



SINGAPORE INDEX
FUND

Annual Report to Unitholders

For the financial year ended 30 June 2026

SINGAPORE CONSORTIUM INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

Annual Report To Unitholders For The Financial Year Ended 30 June 2026

A) Fund Performance

Fund Performance/ Benchmark Returns	3 mth % Growth	6 mth % Growth	1yr % Growth	3 yr Ann Comp Ret	5 yr Ann Comp Ret	10 yr Ann Comp Ret	Since Inception 18 December 1996 Ann Comp Ret
Singapore Index Fund ¹	7.36	13.19	34.72	21.89	14.54	9.55	5.60
Benchmark ²	7.75	13.77	36.29	23.22	15.81	10.73	5.56

Note: Returns for period in excess of 1 year are annualised. Past performance is not indicative of future performance.

¹ The performance returns of the Fund are in Singapore dollars based on a bid-to-bid price with net dividends reinvested.

² The performance returns of the Benchmark is in Singapore dollars with net dividends reinvested. The Benchmark of Singapore Index Fund since inception up to 23 January 2001 was the Business Times – Singapore Regional Index. The Benchmark of the Fund since 26 January 2001 is the Straits Times Index. The Benchmark was changed due to the change in the investment policy of the Fund to track the Straits Times Index instead of the Business Times - Singapore Regional Index.

Portfolio Review and Market Outlook

The Straits Times Index (“STI”) generated a total return of 13.8% during the first half of 2026. From July 2025 to June 2026, the STI gained 36.3% and outperformed the FTSE ST All-Share Index which recorded a 35.2% total return. Among the current index constituent stocks, Singapore Exchange was the best performing stock during the first half of 2026, with a total return (including dividends) of 43.6%. Meanwhile, Genting Singapore was the worst performer, with a total return of -13.4% over the same period.

In the July 2026 World Economic Outlook Update, the International Monetary Fund (IMF) projected global GDP growth of 3.0% in 2026. Global growth is expected to moderate as the adverse effects of the war in the Middle East are partly offset by stronger momentum in the global technology cycle, driven by advances in and the adoption of artificial intelligence. On the inflation front, global headline inflation is expected to increase to 4.7% in 2026, driven mainly by higher energy and food prices, before easing to 3.9% in 2027. Inflation trends are expected to continue to vary across economies, reflecting differences in exchange rate pass-through, labour market conditions, the persistence of services inflation and country-specific factors, with core inflation expected to take longer to return to target in several major economies.

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A) Fund Performance (continued)

Portfolio Review and Market Outlook (continued)

The global economy continues to face significant downside risks. A further escalation of the Middle East conflict could reignite energy price spikes and tighten global financial conditions. Continued tensions and lower oil inventories are likely to keep energy prices elevated in the second half of the year, which could weigh on global growth. Further US tariff actions could heighten economic uncertainty, dampen business and household sentiment and continue to weigh on the exports of affected economies. In addition, concerns over global AI-related capital spending could prompt a sudden shift towards risk aversion in financial markets, triggering sharp market corrections and spillovers to broader economic activity.

The Ministry of Trade and Industry (MTI) projected Singapore's economy to grow by 4.5% to 5.5% in 2026. Growth in the manufacturing sector is expected to be supported by the acceleration in global AI-related capital expenditure, particularly in electronics, with spillover benefits for the wholesale trade sector. However, the chemicals cluster and the fuels & chemicals segment are expected to remain under pressure from supply disruptions arising from the Middle East conflict. The finance & insurance and the information & communications sectors are projected to expand steadily, supported by solid credit growth and strong AI-linked enterprise demand, respectively. Among the domestically-oriented sectors, the construction sector is expected to remain supported by a robust pipeline of public and private projects, while resilient property and rental demand should support real estate activity. Dampened consumer sentiment and inflationary pressures could weigh on consumer-facing sectors such as retail trade and food & beverage services, although government support measures should provide some cushioning.

The Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS) projected core inflation and CPI-All Items inflation to average 1.5% to 2.5% in 2026. Imported costs are likely to increase in the quarters ahead, driven by higher fuel and electronic input costs, while adverse weather conditions are expected to lower agricultural yields and push up Singapore's imported food prices. Domestically, price pressures should remain contained, with continued labour productivity growth and moderating nominal wage growth limiting unit labour cost increases. Core inflation is expected to rise in the near term and remain elevated into early 2027, driven by higher energy prices and the pass-through of imported costs. The inflation outlook remains subject to significant uncertainty. A renewed spike in energy prices due to further supply disruptions in the Middle East could push inflation higher than expected, while stronger investment growth and associated demand spillovers could make inflation more persistent than projected. Conversely, an unexpected tightening in financial conditions or a pullback in AI-related investment could weaken global and domestic economic activity, and in turn lower inflation.

Looking ahead, Singapore's economic growth is expected to remain firm in the second half of 2026, following a stronger-than-expected performance in the first half. While the new 12.5% US tariff will affect about one-third of Singapore's domestic exports to the US, its overall impact on the Singapore economy is expected to be contained. However, persistent uncertainties in the global economic and geopolitical landscape could continue to weigh on Singapore's growth and inflation outlook.

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B) Investments at fair value and as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV) as at 30 June 2026 under review classified by

i)	Country	Fair Value	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders
		\$	%
	Quoted Equities		
	China	1,008,558	1.53
	Hong Kong	3,614,904	5.48
	Singapore	59,682,040	90.56
	Thailand	586,119	0.89
		64,891,621	98.46
	Portfolio of investments	64,891,621	98.46
	Other net assets	1,014,718	1.54
	Net assets attributable to unitholders	65,906,339	100.00
ii)	Industry	Fair Value	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders
		\$	%
	Quoted Equities		
	Communication Services	4,377,763	6.64
	Consumer Discretionary	423,096	0.64
	Consumer Staples	1,799,071	2.73
	Financials	38,406,599	58.27
	Industrials	9,816,198	14.89
	Information Technology	465,392	0.71
	Real Estate	8,868,553	13.46
	Utilities	734,949	1.12
		64,891,621	98.46
	Portfolio of investments	64,891,621	98.46
	Other net assets	1,014,718	1.54
	Net assets attributable to unitholders	65,906,339	100.00

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B) Investments at fair value and as a percentage of the Fund's net asset value (NAV) as at 30 June 2026 under review classified by (continued)

iii)	Asset Class	Fair value at 30 June 2026 \$	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2026 %	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2025 %
	Quoted Equities	64,891,621	98.46	99.76
	Other net assets	1,014,718	1.54	0.24
	Net assets attributable to unitholders	65,906,339	100.00	100.00

iv) Credit rating of debt securities

Not applicable

C) Top Ten Holdings

The top ten holdings as at 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025

10 largest holdings at 30 June 2026

	Fair Value \$	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders %
DBS Group Holdings Limited	17,868,261	27.11
Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Ltd	11,197,792	16.99
United Overseas Bank Limited	6,749,538	10.24
Singapore Telecommunications Limited	4,377,763	6.64
Singapore Exchange Limited	2,591,008	3.93
Singapore Technologies Engineering Limited	2,208,914	3.35
Jardine Matheson Holdings Limited	2,099,011	3.18
Keppel Limited	2,063,831	3.13
CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust	1,717,318	2.61
Singapore Airlines Limited	1,463,808	2.22

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C) Top Ten Holdings (continued)

10 largest holdings at 30 June 2025

	Fair Value \$	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders %
DBS Group Holdings Limited	12,270,086	24.33
Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Ltd	7,644,595	15.15
United Overseas Bank Limited	6,111,252	12.12
Singapore Telecommunications Limited	3,792,076	7.52
Singapore Technologies Engineering Limited	1,656,154	3.28
Jardine Matheson Holdings Limited	1,615,191	3.20
Singapore Exchange Limited	1,601,088	3.17
CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust	1,572,397	3.12
Keppel Limited	1,399,783	2.78
Singapore Airlines Limited	1,328,482	2.63

D) Exposure to Financial Derivatives

- i) Fair value of financial derivative contracts and as a percentage of the Fund's NAV as at 30 June 2026
Not applicable
- ii) Net gain/(loss) on financial derivative contracts realised during the financial year ended 30 June 2026
Not applicable
- iii) Net gain/(loss) on outstanding financial derivative contracts marked to market as at 30 June 2026
Not applicable

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E) Investments in other unit trusts, mutual funds and collective investment schemes as at 30 June 2026

	Fair value	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders
	\$	%
CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust	1,717,318	2.61
CapitaLand Ascendas REIT	1,185,997	1.80
Keppel DC REIT	584,640	0.89
Mapletree Logistics Trust	556,970	0.84
Mapletree Industrial Trust	441,009	0.67
Mapletree Pan Asia Commercial Trust	387,000	0.59
Frasers Centrepoint Trust	329,960	0.50
Frasers Logistics & Commercial Trust	329,065	0.50

F) Amount and percentage of borrowings to the Fund's NAV as at 30 June 2026

Not applicable

G) Amount of subscriptions and redemptions for the year 1 July 2025 to 30 June 2026

Total amount of subscriptions	SGD	–
Total amount of redemptions	SGD	1,759,082

H) Amount of related party transactions for the year 1 July 2025 to 30 June 2026

Please refer to Note 9 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on pages 36 to 37.

I) Expense Ratios

Please refer to Note 11 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 38.

J) Turnover ratios

Please refer to Note 11 of the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 38.

K) Other material information

There is no material information that will adversely impact the valuation of the Fund.

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L) Key information on underlying scheme where the Fund invests 30% or more of its NAV in another scheme

Not applicable

M) Soft dollar commissions/arrangements received by the Manager

Under the Code on Collective Investment Schemes, the Manager may receive soft dollar commissions or arrangements when such commissions or arrangements can reasonably be expected to assist in the management of the Fund, when best execution is carried out for the transaction, and provided the Manager does not enter into unnecessary trades in order to achieve a sufficient volume of transactions to qualify for such soft dollar commissions or arrangements.

The soft dollar commissions / arrangements which the Manager may receive or enter into are limited to the following kinds of services: specific advice as to the advisability of dealing in, or of the value of any investments; research and advisory services; economic and political analysis; portfolio analysis including valuation and portfolio measurements; market analysis; data and quotation services; computer hardware and software or any other information facilities to the extent that they are used to support the investment decision making process, the giving of advice, or the conduct of research or analysis; and custodial services in relation to the investments managed for clients.

The receipt of goods and services such as travel, accommodation, entertainment, general administrative goods and services, general office equipment or premises, membership fees, employees' salaries or direct money payment are prohibited.

The Manager does not, and is not entitled to, retain cash rebates for its own account in respect of rebates earned when transacting in securities for the account of the Fund.

The Manager confirms that they are fully compliant with the Code on Collective Investment Schemes and other relevant industry standards.

N) Where the scheme offers pre-determined payouts, an explanation on the calculation of the actual payouts received by participants and any significant deviation from the pre-determined payouts

Not applicable

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REPORT OF THE TRUSTEE

For the financial year ended 30 June 2026

The Trustee is under a duty to take into custody and hold the assets of Singapore Index Fund (the “Fund”) in trust for the unitholders. In accordance with the Securities and Futures Act 2001, its subsidiary legislation and the Code on Collective Investment Schemes, the Trustee shall monitor the activities of the Manager for compliance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers as set out in the Trust Deed in each annual accounting year and report thereon to unitholders in an annual report.

To the best knowledge of the Trustee, the Manager has, in all material respects, managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements, set out on pages 14 to 39, in accordance with the limitations imposed on the investment and borrowing powers set out in the Trust Deed.

For and on behalf of the Trustee
HSBC INSTITUTIONAL TRUST SERVICES (SINGAPORE) LIMITED

Authorised signatory

22 September 2026

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STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

For the financial year ended 30 June 2026

In the opinion of the directors of Singapore Consortium Investment Management Limited, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 14 to 39, comprising the Statement of Total Return, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Movements of Unitholders' Funds, Statement of Portfolio and Notes to the Financial Statements are drawn up so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and the portfolio holdings of Singapore Index Fund (the "Fund") as at 30 June 2026, and the financial performance and movements in unitholders' funds for the financial year then ended in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants. At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to meet its financial obligations as and when they materialise.

For and on behalf of the Manager

SINGAPORE CONSORTIUM INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT LIMITED

Executive Director and CEO

22 September 2026

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

Our Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of Singapore Index Fund (the "Fund") are properly drawn up in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants ("RAP 7"), so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position and portfolio holdings of the Fund as at 30 June 2026, and the financial performance and movements of unitholders' funds for the financial year ended on that date.

What we have audited

The financial statements of the Fund comprise:

- the statement of total return for the financial year ended 30 June 2026;
- the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2026;
- the statement of movements of unitholders' funds for the financial year then ended;
- the statement of portfolio as at 30 June 2026; and
- the notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code"), as applicable to audits of financial statements of public interest entities, together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to audits of the financial statements of public interest entities in Singapore. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code.

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Our Audit Approach

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the accompanying financial statements. In particular, we considered where management made subjective judgements; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including among other matters consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

Key audit matters

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Other Information

The Fund's Manager (the "Manager") is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the sections of the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the Financial Statements

The Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the recommendations of RAP 7 and for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's abilities to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to terminate the Fund or to cease the Fund's operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Manager's responsibilities include overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Manager with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with the Manager, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ang Hui Ping Mabel.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants
Singapore, 22 September 2026

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STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN*For the financial year ended 30 June 2026*

	Note	2026 \$	2025 \$
Income			
Dividends		2,759,049	2,560,300
Interest on cash and bank balances		2,775	4,923
		<u>2,761,824</u>	<u>2,565,223</u>
Less: Expenses			
Audit fee		23,525	22,502
Bank charges		1,044	20
Custody fees	9	40,378	21,326
Management fees	9	402,556	323,590
Printing expenses		9,767	9,767
Professional fees		38,608	18,106
Registrar fees	9	25,637	25,833
Trustee fees	9	43,104	36,232
Accounting and valuation fees	9	19,234	16,326
Transaction cost		601	1,897
Miscellaneous expenses*		(9,344)	(5,324)
		<u>595,110</u>	<u>470,275</u>
Net income		<u>2,166,714</u>	<u>2,094,948</u>
Net gain or loss on value of investments			
Net gains on investments		15,103,516	8,050,022
Net foreign exchange losses		(476)	(5,448)
		<u>15,103,040</u>	<u>8,044,574</u>
Total return for the year before income tax		<u>17,269,754</u>	<u>10,139,522</u>
Less: Income tax	3	(42,579)	(40,445)
Total return for the year		<u>17,227,175</u>	<u>10,099,077</u>

* Miscellaneous expenses include GST rebate

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 30 June 2026

	Note	2026 \$	2025 \$
Assets			
Portfolio of investments		64,891,621	50,318,803
Receivables	5	66	2
Sales awaiting settlement		–	97,964
Cash and bank balances	9	1,237,574	192,486
Total assets		66,129,261	50,609,255
Liabilities			
Payables	6	222,922	171,009
Total liabilities		222,922	171,009
Equity			
Net assets attributable to unitholders	7	65,906,339	50,438,246

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS OF UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2026

	Note	2026 \$	2025 \$
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the beginning of the financial year		50,438,246	42,426,995
Operations			
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders resulting from operations		17,227,175	10,099,077
Unitholders' withdrawals			
Cancellation of units		<u>(1,759,082)</u>	<u>(2,087,826)</u>
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders resulting from cancellation of units		(1,759,082)	(2,087,826)
Total increase in net assets attributable to unitholders		<u>15,468,093</u>	8,011,251
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the end of the financial year	7	<u><u>65,906,339</u></u>	<u>50,438,246</u>

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STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

As at 30 June 2026

	Holdings at 30 June 2026	Fair value at 30 June 2026 \$	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2026 %
By Industry - (Primary)*			
Quoted Equities			
Communication Services			
Singapore Telecommunications Limited	992,690	<u>4,377,763</u>	<u>6.64</u>
Consumer Discretionary			
Genting Singapore Limited	693,600	<u>423,096</u>	<u>0.64</u>
Consumer Staples			
DFI Retail Group Holdings Limited	41,900	205,401	0.31
Thai Beverage PCL	1,347,400	586,119	0.89
Wilmar International Limited	279,100	1,007,551	1.53
Total		<u>1,799,071</u>	<u>2.73</u>
Financials			
DBS Group Holdings Limited	273,215	17,868,261	27.11
Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Ltd	451,706	11,197,792	16.99
Singapore Exchange Limited	107,600	2,591,008	3.93
United Overseas Bank Limited	169,757	6,749,538	10.24
Total		<u>38,406,599</u>	<u>58.27</u>

* The classification by industry sector is based upon Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) developed by Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI).

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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	Holdings at 30 June 2026	Fair value at 30 June 2026 \$	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2026 %
By Industry - (Primary)* (continued)			
Quoted Equities (continued)			
Industrials			
Jardine Matheson Holdings Limited	26,387	2,099,011	3.18
Keppel Limited	188,650	2,063,831	3.13
SATS Limited	136,300	617,439	0.94
Seatrium Limited	180,019	354,637	0.54
Singapore Airlines Limited	190,600	1,463,808	2.22
Singapore Technologies Engineering Limited	212,600	2,208,914	3.35
Yangzijiang Shipbuilding Holdings Limited	294,900	1,008,558	1.53
Total		9,816,198	14.89
Information Technology			
Venture Corporation Limited	27,200	465,392	0.71

* The classification by industry sector is based upon Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) developed by Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI).

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As at 30 June 2026

	Holdings at 30 June 2026	Fair value at 30 June 2026 \$	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2026 %
By Industry - (Primary)* (continued)			
Quoted Equities (continued)			
Real Estate			
CapitaLand Ascendas REIT	476,304	1,185,997	1.80
CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust	724,607	1,717,318	2.61
CapitaLand Investment Limited	347,400	865,026	1.31
City Developments Limited	65,380	508,003	0.77
Frasers Centrepoint Trust	146,000	329,960	0.50
Frasers Logistics & Commercial Trust	341,000	329,065	0.50
Hongkong Land Holdings Limited	142,300	1,310,493	1.99
Keppel DC REIT	261,000	584,640	0.89
Mapletree Industrial Trust	229,692	441,009	0.67
Mapletree Logistics Trust	456,533	556,970	0.84
Mapletree Pan Asia Commercial Trust	300,000	387,000	0.59
UOL Group Limited	68,600	653,072	0.99
Total		8,868,553	13.46
Utilities			
Sembcorp Industries Limited	115,740	734,949	1.12
Total Quoted Equities		64,891,621	98.46
Portfolio of investments		64,891,621	98.46
Other net assets		1,014,718	1.54
Net assets attributable to unitholders		65,906,339	100.00

* The classification by industry sector is based upon Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) developed by Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI).

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STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

As at 30 June 2026

	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2026 %	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2025 %
By Industry - (Primary)* (Summary)		
Quoted Equities		
Communication Services	6.64	7.52
Consumer Discretionary	0.64	0.98
Consumer Staples	2.73	3.11
Financials	58.27	54.77
Industrials	14.89	14.88
Information Technology	0.71	0.62
Real Estate	13.46	16.31
Utilities	1.12	1.57
	98.46	99.76
Portfolio of investments	98.46	99.76
Other net assets	1.54	0.24
Net assets attributable to unitholders	100.00	100.00

* The classification by industry sector is based upon Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) developed by Morgan Stanley Capital International (MSCI).

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO

As at 30 June 2026

	Fair value at 30 June 2026 \$	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2026 %	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholders at 30 June 2025 %
By Geography - Secondary*			
Quoted Equities			
China	1,008,558	1.53	1.30
Hong Kong	3,614,904	5.48	5.85
Singapore	59,682,040	90.56	91.38
Thailand	586,119	0.89	1.23
	64,891,621	98.46	99.76
Portfolio of investments	64,891,621	98.46	99.76
Other net assets	1,014,718	1.54	0.24
Net assets attributable to unitholders	65,906,339	100.00	100.00

* The geography classification is based on country of domicile of the investee companies.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 30 June 2026

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. GENERAL

Singapore Index Fund (the "Fund") is a Singapore registered trust fund constituted by a Trust Deed dated 12 November 1996 together with its Supplemental Deeds thereon (hereafter referred to as "Trust Deed") between Singapore Consortium Investment Management Limited (the "Manager") and HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (the "Trustee"). The Trust Deed is governed by the laws of the Republic of Singapore.

The primary activity of the Fund is investment trading. The Fund's investment objective is to achieve medium to long term capital appreciation by investing in the component securities of the Straits Times Index (the "STI"). While the Fund will aim to follow the STI as closely as possible, the Fund's performance will not be able to exactly match the performance of the STI due to, among others, operating expenses.

Subscriptions and redemptions of the units are denominated in Singapore Dollars.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

(a) Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost basis as modified by the revaluation of financial instruments at fair value, and in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Investment Funds" ("RAP 7") issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants.

The Statement of Financial Position presents assets and liabilities in increasing order of liquidity and does not distinguish between current and non-current items. All assets and liabilities, with the exception of 'Portfolio of investments' are expected to be realised within one year.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

(b) Recognition of income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established. Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(c) Distributions

The Manager has the absolute discretion to determine whether a distribution is to be made. In such an event, an appropriate amount will be transferred to a distribution account to be paid out on the distribution date. The amount shall not be treated as part of the property of the Fund. Distributions are accrued for at the reporting date if the necessary approvals have been obtained and a legal or constructive obligation has been created.

(d) Investments

Investments are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

(i) Initial recognition

Purchase of investments are recognised on the trade date. Investments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition.

(ii) Subsequent measurement

Investments are subsequently carried at fair value. Net changes in fair value on investments are included in the Statement of Total Return in the year in which they arise.

(iii) Derecognition

Investments are derecognised on the trade date of disposal. The resultant realised gain and loss on the sale of investments are computed on the basis of the difference between the weighted average carrying amount and selling price gross of transaction costs, and are taken up in the Statement of Total Return.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

(e) Basis of valuation of investments

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The quoted market price used for investments held by the Fund is the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. The quoted market price used for investments in debt securities held by the Fund is the last traded market price. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value.

The fair value of investments held in underlying funds is the quoted net asset value of the underlying fund as determined by the underlying fund's administrator. Net changes in fair value of investments are included in the Statement of Total Return in the period in which they arise.

(f) Foreign currency translation

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The Fund operates from Singapore with the subscriptions and redemptions of the units denominated in Singapore Dollars.

The performance of the Fund is measured and reported to the investors in Singapore Dollars. The Manager considers the Singapore Dollars as the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates. The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollars ("S\$"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gain and loss resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of Total Return. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equity are also recognised in the Statement of Total Return within the net gain or loss on investments.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION (continued)

(g) Receivables

Receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Receivables are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction cost and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

(h) Cash and bank balances

Cash and bank balances comprise cash at banks and on hand which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(i) Payables

Payables are initially recognised at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

(j) Expenses

Expenses including transaction costs on purchases or sales of investments are recognised in the Statement of Total Return as the related services are performed, in the period in which they arise.

(k) Management fee

Management fee expense is recognised on an accrual basis and in accordance with the Prospectus. Management fee is recognised as an expense over the period for which the service is provided.

(l) Creation and cancellation of units

Units are issued and redeemed at the prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of issue or redemption for each respective class. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net asset attributable to the holders of each class of units with the total number of outstanding units for each respective class.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

3. INCOME TAX

	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Singapore income tax	39,215	37,129
Foreign income tax	3,364	3,316
Total income tax	<u>42,579</u>	<u>40,445</u>

The Fund was granted the status of a Designated Unit Trust ("DUT") in Singapore. The Trustee of the Fund ensures that the Fund fulfills its reporting obligations under the DUT Scheme.

Under the DUT Scheme, subject to certain conditions and reporting obligations being met, certain income of the DUT Fund is not taxable in accordance with Sections 35(12) and 35(12A) of the Income Tax Act 1947. Such income includes:

- (i) gains or profits derived from Singapore or elsewhere from the disposal of securities;
- (ii) interest (other than interest for which tax has been deducted under Section 45 of the Singapore Income Tax Act 1947);
- (iii) dividends derived from outside Singapore and received in Singapore;
- (iv) gains or profits derived from foreign exchange transactions, transactions in future contracts, transactions in interest rate or currency forwards, swaps or option contracts and transactions in forwards, swaps or option contracts relating to any securities or financial index; and
- (v) discount, prepayment fee, redemption premium and break cost from qualifying debt securities issued during the prescribed period.

The Singapore income tax represents tax deducted at source for Singapore sourced dividends.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

4. DISTRIBUTION

The Manager has not proposed any distribution to unitholders for the financial years ended 30 June 2026 and 30 June 2025.

5. RECEIVABLES

	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Other receivables	66	2
	66	2

6. PAYABLES

	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Amounts payable for cancellation of units	58	—
Amount due to Manager	108,640	83,447
Amount due to Trustee	11,409	9,342
Other accruals for operating expenses	102,815	78,220
	222,922	171,009

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

7. UNITS IN ISSUE

During the financial years ended 30 June 2026 and 2025, the number of units issued, redeemed and outstanding were as follows:

	2026	2025
Units at the beginning of the financial year	14,135,965	14,761,970
Units cancelled	(424,929)	(626,005)
Units at the end of the financial year	13,711,036	14,135,965
Net assets attributable to unitholders (\$)	65,906,339	50,438,246
Net asset value per unit (\$)	4.8068	3.5681

There is no difference between the net assets attributable to unitholders per the financial statements and the net assets attributable to unitholders for issuing/redeeming units at the reporting date for Singapore Index Fund.

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and interest rate risk), liquidity risk and credit risk. The Fund's overall risk management programme seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance. The Fund may use financial futures contracts, financial options contracts and/or currency forward contracts subject to the terms of the Prospectus to moderate certain risk exposures.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The Fund's assets principally consist of financial instruments such as equity investments, fixed interest investments and cash. They are held in accordance with the published investment policies of the Fund. The allocation of assets between the various types of investments is determined by the Manager to achieve their investment objectives.

(a) Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from uncertainty concerning movements in market prices and rates, including observable variables such as interest rates, credit spreads, exchange rates, and others that may be only indirectly observable such as volatilities and correlations. Market risk includes such factors as changes in economic environment, consumption pattern and investor's expectation etc. which may have significant impact on the value of the investments. The Fund's investments are substantially dependent on changes in market prices. The Fund's investments are monitored by the Manager on a regular basis so as to assess changes in fundamentals and valuation. Although the Manager makes reasonable efforts in the choice of investments, events beyond reasonable control of the Manager could affect the prices of the underlying investments and hence the asset value of the Fund.

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Fund has monetary financial assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Singapore Dollars and it may be affected favourably or unfavourably by exchange rate regulations or changes in the exchange rates between Singapore Dollars and such other currencies. The Manager may at his discretion, implement a currency management strategy either to reduce currency volatility or to hedge the currency exposures of the Fund.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

The table below summarises the Fund's exposure to foreign currencies as at the end of the financial year.

As at 30 June 2026	SGD \$	USD \$	Total \$
<u>Assets</u>			
Portfolio of investments	61,276,716	3,614,905	64,891,621
Receivables	66	–	66
Cash and bank balances	1,237,574	–	1,237,574
Total assets	62,514,356	3,614,905	66,129,261
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Payables	222,922	–	222,922
Total liabilities	222,922	–	222,922
Net currency exposure		3,614,905	
As at 30 June 2025	SGD \$	USD \$	Total \$
<u>Assets</u>			
Portfolio of investments	47,363,586	2,955,217	50,318,803
Receivables	2	–	2
Sales awaiting settlement	97,964	–	97,964
Cash and bank balances	192,485	1	192,486
Total assets	47,654,037	2,955,218	50,609,255
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Payables	171,009	–	171,009
Total liabilities	171,009	–	171,009
Net currency exposure		2,955,218	

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(i) Foreign exchange risk (continued)

Portfolio of investments, which is the significant item in the Statement of Financial Position, is exposed to foreign exchange risk and other price risk. The Manager has considered the impact of foreign exchange risk sensitivity on non-monetary assets as part of price risk sensitivity analysis.

As of 30 June 2026 and 2025, the Fund does not hold substantial monetary assets/liabilities in foreign currency. Changes in foreign exchange rates on monetary assets/liabilities will not result in a significant change in the net asset value of the Fund. Consequently, no separate sensitivity analysis on foreign currency risk has been presented.

(ii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk of potential adverse changes to the value of financial investments because of changes in market conditions and volatility in security prices. The Fund is designated to track the performance of the STI, therefore the exposure to price risk in the Fund will be substantially the same as the STI. The Manager manages the Fund's exposure to price risk by ensuring the key characteristics of the portfolio, such as security weight and industry weight, are closely aligned to the STI characteristics.

If the STI at 30 June 2026 had increased or decreased by 11% (30 June 2025: 15%) with all other variables held constant, this would have increased or decreased respectively the net asset value and return for the year by approximately 11% (30 June 2025: 15%).

(iii) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

Investment funds that invest in equity securities may be subject to interest rate risk as any interest rate change may affect the equity risk premium though at varying degrees. However, the effects of changes in interest rates on the Fund's portfolio may not be quantified as the relationship between the interest rates and the value of equity securities is indirect.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk (continued)

Interest rate movements affect the value of fixed income securities more directly than equities. As interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities may fall and vice versa. The rationale is that as interest rates increase, the opportunity cost of holding a fixed income security increases since investors are able to realise greater yields by switching to other investments that reflect the higher interest rate. The Manager will regularly assess the economic condition, monitor changes in interest rates outlook and take appropriate measures accordingly to control the impact of interest rate risk.

The tables below summarise the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. They include the Fund's assets and liabilities at fair value, categorised by interest rate types.

As at 30 June 2026	Variable rates \$	Fixed rates \$	Non-interest bearing \$	Total \$
Assets				
Portfolio of investments	–	–	64,891,621	64,891,621
Receivables	–	–	66	66
Cash and bank balances	1,237,574	–	–	1,237,574
Total assets	1,237,574	–	64,891,687	66,129,261
Liabilities				
Payables	–	–	222,922	222,922
Total liabilities	–	–	222,922	222,922

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(iii) Interest rate risk (continued)

As at 30 June 2025	Variable rates \$	Fixed rates \$	Non-interest bearing \$	Total \$
Assets				
Portfolio of investments	–	–	50,318,803	50,318,803
Receivables	–	–	2	2
Sales awaiting settlement	–	–	97,964	97,964
Cash and bank balances	192,486	–	–	192,486
Total assets	192,486	–	50,416,769	50,609,255
Liabilities				
Payables	–	–	171,009	171,009
Total liabilities	–	–	171,009	171,009

(b) Liquidity risk

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions and disbursements for the settlements of purchases. The Manager therefore ensures that the Fund maintains sufficient cash and cash equivalents and that it is able to obtain cash from the sale of investments held to meet its liquidity requirements. Reasonable efforts will be taken to invest in securities which are traded in a relatively active market and which can be readily disposed of.

The Fund's investments in listed securities are considered to be readily realisable as they are listed on established regional stock exchanges.

The Manager may from time to time employ derivatives to implement a portfolio strategy to reduce risk or for the purpose of efficient portfolio management. Market liquidity of complex derivatives are significantly less than traditional investment instruments and such positions may therefore require a longer time to reverse than what would be typically expected for traditional investment instruments. No such instruments were held as at the end of the financial year.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Liquidity risk (continued)

The maturity profile of payables and net assets attributable to unitholders based on undiscounted cash flows is less than 1 year (30 June 2025: less than 1 year). The units are redeemable on demand at the holder's option subject to terms and conditions for redemption.

(c) Credit risk

The Fund takes on exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when due. The Fund's credit risk is concentrated on cash and bank balances, and amounts or securities receivable on the sale and purchase of investments respectively. In order to mitigate exposure to credit risk, all transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery and transacted with approved counterparties using an approved list of brokers that are regularly assessed and updated by the Manager.

The Fund does not hold any collateral or fixed income securities. Exposure to credit risk is minimal for the current reporting period on cash and bank balances.

The Fund's financial assets are neither past due nor impaired, representing cash and bank balances and receivables. Bank deposits and all the investments are held with a bank and a custodian respectively, that are part of HSBC Group with a credit rating assigned by Fitch at 30 June 2026 is A+ (30 June 2025: A+). The credit rating is based on the Viability rating published by the rating agency. Receivables are substantially from companies with good collection track record with the Fund.

For purposes of impairment assessment, the Fund's assets which are measured at amortised cost are considered to have low credit risk as they are not due for payment at the end of the reporting period and there has been no significant increase in the risk of default on the receivables since initial recognition. Accordingly, for the purpose of impairment assessment for these receivables, the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses ("ECL"). The ECL for these assets as at the end of the reporting period is not significant.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(d) Capital management

The Fund's capital is represented by the net assets attributable to unitholders as the Fund does not have any gearing. The Fund strives to invest the subscriptions of redeemable participating units in investments that meet the Fund's investment objectives while maintaining sufficient liquidity to meet unitholder redemptions.

(e) Fair value estimation

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value at 30 June 2026 and 2025:

	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3 \$	Total \$
As at 30 June 2026				
Assets				
Portfolio of investments				
- Quoted equities	64,891,621	-	-	64,891,621
	<u>64,891,621</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>64,891,621</u>
As at 30 June 2025				
Assets				
Portfolio of investments				
- Quoted equities	50,318,803	-	-	50,318,803
	<u>50,318,803</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>50,318,803</u>

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

8. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(e) Fair value estimation (continued)

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1, comprise active listed equities and bonds. The Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

Financial instruments that trade in markets not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2. These include corporate debt securities and over-the-counter derivatives.

Except for cash and bank balances which are classified as Level 1, the Fund's financial assets and liabilities not measured at fair value at 30 June 2026 and 2025 have been classified as Level 2. The carrying amounts of these financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values as at the reporting date.

The assets and liabilities included in the Statement of Financial Position except portfolio of investments are carried at amortised cost; their carrying values are reasonable approximation of fair value.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- (a) The Manager and the Trustee of the Fund are Singapore Consortium Investment Management Limited and HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited, respectively. HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited is a subsidiary of HSBC Holdings plc.

Management fee is paid to the Manager. Trustee fee is paid to the Trustee. These fees paid or payable by the Fund are shown in the Statement of Total Return and are on terms set out in the Trust Deed. All other related party transactions are shown elsewhere in the financial statements.

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

- (b) As at the end of the financial year, the Fund maintained current accounts with HSBC Group as follows:

	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Cash and bank balances	<u>1,237,574</u>	<u>192,486</u>

- (c) In addition to related party information shown elsewhere in the financial statements, the following significant transactions took place during the financial year between the Fund and related parties at terms agreed between the parties and within the provisions of the Trust Deed.

	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Accounting and valuation fee expense charged by a related company of the Trustee	19,234	16,326
Transaction fee expense charged by the Trustee and its related company	105	105
Custody fee expense charged by a related company of the Trustee	40,378	21,326
Registrar fee expense charged by a related company of the Trustee	<u>17,096</u>	<u>17,045</u>

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

10. AUDITOR'S REMUNERATION

During the financial year, the following fees were paid or payable for services provided by the auditor of the Fund.

	2026	2025
	\$	\$
Auditor's remuneration paid/payable to:		
- Auditor of the Fund	23,525	22,502
Other fees paid/payable to:		
- Auditor of the Fund	3,620	3,620
	27,145	26,122

11. FINANCIAL RATIOS

	2026	2025
Expense ratio ¹	1.01%	0.99%
Turnover ratio ²	0.15%	1.77%

¹ The expense ratio has been computed based on the guidelines laid down by the Investment Management Association of Singapore (IMAS). The calculation of the expense ratio at 30 June 2026 was based on total operating expenses of \$594,509 (2025: \$468,378) divided by the average net asset value of \$58,996,635 (2025: \$47,530,603) for the year. The total operating expenses do not include (where applicable) brokerage and other transactions costs, performance fee, interest expense, distribution paid out to unitholders, foreign exchange gain/loss, front or back end loads arising from the purchase or sale of other funds and tax deducted at source or arising out of income received. The Fund does not pay any performance fee. The average net asset value is based on the daily balances.

² The portfolio turnover ratio is calculated in accordance with the formula stated in the Code on Collective Investment Schemes. The calculation of the portfolio turnover ratio was based on the lower of the total value of purchases or sales of the underlying investments, being purchases of \$89,644 (2025: sales of \$842,589) divided by the average daily net asset value of \$58,996,635 (2025: \$47,530,603).

SINGAPORE INDEX FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

DETAILS OF TOP 10 HOLDINGS

	As at 30 June 2026			
	Cost \$	Percentage of share capital owned %	Dividends received \$	Dividend cover ratio*
DBS Group Holdings Limited	3,448,005	**	852,431	1.26
Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Ltd	3,336,279	**	447,189	1.65
United Overseas Bank Limited	2,264,794	**	307,260	1.35
Singapore Telecommunications Limited	2,900,063	**	180,670	1.96
Singapore Exchange Limited	237,689	**	46,806	1.62
Singapore Technologies Engineering Limited	652,437	**	48,898	0.83
Jardine Matheson Holdings Limited	2,205,280	**	79,390	1.60
Keppel Limited	644,616	**	67,914	1.72
CapitaLand Integrated Commercial Trust	1,273,919	**	100,413	1.09
Singapore Airlines Limited	1,410,840	**	72,428	1.02

* Dividend cover ratio is the ratio which shows whether the company generates enough earnings for dividend payout, as published in Bloomberg.

** Denotes amount less than 0.05%

SUMMARY OF INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

	30 June 2026	30 June 2025
	Cost / Fair Value \$	Cost / Fair Value \$
Investments:		
Cost	30,752,397	30,994,947
Unrealised gain on investments	34,139,224	19,323,856
Net Book Value	64,891,621	50,318,803

INFORMATION ON THE PARTICULARS OF THE INVESTMENT MANAGER

The investment manager of the Singapore Index Fund is Singapore Consortium Investment Management Limited which is located at 250 Tanjong Pagar Road, #09-01 St Andrew's Centre, Singapore 088541. As at date of announcement, the Manager also manages Global Investments Limited, a mutual fund company listed on the Main Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

These financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors of Singapore Consortium Investment Management Limited pursuant to a resolution of the Board passed on 22 September 2026.

Manager

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Singapore 088541
Company Reg No. 199607548K

Directors of Singapore Consortium Investment Management Limited

Boon Swan Foo
Tan Hui Keng Martha
Chew Seng Fang
Tan Mui Hong

Trustee / Registrar / Administrator

HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited
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Custodian

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