr Ng also obtained a Certificate of Implantology from the University of Frankfurt in December 2003. He was also an elected member of the Singapore Dental Council from May 2006 to April 2009. From May 1992 to October 1994, he was a Dental Officer with the Ministry of Health. Subsequently in November 1994, he left to join a private dental clinic at Bukit Batok as an Associate Dental Surgeon until October 1996. In November 1996, he founded the Group and has charted its growth since then.

Dr Ng is a member of the Singapore-Liaoning and Singapore-Shangdong Economic and Trade Council, Guangzhou Singapore Business Council, Sichuan Singapore Business Council, a Patron of the Ang Mo Kio-Hougang Citizen's Consultative Committee and the Chairman of River Valley High School's School Advisory Committee.

Dr Ng received the Best Entrepreneur Award in the discipline of Dentistry from the National University of Singapore's Business Incubation of Global Organisations in September 2007. In September 2009, he was named the "Top Entrepreneur" and winner of "The Entrepreneur of the Year Award ("EYA") for Enterprise" in the 2009 Rotary Club - ASME EYA. In December 2010, Dr Ng was conferred the "Ernst & Young Entrepreneur of The Year 2010 Award (Healthcare Services)". In 2015, Dr Ng was named the "Best CEO of the Year for Companies with \$300 million to \$1 billion Market Capitalisation" at the Singapore Corporate Awards.



Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond Non-Independent Executive Director and Group Chief

Operating Officer

Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond is the Group's Chief Operating Officer. He was appointed as a Non-Independent Executive Director of the Q & M on 13 June 2008. Dr Ang's responsibilities include the Group's human resource function, information technology, procurement, marketing, ISO implementation and complaints handling. He is assisted by the Group's General Manager, Mdm Foo Siew Jiuan.

Dr Ang is a practicing dentist in the Group's dental clinics at Bukit Gombak and Bukit Panjang. Dr Ang joined the Group in April 2004. Prior to that, from July 1994 to 1996, Dr Ang served as a staff officer with the Singapore Armed Forces Medical Corps. From July 1996 to March 2004, Dr Ang was with the dental group practice, First Impressions Dental Surgery Pte Ltd.

He graduated from the National University of Singapore with a Bachelor of Dental Surgery in July 1994. He has been a Fellow of the Academy of Dentistry International since September 2009 and Fellow of the International College of Dentist since November 2010. Dr Ang is also an Advisor to the Singapore Dental Association Ethics Committee. Dr Ang has been an elected member of the SDC since May 2009. He is also the Chairman of the SDC Audit Committee, a member of the SDC's Complaints Panel and the SDC's Continuing Professional Education Committee. Dr Ang is a member of Nanyang Polytechnic School of Health Sciences Dental Therapy & Hygiene Advisory Panel. He is also member of the Singapore Medical Council's Complaints Panel. In 2012 Dr Ang was presented with the prestigious "Singapore Dental Association Meritorious Award" for his contributions to the dental profession in Singapore.



Professor Toh Chooi Gait Independent Non-Executive Director

Professor Toh Chooi Gait was appointed as an Independent Director of Q & M on 25 June 2013. Currently, she is a Professor of Restorative Dentistry in the International Medical University, Malaysia and Chairman of the IMU Foundation Management Committee. She is the Chairman of the Examination Committee of the Malaysian Dental Council that is responsible for the development and implementation of the Professional Qualifying Examination for registration of Dental Practitioners. She has also served in various leading positions in the International Association for Dental Research and South East Asia Association for Dental Education.

Professor Toh has over 35 years of experience in dentistry and has coauthored books and published more than 60 articles on dentistry in various professional journals. She regularly conducts dental workshops and training for dentists in Malaysia and abroad. She has a Bachelor of Dental Surgery with Honours from the University of Singapore, Master of Science in Conservative Dentistry from University of London, Diploma in Restorative Dentistry from Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh, and is a Fellow in Dental Surgery with the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons of Glasgow. She has also been conferred Honorary Fellowships by Academy of Dentistry International, International College of Dentists and Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh. She serves as an examiner for the Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh for the MFDS Part 2 Examination and the Diploma in Implant Dentistry Examination. She was elected as a Fellow of the Faculty of Dental Trainers, Royal College of Surgeons of Edinburgh in 2020.



Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry was appointed as an Independent Director of Q & M on 14 October 2009. He is currently the executive director of HLM (International) Corporate Services Pte Ltd, a company that provides business consultancy, accounting and corporate services. Prior to this position, he was the chief financial officer with a number of companies listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST").

He has more than thirty years of experience in finance, accounting and audit. He sits on the boards of a few listed companies in SGX-ST as the independent director or non-executive director.

Mr Ng is a Fellow Member of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants and a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (UK). He obtained a Master of Business Administration (General Business Administration) from The University of Hull, UK.



Mr Chik Wai Chiew (Zhi Weichao) Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr Chik Wai Chiew was appointed as a Non-Independent and Non-Executive Director of Q & M on 14 August 2017. Currently, he is the Chief Executive Officer and the Executive Director of Heritas Capital Management Pte. Ltd., a Singapore based private equity and venture capital investment firm that makes investments in healthcare, technology and education sectors across Asia Pacific. He has over 20 years of experience in global investment management and strategic business development, having been active in leading various companies on transformational growth strategies, fund raising and mergers & acquisitions. Mr Chik was awarded the Glaxo-EDB scholarship and holds a BA in Economics from Cambridge University, UK and an MA from Yale University, USA. He has also completed EMBA (conducted in Mandarin) from Cheung Kong Graduate School of Business, the PRC.



Dr Kuan Chee Keong Alternate Director to Group Chief Executive Officer Dr Ng Chin Siau

Dr Kuan Chee Keong was appointed as the Alternate Director to Group Chief Executive Officer Dr Ng Chin Siau on 19 August 2020. He graduated from the National University of Singapore (NUS) with a Bachelor of Dental Surgery in 1993. He served as a Dental Officer at the Government Dental Clinic, Singapore General Hospital, Outpatient Dental Clinic, Alexander Hospital and the Institute of Dental Health. He is currently a general dental practitioner with Q & M Dental Group.

Dr Kuan has served in consecutive councils of the Singapore Dental Association from 2006 till 2017 during which he was elected President for the 2012/14 & 2014/16 terms. He was also elected President of Asia Pacific Dental Federation in 2015/16. Most recently, Dr Kuan was elected by his peers to serve as Member of the Singapore Dental Council for 2018-2021. Currently, Dr Kuan is the Chairman of the Application of Remote Dentistry Committee and a member of the Complaints Panel of the SDC.

In the past, Dr Kuan has served as appointed member of the Dental Services Advisory Group and National Ethics Capability Committee for the Ministry of Health Singapore. He was also the appointed member of the NUS Faculty of Dentistry's Advisory Committee; member of Admission Interview Panel for Faculty of Dentistry Undergraduate Program of NUS; member of SDA Endowment Fund Management Committee and member of NUS-SDA Continuing Education Fund Management Committee. In addition, he was the appointed member of the Dental Advisory Panel for Health Sciences Authority and Personal Data Protection Commission.



Dr Chong Kai Chuan Alternate Director to Group Chief Operating Officer Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond

Dr Chong Kai Chuan was appointed as the Alternate Director to Group Chief Operating Officer Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond on 19 August 2020. In 1997, he graduated from the National University of Singapore (NUS) with a Bachelor of Dental Surgery.

With strong interest and passion in Implantology, Dr Chong furthers his studies with Fellow of Royal Australians college of Dental Surgeons (FRACDs) in 2001 and Grad Dip of Dental Implantology, 2009 from National University of Singapore. Dr Chong is a Director of Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd, and he is currently working as a general dentist with Q & M Dental Group Singapore.

EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

MDM FOO SIEW JIUAN

General Manager

Mdm Foo Siew Jiuan is the Group's General Manager and her current responsibilities include overseeing the daily operational matters, such as human resource, procurement, and corporate communication. From May 1993 to January 1997, she was a retail pharmacist and outlet manager at Guardian Pharmacy Singapore. From May 1998 to June 1999, she continued to work part-time as a pharmacist at St. Luke's Hospital in Singapore. She joined the Group in November 1996 on a part-time basis before working fulltime with the Group from July 1999. She graduated with a Bachelor of Science (Pharmacy) from the National University of Singapore in June 1992.

MR SIM YU XIONG

Chief Financial Officer

Mr Sim Yu Xiong is the Group's Chief Financial Officer. He is responsible for the Group's financial management, tax and investment, as well as assisting the Group CEO on merger and acquisition activities. Mr Sim has accumulated vast experiences in the areas of finance, audit and business management. Prior to joining the Group on 6 April 2010, he was the Chief Financial Officer of W.Atelier Pte. Ltd. from April 2008 to March 2010. From June 2007 to March 2008, he held the position of General Manager at Inke Pte. Ltd. Between June 2003 and June 2007, Mr Sim was the Group Financial Controller of Pacific Healthcare Holdings Ltd. In addition, he had also held various managerial positions previously as Finance Manager with Torie Holdings Pte Ltd from August 1997 to May 2003 and General Manager with Fullmark Pte. Ltd. from August 1986 to August 1997. From September 1980 to July 1986, Mr Sim was an auditor with Coopers & Lybrand, prior to its merger with Price Waterhouse in 1998. Mr Sim was appointed as the Non Executive Director of Aoxin Q & M Dental Group Limited in April 2017. Mr Sim is a Fellow Member with the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants and a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants (UK). Mr Sim will be retiring from the Group as Chief Financial Officer on 6 May 2022.

MDM NG SOOK HWA

Group Financial Controller

Mdm Ng Sook Hwa is the Group Financial Controller. Her current responsibilities include assisting the Group's Chief Financial Officer in finance and compliance matters. Prior to joining the Group in March 2002, Mdm Ng was a second year graduate assistant in KPMG, Singapore from October 2000 to February 2002. Mdm Ng graduated with a Bachelor of Commerce, Finance and Marketing (with distinction) from Curtin University of Technology, Australia in August 1998. She also obtained her Masters of Accounting from Curtin University of Technology, Australia in April 2000 and is a member of CPA Australia. Mdm Ng has been appointed as the Group's Chief Financial Officer with effect from 7 May 2022.

FY2021 KEY FIGURES























OPERATIONS REVIEW

In FY2021, Q & M continued to strengthen its position as the leading provider of dental healthcare in Singapore and the region. The Group's dental business had a very strong showing despite many of the challenges posed by COVID restrictions on mobility, social-distancing and quarantine.

With the acquisition of Acumen, the Group has now expanded its PCR testing capacity. Additionally, Acumen's R&D, manufacturing, and clinical laboratory testing capabilities will generate new patent assets that will increase shareholder value in time to come.

In the near term, Acumen's clinical testing laboratory will roll out its pipeline of new tests, including PCR assays for dengue, sepsis and, identification of bacterial pathogens and their associated antibiotics resistance in pneumonia and bloodstream infections. Its longer-term plans include the development of new vaccines.

Looking ahead, we see the COVID-19 virus infecting a significant proportion of Singapore's population and imbuing them with natural immunity in addition to the high vaccination rates in the general population. This will enable the government to further open the economy up, including the establishment of more avenues for vaccinated travellers to enter Singapore. With Singapore being an important financial and economic hub in this region, we see this as a positive outcome for the country's economy and growth in 2022.

SINGAPORE

As at 31 December 2021, the Group had 97 dental clinics, 5 medical clinics, a dental supplies and distribution company as well as a dental college in Singapore. The Group also owns 100% of EM2AI, a company that is

developing Al-driven ("Artificial Intelligence") next generation Dentistry.

In FY2021, we opened 15 new dental clinics in Singapore located at Lot 1, Funan, Kim Tian, Great World and other locations island-wide and consolidated one clinic located at Tampines MRT. We are especially proud of the upcoming opening of our 100th clinic at Chai Chee which is the Q & M Free Dental Clinic. We are committing S\$1m over the next 5 years to treat needy patients for free at this outlet. We believe that this will be a very meaningful way to contribute to the welfare of the community and hope to be a channel of blessing to as many as possible.

Over the past year, Q & M College has revamped its syllabus to be fully modular. Working dentists can now plan their studies around their work commitments. The syllabus of each module has been designed to provide students with the essential knowledge and practical skills required for their dental practice. It will be based on the latest advances in the areas of patient management, aligner orthodontics, prosthodontics, periodontics, oral surgery and endodontics.

Artificial intelligence ("AI") is set to play an increasingly vital role in dentistry. Data analytics and machinelearning will enable dental practitioners to analyse patients' dental condition with greater precision, to provide them with the most suitable treatment. EM2AI, the wholly-owned subsidiary of Q & M, is in the process of bringing to market its AI-Guided Ethical Clinical Decision Support System. In future, the chances of over or under-treatment for patients will be significantly reduced and critical clinical decision-making, and prediction of treatment outcome for example, can be



based on data-driven diagnostics and AI decision support systems.

We believe that the use of AI in the near future will be a game changer for the entire dentistry landscape, both in Singapore and in the global arena. We are looking forward to leveraging our learnings and expertise in this area positively.

ACUMEN

In October 2021, Aoxin Q & M acquired a 49% stake in Acumen. With Q & M holding a majority 51% stake in Acumen, the acquisition, raises Q & M's total effective ownership in Acumen to 67.15%, based on Q & M's 32.95% equity stake in Aoxin Q & M. The Group can now expand its capacity for PCR testing and the distribution of antigen rapid tests ("ART") kits. Acumen will also launch a panel of new PCR tests for infectious diseases, sepsis and cancer.

As of November 2021, Acumen announced that it



has been granted the license by Ministry of Health, Singapore to provide door-to-door COVID-19 PCR home swab services. In December 2021, Acumen announced that its proprietary, locally-manufactured PCR test kits Acu-Corona 2.0 and Acu-Corona Duplex are able to detect both Delta and Omicron variants. Acumen was also granted a license by Ministry of Health, Singapore to provide offsite COVID-19 PCR swab services and serology sample collection at all Q & M's network of clinics in Singapore. As of January 2022, the Company has about 50 clinics providing these testing services island-wide.



MALAYSIA

Due to the COVID-19 outbreak in year 2020 and 2021, Malaysia went through three Movement Control Orders that has led to a necessary recalibration of the expansion plans for the Group. In the midst of some of these challenges, we are still positive on growth in Malaysia. 4 clinics were opened in Jasin, Semenyih, Seremban and Sg Buloh in 2021, bringing the total number of clinics to 38. As we move into 2022, with higher vaccination rates and policies in place to control the spread of the virus in Malaysia, the government is looking to open up the economy more. Hence, we are looking to revert to our original expansion plans. Other than the current clinics that are mostly located in the central and southern part of peninsular Malaysia, we are actively exploring opportunities to venture to the northern side of peninsular Malaysia as well.

THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA ("PRC")

Due to its zero-COVID strategy, the PRC market has been a challenging one for all as only government clinics and hospitals have been allowed to operate throughout versus the many of the private ones having to be shut and unable to operate.

The Group currently has one clinic operating in the PRC and is continuing to look for opportunities to grow its business interests in the PRC if the right opportunity arises.

FINANCIAL REVIEW



STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

REVENUE

The Group recorded the highest-ever revenue in this past 25 years since the founding in 1996. The COVID-19 pandemic had no negative impact on the Group's core dental and medical clinics business segment in Singapore and continued its strong growth trend.

Total revenue increased by 49% from S\$137.6 million for the 12 months ended 31 December 2020 ("FY2020") to \$205.6 million for the 12 months ended 31 December 2021 ("FY2021") mainly due to higher revenue from existing and new dental clinics in Singapore.

For FY2021, revenue from Singapore amounted to 94.4% or S\$194.1 million while Malaysia contributed 5.0% or S\$10.3 million and China accounted for the balance of 0.6%. In FY2020, Singapore revenue accounted for 92.0% or S\$126.6 million, Malaysia contributed to 7.1% or S\$9.8 million and China's contribution was S\$1.3 million or 0.9% of total revenue.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has 97 dental outlets, 5 medical outlets and 1 dental college in operations in Singapore, compared to 83 dental outlets, 5 medical outlets and 1 dental college as at 31 December 2020. The Company opened 15 new clinics and consolidated 1 clinic in Singapore in 2021.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has 38 dental outlets in Malaysia and 1 dental outlet in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") compared to 34 dental outlets in Malaysia and 1 dental outlet in PRC as at 31 December 2020. The Company opened 4 new clinics in Malaysia in 2021.

As at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020, the Group has 1 dental equipment & supplies distribution company and a COVID-19 medical laboratory company in Singapore and 1 dental equipment & supplies distribution company in Malaysia.

Revenue from the medical laboratory segment jumped from \$2.2 million in FY2020 to \$37.1 million in 2021 mainly due to revenue from the Group's Covid-19 medical laboratory business, which was significantly ramped up in response to the government's ongoing fight against the pandemic. The dental equipment & supplies segment held steady with a slight decrease of 2.2% to \$\$8.2 million for FY2021 compared to \$\$9.0 million in FY2020.

OTHER GAINS - NET

Other gain was \$3.7 million in FY2021 as compared to \$0.3 million in FY2020 mainly due to profit on disposal of Aidite in 1Q21.

OTHER ITEMS OF EXPENSE

Consumables and Supplies Used in Dental & Medical Clinics

Consumables and supplies used in dental and medical clinics increased by 32% or \$\$3.4 million from \$\$10.8 million in FY2020 to \$\$14.2 in FY2021. This was due to the increase in revenue as well as inflationary pressure leading to higher prices for consumables and supplies.

Cost of Sales from Medical Laboratory and Dental Equipment & Supplies

The cost of sales from medical laboratory and dental equipment & supplies increased by 173% from S\$6.1 million in FY2020 to S\$ 16.7 million in FY2021. The increase was mainly due to the increase in revenue of the COVID-19 medical laboratory business.

Employee Benefits Expense

Employee benefits expense, which includes professional fees paid to dentists, increased by 36% or from S\$75.9 million in FY2020 to S\$103.0 million in FY2021. The increase of S\$27.1 million was mainly due to increase in revenue from existing and new dental outlets in Singapore the last 12 months as well as the increase in revenue from the COVID-19 medical laboratory, provision of additional employee benefits; offset by S\$3.3 million Job Support Scheme received in FY2020.

77.9% FY2021 48.1% 91.8% FY2020 6.6% 91.8% FY2020 6.6% 1.6% Primary Healthcare Dental Equipment and Supplies Distribution Medical Laboratory

REVENUE BY BUSINESS SEGMENT

Depreciation and Amortisation Expense

Depreciation and amortisation expense increased by 19% from S\$3.5 million in FY2020 to S\$4.1 million in FY2021. The increase of S\$0.6 million was mainly to higher depreciation and amortisation expense from the COVID-19 medical laboratory in Singapore.

Depreciation of Right-Of-Use ("ROU") Assets

Depreciation of ROU assets, excluding the effect of rental rebate, increased by 17% from S\$8.1 million in FY2020 to S\$9.5 million in FY2021.

Other Expenses

Other expenses increased by 55% from \$\$7.5 million in FY2020 to \$\$11.7 million in FY2021. The increase of \$\$4.2 million was mainly due to higher revenue in FY2021 which resulted in higher incidental expenses like credit card charges, legal and professional fees and increase in marketing expenses as well as increase in expenses incurred by the COVID-19 medical laboratory.

Finance Costs

Finance costs decreased by 26% or S\$1.1 million from S\$4.1 million in FY2020 to S\$3.0 million in FY2021. The decrease was mainly due to lower interest expense in FY2021 as a result of lower interest rate.

SHARE OF LOSS FROM EQUITY-ACCOUNTED ASSOCIATE

For FY2021, the share of loss of S\$0.5 million was due to the 32.9% equity-accounted associate, Aoxin Q & M offset by share of profit from Aidite, which was disposed of by the Group in 1Q2021.

DIVIDENDS

The Group declared 4.0 Singapore cents per ordinary share for FY2021 as compared to 3.4 Singapore cents per ordinary shares in FY2020. This translated to a 7% dividend yield based on closing share price of 56.5 cents and a dividend payout ratio of 113%.

EBITDA, NET PROFIT BEFORE TAX AND NET PROFIT

The Group's Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amorisation ("EBITDA") for FY2021 increased by 68% to \$\$63.2 million, from \$\$37.7 million in the previous period.

The Group's net profit after tax in FY2021 increased by 98% to \$\$39.4 million from the \$\$19.8 million recorded in FY2020. Profit after tax attributable to Shareholders excluding Minorities ("PATMI") grew by 55% to \$\$30.5 million, from \$\$19.7 million in the previous period.

Earnings per share increased to 3.23 Singapore cents for FY2021, from 2.09 Singapore cents in the previous period.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

CURRENT ASSETS

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has cash and cash equivalents of S\$47.6 million while bank borrowings plus finance leases amounted to S\$83.7 million. This is compared to a cash and cash equivalents of S\$48.8 million as at 31 December 2020. The Group's bank borrowings plus finance leases amounted to S\$77.4 million as at 31 December 2020.

Cash and cash equivalents as at 31 December 2021 decreased to S\$47.6 million from S\$48.8 million as at 31 December 2020. The decrease of S\$1.2 million was mainly due to dividend payment of \$48.8 million to shareholders offset by proceeds from new term loan of S\$10.0 million, S\$17.0 million of net proceeds from disposal of the remaining 12.3% of equity- accounted associate, Aidite (Qinhuangdao) Technology Co and net cash generated from operations of S\$50.8 million (FY2020: S\$23.8 million).

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Trade and other receivables as at 31 December 2021 increased to S\$27.8 million from S\$18.2 million as at 31 December 2020. The increase of S\$9.6 million was mainly due to increase in trade receivables from the COVID-19 medical laboratory testing business and profit guarantee receivables from vendors of Aoxin Q & M Dental Group Limited, an equity-accounted associate of the Company.

Other assets as at 31 December 2021 increased to S\$3.8 million from S\$3.2 million as at 31 December 2020. The increase of S\$0.6 million was mainly due to an increase in sign on bonus for dentists.

Non-Current Assets

The net book value of property, plant and equipment as at 31 December 2021 increased to S\$32.6 million from S\$28.9 million as at 31 December 2020. The increase of S\$3.7 million was mainly due to the purchase of equipment for the COVID-19 medical laboratory and opening of new dental clinics in Singapore offset by depreciation of plant and equipment.

The net book value of ROU assets as at 31 December 2021 increased to \$\$51.7 million from \$\$49.5 million as at 31 December 2020. The increase was due to the opening of new dental clinics in Singapore offset by depreciation of the ROU assets.

Investment in associates as at 31 December 2021 decreased to \$\$27.0 million from \$\$43.7 million as at 31 December 2020. The decrease of \$\$16.7 million was mainly due to the disposal of the balance 12.3% of equity-accounted associate, Aidite as well as the dilution of investment in Aoxin as a result of the 49% acquisition of Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. by Aoxin in October 2021. Aoxin is now a 32.95% equity-accounted associate of the Group.

Other assets as at 31 December 2021 decreased to S\$7.1 million from S\$8.6 million as at 31 December 2020. The decrease of S\$1.5 million was mainly due to redemption of S\$1.9 million redeemable preference shares held in trust in Aidite as a result of the disposal of the balance 12.3% of equity-accounted associate, Aidite offset by an increase in sign-on bonus for dentists.

Other intangible assets as at 31 December 2021 increased to \$\$3.6 million from \$\$2.8 million as at 31 December 2020. The increase of \$\$0.8 million was mainly due to the cost of developing the Artificial Intelligence (AI) guided clinical decision support system.

Current Liabilities

Trade and other payables as at 31 December 2021 increased to S\$26.2 million from S\$16.8 million as at 31 December 2020. The increase of S\$9.4 million was mainly due to the increase of trade payables from the COVID-19 medical laboratory in Singapore as well as the dividends payable to non-controlling interest of the Group's 51% owned subsidiary, Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd..

Other financial liabilities as at 31 December 2021 increased to S\$3.6 million from S\$1.9 million as at 31 December 2020. The increase of S\$1.7 million was mainly due to the

reclassification of S\$3.0 million bank loan from non-current financial liabilities to current financial liabilities.

Non-Current Liabilities

Other financial liabilities as at 31 December 2021 increased to \$\$80.2 million from \$\$75.5 million as at 31 December 2020. The increase of \$\$4.7 million was mainly due to proceeds from new term loan of \$\$10.0 million offset by the redemption of redeemable preference shares held in trust in Aidite as well as the reclassification of \$\$3.0 million bank loan from non-current financial liabilities to current financial liabilities.

Lease liabilities from ROU assets as at 31 December 2021 increased to S\$44.3 million from S\$42.1 million as at 31 December 2020. The increase was mainly due to opening of new dental clinics in Singapore offset by the repayment of the operating lease and reclassification from non-current liabilities to current liabilities.

Statement of Cash Flows

The Group generated net cash flow from operating activities of \$\$50.8 million in FY2021. This was mainly derived from the profit generated from operations during the year and better control of working capital.

Net cash generated from investing activities in FY2021 amounted to S\$3.6 million, mainly due to the disposal of Aidite and offsetting the purchase of plant and equipment for new and existing clinics as well as the acquisition of Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd. in October 2021.

Net cash used in financing activities in FY2021 was \$\$55.5 million, mainly due to dividend payment to shareholders, share buyback exercise and repayment of lease liabilities arising from right- of use assets.

The Group's cash and cash equivalents ended at S\$47.6 million as at 31 December 2021.

Table 1: Total Number of Clinics and College

Total	Dental	Medical	College
As at 31 Dec 2021	136	5	1
As at 31 Dec 2020	118	5	1
Change	+18	-	-

Table 2: Total Number of Clinics and College in Singapore

Singapore	Dental	Medical	College
As at 31 Dec 2021	97	5	1
As at 31 Dec 2020	83	5	1
Change	+14	-	-

Table 3: Total Number of Clinics and College inMalaysia and China

Overseas	Dental- Malaysia	Dental- China
As at 31 Dec 2021	38	1
As at 31 Dec 2020	34	1
Change	+4	-

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

All corporations owe their success to the community which they are a part of. Therefore, corporations have an obligation to contribute to the welfare of the community. Being a responsible corporation involves thinking of and caring about not just our bottom-line only but also finding meaningful ways to give back to the community.

Q & M is no different and through Q & M Cares, a division dedicated to leading and coordinating our corporate social responsibility ("CSR") initiatives, we proactively seek out opportunities where our company and staff can contribute to the welfare of the community. The Q & M Care team comprises staff from the entire Group, including management, dentists and support staff across all levels because this is a group-wide effort that looks at different types of initiatives including sponsorships, contributions of time, money and our dental services.

With COVID-19 still very much in the forefront of life for everyone, we were all the more conscious of the necessity of doing our part to give back to society, especially to those who have been particularly affected by the pandemic. We are glad to report that this has been a busy but very meaningful year for our CSR efforts and we are grateful for the many opportunities we were a part of throughout 2021. Here are some highlights:

DONATION OF SCHOOL KITS TO UNDERPRIVILEGED FAMILIES



In January 2021, Q & M donated school kits, comprised of school bags and stationeries to children from underprivileged families living in the Kreta Ayer, Boon Lay and Woodlands areas. The school bags were distributed by the staff from

the Ministry of Social and Family Development to help get the students ready for the new academic year.

WISDOM TOOTH REMOVAL PROJECT FOR FOREIGN DOMESTIC WORKERS WITH FAST



In March 2021, Q & M Cares committee collaborated with Foreign Domestic Worker Association for Social Support and Training ("FAST") to provide wisdom tooth surgery to domestic workers who are FAST members. Since March 2021,

our volunteer dentists have been providing this free service once a month at our Q & M Dental Surgery (Sembawang Way) outlet.

Many domestic workers have suffered from wisdom toothaches, but the high cost of the procedure has deterred them from seeking appropriate treatment. Q & M as a dental provider provides support for these domestic workers in Singapore through our expertise and what we do best – dental healthcare.

DENTAL CARE PROJECT FOR MIGRANT WORKERS WITH IRR



Q & M Cares committee collaborated with Its Raining Raincoats ("IRR"), a local migrant worker assistance organisation, to launch an initiative to provide dental care to migrant workers.

A dedicated team of Q & M

dentists volunteered their time and skills to treat migrant workers suffering from toothaches and other dental problems. This initiative has successfully helped many workers to regain the lovely smiles they deserve and contributes toward improving the quality of lives of the migrant workers, creating a more inclusive community in Singapore. The initiative has grown since its inception, and we have over 13 volunteer dentists who have come forward to spread love to our migrant workers.

In June 2021, Q & M donated 200,000 medical-grade surgical masks to 51 migrant worker dormitories across Singapore in another collaboration with IRR. Unlike most people who can take off their masks for part of the day, migrant workers have to wear masks at all times, even when they are doing strenuous physical work under the scorching sun. This simple but precious gift has benefitted many workers who cannot afford to keep replacing masks whenever they are dropped, dirtied or damaged during the workday.

Access to high-quality masks may not be easy for migrant workers, so we hope that our surgical masks can help to better protect guest workers who are contributing to the economy by building our homes, offices and infrastructure in Singapore.

Another worthy cause that we had the privilege to be part of was the "Together, Singapore Cares" Campaign that gave organisations the opportunity to uplift individuals and families who needed support during this COVID pandemic period. With the primary aim of championing the spirit of doing good our dentists and nurses helped to swab migrant workers during COVID period. For this, we received a letter of appreciation from LTC Rudy Lim, Chairman, Engagement Committee of NDP 2021.

In September 2021, Q & M donated \$118K to the Chew Chong Lin Dental Bursary at the Faculty of Dentistry at the National University of Singapore ("NUS"). This contribution goes toward ensuring that education remains accessible to all students regardless of financial background. This is especially so for those families who have been greatly affected by COVID. This is in addition to scholarships that the Group gives out from time to time to deserving students pursuing undergraduate and postgraduate studies at the university.

As we move into 2022, the Group remains steadfastly committed to providing support not just to the needy around us, but also in seeking out and making significant and meaningful contributions to the community in general. Our 100th outlet, the Q & M Free Dental Clinic to be opened at Chai Chee, is a brand-new initiative that we are very excited about. Through this, we hope to be able to provide dental healthcare support to those who may otherwise not be able to receive the treatment they require. We are heartened by the strong support throughout the organisation for our CSR initiatives and look forward to availing our time and resources towards them in the years ahead.

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan (Independent Non-Executive Chairman)

Dr Ng Chin Siau (Non-Independent Executive Director and Group Chief Executive Officer)

Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond (Non-Independent Executive Director and Group Chief Operating Officer)

Prof Toh Chooi Gait (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry (Independent Non-Executive Director)

Mr Chik Wai Chiew (Zhi Weichao) (Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)

Dr Kuan Chee Keong (Alternate Director to Dr Ng Chin Siau)

Dr Chong Kai Chuan (Alternate Director to Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry (Chairman) Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan Prof Toh Chooi Gait

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Prof Toh Chooi Gait (Chairperson) Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan

NOMINATING COMMITTEE

Prof Toh Chooi Gait (Chairperson) Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms Lim Sim Ving Ms Cheok Hui Yee

REGISTERED OFFICE

2 Clementi Loop, #04-01 Logis Hub @ Clementi Singapore 129809 www.QandMDental.com.sg

SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services (A division of Tricor Singapore Pte Ltd) 80 Robinson Road, #02-00 Singapore 068898

AUDITORS

RSM Chio Lim LLP 8 Wilkie Road #04-08 Wilkie Edge Singapore 228095 Goh Swee Hong (Partner-in-charge)



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The Board of Directors of Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited (the "**Company**" and together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**") (the "**Board**" or "**Directors**") is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance and has adopted the principles of the Code of Corporate Governance 2018 (the "**Code**") to enhance transparency and accountability as well as to protect the interest of shareholders. The Board confirms that, for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 ("**FY2021**"), the Company has generally adhered to the principles and guidelines set out in the Code.

The Company will continue to enhance its corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth of its business and to review such practices from time to time to ensure compliance with the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST") (the "Mainboard Rules").

BOARD MATTERS

The Board's Conduct of its Affairs

Principle 1 The Company is headed by an effective Board which is collectively responsible and works with Management for the long-term success of the Company.

Board's Role

The Board is entrusted with the responsibility for the overall management of the Company. It provides entrepreneurial leadership and establishes the corporate strategies of the Company as well as sets the direction and goals for the executive management. The Board ensures that the necessary resources are in place for the Company to meet its strategic objectives and constructively challenge the Management and review its performance. It instils an ethical corporate culture and ensure that the Company's values, standards, policies and practices are consistent with such culture. The Board is also responsible for implementing and maintaining sound corporate governance practices for the Company, and to ensure transparency and accountability to key stakeholder groups.

The Board has sought to identify the key stakeholder groups and recognise that their perceptions affect the Company's reputation, including but not limited to the dentists and patients.

The Board has considered sustainability issues, such as environmental and social factors, as part of its strategic formulation of the Group.

Independent Judgement

The Board and the Management fully appreciate that an effective and robust board whose members engage in open and constructive debate and challenge the Management on its assumptions and proposals is fundamental to good corporate governance. The Directors have the appropriate core competencies and diversity of experience to enable them to contribute effectively. All Directors are expected to exercise due diligence and independent judgment in dealing with the business affairs of the Group and are obliged to act in good faith and to take objective decisions in the interest of the Group.

Conflicts of Interest

Each Director is required to promptly disclose any conflict of interest, whether direct or indirect, in relation to a transaction or proposed transaction with the Group as soon as is practicable after the relevant facts have come to his knowledge. On an annual basis, each Director is also required to submit details of his other directorships and interests in other entities for the purpose of monitoring interested persons transactions. Where a Director has a conflict of interest in relation to any matter, he will recuse himself from discussions and decisions involving the issues of conflict. In respect of certain matters, he may be permitted to participate in the discussions if the Board is of the opinion that his presence and participation is necessary to enhance the efficacy of such discussion. Nonetheless, he will abstain from voting in relation to such issues of conflict.

Matters requiring Board Approval

The Board has established an internal framework to ensure that the type of material transactions that require the Board's approval is consistently applied throughout the Group. Matters requiring Board approval include:

- (a) Overall Company's business and budget strategy;
- (b) Capital expenditures, investments or divestments exceeding material limits;
- (c) All capital-related matters including capital issuance;
- (d) Significant policies governing the operations of the Company;
- (e) Corporate strategic development and restructuring;
- (f) Material acquisitions and disposals of assets;
- (g) Material interested person transactions;
- (h) Risk management strategies;
- (i) Approval of quarterly, half yearly and year end result announcements and the release thereof; and
- (j) Approval of the annual reports and accounts for presentation at annual general meeting ("AGM").

Directors' Orientation and Training

For each newly appointed Director, he/she will receive appropriate training including familiarisation with the Company's business, governance practices and relevant statutory and regulatory compliance issues to ensure that he/she has a proper understanding of the Company and is fully aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations of being a Director of a listed company. To get a better understanding of the Group's business, the Directors are given the opportunity to visit the Group's operational facilities and meet with the key management personnel. The Company will also provide each newly appointed Director with a formal letter of appointment setting out the Director's duties and responsibilities.

The Company is responsible for arranging and funding the training of new and existing Directors. Directors are updated with the latest professional developments in relation to the Mainboard Rules, accounting standards and other applicable regulatory updates or amendments to relevant laws, rules and regulations to ensure the compliance of the same by all Directors. New releases issued by the SGX-ST and the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority of Singapore ("ACRA") and news articles/reports (including analyst reports) which are relevant to the Group's business are regularly circulated to the Directors. Management informs the Directors of upcoming conferences and seminars relevant to their roles as directors of the Company. The Company has an ongoing budget for its Directors to attend appropriate courses, conferences and seminars conducted by external professionals for them to stay abreast of relevant business developments and outlook.

Delegation by the Board

To facilitate effective management and to support the Board in discharging its duties and responsibilities efficiently and effectively, certain functions of the Board have been delegated to various Board committees, namely the Audit Committee (the "**AC**"), Nominating Committee (the "**NC**") and Remuneration Committee (the "**RC**") (collectively the "**Board Committees**"). The Board Committees function within clearly defined terms of references and operating procedures, which are reviewed on a regular basis taking into consideration the changes in the governance and legal environment. Any change to the terms of reference for any Board Committee requires the specific written approval of the Board.

All the Board Committees are actively engaged and play an important role in ensuring good corporate governance in the Company and within the Group. The Board acknowledges that while the Board Committees have the authority to examine particular issues and report back to the Board with their decisions and recommendations, the ultimate responsibility on all matters lies with the Board.

The composition of the Board and Board Committees is set out below:

	Board	Audit Committee	Nominating Committee	Remuneration Committee
Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan	Chairman	Member	Member	Member
Dr Ng Chin Siau	Member	-	-	-
Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	Member	-	-	-
Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	Member	Chairman	Member	Member
Prof Toh Chooi Gait	Member	Member	Chairperson	Chairperson
Mr Chik Wai Chiew (Zhi Weichao)	Member	-	-	-
Dr Kuan Chee Keong (Alternate Director to Dr Ng Chin Siau)	-	-	-	-
Dr Chong Kai Chuan (Alternate Director to Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond)	-	-	-	-

Board Meetings and Attendance

During the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the Board scheduled to meet on quarterly basis to coincide such meetings with the review and approval of the Group's results announcements. The Board meets on a regular basis as well as for adhoc meetings, if warranted by circumstances deemed appropriate by the Board. At those meetings, the Board reviewed the Group's financial performance, annual budget, corporate strategy, business plans, potential acquisitions, risk management policies and significant operational matters. The number of Board and Board Committees meetings held during the financial year ended 31 December 2021 and the attendance of each Director, where relevant, are as follows:

	Board	Audit Committee	Nominating Committee	Remuneration Committee	Annual General Meeting
No. of Meetings held Name of Directors	4	4	1	1	1
Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan	4	4	1	1	1
Dr Ng Chin Siau	4	NA	NA	NA	1
Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	4	NA	NA	NA	1
Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	4	4	1	1	1
Prof Toh Chooi Gait	4	4	1	1	1
Mr Chik Wai Chiew (Zhi Weichao)	4	NA	NA	NA	1
Dr Kuan Chee Keong (Alternate Director to Dr Ng Chin Siau)	NA ⁽¹⁾	NA	NA	NA	NA ⁽¹⁾
Dr Chong Kai Chuan (Alternate Director to Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond)	NA ⁽¹⁾	NA	NA	NA	NA ⁽¹⁾

NA: Not Applicable

(1) Not required to attend the Board meetings and annual general meeting as he is an alternate Director and the appointing Director was available to attend the Board Meetings and annual general meeting.

The Company's Constitution provides for Directors to participate in meetings of Directors by means of conference telephone, video conferencing, audio visual, or other similar communication equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear and be heard by each other, without a Director being in the physical presence of the other Directors. The Board and Board Committees also make decisions through circulation of written resolutions.

Access to Information

The Directors have separate and independent access to the Management and the Company Secretary(ies) at all times. Requests for information from the Board are dealt with promptly by the Management. The Board is informed of all material events and transactions as and when they occur so as to enable them to make informed decisions to discharge their duties and responsibilities. The Management provides the Board with quarterly reports of the Company's performance. The Management also consults with Board members regularly whenever necessary and/or appropriate. The Board is issued with board papers in a timely fashion prior to Board meetings.

The Company Secretary(ies) or her representative(s), attends and prepares minutes of all Board and Board Committees meetings. The Company Secretary(ies) assists the Chairman in ensuring that Board procedures are followed and regularly reviewed so that the Board functions effectively and the Company's Constitution and the relevant rules and regulations applicable to the Company are complied with. The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary(ies) is a matter decided by the Board as a whole.

The Board in fulfilling its responsibilities, can as a group or individually, when deemed fit, direct the Company to appoint professional advisers to render professional advice at the Company's expense.

Board Composition and Guidance

Principle 2 The Board has an appropriate level of independence and diversity of thought and background in its composition to enable it to make decisions in the best interests of the Company.

Board Composition

The Board comprises six (6) Directors of whom two (2) are Executive Directors; three (3) are Independent Non-Executive Directors; and one (1) is a Non-Independent Non-Executive Director, which have the appropriate mix of core competencies and diversity of experience to direct and lead the Company. There is a good balance between the executive and non-executive Directors, with a strong and independent element on the Board. As at the date of this report, the Board comprises the following members:

Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan	(Independent Non-Executive Chairman)
Dr Ng Chin Siau	(Non-Independent Executive Director and Group CEO)
Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	(Non-Independent Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer)
Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	(Independent Non-Executive Director)
Prof Toh Chooi Gait	(Independent Non-Executive Director)
Mr Chik Wai Chiew (Zhi Weichao)	(Non-Independent Non-Executive Director)
Dr Kuan Chee Keong	(Alternate Director to Dr Ng Chin Siau)
Dr Chong Kai Chuan	(Alternate Director to Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond)

Board Diversity

The Company's diversity policy endorses the principle that the Board should have a balance of skills, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to its business. In reviewing Board composition and succession planning, the NC will consider the benefits of all aspects of diversity, including diversity of background, experience, gender, age and other relevant factors. These differences will be considered in determining the optimal composition of the Board and when possible should be balanced appropriately. The Board considers its current Board size appropriate for the facilitation of decision making, taking into account the nature and scope of operations of the Group. The make-up of the Board reflects diversity of gender, age, skills and knowledge. The Board comprises Directors of both gender with strong industry knowledge and diversified background such as legal and accounting, and who collectively bring with them a wide range of experience. The Board is

also of the view that the Board comprises persons who as a group provide capabilities required for the Board to be effective. Members of the Board are regularly in touch with the Management to provide advice and guidance on matters for which their expertise will be constructive to the Group.

Non-Executive Directors

The Non-Executive Directors exercise no management functions in the Company or any of its subsidiaries. Although all the Directors are equally responsible for the performance of the Group, the role of the Non-Executive Directors are important to ensure that the strategies proposed by the Management are fully discussed and examined by taking into account the long-term interests of shareholders, employees, customers, suppliers and the various communities in which the Group conducts its business. To facilitate a more effective check on Management, the Non-Executive Directors will, when necessary, meet in the absence of Management to discuss concerns or matters such as overall Group business strategic and investments.

The Company has also adopted initiatives to ensure that the Directors are supported by accurate and timely information and have unrestricted access to the Management. These initiatives include informal meetings for the Management to brief the Directors on potential deals and strategies at an early stage and to circulate relevant information on various business initiatives.

Independence of Independent Directors

Each of the Independent Directors has completed an independent director's declaration form and confirmed his/her independence. The independence of each Director has been and will be reviewed on an annual basis and as and when the circumstances require, by the NC, with reference to the guidelines as set out in the Code. Rigorous review will also be conducted by the NC when assessing the continued independence of a Director who has served for more than nine (9) years from the date of first appointment.

The NC has determined that the Independent Directors are independent in accordance with the Code. The Independent Non-Executive Directors, Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan, Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry and Prof Toh Chooi Gait have confirmed that they do not have any relationship with the Company, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders or its officers that could interfere, or be reasonably perceived to interfere, with the exercise of their independent business judgement in the best interests of the Company. With the Independent Directors making up half of the Board, the NC is of the view that there is a strong and independent element on the Board.

For FY2021, the Independent Directors who have served for more than 9-year tenure were rigorously assessed by the NC and the Board to determine if they possess positive personal attributes such as independent thinking and keen observation, and if they had demonstrated the ability to maintain integrity and strong principles.

Based on the Directors' performance assessment and the rigorous review process for FY2021, the NC and the Board were satisfied that the Directors who had served for more than 9-year tenure, namely Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan, Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry and Prof Toh Chooi Gait, had continued to maintain independence in their oversight role and to add value to the Company. They had demonstrated strong independence character and judgement over the years in discharging their duties and responsibilities as independent directors of the Company with the utmost commitment in upholding the interest of the non-controlling shareholders. They have expressed individual viewpoints, debated issues and objectively scrutinised and challenged Management. Each Independent Director had recused himself/herself in the determination of his/her own independence.

In addition, with effect from 1 January 2022, the Mainboard Rules have been amended to mandate that an independent director who has served on a company's board for more than nine (9) years will no longer be considered to be independent unless his/her appointment as an independent director is approved in separate resolutions by (i) all shareholders of the Company; and (ii) shareholders of the Company, excluding the directors and CEO, and their associates (if any of these are shareholders). Such shareholders' approval for the continued appointment of Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan and Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry as independent directors of the Company had been obtained at the annual general meeting of the Company that was held on 26 April 2021 (the "**2021 AGM**"). Shareholders' approval for the continued appointment of Prof Toh Chooi Gait as independent director of the Company will be sought and obtained at the annual general meeting of the Company to be held on 29 April 2022 (the "**2022 AGM**"). Further, as Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry shall retire pursuant to Article 104 of the Company's Constitution at the 2022 AGM, the authority conferred by the resolutions passed by the shareholders at the 2021 AGM in relation to his continued appointment as an independent director will ceased to be in force upon his retirement. Hence, Mr Ng

Weng Sui Harry will also be seeking for approval at the 2022 AGM for his continue appointment as an independent director of the Company. If these resolutions are passed, the authority conferred by these resolutions shall remain in force until the earlier of the following (1) the retirement or resignation of the relevant independent director or (2) the conclusion of the third annual general meeting of the Company following the passing of the approval.

The profiles of the Directors are set out on pages 10 to 13 of this Annual Report.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Principle 3 There is a clear division of responsibilities between the leadership of the Board and Management, and no one individual has unfettered powers of decision-making.

There is a clear division of responsibilities between the Chairman and Group CEO, which is documented in writing and which ensures there is a balance of power and authority, such that no one individual represents a considerable concentration of power. Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan, the Independent Non-Executive Chairman, and Dr Ng Chin Siau, the Group CEO, are not related to each other.

The Group CEO is responsible for the business management and day-to-day operations of the Company. He takes a leading role in developing and expanding the businesses of the Group including making major business and finance decisions. He also oversees the execution of the Company's corporate and business strategy as set out by the Board and ensures that the Directors are kept updated and informed of the Company's businesses.

The Chairman leads the Board discussion and also ensures that Board meetings are convened when necessary. He sets the Board's meeting agenda and ensures that Directors are provided with complete, adequate and timely information. He chairs the Board meetings and ensures that adequate time is available for discussion of all agenda items, in particular strategic issues, and promotes a culture of openness and debate at the Board. He also assists in ensuring compliance with the Group's guidelines on corporate governance. He encourages constructive relations within the Board and between the Board and the Management, and ensures effective communications between the Company and its shareholders. The Chairman is available to Shareholders where they have concerns and for which contact through the normal channels of communication with the Management is inappropriate or inadequate.

The Board has not appointed a Lead Independent Director as the roles of the Chairman and CEO are distinctly separate; the Chairman is not part of executive management and is an Independent Director; the Board has a strong element of independence with three (3) out of six (6) Directors being independent; and the Board's discussions are open and frank. The Independent Directors also hold meeting(s) without the presence of the other Directors, and provide feedback to the Chairman after the meeting(s). The Board will review the need for a Lead Independent Director as part of its continuous assessment of corporate governance best practices.

Board Membership

Principle 4 The Board has a formal and transparent process for the appointment and re-appointment of directors, taking into account the need for progressive renewal of the Board.

All NC members are Independent Non-Executive Directors, all of whom are independent of the Management. The NC comprises the following members:

Prof Toh Chooi Gait	(Chairperson)
Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan	(Member)
Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	(Member)

The NC meets at least once a year. The principle functions of the NC under its term of reference include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) recommending to the Board on all board appointments, including re-nominations of existing Directors for re-election in accordance with the Constitution of the Company, having regard to the Director's contribution and performance;
- (b) determining on an annual basis whether or not a Director is independent;

- (c) deciding whether the Director is able to and has been adequately carrying out his/her duties particularly when he/she has multiple board representations;
- (d) implementing a process for evaluation and assessing the performance of the Board and contribution of each Director to the effectiveness of the Board;
- (e) reviewing and approving any new employment of related persons and their proposed terms of employment;
- (f) reviewing and recommending to the Board succession plans for Directors, in particular, the Chairman, the Group CEO and key management personnel; and
- (g) the review of training and professional development programs for the Board.

The NC is charged with determining the independence of the directors as set out under the Code. The Board, after taking into consideration the views of the NC, is of the view that Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan, Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry and Prof Toh Chooi Gait are independent and that, no individual or small group of individual dominates the Board's decision-making process.

The NC reviews the need for appointment of additional director(s) from time to time and has in place policies and procedures for the selection, appointment and re-appointment of Directors to the Board, including a search and nomination process. The NC will seek to identify the competence required for the Board to fulfil its responsibilities. The NC can also engage recruitment consultants or engage other independent experts to undertake research on, or assess candidates for new positions on the Board. New Directors are appointed by way of Director's resolution, after the NC has reviewed and nominated them by taking into consideration the qualification and experience of each candidate. The Constitution of the Company has stated clearly the procedures for the appointment of new Directors, re-election and removal of Directors.

In accordance with the Company's Constitution, one-third (1/3) of the Directors (excluding the CEO or any Director who is acting in the same capacity as the CEO), or if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third are required to retire by rotation and shall be eligible for re-election at every annual general meeting of the Company. Further, all Directors are required to retire from office at least once every three (3) years and such Directors will be eligible for re-election at the meeting at which he retires. Director(s) appointed by the Board during the financial year, shall only hold office until the next annual general meeting and thereafter be eligible for re-election at that annual general meeting.

The Board has accepted NC's recommendation to seek shareholders' approval to re-elect Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry and Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond at the Company's forthcoming AGM.

In making the above recommendation, the NC has considered the respective Director's overall performance and contributions. Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry has abstained from the NC's deliberation in respect of his performance assessment and re-nomination as a Director of the Company.

Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry will, upon re-election as Director of the Company, remain as the Independent Non-Executive Director, the Chairman of the AC, and a member of the NC and RC. Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry will be considered independent for the purpose of Rule 704(8) of the Mainboard Rules. He has no relationship with the Company, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders or its officers.

Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond will, upon re-election as Director of the Company, remain as a Non-Independent Executive Director and the Chief Operating Officer.

The following information relating to Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry, Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond, and Prof Toh Chooi Gait each of whom is standing for re-election as a Director in accordance with the Constitution and/or continued appointment as Independent Director pursuant to Rule 210(5)(d)(iii) of the Mainboard Rules; at the AGM, is provided pursuant to Rule 720(6) of the Mainboard Rules.

Name of Director	Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	Prof Toh Chooi Gait
Date of Appointment	14 October 2009	13 June 2008	25 June 2013
Date of last re-appointment (if applicable)	25 April 2019	25 April 2019	16 June 2020
Age	66	52	71
Country of principal residence	Singapore	Singapore	Malaysia
The Board's comments on this appointment (including rationale, selection criteria, and the search and nomination process)	The NC and the Board have determined that Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry remains objective and independent-minded in Board deliberations. His vast experience enables him to provide the Board and the various Board Committees on which he serves, with pertinent experience and competence to facilitate sound decision-making and that his length of service does not in any way interfere with his exercises of independent judgement nor hinder his ability to act in the best interests of the Company. The NC and the Board proposed for the (1) re- election and re-nomination in accordance to the Constitution; and (2) continued appointment pursuant to Rule 210(5) (d)(iii) of the Mainboard Rules; of Mr Harry Ng as an Independent Director, the Chairman of AC and a member of NC and RC.	The Board has considered the NC's recommendation and assessment of Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond's qualification, expertise and experience, and is satisfied that his re-appointment as a Non-Independent Executive Director and the Chief Operating Officer will be beneficial to the Board and to the Company.	The NC and the Board have determined that Prof Toh Chooi Gait remains objective and independent-minded in Board deliberations. Her vast experience enables her to provide the Board and the various Board Committees on which she serves, with pertinent experience and competence to facilitate sound decision-making and that her length of service does not in any way interfere with her exercises of independent judgement nor hinder her ability to act in the best interests of the Company. The NC and the Board proposed for her continued appointment pursuant to Rule 210(5) (d)(iii) of the Mainboard Rules. If pass, Prof Toh will remain as an Independent Directors, the Chairperson of NC and RC and a member of AC.
Whether appointment is executive, and if so, the area of responsibility	Non-Executive	Executive. His responsibilities include the Group's human resource function, information technology, procurement, marketing, ISO implementation and complaints handling.	Non-Executive

Name of Director	Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	Prof Toh Chooi Gait
Job Title	Independent Non- Executive Director	Non-Independent Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer	Independent Non- Executive Director
Professional qualifications	Please refer to the " Board of Directors" section of this Annual Report	Please refer to the " Board of Directors" section of this Annual Report	Please refer to the " Board of Directors " section of this Annual Report
Working experience and occupation(s) during the past 10 years	Please refer to the " Board of Directors" section of this Annual Report	Please refer to the " Board of Directors" section of this Annual Report	Please refer to the " Board of Directors" section of this Annual Report
Shareholding Interest in the listed issuer and its subsidiaries	Yes Please refer to the " Directors' Statement " section of this Annual Report	No	No
Any relationship (including immediate family relationships) with any existing director, existing executive officer, the issuer and/or substantial shareholder of the Listed Issuer or of any of its principal subsidiaries	No	No	No
Conflict of Interest (including any competing business)	No	No	No
Undertaking submitted to the listed issuer in the form of Appendix 7.7 (Listing Rule 704(7))	Yes	Yes	Yes
Other Principal Commitments including Directorships – Past (for the last 5 years) and Present	Past directorship (1) HealthPro Pte. Ltd. (2) IEV Energy Investment Pte. Ltd. (3) IEV Technologies Pte. Ltd. (3) IEV Technologies Pte. Ltd. Present directorship (1) Oxpay Financial Limited (formerly known as MC Payment Limited) (2) HLM (International) Corporate Services Pte Ltd (3) Oxley Holdings Limited (formerly known as IEV Holdings Limited) (4) Medi Lifestyle Limited (formerly known as IEV Holdings Limited) (5) HG Metal Manufacturing Limited	 <u>Past Directorship</u> (1) Q & M Management & Consultancy Pte. Ltd. <u>Present Directorship</u> (1) Aesthetics Dental Surgery Pte Ltd (2) Lee & Lee (Dental Surgeons) Pte Ltd (3) Foo & Associates Pte Ltd (4) Dentigiene Dental Surgery Pte Ltd (5) Q & M Laboratory & Marketing Pte.Ltd. (6) TP Dental Surgeons Pte. Ltd. (7) Q & M Dental Surgery (Bukit Batok) Pte. Ltd. (8) Q & M Dental Surgery (Clementi) Pte. Ltd. 	Past Directorship NIL Present Directorship NIL Principal Commitments (1) Professor of Restorative Dentistry, International Medical University Malaysia ("IMU") (2) Chairman of IMU Foundation Management Committee

Name of Director	Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	Prof Toh Chooi Gait
	Principal Commitments (1) Executive Director at HLM (International) Corporate Services Pte Ltd (2) Singapore Dental Council (3) NCC Research Fund (4) NCCS Cancer Fund	 (9) Q & M Dental Surgery (Clementi Central) Pte. Ltd. (10) Q & M Dental Surgery (Toa Payoh) Pte. Ltd. (11) Q & M Dental Surgery (Toa Payoh Central) Pte. Ltd. (12) Q & M Dental Surgery (Kallang MRT) Pte. Ltd. (13) Q & M Dental Surgery (Sims Place) Pte. Ltd. (14) Q & M Dental Surgery (Serangoon Central) Pte. Ltd. (15) Q & M Dental Surgery (Old Airport Rd) Pte. Ltd. (16) Q & M Dental Surgery (Sembawang) Pte. Ltd. (17) Q & M Dental Surgery (Sembawang) Pte. Ltd. (18) Q & M Dental Surgery (Sembawang) Pte. Ltd. (19) Q & M Dental Surgery (Sembawang MRT) Pte. Ltd. (19) Q & M Dental Surgery (Sembawang MRT) Pte. Ltd. (20) Q & M Dental Surgery (Bukit Timah) Pte. Ltd. (21) Q & M Dental Surgery (Hougang Plaza) Pte. Ltd. (22) Q & M Dental Surgery (Hougang Central) Pte. Ltd. (23) Q & M Dental Surgery (Jurong East Central) Pte. Ltd. (24) Q & M Dental Surgery (Jurong Bast Central) Pte. Ltd. (25) Q & M Dental Surgery (Jurong Bast Central) Pte. Ltd. (26) Q & M Dental Surgery (Jurong Bast Central) Pte. Ltd. (26) Q & M Dental Surgery (Admiralty) Pte. Ltd. (27) Q & M Dental Surgery (Ang Mo Kio Central) Pte. Ltd. (27) Q & M Dental Surgery (Ang Mo Kio Central) Pte. Ltd. (28) Q & M Dental Surgery (Bair Ris) Pte. Ltd. (29) Q & M Dental Surgery (Bair Ris) Pte. Ltd. (29) Q & M Dental Surgery (Braddell) Pte. Ltd. (29) Q & M Dental Surgery (Braddell) Pte. Ltd. (29) Q & M Dental Surgery (Braddell) Pte. Ltd. (20) Q & M Dental Surgery (Boon Lay) Pte. Ltd. 	

Name of Director	Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	Prof Toh Chooi Gait
		 (31) Q & M Dental Surgery (Serangoon) Pte. Ltd. (32) Q & M Dental Surgery (Bukit Panjang) Pte. Ltd. (33) Q & M Dental Surgery (Jelapang) Pte. Ltd. (34) Q & M Dental Surgery (Redhill MRT) Pte. Ltd. (35) Q & M Dental Surgery (Yishun Central) Pte. Ltd. (36) Q & M Dental Surgery (Elias Mall) Pte. Ltd. (37) Q & M Dental Surgery (Hougang Mall) Pte. Ltd. (38) Q & M Dental Surgery (Marsiling) Pte. Ltd. (39) Tiong Bahru Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd. (40) Dentmedix Pte. Ltd. (41) Q & M Dental Surgery (Gombak MRT) Pte. Ltd. (42) Q & M Dental Surgery (Boon Lay MRT) Pte. Ltd. (43) Killiney Dental Surgery (Boon Lay MRT) Pte. Ltd. (44) Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd. (45) Bright Smile Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd. (46) Q & M Dental Group (China) Pte. Ltd. (47) Q & M Dental Group (China) Pte. Ltd. (48) Q & M Dental Group (China) Pte. Ltd. (49) New Dental Centre Pte. Ltd. (47) Q & M Dental Group (China) Pte. Ltd. (48) Q & M Dental Group (China) Pte. Ltd. (47) Q & M Dental Group (China) Pte. Ltd. (48) Q & M Dental Centre Pte. Ltd. (50) Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd. (51) Quantumleap Healthcare Pte. Ltd. (52) British Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd. (53) Q & M Dental Centre (Orchard) Pte. Ltd. (54) RAMC Pte. Ltd. (55) Whaleshark Pte. Ltd. (55) Whaleshark Pte. Ltd. 	
Name of Director	Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	Prof Toh Chooi Gait
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Name of Director	Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond(56) Q & M Dental Centre (Raffles Place) Pte. Ltd.(57) Punggol Medical & Dental Pte. Ltd.(58) Q & M Medical & Aesthetic Clinic (Farrer Park) Pte. Ltd.(59) Q & M Medical Group (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.(60) Q & M Medical Aesthetic & Laser Centre Pte. Ltd.(61) Q & M Medical & Aesthetic Clinic (Tampines Central) Pte. Ltd.(62) Q & M Medical & Aesthetic Clinic (Serangoon Garden) Pte. Ltd.(63) Q & M Medical & Aesthetic Clinic (Raffles Place) Pte. Ltd.(63) Q & M Medical & Aesthetic Clinic (Raffles Place) Pte. Ltd.(64) The Digestive & Liver Specialist Centre Pte. Ltd.(65) The Lung Specialist Centre Pte. Ltd.(66) Q & M Medical & Aesthetic Clinic (Serangoon Central) Pte. Ltd.(67) Q & M Dental (Shenyang) Pte. Ltd.(67) Q & M Dental (Shenyang) Pte. Ltd.(68) Q & M Aidite International Pte. Ltd.(69) Singapore Dental Cadcam Laboratory Pte. Ltd.(70) QA Healthcare Solution Pte. Ltd.(71) Q & M Medical Clinic (Bukit Batok) Pte. Ltd.(72) Jurong Point Dental Centre Pte. Ltd.(73) Q & M Professionals Holdings Pte. Ltd.(74) Ho Dental Surgery (Marine Parade) Pte. Ltd.(75) Q & M College of	Prot Toh Chooi Gait

Name of Director	Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	Prof Toh Chooi Gait
		Principal Commitments NIL	
Disclosure on the following matters concerning the Director:			
(a) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any bankruptcy law of any jurisdiction was filed against him or against a partnership of which he was a partner at the time when he was a partner or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a partner?	No	No	No
(b) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any law of any jurisdiction was filed against an entity (not being a partnership) of which he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive, at the time when he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity, for the winding up or dissolution of that entity or, where that entity is the trustee of a business trust, that business trust, on the ground of insolvency?	No	No	No

Name of Director	Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	Prof Toh Chooi Gait
(c) Whether there is any unsatisfied judgment against him?	No	No	No
(d) Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving fraud or dishonesty which is punishable with imprisonment, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such purpose?	No	No	No
(e) Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such breach?	No	No	No
(f) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, judgment has been entered against him in any civil proceedings in Singapore or elsewhere involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or a finding of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part, or he has been the subject of any civil proceedings (including any pending civil proceedings of which he is aware) involving an allegation of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part?	No	No	No

Name of Director	Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	Prof Toh Chooi Gait
(g) Whether he has ever been convicted in Singapore or elsewhere of any offence in connection with the formation or management of any entity or business trust?	No	No	No
(h) Whether he has ever been disqualified from acting as a director or an equivalent person of any entity (including the trustee of a business trust), or from taking part directly or indirectly in the management of any entity or business trust?	No	No	No
(i) Whether he has ever been the subject of any order, judgment or ruling of any court, tribunal or governmental body, permanently or temporarily enjoining him from engaging in any type of business practice or activity?	No	No	No
(j) Whether he has ever, to his knowledge, been concerned with the management or conduct, in Singapore or elsewhere, of the affairs of:-			
(i) any corporation which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing corporations in Singapore or elsewhere; or	No	No	No
(ii) any entity (not being a corporation) which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing such entities in Singapore or elsewhere; or	No	No	No
(iii) any business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing business trusts in Singapore or elsewhere; or	No	No	No

Name of Director	Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	Prof Toh Chooi Gait
(iv) any entity or business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, in connection with any matter occurring or arising during that period when he was so concerned with the entity or business trust?	No	No	No
(k) Whether he has been the subject of any current or past investigation or disciplinary proceedings, or has been reprimanded or issued any warning, by the Monetary Authority of Singapore or any other regulatory authority, exchange, professional body or government agency, whether in Singapore or elsewhere?	No	No	No
(Applicable to appointment of director only) Any prior experience as a Director of an issuer listed on the Exchange? If Yes, please provide details of prior experience. If No, please state if the Director has attended or will be attending training on the roles and responsibilities of a Director of a listed issuer as prescribed by the Exchange. Please provide details of relevant experience and the Nominating Committee's reasons for not requiring the Director to undergo training as prescribed by the Exchange (if applicable)	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

Alternate directors may be appointed as and when the Board deems necessary. During FY2020, the Board accepted and approved the NC's recommendation for the appointment of Dr Kuan Chee Keong as alternate director to Dr Ng Chin Siau and the appointment of Dr Chong Kai Chuan as alternate director to Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond.

The NC reviews and determines annually whether Directors who have multiple board representations and other principal commitments, give sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company and adequately carry out his/her duties as a Director of the Company. The NC takes into account the results of the assessment of the effectiveness of the individual Director and his/her actual conduct on the Board, in making this determination.

For FY2021, the NC was satisfied that, where a Director had other listed company board representations and/or other principal commitments, the Director was able to carry out and had been adequately carrying out, his/her duties as a Director of the Company. As the time requirement of each Director are subjective, the NC has decided not to fix a maximum limit on the number of directorships a Director can hold. The NC considers that the multiple board representations held presently by its Directors do not impede their respective performance in carrying out their duties for the Company. Based on the Directors' commitments and contributions to the Company, which are also evident in their level of attendance and participation at Board and Board Committee meetings, the NC and the Board are satisfied that all the Directors were able to and have been adequately carrying out their duties as Directors of the Company in FY2021.

Key information regarding the Directors, including their present and past three (3) years' directorship(s) in other listed companies and other principal commitments are set out below:

Director	Position	Date of initial appointment	Date of last re-election	Current directorships in other listed companies	Directorships in other listed companies over the past three (3) years	Principal commitments
Dr Ng Chin Siau	Non- Independent Executive Director and Group CEO	7 January 2008	16 June 2020	NIL	NIL	NIL
Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	Non- Independent Executive Director and Chief Operating Officer	13 June 2008	25 April 2019	NIL	NIL	NIL
Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan	Independent Non-Executive Chairman	14 October 2009	26 April 2021	NIL	NIL	- Managing Director at K&L Gates Straits Law LLC
Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	Independent Non-Executive Director	14 October 2009	25 April 2019	 Oxpay Financial Limited (formerly known as MC Payment Limited Oxley Holdings Limited Medi Lifestyle Limited (formerly known as IEV Holdings Limited) HG Metal Manufacturing Limited 	NIL	 Executive Director at HLM (International) Corporate Services Pte Ltd Singapore Dental Council NCC Research Fund NCCS Cancer Fund

Director	Position	Date of initial appointment	Date of last re-election	Current directorships in other listed companies	Directorships in other listed companies over the past three (3) years	Principal commitments
Prof Toh Chooi Gait	Independent Non-Executive Director	25 June 2013	16 June 2020	NIL	NIL	 Professor of Restorative Dentistry, International Medical University Malaysia ("IMU") Chairman of IMU Foundation Management Committee
Mr Chik Wai Chiew (Zhi Weichao)	Non -Independent Non-Executive Director	14 August 2017	26 April 2021	NIL	NIL	- Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer at Heritas Capital Management Pte. Ltd.
Dr Kuan Chee Keong	Alternate Director to Dr Ng Chin Siau	19 August 2020	NA	NIL	NIL	- Dentist at the Company
Dr Chong Kai Chuan	Alternate Director to Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	19 August 2020	NA	NIL	NIL	- Dentist at the Company

NA: Not applicable

Board Performance

Principle 5 The Board undertakes a formal annual assessment of its effectiveness as a whole, and that of each of its board committees and individual directors.

The Board has established processes including taking into consideration the attendance record at the meetings of the Board and the Board Committees for monitoring and evaluating the performance of the Board as a whole and effectiveness and contribution of individual Directors. The Board and individual Directors can direct more effort in those areas for achieving better performance of the Board and better effectiveness of individual Directors.

The NC examines the Board's and the Board Committees' performances covering areas that include the size and composition of the Board, the Board's access to information, Board processes and accountability annually. The NC review and evaluate the overall performance of the Board in terms of its role and responsibilities and the conduct of its affairs as a whole.

For the evaluation process, the Directors will complete a board evaluation questionnaire which seeks to assess the effectiveness of the Board and the Board Committees. The results are then collated by the Company Secretary(ies) who will submit to the Chairman of the NC in the form of a report. The report will be discussed during the NC meeting with a view to implementing recommendations to further enhance the effectiveness of the Board and/or the Board Committees.

The contribution of each individual Director to the effectiveness of the Board is assessed individually and reviewed by the NC Chairman. The performance of the Directors is evaluated using agreed criteria, aligned as far as possible with appropriate corporate objectives. The assessment criteria include, inter alia, Director's attendance, commitment of time, candour, participation, knowledge and abilities, teamwork and overall contributions.

The NC would review the aforementioned criteria on periodic basis to ensure that the criteria is able to provide an accurate and effective performance assessment taking into consideration industry standards and the economic climate with the objective to enhance long term shareholders value, thereafter propose amendments if any, to the Board for approval. There has been no change in assessment criteria for FY2021 as the assessment criteria for FY2020 was considered adequate for the aforementioned assessment.

The NC, having reviewed the overall performance of the Board in terms of its role and responsibilities and the conduct of its affairs as a whole, and the individual Director's performance, is of the view that the performance of the Board, the Board Committees and each individual Director has been satisfactory in FY2021. The NC will review the appropriateness of the Board size, taking into consideration changes in the nature of the Group's businesses, the scope of operations, as well as changing regulatory requirements from time to time. In consultation with the NC, the Chairman will act on the results of the performance evaluation, propose for new members to be appointed to the Board or seek the resignation of Directors, where appropriate.

REMUNERATION MATTERS

Procedures for Developing Remuneration Policies

Principle 6 The Board has a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on director and executive remuneration, and for fixing the remuneration packages of individual directors and key management personnel. No director is involved in deciding his or her own remuneration.

All RC members are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The RC comprises the following members:

Prof Toh Chooi Gait	(Chairperson)
Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan	(Member)
Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	(Member)

The RC meets at least once a year. The principle functions of the RC under its term of reference include, but are not limited to, the following:

- (a) to recommend to the Board a framework of remuneration for the Board and key management personnel, determine specific remuneration packages for each Executive Director and submit such recommendations for endorsement by the entire Board covering all aspects of remuneration, including but not limited to director's fees, salaries, allowances, bonuses, options, share-based incentives and awards, and benefits in kind;
- (b) to perform annual review of the remuneration of employees related to the Directors and substantial shareholders to ensure that their remuneration packages are in line with the Company's staff remuneration guidelines and commensurate with their respective job scopes and level of responsibilities which include review and approve any bonuses, pay increases and/or promotions for these employees;
- (c) to review and recommend to the Board the terms of renewal for those Executive Directors whose current employment contracts will expire or have expired;
- (d) to recommend the remuneration of Non-Executive Directors appropriate for the level of contribution, taking into account factors such as effort and time spent, and responsibilities of the Directors; and
- (e) to consider the various disclosure requirements for Director's and senior management's remuneration, particularly those required by regulatory bodies such as the SGX-ST, and ensure that there is adequate disclosure in the financial statements to ensure and enhance transparency between the Company and relevant interested parties.

In discharging its duties, the RC will review and make recommendations on the specific remuneration packages for the Directors and key management personnel. The recommendations of the RC will be submitted for endorsement by the entire Board. All aspects of remuneration, including but not limited to Directors' fees, salaries, allowances, bonuses, share-based incentives and awards, and benefits in kind, will be covered by the RC.

Where applicable, the RC will also review annually the remuneration of employees related to the Directors and substantial shareholders to ensure that their remuneration packages are in line with the staff remuneration guidelines and commensurate with their respective job scopes and level of responsibilities.

Each member of the RC shall abstain from voting on any resolutions or making any recommendations and/or participating in the deliberations of the RC in respect of his/her remuneration package.

The RC may from time to time, and where required, seek advice from external consultants in framing the remuneration policy and determining the level and mix of remuneration for Directors and key management personnel. If external consultants are appointed, the RC will ensure that existing relationships, if any, between the Company and its appointed consultants will not affect the independence and objectivity of the consultants. The expense of such services shall be borne by the Company. The RC did not seek the service of an external remuneration consultant in FY2021.

Level and Mix of Remuneration

Principle 7 The level and structure of remuneration of the Board and key management personnel are appropriate and proportionate to the sustained performance and value creation of the Company, taking into account the strategic objectives of the Company.

In recommending the level and mix of remuneration, the RC seeks to build, motivate and retain Directors and key management personnel. It ensures that competitive remuneration policies and practices are in place to draw and motivate high-performance executives so as to drive the Group's businesses to greater growth, efficiency and profitability.

The RC seeks to ensure that the level and mix of remuneration of Executive Directors and key management personnel is competitive, relevant and appropriate in linking awards with performance and that the amount and mix of compensation is aligned with the interests of shareholders and promotes the long-term success of the Group.

The remuneration of the Executive Directors, namely the Group CEO, and the Chief Operating Officer are set out in their one (1) year service agreements with automatic renewal annually on such terms and conditions as the parties may agree commencing from 1 April 2011 (unless otherwise terminated by either party giving not less than six (6) months' notice to the other), and consists mainly of salary. In accordance with the said service agreement, each of them is entitled to receive a variable bonus at such rates or on such terms as may be determined and approved by the RC of the Company. In designing the compensation structure, the Company seeks to ensure that the level and mix of remuneration is transparent, competitive, relevant and appropriate in finding a balance between the current and longer term objectives of the Company so as to be able to attract, retain and motivate talents without being excessive, and thereby maximise value for Shareholders.

In setting remuneration packages, the RC will take into consideration the pay and employment conditions within the industry and comparable companies and the broad guidelines recommended by the Singapore Institute of Directors. The remuneration of Non-Executive Directors will also be reviewed to ensure that the remuneration commensurate with the contribution and responsibilities of the Non-Executive Directors.

The Director's fee for each of the Non-Executive Director shall be agreed or determined by the RC of the Company. No member of the RC is involved in deliberating and deciding in respect of any remuneration, compensation or any form of benefits to be granted to him.

The Company will submit the quantum of Directors' fees to the shareholders for approval at the annual general meeting annually. The Board concurred with the RC that the proposed directors' fees for FY2021 is appropriate and not excessive, taking into consideration the level of contributions by the directors and factors such as effort and time spent for serving on the Board and Board Committees, as well as the responsibilities and obligations of the directors.

Disclosure on Remuneration

Principle 8 The Company is transparent on its remuneration policies, level and mix of remuneration, the procedure for setting remuneration, and the relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation.

The compensation packages for employees including the Executive Directors and the key management personnel comprise a fixed component (base salary), a variable component (cash-based annual bonus) and benefits-in-kind, where applicable, taking into account amongst other factors, the individual's performance, the performance of the Group and industry practices.

	Salary	Bonus	Benefits ¹	Professional Fees ²	Directors' Fees⁺	Total	Total
Name	%	%	%	%	%	%	S\$
Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan	0	0	0	0	100	100	106,600
Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	0	0	0	0	100	100	106,600
Prof Toh Chooi Gait	0	0	0	0	100	100	106,600
Dr Ng Chin Siau	24	74	1	0	1	100	2,766,300
Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	53	31	3	6	7	100	509,412
Mr Chik Wai Chiew (Zhi Weichao)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dr Kuan Chee Keong (Alternate Director to Dr Ng Chin Siau)	0	0	0	100	0	100	100,095
Dr Chong Kai Chuan (Alternate Director to Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond)	0	0	0	91	9	100	385,543

A breakdown showing the level and mix of each individual Director's remuneration payable for FY2021 is as follows:

* The Directors' Fees are subject to approval by shareholders at the AGM

Remuneration Band of key management personnel is set out below:

	Remuneration Band	Salary	Bonus	Benefits ¹	Total
Name	between \$250,000- \$500,000	%	%	%	%
Mr Sim Yu Xiong		85	12	3	100
Ms Foo Siew Jiuan		58	37	5	100
Ms Ng Sook Hwa		52	43	5	100

As the Company has less than five (5) key management personnel, the above table discloses the remuneration details of all of the Company's key management personnel. The Board has carefully considered all relevant factors and determined that Dr Ong Siew Hwa does not constitute a key management personnel of the Company within the meaning of the Code, as Dr Ong Siew Hwa does not have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company.

Remuneration Band of employees who are substantial shareholders or who are immediate family members of Dr Ng Chin Siau, the Group CEO and Executive Director of the company is set out as follows:

	Remuneration Band	Salary	Bonus	Benefits ¹	Total
Name	between S\$300,000- S\$400,000	%	%	%	%
Ms Foo Siew Jiuan ³		58	37	5	100
Ms Ng Sook Hwa ³		52	43	5	100

1. Benefits refer to mainly employer's contribution to the Central Provident Fund.

2. Professional fees refer to fees received as a practising dentist from certain wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company.

3. Key management personnel who are related to the Group CEO and Executive Director, Dr Ng Chin Siau.

- (i) Ms Foo Siew Jiuan is the wife of Dr Ng Chin Siau.
- (ii) Ms Ng Sook Hwa is a sister of Dr Ng Chin Siau.

The total remuneration paid to the top five (5) key management personnel was S\$977,000 for FY2021.

The remuneration of the Company's top five (5) key management personnel takes into account the pay and employment conditions within the industry and is performance-related.

All Directors and the key management personnel are remunerated on an earned basis and there was no termination, retirement and post-employment benefits granted during FY2021.

Save as disclosed, there are no employees who are immediate family members of a Director or the Group CEO, and whose remuneration exceeds S\$100,000 during the year.

The Board has sought to link the quantum of salary to the current market for the Executive Directors and key management personnel taking into consideration their respective roles and responsibilities. Bonuses are paid based on the individual performances and the performance of the Company as a whole.

The Board adopted the Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme 2018 ("**2018 Option Scheme**") to replace the previous Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme ("**Previous Scheme**"). The 2018 Option Scheme is to provide an opportunity for Employees and Directors who have contributed significantly to the growth and performance of the Group, to participate in the equity of the Company so as to motivate them to greater dedication, loyalty and higher standards of performance, and to give recognition to past contributions and services. In addition, the 2018 Option Scheme will help the Group to attract and retain the services of appropriate, qualified and experienced employees who would be able to contribute to the Group's business and operations.

ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

Risk Management and Internal Controls

Principle 9 The Board is responsible for the governance of risk and ensures that Management maintains a sound system of risk management and internal controls, to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

The Management provides the Board with updates covering operational performance, financial results, marketing and business development and other relevant information on a regular basis as the Board may require from time to time, enabling the Board to make a balanced and informed assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospect.

Risk assessment and evaluation has become an essential part of the business planning and monitoring process. The Group has put in place a documentation on its risk profile which summarises the material risks faced by the Group and the countermeasures in place to manage or mitigate those risks for the review by the Board annually. Having regard to the risks which the Group is exposed to, the likelihood of such risks occurring and the risk tolerance accepted by the Group, the internal controls structure of the Group has been designed and put in place by the Group to provide reasonable assurance against material financial misstatements or loss, for the safeguarding of assets, for the maintenance of proper accounting records, for the provision of financial and other information with integrity, reliability and relevance, and in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

It is the opinion of the Board that, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, the system of internal controls maintained by the Management that was in place throughout the financial year and up to the date of this report provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material financial misstatements or losses, and includes the safeguarding of assets, the maintenance of proper accounting records, the reliability of financial information, compliance with appropriate legislation, regulations and best practices, and the identification and containment of financial, operational and compliance risks.

The Board notes that all internal control systems contain inherent limitations and no system of internal controls could provide absolute assurance against the occurrence of material errors, poor judgment in decision making, human error losses, fraud or other irregularities.

The Company has appointed an independent third party, Nexia TS Risk Advisory Pte Ltd ("**Nexia TS**" or "**IA**") to perform internal audit reviews and to highlight all significant matters to the Management and the AC. Based on the work performed by the IA, the Board is satisfied with the Company's levels of risk tolerance and risk policies, and has overseen the Management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management and internal control systems.

The Board has received assurance from the Group CEO and the CFO that, as at 31 December 2021, the Group's financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's operations and finances.

The Board has also received assurance from the Group CEO, CFO and Group Financial Controller, who are responsible, that the Group's risk management and internal control systems were adequate and effective as at 31 December 2021 to address the risks that the Group considers relevant and material to its operations.

Management will continue to review and strengthen the Group's control environment and devote resources and expertise towards improving its internal policies and procedures to maintain a high level of governance and internal controls.

The Company prohibits its officers from dealing in the Company's shares on short term considerations. They are required to observe insider trading provisions under the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore at all times even when dealing in the Company's securities in the permitted periods.

Audit Committee

Principle 10 The Board has an Audit Committee ("AC") which discharges its duties objectively.

Functions of the AC

The role of the AC is to assist the Board with regard to the discharge of its responsibility to safeguard the Company's assets, maintain adequate accounting records, develop and maintain effective systems of internal controls with an overall objective to ensure that the Management has created and maintained an effective control environment in the Company, and that the Management demonstrates and stimulates the necessary aspect of the Company's internal control structure among all parties.

All AC members are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The AC comprises the following members:

Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	(Chairman)
Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan	(Member)
Prof Toh Chooi Gait	(Member)

The Board is of the view that the AC Chairman and members are appropriately qualified, with the necessary accounting, financial advisory, business management, corporate and finance, investment and corporate legal expertise and experience to discharge the AC's functions. The AC Chairman, a Fellow Member with the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants and a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accounts (UK), having more than 30 years of experience in accountancy, audit and finance, is well qualified to chair the AC. Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan, a member of the AC, has vast financial management experience. He is currently a member of the audit and risk committee of First Ship Lease Trust and was previously a member of the audit committee of UMS Holdings Limited. He has also served on the finance committee and audit committee of the Law Society Pro Bono Services Office. He is also the managing director at K & L Gates Straits Law LLC and manages all aspects of its finances.

The AC meets at least half-yearly to discuss and review the following where applicable:

- (a) review with the external and internal auditors, the audit plan, their evaluation of the system of internal controls, their audit report, their management letter and the Management's response;
- (b) review the quarterly, half yearly and annual financial statements and results announcements before submission to the Board for approval, focusing in particular on changes in accounting policies and practices, major risk areas, significant adjustments resulting from the audit, compliance with accounting standards and the Mainboard Rules and any other relevant statutory or regulatory requirements;

- (c) review at least annually the internal control procedures and ensure co-ordination between the external auditors and the Management, and review the assistance given by the Management to the auditors, and discuss problems and concerns, if any, arising from audits, and any matters which the auditors may wish to discuss (in the absence of the Management, where necessary);
- (d) review and discuss with external and internal auditors, any suspected fraud or irregularity, or suspected infringement of any relevant laws, rules or regulations, which has or is likely to have a material impact on the Company's operating results or financial position, and the Management's response;
- (e) consider and recommend the appointment or re-appointment of the external auditors and matters relating to the resignation or dismissal of the external auditors;
- (f) review transaction falling within the scope of Chapter 9 of the Mainboard Rules;
- (g) review any potential conflict of interests;
- (h) undertake such other reviews and projects as may be requested by the Board, and report to the Board its findings from time to time on matters arising and requiring the attention of the AC;
- (i) review the Company's key financial risk areas, with a view to providing an independent oversight on the Company's financial reporting. The outcome of these reviews will be disclosed in the annual report of the Company or where the findings are material, immediately announced via SGXNet;
- (j) generally to undertake such other functions and duties as may be required by statute or the Mainboard Rules, or by such amendments as may be made thereto from time to time;
- (k) review the Rule 716 of the Mainboard Rules that if different auditors are appointed for its subsidiaries or significant associated companies, the AC must be satisfied that the appointment would not compromise the standard of effectiveness of the audit;
- (I) reviewing the assurance from the CEO and the CFO on the financial records and financial statements;
- (m) review the significant financial reporting issues and judgement so as to ensure the integrity of the financial statements of the Company and any formal announcement relating to the Company's financial performance;
- (n) review the scope and results of the audit, its cost effectiveness, the independence and objectivity of the external auditors annually. Where the auditors also supply a substantial volume of non-audit services to the Company, the nature and extent of such services should be reviewed in order to balance the maintenance of objectivity and value for money;
- ensure that the internal auditor's primary line of reporting should be to the AC. The internal auditor should meet or exceed the standards set by nationally or internationally recognised professional bodies including the Standards for the Professional Practice set by The Institute of Internal Auditors;
- (p) review and report to the Board annually on the effectiveness and adequacy of the Group's risk management and internal controls systems in addressing the financial, operational, compliance and information technology risk;
- (q) investigate any matter within its terms of reference, having full access to and co-operation from the Management and full discretion to invite any Executive Director or Executive Officer to attend its meetings, and reasonable resources to enable it to discharge its functions properly; and
- (r) provide an avenue for employees to raise concerns and reassurance that they will be protected from reprisals or victimization for whistle blowing in good faith, a whistle blowing reporting policy has been established by the Company for its employees.

The AC has the power to conduct or authorise investigations into any matters within the AC's scope of responsibility. The AC is authorised to obtain independent professional advice, if it deems necessary, in the discharge of its responsibilities. Such expenses are to be borne by the Company.

The AC has full access to and co-operation from the Management and has full discretion to invite any Executive Director or Executive Officer to attend its meetings, and has been given reasonable resources to enable it to discharge its functions.

The AC also meets with the internal and external auditors without the presence of the management at least once a year to ascertain if there are any material weaknesses or control deficiencies in the Group's financial and operational systems.

External Auditors

The AC, having reviewed the range and value of non-audit services performed by the external auditors, RSM Chio Lim LLP, was satisfied that the nature and extent of such services has not prejudiced the independence and objectivity of external auditors. Therefore, the AC recommends the re-appointment of RSM Chio Lim LLP as external auditors at the AGM. There is no disagreement between the Board and AC regarding the selection, appointment, resignation or dismissal of external auditors. During the financial year under review, the Company has incurred an aggregate S\$401,000 payable to the external auditors for its audit services. The Company confirms that it has complied with Rules 712 and 715 of the Mainboard Rules in engaging RSM Chio Lim LLP, registered with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority, Singapore, as the external auditors of the Company and local subsidiaries. The Company also confirmed that it has complied with Rule 716 of the Mainboard Rules in engaging different auditing firms for its foreign subsidiaries.

None of the AC members were previous partners or directors of the existing external auditing firm and none of the AC members hold any financial interest in the external auditing firm.

Internal Audit

The Company's internal audit function is outsourced to Nexia TS that reports directly to the AC. The Board is of the view that the outsourcing of the internal audit function had deliver enhanced independence as well as improve the quality of the audit as the IA is adequately qualified and equipped with a broad range of expertise with advanced degrees and technological specialisation to discharge its duties effectively.

The Board recognises that it is responsible for maintaining robust internal controls to safeguard shareholders' investment and the Company's business and assets. The AC approves the hiring, removal, evaluation and compensation of the internal auditors and reviews and approves the internal audit's plan during the AC meeting for each financial year. The AC also ensures that the internal auditors have unfettered access to all the Company's documents, records, properties and personnel including access to the AC.

The primary functions of internal audit are to:

- (a) assess if adequate systems of internal controls are in place to protect the funds and assets of the Company and to ensure control procedures are complied with;
- (b) conduct regular in-depth audits of high-risk areas; and
- (c) identify and recommend improvement to internal control procedures, where required.

The AC has reviewed the report submitted by Nexia TS on internal procedures and the internal controls in place, and is satisfied that there are adequate internal controls in the Company. The AC will review on an annual basis the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal audit function.

The AC is also of the view that the outsourced internal audit function is independent, effective, adequately resourced, has appropriate standing within the Company and is staffed with persons with the relevant qualifications and experience, and adheres to professional standards including those promulgated by the relevant local or international recognised professional bodies.

Whistle-Blowing Policy

The Company has put in place a whistle-blowing policy to provide a channel for employees to report in good faith and in confidence, without fear of reprisals, concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting or other matters. The objective for such an arrangement is to ensure independent investigation of such matters and for appropriate follow-up action. The Company will treat all complaints and information received confidentially and protect the identity of all whistle-blowers. The Chairman of AC and Chief Finance Officer of the Company is responsible for the oversight and monitoring of the whistle-blowing policy and implementation of the policy. All complaints or information would be forwarded to the Chairman of AC or Chief Finance Officer of the Company.

There was no reported incident pertaining to whistle blowing during FY2021 and until the date of this Annual Report.

SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS AND ENGAGEMENT

Shareholder Rights and Conduct of General Meetings

Principle 11 The Company treats all Shareholders fairly and equitably in order to enable them to exercise shareholders' rights and have the opportunity to communicate their views on matters affecting the Company. The Company gives Shareholders a balanced and understandable assessment of its performance, position and prospects.

The Board is accountable to the Shareholders and is mindful of its obligations to furnish timely information that present a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects and to ensure full disclosure of material information to Shareholders in compliance with statutory requirements and the Mainboard Rules.

Price sensitive information will be publicly released either before the Company meets with any group of investors or analysts or simultaneously with such meetings. Financial results and annual reports will be announced or issued within the legally prescribed periods.

Any notice of general meeting is issued at least fourteen (14) clear days before the scheduled date of such meeting. Shareholders are invited to attend the general meetings to put forth any questions they may have on the motions to be debated and decided upon. All Shareholders who are not relevant intermediaries can appoint up to two (2) proxies during his/ her absence to attend, speak and vote in general meeting in compliance with Companies Act 1967 of Singapore. Shareholders who are relevant intermediaries may appoint more than two (2) proxies to attend, speak and vote at general meetings. Voting in absentia by mail, facsimile or email is currently not permitted to ensure proper authentication of the identity of shareholders and their voting intent. Notwithstanding the foregoing, for the Company's general meetings which are convened and held pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020 (the "**Order**"), Shareholders may only appoint the chairman of the meeting as their proxy to attend, speak and vote on their behalf at the general meeting.

The Company ensures that Shareholders have the opportunity to participate effectively in and vote at general meetings of shareholders. The Chairman briefs the Shareholders on the rules, including voting procedures, that govern general meetings of shareholders and addresses any queries that they may have on the procedures. The Company ensures that there are separate resolutions at general meetings on each distinct issue. All resolutions are put to vote by poll in the presence of independent scrutineers, and the voting results will be announced via SGXNet after the conclusion of the general meeting.

The Company's general meetings (annual general meeting and/or extraordinary general meeting where applicable), are the principal forums for dialogue with shareholders. In FY2021, the Company's AGM in respect of FY2020 ("**AGM 2021**") was convened and held by way of electronic means on 26 April 2021, pursuant to the Order. The alternative arrangements put in place for the conduct of AGM 2021 included attendance at the AGM 2021 via electronic means under which shareholders could observe and/or listen to the AGM 2021 proceedings via live audio-visual webcast or live audio-only stream, submission of questions in advance of the AGM 2021, addressing of substantial and relevant questions prior to the AGM 2021 and voting by appointing the chairman of the meeting as proxy. All Directors attended the AGM 2021 either in-person or via electronic means. The forthcoming AGM in respect of FY2021 will also be convened and held by way of electronic means pursuant to the Order.

Shareholders are encouraged to attend the general meetings of the Company to ensure a high level of accountability and to stay apprised of the Company's strategy and goals. Shareholders are given the opportunity to raise questions and clarify any issues that they may have relating to the resolutions to be passed. Notice of the general meetings will be announced on SGXNet.

The proceedings of the general meeting will be properly recorded, including all substantial and relevant comments or queries from Shareholders relating to the agenda of the meeting, and responses from the Board and the Management. The minutes of the Company's annual general meeting are made publicly available on the Company's website.

The Company has adopted a dividend policy of paying dividends of at least 30% of the Group's core operating earnings, excluding other one-time income and share of associate profits. The Company had on (a) 11 May 2021 announced an interim dividend of S\$0.01 per share, such dividend having been paid on 2 June 2021, (b) 13 August 2021 announced an interim dividend of S\$0.01 per share, such dividend having been paid on 3 September 2021, (c) 11 November 2021 announced an interim dividend of S\$0.01 per share, such dividend having been paid on 3 December 2021, (d) 23 February 2022 announced an interim dividend of S\$0.01 per share, such dividend having been paid on 3 December 2021, and (d) 23 February 2022 announced an interim dividend of S\$0.01 per share, such dividend having paid on 24 March 2022.

Engagement with Shareholders

Principle 12 The Company communicates regularly with its Shareholders and facilitates the participation of Shareholders during general meetings and other dialogues to allow Shareholders to communicate their views on various matters affecting the Company.

The Company does not practise selective disclosure. In line with the continuous obligations of the Company pursuant to the Mainboard Rules, the Board's policy is that all shareholders should be equally informed of all major developments impacting the Company.

Information is disseminated to shareholders on a timely basis through:

- Announcements and news releases on SGXNet.
- Annual report and circulars prepared and issued to all shareholders.
- Notices of shareholders' meetings are published on the Company's website/in the local newspaper and announced via SGXNet.

Regular briefings are also organised for media and analysts to ensure a better appreciation of the Company's performance and developments. The Company has a team of investor relations personnel who focus on facilitating the communications with all stakeholders – shareholders, regulators, analysts and media, etc – on a regular basis, to attend to their queries or concerns as well as to keep the investors public apprised of the Group's corporate developments and financial performance. To enhance and encourage communication with Shareholders and investors, the Company provides the contact information **Email: melanie@qnm.sg Tel: 6705 9888** of its investor relations personnel. The Board has also taken to solicit and understand the views of the shareholders through analyst briefings and investor roadshows conducted by the Management.

MANAGING STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIPS

Engagement with Stakeholders

Principle 13 The Board adopts an inclusive approach by considering and balancing the needs and interests of material stakeholders, as part of its overall responsibility to ensure that the best interests of the Company are served.

The Company's key stakeholders are those who most materially impact the Company's strategy or are directly impacted by it. They comprise the Company's shareholders, customers, employees, community and regulators. Engagement with stakeholders provides the Company with an understanding of the matters they are most concerned with. These matters help to define the Company's strategic priorities and guide the Company's initiatives. The Company has regularly engaged its stakeholders through various medium and channels to ensure that the business interests are aligned with those of the stakeholders, to understand and address the concerns so as to improve services standards, as well as to sustain business operations for long-term growth.

Our stakeholder issues and engagement platforms are detailed below:

The Company's senior management periodically assesses focus areas where the Company can have the greatest economic, environmental and social impact, as well as areas that are most important to its stakeholders. The Company has made efforts to seek the opinions of many stakeholders either through informal or formal means. The Company evaluate the needs and expectations of its key stakeholder groups which are significant to its value creation strategy and strive to build mutually beneficial relationships.

The Company recognises the importance of a meaningful two-way engagement with its key stakeholders to understand their interests, expectations and also addressing the economic and environmental, social and governance ("**ESG**") topics that are material to its business and stakeholders, whilst taking into account any pivotal developments within this industry. The Company has made conscious efforts to seek the opinions of its stakeholders through formal and informal engagements as well as establishing an internal review process to integrate stakeholder feedback with its corporate strategies.

The Company's corporate website at <u>www.QandMDental.com.sg</u> also provides updated information to its stakeholders on its latest financial results and corporate developments. The website, which is updated regularly, contains various information on the Group and the Company which serves as an important resource for investors and all stakeholders.

DEALING IN SECURITIES

Rule 1207(19) of the Mainboard Rules

In line with Rule 1207(19) of the Mainboard Rules on Dealings in Securities, for FY2021 the Company issues a quarterly letter to its Directors, executive officers and employees with non-published price sensitive information prohibiting dealings in listed securities of the Company from two (2) weeks or one (1) month, as the case may be, before the announcement of the Company's quarterly and annual financial results and ending on the date of the announcement of the relevant results.

The Directors and employees are expected to observe the insider trading laws at all times even when dealing in the Company's securities within permitted trading period.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Rule 1207(4)(b)(iv) of the Mainboard Rules

The Company regularly reviews and improves its business and operational activities to identify areas of significant business risks as well as take appropriate measures to control and mitigate these risks. The Company reviews all significant control policies and procedures and highlights all significant matters to the AC and Board.

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Rule 1207(8) of the Mainboard Rules

There were no material contracts entered into by the Company or any of its subsidiaries involving the interest of the Group CEO, any Director, or controlling shareholder subsisting at the end of financial year ended 31 December 2021. There was no such contract subsisted at the end of the financial year under review.

INTERESTED PERSON TRANSACTIONS

Rule 907 of the Mainboard Rules

The Company has established procedures to ensure that all transactions with interested persons are reported in a timely manner to the AC and that the transactions are conducted on an arm's length basis and are not prejudicial to the interests of the shareholders.

The Group does not have a general mandate from shareholders for interested person transactions pursuant to Rule 920 of the Mainboard Rules.

Particulars of the interested person transactions for the financial year ended 31 December 2021, disclosed in accordance with Rule 907 of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST were set out below.

Name of Interested Person	Nature of relationship	Aggregate value of all interested person transactions during the financial year under review (excluding transactions less than \$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the Mainboard Rules)	person transactions conducted under the shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the Mainboard Rules (excluding
Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY ("CSR")

Being a responsible corporation, the Company believes in giving back to the society with our expertise. The established Q & M Cares committee is a division dedicated to leading and coordinating our corporate social responsibility ("CSR") initiatives by proactively seek out opportunities where our Company and staff can contribute to the welfare of the community.

In January 2021, the Company donated school bags and stationeries to children from underprivileged families living in the Kreta Ayer, Boon Lay and Woodlands areas. The school bags were distributed by the staff from the Ministry of Social and Family Development to help get the students ready for the new academic year.

In March 2021, Q & M Cares committee collaborated with Foreign Domestic Worker Association for Social Support and Training ("FAST") to provide wisdom tooth surgery to domestic workers who are FAST members. Since then, our volunteer dentists have been providing this service once a month at our Q & M Dental Surgery (Sembawang Way) outlet at no cost.

In May 2021, Q & M Cares committee collaborated with Its Raining Raincoats ("IRR"), a local migrant worker assistance organisation, to launch an initiative to provide dental care to migrant workers. A team of 13 dentists have volunteered their time and skills over the past year to treat migrant workers suffering from dental problems.

In another collaboration with IRR in June, the Company donated 200,000 medical-grade surgical masks to 51 migrant worker dormitories across Singapore to better protect them against the COVID-19 situation.

The Company was also part of the "Together, Singapore Cares" Campaign that gave organisations the opportunity to uplift individuals and families who needed support during this COVID-19 pandemic period. A team of dentists and nurses helped to swab migrant workers in the early stages of this pandemic. For this, the Company had received a letter of appreciation from LTC Rudy Lim, Chairman, Engagement Committee of NDP 2021.

In September 2021, the Company donated S\$118K to the Chew Chong Lin Dental Bursary at the Faculty of Dentistry at the National University of Singapore ("NUS"). This is in addition to scholarships that the Company gives out from time to time to support students pursuing undergraduate and postgraduate studies at the university.

As we move into 2022, the Company is committed to providing support to the needy around us and also making meaningful contributions to the community in general. The Q & M Free Dental Clinic to be opened at Chai Chee, is a brand-new initiative which we hope to be able to provide dental healthcare support to those who may otherwise not be able to receive the treatment they require. We look forward to availing our time and resources towards the community in the years ahead.

SUSTAINABILITY REPORTING

This is the fifth year the Company is publishing its sustainability report and it will continue to address the activities, data and measurements, where applicable, that fall within its financial year ended 31 December 2021. The Company is proud to have continued its efforts in improving the report, giving the requisite "descriptive and quantitative information on how business is conducted" and how its ESG are being managed for a sustainable future, in compliance with the Mainboard Rules and Global Reporting Initiative ("**GRI**") Sustainability Reporting Standards. The Company will continue to demonstrate its commitment to grow its sustainable business model both as a responsible and a forward-looking corporate citizen. More information on how the Company engages with its stakeholders, as well as its approach to material topics and its overall sustainability performance, can be found in the Company's Sustainability Report 2021, which will be released by 31 May 2022.

The directors of the Company are pleased to present the accompanying financial statements of the Company and of the Group for the reporting year ended 31 December 2021.

1. Opinion of the directors

In the opinion of the directors,

- (a) the accompanying financial statements and the consolidated financial statements are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company and, of the financial position and performance of the Group for the reporting year covered by the financial statements or consolidated financial statements; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The board of directors approved and authorised these financial statements for issue.

2. Directors

The directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are:

Dr Ng Chin Siau Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry Professor Toh Chooi Gait Mr Chik Wai Chiew (Zhi Weichao) Dr Chong Kai Chuan (Alternate director to Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond) Dr Kuan Chee Keong (Alternate director to Dr Ng Chin Siau)

3. Directors' interests in shares and debentures

The directors of the Company holding office at the end of the reporting year had no interests in shares or debentures of the Company or other related body corporate as recorded in the register of directors' shareholdings kept by the Company under section 164 of the Companies Act 1967 ("the Act") except as follows:

	<u>Direct i</u>	<u>nterest</u>	Deemed	interest
	At beginning		At beginning	
	of the reporting		of the reporting	
	year or date of		year or date of	
Name of directors and companies	appointment	At end of the	appointment	At end of the
in which interests are held	<u>if later</u>	reporting year	<u>if later</u>	<u>reporting year</u>
The Company –				
<u>Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited</u>		Number of share	es of no par value	
Dr Ng Chin Siau	11,440,110	5,528,900	449,549,076	502,627,089
Mr. Narayanan Sreenivasan	420,000	504,000	_	_
Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry	240,000	360,000	_	_
Dr Chong Kai Chuan	2,936,300	2,313,960	-	-

3. Directors' interests in shares and debentures (cont'd)

	<u>Direct i</u>	nterest	Deemed	interest
Name of directors and companies in which interests are held	At beginning of the reporting year or date of appointment <u>if later</u>	At end of the reporting year	At beginning of the reporting year or date of appointment <u>if later</u>	At end of the reporting year
Ultimate parent company –				
Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd.		Number of share	es of no par value	
Dr Ng Chin Siau	192,327,876	199,985,714	_	_
Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond	11,366,674	12,783,551	_	_
Dr Chong Kai Chuan	39,165,924	44,048,030	_	_
Dr Kuan Chee Keong	34,819,880	22,290,465	_	_

By virtue of section 7 of the Act, Dr Ng Chin Siau is deemed to have an interest in the Company as disclosed above and in all the related body corporates of the Company.

The directors' interests as at 21 January 2022 were the same as those at the end of the reporting year.

4. Arrangements to enable directors to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares and debentures

Save as disclosed in this report, neither at the end of the reporting year nor at any time during the reporting year did there subsist arrangements to which the Company is a party, being arrangements whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

5. Options and Performance Share Plan

Share options

The Company adopted an employee share option scheme known as the "Q & M Employee Share Option Scheme" (the "Option Scheme") on 26 April 2011. The Option Scheme, which forms an integral component of its compensation plan, is designed to reward and retain eligible participants whose services are important to its continued well-being and success. It provides eligible participants who have contributed to the growth and performance of the Group with an opportunity to participate in the equity of the Company so as to motivate these participants to greater dedication, loyalty and higher standards of performance and to give recognition to past contributions and services.

Under the rules of the Scheme, the directors and confirmed employees of the Group are eligible to participate in the Scheme. Controlling shareholders or their associates are also eligible to participate in the Scheme subject to the approval of independent shareholders in separate resolution for each participant.

The total number of shares over which options may be granted shall not exceed 15% of the issued share capital (excluding treasury shares) of the Company on the date immediately preceding the date of grant.

5. Options and Performance Share Plan (cont'd)

Share options (cont'd)

An Option Scheme committee ("Committee") is charged with the administration of the Option Scheme in accordance with the rules of the Scheme. The Committee comprising all the members of the Remuneration Committee of the Company from time to time, and duly authorised and appointed by the board of directors. The number of shares comprised in options offered to a participant shall be determined at the absolute discretion of the Committee who shall take into account, where applicable, criteria such as rank, past performance, years of service, potential contribution of the participant provided that: (a) the aggregate number of shares which may be offered to participants who are controlling shareholders and their associates during the entire operation of the Option Scheme (including adjustments under the rules) shall not exceed 25% of the shares available under the Option Scheme; and (b) the number of shares which may be offered to each participant who is a controlling shareholder or his associate during the entire operation of the Scheme shall not exceed 10% of the shares available under the Option Scheme.

(a) <u>Exercise Price</u>

The exercise price for each share in respect of which an option is exercisable shall be determined by the Committee at its absolute discretion, on the date of grant, at:-

- (i) the market price; or
- (ii) a price which is set at a discount to the market price (incentive price), the quantum of such discount to be determined by the Committee in its absolute discretion, provided that the maximum discount which may be given in respect of any option shall not exceed 20% of the market price. In the event that SGX-ST prescribes or permits a higher percentage of discount, the Company will seek shareholders' approval for the increase in discount at a general meeting.
- (b) Exercise Period

Unless otherwise determined in the sole discretion of the Committee, options granted shall be exercised in the following manner:-

- (i) in the case of market price options granted to a participant:- (i) one-third (1/3) of such options granted shall only vest and be exercisable by an option holder after the first anniversary of the date of grant of that option; (ii) the next one-third (1/3) of such options granted shall only vest and be exercisable by an option holder after the second anniversary of the date of grant of that option; and (iii) the remaining one-third (1/3) of such options granted shall only vest and be exercisable by an option holder after the second anniversary of the date of grant of that option; and (iii) the remaining one-third (1/3) of such options granted shall only vest and be exercisable by an option holder after the third anniversary of the date of grant of that option, provided always that all the options shall be exercised before the second anniversary of the relevant date of vesting, or such earlier date as may be determined by the Committee, failing which all unexercised options shall immediately lapse and become null and void and an option holder shall have no claim against the Company; and
- (ii) in the case of incentive options granted to a participant:- (i) one-third (1/3) of such options granted shall only vest and be exercisable by an option holder after the second anniversary of the date of grant of that option; (ii) the next one-third (1/3) of such options granted shall only vest and be exercisable by an option holder after the third anniversary of the date of grant of that option; and (iii) the remaining one-third (1/3) of such options granted shall only vest and be exercisable by an option holder after the third anniversary of the date of grant of that option; and (iii) the remaining one-third (1/3) of such options granted shall only vest and be exercisable by an option holder after the fourth anniversary of the date of grant of that option, provided always that all the options shall be exercised before the second anniversary of the relevant date of vesting, or such earlier date as may be determined by the Committee, failing which all unexercised options shall immediately lapse and become null and void and an option holder shall have no claim against the Company.

5. Options and Performance Share Plan (cont'd)

(b) Exercise Period (cont'd)

There are special provisions dealing with the lapsing under certain circumstances including ceasing of employment, bankruptcy, and death of the participant.

Performance share plan

The Company adopted a performance share plan known as the "Q & M Performance Share Plan 2018" (the "Plan") on 13 November 2018. The Plan, which forms an integral component of its compensation plan, is designed to incentivise participants to excel in their performance and encourage greater dedication and loyalty to the Company. Through the Plan, the Company will be able to recognise and reward past contributions and services and motivate participants to continue to strive for the Group's long-term prosperity. In addition, the Plan aims to foster an ownership culture within the Group.

Under the rules of the Plan, the directors and employees of the Group are eligible to participate in the Plan. Controlling shareholders or their associates are also eligible to participate in the Plan.

The aggregate number of shares which may be issued or transferred pursuant to awards granted under the Plan on any date, when added to the number of shares issued and/or issuable and/or transferred and transferable in respect of all awards granted under the Plan and all shares issued and issuable and/or transferred and transferable in respect of all options granted or awards granted under any other share schemes or share plans which the Company adopted and for the time being in force or may implement from time to time, including but not limited to Option Scheme, will not exceed 15% of total issued shares in the capital of the Company (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) on the day preceding the relevant award date.

A Plan Committee is charged with the administration of the Plan in accordance with the rules of the Plan. The Committee comprising all the members of the Remuneration Committee of the Company from time to time, and duly authorised and appointed by the board of directors. The number of shares offered to a participant shall be determined at the absolute discretion of the Committee who shall take into account, where applicable, criteria such as *inter alia*, the rank, scope of responsibilities, performance, years of service, potential contribution for future development, contribution to the success of the Group and the extent of effort and resourcefulness with which the performance target(s) may be achieved within the performance period of the participant provided that: (a) the aggregate number of shares which may be offered to participants who are controlling shareholders and their associates during the entire operation of the Plan (including adjustments under the rules) shall not exceed 25% of the shares available under the Plan; and (b) the number of shares which may be offered to each participant who is a controlling shareholder or his associate during the entire operation of the Plan.

Awards represent the right of a participant to receive fully-paid shares free of charge, provided that certain prescribed performance targets (if any) are met and upon expiry of the prescribed performance period. In addition to the performance targets, in relation to each award, the Plan Committee shall have the discretion to prescribe a vesting period of between 1 to 10 years depending on the importance of the individual participant to the long-term growth of the Group and such other conditions as the Plan Committee may determine.

Shares which are allotted and issued or transferred to a participant are subject to restrictions against disposal or sale or any other dealings by the participant.

During the reporting year, no shares of the Company was granted under the performance share plan.

During the reporting year, no option to take up unissued shares of the Company or other body corporate in the Group was granted.

At the end of the reporting year, there were no unissued shares under option.

6. Independent auditor

RSM Chio Lim LLP has expressed willingness to accept re-appointment.

7. Report of audit committee

The members of the audit committee at the date of this report are as follows:

Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry (Chairman)	(Non-Executive and Independent Director)
Mr Narayanan Sreenivasan	(Non-Executive and Independent Director)
Professor Toh Chooi Gait	(Non-Executive and Independent Director)

The audit committee performs the functions specified by section 201B(5) of the Act. Among other functions, it performed the following:

- Reviewed with the independent external auditor their audit plan.
- Reviewed with the independent external auditor their evaluation of the Company's internal accounting controls relevant to their statutory audit, and their report on the financial statements and the assistance given by the management to them.
- Reviewed with the internal auditor the scope and results of the internal audit procedures (including those relating to financial, operational and compliance controls and risk management) and the assistance given by management to the internal auditor.
- Reviewed the financial statements of the Group and the Company prior to their submission to the directors of the Company for adoption.
- Reviewed the interested person transactions (as defined in Chapter 9 of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited's Listing Manual).

Other functions performed by the audit committee are described in the report on corporate governance included in the annual report of the Company. It also includes an explanation of how independent auditor objectivity and independence is safeguarded where the independent auditor provide non-audit services.

The audit committee has recommended to the board of directors that the independent auditor, RSM Chio Lim LLP, be nominated for re-appointment as independent auditor at the next annual general meeting of the Company.

8. Directors' opinion on the adequacy of internal controls

Based on the internal controls established and maintained by the Company, work performed by the internal and external auditors, and reviews performed by management, other committees of the board and the board, the board, with the concurrence of the audit committee, is of the opinion that the Company's internal controls (including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls), and risk management systems were adequate and effective as at 31 December 2021 to address the risks that the Company considers relevant and material to its operations.

9. Subsequent developments

There are no significant developments subsequent to the release of the Group's and the Company's preliminary financial statements, as announced on 23 February 2022, which would materially affect the Group's and the Company's operating and financial performance as of the date of this report.

On behalf of the directors

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Dr Ng Chin Siau Director Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond Director

8 April 2022

to the Members of O & M DENTAL GROUP (SINGAPORE) LIMITED

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group, and statement of changes in equity of the Company for the reporting year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 (the Act) and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) (SFRS (I)) so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and the changes in equity of the Company for the reporting year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing (SSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority (ACRA) Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities (ACRA Code) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current reporting year. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

(a) Assessment of impairment of goodwill

Please refer to Note 2A "Goodwill" and "Carrying amounts of non-financial assets" for relevant accounting policies, Note 2C "Assessment of impairment of goodwill", for discussion of significant accounting estimates, and Note 16A "Goodwill" for the key assumptions used in impairment testing of goodwill.

Key audit matter

The carrying value of goodwill amounted to \$56,597,000 and accounted for approximately 20% of the Group's total assets as at the end of the reporting year.

Goodwill is assessed for impairment annually. The amount is allocated to cash generating units ("CGUs"). Management applies the value in use method to determine the recoverable amount of goodwill. The value in use calculation requires the Group to estimate the future cash flows arising from the CGUs and an appropriate discount rate in order to calculate the recoverable amount of each CGUs. Any shortfall of the recoverable amounts against the carrying amounts would be recognised as impairment losses in profit or loss.

Management determined the recoverable amounts based on the forecasted revenue, profit margins, terminal growth rates and discount rates using presently available information. These estimates require judgement and the determination of the recoverable amounts is a key focus area for our audit.

to the Members of Q & M DENTAL GROUP (SINGAPORE) LIMITED

Key audit matters (cont'd)

(a) Assessment of impairment of goodwill (cont'd)

How we addressed the matter in our audit

We discussed with management the processes over the determination of the forecasted revenue growth, profit margins, terminal growth rates and discount rates. As the assessment process is judgmental and is based on assumptions that are affected by expected future market or economic conditions, our audit procedures included, among others, using our in-house valuation specialists to assist us in evaluating the assumptions and methodologies used by management.

We assessed management's estimates applied in the value in use models based on our knowledge of the CGUs' operations, and compared them against historical forecasts and performance and industry benchmarks. Our in-house valuation specialists also performed a review of the management's methodology, expectations and the discount rates used in the impairment assessment and tested the accuracy of the computations.

We also assessed the adequacy of the Group's disclosures about those assumptions to which the outcome of the impairment test is most sensitive, that is, those that have the most significant effect on the determination of the recoverable amount of goodwill.

(b) Assessment of impairment of investment in subsidiaries and receivables from subsidiaries

Please refer to Note 2A "Subsidiaries" and "Carrying amounts of non-financial assets" for relevant accounting policies, Note 2C "Measurement of impairment of subsidiaries", "Expected credit loss allowance on trade and other receivables" for discussion of significant accounting estimates, and Notes 14 and 19 on "Investment in subsidiaries", and "Trade and other receivables" for the key assumptions used in impairment testing of investment in subsidiaries and receivables from subsidiaries respectively.

Key audit matter

The net cost of investment and the net total trade and other receivables from subsidiaries amounted to \$61,943,000 and \$80,945,000 respectively as at 31 December 2021. The total net carrying amount of the investments and receivables accounted for approximately 72% of the Company's total assets as at the end of the reporting year. As the balances are significant, they are a key focus area for our audit.

For the non-performing subsidiaries or if they have net equity deficit, the Company will have exposure to loss on cost of investments and receivables from the subsidiaries. Any impairment losses on the investment in subsidiaries and the related receivables have to be recognised in the Company's separate financial statements.

Management made a comparison of carrying values of the subsidiaries with the Company's share of net assets or liabilities of the subsidiaries to identify indicators of impairment loss on these investments and related receivables.

For the investment in subsidiaries associated with the goodwill, management applied the same value in use method used for goodwill impairment assessment to determine the recoverable amount of investments and related receivables.

How we addressed the matter in our audit

We reviewed and considered management's assessment on the net assets or liabilities of these subsidiaries. We also assessed management's basis to determine potential impairment of the investments and related receivables. We also had discussions with management on the prospects and future plans of these subsidiaries.

We assessed management's estimates applied in the value in use models based on our knowledge of the subsidiaries, the related CGUs and their operations, and compared them against historical forecasts and performance and industry benchmarks. Our in-house valuation specialists also performed a review of the management's methodology, expectations and the discount rate used in the impairment assessment and tested the accuracy of the computations.

We also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures about those assumptions made in the financial statements.

to the Members of Q & M DENTAL GROUP (SINGAPORE) LIMITED

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the statement by directors and the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and directors for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the financial reporting standards, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

to the Members of Q & M DENTAL GROUP (SINGAPORE) LIMITED

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (cont'd)

- d) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- f) Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the Group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Goh Swee Hong.

RSM Chio Lim LLP Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore

8 April 2022

Partner-in-charge of audit: effective from year ended 31 December 2021

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

Year Ended 31 December 2021

	Gro	bup
Notes	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
•	205 500	427 620
Revenue 5	205,599	137,620
Interest income	11	278
Other gains 9	4,399	410
Consumables, dental equipment and dental supplies used	(30,877)	(16,895)
Employee benefits expense 6	(102,989)	(75,915)
Depreciation and amortisation expense 13 and 16B	(4,125)	(3,458)
Depreciation of right-of-use assets 26	(9,456)	(8,067)
Finance costs 7	(3,021)	(4,058)
Other expenses 8	(11,712)	(7,546)
Other losses 9	(710)	(157)
Share of (loss) profit from equity-accounted associates15	(465)	159
Profit before tax from continuing operations	46,654	22,371
Income tax expense 10	(7,296)	(2,533)
Profit from continuing operations, net of tax	39,358	19,838
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Exchange differences on translating foreign operation, net of tax	960	1,048
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	960	1,048
	40.240	20.000
Total comprehensive income for the year	40,318	20,886
Profit attributable to owners of the parent, net of tax	30,471	19,701
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests, net of tax	8,887	137
Profit net of tax	39,358	19,838
Total comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent	31,443	20,660
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	8,875	226
Total comprehensive income	40,318	20,886
Earnings per share		
Earnings per share currency unit	<u>Cents</u>	<u>Cents</u>
		(Restated)
Basic – continuing operations 11	3.23	2.09
Diluted continuing an entire	2.22	2.00
Diluted – continuing operations 11	3.23	2.09

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 December 2021

		Gr	oup	Com	ipany
	<u>Notes</u>	2021	2020	2021	2020
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
			(Restated)		
ASSETS			(1105101000)		
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	13	32,604	28,884	918	930
Right-of-use assets	26	51,716	49,521	1,295	633
Investment in subsidiaries	14	_	_	61,943	65,273
Investment in associates	15	27,044	43,743	33,383	32,964
Goodwill	16	56,597	53,791	_	_
Other intangible assets	16	3,580	2,814	_	_
Other receivables	19	2,401	1,199	2,068	822
Other non-financial assets	20	7,080	8,568	3,777	3,939
Total non-current assets		181,022	188,520	103,384	104,561
Current assets					
Inventories	18	15,892	16,092	_	_
Trade and other receivables	19	27,823	18,190	89,739	95,688
Other non-financial assets	20	3,833	3,226	1,494	1,703
Cash and cash equivalents	21	47,611	48,772	2,661	5,123
Total current assets		95,159	86,280	93,894	102,514
Total assets		276,181	274,800	197,278	207,075
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity attributable to owners of the parent					
Share capital	22	86,758	86,758	86,758	86,758
Treasury shares	22	(13,950)	(10,897)	(13,950)	(10,897)
Retained earnings		26,006	47,156	11,961	28,523
Other reserves	23	(965)	(1,937)		
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		97,849	121,080	84,769	104,384
Non-controlling interests		5,397	3,615		
Total equity		103,246	124,695	84,769	104,384
Non-current liabilities	25	776	050		
Provisions	25	776	850	_	_
Deferred tax liabilities	10	2,393	1,160	-	-
Lease liabilities	26	44,296	42,143	1,131	509
Other financial liabilities	28	80,176	75,456	78,408	71,788
Total non-current liabilities		127,641	119,609	79,539	72,297
<u>Current liabilities</u>					
Income tax payable		5,595	2,633		
Lease liabilities	26	9,908	2,033 9,131	189	134
Trade and other payables	20	26,239	16,791	29,536	29,014
Other financial liabilities	27	3,552	1,941	3,245	1,246
Total current liabilities	20	45,294	30,496	32,970	30,394
Total liabilities		172,935	150,105	112,509	102,691
Total equity and liabilities		276,181	274,800	197,278	207,075
istal squity and habilities		270,101	2, 1,000		

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

<u>Group:</u>	Total <u>equity</u> \$'000	Attributable to parent <u>subtotal</u> \$'000	Share <u>capital</u> \$'000	Retained <u>earnings</u> \$'000	Treasury <u>shares</u> \$'000	Other <u>reserves</u> \$'000	Non- controlling <u>interests</u> \$'000
Current year:							
Restated balance at 1 January 2021	124,695	121,080	86,758	47,156	(10,897)	(1,937)	3,615
Changes in equity:							
Total comprehensive							
income for the year	40,318	31,443	_	30,471	-	972	8,875
Share buyback (Note 22)	(3,053)	(3,053)	_	-	(3,053)	_	-
Decrease in non- controlling interest without a change in control (Note 14)	(5,054)	(1,246)	_	(1,246)	_	_	(3,808)
Dividends paid to non-							
controlling interest	(4,900)	(1,615)	_	(1,615)	_	_	(3,285)
Dividends paid (Note 12)	(48,760)	(48,760)	-	(48,760)	_	_	_
Closing balance at 31							
December 2021	103,246	97,849	86,758	26,006	(13,950)	(965)	5,397
Previous year:							
Balance at 1 January 2020	123,130	121,973	86,758	49,677	(11,558)	(2,904)	1,157
Changes in equity:							
Total comprehensive							
income for the year	20,886	20,660	_	19,701	-	959	226
Share buyback (Note 22)	(1,529)	(1,529)	_	_	(1,529)	_	_
Decrease in non- controlling interest without a change in control (Note 14)	_	8	_	_	_	8	(8)
Issue of treasury shares		0				õ	
(Note 22)	2,190	2,190	_	_	2,190	_	_
Dividends paid (Note 12)	(22,222)	(22,222)	_	(22,222)	_,	_	_
Contribution by non- controlling interests (Note 29) (Restated)	2,240		_		_	_	2,240
Restated closing	_,2 10						
balance at 31							
December 2020	124,695	121,080	86,758	47,156	(10,897)	(1,937)	3,615

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY Year ended 31 December 2021

<u>Company:</u>	Total <u>equity</u> \$'000	Share <u>capital</u> \$'000	Treasury <u>shares</u> \$'000	Retained <u>earnings</u> \$'000
Current year:				
Opening balance at 1 January 2021	104,384	86,758	(10,897)	28,523
Changes in equity:				
Total comprehensive income for the year	32,198	_	_	32,198
Share buyback (Note 22)	(3,053)	-	(3,053)	_
Dividends paid (Note 12)	(48,760)			(48,760)
Closing balance at 31 December 2021	84,769	86,758	(13,950)	11,961
Previous year:				
Opening balance at 1 January 2020	106,921	86,758	(11,558)	31,721
Changes in equity:				
Total comprehensive income for the year	19,024	_	_	19,024
Share buyback (Note 22)	(1,529)	_	(1,529)	_
Issue of treasury shares (Note 22)	2,190	-	2,190	_
Dividends paid (Note 12)	(22,222)			(22,222)
Closing balance at 31 December 2020	104,384	86,758	(10,897)	28,523

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year ended 31 December 2021

	Gro	oup
	<u>2021</u>	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before tax	46,654	22,371
Adjustments for:		
Interest income	(11)	(278)
Interest expense	3,021	4,058
Depreciation of plant and equipment and amortisation expenses	4,125	3,458
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	9,456	8,067
(Gain) loss on disposal of plant and equipment, net	(9)	43
Gain on disposal of associates	(4,373)	_
Impairment allowance on plant and equipment – (reversal) loss	(17)	6
Foreign exchange adjustment differences	41	7
Plant and equipment written off	216	108
Share of loss (profit) from equity – accounted associates	465	(159)
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital	59,568	37,681
Inventories	199	(9,057)
Trade and other receivables	(9,848)	(1,920)
Other non-financial assets	(170)	92
Trade and other payables	4,220	(2,136)
Provisions	(74)	253
Net cash flows from operations	53,895	24,913
Income taxes paid	(3,101)	(1,162)
Net cash flows from operating activities	50,794	23,751
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment (Note 21A)	(7,799)	(6,390)
Disposal of plant and equipment	302	268
Purchase of intangible assets	(1,061)	(873)
Trade and other receivables	375	608
Other non-financial assets	(805)	928
Other receivables, non-current	(1,202)	(967)
Proceeds from disposal of associate, net of tax and redemption of preference shares		
(Notes 15A and 28D)	17,002	47,515
Increase in investment in associate	(420)	(496)
Acquisition of subsidiaries (net of cash acquired) (Note 29)	(2,850)	(400)
Dividends received from associate	_	1,282
Interest received	11	278
Net cash flows from investing activities	3,553	41,753

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Gro	oup
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows used in financing activities		
Dividends paid to equity owners (Note 12)	(48,760)	(22,222)
Share buyback (Note 22)	(3,053)	(1,529)
Lease liabilities – principal portion paid	(8,787)	(6,985)
Lease liabilities – interest paid	(1,599)	(1,837)
Proceeds from term loans	10,000	_
Bill payables	(402)	193
Finance lease repayments	(20)	(10)
Repayment of bank loans	(1,465)	(9,374)
Interest paid	(1,422)	(2,221)
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(55,508)	(43,985)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents in continuing operations	(1,161)	21,519
Cash and cash equivalents, statement of cash flows, beginning balance of the year	48,772	27,253
Cash and cash equivalents, statement of cash flows, ending balance of the year		
(Note 21)	47,611	48,772
1. General

The Company is incorporated in Singapore with limited liability. The financial statements are presented in Singapore dollars and they cover the Company (referred to as "parent") and the subsidiaries.

The board of directors approved and authorised these financial statements for issue on the date of the statement of directors. The directors have the power to amend and reissue the financial statements.

The principal activities of the Company are the provision of management and consultancy services and investment holding. It is listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, ("SGX-ST").

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are described in the Note 14 to the financial statements.

The registered office is: 2 Clementi Loop, #04-01 Logis Hub @ Clementi, Singapore 129809. The Company is situated in Singapore.

The Covid-19 pandemic

Management has not identified any material uncertainties resulting from the Covid-19 pandemic and the aftermath of the pandemic surrounding the reporting entity's business, and accordingly no further disclosures are made in these financial statements.

Statement of compliance with financial reporting standards

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") and the related Interpretations to SFRS(I) ("SFRS(I) INT") as issued by the Singapore Accounting Standards Council. They are in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act Chapter 1967 and with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention except where a financial reporting standard requires an alternative treatment (such as fair values) as disclosed where appropriate in these financial statements. The accounting policies in the financial reporting standards may not be applied when the effect of applying them is not material. The disclosures required by financial reporting standards may not be provided if the information resulting from that disclosure is not material.

Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Apart from those involving estimations, management has made judgements in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies. The areas requiring management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgements, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed at the end of this footnote, where applicable.

1. General (cont'd)

Basis of presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements made up to the end of the reporting year of the Company and all of its subsidiaries. The consolidated financial statements are the financial statements of the Group (the parent and its subsidiaries) presented as those of a single economic entity and are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. All significant intragroup balances and transactions are eliminated on consolidation. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date the reporting entity obtains control of the investee and cease when the reporting entity loses control of the investee.

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the loss of control are accounted for within equity as transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. The carrying amounts of the Group's and noncontrolling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. When the Group loses control of a subsidiary it derecognises the assets and liabilities and related equity components of the former subsidiary. Any gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any investment retained in the former subsidiary is measured at its fair value at the date when control is lost and is subsequently accounted as a financial asset in accordance with the financial reporting standard on financial instruments.

The Company's separate financial statements have been prepared on the same basis, and as permitted by the Companies Act 1967, the Company's separate statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is not presented.

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

2A. Significant accounting policies

Revenue recognition

The financial reporting standard on revenue from contracts with customers establishes a five-step model to account for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer (which excludes estimates of variable consideration that are subject to constraints, such as right of return exists and modifications), net of any related taxes and excluding any amounts collected on behalf of third parties. An asset (goods or services) is transferred when or as the customer obtains control of that asset. As a practical expedient the effects of any significant financing component is not adjusted if the payment for the good or service will be within one year.

Services - Revenue from service orders are recognised when the entity satisfies the performance obligation at a point in time generally when the significant acts have been completed and when transfer of control occurs or for services that are not significant transactions revenue is recognised as the services are provided.

Sale of goods – Revenue is recognised at a point in time when the performance obligation is satisfied by transferring a promised good or service to the customer. Control of the goods is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods (in this respect, incoterms are considered).

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit, even if the payments are not on that basis.

Other income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method. Dividend from equity instruments is recognised in profit or loss only when the entity's right to receive payment of the dividend is established; it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity; and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably. This is usually ex-dividend date for quoted shares.

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the conditions attaching to them will be complied with and that the grants will be received. Grants in recognition of specific expenses are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs that they are intended to compensate. The grant related to assets is presented in the statement of financial position by recognising the grant as deferred income that is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset and in the proportions in which depreciation expense on those assets is recognised.

Employee benefits

Contributions to a defined contribution retirement benefit plan are recorded as an expense as they fall due. The entity's legal or constructive obligation is limited to the amount that it is obligated to contribute to an independently administered fund (such as the Central Provident Fund in Singapore, a government managed defined contribution retirement benefit plan). For employee leave entitlement the expected cost of short-term employee benefits in the form of compensated absences is recognised in the case of accumulating compensated absences, when the employees render service that increases their entitlement to future compensated absences; and in the case of non-accumulating compensated absences, when the absences occur. A liability for bonuses is recognised where the entity is contractually obliged or where there is constructive obligation based on past practice.

Share-based compensation

Benefits to employees are also provided in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares ("equity-settled transactions"). The fair value of the employee services rendered is measured by reference to the fair value of the shares awarded or rights granted, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. These are fair valued based on the market price of the entity's shares (or an estimated market price, if the entity's shares are not publicly traded). This fair value amount is charged to profit or loss over the vesting period of the share-based payment scheme, with the corresponding increase in equity. The value of the charge is adjusted in profit or loss over the remainder of the vesting period to reflect expected and actual quantities vesting, with the corresponding adjustment made in equity. Cancellations of grants of equity instruments during the vesting period (other than a grant cancelled by forfeiture when the vesting conditions are not satisfied) are accounted for as an acceleration of vesting, therefore any amount unrecognised that would otherwise have been charged is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowings and are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. Interest expense is calculated using the effective interest rate method.

Foreign currency transactions

The functional currency is the Singapore dollar as it reflects the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in the functional currency at the rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. At each end of the reporting year, recorded monetary balances and balances measured at fair value that are denominated in non-functional currencies are reported at the rates ruling at the end of the reporting year and fair value measurement dates respectively. All realised and unrealised exchange adjustment gains and losses are dealt with in profit or loss except when a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognised in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income. The presentation is in the functional currency.

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

Translation of financial statements of other entities

Each entity in the Group determines the appropriate functional currency as it reflects the primary economic environment in which the relevant reporting entity operates. In translating the financial statements of such an entity for incorporation in the consolidated financial statements in the presentation currency the assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies are translated at end of the reporting year rates of exchange and the income and expense items for each statement presenting profit or loss and other comprehensive income are translated at average rates of exchange for the reporting year. The resulting translation adjustments (if any) are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in a separate component of equity until the disposal of that relevant reporting entity.

Income tax

The income taxes are accounted using the asset and liability method that requires the recognition of taxes payable or refundable for the current year and deferred tax liabilities and assets for the future tax consequence of events that have been recognised in the financial statements or tax returns. The measurements of current and deferred tax liabilities and assets are based on provisions of the enacted or substantially enacted tax laws; the effects of future changes in tax laws or rates are not anticipated. Tax expense (tax income) is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the reporting year in respect of current tax and deferred tax. Current and deferred income taxes are recognised as income or as an expense in profit or loss unless the tax relates to items that are recognised in the same or a different period outside profit or loss. For such items recognised outside profit or loss the current tax and deferred tax are recognised (a) in other comprehensive income if the tax is related to an item recognised in other comprehensive income and (b) directly in equity if the tax is related to an item recognised directly in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when they relate to income taxes levied by the same income tax authority. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each end of the reporting year and is reduced, if necessary, by the amount of any tax benefits that, based on available evidence, are not expected to be realised. A deferred tax amount is recognised for all temporary differences, unless the deferred tax amount arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which (i) is not a business combination; and (ii) at the time of the transaction, affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). A deferred tax liability or asset is recognised for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates except where the reporting entity is able to control the timing of the reversal of the taxable temporary difference and it is probable that the taxable temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future or for deductible temporary differences, they will not reverse in the foreseeable future and they cannot be utilised against taxable profits.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are carried at cost on initial recognition and after initial recognition at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on a straight-line basis to allocate the gross carrying amounts of the assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives of each part of an item of these assets. The annual rates of depreciation are as follows:

_	10% to 15%
_	10% to 40%
_	Over the terms of lease that is 1.25% to 1.45%
-	10% to 25%

An asset is depreciated when it is available for use until it is derecognised even if during that period the item is idle. Fully depreciated assets still in use are retained in the financial statements.

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

The gain or loss arising from the derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in profit or loss. The residual value and the useful life of an asset is reviewed at least at each end of the reporting year and, if expectations differ significantly from previous estimates, the changes are accounted for as a change in an accounting estimate, and the depreciation charge for the current and future periods are adjusted.

Cost also includes acquisition cost, borrowing cost capitalised and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset or component to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Subsequent cost are recognised as an asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss when they are incurred.

Cost includes the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period. See Note 25 on non-current provisions.

Right-of-use assets

The right-of-use assets are accounted and presented as if they were owned such as property plant and equipment. The right-of-use assets are depreciated over 1 to 6 years.

Leases as lessee

A lease conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration. A right-of-use asset is capitalised in the statement of financial position, measured at the present value of the unavoidable future lease payments to be made over the lease term. A liability corresponding to the capitalised right-of-use asset is also recognised, adjusted for lease prepayments, lease incentives received, initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of any future restoration, removal or dismantling costs. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. An interest expense is recognised on the lease liability (included in finance costs). For short-term leases of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets (such as personal computers and small office equipment) where an accounting policy choice exists under the lease standard, the lease payments are expensed to profit or loss as incurred on a straight line basis over the remaining lease term.

Leases of lessor

For a lessor each of lease is classified as either an operating lease or a finance lease. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. Rental income from operating leases is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the user's benefit, even if the payments are not on that basis. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset and it is presented in its statement of financial position as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease. For a finance lease the finance income is recognised over the lease term, based on a pattern reflecting a constant periodic rate of return on the lessor's net investment in the lease.

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

Intangible assets

An identifiable non-monetary asset without physical substance is recognised as an intangible asset at acquisition cost if it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. After initial recognition, an intangible asset with finite useful life is carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. An intangible asset with an indefinite useful life is not amortised. An intangible asset is regarded as having an indefinite useful life when, based on an analysis of all of the relevant factors, there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the asset is expected to generate net cash inflows for the entity. The amortisable amount of an intangible asset with finite useful life is allocated on a systematic basis over the best estimate of its useful life from the point at which the asset is ready for use. The useful life is as follows:

Customer lists	-	2 to 10 years
Development cost	_	10 years

Development costs are typically internally generated intangible assets. Costs incurred in relation to individual projects are capitalised only when the future economic benefit of the project is probable and the following main conditions are met: (i) the development costs can be measured reliably, (ii) the technical feasibility of the product has been ascertained and (iii) therefore it is the intention of management to complete the intangible asset and use or sell it.

Identifiable intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination are initially recognised separately from goodwill if the asset's fair value can be measured reliably, irrespective of whether the asset had been recognised by the acquiree before the business combination. An intangible asset is considered identifiable only if it is separable or if it arises from contractual or other legal rights, regardless of whether those rights are transferable or separable from the entity or from other rights and obligations.

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity including unincorporated and special purpose entity that is controlled by the reporting entity and the reporting entity is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. The existence and effect of substantive potential voting rights that the reporting entity has the practical ability to exercise (that is, substantive rights) are considered when assessing whether the reporting entity controls another entity.

In the reporting entity's separate financial statements, an investment in a subsidiary is accounted for at cost less any allowance for impairment in value. Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss for a subsidiary is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying value and the net book value of the investment in a subsidiary are not necessarily indicative of the amount that would be realised in a current market exchange.

Associates

An associate is an entity including an unincorporated entity in which the reporting entity has a significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint arrangement of the reporting entity. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies. An investment in an associate includes goodwill on acquisition, which is accounted for in accordance with the financial reporting standard on business combinations. However the entire carrying amount of the investment is tested under the financial reporting standard on impairment, by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value) with its carrying amount, whenever application of the requirements in the financial reporting standard on financial instruments indicates that the investment may be impaired.

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

Associates (cont'd)

In the consolidated financial statements, the accounting for investments in an associate is on the equity method. Under the equity method the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the investor's share of the investee's net assets. The carrying value and the net book value of the investment in the associate are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that would be realised in a current market exchange. The investor's profit or loss includes its share of the investee's profit or loss and the investor's other comprehensive income includes its share of the investee's other comprehensive income. Losses of an associate in excess of the reporting entity's interest in the relevant associate are not recognised except to the extent that the reporting entity has an obligation. Profits and losses resulting from transactions between the reporting entity and an associate are recognised in the financial statements only to the extent of unrelated reporting entity's interests in the associate. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates are changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the reporting entity. The reporting entity discontinues the use of the equity method from the date that when its investment ceases to be an associate and accounts for the investment in accordance with the financial reporting standard on financial instruments from that date. Any gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss. Any investment retained in the former associate is measured at fair value at the date that it ceases to be an associate.

In the Company's separate financial statements, an investment in an associate is accounted for at cost less any allowance for impairment in value. Impairment loss recognised in profit or loss for an associate is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying value and the net book value of an investment in the associate are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that would be realised in a current market exchange.

Business combinations

A business combination is transaction or other event which requires that the assets acquired and liabilities assumed constitute a business. It is accounted for by applying the acquisition method of accounting. The cost of a business combination includes the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the acquirer, in exchange for control of the acquiree. The acquisition-related costs are expensed in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received except for any costs to issue debt or equity securities are recognised in accordance with the financial reporting standard on financial instruments. As of the acquisition date, the acquirer recognises, separately from goodwill, the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed and any non-controlling interest in the acquiree measured at acquisition-date fair values as defined in and that meet the conditions for recognition under the financial reporting standard on business combinations. If there is gain on bargain purchase, for the gain on bargain purchase a reassessment is made of the identification and measurement of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities and the measurement of the cost of the business combination and any excess remaining after this reassessment is recognised immediately in profit or loss

Where the fair values are measured on a provisional basis they are finalised within one year from the acquisition date with consequent retrospective changes to the amounts recognised at the acquisition date to reflect new information obtained about facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date and, if known, would have affected the measurement of the amounts recognised as of that date.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments resulting from the application of purchase accounting at the date of acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the acquisition date and are subsequently translated at the period end exchange rate.

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

Non-controlling interests

The non-controlling interest is equity in a subsidiary not attributable, directly or indirectly, to the reporting entity as the parent. The non-controlling interest is presented in the consolidated statement of financial position within equity, separately from the equity of the owners of the parent. For each business combination, any non-controlling interest in the acquiree (subsidiary) is initially measured either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Where the non-controlling interest is measured at fair value, the valuation techniques and key model inputs used are disclosed in the relevant Note. Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Goodwill

Goodwill is an asset representing the future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired in a business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognised. Goodwill is recognised as of the acquisition date measured as the excess of (a) over (b); (a) being the aggregate of: (i) the consideration transferred which generally requires acquisition-date fair value; (ii) the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree measured in accordance with the financial reporting standard on business combinations (measured either at fair value or as the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets); and (iii) in a business combination achieved in stages, the acquisition-date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree; and (b) being the net of the acquisition-date amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed measured in accordance with the financial reporting standard on business combinations.

After initial recognition, goodwill acquired in a business combination is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is not amortised. Irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, goodwill (and also an intangible asset with an indefinite useful life or an intangible asset not yet available for use) are tested for impairment, at least annually. Goodwill impairment is not reversed in any circumstances.

For the purpose of impairment testing and since the acquisition date of the business combination, goodwill is allocated to each cash-generating unit, or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree were assigned to those units or groups of units. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is so allocated represent the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes and is not larger than a segment.

Carrying amounts of non-financial assets

Irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment, an annual impairment test is performed at the same time every year on an intangible asset with an indefinite useful life or an intangible asset not yet available for use. The carrying amount of other non-financial assets is reviewed at each end of the reporting year for indications of impairment and where an asset is impaired, it is written down through profit or loss to its estimated recoverable amount. The impairment loss is the excess of the carrying amount over the recoverable amount and is recognised in profit or loss. The recoverable amount of an asset or a cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. When the fair value less costs of disposal method is used, any available recent market transactions are taken into consideration. When the value in use method is adopted, in assessing the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cashgenerating units). At each end of the reporting year non-financial assets other than goodwill with impairment loss recognised in prior periods are assessed for possible reversal of the impairment. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been measured, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost (first in first out method) and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Financial instruments

Recognition and derecognition of financial instruments:

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the entity becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. All other financial instruments (including regular-way purchases and sales of financial assets) are recognised and derecognised, as applicable, using trade date accounting or settlement date accounting. A financial asset is derecognised when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the entity neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset. A financial liability is removed from the statement of financial position when, and only when, it is extinguished, that is, when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. At initial recognition the financial asset or financial liability is measured at its fair value plus or minus, in the case of a financial asset or financial liability not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

Classification and measurement of financial assets:

- 1. Financial asset classified as measured at amortised cost: A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), that is (a) the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and (b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Typically trade and other receivables, bank and cash balances are classified in this category.
- 2. Financial asset that is a debt asset instrument classified as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVTOCI"): There were no financial assets classified in this category at reporting year end date.
- 3. Financial asset that is an equity investment measured at FVTOCI: There were no financial assets classified in this category at reporting year end date.
- 4. Financial asset classified as measured at FVTPL: Certain other receivables are classified as measured at FVTPL. In addition, on initial recognition, management may irrevocably designate a financial asset as measured at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases.

Classification and measurement of financial liabilities:

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL in either of the following circumstances: (1) the liabilities are managed, evaluated and reported internally on a fair value basis; or (2) the designation eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise. All other financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Reclassification of any financial liability is not permitted.

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (cont'd)

2A. Significant accounting policies (cont'd)

Cash and cash equivalents

For the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash and cash equivalents less cash subject to restriction and bank overdrafts payable on demand that form an integral part of cash management. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Fair value measurement

The fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, market observable data to the extent possible is used. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is not directly observable, an estimate is made using valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs (eg by use of the market comparable approach that reflects recent transaction prices for similar items, discounted cash flow analysis, or option pricing models refined to reflect the issuer's specific circumstances). Inputs used are consistent with the characteristics of the asset / liability that market participants would take into account. The entity's intention to hold an asset or to settle or otherwise fulfil a liability is not taken into account as relevant when measuring fair value.

Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the degree to which the inputs to the measurement are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety: Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from guoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (ie as prices) or indirectly (ie derived from prices). Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognised at the end of the reporting period during which the change occurred.

The carrying values of current financial instruments approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments and the disclosures of fair value are not made when the carrying amount of current financial instruments is a reasonable approximation of the fair value. The fair values of non-current financial instruments may not be disclosed separately unless there are significant differences at the end of the reporting year and in the event the fair values are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

2B. Other explanatory information

Segment reporting

The reporting entity discloses financial and descriptive information about its consolidated reportable segments. Reportable segments are operating segments or aggregations of operating segments that meet specified criteria. Operating segments are components about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. Generally, financial information is reported on the same basis as is used internally for evaluating operating segment performance and deciding how to allocate resources to operating segments.

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (cont'd)

2B. Other explanatory information (cont'd)

Provisions

A liability or provision is recognised when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A provision is made using best estimates of the amount required in settlement and where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount recognised is the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense. Changes in estimates are reflected in profit or loss in the reporting year they occur.

Treasury shares

Where the entity reacquires its own equity instruments as treasury shares, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable incremental cost is deducted from equity attributable to the entity's owners until the shares are cancelled, reissued or disposed of. Where such shares are subsequently sold or reissued, any consideration received, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and the related income tax effects, is included in equity attributable to the entity's owners and no gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

2C. Critical judgements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties

The critical judgements made in the process of applying the accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements and the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting year, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities currently or within the next reporting year are discussed below. These estimates and assumptions are periodically monitored to ensure they incorporate all relevant information available at the date when financial statements are prepared. However, this does not prevent actual figures differing from estimates.

Assessment of impairment of goodwill:

An assessment is made annually whether goodwill has suffered any impairment loss. The assessment process is judgmental and is based on assumptions that are affected by expected future market or economic conditions. Judgement is required in identifying the CGUs and the use of estimates as disclosed in Note 16A on goodwill. Actual outcomes could vary from these estimates.

Measurement of impairment of subsidiaries:

Where an investee is in net equity deficit and or has suffered losses or the carrying value of the subsidiary is higher than the Company's share of net assets or liabilities of the subsidiary, a test is made whether the investment in the investee and/or receivables from the investee has suffered any impairment loss. This measurement requires significant judgement. An estimate is made of the future profitability of the investee, and the financial health of and near-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, and operational and financing cash flow. It is impracticable to disclose the extent of the possible effects. It is reasonably possible, based on existing knowledge, that outcomes within the next reporting year that are different from assumptions could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected. The carrying amount of the specific asset or liability (or class of assets or liabilities) at the end of the reporting year affected by the assumption is \$53,464,000.

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (cont'd)

2C. Critical judgements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties (cont'd)

Allowance on inventories:

The allowance for impairment of inventories assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. The level of the loss allowance is assessed by taking into account the recent sales experience, the ageing of inventories, other factors that affect inventory obsolescence and subsequent events. Possible changes in these estimates could result in revisions to the stated value of the inventories. The carrying amount of inventories at the end of the reporting year is disclosed in the Note 18 on inventories.

Income tax amounts:

The entity recognises tax liabilities and assets tax based on an estimation of the likely taxes due, which requires significant judgement as to the ultimate tax determination of certain items. Where the actual amount arising from these issues differs from these estimates, such differences will have an impact on income tax and deferred tax amounts in the period when such determination is made. In addition management judgement is required in determining the amount of current and deferred tax recognised and the extent to which amounts should or can be recognised. A deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax losses if it is probable that the entity will earn sufficient taxable profit in future periods to benefit from a reduction in tax payments. This involves the management making assumptions within its overall tax planning activities and periodically reassessing them in order to reflect changed circumstances as well as tax regulations. As a result, due to their inherent nature assessments of likelihood are judgmental and not susceptible to precise determination. The income tax amounts are disclosed in the Note 10 on income tax.

Expected credit loss allowance on trade and other receivables:

The allowance for expected credit losses (ECL) assessment requires a degree of estimation and judgement. It is based on the lifetime ECL for trade and other receivables. In measuring the expected credit losses, management considers all reasonable and supportable information such as the reporting entity's past experience at collecting receipts, any increase in the number of delayed receipts in the portfolio past the average credit period, and forward looking information such as forecasts of future economic conditions (including the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic). The carrying amounts might change materially within the next reporting year but these changes may not arise from assumptions or other sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting year. The carrying amount is disclosed in the Note 19 on trade and other receivables.

Estimation of useful lives of property, plant and equipment:

The estimates for the useful lives and related depreciation charges for property, plant and equipment is based on commercial and other factors which could change significantly as a result of innovations and in response to market conditions. The depreciation charge is increased where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives, or the carrying amounts written off or written down for technically obsolete items or assets that have been abandoned. It is impracticable to disclose the extent of the possible effects. It is reasonably possible, based on existing knowledge, that outcomes within the next reporting year that are different from assumptions could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the balances affected. The carrying amount of the specific asset (or class of assets) of the Group at the end of the reporting year affected by the assumption are \$32,604,000.

In addition, included in property, plant and equipment of the Group are furniture and fittings and leasehold improvements with a carrying amount of \$8,522,000 as at end of the reporting year. Management has depreciated the furniture and fittings on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of 10 years. The terms of the leases for the Group's premises may however be less than 10 years. Management has assumed the Group will be able to renew the terms of its leases on their expiry and hence the estimated useful lives for furniture and fittings of 10 years is appropriate. In the event the Group is not able to renew the terms of its various leases and the Group vacates the relevant premises, the carrying value of furniture and fittings related to the vacated premises would have to be fully impaired.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2021

2. Significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (cont'd)

2C. Critical judgements, assumptions and estimation uncertainties (cont'd)

Assessment of carrying amounts of right-of-use assets:

Significant judgement is applied by management when determining impairment allowance of the right-of-use assets. Impairment allowance is assessed for separable parts of leased assets that have been or will be vacated in the near future. The impairment allowance is sensitive to changes in estimated future expected sublease income and sublease period. Judgement is also involved when determining whether sublease contracts are financial or operating leases, as well as when determining lease terms for contracts that have extension or termination options. The carrying amount at the end of the reporting year is disclosed in the Note 26 on right-of-use asset.

Assessment of exercise of the lease extension or renewal option:

The lease liabilities are initially measured by discounting the lease payments over the lease terms. For leases with extension or renewal options, management applied judgement in determining whether such extension or renewal options should be reflected in measuring the lease liabilities. This requires the consideration of whether the facts and circumstances created an economic incentive for the exercise of the lease extension or renewal option. The amount of the lease liabilities at the end of the reporting year is disclosed in Note 26 on lease liabilities and right-of-use assets.

3. **Related party relationships and transactions**

The financial reporting standard on related party disclosures requires the reporting entity to disclose: (a) transactions with its related parties; and (b) relationships between parents and subsidiaries irrespective of whether there have been transactions between those related parties. A party is related to a party if the party controls, or is controlled by, or can significantly influence or is significantly influenced by the other party.

The ultimate controlling party is Dr Ng Chin Siau, a director and significant shareholder.

3A. Members of a group:

Name	<u>Relationship</u>	Country of incorporation
Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd.	Immediate parent company and	Singapore
	ultimate parent company	

Related companies in these financial statements include the members of the above group of companies. Associates also include those that are associates of members of the Group.

3B. **Related party transactions:**

There are transactions and arrangements between the reporting entity and related parties and the effects of these on the basis determined between the parties are reflected in these financial statements. The related party balances and transfer of resources, services or obligations if any are unsecured, without fixed repayment terms and interest or charge unless stated otherwise.

Intragroup transactions and balances that have been eliminated in these consolidated financial statements are not disclosed as related party transactions and balances below.

3. Related party relationships and transactions (cont'd)

3B. Related party transactions: (cont'd)

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the notes to the financial statements, this item includes the following:

Significant related party transactions:

	Directors of the Company	
Group	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Rental paid / payable	154	89
	Other relat	ed parties
Group	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Rental paid / payable ^(a)	321	255

Rental paid / payable to the associates of the directors, director of subsidiary, principal shareholders and their (a) connected companies.

3C. Key management compensation:

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	5,058	2,004

The above amounts are included under employee benefits expense. Included in the above amounts are following items:

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Remuneration of directors of the Company	3,653	1,138
Fees to directors of the Company	428	192

Further information about the remuneration of individual directors is provided in the report on corporate governance.

Key management personnel are the directors and those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly.

The above amounts for key management compensation are for all the directors and other key management personnel. The amounts also include fees paid to directors for dental services rendered in their capacity as dentists.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2021

4. Financial information by operating segments

4A. Information about reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities

Disclosure of information about operating segments, products and services, the geographical areas, and the major customers are made as required by the financial reporting standard on operating segments. This disclosure standard has no impact on the reported financial performance or financial position of the reporting entity.

For management purpose the reporting entity is organised into the following major strategic operating segments that offer different products and services: (1) primary healthcare, (2) dental equipment and supplies distribution and (3) medical laboratory. Such a structural organisation is determined by the nature of risks and returns associated with each business segment and it defines the management structure as well as the internal reporting system. It represents the basis on which the management reports the primary segment information that is available and that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing the performance. They are managed separately because each business requires different strategies.

The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's operating segments:

- (1) Primary healthcare comprising dentistry, family medicine, aesthetic services and others.
- (2) Dental equipment and supplies distribution comprising distribution of dental supplies and equipment.
- (3) Medical laboratory comprising sale and distribution of Covid-19 test kits and provision of laboratory testing.

Inter-segment sales are measured on the basis that the entity actually used to price the transfers. Internal transfer pricing policies of the reporting entity are as far as practicable based on market prices. The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same as those described in the significant accounting policies.

Performance is measured based on segment results before allocation of share of profit from equity-accounted associates, one-off gains or expenses and income tax, as included in the internal management reports. Segment results is used to measure performance as management believes that such information is the most relevant in evaluating the results of the operating segments relative to other entities that operate in similar industries.

The following tables illustrate the information about the reportable segment profit or loss, assets and liabilities.

The information on each product and service or each group of similar products and services is below and in Note 5.

4B. **Profit or loss**

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Segment revenue		
Primary healthcare	160,211	126,378
Dental equipment and supplies distribution	8,244	9,018
Medical laboratory	37,144	2,224
Total	205,599	137,620

4. Financial information by operating segments (cont'd)

Profit or loss (cont'd) 4B.

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Segment results		
Primary healthcare	21,252	21,055
Dental equipment and supplies distribution	58	982
Medical laboratory	21,871	1
Gain on disposal of associate	4,373	-
Impairment on assets – (loss) reversal	(435)	174
Share of (loss) profit from equity – accounted associates	(465)	159
Profit before tax from continuing operations	46,654	22,371
Income tax expense	(7,296)	(2,533)
Profit from continuing operations, net of tax	39,358	19,838

4C. Assets and reconciliation

	Gro	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Segment assets			
Primary healthcare	200,241	204,774	
Dental equipment and supplies distribution	13,775	16,461	
Medical laboratory	35,121	9,822	
Unallocated – investment in associates	27,044	43,743	
Total	276,181	274,800	

4D. Liabilities and reconciliation

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Segment liabilities		
Primary healthcare	157,813	146,210
Dental equipment and supplies distribution	1,906	1,624
Medical laboratory	13,216	2,271
Total	172,935	150,105

4. Financial information by operating segments (cont'd)

4E. Other material items and reconciliations

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Impairment of assets – (loss) reversal		
Primary healthcare	18	174
Dental equipment and supplies distribution	(453)	_
Total	(435)	174
Expenditure for non-current assets		
Primary healthcare	5,874	4,478
Dental equipment and supplies distribution	138	110
Medical laboratory	3,412	5,165
Total	9,424	9,753
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and amortisation		
Primary healthcare	3,486	3,262
Dental equipment and supplies distribution	94	56
Medical laboratory	545	140
Total	4,125	3,458
Depreciation of right-of-use assets		
Primary healthcare	9,248	7,995
Dental equipment and supplies distribution	_	26
Medical laboratory	208	46
Total	9,456	8,067
Finance costs		
Primary healthcare	2,972	4,042
Dental equipment and supplies distribution	,	1
Medical laboratory	49	15
Total	3,021	4,058
	<u> </u>	· · ·

4. Financial information by operating segments (cont'd)

4F. **Geographical information**

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue		
Singapore	194,140	126,597
Malaysia	10,252	9,751
China	1,207	1,272
Total	205,599	137,620
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Non-current assets		
Singapore	149,153	138,116
Malaysia	4,462	4,227
China	27,407	46,177
Total	181,022	188,520

Revenues are attributed to countries on the basis of the customer's location, irrespective of the origin of the goods and services. The non-current assets are analysed by the geographical area in which the assets are located.

4G. Information about major customers

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Customer of more than 10% of Group's revenue in medical laboratory	25,740	(a)

(a) There were no customers with revenue of over 10% of the Group's revenue for the reporting year ended 31 December 2020.

5. Revenue

	Gr	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Rendering of services	193,083	123,396	
Sale of goods	8,228	10,987	
Profit guarantee income	3,179	2,169	
Rental income (Note 30)	540	471	
Other income	569	597	
Total revenue	205,599	137,620	

5. Revenue (cont'd)

The revenue is primarily from rendering services and sales of goods and they are mainly recognised based on point in time. The customers for the primary healthcare segment are mainly individuals, whereas the customers for the dental equipment and supplies distribution segment are mainly private dental clinics and medical laboratory segment is mainly biomedical companies (see Note 4).

Profit guarantee income is recognised when there is a shortfall between the profit amount guaranteed by the vendors or shareholders of the subsidiaries and the actual performance of the acquired subsidiaries.

6. **Employee benefits expense**

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Short term employee benefits expense	98,570	72,399
Contributions to defined contribution plan	3,786	2,896
Share-based payments: equity settled (Note 24)	219	255
Other benefits	414	365
Total employee benefits expense	102,989	75,915

Employee benefits expense includes fees paid to dentists for dental services rendered. The fees paid are at certain preagreed percentages of fee revenue earned from patients.

The government grants from Job Support Scheme of \$596,000 (2020: \$3,269,000) was netted off with employee benefits expense. The purpose of the Job Support Scheme was to provide wage support to employers to help them retain their local employees during this period of economic uncertainty amid Covid-19 for the qualifying period.

7. **Finance costs**

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest expense	1,422	2,221
Interest on lease liabilities (Note 26)	1,599	1,837
Total finance costs	3,021	4,058

8. Other expenses

The major components and other selected components include the following:

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Logal and professional face	2 250	0.40
Legal and professional fees	2,259	848
NETS and credit card transaction charges	2,198	1,592
Repair and maintenance	1,132	1,010
Utilities	784	613

9. Other gains and (other losses)

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Foreign exchange adjustment (losses) gains	(42)	230
Gain on disposal of associate (Note 15A)	4,373	_
Gain (loss) on disposal of plant and equipment, net	9	(43)
Impairment allowance on other receivables – (loss) reversal (Note 19)	(75)	180
Impairment allowance on plant and equipment – reversal (loss) (Note 13)	17	(6)
Impairment allowance on inventories (Note 18)	(377)	_
Plant and equipment written off	(216)	(108)
Net	3,689	253
Presented in profit or loss as:		
Other gains	4,399	410
Other losses	(710)	(157)
Net	3,689	253

10. Income tax expense

10A. Components of tax expense recognised in profit or loss include:

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Current tax expense:		
Current tax expense	5,906	2,510
Under adjustments in respect of prior periods	157	234
Subtotal	6,063	2,744
Deferred tax expense (income):		
Deferred tax expense (income)	909	12
Under (over) adjustments in respect of prior periods	324	(223)
Subtotal	1,233	(211)
Total income tax expense	7,296	2,533

The reconciliation of income taxes below is determined by applying the Singapore corporate tax rate.

10. Income tax expense (cont'd)

10A. Components of tax expense recognised in profit or loss include: (cont'd)

The income tax in profit or loss varied from the amount of income tax amount determined by applying the Singapore income tax rate of 17.0% (2020: 17.0%) to profit or loss before income tax as a result of the following differences:

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Profit before tax	46,654	22,371
Share of loss (profit) from equity-accounted associates	465	(159)
	47,119	22,212
Income tax expense at the above rate	8,010	3,776
Effect of different tax rates in different countries	(84)	12
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	155	164
Income not subject to tax	(1,100)	(556)
Stepped income exemptions and tax rebates	(645)	(691)
Unrecognised deferred tax asset	320	-
Under adjustments to tax in respect of prior periods	481	11
Other minor items less than 3% each	159	(183)
Total income tax expense	7,296	2,533

There are no income tax consequences of dividends to owners of the Company.

The major not liable to tax items include the following:

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Gain on disposal of associate	(4,373)	_
Government grant from Rental Support Scheme	(1,448)	_
Government grant from Job Support Scheme	(596)	(3,269)

10B. Deferred tax (income) expense recognised in profit or loss include:

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
From deferred tax liabilities recognised in profit or loss:		
Excess of net book value of plant and equipment over tax values	1,040	(78)
Deferred tax relating to depreciation expense on right-of-use assets and interest on		
lease liabilities	(127)	(133)
Unrecognised deferred tax asset	320	
Total deferred tax expense (income) recognised in profit or loss	1,233	(211)

10. Income tax expense (cont'd)

10C. Deferred tax balance in the statement of financial position:

	<u>Group</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Deferred tax liabilities recognised in profit or loss:		
Excess of net book value of plant and equipment over tax values	(2,480)	(1,440)
Deferred tax relating to depreciation expense on right-of-use assets and interest on		
lease liabilities	407	280
Unrecognised deferred tax asset	(320)	
Total	(2,393)	(1,160)
Presented in the statement of financial position as follows:		
Deferred tax liabilities	(2,393)	(1,160)

It is impracticable to estimate the amount expected to be settled or used within one year.

Temporary differences arising in connection with interests in subsidiaries are insignificant.

11. Earnings per share

The following table illustrates the numerators and denominators used to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share of no par value:

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Numerators: earnings attributable to equity		
Continuing operations: attributable to equity holders	30,471	19,701
	'000	'000 (Restated)
Denominators: weighted average number of equity shares		
Basic and diluted	943,738	944,385

The weighted average number of ordinary shares refers to shares in issue outstanding during the reporting year.

The weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented are adjusted for events that have changed the number of ordinary shares outstanding without a corresponding change in resources. The number of ordinary shares outstanding before the event is adjusted for the proportionate change in the number of ordinary shares outstanding as if the event had occurred at the beginning of the earliest period presented. The disclosures for last year have been revised accordingly. Because the bonus issue was without consideration, it is treated as if it had occurred before the beginning of 2020, the earliest period presented.

The basic earnings per share ratio is based on the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during each reporting year. It is after the neutralisation by the treasury shares.

There is no diluted effect on the earnings per share for the reporting year 2021 and 2020.

12. **Dividends on equity shares**

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Interim tax exempt dividend paid of 5.5 cents (2020: 2.82 cents) per share	44,824	22,222
First and final tax exempt dividend paid of 0.5 cents (2020: Nil) per share	3,936	
	48,760	22,222

Subsequent to the reporting year end, the directors proposed that a 4th interim special dividend of 1 cent per share in respect of the current year with a total of \$9,394,000 be paid to shareholders on 24 March 2022. There are no income tax consequences.

13. Property, plant and equipment

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $			Furniture			
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		Leasehold	and			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			5			
$\begin{array}{c cccc} \hline Cost: \\ At 1 January 2020 & 7,931 & 29,284 & 12,340 & 244 & 49,799 \\ Additions & 1,854 & 4,536 & - & - & 6,390 \\ Disposals / written off & (74) & (1,387) & - & - & (1,461) \\ Foreign currency translation adjustment & 12 & 1 & - & 2 & 15 \\ At 31 December 2020 & 9,723 & 32,434 & 12,340 & 246 & 54,743 \\ Additions & 2,563 & 5,311 & - & - & 7,874 \\ Additions arising from acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 29) & - & 118 & - & - & 118 \\ Disposals / written off & (596) & (2,168) & - & (45) & (2,809) \\ Foreign currency translation adjustment & (8) & (31) & - & - & (39) \\ At 31 December 2021 & 11,682 & 35,664 & 12,340 & 201 & 59,887 \\ \hline Accumulated depreciation and impairment \\ losses: \\ At 1 January 2020 & 3,116 & 19,933 & 543 & 90 & 23,682 \\ Depreciation for the year & 543 & 2,494 & 165 & 2 & 3,204 \\ Disposals / written off & (110) & (933) & - & - & (1,043) \\ Impairment for the year & 6 & - & - & - & 6 \\ Foreign currency translation adjustment & 4 & 5 & - & 1 & 10 \\ At 31 December 2020 & 3,559 & 21,499 & 708 & 93 & 25,859 \\ Depreciation for the year & 700 & 2,868 & 165 & 8 & 3,741 \\ Disposals / written off & (526) & (1,724) & - & (45) & (2,295) \\ Impairment for the year & (17) & - & - & (17) \\ Foreign currency translation adjustment & 1 & (5) & - & (11) & (5) \\ At 31 December 2021 & 3,717 & 22,638 & 873 & 55 & 27,283 \\ \hline Carrying value: \\ At 1 January 2020 & 4,815 & 9,351 & 11,797 & 154 & 26,117 \\ At 31 December 2020 & 6,164 & 10,935 & 11,632 & 153 & 28,884 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Group					
At 1 January 20207,93129,28412,34024449,799Additions1,8544,5366,390Disposals / written off(74)(1,387)(1,461)Foreign currency translation adjustment121-215At 31 December 20209,72332,43412,34024654,743Additions2,5635,3117,874Additions arising from acquisition of a subsidiary (Note 29)-118118Disposals / written off(596)(2,168)-(45)(2,809)Foreign currency translation adjustment(8)(31)(39)At 31 December 202111,68235,66412,34020159,887Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses:-(1,043)10933(1,043)Impairment for the year6666Foreign currency translation adjustment45-11010At 31 December 20203,55921,4997089325,85925,859Depreciation for the year(10)(526)(1,724)-(17)At 31 December 20213,71722,6388735527,283Disposals / written off(526)(1,724)-(17)Foreign currency translation adjustment1(5)-(17)At 31 December 2021<		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
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Carrying value:At 1 January 20204,8159,35111,79715426,117At 31 December 20206,16410,93511,63215328,884	Foreign currency translation adjustment	1	(5)	_	(1)	(5)
At 1 January 20204,8159,35111,79715426,117At 31 December 20206,16410,93511,63215328,884	At 31 December 2021	3,717	22,638	873	55	27,283
At 1 January 20204,8159,35111,79715426,117At 31 December 20206,16410,93511,63215328,884						
At 31 December 2020 6,164 10,935 11,632 153 28,884						
	-					
At 31 December 2021 7,965 13,026 11,467 146 32,604					153	
	At 31 December 2021	7,965	13,026	11,467	146	32,604

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

The leasehold properties at a carrying value of approximately \$11,467,000 (2020: \$11,632,000) are mortgaged as security for the bank facilities (See Note 28A).

	Furniture and fittings
	and office
<u>Company</u>	<u>equipment</u>
	\$′000
<u>Cost:</u>	
At 1 January 2020	1,249
Additions	527
At 31 December 2020	1,776
Additions	110
At 31 December 2021	1,886
Accumulated depreciation:	
At 1 January 2020	793
Depreciation for the year	53
At 31 December 2020	846
Depreciation for the year	122
At 31 December 2021	968
Carrying value:	
At 1 January 2020	456
At 31 December 2020	930
At 31 December 2021	918

14. Investment in subsidiaries

	<u>Company</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
<u>Cost:</u>		
At the beginning of the year	74,773	84,986
Additions	1,200	3,100
Disposals	(4,530)	(13,313)
At end of the year	71,443	74,773
Allowance for impairment:		
At the beginning of the year	(9,500)	(9,441)
Impairment loss charged to profit or loss included in other losses		(59)
At end of the year	(9,500)	(9,500)
Carrying value:		
At beginning of the year	65,273	75,545
At end of the year	61,943	65,273
Analysis of above amount denominated in non-functional currency:		
United States Dollars	411	411
Malaysian Ringgit	5,152	5,152

The impairment loss was provided on certain subsidiaries which were either non-performing subsidiaries or have net equity deficit.

14. Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

The following subsidiaries are wholly owned by the Group:

Name of subsidiaries	Cost in books of Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Held by Company	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Admiralty) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Ang Mo Kio Central) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Braddell) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Boon Lay) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Boon Lay MRT) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Bukit Batok) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Bukit Panjang) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Bukit Timah) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Clementi Central) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Clementi) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Elias Mall) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Hougang Central) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Hougang Mall) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Hougang Plaza) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Gombak) Pte. Ltd.	17	17
Q & M Dental Surgery (Gombak MRT) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Jurong East Central) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Jelapang) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Kallang MRT) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Khatib) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Marsiling) Pte. Ltd.	65	65
Q & M Dental Surgery (Old Airport Rd) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Pasir Ris) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Redhill MRT) Pte. Ltd.	92	92
Q & M Dental Surgery (Serangoon) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Serangoon Central) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Sembawang) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Sembawang MRT) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Serangoon North) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Sims Place) Pte. Ltd. (b)	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Tiong Bahru) Pte. Ltd.	96	96
Q & M Dental Surgery (Toa Payoh) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Toa Payoh Central) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Yishun Central) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Laboratory & Marketing Pte. Ltd. ^(d)	124	124
Q & M Management & Consultancy Pte. Ltd. ^(b)	52	52
Killiney Dental Centre Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Group (China) Pte. Ltd. ^(c)	299	299
Q & M Dental Centre Pte. Ltd.	588	588
Q & M Dental Institute Pte. Ltd. (b)	20	20
Q & M Dental Centre (Orchard) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
	100	100

14. Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

Name of subsidiaries	<u>Cost in boo</u>	<u>ks of Group</u>
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Held by Company		
Q & M Dental Centre (Raffles Place) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Dentigiene Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.	567	567
Q & M Aidite International Pte. Ltd. ("QMAI") ^{(c)(o)}	_(a)	4,529
Foo & Associates Pte. Ltd.	5,500	5,500
Aesthetics Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.	4,000	4,000
Tiong Bahru Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd. and Bright Smile Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.	3,800	3,800
Ho Dental Surgery (Marine Parade) Pte. Ltd.	_(a)	_(a)
Jurong Point Dental Centre Pte. Ltd.	100	100
British Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.	760	760
Q & M Dental Holdings (Shenzhen) Pte. Ltd. (c)(n)	_(a)	_(a)
Q & M Dental Holdings (Malaysia) Pte. Ltd. (c)(n)	_(a)	_(a)
EM2AI Pte. Ltd. ⁽ⁱ⁾	100	100
Q & M College of Dentistry Pte. Ltd. (9)	100	100
TP Dental Surgeons Pte. Ltd.	28,600	28,600
Lee & Lee (Dental Surgeons) Pte. Ltd.	10,000	10,000
Q & M Dental Group (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. ^{(c)(j)(n)}	5,152	5,152
Shenyang Q & M Management Consulting Co. Ltd. (c)(k)(n)	411	411
New Dental Centre Pte. Ltd. ^{(b)(n)}	_(a)	_(a)
Q & M Medical Group (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (c)(n)	200	200
Bright Smile Dental Surgery (Buangkok MRT) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Tanjong Katong) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Kovan) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Clementi West) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Specialist Oral Surgeons Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Woodlands) Pte. Ltd.	_(a)	_(a)
Q & M Dental Centre (River Valley) Pte. Ltd.	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Canberra) Pte. Ltd. (Formerly known as Q & M Dental Surgery		
(Canberra MRT) Pte. Ltd)	100	100
Q & M Dental Surgery (Jurong) Pte. Ltd. (Incorporated on 7 April 2021)	100	-
Q & M Dental Surgery (Bedok Reservoir) Pte. Ltd. (Incorporated on 31 March 2021)	100	-
Q & M Dental Centre (Jurong East) Pte. Ltd. (Incorporated on 29 April 2021)	100	_
Q & M Dental Surgery (Aljunied) Pte. Ltd. (Incorporated on 16 August 2021)	100	_
Q & M Dental Surgery (Kim Tian) Pte. Ltd. (Incorporated on 16 June 2021)	100	_
Q & M Dental Centre (North Bridge) Pte. Ltd. (Incorporated on 16 August 2021)	100	_
Q & M Dental Surgery (Yishun) Pte. Ltd. (Incorporated on 16 June 2021)	100	_
Q & M Dental Centre (Kim Seng) Pte. Ltd. (Incorporated on 19 October 2021)	100	_
Q & M Dental Surgery (Choa Chu Kang) Pte. Ltd. (Incorporated on 16 August 2021)	100	_
Q & M Dental Surgery (Ang Mo Kio) Pte. Ltd. (Incorporated on 26 October 2021)	100	_
Q & M Dental Centre (Balestier) Pte. Ltd. (Incorporated on 10 May 2021)	100	_

14. Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

Name of subsidiaries	<u>Cost in bc</u>	oks of Group
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Held through subsidiaries		
Dentmedix Pte. Ltd. ^{(e)(n)}	164	164
Quantumleap Healthcare Pte. Ltd. (e)	150	150
Q & M Dental Holdings (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. (c)(0)	330	330
Q & M Dental Surgery (Bandar Puteri Puchong) Sdn. Bhd. 🕬	30	30
Q & M Dental Surgery (Selatan) Sdn. Bhd. ^{@0}	_(a)	_(a)
Q & M Dental Surgery (KL) Sdn. Bhd. 🖤	_(a)	_(a)
Q & M Dental Surgery (Southern) Sdn. Bhd. (00)	_(a)	_(a)
Q & M Dental Surgery (Molek) Sdn. Bhd. (i)(I)(q)	443	443
Q & M Dental Surgery (Austin) Sdn. Bhd. (100(q)	29	29
EM2AI Sdn. Bhd. (i)(I)(p)	_(a)	_(a)
Q & M Medical & Aesthetic Clinic (Tampines Central) Pte. Ltd. ^{(f)(n)}	50	50
Q & M Medical & Aesthetic Clinic (Serangoon Garden) Pte. Ltd. ^{(b)(n)}	50	50
Q & M Medical & Aesthetic Clinic (Farrer Park) Pte. Ltd. ^{(f)(n)}	80	80
Q & M Medical Clinic (Raffles Place) Pte. Ltd. (b)(n)	50	50
The Digestive & Liver Specialist Centre Pte. Ltd. (b)(n)	100	100
The Lung Specialist Centre Pte. Ltd. ^{(b)(n)}	100	100
Q & M Medical Clinic (Serangoon Central) Pte. Ltd. ^{(f)(n)}	50	50
Q & M Medical Clinic (Bukit Batok) Pte Ltd (f)(n)	50	50
Q & M Medical Clinic (Buangkok Mrt) Pte. Ltd ^{(f)(n)}	100	100
Singapore Dental Cadcam Laboratory Pte. Ltd. ^(h)	_(a)	_(a)

- (a) Cost of investment less than \$1,000.
- (b) These subsidiaries are dormant.
- (c) These subsidiaries are investment holding companies.
- (d) The principal activities of the subsidiary are investment holding and provision of services related to the dental laboratory business.
- (e) The subsidiaries are principally engaged in trading of dental surgery materials and equipment.
- (f) The subsidiaries are principally engaged in the provision of general medical services.
- (g) The subsidiary is principally engaged in the provision of higher education programmes to qualified dentists.
- (h) The subsidiary is principally engaged in manufacturing and exporting of porcelain crown, bridges and dentures.
- (i) The subsidiaries are principally engaged in the development of dental healthcare software and equipment.
- Audited by other independent auditors, GEP Associates, a firm of accountants other than member firms of RSM (j) International of which RSM Chio Lim LLP in Singapore is a member.
- (k) Audited by other independent auditors, Liaoning Zhong Cheng CPAs, a firm of accountants other than member firms of RSM International of which RSM Chio Lim LLP in Singapore is a member.
- (I) Incorporated in Malaysia.
- (m) Incorporated in People's Republic of China.
- (n) Not audited for the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, as immaterial.
- (o) Redeemable preference shares.
- (p) Audited by other independent auditors, YYC & Co. PLT, a firm of accountants other than member firms of RSM International of which RSM Chio Lim LLP in Singapore is a member.
- (q) During the reporting year ended 31 December 2020, the Group's effective interest increased from 70% to 100%. The increase in interests in the subsidiaries without a change in control has been accounted as a movement in equity.

14. Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

The subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests are listed below:

			Effective percen	5 1 5
Name of subsidiaries	<u>Cost in books of Group</u>		<u>held by Group</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	%	%
Held by Company				
Shanghai Chuangyi Investment and Management				
Co., Ltd. ^{(d)(ee)(hh)(ii)}	2,601	2,601	80	80
Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. (cc)(ji)	3,000	3,000	67.15	51
Held through subsidiaries				
Q & M Dental Surgery (Molek) Sdn. Bhd. (ff)(gg)	_	_	_	_
Q & M Dental Surgery (Austin) Sdn. Bhd. (ff)(gg)	_	_	_	_
D & D Dental Sdn. Bhd. (ff)(gg)	339	339	70	70
Q & M Dental Surgery (Kota Damansara) Sdn. Bhd. $^{\rm (ff)(gg)}$	33	33	80	80
NG GK Dental Surgery (Melaka) Sdn. Bhd. (ff)(gg)	190	190	70	70
Q & M Dental Surgery (Taman Merdeka) Sdn. Bhd. (ff)(gg)	139	139	70	70
AR Dental Supplies Sdn. Bhd. (aa)(ff)(gg)	3,377	3,377	70	70
Shanghai Kangyi Dental Polyclinic Co., Ltd. (ee)(ii)	216	216	80	80
QA Healthcare Solutions Pte. Ltd. (bb)(ii)	100	100	51	51
Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd. (dd)(kk) (acquired				
on 1 November 2021)	3,000	_	67.15	_

(aa) The subsidiary is principally engaged in trading of dental surgery materials and equipment.

- (bb) The subsidiary is principally engaged in the development of dental healthcare software and equipment.
- (cc) The subsidiary is principally engaged in sale and distribution of Covid-19 test kits and provision of laboratory testina.
- (dd) The subsidiary is principally engaged in provision of laboratory testing.
- (ee) Incorporated in People's Republic of China.
- (ff) Incorporated in Malaysia.
- Audited by other independent auditors, GEP Associates, a firm of accountants other than member firms of RSM (gg) International of which RSM Chio Lim LLP in Singapore is a member.
- (hh) Audited by other independent auditors, Zhong Lei Certified Public Accountants, a firm of accountants other than member firms of RSM International of which RSM Chio Lim LLP in Singapore is a member.
- (ii) Not audited for the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, as immaterial.
- Increase in effective shareholdings Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. ("AD") due to issuance of new shares by (jj) Aoxin Q & M for the acquisition of the remaining 49% share capital of AD during the reporting year ended 31 December 2021 (as disclosed in Note 15^(viii) and Note 29). The increase in interests in the subsidiaries without a change in control has been accounted as a movement in equity.
- (kk) On 1 November 2021, the Group announced the completion of the acquisition of the business of Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd. for a purchase consideration of \$3 million. (See Note 29).

All subsidiaries are engaged in the provision of dental services unless otherwise disclosed above.

Save as disclosed above, all other subsidiaries in Singapore are audited by RSM Chio Lim LLP.

As is required by Rule 716 of the Listing Manual of The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited the audit committee and the board of directors of the Company have satisfied themselves that the appointment of different auditors for certain of its overseas subsidiaries would not compromise the standard and effectiveness of the audit of the Group.

15. Investment in associates

	Group		Company	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Carrying value:				
Quoted equity shares at cost				
– Aoxin Q & M Dental Group Limited ("Aoxin Q & M")	27,029	31,288	33,383	32,964
Unquoted equity shares at cost				
 Punggol Medical & Dental Pte. Ltd. ("PMD") 	15	15	_	-
– Aidite (Qinhuangdao) Technology Co., Ltd ("Aidite				
Qinhuangdao")		12,440	-	
	27,044	43,743	33,383	32,964
Movements in carrying value:				
Balance at beginning of the year	43,743	42,026	32,964	32,468
Additions ^{(vi)(vii)}	420	496	419	496
Disposals (v)	(12,623)	_	_	_
Dilution of interest (viii)	(5,054)	_	_	_
Foreign currency translation adjustment	1,023	1,062	_	-
Share of (loss)/profit for the year	(465)	159	_	
Balance at end of the year	27,044	43,743	33,383	32,964

The associates held by the Group are listed below:

Name of associates	Percentage of equity <u>held by the Group</u>	
	2021	2020
	%	%
Held by Company		
Aoxin Q & M ^{(i)(vi)(viii)}	32.95	43.38
Singapore		
Provision of private dental services and dental equipment and supplies		
Held through subsidiaries		
PMD ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	50.0	50.0
Singapore		
Provision of general medical services		
Aidite Qinhuangdao (ii)(iii)(iv)(v)	_	9.19
People's Republic of China ("PRC")		
Manufacturing and trading of medical and dental instruments and supplies		
(RSM China CPA LLP)		

(i) Listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange. The fair value of the shares held in the associate, Aoxin Q & M is \$40,240,000 (2020: \$31,449,000) as at end of reporting year.

(ii) Not considered material to the Group.

Audited by member firm of RSM International of which RSM Chio Lim LLP in Singapore is a member. (iii)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15. Investment in associates (cont'd)

- (iv) Although the Group owns, directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, only 9.19% of the voting power of the investee, the investee is regarded as an associate because under the shareholders agreement, the Group is guaranteed one seat on the board of the investee and participates in all significant financial and operating decisions of the investee and therefore the Group has significant influence over this investee.
- (v) The Group fully disposed its interest in Aidite Qinhuangdao on 11 March 2021. (See Note 15A)
- (vi) In 2020, the Group and the Company acquired 3,166,100 ordinary shares of Aoxin Q & M in the open market for an aggregate consideration of \$496,000. Following the acquisition, the Company's shareholding interest in Aoxin Q & M increased from 162,354,038 to 165,520,138 shares (representing 43.38% interest).
- (vii) In 2021, the Company acquired 2,150,700 ordinary shares of Aoxin Q & M in the open market for an aggregate consideration of \$419,000. Following the acquisition, the Company's shareholding interest in Aoxin Q & M increased from 165,520,138 to 167,670,838 shares (representing 43.94% interest).
- (viii) On 1 November 2021, Aoxin Q & M, acquired the remaining 49% of the share capital of Acumen Diagnostics Pte Ltd, a subsidiary of the Group for a consideration of \$29,400,000 (approximately RMB139,398,000) which was satisfied by the issuance of 127,272,726 new ordinary shares in the capital of the Aoxin Q & M at \$0.231 per share. Following the issuance of the new shares, the shareholding interest held by the Group in Aoxin Q & M was diluted from 43.94% to 32.95%. (See Note 14^(kk)).

Save as disclosed above, all other associates are audited by RSM Chio Lim LLP.

There are associates that are considered material to the reporting entity. The summarised financial information of each of the material associate and the amounts (and not the reporting entity's share of those amounts) based on the financial statements of the associates are as follows.

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Aoxin Q & M		
Revenue	34,000	27,057
Loss from continuing operations	(1,555)	(2,451)
Other comprehensive income	(297)	(98)
Total comprehensive loss	(1,852)	(2,549)
Current assets	20,906	15,855
 includes cash and cash equivalents 	5,173	7,687
Current liabilities – trade and other payables	(8,042)	(6,994)
Non-current assets	72,517	45,825
Non-current liabilities	(8,141)	(9,455)
Net assets of the associate	77,240	45,231
Interest at 32.95% (2020: 43.38%) (viii)	25,450	19,621
Goodwill	11,546	11,546
Other adjustments	(9,967)(#)	121
Carrying amount of the interest in the associate	27,029	31,288

(#) Adjustment to account for Aoxin Q & M's share of net assets of the Group's subsidiary, Acumen Diagnostics Pte Ltd.

15. Investment in associates (cont'd)

	Grou	<u>up</u>
	At date of	
	disposal	
	<u>March 2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
<u>Aidite Qinhuangdao</u>		
Revenue	16,417	76,922
Profit from continuing operations and total comprehensive income	1,614	11,879
Current assets	89,884	74,749
 includes cash and cash equivalents 	28,352	19,183
Current liabilities – trade and other payables	(12,453)	(30,658)
Non-current assets	15,964	15,014
Non-current liabilities	(35,521)	(3,741)
Net assets of the associate	57,874	55,364
Interest at 9.19% (2020: 9.19%)	5,319	5,088
Goodwill	7,360	7,360
Other adjustments	(50)	(8)
Carrying amount of the interest in the associate at date of disposal / reporting year		
end date.	12,629	12,440

There are no significant restrictions on the ability of the major associates to transfer funds to the Group in the form of cash dividends.

15A. Disposal of associate

Aidite Qinhuangdao was disposed on 11 March 2021.

A net gain on disposal of \$4,373,000 was recognised in the profit or loss included under other gains (Note 9) following the disposal, being the consideration receivable on disposal less the net carrying amount of the investment in associate and receivables from and payable to the associate. No tax charge or credit arose from the transaction. The associate's unaudited financial statements as at 31 March 2021 were used to determine the above gain on disposal of the associate as follows:

	Aidite <u>Qinhuangdao</u> \$'000
Net carrying amount of assets disposed	12,629
Gain on disposal (Note 6)	4,373
Total consideration	17,002

16. Intangible assets

	Gro	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	2020	
	\$'000	\$'000	
		(Restated)	
Goodwill (Note 16A)	56,597	53,791	
Other intangible assets (Note 16B)	3,580	2,814	
	60,177	56,605	

16A. Goodwill

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
		(Restated)
<u>Cost:</u>		
Balance at beginning of the year	59,523	57,415
Arising from acquisition of business (Restated) (Note 29)	2,810	2,117
Effect of movement in exchange rate	(32)	(9)
Balance at end of the year	62,301	59,523
Accumulated impairment loss allowance:		
Balance at beginning of the year	(5,732)	(5,740)
Effect of movement in exchange rate	28	8
Balance at end of the year	(5,704)	(5,732)
Carrying value:		
Beginning of the year	53,791	51,675
End of the year	56,597	53,791

Following the acquisition of the subsidiaries in the previous years, the Group had been streamlining and integrating the operations of the acquired clinics with its existing clinics over the years so as to improve the efficiency of the clinics and to achieve economies of scale for the Group's operations. The Group has since the current reporting year streamlined the operations of its clinics in Singapore into the various zones, namely South-Central, North, East, West, and North East.

The Group's doctors and nurses work across clinics within their respective zones, allowing the Group to maximise the use of resources and improve operational efficiency. Zoning has also enabled the Group to more efficiently monitor its operations and performance to better serve patients. To support the zoning of the operations, the Group has also implemented a new data management system that integrates patient information such as appointment scheduling, diagnoses, and treatment plans, across various clinics and zones, allowing more seamless management of operations.

With effect from the current reporting year, management has performed the impairment assessment of goodwill based on clinics in Singapore by zone and goodwill has been allocated into the various zones based on the clinics' locations: South-Central, North, East, West, and North East zones. Each zone is a cash-generating unit.

The impairment assessment of goodwill was previously performed by individual subsidiaries.

16. Intangible assets (cont'd)

16A. Goodwill (cont'd)

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units for the purpose of impairment testing. Each of those cash-generating units represents the Group's investment by each primary reporting segment as follows:

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
		(Restated)
Primary healthcare:		
South-Central	49,190	49,190
North-East	490	490
East	1,660	1,660
West	1,642	1,642
Others	2,455	2,462
Subtotal	55,437	55,444
Name of the subsidiaries		
Dental equipment and supplies distribution:		
AR Dental Supplies Sdn. Bhd.	1,937	1,962
Subtotal	1,937	1,962
Medical laboratory:		
Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd.	2,117	2,117
Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd.	2,810	_
Subtotal	4,927	2,117
	62,301	59,523

The breakdown of the entities classified in each of the primary healthcare region are as follows:

	Group	
Name of the subsidiaries	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
		(Restated)
Primary healthcare:		
South-Central		
Foo & Associates Pte. Ltd.	5,411	5,411
TP Dental Surgeons Pte. Ltd.	27,545	27,545
Tiong Bahru Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd. and Bright Smile Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.	3,386	3,386
Aesthetics Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.	3,857	3,857
Lee & Lee (Dental Surgeons) Pte. Ltd.	8,641	8,641
Q & M Dental Surgery (Khatib) Pte. Ltd.	350	350
Subtotal	49,190	49,190
North-East		
Dentigiene Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.	490	490
Subtotal	490	490
East		
Ho Dental Surgery (Marine Parade) Pte. Ltd.	1,660	1,660
Subtotal	1,660	1,660

16. Intangible assets (cont'd)

16A. Goodwill (cont'd)

Name of the subsidiaries20212020\$'000\$'000\$'000\$'000\$'000\$'000WestIncome the subsidiariesIncome the subsidiariesJurong Point Dental Centre Pte. Ltd.1,2801,280British Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.362362	
West(Restated)Jurong Point Dental Centre Pte. Ltd.1,2801,2801,280	
WestJurong Point Dental Centre Pte. Ltd.1,2801,280	
Jurong Point Dental Centre Pte. Ltd.1,2801,280	1
5	
British Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.362362	
Subtotal 1,642 1,642	
<u>Others</u>	
Q & M Dental Surgery (Molek) Sdn. Bhd. 266 269	
D & D Dental Sdn. Bhd. 124 124	
Shanghai Chuangyi Investment and Management Co., Ltd.1,6551,655	
Q & M Medical & Aesthetic Clinic (Farrer Park) Pte. Ltd. 10 10	
NG GK Dental Surgery (Melaka) Sdn. Bhd. 140	
QA Healthcare Solutions Pte. Ltd. 49 49	
Q & M Dental Surgery (Bandar Puteri Puchong) Sdn. Bhd. 77 77	
Q & M Dental Surgery Selatan Sdn. Bhd. 134 136	
Subtotal 2,455 2,462	
55,437 55,444	

The goodwill was tested for impairment at the end of the reporting year. An impairment loss is the amount by which the carrying amount of an asset or a CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount of an asset or a CGU is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal or its value in use. The recoverable amounts of CGUs have been measured based on its value in use method.

The value in use was measured by management. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are as follows. The value in use is a recurring fair value measurement (level 3). Save for the allocation of goodwill by zones in the current year, the quantitative information about the value in use measurement using significant unobservable inputs for the CGUs are consistent with those used for the measurement last performed, and is analysed as follows.

The Group prepares cash flow forecasts derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management for the next 5 years. Management forecasted the revenue growth rates and discount rates as follows:

<u>2021</u>	Revenue growth rate	Discount rate
	%	%
Primary healthcare:		
South-Central	4%	10%
North-East	4%	10%
East	4%	10%
West	4%	10%

Management forecasts the terminal growth rate at 2% per annum.

16. Intangible assets (cont'd)

16A. Goodwill (cont'd)

Primary healthcare:

Actual outcomes could vary from these estimates. If the revised estimated revenue growth rate at the end of the reporting year had been a range of 2 percent point less favourable than management's estimates, the recoverable amount would still be higher than the carrying value of goodwill. If the revised estimated discount rate applied to the discounted cash flows had been 2 percent point less favourable than management's estimates, the recoverable amount would still be higher than the carrying value of goodwill.

No impairment allowance was recognised because the carrying amounts of all cash-generating units were higher than their recoverable amounts.

Management's forecasted revenue growth rates and discount rates in the previous reporting year, by subsidiary, are as follows:

2020	Revenue growth rate	Discount rate
	%	%
Name of the subsidiaries		
Primary healthcare:		
Foo & Associates Pte. Ltd.	\$276,000 in 2021 and 4% for subsequent years	10
TP Dental Surgeons Pte. Ltd.	5	10
Tiong Bahru Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd. and Bright Smile Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.	\$280,000 in 2021 and 5% for subsequent years	10
Aesthetics Dental Surgery Pte. Ltd.	5	10
Lee & Lee (Dental Surgeons) Pte. Ltd.	\$285,000 in 2021 and 5% for subsequent years	10
Ho Dental Surgery (Marine Parade) Pte. Ltd.	3	10
Jurong Point Dental Centre Pte. Ltd	5	10

Management forecasted the terminal growth rate at 2% per annum.

Primary healthcare:

Actual outcomes could vary from these estimates. If the revised estimated revenue growth rate at the end of the reporting year had been a range of 2 percent point less favourable than management's estimates at the end of the reporting year, there would be a need to reduce the carrying value of goodwill by \$108,000. If the revised estimated discount rate applied to the discounted cash flows had been 2 percent point less favourable than management's estimates, there would be a need to reduce the carrying value of goodwill by \$42,000.

No impairment allowance was recognised because the carrying amounts of all cash-generating units were higher than their recoverable amounts.

16. Intangible assets (cont'd)

16B. Other intangible assets

Restated	Development <u>costs</u> \$'000	Customer <u>lists</u> \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
Cost:			
At 1 January 2020	425	2,392	2,817
Additions	873	-	873
Additions arising from acquisition of business operations (Note 29)	_	373	373
Effect of movement in exchange rate	_	(1)	(1)
At 31 December 2020	1,298	2,764	4,062
Additions	1,061	89	1,150
Effect of movement in exchange rate	_	(2)	(2)
At 31 December 2021	2,359	2,851	5,210
Accumulated amortisation and impairment:			
At 1 January 2020	_	995	995
Amortisation for the year	_	254	254
Effect of movement in exchange rate	_	(1)	(1)
At 31 December 2020		1,248	1,248
Amortisation for the year	_	384	384
Effect of movement in exchange rate	_	(2)	(2)
At 31 December 2021		1,630	1,630
Carrying value:			
At 1 January 2020	425	1,397	1,822
At 31 December 2020	1,298	1,537	2,814
At 31 December 2020 At 31 December 2021	2,359	1,221	3,580
		,	,

17. Assets held for sale under SFRS(I) 5

The Group decided to dispose its interest in the associate, Q & M Dental (Shanghai) Pte. Ltd. in the previous reporting period as the Group ceased to have significant influence over the associate. The results were not material and not equity accounted. The carrying value of the investment is at cost less impairment losses.

The disposal consideration and terms for the disposal for Q & M Dental (Shanghai) Pte. Ltd. through arbitration under the rules of the Singapore International Arbitration Centre have not been finalised. The Group has fully impaired the assets held for sale in the previous year.

	Gro	up
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Investment at cost	1,584	1,584
Less allowance for impairment	(1,584)	(1,584)
Carrying value		
Movement in allowance for impairment:		
Balance at beginning and end of the year	(1,584)	(1,584)

The impairment loss was made as there is uncertainty in the time taken to conclude the arbitration and to recover any amount arising from the disposal.
18. Inventories

	Gro	up
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Finished goods	11,731	12,484
Dental supplies	4,161	3,608
	15,892	16,092
Movement in allowance for impairment:		
Balance at beginning of the year	(202)	(202)
Impairment loss recognised in the year included in other losses (Note 9)	(377)	_
Balance at end of the year	(579)	(202)

Certain inventories are pledged as security for bank facilities. (See Note 28)

19. Trade and other receivables

	Group		<u>Company</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current				
Trade receivables:				
Outside parties	14,012	7,209	_	_
Subsidiaries (Note 3)	_	_	31,608	35,922
Less allowance for impairment	(156)	(156)	(1,943)	(2,167)
Net trade receivables – subtotal	13,856	7,053	29,665	33,755
Other receivables:				
Subsidiaries (Note 3)	_	_	61,685	65,332
Less allowance for impairment	_	_	(10,405)	(9,254)
Deposits to secure services	4,207	4,134	207	207
Receivable from directors of subsidiaries / associate	10,219	7,187	8,035	4,941
Less allowance for impairment	(1,335)	(1,319)	_	_
Other receivables	1,719	1,907	552	707
Less allowance for impairment	(843)	(772)	_	_
Net other receivables – subtotal	13,967	11,137	60,074	61,933
Total trade and other receivables	27,823	18,190	89,739	95,688
Non-current:				
Other receivables	2,401	1,199	2,068	822

19. Trade and other receivables (cont'd)

The non-current portion of the receivables are as follows:

	Group		<u>Com</u>	<u>pany</u>
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Within 2 to 5 years	1,837	731	1,608	536
Later than 5 years	564	468	460	286
Total	2,401	1,199	2,068	822

Other receivables include the following unsecured loans to certain dentists and employees of the Group:

	Group		Com	pany
	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Non-interest bearing loan	1,968	881	1,770	592
Interest bearing loans	433	402	298	230
	2,401	1,283	2,068	822

Interest bearing loans of the Group includes \$213,000 (2020: \$182,000) for certain dentists, which are repayable monthly over 3 to 7 years, commencing from the date of appointment of the dentists concerned. Interest is charged at 5% per annum, subject to review annually.

Interest bearing loans of the Group and the Company include \$Nil (2020: \$Nil) for certain employees and \$230,000 for related party (2020: \$230,000), which are repayable at the end of December 2022 or earlier. Interest is charged at 3% per annum.

	Group		Com	pany
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Movements in above allowance on trade receivables: Balance at beginning of the year	156	156	2,167	2,167
Charge for (reversal of) trade receivables to profit or loss included in other losses (other gains)	_	_	(224)	
Balance at end of the year	156	156	1,943	2,167
Movements in above allowance on other receivables:				
Balance at beginning of the year	2,091	2,455	9,254	8,362
Foreign currency translation adjustment	12	25	-	_
Used	_	(209)	_	_
Charge (reversal) of trade receivables to profit or loss included in other losses (other gains)	75	(180)	1,151	892
Balance at end of the year	2,178	2,091	10,405	9,254

19. Trade and other receivables (cont'd)

The expected credit losses (ECL) on the above trade receivables are based on the simplified approach to measuring expected credit losses (ECL) which uses a lifetime ECL allowance approach for all trade receivables recognised from initial recognition of these assets. These assets are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due for measuring the ECL including the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic.

The ageing of the trade receivables is as follows: (i)

	Group		<u>Group</u> <u>Com</u>		bany
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Gross trade receivables:					
Current	3,228	2,052	13,644	24,530	
Less than 30 days	1,998	939	_	_	
31 to 60 days	4,878	498	_	_	
Over 60 days	3,908	3,720	17,964	11,392	
Total	14,012	7,209	31,608	35,922	

The age analysis of non-related party trade receivables that are impaired is as follows:

	Group		<u>Company</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Over 60 days	156	156	1,943	2,167

The receivables have common risk characteristics. The Group assesses the credit risk of its customers individually. The trade receivables are considered to have low credit risk individually.

The trade receivables are not secured.

The amounts are written off when there are indications that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery or the failure of a debtor to make contractual payments over an extended period. There is no collateral held as security and other credit enhancements for the trade receivables.

As part of the process of setting customer credit limits, different credit terms are used. The average credit period generally granted to non-related trade receivable customers is about 30 days (2020: 30 days). The dental and medical clinics and centres do not generally grant credit as services are usually settled in cash, NETS and credit card payments. The trade receivables are mainly NETS and credit card payments that take approximately a few days to settle. Certain subsidiaries engaged in the trading of dental surgery materials and equipment and the provision of medical laboratory services, grant credit term of 30 days to 120 days (2020: 30 days to 120 days) to their customers.

(ii) Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of trade receivable customers as at the end of reporting year:

	Group		Company	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Top 1 customer	4,163	510	3,807	2,817
Top 2 customers	6,252	757	4,884	4,547

19. Trade and other receivables (cont'd)

The other receivables shown above are subject to the expected credit loss model under the financial reporting standard on financial instruments. Other receivables can be graded for credit risk individually. Related company receivables are regarded as of low credit risk if they are guaranteed with the ability to settle the amount. Other receivables are regarded as of low credit risk if they have a low risk of default and the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term. The methodology applied for impairment loss depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. At the end of the reporting period a loss allowance is recognised at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses if there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition including the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic. A loss allowance balances of \$2,178,000 (2020: \$2,091,000) and \$10,405,000 (2020: \$9,254,000) of the Group and the Company were recognised respectively.

Save for loans to certain dentists and employees as disclosed above, other receivables are normally with no fixed terms and therefore there is no maturity.

20. Other non-financial assets

	Gro	oup	<u>Com</u>	<u>oany</u>
	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Non-current:				
Sign-on bonus	5,432	4,826	2,210	2,153
Prepaid services – via performance shares	1,567	1,786	1,567	1,786
Assignment fees	81	99	_	_
Shares held in trust ^(a)	_	1,857	_	_
	7,080	8,568	3,777	3,939
Current:				
Prepayments	2,024	1,836	830	748
Sign-on bonus	1,573	1,153	446	219
Prepaid services – via performance shares	218	219	218	736
Assignment fees	18	18		
	3,833	3,226	1,494	1,703

As disclosed in Note 28D, this was in relation to 3.06% interest in Aidite Qinhuangdao held in trust for QPH, (a) a company owned by certain key executives and dentists of the Group, Dr Cheah, All Win, Full Win and Initial Capital as at the reporting year ended 31 December 2020.

21. Cash and cash equivalents

	Group		Com	<u>oany</u>
	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Not restricted in use	47,611	48,772	2,661	5,123
Interest earning balances	2,284	5,151	88	1,291

The interest earned from the interest earning balances was not significant.

21A. Non-cash transactions

	Gre	oup
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Acquisitions of certain assets under property, plant and equipment under lease contracts	75	

21B. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:

Group	<u>2020</u> \$'000	Cash <u>flows</u> \$'000	Non-cash <u>changes</u> \$'000	<u>2021</u> \$′000
Long-term borrowings	73,599	10,075	(3,498) ^{(b}	80,176
Short-term borrowings	1,941	(1,887)	3,498 ^{(b}) 3,552
Lease liabilities	51,274	(8,787)	11,717 ^{(a}	54,204
Total liabilities from financing activities	126,814	(599)	11,717	137,932
	<u>2019</u> \$'000	Cash <u>flows</u> \$'000	Non-cash <u>changes</u> \$'000	<u>2020</u> \$'000
Long-term borrowings	67,982	_	5,617 ^{(b}) 73,599
Short-term borrowings	16,749	(9,191)	(5,617) ^{(b}) 1,941
Lease liabilities	50,157	(6,985)	8,102 ^{(a}	51,274
Total liabilities from financing activities	134,888	(16,176)	8,102	126,814

(a) Mainly due to Covid-19 related rent concessions from lessor and acquisition.

(b) Mainly due to reclassification of bank loans from non-current to current.

22. Share capital

	Number	
	of shares	Share
	issued	<u>capital</u>
	'000	\$'000
Group and Company:		
Ordinary shares of no par value:		
Balance at 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	804,887	86,758
Bonus shares issued (c)	160,978	
Balance at 31 December 2021	965,865	86,758

The ordinary shares of no par value are fully paid, carry one vote each and have no right to fixed income.

Group and Company: Balance at 1 January 2020 19,265 11,558 Share buyback ^(a) 4,153 1,529 Treasury shares issued ^(b) (5,840) (2,190) Balance at 31 December 2020 17,578 10,897 Share buyback ^(a) 5,328 3,053 Bonus shares issued ^(c) 3,516 - Balance at 31 December 2021 26,422 13,950		Number of treasury <u>shares</u> '000	<u>Cost</u> \$'000
Share buyback (a) 4,153 1,529 Treasury shares issued (b) (5,840) (2,190) Balance at 31 December 2020 17,578 10,897 Share buyback (a) 5,328 3,053 Bonus shares issued (c) 3,516 -	Group and Company:		
Treasury shares issued (b) (5,840) (2,190) Balance at 31 December 2020 17,578 10,897 Share buyback ^(a) 5,328 3,053 Bonus shares issued ^(c) 3,516 -	Balance at 1 January 2020	19,265	11,558
Balance at 31 December 2020 17,578 10,897 Share buyback ^(a) 5,328 3,053 Bonus shares issued ^(c) 3,516 -	Share buyback (a)	4,153	1,529
Share buyback (a)5,3283,053Bonus shares issued (c)3,516-	Treasury shares issued ^(b)	(5,840)	(2,190)
Bonus shares issued ^(c) 3,516 –	Balance at 31 December 2020	17,578	10,897
	Share buyback (a)	5,328	3,053
Balance at 31 December 2021 26,422 13,950	Bonus shares issued (c)	3,516	
	Balance at 31 December 2021	26,422	13,950

- (a) The treasury shares relate to ordinary shares of the Company that are held by the Company. Pursuant to the share buyback mandate approved by shareholders, the Company purchased 5,328,000 (2020: 4,153,200) of its shares by way of on-market purchases at share prices ranging from \$0.55 to \$0.58 in 2021 (2020: \$0.33 to \$0.44) to be cancelled in future and or to serve the share option plan for shares awards to employees. The total amount paid or payable to purchase shares was \$3,053,000 (2020: \$1,529,000) and this is presented as a component within equity attributable to equity holders of the Company.
- On 23 March 2020, the Company transferred 5,840,000 ordinary shares from its treasury shares pursuant to (b) the Q & M Performance Share Plan 2018 as disclosed in Note 24.
- On 9 September 2021, the Company issued 160,978,000 ordinary shares and 3,516,000 treasury shares (c) representing one bonus ordinary share for every five existing ordinary shares and one bonus treasury shares for every five existing treasury shares in the capital of the Company.

Capital management:

The objectives when managing capital are: to safeguard the reporting entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for owners and benefits for other stakeholders, and to provide an adequate return to owners by pricing the sales commensurately with the level of risk. The management sets the amount of capital to meet its requirements and the risk taken. There were no changes in the approach to capital management during the reporting year. The management manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it where necessary or possible in the light of changes in conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the management may adjust the amount of dividends paid to owners, return capital to owners, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.

22. Share capital (cont'd)

Capital management (cont'd):

The management monitors the capital on the basis of the debt-to-adjusted capital ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt / adjusted capital (as shown below). Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents.

	Gro	pup	<u>Company</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Net debt:				
All current and non-current borrowings including leases	137,932	126,814	82,973	73,677
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(47,611)	(48,772)	(2,661)	(5,123)
Net debt	90,321	78,042	80,312	68,554
Adjusted capital:				
Total equity	103,246	124,695	84,769	104,384
Adjusted capital	103,246	124,695	84,769	104,384
Debt-to-adjusted capital ratio	87.5%	62.6%	94.7%	65.7%

The decline as shown by increase in the debt-to-adjusted capital ratio for the reporting year resulted primarily from the increase in other financial liabilities.

The management does not set a target level of gearing but uses capital opportunistically to support its business and to add value for shareholders. The key discipline adopted is to widen the margin between the return on capital employed and the cost of that capital.

In order to maintain its listing on the Singapore Stock Exchange, it has to have share capital with a free float of at least 10% of the shares. The Company met the capital requirement on its initial listing and the rules limiting treasury share purchases mean it will continue to satisfy that requirement, as it did throughout the reporting year. Management receives a report from the share registrars frequently on substantial share interests showing the non-free float to ensure continuing compliance with the 10% limit throughout the reporting year.

23. Other reserves

	Group	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Foreign currency translation reserve (Note 23A)	(773)	(1,745)
Other reserves	(192)	(192)
Total at end of the year	(965)	(1,937)

23. Other reserves (cont'd)

23A. Foreign currency translation reserve

	Group		
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	
	\$'000	\$'000	
At beginning of the year	(1,745)	(2,704)	
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations	972	959	
At end of the year	(773)	(1,745)	

All reserves classified on the face of the statement of financial position as retained earnings represent past accumulated earnings and are distributable as cash dividends. The other reserves are not available for cash dividends unless realised. The currency translation reserve accumulates all foreign exchange differences.

24. **Share-based payments**

Under the Q & M Performance Share Plan 2018, a participant may be granted award of shares. The eligibility of the participants, the number of shares which are the subject of each award to be granted to a participant and the vesting period of 1 to 10 years shall be determined at the absolute discretion of the Plan Committee, taking into account factors of certain prescribed performance targets, if any.

The Company has granted share awards to eligible employees of the Group by the allotment and issuance of an aggregate of 5,840,000 ordinary shares from the treasury shares of the Company pursuant to the Q & M Performance Share Plan 2018. The shares granted with a service condition that the dentists remain within the Group's employment for an additional 10 years.

In November 2019, the shares were granted at fair value of \$0.505 per share. The shares were subsequently issued on 23 March 2020.

There were no employee share options granted since the commencement of the share option scheme which is more fully disclosed in the Statement by Directors.

25. **Provisions**

	Gro	oup
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Provision for reinstatement of leased premises	776	850
Movements in above provision:		
Balance at beginning of the year	850	597
Additions	47	255
Used	(121)	(2)
Balance at end of the year	776	850

The provision is based on the present value of costs to be incurred to remove leasehold improvements from leased premises. The estimate is based on quotations from external contractors.

26. Lease liabilities and right-of-use assets

The right-of-use assets and lease liabilities in the statement of financial position. The movements are as follows:

Group	Dental, medical and office <u>premises</u> \$'000	Lease <u>liabilities</u> \$'000
At 1 January 2020	60,938	50,157
Accretion of interest	-	1,837
Additions	3,880	3,880
Disposals	(1,219)	163
Lease modification	7,191	7,191
Lease payments – principal portion paid	-	(6,985)
Interest paid		(1,837)
At 31 December 2020	70,790	54,406
Accretion of interest	-	1,599
Additions	10,299	10,299
Disposals	(6,899)	(304)
Lease modification	3,685	3,685
Lease payments – principal portion paid	-	(8,787)
Interest paid		(1,599)
At 31 December 2021	77,875	59,299
Accumulated depreciation:		
At 1 January 2020	11,452	_
Depreciation for the year	8,067	_
Disposals	(1,382)	_
Rental concession from lessor	3,132	(3,132)
At 31 December 2020	21,269	(3,132)
Depreciation for the year	9,456	_
Disposals	(6,529)	_
Rental concession from lessor	1,963	(1,963)
At 31 December 2021	26,159	(5,095)
Carrying value:		
At 1 January 2020	49,486	50,157
At 31 December 2020	49,521	51,274

26. Lease liabilities and right-of-use assets (cont'd)

At 1 January 2020 218 37 Accretion of interest - 13 Additions 718 718 Disposals (218) - Lease payments – principal portion paid - (112) Interest paid - (13) At 31 December 2020 718 643 Accretion of interest - 24 Additions 880 880 Disposals - - Lease payments – principal portion paid - (203) Interest paid - (203) Interest paid - (24) At 31 December 2021 1,598 1,320 Accumulated depreciation: - (218) At 31 December 2020 174 - Disposals (218) - At 31 December 2020 85 - Disposals - - At 31 December 2021 303 - Carrying value: - - At 31 December 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 <	Company	Dental, medical and office <u>premises</u> \$'000	Lease <u>liabilities</u> \$'000
Accretion of interest - 13 Additions 718 718 Disposals (218) - Lease payments - principal portion paid - (112) Interest paid - (13) At 31 December 2020 718 643 Accretion of interest - 24 Additions 880 880 Disposals - - Lease payments - principal portion paid - (203) Interest paid - (203) Interest paid - (244) At 31 December 2021 1,598 1,320 Accumulated depreciation: - (242) At 31 December 2021 174 - Disposals (218) - At 31 December 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals - - - At 31 December 2020 303 - - Carrying value: - - - At 31 December 2020 44 37	At 1 January 2020	218	37
Disposals (218) - Lease payments – principal portion paid - (112) Interest paid - (13) At 31 December 2020 718 643 Accretion of interest - 24 Additions 880 880 Disposals - - Lease payments – principal portion paid - (203) Interest paid - (203) Interest paid - (204) At 31 December 2021 1,598 1,320 Accumulated depreciation: - (218) At 1 January 2020 174 - Disposals (218) - Lease payments – 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals - - - At 31 December 2020 303 - - Carrying value: - - - At 31 December 2021 303 - - At 31 December 2020 44 37	-	_	13
Lease payments – principal portion paid – (112) Interest paid – (13) At 31 December 2020 718 643 Accretion of interest – 24 Additions 880 880 Disposals – – Lease payments – principal portion paid – (203) Interest paid – (203) Interest paid – (203) At 31 December 2021 1,598 1,320 Accumulated depreciation: – (218) At 1 January 2020 174 – Disposals – – At 31 December 2020 85 – Depreciation for the year 218 – At 31 December 2020 85 – Depreciation for the year 218 – At 31 December 2021 303 – Carrying value: – – At 31 December 2021 303 – Carrying value: – – At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020	Additions	718	718
Interest paid - (13) At 31 December 2020 718 643 Accretion of interest - 24 Additions 880 880 Disposals - - Lease payments – principal portion paid - (203) Interest paid - (203) At 31 December 2021 1,598 1,320 Accumulated depreciation: - (24) At 1 January 2020 174 - Depreciation for the year 129 - Disposals (218) - At 31 December 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals	Disposals	(218)	_
At 31 December 2020 718 643 Accretion of interest - 24 Additions 880 880 Disposals - - Lease payments – principal portion paid - (203) Interest paid - (24) At 31 December 2021 1,598 1,320 Accumulated depreciation: - (24) At 1 January 2020 174 - Depreciation for the year 129 - Disposals (218) - At 31 December 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals	Lease payments – principal portion paid	_	(112)
Accretion of interest - 24 Additions 880 880 Disposals - - Lease payments – principal portion paid - (203) Interest paid - (24) At 31 December 2021 1,598 1,320 Accumulated depreciation: - (24) At 1 January 2020 174 - Depreciation for the year 129 - Disposals (218) - At 31 December 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals - - At 31 December 2020 303 - Carrying value: - - At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	Interest paid	_	(13)
Additions 880 880 Disposals - - Lease payments - principal portion paid - (203) Interest paid - (24) At 31 December 2021 1,598 1,320 Accumulated depreciation: - (24) At 1 January 2020 174 - Depreciation for the year 129 - Disposals (218) - At 31 December 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals - - At 31 December 2020 303 - Carrying value: - - At 31 December 2021 303 - Carrying value: - - At 31 December 2021 303 - Carrying value: - - At 31 December 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	At 31 December 2020	718	643
Disposals - - Lease payments – principal portion paid - (203) Interest paid - (24) At 31 December 2021 1,598 1,320 Accumulated depreciation: - - At 1 January 2020 174 - Depreciation for the year 129 - Disposals (218) - At 31 December 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals - - At 31 December 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals - - - At 31 December 2021 303 - - Carrying value: - - - At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	Accretion of interest	_	24
Lease payments – principal portion paid – (203) Interest paid – (24) At 31 December 2021 1,598 1,320 Accumulated depreciation: – (24) At 1 January 2020 174 – Depreciation for the year 129 – Disposals (218) – At 31 December 2020 85 – Depreciation for the year 218 – Disposals – – At 31 December 2020 85 – Depreciation for the year 218 – Disposals – – – At 31 December 2021 303 – – Carrying value: – – – At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	Additions	880	880
Interest paid - (24) At 31 December 2021 1,598 1,320 Accumulated depreciation: - - At 1 January 2020 174 - Depreciation for the year 129 - Disposals (218) - At 31 December 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals - - At 31 December 2020 303 - Carrying value: - - At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	Disposals	_	_
At 31 December 2021 1,598 1,320 Accumulated depreciation: 1 At 1 January 2020 174 - Depreciation for the year 129 - Disposals (218) - At 31 December 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals - - At 31 December 2020 303 - Disposals - - At 31 December 2020 303 - Carrying value: - - At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	Lease payments – principal portion paid	_	(203)
Accumulated depreciation: At 1 January 2020 174 Depreciation for the year 129 Disposals (218) At 31 December 2020 85 Depreciation for the year 218 Depreciation for the year 218 Depreciation for the year 218 Disposals - At 31 December 2021 303 Carrying value: - At 1 January 2020 44 At 31 December 2020 633	Interest paid	_	(24)
At 1 January 2020 174 - Depreciation for the year 129 - Disposals (218) - At 31 December 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals - - At 31 December 2020 303 - Disposals - - At 31 December 2021 303 - Carrying value: - - At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	At 31 December 2021	1,598	1,320
Depreciation for the year 129 – Disposals (218) – At 31 December 2020 85 – Depreciation for the year 218 – Disposals – – At 31 December 2020 303 – Carrying value: – – At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	Accumulated depreciation:		
Disposals (218) - At 31 December 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals - - At 31 December 2021 303 - Carrying value: At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	At 1 January 2020	174	_
At 31 December 2020 85 - Depreciation for the year 218 - Disposals - - At 31 December 2021 303 - Carrying value: At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	Depreciation for the year	129	_
Depreciation for the year 218 – Disposals – – At 31 December 2021 303 – Carrying value: At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	Disposals	(218)	_
Disposals - - At 31 December 2021 303 - Carrying value: At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	At 31 December 2020	85	
At 31 December 2021 303 - Carrying value: - - At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	Depreciation for the year	218	_
Carrying value: At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	Disposals	_	_
At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	At 31 December 2021	303	
At 1 January 2020 44 37 At 31 December 2020 633 643	Carrying value:		
		44	37
At 31 December 2021 1,295 1,320	At 31 December 2020	633	643
	At 31 December 2021	1,295	1,320

Lease liabilities are presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

	Group		Company	
	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Lease liabilities, current	9,908	9.131	189	134
Lease liabilities, non-current	44,296	42,143	1,131	509
	54,204	51,274	1,320	643

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26. Lease liabilities and right-of-use assets (cont'd)

The leases are for dental and medical clinics and office premises. The lease contracts are usually for fixed periods of 2 to 5 (2020: 2 to 5) years but may have extension options. Lease terms contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

Lease liabilities under operating leases are secured by the right-of-use assets because these will revert to the lessor in the event of default.

The weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities recognised is between 1.68% and 6% (2020: 1.68% and 6%) per annum.

A summary of the maturity analysis of lease liabilities that shows the remaining contractual maturities is disclosed in Note 31E.

The cash outflow for the leases for the year ended 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020 are shown in the statement of cash flows.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if there are changes to in-substance fixed payments. When the lease liability is re-measured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero.

There were no future cash outflows to which the lessee is potentially exposed that are not reflected in the measurement of lease liabilities above.

At reporting year date there were no commitments on leases which had not commenced.

Other disclosures on leases:

Apart from the disclosures made in other notes to the financial statements, amounts relating to leases include the following:

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Group		
Expense relating to short-term leases included in other expenses	345	540

27. Trade and other payables

	Group		Com	npany	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
		(Restated)			
Trade payables:					
Outside parties and accrued liabilities	18,459	13,981	2,936	822	
Subsidiaries (Note 3)	_	_	1,563	948	
Trade payables – subtotal	18,459	13,981	4,499	1,770	
Other payables:					
Deposits received	118	184	_	_	
Amount due to vendors of acquired subsidiaries	1,369	1,453	1,209	1,203	
Amount due to directors of the subsidiaries	835	895	_	_	
Other payables	558	278	147	92	
Dividend payable to non-controlling interest	4,900	_	_	_	
Subsidiaries (Note 3)	_	_	23,681	25,949	
Other payables – subtotal	7,780	2,810	25,037	27,244	
Total trade and other payables	26,239	16,791	29,536	29,014	

28. Other financial liabilities

	Group		<u>Company</u>	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Non-current:				
Bank loans (Note 28A)	80,097	73,563	78,408	71,788
Finance leases (Note 28B)	79	36	_	_
Redeemable preference shares (Note 28D)		1,857		
Non-current, total	80,176	75,456	78,408	71,788
<u>Current:</u>				
Bank loans (Note 28A)	3,371	1,371	3,245	1,246
Finance leases (Note 28B)	21	8	_	_
Bills payable (Note 28C)	160	562	_	_
Current, total	3,552	1,941	3,245	1,246
Total	83,728	77,397	81,653	73,034

28. Other financial liabilities (cont'd)

The non-current portion is repayable as follows:

	Group		<u>Com</u>	pany
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Due within 2 to 5 years	74,590	70,503	74,252	68,234
Due after 5 years	5,586	4,953	4,156	3,554
Total non-current portion	80,176	75,456	78,408	71,788

The range of floating rate interest rates paid were as follows:

	Gro	oup
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	%	%
Development	0.00 6.16	0.02 2.12
Bank loans	0.92 – 6.16	0.92 – 3.12
Bills payable	1.20	1.20

The floating debt instruments are with interest rates that are re-set regularly at one, three or six month intervals. The exposure of the borrowings to interest rate changes and the contractual repricing dates at the end of the reporting years was below six months.

28A. Bank loans

The bank loans are secured or covered by the following:

- First legal assignment at all rights, title and benefits under existing and future tenancy agreements and rental (a) income; and
- (b) Legal mortgage over properties (Note 13).

The fair value (level 2) of the bank loans is a reasonable approximation of the carrying amount as it is a floating rate instrument that is frequently re-priced to market interest rates.

The Company is required to comply with certain financial covenants such as:

- (i) The consolidated shareholders' equity shall not at any time be less than \$60,000,000.
- (ii) The ratio of consolidated net debt to consolidated shareholders' equity shall not at any time exceed 1.75 to 2:1; and
- The ratio of consolidated earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation to consolidated interest (iii) expense shall not at any time be less than 1.75:1.

28. Other financial liabilities (cont'd)

28B. **Finance leases**

The principal shall be repaid in full within 60 months from the drawdown date.

<u>Group</u> 2021	Minimum <u>payments</u> \$'000	Finance <u>charges</u> \$'000	Present <u>value</u> \$'000
Minimum lease payments payable:		(-)	
Due within one year	23	(2)	21
Due within two to five years	87	(8)	79
Total	110	(10)	100
Net book value of plant and equipment under finance leases			42
<u>Group</u> 2020	Minimum <u>payments</u> \$'000	Finance <u>charges</u> \$'000	Present <u>value</u> \$'000
Minimum lease payments payable:			
Due within one year	10	(2)	8
Due within two to five years	43	(7)	36
Total	53	(9)	44
Net book value of plant and equipment under finance leases			53

There are leases for certain of its plant and equipment under finance leases. The average lease term was 5 years (2020: 5 years). The fixed rate of interest for finance leases was 5.70% (2020: 5.70%) per annum. All leases are on a fixed repayment basis and no arrangements were entered into for contingent rental payments. The obligations under finance leases were secured by the lessor's charge over the leased assets.

The fixed interest rate approximates the market interest rate. The carrying amount of the lease liabilities was not significantly different from the fair value (level 2).

The finance leases disclosed above are not included in Note 26 as the finance leases are insignificant.

28C. Bills payable

The bills payables of the subsidiary are secured or covered by the following:

- (i) Facilities Agreement;
- (ii) Corporate guarantee by the Company;
- (iii) Jointly and severally guarantees by certain directors of the subsidiary;
- (iv) Negative pledge;
- (v) Fixed deposit; and
- (vi) Trade Financing General Agreement from the subsidiary.

The bill payables of the Group have maturity period of 90 days (2020: 90 days).

28. Other financial liabilities (cont'd)

28D. Redeemable preference shares

On 23 December 2016, Q & M Aidite International Pte. Ltd. ("QMAI"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, issued 4,794,000 redeemable preference shares at \$1.0968 per share to QPH, a company owned by certain key executives and dentists of the Group, 210,936 redeemable preference shares at \$0.47 per share to Dr Cheah, a key executive of the Group, for cash totalling \$5,360,000. On 15 November 2017, both the Group and Dr Cheah sold 982,728 and 10,930 redeemable preference shares at \$1.9755 per share to All Win, Full Win and Initial Capital. Certain dentists of the Group have interests in these entities.

These redeemable preference shares were issued in 2016 by Q & M Aidite International Pte. Ltd. ("QMAI"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, at a valuation which approximated the fair value of the subsidiary at the date of issue.

Each redeemable preference share in QMAI is equivalent to an ordinary share that QMAI holds in the associate, Aidite Qinhuangdao. During the 6 years commencing from the date of issue, the preference shareholders, have the right to tag-along and redeem their preference shares on a pro-rata basis should the Company redeem its interests in Aidite Qinhuangdao. At the end of 31 December 2022, all these preference shareholders shall be mandatorily and automatically be entitled to receive in exchange the Aidite Qinhuangdao ordinary shares or net proceeds from the sale of these shares. The preference shareholders are not entitled to fixed dividend and do not have the right to vote.

The Group fully disposed its interest in Aidite Qinhuangdao on 11 March 2021. (See Note 15A).

29. Acquisition of businesses and subsidiaries

2020

The Group acquired certain business and assets from Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd. ("ARL"). The Group incorporated Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. ("AD") to hold the business and assets acquired from ARL. This acquisition was completed on 1 November 2021 with the Group holding an equity ownership of 51% in AD. The transaction was accounted for by the acquisition method of accounting.

Management has since finalised the purchase price allocation exercise and identified the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at date of acquisition. Accordingly, as required by the financial reporting standard on business combinations, the comparative figures have been restated retrospectively as follows:

	Provisional <u>fair value</u> \$'000	<u>Fair value</u> \$'000
Goodwill	1,470	2,117
Customer relationship	_	373
Plant and equipment	400	400
Fair value of deemed shares consideration contributed by non-controlling interests	(1,470)	(2,240)
	400	650
Cash consideration		650
Less: Amount payable to vendor of the acquired business		(250)
Net cash outflow from acquisition of business		400

The deemed shares consideration contributed by 49% non-controlling interests at the acquisition date was valued based on enterprise value/earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation of comparable public companies adjusted for illiquidity discount.

29. Acquisition of businesses and subsidiaries (cont'd)

2020 (cont'd)

The goodwill arising on acquisition of the business is attributable to the anticipated profitability of the acquired business.

In connection with the above acquisition, the Group was granted an unconditional option to purchase the non-COVID related business of ARL for \$3 million within the next 18 months from April 2020. The fair value of the option to purchase was assessed to be immaterial as at 31 December 2020.

<u>2021</u>

On 1 November 2021, the associate, Aoxin Q & M acquired 3,000,000 ordinary shares, representing 49% interest in the shareholdings of AD from Dr Ong Siew Hua the non-controlling interest for a consideration of \$29,400,000 which was satisfied by the issuance of 127,272,726 new ordinary shares in the capital of the Aoxin Q & M at \$0.231 per share. Following the issuance of the new shares, the shareholding interest held by the Group in Aoxin Q & M was diluted from 43.38% to 32.95%. Consequentially, the Group's effective interest in its subsidiary, AD increased from 51% to 67.15%.

On 1 November 2021, the Group acquired 100% of the shareholding interest of ARL pursuant to the option agreement dated 22 April 2020 for a purchase consideration of \$3 million. This acquisition was completed with the Group holding an equity ownership of 100% in ARL through AD. The acquisition of ARL was a contractual condition for Aoxin's acquisition of the 49% interest in the shareholdings of AD as set out in the preceding paragraph.

The transaction was accounted for by the acquisition method of accounting.

The fair values of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed shown below are provisional as the hindsight period (of not more than twelve months) allowed by the financial reporting standard on business combinations has not yet expired. A detailed report from an independent professional valuer on the fair values is expected to be available before the end of the next reporting year.

The provisional goodwill arising on acquisition is as follows:

	<u>2021</u> \$'000
Consideration transferred	3,000
Fair value of identifiable net assets recognised	(190)
Goodwill arising on acquisition – provisional	2,810
Cash consideration	3,000
Less: Amount payable to vendor of the acquired business	(150)
Net cash outflow from acquisition of business	2,850

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29. Acquisition of businesses and subsidiaries (cont'd)

2021 (cont'd)

	Acquiree's carr	<u>ying amounts</u>
I	Pre-acquisition	
	book value	Provisional
	<u>under SFRS(I)</u>	<u>fair values</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Plant and equipment	118	118
Intangible assets	88	88
Trade and other receivables	160	160
Cash and cash equivalents	149	149
Trade and other payables	(325)	(325)
Net identifiable assets	190	190

The goodwill arising on acquisition of the subsidiary is attributable to the anticipated profitability of the acquired subsidiary.

The contribution from the acquired subsidiary for the period between the date of acquisition and the statement of financial position date was as follows:

	From date of
	acquisition
Group	<u>in 2021</u>
	\$'000
Revenue	_
Loss before tax	(56)

30. Operating lease income commitments - as lessor

A maturity analysis of the undiscounted lease amounts to be received on an annual basis for a minimum of each of the first five years and the total amounts for the remaining years is as follows:

	Group		
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	
	\$'000	\$'000	
	401	FOF	
Not later than one year	401	505	
Between 2 and 5 years	477	737	
Total	878	1,242	
Rental income for the year (Note 5)	540	471	

Operating lease income commitments are for certain clinics. The lease rental income terms are negotiated for a range of term from 2 to 5 years (2020: 2 to 5 years) and rentals are not subject to any escalation clause. There are certain operating leases for the rental of certain dental premises with no commitment terms.

As the lessor, the Group manages the risk associated with any rights it retains in the underlying assets by having insurance coverage to reduce that risk.

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31. Financial instruments: information on financial risks

31A. Categories of financial assets and liabilities

The following table categorises the carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities recorded at the end of the reporting year:

	Group		Com	pany
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at amortised cost	77,835	68,161	94,468	101,633
At end of the year	77,835	68,161	94,468	101,633
Financial liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	164,171	145,462	112,509	102,691
At end of the year	164,171	145,462	112,509	102,691

Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

31B. Financial risk management

The main purpose for holding or issuing financial instruments is to raise and manage the finances for the entity's operating, investing and financing activities. There are exposures to the financial risks on the financial instruments such as credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk comprising interest rate and currency risk exposures. Management has certain practices for the management of financial risks. The guidelines set up the short and long term objectives and action to be taken in order to manage the financial risks. The guidelines include the following:

- 1. Minimise interest rate, currency and market risks for all kinds of transactions.
- 2. Maximise the use of "natural hedge": favouring as much as possible the natural off-setting of sales and costs and payables and receivables denominated in the same currency and therefore put in place hedging strategies only for the excess balance (if necessary). The same strategy is pursued with regard to interest rate risk.
- 3. All financial risk management activities are carried out and monitored by senior management staff.
- 4. All financial risk management activities are carried out following acceptable market practices.

There have been no changes to the exposure to risk; the objectives, policies and processes for managing the risk and the methods used to measure the risk.

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31. Financial instruments: information on financial risks

31C. Fair values of financial instruments

The analyses of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 are disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements. These include both the significant financial instruments stated at amortised cost and at fair value in the statement of financial position. The carrying values of current financial instruments approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments and the disclosures of fair value are not made when the carrying amount of current financial instruments is a reasonable approximation of the fair value.

Financial assets that are potentially subject to concentrations of credit risk and failures by counterparties to discharge their obligations in full or in a timely manner. These arise principally from cash balances with banks, cash equivalents and receivables. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the total of the fair value of the financial assets at the end of the reporting year. Credit risk on cash balances with banks and any other financial instruments is limited because the counter-parties are entities with acceptable credit ratings. For expected credit losses (ECL) on financial assets, the three-stage approach in the financial reporting standard on financial instruments is used to measure the impairment allowance. Under this approach the financial assets move through the three stages as their credit quality changes. However, a simplified approach is permitted by the financial reporting standards on financial instruments for financial assets that do not have a significant financing component, such as trade receivables. On initial recognition, a day-1 loss is recorded equal to the 12 month ECL (or lifetime ECL for trade receivables), unless the assets are considered credit impaired. For credit risk on trade receivables an ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of the debtors and an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. Reviews and assessments of credit exposures in excess of designated limits are made. Renewals and reviews of credits limits are subject to the same review process.

Cash and cash equivalents are also subject to the impairment requirements of the standard on financial instruments. There was no identified impairment loss.

31. Financial instruments: information on financial risks (cont'd)

31E. Liquidity risk – financial liabilities maturity analysis

The liquidity risk refers to the difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. It is expected that all the liabilities will be settled at their contractual maturity. The average credit period taken to settle trade payables is about 60 days (2020: 60 days). The other payables are with short-term durations. The classification of the financial assets is shown in the statement of financial position as they may be available to meet liquidity needs and no further analysis is deemed necessary.

The following table analyses the non-derivative financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturity (contractual and undiscounted cash flows):

Non-derivative financial liabilities:	Less than <u>1 year</u> \$'000	2 to 5 <u>years</u> \$'000	Over 5 <u>years</u> \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
<u>Group</u> <u>2021</u> :				
Trade and other payables	26,239	_	_	26,239
Gross borrowings commitments	4,777	78,794	6,000	89,571
Gross lease liabilities	12,119	37,095	8,178	57,392
At end of the year	43,135	115,889	14,178	173,202
<u>2020:</u>				
Trade and other payables	16,791	_	_	16,791
Gross borrowings commitments	4,288	74,245	5,633	84,166
Gross lease liabilities	10,476	33,438	12,204	56,118
At end of the year	31,555	107,683	17,837	157,075
Company				
<u>Company</u> <u>2021</u> :				
Trade and other payables	29,536	_	_	29,536
Gross borrowings commitments	4,537	78,602	4,502	87,641
Gross lease liabilities	153	645	560	1,358
At end of the year	34,226	79,247	5,062	118,535
<u>2020:</u>				
Trade and other payables	29,014	_	_	29,014
Gross borrowings commitments	3,591	71,904	4,129	79,624
Gross lease liabilities	153	581		734
At end of the year	32,758	72,485	4,129	109,372

The above amounts disclosed in the maturity analysis are the contractual undiscounted cash flows and such undiscounted cash flows differ from the amount included in the statement of financial position. When the counterparty has a choice of when an amount is paid, the liability is included on the basis of the earliest date on which it can be required to pay.

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31. Financial instruments: information on financial risks (cont'd)

31E. Liquidity risk – financial liabilities maturity analysis (cont'd)

Financial guarantee contracts - For issued financial guarantee contracts the maximum amount of the guarantee is allocated to the earliest period in which the guarantee could be called. At the end of the reporting year, no claims on the financial guarantees are expected to be payable. The following table shows the maturity analysis of the contingent liabilities from financial guarantees:

Company 2021		Less than <u>1 year</u> \$'000
Financial guarantee in favour of a subsidiary – given by Company (Note 3) At end of the year		2,555 2,555
<u>2020</u> Financial guarantee in favour of a subsidiary – given by Company (Note 3) At end of the year		2,563 2,563
Bank facilities:		
	Gro	oup
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Unutilised bank overdraft	1,500	500
Unutilised credit facilities / foreign exchange	27,082	26,607
Unutilised fixed advance facilities	2,000	_
Unutilised money market loan	20,000	20,000
Unutilised interest rate swap facilities	60,000	60,000
Unutilised multicurrency medium term note	500,000	500,000
Unutilised revolving credit facilities	8,000	8,000

The undrawn borrowing facilities are available for operating activities and to settle other commitments. Borrowing facilities are maintained to ensure funds are available for the operations. A schedule showing the maturity of financial liabilities and unused bank facilities is provided regularly to management to assist in monitoring the liquidity risk.

31. Financial instruments: information on financial risks (cont'd)

31F. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments recognised in the statement of financial position and on some financial instruments not recognised in the statement of financial position. The following table analyses the breakdown of the significant financial instruments by type of interest rate:

	Group		Com	pany
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets with interest:				
Fixed rates	238	412	78	230
Floating rates	2,284	5,151	88	1,291
Total at end of the year	2,522	5,563	166	1,521
Financial liabilities with interest:				
Fixed rates	54,304	51,318	1,320	643
Floating rates	83,664	75,496	81,653	73,034
Total at end of the year	137,968	126,814	82,973	73,677

The floating rate debt instruments are with interest rates that are re-set at regular intervals. The interest rates are disclosed in the respective notes.

Sensitivity analysis: The effect on post tax profit is not significant.

31G. Foreign currency risks

Foreign exchange risk arises on financial instruments that are denominated in a foreign currency, i.e. in a currency other than the functional currency in which they are measured. For the purpose of this financial reporting standard on financial instruments: disclosures, currency risk does not arise from financial instruments that are non-monetary items or from financial instruments denominated in the functional currency.

There is exposure to foreign currency risk as part of its normal business.

Sensitivity analysis: The effect on post tax profit is not significant.

32. Items in profit or loss

In addition to the charges and credits disclosed elsewhere in the notes to the financial statements, this item includes the following expenses:

	Gro	oup
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
	\$'000	\$'000
Audit fees to the independent auditor of the Company	401	373
Audit fees to the other independent auditor	31	32
Other fees to the independent auditor of the Company	17	5

33. Events after the end of the reporting year

On 8 March 2022, Aoxin Q & M issued 2,441,000 new ordinary shares of no par value in the capital at an issue price of \$\$0.20 per share to one of the principal dentists. These options, which vested on 20 January 2021, were granted to the dentist on 20 January 2020. The new shares are held by Honour Pte. Ltd. in trust for the dentist in accordance with PRC legal requirement. Following the issuance of these new shares, the Group's interest in Aoxin Q & M will be diluted from 32.95% (see Note 15 (viii)) to 32.79%.

34. Changes and adoption of financial reporting standards

For the current reporting year new or revised financial reporting standards were issued by the Singapore Accounting Standards Council. Those applicable to the reporting entity are listed below. Those applicable new or revised standards did not require any significant modification of the measurement methods or the presentation in the financial statements

SFRS(I) No. Title

SFRS(I) 16 Covid-19 Related Rent Concessions - Amendment to (effective from 30 June 2020)

35. New or amended standards in issue but not yet effective

For the future reporting years certain new or revised financial reporting standards were issued by the Singapore Accounting Standards Council and these will only be effective for future reporting years. Those applicable to the reporting entity for future reporting years are listed below. The transfer to the applicable new or revised standards from the effective dates is not expected to result in any significant modification of the measurement methods or the presentation in the financial statements for the following year from the known or reasonably estimable information relevant to assessing the possible impact that application of the new or revised standards may have on the entity's financial statements in the period of initial application.

SFRS(I) No.	Title	Effective date for periods beginning <u>on or after</u>
SFRS(I) 1-1	Presentation of Financial Statements – amendment relating to Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
SFRS(I) 1-12, SFRS(I) 1	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction – Amendments to	1 January 2023
SFRS(I) 1-16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use – Amendments	1 January 2022
SFRS(I) 1-37	Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract – Amendments	1 January 2022
SFRS(I) 3	Definition of a Business - Reference to the Conceptual Framework – Amendments	1 January 2022
SFRS (I) 1-8	Definition of Accounting Estimates - Amendments to	1 January 2023
Various	Amendments to SFRS (I) 1-1 and SFRS (I) Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Various	Annual Improvements to FRSs 2018-2020	1 January 2022

36. Reclassifications and restatement of comparative figures

Certain reclassifications and restatements were made in the balances in the financial statements for last year. The material changes in the balances included the following:

Consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020:

		<u>Group</u>	
	After	Before	
	<u>restatement</u>	<u>restatement</u>	<u>Difference</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Goodwill	53,791	53,144	647
Intangible assets	2,814	2,441	373
Trade and other payables	(16,791)	(16,541)	(250)
Non-controlling interests	(3,615)	(2,845)	(770)

Restatement has been made to recognise intangible assets, trade and other payables and non-controlling interest for the reporting year ended 31 December 2020 following the finalisation of the purchase price allocation exercise in relation to the Group's acquisition in 2020 of Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. to restate the identified assets and liabilities at fair value.

Apart from these disclosures of the restatement, the balances and notes are not impacted by the restatements.

STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

SHARE CAPITAL

Class of shares Number of issued and paid-up shares (excluding treasury shares)	:	Ordinary Shares 939,442,940
Voting rights	:	One vote per ordinary share
Number of treasury shares	:	26,422,407
Number of subsidiary holdings held	:	NIL
% of treasury shares to total number of issued shares	:	2.813%
(excluding treasury shares)		

SHAREHOLDING HELD IN THE HANDS OF PUBLIC

Based on information available to the Company as at 15 March 2022, approximately 36.20% of the Company's issued ordinary shares (excluding treasury shares) were held by the public, and Rule 723 of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, is complied with.

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

Size of Shareholdings	No. of <u>Shareholders</u>	<u>%</u>	No. of <u>Shares</u>	<u>%</u>
1 - 99	27	0.52	530	0.00
100 - 1,000	182	3.53	92,730	0.01
1,001 - 10,000	1,908	36.97	10,769,740	1.15
10,001 - 1,000,000	3,002	58.17	140,525,771	14.96
1,000,001 and above	42	0.81	788,054,169	83.88
Total:	5,161	100.00	939,442,940	100.00

*Excluding Treasury Shares as at 15 March 2022 - 26,422,407 shares

LIST OF 20 LARGEST REGISTERED SHAREHOLDERS

<u>No.</u>	Name	No. of Shares	<u>%</u>
1	QUAN MIN HOLDINGS PTE LTD	127,408,969	13.56
2	RAFFLES NOMINEES (PTE) LIMITED	124,537,839	13.26
3	DBS NOMINEES PTE LTD	95,960,618	10.21
4	OCBC SECURITIES PRIVATE LTD	76,436,280	8.14
5	CITIBANK NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD	74,793,678	7.96
6	KGI SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD	51,321,640	5.46
7	SING INVESTMENTS & FINANCE NOMINEES (PTE) LTD	42,840,000	4.56
8	PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD	40,259,633	4.29
9	RHB BANK NOMINEES PTE LTD	23,280,000	2.48
10	QUAN MIN PLUS PTE LTD	17,280,000	1.84
11	CHAN PUI KEE	16,269,643	1.73
12	lai ming chun @ lai poh lin	8,400,000	0.89
13	IFAST FINANCIAL PTE LTD	8,316,720	0.89
14	LIM KUO KAE	7,114,700	0.76
15	PRECISE DEVELOPMENT PTE LTD	6,114,920	0.65
16	NG CHIN SIAU	5,528,900	0.59
17	MAYBANK SECURITIES PTE. LTD.	5,319,800	0.57
18	UNITED OVERSEAS BANK NOMINEES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	5,164,560	0.55
19	CHOW JOO MING	5,000,000	0.53
20	OCBC NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD	4,727,080	0.50
	Total:	746,074,980	79.42

Note:

%: Based on 939,442,940 shares (excluding shares held as treasury shares) as at 15 March 2022

*Treasury Shares as at 15 March 2022 - 26,422,407 shares

STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 15 MARCH 2022

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

<u>No.</u>	Name	No. of shares held <u>as Direct</u>	<u>%</u> (1)	No. of shares held <u>as Deemed</u>	<u>%</u> (1)
1	Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd. ⁽²⁾	502,505,889 ⁽³⁾	53.49	-	-
2	Dr Ng Chin Siau	5,528,900	0.59	502,627,089 ⁽⁴⁾	53.50
3	Heritas Helios Investments Pte. Ltd. ⁽⁵⁾	64,164,038	6.83	-	-
4	IMC Heritas Investments Ltd. ⁽⁶⁾	-	-	64,164,038	6.83
5	IMC Pan Asia Alliance Corporation ⁽⁷⁾	-	-	64,164,038	6.83
6	Heritas Capital Management Pte. Ltd. ⁽⁸⁾	-	-	64,164,038	6.83

Notes:

- The percentage shareholding interest is computed based on 939,442,940 shares (excluding treasury shares). (1)
- Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd. is an investment holding company incorporated in Singapore and is the Company's ultimate parent (2) company.
- (3) 375,096,920 shares are held in the name of various nominees.
- (4) Dr Ng Chin Siau is deemed to have interest in the Shares held by (i) Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd. by virtue of his 43.91% direct shareholding in Quan Min Holdings Pte. Ltd; and (ii) his spouse's, Foo Siew Jiuan, 121,200 ordinary shares.
- (5) The entire shares are held in the name of Citibank Nominees Singapore Pte. Ltd.
- IMC Heritas Investments Ltd. is the owner of the entire share capital of Heritas Helios Investments Pte. Ltd. (6)
- (7) IMC Pan Asia Alliance Corporation is the owner of the entire share capital of IMC Heritas Investments Ltd., which is in turn the owner of the entire share capital of Heritas Helios Investments Pte. Ltd.
- (8) Heritas Capital Management Pte. Ltd. is the discretionary investment manager of Heritas Helios Investments Pte. Ltd.

This Notice has been made available on the SGXNET and the Company's website and may be accessed at <u>https://qandm-dental.listedcompany.com/</u>. A printed copy of this Notice will NOT be despatched to members.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual general meeting of Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited (the "**Company**") will be held by way of electronic means on Friday, 29 April 2022 at 4.30 p.m. (the "**AGM**" or "**Meeting**") to transact the following businesses:

ORDINARY BUSINESS

1.	To receive and adopt the directors' statement and audited financial statements of the Company (Resolution for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 together with the auditor's report thereon.	
2.	To approve the sum of S\$246,000/- to be paid to all independent directors as directors' fees for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 [2020: S\$246,000/-].	(Resolution 2)
3.	To approve the sum of S\$73,800/- to be paid to all independent directors as special directors' fees for the financial year ended 31 December 2021.	(Resolution 3)
4.	To re-elect Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry, retiring pursuant to article 104 of the Company's constitution (the " Constitution ").	(Resolution 4)
	[see Explanatory Note (i)]	
5.	To re-elect Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond, retiring pursuant to article 104 of the Constitution. [see Explanatory Note (ii)]	(Resolution 5)
6.	To re-appoint Messrs RSM Chio Lim LLP as auditors of the Company and to authorise the directors of the Company to fix their remuneration.	(Resolution 6)
SPEC	IAL BUSINESS	
То со	nsider and, if thought fit, to pass the following ordinary resolutions with or without modifications:	
7.	Approval for Continued Appointment of Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry as Independent Director by Members	(Resolution 7)
	That, contingent upon the passing of ordinary resolutions 4 and 8 herein, the members	

That, contingent upon the passing of ordinary resolutions 4 and 8 herein, the members do hereby approve the continued appointment of Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry as an independent director of the Company, for purposes of rule 210(5)(d)(iii) of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST") (the "Mainboard Rules") ("Rule 210(5)(d) (iii)") and that the authority conferred by this resolution shall continue in force until the earlier of the following:

- (i) the retirement or resignation of Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry as a director of the Company; or
- (ii) the conclusion of the third annual general meeting of the Company following the passing of this resolution.

[see Explanatory Note (iii)]

SPECIAL BUSINESS (Cont'd)

8.		roval for Continued Appointment of Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry as Independent Director Aembers (excluding directors, chief executive officer, and their associates)	(Resolution 8)
	(excl asso inde	, contingent upon the passing of ordinary resolutions 4 and 7 herein, the members uding the directors of the Company, chief executive officer of the Company, and their ciates) do hereby approve the continued appointment of Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry as an pendent director of the Company, for purposes of Rule 210(5)(d)(iii) and that the authority erred by this resolution shall continue in force until the earlier of the following:	
	(i)	the retirement or resignation of Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry as a director of the Company; or	
	(ii)	the conclusion of the third annual general meeting of the Company following the passing of this resolution.	
		[see Explanatory Note (iii)]	
9.		roval for Continued Appointment of Prof Toh Chooi Gait as Independent Director by nbers	(Resolution 9)
	appr Corr	, contingent upon the passing of ordinary resolution 10 herein, the members do hereby ove the continued appointment of Prof Toh Chooi Gait as an independent director of the apany, for purposes of Rule 210(5)(d)(iii) and that the authority conferred by this resolution continue in force until the earlier of the following:	
	(i)	the retirement or resignation of Prof Toh Chooi Gait as a director of the Company; or	
	(ii)	the conclusion of the third annual general meeting of the Company following the passing of this resolution.	
		[see Explanatory Note (iii)]	
10.		roval for Continued Appointment of Prof Toh Chooi Gait as Independent Director by nbers (excluding directors, chief executive officer, and their associates)	(Resolution 10)
	direc appr Com	, contingent upon the passing of ordinary resolution 9 herein, the members (excluding the tors of the Company, chief executive officer of the Company, and their associates) do hereby ove the continued appointment of Prof Toh Chooi Gait as an independent director of the apany, for purposes of Rule 210(5)(d)(iii) and that the authority conferred by this resolution continue in force until the earlier of the following:	
	(i)	the retirement or resignation of Prof Toh Chooi Gait as a director of the Company; or	

(ii) the conclusion of the third annual general meeting of the Company following the passing of this resolution.

[see Explanatory Note (iii)]

SPECIAL BUSINESS (Cont'd)

11. Authority to Issue and Allot Shares

(Resolution 11)

- (a) That pursuant to section 161 of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore (the "Act") and the Mainboard Rules, approval be and is hereby given to the directors of the Company at any time to such persons and upon such terms and for such purposes as the directors of the Company may in their absolute discretion deem fit, to:
 - issue shares in the capital of the Company whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise;
 - make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "Instruments") that might or would require shares to be issued or other transferable rights to subscribe for or purchase shares including but not limited to the creation and issue of warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible into shares;
 - (iii) issue additional Instruments arising from adjustments made to the number of Instruments previously issued in the event of rights, bonus or capitalisation issues; and
- (b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by the shareholders may have ceased to be in force) issue shares in pursuance of any Instruments made or granted by the directors of the Company while the authority was in force, provided always that:
 - (i) the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to this resolution (including shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this resolution) does not exceed 50% of the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, of which the aggregate number of shares (including shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this resolution) to be issued other than on a pro-rata basis to shareholders of the Company does not exceed 20% of the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings. Unless prior shareholders' approval is required under the Mainboard Rules, an issue of treasury shares will not require further shareholders' approval and will not be included in the aforementioned limits;

For the purpose of this resolution, the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings is based on the Company's total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings at the time this resolution is passed, after adjusting for:

- (aa) new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of convertible securities;
- (bb) new shares arising from exercising share options or vesting of share awards, provided the options or awards were granted in compliance with Part VIII of Chapter 8 of the Mainboard Rules; and
- (cc) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of shares;

Adjustments in accordance with the abovementioned (aa) or (bb) are only to be made in respect of new shares arising from convertible securities, share options or share awards which were issued and outstanding or subsisting at the time of the passing of this resolution.

SPECIAL BUSINESS (Cont'd)

- (ii) in exercising the authority conferred by this resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Mainboard Rules for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST), and all applicable legal requirements under the Act and the Constitution for the time being of the Company;
- (iii) the authority conferred by this resolution shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting or the date by which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier.

[see Explanatory Note (iv)]

12. Proposed Renewal of Share Buy-Back Mandate

- (a) That for the purposes of sections 76C and 76E of the Act and such other laws and regulations as may for the time being be applicable, the directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to exercise all the powers of the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire issued ordinary shares in the share capital of the Company ("Shares") not exceeding in aggregate the Prescribed Limit (as hereafter defined), at such price(s) as may be determined by the directors of the Company from time to time up to the Maximum Price (as hereafter defined), whether by way of:
 - (i) on-market purchases (each an "On-Market Share Purchase") transacted on the SGX-ST through the SGX-ST's ready market trading system or, as the case may be, any stock exchange on which the Shares may for the time being be listed and quoted, through one or more duly licensed stockbrokers appointed by the Company for the purpose; and/or
 - (ii) off-market purchases (each an "Off-Market Share Purchase") (if affected otherwise than on the SGX-ST) in accordance with an equal access scheme(s) as may be determined or formulated by the directors of the Company as they may consider fit, which scheme(s) shall satisfy all the conditions prescribed by the Act and the Mainboard Rules;

(the "Share Buy-Back Mandate");

- (b) any Shares that are purchased or otherwise acquired by the Company pursuant to the Share Buy-Back Mandate shall, at the discretion of the directors of the Company, either be cancelled or held in treasury and dealt with in accordance with the Act;
- (c) unless varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting, the authority conferred on the directors of the Company pursuant to the Share Buy-Back Mandate may be exercised by the directors of the Company at any time and from time to time during the period commencing from the passing of this resolution and expiring on the earliest of:
 - the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company or the date on which the next annual general meeting of the Company is held or required by law to be held;
 - (ii) the date on which the buy-back of the Shares are carried out to the full extent mandated; or
 - (iii) the date on which the authority contained in the Share Buy-Back Mandate is varied or revoked;

(Resolution 12)

SPECIAL BUSINESS (Cont'd)

(d) in this resolution:

"Average Closing Price" means the average of the closing market prices of a Share over the last five (5) Market Days, on which transactions in the Shares were recorded immediately preceding the date of making the On-Market Share Purchase by the Company or, as the case may be, the day of the making of an offer pursuant to the Off-Market Share Purchase, and deemed to be adjusted for any corporate action that occurs during the relevant five (5) day period and the day on which the purchases were made;

"day of the making of the offer" means the day on which the Company announces its intention to make an offer for the purchase of Shares from the shareholders of the Company, stating the purchase price (which shall not be more than the Maximum Price calculated on the foregoing basis) for each Share and the relevant terms of the equal access scheme for effecting the Off-Market Share Purchase;

"Market Day" means a day on which the SGX-ST is open for trading in securities;

"**Maximum Price**" in relation to a Share to be purchased, means an amount per Share (excluding brokerage, stamp duties, applicable goods and services tax and other related expenses) not exceeding:

- (i) in the case of an On-Market Share Purchase, 105% of the Average Closing Price; or
- (ii) in the case of an Off-Market Share Purchase, 120% of the Average Closing Price;

in either case, excluding related expenses of the purchase or acquisition of Shares by the Company pursuant to the Share Buy-Back Mandate;

"**Prescribed Limit**" means 10% of the total number of Shares as at the date of passing of this resolution unless the Company has effected a reduction of the share capital of the Company in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act, at any time during the Relevant Period, in which event the issued ordinary share capital of the Company shall be taken to be the issued ordinary share capital of the Company as altered (excluding any subsidiary holdings and treasury shares that may be held by the Company from time to time); and

"**Relevant Period**" means the period commencing from the date on which this resolution is passed and expiring on the date the next annual general meeting of the Company is held or is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier; and

(e) the directors of the Company and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including without limitation, executing such documents as may be required) as they may consider desirable, expedient or necessary to give effect to the transactions contemplated by this resolution.

[see Explanatory Note (v)]

OTHER BUSINESS

13. To transact any other ordinary business which may be properly be transacted at an annual general meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Dr Ng Chin Siau Group Chief Executive Officer

14 April 2022

Explanatory Notes:

(i) Ordinary Resolution 4

Subject to his re-election and the passing of ordinary resolutions 7 and 8, Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry will remain as an independent non-executive director, the Chairman of Audit Committee, and a member of Nominating and Remuneration Committees. He is considered independent for the purpose of rule 704(8) of the Mainboard Rules.

Detailed information on Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry can be found in the "**Board of Directors**", "**Directors' Statement**" and "**Report on Corporate Governance**" sections of the Company's Annual Report 2021.

(ii) Ordinary Resolution 5

Subject to his re-election, Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond will remain as a non-independent executive director and the Chief Operating Officer.

Detailed information on Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond can be found in the "**Board of Directors**", "**Directors' Statement**" and "**Report on Corporate Governance**" sections of the Company's Annual Report 2021.

(iii) Ordinary Resolutions 7 to 10

The proposed ordinary resolutions 7 to 10 are to seek approval from the members via a two-tier voting process for Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry and Prof Toh Chooi Gait to continue in office as independent directors of the Company pursuant to Rule 210(5)(d)(iii). Subject to the passing of these resolutions, they will continue to serve as independent directors of the Company, until the earlier of their respective retirement or resignation, or the conclusion of the third annual general meeting of the Company following the passing of these resolutions. In the event that the resolutions are not passed, Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry will be re-designated as a non-independent non-executive director; while Prof Toh Chooi Gait will continue to serve as an independent director until the earlier of her retirement or resignation, or 24 June 2022.

The Board seeks to strike an appropriate balance between tenure of service, continuity of experience and refreshment of the Board. Such refreshment process of the Board will take some time and cannot happen overnight in order to maintain stability to the Board. Furthermore, the Company benefits from such directors who have, over time, gained valuable insights into the Group, its market and the industry.

The NC and the Board have determined that Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry and Prof Toh Chooi Gait remain objective and independent-minded in Board deliberations. Their vast experience enables them to provide the Board and the various Board Committees on which they serve, with pertinent experience and competence to facilitate sound decision-making and that their length of service does not in any way interfere with their exercise of independent judgement nor hinder their ability to act in the best interests of the Company. Additionally, they fulfil the definition of independent directors of the Mainboard Rules and the Code of Corporate Governance 2018. More importantly, the Board trust that they are able to continue to discharge their duties independently with integrity and competency.

(iv) Ordinary Resolution 11

The ordinary resolution 11 proposed above, if passed, will empower the directors of the Company, effective until conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company, or the date by which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held or such authority is varied or revoked by the Company in a general meeting, whichever is the earlier, to issue and allot Shares, make or grant Instruments and to issue Shares pursuant to such Instruments, without seeking any further approval from shareholders in general meeting but within the limitation imposed by this resolution, for such purposes as the directors of the Company may consider would be in the best interests of the Company. The aggregate number of Shares (including Shares to be made in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this resolution) to be issued and allotted would not exceed 50% of the total number of Shares (including Shares to be made in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this resolution) to be issued and allotted would not exceed 50% of the total number of Shares (including Shares to be made in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this resolution) other than on a pro-rata basis to all shareholders shall not exceed 20% of the total number of issued Shares (excluding the time of passing of this resolution) at the time of passing of this resolution) at the time of passing of this resolution is the time of passing of this resolution.

(v) Ordinary Resolution 12

The ordinary resolution 12 proposed above, if passed, will renew the Share Buy-Back Mandate authorising the directors of the Company to buy back shares of the Company by way of on-market purchase(s) and/or off-market purchase(s) according to the rules and regulations prescribed by the Act and the Mainboard Rules. Further details are set out in the attached circular to shareholders dated 14 April 2022 in relation to the Proposed Renewal of the Share Buy-Back Mandate.

Important Notes:

Participation in the AGM via live webcast or live audio-only stream

In view of the ongoing COVID-19 situation, the AGM is being convened, and will be held by way of electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. The following steps will be taken:

- (a) the Company will provide for the AGM to be shown by live webcast and live audio-only stream;
- (b) shareholders who wish to participate in the AGM via live webcast or live audio-only stream must register their details including full name, NRIC/Passport/Company Registration No., mobile number, email and address on the Company's AGM pre-registration website at <u>https://qandm-dentalagm.listedcompany.com/agm-2022</u> from **10.00 a.m on Thursday, 14 April 2022 to 4.30 p.m. on Tuesday, 26 April 2022** ("Registration Deadline") for the Company to verify their status as shareholders;
- (c) verified shareholders will receive an email by **Wednesday, 27 April 2022** containing instructions to access the live webcast or live audio-only stream. Shareholders must not forward the link or their log-in details to third persons who are not shareholders and who are not entitled to attend the AGM proceedings;
- (d) shareholders who do not receive an email by **Wednesday, 27 April 2022** but have registered before the Registration Deadline should email to: <u>agm@qnm.sg</u> for assistance;
- (e) shareholders who have any questions in relation to any agenda item of this notice, may send their queries to the Company in advance, by **Thursday, 21 April 2022**, via email to <u>agm@qnm.sg</u> or post to 2 Clementi Loop, #04-01, Logis Hub @ Clementi, Singapore 129809. The Company will not be addressing any questions raised by the shareholders during the live webcast and live audio-only stream; and
- (f) the Company will upload the Company's responses to substantial and relevant queries from shareholders on the SGXNET and the Company's website at least 48 hours prior to the closing date and time for the lodgement of the proxy forms. The Chairman of the Meeting will also read out the Company's response to these queries during the AGM.

Voting by proxy

A shareholder will not be able to vote through the live webcast and live audio-only stream and voting is only through submission of proxy form. If a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the AGM, he/she/it must appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM. In appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in the proxy form, failing which the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as invalid.

The accompanying proxy form for the AGM may be accessed from the Company's website at <u>https://qandm-dental.</u> <u>listedcompany.com/</u> and the SGX website at <u>https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements</u>.

The instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy must be:

- (a) deposited at the office of the Company's share registrar, Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services, at 80 Robinson Road, #11-02, Singapore 068898; or
- (b) emailed to: sg.is.proxy@sg.tricorglobal.com,

by **4.30 p.m. on Wednesday, 27 April 2022**, being not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM. Any incomplete/improperly completed proxy form (including proxy form which is not appointing "Chairman of the Meeting" as proxy) will be rejected by the Company.

In view of the current COVID-19 situation and the related precautionary measures which may make it difficult for members to submit completed proxy forms by post, members are strongly encouraged to submit the completed proxy forms electronically via email.

For CPF or SRS investors who wish to appoint the Chairman of the AGM as their proxy, they should approach their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their votes at least seven (7) working days before the AGM, i.e. by 5.00 p.m. on Wednesday, 20 April 2022.

Annual Report and other documents

The Company's Annual Report 2021 dated 14 April 2022 has been published and can be accessed from the SGX website at <u>www.sgx.com</u> and the Company's website at <u>https://qandm-dental.listedcompany.com/</u>. No printed copy will be sent to members.

Personal Data Privacy:

By submitting a proxy form appointing proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend, speak and vote at the AGM and/or any adjournment thereof, a shareholder of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the shareholder's personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the purpose of the processing and administration by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of proxies and representatives appointed for the AGM (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "**Purposes**"), (ii) warrants that where the shareholder discloses the personal data of the shareholder's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents or service), the shareholder has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of service providers) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the purposes, and (iii) agrees that the shareholder will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the shareholder's breach of warranty.

Q & M DENTAL GROUP (SINGAPORE) LIMITED

(Registration No.: 200800507R)

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore)

IMPORTANT:

- 1. The annual general meeting of Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited (the "Company") ("AGM" or the "Meeting") is being convened, and will be held, by electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. Alternative arrangements relating to, among others, attendance, submission of questions in advance and/or voting by proxy at the AGM are set out in the notice of AGM dated 14 April 2022 which has been uploaded on the SGXNet and the Company's website on the same day.
- 2. A shareholder will not be able to attend the AGM in person. If a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the AGM, he/she/it must appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM. In appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in the form of proxy, failing which the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.
- 3. For CPF or SRS investors who wish to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as their proxy should approach their respective CPF agent banks or SRS operators to submit their votes at least seven (7) working days before the AGM i.e. by 5.00 p.m. on Wednesday, 20 April 2022.
- 4. Please read the notes overleaf which contain instructions on, inter alia, the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as a shareholder's proxy to vote on his/her/ its behalf at the AGM.

This form of proxy has been made available on the SGXNet and the Company's website and may be accessed at the URLs <u>https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements</u> and <u>https://qandm-dental.listedcompany.com/</u>. A printed copy of this proxy form will NOT be despatched to shareholders.

*I/We

_____ (Name) *(NRIC/Passport /Co. Registration No.)____

of _

(Address)

being *shareholder/shareholders of the Company, hereby appoint Chairman of the Meeting, as *my/our proxy to vote for *me/ us on *my/our behalf at the AGM to be held by way of electronic means via live webcast and live audio-only stream on **Friday**, **29 April 2022 at 4.30 p.m.** and at any adjournment thereof.

(*Voting will be conducted by poll. If you wish the Chairman of the Meeting as your proxy to cast all your votes for or against a resolution to be proposed at the AGM, please indicate with a " $\sqrt{}$ " in the space provided under "For" or "Against". If you wish the Chairman of the Meeting as your proxy to abstain from voting on a resolution to be proposed at the AGM, please indicate with a " $\sqrt{}$ " in the space provided under "AGM, please indicate with a " $\sqrt{}$ " in the space provided under "AGM, please indicate with a " $\sqrt{}$ " in the space provided under "Abstain". Alternatively, please indicate the number of shares that the Chairman of the Meeting as your proxy is directed to vote "For" or "Against" or to abstain from voting. In the absence of specific directions, the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as your proxy will be treated as invalid.)

No.	Resolutions	For#	Against [#]	Abstain [#]
ORD	INARY BUSINESS			
1.	Adoption of directors' statement and audited financial statements			
2.	Approval of the sum of S\$246,000/- to be paid to all independent directors as directors' fees for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 [2020: S\$246,000/-]			
3.	Approval of the sum of S\$73,800/- to be paid to all independent directors as special directors' fees for the financial year ended 31 December 2021			
4.	Re-election of Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry as director			
5.	Re-election of Dr Ang Ee Peng Raymond as director			
6.	Re-appointment of Messrs RSM Chio Lim LLP as auditors and to authorise the directors to fix their remuneration			
SPEC	CIAL BUSINESS			
7.	Approval for continued appointment of Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry as independent director by members			
8.	Approval for continued appointment of Mr Ng Weng Sui Harry as independent director by members (excluding directors, chief executive officer, and their associates)			
9.	Approval for continued appointment of Prof Toh Chooi Gait as independent director by members			
10.	Approval for continued appointment of Prof Toh Chooi Gait as independent director by members (excluding directors, chief executive officer, and their associates)			
11.	Authority to directors to issue and allot shares			
12.	Approval for renewal of Share Buy-Back Mandate			

* Delete accordingly

Dated this _____ day of _____ 2022.

Total No. of Shares held in			
CDP Register			
Register of Members			

Signature(s) of shareholders(s)/Common Seal

IMPORTANT: Please Read Notes for this Proxy Form

Notes:

- 1. Please insert the total number of shares held by you. If you have shares entered against your name in the Depository Register (maintained by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited), you should insert that number of shares. If you have shares registered in your name in the Register of Members (maintained by or on behalf of the Company), you should insert that number of shares. If you have shares entered against your name in the Depository Register and shares registered in your name in the Register of Members, you should insert the aggregate number of shares. If no number is inserted, the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies shall be deemed to relate to all the shares held by you.
- 2. A shareholder will not be able to vote through the live webcast and live audio-only stream and voting is only through submission of proxy form. If a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the AGM, he/she/it must appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM. In appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in the proxy form, failing which the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as invalid.
- 3. The Chairman of the Meeting, as a proxy, need not be a shareholder of the Company.
- 4. The instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy must be under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing and where such instrument is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its common seal or under the hand of its attorney or a duly authorised officer.
- 5. Where an instrument appointing Chairman of the Meeting as proxy is signed on behalf of the appointer by an attorney, the power of attorney (or other authority) or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.
- 6. The instrument appointing Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, duly executed, must be deposited at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services, at 80 Robinson Road, #11-02, Singapore 068898, or emailed to: <u>sg.is.proxy@sg.tricorglobal.com</u>, not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for the holding of the AGM.

A shareholder who wishes to submit an instrument of proxy must first **download**, **complete and sign the proxy form**, before submitting it by post to the address provided above, or scanning and sending it by email to the email address provided above.

In view of the current COVID-19 situation and the related precautionary measures which may make it difficult for shareholders to submit completed proxy forms by post, shareholders are strongly encouraged to submit completed proxy forms electronically via email.

7. The Company shall be entitled to reject the instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy if it is incomplete, improperly completed or illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy (including any related attachment) (such as in the case where the appointor submits more than one instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy). In addition, in the case of shares entered in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any instrument appointing the Chairman of the Material appointing the shareholder being the appointor, is not shown to have shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at seventy-two (72) hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM, as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.

Personal Data Privacy:

By submitting a proxy form appointing proxy(ies) and/or representative(s), the shareholder accepts and agrees to the personal data privacy terms set out in the notice of AGM dated 14 April 2022.

DIRECTORY OF Q & M'S OUTLETS IN SINGAPORE

Q & M DENTAL CLINICS

CENTRAL	
Aesthetic Dental Surgery	6333 3233
Bugis	6837 2292
City Square Mall	6509 1133
Foo & Associates Dental Surgeons	
(Paragon)	6838 0903
Geylang	6741 2071
Great World	6734 0603
Havelock Road	6694 5271
Horizon Dental Surgery	6733 5388
Killiney	6235 1638
Kim Tian	6979 7668
Lee & Lee (Dental Surgeons):	
Ocean Financial Centre	6536 6113
Orchard Central	6732 2633, 6235 6496
Novena Square	6251 3233, 6258 2623
River Valley	6235 4261
Specialist Oral Surgeons	6397 6638, 6235 3688
TP Dental Surgeons	6737 9011
NORTH	
Admiralty	6365 3903

Admiralty	6365 3903
Ang Mo Kio	6554 3363
Ang Mo Kio Street 31	6012 8336
Balestier	6996 5816
Bishan	6255 5228
Braddell	6358 1098
Canberra	6518 3115
Khatib (Wisteria Mall)	6339 0994
Khatib	6852 3363
Marsiling	6365 6500
Mayflower	6261 2563
Sembawang MRT	6752 3093
Sembawang Shopping Centre	6012 9083
Sembawang Way	6235 2782
Toa Payoh Central	6256 3633
Woodlands Square	6970 6871
Woodlands	6369 0047
Yishun Central (Northpoint)	6257 1548
Yishun Central	6851 6789

NORTH-EAST

Bright Smile (Buangkok MRT)	6242 9132
Buangkok MRT	6315 6882
Hougang (The Midtown)	6386 2339
Hougang Central	6386 2663
Hougang Mall	6282 5500
Kovan	6246 3956
Potong Pasir (The Poiz Centre)	6968 5131
Punggol Edgefield Plains	6584 0478
Seletar Mall	6702 3738
Sengkang	6247 6178
Serangoon Central (NEX)	6509 8858
Serangoon Central	6343 0398, 6383 1763
Serangoon North	6282 8597
Towner Road	6299 8980

EAST Aljunied Bedok Central Bedok Mall Bedok Reservoir Elias Mall Eunos MRT Ho Dental Surgery Kallang Lee & Lee (Dental Surgeons): Tampines Central Marine Parade Central Old Airport Road Pasir Ris Central (Whitesands) Paya Lebar Quarter Simei MRT Tampines 1 Tampines 1 Tampines 1 Tampines Street 11 Tampines Street 11 Tanjong Katong (Kinex)	6748 7730 6876 0533 6384 6288 6980 3902 6584 8793 6749 8518 6442 1956 6547 1833 6788 2262 6346 1882 6447 9033 6583 0298 6968 7802 6741 6819 6588 3233 6260 2720 6241 5081 6781 0309 6241 6562
SOUTH Bright Smile (Jalan Membina) Funan Redhill MRT Tiong Bahru Tiong Bahru Dental Surgery	6274 6800 6979 9296 6272 4858 6270 8168 6271 3083
WEST Boon Lay MRT British Dental Surgery Bt. Batok Bt. Batok Central Bt. Batok Central Bt. Batok West Bt. Gombak MRT Bt. Panjang Bt. Timah Clementi Central Clementi Central Clementi West Holland Village MRT IMM Jelapang Jurong East Central (JEM) Jurong West Jurong West Street 51 Jurong Yu Hua Lee & Lee (Dental Surgeons): Bt. Batok Lot 1 Toh Yi Yew Tee Point	6791 3323 6765 3323 6665 4233 6569 3239 6979 7786 6569 3120 6562 1161 6766 3363 6466 3393 6872 3633, 6778 2768 6261 1752 6892 3913 6980 3999 6891 2668 6425 0398 6792 1811 6012 3238 6980 3868 6563 2262 6012 9338 6762 7660 6794 5263

Q & M Medical Clinics

Buangkok MRT
Bukit Batok
City Square Mall

6242 9133 6565 3866 6509 9558

Serangoon Central	6488 2336
Tampines Central	6781 3323

Annual Report 2021



Q & M Dental Group (Singapore) Limited

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore on 7 January 2008) (Unique Entity Number 200800507R)

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