

CDL HOSPITALITY TRUSTS

2Q 2016 Results Presentation 29 July 2016



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CDL Hospitality Trusts ("CDLHT") is one of Asia's leading hospitality trusts with assets valued at S\$2.5 billion. CDLHT is a stapled group comprising CDL Hospitality Real Estate Investment Trust ("H-REIT"), a real estate investment trust, and CDL Hospitality Business Trust ("HBT"), a business trust. CDLHT was listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited on 19 July 2006. M&C REIT Management Limited is the manager of H-REIT, the first hotel real estate investment trust in Singapore, and M&C Business Trust Management Limited is the trustee-manager of CDL Hospitality Business Trust.

CDLHT was established with the principal investment strategy of investing in a portfolio of hospitality and/or hospitality-related real estate assets. As at 30 June 2016, CDLHT owns 15 hotels, two resorts and a retail mall comprising a total of 4,911 rooms. The properties under CDLHT's portfolio include:

- i. six hotels in the gateway city of Singapore comprising Orchard Hotel, Grand Copthorne Waterfront Hotel, M Hotel, Copthorne King's Hotel, Novotel Singapore Clarke Quay and Studio M Hotel (collectively, the "**Singapore Hotels**") as well as a shopping arcade adjoining Orchard Hotel (Claymore Connect);
- ii. five hotels in Brisbane and Perth, Australia comprising Novotel Brisbane, Mercure Brisbane, Ibis Brisbane, Mercure Perth and Ibis Perth (collectively, the "Australia Hotels");
- iii. two hotels in Japan's gateway city of Tokyo, comprising Hotel MyStays Asakusabashi and Hotel MyStays Kamata (collectively, the "Japan Hotels");
- iv. one hotel in New Zealand's gateway city of Auckland, namely Rendezvous Hotel Auckland (the "New Zealand Hotel");
- v. one hotel in Cambridge, United Kingdom, namely Hilton Cambridge City Centre (the "UK Hotel"); and
- vi. two resorts in Maldives, comprising Angsana Velavaru and Jumeirah Dhevanafushi (collectively, the "Maldives Resorts").

References Used in this Presentation



1Q, 2Q, 3Q, 4Q refers to the period 1 January to 31 March, 1 April to 30 June, 1 July to 30 September and 1 October to 31 December respectively

ARR refers to average room rate AUD refers to Australian dollar **DPS** refers to distribution per Stapled Security FY refers to financial year for the period from 1 January to 31 December GBP refers to British pound JPY refers to Japanese yen **MTN** refers to Medium Term Notes NLA refers to net lettable area **NPI** refers to net property income NZD refers to New Zealand dollar **PP** refers to percentage points RCF refers to revolving credit facility RevPAR refers to revenue per available room **SEA Games** refers to South East Asian Games SGD refers to Singapore dollar **USD** refers to US dollar **yoy** refers to year-on-year YTD refers to year-to-date All values are expressed in Singapore dollar unless otherwise stated

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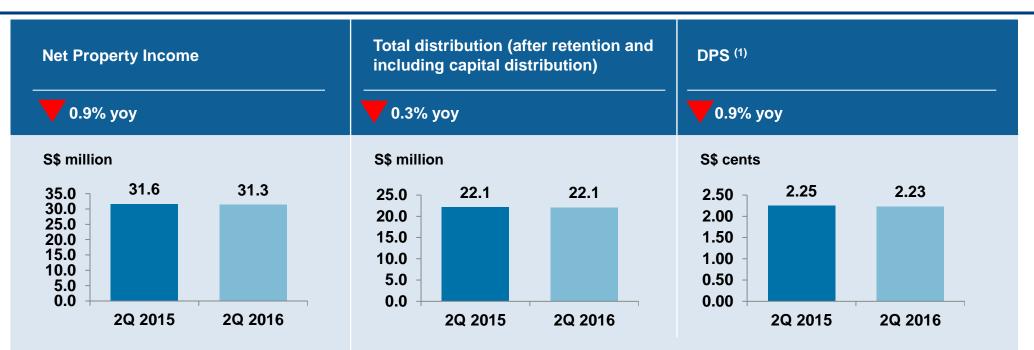
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Results Highlights

Results Highlights (2Q 2016)

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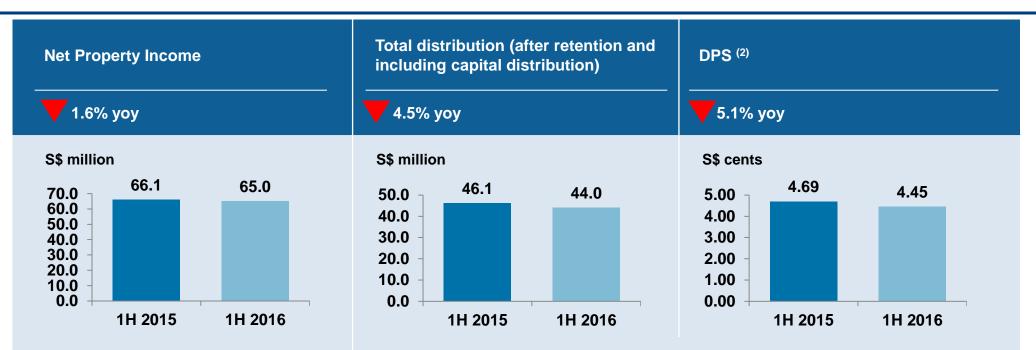
- Soft trading conditions in Singapore and Maldives markets
- contribution New from Lower Zealand and Australia markets due to local currency weakness
- Inorganic NPI contribution from UK Hotel and growth from Japan Hotels

- Total distribution in 2Q 2016 was supported by income and capital distribution from the Japan Hotels for the six-month fiscal period ended 31 Mar 2016⁽²⁾
- Distribution from the Japan Hotels occurs twice yearly at six months interval (contribution from 1 Oct to 31 Mar will be distributed in 2Q and that of 1 Apr to 30 Sep in 4Q)

- Represents total distribution per Stapled Security (after retention and including capital distribution). Total distribution per Stapled Security (before retention) for 2Q 2016 is 2.47 cents. (1)
- The contribution from the Japan Hotels for 2Q 2016 is not included in the distribution as there is a time lag between the distribution being made and the completion of audit and tax 7 (2) filing in Japan.

Results Highlights (1H 2016)

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- Continued weakness in Singapore and Maldives markets
- Contribution from Australia declined due to weaker AUD & lower variable income contribution from FY 2015
- Inorganic NPI contribution from UK Hotel and growth from Japan Hotels
- Contribution from New Zealand Hotel grew due to recognition of variable rental income for the first time in 1Q 2016 ⁽¹⁾

(2)

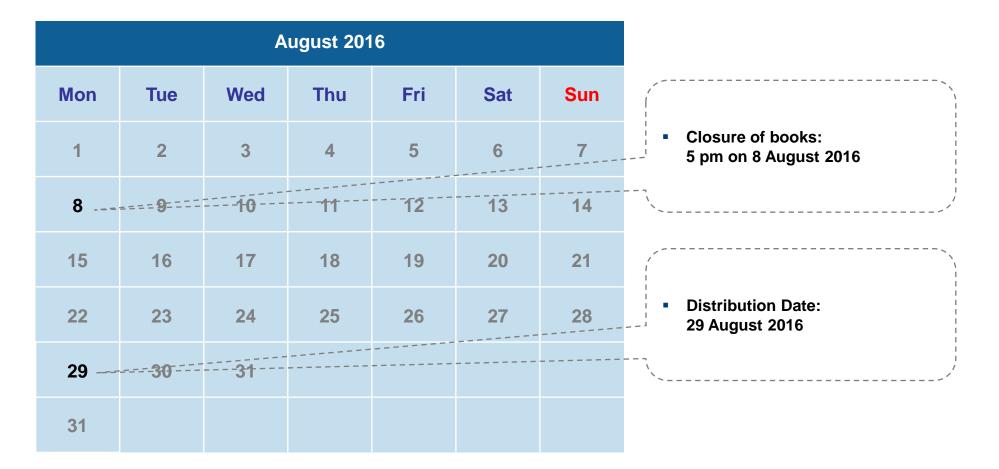
- There was higher net finance costs of S\$2.1 million yoy:
 - Incremental interest expenses of S\$1.5 million yoy due to (i) increased borrowings for acquisition and asset enhancement works, (ii) higher quantum of fixed rate borrowings and (iii) general rise in interest rates on floating rate borrowings
 - Higher foreign exchange loss of S\$0.6 million against 1H 2015

- (1) The variable rental income attributed to 7 Sep 2014 to 6 Sep 2015 was recognised for the first time in 1Q 2016 due to strong underlying revenue performance of the hotel.
 - Represents total distribution per Stapled Security (after retention and including capital distribution). Total distribution per Stapled Security (before retention) for 1H 2016 is 4.93 cents. 8

Details of Distribution

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- Distribution for the period 1 Jan 2016 to 30 Jun 2016 (after retention and including capital distribution) is 4.45 Singapore cents per Stapled Security comprising:
 - 3.39 Singapore cents of taxable income + 0.98 Singapore cents of tax exempt income + 0.08 Singapore cents of capital distribution





Portfolio Summary

NPI Performance by Country



	2Q '16 S\$'000	2Q '15 S\$'000	Change S\$'000	Y-o-Y Change	1H '16 S\$ '000	1H '15 S\$ '000	Change S\$ '000	Y-o-Y Change
Singapore	19,312	21,592	-2,280	-10.6%	39,891	43,139	-3,248	-7.5%
Australia	3,453	3,571	-118	-3.3%	7,301	8,302	-1,001	-12.1%
New Zealand	2,400	2,435	-35	-1.4%	5,251	4,972	279	5.6%
Maldives	2,270	2,812	-542	-19.3%	5,932	6,870	-938	-13.7%
Japan ^{(1) (2)}	1,537	1,211	326	26.9%	3,003	2,835	168	5.9%
United Kingdom ⁽³⁾	2,352	-	2,352	N.M.	3,656	-	3,656	N.M.
Total	31,324	31,621	-297	-0.9%	65,034	66,118	-1,084	-1.6%

N.M. denotes Not Meaningful

(1) Acquisition of the Japan Hotels was completed on 19 Dec 2014 hence contribution from the Japan Hotels in 1H 2015 includes the last 13 days of FY 2014.

(2) On a same store basis, the NPI growth for Japan Hotels in 1H 2016 would have been 17.5% yoy if the NPI attributable to the last 13 days of 2014 were excluded from the NPI of 1H 2015.

(3) Acquisition of the UK Hotel was completed on 1 Oct 2015.

Portfolio Breakdown



	Brea	down of Portfolio Valuatio	on ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	
Australia	8.6%		Singapore	
Novotel Brisbane	2.8%		Orchard Hotel	
Mercure & Ibis Brisbane	2.6%		Grand Copthorne Waterfront Hotel	
Mercure Perth bis Perth	1.9% 1.3%		Novotel Singapore Clarke Quay	
Maldives	7.7%		M Hotel	
Angsana Velavaru Jumeirah Dhevanafushi	4.5% 3.3%		Studio M Hotel	
United Kingdom	5.4%		Copthorne King's Hotel	
Hilton Cambridge City Centre	5.4%		Claymore Connect	
New Zealand	4.6%			
Rendezvous Hotel Auckland	4.6%	Portfolio Valuation S\$2.5 billion		
Japan	3.2%			
MyStays Asakusabashi	1.8%			
MyStays Kamata	1.5%			

(1) Numbers may not add up due to rounding.

(2) All properties, excluding the UK Hotel, were valued as at 31 Dec 2015. The UK Hotel, which was acquired on 1 Oct 2015, was valued by Knight Frank LLP as at 25 Aug 2015.



Healthy Financial Position

Healthy Balance Sheet



 With gearing of 36.3% and debt headroom of S\$155 million⁽³⁾, CDLHT will continue to source for suitable acquisition opportunities

Key Financial Indicators

	As at 30 Jun 2016	As at 31 Mar 2016
Debt Value ⁽¹⁾	S\$919 million	S\$921 million
Total Assets	S\$2,530 million	S\$2,512 million
Gearing	36.3%	36.7%
Interest Coverage Ratio ⁽²⁾	5.8x	6.0x
Debt Headroom ⁽³⁾	S\$155 million	S\$140 million
Weighted Average Cost of Debt	2.4%	2.5%
Net Asset Value per Stapled Security	S\$1.5726	S\$1.5527
Fitch Issuer Default Rating	BBB-	BBB-

(1) Debt value is defined as medium term notes, bank borrowings and the TMK Bond which are presented before the deduction of unamortised transaction costs.

(2) CDLHT's interest cover is computed using 1H 2016 and 1Q 2016 net property income divided by the total interest paid/ payable in 1H 2016 and 1Q 2016

respectively.(3) Based on assumed gearing level of 40%.



Borrowings											
	Multi-Currency MTN Programme S\$1.0 billion										
MTN	 Issued: S\$203.6 million (S\$83.6 million 5-year float and S\$120.0 million 5-year fixed) Unutilised: S\$796.4 million 										
	<u>3-year to 3.25-year Committed Multi-Currency RCF</u> S\$250.0 million										
RCF	 Utilised: S\$161.2 million Unutilised: S\$88.8 million 										
	Uncommitted Multi-Currency Bridge Facility S\$300.0 million										
Bridge Facilities	 Utilised: £64.6 million (S\$116.9 million) Unutilised: S\$183.1 million 										
and Term Loans	<u>Term Loans</u> S\$396.5 million										
	 A\$93.2 million (S\$93.5 million) Tenure: 5-year US\$75.0 million (S\$101.6 million) US\$65.0 million (S\$88.1 million) Tenure: 5-year Y3.3 billion (S\$43.3 million) Tenure: 5-year S\$70.0 million Tenure: 5-year 										
TMK Bond	¥3.1 billion (S\$41.1 million)Tenure: 5-year										

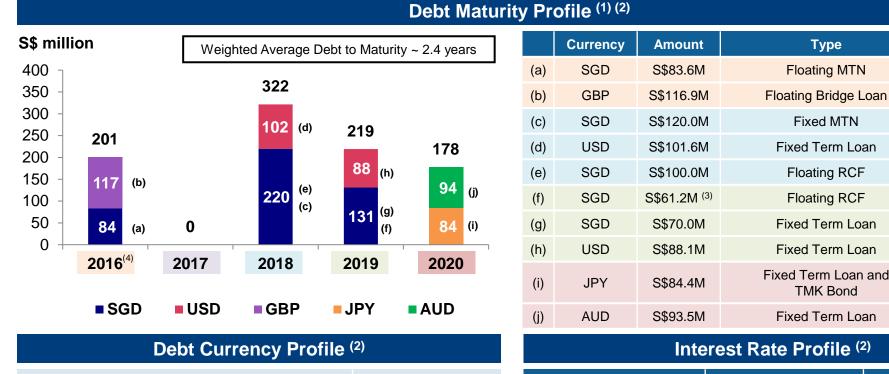
Debt Profile as at 30 June 2016



Expiry

Aug 2016

Aug 2016



Singapore Dollar (SGD)	46.8%
US Dollar (USD)	21.1%
British Pound (GBP)	12.7%
Australian Dollar (AUD)	10.2%
Japanese Yen (JPY)	9.2%

(0)	ODI	00110.30	r loating bridge L	Aug 2010				
(C)	SGD	S\$120.0M	Fixed MTN	Jun 2018				
(d)	USD	S\$101.6M	Fixed Term Lo	Oct 2018				
(e)	SGD	S\$100.0M	Floating RCF		Dec 2018			
(f)	SGD	S\$61.2M (3)	Floating RCF		Mar 2019			
(g)	SGD	S\$70.0M	Fixed Term Lo	Fixed Term Loan				
(h)	USD	S\$88.1M	Fixed Term Lo	Dec 2019				
(i)	JPY	S\$84.4M	Fixed Term Loan TMK Bond	Sep 2020				
(j)	AUD	S\$93.5M	Fixed Term Loa	Dec 2020				
		Inter	est Rate Profile ⁽²	2)				
			30 Jun 2016	lar 2016				
Fixed Rate Borrowings			61%		60%			

39%

(1) Numbers may not add up due to rounding.

(2) Based on exchange rates of A\$1 = S\$1.0037, US\$1 = S\$1.3550, £1 = S\$1.8091 and S\$1 = ¥75.4717.

The multi-currency RCF includes a small amount of USD borrowings. (3)

H-REIT has secured refinancing for the unsecured MTN of S\$83.6 million and unsecured borrowings of £64.6 million which mature in August 2016. (4)

Floating Rate

Borrowings

40%



Singapore Market

CDLHT Singapore Properties Performance



CDLHT Singapore Hotels	2Q '16	2Q '15	YoY Change	1H '16	1H '15	YoY Change
Occupancy	83.5%	86.5%	-3.0pp	83.7%	87.1%	-3.4pp
ARR	S\$188	S\$200	-6.0%	S\$190	S\$199	-4.5%
RevPAR	S\$157	S\$173	-9.2%	S\$159	S\$173	-8.1%

- Competitive trading environment due to new hotel supply and softening corporate demand as a result of the weak global economic growth
- Overall, performance of the Singapore Hotels was affected by:
 - Ongoing soft room refurbishment in M Hotel and renovation at Grand Copthorne Waterfront Hotel
 - Absence of SEA Games in June this year had a significant impact as 4 of the 6 Singapore Hotels were part of the designated SEA Games hotels last year
- As at 30 Jun 2016, committed occupancy of Claymore Connect is 91%



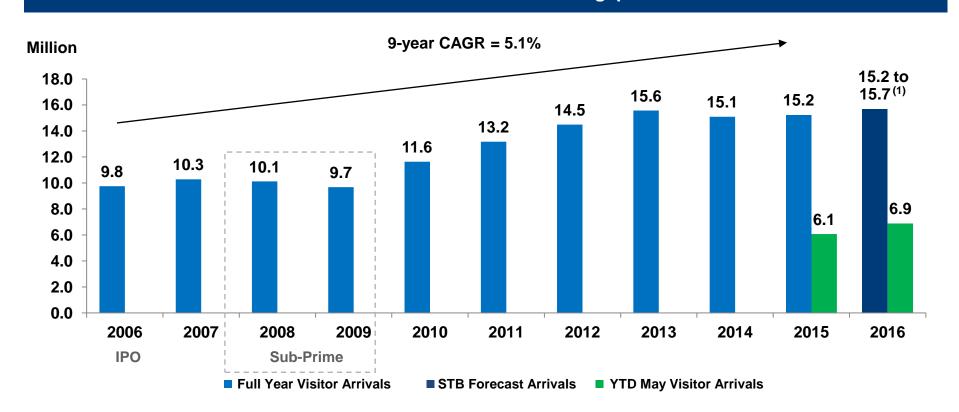
Visitor Arrivals Up 13.3% and Visitor Days Up 4.8%



- For 2016, STB estimates visitor arrivals to show modest growth of up to 3% to 15.7 million ⁽¹⁾
- For YTD May 2016, visitor arrivals grew 13.3% yoy mainly due to growth in the top two source markets

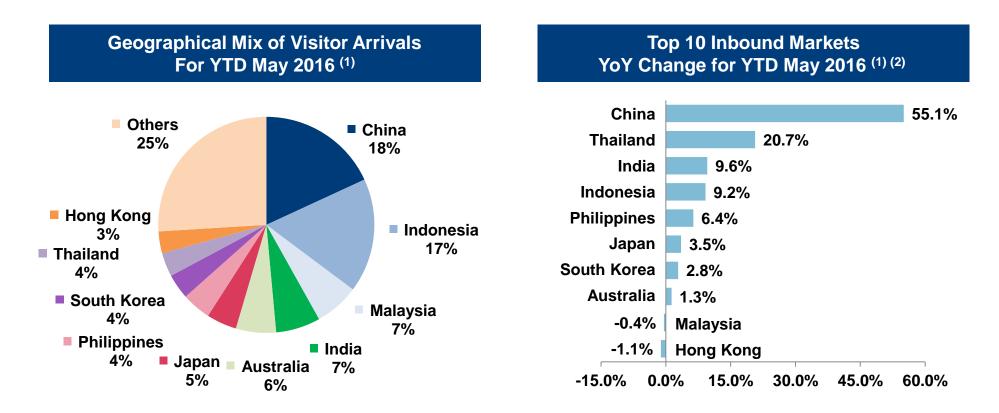
International Visitor Arrivals to Singapore⁽²⁾

Total visitor days only grew 4.8% yoy to 23.6 million as the average length of stay has declined



Geographical Mix of Top Markets (Singapore)

- CDL HOSPITALITY TRUSTS
- For YTD May 2016, visitor arrivals increased on the back of growth in Chinese and Indonesian arrivals
- Overall, 8 of the top 10 source markets recorded yoy growth



(1) Based on STB's statistics published on 13 Jul 2016.

(2) The top 10 inbound markets are ranked according to growth rates in descending order.

Singapore – A Leading MICE Destination



- Singapore has retained its spot as the top international meeting city for the eighth year running ⁽¹⁾
- It is growing its status as a leading MICE destination with prominent events being added to its calendar
- Its attractiveness is due to the country's excellent infrastructure, security, as well as its leading hub status in Asia
- As a high yield segment, MICE remains STB's key pillar of growth

Marquee Events



New Events / Exhibitions / Conferences



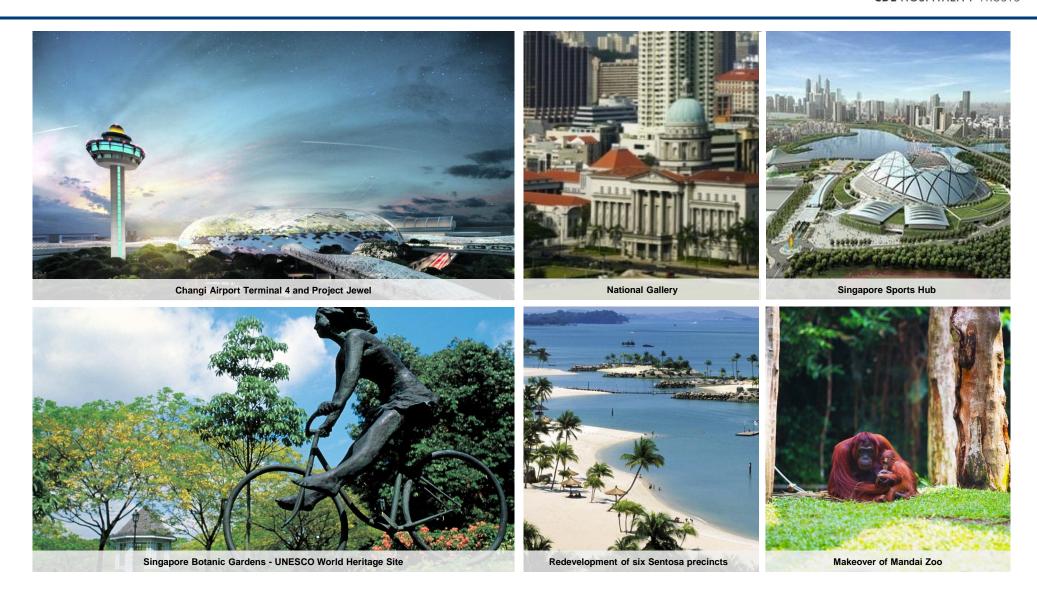
Biennial Events



(1) STB, Press Release "Singapore remains Asia's top meeting and convention city for 2014", 9 Sep 2015 Images from Singapore Airshow, Hotel Asia, OSEA, Singapore International Water Week, BroadcastAsia, CommunicAsia, Singapore Grand Prix, WTA Finals, World Rugby, ICRA and IETF websites

World-Class Infrastructure and Attractions

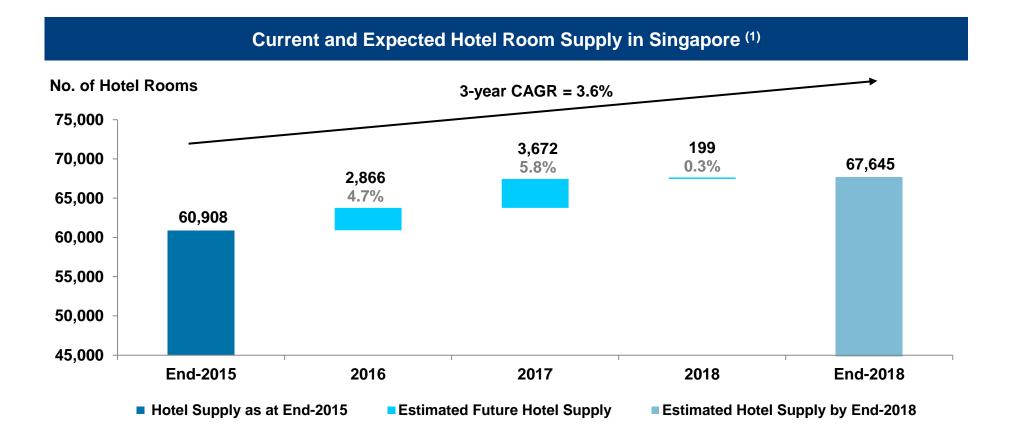
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Singapore Hotel Room Supply



- According to STB, an estimated 3,736 rooms were added in 2015, representing a 6.5% increase over 2014
- Operating environment expected to be competitive with 2,866 ⁽¹⁾ rooms opening in 2016
- New room supply is expected to grow at a CAGR of 3.6% between 2015 and 2018



(1) New supply of rooms is a summation of new rooms deducted by existing rooms taken out of inventory for redevelopment. Sources: STB, Horwath HTL (as at Jul 2016) and CDLHT research

Potential Supply of New Singapore Hotel Rooms Until 2018



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Name of Hotel	No. of Rms	Horwath Rating	Location	Expected Opening	Name of Hotel	No. of Rms	Horwath Rating	Location	Expected Opening
The South Beach	-654	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	Closed	Andaz Singapore (DUO Project)	342	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	2017
Grand Park City Hall	-165	Mid-Tier	City Centre	Closed	Novotel Singapore on Stevens	254	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	2017
Oasia Downtown Hotel	314	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	Opened	InterContinental Singapore				
Hotel Clover @ 7 HK St	27	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	Opened	Robertson Quay (formerly Gallery Hotel)	225	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	2017
Hotel Indigo Singapore Katong	131	Upscale/Luxury	Outside City Centre	Opened	Sofitel Singapore City Centre	222	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	2017
Mercure Singapore Middle Road*	395	Mid-Tier	City Centre	Partially opened	(Tanjong Pagar Centre)	222	Opscale/Luxury	City Centre	2017
M Social	293	Mid-Tier	City Centre	Opened	The Ascott Orchard Singapore	220	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	2017
Hotel Grand Central	46	Mid-Tier	City Centre	Opened	Murray House	160	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	2017
Holiday Inn Express Singapore Katong	451	Mid-Tier	Outside City Centre	Opened	Laguna Dusit Thani	197	Upscale/Luxury	Outside City Centre	2017
Ibis Styles	298	Economy	Outside City Centre	Opened	Ibis Singapore on Stevens	528	Mid-Tier	City Centre	2017
The Patina Capitol Singapore	157	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	3Q 2016	Grand Park City Hall	181	Mid-Tier	City Centre	2017
Crowne Plaza Changi Airport (extension)	243	Mid-Tier	Outside City Centre	3Q 2016	Park Hotel Farrer Park	300	Mid-Tier	Outside City Centre	2017
Oasia West Residences	140	Mid-Tier	Outside City Centre	3Q 2016	Courtyard Marriott at Novena	250	Mid-Tier	Outside City Centre	2017
Premier Inn Singapore	300	Economy	City Centre	3Q 2016	YOTEL Orchard Road	610	Economy	City Centre	2017
JW Marriott Hotel Singapore South Beach (formerly The South Beach)	634	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	4Q 2016	Aqueen Hotel Geylang	100	Economy	Outside City Centre	2017
Swissôtel Merchant Court	150	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	4Q 2016	Aqueen Hotel Little India	83	Economy	Outside City Centre	2017
Blakes (formerly Duxton Hotel)	49	Upscale/Luxury	City Centre	4Q 2016			,	,	
Villa Samadhi	20	Upscale/Luxury	Outside City Centre	4Q 2016	Yotel Changi Jewel	130	Economy	Outside City Centre	2018
The Warehouse Hotel	37	Economy	City Centre	4Q 2016	Aqueen Hotel Lavender (Additional Rooms)	69	Economy	Outside City Centre	2018

Year	No. of Rms	Upscale/Luxury		Mid-Tier		Economy	
2016	2,866	828	29%	1,403	49%	635	22%
2017	3,672	1,620	44%	1,259	34%	793	22%
2018	199	0	0%	0	0%	199	100%
Total (2016 – 2018)	6,737	2,448	36%	2,662	40%	1,627	24%

*Approximately 200 rooms opened. The remaining 195 rooms are due to open in 4Q 2016. Sources: Horwath HTL (as at Jul 2016) and CDLHT research



Maldives Market

CDLHT Maldives Resorts Performance



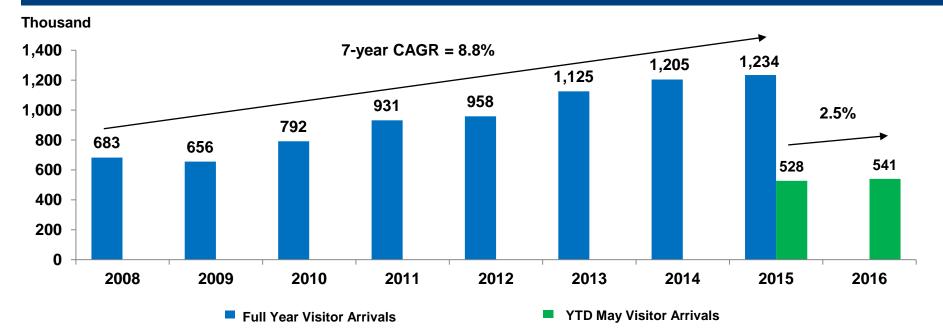
- The Maldives Resorts recorded a collective RevPAR decline of 26.6% yoy in 2Q 2016. Trading environment was competitive due to aggressive price promotions by resorts to defend market share, driven mainly by:
 - Continued strength of the USD against currencies of the major source markets
 - Cautious consumer sentiments towards discretionary spending in high-end leisure markets
 - China, which is the top source market, showed a yoy decline of 11.7% for first five months of 2016 (a decline of 13.0% yoy for April and May 2016 collectively)
- The decline in NPI was mitigated mainly by the recognition of minimum rent for Angsana Velavaru⁽¹⁾



Maldives Tourism Market Update



- For YTD May 2016, visitor arrivals grew 2.5%
- Looking ahead, Maldives hospitality sector may continue to experience weakness in RevPAR performance due to:
 - Relative strength of USD against currencies of major source markets, especially euro and rouble, which
 has the effect of eroding the spending power of guests from these markets
 - Slowing growth in China and weakening CNY may continue to affect the performance of Maldivian resorts



International Visitor Arrivals to Maldives ⁽¹⁾



Japan Market

CDLHT Japan Hotels Performance



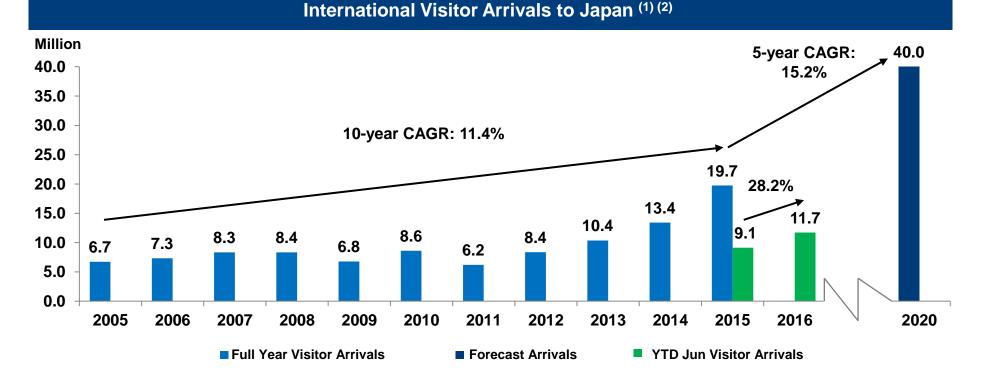
- On the back of continued growth in visitor arrivals, the Japan Hotels registered a combined yoy RevPAR growth of 6.4% for 2Q 2016 (in JPY terms)
- NPI in 2Q 2016 grew 26.9% yoy mainly due to the robust hospitality market as well as the stronger Japanese yen against the Singapore dollar during the quarter
- The hotel management agreement with the current operator, MyStays Hotel Management Co., Ltd, was automatically renewed for 3 years on the same terms following the expiry of the previous agreement on 18 July 2016



Japan Tourism Market Update



- For YTD Jun 2016, visitor arrivals grew 28.2% yoy to 11.7 million
- The tourism growth will be supported by further relaxation of visa requirements as well as improved flight access⁽¹⁾
- However, the recent strengthening of the JPY may result in a moderation of growth in inbound arrivals



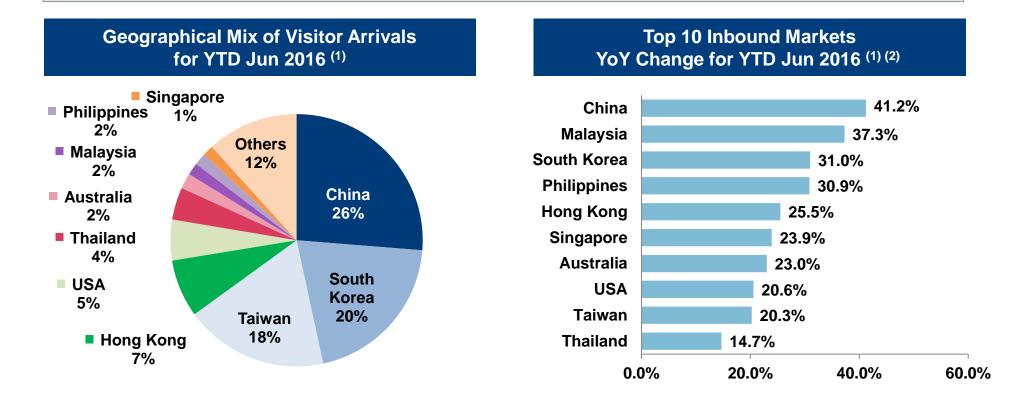
(1) The Business Times, "Abe sets sight higher for Japan's tourism arrivals and spending", 1 Apr 2016

(2) Japan National Tourism Organization (JNTO)

Geographical Mix of Top Markets (Japan)



- Chinese has maintained its status as the top source market for Japan with a market share of 26%
- Growth from Chinese market continues to be strong with a 41.2% yoy increase for YTD Jun 2016 arrivals
- All top 10 source markets saw double-digit percentage growth in arrivals



(2) The top 10 inbound markets are ranked according to growth rates in descending order.



United Kingdom Market

CDLHT UK Hotel Performance



- Hilton Cambridge City Centre recorded a yoy RevPAR growth of 18.9% ⁽¹⁾ in 2Q 2016
- The growth was largely fuelled by increased corporate business as a result of the refurbishment completed in Apr 2015 and the rebranding of the hotel to Hilton Cambridge City Centre in end 2015



UK Tourism Market Update

- Post-Brexit, IMF has revised UK's growth forecast down by 0.2 percentage points to 1.7% for 2016. The downward revision from 2.2% to 1.3% is more severe in 2017, with IMF citing uncertainty that would affect the market and consumer confidence ⁽¹⁾
- The impact on the corporate segment in Cambridge is uncertain although the UK tourism sector is likely to benefit from increase inbound leisure arrivals due to the weak GBP

Continued Growth in International Visitor Arrivals to UK ⁽²⁾

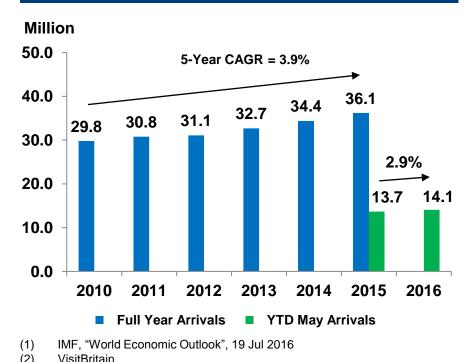


Image credit: CB1 Cambridge Website

Cambridge – One of Europe's largest life science and healthcare clusters



Artist's Impression of AstraZeneca £330 million Corp. HQ & Global R&D Centre

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Australia Market

CDLHT Australia Hotels Performance

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- NPI for 2Q 2016 decreased 3.3% yoy due to weaker AUD during the quarter
- Mining investment continues to be subdued despite improvements in the commodity prices. The increase in new hotel rooms supply in Perth and Brisbane may also weigh on the trading performance of the hospitality sector
- However, any weakness is mitigated by the defensive lease structure which provides CDLHT with a high proportion of fixed rent



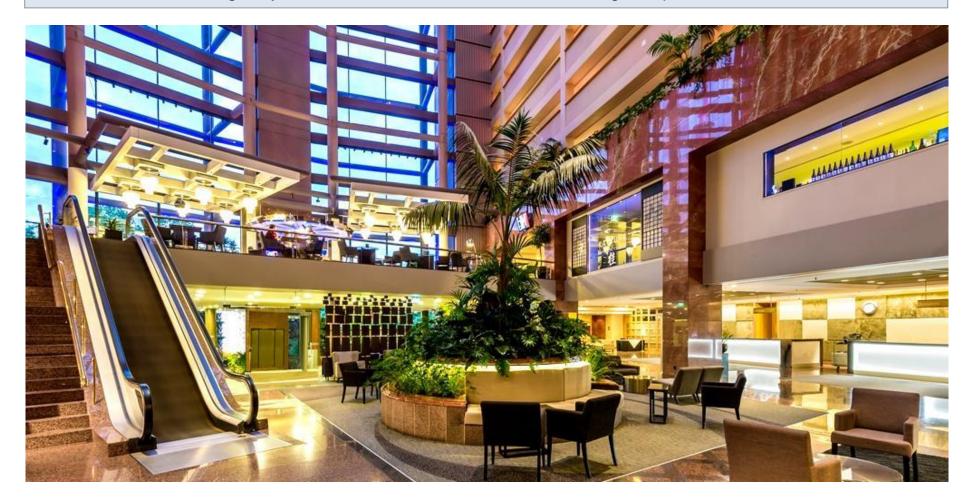


New Zealand Market

CDLHT New Zealand Hotel Performance



- The hotel continues to record good underlying performance as a result of the robust hospitality market
- Due to the current high fixed rent lease structure, only fixed rent is recognised in 2Q 2016. As a result, NPI for 2Q 2016 was marginally lower due to the weaker NZ dollar during the quarter



CDLHT New Zealand Hotel – Update on New Lease



- On 17 Jun 2016, CDLHT entered into a new lease with a subsidiary of Millennium & Copthorne Hotels New Zealand Limited ⁽¹⁾
- The new lease will commence once the existing lease for Rendezvous Hotel Auckland expires on 6 Sep 2016 and the hotel will be rebranded as Grand Millennium Auckland
- Under the new lease structure, CDLHT is positioned to benefit from the growth trajectory in the Auckland hospitality market as the terms provide for more variable income ⁽²⁾ as opposed to the largely fixed rent received currently

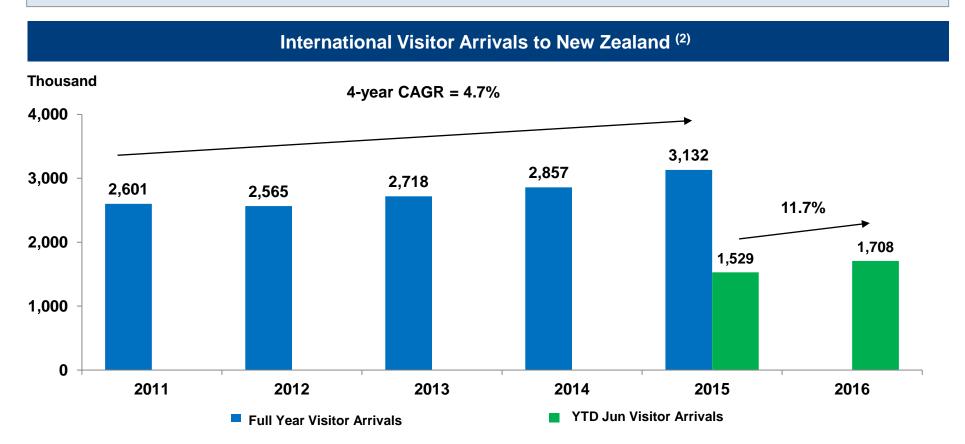


(1) The lease is for a term of 3 years and provides for two 3-year renewal terms, subject to mutual agreement.

New Zealand Tourism Market Update



- For 2015, visitor arrivals grew 9.6% to a record 3.1 million
- For YTD Jun 2016, visitor arrivals have grown 11.7% to a record 1.7 million
- Driven by strong visitor arrivals, the Auckland hospitality market recorded a RevPAR growth of 13.2% for YTD Jun 2016 ⁽¹⁾



New Zealand Tourism Market Update

Start Date	Carrier	Route
Jan 15	Air New Zealand	Singapore - Auckland
Sep 15	China Eastern	Shanghai – Auckland
Dec 15	Air New Zealand	Buenos Aires - Auckland Houston – Auckland
Dec 15	Air China	Beijing – Auckland
Jan 16	Emirates	Dubai – Auckland
Jun 16	American Airlines	Los Angeles – Auckland
Jul 16	United Airlines	San Francisco – Auckland
Dec 16	Air New Zealand	Manila – Auckland
Feb 17	Qatar Airlines	Doha - Auckland

Strong Event Calendar (2016 – 2017) ^{(2)*}

Event / Date	Category
Auckland Diwali Festival (Oct 2016)	Cultural
New Zealand Flower and Garden Show (Nov 2016)	Trade Show
Splore Music and Arts Festival (Feb 2017)	Music
World Masters Games (Apr 2017)	Sports
Lions Tour (Rugby) (Jun – Jul 2017)	Sports
Rugby League World Cup (Oct – Dec 2017)	Sports

- Auckland, the gateway city to New Zealand, is expected to benefit from the addition of new international air services
- The strong events line-up will feature a diverse range of sporting, arts and cultural events. Of significance is the hosting of three global sporting events in 2017, World Masters Games, Lions Tour and Rugby League World Cup, which are expected to bring significant number of visitors into Auckland

*Selected information only, not exhaustive list.





Singapore	 Grand Copthorne Waterfront Hotel: The lobby and three F&B outlets have been completed. The remaining public area renovation, which involves adding two meeting rooms and a tea lounge, as well as a refurbishment of some existing meeting rooms will complete before end 2016 M Hotel: Ongoing room refurbishment to complete in 2016
United Kingdom	 Hilton Cambridge City Centre: Executive lounge and fitness centre to complete before end 2016
Australia	 Novotel Brisbane: Bar refurbishment to complete in 2016
New Zealand	 Rendezvous Hotel Auckland: Lobby refurbishment completed. Minor room refurbishment works and other tenant's reinstatement works will be ongoing in 2016/2017





Grand Copthorne Waterfront Hotel



A full revamp of the lobby and reception areas (Completed)





Grand Copthorne Waterfront Hotel

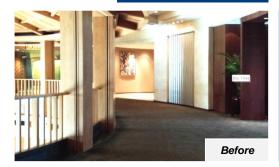


New F&B outlets (Completed)





Grand Copthorne Waterfront Hotel



Two new function rooms totalling ~330 sq m to be added

Function Rooms - Artist's impression only, subject to change

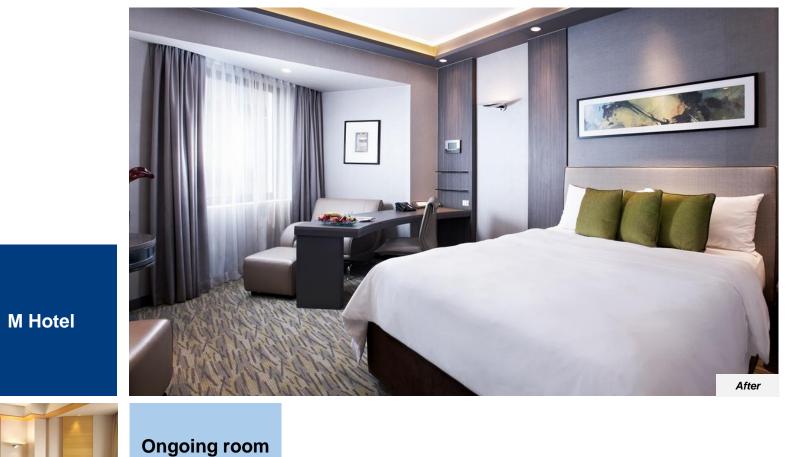




Grand Copthorne Waterfront Hotel

> A tea lounge will be added – to be completed by end 2016







Ongoing room refurbishment to complete by 2016





M Hotel

Two additional suites added to inventory since 1 Apr 2016





Hilton Cambridge City Centre

> Executive Lounge - to be completed in 4Q 2016





Hilton Cambridge City Centre

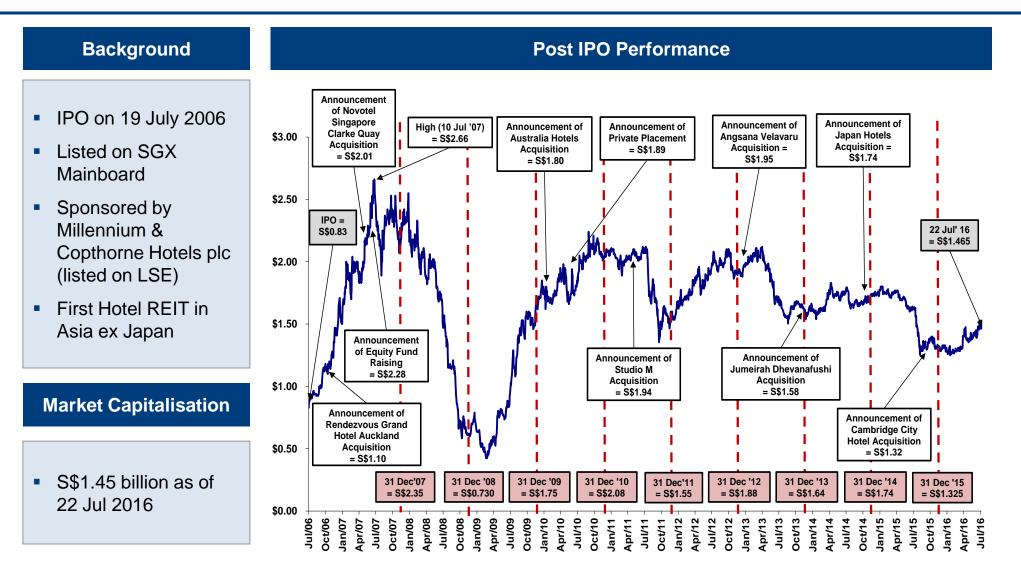
> Fitness Centre - to be completed in 4Q 2016



Background and Structure of CDL Hospitality Trusts

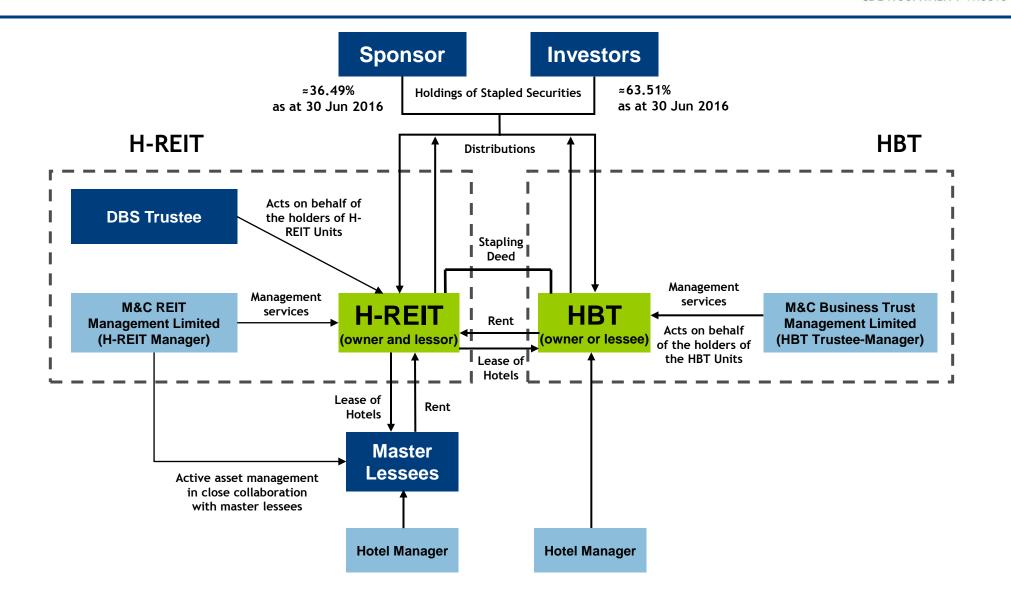
Background on CDLHT





CDLHT Structure

CDL HOSPITALITY TRUSTS



Note: For simplicity, the diagram does not include the relationships in relation to Claymore Connect. The H-REIT Manager manages Claymore Connect directly, hence the various tenants of the retail units at Claymore Connect make rental payments directly to H-REIT under the terms of their respective leases.

Blue Chip Sponsor and Parentage





Management Strategy



Acquisition Growth Strategy

- Pursue yield accretive, quality assets with investment rigour and discipline
- Tap on potential pipeline from M&C / CDL
- A COLONIA Tap on global network for third party assets

Asset Management Strategy

- Work closely with master lessees and/or hotel managers to implement active revenue and cost management
- Implement asset enhancement initiatives to optimise asset potential

Financial Foundation

- TGD

Capital Management Strategy

- Maintain a healthy balance sheet
- Enhance financial flexibility by maintaining diversified sources of funding

CDLHT Asset Portfolio – Singapore

Properties	Orchard Hotel	Grand Copthorne Waterfront Hotel	M Hotel	Copthorne King's Hotel	Novotel Singapore Clarke Quay	Studio M Hotel	Claymore Connect	Singapore Portfolio
								(*** **
Description	Located on Orchard Road, with a large pillar- less ballroom and extensive conference facilities	One of the largest conference facilities in Singapore – well- positioned for the MICE market	Located in the heart of financial district with strong following of business travellers	Located within close proximity to CBD, Orchard Road, Robertson Quay and Clarke Quay	Located next to Singapore's premier entertainment hub	Stylish and contemporary design catering to business and leisure segments	Re-positioned as a family-friendly mall with enhanced retail offerings	-
Rooms	656	574	415	310	403	360	-	2,718
Date of Purchase	19 July 2006	19 July 2006	19 July 2006	19 July 2006	7 June 2007	3 May 2011	19 July 2006	
Title / Remaining Term of Land Lease ⁽¹⁾	Leasehold interest / 66 years	Leasehold interest / 66 years	Leasehold interest / 66 years	Leasehold interest / 51 years	Leasehold interest / 61 years	Leasehold interest / 90 years	Leasehold interest / 66 years	-
Valuation ⁽¹⁾	S\$449.0M	S\$351.0M	S\$235.0M	S\$121.0M	S\$319.0M	S\$159.0M	S\$106.0M	S\$1,740M

CDLHT Asset Portfolio – Overseas

Properties	Novotel Brisbane (Australia)	Mercure Brisbane (Australia)	Ibis Brisbane (Australia)	Mercure Perth (Australia)	lbis Perth (Australia)	Australia Portfolio
				Mercure Extension		* *
Description	Comprehensive conference and leisure facilities of 11 dedicated rooms with capacity for up to 350 delegates	Street Mall and Brisbane	rt of the government and as away from the Queen Convention and Exhibition ntre	Situated in Perth's CBD and within walking distance to the Swan River, shopping and entertainment districts	Located steps away from the Murray and Hay Street shopping belt within Perth's CBD	-
Rooms	296	194	218	239	192	1,139
Date of Purchase	18 February 2010	18 February 2010	18 February 2010	18 February 2010	18 February 2010	
Title / Remaining Term of Land Lease ⁽¹⁾	Strata Volumetric Freehold	Freehold	Freehold	Strata Freehold	Freehold	-
Valuation ⁽¹⁾	A\$68.0M / S\$69.8M	A\$61.9M (Both hotels are	/ S\$63.5M valued together)	A\$45.7M / S\$46.9M	A\$32.0M / S\$32.8M	A\$207.6M / S\$213.1M

CDLHT Asset Portfolio – Overseas (con't)

Properties	Angsana Velavaru (Maldives)	Jumeirah Dhevanafushi (Maldives)	Maldives Portfolio	Hotel MyStays Asakusabashi (Japan)	Hotel MyStays Kamata (Japan)	Japan Portfolio
Description	Upmarket resort offering a wide range of dining, leisure and spa options	All-suite luxury resort, with extremely spacious villas which are amongst the largest in Maldives	-	Located in central Tokyo, with easy access to Asakusa & Akihabara. A few stations away from several popular sightseeing spots	Located near Keikyu- Kamata Station which is only a 10-min train ride from Haneda Airport	-
Rooms	113 (79 beachfront villas and 34 overwater villas)	37 (21 beachfront villas and 16 overwater villas)	150	138	116	254
Date of Purchase	31 January 2013	31 December 2013		19 December 2014	19 December 2014	
Title / Remaining Term of Land Lease ⁽¹⁾	Leasehold interest / 32 years	Leasehold interest / 40 years	-	Freehold	Freehold	-
Valuation ⁽¹⁾	US\$78.0M / S\$110.1M	US\$57.0M / S\$80.4M	US\$135.0M / S\$190.5M	¥3.72B / S\$43.6M	¥3.07B / S\$36.0M	¥6.79B / S\$79.6M

CDLHT Asset Portfolio – Overseas (con't)



Properties	Rendezvous Hotel Auckland	Hilton Cambridge City Centre (United Kingdom)	CDLHT Portfolio
			CDL HOSPITALITY TRUSTS
Description	Overlooking the Auckland Central Business District, Rendezvous Hotel Auckland is New Zealand's largest deluxe hotel located within walking distance to Auckland's convention and retail precincts	Newly refurbished upper upscale hotel and boasts a prime location in the heart of Cambridge city centre, located 1.6 km from Cambridge railway station and is within the vicinity of popular tourist destinations	-
Rooms	452	198	4,911
Date of Purchase	19 December 2006	1 October 2015	-
Title / Remaining Term of Land Lease ⁽¹⁾	Freehold	Leasehold interest / 100 years ⁽²⁾	-
Valuation ⁽¹⁾	NZ\$117.0M / S\$113.5M	£61.5M / S\$132.7M ⁽³⁾	S\$2,469M

(1) As at 31 Dec 2015

(2) The lease term may be extended for a further term of 50 years pursuant to lessee's (CDLHT) option to renew under the lease granted by the head lessor (Cambridge City Council).

(3) The UK Hotel (previously known as Cambridge City Hotel), which was acquired on 1 Oct 2015, was valued by Knight Frank LLP as at 25 Aug 2015.

Based on exchange rates of NZ $1 = S_{0.9703}$ and $f_1 = S_{2.1575}$.

Summary of Leases





Singapore IPO Portfolio & Studio M	 Orchard Hotel, Grand Copthorne Waterfront Hotel, M Hotel, Copthorne King's Hotel: Rent: 20% of Hotel's revenue + 20% of Hotel's gross operating profit, with a fixed rent floor of S\$26.4 million Term of 20 years from Listing (19 July 2006) with 20-year option Claymore Connect: H-REIT receives rents direct from tenants
	 Studio M Hotel: Rent: 30% of Hotel's revenue + 20% of Hotel's gross operating profit, with a fixed rent floor of S\$5.0 million for the initial 10 years of the lease Term of 20 years from 3 May 2011 with 20+20+10 years option
Singapore NCQ	 Novotel Singapore Clarke Quay: Rent: Hotel's gross operating profit less Accor's management fee, subject to minimum rent Variable rental payment of more than 90% of gross operating profit, depending on Novotel Singapore Clarke Quay's performance Minimum rent of S\$6.5 million per year guaranteed by master lessee / Accor S.A., subject to maximum rent reserve of S\$6.5 million for the lease term Term ~ 13.5 years from 7 June 2007, expiring 31 December 2020

Summary of Leases





New Zealand Rendezvous Hotel Auckland	 Rendezvous Hotel Auckland: Base Rent + Variable Rent Base rent escalates at 2.75% per annum Term of 10 years from 7 September 2006 ⁽¹⁾
Australia Portfolio	 Novotel, Mercure & Ibis Brisbane, Mercure & Ibis Perth: Base rent + Variable rent Base rent: A\$13.7 million per annum Variable rent: 10% of portfolio's net operating profit in excess of base rent Term ~ 11 years from 19 February 2010, expiring 30 April 2021

(1) A new lease with a subsidiary of Millennium & Copthorne Hotels New Zealand Limited has been entered into and will commence on expiry of the current lease. The new lease is for a term of 3 years and provides for two 3-year renewal terms, subject to mutual agreement. The rent is equivalent to the net operating profit of the hotel, subject to an annual base rent of NZ\$6.0 million

Summary of Lease and Management Agreement





Maldives Angsana Velavaru	 Angsana Velavaru: Rent: Hotel's gross operating profit less lessee's management fee, subject to minimum rent Minimum rent of US\$6.0 million per year guaranteed by lessee / Banyan Tree Holdings Limited, subject to maximum rent reserve of US\$6.0 million for the lease term Tiered lessee's management fee offers further downside protection to CDLHT and incentivises lessee to drive growth in gross operating profit while allowing CDLHT to enjoy a substantial share of the upside Term of 10 years from 1 February 2013, expiring 31 January 2023
Maldives Jumeirah Dhevanafushi	 Jumeirah Dhevanafushi: CDL Hospitality Business Trust ("HBT") activated as the master lessee ("HBT Lessee") for the resort's operations Jumeirah is the hotel manager of the resort and is engaged by HBT Lessee Term of hotel management agreement with Jumeirah: 35 years from 1 November 2011, expiring 31 October 2046 Typical management fees apply

Summary of Management Agreement





Japan Portfolio	 Hotel MyStays Asakusabashi and Hotel MyStays Kamata: HBT is the master lessee ("HBT Lessee") for the hotels' operations MyStays Hotel Management Co., Ltd. is the hotel manager of the hotels and is engaged by HBT Lessee Hotel management agreements will expire 18 Jul 2019 (automatically renewed for 3-year term unless notice of termination is made by either parties) Typical management fees apply
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Summary of Management Agreement





United Kingdom Hilton Cambridge City Centre

Hilton Cambridge City Centre (previously known as Cambridge City Hotel):

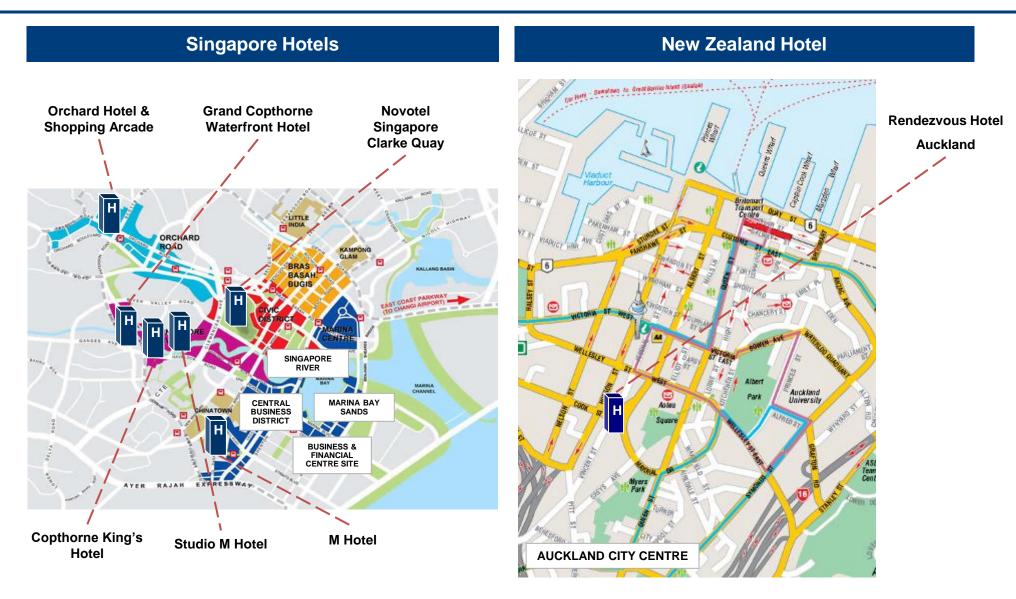
- HBT is the asset owner and currently responsible for the hotel's operations
- Hilton UK Manage Limited (an affiliate of Hilton Worldwide Inc.) has been appointed as the hotel manager by HBT
- Term of 12.25 years from 1 October 2015, expiring on 31 December 2027
- Typical management fees apply



Location of CDL Hospitality Trusts Properties

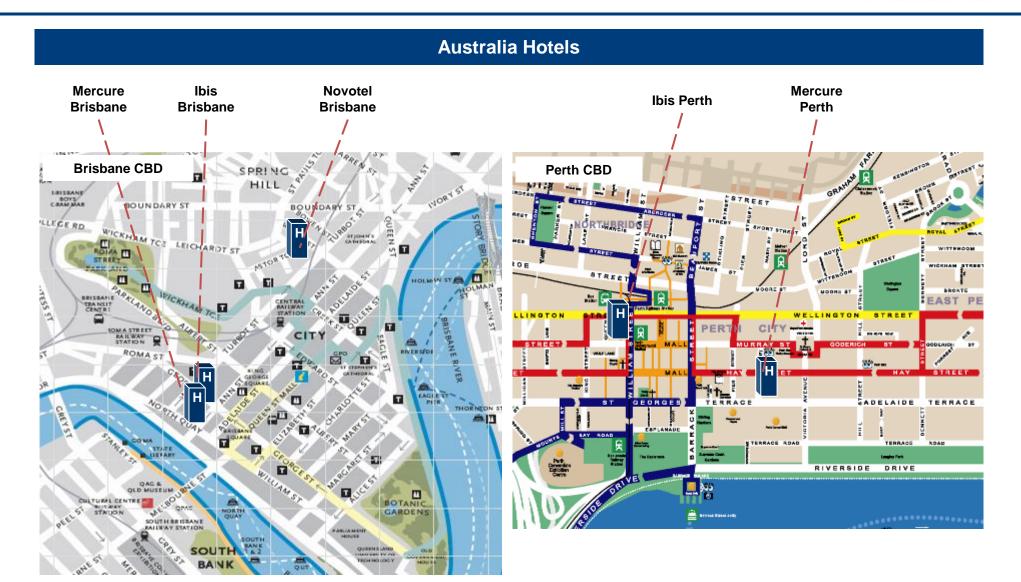
Hotels in Strategic Locations





Hotels in Strategic Locations





Resorts in Premium Destination

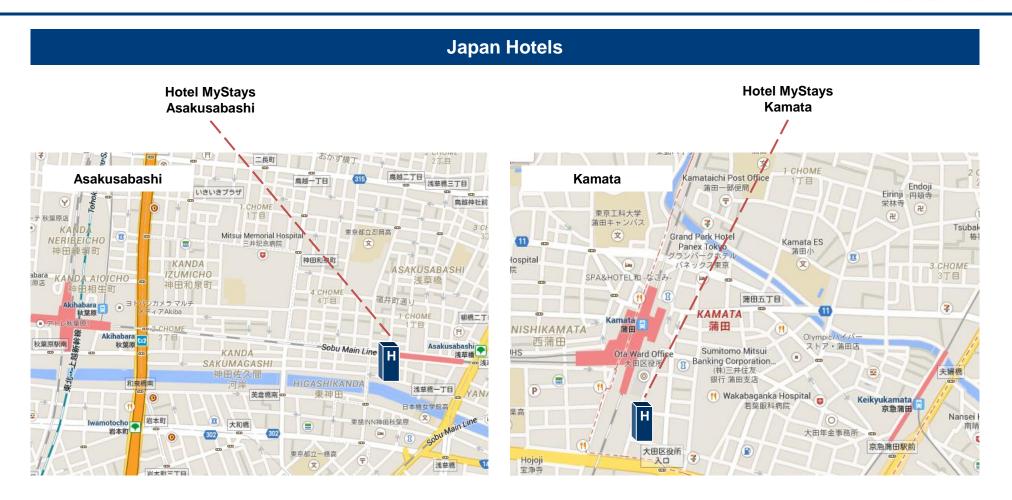






Hotels in Japan's Gateway City of Tokyo





70

Hotel in Cambridge, United Kingdom



United Kingdom Hotel







THANK YOU





