

WHITE ORCHID FUND

(Constituted under a Trust Deed in the Republic of Singapore)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

WHITE ORCHID FUND

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For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

General Information

Manager

Abacus Capital (S) Pte Ltd
11 Beach Road
#06-01
Singapore 189675

Trustee, Administrator and Custodian

Asiaciti Trust Singapore Pte. Ltd.
163 Penang Road
#02-03 Winsland House II
Singapore 238463

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WHITE ORCHID FUND

MANAGER'S REPORT

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

The Directors of Abacus Capital (S) Pte Ltd, the Manager of White Orchid Fund (the "Fund"), present their report for the half-year ended 30 June 2017.

Principal Activities

The Fund is a Singapore private unit trust.

The Fund was established to pursue investment opportunities in private investments which benefit from overall economic growth of Southern Africa and achieve long-term return on capital. The portfolio of the private investments will be broadly diversified across a range of industries, with primary focus on the infrastructure and energy related sectors.

Directors

The Directors of Abacus Capital (S) Pte Ltd at the date of this report are:

Hogi Hyun
Kwan Kai Chong

Management Fees

In accordance with the Information Memorandum, the management fees are paid to the Manager.

Review and Results of Operations

The Fund engaged in its principal activities, the results of which are disclosed in the attached unaudited financial statements.

WHITE ORCHID FUND

MANAGER'S REPORT

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

Results

The functional and presentation currency of the Fund is Singapore Dollar ("S\$").

The performance of the Fund, as represented by the results of its operations, are as follow:

	1/1/2017 to 30/6/2017 S\$	1/1/2016 to 30/6/2016 S\$
Change in net assets attributable to unitholder	<u>(1,532,567)</u>	<u>(1,509,345)</u>

Distribution

No distribution was made during the half-year ended 30 June 2017.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

The Directors are not aware of any significant changes in the operations that will adversely affect the results of the Fund.



Signed by the Directors of
Abacus Capital (S) Pte Ltd
As Manager of White Orchid Fund

Date: **17 AUG 2017**

WHITE ORCHID FUND

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

In the opinion of the Directors of Abacus Capital (S) Pte Ltd as Manager of White Orchid Fund (the "Fund"), the accompanying unaudited financial statements set out on pages 4 to 18, comprising the Statement of Total Return, Statement of Financial Position, Statement of Movements of Unitholder's Funds, Statement of Portfolio and Notes to the Financial Statements are drawn up so as to present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund as at 30 June 2017 and the total return and changes in unitholder's funds for the half-year then ended in accordance with the recommendations of the Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Unit Trusts" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants. At the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Fund will be able to meet its financial obligations as and when they materialise.



Signed by the Directors of
Abacus Capital (S) Pte Ltd
As Manager of White Orchid Fund

Date: **17 AUG 2017**

WHITE ORCHID FUND**STATEMENT OF TOTAL RETURN***For the half-year ended 30 June 2017*

	Notes	1/1/2017 to 30/6/2017 S\$	1/1/2016 to 30/6/2016 S\$
Income			
Net foreign exchange gains		<u>67,496</u>	<u>38,445</u>
Expenses			
Management fees	8	197,375	198,248
Trustee, administrator and custodian fees	8	17,553	17,256
Other professional fees		14,050	423
Listing fees		2,675	2,675
Bank charges		305	300
Audit fee		-	1,225
Others		630	3,980
		<u>224,107</u>	<u>224,107</u>
Net expenses		(165,092)	(185,662)
Net loss on value of investment	5	<u>(1,367,475)</u>	<u>(1,323,683)</u>
Total loss for the period before income tax		(1,532,567)	(1,509,345)
Less: Income tax	3	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total loss for the period after income tax		<u>(1,532,567)</u>	<u>(1,509,345)</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

WHITE ORCHID FUND**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION***As at 30 June 2017*

	Notes	30 June 2017 S\$	31 December 2016 S\$
ASSETS			
Bank balances	4	2,942	3,316
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	5	27,413,185	28,780,660
Receivables		<u>39,317</u>	<u>26,682</u>
Total assets		<u>27,455,444</u>	<u>28,810,658</u>
LIABILITY			
Payables	6	<u>1,605,905</u>	<u>1,428,552</u>
EQUITY			
Net assets attributable to unitholder	7	<u>25,849,539</u>	<u>27,382,106</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

WHITE ORCHID FUND**STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS OF UNITHOLDER'S FUNDS***For the half-year ended 30 June 2017*

	30 June 2017 S\$	31 December 2016 S\$
Net assets attributable to unitholder at beginning of the period/year	<u>27,382,106</u>	<u>27,295,673</u>
Operations		
Change in net assets attributable to unitholder resulting from operations	<u>(1,532,567)</u>	<u>86,433</u>
Total (decrease)/increase in net assets attributable to unitholder	<u>(1,532,567)</u>	<u>86,433</u>
Net assets attributable to unitholder at end of the period/year	<u>25,849,539</u>	<u>27,382,106</u>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

WHITE ORCHID FUND**STATEMENT OF PORTFOLIO***As at 30 June 2017*

	Holding at 30 June 2017	Fair value at 30 June 2017	Percentage of net assets attributable to unitholder at 30 June 2017 31 December 2016	
By industry		S\$	%	%
Unquoted				
Equity				
Investment holding				
Koi Investment Services Limited	1	-	-	-
Debt security				
Investment holding				
Koi Investment Services Limited		27,413,185	106.05	105.11
Portfolio of investments		27,413,185	106.05	105.11
Other net liability		(1,563,646)	(6.05)	(5.11)
Net assets attributable to unitholder		25,849,539	100.00	100.00

The Fund invests wholly into Koi Investment Services Limited which is registered in Hong Kong, hence no secondary classification has been presented.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

WHITE ORCHID FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. General information

White Orchid Fund (the "Fund") is an open-ended Singapore unit trust constituted by a Deed of Trust dated 20 December 2013 (and as amended, restated and supplemented from time to time) (thereafter referred to as "Trust Deed"). The Trust Deed is governed in accordance with the laws of the Republic of Singapore. The Manager of the Fund is Abacus Capital (S) Pte Ltd (the "Manager") and the Trustee is Asiatic Trust Singapore Pte. Ltd. (the "Trustee").

The Fund has 100% interest in Koi Investment Services Limited ("Koi" or the "Subsidiary"), a company incorporated in Hong Kong on 14 June 2013. The principal activity of Koi is investment holding (refer to Note 5).

The Fund and its Subsidiary were established to pursue investment opportunities in private investments which benefit from overall economic growth of Southern Africa and achieve long-term return on capital. The portfolio of the private investments will be broadly diversified across a range of industries, with primary focus on the infrastructure and energy related sectors.

The Fund was listed on the official list of Singapore Stock Exchange ("SGX") on 22 July 2015. The Fund will not be traded on SGX as the securities are not Central Depository eligible and, as a result, unable to be settled through Central Depository. The Fund's subscription of units is restricted to family members of the Principal Investor (as defined in the Information Memorandum) who are accredited investors only.

2. Significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

2.1 Basis for preparation

The condensed semi-annual financial report for the half-year ended 30 June 2017 has been prepared in accordance with the recommendations of Statement of Recommended Accounting Practice 7 "Reporting Framework for Unit Trusts" issued by the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants.

This condensed financial report does not include all notes of the type normally included within the annual financial report and therefore cannot be expected to provide as full an understanding of the financial performance, financial position and investing activities of the entity as the full financial report.

WHITE ORCHID FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Basis for preparation (continued)

The financial report is prepared on the basis of fair value measurements of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

2.2 Recognition of income

Income is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the income can be reliably measured. Income is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

2.3 Distribution policy

The Manager of the Fund shall have the sole discretion to determine whether a distribution is to be made and, as and when the Manager shall decide, the Manager may distribute such part or all of the assets of the Fund pursuant to the terms of the Trust Deed.

Distribution is accrued as at the reporting date if the necessary approvals have been obtained and a legal or constructive obligation has been created.

2.4 Cash and bank balances

Cash and bank balances include cash at bank. As at the end of the financial period, the carrying amount of cash and bank balances approximates its fair value.

2.5 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

(a) Classification

The Fund's investments and the underlying investments held by its subsidiary have been designated at FVTPL at inception as they are managed as portfolio and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's offering document.

(b) Recognition, measurement and derecognition

(i) *Initial recognition*

Purchase of investments is recognised on the trade date. Investments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Transaction costs are expensed as incurred in the Statement of Total Return.

WHITE ORCHID FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Financial assets at FVTPL (continued)

(b) Recognition, measurement and derecognition (continued)

(ii) *Subsequent measurement*

Investments are subsequently carried at fair value. Net change in the fair value of investments is included in the Statement of Total Return in the period in which they arise.

(iii) *Derecognition*

Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at FVTPL' category are presented in the Statement of Total Return within 'Net gain/(loss) on value of investment' in the period in which they arise.

(iv) *Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy*

Transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy are deemed to have occurred at the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

(v) *Fair value estimation*

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

The fair value of the Subsidiary is based on its net asset value determined with reference to a valuation performed by an independent third party.

2.6 Receivables

Receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Receivables are recognised initially at fair value. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment.

WHITE ORCHID FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Receivables (continued)

A provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due to be received. Significant financial difficulties of the counterparty, probability that the counterparty will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are considered indicators that the amount to be received is impaired. Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument – or, when appropriate, a shorter period – to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Manager estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

As at the end of the financial period, the carrying amount of the receivables approximate their fair values.

2.7 Payables

Payables are initially recognised at their fair values, and subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

2.8 Foreign currencies

(i) *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollar ("S\$"), which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency.

The Fund determines S\$ to be its functional currency, even though the units issued by the Fund as well as the investment in the Subsidiary were made in United States Dollar ("US\$"). This is due to the following:

- All future subscriptions into the Fund will be accepted in S\$.
 - The Fund's performance is tracked and reported to unitholder in S\$.
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WHITE ORCHID FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Foreign currencies (continued)

(ii) *Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the closing rates at the reporting date are recognised in the Statement of Total Return.

Non-monetary items measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair values are determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to the financial assets carried at FVTPL are presented in the Statement of Total Return within 'Net gain/(loss) on value of investment'.

2.9 Investment entity and consolidation

These financial statements do not consolidate the financial performance and position of the Subsidiary.

(a) *Investment entity*

The Fund's investor is not related to the Fund. The Fund holds multiple investments indirectly through its Subsidiary (Note 5). The Fund is deemed to meet the definition of an investment entity per Singapore Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS") 110 as the following conditions exist:

- (i) The Fund has obtained funds for the purpose of providing investors with investment management services.
- (ii) The Fund's business purpose, which was communicated directly to investors, is investing solely for returns from capital appreciation and investment income.
- (iii) The performance of investments made through the Subsidiary are measured and evaluated on a fair value basis.

As such, consolidated financial statements have not been prepared by the Fund. These separate financial statements are the Fund's only financial statements where the Fund's investments in its Subsidiary are carried at fair value.

WHITE ORCHID FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Investment entity and consolidation (continued)

(b) *Subsidiary*

The Fund does not have any other subsidiary other than those determined to be controlled subsidiary investments. Controlled subsidiary investments are measured at FVTPL and are not consolidated, in accordance with FRS 10. The fair value of controlled subsidiary investments is determined on a consistent basis to all other investments measured at FVTPL, and as described in the fair value estimation notes above.

Controlled subsidiary investments include holding companies over which the Fund has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of an interest of more than one half of the voting rights or otherwise has power to govern the financial and operating policies. These holding companies are subsidiaries that have been incorporated for the purpose of holding underlying investment on behalf of the Fund. The holding companies have no operations other than providing a vehicle for the acquisition, holding and onward sale of certain portfolio investment companies. The holding companies are also reflected at its fair value, with the key fair value driver thereof being the investment in the underlying portfolio company investments that the holding companies hold on behalf of the Fund. The holding companies require no consolidation as they are not deemed to be providing investment related services, as defined by FRS 10.

Where the Fund is deemed to control an underlying portfolio company either directly or indirectly and whether the control be via voting rights or through the ability to direct the relevant activities in return for access to a significant portion of the variable gains and losses derived from those relevant activities, the underlying portfolio company and its results are also not consolidated and are instead reflected at FVTPL. The Fund is directly invested in such portfolio company.

At 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, the Fund controlled various investments through its ownership in the Subsidiary.

2.10 Structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. A structured entity often has some or all of the following features or attributes:

WHITE ORCHID FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Structured entities (continued)

- (a) restricted activities;
- (b) a narrow and well defined objective, such as to provide investment opportunities for investors by passing on risks and rewards associated with the assets of the structured entity to investors;
- (c) insufficient equity to permit the structured entity to finance its activities without subordinated financial support; and
- (d) financing in the form of multiple contractually linked instruments to investors that create concentrations of credit or other risks.

The Fund has determined that its investment in the Subsidiary (Note 5) is an investment in an unconsolidated structured entity. The Fund invests in the Subsidiary whose objectives range from achieving medium to long term capital growth and applies various investment strategies to accomplish its investment objectives. The Subsidiary finances its operations by issuing ordinary shares which entitles the Fund to a proportionate stake in the Subsidiary's net assets and shareholder loans. The maximum exposure to loss is the fair value of the investments listed on the statement of financial position of S\$27,413,185 (31 December 2016: S\$28,780,660).

3. Taxation

Pursuant to and subject to the conditions of Section 13G of the Income Tax Act and the Income Tax (Exemption of Income of Foreign Trusts) Regulations, specified income from designated investments derived by a foreign trust which is administered by a trustee company in Singapore is exempt from Singapore income tax, provided that the trustee company submits an annual declaration to the Comptroller of Income Tax that the foreign trust has met the conditions for exemption.

The Fund qualifies as a foreign trust within the meaning of Section 13G of the Income Tax Act and meets the prescribed conditions to qualify for tax exemption under section 13G.

WHITE ORCHID FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

4. Bank balances

- Cash at bank is denominated in the following currencies:

	30 June 2017 S\$	31 December 2016 S\$
Singapore Dollar	1,565	1,870
United States Dollar	1,377	1,446
	<u>2,942</u>	<u>3,316</u>

5. Financial assets at FVTPL

Name of subsidiary	Type	Cost		Fair value	
		30 June 2017 S\$	31 December 2016 S\$	30 June 2017 S\$	31 December 2016 S\$
Koi	Equity	-*	-*	-	-
Koi	Debt	<u>24,889,229</u>	<u>24,889,229</u>	<u>27,413,185</u>	<u>28,780,660</u>
		<u>24,889,229</u>	<u>24,889,229</u>	<u>27,413,185</u>	<u>28,780,660</u>

*Amount is less than S\$1

The Fund owns 1 ordinary share with a nominal value of 1 Hong Kong Dollar representing 100% interest in the share capital of Koi (see Note 1). The Fund and its Subsidiary operate as an integrated structure whereby the Fund invests into the Subsidiary by subscribing to the Subsidiary's share and providing a shareholder loan.

The fair value of the investment in the Subsidiary (equity and debt in the form of shareholder loan) is based on the fair value of the Subsidiary's underlying investments. As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, the Subsidiary's statement of financial position consisted of its underlying investments as assets while its liabilities were composed of its shareholder loan from the Fund and accruals.

In 2014, the Fund had entered into a loan facility arrangement with its Subsidiary whereby the Subsidiary borrowed the amount of US\$19,905,014 (equivalent to S\$24,924,063) from the Fund. The amount originated from the subscription of the sole unitholder to the Fund on 23 May 2014. The loan is denominated in US\$ and interest-free. The settlement of these amounts is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future. In substance, the shareholder loan represents additional interest in the Subsidiary, therefore the amounts are accounted for as investment in subsidiary.

WHITE ORCHID FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

5. Financial assets at FVTPL (continued)

The loan is carried at fair value as at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016. The Fund recognised unrealised foreign exchange loss relating to the financial assets carried at FVTPL amounting to S\$1,367,745 (2016: S\$1,323,683).

The Subsidiary had borrowed the loan to invest into debt instruments of various other third parties. In 2016, the debt instruments were converted into equities of the said third parties. As at 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016, the fair value of the investments amounted to US\$19,905,014 (equivalent to S\$27,413,185 and S\$28,780,660, respectively) and is computed based on the previously used recovery rate of 12.3%.

6. Payables

	30 June 2017 S\$	31 December 2016 S\$
Amount due to unitholder (Note 8)	1,039,416	988,632
Management fees payable (Note 8)	486,160	367,619
Audit fee payable	52,500	52,500
Trustee, administrator and custodian fees payable (Note 8)	25,822	18,074
Others	2,007	1,727
	<u>1,605,905</u>	<u>1,428,552</u>

Payables are denominated in the following currencies:

	30 June 2017 S\$	31 December 2016 S\$
United States Dollar	1,550,405	1,373,052
Singapore Dollar	55,500	55,500
	<u>1,605,905</u>	<u>1,428,552</u>

The payables are unsecured, interest-free and either payable on demand or within 30 days from the invoice date.

WHITE ORCHID FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

7. Units in issue

During the period/year, the number of shares issued and outstanding are as follows:

	30 June 2017 Number of Units	31 December 2016 Number of Units
Balance at beginning and end of period/year	19,905	19,905
	30 June 2017 S\$	31 December 2016 S\$
Balance at beginning and end of period/year	24,889,229	24,889,229
Net assets attributable to unitholder	S\$25,849,539	S\$27,382,106
Net asset value per unit	S\$1,298.65	S\$1,375.64

8. Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related to the Fund if the Fund has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Fund and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Related parties include the Manager, the Trustee and parties by reason of their relationship with the Manager and Trustee.

The management fees paid to the Manager and the trustee, administrator and custodian fees charged by the Trustee are shown in the Statement of Total Return.

The Manager is entitled to receive a management fee equivalent to 1.50% of the net asset value of the Fund (subject to a maximum amount of US\$2.5 million per annum), calculated monthly in arrears. During the half-year ended 30 June 2017, management fees charged to the Fund amounted to S\$197,375 (2016: S\$198,248).

WHITE ORCHID FUND

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the half-year ended 30 June 2017

8. Related party transactions (continued)

A single trustee, administrator and custodian fee equivalent to 0.10% per annum of the net asset value of the Fund (subject to a minimum and maximum amount of US\$25,000 and US\$150,000 per annum, respectively) is calculated monthly in arrears and payable to the parties acting as Administrator, Trustee and Custodian of the Fund. During the half-year ended 30 June 2017, such fees charged to the Fund amounted to S\$17,553 (2016: S\$17,256).

The unitholder had made payments on behalf of the Fund. During the period, the sole unitholder paid management fees and trustee, administrator and custodian fees on behalf of the Fund. The payment made on behalf of the Fund is recorded as "Amount due to unitholder" (Note 6).

Other transactions with related party during the period is the loan facility arrangement with the Subsidiary disclosed in Note 5.

9. Financial ratios

	1/1/2017 to 30/6/2017	1/1/2016 to 30/6/2016
Expense ratio ¹	0.88%	0.85%
Turnover ratio ²	-	-

¹ The expense ratio has been computed based on the guidelines laid down by the Investment Management Association of Singapore. The calculation of the expense ratio was based on operating expenses for the period of S\$232,588 (2016: S\$224,107) divided by the average net asset value for the financial period ended 30 June 2017 of S\$26,284,375 (2016: S\$26,399,143). The operating expenses do not include (where applicable), brokerage and other transaction costs, performance fee, interest expense, distribution paid out to unitholder, foreign exchange gains/losses, front or back end loads arising from the purchase or sale of other funds and tax deducted at source or arising out of income received. The Fund does not pay any performance fee. The average net asset value is based on the month-end balances.

² The portfolio turnover ratio is calculated in accordance with the formula stated in the Code on Collective Investment Schemes. The calculation of the portfolio turnover ratio was based on the lower of the value of the purchases/sales of the underlying investments divided by the average month-ended net asset value of S\$26,284,375 (2016: S\$26,399,143). There were no sales during the financial period ended 30 June 2017 and 2016. Therefore, the portfolio turnover ratio is nil.