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#### OUR VISION

Far East Orchard is an enduring Singapore Real Estate Enterprise that strives to deliver steadfast growth for all stakeholders and the community.

#### **OUR MISSION**

Far East Orchard is a real estate company with a lodging platform that aims to achieve sustainable and recurring income through a diversified and balanced portfolio.

> FEOR 25 STRATEGY To Achieve 25,000 ROOMS 5,000 BEDS

> > in 2025

The Group also holds a portfolio of purpose-built medical suites for lease and for sale in Singapore's premier medical hub in Novena.

The Group's mixed-use development in London, UK, the former Westminster Fire Station, achieved its practical completion in 2021. The Grade II Listed heritage building, comprising residential apartments and a restaurant, is located in the prime central borough of the City of Westminster, London, UK.

# OUR LODGING PLATFORM OUR WAY FORWARD

Far East Orchard has weathered the pandemic challenges with resilience and responsiveness. Tapping into its deep resources and expertise, the Group will continue to enhance its versatility and strengths by growing recurring income and expanding its footprints in key geographic markets. Our way forward in a post-pandemic world is to stay on course on our lodging platform strategy, capitalising on opportunities in the recovery and building our reputation as an enduring real estate company with a lodging platform.

#### **CORPORATE PROFILE**

Far East Orchard Limited (**"Far East Orchard"**) is a real estate company with a lodging platform that aims to achieve sustainable and recurring income through a diversified and balanced portfolio. Far East Orchard has been listed on the Mainboard of the Singapore Exchange since 1968. It is a member of Far East Organization, Singapore's largest private property developer.

Established since 1967, Far East Orchard has developed residential, commercial, hospitality and purpose-built student accommodation (**"PBSA"**) properties in Australia, Malaysia, Singapore and the United Kingdom (**"UK"**).

Redefining itself through a strategic transformation of the business in 2012, Far East Orchard expanded into the complementary businesses of hospitality management and healthcare real estate. In 2015, it diversified its real estate portfolio to include PBSA properties in the UK.

Through its hospitality partnerships with The Straits Trading Company and Toga Group, Far East Orchard's hospitality arm – Far East Hospitality – now owns more than 10 hospitality assets and manages over 100 properties with close to 18,000 rooms across Australia, Austria, Denmark, Germany, Hungary, Japan, Malaysia, New Zealand, and Singapore. Its stable of 10 unique and complementary hospitality brands are Oasia, Quincy, Rendezvous, Village, Far East Collection, A by Adina, Adina Hotels, Vibe Hotels, Travelodge Hotels and Collection by TFE Hotels.

Far East Orchard's current UK PBSA comprises more than 3,500 beds in the cities of Brighton, Bristol, Leeds, Liverpool, Newcastle upon Tyne and Sheffield.



S 0 Gearii New ( The Group's strategic and disciplined approach to expansions and acquisitions have strengthened its market positioning to capitalise on opportunities in the new economy.





# Chairman's Statement

to affect our business unpredictably for the short to medium term.

For organisations, this means that the business landscape is evolving at a rapid pace, and we need to acclimatise almost instantaneously to new business environments. For Far East Orchard, we have to redefine ourselves and our brands. More importantly, we need to be even more agile and responsive to the needs of a changing market. Some major travel trends that will shape tourism in 2022 and beyond includes travelling 'close to home', 'open-air activities', 'nature-based products' and 'rural tourism'. The opening of our fourth hotel on Sentosa island, Oasia Resort Sentosa, was a response towards catering to a growing trend of wellness conscious travellers. We also believe that post-pandemic, health and wellness will be a key hospitality niche and we want to be ready to capture this market segment when recovery happens.

We remain mindful that transitioning to a post-COVID world will be an arduous and fragmented journey. But as we focus ourselves on the FEOR 25 strategy, we were able to transform Far East Hospitality's brands and offerings, accompanied by new openings and expansion plans.

During the year, we proceeded with hotel openings. This included the first Quincy hotel outside of Singapore in Melbourne, Australia and another in Japan with Far East Village Hotel Yokohama. To date, we own or operate more than 100 hospitality assets with approximately 18,000 rooms under the Far East Hospitality umbrella. We intend to continue growing and expanding our geographical footprint in

# MARKET."

cities with domestic markets like Australia, Japan, and Vietnam via a combination of strategic partnerships, hotel management agreements and selective acquisitions.

For the PBSA business, uncertainty relating to COVID-19 has resulted in a late booking cycle, particularly for international students. With the UK re-opening on 19 July 2021, booking for academic year 21/22 ("AY21/22") which commenced from September 2021 picked up. Overall occupancy achieved for AY21/22 was over 85%, a slight uptick from the year before. With the speedy recovery of the PBSA sector and the strong demand fundamentals, there has been growing investment interest from existing and new investors as reflected in the latest valuation of our PBSA portfolio.

As at 31 December 2021, our global portfolio has total assets amounting to S\$2.6 billion.

The Group's objective is squarely focused on entrenching the FEOR 25 strategy, to ensure long-term business viability and

"FOR FAR EAST ORCHARD, WE HAVE TO REDEFINE **OURSELVES AND OUR BRANDS. MORE** IMPORTANTLY, WE NEED TO BE EVEN MORE AGILE AND RESPONSIVE TO THE NEEDS OF A CHANGING

# Chairman's Statement

see our goals come to fruition. Within the FEOR 25 strategy, we will be actively looking for capital recycling opportunities, and realising them at the right time as we redeploy them to assets where we see growth potential to reach our targets.

#### Sustainability Commitment

This year, we continued on our sustainable journey with the introduction of Far East Orchard's new sustainability vision: "We strive to create sustained economic value for our stakeholders and commit to be responsible towards the environment and society while upholding a high standard of corporate governance. Together, we work towards creating a sustainable future through our real estate and lodging platform." We have set our sustainability vision statement to be built upon the pillars of environmental, social and economic aspects, supported by strong governance as a foundation. With this corporate commitment, we believe that we can work towards creating a sustainable future through our real estate and lodging platform.

#### Prudent Cash Reserves

The Group has worked tirelessly throughout the year to keep the business moving while protecting our past achievements to safeguard the robustness of our balance sheet. As at 31 December 2021, the Group has a healthy cash balance of S\$255.2 million.

With the world grappling with this crisis and the prolonged uncertainties, we continue to strike a balance between sustainable shareholder returns and maintaining sufficient capital reserves. Our robust balance sheet enabled us to maintain a healthy financial position, providing us with financial flexibility for future growth and expansion of the business. Despite the ongoing COVID-19, the Group's commitment to delivering shareholder value remains steadfast and this year, the Board recommends a first and final dividend of 3 Singapore cents per ordinary share for FY2021.

#### Acknowledgement and Appreciation

As Far East Orchard had announced earlier, I will be retiring from the Board on 18 April 2022, immediately after the upcoming Annual General Meeting. I will be succeeded by Ms Koh Kah Sek. I am confident that Kah Sek, with her sharp business acumen and extensive experience in corporate governance, finance and risk management, will provide effective leadership to the Board and management as the Group continues its growth and transformation. It has been a great privilege and honour for me to have served as the Chairman of the Board for over nine years, and to journey with the Group after its strategic transformation in 2012. I am deeply grateful to shareholders for your support, and for the opportunity to have worked with many outstanding Board members.

# Chairman's Statement

This year, we also welcome two new Non-Executive Independent Directors, Mr Samuel Gene Rhee, and Ms Ku Xian Hong, who joined the Board on 1 January 2022. To Samuel and Xian Hong, welcome onboard! Your expertise and experience will help guide our Group in achieving greater potential.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend my appreciation to all our shareholders, customers, and business partners for journeying with us through this tough period. Our business would not have been possible without your confidence, trust, and support.

Lastly, to the management team and all our staff members, thank you for the tireless efforts and dedication put in during these tumultuous years. Your hard work has not gone unnoticed, and it is recognised and greatly appreciated.

The pandemic has no doubt created a huge and lasting impact on the world. I am hopeful that we can learn from these unprecedented lessons of the last two years and collectively as a Group, we will be vigilant and prepared to embrace new opportunities in a post-COVID world.

#### **Koh Boon Hwee**

Chairman 16 March 2022

**"WE STRIVE TO CREATE SUSTAINED ECONOMIC VALUE FOR OUR STAKEHOLDERS** AND COMMIT TO BE **RESPONSIBLE TOWARDS** THE ENVIRONMENT AND SOCIETY WHILE UPHOLDING A HIGH STANDARD **OF CORPORATE** GOVERNANCE. TOGETHER, WE WORK TOWARDS CREATING A SUSTAINABLE FUTURE THROUGH OUR REAL ESTATE AND LODGING PLATFORM."



#### Dear Shareholders,

be disrupted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Far East Orchard has responded and weathered through the major and unforeseen disruptions caused by the pandemic. I am appreciative of our people, who have demonstrated determination and tenacity to persevere and work tirelessly through each situation. While we continue to face uncertainty, I am confident we will overcome it because of our focus and resilience.

#### **Resilient Response**

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 ("FY2021"), the Group's revenue decreased by 4.8% year-on-year to S\$106.8 million, from S\$112.2 million in FY2020. The Contracted businesses for government Group saw a significant improvement in net profit after tax of S\$16.8 million, compared to a net loss of \$\$8.9 million a year before. This was attributed primarily to the fair value grants, cushioned our financial impact which

gains on investment properties, without In 2021, the global economy continued to which the Group would have recorded a wider net loss.

> The protracted pandemic has affected our business, especially in the hospitality segment. Across all the Group's hotels, overall occupancies remained low, and this has resulted in a significant decline in revenue per available room. Australia, where approximately 56% of our portfolio is located, suffered the hardest hit due to extended border closures and snap lockdowns throughout the year. Likewise, in Singapore, international arrivals were still significantly below pre-COVID years.

> isolation facilities and corporate accommodation requirements for foreign workers, coupled with various government

# **CEO's** Message

otherwise would have been more severe. Operating losses from the hospitality business segment were also mitigated by stable rental income from the medical suites in Singapore, higher profit contribution from the purpose-built student accommodation ("PBSA") business in the United Kingdom ("UK") and a full-year contribution from a PBSA asset, King Square Studios, acquired in November 2020.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group maintained a healthy balance sheet with cash and cash equivalents of S\$255.2 million.

While the Group withstood a harsh and challenging year with the upheaval of the travel and tourism industry, the team demonstrated resilience, versatility and responsiveness to the turbulence wrought by COVID-19. The result is a testament to the team's efforts made to cushion the overall impact.

Although COVID-19 has compelled us to operate on an extended business continuity mode, we stay the course of our FEOR 25 strategy.

#### Focus on New Markets for Hospitality Lodging Platform

In 2021, together with our joint venture Toga-Far East Hotels ("TFE Hotels"), our hospitality business Far East Hospitality added approximately 1,600 rooms across eight hotels in Singapore, Australia, Japan and Europe. Some notable hotels opening include the 324-key The Clan Hotel, Singapore, the 227-key Far East Village Hotel Yokohama, Japan and the latest 191key Oasia Resort Sentosa, Singapore. Oasia Resort Sentosa is the fourth hotel on Sentosa Island, and it also marks our first foray into the spa and wellness category. We are also

pleased to share the opening of our first

Quincy-branded hotel outside of Singapore,

and overseas.

**"SINCE THE STRATEGIC REVIEW OF FEOR 25 IN** 2020, THE GROUP HAS TAKEN CALCULATED **STEPS TO ACHIEVE OUR** TARGETS. THROUGH AN ASSET-RIGHT MODEL AND PRUDENT ASSESSMENT OF THE KEY MARKETS WE WANT TO VENTURE IN, WE BELIEVE THIS WILL ENABLE US TO BUILD AN ENDURING **BUSINESS THAT CREATES** SHAREHOLDER VALUE IN THE LONG TERM."

the 241-key Quincy Hotel Melbourne. In Australia, TFE Hotels have also debuted the 'A by Adina' hotel brand with the opening of the 130-key A by Adina, Canberra, as well as the 194-key A by Adina Sydney. These are significant milestones for us as we continue to pursue strategic partnerships and hotel management agreements to expand Far East Hospitality hotel brands in Singapore

While it may take some time for the hospitality industry to completely recover, markets with domestic demands and other demand drivers are expected to be more resilient. We have continually worked on the expansion of our geographical footprint in countries with large domestic markets. On 4 March 2022, we entered into a joint venture agreement with Real Hospitality Group Asia Co., Limited, which currently operates more than 90 hotels in the United States under the white label or franchised brands, to operate and manage hotels under Far East Hospitality's selected hotel brands in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). The PRC has one of the largest domestic markets pre-COVID and is already showing signs of recovery. We believe this is an opportune time to enter the PRC market with this strategic operating platform to grow the Group's global presence.

Our focus has been to reinforce our hospitality lodging platform, growing its footprint as well as establishing the Group's hospitality arm - Far East Hospitality, as a credible regional operator. As at 31 December 2021, we operate more than 100 properties with approximately 18,000 rooms.

In our pipeline, we have earmarked the openings of 9 properties through to 2023, deepening the presence in countries we are operating in, such as Japan and Germany, as well as entering new countries like Switzerland and Vietnam. The Group will continue to evaluate and monitor these potential markets with strong domestic demands and take a disciplined approach towards any expansion and acquisitions.

#### **Committed to Our PBSA Strategy**

In tandem with the hospitality expansion, we continue to look for opportunities to grow our student accommodation business. Our focus remains in the UK where enrolment numbers for higher education continue to increase. In 2021, the Group's PBSA portfolio recorded a valuation gain of more than S\$30 million, driven by income completed the development of our first

growth and discount rate compression. This reflects the strong demand fundamentals and the continued investment interest in this sector.

The variability of COVID-19 has resulted in a late booking cycle, particularly for international students. Despite that, applications continued to grow, driven by domestic and non-European Union international students. The easing of the UK's COVID-19 restrictions in July 2021 also facilitated students' return to campus for in-person teaching, and together with our increased focus on retaining existing students, our PBSA portfolio achieved a healthy occupancy of over 85% for the academic year 2021/22 which commenced in September 2021.

We have confidence that the PBSA sector remains promising. Further easing of the UK's COVID-19 measures, removal of its COVID restrictions applicable to higher education and the growth projection of the 18-year-old population over the next decade will boost domestic demand, which bodes well for the sector's outlook.

As at 31 December 2021, we have a portfolio of 12 PBSA properties in six UK cities with 3,561 beds.

#### **Keeping The Momentum**

Since the strategic review of FEOR 25 in 2020, the Group has taken calculated steps to achieve our targets. Through an asset-right model and prudent assessment of the key markets we want to venture in, we believe this will enable us to build an enduring business that creates shareholder value in the long term.

We are excited to share that we have

# **CEO's** Message

mixed-use development in London, UK, the former Westminster Fire Station. The development comprises 17 residential apartments and a restaurant. The restaurant tenant, Mathura, opened its door for business in October 2021. Pre-launch sales activities for the residential apartments commenced in the last quarter of the year, with the official sales launch planned for Spring 2022 in the UK.

Our portfolio of purpose-built medical suites for lease and for sale in Singapore's premier medical hub in Novena maintained an occupancy rate of 100%. This has provided us with a stable recurring income, especially during this period. With COVID-19 impacting the Group's medical and office tenants at its properties in Singapore, the Group has extended rental reliefs to certain tenants affected by the Phase 2 heightened alert in July 2021.

#### Creating a Sustainable Future

FY2021 marks an important milestone for us on our sustainability journey, reflecting our commitment to improving our sustainability efforts. Besides the introduction of FEOR's sustainability vision, we have established a sustainability-linked loan ("SLL") framework and have secured our first SLL, a four-year £50 million revolving credit facility. This marks an important milestone in our commitment to include sustainability across our businesses. We recognise the importance of creating a balance between achieving sustained economic value for our stakeholders and contributing responsibly to the environment and society while holding a high standard of corporate governance.

#### Gearing up for New Opportunities

The outlook for FY2022 remains clouded by various downside risks including continued COVID-19 flare-ups, supply chain issues, labour shortages, global inflation and

our strategy.

geopolitical tensions. As the travel and tourism sector remains subdued, alongside experts' forecast that full recovery is at least two years away, the Group's hospitality business is therefore expected to be impacted in the near term. While hospitality continues to be one of the most challenged sectors, the outlook for our PBSA business in the UK remains resilient.

We will continue to monitor developments in the respective markets we are in and adapt to necessary changes appropriately, as we stay focused on executing the lodging platform strategy. The experience we have gained from the past two years have poised us to capitalise on opportunities when they arise while making prudent and decisive decisions.

I would like to take this opportunity to appreciate our shareholders, customers, and business partners for their support and trust in us during these tumultuous times. I am also thankful to Mr Koh Boon Hwee for his stewardship during his tenure as Chairman of the Board and we wish him the very best in his future undertakings. Lastly, I would like to express my utmost appreciation to all the staff members who worked selflessly, both at the frontline and behind the scenes; your efforts to cope with the precarious situations displayed the ability to remain flexible and agile. Together, I am confident we will emerge stronger as we remain steadfast in

Group Chief Executive Officer 16 March 2022

Focusing on Our Strategy

Leveraging on our strong fundamentals and extensive resources, we will continue to focus on executing our lodging platform strategy as the way forward to sustain growth.



#### MR KOH BOON HWEE

Chairman, Non-Executive Director • Member, Nominating Committee

#### Present directorships in other listed companies: SINGAPORE

Nil

#### OVERSEAS

 Agilent Technologies, Inc (Chairman) (USA, listed on the New York Stock Exchange)

#### Other principal commitments: SINGAPORE

- Sunningdale Tech Ltd (Chairman)
- Altara Ventures Pte Ltd (fka: Credence Partners Pte Ltd) (Chairman)
- Rippledot Capital Advisers Pte Ltd (Chairman)
- Bank Pictet & Cie (Asia) Ltd (Director)

#### OVERSEAS

- Credence Capital Fund II (Cayman) Ltd (Executive Director)
- Altara Ventures GP Limited (fka: Credence Ventures GP Limited) (Executive Director)

#### Past directorships in other listed companies (2019-2021): SINGAPORE

• Yeo Hiap Seng Limited (Chairman)

#### **OVERSEAS**

• AAC Technologies Holdings Inc (Chairman) (Cayman Islands, listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange)

Mr Koh Boon Hwee was appointed as a Non-Executive Director and Chairman of the Board on 1 January 2013, and was last reelected on 23 April 2019. Mr Koh is a member of the Nominating Committee. As Mr Koh serves on various executive committees in Far East Organization, the Nominating Committee and Board considers Mr Koh to be non-independent.

Mr Koh started his career in 1977 at Hewlett Packard and rose to become its Managing Director in Singapore, a post he held from 1985 to 1990. From 1991 to 2000, he was Executive Chairman of the Wuthelam Group. Mr Koh has been with Sunningdale Tech Ltd since 2003, where he oversaw the operations of the company as Executive Chairman and Chief Executive Officer from 2005 to 2008, and as Chairman from 2008 to-date.

Mr Koh was also the Non-Executive Chairman of the Singapore Telecom Group (SingTel) and its predecessor organisations from 1986 to 2001. From 2001 to 2005, Mr Koh served as Non-Executive Chairman of Singapore Airlines Limited, from 2005 to 2010 as Non-Executive Chairman of DBS Group Holdings Ltd and DBS Bank Ltd and from 2010 to 2019 as Non-Executive Chairman of Yeo Hiap Seng Limited. Mr Koh dedicated 28 years of service to the Nanyang Technological University, Singapore ("NTU"). In 1991, he joined the Board of the NTU Council and in 1993, was appointed as its Chairman. From 2006 to March 2021, Mr Koh served as Founding Chairman of the NTU Board of Trustees.

From 1996 to 2010, Mr Koh served on the board of Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited, and was a member of the Executive Committee from 1997 to 2010.

Mr Koh graduated from Imperial College with a Bachelor of Science (Mechanical Engineering), First Class Honours, in 1972, and obtained a Master in Business Administration with Distinction from Harvard Business School in 1976.

Mr Koh will retire pursuant to Regulation 98 of the Company's Constitution at the Company's 54th Annual General Meeting and while he is eligible for reelection, he has decided to relinquish his positions and directorship at the conclusion of the AGM as part of the Board renewal process.

# **Board of Directors** and Management

#### MR ALAN TANG YEW KUEN

**Executive Director** Group Chief Executive Officer

#### Present directorships in other listed companies:

Nil

#### Other principal commitments: SINGAPORE

- Far East Hospitality Holdings Pte. Ltd. (Chairman)
- Member of Hotel Innovation Committee, Singapore Hotel Association

#### OVERSEAS

• Toga Hotel Holdings Pty Limited (Director of the Trustee Board)

Past directorships in other listed companies (2019-2021): Nil

Mr Tang has rich and balanced experience in the global hospitality real estate capital market and operations. He served as Senior Vice President, Head Hospitality of GIC Real Estate Pte Ltd, where he held leadership responsibilities for investment and asset management of a USD multibillion portfolio. During his tenure at GIC Real Estate Pte Ltd, he oversaw both direct and indirect (through third-party funds) equity and debt investments, as well as both private and public-listed entities. Prior to joining the Company, Mr Tang was Chief Operating Officer of Frasers Hospitality International Pte Ltd, where he led the operations of its hotels and serviced apartments worldwide.

Mr Tang received a Bachelor of Science (Distinction) in 1992 from the School of Hotel Administration, Cornell University, USA. He is also a Chartered Financial Analyst (CFA). In 2016, he completed the Module 10 of the Capital Markets and Financial Advisory Services (CMFAS) Examination.



Mr Alan Tang Yew Kuen was appointed as an Executive Director on 1 January 2020, and was last re-elected on 26 June 2020. Mr Tang was also appointed as the Group Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 1 January 2020.

#### MS CHUA KHENG YENG, JENNIE

Non-Executive Lead Independent Director

- Chairman, Nominating Committee
- Member, Audit & Risk Committee
- Member, Remuneration Committee

#### Present directorships in other listed companies:

SINGAPORE

• GuocoLand Limited

**OVERSEAS** Nil

#### Other principal commitments: SINGAPORE

- Vanguard Healthcare Pte Ltd (Chairman)
- Woodlands Health Campus Development Committee (Chairman)
- The RICE Company Limited (Chairman)
- Temasek Foundation International CLG Limited (Deputy Chairman)
- Temasek Foundation Ltd (Director)
- Singapore's Non-Resident Ambassador to the Kingdom of Spain
- National Gallery Singapore (Director)

#### **OVERSEAS**

Nil

Past directorships in other listed companies (2019-2021):

• GL Limited (Director)

Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie was appointed as a Non-Executive Director of the Company on 1 January 2014, and was last re-appointed on 26 April 2021. Ms Chua is the Lead Independent Director of the Company, Chairman of the Nominating Committee and a member of the Audit & Risk Committee and the Remuneration Committee. The Nominating Committee and Board considers Ms Chua to be an Independent Director.

Ms Chua brings with her over 45 years of international experience in tourism, hospitality, property and community service.

Ms Chua was formerly President and CEO of Raffles Holdings Ltd, Chairman of Raffles International Limited, President and CEO of The Ascott Group Limited, the Chief Corporate Officer of CapitaLand Limited, Chairman of the Singapore International Chamber of Commerce, a Director of GL Limited and Singapore's Non-Resident Ambassador to The Slovak Republic and The United Mexican States. She was also the Chairman of the Community Chest, Alexandra Health System Pte Ltd, Woodlands Health Pte Ltd, Yishun Community Hospital Pte Ltd, Geriatric Education & Research Institute Limited, Admiralty Medical Centre Pte Ltd.

Presently, she is Chairman of Vanguard Healthcare, Chairman of Woodlands Health Campus Development Committee, Chairman of Singapore Film Commission Advisory Committee, Pro-Chancellor of Nanyang Technological University, Deputy Chairman of Temasek Foundation International, Advisor to the Community Chest of Singapore and Singapore's Non-Resident Ambassador to the Kingdom of Spain.

Awards and accolades: Singapore National Day Awards including the Meritorious Service Medal, President's Volunteerism & Philanthropy Award, Outstanding Contribution to Tourism, NTUC Medal of Commendation, amongst others.

Ms Chua graduated from Cornell University's School of Hotel Administration.

# **Board of Directors** and Management

#### MDM EE CHOO LIN DIANA

Non-Executive Director (Independent until 31 December 2021)

- Chairman, Remuneration Committee (until 31 December 2021)
- Member, Remuneration Committee (from 1 January 2022)
- Member, Audit & Risk Committee

#### Present directorships in other listed companies:

Nil

#### Other principal commitments: SINGAPORE

- SHATEC Institutes Pte Ltd (Vice-Chairman)
- Far East Hospitality Holdings Pte. Ltd. (Director)
- Constellar Holdings Pte. Ltd. (Director)
- Sentosa Development Corporation (Board Member)
- Singapore Standards Council (Member), Singapore Services Standards Committee (Co-Chairman)

#### **OVERSEAS**

• Toga Hotel Holdings Pty Ltd (Director and Member of the Audit & Risk Committee of the Trustee Board)

Past directorships in other listed companies (2019-2021): Nil



She is presently Vice-Chairman of SHATEC Institutes Pte Ltd (the educational arm of the Singapore Hotel Association), a Director of Constellar Holdings Pte Ltd and Board Member of Sentosa Development Corporation.

Mdm Ee obtained her Bachelor of Arts degree in Economics from the National University of Singapore.

Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana was appointed as a Non-Executive Director on 29 April 2011, and was last re-elected on 26 June 2020. The Nominating Committee and Board considered Mdm Ee as an Independent Director throughout the financial year ended 31 December 2021 as she demonstrated strong independence in character and judgement and provided impartial and autonomous views. As Mdm Ee has served the Board for more than nine years, with effect from 1 January 2022, she was re-designated as a non-independent Director and stepped down as Chairman of the Remuneration Committee (RC) while remaining a RC member. She is a member of the Audit & Risk Committee.

Mdm Ee has extensive international experience in the tourism and hospitality industry. She held senior executive leadership positions at Raffles International Limited managing multihotel brands and gained broad commercial experience in business operations, brand stewardship, global sales and marketing, distribution and revenue management, technical services, quality assurance and strategic organisational development. Formerly, as President of Raffles Hotels & Resorts, she held responsibilities for the brand's growth strategy and for the operating and financial performance of its hotels spanning South East Asia, China, the United States, Middle East and Europe. Mdm Ee has previously served as a Board Member of the Singapore Tourism Board and the Board of Governors of Republic Polytechnic Singapore and as Chairman of Mount Faber Leisure Group Pte Ltd.

#### MS KOH KAH SEK

**Non-Executive Director** • Member, Remuneration Committee (until 31 December 2021)

#### Present directorships in other listed companies:

#### SINGAPORE

• Netlink NBN Management Pte. Ltd. (trustee-manager of Netlink NBN Trust, a business trust listed on the SGX-ST)

#### Other principal commitments: SINGAPORE AND OVERSEAS

- Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer, FEO
- Fellow Member and Divisional Councillor of CPA Australia (Singapore Division)
- Chair, CFO Committee, CPA Australia (Singapore Division)
- Council Member Professional Education Council, Singapore Accountancy Commission
- Member, Accounting Standards Council Singapore
- Committee Member, Audit Committee Chapter, Singapore Institute of Directors
- Director, Baker & Cook Pte Ltd

Past directorships in other listed companies (2019-2021): Nil

Ms Koh Kah Sek was appointed as a Non-Executive Director on 1 November 2016 and was last re-elected on 26 June 2020. Ms Koh served as a member of the Remuneration Committee from 25 April 2017 until 31 December 2021. As Ms Koh is directly associated with Far East Organization Pte. Ltd., which is a substantial shareholder of the Company, she is considered by the Nominating Committee and Board to be non-independent.

Ms Koh is an Executive Director and the Chief Financial Officer of Far East Organization ("FEO"), where she is responsible for FEO's financial affairs, including corporate finance, treasury, overseas investments, risk management and capital management. She also oversees corporate functions of FEO's Group Legal Division.

Ms Koh is also a Non-Executive and Independent Director and Chairman of the Audit Committee of Netlink NBN Management Pte Ltd, trustee-manager of Netlink NBN Trust.

Prior to joining FEO, Ms Koh worked in Singapore Telecommunications Limited (SingTel) from 2005 to 2011. In SingTel, she held various senior management positions, such as the Group Financial Controller, CFO of Singapore Business and Group Treasurer. Ms Koh previously served as a board member of public listed companies including Globe Telecom Inc. and Advanced Info Service Public Company Limited. Prior to joining SingTel, Ms Koh began her career with Price Waterhouse and thereafter she worked at a leading global investment bank before she held a senior management role in a public listed F&B company in Singapore.

Ms Koh graduated with a Bachelor of Commerce from the University of Melbourne and is a member of The Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants and a Fellow Member of CPA Australia.

As part of the Board renewal process, Ms Koh will succeed Mr Koh Boon Hwee as Chairman of the Board following his retirement at the Company's 54th Annual General Meeting.

# **Board of Directors** and Management

#### MR RAMLEE BIN BUANG

#### Non-Executive Independent Director

- Chairman, Audit & Risk Committee
- Member, Nominating Committee

#### Present directorships in other listed companies: Nil

#### Other principal commitments: SINGAPORE

- Halogen Foundation (Singapore) (Director and Chair of Finance & Establishment Committee)
- Ukyo Advisory (Founder/ Owner)
- National Healthcare Group Pte Ltd (Director) and Chair of Finance & Audit Committee. Board Risk Committee and Member of Woodlands Health Campus Development Committee)
- MOH Holdings (Chair of MOHH-Public Healthcare Institutions Finance Shared Services Steering Committee, Member of Investment Committee and Audit & Risk Committee)
- 1FSS Pte. Ltd. (Chairman, Director and member of Human Resource Committee)
- ALPS Pte Ltd (Director, Chair of Procurement Sub-Committee and Member of Finance Sub-Committee)
- Singapore Accountancy Commission (Member of the Council and Audit Committee)
- Singapore University of Technology and Design (Member of Board of Trustee and Chair of the Audit Committee)
- Breast Cancer Foundation (Member of Executive Council, Nomination & Appointment Sub-Committee and Audit & Risk Management Sub-Committee)

OVERSEAS Nil

Past directorships in other listed companies (2019-2021):

Mr Ramlee has extensive experience in corporate and international business and finance, accounting, tax, corporate investor relationship, management information systems, risk management and audit, human resource development in leading multinational corporations and in various industries ranging from petroleum, power tools and housewares to household and personal care products, health supplements, beverage and food and hospitals.

Mr Ramlee Bin Buang was appointed as a Non-Executive Director on 25 April 2017, and was last re-elected on 26 April 2021. Mr Ramlee was appointed Chairman of the Audit & Risk Committee and a member of the Nominating Committee on 24 April 2018. The Nominating Committee and Board considers Mr Ramlee to be an Independent Director.

Mr Ramlee holds a Professional Qualification from the Chartered Association of Certified Accountants in the United Kingdom, a Diploma in Marketing from the Chartered Institute of Marketing, UK and a Graduate Diploma in Marketing from the Marketing Institute of Singapore. He is a non-practicing member of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants. He attended the Harvard Business School Advanced Management Program in 2011. He is a Certified Governance, Risk Management and Compliance Professional, Certified Professional Co-Active Coach (The Coaches Training Institute) and an Associated Certified Coach with International Coaching Federation.

#### MR SHAILESH ANAND GANU

#### Non-Executive Independent Director

- Member, Remuneration Committee (until 31 December 2021)
- Chairman, Remuneration Committee (from 1 January 2022)

#### Present directorships in other listed companies:

Nil

#### Other principal commitments: SINGAPORE

- Willis Towers Watson (Managing Director; Global Practice Leader - Executive Compensation, and Talent & Rewards -ASEAN & South Asia)
- SATA Commhealth (Board Member, Chair of Human Resource Committee, and member of Digital Committee)
- Singapore Institute of Directors (Governing Council member, Chair of Partnership Committee, and Member of ESG Committee)
- Climate Governance Singapore Limited (Member of Steering Committee)

#### **OVERSEAS**

Nil

Past directorships in other listed companies (2019-2021): Nil

Mr Shailesh Anand Ganu was appointed as a Non-Executive Director on 12 February 2019, and was last re-elected on 23 April 2019. Mr Ganu was appointed as a member of the Remuneration Committee on 23 April 2019 and redesignated as its Chairman with effect from 1 January 2022. The Nominating Committee and Board considers Mr Ganu to be an Independent Director.

Mr Ganu is a seasoned business leader, management consultant, and senior human capital practitioner with experience leading large teams and projects in both corporate and consulting environments. He has over 21 years of experience working closely with the Boards and management teams of some of the leading companies in the world across Real Estate and several other industries. He is an Executive Compensation and Corporate Governance expert, with deep expertise in the design and implementation of people strategies, organisation development, business transformations, and environmental, social, governance (ESG) issues.

Mr Ganu has a Bachelor of Engineering (Chemical Engineering) degree from the University of Mumbai, India; and a Masters of Business Administration from Sydney Business School, Australia. He is a member and faculty of non-executive director institutes across the region, and is an associate lecturer teaching corporate governance and strategic HR courses. He is a keynote speaker, and frequently writes for business publications on gender diversity and board effectiveness matters.

Mr Ganu will retire pursuant to Regulation 98 of the Company's Constitution at the Company's 54th Annual General Meeting and he is eligible for re-election. If reelected, Mr Ganu will be appointed as a Member of the Nominating Committee on 18 April 2022.

# **Board of Directors** and Management

#### MS KU XIAN HONG

Non-Executive Independent Director

#### Present directorships in other listed companies:

- SINGAPORE
- Netlink NBN Management Pte. Ltd. (trustee-manager of Netlink NBN Trust, a business trust listed on the SGX-ST)

#### Other principal commitments: SINGAPORE

• Singapore Cancer Society (Council Member and Chair of IT Steering Committee)

#### **OVERSEAS**

• Anyhealth Pte. Ltd. (China) (Board Member)

Past directorships in other listed companies (2019-2021):



Ms Ku will retire pursuant to Regulation 103 of the Company's Constitution at the Company's 54<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting and she is eligible for re-election. If re-elected, Ms Ku will be appointed as a Member of the Audit & Risk Committee on 1 July 2022.



Ms Ku Xian Hong was appointed as a Non-Executive Director on 1 January 2022. The Nominating Committee and Board considers Ms Ku to be an Independent Director.

Ms Ku was a Managing Director in Accenture Singapore before retiring in November 2013. She assumed multiple Asia Pacific leadership roles over her 27-year career at Accenture where she spent several years in China, Hong Kong and Taiwan establishing the Greater China Change Management practice to help clients transform their organisation and workforce.

Ms Ku is a Director and Member of the Regulatory and Risk Committee, and Remuneration Committee, of Netlink NBN Management Pte Ltd, trustee-manager of Netlink NBN Trust. She also serves on the Board and working committees of various non-profit organisations.

Ms Ku obtained her Bachelor of Science from the National University of Singapore and Master of Business Administration (with Distinction) from the DePaul University, Chicago.

#### MR SAMUEL GENE RHEE

Non-Executive Independent Director

Present directorships in other listed companies: Nil

#### Other principal commitments: SINGAPORE AND OVERSEAS

- Endow.us Pte Ltd and Endowus Holdings Pte. Ltd. (Chair and Chief Investment Officer)
- Voveo Capital Pte. Ltd. (Director)

# Past directorships in other listed companies (2019-2021):

Nil

Mr Samuel Gene Rhee was appointed as a Non-Executive Director on 1 January 2022. The Nominating Committee and Board considers Mr Rhee to be an Independent Director.

Mr Rhee has over 27 years of experience in financial services and investments, 17 years of which were at Morgan Stanley. He was Chief Executive Officer and Board Chair at Morgan Stanley Investment Management in Asia and was also Chief Investment Officer where he managed institutional investment portfolios in tens of billions in assets.

He is co-founder, Chair and Chief Investment Officer of Endowus, the leading digital wealth platform and first approved digital advisor for CPF in Singapore. Mr Rhee is also founder of Voveo Capital, a fintech-focused earlystage venture advisory & investment company.

Mr Rhee graduated with a BA (Joint Honours) in Economics and Public Administration from Royal Holloway, University of London, and attended the Executive Education Program in International Management by Stanford Graduate School of Business and NUS Business School.

Mr Rhee will retire pursuant to Regulation 103 of the Company's Constitution at the Company's 54<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting and he is eligible for re-election. If reelected, Mr Rhee will be appointed as a Member of the Remuneration Committee on 1 July 2022.

# Board of Directors and Management

#### MR KIONG KIM HOCK ARTHUR

Chief Executive Officer, Far East Hospitality

IV C

Mr Kiong Kim Hock Arthur was appointed Chief Executive Officer of the hospitality business of the Company on 1 September 2012.

Mr Kiong was the Managing Director of Hotel Operation (Asia Pacific & China) and Senior Vice President of Group Marketing Services at Banyan Tree Hotels & Resorts from 2008 to 2012. He was the Director of Far East Hospitality Business Group from August 2005 to 2007. Mr Kiong was Vice-President of Marketing (Asia Pacific) for the Peninsula Group based in Hong Kong from 2002 to 2005, where he was responsible for the marketing functions in Head Office and sales performance of the hotels outside the USA.

Mr Kiong has 35 years of hotel industry experience having held operations, sales and marketing roles for various hotels in Asia and the USA including The Peninsula Hotels, The Mandarin Oriental Hong Kong, The Ritz-Carlton, Hyatt International, Westin Hotels and Banyan Tree Hotels & Resorts.

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#### MS JOANNA GOK YIN YIN

**Chief Financial Officer** 

Ms Joanna Gok Yin Yin was appointed Chief Financial Officer of the Company on 2 January 2018. Ms Gok leads the finance team and is responsible for business ventures, strategic partnerships, risk management, investor relations and overall financial matters of the Company and its group of companies. She also supports the Group Chief Executive Officer in the Group's strategic business planning process.

Ms Gok joined the Company in 2012 and held various managerial positions before her appointment as Chief Financial Officer.

Prior to joining the Company, Ms Gok served as Chief Financial Officer of Newage Investment Holding Pte Ltd from 2011 to 2012, overseeing financial matters of the holding company in Singapore which owns hotels and office buildings in Jakarta. Ms Gok began her career at Arthur Andersen before moving on to Ernst & Young where she led statutory audit and IPOaudit engagements. Thereafter, Ms Gok joined the Transaction Services team in KPMG Singapore as Senior Manager, before leaving as Director in 2010. In KPMG, she led financial due diligence engagements for both buy-side and sell-side engagements.

> Ms Gok holds a Bachelor of Accountancy (Honours) from the Nanyang Technological University, Singapore, and is a Chartered Accountant of Singapore.

Reaching into New Markets

Staying on course on its lodging platform strategy, the Group will continue to prudently explore opportunities to expand its geographic footprint and reach into new markets.



**Business Structure** 

# 2021 Milestones



## FEBRUARY



TFE hotels

TFE Hotels debuted "A by Adina" hotel brand



194-key Opened A by Adina Sydney Opened on 26 April

# SEPTEMBER



191-key Oasia Resort Sentosa (first foray into the spa and wellness category) Opened on 01 September

## NOVEMBER





126-key Adina Apartment Hotel Wiesbaden Opened on 04 November

# Financial Highlights

\$\$'000	2021	2020	2019	2018	<b>2017</b> (restated)
Hospitality	59,990	69,104	127,515	133,910	136,800
Student accommodation	37,290	28,426	19,092	7,446	5,686
Property development	-	6,561	-	241	-
Property investment	9,548	8,124	9,456	9,314	9,135
Total Revenue	106,828	112,215	156,063	150,911	151,621
Profit/(Loss) before income tax	29,078	(3,359)	29,932	35,660	25,704
Profit attributable to equity holders	28,127	1,538	26,031	32,937	21,753
Shareholders' equity	1,280,128	1,240,883	1,249,146	1,265,210	1,244,131
Total assets	2,625,384	2,618,614	2,530,831	2,145,357	2,087,295
Net assets per share (S\$)	2.76	2.72	2.85	2.89	2.93
Earnings per share (cents) <sup>1,2</sup>	6.1	0.4	6.0	7.6	5.1
Final dividend per share (cents)	3.0	3.0	6.0	6.0	6.0
Gearing ratio	0.54	0.54	0.44	0.23	0.17

#### Total Operating Profit/(Loss) by Business Segment

S\$ million	2	2021	:	2020		2019	)	2018	20	017
	2	4.4		13.7		40.5		34.6	37	7.2
<ul><li>Hospitality</li><li>Student accommodation</li></ul>	20.3		13.6		25.2		19.0		20.3	
<ul><li>Property development</li><li>Property investment</li></ul>	<b>2.7</b> 7.2		13.0 5.8		<b>7.5</b> <b>0.5</b> 7.3		<b>3.2</b> <b>5.3</b> 7.1		2.5 7.3 7.1	
	(25.8)		(18.7)							_

Notes: <sup>1</sup> Earnings per share are calculated by reference to the weighted average number of shares in issue during the year. <sup>2</sup> Figures have been rounded.

# **Corporate Information**

Board of Directors	Audit & Risk Committee	Remuneration Committee
Non-Executive Chairman	Chairman	Chairman
Mr Koh Boon Hwee	Mr Ramlee Bin Buang	Mr Shailesh Anand Ganu** Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana*
Group Chief Executive Officer	Members	
Mr Alan Tang Yew Kuen	Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie	Members
Independent Directors	Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana	Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie Mr Shailesh Anand Ganu*
<b>Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie</b> (Lead Independent Director)		Ms Koh Kah Sek*
Mr Ramlee Bin Buang	Nominating Committee	Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana**
Mr Shailesh Anand Ganu	Chairman	
Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana*	Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie	<b>Company Secretary</b>
Ms Ku Xian Hong**		
Mr Samuel Gene Rhee**	Members	Ms Phua Siyu, Audrey
Non-Executive Directors	Mr Koh Boon Hwee Mr Ramlee Bin Buang	
Ms Koh Kah Sek		
Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana**		
Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana** Notes: * Until 31 December 2021. ** From 1 January 2022.		
Notes: * Until 31 December 2021. ** From 1 January 2022.		riod from 1 January 2021 until 31 March 2022
<b>Notes:</b> * Until 31 December 2021. ** From 1 January 2022. The composition of the Board and Board		riod from 1 January 2021 until 31 March 2022 Auditor
Notes: * Until 31 December 2021. ** From 1 January 2022. The composition of the Board and Board being the date of issuance of the Annual	Share Registrar	
Notes: * Until 31 December 2021. ** From 1 January 2022. The composition of the Board and Board being the date of issuance of the Annual Registered Office 1 Tanglin Road #05-01	Report 2021.	Auditor
Notes: * Until 31 December 2021. ** From 1 January 2022. The composition of the Board and Board being the date of issuance of the Annual Registered Office I Tanglin Road #05-01 Orchard Rendezvous Hotel, Singapore	Report 2021.         Share Registrar         Boardroom Corporate &         Advisory Services Pte. Ltd.         1 Harbourfront Avenue	Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 7 Straits View, Marina One East Tower, Level 12
Notes: * Until 31 December 2021. ** From 1 January 2022. The composition of the Board and Board being the date of issuance of the Annual Registered Office I Tanglin Road #05-01 Orchard Rendezvous Hotel, Singapore	Report 2021. Share Registrar Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte. Ltd. 1 Harbourfront Avenue #14-07	Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 7 Straits View, Marina One
Notes: * Until 31 December 2021. ** From 1 January 2022. The composition of the Board and Board being the date of issuance of the Annual Registered Office	Report 2021.         Share Registrar         Boardroom Corporate &         Advisory Services Pte. Ltd.         1 Harbourfront Avenue	Auditor PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP 7 Straits View, Marina One East Tower, Level 12

#### **Principal Bankers**

DBS Bank Ltd Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited United Overseas Bank Limited

# Properties of the Group

As at 31 December 2021

#### **Hospitality Properties**

Owned properties	Location	Effective	Tenure	Site Area (sm)	No. of Units/ Rooms/ Beds
Australia				()	
A by Adina Sydney	Sydney	35%	Freehold	583	194 <sup>1</sup>
Adina Apartment Hotel Adelaide Treasury	Adelaide	35%	Leasehold	4,154	79
Adina Apartment Hotel Brisbane	Brisbane	35%	Freehold	1,485	220
Adina Apartment Hotel Sydney Darling Harbour	Sydney	35%	Leasehold	3,058	114
Rendezvous Hotel Perth Central	Perth	70%	Freehold	1,973	103
Rendezvous Hotel Perth Scarborough	Perth	70%	Freehold	11,467	336
Rendezvous Hotel Melbourne	Melbourne	70%	Freehold	1,999	340
Travelodge Resort Darwin	Darwin	35%	Freehold	13,100	224
Denmark					
Adina Apartment Hotel Copenhagen	Copenhagen	35%	Freehold	3,000	128
Germany					
Adina Apartment Hotel Berlin Checkpoint Charlie	Berlin	35%	Freehold	2,143	127
Adina Apartment Hotel Berlin Mitte	Berlin	35%	Freehold	1,798	139
Adina Apartment Hotel Frankfurt Neue Oper	Frankfurt	35%	Freehold	1,455	134
Japan					
Far East Village Hotel Ariake, Tokyo	Токуо	35%	Freehold	2,541	306
Malaysia					
Oasia Suites Kuala Lumpur	Kuala Lumpur	100%	Freehold	1,880	247
Leased and managed					
Singapore					
Orchard Rendezvous Hotel, Singapore	Singapore	100%	Freehold	8,143 <sup>2</sup>	388
Village Hotel Albert Court	Singapore	100%	Leasehold	4,273	210
Village Residence Clarke Quay <sup>3</sup>	Singapore	100%	Leasehold	6,238	127

#### Notes:

<sup>1</sup> The redevelopment from office building into apartment hotel project was completed in April 2021 and commenced operations in May 2021. <sup>2</sup> Includes 1,069sm of leasehold area.

<sup>3</sup> A put and call option agreement has been entered into for the sale of the revisionary interest of approximately 1.5 years ("Sale"). Completion of the Sale is expected on 24 March 2022.

# Properties of the Group

#### **Properties Held for Sale**

Commercial	Location	Effective Interest	Tenure	Site Area (sm)	No. of Units/ Rooms/ Beds
Singapore					
Novena Medical Center – Medical Suites	Singapore	100%	Leasehold	_	7
Novena Specialist Center – Medical Suites	Singapore	100%	Leasehold	_	29
SBF Center – Medical Suite	Singapore	20%	Leasehold	_	1
Woods Square – Offices	Singapore	33%	Leasehold	18,5694	320
Residential/Commercial					
United Kingdom					
Westminster Fire Station	London	100%	Freehold	768	18 <sup>6</sup>
Investment Properties					
Australia					
Adina Apartment Hotel Brisbane Anzac Square – Apartment Unit	Brisbane	70%	Freehold	_	1
Rendezvous Hotel Perth Scarborough – Retail Podium	Perth	70%	Freehold	_	13
Singapore					
Novena Medical Center – Medical Suites	Singapore	100%	Leasehold	-	37
Novena Specialist Center – Medical Suites	Singapore	100%	Leasehold	_	10
SBF Center – Shops	Singapore	20%	Leasehold	-	3
Tanglin Shopping Centre – Offices	Singapore	100%	Freehold	-	2
Woods Square – Offices and Retail	Singapore	33%	Leasehold	18,5694	68
United Kingdom					
Harbour Court	Bristol	100%	Freehold	794	133
Hollingbury House	Brighton	100%	Freehold	1,616	195
King Square Studios	Bristol	100%	Freehold	2,700	301
Land sites for student accommodation buildings	Newcastle upon Tyne	100%	Freehold	4,513	-
Portland Green Student Village – Bryson Court	Newcastle upon Tyne	100%	Freehold	3,287	366
Portland Green Student Village – Marshall Court	Newcastle upon Tyne	100%	Freehold	2,155	196
Portland Green Student Village – Newton Court	Newcastle upon Tyne	100%	Freehold	3,271	295
Portland Green Student Village – Rosedale Court	Newcastle upon Tyne	100%	Freehold	3,548	338
Portland Green Student Village – Turner Court	Newcastle upon Tyne	100%	Freehold	2,640	274
St Lawrence House	Bristol	100%	Freehold	1,022	166
The Elements	Sheffield	100%	Freehold	5,196	735
The Foundry	Leeds	100%	Freehold	2,161	239
The Glassworks	Liverpool	100%	Freehold	1,900	323

#### Notes:

<sup>4</sup> Comprises of properties held for sale (including site area of sold units) and investment property.

<sup>5</sup> 17 residential units and 1 restaurant unit.

As at 31 December 2021

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# Corporate Governance

Far East Orchard Limited (the "Company") is firmly Principal Duties of the Board committed to maintaining a high standard of corporate The Board, as fiduciaries acting in the Company's governance and promoting corporate transparency, interests, is collectively responsible for the Group's accountability and integrity to enhance long-term long-term success. In addition to its statutory duties, shareholders' value, while taking into account the the Board's principal functions are to: interests of its other stakeholders. Under the Singapore Governance and Transparency Index ("SGTI") which a. create value for shareholders and to ensure the assesses companies on the timeliness, accessibility and long-term success of the Group. transparency of their financial results announcements oversee the effectiveness of Management, provide b. along with their corporate governance disclosure and leadership, review the Group's corporate strategies practices, the Company performed well, ranking 42 out and direction, and ensure that the necessary of 519 listed companies in 2021.

This report describes the corporate governance practices and policies of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") during the financial year ended 31 December 2021 ("FY2021") with reference to the principles and provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance 2018 (the "Code"), the Mainboard Rules of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("Listing Rules"), the Companies Act 1967 ("Companies Act"), the Securities and Futures Act 2001 ("Securities and Futures Act"), the voluntary Practice Guidance 2018 ("PG") and where applicable the guidelines of the Code of Corporate Governance 2012 (the "2012 Code").

The Company has complied with all the principles in the Code. It has also in all material respects, complied with the provisions in the Code. Where there are any variations from the provisions, the Company has provided explanations on how its practices are consistent with the aim and philosophy of the principle in question.

#### **Board Matters**

#### The Board's Conduct of Its Affairs

Principle 1: The company is headed by an effective i. Board which is collectively responsible and works with Management for the long-term success of the company.

- financial and human resources are adequate to achieve the Group's goals.
- c. review and approve the annual budget of the Group.
- d. ensure that there is an enterprise risk management framework and a sound system of internal controls to safeguard shareholders' interests and the Group's assets.
- review the business performance of the Group and approve the release of the half-year and year-end results and any other announcements.
- endorse the framework of remuneration for the Board and key management personnel (being the Group CEO, the Chief Executive Officer of Far East Hospitality, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company ("CFO") and any other persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group).
- identify the key stakeholder groups and recognise g. that their perceptions affect the Group's reputation.
- h. set the Group's values and standards and ensure that obligations to shareholders and other stakeholders are understood and met.
- set the sustainability direction for the Group, providing oversight and management of ESG risks and opportunities.

#### Independent Judgement and Proper Accountability

The Board and Management are guided by a corporate governance policies manual ("CG Policy Manual"), which encapsulates the terms of reference for the Board and each Board Committee, and is aligned with the Code. The Group's employees are also guided by its Code of Conduct and Employee Handbook which are published on the intranet and which prescribes the standards of ethical behaviour.

The CG Policy Manual directs the Board and Management to adhere to the approved policies and schemes, including the Board Diversity Policy, the Dividend Policy and Scrip Dividend Scheme, the Investor Relations Policy, the Security Trading Policy and Whistle-blowing Policy. It comprehensively addresses declaration and disclosure obligations, covering areas such as independence, listed company directorships and principal commitments, declaration of any relatives in managerial positions and conflicts of interest.

To address and manage possible conflicts of interest that may arise between Directors' interests and those of the Group, the Company has put in place appropriate procedures including requiring (i) Directors to declare upfront at each Board meeting, any conflict of interest to any proposal or papers submitted for discussion at such Board meeting, and (ii) for such Directors to refrain from participating in meetings or discussions (or relevant segments thereof) in addition to abstaining from voting, on any matter in which they are so interested or conflicted. Each Director is also required to submit details of his/her associates for the purpose of monitoring interested person transactions annually.

The CG Policy Manual makes clear that every Director is expected to objectively discharge his/her duties and responsibilities, to act in good faith, provide insights and consider the interests of the Group at all times. The Directors have the right core competencies and experience to enable the Board to contribute effectively.

#### Delegation by the Board

The Board has established three board committees ("Board Committees") to assist in the execution of its responsibilities. They are the Audit & Risk Committee ("ARC"), the Remuneration Committee ("RC") and the Nominating Committee ("NC"). Each Board Committee is governed by clear terms of reference setting out its role, authority, duties and responsibilities, as well as qualifications for committee membership in line with the Code, which has been approved by the Board.

Authority has been delegated to Management to approve transactions below certain thresholds, which are set out in a structured Delegation of Authority Matrix.

Notwithstanding the above, the Board Committees and Management remain accountable to and report back to the Board. Minutes of meetings of all Board Committees in FY2021 were provided to the Board, and the Chair of each Board Committee provided updates at Board meetings in FY2021 on matters discussed in Board Committee meetings. The activities of each Board Committee in FY2021 are disclosed under the respective principles of this report.

# Corporate Governance

#### **Board and Board Committees Meetings**

The Board meets at least quarterly, or more frequently with some attending in person where feasible. The when required or appropriate, to review and evaluate agendas and meeting materials are circulated to the the Group's performance and address key matters. The Board and Board Committees at least one week before Board and Board Committees' meetings are planned the meetings to allow for sufficient time to review prior one year in advance to ensure maximum attendance by to the meeting. The Board and Board Committees may the participants, and the meeting schedule is circulated also make decisions by way of circulating resolutions. to the Directors prior to the start of the financial year. Directors are expected to attend all Board meetings The attendance of the Directors and Group CEO at and meetings of the Board Committees on which they serve. If a Director is unable to physically attend scheduled meetings of the Board and Board Committees a meeting of the Board or a Board Committee, he/she and the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") held in FY2021 is disclosed below. The Directors with multiple board may attend by telephone or video-conference which is allowed under the Company's Constitution. Due to representations have ensured that sufficient time and the COVID-19 pandemic, various Board and Board attention are given to the affairs of the Company.

	AGM	Board of Directors	Audit & Risk Committee	Nominating Committee	Remuneration Committee
No. of Meetings Held	1	5	5	2	3
Names of Directors	Number of Meetings Attended				
Koh Boon Hwee	1	5	-	2	_
Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie	1	5	5	2	3
Alan Tang Yew Kuen <sup>1</sup>	1	5	5	2	3
Ee Choo Lin Diana	1	5	5	-	3
Koh Kah Sek	1	5	-	-	3
Ramlee Bin Buang	1	5	5	2	-
Shailesh Anand Ganu	1	5	_	_	3

#### Note:

Group CEO and Executive Director Mr Alan Tang Yew Kuen was invited to attend all the NC and RC Meetings held in FY2021.

Committees meetings in FY2021 were held via telephone and/or video-conference and/or in a hybrid manner

#### **Board Approval**

#### Material transactions

The Company has a structured Delegation of Authority Matrix and internal guidelines regarding matters that require Board approval. The types of material transactions, which require Board approval, include:

- a. transactions in the ordinary course of business that have not been delegated by the Board to any Board Committee for approval;
- b. major transactions not in the ordinary course of business;
- c. bank borrowings;
- d. provision of corporate guarantees or other securities to secure loans granted to subsidiaries and associated companies;
- e. acquisition or disposal of fixed assets, save where authority has been delegated by the Board to any Board Committee for approval;
- equity or contractual joint ventures; and f.
- diversification into new businesses. g.

#### Key Activities of the Board during FY2021

Regular agenda items:

- Quarterly updates on the businesses
- Quarterly review of enterprise risk management .
- Quarterly review of financial performance including compliance of financial covenants and cash flow projection
- Review and approval of all announcements including half-year results and year-end financial statements
- Conflict of interest and register of interested . person transactions
- Disclosure of Directors' interests pursuant to the Companies Act and the Securities and Futures Act
- Reports of the ARC, NC and RC

Other key agenda items considered during FY2021:

- Implication of COVID-19 on the Group's businesses and response plans
- Discussion and approval of strategic asset plan, cost of funds and hurdle rates
- Sustainability framework, vision, drivers, and disclosures
- Disclosure of profit guidance policy
- Cybersecurity maturity
- Business opportunities
- New banking relationships
- Business strategy
- · Material developments relating to accounting, risk management, sustainability reporting, legal, regulatory and/or corporate governance issues
- · Adequacy and effectiveness of the internal controls and risk management systems of the Group
- Review of the independence, effectiveness and adequacy of resources for the internal audit function

Matters reserved for Board recommendation/approval annually:

- · Documents for distribution to shareholders including the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements
- Annual budget and business plan
- Dividend payout
- Remuneration of the Executive Director(s) and Non-Executive Directors ("NEDs")
- Retirement and re-election of Directors
- Re-appointment of external auditors

# Corporate Governance

#### **Board Training and Orientation**

Directors receive a comprehensive induction when sustainability, and the SID Directors Conference 2021 they are first appointed to the Board. New Directors among others. are provided with relevant information on the Group's business activities, strategic directions, policies Complete, Adequate and Timely Information and procedures relating to corporate conduct The Board has separate and independent access and governance, including disclosure of interests in securities, restricted periods for dealings in the to Management. Management also keeps the Board apprised of the Group's operations and performance by Company's securities and restrictions on disclosure providing regular management reports. To ensure that of confidential or price-sensitive information. If the the Board is able to fulfil its responsibilities, Management new Director is also appointed to a Board Committee, relevant information on the duties of such Board is required to provide complete, adequate and timely information to the Board on issues that require their Committee is also provided. If there are first-time decision. Whenever appropriate, employees who can Directors appointed, the Group will provide in-house provide additional insight in the matters to be discussed training for them in areas such as accounting, legal are invited to attend the Board meetings. and industry-specific knowledge as appropriate, and direct them to attend external training courses Board papers and related materials are disseminated including those conducted by the Singapore Institute at least one week in advance to the Board and the of Directors ("SID"), at the Company's cost. Each newly Board Committees, giving the Directors sufficient time appointed Director is also provided with a formal to review the relevant information. In line with the letter setting out the Director's duties and obligations, Company's sustainability efforts and for efficiency, including pertinent obligations under the Companies the Company subscribes to a secure electronic board Act, the Securities and Futures Act, the Listing Rules and portal to electronically disseminate board papers the Code, and a director tool-kit containing among and materials. Directors can access the board portal others, the Company's Annual Report and the detailed through a secure log-in process from any device, Group organisation structure. which eliminates the need to circulate hard copies.

The Company is responsible for funding and Provision of Information to the Board arranging regular training for the Directors from Information provided include board papers and related time to time, particularly on changes in the relevant materials, background or explanatory information laws, regulations and changing commercial risks relating to matters to be brought before the Board, and to enable them to make well-informed decisions in copies of disclosure documents, budgets, forecasts carrying out their expected roles and responsibilities. and guarterly internal financial statements. Material Changes to regulations and accounting standards variances between the actual results and forecast are monitored closely by Management, and Directors and budgets are also discussed and explained by are briefed during Board meetings or at specially Management to the Board. convened sessions conducted by professionals, on regulatory changes that have any significant bearing **Company Secretary** on the Group's or Directors' obligations. Directors are provided with opportunities to attend appropriate The Directors have separate and independent access courses, conferences and seminars. to the Company Secretary through electronic mails,

telephone and face-to-face meetings. The role of the In FY2021, the Company arranged a sustainability Company Secretary includes attendance at all Board development workshop by its external sustainability meetings, preparation of the agenda and papers for advisors KPMG, which all Directors attended. In addition, meetings of the Board and Board Committees, taking various Directors attended SID programmes, covering and circulating minutes of meetings, sending the a wide range of topics including valuation and the Board information relating to the Group as needed, role of the audit committee beyond the pandemic, advising the Board on corporate and administrative

value creation at Board level, accelerating digital transformation, redesigning business models towards

matters, ensuring that Board procedures are followed and that applicable rules and regulations including requirements of the Code, Companies Act, Securities and Futures Act and Listing Rules are complied with, facilitating orientation and assisting with professional development for the Board. The Company Secretary also ensures good information flow within the Board and Board Committees and between the Management and NEDs, advising the Board on all governance matters. In FY2021, the Company Secretary attended the AGM and all meetings of the Board and Board Committees save for one RC meeting where the Company Secretary was excused due to the sensitivity of information discussed.

The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is subject to the approval of the Board as a whole.

#### Independent Professional Advice

The Board has a procedure for Directors (individually or as a group), if necessary, to seek independent professional advice in the furtherance of their duties, at the Company's expense. This includes access to a reputable law firm which has been appointed by the Company as corporate governance advisor.

#### **Board Composition and Guidance**

Principle 2: The Board has an appropriate level of independence and diversity of thought and background in its composition to enable it to make decisions in the best interests of the company.

#### **Board Size and Composition**

The Board comprised seven Directors in FY2021, the majority of whom are non-executive. The only Executive Director is the Group CEO.

There is a strong element of independence on the Board, as the Independent Directors ("IDs") constitute a majority of the Board. The Board's decision-making process is not dominated by any individual or small group of individuals. While the Board Chair (Mr Koh Boon Hwee) is a non-independent non-executive Director ("NI-NED"), the Company has complied with the Code's requirement for IDs to make up a majority of the Board when the Board Chair is not an ID.

Each Director is required to complete annually a detailed self-assessment questionnaire on his/her independence. For FY2021, the questionnaires were

premised on Rule 210(5)(d) of the Listing Rules, Provision 2.1 of the Code, Guideline 2.4 of the 2012 Code (which continues to apply before 1 January 2022) and the circumstances set out in Practice Guidance 2 of the PG. The completed questionnaires were collated and reported to the Board.

For FY2021, four Directors provided declarations to confirm that they do not have any relationship with the Company or its related companies and its officers that could impair, interfere, or be reasonably perceived to interfere, with their judgement in the best interests of the Company, and are to be considered IDs. They are Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie, Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana, Mr Ramlee Bin Buana, and Mr Shailesh Anand Ganu. Among them, Mdm Ee has served the Board for more than nine years. The NC and the Board rigorously reviewed Mdm Ee's independence and considered her to be an ID throughout FY2021 as she continued to demonstrate strong independence in character and judgement and provided impartial and autonomous views. The NC and Board observed many occasions where Mdm Ee, along with Ms Chua, Mr Ramlee and Mr Shailesh, debated issues and objectively scrutinized and challenged Management, and following deliberation, concurred that they are all independent. Each ID abstained from deliberations of his/her independence.

From 1 January 2022, by virtue of Rule 210(5)(d)(iii) of the Listing Rules, Mdm Ee is considered non-independent (and was accordingly redesignated as such), as she has served the Board for more than nine years. The NC deliberated and concurred that it is in the Company's interests for Mdm Ee to continue serving on the Board, having regard to multiple supporting factors including her skill sets, expertise and hospitality industry knowledge, and her contributions to constructive debate and Board diversity. In 2021, the NC and Board took active steps for Board renewal. From 1 January 2022, two new IDs (Ms Ku Xian Hong and Mr Samuel Gene Rhee) were appointed to the Board, and IDs continue to make up a majority of the Board.

The Board is of the view that its current size and the size of each Board Committee is appropriate and facilitates effective decision-making, taking into account the scope and nature of the Group's operations.

# Corporate Governance

#### Board Competency and Diversity Policy

The NEDs are well-supported by accurate, complete The Board comprises respected members of the and timely information from Management. They business community, with long and extensive engage in open and constructive debate and experience in various fields, including real estate, challenge Management on its assumptions and engineering, hospitality, corporate management, proposals, which are fundamental to good corporate accounting, human resource, banking and finance. The governance. They aid in the development of growth Board finds the core competencies of the Directors, strategies and oversee effective implementation by which include industry knowledge, strategic planning Management to achieve set objectives. They also and customer-based experience, to be relevant and monitor the performance of the Group. beneficial to the Group.

NEDs have unrestricted access to Management. When deciding on the appointment of new directors When NEDs are unable to attend any Board or to the Board, the NC and the Board will consider Board Committee meetings, they may provide their various factors such as scope and nature of the comments to the Chair of the Board or the relevant operations of the Group, skills, knowledge, experience, Board Committees separately. The NEDs constructively gender, age and competencies of the candidates that challenge and help develop proposals on strategy are required on the Board and Board Committees, formulated by Management. They also review the conflicts of interest, time commitments and the Board performance of Management in meeting agreed goals Diversity Policy. and objectives and monitor the reporting of financial and operational performances.

The Board Diversity Policy was established since 2018 as the NC and Board firmly believes that board diversity Meetings of NEDs, and of IDs, without the presence enhances decision-making capability and fosters of Management constructive debate. The Board agreed that diversity is In FY2021, the NEDs met regularly without the presence a wide-ranging concept and covers aspects ranging of Management, and discussed matters ranging from industry knowledge, professional experience, from internal audit and external audit matters to the educational qualifications, gender, age, ethnicity and performance of Management. nationality, among others. While all appointments to the Board will continue to be made based on merit, In FY2021, the IDs, led by the lead independent in making recommendations on Board appointments, director ("Lead ID"), met periodically without the the NC will consider all aspects of diversity to achieve presence of other Directors and Management and an optimal composition for the Board. discussed matters including succession planning and remuneration, and where appropriate they provided The Board Diversity Policy sets out two specific feedback to the Board Chair after such meetings.

targets addressing age and gender, and the practical measures which may be implemented to meet such **Board Chair and Chief Executive Officer** targets. The age target is to have directors of different Principle 3: There is a clear division of responsibilities age ranges (so that the Board will not consist of between the leadership of the Board and Management, directors only in a particular age band). The gender and no one individual has unfettered powers of target is for women to comprise at least 20% of decision-makina. the Board. Both targets were met and maintained throughout FY2021 and to-date. The Board comprises Separate Persons Acting as Board Chair and Group CEO Directors of various ages (ranging from 40s to 70s). In terms of gender diversity, 3 of the 7 Directors or 42.8% The roles and responsibilities of the Board Chair of the Board (in FY2021), and 4 of the 9 Directors or and the Group CEO are distinct and separate to 44.4% (presently) are women. A profile of each Director ensure an appropriate balance of power, increased is found in the "Board of Directors and Management" accountability and greater capacity of the Board section of this Annual Report. for independent decision-making. The division of

#### Role of NEDs

responsibilities between the Board Chair and the Group CEO are clearly established in the Group's CG Policy Manual. The Board Chair and the Group CEO are not related family members. The Board Chair and the Group CEO are also not related to any substantial shareholder of the Company.

#### **Roles of Board Chair**

Mr Koh Boon Hwee assumed the role of Board Chair on 1 January 2013. The Board Chair is responsible for leading the Board and ensuring the effectiveness of the Board and Board Committees as well as the governance process.

The other roles of the Board Chair include the following:

- a. schedule meetings that enable the Board to perform its duties responsibly while minimising disruptions to the Company's operations.
- b. ensure sufficient allocation of time for thorough discussion of Board meeting agenda items.
- c. promote an open environment for debate at the Board.
- d. foster constructive dialogue between shareholders, the Board and Management at AGMs and other shareholders' meetings.
- e. encourage constructive relations within the Board Mr Ramlee Bin Buang (ID) and between the Board and Management.
- f. ensure that NEDs are able to speak freely and contribute effectively.
- g. promote high standards of corporate governance.

#### **Roles of Group CEO**

Mr Alan Tang Yew Kuen was appointed as the Group CEO on 1 January 2020. The roles and responsibilities of the Group CEO are clearly defined in his service contract with the Company and includes managing and supervising the day-to-day business operations in accordance with the strategies, policies and business plans approved by the Board.

#### Lead Independent Director

The Company has a Lead ID as the Board Chair is not an ID. Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie has assumed the role of Lead ID since 25 April 2017. The Lead ID is a key member of the Board, representing the views of the IDs

and providing a channel to the NEDs for confidential discussions on any concerns, and facilitating a twoway flow of information between shareholders, the Board Chair and the Board.

Shareholders with concerns may contact the Lead ID directly if contact through the normal channels via the Board Chair or Management is inappropriate or has failed to provide satisfactory resolution. The Lead ID's email address is <a href="mailto:lead\_independent\_director@fareastorchard.com.sg">lead\_independent\_director@fareastorchard.com.sg</a>, which is also listed on the Company's website.

#### **Board Membership**

Principle 4: The Board has a formal and transparent process for the appointment and re-appointment of directors, taking into account the need for progressive renewal of the Board.

#### NC Composition and Key Terms of Reference

During FY2021, the NC comprised three NEDs, the majority of whom, including the NC Chair, are independent. The Lead ID is the NC Chair.

#### The NC comprises:

Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie as NC Chair (Lead ID) Mr Koh Boon Hwee (NI-NED) Mr Ramlee Bin Buang (ID)

The principal functions of the NC under its terms of reference are to:

- a. identify and nominate new Directors for appointment to the Board and Board Committees, after evaluating factors such as the candidate's experience, knowledge, skills, age and gender in relation to the needs of the Board, whether the candidate will add diversity to the Board having regard to the Company's Diversity Policy, the composition and progressive renewal of the Board and Board Committees, and whether it is ideal to appoint an independent third party search firm to source and screen candidates.
- b. develop and maintain a formal and transparent process for the appointment of new Directors to the Board, which includes disclosing to the Board the channels used in searching for candidates, and the criteria used to identify and evaluate the candidates.

# Corporate Governance

- c. provide nominations for the re-appointment of a Director having regard to the Director's performance, commitment and ability to continue contributing to the Board, and how the Director will fit in the overall competency and performance of the Board.
- d. recommend retirement of Directors at regular intervals and arrange all Directors to submit themselves for renomination and re-appointment at least once every three years in accordance with the Listing Rules.
- e. identify and develop training and professional development programmes for the Board and Board Committees, and review these annually.
- f. provide the Board with succession plans for the Board Chair and Directors, and collaborate with the RC and Executive Director(s) on the talent management and succession planning for key management personnel.
- g. review the independent status of NEDs and assess the independence of the Directors annually having regard to the Listing Rules, the Code, the PG, among others.
- h. review the appropriate structure, composition and size of the Board and Board Committees for effective decision-making.
- develop and maintain a formal annual assessment process and objective performance criteria to evaluate the effectiveness of the Board, its Board Committees and the contribution by each Director (including the Board Chair) to the effectiveness of the Board, and to analyse the findings of the performance evaluation sheets submitted.
- j. to provide a reasoned assessment of a Director's ability to diligently discharge his/her duties where such Director holds a significant number of listed company directorships and principal commitments.

In FY2021, the NC held two meetings. In those meetings, the NC carried out all its principal functions as listed above. After each NC Meeting, the NC Chair provided updates and relevant recommendations to the Board.

#### Board Renewal, Roles and Responsibilities

The Board's renewal is an on-going process, to ensuregood governance and to maintain relevance to thebusiness as well as the changing needs of the Group.Based on the review for FY2021, the NC is satisfied thatMs Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie, Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana

New Directors are appointed by way of a Board Resolution, after the NC recommends their nominations.

In FY2021, in its review of the Board composition, the NC and the Board considered the years of service of each Director and the need for progressive renewal of the Board. The NC took active steps to search for two new IDs. The Board (and RC) was re-constituted on 1 January 2022, and IDs continue to make up a majority of the Board.

The NC is charged with the responsibility of renominating the Directors. The Company's Constitution requires one-third, or the number nearest to one-third of the Directors, to retire from office. The Directors to retire every year are those who have been longest in office since their last election. No Director stays in office for more than three years without being re-elected by shareholders. In addition, a newly appointed Director will hold office only until the next AGM at which he/she will be eligible for re-election.

Each NC member abstains from voting on any resolution, making any recommendation and/or participating in respect of matters in which he/she is the subject or interested in.

Directors who are subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the Company's Constitution and who are seeking re-election at the forthcoming AGM scheduled on 18 April 2022, are named in the Notice of AGM on page 166 of this Annual Report.

#### **Review of Directors' Independence**

The NC conducts an annual review of the independence of each Director, with full regard to the Listing Rules, the Code, the PG and having considered the self-assessment of independence submitted by each Director to the NC, details of which were explained above. The NC provides its views on the independence of the Directors to the Board for consideration. The NC is also committed to reassessing the independence of each individual Director as and when warranted. Directors are required to notify the Board of any changes to their external appointments, interests in shares, and other relevant information which may affect their independence.

(for FY2021), Mr Ramlee Bin Buang and Mr Shailesh Anand Ganu are independent.

#### Multiple Board Representations

When a Director has multiple board representations or principal commitments, the NC also considers whether or not the Director is able to and has adequately carried out his/her duties as a Director of the Company. The NC noted that Board and Board Committee meetings are scheduled in advance to facilitate the Directors' scheduling of their commitments.

The NC's view is that there is no current need to prescribe a maximum number of board representations nor principal commitments for each Director, as a number is not necessarily representative of a Director's commitment to perform his/her duties to the Company. Instead of a hard number, the NC will consider factors such as attendance, degree of participation by a Director at meetings and in considering issues, and the quality of contributions made by a Director.

Throughout FY2021, three Directors held other directorships in unrelated listed companies. The NC reviewed each Director's other directorships, principal commitments, attendance, performance and contributions to the Board, and noted the full attendance of all Directors at the AGM and all scheduled Board and Board Committee Meetings. The NC is satisfied that all Directors have given sufficient time and attention to the Company's matters and have diligently discharged their duties for FY2021.

#### **Appointment of Alternate Director**

The Company did not have any alternate director on its Board during FY2021. The Company discourages the appointment of alternate directors as it is an indication that the principal director is not able or prepared to commit the time required for the Company's affairs.

#### Nomination and Selection of Directors

The NC will consider the Company's current Board in terms of its size, composition, collective skills and experience and diversity. Potential new directors are shortlisted after conducting external searches and/or tapping on internal resources and referrals from existing Directors. The potential candidates are required to provide their

curriculum vitae and the following key information to the NC: (a) any relationships including immediate family relationships between the candidate and the Directors, the Company or its 5% shareholders; (b) a list of all current directorships in other listed companies; (c) details of other principal commitments; and (d) any shareholding (including immediate family's shareholding) in the Company and its related corporations.

In its search and selection process, the NC evaluates whether the potential candidates possess relevant experience and qualifications, whether they have the calibre to contribute to the Group and its businesses, whether they complement the skills, competencies and attributes of the existing Board, the requirements of the Group, and their independence status. The NC also meets with each shortlisted candidate personally to assess suitability and to ensure that the candidate is aware of the expectations and the level of commitment required. Thereafter, the NC makes a recommendation to the Board for approval.

In FY2021, as part of the Board renewal process, the NC engaged the services of SID to conduct an external search for suitable new IDs. The NC also carried out an independent search that included candidates not known to existing Directors, and further reviewed referrals from existing Directors. The search and selection process as described above was followed through before the appointment of two new IDs to the Board on 1 January 2022.

#### Key Information of Directors

Key information regarding the Directors including academic and professional qualifications, membership or chairmanship in the Group's Board Committees, date of first appointment and last re-appointment, directorships or chairmanships both present and those held over the preceding three years in other listed companies and other principal commitments are listed in the "Board of Directors and Management" section and "Notice of Annual General Meeting" section of this Annual Report. Information on the Directors is also available on www.fareastorchard.com.sg.

#### **Board Performance**

Principle 5: The Board undertakes a formal annual assessment of its effectiveness as a whole, and that of each of its board committees and individual directors.

# Corporate Governance

#### **Board Evaluation Process**

The responsibilities of the NC include evaluating the performance and effectiveness of the Board, the Board The Board is committed to guide the Company Committees and the contribution by the Board Chair towards achieving its growth targets identified in the and each Director, based on a set of criteria. The Board Company's 5-year business plan. and each Board Committee carefully considered the sample evaluation forms in SID's NC Guidebook Individual Director Evaluation before preparing separate forms for evaluation of the Annually, each Director completes a self-assessment Board, the ARC, the RC and the NC. These forms were performance evaluation form of his/her prior year's specifically designed for each Director to focus on performance, designed to remind each Director of the specific roles and performance of the Board and his/her continued role and commitment to the each Board Committee.

The annual evaluation process involves each Director completing performance evaluation forms on the Board and each relevant Board Committee on which he/she is a member of, including the chair of such Board Committee. Each Director is also to complete a self-assessment performance evaluation form. Directors are encouraged to provide comments or suggestions for improvement in these forms.

The Company subscribes to a secure electronic board beneficial to propose changes to such composition. portal and utilises its survey tools to conduct the annual evaluation process. To ensure confidentiality, **Remuneration Matters** the completed performance evaluation forms are **Procedures for Developing Remuneration Policies** provided to the Company Secretary, who collates the Principle 6: The Board has a formal and transparent results before presenting them on an anonymized procedure for developing policies on director basis to the NC for review. The NC considers the and executive remuneration, and for fixing the actions appropriate or beneficial to improve the remuneration packages of individual directors and corporate governance and effectiveness of the Board key management personnel. No director is involved and Board Committees, before it presents the results in deciding his or her own remuneration. of the evaluation exercise and its recommendations to the Board. The NC and the Board were satisfied **RC Composition and Key Terms of Reference** with the overall results of the assessment for FY2021.

The NC agreed that there was no need to appoint any external facilitator to assist in the assessment for FY2021.

#### Board and Board Committee Performance Criteria

The Board and each Board Committee are evaluated on a range of criteria including competencies, Mr Shailesh Anand Ganu (ID) attendance, guidance provided in relation to the Company's performance, degree of preparedness, The composition of the RC was refreshed from participation and candour of Directors, contribution 1 January 2022 in conjunction with Mdm Ee's reto effective risk management, timeliness in response designation as a NI-NED and member of the RC, to resolution of issues, adequacy and conduct of Mr Ganu's appointment as RC Chair, and Ms Koh's Board and Board Committee meetings, succession stepping down from the RC.

planning, and communication lines with Management and shareholders.

Board. For FY2021, the NC took note of each Director's attendance at and preparation for Board Meetings and relevant Board Committee meetings, constructive participation in discussions, and application of skill sets to the decision-making process.

The results of the performance evaluations are taken into consideration when the NC conducts its regular review in consultation with the Board Chair, on the appropriate composition for the Board and Board Committees and whether it would be appropriate or

During FY2021, the RC comprised four NEDs, the majority of whom, including the RC Chair, are independent.

#### FY2021 RC Composition

Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana as RC Chair (ID) Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie (Lead ID) Ms Koh Kah Sek (NI-NED)

The principal functions of the RC under its terms of h. oversee the talent management and succession reference are to:

- a. review and recommend to the Board, a formal and transparent procedure for determining the remuneration of the Company's Directors, including NEDs and the Executive Director(s).
- b. review and recommend to the Board, a remuneration framework for Directors' fees (covering all aspects of remuneration) and the appropriateness of remuneration awarded to attract, retain and motivate Directors, having regard to factors including but not limited to the effort, time spent and responsibilities of the Director.
- c. review and recommend to the Board, a remuneration framework for key management personnel (including the Group CEO), with remuneration packages designed to align interest with shareholders and the Company's long-term goals, promoting long-term corporate value creation.
- d. review and recommend to the Board, proposed performance measures and targets for any performance-related pay schemes operated by the Company, and specific remuneration packages for each key management personnel covering all aspects of remuneration, including but not limited to salaries, allowances, bonuses, options and benefits-in-kind.
- e. review the design of all short-term and long-term incentive plans for approval by the Board and shareholders, with consideration of the use of long-term incentives such as share schemes (if appropriate) for key management personnel.
- f. review the level and structure of pay and employment conditions for key management personnel relative to internal and external peers from companies in the same industry to ensure that key management personnel are appropriately remunerated.
- g. oversee any major changes in employee benefits or remuneration structures and review the ongoing appropriateness and relevance of the Company's remuneration policy.

- planning matters for key management personnel, with collaboration of the NC and the Executive Director(s).
- ensure that contractual terms and any termination payments for key management personnel are fair to the individuals and to the Company, and that poor performance will not be rewarded.

In FY2021, the RC held three meetings, during which the RC carried out all its principal functions as listed above.

#### **RC's Access to Advice on Remuneration Matters**

The RC has access to appropriate advice from the Head of Human Resources, who is invited to all RC meetings. The RC may also seek external expert advice on the remuneration of Directors and employees as and when the need arises. In its deliberations, the RC takes into consideration industry practices and norms in compensation, the Group's relative performance to the industry, and the performance of individual Directors.

#### **Remuneration Framework**

The RC reviews and recommends to the Board a general framework of remuneration for the Board as well as the entire Group, with a goal to recruit, motivate and retain employees through competitive compensation. The RC annually reviews the overall annual increment and bonus framework for Group employees, before putting forth its recommendations to the Board for approval.

The RC reviews and recommends to the Board the specific remuneration packages for the Executive Director/Group CEO and the other key management personnel upon recruitment. Subsequently, various aspects of their remuneration will be reviewed by the RC for recommendation to the Board from time to time.

The members of the RC do not participate in any decisions concerning their own remuneration.

The RC and the Board are satisfied that the remuneration framework for the Board (which was last updated in FY2019) is appropriate to attract, retain and motivate the Directors to provide good stewardship of the Company.

# Corporate Governance

#### Service Contracts

The RC has reviewed the Company's obligations arising in the event of termination of the Executive Director/Group CEO and other key management personnel's service contracts and is of the view that such service contracts contain fair and reasonable termination clauses which are not overly generous nor reward poor performance.

The Group does not have any employee share option scheme or LTI for Directors. The Group rewards the employees with other benefits in cash and in kind. The Level and Mix of Remuneration Company has been working with consultants from Aon Hewitt Singapore Pte Ltd to evaluate the impact Principle 7: The level and structure of remuneration of LTI on performance, and the costs and benefits of of the Board and key management personnel are LTI implementation. The discussions to implement appropriate and proportionate to the sustained LTI were deferred in view of the implications of the performance and value creation of the company, COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's businesses. In taking into account the strategic objectives of the company. FY2021, after extensive deliberation, the RC and Board approved a LTI for implementation in FY2022.

#### Remuneration of Executive Director and Key Management Personnel

NEDs are paid a base retainer fee that varies The Company has one Executive Director who is depending on whether he/she serves as Board Chair, the Group CEO, Mr Alan Tang. He does not receive any additional Directors' fees, as his Executive or as an ID or a NI-NED. The NEDs receive additional fees if they serve as the Lead ID or as a chair or member Director role has been factored into his Group CEO of the various Board Committees. The fee structure is remuneration package. presented under Principle 8 of this Report.

The identities of the top five key management At the AGM of each financial year, the Company will personnel (who are not Directors or the Group CEO) seek shareholders' approval for the aggregate of the are set out in Principle 8. Their service contracts fees that may be paid to the Board in such financial with the Company comprise both fixed and variable components. The variable components are year ("Directors' Fees"). The Board will recommend the Directors' Fees payable for FY2022 for shareholders' performance-related and are linked to their individual approval at the forthcoming AGM, and consistent with performance as well as that of the Group. This is prior years, a sum of up to S\$520,000 as total pool designed to align remuneration with the interest of for the NED fees for FY2022 will be recommended for shareholders and to promote the long-term success of the Group. shareholders' approval.

The Directors' fee framework is evaluated at least In structuring the remuneration packages of the Executive Director/Group CEO and other key annually for appropriateness, taking into account management personnel, the RC and Board take the level of contribution, the responsibilities and into account the performance of the Group and the obligations of the Directors, the prevailing market individual, and the Group's risk policies so as to be conditions, the most recent bench-marking report symmetric with risk outcomes and sensitive to the (if any) and referencing the Directors' fees against time horizon of risks. comparable and independent benchmarks.

The RC and the Board have deliberated and are The RC is of the view that the remuneration is assured that the current level and structure of appropriate to attract, retain and motivate the NEDs remuneration of the Executive Director/Group CEO and and they are not over-compensated to the extent that other key management personnel are aligned with the their independence may be compromised.

long-term interests and risk management policies of the Company, and are appropriate to retain and motivate them to successfully manage the Group for the long-term.

#### Long-term Incentive Scheme ("LTI")

#### **Remuneration of NEDs**

#### Contractual Provisions for Executive Director and Annual Remuneration Report **Key Management Personnel**

The Company currently does not have contractual provisions to reclaim any incentive components of remuneration from the Executive Director/Group CEO and other key management personnel, and there are no excessively lengthy or onerous removal clauses in their service contracts.

#### Disclosure on Remuneration

Principle 8: The company is transparent on its remuneration policies, level and mix of remuneration, the procedure for setting remuneration, and the relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation.

For FY2021, there were no termination, retirement or post-employment benefits granted to any Director or key management personnel. The breakdown of the remuneration of Directors and key management personnel for FY2021 is reported below.

#### Disclosure of Directors and Group CEO's Remuneration

#### Breakdown of Level and Mix of Directors' Fees

Save for Directors' Fees, the Directors do not receive any other form of remuneration or payment from the Company. A breakdown showing the level and mix of the Directors' Fees for FY2021 is appended below:

	Fees Per Approved Framework (S\$)
Base Retainer Fee:	
Board Chair	70,000
ID	40,000
NI-NED	35,000
Non-Independent Executive Board Member	Nil
Lead Independent Director	17,000
Board Committees:	
Audit & Risk Committee	
- Chair	38,500
- Member	19,000
Remuneration Committee	
- Chair	14,000
- Member	7,500
Nominating Committee	
- Chair	14,000
- Member	7,500

# Corporate Governance

#### Breakdown of Directors' Fees received by each Director

A further breakdown of the aggregate Directors' Fees received by each Director for FY2021 is appended below:

Name of Director	
Koh Boon Hwee	
Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie <sup>1</sup>	
Alan Tang Yew Kuen	
Ee Choo Lin Diana <sup>2</sup>	
Koh Kah Sek	
Ramlee Bin Buang	
Shailesh Anand Ganu	

#### Notes:

The Directors' fees of Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie are paid to a consultancy company in which she is a member/director. The Directors' fees received by Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana include fees for her directorships on the board of Far East Hospitality Holdings Pte. Ltd. (S\$10,000) and Toga Hotel Holdings Pty Limited (director and member of the audit and risk committee of the trustee board) (S\$25,000).

Disclosure of Remuneration of the Group CEO may invite comparison that subjects the Company to the risk of attrition of this position, which is not in The remuneration of the Group CEO for FY2021 is the best interests of the Company or its shareholders. disclosed below. The Board has assessed and decided In addition, the remuneration of the Group CEO has that this is a key position, and the remuneration is been disclosed in bands such that the minimum and disclosed in percentage terms for confidentiality. Disclosure of the exact details of the remuneration maximum range is apparent.

Group CEO	Base salary <sup>1</sup> (%)	Variable incentives or bonuses (%)	Benefits-in-kind (%)
\$\$500,000 to \$\$749,999			
Alan Tang Yew Kuen	81.5%	11.5%	7.0%

#### Note:

Inclusive of allowances and Central Provident Fund contributions.

Ag	gregate Director Fee (S\$)
	77,500
	97,500
	Nil
	108,000
	42,500
	86,000
	47,500

Disclosure of Key Management Personnel's Remuneration

Key management personnel's compensation consists of salary, allowances and bonuses. Bonuses are conditional upon the key management personnel and the Group meeting certain performance targets. A proportion of the key management personnel's remuneration is linked to the Group and individual performances.

The Group has determined that it has five key management personnel (who are not Directors or the Group CEO) in FY2021. The aggregate of the total remuneration paid to them is S\$1,966,017. Their remuneration is also disclosed in percentage terms and in bands of \$\$250,000.

Key Management Personnel	Designation	Base salary <sup>1</sup> (%)	Variable incentives or bonuses (%)	Benefits- in-kind (%)
\$\$500,000 - \$\$749,999				
Kiong Kim Hock Arthur	CEO, Far East Hospitality			
s\$250,000 - s\$499,999				
Joanna Gok Yin Yin	Chief Financial Officer			
Audrey Chung Suet Cheng	Deputy Director and Head of Global Sales & Marketing, Far East Hospitality	▶ 88.8%	7.2%	4.0%
Gill Ishwinder Singh <sup>2</sup>	Deputy Director and SVP of Operations, Far East Hospitality			
Below S\$250,000				
Brett Ronald Walker <sup>2,3</sup>	Assistant Director of Operations, Far East Hospitality			

#### Notes:

Inclusive of allowances and Central Provident Fund contributions.

<sup>2</sup> Their remuneration is charged down by the Group to the hospitality properties they oversee, in accordance with contractual arrangements.

<sup>3</sup> Mr Brett Walker resigned from the Company on 30 June 2021 to relocate back to Australia.

#### No Employees with Relationships with a Director or the Group CEO or Substantial Shareholder of the Company

None of the Company's substantial shareholders are employees. There are no Company employees who are an immediate family member of a Director or the Group CEO or a substantial shareholder of the Company.

#### Relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation

The Company considers the achievement of sustainable income and long-term capital growth, and the provision of consistent and sustainable ordinary dividend payments on an annual basis, to be value creation for its shareholders. The Group also views the continuous enhancement of its sustainability practice to be value creation for its stakeholders.

The variable component of the remuneration of the Executive Director/Group CEO and other key management personnel is tied to certain performance conditions of the Group, including financial targets such as revenue and profit, and non-financial targets such as guest and customer satisfaction levels. These performance conditions align the Executive Director/ Group CEO and other key management personnel with the short-term and long-term interests of the Group. The variable component of their remuneration was paid in accordance with those performance conditions which were met

# Corporate Governance

#### **Accountability and Audit**

#### **Risk Management and Internal Controls**

Principle 9: The Board is responsible for the governance of risk and ensures that Management maintains a sound system of risk management and internal controls, to safeguard the interest of the company and its shareholders.

#### Accountability of the Board and Management

The Board conducts itself in ways that deliver maximum its Directors and Executive Officers (as defined in the Listing Rules) in the format set out in Appendix 7.7 of sustainable value to the shareholders. The Board the Listing Rules. promotes best practices in providing timely and full disclosure of material information in compliance with Management Accounts the statutory reporting requirements. The Board is Management provides the Board with management accountable to shareholders and is responsible for accounts on a guarterly basis and other information in providing a balanced and understandable assessment of connection with matters or transactions which require the Group's performance, position and prospects through Board approval. In this way, the Board is kept abreast SGXNet announcements on a half-year and full-year of the operations, financial performance, position and basis as well as timely announcements of other matters prospects of the Group. as prescribed by the relevant rules and regulations.

The half-year unaudited financial results and full-year results of the Group for FY2021 were announced within the deadlines prescribed by the Listing Rules.

#### Compliance with Legislative and Regulatory Requirements

In preparing the financial statements, the Board has selected suitable accounting policies and applied The Board determines the Company's levels of risk them consistently. The Board has made judgements tolerance and risk policies, and oversees the design, and estimates that are reasonable and prudent and implementation and monitoring of the Company's risk ensures that all applicable accounting standards management and internal control systems. The Group have been followed. The financial statements were refers all significant matters to the ARC and the Board. prepared on the basis that the Directors have reasonable expectations, having made enquiries, The Group has in place an Enterprise Risk Management that the Group has adequate resources to continue ("ERM") framework integrated with ESG (being operations for the foreseeable future. environment, social and governance areas) that

assures consistent and robust risk management The Board has taken adequate steps to ensure the practices across the Group. The ERM framework sets Company's compliance with legislative and regulatory out the appropriate risk mitigation strategy for all requirements, including requirements under the aspects of business risk and prescribes a zero tolerance Companies Act and Listing Rules, for instance, by towards non-compliance with laws and regulations, publishing its annual report, holding its AGM and making disregard for health and safety requirements, announcements of material corporate developments corruption, bribery, graft and fraudulent activities. It

in a timely manner within required deadlines. Announcements are reviewed and approved by the Board before they are published. Relevant policies are also instituted, for example, the Company has a data protection policy and appointed data protection officers to oversee compliance with relevant data protection regulations in Singapore and overseas.

The Company confirms that undertakings under Rule 720(1) of the Listing Rules have been obtained from all

#### **Risk Management and Internal Control Systems**

The Company has in place a sound system of risk management and internal controls, addressing material strategic, financial, operational, compliance and information technology ("IT") risks, amongst other risks, to safeguard shareholders' interests and the Group's assets.

provides Management with a formal framework and structure to identify risks and optimise available resources to mitigate the risks. The ERM framework encompasses an evaluation process to determine its adequacy and effectiveness; and accords appropriate improvements to the ERM framework and

process. The framework is reviewed annually taking into considerations the changing business landscape and expansion of the Group's operations. References were drawn from the Corporate Governance Council Risk Governance Guidance for Listed Boards and SS ISO 31000:2011 when conceptualising this framework.



The Group has established a risk matrix system where the various classes of risk is measured and ranked, having regard to the likelihood of occurrence and the impact to the Group. The ARC reviews the key risks of the Group quarterly. The key risks identified by the Group may be broadly categorised into the following:

#### Strategic Risks

The Group evaluate risks associated to business strategies and strategic positioning; for instance sustainability, reputation and crisis risks. The Group's approach to sustainability risk and the material Economic, Environmental, Social and Governance factors are covered in the Sustainability Report.

#### Financial Risks

The Group's activities are affected by various financial risks, including interest rate risk, exchange rate risk and liquidity risk. The details of each risk are set out in Note 34 to the financial statements of this Annual Report.

#### **Operational Risks**

The operational risks facing the Group include changes in external market conditions such as oversupply of properties, competitive pricing in the market and drop in visitor arrivals due to political instability, terrorism and health warnings. Other risks include increase in operating costs and the necessity for capital expenditure from time to time.

# Corporate Governance

#### **Compliance** Risks

jurisdictions where the Group operates.

#### IT Risks

The ARC assists the Board in determining the nature and extent of the significant risks which the Board is The Group faces compliance risks such as changes willing to take in achieving its strategic objectives. to government policies, rules and regulations relating to the property and hospitality industries within the The ARC considers the nature of the risks facing the Group and the extent to which these risks are acceptable, the likelihood of risks materialising and the Group's ability to reduce their occurrence and Failure of critical IT systems can potentially disrupt impact on the business, and the cost versus the the Group's business. Confidential information, such benefit of managing the risks. The ARC ensures that as customers' personal data, may be at risk of cyberthe internal auditors conduct reviews of the Group's attacks. The Group continuously reviews its IT security internal controls, addressing material strategic and processes, and makes necessary enhancements financial, operational, compliance and IT controls. to mitigate such risks. Risk management and financial management are also assessed.

Management undertakes periodic reviews of the Group's past performances and conducts horizon scanning in order to identify and assess current and future risks related to the aforementioned risk categories - strategic, financial, operational, compliance and IT. Based on these reviews, Management employs reasonable endeavours in ensuring that these risks are within limits and strategies approved by the Board.

Although the Board acknowledges that it is responsible for the overall internal control framework, it also relevant assurance to the Board. recognises that no cost-effective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. A system is Since FY2020, in response to changes in the designed to mitigate and reduce rather than eliminate Group's business operations due to the COVID-19 the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can pandemic, the Group has implemented guidelines provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance regarding workplace and customer health and against material misstatements or losses. The Board safety, and prioritised compliance with nation-wide is satisfied that the system of risk management and requirements on social distancing. The Group has put internal controls that the Group has in place provides in place effective business continuity plans ("BCPs") reasonable assurance against material financial across business units. The BCP involves systems of misstatements or losses, safeguarding of assets, the response and recovery to ensure business operations maintenance of proper accounting records, reliability can continue to operate normally and disruptions of financial information, compliance with legislation, are minimized when certain events occur. In FY2021, regulations and best practices and the identification the Group formalized a crisis management ("CM") and management of business risks. policy covering areas ranging from response plan to communications framework. The CM policy was Adequacy and Effectiveness of Risk Management approved by the ARC and the Board after an in-depth review. Both the BCP and CM framework are part of the The Board reviews quarterly the adequacy and Group's ERM, supported by the MRSC and overseen by effectiveness of the Group's risk management and the ARC and Board.

### and Internal Control Systems

internal control systems.

The Group has established the Management Risk & Sustainability Committee ("MRSC") that is headed by the Group CEO and comprises relevant key management personnel as committee members. The MRSC supports the Board and ARC in driving the risk management and sustainability efforts. The Group CEO and CFO will also assess the reports from the internal auditors and the MRSC before providing

and activities conducted to ensure that the training in various areas for employees, including Company's risk management and internal control compliance training courses for personal data systems are adequate and effective. They include protection, competition law and operational policies to ensure the health, safety and welfare of risk management.

The following are some of the policies instituted the Group's employees. The Group also arranged

Strategic Risks	a. CG Policy Manual		
	b. ERM manual		
	c. BCPs		
	d. Whistle-blowing policy		
	e. Crisis Management Policy		
Financial Risks	a. Foreign currencies & control procedures, including forex monitoring		
	& hedging		
	b. Interest rate		
Operational Risks	a. Emergency response plan and drills		
	b. Service quality audits		
	c. Workplace safety & health risk assessment procedures manual		
	d. Employee safety handbook		
Compliance Risks	a. Annual declaration of potential conflicts of interest		
	b. Company's Code of Conduct and Employee Handbook covering:		
	- Anti-bribery and anti-corruption		
	- Compliance with Competition Act		
	- Problem gambling		
	- Usage of social media		
	c. External and Internal audits		
IT Risks	a. Information security management policy		
	b. Personal data protection policy		
	1 1 /		

#### Assurance from CEO and relevant Key Management Personnel

The Board, with the concurrence of the ARC, is therefore of the opinion that the Group's system of risk management and internal controls is adequate and effective to address material strategic financial, operational, compliance and IT risks of the Group in its current business environment.

The Board has received assurance:

i. from the Group CEO and the CFO that the financial records have been properly maintained and the audited financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's operations and finances; and

from the Group CEO and the MRSC (which comprises relevant key management personnel and other employees) who are responsible for the adequacy and effectiveness for the Group's risk management and internal control systems, that the Group's risk management and internal control systems are adequate and effective in addressing the material risks in the Group in its current business environment, including material strategic, financial, operational, compliance and IT risks.

# Corporate Governance

#### **Risk Committee**

The Company's structure to facilitate management of risks is set out below:



#### Audit & Risk Committee

Principle 10: The Board has an Audit Committee which The Board is of the view that all members of the ARC discharges its duties objectively. have recent and relevant accounting and/or related financial management expertise and experience ARC Composition and Key Terms of Reference to discharge their responsibilities as members of During FY2021, the ARC comprised three NEDs, all of the ARC.

whom, including the ARC Chair, are independent.

#### ARC Composition

The ARC has explicit authority to investigate any matter Mr Ramlee Bin Buang as ARC Chair (ID) Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie (Lead ID) within its terms of reference. The ARC has full access to Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana (ID until 31 December 2021) (NIand the co-operation of Management and in addition, NED from 1 January 2022) has absolute discretion to invite any Director or Executive Officer (as defined in the Listing Rules) of the The ARC assists the Board in discharging its responsibility Group to attend its meetings, as it deems necessary. to safeguard the Group's assets, maintain adequate External expert advice is available to the ARC as and accounting records, and develop and maintain when the need arises, to enable it to discharge its adequate and effective risk management and internal functions properly. control systems.

#### **Expertise of ARC Members**

#### Authority of ARC

#### **Roles and Responsibilities of ARC**

under its terms of reference are to:

- a. review the significant financial reporting issues and judgements to ensure the integrity of the financial statements of the Group and any announcements relating to the Company's financial performance.
- b. review annually the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management framework and material internal controls including strategic, financial, operational, compliance and IT controls.
- C review the assurance from the Group CEO and the CFO on the financial records and financial statements.
- d. review the audit plans and reports by the internal auditors.
- e. review the external auditors' proposed audit scope and approach, and their final audit report.
- f. review all non-audit services provided by the external auditors to ensure that any provision of such services would not affect the independence and objectivity of the external auditors.
- g. review the performance and consider the independence of the external auditors.
- h. make recommendations to the Board on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditors, and approve their remuneration and terms of engagement.
- i. review the adequacy, effectiveness, independence scope and results of the external audit and the Group's internal audit function.
- identify, prevent and minimise business risks.
- k. review the financial statements of the Company and the Group before submitting them to the Board.
- review significant sustainability reporting issues and assess whether the annual sustainability information reflects the principles of the selected sustainability reporting framework.

- m. review interested person transactions, if any.
- The principal roles and responsibilities of the ARC n. review the effectiveness of the system for monitoring compliance with laws and regulations and the results of Management's investigation and follow-up actions (including disciplinary action) in respect of any fraudulent acts or non-compliance.
  - $\cap$ review the whistle-blowing policy and ensure arrangements are in place to address any concerns.

The ARC has noted the amendments to voluntary Practice Guidance 10 (Audit Committees) of the PG effective from 7 February 2020, pertaining to:

- raising by external auditors of any significant issues а. which may have a material impact on the financial statements or financial updates previously announced, during the external auditors' review or audit of year-end financial statements; and
- assessment whether any changes are needed to improve the quality of future interim financial statements or financial updates.

In its review of the financial statements of the Group and the Company for FY2021, the ARC bore in mind the aforesaid amendments to voluntary Practice Guidance 10 of the PG as it discussed with Management regarding the identification of matters that could significantly affect the integrity of the financial statements ("significant financial reporting matters"). The discussion included an assessment of the accounting principles and critical judgements applied by Management and the clarity of the relevant disclosures in the financial statements. The significant financial reporting matters identified, which are consistent with the key audit matters identified by the external auditors, and the ARC's commentaries are set out as follows:

# Corporate Governance

Key audit matters	How these issues were addresse		
Valuation of investment properties, and land and buildings	The ARC reviewed the outcomes of of the valuation with Management and buildings classified under PPE the period under review.		
classified under property, plant and equipment ( <b>"PPE"</b> )	The ARC considered the methodolog at the valuation of the investment p		
	The ARC also considered the finding the appropriateness of valuation me in the valuation.		
	The ARC was satisfied with the value outcomes adopted and disclosed		
	Refer to Notes to the Financial Sto valuations.		
Impairment assessment of goodwill	The ARC reviewed the outcomes of and discussed the details of the imp key assumptions and judgments ap including discount rates and termino		
	The ARC also considered the finding the appropriateness of valuation me		
	The ARC was satisfied with the val the key assumptions applied and th		
	Refer to Note 23 for details of the g		
Valuation of investment in joint venture, Toga Hotel	Through the Group's 50% represer Toga Trust, the ARC reviewed with performed by Toga Trust on a bi-a		
Holdings Unit Trust ( <b>"Toga Trust</b> ")	<ul> <li>Valuation of land and buildings</li> <li>Impairment assessment of good</li> </ul>		
	The ARC discussed with Manageme		
	<ul> <li>Toga Trust's PPE assets which period under review; and</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Key assumptions and judgmer and key inputs used includir impairment assessment.</li> </ul>		
	The ARC also considered the findin of the appropriateness of Toga Tr assumptions and judgments appli of goodwill and brands with indefir		
	The ARC was satisfied with the valuation of the key assumptions and judgm the impairment assessment of good		

Refer to Note 18 for details relating to the Group's investment in Toga Trust.

#### ed by the ARC

the annual valuation process and discussed the details nt, focusing on investment properties and revalued land which registered higher fair value gains/losses during

gies and key assumptions applied by the valuers in arriving properties and PPE.

ngs of the external auditors, including their assessment of ethodologies and the underlying key assumptions applied

lation process, the methodologies used and the valuation I in the financial statements.

atements ("Note") 20 and 21 for details of the relevant

of the annual goodwill impairment assessment process npairment assessment with Management, focusing on the pplied on the cash flows projections and key inputs used al growth rates.

ngs of the external auditors, including their assessment of ethodologies and the underlying key assumptions applied.

aluation methodologies applied, the appropriateness of the conclusion of the impairment assessment of goodwill.

goodwill impairment assessment.

entation on the board and audit and risk committee of Management the outcomes of the following processes annual basis<sup>.</sup>

gs classified under PPE held by Toga Trust; and

odwill and brands with indefinite lives held by Toga Trust.

nent in detail, focusing on:

h registered higher fair value gains/losses during the

ents applied by Toga Trust on the cash flows projections ing discount rates and terminal growth rates in the

ings of the external auditors, including their assessment Frust's valuation methodologies and the underlying key lied in the valuation of PPE and impairment assessment inite lives.

tion process, the methodologies used, the appropriateness nents applied, the valuation of PPE and the conclusion of the impairment assessment of goodwill and brands with infinite useful lives.

#### Meetings with External Auditors and Internal Auditors without Management

In FY2021, the ARC met twice with the external auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("PwC"), and four times with the internal auditors, without the presence of the Management. These meetings enabled the external auditors and internal auditors to raise directly to the ARC issues, if any, encountered during their audits.

#### Independence of External Auditors

The ARC conducted its annual review of non-audit services provided by PwC in FY2021, to satisfy itself that the nature and extent of such services will not prejudice PwC's independence and objectivity, before nominating them for re-appointment. The aggregate amount of fees payable to PwC and its network of member firms for audit services provided for the Company and its subsidiaries for FY2021 amount to S\$749,000. The fees payable/paid to PwC and its network of member firms for non-audit services provided for FY2021 amount to S\$102,000 and were incurred for the provision of corporate tax compliance, tax advisory and certification services. The ARC also evaluated the quality of work carried out by PwC based on the Audit Quality Indicators Disclosure Framework published by the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA"). The ARC was satisfied with the independence, objectivity and performance of PwC and nominated PwC for re-appointment as external auditor of the Company at the forthcoming AGM.

All local subsidiaries have appointed PwC as their external auditor. All except nine of the overseas subsidiaries have also appointed PwC or its affiliated firms as their external auditor. The Board and the ARC had reviewed the appointment of a different auditor for its nine overseas subsidiaries and were satisfied that the appointment of one different auditor for the nine overseas subsidiaries would not compromise the standard and effectiveness of the audit of the Group.

The Company is in compliance with Rules 712, 715 and 716 of the Listing Rules in relation to its external auditors.

#### Whistle-blowing Policy

The Company's whistle-blowing policy, which was adopted in 2015, provides employees and external

parties with an avenue to raise concerns in good faith, on a confidential basis without fear of reprisals, about possible improprieties relating to the Group and its officers, whether collusion, conflict of interest, violation of business ethics, unsafe work practices or otherwise. The policy's objective is to ensure that arrangements are in place for such concerns to be raised and independently investigated, and for appropriate follow-up action to be taken, while ensuring the whistle-blower is protected against detrimental or unfair treatment. The whistle-blowing policy is made available to all levels of employees during orientation together with the employee handbook, and is also posted on the Group's intranet system in three different languages, namely English, Mandarin and Malay.

The ARC is responsible for the oversight and monitoring of the Company's whistle-blowing arrangements. The communication channels for whistle-blowing reports are published on the Company's website and are managed by the Company's internal auditors (an independent professional firm, RSM Risk Advisory Pte Ltd) who will assist the ARC in the enforcement of the whistle-blowing policy. In accordance with the Company's whistleblowing policy, the identity of the whistle-blower is kept confidential, and unless required by law or with the whistle-blower's prior consent, his/her identity will not be revealed by the internal auditors to the Group.

No whistle-blowing incidents were reported during FY2021.

The Company is in compliance with Rule 1207(18A) and (18B) of the Listing Rules in relation to its whistleblowing policy.

#### Disclosure on the ARC's activities

In FY2021, the ARC held five meetings. In those meetings, the ARC reviewed, inter alia, the internal auditors' report on processes relating to interested person transactions and various reports on other areas of the Group's business, the internal auditors' audit plan and fee for the current financial year, the external auditors' final audit report, key audit matters, the performance and independence of the external auditors, the half-year and year-end announcements on financial statements, the Group's half-year and year-end performance and corporate governance matters.

# Corporate Governance

The ARC has been kept abreast of any changes to the accounting standards and issues which have direct impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements by the CFO and the external auditors during FY2021.

#### **ARC Member Restriction**

None of the ARC members is a former partner or director of or holds any financial interest in, the Company's existing auditing firm or auditing corporation.

#### Internal Auditors

The ARC approves the appointment, removal, evaluation and fees of the outsourced internal audit function. During FY2021, the Group outsourced its internal audit function to an independent professional firm, RSM Risk Advisory Pte Ltd, to provide internal audit services.

The internal auditors report directly to the ARC Chair on internal audit matters and to the Group CEO on administrative matters. The internal auditors have unfettered access to the ARC, the Company's documents, records, properties and personnel.

Principle 11: The company treats all shareholders fairly **Resource and Standing of Internal Audit Function** and equitably in order to enable them to exercise shareholders' rights and have the opportunity to The ARC ensures the adequacy of the internal audit communicate their views on matters affecting function by examining the scope of the internal the company. The company gives shareholders a auditors' work, the quality of their reports, their balanced and understandable assessment of its qualifications and training, their relationship with performance, position and prospects. the external auditors and their independence of the areas reviewed.

#### **Qualification and Experience of Internal Auditors**

RSM Risk Advisory Pte Ltd is a corporate member of the Institute of Internal Auditors Singapore and is staffed with professionals with relevant qualifications and experience.

#### **Professional Standards and Competency**

In line with the Company's commitment towards Having regard to the Standards for the Professional environmental conservation, the Company makes Practice of Internal Auditing of the Institute of Internal Auditors and having reviewed the functions and available its annual reports by electronic communication, via publication on the Company's organisational structure of the internal auditors, the website, in place of a CD-ROM. Annual reports are also ARC is satisfied that the internal auditors meet the available on SGXNet and shareholders may request requisite standards, are adequately resourced, and for hard copies of annual reports if preferred. have appropriate standing within the Group.

#### Independence, Adequate Resourcing and Effectiveness of Internal Audit Function

The ARC reviews, at least once a year, whether the internal audit function is independent, effective and adequately resourced. The ARC reviews and approves the internal audit plans and the resources required to adequately perform this function annually, to ensure the adequacy of the internal audit function.

During the internal audit process, the internal auditors endeavour to follow up on the identified inherent and operational risks of each business entity as well as the content of any management letter issued by the external auditors to ensure that the committed rectification measures have been implemented.

Following its review and assessment, the ARC was of the view that the internal audit function is independent, effective and adequately resourced.

#### Shareholder Rights and Engagement

#### Shareholder Rights and Conduct of General Meetings

#### **Effective Shareholder Participation**

Shareholders are informed of general meetings at least 14 days in advance through notices, which are delivered to shareholders, published in a local newspaper and on SGXNet. The procedures at general meetings facilitate opportunities for shareholders to participate and communicate with the Directors.

#### Shareholder Opportunity to Participate in and Vote at General Meetings

Shareholders are entitled to participate effectively in and vote at all general meetings. The Company encourages all shareholders to attend its general meetings to stay informed of the Company's goals and strategies and to ensure a high level of accountability.

Shareholders are informed of general meetings through notices which are sent to all shareholders, advertised in a local newspaper and also made available on SGXNet and the Company's website. General meetings are held at a central location, which is easily accessible by public transportation. All resolutions at general meetings are voted by way of electronic poll for greater transparency in the voting process. A polling agent and independent scrutineer are appointed to handle and brief the e-polling voting procedures and to count and validate the votes cast at the general meetings respectively, to ensure that the poll process is properly carried out. Votes cast for or against and the respective percentages on each resolution will be tallied and displayed 'live' onscreen to shareholders immediately after each poll is conducted. The total number of votes cast for or against the resolutions and the respective percentages will also be announced in a timely manner after the general meeting via SGXNet.

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Company held its last AGM on 26 April 2021 (the "AGM 2021") by electronic means in accordance with the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings) Order 2020 and the checklist/guidance to issuers on conduct of general meetings which was jointly issued by Singapore Exchange Regulation ("SGX RegCo"), ACRA and the Monetary Authority of Singapore ("Checklist"). The Company's AGM 2021 was broadcasted via a "live" audio-visual webcast and "live" audio-only stream. Shareholders were notified to pre-register to participate in the AGM 2021, and to appoint the Chairman of the AGM 2021 as their proxy to attend, speak and vote on their behalf. Shareholders were also invited to submit to the Company in advance, any questions related to the resolutions tabled for approval at the AGM 2021. As the COVID-19 pandemic is still ongoing, the Company will likewise be convening its forthcoming AGM by electronic means and the shareholders' participation and voting process will follow that of the AGM 2021.

The Company will comply with the updated Checklist incorporating the practices in SGX Regco's 16 December 2021 Regulator's Column. Notice of the Company's AGM 2021 will be sent to shareholders at least 14 calendar days before the AGM 2021. Shareholders will have at least seven calendar days from the publication of notice of AGM 2021, to submit their questions. All substantial and relevant questions received from shareholders will be publicly addressed by the Board and/or Management at least 48 hours prior to the closing date and time for lodgement of the proxy forms. Real-time electronic communication will be available at the Company's AGM 2021, to facilitate shareholder engagement and provide a platform for shareholders to raise any questions.

#### Proxies

The Company's Constitution allows shareholders to vote in person, by proxy or by attorney, at general meetings. Corporate shareholders can also appoint a representative to vote in their stead. A shareholder may appoint up to two proxies to attend and vote in his/her stead at a general meeting through a proxy form or certificate of corporate representative sent in advance. For shareholders who hold shares through nominees such as Central Provident Fund Board and custodian banks, they are able to attend and vote at general meetings under the multiple proxies regime. As the COVID-19 restriction orders meant that shareholders were unable to attend and vote physically at the AGM 2021, shareholders voted by appointing the Chairman of the AGM as their proxy and giving specific instructions as to voting or abstention from voting for each resolution.

#### Separate Resolutions at General Meetings

To safeguard shareholder interests and rights, at general meetings, each distinct issue is the subject of a separate resolution. All resolutions put to every general meeting of the Company are voted separately unless the resolutions are inter-dependent and linked so as to form one significant proposal. Detailed information on each item in the agenda of general meeting is provided in the explanatory notes to the notice of general meeting.

# Corporate Governance

#### Attendees at General Meetings

The Company requests all its Directors, certain key The Company prepares minutes of general meetings management personnel, external auditors and external that include substantial and relevant comments or advisers to attend the Company's general meetings to queries from shareholders relating to the agenda address any questions raised by shareholders, whether of the meetings, and responses from the Board and the conduct of audit, the presentation and content Management. The minutes of the AGM 2021 was of the auditors' report or otherwise. Shareholders are published to SGXNet and the Company's website given the opportunity to communicate their views and immediately after the AGM 2021. discuss with the Board and key management personnel after the general meetings.

The Company's principle-based dividend policy is All Directors, together with the Company's CFO, published on the Company's website. The Company is Financial Controller, Company Secretary, external committed to achieving sustainable income and longauditors, internal auditors and external corporate term capital growth for the benefit of shareholders governance and legal advisers attended the and will strive to provide consistent and sustainable Company's AGM 2021 held by electronic means. As ordinary dividend payments to its shareholders on to the questions on AGM resolutions submitted by an annual basis. The Company has a scrip dividend shareholders, the Company published its responses scheme. If the scrip dividend scheme is applied to any on SGXNet and the Company's website before the dividend, payment will be made in compliance with AGM, and Group CEO Mr Alan Tang also addressed the Listing Rules. The Board will review and refresh the these questions during his AGM presentation. For the dividend policy (which was established in FY2018) from upcoming AGM, shareholders can likewise submit time to time. questions relating to the AGM resolutions in advance and the Company will publish its responses on SGXNet **Engagement with Shareholders** and Company's website before the AGM.

Principle 12: The company communicates regularly In addition, shareholders will be able to ask questions with its shareholders and facilitates the participation "live" via a "chat box" function during the broadcast of of shareholders during general meetings and other the AGM. dialogues to allow shareholders to communicate their views on various matters affecting the company.

#### Absentia Voting

The Company's Constitution provides that the Board The Company practises fair and equitable may, at its sole discretion, approve and implement voting methods to allow shareholders an option to treatment to all shareholders and stakeholders. To facilitate the exercise of ownership rights, vote in absentia, such as online voting or voting by the Company provides all material information, mail, electronic mail or facsimile. Having considered which would materially affect the price or value that shareholders who are unable to attend in person may vote by proxy or by attorney, or in the case of of the Company's shares, in an accurate and timely manner via appropriate media, to enable a corporation, by a representative, and considered shareholders to make informed decisions. Such carefully the security and cost concerns related to channels include announcements through SGXNet, absentia voting (with careful study needed to ensure that integrity of information and authentication of the Company's website and shareholders' meetings. the identity of shareholders through the web are not Materials include annual reports, sustainability reports, shareholder circulars, news releases and compromised), the Company has refrained from implementing absentia voting. presentations to investors and analysts.

#### Minutes of General Meetings

#### **Dividend Policy**

#### Shareholder Rights

#### Communication with Shareholders and Soliciting and Understanding Views of Shareholders

The Company recognises the importance of regular, effective and timely communication with its shareholders.

The Company's main forum for dialogue with shareholders takes place at its AGM. To solicit and understand shareholders' views, shareholders are given the opportunity at the AGM to express their views and ask questions regarding the Company. As the AGM 2021 was held via electronic means, shareholders were invited to submit questions relating to the AGM resolutions in advance, and the Company provided its responses both before and during the AGM. In FY2021, Management met virtually with analysts and potential investors, and the Company participated in DBS Corporate Access Week, which provided the Company with feedback and insights on the views of the investment community, and the investor presentation slides were published on SGXNet and the Company's website.

#### **Investor Relations Policy and Contact**

The Company has in place an Investor Relations ("IR") policy outlining the principles and practices adopted in the course of its investor relations activities, including communication with shareholders and the investment community. The policy reflects avenues for communication between shareholders and the Company, including shareholders' meetings, the Company's annual report and sustainability report, the information available on the Company's website, half-year and full-year results and any other announcements, meetings with analysts and media, and describes how shareholders may contact the Company should they have questions. The policy thus allows for an ongoing exchange of views with shareholders, thereby promoting regular, effective and fair communication. The Company has a dedicated IR link on its website and its IR policy is available at www.fareastorchard.com.sg/ir\_policy.html.

The Company has an IR team that facilitates twoway communication with the investment community.

Communication with investors has been, and may be made through email correspondences and telephone calls. The Company responds to queries based on publicly available information, upholding the principle of no selective disclosure. Shareholders may email their questions to the IR team at ir@fareastorchard.com.sg, and these contact details are also published on the Company's website.

#### Disclosure of Information on a Timely Basis

The Company is committed to making timely, full and accurate disclosures in accordance with the Listing Rules and the Code. The Company noted the amendments to voluntary Practice Guidance 12 (Engagement with Shareholders) of the PG effective from 7 February 2020, pertaining to engagement of shareholders on voluntary announcements of interim updates or useful and relevant information, that could provide shareholders with a better understanding of a company's performance in the context of the current business environment. The Company keeps its shareholders informed of corporate developments on a timely basis. In addition to mandatory announcements, the Company also makes voluntary announcements on corporate transactions from time to time. In FY2021, amidst the COVID-19 pandemic, the Company voluntarily issued two updates on its business performance and a profit guidance on its unaudited full-year results. These were published on SGXNet and the Company's website.

The Group has adopted half-yearly reporting from FY2020. Half-vear results will be released no later than 45 days after the end of the half-year period. Full year results will be released no later than 60 days from the financial year end. The investor calendar is available on the Company's website at www.fareastorchard.com.sg/investor-calendar.html.

Notices of general meetings are dispatched to shareholders, together with explanatory notes on a timely basis in accordance with the legal requirements.

For FY2021, a blackout period of one month before the announcement of the Company's half-year and full-

# Corporate Governance

vear financial results was observed. During this period. its corporate website which serves as a repository the Company has limited interactions with investors for shareholders and the investment community, and analysts and avoids commenting on financial ensuring that they can easily access relevant and upresults, operational performance and market outlook, to-date information about the Company. It includes except where required under the Listing Rules. the Company's latest announcements, financial results, annual reports, sustainability reports, stock **Managing Stakeholder Relationships** information, and investor relations contact. Members of the public may also subscribe to RSS feeds of all **Engagement with Stakeholders** announcements and press releases issued by the Principle 13: The Board adopts an inclusive approach Company through its corporate website.

by considering and balancing the needs and interests of material stakeholders, as part of its overall responsibility to ensure that the best interests of the company are served.

#### Identification and Engagement of Material Stakeholders

The Company's material stakeholders are listed in its Sustainability Report. They are the Company's shareholders, its Board, its employees, customers, and business partners. The Sustainability Report also outlines how relationships with these material stakeholders are managed.

The Code of Conduct and Employee Handbook outline The Group's policies including the Stakeholder the standards of ethics and behaviour in the way the Engagement Policy, the Board Diversity Policy, employees are to conduct themselves in relationships the Dividend Policy and Scrip Dividend Scheme, with customers, suppliers, business partners and the Investor Relations Policy, the Security Trading colleagues. They address several aspects including Policy and Whistle-blowing Policy facilitate the confidentiality, conflict of interest, the offering and Group's engagement with its material stakeholders. receipt of gifts, entertainment, business dealings, Further details of the Group's engagement with intellectual property, workplace conduct, workplace its key stakeholders in FY2021 are described health and safety, discipline, grievance handling and in the Sustainability Report 2021 which is whistle-blowing. available at the Company's corporate website at www.fareastorchard.com.sg/sustainability.html. The Group has a Competition Compliance Manual The Sustainability Report outlines the Group's policies, which forms part of the Employee Handbook. practices, performance and targets in relation This Manual reminds Directors, employees and to its Economic and Environmental, Social and representatives of the Group's commitment to Governance activities. Developed in accordance with compliance with the Competition Act of Singapore the Global Reporting Initiative Standards 2016 (Core and to maintain the highest level of ethics in the option), the Group endeavours to communicate how conduct of its business. It was developed to help these sustainability is embedded in its business practices stakeholders to understand the basic principles of the and value chain across its operations in the report. Group's competition law compliance policy.

#### Corporate Website

The Group's policies and work procedures incorporate The Company maintains a current corporate website internal controls to ensure adequate checks and to communicate and engage with its stakeholders. balances are in place, and to help detect and prevent There is a dedicated investor relations section on any form of fraud, bribery or dishonesty by employees.

#### Additional Information

#### **Business Conduct and Ethics**

The Group is guided by its Code of Conduct and Employee Handbook which are published on the intranet. The Code of Conduct and Employee Handbook explain the Group's core values, encapsulated in BUILD, which stands for Business with Grace, Unity, Integrity, Love and Diligence. The Group seeks to build and maintain a strong ethical organisational culture through its core values.

#### **Dealings in Securities**

The securities trading policy is an internal compliance code devised and adopted by the Company as a listed issuer, to provide guidance on dealings in its securities. The policy is guided by the Principles of Best Practice - Handling of Confidential Information and Dealings in Securities issued jointly by the SGX-ST with other associations in December 2017, the Corporate Disclosure Policy in the Listing Rules and prevailing provisions of the Securities and Futures Act. The policy reflects the Company's adoption of the best practices on dealings in securities set out in Rule 1207(19) of the Listing Rules.

The policy was reviewed and updated in FY2020 following the Company's adoption of half-yearly reporting. The policy applies to the Company, its officers and any persons who come into possession of material information of the Group before its public release.

On an annual basis, the Company issues its securities trading policy addressed to its officers (including the Company's Directors, persons employed in an executive capacity and the Company Secretary) and any persons who come into possession of material information of the Group before its public release, where they are reminded to refrain from dealing in the securities of the Company:

- i. during one month before and up to the date of announcement of the half-year and full-year results; and
- ii. on short term considerations.

The Company has been complying and will continue to comply with Rule 1207(19) of the Listing Rules, in observing the aforesaid blackout period for any dealing in its securities.

The Company also issues a quarterly circular to its officers reminding them of the prohibited period from dealing in the Company's securities before the release of the results and at any time if they are in possession of unpublished material price-sensitive information.

#### Material Contracts

Save for the transactions set out in the Company's circular to shareholders dated 24 June 2013 and the related parties transactions as disclosed in the Financial Statements and this Annual Report, no material contract involving the interests of any Director or controlling shareholder of the Group has been entered into by the Company or any of its subsidiaries during the financial year and no such material contract is subsisting as at 31 December 2021.

#### **Interested Person Transactions**

The Company has a policy on how proposed interested person transactions ("IPTs") are to be reviewed and approved, to ensure IPTs are conducted fairly and on an arm's length basis. The IPT policy is detailed in the IPT general mandate ("IPT Mandate") which was approved by shareholders at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 9 July 2013. The IPT Mandate is submitted annually to shareholders for approval at each AGM, and for the upcoming AGM, is set out in the Letter to Shareholders. IPTs carried out during FY2021 which fall under Chapter 9 of the Listing Rules are as follows.

Name of interested person	Nature of Relationship	Aggregate value of all IPTs conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the Listing Rules (excluding transactions less than \$100,000)	Aggregate value of all IPTs during the financial period under review (excluding transactions less than \$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920)
		12 months ended 31 December 2021 \$'000	12 months ended 31 December 2021 \$'000
Agape Services Pte. Ltd. Supply of goods and services	Associate of controlling shareholder	(368)	-
Ariake Hospitality Kabushiki Kaisha Interest accrued on shareholders' loan <sup>1</sup>	Associate of controlling shareholder	-	119
<b>Boo Han Holdings Pte Ltd</b> Hospitality management income Interest accrued on shareholders' loan <sup>1</sup>	Associate of controlling shareholder	466	- 199
<b>China Classic Pte Ltd</b> Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	308	-
Dollar Land Singapore Private Limited Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	197	-
Far East Hospitality Real Estate Investment Trust Management income <sup>2</sup> Hospitality services income Rental expense on operating leases - offices - hotels and serviced residences	Associate of controlling shareholder	3,149 270 (1,156) (17,000)	
Far East Management (Private) Limited Management service fees Hospitality services Sale of a property unit <sup>3</sup>	Associate of controlling shareholder	(2,168) (1,834) -	- - 591

- by Far East Hospitality Holdings Pte. Ltd. ("FEHH") (a 70% held subsidiary of the Company) with Boo Han Holdings Pte. Ltd. ("BHH") (a member of Far East Organization). These amounts relate to the interest during the year on the principal owing by AHKK as at 31 December 2021 to its shareholders, FEHH and BHH, relating to the purchase of a hotel project located in Ariake, Tokyo.
- <sup>2</sup> Pursuant to the trust deed constituting Far East Hospitality Real Estate Investment Trust ("FEH-REIT") dated 1 August 2012 (as amended, varied or supplemented from time to time) (the "Trust Deed") and entered into between FEO Hospitality Asset Management Pte. Ltd. ("FEOHAM") (in its capacity as the manager of FEH-REIT) and DBS Trustee Limited (in its capacity as the trustee of FEH-REIT), FEOHAM is entitled to a management fee comprising a base fee of 0.3% per annum of the value of the Deposited Property (as defined in the Trust Deed) and a performance fee of 4.0% per annum of net property income (as defined in the Trust Deed). During the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the Company was a 33% shareholder of FEOHAM and this amount represents 33% of the management fees received during the financial period, being the value at risk to the Group.
- <sup>3</sup> Woodlands Square Pte. Ltd. ("WSPL") holds the property Woods Square, and is a joint venture by the Group's wholly-owned subsidiary, Tannery Holdings Pte Ltd with Far East Civil Engineering (Pte.) Limited and Sekisui House, Ltd. WSPL entered into an option to purchase dated 10 March 2021, and a sale and purchase agreement dated 29 March 2021, with Far East Management (Private) Limited ("FEM"), a member of Far East Organization, for the sale of a property unit at Woods Square to FEM. Please refer to the Company's announcement dated 23 March 2021 for more details

As set out in the Group's announcement dated 7 October 2019, Ariake Hospitality Kabushiki Kaisha ("AHKK") is a 50-50 joint venture entity

Name of interested person	Nature of Relationship	Aggregate value of all IPTs conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the Listing Rules (excluding transactions less than \$100,000)	Aggregate value of all IPTs during the financial period under review (excluding transactions less than \$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920)
		12 months ended 31 December 2021 \$'000	12 months ended 31 December 2021 \$'000
Far East Organization Centre Pte. Ltd. Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	1,005	-
<b>Far East Real Estate Agency Pte. Ltd.</b> Property management services	Associate of controlling shareholder	(394)	_
Far East Rocks Pty Ltd Rental expense on operating leases - hotel	Associate of controlling shareholder	(241)	_
Far East Soho Pte. Ltd. Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	379	_
Fontaine Investment Pte. Ltd. Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	1,321	-
Golden Development Private Limited Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	1,303	_
Golden Landmark Pte Ltd Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	415	-
Orchard Mall Pte. Ltd. Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	309	-
Orchard Parksuites Pte Ltd Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	820	-
Oxley Hill Properties Pte Ltd Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	352	-
Precious Treasure Pte Ltd Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	174	
<b>Riverland Pte Ltd</b> Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	278	-
Serene Land Pte Ltd Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	787	-
Transurban Properties Pte. Ltd. Hospitality management income	Associate of controlling shareholder	628	-

# Sustainability Executive Summary

More than 709 of Total Suppliers Locally Based To Reduce 100 Absolute Carbon Emissions by 2022

Far East Orchard's 2021 Sustainability Report<br/>demonstrates the Group's sustainability<br/>progress and reaffirms the Group's unwavering<br/>commitment to embed sustainability into the<br/>core of its business. The report was prepared in<br/>accordance with the Global Reporting Initiative<br/>Standards: Core option and the Singapore<br/>Exchange Securities Trading Limited Listing<br/>Manual (Rules 711A and 711B).all stakeholders through its business operations.<br/>Going forward, this strategy will serve as the<br/>foundation to guide business and sustainability<br/>efforts. The Group refreshed its United Nations<br/>Sustainability Development Goals (SDGs) in 2021 to<br/>include Clean Water and Sanitation, Responsible<br/>Consumption and Production, Climate Action and<br/>Good Health and Well-Being to better reflect the<br/>needs and expectations of its stakeholders. The<br/>Group has also put in place policies and initiatives<br/>to advance the achievement of its committed<br/>SDG targets.

As a leading real estate company with a lodging platform, the Group is cognisant of its role and responsibility towards the support and advancement of global sustainable agendas. An important milestone in the Group's 2021 sustainability journey is the development of a sustainability-linked loan framework to align



# Sustainability Executive Summary

sustainability efforts and financial strategies. Guided by the framework, the Group secured its first sustainability-linked loan of £50 million in December 2021. The framework will serve as the foundation to obtain future sustainability-linked loans as well as guide its ongoing initiatives to meet loan targets in the coming years.

The Group is committed to reducing its environmental footprint and strives to conduct its business in an environmentally responsible manner. In support of the Singapore Government's plan of greening 80% of buildings (by gross floor area) by 2030, the Group is taking steps to improve energy efficiency and to reduce carbon emissions across its properties. In FY2021, the Group worked with an external partner to develop an inventory to track carbon emission within its operations and has set an initial target to reduce absolute carbon emissions by 1% annually from 2022 onwards. The Group will progressively unveil initiatives and policies in collaboration with its partners to reduce emissions at its properties. In FY2021, three of the Group's managed properties were awarded the Green Mark Certification by the Building and Construction Authority. The Group targets to achieve the Green Mark Certification for another seven managed properties in 2022.

On the social front, Far East Orchard focuses on providing an inclusive and supportive work environment for its employees and equipping them with the necessary skills and knowledge to realise their full potential. In FY2021, the Group invested in an average of 85.7 training hours for each employee, exceeding its target of 80 hours.

2021 also marked the fourth consecutive year in which the Group maintained its track record of ensuring zero workplace fatalities and occupational diseases at all its properties, thus reflecting the effectiveness of its occupational health and safety policies. New safety measures were introduced, and existing safety measures were enhanced, at the Group's hospitality properties under the 'Far More Assured' initiative scheme to ensure the safety and wellbeing of guests and employees. The Group is committed to ensuring a culture of safety in its operations and will continue maintaining the highest standards of health and safety for its employees and customers.

Far East Orchard believes in applying ethical and transparent business practices across the value chain to maintain business continuity and market reputation. This includes upholding customer privacy and conducting business fairly and ethically in the operational markets we operate in. Far East Orchard's commitment to strong corporate governance has also been recognised, as it maintained its top 8% ranking among SGX-listed firms in the Singapore Governance and Transparency Index 2021.

Looking ahead, the Group is committed to its sustainability vision of building sustainable economic value by contributing positively to the environment and society, while upholding a high standard of corporate governance. The Group will continue to work with all stakeholders to create a sustainable future through its real estate and lodging platform for current and future generations, and to progressively roll out new sustainability initiatives and policies in the coming years.

In line with the Group's efforts towards greater environmental conservation, no copies of the Sustainability Report will be printed. An electronic version of the report and previous sustainability reports may be viewed or downloaded at: https://www.fareastorchard.com.sg/publications.html.
# Financial Report

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Notes to the Financial Statements FAR EAST ORCHARD LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

Registration number 196700511H Incorporated in Singapore

## Directors' Statement

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

The directors present their statement to the members together with the audited financial statements of Far East Orchard Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 and the balance sheet of the Company as at 31 December 2021.

In the opinion of the directors,

- (a) the balance sheet of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group as set out on pages 78 to 163 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and of the Group as at 31 December 2021 and the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group for the financial year covered by the consolidated financial statements; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

#### Directors

The directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are:

Mr Koh Boon Hwee (Chairman) Mr Alan Tang Yew Kuen (Group Chief Executive Officer) Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie (Lead Independent Director) Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana Ms Koh Kah Sek Mr Ramlee Bin Buang Mr Shailesh Anand Ganu Ms Ku Xian Hong (appointed on 1 January 2022) Mr Samuel Gene Rhee (appointed on 1 January 2022)

#### Arrangements to enable directors to acquire shares and debentures

Neither at the end of, nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose object was to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### Directors' interests in shares or debentures

- (a) According to the register of directors' shareholdings, none of the directors of the Company holding office at the end of the financial year had any interest in the shares or debentures of the Company or its related corporations.
- (b) The directors' interests in the ordinary shares of the Company as at 21 January 2022 were the same as those as at 31 December 2021.

#### Share options

The Company and its subsidiaries have no share option scheme as at the date of this statement.

# Directors' Statement

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

## Audit & Risk Committee

The members of the Audit & Risk Committee at the end of the financial year were as follows:

Mr Ramlee Bin Buang (Chairman) Ms Chua Kheng Yeng, Jennie Mdm Ee Choo Lin Diana

As at the date of this report, all members of the Audit & Risk Committee other than Mdm Ee, were independent non-executive directors. Mdm Ee has been redesignated as a non-independent non-executive director with effect from 1 January 2022.

The Audit & Risk Committee carried out its functions in accordance with Section 201B(5) of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore. In performing those functions, the Committee reviewed:

- the scope and the results of internal audit procedures with the internal auditor;
- the audit plan of the Company's independent auditor and any recommendations on internal accounting controls arising from the statutory audit;
- the assistance given by the Company's management to the independent auditor; and
- the balance sheet of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 before their submission to the Board of Directors.

The Audit & Risk Committee has recommended to the Board that the independent auditor, Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP, be nominated for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company.

## Independent auditor

The independent auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the directors

Mr Alan Tang Yew Kuen Director

16 March 2022

Mr Ramlee Bin Buang Director

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Far East Orchard Limited

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Our Opinion**

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Far East Orchard Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") and the balance sheet of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1967 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group for the financial year ended on that date.

#### What we have audited

The financial statements of the Company and the Group comprise:

- · the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2021;
- the balance sheet of the Group as at 31 December 2021;
- the balance sheet of the Company as at 31 December 2021;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group for the financial year then ended;
- · the consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group for the financial year then ended; and
- · the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code.

#### Our Audit Approach

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the accompanying financial statements. In particular, we considered where management made subjective judgements; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including among other matters consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

# Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Far East Orchard Limited

#### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### **Key Audit Matter**

#### Valuation of investment properties and land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's investment properties of \$929,565,000 and land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment of \$505,384,000, representing 55% of total assets, are carried at fair value based on independent external valuations.

The valuation of the investment properties and land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment is a key audit matter due to the significant judgement in the key inputs used in the valuation techniques.

The key inputs include:

- comparison method;
- · discount rate and terminal yield for the discounted cash flow method; and
- · capitalisation rate for the income capitalisation method.

Independent valuation reports for selected properties have highlighted that with the heightened uncertainty of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19") outbreak, a higher degree of caution should be exercised when relying upon the valuation. The valuations are based on the information available as at the date of valuation. Values and incomes may be subjected to more fluctuations than during normal market conditions.

The key inputs and sensitivities are disclosed in Note 3.1, Note 20 and Note 21 to the accompanying financial statements respectively.

the following:

- assessed the competency, independence and objectivity of the external valuers engaged by the Group;
- · discussed with the external valuers the significant judgemental areas and understood the respective valuation techniques used in determining each valuation;

- tested, on a sample basis, the accuracy of underlying lease and financial information provided to the external valuers;
- comparable sales price for the sales assessed the reasonableness of the discount rates, terminal yields and capitalisation rates by benchmarking these against those of comparable properties and prior year inputs; and
  - · discussed the COVID-19 implications on the critical assumptions used by the external valuers.

#### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

- Our audit procedures focused on the valuation process and included
- · assessed the appropriateness of the underlying comparable transactions used to derive the comparable sales price, taking into account the nature, location and tenure of the property;

- Based on the procedures performed, we found that the valuers are competent and are members of recognised professional bodies for external valuers, the valuation techniques used were in line with generally accepted market practices and the key inputs used were within the range of market data.
- We have also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures relating to the key inputs and sensitivities, as we consider them as likely to be significant to the users of the financial statements given the estimation uncertainty and sensitivity of the valuations. We found the disclosures in the financial statements to be appropriate.

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Far East Orchard Limited

Key Audit Matters (continued)

#### **Key Audit Matter**

#### Impairment assessment of goodwill

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's goodwill balance of \$42,723,000 arising from past acquisitions is allocated to two cash generating units ("CGU") within its hospitality business, namely the 'Management services - Singapore' CGU (\$37,257,000) and 'Property ownership - Australia' CGU (\$5,466,000).

Based on the goodwill impairment assessment performed by the Group, no impairment was identified.

The recoverable amount of

- · 'Management services Singapore' CGU was determined based on Fair Value Less Cost To Sell using a combination of the discounted cash flow method and Guideline Public Company method; and
- 'Property ownership Australia' CGU was determined based on Value-In-Use calculations using the discounted cash flow method.

The impairment assessment is a key audit matter due to the assumptions and judgements involved in computing the recoverable amount of each CGU. The assumptions and judgements were used to estimate cash flows from each CGU, the terminal growth rates and the discount rates applied in the discounted cash flow method and the comparability of underlying companies applied in the Guideline Public Company method.

The key assumptions and sensitivities are disclosed in Note 3.2 and Note 23(a) to the accompanying financial statements respectively.

#### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

Our audit procedures focused on the reasonableness of the assumptions and judgements applied in the respective methods. The audit procedures were performed with the support from our valuation specialists.

In respect of the discounted cash flow method, we performed the following audit procedures:

- assessed the reasonableness of the estimated cash flows by taking into account the relevant CGU's expected future operating performance (including revenue growth rates and profit margins), as well as historical actual performance, accuracy of management forecast in prior years and the general industry outlook; and
- · assessed the reasonableness of the terminal growth rates and discount rates applied using commonly accepted methodologies and benchmarks.

For the Guideline Public Company method, we performed the following audit procedures:

- · compared the normalised earnings used to historical actual performance and obtained explanations from management regarding the nature and appropriateness of adjustments identified for one-off or exceptional items; and
- · assessed the appropriateness of the underlying comparable companies used to derive the earnings multiples, taking into account factors such as their principal business activity, size and financial performance.

Based on the procedures performed, we found the underlying estimates and assumptions applied to be reasonable.

We have also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures relating to the key assumptions and sensitivities and found the disclosures in the financial statements to be appropriate.

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Far East Orchard Limited

Key Audit Matters (continued)

#### **Key Audit Matter**

#### Valuation of investment in joint venture, Toga Hotel Holdings Unit Trust ("Toga Trust")

As at 31 December 2021, the carrying value of the Group's material equity accounted joint venture, Toga Trust, amounted to \$182,907,000.

The valuation of the Group's investment in Toga Trust is a key audit matter because of the significant assumptions and judgements applied by Toga Trust in determining:

- · Valuation of land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment held at fair value; and
- · Impairment assessment of goodwill and brands with indefinite lives.

The summarised financial information of Toga Trust, and sensitivities of the valuation of land and buildings and impairment assessment of goodwill and brands with indefinite lives are disclosed in Note 3.3 and Note 18 to the accompanying financial statements respectively.

Toga Trust.

The audit focused on the valuation of land and buildings and impairment assessment of goodwill and brands with indefinite lives. Audit procedures similar to those set out in key audit matters "Valuation of investment properties and land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment" and "Impairment assessment of goodwill" were performed.

In the context of determining the valuation of the investment in Toga Trust, we found that for:

- reasonable.

We have also assessed the adequacy of the disclosures relating to the summarised financial information of investment in a material joint venture, Toga Trust, and the sensitivities of the valuation of land and buildings and impairment assessment of goodwill and brands with indefinite lives. We found the disclosures in the financial statements to be appropriate.

#### How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter

We have audited the Toga Trust's financial information used by the Group in determining the valuation of the investment in joint venture,

· the valuation of land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment held at fair value, the external valuers are competent and are members of recognised professional bodies, the valuation techniques used are in line with generally accepted market practices and key inputs used in the valuation to be within the range of market data; and

the impairment assessment of goodwill and brands with indefinite lives, the underlying estimates and assumptions applied to be

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Far East Orchard Limited

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises all the sections of the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SFRS(I)s, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- · Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Far East Orchard Limited

- · Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- · Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- · Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr Yeow Chee Keong.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore, 16 March 2022

## Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Revenue Cost of sales	4 5	106,828 (60,183)	112,215 (67,753)
Gross profit		46,645	44,462
Other income - Interest income - Others	7 7	1,049 8,964	2,562 9,028
Other gains and impairment losses – net	8	44,750	2,737
Expenses - Distribution and marketing - Administrative - Finance	5 5 9	(8,109) (34,362) (17,107)	(6,862) (32,709) (17,106)
Share of profit/(loss) of - Associated companies - Joint ventures	17 18	2,460 (15,212)	2,142 (7,613)
Profit/(Loss) before income tax		29,078	(3,359)
Income tax expense	10(a)	(12,304)	(5,550)
Profit/(Loss) after income tax		16,774	(8,909)
Other comprehensive income/(loss): Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of joint ventures Cash flow hedges - Fair value gains/(losses) Currency translation differences arising from consolidation - (Losses)/Gains - Reclassification	26	3,814 6,374 (8,794) (1,391)	(2,664) (1,796) 15,051 
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of: - Associated companies - Joint ventures Revaluation gains/(losses) on property, plant and equipment – net Currency translation differences arising from consolidation <b>Other comprehensive income, net of tax</b>	17 18 10(c)	3 (921) 16,137 7,851 (3,786) 19,284	10,591 (2,612) 6,125 (13,766) 5,815 6,153
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		36,058	(2,756)
<ul> <li>Profit/(Loss) attributable to:</li> <li>Equity holders of the Company</li> <li>Non-controlling interest</li> <li>Total comprehensive income/(loss) attributable to:</li> <li>Equity holders of the Company</li> <li>Non-controlling interest</li> </ul>		28,127 (11,353) 16,774 43,080 (7,022) 36,058	1,538 (10,447) (8,909) 811 (3,567) (2,756)
Basic and diluted earnings per share for profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (cents per share)	11	6.12	0.35

## Balance Sheet – Group

As at 31 December 2021

## ASSETS

Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Inventories Development properties Properties held for sale

#### Non-current assets

Derivative financial instruments Other non-current assets Investments in associated companies Investments in joint ventures Investment properties Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Deferred income tax assets

#### Total assets

#### LIABILITIES

**Current liabilities** Trade and other payables Current income tax liabilities Lease liabilities Borrowings Deferred income

#### Non-current liabilities

Other payables Lease liabilities Borrowings Derivative financial instruments Deferred income Deferred income tax liabilities

**Total liabilities** NET ASSETS

#### EQUITY

Capital and reserves attributable to equity holders of the Company Share capital Revaluation and other reserves Retained profits

Non-controlling interest TOTAL EQUITY

Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
12	255,189	278,382
13	23,845	22,080
	224	267
15	-	61,235
16	186,891	117,036
	466,149	479,000
26	4,578	_
14	6,356	6,668
17	23,159	21,620
18	470,212	478,282
20	929,565	878,837
21	610,239	635,378
23	111,405	114,318
28	3,721	4,511
	2,159,235	2,139,614
	2,625,384	2,618,614
24	07 401	105 485
	97,401	105,485
10(b) 22	2,640 9,334	5,423 11,908
25	9,334 389,760	283,325
27	13,071	8,423
27	512,206	414,564
24	101,203	98,635
22	100,230	136,077
25	302,275	399,756
26	-	1,796
27	269,514	276,311
28	48,261	32,003
	821,483	944,578
	1,333,689	1,359,142
	1,291,695	1,259,472
29	525,053	515,234
30	355,581	340,548
	399,494	385,101
10	1,280,128	1,240,883
19	11,567	18,589
	1,291,695	1,259,472

## Balance Sheet – Company

As at 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	12	137,921	151,178
Trade and other receivables	13	175,993	176,403
Inventories		20	17
		313,934	327,598
Non-current assets			
Derivative financial instruments	26	2,774	-
Other non-current assets	14	327,927	350,471
Investments in associated companies	17	696	696
Investments in joint ventures	18	300	300
Investments in subsidiaries	19	852,112	873,415
Investment properties	20	136,974	136,524
Property, plant and equipment	21	384,560	391,155
Deferred income tax assets	28	2,577	2,461
		1,707,920	1,755,022
Total assets		2,021,854	2,082,620
LIABILITIES			
Current ligbilities			
Trade and other payables	24	4,866	13,738
Current income tax liabilities	10(b)	-	
Lease liabilities	22	6,106	5,811
Borrowings	25	130,199	157,800
Deferred income	27	6,813	6,817
		147,984	184,166
Non-current liabilities			
Other payables	24	361,779	362,018
Lease liabilities	22	74,280	80,385
Borrowings	25	182,289	180,309
Derivative financial instruments	26	-	336
Deferred income	27	269,514	276,311
	<u></u>	887,862	899,359
Total liabilities		1,035,846	1,083,525
NET ASSETS		986,008	999,095
		000,000	000,000
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to equity			
holders of the Company			
Share capital	29	525,053	515,234
Revaluation and other reserves	30	292,311	288,452
Retained profits	31	168,644	195,409
TOTAL EQUITY		986,008	999,095
		300,000	333,030

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

	v			Attributabl	e to equity hc	Attributable to equity holders of the Company	ompany				
	Note	Share capital	Capital reserve	Asset Revaluation reserve	Currency Translation reserve	Fair Value reserve	Hedging reserve	Retained profits	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
2021		\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000
Balance at 1 January 2021	I	515,234	13,977	361,651	(28,378)	(1,661)	(5,041)	385,101	1,240,883	18,589	1,259,472
Profit/(Loss) for the year		I	I	Ι	I	Ι	I	28,127	28,127	(11,353)	16,774
Uther comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	I	I	I	17,016	(10,187)	(921)	9,045	I	14,953	4,331	19,284
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	I	I	I	17,016	(10,187)	(921)	9,045	28,127	43,080	(7,022)	36,058
Dividend paid in cash relating to 2020	32	I	Ι	I	I	I	I	(3,835)	(3,835)	I	(3,835)
relating to 2020	29	9,819	I	Ι	I	Ι	I	(9,819)	I	I	I
fransier of share of associated company s fair value reserve upon disposal	30(iii)	I	I	Ι	I	80	I	(80)	I	I	I
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	I	9,819	Ι	Ι	1	80	I	(13,734)	(3,835)	I	(3,835)
Balance at 31 December 2021		525,053	13,977	378,667	(38,565)	(2,502)	4,004	399,494	1,280,128	11,567	1,291,695

	v			Attributab	e to equity he	Attributable to equity holders of the Company	ompany				
	Note	Share capital	Capital reserve	Asset Revaluation reserve	Currency Translation reserve	Fair Value reserve	Hedging reserve	Retained profits	Total	Non- controlling interest	Total equity
2020		\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000
Balance at 1 January 2020	I	498,006	13,977	371,151	(43,412)	861	(1,392)	409,955	1,249,146	22,156	1,271,302
Profit/(Loss) for the year		I	I	I	I	I	I	1,538	1,538	(10,447)	(8,909)
Uther comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	I	I	I	(9,500)	15,034	(2,612)	(3,649)	I	(727)	6,880	6,153
Total comprehensive income/(loss) tor the year	I	I	I	(9,500)	15,034	(2,612)	(3,649)	1,538	811	(3,567)	(2,756)
Dividend paid in cash relating to 2019	32	I	I	I	I	I	I	(9,074)	(9,074)	I	(9,074)
relating to 2019	29	17,228	I	I	I	I	I	(17,228)	I	I	I
Iransier of share of associated company s fair value reserve upon disposal	30(iii)	I	I	I	I	06	I	(06)	I	I	I
Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity	I	17,228	I	I	I	06	I	(26,392)	(9,074)	I	(9,074)
Balance at 31 December 2020		515,234	13,977	361,651	(28,378)	(1,661)	(5,041)	385,101	1,240,883	18,589	1,259,472

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

## Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit/(Loss) after income tax		16,774	(8,909)
Adjustments for:			
- Income tax expense	10(a)	12,304	5,550
- Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	5	20,095	20,932
- Amortisation of intangible assets	5	2,705	2,705
- Loss/(Gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	8	6	(5)
- Gain on re-measurement of lease liability	8	(5,116)	-
- Fair value gains on investment properties - net	8	(43,940)	(4,521)
- Revaluation losses on property, plant and equipment	8	51	2,340
<ul> <li>Write-off of property, plant and equipment</li> </ul>	21	-	18
- Impairment of goodwill	8	-	8,838
- Impairment of a right-of-use asset	8	-	1,140
<ul> <li>Impairment of property, plant and equipment</li> </ul>	8	191	-
<ul> <li>Impairment of properties held for sale</li> </ul>	8	102	1,024
- Interest income	7	(1,049)	(2,562)
- Finance expense	9	17,107	17,106
- Share of loss of joint ventures	18	15,212	7,613
<ul> <li>Share of profit of associated companies</li> </ul>	17	(2,460)	(2,142)
- Reclassification of exchange differences of subsidiaries from	0	(4.004)	
currency translation reserve upon disposal	8	(1,391)	-
- Unrealised currency translation losses/(gains)		5,288	(10,093)
Changes in working capital:		35,879	39,034
- Trade and other receivables		(1,376)	4,348
- Inventories		35	78
- Development properties and properties held for sale		(7,982)	(3,301)
- Trade and other payables		(7,736)	(18,578)
Cash generated from operations		18,820	21,581
Interest paid		(135)	(136)
Income tax paid - net		(2,100)	(2,126)
Net cash provided by operating activities		16,585	19,319
Cash flows from investing activities			
Additions to property, plant and equipment		(10,013)	(1,640)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		(10,010)	(1,040)
Additions/cost adjustments to investment properties		(2,102)	(71,729)
Dividends received from joint ventures	18	(2,102)	1,387
Investment in joint ventures	18	_	(23,398)
Repayment of advances from joint ventures	10	_	(20,000)
Advances (to)/from joint ventures		(918)	15,508
Interest received		998	3,666
Income tax paid - net			(78)
Net cash used in investing activities		(12,035)	(76,314)
		(,,	(. 0,011)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from borrowings		137,789	220,258
Repayment of borrowings		(129,618)	(111,358)
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities		(12,197)	(10,937)
Interest paid on lease liabilities		(8,375)	(8,958)
Interest paid on borrowings		(8,669)	(8,277)
Dividend paid to equity holders of the Company	32	(3,835)	(9,074)
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities		(24,905)	71,654
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(20,355)	14,659
Cash and cash equivalents			
Beginning of financial year		278,382	257,430
Less: Bank deposits pledged		(28,679)	(31,235)
Effects of currency translation on cash and cash equivalents		(2,838)	6,293
End of financial year	12	226,510	247,147

#### Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

		Principal		Non-co	ash changes		
	Beginning of financial year	and interest receipts/ (payments)	Interest expenses	Additions	Lease re- measurement	Foreign exchange movement	End of financial year
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<u>2021</u>							
Bank borrowings	683,081	8,171	207	-	-	576	692,035
Lease liabilities	147,985	(20,572)	8,375	487	(26,717)	6	109,564
Interest payable	105	(7,477)	7,774	-	-	1	403
Advances from non- controlling interest	138,462	(1,327)	1,327	_	_	_	138,462

		Principal		Non-ca	sh changes		
	Beginning of financial year	and interest receipts/ (payments)	Interest expenses	Additions	Lease modification	Foreign exchange movement	End of financial year
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<u>2020</u>							
Bank borrowings	561,627	108,900	30	_	-	12,524	683,081
Lease liabilities	156,625	(19,895)	8,958	805	1,419	73	147,985
Interest payable	40	(7,127)	7,161	_	-	31	105
Advances from non- controlling interest	138,417	(1,286)	1,331	_	-	_	138,462

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Far East Orchard Limited (the "Company") is listed on the Singapore Exchange and incorporated and domiciled in Singapore. The address of its registered office is 1 Tanglin Road #05-01, Orchard Rendezvous Hotel, Singapore 247905.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding, hotel operations and property investment. The principal activities of its significant subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated company are included in Note 39.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)") under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with SFRS(I) requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. It also requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group was in net current liabilities position of \$46,057,000 mainly due to the reclassification of a portion of loans from non-current to current borrowings based on the maturity dates of those loans. The Group will be able to refinance the loans by the end of 2022 and these loans will be reclassified to non-current borrowings once refinancing is completed. Details of the Group's borrowings are disclosed in Note 25. Management concluded that it remains appropriate to prepare the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 on a going concern basis.

#### Interpretations and amendments to published standards effective in 2021

On I January 2021, the Group has adopted the new or amended SFRS(I) and Interpretations of SFRS(I) ("INT SFRS(I)") that are mandatory for application for the financial year. Changes to the Group's accounting policies have been made as required, in accordance with the transitional provisions in the respective SFRS(I) and INT SFRS(I).

The adoption of these new or amended SFRS(I) and INT SFRS(I) did not result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and had no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior financial years, except as follows:

#### Interest Rate Benchmark Reform - Phase 2

The Group has adopted the amendments to SFRS(I) 9 and SFRS(I) 7 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 effective 1 January 2021. In accordance with the transition provisions, the amendments shall be applied retrospectively to hedging relationships and financial instruments. Comparative amounts have not been restated, and there was no impact on the current period opening reserves amounts on adoption.

#### Hedge relationships

The Phase 2 amendments address issues arising during Interest Rate Benchmark Reform ("IBOR reform"), including specifying when hedge designations and documentation should be updated, and when the amount accumulated in cash flow hedge reserve should be recognised in profit or loss.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### **Basis of preparation** (continued) 2.1

Interpretations and amendments to published standards effective in 2021 (continued)

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 (continued)

Hedge relationships (continued)

Note 34(a)(i) provides further information about the reliefs applied by the Group and the hedging relationships for which the Group has applied the reliefs. No changes were required to any of the amounts recognised in the current or prior period as a result of these amendments.

In the current year, the Group has adopted the following hedge accounting reliefs provided by the 'Phase 2' amendments to existing cash flow hedges (notional amount of \$173,690,000) that have transited to alternative benchmark rates required by IBOR reform:

- Hedge designation: When the 'Phase I' amendments cease to apply, the Group will amend its hedge designation to reflect changes which are required by IBOR reform. These amendments to the hedge documentation do not require the Group to discontinue its hedge relationships.
- Amounts accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve: When the interest rate benchmark on which the hedged future cash flows were based is changed as required by IBOR reform, the accumulated amount outstanding in the cash flow hedge reserve is deemed to be based on the alternative benchmark rate.

#### Financial instruments measured at amortised cost

Phase 2 of the amendments requires that, for financial instruments measured using amortised cost measurement, changes to the basis for determining the contractual cash flows required by IBOR reform are reflected by adjusting their effective interest rate. No immediate gain or loss is recognised.

These expedients are only applicable to changes that are required by IBOR reform, which is the case if, and only if, the change is necessary as a direct consequence of IBOR reform and the new basis for determining the contractual cash flows is economically equivalent to the previous basis immediately preceding the change.

For the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group has applied the practical expedients provided under Phase 2 to amendments to \$507,216,000 of borrowings.

#### Effect of IBOR reform

Following the global financial crisis, the reform and replacement Inter-Bank Offered Rates ("IBOR") has become a priority for global regulators. The Group's risk exposure that is directly affected by the IBOR reform predominantly comprises its variable rate borrowings that are linked to the GBP London Interbank Offered Rate ("LIBOR"), the JPY LIBOR and the Singapore Interbank Offered Rate ("SIBOR"). Certain GBP LIBOR floating rate borrowings are hedged using interest rate swaps, which have been designated as cash flow hedges.

GBP and JPY-LIBOR lose their representativeness after 31 December 2021. The Group has amended all its GBP-LIBOR and JPY-LIBOR linked borrowings and GBP-LIBOR linked interest rate swaps to reference to the Sterling Overnight Index Average ("SONIA") and Tokyo Overnight Average Rate ("TONAR") respectively, and the Group has applied the Phase 2 amendments for amortised cost measurement and hedge accounting. The transition from GBP-LIBOR to SONIA and JPY-LIBOR to TONAR had no material effect on the amounts reported for the current and prior financial year.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (continued)

Interpretations and amendments to published standards effective in 2021 (continued)

Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 (continued)

Effect of IBOR reform (continued)

SIBOR will cease publication by the end of 31 December 2024, and it is expected to be replaced by the Singapore Overnight Rate Average ("SORA"). The Group has a variable-rate SGD borrowing which references to SIBOR that is repayable on demand. The Group's communication with its debt counterparty is ongoing, but specific changes required by IBOR reform have not yet been agreed. The expected transition from SIBOR to SORA had no effect on the amounts reported for the current and prior financial year.

#### 2.2 Revenue

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and rendering of services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is presented, net of valueadded tax, rebates and discounts, and after eliminating sales within the Group.

The Group assesses its role as an agent or principal for each transaction and in an agency arrangement, the amounts collected on behalf of the principal are excluded from revenue. The Group recognises revenue when the amount of revenue and related cost can be reliably measured, it is probable that the collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured and the specific criteria for each of the Group's activities are met as follows:

(a) Hospitality operations

Revenue from operation of hotels and serviced residences is recognised over time as the accommodation and related services are provided and based on the daily room rates over the duration of the stay stated in the contract.

No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term of Nil to 30 days.

- (b) Hospitality management and other related fees
  - (i) Hospitality management fees

Management fees earned from hospitality properties managed by the Group are recognised over time in the accounting period when services are rendered under the terms of the contract. The fees include a base fee, which is generally a percentage of the hospitality property's revenue, and or an incentive fee, which is generally based on the hospitality property's profitability. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term of Nil to 30 days.

(ii) Other related fees

Other related fees include centralised services fees, technical services fees and other incidental fees.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.2 Revenue (continued)

- (b) Hospitality management and other related fees (continued)
  - (ii) Other related fees (continued)

The Group assesses whether the Group transfers the services over time or at a point in time by determining if:

- i) the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group as the Group performs the services;
- ii) its performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Group; and
- iii) the Group has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

The fees are recognised when the control of the service has been transferred to the customer or performance obligations have been satisfied under the terms of the contract.

For centralised service fees, revenue is recognised based on agreed and fixed rate over the number of hotel keys stated in the contract. For other fees, revenue is recognised based on agreed rate and completion of service milestone stated in the contract.

No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term of Nil to 30 days.

(c) Sale of properties held for sale

Revenue from sale of properties held for sale is recognised at a point in time when the control of the properties is transferred to the customer and the customer has accepted it in accordance with the sales contract.

Payment of the contract price is due immediately when the customer enters into the contract.

(d) Rental income

Rental income from operating leases (net of any incentives given to the lessees) is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(e) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

(f) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group, and the amount of the dividend can be reliably measured.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.3 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised as a receivable at their fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all the attached conditions.

Government grants receivable are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are shown separately as "other income".

#### 2.4 Group accounting

- (a) Subsidiaries
  - (i) Consolidation

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group entities are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment indicator of the transferred asset. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interest comprises the portion of a subsidiary's net results of operations and its net assets, which is attributable to the interests that are not owned directly or indirectly by the equity holders of the Company. They are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and balance sheet. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the non-controlling interest based on their respective interests in a subsidiary, even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance.

(ii) Acquisitions

> The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations entered into by the Group.

> The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary or business comprises the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred also includes any contingent consideration arrangement and any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary measured at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the date of acquisition either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.4 Group accounting (continued)

- (a) Subsidiaries (continued)
  - (ii) Acquisitions (continued)

The excess of (a) the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the (b) fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. Refer to Note 2.8(a) "Intangible assets - Goodwill on acquisitions" for the subsequent accounting policy on goodwill.

(iii) Disposals

When a change in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary results in a loss of control over the subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary including any goodwill are derecognised. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are also reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained profits if required by a specific Standard.

Any retained equity interest in the entity is re-measured at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained interest at the date when control is lost and its fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

Refer to Note 2.11 "Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated companies" for the accounting policy on investments in subsidiaries in the separate financial statements of the Company.

(b) Transactions with non-controlling interest

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control over the subsidiary are accounted for as transactions with equity owners of the Company. Any difference between the change in the carrying amounts of the non-controlling interest and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised within equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company.

(c) Joint operations

The Group's joint operations are joint arrangements whereby the parties (the joint operators) that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations to the liabilities, relating to the arrangement.

The Group recognises, in relation to its interest in the joint operation:

- its assets, including its share of any assets held jointly; \_
- its liabilities, including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly;
- \_ its revenue from the sale of its share of the output arising from the joint operation;
- its share of the revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation; and \_
- \_ its expenses, including its share of any expenses incurred jointly.

When the Group sells or contributes assets to a joint operation, the Group recognises gains or losses on the sale or contribution of assets that is attributable to the interest of the other joint operators. The Group recognises the full amount of any loss when the sale or contribution of assets provides evidence of a reduction in the net realisable value, or an impairment loss, of those assets.

When the Group purchases assets from a joint operation, it does not recognise its share of the gains and losses until it resells the assets to a third party. However, a loss on the transaction is recognised immediately if the loss provides evidence of a reduction in the net realisable value of the assets to be purchased or an impairment loss.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.4 Group accounting (continued)

(c) Joint operations (continued)

The accounting policies of the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to the Group's interest in a joint operation have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

The Company applies the same accounting policy on joint operations in its separate financial statements.

(d) Associated companies and joint ventures

Associated companies are entities over which the Group has significant influence, but not control, generally accompanied by a shareholding giving rise to voting rights of 20% and above.

Joint ventures are entities over which the Group has joint control as a result of contractual arrangements, and rights to the net assets of the entities.

Investments in associated companies and joint ventures are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting less impairment losses, if any.

(i) Acquisitions

Investments in associated companies and joint ventures are initially recognised at cost. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Goodwill on associated companies and joint ventures represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of the associated company or joint venture over the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the associated company or joint venture and is included in the carrying amount of the investments.

(ii) Equity method of accounting

> Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise Group's share of its associated companies' or joint ventures' post-acquisition profits or losses of the investee in profit or loss and its share of movements in other comprehensive income of the investee's other comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from the associated companies or joint ventures are recognised as a reduction of the carrying amount of the investments. When the Group's share of losses in an associated company or joint venture equals to or exceeds its interest in the associated company or joint venture, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has legal or constructive obligations to make, or has made, payments on behalf of the associated company or joint venture. If the associated company or joint venture subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised. Interest in an associate or joint venture includes any long-term loans for which settlement is never planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future.

> Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associated companies or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associated companies or joint ventures. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transactions provide evidence of impairment of the assets transferred. The accounting policies of associated companies or joint ventures are changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.4 Group accounting (continued)

- (d) Associated companies and joint ventures (continued)
  - (iii) Disposals

Investments in associated companies or joint ventures are derecognised when the Group loses significant influence or joint control. If the retained equity interest in the former associated company or joint venture is a financial asset, the retained equity interest is remeasured at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained equity interest at the date when significant influence or joint control is lost, and its fair value and any proceeds on partial disposal, is recognised in profit or loss.

Refer to Note 2.11 "Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated companies" for the accounting policy on investments in associated companies and joint ventures in the separate financial statements of the Company.

#### 2.5 Property, plant and equipment

- (a) Measurement
  - (i) Land and buildings

Land and buildings are initially recognised at cost. Freehold land is subsequently carried at the revalued amount less accumulated impairment losses. Buildings and leasehold land are subsequently carried at the revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Land and buildings are revalued by independent external valuers on an annual basis or whenever their carrying amounts are likely to differ materially from their revalued amounts. When an asset is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset. The net amount is then restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Increases in carrying amounts arising from revaluation, including currency translation differences, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, unless they reverse a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. In this case, the increase is recognised in profit or loss. Decreases in carrying amounts are recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any credit balance existing in the equity in respect of that asset and reduces the amount accumulated in equity. All other decreases in carrying amounts are recognised in profit or loss.

(ii) Other property, plant and equipment

> Construction-in-progress are initially carried at cost and subsequently transferred to the respective classes of property, plant and equipment upon completion.

> All other items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

(iii) Components of costs

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment initially recognised includes its purchase price and any cost that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Cost also includes borrowing costs. Refer to Note 2.9 "Borrowing costs" for the accounting policy on borrowing costs.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.5 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(b) Depreciation

Freehold land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Depreciation on other items of property, plant and equipment is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their depreciable amounts over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and offices Plant, equipment, furniture and fittings Motor vehicles Leasehold improvements and other assets

The residual values, estimated useful lives and depreciation method of property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at each balance sheet date. The effects of any revision are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

(c) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment that has already been recognised is added to the carrying amount of the asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance expenses are recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

(d) Disposal

On disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss within "Other gains and impairment losses - net". Any amount in revaluation reserve relating to that item is transferred to retained profits directly.

#### 2.6 Development properties

Development properties refer to properties developed for sale.

Development properties that are unsold are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

#### 2.7 Properties held for sale

Properties held for sale refer to completed properties that are held for sale. They are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

Useful lives 50 years or remaining lease term 3 - 10 years 5 - 10 years 5 - 10 years

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.8 Intangible assets

(a) Goodwill on acquisitions

Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses represents the excess of (i) the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over (ii) the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses is recognised separately as intangible assets and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Goodwill on acquisitions of associated companies and joint ventures represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired. Goodwill on associated companies and joint ventures is included in the carrying amount of the investments.

Gains and losses on the disposal of subsidiaries, joint operations, associated companies and joint ventures include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

(b) Acquired hospitality lease agreements and hospitality management agreements

Hospitality lease agreements and hospitality management agreements acquired in a business combination are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. These costs are amortised to profit or loss using the straight-line method over the term of the agreements of 10 to 40 years.

#### 2.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method except for those costs that are directly attributable to the construction or development of properties and assets under construction. This includes those costs on borrowings acquired specifically for the construction or development of properties under construction, as well as those in relation to general borrowings used to finance the construction or development of properties and assets under construction.

The actual borrowing costs incurred during the period of time that is required to complete the asset for its intended use less any investment income on temporary investment of these borrowings, are capitalised in the cost of the asset under construction or property under development. Borrowing costs on general borrowings are capitalised by applying a capitalisation rate to construction or development expenditures that are financed by general borrowings.

#### 2.10 Investment properties

Investment properties include those portions of land and buildings that are held for long-term rental yields and or for capital appreciation and land under operating leases that is held for long-term capital appreciation or for a currently indeterminate use. Investment properties include properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties.

Investment properties are initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at fair value, determined annually by independent external valuers on the highest-and-best-use basis. Changes in fair values are recognised in profit or loss.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.10 Investment properties (continued)

Investment properties are subject to renovations or improvements at regular intervals. The cost of major renovations or improvements is capitalised and the carrying amounts of the replaced components are recognised in profit or loss. The cost of maintenance, repairs and minor improvements is recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

On disposal of an investment property, the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.11 Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated companies

Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated companies are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses in the Company's balance sheet. On disposal of such investments, the difference between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments are recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.12 Impairment of non-financial assets

(a) Goodwill and intangible assets (including brands) with indefinite lives

Goodwill and intangible assets (including brands) with indefinite lives are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is indication that the goodwill may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing of goodwill, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cashgenerating-units ("CGU") expected to benefit from synergies arising from the business combination.

An impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of a CGU, including the goodwill, exceeds the recoverable amount of the CGU. The recoverable amount of a CGU is the higher of the CGU's fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use.

The total impairment loss of a CGU is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to the other assets of the CGU pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the CGU.

An impairment loss on goodwill is recognised as an expense and is not reversed in a subsequent period.

The Group, through its joint venture, hold brands with indefinite lives.

(b) Other intangible assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated companies

Other intangible assets, property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets and investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated companies are tested for impairment whenever there is any objective evidence or indication that these assets may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.12 Impairment of non-financial assets (continued)

(b) Other intangible assets Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated companies (continued)

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount.

The difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case, such impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease. Refer to Note 2.5(a)(i) "Property, plant and equipment" for the treatment of a revaluation decrease.

For an asset other than goodwill, management assesses at the end of the reporting period whether there is any indication that an impairment recognised in prior periods may no longer exist or may have decreased. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of that asset is estimated and may result in a reversal of impairment loss. The carrying amount of this asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

A reversal of impairment loss for an asset other than goodwill is recognised in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case, such reversal is treated as a revaluation increase. However, to the extent that an impairment loss on the same revalued asset was previously recognised as an expense, a reversal of that impairment is also recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.13 Investments and other financial assets

(a) Classification and measurement

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Amortised cost;
- Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"); and
- Fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL").

The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets as well as the contractual terms of the cash flows of the financial asset.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

#### At initial recognition

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.13 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

(a) Classification and measurement (continued)

#### At subsequent measurement

Debt instruments (i)

Debt instruments mainly comprise of cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables.

There are three subsequent measurement categories, depending on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset:

- in interest income using the effective interest method.

- (ii) Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all its equity investments at their fair values. Equity instruments are classified as FVPL with movements in their fair values recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the changes arise and presented in "Other gains and impairment losses - net", except where the Group has elected to classify the investments as FVOCI. Movements in fair values of investments classified as FVOCI are presented as "Fair value gains and losses" in other comprehensive income. Dividends from equity investments are recognised in profit or loss as "Dividend income".

· Amortised cost: Debt instruments that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included

 FVOCI: Debt instruments that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for sale, and where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are classified as FVOCI. Movements in fair values are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in fair value reserve, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses, which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and presented in "Other gains and impairment losses - net". Interest income from these financial assets is recognised using the effective interest method and presented in "Other income".

• FVPL: Debt instruments that are held for trading as well as those that do not meet the criteria for classification as amortised cost or FVOCI are classified as FVPL. Movement in fair values and interest income that is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it arises and presented in "Other gains and impairment losses - net".

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.13 Investments and other financial assets (continued)

(b) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt financial assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 34(b) details how the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by SFRS(1) 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

(c) Recognition and derecognition

Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

On disposal of a debt instrument, the difference between the carrying amount and the sale proceeds is recognised in profit or loss. Any amount previously recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that asset is reclassified to profit or loss.

On disposal of an equity investment, the difference between the carrying amount and sale proceeds is recognised in profit or loss if there was no election made to recognise fair value changes in other comprehensive income. If there was an election made, any difference between the carrying amount and sales proceed amount would be recognised in other comprehensive income and transferred to retained profits along with the amount previously recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that asset.

#### 2.14 Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities

A derivative financial instrument is initially recognised at its fair value on the date the contract is entered into and is subsequently carried at its fair value. The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group designates each hedge as either: (a) cash flow hedge; or (b) net investment hedge.

Fair value changes on derivatives that are not designated or do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

The Group documents at the inception of the transaction the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategies for undertaking various hedging transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis on whether the hedging relationship meets the hedge effectiveness requirements under SFRS(I) 9.

The fair value of various derivative financial instruments used for hedging purposes are disclosed in Note 26. The carrying amount of a derivative designated as a hedge is presented as a non-current asset or liability if the remaining expected life of the hedged item is more than 12 months, and as a current asset or liability if the remaining expected life of the hedged item is less than 12 months. The fair value of a trading derivative is presented as a current asset or liability.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

## 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.14 Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities (continued)

The following hedges in place qualified respectively as cash flow and net investment hedges under SFRS(I) 9.

(a) Cash flow hedge – Interest rate swaps

The Group has entered into interest rate swaps that are cash flow hedges for the Group's exposure to interest rate risk on its borrowings. These contracts entitle the Group to receive interest at floating rates on notional principal amounts and oblige the Group to pay interest at fixed rates on the same notional principal amounts, thus allowing the Group to raise borrowings at floating rates and swap them into fixed rates.

The fair value changes on the effective portion of interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income, accumulated in the hedging reserve and reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged interest expense on the borrowings is recognised in profit or loss and presented separately in "Finance expense". The fair value changes on the ineffective portion of interest rate swaps are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(b) Net investment hedge

The Group has foreign currency borrowings that qualify as net investment hedges of foreign operations. These hedging instruments are accounted for similarly to cash flow hedges. The currency translation differences on the borrowings relating to the effective portion of the hedge are recognised in other comprehensive income in the consolidated financial statements, accumulated in the currency translation reserve and reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal of the foreign operation. The currency translation differences relating to the ineffective portion of the hedge are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.15 Financial guarantees

The Company has issued letters of undertaking to banks for bank borrowings of certain subsidiaries. These undertakings are financial guarantees as they require the Company to reimburse the banks if these subsidiaries fail to meet financial covenants in accordance with the terms of borrowings. Intra-group transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

Financial guarantee contracts are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently measured at the higher of:

- borrowings; and
- (b) at the amount of loss allowance computed using the impairment methodology under SFRS(I) 9.

#### 2.16 Borrowings

Borrowings are presented as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date, in which case they are presented as noncurrent liabilities.

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value (net of transaction costs) and subsequently carried at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

(a) premium received on initial recognition less amortisation over the period of the subsidiaries'

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.17 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. They are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. Otherwise, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

#### 2.18 Fair value estimation of financial assets and liabilities

The fair values of current financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost approximate their carrying amounts.

#### 2.19 Leases

(a) When the Group is the lessee

At the inception of the contract, the Group assesses if the contract contains a lease. A contract contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Reassessment is only required when the terms and conditions of the contract are changed.

Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and lease liability at the date which the underlying asset is available for use. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date and lease incentive received. Any initial direct costs that would not have been incurred if the lease had not been obtained are added to the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets.

These right-of-use assets are subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

Right-of-use assets (except for those which meet the definition of an investment property) are presented within "Property, plant and equipment".

There are no right-of-use assets which meet the definition of an investment property.

Lease liabilities

The initial measurement of lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments discounted using the implicit rate in the lease, if the rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group shall use its incremental borrowing rate.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.19 Leases (continued)

(a) When the Group is the lessee (continued)

• Lease liabilities (continued)

Lease payments include the following:

- rate as at the commencement date;
- Amount expected to be payable under residual value guarantees;
- \_ that option.

For contracts that contain both lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease and non-lease component. The Group has elected to not separate lease and non-lease component for property leases and accounts these as one single lease component.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Lease liabilities shall be re-measured when:

- \_
- original term.

Lease liabilities are re-measured with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

Short-term and low value leases

The Group has elected to not recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have lease terms of 12 months or less and leases of low value, except for sublease arrangements. Lease payments relating to these leases are expensed to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Variable lease payments

Variable lease payments that are not based on an index or a rate are not included as part of the measurement and initial recognition of the lease liability. The Group shall recognise those lease payments in profit or loss in the periods that triggered those lease payments. Details of the variable lease payments are disclosed in Note 22.

Fixed payment (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivables; Variable lease payment that are based on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or

The exercise price of a purchase option if it is reasonably certain to exercise the option; and Payment of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising

There is a change in future lease payments arising from changes in an index or rate; There is a change in the Group's assessment of whether it will exercise an extension option; or There is a modification in the scope or the consideration of the lease that was not part of the

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.19 Leases (continued)

(b) When the Group is the lessor

Leases where the Group retains substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases (net of any incentives given to the lessees) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Initial direct costs incurred by the Group in negotiating and arranging operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased assets and recognised as an expense in profit or loss over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

Contingent rents are recognised as income in profit or loss when earned.

#### 2.20 Income taxes

Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a tax authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Group measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

Deferred income tax is recognised for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

A deferred income tax liability is recognised on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

A deferred income tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is measured:

- (i) at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date; and
- based on the tax consequence that will follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the balance (ii) sheet date, to recover or settle the carrying amounts of its assets and liabilities, except for investment properties. Investment property measured at fair value is presumed to be recovered entirely through sale.

Current and deferred income taxes are recognised as income or expense in profit or loss, except to the extent that the tax arises from a business combination or a transaction which is recognised directly in equity. Deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.20 Income taxes (continued)

The Group accounts for investment tax credits similar to accounting for other tax credits where deferred tax asset is recognised for unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credit can be utilised.

#### 2.21 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognised and measured as provisions. An onerous contract is considered to exist where the Group has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as finance expense.

Changes in the estimated timing or amount of the expenditure or discount rate are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

#### 2.22 Employee compensation

Employee benefits are recognised as an expense, unless the cost qualifies to be capitalised as an asset.

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Group pays fixed contributions into separate entities such as the Central Provident Fund on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

#### 2.23 Currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company.

(b) Transactions and balances

Transactions in a currency other than the functional currency ("foreign currency") are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Currency exchange differences resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the closing rates at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss. However, in the consolidated financial statements, currency translation differences arising from borrowings in foreign currencies and other currency instruments designated and qualifying as net investment hedges and net investment in foreign operations, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the currency translation reserve.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.23 Currency translation (continued)

(b) Transactions and balances (continued)

When a foreign operation is disposed of or any loan forming part of the net investment of the foreign operation is repaid, a proportionate share of the accumulated currency translation differences is reclassified to profit or loss, as part of the gain or loss on disposal.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and all other foreign exchange gains and losses impacting profit or loss are presented in the income statement within "Other gains and impairment losses - net".

Non-monetary items measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair values are determined.

(c) Translation of Group entities' financial statements

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing exchange rates at the reporting date; (i)
- (ii) income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless the average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting currency translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the currency translation reserve. These currency translation differences are reclassified to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal with loss of control of the foreign operation.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and translated at the closing rates at the reporting date.

#### 2.24 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Group's executive director and management who are responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

#### 2.25 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, deposits with financial institutions which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, net of bank overdrafts, if any. Bank overdrafts, if any, are presented as current borrowings on the balance sheet. For cash subjected to restriction, assessment is made on the economic substance of the restriction and whether they meet the definition of cash and cash equivalents.

#### 2.26 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new ordinary shares are deducted against the share capital account.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 2.27 Dividends to equity holders of the Company

Dividends to equity holders of the Company are recognised when the dividends are approved for payment.

## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and various other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the current circumstances.

#### 3.1 Valuation of investment properties and land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's investment properties of \$929,565,000 (2020: \$878,837,000) (Note 20) and land and buildings of \$505,384,000 (2020: \$504,418,000) (Note 21) classified under property, plant and equipment, are stated at their estimated fair values determined by independent external valuers. These estimated fair values may differ significantly from the prices at which these properties can be sold due to the actual negotiations between willing buyers and sellers as well as changes in assumptions and conditions arising from unforeseen events. Consequently, the actual results and the realisation of these properties could differ significantly from the estimates set forth in these financial statements.

If the actual fair values of investment properties increase or decrease by 1% (2020: 1%) from the estimates, the profit after tax and net assets will increase or decrease by \$7,679,000 (2020: the loss after tax will decrease or increase by \$7,634,000 and net assets of the Group will increase or decrease by the same amount).

If the actual fair values of land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment increase or decrease by 1% (2020: 1%) from the estimates, the total comprehensive income and the net assets of the Group will increase or decrease by \$4,589,000 (2020: the total comprehensive loss will decrease or increase by \$4,584,000 and the net assets of the Group will increase or decrease by the same amount).

#### 3.2 Impairment assessment of goodwill

Based on the Group's impairment assessment, no impairment is required for goodwill allocated to CGUs within the hospitality business for 'Management Services - Singapore' CGU of \$37,257,000 (2020: \$37,257,000) and \$5,466,000 (2020: \$5,670,000) to 'Property ownership – Australia' CGU (Note 23(a)). The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined on the following basis:

- (a) 'Management services Singapore' CGU: Fair value less costs to sell ("FVLCTS"); and
- (b) 'Property ownership Australia' CGU: Value-in-use

Judgements are used to estimate the key assumptions applied (Note 23(a)) in computing the recoverable amounts of the CGUs.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

#### 3.2 Impairment assessment of goodwill (continued)

(i) Management services – Singapore

A reasonably possible change of the following magnitude on the key assumptions will not result in a reduction of the carrying amount of the goodwill as at 31 December 2021:

_Higher/(lower)
(3.0%)
(0.5%)
0.5%

\* EBITDA is defined as earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortisation

Guideline Public Company method	
Multiples	(5.0%)
Normalised earnings	(3.0%)

(ii) Property ownership – Australia

A reasonably possible change of the following magnitude on the key assumptions will result in an impairment charge on the remaining goodwill as at 31 December 2021 as follows:

	Higher/(lower)	Impairment charge
		\$'000
Average EBITDA margin from 2022 to 2031	(1.0%)	2,336
Pre-tax discount rate	0.5%	1,066
Terminal growth rate	(0.5%)	3,133

#### Valuation of investment in joint venture, Toga Hotel Holdings Unit Trust ("Toga Trust") 3.3

As at 31 December 2021, the carrying value of the Group's investment in Toga Trust accounted for using the equity method of accounting amounted to \$182,907,000 (2020: \$193,524,000) (Note 18). The Group's share of Toga Trust's results recognised in the profit or loss and other comprehensive income are affected by the significant estimates and assumptions applied by Toga Trust in the:

- Determination of the fair value of its land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment with a carrying amount of \$381,887,000 (2020: \$375,671,000); and
- Impairment assessment of its goodwill and brands with indefinite lives with a carrying amount of \$187,808,000 (2020: \$194,800,000).

The carrying amounts above reflect the amounts presented in the financial statements of Toga Trust and not the Group's share of those amounts.

If the actual fair values of these land and buildings increase or decrease by 1% (2020: 1%), the net assets of the Group will increase or decrease by \$1,356,000 (2020: \$774,000).

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGEMENTS (continued)

## 3.3 Valuation of investment in joint venture, Toga Hotel Holdings Unit Trust ("Toga Trust") (continued)

If the recoverable amount of the CGU (which the goodwill and brands with indefinite lives are allocated to) decreases by 5% (2020: 5%), there will be a reduction of \$465,000 (2020: \$1,263,000) in the carrying value of the Group's investment in Toga Trust.

4. **REVENUE** 

Revenue from contracts with customers Rental income

(a) Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services at a point in time and over time in the following major revenue streams and geographical regions. Revenue is attributed to countries by location of customers.

Hospitality ownership and operations

- Singapore
- Australia
- New Zealand
- Other countries

Hospitality management and other related fees received from other related parties

- Singapore

Sale of property held for sale - Singapore Total revenue from contracts with customers

All the sales are recognised over time, except for revenue from sale of property held for sale - Singapore which is recognised at a point in time.

Group				
2021	2020			
\$'000	\$'000			
56,568	72,702			
50,260	39,513			
106,828	112,215			

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
	18,199	24,823
	21,804	22,096
	2,969	3,766
	712	1,363
	43,684	52,048
/receivable		
	12,884	14,093
	-	6,561
	56,568	72,702

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 4. **REVENUE** (continued)

#### (b) Contract liabilities

	Group		
	31 December		1 January
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Hospitality ownership and operations	870	263	950
Hospitality management and other related fees	55	116	296
Total contract liabilities (Note 24)	925	379	1,246

Contract liabilities as at 31 December 2021 have increased as an advance consideration was received from a third party. The Group, through its wholly owned subsidiary, has entered into a put and call option agreement for the sale of its reversionary interest of approximately 1.5 years in the whole of Lot 320N of Town Subdivision 8 together with the building erected thereon known as Village Residence Clarke Quay and situated at 20 Havelock Road, Singapore (the "Sale"). The expected completion of the Sale is in March 2022. As at 31 December 2021, an amount equivalent to 15 percent of the sale consideration was received in advance.

Contract liabilities as at 31 December 2020 decreased due to the impact of COVID-19 on the hospitality business of the Group.

#### Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities

	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Revenue recognised in current year that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year		
Hospitality ownership and operations	263	950
Hospitality management and other related fees	116	296
	379	1,246

#### (c) Trade receivables from contracts with customers

		Group		С	ompany	
-	31 Dec	ember	1 January	31 Dec	ember	1 January
	2021	2020	2020	2021	2020	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current assets						
Trade receivables from contracts with						
customers	5,530	5,163	8,460	528	592	1,443
Less: Allowance for impairment of						
receivables	(19)	(181)	(191)	-	(82)	(83)
	5,511	4,982	8,269	528	510	1,360

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

## 5. EXPENSES BY NATURE

	Group	
_	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Cost of property held for sale (Note 16)	-	6,060
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 21)	20,095	20,932
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 23(b))	2,705	2,705
Advertising, promotion and marketing	5,410	4,319
Hospitality supplies and services	11,516	12,105
Hospitality management fees – joint venture	1,205	1,300
Directors' fees	459	390
Employee compensation (Note 6)	30,704	30,937
Property tax and upkeep of properties	16,814	12,790
Rental expense on operating leases - other related parties	357	886
Support services paid/payable to:		
<ul> <li>joint venture</li> </ul>	1,792	1,920
- other related parties	4,044	4,266
Fees on audit services paid/payable to:		
– auditor of the Company	504	495
- other auditors*	372	364
Fees on non-audit services paid/payable to:		
– auditor of the Company	102	159
- other auditors*	16	23
Professional fees	3,784	4,316
Insurance	1,377	1,163
Allowance for impairment losses on trade receivables (Note 34(b))	171	790
Other expenses	1,227	1,404
Total cost of sales, distribution and marketing, administrative and other expenses	102,654	107,324

Included in the Group's other expenses is amortisation of deferred income (Note 27) amounting to \$5,166,000 (2020: \$5,166,000).

## 6. EMPLOYEE COMPENSATION

Wages, salaries and benefits

Employer's contribution to defined contribution plans, i Central Provident Fund

	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
including	28,140	28,280
0	2,564	2,657
	30,704	30,937

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

## 7. OTHER INCOME

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest income from:		
– bank deposits	927	2,474
<ul> <li>advances to joint ventures</li> </ul>	122	88
	1,049	2,562
Government grant income		
– wage subsidies (a)	3,813	5,894
<ul> <li>property tax rebates and cash grant (b)</li> </ul>	_	3,946
– rental support (c)	4,500	_
Government grant expense – rent concessions (d)	_	(1,003)
Other miscellaneous income	651	191
	8,964	9,028
	10,013	11,590

- (a) Government grant income included the amounts of \$2,547,000 and \$878,000 (2020: \$2,252,000 and \$2,769,000) recognised during the financial year under the Jobs Support Scheme (the "JSS") and the JobKeeper Payment Scheme (the "JKP") respectively. The JSS is a temporary scheme introduced in the Singapore Budget 2020 to help enterprises retain local employees. The scheme had been extended up to 2021 by the Government. Under the JSS, employers will receive cash grants in relation to the gross monthly wages of eligible employees. The JKP is a temporary scheme introduced by the Australian government in 2020 to help keep Australians employed through providing wage subsidies to employers. Wage subsidies received from New Zealand and Malaysian governments were also recognised.
- (b) In the prior financial year, property tax rebates and cash grant were received from the Singapore Government to help businesses deal with the impact from COVID-19. For the property tax rebates received where the Group was the landlord, the Group was obliged to pass on the benefits to its tenants and has transferred these to the tenants in form of rent rebates. For the cash grant, the Group was obliged to waive up to two months of rent to eligible tenants.
- (c) Rental support income was received from the Singapore Government to help businesses in Singapore to cope with the impact of tighter COVID-19 restrictions during the Phase Two (Heightened Alert) period.
- (d) Government grant expense relates to the property tax rebates received from the Singapore Government that were transferred to tenants in the form of rent rebates and rental waivers provided to eligible tenants as part of the qualifying conditions of the cash grant during the prior financial year.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

## 8. OTHER GAINS AND IMPAIRMENT LOSSES - NET

Impairment of:

- properties held for sale (Note 16)
- right-of-use asset (Note 21)
- other property, plant and equipment (Note 21)
- goodwill (Note 23)

Fair value gains on investment properties - net (Note Gain on re-measurement of lease liability (a) Revaluation losses on property, plant and equipment Currency exchange (losses)/gains - net Reclassification of exchange differences of subsidiar

- currency reserve upon disposal (b)
- (Loss)/Gain on disposal of property, plant and equip
- (a) At the completion of the Sale (Note 4(b)), the Master Lease Agreement of Village Residence Clarke
- reserve to profit or loss upon the liquidation of two subsidiaries (Note 30(ii)).

#### 9. FINANCE EXPENSES

Interest expense for:

- bank borrowings
- advances from non-controlling interests
- lease liabilities (Note 22)

Cash flow hedges, reclassified from hedging reserves (Note 30(iv))

Less: Borrowing costs capitalised in development properties Finance expenses recognised in profit or loss

Borrowing costs on general financing were capitalised at a rate of 0.9% (2020: 0.9%) per annum.

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
	(102)	(1,024)
	_	(1,140)
	(191)	_
	-	(8,838)
e 20)	43,940	4,521
	5,116	-
t (Note 21)	(51)	(2,340)
	(5,347)	11,553
aries from		
	1,391	_
oment	(6)	5
	44,750	2,737

Quay will be terminated. As a result, the lease liability was re-measured as at 31 December 2021 (Note 22(a)) with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset (Note 21). A gain of \$5,116,000, being the amount exceeding the carrying value of the right-of-use asset was recognised accordingly.

(b) During the financial year ended 31 December 2021, currency exchange difference of \$1,391,000 attributable to the equity holders of the Company was reclassified from the currency translation

Group	
2021	2020
\$'000	\$'000
7,562	7,050
1,327	1,331
8,375	8,958
17,264	17,339
419	141
(576)	(374)
17,107	17,106

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

## **10. INCOME TAXES**

(a) Income tax expense

	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Tax expense attributable to profit is made up of:		
Profit for the financial year:		
Singapore	8	717
Foreign	2,011	2,515
Current income tax	2,019	3,232
Deferred income tax (Note 28)	12,958	3,052
	14,977	6,284
(Over)/Under-provision in prior financial years:		
Singapore	(118)	65
Foreign	(2,555)	(1,822)
Current income tax	(2,673)	(1,757)
Deferred income tax (Note 28)	-	1,023
	(2,673)	(734)
	12,304	5,550

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 10. INCOME TAXES (continued)

(a) Income tax expense (continued)

The tax on the Group's profit/(loss) before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the Singapore standard rate of income tax as follows:

#### Profit/(Loss) before income tax

Share of loss/(profit) of:

- joint ventures, net of tax
- associated companies, net of tax

Profit before income tax and share of (loss)/profit of ventures and associated companies

Tax calculated at tax rate of 17% (2020: 17%) Effects of:

- different tax rates in other countries
- effects of changes in tax rates on deferred taxes
- expenses not deductible for tax purposes
- income not subject to tax
- statutory stepped income exemption
- deferred tax asset not recognised
- recognition of previously unrecognised tax losses and capital allowances
- over-provision of tax in prior financial years Tax charge
- (b) Movement in current income tax liabilities

	Group		Company	,
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Beginning of financial year	5,423	6,021	-	129
Currency translation differences	(29)	131	_	_
Income tax paid – net	(2,100)	(2,204)	-	(129)
Tax expense	2,019	3,232	-	_
Over-provision in prior financial years	(2,673)	(1,757)	-	-
End of financial year	2,640	5,423	-	_

	Group	
_	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
	29,078	(3,359)
	15,212	7,613
_	(2,460)	(2,142)
_	12,752	5,471
f joint		
_	41,830	2,112
	7,111	359
	736	342
	1,722	_
	3,747	7,843
	(3,351)	(4,333)
	(17)	(52)
	5,553	2,128
	(524)	(3)
	(2,673)	(734)
_	12,304	5,550

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 10. INCOME TAXES (continued)

(c) Tax effects – other comprehensive income/(loss)

		2021			2020	
-	Before Tax <b>\$'000</b>	Tax credit/ (charge) <b>\$'000</b>	After Tax <b>\$'000</b>	Before Tax \$'000	Tax credit/ (charge) \$'000	After Tax \$'000
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:						
Share of other comprehensive income/(loss) of joint ventures	3,814	_	3,814	(2,664)	_	(2,664)
Fair value gains/(losses) and reclassification adjustments on cash flow hedges	6,374	_	6,374	(1,796)	_	(1,796)
Currency translation differences arising from consolidation						
- (Losses)/Gains	(8,794)	-	(8,794)	15,051	-	15,051
- Reclassification	(1,391)	-	(1,391)	-	-	-
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:						
Share of other comprehensive income/(losses) of:						
- joint ventures	17,091	(954)	16,137	9,189	(3,064)	6,125
- associated companies	(921)	-	(921)	(2,612)	-	(2,612)
Revaluation gains/(losses) on property, plant and equipment-net	12,493	(4,642)	7,851	(15,972)	2,206	(13,766)
Currency translation differences arising from consolidation	(3,786)	_	(3,786)	5,815	_	5,815
	24,880	(5,596)	19,284	7,011	(858)	6,153

#### 11. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic earnings per share ("EPS") is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

	Group	
	2021	2020
Net profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (\$'000)	28,127	1,538
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for basic earnings per share ('000)	459,947	443,928
Basic EPS (cents per share)	6.12	0.35

Diluted EPS was the same as basic EPS as there are no dilutive potential ordinary shares.

#### 12. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group		Compar	ny
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash at bank and on hand	106,110	100,419	8,117	6,079
Short-term bank deposits	149,079	177,963	129,804	145,099
	255,189	278,382	137,921	151,178

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 12. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

For the purpose of presenting the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

Cash and cash equivalents (as above)       255,189       278,382         Less: Bank deposits pledged       (28,679)       (31,235)         Cash and cash equivalents per consolidated statement of cash flows       226,510       247,147         Bank deposits are pledged in relation to the security granted for certain borrowings (Note 25).       228,510       247,147         Image: Comparison of Cash flows       2021       2020       2021       2020         Statement of cash flows       5000       \$'0000       \$'0000       \$'0000         Trade receivables:       -       32       -       32         - a joint venture       -       32       -       32         - other related parties       2,025       2,474       11       -         - non-related parties       8,316       6,940       517       586         (Note 34(b))       - non-related parties       9,300       8,425       528       618         Less: Allowance for impairment of receivables (Note 34(b))       -       -       -       -       -       68,316       6,940       517       586         - subsidiaries       -       -       169,308       168,341       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -					2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Cash and cash equivalents per consolidated statement of cash flows         226,510         247,147           Bank deposits are pledged in relation to the security granted for certain borrowings (Note 25).         13. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES           Group         Company           2021         2020         2021         2020           \$'000         \$'000         \$'000         \$'000         \$'000           Trade receivables:           -         a joint venture         -         32         -         32           -         other related parties         2,025         2,474         11         -           -         non-related parties         2,025         2,474         11         -           -         non-related parties         10,341         9,446         528         618           Less: Allowance for impairment of receivables (Note 34(b))         -         -         (62)         -         -         -         (62)           -         non-related parties         -         -         169,308         168,341         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <td></td> <td>Cash and cash equivalents (as above)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>255,189</td> <td>278,382</td>		Cash and cash equivalents (as above)			255,189	278,382
226,510         247,147           Bank deposits are pledged in relation to the security granted for certain borrowings (Note 25).           IS TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES           Group         Company           2021         2020           S'000         S'000         S'000         S'000           Trade receivables:           -         a joint venture         -         32         -         32           -         other related parties         2,025         2,474         11         -         -         32           -         non-related parties         2,025         2,474         11         -         -         32         -         32         618           Less: Allowance for impairment of receivables (Note 34(b))         -         0.301         9,446         528         618           Less: Allowances to:         -         -         169,308         168,341         - <td></td> <td>Less: Bank deposits pledged</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(28,679)</td> <td>(31,235)</td>		Less: Bank deposits pledged			(28,679)	(31,235)
Group       Company         2021       2020 <td></td> <td>Cash and cash equivalents per consolidated statement of cash flows</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>226,510</td> <td>247,147</td>		Cash and cash equivalents per consolidated statement of cash flows			226,510	247,147
Group         Company           2021         2020         2021         2020           \$'000         \$'000         \$'000         \$'000           Trade receivables:         -         32         -         32           - other related parties         2,025         2,474         11         -           - non-related parties         8,316         6,940         517         586           10,341         9,446         528         618           Less: Allowance for impairment of receivables (Note 34(b))         -         (82)           - non-related parties         (1,041)         (1,021)         -         (82)           9,300         8,425         528         536           Advances to:         - <td></td> <td>Bank deposits are pledged in relation to the securit</td> <td>y granted for c</td> <td>ertain borrow</td> <td>vings (Note 25).</td> <td></td>		Bank deposits are pledged in relation to the securit	y granted for c	ertain borrow	vings (Note 25).	
2021         2020         2021         2020           \$'000         \$'000         \$'000         \$'000         \$'000           Trade receivables:         -         32         -         32           - other related parties         2,025         2,474         11         -           - non-related parties         8,316         6,940         517         586           10,341         9,446         528         618           Less: Allowance for impairment of receivables (Note 34(b))         -         (82)           - non-related parties         (1,041)         (1,021)         -         (82)           9,300         8,425         528         536           Advances to:         -         -         169,308         168,341           - joint ventures         965         -         -         -           Deposits:         -         -         169,308         168,341           - joint ventures         965         -         -         -           Deposits:         -         -         169,308         168,341           - joint ventures         151         216         11         11           Prepayments         1,307         2,47	13.	TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES				
\$000         \$000         \$000         \$000         \$000           Trade receivables:         -         32         -         32           - other related parties         2,025         2,474         11         -           - non-related parties         8,316         6,940         517         586           10,341         9,446         528         618           Less: Allowance for impairment of receivables (Note 34(b))         -         -         (1,041)         -         -         (82)           - non-related parties         (1,041)         (1,021)         -         (82)         536           Advances to:         -         -         169,308         168,341           - joint ventures         965         -         -         -           - other related parties         5,397         5,365         5,238         5,238           - other related parties         151         216         11         11           Pregayments         4,101         2,473         303         173           Other receivables:         -         -         2,657         -         1,307           - other related parties         3,114         2,018         597         634		_	Group		Compa	ny
- a joint venture       -       32       -       32         - other related parties       2,025       2,474       11       -         - non-related parties       8,316       6,940       517       586         10,341       9,446       528       618         Less: Allowance for impairment of receivables (Note 34(b))       -       -       -       (82)         - non-related parties       (1,041)       (1,021)       -       (82)         9,300       8,425       528       536         Advances to:       -       -       169,308       168,341         - joint ventures       965       -       -       -         Deposits:       -       -       -       -       -         - other related parties       5,397       5,365       5,238       5,238       -       -         - other related parties       151       216       11       11       11         Prepayments       4,101       2,473       303       173         Other receivables:       -       -       2,657       -       1,307         - other related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         - overe						
- other related parties       2,025       2,474       11       -         - non-related parties       8,316       6,940       517       586         10,341       9,446       528       618         Less: Allowance for impairment of receivables (Note 34(b))       -       (1,041)       -       (82)         - non-related parties       (1,041)       (1,021)       -       (82)         9,300       8,425       528       536         Advances to:       -       -       169,308       168,341         - joint ventures       965       -       -       -         Deposits:       -       -       -       -       -         - other related parties       5,397       5,365       5,238       5,238         - non-related parties       151       216       11       11         Prepayments       4,101       2,473       303       173         Other receivables:       -       -       -       634         - other related parties       817       926       8       163         - non-related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         Government grant receivable       -       2,657		Trade receivables:				
- non-related parties       8,316       6,940       517       586         10,341       9,446       528       618         Less: Allowance for impairment of receivables (Note 34(b))       - non-related parties       (1,041)       (1,021)       - (82)         - non-related parties       (1,041)       (1,021)       - (82)         9,300       8,425       528       536         Advances to:       -       -       169,308       168,341         - joint ventures       965       -       -       -         Deposits:       -       -       -       -         - other related parties       5,397       5,365       5,238       5,238         - non-related parties       151       216       11       11         Prepayments       4,101       2,473       303       173         Other receivables:       -       -       -       -         - other related parties       817       926       8       163         - non-related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         Government grant receivable       -       2,657       -       1,307         14,545       13,655       175,465       175,86		- a joint venture	-	32	-	32
10,341       9,446       528       618         Less: Allowance for impairment of receivables (Note 34(b))       - non-related parties       (1,041)       (1,021)       - (82)         9,300       8,425       528       536         Advances to:       -       -       169,308       168,341         - joint ventures       965       -       -       -         Deposits:       -       -       -       -         - other related parties       5,397       5,365       5,238       5,238         - non-related parties       151       216       11       11         Prepayments       4,101       2,473       303       173         Other related parties       817       926       8       163         - non-related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         Government grant receivable       -       2,657       -       1,307         14,545       13,655       175,465       175,867		- other related parties	2,025	2,474	11	_
Less: Allowance for impairment of receivables (Note 34(b))       - non-related parties       (1,041)       (1,021)       - (82)         9,300       8,425       528       536         Advances to:       -       -       169,308       168,341         - joint ventures       965       -       -       -         Deposits:       -       -       -       -         - other related parties       5,397       5,365       5,238       5,238         - non-related parties       151       216       11       11         Prepayments       4,101       2,473       303       173         Other related parties       817       926       8       163         - non-related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         Government grant receivable       -       2,657       -       1,307         14,545       13,655       175,465       175,867		- non-related parties	8,316	6,940	517	586
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			10,341	9,446	528	618
Image: non-related parties       (1,041)       (1,021)       -       (82)         9,300       8,425       528       536         Advances to:       -       -       169,308       168,341         - joint ventures       965       -       -       -         Deposits:       -       -       -       -       -         - other related parties       5,397       5,365       5,238       5,238         - non-related parties       151       216       11       11         Prepayments       4,101       2,473       303       173         Other receivables:       -       -       2,657       -       1,307         - other related parties       -       2,657       -       1,307         - 14,545       13,655       175,465       175,867		Less: Allowance for impairment of receivables (Note 34(b))				
Advances to:       -       -       169,308       168,341         - joint ventures       965       -       -       -         Deposits:       -       0       -       -       -         - other related parties       5,397       5,365       5,238       5,238         - non-related parties       151       216       11       11         Prepayments       4,101       2,473       303       173         Other receivables:       -       -       -       -         - other related parties       817       926       8       163         - non-related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         Government grant receivable       -       2,657       -       1,307         14,545       13,655       175,465       175,867			(1,041)	(1,021)	-	(82)
- subsidiaries       -       -       169,308       168,341         - joint ventures       965       -       -       -         Deposits:       -       -       -       -         - other related parties       5,397       5,365       5,238       5,238         - non-related parties       151       216       11       11         Prepayments       4,101       2,473       303       173         Other receivables:       -       -       -       -         - other related parties       817       926       8       163         - non-related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         Government grant receivable       -       2,657       -       1,307         14,545       13,655       175,465       175,867		-	9,300	8,425	528	536
- joint ventures       965       -       -       -         Deposits:       -       other related parties       5,397       5,365       5,238       5,238         - non-related parties       151       216       11       11         Prepayments       4,101       2,473       303       173         Other receivables:       -       -       -         - other related parties       817       926       8       163         - non-related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         Government grant receivable       -       2,657       -       1,307         14,545       13,655       175,465       175,867						
Deposits:       5,397       5,365       5,238       5,238         - non-related parties       151       216       11       11         Prepayments       4,101       2,473       303       173         Other receivables:       -       -       -       -         - other related parties       817       926       8       163         - non-related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         Government grant receivable       -       2,657       -       1,307         14,545       13,655       175,465       175,867			-	_	169,308	168,341
- other related parties       5,397       5,365       5,238       5,238         - non-related parties       151       216       11       11         Prepayments       4,101       2,473       303       173         Other receivables:       -       -       -       -         - other related parties       817       926       8       163         - non-related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         Government grant receivable       -       2,657       -       1,307         14,545       13,655       175,465       175,867		2	965	_	-	-
Prepayments       4,101       2,473       303       173         Other receivables:       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       163         - non-related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634       -       -       1,307         Government grant receivable       -       2,657       -       1,307         14,545       13,655       175,465       175,867			5,397	5,365	5,238	5,238
Other receivables:       817       926       8       163         - other related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         Government grant receivable       -       2,657       -       1,307         14,545       13,655       175,465       175,867		- non-related parties	151	216	11	11
- other related parties       817       926       8       163         - non-related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         Government grant receivable       -       2,657       -       1,307         14,545       13,655       175,465       175,867		Prepayments	4,101	2,473	303	173
- non-related parties       3,114       2,018       597       634         Government grant receivable       -       2,657       -       1,307         14,545       13,655       175,465       175,867		Other receivables:				
Government grant receivable         -         2,657         -         1,307           14,545         13,655         175,465         175,867		- other related parties	817	926	8	163
<b>14,545</b> 13,655 <b>175,465</b> 175,867		- non-related parties	3,114	2,018	597	634
		Government grant receivable	-	2,657	-	1,307
<b>23,845</b> 22,080 <b>175,993</b> 176,403		_	14,545	13,655	175,465	175,867
		_	23,845	22,080	175,993	176,403

The advances to subsidiaries by the Company and the other receivables from other related parties of the Group and the Company, if any, are unsecured, repayable on demand and interest-free, except that the advances to a subsidiary by the Company of \$154,812,000 (2020: \$154,812,000) is interest-bearing at a weighted average effective rate of 2.0% (2020: 2.0%) per annum.

The advances to joint ventures by the Group are unsecured, repayable on demand and interest-free, except for advances to a joint venture of \$885,000 which bears interest at a weighted average effective rate of 2.0% per annum, which the Group expects to realise within the next 12 months.

Group	
2021	2020
\$'000	\$'000
255,189	278,382
(28,679)	(31,235)
000 540	047447
226,510	247,147

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 14. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

	Group		Compo	any
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Prepayments	429	276	153	169
Advances to:				
- subsidiaries	-	_	327,774	350,302
- associated company	864	864	-	—
- a joint venture	5,927	6,392	-	_
	7,220	7,532	327,927	350,471
Less: Allowance for impairment of advances				
to an associated company	(864)	(864)	-	
	6,356	6,668	327,927	350,471

The non-current advances to subsidiaries and an associated company by the Company and the Group, if any, are unsecured, not expected to be repayable in the next twelve months and interest-free except for advances to subsidiaries by the Company of \$327,774,000 (2020: \$350,302,000), which is interest-bearing at a weighted average effective rate of 0.9% (2020: 0.9%) per annum. The advances to a joint venture are interest-bearing at an effective rate of 2.0% per annum and are repayable on 30 April 2025.

#### **15. DEVELOPMENT PROPERTIES**

	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Freehold land	-	17,150
Development costs		44,085
		61,235

The residential development in the United Kingdom was completed as at 31 December 2021 and has been reclassified from development properties to properties held for sale (Note 16).

#### 16. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE

	Group	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	
Medical suites	117,036	117,036	
Residential units	69,855	_	
	186,891	117,036	

Details of the Group's properties held for sale as at 31 December 2021 are as follows:

Location	Description/ existing use	Net floor area (sm)	Group's effective interest
Novena Medical Center, 10 Sinaran Drive Singapore	7 units of medical suites	515	100%
Novena Specialist Center, 8 Sinaran Drive Singapore	29 units of medical suites	2,115	100%
Westminster Fire Station, London, United Kingdom	17 residential units and 1 restaurant unit	2,154	100%

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 16. PROPERTIES HELD FOR SALE (continued)

The cost of a unit of medical suite sold during the prior financial year amounting to \$6,060,000 was recognised in "Cost of sales" (Note 5).

Impairment of medical suites of \$102,000 (2020: \$1,024,000) (Note 8) was recognised based on the net realisable value derived from independent external valuations.

## 17. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Equity investment at cost

Beginning of financial year Share of:

- profit

- movement in fair value reserve (Note 30(iii))

End of financial year

The details of the Group's associated company, FEO Hospitality Asset Management Pte. Ltd. ("FEOHAM"), which, in the opinion of the directors is material to the Group are set out in Note 39. Set out below are the summarised financial information for FEOHAM.

#### Summarised balance sheet

Current assets Current liabilities Non-current assets Non-current liabilities

#### Summarised statement of comprehensive income

Sales
Profit before income tax
Net profit
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax
Total comprehensive income/(loss)
The information above reflects the amounts presen
Group's share of those amounts.

There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in FEOHAM.

Group		Company	
2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
		696	696
21,620	22,090		
2,460	2,142		
(921)	(2,612)		
23,159	21,620		

2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
7,208	6,760
(4,473)	(4,787)
66,518	62,504
(112)	-

For the financial <b>2021</b> <b>\$'000</b>	year ended 2020 \$'000
9,455	9,436
8,878	7,776
7,454	6,492
(2,790)	(7,916)
4,664	(1,424)

nted in the financial statements of FEOHAM and not the

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 17. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (continued)

Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented, to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the associated companies, is as follows:

	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Net assets at beginning of financial year	64,477	65,901
Profit for the year	7,454	6,492
Other comprehensive loss	(2,790)	(7,916)
Net assets at end of financial year	69,141	64,477
Interest in FEOHAM (2021 and 2020: 33%)	22,816	21,277
Goodwill	343	343
Carrying value	23,159	21,620

#### **18. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES**

	Group	0	Compar	iy
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Equity investment at cost		_	300	300
Beginning of financial year	478,282	444,009		
Addition	-	23,398		
Share of loss	(15,212)	(7,613)		
Share of movements in:				
<ul> <li>asset revaluation reserve (Note 30(i))</li> </ul>	16,137	6,125		
<ul> <li>currency translation reserve (Note 30(ii))</li> </ul>	(2)	(17)		
<ul> <li>hedging reserve (Note 30(iv))</li> </ul>	3,816	(2,647)		
Dividends received	-	(1,387)		
Foreign exchange differences	(12,809)	16,414		
End of financial year	470,212	478,282		

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 18. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

#### Summarised financial information for material joint ventures

The details of the Group's joint ventures, Toga Trust and Woodlands Square Pte. Ltd. ("WSPL"), which, in the opinion of the directors, are material to the Group are set out in Note 39.

Set out below are the summarised financial information for Toga Trust and WSPL.

#### Summarised consolidated balance sheet

#### Current assets

- Includes:
- Cash and cash equivalents
- Trade and other receivables
- Properties held for sale

#### **Current liabilities**

Includes:

- Financial liabilities (excluding trade payables)
- Other current liabilities (including trade payables)

#### Non-current assets

Includes:

- Trade and other receivables
- Property, plant and equipment <sup>(1)</sup>
- Investment property
- Intangible assets (2)

#### Non-current liabilities

Includes:

- Financial liabilities
- Other liabilities

#### Net assets

(1) Includes land and buildings held at fair value amounting to \$381,887,000 (2020: \$375,671,000) for Toga Trust. <sup>(2)</sup> Includes goodwill and brand with indefinite lives amounting to \$187,808,000 (2020: \$194,800,000).

Toga Ti	rust	WSPL	
2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
\$ 000	φ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000
78,445	71,672	481,482	464,306
41,711	43,281	18,939	13,586
36,734	28,391	29,270	2,896
-	-	433,273	447,824
(209,245)	(128,959)	(19,229)	(33,889)
(200,240)	(120,000)	(10,220)	(00,000)
(126,529)	(71,469)	(3,764)	(11,911)
(82,716)	(57,490)	(15,465)	(21,978)
1,440,720	1,279,877	295,880	323,890
-	_	233	31,585
987,132	847,153	247	405
-	-	295,400	291,900
232,909	258,660	-	-
(955,734)	(847,170)	(283,659)	(283,713)
(7/5 106)	(672 002)	(280.244)	(281,019)
(745,106) (210,628)	(672,998) (174,172)	(280,344) (3,315)	(2,694)
(210,020)	(1/4,1/∠)	(3,313)	(2,094)
354,186	375,420	474,474	470,594

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 18. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

Summarised financial information for material joint ventures (continued)

#### Summarised consolidated statement of comprehensive income

	Toga Tr	ust	WSPL	
_	For the financial year ended		For the financial year ended	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Revenue	233,227	191,888	24,746	297,646
Interest income	109	270	3	18
Expenses Includes: - Depreciation and amortisation - Interest expense	(52,995) (28,400)	(37,658) (22,895)	(162) (2,598)	(307) (3,568)
(Loss)/Profit before income tax Income tax credit (Loss)/Profit after income tax	(42,983) 9,045 (33,938)	(41,628) 12,934 (28,694)	3,880 - 3,880	37,438 - 37,438
Other comprehensive income/(loss), net of tax	26,394	(10,254)	-	-
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	(7,544)	(38,948)	3,880	37,438

The information above reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the joint ventures, and not the Group's share of those amounts, adjusted for differences in accounting policies between the Group and the joint ventures.

The Group and its joint venture partner have undertaken to provide sufficient financial assistance to Toga Trust in proportion to their respective unitholding held in Toga Trust, as and when it is needed to enable Toga Trust to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

There are no contingent liabilities relating to the Group's interest in Toga Trust and WSPL.

#### Reconciliation of the summarised financial information

Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented, to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in the joint ventures are as follows:

	Toga Tr	ust	WSPI	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Net assets at beginning of financial year	375,420	388,107	470,594	433,156
(Loss)/Profit for the year	(33,938)	(28,694)	3,880	37,438
Other comprehensive income/(loss)	26,394	(10,254)	-	_
Foreign exchange differences	(13,690)	26,261	-	-
Net assets at end of financial year	354,186	375,420	474,474	470,594
Group's equity interest in Toga Trust and WSPL	50%	50%	33%	33%
Group's share of net assets	177,093	187,710	158,158	156,865
Goodwill	5,814	5,814	-	_
Carrying value	182,907	193,524	158,158	156,865

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 18. INVESTMENTS IN JOINT VENTURES (continued)

#### Information about immaterial joint ventures

The following table summarises, in aggregate, the Group's carrying amount, share of net profit and other comprehensive income of the individually immaterial joint ventures accounted for using the equity method:

Carrying value

Total carrying amount of investments in joint ventures Less: carrying amount of investments in material joint ve separately

Carrying amount of investments in individually imma ventures

<u>Share of net profit/(loss) and other comprehensive inco</u> Profit/(Loss) from continuing operations Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income

The immaterial joint ventures individually account for less than 10% of the Group's total assets.

#### **19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES**

Equity investments at cost Advances to subsidiaries Less: Allowance for impairment of equity investment

There were no changes during the financial year in the Group's ownership interest in its significant subsidiaries as set out in Note 39.

The details of the subsidiary with material non-controlling interest, Far East Hospitality Holdings Pte. Ltd., are set out in Note 39.

	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
	470,212	478,282
ventures disclosed	(341,065)	(350,389)
aterial joint	129,147	127,893
ome		
	464	(5,745)
	6,754	8,588
	7,218	2,843

	Compar	лy
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
	521,354	521,354
ts	342,958 (12,200)	361,724 (9,663)
	852,112	873,415

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 19. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

The summarised consolidated financial information for Far East Hospitality Holdings Pte. Ltd. and its subsidiaries, before inter-company eliminations with other subsidiaries within the Group, is set out below.

#### Summarised consolidated balance sheet

	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Assets		
Current assets	81,674	107,028
Non-current assets	592,151	596,729
	673,825	703,757
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	(361,716)	(371,760)
Non-current liabilities	(273,553)	(270,035)
	(635,269)	(641,795)
Net assets	38,556	61,962
Carrying value of non-controlling interest at 30% (2020: 30%)	11,567	18,589

Summarised consolidated statement of comprehensive income

	For the financial year ended	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Sales	42,792	45,014
Loss before income tax	(36,586)	(33,271)
Income tax credit/(expense)	730	(1,551)
Net loss	(35,856)	(34,822)
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	12,450	22,932
Total comprehensive loss	(23,406)	(11,890)
Total comprehensive loss allocated to non-controlling interest	(7,022)	(3,567)

Summarised consolidated statement of cash flows

	For the financial year ended	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	(3,724)	5,172
Net cash used in investing activities	(10,719)	(7,079)
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities	(8,227)	27,228
Total cash (outflows)/inflows – net	(22,670)	25,321

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### **20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES**

	2021 \$'000 878,837	2020 \$'000 793,841	2021 \$′000	2020 \$′000
<b>o o</b> ,	878,837	702 0 /1		
Fair value gains/(losses) – net (Note 8)		/ 93,041	136,524	139,175
	43,940	4,521	450	(2,651)
Additions				
- Acquisition	-	72,176	_	-
<ul> <li>Subsequent expenditure and adjustment to costs</li> </ul>	2,102	(447)	_	_
Foreign exchange differences	4,686	8,746	_	_
End of financial year	929,565	878,837	136,974	136,524
Comprising:				
<ul> <li>Completed properties</li> </ul>	929,565	878,837	136,974	136,524

(b) Completed properties are leased to non-related parties under operating leases. The following amounts are recognised in profit or loss:

#### Rental income

Direct operating expenses arising from investment p generate rental income

	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
	46,885	36,919
properties that	(16,116)	(12,063)

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

(c) At the balance sheet date, the details of the Group's investment properties are as follows:

Location	Description/ existing use	No. of units/ rooms/ beds	Tenure
Singapore			
Orchard Rendezvous Hotel, Singapore, 1 Tanglin Road	Shops and offices (land only)	_	Freehold and leasehold with 99 years lease expiring on 31 March 2064
Tanglin Shopping Centre, 19 Tanglin Road	Offices	4	Freehold
Novena Medical Center, 10 Sinaran Drive	Medical suites	37	Leasehold with 99 years lease expiring on 27 August 2101
Novena Specialist Center, 8 Sinaran Drive	Medical suites	10	Leasehold with 99 years lease expiring on 22 April 2106
Australia			
Rendezvous Hotel Perth Scarborough	Shops	13	Freehold
Adina Apartment Hotel Brisbane Anzac Square	Apartment	1	Freehold
United Kingdom			
Turner Court, Newcastle upon Tyne	PBSA	274	Freehold
Rosedale Court, Newcastle upon Tyne	PBSA	338	Freehold
Marshall Court, Newcastle upon Tyne	PBSA	196	Freehold
Bryson Court, Newcastle upon Tyne	PBSA	366	Freehold
Newton Court, Newcastle upon Tyne	PBSA	295	Freehold
Land sites at Newcastle upon Tyne	PBSA	_	Freehold
Hollingbury House, Brighton	PBSA	195	Freehold
Harbour Court, Bristol	PBSA	133	Freehold
St Lawrence House, Bristol	PBSA	166	Freehold
The Glassworks, Liverpool	PBSA	323	Freehold
The Foundry, Leeds	PBSA	239	Freehold
The Elements, Sheffield	PBSA	735	Freehold
King Square Studios, Bristol	PBSA	301	Freehold

(d) Valuation processes, techniques and inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements

The Group engages external, independent and qualified valuers to determine the fair value of the investment properties on an annual basis or whenever their carrying amounts are likely to differ materially from their fair values based on the properties' highest and best use during the interim financial reporting period. At each financial year, the management verifies all major inputs to the independent valuation reports, assesses property valuation movements compared to the prior year valuations and holds discussions with the independent valuers.

The Group's investment properties are measured and carried at fair value using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs), i.e. Level 3 fair values.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 20. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (continued)

(d) Valuation processes, techniques and inputs used in Level 3 fair value measurements (continued)

Level 3 fair values of the Group's investment properties and land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment (Note 21) have generally been derived using one or more of the following valuation techniques:

- \_ rate and terminal yield applied.
- capitalisation rate applied.

The following table presents the valuation techniques and key unobservable inputs that were used to determine the fair value which is categorised under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Description	Fair value as at		Valuation technique(s)	Significant unobservable input(s) and range	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000			
Freehold and leasehold land – Singapore	123,884	123,434	Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate – 3.4% to 4.3% (2020: 3.5% to 4.3%)	The lower the capitalisation rate, the higher the fair value
Office units – Singapore	13,090	13,090	Sales comparison	Pre-adjusted comparable sales price – \$1,953 to \$2,812 (2020: \$1,850 to \$2,920) psf	The higher the comparable sales price, the higher the fair value
Medical suites – Singapore	152,336	152,336	Sales comparison	Pre-adjusted comparable sales price – \$3,000 to \$9,600 (2020: \$3,030 to \$7,516) psf	The higher the comparable sales price, the higher the fair value
Shops, restaurant and apartment – Australia <sup>(1)</sup>	32,938	30,313	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate – 6.8% (2020: 7.0%) Terminal yield – 6.8% (2020: 7.0%)	The lower the discount rate or terminal yield, the higher the fair value
			Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate – 6.5% (2020: 6.8%)	The lower the capitalisation rate, the higher the fair value
PBSA – United	607,317	559,664	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate - 7.9% to 9.1% (2020: 7.6% to 9.2%)	The lower the discount rate or terminal yield, the higher the fair
Kingdom			-	Terminal yield – 4.8% to 6.1% (2020: 5.0% to 6.1%)	value

#### **929,565** 878,837

<sup>(1)</sup> Valuation determined using the average of discounted cash flow and income capitalisation

sales comparison method, where the properties are valued using transacted prices for comparable properties with necessary adjustments made for the differences in location, tenure and condition of the property as well as prevailing market conditions relative to the date of the comparable transaction. The most significant unobservable input to the valuation is the pre-adjusted comparable sales price.

discounted cash flow method, where the future net cash flows over a period are discounted to arrive at a present value. The most significant unobservable inputs to the valuation are the estimated net profit margin (for land and buildings classified under property, plant and equipment only), discount

income capitalisation method, where the net income is capitalised at a rate which reflects the yield expected from the property. The most significant unobservable input to the valuation is the

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 21. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's and Company's carrying value of property, plant and equipment included right-of-use assets amounting to \$85,886,000 (2020: \$118,476,000) and \$63,433,000 (2020: \$69,926,000) respectively (Note 22).

During the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the Group's right-of-use asset of \$21,601,000 was reduced to zero and fully de-recognised on the re-measurement of lease liability (Note 8(a)).

	Freehold and leasehold land	Buildings and offices	Plant, equiment, furniture and fittings	Construction -in-progress	Motor vehicles	Leasehold improvements and other assets	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<u> Group – 2021</u>							
Cost or valuation							
Beginning of financial year							
Cost	_	208,442	70,303	999	1,070	4,848	285,662
Valuation	378,102	126,316	-	-	-	-	504,418
	378,102	334,758	70,303	999	1,070	4,848	790,080
Currency translation differences	(2,050)	(4,277)	(673)	(36)	_	(84)	(7,120)
Additions	_	487	364	9,415	_	235	10,501
Disposals	_	(5,860)	(363)	_	_	(5)	(6,228)
Transfers	_	-	1,623	(10,173)	_	8,550	_
De-recognition of right- of-use asset	_	(40,517)	_	_	_	_	(40,517)
Revaluation adjustments:							
- profit or loss (Note 8)	-	(912)	_	-	-	-	(912)
- other comprehensive income (Note 30(i))	948	7,080	_	_	_	_	8,028
End of financial year	377,000	290,759	71,254	205	1,070	13,544	753,832
Representing:							
Cost	_	162,375	71,254	205	1,070	13,544	248,448
Valuation	377,000	128,384	-	_	-	-	505,384
-	377,000	290,759	71,254	205	1,070	13,544	753,832
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses							
Beginning of financial year	-	89,977	60,468	_	386	3,871	154,702
Currency translation differences	-	(297)	(570)	-	-	(64)	(931)
Depreciation charge (Note 5)	-	16,919	2,538	_	193	445	20,095
Disposals	_	(5,860)	(357)	_	-	(5)	(6,222)
Impairment charge (Note 8)	_	-	190	_	_	1	191
De-recognition of right- of-use asset	_	(18,916)	_	_	_	_	(18,916)
Revaluation adjustments:							
- profit or loss (Note 8)	-	(861)	-	-	-	-	(861)
- other comprehensive income (Note 30(i))	_	(4,465)	-	_	_	_	(4,465)
End of financial year	-	76,497	62,269	_	579	4,248	143,593
Net book value End of financial year	377,000	214,262	8,985	205	491	9,296	610,239

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 21. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

_	Freehold and leasehold land	Buildings and offices	Plant, equiment, furniture and fittings	Construction -in-progress	Motor vehicles	Leasehold improvements and other assets	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<u>Group – 2020</u>							
Cost or valuation							
Beginning of financial year							
Cost	_	206,629	68,070	984	628	4,643	280,954
Valuation	391,783	125,240	-	_	-	-	517,023
	391,783	331,869	68,070	984	628	4,643	797,977
Currency translation differences	3,711	7,268	1,179	73	_	149	12,380
Additions		798	727	421	442	56	2,444
Lease modifications	_	1,419	-			-	1,419
Disposals	_	(666)	(134)	_	_	_	(800)
Transfers	_	(000)	479	(479)	_	_	(000)
Write-off	_	_	(18)	(	_	_	(18)
Revaluation adjustments:			(10)				(10)
- profit or loss (Note 8)	_	(3,243)	_	_	-	_	(3,243)
- other comprehensive loss (Note 30(i))	(17,392)	(2,687)	-	_	_	_	(20,079)
End of financial year	378,102	334,758	70,303	999	1,070	4,848	790,080
Representing:							
Cost	_	208,442	70,303	999	1,070	4,848	285,662
Valuation	378,102	126,316	-	-	-	-	504,418
-	378,102	334,758	70,303	999	1,070	4,848	790,080
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses							
Beginning of financial year	_	76,578	56,591	_	237	3,637	137,043
Currency translation differences	_	311	991	_	_	90	1,392
Depreciation charge (Note 5)	-	17,624	3,015	-	149	144	20,932
Disposals	_	(666)	(129)	-	-	_	(795)
Impairment charge (Note 8)	_	1,140	_	_	_	_	1,140
Revaluation adjustments:							
- profit or loss (Note 8)	-	(903)	-	-	-	-	(903)
- other comprehensive loss (Note 30(i))	-	(4,107)	-	_	_	-	(4,107)
End of financial year	-	89,977	60,468	_	386	3,871	154,702
Net book value End of financial year	378,102	244,781	9,835	999	684	977	635,378

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 21. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

	Freehold and leasehold land	Buildings and offices	Plant, equiment, furniture and fittings	Motor vehicle	Leasehold improvements and other assets	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<u> Company – 2021</u>						
Cost or valuation						
Beginning of financial year						
Cost	-	119,967	34,046	442	1,789	156,244
Valuation	316,365	-	-	-	-	316,365
	316,365	119,967	34,046	442	1,789	472,609
Additions	-	-	16	-	-	16
Disposals	_	_	(17)	-	_	(17)
Revaluation adjustments – other comprehensive income (Note 30(i))	749		_	_		749
End of financial year	317,114	119,967	34,045	442	1,789	473,357
,	317,114	119,907	54,045	442	1,709	473,337
Representing: Cost		110.067	91 04F	442	1,789	166 040
Valuation	-	119,967	34,045			156,243
Valuation	317,114	119,967		- 442	1,789	317,114
	317,114	119,907	34,045	442	1,709	473,357
Accumulated depreciation						
Beginning of financial year	-	50,052	29,570	44	1,788	81,454
Depreciation charge	-	6,490	781	88	1	7,360
Disposals	-	-	(17)	-	-	(17)
End of financial year	_	56,542	30,334	132	1,789	88,797
Net book value End of financial year	317,114	63,425	3,711	310	-	384,560
<u> Company – 2020</u>						
Cost or valuation						
Beginning of financial year						
Cost	_	118,726	33,910	_	1,789	154,425
Valuation	329,224	110,720	00,010		-	329,224
Valuation	329,224	118,726	33,910	-	1,789	483,649
Additions		-	136	442	1,700	578
Lease modifications	_	1,270	150	442	_	1,270
Disposals	_	(29)			_	(29)
Revaluation adjustments		(23)				(23)
<ul> <li>other compréhensive loss</li> </ul>	(10.050)					(10.050)
(Note 30(i))	(12,859)	-	-	-	-	(12,859)
ind of financial year	316,365	119,967	34,046	442	1,789	472,609
Representing:		110.007	04.040		4 700	450.044
Cost	-	119,967	34,046	442	1,789	156,244
/aluation	316,365 316,365	119,967	34,046	- 442	1,789	316,365 472,609
	510,505	113,307	04,040	442	1,705	472,003
Accumulated depreciation						
Beginning of financial year	-	43,554	28,643	-	1,786	73,983
Depreciation charge	-	6,527	927	44	2	7,500
Disposals		(29)	_	-	_	(29)
End of financial year	_	50,052	29,570	44	1,788	81,454
Net book value						
End of financial year	316,365	69,915	4,476	398	1	391,155

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 21. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

- of the same class. Details of such leased assets are disclosed in Note 22.
- (b) Property, plant and equipment of the Group with carrying amounts of \$168,019,000 (2020: \$158,605,000) are provided as security for bank borrowings (Note 25).
- (c) The freehold and leasehold land and buildings of the Group and the Company with carrying values of (2020: \$145,300,000) and \$2,183,000 (2020: \$2,183,000) respectively.
- (d) Valuation processes, techniques and inputs for Level 3 fair value measurements

The Group engages external, independent and qualified valuers to determine the fair value of the Group's property, plant and equipment, on an annual basis and whenever their carrying amounts are likely to differ materially from their revalued amounts, based on the properties' highest and best use. The following table presents the valuation techniques and key inputs (as described in Note 20) that were used to determine the fair value which is categorised under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Description	Fair valu	ie as at	Valuation technique(s)	Significant unobservable input(s) and range	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000			
Freehold and leasehold land – Singapore	317,114	316,365	Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate – 4.5% (2020: 4.5%)	The lower the capitalisation rate, the higher the fair value
Freehold land and building	33,450	34,674	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate - 7.8% (2020: 7.8%)	The lower the discount rate or
– Malaysia				Terminal yield – 5.8% (2020: 5.8%)	terminal yield, the higher the fair value
Freehold land and buildings – Australia <sup>(1)</sup>	154,820	153,379	Discounted cash flow	Discount rate - 7.5% to 8.0% (2020: 7.5% to 8.0%)	The lower the discount rate or terminal yield, the
- Australia 🤟				Terminal yield – 6.0% to 6.5% (2020: 6.0% to 6.5%)	higher the fair value
			Income capitalisation	Capitalisation rate – 5.5% to 6.0% (2020: 5.5% to 6.0%)	The lower the capitalisation rate, the higher the fair value
-	505,384	504,418			

(a) Right-of-use assets acquired under leasing arrangements are presented together with the owned assets

\$505,384,000 (2020: \$504,418,000) and \$317,114,000 (2020: \$316,365,000) respectively are carried at the revalued amounts in accordance with the Group's accounting policy as described in Note 2.5. If these land and buildings of the Group and Company were included in the financial statements at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, their net book values would have been \$136,691,000

<sup>(1)</sup> Valuation determined using the average of discounted cash flow and income capitalisation.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 22. LEASES

#### Leases – The Group as a lessee

#### Nature of the Group's leasing activities - Group as a lessee

The Group leases hospitality properties which are used in the Group's hospitality operations, and offices for the purpose of back-office operations from non-related parties and related parties. These are recognised within Property, plant and equipment (Note 21).

As at balance sheet date, the Group and the Company's lease liabilities amounted to \$109,564,000 and \$80,386,000 respectively (2020: \$147,985,000 and \$86,196,000).

There are no external imposed covenants on these lease arrangements.

#### (a) Carrying amounts

ROU assets classified within Property, plant and equipment

	Group	C	Company	
	2021	<b>2021</b> 2020		2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Buildings and offices	85,878	118,465	63,425	69,915
Equipment	8	11	8	11
	85,886	118,476	63,433	69,926

Lease liability of \$26,717,000 was re-measured as at balance sheet date. The corresponding adjustment resulted in a reduction in the right-of-use assets by \$21,601,000 (Note 21) and a gain of \$5,116,000 (Note 8) to be recognised during the financial year.

- (b) Depreciation expense for the financial year was \$11,474,000 (2020: \$12,667,000).
- (c) Interest expense on lease liabilities recognised in profit or loss for the financial year was \$8,375,000 (2020: \$8,958,000) (Note 9).
- (d) Lease expense not capitalised in lease liabilities for the financial years ended 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020:

	Group \$'000	Company \$'000
2021		
Short-term leases	13	-
Variable lease payments which do not depend on an index or rate	344	_
Total (Note 5)	357	
2020		
Short-term leases	64	-
Variable lease payments which do not depend on an index or rate	822	
Total (Note 5)	886	

(e) Total cash outflow for all the leases was \$20,929,000 (2020: \$20,781,000), of which \$18,693,000 (2020: \$19,106,000) was paid to other related parties.

(f) Addition of ROU assets during the financial year were \$487,000 (2020: \$2,223,000)

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 22. LEASES (continued)

#### Leases – The Group as a lessee (continued)

- (g) Future cash outflow which are not capitalised in lease liabilities
  - (i) Variable lease payments

The leases for certain hotels contain variable lease payments that are based on a percentage of gross operating revenue and gross operating profit of these properties. Such variable lease payments are recognised to profit or loss when incurred and amounted to \$344,000 (2020: \$822,000) (Note 22(d)).

(ii) Extension options

The leases for certain hotels contain extension options, for which the related lease payments had not been included in lease liabilities as the Group is not reasonably certain to exercise these extension options. The Group negotiates extension options to optimise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Group's operations. The majority of the extension options are exercisable by the Group and not by the lessor.

#### Leases – The Group as a lessor

#### Nature of the Group's leasing activities

The Group and the Company lease out investment properties to non-related parties for monthly lease payments. These leases are classified as operating leases because the risk and rewards incidental to ownership of the assets are not substantially transferred.

Rental income from investment properties are disclosed in Note 20.

Undiscounted lease payments from the operating leases to be received after the reporting date are as follows:

Not later than one year
One to two years
Two to three years
Three to four years
Four to five years
More than five years
Total undiscounted lease payments

#### 23. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Goodwill arising from acquisition of hospitality business Hospitality lease and management agreements (Note

Group Compai		Company	
2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
34,521	32,598	187	170
8,008	6,087	42	_
3,922	3,378	-	_
2,117	1,683	-	_
1,861	1,236	-	_
21,734	7,481	-	_
72,163	52,463	229	170

	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
ses (Note (a))	42,723	42,927
(b))	68,682	71,391
	111,405	114,318

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 23. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

#### (a) Goodwill arising from acquisition of hospitality businesses

	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Cost		
Beginning of financial year	57,244	56,170
Currency translation differences	(549)	1,074
End of financial year	56,695	57,244
Accumulated impairment		
Beginning of financial year	14,317	4,898
Currency translation differences	(345)	581
Impairment (Note 8)	_	8,838
End of financial year	13,972	14,317
Net book value	42,723	42,927

#### Impairment assessment of goodwill

Goodwill is allocated to the CGUs within the Group's hospitality business as follows:

	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$′000
Management services – Singapore (Note (i))	37,257	37,257
Property ownership – Australia (Note (ii))	5,466	5,670
	42,723	42,927

#### (i) Management services – Singapore

The recoverable amount of the "Management services - Singapore" CGU was determined based on fair value less cost to sell ("FVLCTS").

The FVLCTS adopted by the Group was computed using the average of the values derived from the following two Level 3 valuation techniques based on management's estimates:

- Discounted Cash Flow ("DCF") method; and
- Guideline Public Company ("GPC") method •

#### DCF method

The assumptions used in the future net cash flows takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use.

Cash flow projections used in the DCF were based on financial projections approved by management covering a five-year (2020: five-year) period. Key assumptions used for the analysis of the CGU included a gradual recovery period from the COVID-19 pandemic, with 2024 cash flows returning to pre COVID-19 level. Cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using the estimated growth rate stated below. The growth rate did not exceed the historical long-term average growth rate for the hospitality management services business in which the CGU operates. A discount rate which reflects a market participant's required return on the CGU was used for the impairment analysis of the CGU.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 23. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

(a) Goodwill arising from acquisition of hospitality businesses (continued) Impairment assessment of goodwill (continued)

(i) Management services - Singapore (continued) DCF method (continued)

Terminal growth rate Post-tax discount rate

#### GPC method

The GPC method entails applying multiples to the normalised earnings of the CGU and adjusted for the risk and size of the CGU. The key assumptions are the GPC multiples and normalised earnings. Normalised earnings are based on 2024 projections, in line with the expectation of the recovery period from COVID-19 and cash flows used under the DCF method.

The GPC multiples are determined based on published data regarding traded price and earnings of public companies that are engaged in the same or similar line of business as the CGU. The CGU's normalised earnings is determined by management based on past performance and its expectations of market developments.

Based on the FVLCTS adopted by the Group, the recoverable amount of the CGU exceeds the carrying value and the allocated goodwill is not impaired.

(ii) Property ownership – Australia

The recoverable amount determined was based on value-in-use calculations. Cash flow projections used in the value-in-use calculations were based on financial projections approved by management covering a ten-year period as the CGU is only expected to achieve a steady growth rate of cash flows after ten years. Cash flows beyond the ten-year period were extrapolated using the estimated growth rate stated below. The growth rate did not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the hospitality operations business in which the CGU operates. Key assumptions used for the analysis of the CGU also include the budgeted EBITDA margin for the period 2022 to 2031 (2020: 2021 to 2030) determined by management based on past performance and its expectations of market developments and a discount rate which was pre-tax and reflected specific risks relating to the CGU.

Terminal growth rate Pre-tax discount rate

In the prior financial year, an impairment charge of \$8,838,000 was included within "Other gains and impairment losses - net" in the statement of comprehensive income. The impairment charge was due to the reduction in cashflows for the ten-year period arising from the impact of COVID-19 on the Group's hospitality ownership business in Australia. Based on management's assessment of the recoverable amount as at 31 December 2021, no impairment charge was recognised as the recoverable amount exceeded the carrying value of the CGU.

2021	2020
1.9%	1.9%
8.5%	8.5%

2021	2020
0% to 1.5%	0% to 1.5%
8.2%	8.3%

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 23. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (continued)

#### (b) Hospitality lease and management agreements

	Group	
-	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Cost		
Beginning of financial year	99,292	98,873
Currency translation differences	(214)	419
End of financial year	99,078	99,292
Accumulated amortisation and impairment		
Beginning of financial year	27,901	24,777
Currency translation differences	(210)	419
Amortisation charge included within "Cost of sales" in profit or loss (Note 5)	2,705	2,705
End of financial year	30,396	27,901
Net book value	68,682	71,391

#### 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current				
Trade payables:				
- other related parties	662	561	533	389
- non-related parties	6,586	4,732	905	683
- joint ventures	698	1,866	_	_
	7,946	7,159	1,438	1,072
Other payables:				
- other related parties	96	197	_	_
- non-related parties	5,925	12,850	28	_
Advances from:				
- a subsidiary	-	_	_	9,051
- joint ventures	-	2,358	_	_
- non-controlling interest	66,552	66,552	_	_
Accrual for operating expenses	13,581	12,722	2,887	3,045
Deferred grant income	-	930	_	364
Deposits	1,973	2,233	151	141
Interest payable	403	105	300	_
Contract liabilities (Note 4(b))	925	379	62	65
	89,455	98,326	3,428	12,666
	97,401	105,485	4,866	13,738

Advances from joint ventures of the Group are unsecured, repayable on demand and interest-free. Advances from a non-controlling interest of \$66,552,000 (2020: \$66,552,000) bear interest at a weighted average effective interest rate of 2.0% (2020: 2.0%) per annum.

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 24. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (continued)

Non-current
Other payables – non-related parties
Deposits
Advances from:
- subsidiaries
- joint ventures

- non-controlling interest

The non-current advances from subsidiaries to the Company and the advances from joint ventures and non-controlling interest of the Group are unsecured, interest-free and not repayable in the next 12 months.

Advances from a non-controlling interest of \$71,910,000 (2020: \$71,910,000) are repayable at its nominal value, or convertible to shares of the subsidiary in whole or in part and in the same proportion as a similar loan from the Company to the same subsidiary, such that the Company's share of equity interest in the subsidiary does not change, at the rate of one share per \$1 nominal value of the loan, upon the unanimous approval of the Company and the non-controlling interest. The advances have no fixed term of repayment, and the non-controlling interest has no intention to demand repayment in the next 12 months.

The fair values of non-current trade and other payables of the Group and the Company approximate their carrying amounts.

Group		Com	Company	
2021	2020	2021	2020	
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
332	-	-	_	
1,262	1,384	_	_	
.,_0_	1,001			
-	-	361,779	362,018	
27,699	25,341	-	-	
71,910	71,910	-	_	
101,203	98,635	361,779	362,018	
For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# **25. BORROWINGS**

	G	roup	Cor	mpany
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Bank borrowings				
<ul> <li>current (secured)</li> </ul>	239,561	105,525	-	_
- current (unsecured)	150,199	177,800	130,199	157,800
	389,760	283,325	130,199	157,800
Bank borrowings				
<ul> <li>non-current (secured)</li> </ul>	119,986	219,447	-	_
<ul> <li>non-current (unsecured)</li> </ul>	182,289	180,309	182,289	180,309
	302,275	399,756	182,289	180,309
	692,035	683,081	312,488	338,109

The Group and the Company's bank borrowings are:

at variable interest rates referenced to overnight risk-free rates and IBOR (2020: IBOR) with contractual \_ repricing dates less than 6 months from balance sheet date (2020: Less than 6 months);

- secured over certain bank deposits (Note 12); and
- secured over certain investment properties (Note 20) and certain property, plant and equipment \_ (Note 21).

The fair values of non-current borrowings of the Group approximate their carrying amounts.

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's current borrowings increased by \$106,435,000 mainly due to a reclassification of a portion of the loans from non-current to current given the maturity of the loans. The Group is in negotiation with its debt counterparties to refinance loans totalling \$139,326,000, that are secured over certain subsidiaries' investment properties. The refinancing is expected to be completed by the end of 2022 and the loans will be reclassified to non-current borrowings once refinancing is completed.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 26. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

				G	roup			Company	/
				Contract notional <u>amount</u> \$'000		ir value - Asset iability) \$'000	Contra notion <u>amou</u> \$'0	nt nt	Fair value -Asset/ ( <u>Liability)</u> \$'000
31 December 20	021								
Non-current									
- Derivatives h flow hedge		lging: Cash- st rate swap		173,690		4,578	91,2	85	2,774
31 December 20	)20								
Non-current									
- Derivatives h flow hedge		lging: Cash- st rate swap		171,901		(1,796)	90,3	45	(336)
Hedging instru	ments use	ed in the Gr	oup's heda	ing strated	y in 202	1:			
0 0			1 0	0 0					
		Carrying amount		Changes value us calculatin <u>ineffecti</u>	sed for Ig hedge				
	Contract notional amount	Assets/ (Liabilities)	Financial statement <u>line item</u>	Hedging instrument	Hedged item	Hedge ineffectivness recognised in <u>P&amp;L*</u>	Notional amount directly impacted by IBOR <u>reform</u>	Weighted average hedged <u>rate</u>	Maturity <u>date</u>
Group	\$'000	\$'000		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
Cash flow hedge									
Interest rate risk – Interest rate swap to hedge floating rate borrowings (a)	173,690	4,578	Derivative financial instruments	6,374	(6,374)	-	173,690	1.5%	December 2024 – March 2025
Net investment hedge									
Foreign exchange risk – Borrowings to hedge net investments in foreign operations	_	(9,574)	Borrowings	876	(876)	_	_	JPY76.0: \$1	-
Company									
Cash flow hedge					(0.00)				
Interest rate risk – Interest rate swap to hedge floating rate borrowings (b)	91,285	2,774	Derivative financial instruments	3,110	(3,110)	_	91,285	1.2%	December 2024

	Contract notional <u>amount</u> \$'000	Assets/ <u>(Liabilities)</u> \$'000	Financial statement <u>line item</u>	l insi
oup				
sh flow hedge				
erest rate risk - Interest rate swap to hedge loating rate porrowings (a)	173,690	4,578	Derivative financial instruments	
t investment nedge				
eign exchange risk - Borrowings to hedge net nvestments n foreign operations	-	(9,574)	Borrowings	
mpany				
sh flow hedge				
erest rate risk - Interest rate swap to hedge loating rate porrowings (b)	91,285	2,774	Derivative financial instruments	

\* All hedge ineffectiveness, if any, is recognised in profit and loss within "Other gains and impairment losses- net" (Note 8). The hedges were fully effective during the financial year.

(a) The contractual notional amount of interest rate swaps held for hedging which is based on SONIA is \$173,690,000. (b) The contractual notional amount of interest rate swaps held for hedging which is based on SONIA is \$91,285,000.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 26. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

Hedging instruments used in the Group's hedging strategy in 2020:

		Carrying amount		Changes in f used for cal <u>hedge ineffe</u>	culating			
	Contract notional <u>amount</u>	<u>Liabilities</u>	Financial statement <u>line item</u>	Hedging instrument	Hedged item	Hedge ineffectivness recognised in <u>P&amp;L*</u>	Weighted average <u>hedged rate</u>	Maturity <u>date</u>
	\$'000	\$'000		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000		
Group								
Cash flow hedge								
Interest rate risk – Interest rate swap to hedge floating rate borrowings (c)	171,901	(1,796)	Derivative financial instruments	(1,796)	1,796	_	1.5%	December 2024 – March 2025
Net investment hedge								
Foreign exchange risk – Borrowings to hedge net investments in foreign operations	_	(10,451)	Borrowings	301	(301)	_	JPY76.0: \$1	-
Company								
Cash flow hedge								
Interest rate risk – Interest rate swap to hedge floating rate borrowings (d)	90,345	(336)	Derivative financial instruments	(336)	336	-	1.2%	December 2024

\* All hedge ineffectiveness, if any, was recognised in profit or loss within "Other gains and impairment losses- net" (Note 8). The hedges were fully effective during the prior financial year.

(c) The contractual notional amount of interest rate swaps held for hedging which was based on LIBOR was \$171,901,000.

(d) The contractual notional amount of interest rate swaps held for hedging which is based on LIBOR was \$90,345,000.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 27. DEFERRED INCOME

	Group	Group		iny
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current				
- other related parties	6,797	6,797	6,797	6,797
- non-related parties	6,274	1,626	16	20
	13,071	8,423	6,813	6,817
Non-current				
- other related parties	269,514	276,311	269,514	276,311
	282,585	284,734	276,327	283,128

Deferred income from other related parties refers to the unamortised portion of the proceeds from Far East Hospitality Trust for the Company's grant of a 50-year leasehold interest (from August 2012) in the freehold and leasehold land of Orchard Rendezvous Hotel to Far East Hospitality Trust.

# 28. DEFERRED INCOME TAXES

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown on the balance sheet as follows:

Deferred income tax assets Deferred income tax liabilities Net deferred tax (liabilities)/assets

\_

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses and capital allowances carried forward to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefits through future taxable profits is probable. The Group has unrecognised tax losses and capital allowances of approximately \$120,934,000 (2020: \$103,532,000) which can be carried forward and used to offset against future taxable income subject to meeting certain statutory requirements by those companies with unrecognised tax losses and capital allowances in their respective countries of incorporation. These tax losses have no expiry date.

Group		Company	
2021	2020	2021	2020
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
3,721	4,511	2,577	2,461
(48,261)	(32,003)	-	_
(44,540)	(27,492)	2,577	2,461

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 28. DEFERRED INCOME TAXES (continued)

The movements in deferred income tax liabilities and assets (prior to offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction) are as follows:

#### Deferred income tax liabilities – Group

	Accelerated tax depreciation	Revaluation gains – net	Other	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<u> Group – 2021</u>				
Beginning of financial year	12,477	19,610	1,287	33,374
(Credited)/Charged to:				
- profit or loss	(484)	13,144	_	12,660
<ul> <li>other comprehensive income (Note 30(i))</li> </ul>	_	4,642	_	4,642
Currency translation differences		(567)	(47)	(614)
End of financial year	11,993	36,829	1,240	50,062
<u>Group – 2020</u>				
Beginning of financial year	13,313	17,751	1,196	32,260
(Credited)/Charged to:			2	2
- profit or loss	(472)	3,065	_	2,593
<ul> <li>other comprehensive income (Note 30(i))</li> </ul>	_	(2,206)	_	(2,206)
Over provision in prior financial years – profit or loss	(361)	_	_	(361)
Currency translation differences	(3)	1,000	91	1,088
End of financial year	12,477	19,610	1,287	33,374

#### Deferred income tax assets – Group

	Tax losses	Lease liabilities	Other	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<u>Group – 2021</u>				
Beginning of financial year	(1,066)	(4,816)	_	(5,882)
(Credited)/Charged to profit or loss	(494)	792	_	298
Currency translation differences	64	(2)	_	62
End of financial year	(1,496)	(4,026)	_	(5,522)
<u>Group – 2020</u>				
Beginning of financial year	(3,119)	(4,413)	(90)	(7,622)
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss	850	(391)	_	459
Over provision in prior financial years – profit or loss	1,300	_	84	1,384
Currency translation differences	(97)	(12)	6	(103)
End of financial year	(1,066)	(4,816)	_	(5,882)

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 28. DEFERRED INCOME TAXES (continued)

The movements in deferred income tax liabilities and assets (prior to offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction) are as follows (continued):

#### Deferred income tax assets - Company

Lease liabilities
Beginning of financial year
Credited to profit or loss
End of financial year

#### Deferred income tax liabilities - Company

Accelerated tax depreciation Beginning and end of financial year

#### 29. SHARE CAPITAL

Beginning of financial year
Shares issued in-lieu of cash dividend
End of financial year

All issued ordinary shares are fully paid and there is no par value for these ordinary shares.

2021	2020
\$'000	\$'000
2,766	2,597
116	169
2,882	2,766
2021	2020
\$'000	\$'000
305	305

Group and Company					
Number of	shares	Amoun	t		
2021	2020	2021	2020		
'000	'000	\$'000	\$'000		
455,485	438,360	515,234	498,006		
9,049	17,125	9,819	17,228		
464,534	455,485	525,053	515,234		

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# **30. REVALUATION AND OTHER RESERVES**

	Group		Company	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Capital reserve	13,977	13,977	_	_
Asset revaluation reserve (Note (i))	378,667	361,651	289,537	288,788
Currency translation reserve (Note (ii))	(38,565)	(28,378)	-	_
Fair value reserve (Note (iii))	(2,502)	(1,661)	_	_
Hedging reserve (Note (iv))	4,004	(5,041)	2,774	(336)
	355,581	340,548	292,311	288,452

The movements for the other categories of reserves are as follows:

#### (i) Asset revaluation reserve

	Group		Company	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Beginning of financial year	361,651	371,151	288,788	301,647
Revaluation gains/(losses) – net (Note 21)	12,493	(15,972)	749	(12,859)
Share of joint venture's asset revaluation reserve movement (Note 18)	16,137	6,125	_	_
Tax (expense)/credit relating to:			-	_
<ul> <li>revaluation (gains)/losses</li> </ul>	(1,778)	1,498	-	_
<ul> <li>share of joint venture's asset revaluation reserve movement</li> </ul>	(2,864)	708	_	_
Less: Non-controlling interest	(6,972)	(1,859)	-	-
End of financial year	378,667	361,651	289,537	288,788

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 30. REVALUATION AND OTHER RESERVES (continued)

The movements for the other categories of reserves are as follows: (continued)

(ii) Currency translation reserve

		Group	
		2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
F	Beginning of financial year	(28,378)	(43,412)
1	Net currency translation differences of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries and joint ventures	(2,175)	4,432
1	Net currency translation differences of advances designated as net investments in subsidiaries	(11,281)	16,133
1	Net currency translation differences on borrowings designated as net investment hedge of foreign operations	876	301
F	Reclassification on disposal of subsidiaries (Note 8)	(1,391)	_
	Share of joint venture's currency translation reserve movement (Note 18)	(2)	(17)
l	ess: Non-controlling interest	3,786	(5,815)
F	nd of financial year	(38,565)	(28,378)

- Beginning of financial year
- Share of associated company's fair value reser (Note 17)
- Transfer of share of associated company's fair upon disposal End of financial year
- (iv) Hedging reserve

Beginning of financial year Fair value gains/(losses) Reclassification to profit or loss, as hedged item has affected profit or loss - Finance expense (Note 9)

Share of joint ventures' hedging reserve movement (Note 18) Less: Non-controlling interest End of financial year

Revaluation and other reserves are non-distributable.

	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
	(1,661)	861
rve movement	(921)	(2,612)
r value reserve	80	90
	(2,502)	(1,661)

Group		Company	
2021	2020	2021	2020
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
(5,041)	(1,392)	(336)	
5,955	(1,937)	3,044	(336)
440			
419	141	66	-
6,374	(1,796)	3,110	(336)
3,816	(2,647)	_	_
(1,145)	794		-
4,004	(5,041)	2,774	(336)

\_\_\_\_

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# **31. RETAINED PROFITS**

Retained profits of the Group are distributable except for the accumulated retained profits from the share of results of joint ventures and associated companies amounting to \$7,430,000 (2020: \$17,904,000).

The movements for the retained profits of the Company are as follows:

	Company	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Beginning of financial year	195,409	220,274
Shares issued in-lieu of cash dividend (Note 29)	(9,819)	(17,228)
Dividend paid to equity holders of the Company in cash (Note 32)	(3,835)	(9,074)
Net (loss)/profit for the financial year	(13,111)	1,437
End of financial year	168,644	195,409

# 32. DIVIDEND

	Company	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Ordinary dividend paid		
Final dividend paid in respect of the previous financial year of 3 cents (2020: 6 cents) using		
- new shares issued	9,819	17,228

	13,654	26,302
- cash	3,835	9,074
- new snares issued	9,819	17,228

At the upcoming Annual General Meeting, a final dividend of 3 cents per share amounting to a total of \$13,936,000 will be recommended. These financial statements do not reflect this dividend, which will be accounted for in equity attributable to equity holders of the Company as an appropriation of retained profits in the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

# **33. COMMITMENTS**

#### Capital commitments

Capital expenditures contracted for at the balance sheet date but not recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

Group		Company	
2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
-	12,307	_	_
77	-	-	_
1,323	11,448	_	_
1,400	23,755	_	_
	2021 \$'000 - 77 1,323	2021         2020           \$'000         \$'000           -         12,307           77         -           1,323         11,448	2021         2020         2021           \$'000         \$'000         \$'000           -         12,307         -           77         -         -           1,323         11,448         -

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's activities expose it to market risk (including interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management objective is to effectively manage these risks and minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group. Financial risk management is carried out by a team within the management of the Group.

- (a) Market risk
  - (i) Interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets other than fixed deposits with banks, the Group's income is substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's exposure to cash flow interest rate risks arises mainly from variable-rate borrowings (Note 25). The Company's exposure to cash flow interest rate risks arises mainly from variable-rate borrowings and advances from/to subsidiaries at variable rates. The Group's policy is to obtain the most favourable interest rates available without increasing its foreign currency exposure and manages cash flow interest rate risks using floating-to-fixed interest rate swaps when opportunities arise.

The Group has entered into interest rate swaps with the same critical terms as the hedged item, such as reference rate, reset dates, payment dates, maturities and notional amount. The Group does not hedge 100% of its loans, therefore the hedged item is identified as a proportion of the outstanding amount of the borrowings. As all critical terms matched during the year, the economic relationship was 100% effective.

#### Hedge effectiveness

Hedge effectiveness is determined at the inception of the hedging relationship, and through periodic prospective effective assessments to ensure that an economic relationship exists between the hedged item and hedging instrument.

The Group has entered into hedge relationships where the critical terms of the hedging instrument match exactly with the terms of the hedged item, and so a qualitative assessment of effectiveness is performed. If changes in circumstances affect the terms of the hedged item such that the critical terms no longer match exactly with the critical terms of the hedging instrument, the Group uses the hypothetical derivative method to assess effectiveness. The hedges were 100% effective during the financial year.

The Group is exposed mainly to GBP-LIBOR and the transition to SONIA has been completed during the year.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

## 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

- (a) Market risk (continued)
  - (i) Interest rate risk (continued)

#### Hedging relationships for which 'Phase 2' amendments apply

The Group has assessed that IBOR uncertainty is no longer present with respect to its cash flow hedges of GBP-LIBOR borrowings, once both the hedging instrument and the hedged item have been amended to the alternative benchmark rate with fixed adjustment spreads.

In the current year, the Group has applied the following hedge accounting reliefs provided by the Phase 2 amendments for its hedging relationships that have already transited to from GBP-LIBOR to SONIA:

- Hedge designation: When the Phase 1 amendments cease to apply, the Group has amended its hedge designation to reflect the following changes which are required by IBOR reform:
  - designating SONIA as a hedged risk;
  - the contractual benchmark rate of the hedged GBP borrowings have been amended from GBP-LIBOR to SONIA plus an adjustment spread; and/or
  - the variable rate of the hedging interest rate swap has been amended from GBP-LIBOR to SONIA with an adjustment spread added to the fixed rate.

These amendments to the hedge documentation do not require the Group to discontinue its hedge relationships.

Amounts accumulated in the cash flow hedge reserve: When the Group amended its hedge
designation for changes to its GBP-LIBOR borrowings that are required by IBOR reform, the
accumulated amounts outstanding in the cash flow hedge reserve were deemed to be based on
SONIA. The amount is reclassified to profit or loss in the same periods during which the hedged
SONIA cash flows affect profit or loss.

The borrowings of the Group at variable rates on which effective hedges have not been entered into are mainly denominated in British Pound ("GBP"), Australian Dollar ("AUD") and Japanese Yen ("JPY"). The profit after tax (2020: loss after tax) of the Group would have been lower/higher (2020: higher/lower) by \$3,274,000 (2020: \$3,177,000), \$517,000 (2020: \$536,000) and \$266,000 (2020: \$289,000) respectively as a result of higher/lower interest expense on these borrowings if the interest rates had increased/decreased by 1% (2020: 1%) with all other variables including tax rate being held constant. Other comprehensive income would have been higher/lower by \$5,319,000 (2020: \$7,080,000) mainly as a result of higher/lower fair value of interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges of variable rate borrowings.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

- (a) Market risk (continued)
  - (ii) Currency risk

The Group operates in Singapore, Australia, Japan, New Zealand, the United Kingdom ("UK") and Malaysia. The entities within the Group transact in currencies other than their respective functional currencies ("foreign currencies"). Significant currency risk arises within entities in the Group when transactions are denominated in foreign currencies such as the Singapore Dollar ("SGD"), Australian Dollar ("AUD"), New Zealand Dollar ("NZD") and British Pound ("GBP"). Where such currency risk becomes significant, the Group considers the use of currency swaps and forwards to manage the risk.

The Group's currency exposure based on the information provided to key management is as follows:

#### At 31 December 2021

Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Intra-group receivables

Financial liabilities Borrowings Lease liabilities Trade and other payables Intra-group payables

#### Net financial (liabilities)/assets

Add: Net financial assets denominated in the respective entities' functional currencies

#### Net currency exposure

At 31 December 2020 Financial assets Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables Intra-group receivables

Financial liabilities Borrowings Lease liabilities Trade and other payables Intra-group payables

#### Net financial (liabilities)/assets

Add: Net financial assets denominated in the respective entities' functional currencies

Net currency exposure

<u>SGD</u> \$'000	<u>AUD</u> \$'000	<u>NZD</u> \$'000	<u>GBP</u> \$'000
139,614	76,312	358	37,596
13,086	5,174	54	1,375
78,480	62,845	5,976	327,720
231,180	144,331	6,388	366,691
(20,000)	(73,816)	-	(571,664)
(109,564)	-	-	-
(179,301)	(6,078)	(110)	(11,953)
(78,480)	(62,845)	(5,976)	(327,720)
(387,345)	(142,739)	(6,086)	(911,337)
(156,165)	1,592	302	(544,646)
77,645	67,792	5,674	559,586
(78,520)	69,384	5,976	14,940
155,470	94,444	2,379	23,033
13,450	4,360	226	1,474
75,313	82,126	5,402	350,265
244,233	180,930	8,007	374,772
(20,000)	(76,603)	_	(557,556)
(145,786)	_	(2,199)	_
(179,317)	(6,385)	(1,356)	(16,106)
(75,313)	(82,126)	(5,402)	(350,265)
(420,416)	(165,114)	(8,957)	(923,927)
(176,183)	15,816	(950)	(549,155)
101,554	49,972	6,352	561,311
(74,629)	65,788	5,402	12,156

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

- (a) Market risk (continued)
  - (ii) Currency risk (continued)

The Company's currency exposure based on the information provided to key management is as follows:

	<u>SGD</u> \$'000	<u>AUD</u> \$'000	<u>GBP</u> \$'000
At 31 December 2021			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	106,300	31,621	_
Trade and other receivables	175,744	-	327,720
	282,044	31,621	327,720
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	-	_	(312,488)
Lease liabilities	(80,386)	_	-
Trade and other payables	(366,283)	-	(300)
	(446,669)	_	(312,788)
Net financial (liabilities)/assets	(164,625)	31,621	14,932
Add: Net financial assets denominated in the Company's	101.005		
functional currency	164,625	-	
		01 001	14.000
Net currency exposure		31,621	14,932
<u>At 31 December 2020</u> Financial assets			
	118,410	32,768	_
Cash and cash equivalents Trade and other receivables	176,243	24	350,265
Indue dha other receivables	294,653	32,792	350,265
Financial liabilities	204,000	02,102	000,200
Borrowings	_	_	(338,109)
Lease liabilities	(86,196)	_	(000,100)
Trade and other payables	(366,191)	(9,136)	_
ridde drid otrier pdydbles	(452,387)	(9,136)	(338,109)
	(102,001)	(0,100)	(000,100)
Net financial (liabilities)/assets	(157,734)	23,656	12,156
Net indicial (indunties)/assets	(101)101)	20,000	12,100
Add: Net financial assets denominated in the Company's	457 704		
functional currency	157,734	_	
·			
Net currency exposure		23,656	12,156

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) Currency risk (continued)

If the foreign currencies strengthened/weakened against their respective functional currencies by 5% (2020: 5%) with all other variables including tax rate being held constant, the Group and Company's profit after tax (2020: loss after tax would decrease/increase) and other comprehensive income for the financial year would increase/decrease as follows:

	Increase/(Decrease)			
	31 Decer	nber 2021		nber 2020
	Profit after tax \$'000	Other comprhensive income \$'000	Loss after tax \$'000	Other comprhensive income \$'000
<u>Group</u> AUD against SGD - Strengthened - Weakened	6,963 (6,963)	13,257 (13,257)	6,743 (6,743)	13,078 (13,078)
NZD against SGD - Strengthened - Weakened	299 (299)	(3,747) 3,747	270 (270)	(3,802) 3,802
GBP against SGD - Strengthened - Weakened	1,051 (1,051)	5,106 (5,106)	729 (729)	3,025 (3,025)
<u>Company</u> AUD against SGD - Strengthened - Weakened	1,581 (1,581)	-	1,182 (1,182)	
GBP against SGD - Strengthened - Weakened	747 (747)		608 (608)	

In addition, the Group is exposed to currency translation risk on the net assets in foreign operations. Currency exposure to the net assets of the Group's foreign operations in Australia and the UK are managed through borrowings and/or advances denominated in the relevant foreign currencies. Currency exposure to the net assets of the Group's foreign operations in Japan are managed through borrowings denominated in JPY, partially designated as a net investment hedge in foreign operations. The Group establishes the hedge ratio of 1:1 by matching the net assets exposure to borrowings designated as hedging instrument.

There was no ineffectiveness during 2021 in relation to the net investment hedge.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The major classes of financial assets carried at amortised cost of the Group and of the Company are bank deposits, trade receivables, advances to or amounts due from subsidiaries, joint ventures and other related parties, deposits and other receivables. For trade receivables, the Group adopts the policy of dealing only with customers of appropriate credit history and/or requiring deposits to be placed with the Group prior to provision of certain of its services. For other financial assets, the Group adopts the policy of dealing only with high credit quality counterparties.

The Group and the Company has no significant concentrations of credit risk and has in place credit policies and procedures to ensure on-going credit evaluation and active account monitoring.

As the Group and the Company do not hold any collateral, the maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented on the balance sheet. In addition, the Company does not have off-balance sheet exposure to credit risk and has not provided any corporate guarantees to banks on banking facilities of subsidiaries and/or joint ventures.

The Group and the Company consider the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period.

The Group's and Company's financial assets at amortised cost have low risk of default. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group and the Company compare the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. The Group and the Company consider available reasonable and supportive forward-looking information, where applicable, which include the following indicators:

- Significant financial difficulties of the debtor;
- Probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation;
- Default or delinquency in payments; and
- Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the debtor's ability to meet its obligations.

Regardless of the analysis above, a significant increase in credit risk is presumed if a debtor is more than 30 days past due in making a contractual payment.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

The Group and the Company determined that its financial assets are credit-impaired when:

- There is significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- A breach of contract, such as a default or past due event; or
- It is becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation.

The Group and the Company have determined the default event on a financial asset to be when the counterparty fails to make contractual payments, within 90 days when they fall due, based on the Group's and Company's historical information.

Financial assets are fully impaired when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to meet a repayment plan with the Group and the Company. Where loans and receivables have been fully impaired, the Group and the Company continue to engage enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (b) Credit risk (continued)

#### Bank deposits

Bank deposits are considered to have low credit risk as they are mainly deposits with reputable banks.

#### Trade receivables

The Group and the Company applies the simplified approach to providing for expected credit losses prescribed by SFRS(I) 9, which permits the use of the lifetime credit loss provision for all trade receivables and lease receivables. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and days past due. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical loss rates for each category of customers and adjusts for forward-looking macroeconomic data. The Group's and the Company's credit risk exposure in relation to trade receivables are set out in the provision matrix as follows:

			Group		
	Current to 30 days past due	> 30 days past due	> 60 days past due	> 90 days past due	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<u>31 December 2021</u>					
Expected loss rate	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	64.2%	10.1%
Gross carrying amount	8,268	360	92	1,621	10,341
Allowance for impairment		-	-	1,041	1,041
<u>31 December 2020</u>					
Expected loss rate	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	80.2%	10.8%
Gross carrying amount	7,884	216	73	1,273	9,446
Allowance for impairment	_	_	_	1,021	1,021

			Company		
	Current to 30 days past due	> 30 days past due	> 60 days past due	> 90 days past due	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<u>31 December 2021</u>					
Expected loss rate	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Gross carrying amount	447	81	_	_	528
Allowance for impairment	_	_	-	_	-
<u>31 December 2020</u>					
Expected loss rate	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	100%	13.3%
Gross carrying amount	492	39	5	82	618
Allowance for impairment	-	_	-	82	82

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

- (b) Credit risk (continued)
  - Trade receivables (continued)

The movement of the allowance for impairment is as follows:

Beginning of financial year
Allowance made
Allowance written back
Allowance written off
Currency translation differences
End of financial year

During the year, the Group and the Company has written off \$149,000 (2020: \$68,000) and \$75,000 (2020: Nil) of trade receivables as there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

Other financial assets at amortised cost

The Group's advances to or amounts due from subsidiaries, joint ventures and other related parties, deposits and other receivables carried at amortised cost have low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows. Hence the loss allowance is determined at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit loss. The Group and the Company categorise such loan or receivable as a financial asset with low risk of impairment.

Where the interest and/or principal repayments are 30 days past due and there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, or the counterparty is going into administration or bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, the Group and Company categorise such loan or receivable for impairment.

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management includes maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, as well as the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. At the balance sheet date, assets held by the Group and the Company for managing liquidity risk included cash and short-term deposits as disclosed in Note 12.

The Group and the Company manage the liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash to meet the normal operating commitments and having an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

Group		Company	
2021	2020	2021	2020
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
1,021	282	82	83
485	878	75	_
(314)	(88)	(82)	(1)
(149)	(68)	(75)	_
(2)	17	-	-
1,041	1,021	-	82

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### (c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses non-derivative financial liabilities of the Group and the Company into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 2 years	Between 2 and 5 years	Over 5 years
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Group				
<u>At 31 December 2021</u>				
Trade and other payables	96,476	29,293	_	71,910
Borrowings	397,976	4,261	307,941	-
Lease liabilities	15,531	14,394	41,087	76,367
	509,983	47,948	349,028	148,277
<u>At 31 December 2020</u>				
Trade and other payables	104,176	26,725	_	71,910
Borrowings	290,588	142,584	268,016	-
Lease liabilities	20,565	18,222	52,482	113,188
	415,329	187,531	320,498	185,098
Company				
At 31 December 2021				
Trade and other payables	4,804	361,779	_	-
Borrowings	133,614	2,102	185,656	-
Lease liabilities	10,690	10,690	30,454	56,546
	149,108	374,571	216,110	56,546
<u>At 31 December 2020</u>				
Trade and other payables	13,673	362,018	_	_
Borrowings	160,761	1,889	182,969	_
Lease liabilities	10,719	10,690	31,145	66,546
	185,153	374,597	214,114	66,546

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(d) Capital risk

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to maximise the value for the equity holders of the Company. In order to maintain or achieve an optimal capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividend payment, return capital to equity holders of the Company, issue new shares, buy back issued shares, obtain new borrowings or sell assets to reduce borrowings. Externally imposed capital undertakings are mainly debt covenants included in certain loans of the Group or certain subsidiaries of the Company to maintain stipulated interest coverage, loan-to-value and consolidated net debt to consolidated net worth ratios.

Management monitors capital based on a gearing ratio. Consistent with how management monitors capital, the gearing ratio is calculated as total borrowings, excluding lease liabilities divided by total equity.

Total borrowings (\$'000) Total equity (\$'000) **Gearing ratio (%)** 

The Group and the Company are in compliance with all externally imposed capital requirements for the financial years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

(e) Financial instruments by category

The carrying amount of the different categories of financial instruments is as disclosed on the face of the balance sheet, except for the following:

Financial assets at amortised cost Financial liabilities at amortised cost

Reconciliation of financial assets at amortised cost is as follows:

Total trade and other receivables (current and non-current) Add/(Less):

- Cash and cash equivalents
- Prepayments
- Total financial assets at amortised cost

Gro	Group Company		ny
2021	2020	2021	2020
692,035	683,081	312,488	338,109
1,291,695	1,259,472	986,008	999,095
54%	54%	32%	34%

Grou	p	Compan	iy
2021	2020	2021	2020
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
280,860	304,381	641,385	677,710
999,278	1,033,877	759,457	799,632

Group	)	Compar	у
2021	2020	2021	2020
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
30,201	28,748	503,920	526,874
255,189	278,382	137,921	151,178
(4,530)	(2,749)	(456)	(342)
280,860	304,381	641,385	677,710

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(e) Financial instruments by category (continued)

Reconciliation of financial liabilities at amortised cost is as follows:

	Group		Company	
-	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Tehellowed a station of the				
Total trade and other payables (current and non-current)	198,604	204,120	366,645	375,756
Add/(Less):				
- Borrowings	692,035	683,081	312,488	338,109
- Lease liabilities (current and non-current)	109,564	147,985	80,386	86,196
- Deferred grant income	_	(930)	-	(364)
- Contract liabilities	(925)	(379)	(62)	(65)
Total financial liabilities at amortised cost	999,278	1,033,877	759,457	799,632

(f) Fair value measurements

The table below presents assets and liabilities recognised and measured at fair value and classified by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

Fair value measurement disclosure of other assets that are recognised or measured at fair value, can be found at Note 20 and Note 21.

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Assets/(Liabilities)				
Derivative financial instruments – Level 2	4,578	(1,796)	2,774	(336)

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy level as at the end of the reporting period. There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 during the year.

The fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.

The fair values of current financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost approximate their carrying amounts.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# **35. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

(a) Immediate and ultimate holding company

The Company's immediate and ultimate holding company is Far East Organization Pte. Ltd., incorporated in Singapore.

(b) Sales and purchases of goods and services from other related parties

Other related parties comprise mainly companies which are controlled by the equity holders of the Company's ultimate holding company.

In addition to the information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following significant transactions took place between the Group and related parties at terms agreed between the parties:

Amounts billed to/(by) other related parties: Administrative service fees Purchase of goods and services

- Amounts billed by other related parties to joint ventu Support services
  - Purchase of goods and services

Payments made on behalf for other related parties

Outstanding balances at 31 December 2021, arising from deposits, sale and purchase of goods and services are set out in Notes 13 and 24 respectively.

In the current financial year, the Group's joint venture, Woodlands Square Pte. Ltd. ("WSPL") entered into an option to purchase, a sale and purchase agreement and a side letter with Far East Management (Private) Limited ("FEM"), a member of Far East Organization Pte. Ltd., for the sale of one property unit at Woods Square from WSPL to FEM. The sales price was \$1,774,000 and the Group recognised its 33% share of profits of joint ventures arising from the sale in the current financial year.

(c) Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel compensation is as follows:

Wages, salaries and benefits Employer's contribution to defined contribution plans Central Provident Fund

	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
	39 (546)	189 (704)
ures:	(269) (60)	(584) (81)
	5,372	4,698

	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
is, including	2,115	2,163
is, including	58	60
	2,173	2,223

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# **36. SEGMENT INFORMATION**

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the executive director and management for performance measurement and resource allocation.

The Group operates its hospitality business across three segments.

(i) Management services

The management services segment includes all of the hospitality properties that the Group manages directly in Singapore and Japan.

(ii) Operations

The operations segment includes leased properties in Singapore, Australia, New Zealand and the Group's investment in Toga Trust and the REIT Manager of Far East Hospitality Trust.

(iii) Property ownership

The property ownership segment includes hospitality properties located in Australia, Germany, Denmark, Malaysia and Japan that are owned directly by the Group or through the Group's investments in joint ventures.

The Group manages its property business across three segments.

(i) Student accommodation

Student accommodation segment includes properties located in United Kingdom that are owned directly by the Group and includes those under development, that are held for rentals or/and long-term capital appreciation.

(ii) Development

The development segment includes all property development projects at various stages of development and unsold completed properties that are held through either joint ventures or joint operations, medical suites that are held for sale and residential units that are held for sale in United Kingdom. Rental income from the leasing of properties held for sale, if any, is included under the investment segment on the reports reviewed by the Group's executive director and management.

(iii) Investment

The investment segment includes medical suites, and some offices that are held for rentals or/and long-term capital appreciation.

There was no revenue from transactions with a single external customer that accounts for 10% or more of the Group's revenue for the financial years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

Notes to the Financial Statements

# 36 SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

The segment information provided to the executive director and management for the reportable segments are as follows:

	Total		\$'000	108,733	(1,905)	106,828	17,102	(15,212)	2,460	4,350	(3,964) 1,049 (17,107) 44,750 29,078 (12,304) 16,774	1,935,085	23,159	470,212	2,428,456 196,928	2,625,384
		Investment	\$,000	9,548	1	9,548	7,159	I		7,159		293,139	Ι	1	293,139	
	Property	Development	\$,000	I	I	I	I	2,681	I	2,681		190,475	I	194,060	384,535	
)	ł	Student accommodation	\$,000	37,290	I	37,290	20,344	I	1	20,344		650,787	Ι	Ι	650,787	
-		Property ownership	\$,000	24,560	I	24,560	(8,783)	(934)	I	(9,717)		259,451	I	93,245	352,696	
þ	lity	Operations – Australia and New Zealand	\$,000	4,347	I	4,347	(1,791)	(16,959)	I	(18,750)		4,492	Ι	182,907	187,399	
	Hospitality	Operations - / Singapore	\$,000	18,199	I	18,199	2,432		2,460	4,892		422,140	23,159	I	445,299	
		Management ( services	\$,000	14,789	(1,905)	12,884	(2,259)	I	I	(2,259)		114,601	Ι	I	114,601	
-			I	<b>2021</b> Total segment sales	Inter-segment sales	Sales to external parties	Operating (loss)/profit share of profit/loss) of	- joint ventures	- associated companies	Total operating profit/(loss)	Corporate expenses Interest income Finance expense Others* Profit before income tax Income tax expense Profit after income tax	Segment assets	Investments in associated companies	Investments in joint ventures	Corporate assets	Total assets

# Far East Orchard Limited

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# **36. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)**

Total		000,\$		-	- (2,097)	112,215	19,199	. (7,613)	- 2,142		(4,249)	2,562	(17,106) 1 706	(3,359)	(5,550)	(8,909)	3 1,905,654	- 21,620	- 478,282	2,405,556	213,058
	Investment	\$,000		8,124	Ι	8,124	5,831	I	I	5,831							290,766	I	Ι	290,766	
Property	Development Investment	\$,000		6,561	Ι	6,561	566	12,472	I	13,038							180,402	Ι	191,378	371,780	
	Student accommodation	\$,000		28,426	Ι	28,426	13,551	1	Ι	13,551							584,485	I	I	584,485	
	Property ownership	\$,000		24,924	Ι	24,924	(4,997)	(2,738)	Ι	(10,735)							258,269	Ι	93,381	351,650	
ılity	Operations – Australia and New Zealand	\$,000		5,264	Ι	5,264	(2,237)	(14,347)	I	(16,584)							13,776	I	193,523	207,299	
Hospitality	Operations - Singapore			24,823	Ι	24,823	5,509	I	2,142	7,651							459,456	21,620	I	481,076	
	Management services			16,190	(2,097)	14,093	976	I	I	976							118,500	I	I	118,500	
			2020	Total segment sales	Inter-segment sales	Sales to external parties	Operating profit/(loss)	snare or pront/lioss/ or: - joint ventures	<ul> <li>associated companies</li> </ul>	Total operating profit/(loss)	Corporate expenses	Interest income	Finance expense Others*	Loss before income tax	Income tax expense	Loss after income tax	Segment assets	Investments in associated companies	Investments in joint ventures		Corporate assets

\* Material and non-cash items are disclosed as "Other gains and impairment losses – net" (Note 8).

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# 36. SEGMENT INFORMATION (continued)

#### Geographical information

The Group's six business segments operate in five main geographical areas:

- Singapore the Company is headquartered and has operations in Singapore. The operations in this area are principally the hotel operations, property development, property investment and investment holding.
- Australia the operations in this area are principally the hotel operations and property ownership.
- New Zealand the operations in this area are principally the hotel operations.
- United Kingdom the operations in this area are principally student accommodation and property development.
- Other countries the operations include hotel operations and property ownership in Malaysia and Japan and property ownership in Germany and Denmark.

	Revenu	Ie
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Singapore	40,333	53,601
Australia	25,229	25,059
New Zealand	2,969	3,766
United Kingdom	37,539	28,426
Other countries	758	1,363
	106,828	112,215
	Non-current	assets
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Singapore	1,023,878	1,055,383
Australia	389,489	388,186
United Kingdom	612,047	559,695
Other countries	133,821	136,350
	2,159,235	2,139,614

During the year ended 31 December 2021, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment amounting to \$9,790,000 under Property ownership reportable segment.

# **37. EVENT OCCURING AFTER BALANCE SHEET DATE**

On 23<sup>rd</sup> February 2022, it was announced in the media that Tanglin Shopping Centre ("TSC") was sold for \$868,000,000 in a collective sale to a Singapore-based developer. The Group, through its wholly owned subsidiary, owns four office units in TSC. The Group will receive sale proceeds based on an allocation of the gross sale proceeds ("sale consideration") in accordance with an agreed method of apportionment in the Collective Sale Agreement. A gain on sale of investment property, being the difference between the sale consideration and carrying value of the units, is expected to be recognised upon the completion of the collective sale.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

#### 38. NEW OR REVISED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

Below are the mandatory standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that have been published, and are relevant for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022 and which the Group has not early adopted.

Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023)

The narrow-scope amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1 Presentation of Financial Statements clarify that liabilities are classified as either current or non-current, depending on the rights that exist at the end of the reporting period. Classification is unaffected by the expectations of the entity or events after the reporting date (e.g. the receipt of a waiver or a breach of covenant). The amendments also clarify what SFRS(I) 1-1 means when it refers to the 'settlement' of a liability.

The amendments could affect the classification of liabilities, particularly for entities that previously considered management's intentions to determine classification and for some liabilities that can be converted into equity.

The Group does not expect any significant impact arising from applying these amendments.

Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-16 Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022)

The amendment to SFRS(I) 1-16 Property, Plant and Equipment (PP&E) prohibits an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of PP&E any proceeds received from selling items produced while the entity is preparing the asset for its intended use. It also clarifies that an entity is 'testing whether the asset is functioning properly' when it assesses the technical and physical performance of the asset. The financial performance of the asset is not relevant to this assessment.

Entities must disclose separately the amounts of proceeds and costs relating to items produced that are not an output of the entity's ordinary activities.

The Group does not expect any significant impact arising from applying these amendments.

Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets: Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022)

An onerous contract is a contract in which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it. The unavoidable costs under a contract reflect the least net cost of exiting from the contract, which is the lower of the costs of fulfilling it and any compensation or penalties arising from failure to fulfil it. The amendment to SFRS(I) 1-37 clarifies that the direct costs of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling the contract and an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling contracts.

The Group does not expect any significant impact arising from applying these amendments.

# Notes to the Financial Statements

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021

# **39. LISTING OF SIGNIFICANT COMPANIES IN THE GROUP**

Name of companies Principal activitie

#### Significant subsidiaries

(Australia) Pte. Ltd.

Far East Hospitality Holdings Pte. Ltd. Investment holdi Jelco Properties Pte Ltd Investment and

properties Far East Hospitality Properties Ownership of ho properties

Far East Hospitality Investments Investment holdi (Australia) Pte. Ltd.

Far East Orchard Holdings (Jersey) Limited

# Significant joint ventures

Toga Hotel Holdings Unit Trust Ownership and r of hospitality Woodlands Square Pte. Ltd. Property develop

#### Significant associated company

FEO Hospitality Asset Management Pte. Ltd.

#### **REIT Manager of** Hospitality Trust

#### **40. AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

These financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of Far East Orchard Limited on 16 March 2022

Principal activities	Country of business/ incorporation		effective ership st held
		2021	2020
		%	%
Investment holding	Singapore	70	70
Investment and sales of properties	Singapore	100	100
Ownership of hospitality properties	Australia/ Singapore	70	70
Investment holding	Australia/ Singapore	70	70
Investment of properties through its subsidiaries	United Kingdom/ Jersey	100	100
Ownership and management of hospitality properties	Australia	35	35
Property development	Singapore	33	33
REIT Manager of Far East Hospitality Trust	Singapore	33	33

# Statistics of Shareholdings

As at 1 March 2022

Issued and fully paid-up capital	:	\$\$525,052,532.08
Number of shares issued	:	464,534,121
Class of shares	:	Ordinary Shares fully paid
Voting rights	:	One vote per share
Treasury shares	:	Nil

#### DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

SIZE OF SHAREHOLDINGS	NO. OF SHAREHOLDERS	%	NO. OF SHARES	%
1 - 99	323	5.85	9,795	0.00
100 - 1,000	567	10.27	356,906	0.08
1,001 - 10,000	3,104	56.23	15,182,807	3.27
10,001 - 1,000,000	1,506	27.29	65,233,478	14.04
1,000,001 AND ABOVE	20	0.36	383,751,135	82.61
TOTAL	5,520	100.00	464,534,121	100.00

#### TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

NO.	NAME	NO. OF SHARES	%
1	FAR EAST ORGANIZATION PTE. LTD.	292,433,734	62.95
2	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	20,961,800	4.51
3	UNITED OVERSEAS BANK NOMINEES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	11,162,619	2.40
4	CITIBANK NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD	10,769,471	2.32
5	DBS NOMINEES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	9,045,276	1.95
6	PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD	7,232,397	1.56
7	THE BANK OF EAST ASIA (NOMINEES) PRIVATE LIMITED	5,014,686	1.08
8	TAN SU LAN @ TAN SOO LUNG	3,300,214	0.71
9	CGS-CIMB SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.	3,094,777	0.67
10	MORPH INVESTMENTS LTD	2,787,200	0.60
11	MAYBANK SECURITIES PTE. LTD.	2,593,162	0.56
12	OCBC NOMINEES SINGAPORE PRIVATE LIMITED	2,532,571	0.54
13	TAN SU KIOK OR SIA LI WEI JOLIE (SHE LIWEI JOLIE)	2,402,330	0.52
14	UOB KAY HIAN PRIVATE LIMITED	1,834,678	0.39
15	KHOO POH KOON	1,796,375	0.39
16	RAFFLES NOMINEES (PTE.) LIMITED	1,699,227	0.37
17	OCBC SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED	1,595,445	0.34
18	HEXACON CONSTRUCTION PTE LTD	1,200,005	0.26
19	DBS VICKERS SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD	1,162,801	0.25
20	HOE SENG CO PTE LTD	1,132,367	0.24
	TOTAL	383,751,135	82.61

# Statistics of Shareholdings

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

(as shown in the Register of Substantial Shareholders)

Direct Interest		Deemed Interest	
No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%
292,433,734	62.95	_	_
224,659	0.05	292,433,734	62.95
_	_	292,433,734	62.95
_	_	292,433,734	62.95
_	_	292,433,734	62.95
	No. of Shares 292,433,734	No. of Shares         %           292,433,734         62.95	No. of Shares         %         No. of Shares           292,433,734         62.95         -           224,659         0.05         292,433,734           -         -         292,433,734           -         -         292,433,734           -         -         292,433,734           -         -         292,433,734

Mdm Tan Kim Choo is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by Far East Organization Pte. Ltd. ("FEOPL") through her 50% shareholding in the issued share capital of FEOPL.

- 2 shareholding in the issued share capital of FEOPL.
- 3 the Estate and is therefore deemed to be interested in the 292,433,734 shares in which FEOPL has an interest.
- 4 of the Estate and is therefore deemed to be interested in the 292,433,734 shares in which FEOPL has an interest.

#### PERCENTAGE OF SHAREHOLDINGS IN PUBLIC HANDS

Based on the information provided to the Company as at 1 March 2022, approximately 36.99% of the issued share capital of the Company was held by the public. Accordingly, the Company has complied with Rule 723 of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

The Estate of Ng Teng Fong, deceased ("Estate"), is deemed to be interested in the Shares held by FEOPL through the Estate's 50%

FEOPL has a direct interest in 292,433,734 shares. The Estate has more than 20% interest in FEOPL. Ng Chee Siong is a beneficiary of

FEOPL has a direct interest in 292,433,734 shares. The Estate has more than 20% interest in FEOPL. Ng Chee Tat, Philip is a beneficiary

FAR EAST ORCHARD LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) (Registration No.: 196700511H)

# Notice of Annual General Meeting

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Fifty-Fourth Annual General Meeting of Far East Orchard Limited (the "Company") will be convened and held by way of electronic means on Monday, 18 April 2022 at 10.00 a.m. (Singapore time) to transact the following business:

#### AS ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To receive and adopt the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 together with the Directors' Statement and the Report of the Independent (Resolution 1) Auditor thereon.
- 2. To approve a first and final one-tier tax exempt dividend of \$\$0.03 per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 December 2021.
- 3. To approve the sum of up to \$\$520,000 as Directors' fees for the financial year ending 31 December 2022, to be paid quarterly in arrears. (2021: S\$520,000)
- 4. To re-elect Mr Shailesh Anand Ganu, a Director retiring pursuant to Regulation 98 of the Company's Constitution, and who being eligible, has offered himself for re-election. (See Explanatory Note (2))
- 5. To re-elect Mr Samuel Gene Rhee, a Director retiring pursuant to Regulation 103 of the Company's Constitution, and who being eligible, has offered himself for re-election. (See Explanatory Note (3))
- 6. To re-elect Ms Ku Xian Hong, a Director retiring pursuant to Regulation 103 of the Company's Constitution, and who being eligible, has offered herself for re-election. (See Explanatory Note (4))
- 7. To note the retirement of Mr Koh Boon Hwee, a Director retiring pursuant to Regulation 98 of the Company's Constitution, who has decided not to seek re-election. (See Explanatory Note (5))
- 8. To re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as the Company's Independent Auditor and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

#### AS SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions:

9. Authority to allot and issue shares

"That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore ("Act") and the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"), authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company (the "Directors") to:

# Notice of Annual General Meeting

- (i) allot and issue shares in the capital of the Company ("Shares") whether by way (a) of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or
  - (ii) make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "Instruments") that might or would require Shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible or exchangeable into Shares,

at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit; and

(b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by this Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue Shares in pursuance of any Instruments made or granted by the Directors while this Resolution was in force,

provided that:

(Resolution 2)

(Resolution 3)

(Resolution 4)

(Resolution 5)

(Resolution 6)

(Resolution 7)

- (1) the aggregate number of Shares to be allotted and issued pursuant to this Resolution (including Shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) does not exceed 50% of the total number of issued Shares (excluding any treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) below), of which the aggregate number of Shares to be issued other than on a pro-rata basis to shareholders of the Company (including Shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) does not exceed 20% of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) below);
- (2) (subject to such manner of calculation as may be prescribed by SGX-ST) for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of Shares that may be issued under sub-paragraph (1) above, the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) shall be based on the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) in the capital of the Company at the time this Resolution is passed, after adjusting for:
  - (i) new Shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities or exercise of share options or vesting of share awards, which were issued and outstanding or subsisting at the time this Resolution is passed; and
  - (ii) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of Shares;
- (3) in exercising the authority conferred by this Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Act and the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST) and the Constitution for the time being of the Company; and
- (4) the authority conferred by this Resolution shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier." (See Explanatory Note (6))

(Resolution 8)

# Notice of Annual General Meeting

10. Proposed renewal of the Shareholders' Mandate for Interested Person Transactions

#### "That:

- (a) approval be and is hereby given, for the purposes of Chapter 9 of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST, for the Company, its subsidiaries and associated companies which are entities at risk as defined under Chapter 9 of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST, or any of them, to enter into any of the transactions falling within the types of Interested Person Transactions, particulars of which are set out in the Letter to Shareholders, with any person who is of the class of Interested Persons described in the Letter to Shareholders, provided that such transactions are made on normal commercial terms, are not prejudicial to the interests of the Company and its minority shareholders and are in accordance with the review procedures for Interested Person Transactions as set out in the Letter to Shareholders:
- (b) the approval given in sub-paragraph (a) above (the "Mandate") shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, continue in force until the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier; and
- (c) the Directors be and are hereby authorised, jointly or severally, to take such steps and exercise such discretion as the Directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit, advisable or necessary or in the interest of the Company to give effect to the Mandate and/or this Resolution." (See Explanatory Note (7))

(Resolution 9)

#### BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

PHUA SIYU, AUDREY **Company Secretary** 

Singapore, 31 March 2022

#### **Explanatory Notes:**

- (1) For Ordinary Resolutions 4, 5 & 6, detailed information on the Directors who are proposed to be re-elected can be found under the sections titled "Board of Directors and Management" and "Additional Information on Directors Seeking Re-Election" in the Company's Annual Report 2021.
- (2) Ordinary Resolution 4, is to re-elect Mr Shailesh Anand Ganu (who was appointed on 12 February 2019) pursuant to Regulation 98 of the Company's Constitution and if he is re-elected, he will remain as the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee, and will also be appointed as a Member of the Nominating Committee. Mr Ganu is considered a Non-Executive and Independent Director ("ID").
- (3) Ordinary Resolution 5, is to re-elect Mr Samuel Gene Rhee (who was appointed on 1 January 2022) pursuant to Regulation 103 of the Company's Constitution and if he is re-elected, he will be appointed on 1 July 2022 as a Member of the Remuneration Committee. Mr Rhee is considered an ID.

# Notice of Annual General Meeting

- (4) Ordinary Resolution 6, is to re-elect Ms Ku Xian Hong (who was appointed on 1 January 2022) pursuant to as a Member of the Audit & Risk Committee. Ms Ku is considered an ID for the purposes of Rule 704(8) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST.
- (5) Mr Koh Boon Hwee will retire as a Director of the Company at the conclusion of the 54<sup>th</sup> Annual General the Nominating Committee at the conclusion of the 54<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting.
- (6) Ordinary Resolution 8, if passed, will empower the Directors, from the date of the passing of this Resolution Meeting of the Company.
- (7) Ordinary Resolution 9, if passed, will renew the Mandate and empower the Company, its subsidiaries by which the next Annual General Meeting is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier.

# Notes:

- 1. The Annual General Meeting ("AGM") is being convened, and will be held, by electronic means https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements and the Company's website at the URL https://www.fareastorchard.com.sg/agm.html. They include (a) the Annual Report 2021 (b) proxy form (c) Letter to Shareholders and (d) this Notice of AGM. Save for this Notice and the proxy form which will also be sent by post to members, printed copies of the other documents will not be despatched to members. Members are advised to check SGXNet and/or the Company's website regularly for updates.
- 2. The AGM will be broadcasted via a "live" audio-visual webcast and "live" audio-only stream. CPF and SRS

Regulation 103 of the Company's Constitution and if she is re-elected, she will be appointed on 1 July 2022

Meeting. Consequent thereto, Mr Koh will also cease to act as Chairman of the Board and as a Member of

until the next Annual General Meeting, to allot and issue Shares and to make or grant Instruments convertible into Shares and to issue Shares in pursuance of such Instruments, for such purposes as they consider would be in the interest of the Company, provided that the aggregate number of Shares which may be issued (including Shares to be issued pursuant to convertibles) under this Resolution shall not exceed 50% of the issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any), of which not more than 20% may be issued other than on a pro-rata basis. The total number of Shares which may be issued will be calculated based on the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) at the time this Resolution is passed after adjusting for (a) new Shares arising from convertible securities, share options or share awards which were issued and outstanding or subsisting at the time this Resolution is passed, and (b) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of Shares. This authority will, unless previously revoked or varied at a general meeting, expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General

and associated companies, to enter into the Interested Person Transactions as described in the Letter to Shareholders. The authority under the renewed Mandate will, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, expire at the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, or the date

pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. All documents which relate to the business of the AGM are published on SGXNet at the URL

investors, CDP direct account shareholders and scrip-based shareholders who wish to participate in the AGM must pre-register at the URL <u>https://septusasia.com/feorfy2021agm/</u> no later than 10.00 a.m. on 15 April 2022. Following verification, an email will be sent to authenticated members by 17 April 2022. The email will contain instructions and details to access the "live" audio-visual webcast and "live" audio-only stream of the AGM proceedings. Members who do not receive the email by 11 a.m. on 17 April 2022, but have registered by

# Notice of Annual General Meeting

the 15 April 2022 deadline, should contact the Company's Share Registrar, Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte. Ltd., at srs.teamc@boardroomlimited.com.

Investors holding shares through relevant intermediaries (as defined in Section 181 of the Companies Act) who are not CPF or SRS investors, who wish to participate in the "live" broadcast of the AGM, should approach their relevant intermediary as soon as possible in order to make the necessary arrangements, as they will not be able to pre-register online for the "live" broadcast of the AGM. The relevant intermediary is required to submit a consolidated list of participants (setting out in respect of each participant, his/her name, email address and NRIC/passport number) to the Company's Share Registrar, Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte. Ltd., via email to srs.teamc@boardroomlimited.com, no later than 10.00 a.m. on 15 April 2022.

3. Due to the current COVID-19 situation in Singapore, a member will not be able to attend the AGM in person. A member (whether individual or corporate) must appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM if such member wishes to exercise his/ her/its voting rights at the AGM. The proxy form for the AGM is sent by post to members and may also be accessed at the Company's website and the SGX website at the URLs listed in Note 1 above.

Where a member (whether individual or corporate) appoints the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy, he/she/it must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in respect of a resolution in the form of proxy, failing which the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.

The proxy form is not applicable to investors holding shares through relevant intermediaries. Should such investors wish to vote, they should approach their relevant intermediary soonest to specify their voting instructions. CPF or SRS investors who wish to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy should approach their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their votes by 5.00 p.m. on 5 April 2022.

- 4. The Chairman of the Meeting, as proxy, need not be a member of the Company.
- 5. The proxy form must be submitted to the Company in the following manner:
  - (a) if submitted by post, be lodged at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte. Ltd., at 1 Harbourfront Avenue, #14-07 Keppel Bay Tower, Singapore 098632; or
  - (b) if submitted electronically, be submitted via email to the Company's Share Registrar at srs.teamc@boardroomlimited.com,

in either case not less than 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the Annual General Meeting.

A member who wishes to submit this proxy form (whether received by post or downloaded from the Company's website or SGXNet) is to complete and sign the proxy form, before submitting it by post, or before scanning and sending it by email, in the manner described above.

In view of the current COVID-19 situation and the related safe distancing measures, members are strongly encouraged to submit completed proxy forms electronically via email

# Notice of Annual General Meeting

6. Members will be able to ask questions "live" via a "chat box" function during the broadcast of the AGM. approval at the AGM, by 10.00 a.m. on 15 April 2022:

(a) via the pre-registration website at the URL https://septusasia.com/feorfy2021agm/;

(b) by email to srs.teamc@boardroomlimited.com; or

Harbourfront Avenue, #14-07 Keppel Bay Tower, Singapore 098632.

For questions submitted by email or post, members are to provide their full names and last 3 digits and checksum of their NRIC/passport number. In view of the current COVID-19 situation and the related safe distancing measures, members are strongly encouraged to submit their questions in advance electronically via the pre-registration website or by email, or via "chat box" at the AGM. The Company will answer all substantial and relevant questions (which are related to the resolutions to be tabled for approval at the AGM). Answers to questions received by 7 April 2022 (and 12 April 2022) will be published at the Company's website and SGXNet at the URLs listed in Note 1 above by 8 April 2022 (and 13 April 2022) respectively. Questions received after 12 April 2022 will be answered at the AGM. Members may also submit questions "live" via a "chat box" function during the broadcast of the AGM, and these questions will be addressed at the AGM.

#### PERSONAL DATA PRIVACY

By submitting an instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy to attend, speak and vote at the AGM and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the purpose of the processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy for the AGM and the member's participation in the AGM (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "Purposes"). In the case of a member who is a relevant intermediary, by submitting the consolidated list of participants set out in Note 2 of this Notice of AGM, such member represents and warrants that it has obtained the prior consent of the individuals for the collection, use and disclosure of their personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the Purposes, and agrees it will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of this warranty.

Members may also submit in advance of the AGM, questions related to the resolutions to be tabled for

(c) by post to the Company's Share Registrar, Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte. Ltd., at 1

# Additional Information on Directors Seeking Re-Election Pursuant to Rule 720(6) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST

# Additional Information on Directors Seeking Re-Election Pursuant to Rule 720(6) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST

Name of Director	Shailesh Anand Ganu	Samuel Gene Rhee	Ku Xian Hong
Date of First Appointment	12 February 2019	1 January 2022	1 January 2022
Date of Last Re-Appointment	23 April 2019	N.A.	N.A.
Age	40	49	62
Country of principal residence	Singapore	Singapore	Singapore
The Board's comments on this appointment (including rationale, selection criteria, and the search and nomination process)	The Board considered Mr Ganu's performance, contribution and experience and recommended his re- appointment.	The Board believes Mr Rhee's qualifications and experience will bring value to the Company.	The Board believes Ms Ku's qualifications and experience will bring value to the Company.
Whether appointment is executive, and if so, the area of responsibility	Independent and Non- Executive	Independent and Non- Executive	Independent and Non- Executive
Job Title (e.g. Lead ID, AC Chairman, AC Member etc.)	Independent and Non-Executive Director, Chairman of Remuneration Committee	Independent and Non- Executive Director	Independent and Non- Executive Director
Working experience and occupation(s) during the past 10 years	<ul> <li>2017 to present: Managing Director, Global Practice Leader - Executive Compensation, and Talent &amp; Rewards - ASEAN &amp; South Asia, Willis Towers Watson</li> <li>2012 to 2017: Partner; Market Leader for Talent Business - Asia, Mercer</li> <li>2009 to 2012: Head of Rewards - Executive Rewards and Governance, Westpac Banking Corporation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Feb 2018 to present: Chairman &amp; CIO, Endow. us Pte. Ltd. and Endowus Holdings Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>Mar 2017 to Feb 2018: Partner, Voveo Capital Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>Dec 2013 to Mar 2017: Chief Executive Officer &amp; Chairman of the Board, Morgan Stanley Investment Management Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>Jul 2015 to Mar 2017: Portfolio Manager &amp; CIO, Morgan Stanley Investment Management Asia</li> </ul>	2000 to 2013: Managing Director, Accenture Pte Ltd
Shareholding interest in the listed issuer and its subsidiaries	No	No	No
Any relationship (including immediate family relationships) with any existing director, existing executive officer, the issuer and/or substantial shareholder of the listed issuer or of any of its principal subsidiaries	Nil	Nil	Nil

Conflict of interest (including any competing business)	Nil	Nil
Undertaking (in the format set out in <u>Appendix 7.7</u> ) under <u>Rule 720(1)</u> has been submitted to the listed issuer	Yes	Ye
Other Principal Commitments	Including Directorships	
Past (for last 5 years)	<ul> <li>Breast Cancer Foundation – Member of Executive Committee, Chairman of Nominations Committee, Member of Human Resource Committee</li> </ul>	Nil
Present	<ul> <li>SATA Commhealth – Board Member, Chair of Human Resource Committee and Member of Digital Committee</li> </ul>	• [       
	<ul> <li>Singapore Institute of Directors – Governing Council Member, Chair of Partnership Committee, and Member of ESG Committee</li> </ul>	• [
	<ul> <li>Climate Governance Singapore Limited – Member of Steering Committee</li> </ul>	
(a) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any bankruptcy law of any jurisdiction was filed against him or against a partnership of which he was a partner at the time when he was a	No	No

Shailesh Anand Ganu

Name of Director

time when he was a partner or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a

partner?

Samuel Gene Rhee	Ku Xian Hong
Nil	Nil
Yes	Yes
Nil	Nil
<ul> <li>Director, Endow.us Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>Director, Endowus Holdings Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>Director, Voveo Capital Pte. Ltd.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Independent Director: Netlink NBN Management Pte. Ltd. (trustee- manager of Netlink NBN Trust, a business trust listed on the SGX-ST)</li> <li>Board Director: AnyHealth Pte. Ltd. (China)</li> <li>Council Member: Singapore Cancer Society</li> </ul>
No	No

# Additional Information on Directors Seeking Re-Election Pursuant to Rule 720(6) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST

Name of Director	Shailesh Anand Ganu	Samuel Gene Rhee	Ku Xian Hong
(b) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any law of any jurisdiction was filed against an entity (not being a partnership) of which he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive, at the time when he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity, for the winding up or dissolution of that entity or, where that entity is the trustee of a business trust, on the ground of insolvency?	No	No	No
(c) Whether there is any unsatisfied judgment against him?	No	No	No
<ul> <li>(d) Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving fraud or dishonesty which is punishable with imprisonment, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings which he is aware of) for such purpose?</li> </ul>	No	No	No

# Additional Information on Directors Seeking Re-Election Pursuant to Rule 720(6) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST

Name of Director	Shailesh Anand Ganu	Samuel Gene Rhee	Ku Xian Hong
(e) Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings which he is aware of) for such breach?	No	No	No
(f) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, judgment has been entered against him in any civil proceedings in Singapore or elsewhere involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or a finding of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part, or he has been the subject of any civil proceedings (including any pending civil proceedings of which he is aware) involving an allegation of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part?	No	No	No
(g) Whether he has ever been convicted in Singapore or elsewhere of any offence in connection with the formation or management of any entity or business trust?	No	No	No

# Additional Information on Directors Seeking Re-Election Pursuant to Rule 720(6) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST

# Additional Information on Directors Seeking Re-Election Pursuant to Rule 720(6) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST

ame of Director	Shailesh Anand Ganu	Samuel Gene Rhee	Ku Xian Hong	Name of Director
Whether he has ever been disqualified from acting as a director or an equivalent person of any entity (including the trustee of a business trust), or from taking part directly or indirectly in the management of any entity or business trust?		No	No	(iii) any business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing business trusts in Singapore elsewhere; or
Whether he has ever been the subject of any order, judgment or ruling of any court, tribunal or governmental body, permanently or temporarily enjoining him from engaging in any type of business	No	No	No	(iv) any entity or business trust
elsewhere, of the affairs	of :-	hed with the management o		which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement
<ul> <li>(i) any corporation which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing corporations in Singapore or elsewhere; or</li> <li>(ii) any entity (not being a</li> </ul>	No	No	No	that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, in connection with an matter occurring or arising during that period when h was so concerned with the entity or business trust?
corporation) which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing such entities in Singapore or elsewhere; or				(k) Whether he has been the subject of any current or past investigation or disciplinary proceeding or has been reprimanded or issued any warning by the Monetary Authority of Singapore or any other regulatory authority,

Samuel Gene Rhee	Ku Xian Hong
40	Yes, I am a director of Netlink NBN Trust, which is subject to licensing requirements and had been investigated in the ordinary course of business for failing to comply with licence conditions and quality of service standards under these licensing requirements, as well as laws and regulations governing its operational activities. These investigations have resulted in warnings or penalties (as applicable) imposed on the trustee-manager(s) which were neither material nor relate to the directors in their personal capacities.
10	No
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#### FAR EAST ORCHARD LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) (Registration No.: 196700511H) (the "Company")

PROXY FORM

**ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING** 

# I/We \_\_\_\_

\_\_ (Name)\_\_\_\_\_

of

being a member/members of the Company hereby appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as my/our proxy to attend, speak and vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the Fifty-Fourth Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company to be convened and held by way of electronic means on Monday, 18 April 2022 at 10.00 a.m. (Singapore time) and at any adjournment thereof in the following manner:

No.	Resolutions relating to					
OR	ORDINARY BUSINESS					
1.	Adoption of Audited Financial Statements together with the D and the Report of the Independent Auditor for the fina 31 December 2021					
2.	Approval of a first and final one-tier tax-exempt dividend					
3.	Approval of Directors' fees for the sum of up to \$\$520,000 fo ending 31 December 2022 (2021: \$\$520,000)					
4.	Re-election of Mr Shailesh Anand Ganu as a Director					
5.	Re-election of Mr Samuel Gene Rhee as a Director					
6.	Re-election of Ms Ku Xian Hong as a Director					
7.	Re-appointment of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as Indepen					
SPE	CIAL BUSINESS					
8.	Authority to allot and issue shares					
9.	Proposed renewal of the shareholders' mandate for Interested I					

\* Voting will be conducted by poll. Please indicate your vote "For", "Against" or "Abstain" in respect of all your shares for each resolution with a tick (/) within the box provided. Alternatively, you may indicate the number of shares that you wish to vote "For" or "Against" and/or "Abstain" for each resolution in the relevant box. In the absence of specific directions in respect of a resolution, the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as your proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.

Dated this	day of	20

022

Signature(s) of Member(s)/Common Seal

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IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ NOTES OVERLEAF

The AGM (as defined below) is being convened, and will be held, by electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. The Notice of AGM and this proxy form will be sent to members by post and also electronic means via publication on the Company's website at the URL https://www.fareastorchard.com.sg/agm.html and the SGXNet at the URL https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements.

2. Alternative arrangements relating to attendance at the AGM via electronic means (including arrangements by which the meeting can be electronically accessed via "live" audio-visual webcast or "live" audio-only stream), submission of questions to the Chairman of the Meeting in advance of the AGM, submission of questions "live" at the AGM via "chat box", addressing of substantial and relevant questions prior to or at the AGM, and voting by appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy at the AGM, are set out in the Notice of AGM.

Due to the current COVID-19 situation in Singapore, a member will not be able to attend the AGM in person. A member (whether individual or corporate) must appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM, if such member wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the AGM.

CPF/SRS investors who wish to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy should approach their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their votes by 5.00 p.m. on 5 April 2022, being 7 working days before the date of the AGM to submit his/her voting instructions.

5. Personal Data Privacy: By submitting this proxy form, a member of the Company accepts and agrees to the personal data privacy terms set out in the Notice of AGM dated 31 March 2022.

6. Please read the notes overleaf which contain instructions on, inter alia, the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as a member's proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/ her/its behalf at the AGM.

\_\_\_\_\_ (NRIC/Passport/Company's Registration No.)

\_(Address)

	For*	Against*	Abstain*
Directors' Statement			
nancial year ended			
for the financial year			
endent Auditor			
d Person Transactions			

TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES HELD

- - - - - - - - - · Affix Postage Stamp \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ \_

# Company Secretary FAR EAST ORCHARD LIMITED

c/o The Share Registrar Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte. Ltd. 1 Harbourfront Avenue #14-07 Keppel Bay Tower Singapore 098632

Please fold here

#### Please fold here

#### Notes:

- If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register (maintained by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited), he should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares registered in his name in the Register of Members (maintained by or on behalf of the Company), he should insert that number of the same of the second against the paraeity Register. shares. If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register and shares registered in his name in the Register of Members, he should insert the aggregate number of shares. If no number is inserted, this form of proxy will be deemed to relate to all the shares held by the member.
- Due to the current COVID-19 situation in Singapore, a member will not be able to attend the AGM in person. A member (whether individual or corporate) must appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM, if such member wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the AGM. This proxy form is sent by post to members and may also be accessed at the Company's website at the URL <a href="https://www.fareastorchard.com.sg/agm.html">https://www.fareastorchard.com.sg/agm.html</a>, and on SGXNet at the URL <a href="https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements">https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements</a>. Where a member (whether individual or corporate) appoints the Chairman of the Meeting as his/ her/its proxy, he/she/it must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in respect of a resolution in the form of proxy, failing which the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.
- 3. This proxy form is not valid for use by investors holding shares through relevant intermediaries (as defined in Section 18) of the Companies Act) and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes if used or purported to be used by them. Such investor who wishes to vote should instead approach his/her relevant intermediary as soon as possible to specify his/her voting instructions. CPF or SRS investors who wish to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy should approach their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their votes by 5.00 p.m. on 5 April 2022.
- 4. The Chairman of the Meeting, as proxy, need not be a member of the Company.
- 5. This proxy form must be under the hand of the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing. Where this proxy form is executed by a corporation, it must be executed in a manner as may be permitted by the Companies Act.

- 6. Where this proxy form is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged or emailed with the proxy form, failing which the proxy form may be treated as invalid.
- 7. This proxy form must be submitted to the Company in the following manner:
- (a) if submitted by post, be lodged at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte. Ltd., at 1 Harbourfront Avenue, #14-07 Keppel Bay Tower, Singapore 098632; or
- (b) if submitted electronically, be submitted via email to the Company's Share Registrar at srs.teamc@boardroomlimited.com,
- in either case not less than 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM.

A member who wishes to submit this proxy form (whether received by post or downloaded from the Company's website or SGXNet) is to complete and sign the proxy form, before submitting it by post to the address provided above, or before scanning and sending it by email to the email address provided above.

#### In view of the current COVID-19 situation and the related safe distancing measures, members are strongly encouraged to submit completed proxy forms electronically via email.

The Company shall be entitled to reject the proxy form if it is incomplete, improperly completed, illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the proxy form (including any related attachment). In addition, in the case of members whose shares are entered against their names in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any proxy form lodged or submitted if such members are not shown to have shares entered against their names in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM, as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.



Registration No. 196700511H 1 Tanglin Road #05-01, Orchard Rendezvous Hotel, Singapore Singapore 247905

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www.fareastorchard.com.sg

