



# GENTING SINGAPORE

GENTING SINGAPORE LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT 2023





Artist's impression – For illustration purposes only

## A STRATEGIC TRANSFORMATION: RWS 2.0

*Our flagship integrated resort, Resorts World Sentosa (RWS), is embarking on its next chapter with a visionary plan to transform into a premium sustainable tourism destination with brand-new visitor experiences. Known as RWS 2.0, this transformational plan will deliver new and significantly elevated top-tier attractions, hotel rooms and suites, as well as entertainment and lifestyle offerings progressively in phases starting from early 2025.*

*Universal Studios Singapore will feature a new, highly immersive themed zone, Illumination's Minion Land. The S.E.A. Aquarium will be tripled in size and rebranded as the Singapore Oceanarium where there will be new fascinating oceanic zones on the largely unexplored deep ocean and representations of Singapore's coastal ecosystems.*

*At the heart of RWS 2.0 lies a stunning waterfront development, depicted in an artist's impression on the cover of this Annual Report. This groundbreaking project, slated to commence construction in 2024, will be a defining feature for the new RWS. It will comprise 700 hotel keys and experiential lifestyle offerings within an extraordinary biophilic architectural design by the award-winning firm Benoy. The new waterfront will be further anchored by a sculptural masterpiece by the renowned Heatherwick Studio – a captivating new attraction that will transform Singapore's skyline and serve as a monumental gateway to RWS and the Greater Southern Waterfront precinct.*

*As the entire waterfront development takes shape, RWS will firmly establish itself as the most sought-after tourism destination in Asia, propelling new tourism growth over the next decade.*

Incorporated in 1984, Genting Singapore Limited (“Genting Singapore” or “Company”) was converted into a public limited company on 20 March 1987 and listed on the Main Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited on 12 December 2005. Genting Singapore is a Singapore registered entity and constituent stock of the Straits Times Index and MSCI Singapore Index. The Company is one of the largest companies in Singapore by market capitalisation.

The principal activities of Genting Singapore and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) are in the development, management and operation of integrated resort destinations including gaming, attractions, hospitality, MICE, leisure and entertainment facilities. Since 1984, the Group has been at the forefront of gaming and integrated resort development in Australia, the Bahamas, Malaysia, the Philippines, the United Kingdom and Singapore. Genting Singapore owns Resorts World Sentosa in Singapore, an award-winning destination resort and one of the largest integrated resort destinations in Asia, offering a casino, S.E.A. Aquarium (one of the world’s largest Oceanariums), Adventure Cove Waterpark, Universal Studios Singapore theme park, hotels, MICE facilities, celebrity chef restaurants and specialty retail outlets.

## WHO WE ARE

Brand leader in sustainable integrated resort developments worldwide

## MISSION

To develop world-class integrated resorts that transform destinations, create jobs and re-invest in local economies through sustainable practices and development

## OUR CORE VALUES

- Trustworthiness, Integrity and Mutual Respect
  - “Kampung Spirit” (“Village Spirit”):  
Warm and caring, always looking out for one another, sharing resources

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## CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

“

Global tourism experienced a healthy resurgence in 2023. Singapore welcomed a total of 13.6 million arrivals, more than double that of 2022. While this is far from the 19.1 million visitors that Singapore saw pre-pandemic, it brought much relief to businesses, particularly to those in the tourism trade.

”

TAN SRI LIM KOK THAY  
Executive Chairman



## DEAR FELLOW SHAREHOLDERS

Global tourism experienced a healthy resurgence in 2023. Singapore welcomed a total of 13.6 million arrivals, more than double that of 2022. While this is far from the 19.1 million visitors that Singapore saw pre-pandemic, it brought much relief to businesses, particularly to those in the tourism trade.

In tandem with the robust year-on-year growth in international visitor arrivals to Singapore, Resorts World Sentosa (RWS) saw a significant increase in visitors which contributed to our overall performance.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023, the Group reported a revenue of \$2.42 billion, an increase of 40% over the prior year, adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("Adjusted EBITDA") of \$1,025.6 million, delivering a net profit of \$611.6 million.

### YEAR IN REVIEW

2023 was not without its challenges and yet we have maintained our strategic focus, seized every window of opportunity, demonstrated agility, prioritised customers' expectations and executed well.

During the year, the Group continued to re-invent and innovate our facilities to upscale RWS' destination appeal. We also dedicated year-round efforts to introducing new-to-market premium lifestyle offerings and world-class entertainment experiences to attract consumers who have diverse interests in arts, sports, entertainment and more.

Our partnerships with LIV Golf Singapore and Singapore Watch Fair attracted professional golf fans and watch enthusiasts in April and October 2023. We also played host to a series of high-profile star-studded concerts and immersive exhibitions during the

year – in line with Singapore Tourism Board's strategy to position Singapore as a hub for quality live performance events in Southeast Asia.

In addition, the rollout of new and unparalleled programming at our attractions helped to drive visitorship. The highly anticipated Universal Studios Singapore Halloween Horror Nights returned with a full lineup and for the first time ever, featured collaborations with two world-famous intellectual properties. Construction of Illumination's Minion Land in Universal Studios Singapore is progressing well. The S.E.A. Aquarium will triple in size upon the completion of its construction by early 2025. It will be re-launched as the Singapore Oceanarium, providing new and exciting experiential spaces, programmes and exhibits.

Following an extensive renovation, Festive Hotel opened its doors again as Hotel Ora in July 2023. With 389 contemporary rooms and suites, the rebranded hotel features mobile working spaces and smart co-working amenities to cater to the needs of modern professionals and bleisure travellers.

The transformation of the Forum since May 2023 is progressing well, with its opening anticipated in the first quarter of 2025. This focal hub, which serves as the integrated resort's first port of call for visitors, is undergoing an extensive makeover into a 20,000 sqm trendy lifestyle space of upscale restaurants, specialty shops, entertainment and iconic concept stores.

Looking ahead, while global tourism recovery trajectory and trends appear promising, we are cognizant of global economic uncertainties, geopolitical tensions and inflationary pressure exerting a dampening effect.

# CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT



Artist's impression – For illustration purposes only

“  
**As we roll out the various projects under RWS 2.0, we believe reinvestment in our Singapore property is an incredible opportunity to upscale our integrated resort experiences and continue to drive our growth.**

”

## TRANSFORMATION FOR GROWTH

As we roll out the various projects under RWS 2.0, we believe reinvestment in our Singapore property is an incredible opportunity to upscale our integrated resort experiences and continue to drive our growth. Our Board has approved a total investment of around \$6.8 billion to be invested over the next eight years.

The Waterfront development has received the government's provisional permission and construction is set to commence in late 2024. On completion, the Waterfront development will add approximately 700 hotel keys. Featuring captivating biophilic architecture designed by award-winning firm Benoy and a striking new waterfront sculpture by the internationally renowned Heatherwick Studio, it will form a monumental gateway to RWS and the new Greater Southern Waterfront precinct.

## ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE COMMITMENT

As RWS embarks on our next stage of development, we remain committed to our Environmental, Social and Governance (ESG) undertakings. We continue to advance our commitment to achieving carbon neutrality by 2030 and reducing carbon emission intensity by 30%<sup>1</sup>. RWS has been an early adopter of solar power since we became operational and in 2023, we significantly expanded our solar network, quadrupling its capacity. As a result, we now account for 40% of the total solar capacity on Sentosa island. In our continuous pursuit of energy efficiency, we also forged a partnership with Honeywell to implement a next generation cloud-based Building Management System, which will see RWS become the first large-scale adopter in Singapore's tourism industry.

<sup>1</sup> 2015 as the baseline year



“

**As RWS embarks on our next stage of development, we remain committed to our Environmental, Social and Governance undertakings. We continue to advance our commitment to achieving carbon neutrality by 2030 and reducing carbon emission intensity by 30%.**

”

Testament to our vision to being an industry leader in sustainable resort development, RWS proudly received the Building and Construction Authority’s Green Mark Platinum Zero Energy certification for our off-site Pandan Gardens office and warehouse in September 2023 – marking a first in Singapore’s tourism industry. In addition, RWS was the inaugural recipient of the “Sustainability Initiative of the Year” award at the esteemed Singapore MICE Awards 2023. To cap it off, RWS was also awarded the prestigious title of “Outstanding Employer” in the Singapore Tourism Awards 2023. These achievements are underpinned by the Group’s commitment to building a resilient business and continually creating a positive socio-economic impact to better serve current and future generations.

**DIVIDEND**

With the improved performance for FY2023, the Board of Directors is pleased to recommend a final dividend of 2 cents per share on a one-tier tax-exempt basis. Including the interim dividend of 1.5 cents per ordinary share on a one-tier tax-exempt basis, the total dividend for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 amounts to 3.5 cents (FY2022: 3 cents) per share.

**ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

On behalf of the Board, I would like to express my sincere appreciation and gratitude to our Shareholders, valued customers, business partners and the Singapore Government ministries and agencies for their continuing support in the past year.

To my fellow Directors, thank you for your valuable guidance. To our Management and team members, thank you for your passion, dedication and hard work. I am proud of the team, and I commend each of you for your incredible resilience and dedication. I look forward to working with you to position RWS at the forefront of Asia’s tourism industry.



**TAN SRI LIM KOK THAY**  
Executive Chairman



## 2023 HIGHLIGHTS

### FIRST INTEGRATED RESORT INDUCTED INTO TTG TRAVEL HALL OF FAME

# 1.

Resorts World Sentosa (RWS) became the first integrated resort to be inducted into the prestigious TTG Travel Hall of Fame at the 32nd Annual TTG Travel Awards 2023. This achievement crowns RWS' 10th consecutive win of the 'Best Integrated Resort' title in 2022, placing RWS as among the best of the best in Asia-Pacific and reinforcing our position as a world-class lifestyle destination resort.

Organised since 1989, the TTG Travel Awards is one of the most coveted and influential awards to be won in the region's travel industry.



# 2.

### RWS RECOGNISED AS OUTSTANDING EMPLOYER IN SINGAPORE TOURISM AWARDS



RWS clinched the Outstanding Employer title in the Singapore Tourism Awards 2023 for our exemplary dedication to strengthening human capital capabilities. This follows our revitalised focus to ramp up efforts to upskill and re-skill our team members as we gear towards the next phase of developments.

Organised by the Singapore Tourism Board, the Singapore Tourism Awards celebrates the industry's best in delivering exceptional experiences and achieving enterprise excellence.



# 3

**RWS HONOURED AS SINGAPORE'S TOP SUSTAINABLE EVENTS DESTINATION IN SINGAPORE MICE AWARDS**



RWS received the "Sustainability Initiative of the Year" title at the inaugural Singapore MICE Awards 2023 (SMA), in recognition of our outstanding sustainability practices for MICE which include carbon and waste reduction at trade shows and conferences.

Conferred by the Singapore Association of Convention & Exhibition Organisers & Suppliers and the Singapore Exhibition & Convention Bureau, this accolade is the most recent in a series of recognitions affirming RWS' status as a premier sustainable events destination.

In addition, all RWS hotels were honoured with the Singapore Hotel Sustainability Award 2023-2024, a biennial award by the Singapore Hotel Association, for taking leadership in championing green practices.



# 4

**RWS UNVEILED NEW BLEISURE DESTINATION HOTEL, HOTEL ORA**

To attract the modern, affluent market, Hotel Ora was launched in July 2023 as a bleisure destination hotel where guests are inspired to connect, collaborate and create.

A complete remodel of Festive Hotel, Hotel Ora's design provides a trendy, creative atmosphere and features 389 contemporary rooms and suites. It is further equipped with a variety of mobile working spaces, co-working amenities and meeting rooms over two floors where guests can work and socialise.

Guests will also find a dedicated space in the hotel lobby that showcases and sells creations handcrafted by vulnerable groups which include persons with disabilities and seniors in isolation.

## 2023 HIGHLIGHTS

### UNIVERSAL STUDIOS SINGAPORE HALLOWEEN HORROR NIGHTS RETURNED WITH FULL LINEUP

# 5.

Southeast Asia's most iconic scare fest returned with new thrills and was back to full scale for its 11<sup>th</sup> edition. Over 18 nights from 29 September to 4 November 2023, Universal Studios Singapore Halloween Horror Nights 11 featured five terrifying haunted houses, three sinister scare zones, two live shows and a multi-sensory dining experience.

For the first time ever, the highly anticipated Halloween event collaborated with two world-famous intellectual properties to create "The Weeknd: After Hours Til Dawn Nightmare" and Netflix's "All of Us Are Dead" haunted houses. In particular, the "All of Us Are Dead" experience marked the world's first horror attraction inspired by the global hit Korean zombie series.



# 6.

### S.E.A. AQUARIUM INTRODUCED NEW IMMERSIVE EXPERIENCES CELEBRATING OCEAN LIFE

In 2023, S.E.A. Aquarium forged on its mission of inspiring love and protection of the oceans through educational, research and conservation programmes.

It launched the Sea of Unseen Colours and its fourth annual Ocean Fest comprising exhibits, art and storytelling. New experiential spaces, VibranSEA and Aquarist Lab, were introduced, along with new programmes like AWARE Shark Conservation and Junior Ocean Detective. During ongoing construction to transform it into the Singapore Oceanarium, S.E.A. Aquarium will continue to be fully operational and welcome guests with new features.

As Singapore's only aquarium, S.E.A. Aquarium further demonstrated its commitment to connecting the community with marine life by providing \$1 million in funding to the National Library Board to establish the first marine biodiversity-themed learning space for children at a public library in Singapore – the Children's Biodiversity Library by S.E.A. Aquarium at the Central Public Library.



# 7

## RWS PRESENTED NEW PREMIUM LIFESTYLE EXPERIENCES



RWS was the proud presenting partner and official hotel of LIV Golf Singapore, bringing the high-profile global golf league to Singapore for the first time in April 2023. The collaboration with LIV Golf strongly appealed to RWS' premium clientele and won over the professional players, fans and visitors of LIV Golf Singapore with an exceptional entertainment experience across the integrated resort.

Adding to a vibrant year-round calendar, RWS debuted more new premium lifestyle experiences as the presenting partner of Singapore Watch Fair 2023 in October 2023. Recognised as the most prestigious consumer watch fair in Asia, the event was held at Equarius Hotel, attracting watch enthusiasts from around the world.

# 8

## WORLD-CLASS ENTERTAINMENT: STAR-STUDED CONCERTS AND IMMERSIVE EXHIBITIONS



RWS delivered a rich variety of world-class entertainment events in 2023, ranging from immersive exhibitions to star-studded concerts which enhanced our destination's overall attractiveness and reached diverse audiences.

The hugely popular Van Gogh: The Immersive Experience made its Southeast Asia debut at RWS from March to October 2023. The 360-degree digital art experience drew a regional audience by being the first edition in the world to showcase traditional Japanese woodblocks stamps, prints and a zen green tea ceremony.

A strong line-up of sensational events continued to captivate guests throughout the year, including Aaron Kwok's "Amazing Kode World Tour", Jessica Jung's inaugural "Diamond Dreams" solo concert, and "The Goldfinger" movie gala premiere graced by Tony Leung, Felix Chong and Ronald Wong.



# BOARD OF DIRECTORS



**1 TAN SRI LIM KOK THAY**  
Executive Chairman

**3 CHAN SWEE LIANG CAROLINA**  
Lead Independent Director

**5 JONATHAN ASHERSON**  
Independent Non-Executive Director

**2 TAN HEE TECK**  
Chief Executive Officer

**4 TAN WAH YEOW**  
Independent Non-Executive Director

**6 HAUW SZE SHIUNG WINSTON**  
Independent Non-Executive Director

## 1 TAN SRI LIM KOK THAY, 72

EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN

Date of First Appointment / **24 October 1986**

Date of Last Re-election / **21 April 2022**

Country of Principal Residence / **Malaysia**

Tan Sri Lim has been the Chairman of the Company since 1 November 1993 and the Executive Chairman since 1 September 2005. He is responsible for formulating the Group's business strategies and policies.

Tan Sri Lim joined the Genting Group in 1976 and has served in various positions within the Group. He is the Chairman and Chief Executive of Genting Berhad ("GENT"), the Deputy Chairman and Chief Executive of Genting Malaysia Berhad ("GENM"), as well as the Deputy Chairman and Executive Director of Genting Plantations Berhad, all of which are listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. He is also the Chairman of Genting UK Plc.

By virtue of Tan Sri Lim's positions and/or his indirect shareholding interests in GENT, GENM, Empire Resorts, Inc. (a holding company for various subsidiaries engaged in the hospitality and gaming industries) and Resorts World Cruises related companies, he is considered as having interests in businesses which may compete indirectly with the Group's business. The Company's management team is separate and independent from the aforementioned companies. Further, other than Tan Sri Lim, the Company's Board of Directors comprises four Independent Non-Executive Directors and an Executive Director who is not related to Tan Sri Lim.

Tan Sri Lim is a Founding Member and a Permanent Trustee of The Community Chest, Malaysia. He also sits on the Boards of Trustees of several charitable organisations in Malaysia.

Tan Sri Lim holds a Bachelor of Science in Civil Engineering from the University of London. He attended the Programme for Management Development at the Harvard Business School, Harvard University in 1979. He is an Honorary Professor of Xiamen University, China. He was bestowed the national award, the Panglima Setia Mahkota, which carries the titleship of "Tan Sri" by the Yang Di Pertuan Agong of Malaysia on 1 June 2002.

## 2 TAN HEE TECK, 68

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Date of First Appointment / **19 February 2010**

Date of Last Re-election / **19 April 2023**

Country of Principal Residence / **Singapore**

Mr Tan is the Chief Executive Officer of the Company. He was the President and Chief Operating Officer of the Company from 19 February 2010 to 30 April 2022.

He has been the Chief Executive Officer of Resorts World at Sentosa Pte. Ltd. since 1 January 2007 and Chairman since 25 February 2015. Mr Tan was responsible for the successful bidding of the Integrated Resort at Sentosa Island, Singapore in 2006 and continued with the development and construction of the Integrated Resort.

Prior to re-joining the Genting Group in 2004, Mr Tan was the Chief Operating Officer and Executive Director of DBS Vickers Securities (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of DBS Group Holdings Ltd.

Mr Tan serves as a Council member and Vice President of the Singapore National Employers Federation, and a board member of the Central Provident Fund Board of Singapore where he is the Chairman of the Risk Management Committee. Mr Tan is also the Lead Independent Director of Anext Bank Pte. Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Ant Group. In 2023, he ceased to be a board member and the Honorary Secretary of the Singapore Hotel Association. A strong believer in social, charitable and conservation causes, Mr Tan is a co-founder of the charitable organisation Leukemia and Lymphoma Foundation, Singapore, and sits on the Board of Trustees of the Sea Research Foundation, Connecticut, USA.

Mr Tan is a Fellow of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, UK, a Fellow of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants and a Chartered Accountant with the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. He has completed the Advanced Management Program and obtained the Corporate Director Certificate from the Harvard Business School.

## BOARD OF DIRECTORS

### 3 CHAN SWEE LIANG CAROLINA (CAROL FONG), 62 LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

Date of First Appointment / **1 May 2018**  
Date of Last Re-election / **21 April 2022**  
Country of Principal Residence / **Singapore**  
Chairman / **Nominating Committee**  
Member / **Audit and Risk Committee**

Ms Chan is the Group Chief Executive Officer of CGS International Securities Singapore Pte. Ltd. ("CGSI"). She is responsible for the overall management of the CGSI's financial services business, a regional franchise covering Asia Pacific (ex-Japan) as well as offices in London and New York. She was also previously country Investment Banking CEO of CIMB Group, where she was responsible for building up the investment banking business, key client and regulator relationships in Singapore.

Ms Chan's experience in financial markets spans over 38 years. She started her career at OCBC Bank and over the last 30 years, she has held a number of senior managerial positions in various financial firms. She is currently Chairman of the SGX Securities Advisory Committee and has been appointed as an Independent Non-Executive Director of City Developments Limited. Ms Chan is also an Independent Board member of Leukemia and Lymphoma Foundation, Singapore.

Ms Chan was conferred the IBF (Institute of Banking and Finance Singapore) Distinguished Fellow award in 2016. The IBF Distinguished Fellow is a significant role model who serves as a beacon of excellence for the finance industry.

Ms Chan holds a BA degree from the National University of Singapore and a Diploma in Personnel Management. She has also completed the Executive Diploma in Directorship from Singapore Management University - Singapore Institute of Directors in 2018.

### 4 TAN WAH YEOW, 63 INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Date of First Appointment / **1 November 2017**  
Date of Last Re-election / **15 April 2021**  
Country of Principal Residence / **Singapore**  
Chairman / **Audit and Risk Committee**  
Member / **Nominating Committee**  
Member / **Remuneration Committee**

Mr Tan is Singapore's Non-Resident Ambassador to the Kingdom of Norway.

He is currently an Independent Non-Executive Director of Mapletree Logistics Trust Management Ltd. (Manager of Mapletree Logistics Trust) and Independent Member of the Investor Committee of Mapletree Europe Income Trust and Mapletree US Income Commercial Trust. He is also an Independent Non-Executive Director and the Chair of the Audit and Risk Committee of the Housing and Development Board, an Independent Non-Executive Director of M1 Limited and M1 Network Private Limited. In addition, he is a Governing Board member of the Yale-NUS College and an Executive Committee member and the Treasurer of the MILK (Mainly I Love Kids) Fund.

Mr Tan formerly served as an Independent Non-Executive Director of Sembcorp Marine Ltd and Public Utilities Board, and as an Independent Non-Executive Director of Gardens by the Bay and VIVA Foundation for Children with Cancer. He was also the former Chairman of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants' Sustainability and Climate Change Committee.

Mr Tan graduated from the London School of Economics and Political Science with a Bachelor of Science (Economics). He is a Fellow of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants as well as the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales.



**5 JONATHAN ASHERSON, 68**  
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Date of First Appointment / **12 May 2017**  
Date of Last Re-election / **19 April 2023**  
Country of Principal Residence / **United Kingdom**  
Member / **Nominating Committee**  
Member / **Remuneration Committee**

Mr Asherson has rich experience in strategy and business leadership with multi-national companies over the last 40 years. He has held various senior positions in Rolls-Royce previously, including Non-Executive Chairman of Rolls-Royce plc in Asia Pacific.

Mr Asherson has served on various advisory committees and boards for the Singapore government as well as educational and research institutes in Singapore and the UK. He was previously on the board of the Economic Development Board of Singapore, a Council Member of the Singapore National Employers' Federation, a Council Member of Singapore Business Federation, the President of the British Chamber of Commerce in Singapore, the Singapore International Chamber of Commerce and the UK Department for International Trade (ASEAN). He is currently the Chairman of International Technology Panel of Sembcorp Industries Ltd, the Non-Executive Chairman of Sembcorp Energy UK Limited and a Director of Tru Marine Pte. Ltd., and was previously an Independent Director of Sembcorp Industries Ltd.

Mr Asherson holds a BSc (Hons) degree in Mechanical Engineering from Kingston University and was awarded an Honorary Doctorate from Kingston University in 2010. He became an Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire (OBE) in 2009 and was awarded the Public Service Medal (Friends of Singapore) as part of the Singapore's National Day Awards in 2010.

**6 HAUW SZE SHIUNG WINSTON, 69**  
INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Date of First Appointment / **31 July 2020**  
Date of Last Re-election / **15 April 2021**  
Country of Principal Residence / **Singapore**  
Chairman / **Remuneration Committee**  
Member / **Audit and Risk Committee**

Mr Hauw is the former Singapore Managing Partner of Rider Levett Bucknall, a leading global construction and property consultancy practice. He was also senior principal of its regional practices in Indonesia, Malaysia, Myanmar and Vietnam. Mr Hauw has four decades of professional experience as a practitioner in quantity surveying, project management and advisory services.

Mr Hauw is an Adjunct Professor of the Department of the Built Environment, College of Design and Engineering, National University of Singapore. He is a Strata Titles Board member, an adjudicator with the Singapore Mediation Centre and an expert panel member of the Singapore International Mediation Centre. Mr Hauw was recently appointed as a member of the panel of assessors of the Appeals Board (Land Acquisition), Ministry of Law. Mr Hauw has sat in various capacities with industry institutions including as Honorary Advisor of the Real Estate Developers' Association of Singapore.

Mr Hauw graduated with a BSc (Hons) in Quantity Surveying from the University of Reading, UK and holds a MA from Goldsmiths, University of London. He is a Fellow of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors and the Singapore Institute of Surveyors and Valuers, and Member of the Australian Institute of Quantity Surveyors.

# GENTING SINGAPORE MANAGEMENT

## TAN SRI LIM KOK THAY

Executive Chairman

## TAN HEE TECK

Chief Executive Officer

## LEE SHI RUH

Chief Financial Officer

## NANAMI KASASAKI

Chief Corporate Officer

## LIEW LAN HING

Company Secretary

## CORPORATE INFORMATION

### BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay  
(Executive Chairman)

Tan Hee Teck  
(Chief Executive Officer)

Chan Swee Liang Carolina  
(Lead Independent Director)

Tan Wah Yeow  
(Independent  
Non-Executive Director)

Jonathan Asherson  
(Independent  
Non-Executive Director)

Hauw Sze Shiung Winston  
(Independent  
Non-Executive Director)

### AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE

Tan Wah Yeow (Chairman)  
Chan Swee Liang Carolina  
Hauw Sze Shiung Winston

### NOMINATING COMMITTEE

Chan Swee Liang Carolina  
(Chairman)  
Jonathan Asherson  
Tan Wah Yeow

### REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Hauw Sze Shiung Winston  
(Chairman)  
Jonathan Asherson  
Tan Wah Yeow

### COMPANY SECRETARY

Liew Lan Hing

### SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Barbinder Share  
Registration Services  
(A division of Tricor  
Singapore Pte. Ltd.)  
9 Raffles Place  
#26-01 Republic Plaza  
Singapore 048619  
Tel: +65 6236 3333  
Email: info@sg.tricorglobal.com

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
7 Straits View, Marina One  
East Tower, Level 12  
Singapore 018936

Partner-in-charge: Lee Chian Yorn  
(Appointed since the financial year  
ended 31 December 2022)

### REGISTERED OFFICE

10 Sentosa Gateway  
Singapore 098270  
Tel : +65 6577 8888  
Fax : +65 6577 8890  
Website: www.gentingsingapore.com

### STOCK CODE

G13

### INVESTOR RELATIONS

Email: ir@gentingsingapore.com

## CORPORATE DIARY

- 12.01.2023**  
Announcement on inclusion for investment under the Central Provident Fund Board's CPF Investment Scheme.
- 01.02.2023**  
Announcement on the change of Company Secretary.
- 20.02.2023**  
Release of the consolidated financial results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2022.
- 28.03.2023**  
Notice of the Thirty-Eighth Annual General Meeting.
- 18.04.2023**  
Announcement on the notice of record date for final dividend.
- 19.04.2023**  
Thirty-Eighth Annual General Meeting.
- 12.05.2023**  
Release of the quarterly business overview for the three months ended 31 March 2023.
- 10.08.2023**  
Release of the interim financial information for the half year ended 30 June 2023.
- 10.08.2023**  
Announcement on the notice of record date for interim dividend.
- 10.08.2023**  
Announcement on the appointment of President of Resorts World at Sentosa Pte. Ltd.
- 10.11.2023**  
Release of the quarterly business overview for the three months ended 30 September 2023.
- 22.02.2024**  
Release of the consolidated financial results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS



REVENUE  
**2.42**  
billion  
[2022: 1.73 billion]



SHAREHOLDERS' FUND  
**8.19**  
billion  
[2022: 8.00 billion]



ADJUSTED EBITDA  
**1,025.6**  
million  
[2022: 774.2 million]



TOTAL ASSETS EMPLOYED  
**9.15**  
billion  
[2022: 8.80 billion]



NET PROFIT  
**611.6**  
million  
[2022: 340.1 million]



CREDIT RATINGS  
Moody's Rating  
**A3**

*All figures are in Singapore Dollars*



# RWS MANAGEMENT TEAM



- 1. TAN HEE TECK**  
Chairman & Chief Executive Officer
- 2. LEE SHI RUH**  
President
- 3. NANAMI KASASAKI**  
Chief Corporate Officer
- 4. ANDREW MACDONALD**  
Chief Casino Officer
- 5. MARK CHEE WENG HUN**  
Senior Vice President  
Legal and Assurance
- 6. CHANG CHEE PEY**  
Chief Experience Officer & Senior Vice President  
Sales and Marketing
- 7. LOH SU KIM**  
Senior Vice President  
Attractions and Sustainability
- 8. ONN SOON LEE**  
Senior Vice President  
Construction Project Management

# AWARDS AND ACCOLADES



Hotel Ora's range of co-working spaces

## AWARDS AND ACCOLADES



**32ND ANNUAL TTG TRAVEL AWARDS 2023**

Travel Hall of Fame:  
Best Integrated Resort



**TRIPADVISOR TRAVELLERS' CHOICE AWARDS BEST OF THE BEST 2023**

Amusement Parks  
and Water Parks



**SINGAPORE TOURISM AWARDS 2023**

Outstanding  
Employer Award



### SINGAPORE MICE AWARDS

Sustainability Initiative of the Year

### SINGAPORE FOOD AGENCY FARM-TO-TABLE RECOGNITION PROGRAMME

Highest Tier

### SINGAPORE HOTEL SUSTAINABILITY AWARD

All seven hotels of Resorts World Sentosa

### CHARTERED INSTITUTE OF PROCUREMENT & SUPPLY (CIPS) ASIA, EXCELLENCE IN PROCUREMENT AWARDS

Winner for Outstanding People  
Development Programme

### WELL V2 CERTIFICATION GOLD STANDARD

Equarius Hotel

### WELL HEALTH-SAFETY RATING (2023)

10 buildings in Resorts World Sentosa

### GLOBAL SUSTAINABLE TOURISM COUNCIL

Certified to GSTC Destination Criteria and Industry  
Criteria for Hotels

### BCA GREEN MARK (2023)

BCA Platinum Zero Energy (Pandan Gardens)

### COMMUNITY CHEST AWARDS

Silver

### PROGRESSIVE WAGE MARK

### RANDSTAD 2023 EMPLOYER BRAND RESEARCH

Ranked 15th Most Attractive Employer in Singapore



# YEAR IN REVIEW

Amid the ongoing recovery of Singapore's tourism industry in 2023, Resorts World Sentosa ("RWS") introduced a range of innovative events and offerings, enhancing our overall appeal and drawing a steady stream of visitors to the integrated resort.



Hotel Ora's Deluxe Suite



Hotel Ora's range of co-working spaces

“

**Exuding a trendy atmosphere, Hotel Ora features 389 rooms and suites that have undergone a complete makeover...**

”

## GAMING

The casino business improved significantly in 2023, as airline capacity increased and Singapore's tourism recovery gained momentum. The progressive return of international travellers in the second half of the year following easing of travel restrictions and ramping up of airline capacity also contributed to the rebound.

## HOTELS

Hotel Ora (formerly Festive Hotel and following a complete remodelling) started to welcome guests in April 2023 and was launched in July 2023 as a bleisure destination hotel. Exuding a trendy atmosphere, Hotel Ora features 389 rooms and suites that have undergone a complete makeover, and is equipped with a variety of mobile working spaces and smart co-working amenities over two floors where guests can work and socialise. Other facilities include an outdoor swimming pool and a gym with yoga and spin rooms. Alongside its contemporary luxuries,

Hotel Ora has implemented various sustainability initiatives including eco-friendly bathroom amenities, refillable glass carafes for water, energy-efficient fans, carbon-neutral vinyl flooring, and FSC-certified stationery. Guests will also find a dedicated space in the hotel lobby that showcases our florist creations and sells handcrafted items made by vulnerable groups as part of our community development efforts.



Hotel Ora's swimming pool





Gourmet Park

### FOOD & BEVERAGE

In 2023, RWS culinary offerings delighted guests with exciting new experiences. As The Forum undergoes an extensive rejuvenation, Gourmet Park was launched at the Bull Ring in July 2023. It features exciting food brands by Michelin-starred chefs and rising stars in Singapore’s gastronomy scene, accompanied by groovy DJ beats after dark. A giant wall mural by local artist SKLO adorns the new alfresco dining destination, showcasing highlights of RWS and providing a colourful backdrop as guests enjoy great food in a carnival-like atmosphere.

Our modern European fine-casual dining restaurant, table65 retained its one Michelin star in the Michelin Guide Singapore 2023, marking four consecutive years of recognition.

As a beacon for epicureans, RWS was selected as the official venue partner of the prestigious Asia’s 50 Best Restaurants 2023. During the four-day event in March 2023, RWS warmly welcomed

the region’s gastronomic community at its various dining destinations, including Ocean Restaurant, Malaysian Food Street, and the Resorts World Ballroom.

During the LIV Golf Week in April 2023, exclusive dining experiences with Brazilian chef-owner Rafael Costa E Silva of Michelin-starred Lasai Restaurante in Rio De Janeiro, as well as RWS’ own celebrity chefs, Hal Yamashita and Scott Webster, were exceptionally well-received.

RWS’ seven signature restaurants continued to attract discerning diners, particularly during the Restaurant Week organised by Dining City.

For the year-end holiday season, the signature restaurants added to the magic of a “Superstar Christmas” at RWS with thematic feasts and take-home treats featuring indulgent ingredients.





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**RWS successfully hosted over 1,165 MICE events in 2023 underpinned by our exceptional blend of world-class sustainability practices, and a seamless fusion of business and leisure components.**

### **MEETINGS, INCENTIVES, CONFERENCES & EXHIBITIONS (MICE)**

RWS successfully hosted over 1,165 MICE events in 2023 underpinned by our exceptional blend of world-class sustainability practices, and a seamless fusion of business and leisure components.

Notable events include the BNI Singapore National Conference, F1 in Schools 2023 World Finals, RehabWeek 2023, National Arts Council’s Patron of the Arts Awards 2023, Annual Temasek Connection 2023, and Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing Convention 2023. RWS also hosted several incentive and conference groups such as Trip.com Global Partner Summit, Sino Elite’s Zhejiang Group and Noah Holdings Summit.

Numerous organisations chose to hold their Family Day events at the Universal Studios Singapore, including GIC, DSTA, DSO National Laboratories, IMDA, DBS, Hewlett Packard and the Embassy of the United States of America.

RWS was honoured with the “Sustainability Initiative of the Year” title at the inaugural Singapore MICE Awards 2023, in recognition of our outstanding sustainability practices for MICE which include carbon and waste reduction at trade shows and conferences. Conferred by the Singapore Association of Convention & Exhibition Organisers & Suppliers and the Singapore Exhibition & Convention Bureau, this accolade is the most recent in a series of recognitions affirming RWS’ status as a premier sustainable events destination. RWS will continue to set the bar as a top sustainable events destination.



## ATTRACTIONS

A key attraction at RWS, Universal Studios Singapore brought back its marquee event, Halloween Horror Nights, for over 18 nights from 29 September to 4 November 2023. It featured a complete lineup for the first time since the onset of the pandemic, thrilling guests with five terrifying haunted houses, three sinister scare zones, two live shows and a multi-sensory dining experience. For the first time ever, the highly anticipated Halloween event collaborated with two world-famous intellectual properties to create "The Weeknd: After Hours Til Dawn Nightmare" and Netflix's "All of Us Are Dead" haunted houses. In particular, the "All of Us Are Dead" experience marks the world's first horror attraction inspired by the global hit Korean zombie series.

Universal Studios Singapore Trick or Thrills, the family-friendly daytime Halloween event, also returned to bring spooktastic fun to guests of all ages. For the year-end season, A Universal

Christmas presented all-new live shows, festive encounters with popular characters, including DreamWorks Animation's Trolls, and snowfall.

From April to May, the Colour Pop! event at Universal Studios Singapore added a special burst of colour to the park, delighting our guests with interactive photo stations, street art, and more. The popular WaterWorld show resumed in August and a new theatre show, Trolls Hug Time Jubilee, premiered in September, adding a new attraction to the park's entertainment offerings.

Adventure Cove Waterpark enhanced its offerings with the Splashes of Colour event from April to July, featuring scenic decor and a flash mob dance that provided many photo opportunities for guests. Starting from September, a resident DJ spins vibrant beats at BluWater Bay daily, creating a party atmosphere and an exhilarating new experience for guests.



With the increase in visitorship, Universal Studios Singapore and Adventure Cove Waterpark resumed daily operations from June and September respectively.

In 2023, S.E.A. Aquarium drew visitors closer to marine life through curated experiences for deeper learning. Its special thematic events included Sea of Unseen Colours, which used technology to give a glimpse of microscopic life forms, and its 4th edition of Ocean Fest held in conjunction with the World Oceans Day comprised a photo exhibition, art installations, and storytelling sessions.



Halloween Horror Nights 11 returned with a complete lineup

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**For the first time ever, the highly anticipated Halloween event collaborated with two world-famous intellectual properties to create "The Weeknd: After Hours Til Dawn Nightmare" and Netflix's "All of Us Are Dead" haunted houses.**

”



## YEAR IN REVIEW



**S.E.A. Aquarium further contributed to marine conservation in Singapore by organising coastal cleanups, marine research and public education initiatives as well as offering its own volunteer programmes such as Citizen Science and Ocean Advocates to build a community of ocean enthusiasts.**



To offer even more immersive and educational experiences, S.E.A. Aquarium launched two new zones, VibranSEA and Aquarist Lab. VibranSEA is a new experiential space that showcases the beauty of aquatic ecosystems using science, technology and art. Aquarist Lab is a new back-of-house area where guests can learn how our aquarists care for hatchlings and how plankton is cultured.

S.E.A. Aquarium also introduced new programmes such as AWARE Shark Conservation Specialty Course, Junior Ocean Detective, and Junior Ocean Protector. The Junior Ocean series is designed for inquisitive children aged 7 to 12 with the aim of fostering early appreciation and action for our oceans. Beyond public programmes, S.E.A. Aquarium conducts regular school outreach programmes and educational tours for students as well.

The research partnership with National University of Singapore (NUS), RWS-NUS Living Laboratory saw steady progress of several biodiversity projects, while work on resort-wide sustainability solutions continues.

The aquarium reached new audiences with its participation in several regional expos, such as Asia-Pacific Coral Research Symposium and Asia Dive Expo.

S.E.A. Aquarium further contributed to marine conservation in Singapore by organising coastal cleanups, marine research and public education initiatives as well as offering its own volunteer programmes such as Citizen Science and Ocean Advocates to build a community of ocean enthusiasts. Notably, the impact of this year's cleanups surpassed the year's target of 400 kg of trash, with the team and volunteers collectively



Ocean Fest at S.E.A. Aquarium



Mangrove Cleanup by the S.E.A. Aquarium team and volunteers



Junior Ocean Detective at S.E.A. Aquarium





VibranSEA, a new experiential space at S.E.A. Aquarium



Minister for Communications and Information Josephine Teo and Resorts World Sentosa CEO Tan Hee Teck with children in the Submarine Room of the Children's Biodiversity Library by S.E.A. Aquarium on Jan 12  
Photo Credit: National Library Board

removing over 600 kg of trash over five cleanups across Singapore.

During ongoing construction to expand and transform S.E.A. Aquarium into the Singapore Oceanarium, S.E.A. Aquarium will continue to be fully operational. It will also be furnished with more features in the coming year, including a new research facility, and even more educational marine animal encounters and experiences.

As Singapore's only aquarium, S.E.A. Aquarium reaffirmed its commitment of connecting the community to marine life by providing \$1 million in funding to the National Library Board to establish the first marine biodiversity-themed learning space for children at a public library in Singapore. This new space, the Children's Biodiversity Library by S.E.A. Aquarium, opened its doors in January 2024 at the Central Public Library in the National Library Building.

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**As Singapore's only aquarium, S.E.A. Aquarium reaffirmed its commitment of connecting the community to marine life by providing \$1 million in funding to the National Library Board to establish the first marine biodiversity-themed learning space for children at a public library in Singapore.**

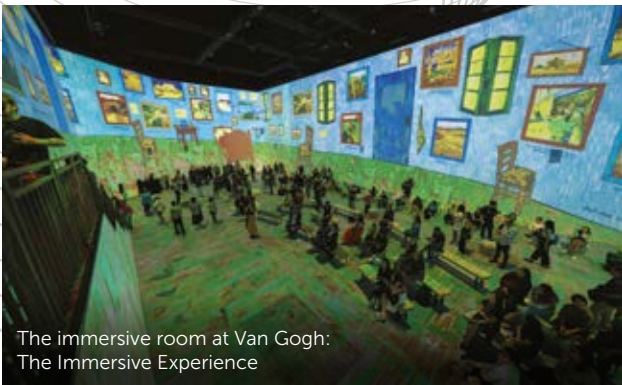
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## YEAR IN REVIEW



Bunnyverse art installation inspired by Van Gogh's celebrated paintings



The immersive room at Van Gogh: The Immersive Experience



"The Goldfinger" movie gala premiere graced by Hong Kong superstar Tony Leung  
Photo credit: Shaw Organisation

“

**The award-winning multi-sensorial exhibition, Van Gogh: The Immersive Experience, made its Southeast Asia debut at RWS from March to October 2023.**

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### ENTERTAINMENT

In 2023, RWS delivered a captivating year of diverse entertainment experiences. The Bunnyverse art installation, featuring nearly 100 neon bunnies, kicked off the year, changing colours with the seasons and celebrating national events.

The award-winning multi-sensorial exhibition, Van Gogh: The Immersive Experience, made its Southeast Asia debut at RWS from March to October 2023. It transformed the former Resorts World Theatre into an immersive journey through Van Gogh's works.

In addition, a strong line-up of sensational events and star-studded concerts not only heightened the excitement for our guests but also reinforced RWS' position as a top entertainment destination. They included lion dance performances by world champions, Aaron Kwok's "Amazing Kode World Tour", Jessica

Jung's inaugural "Diamond Dreams" solo concert, and "The Goldfinger" movie gala premiere graced by Tony Leung, Felix Chong and Ronald Wong. RWS continued to uphold its status as an entertainment hub with these curated events and offerings.

### HUMAN CAPITAL

Cognizant of the need to ensure our workforce stays healthy and resilient, RWS kept a keen focus on building a strong Singaporean core workforce in 2023. We introduced and strengthened multiple workforce development initiatives to augment our developmental and wellness programmes for our team members.

During the year, we introduced the Green Harvesting Programme to foster closer partnerships with Institutes of Higher Learning to establish a constant pipeline of young talent. To attract the best minds, hearts, and hands to join RWS, we hosted learning journeys for students, sharing diverse





internship exposures and interesting roles available at our integrated resort. When students join RWS' internship programmes, the varied exposures allow them to discover their personal career preferences and create opportunities for their return as team members upon their graduation. Through our Work Study programme, RWS not only hires graduating students but also sponsors them to help fulfill their aspirations of pursuing higher formal qualifications.

As part of our efforts in nurturing the next generation of new leaders, we kickstarted the RWS Management Associates Programme which received an overwhelming response. Through the programme, the management associates enjoy accelerated learning, multifaceted exposure and mentorship from experienced leaders, providing them with a myriad of opportunities to grow their careers with RWS.

RWS continuously enhanced e-learning experiences for team members, including

optimising our self-directed learning platform for mobile accessibility. The improvement not only facilitated team members' self-directed learning but also empowered them to acquire additional skills and knowledge beyond their current job roles, even while on the move. As a result, there was a noticeable increase in e-learning hours and a higher take-up rate among team members.

To nurture the holistic well-being and collaborative spirit among team members, RWS formulated a comprehensive Wellness Framework that encompasses four different dimensions of wellness – mental, physical, financial and social. Our goal is to cultivate a healthier, more engaged, and highly productive workforce through a range of initiatives and activities tailored to meet the diverse needs of our team members at different stages of their lives and careers. An aRWSome Club was also formed to boost rapport and

camaraderie among team members. The programmes have garnered enthusiastic participation from team members across the resort, signaling a positive and encouraging response.

In 2023, RWS won the Outstanding Employer Award at the Singapore Tourism Awards. This recognition holds particular significance as RWS undertakes a transformative journey to become Asia's most sustainable and desirable integrated resort, as well as an employer of choice. Additionally, RWS received the Progressive Wage Mark from the Singapore Business Federation in recognition of our adoption of the Progressive Wage Model. This accreditation attests to our commitment to creating a fair and inclusive workplace by uplifting lower-wage team members and regularly reviewing wage requirements to maintain competitiveness.

# OUR ESG COMMITMENT

Ranked among Singapore's largest companies listed on the Mainboard of the Singapore Exchange, GENS is a constituent stock of the Straits Times Index, MSCI Singapore Free Index, iEdge Singapore ESG Leaders Index, Bloomberg Gender-Equity Index and Nikkei Asia 300 Investable Index.

Against the backdrop of an increasing emphasis on Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) factors among regulators, stakeholders, and consumers, we are relentlessly advancing our ESG initiatives and practices.



Equarius Hotel achieved WELL Certification (Gold), marking a first in Singapore's hospitality sector



**As we progress in our mission to elevate Resorts World Sentosa into a globally renowned sustainable destination resort, we take pride in consistently earning notable ESG awards and accolades every year.**



## OUR ESG RECOGNITIONS

Our longstanding dedication to Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) principles reflects our purpose as an integrated resort developer and operator focused on generating a positive socio-economic impact on our community. As we progress

in our mission to elevate Resorts World Sentosa (RWS) into a globally renowned sustainable destination resort, we take pride in consistently earning notable ESG awards and accolades every year. The awards we garnered in 2023, together with numerous others received since RWS became





Our key awards in 2023 include the Singapore Hotel Sustainability Awards that all our hotels achieved, and the Singapore MICE Awards 'Sustainability Initiative of the Year'

operational, underscore our commitment to taking a leadership role in spearheading initiatives in the tourism industry, which also contribute to the raising of industry standards.

In a milestone achievement, we became the first in Singapore's hospitality sector to achieve the WELL Certification (Gold) for Equarius Hotel and the WELL Health-Safety Rating for RWS. WELL is an evidence-based, third-party global framework that recognises organisations that prioritise health and safety in their buildings and spaces. The rating system, created by the International WELL Building Institute, addresses various aspects of a building, ranging from air quality and sanitation to overall safety measures, with the goal of creating people-first spaces. This stands as a testament to our unwavering commitment to creating a healthier and safer environment for all our guests and team members.

Marking our highest and latest Green Mark achievement for sustainable buildings, our off-site Pandan Gardens warehouse received the coveted Building and Construction Authority's Green Mark Platinum Zero Energy certification in September 2023. A first in Singapore's tourism industry to meet the esteemed standards of the certification, the warehouse's entire

energy needs are met through the renewable energy generated by its rooftop solar network installation. We look forward to celebrating more sustainable building achievements as we continue to make progress towards our target for all RWS 2.0 new builds to attain the Green Mark Platinum or higher certification.

On the hospitality front, all seven hotels of RWS, including Genting Hotel Jurong, were awarded the Singapore Hotel Sustainability Awards by the Singapore Hotel Association in October 2023. Building on this momentum, we achieved the 'Sustainability Initiative of the Year' title at the inaugural Singapore MICE Awards. This award by the Singapore Association of Convention & Exhibition Organisers & Suppliers (SACEOS) recognised RWS for our outstanding sustainability practices for MICE which include carbon and waste reduction at trade shows and conferences.

We were also lauded as a forerunner in sustainable procurement on the national level. In acknowledgement of our support for championing local produce, RWS was honoured with the highest tier of the Farm-to-Table Recognition Programme Logo by the Singapore Food Agency in March 2023. RWS procures more than 45 tonnes of local produce annually, including

eggs, leafy vegetables, sprouts, and marine produce. Putting local first in our procurement practices is a key tenet of our sustainable tourism approach, helping us become more resilient to global food supply disruptions while investing in homegrown businesses and communities.

RWS clinched the Outstanding Employer award at the Singapore Tourism Awards 2023 for our exemplary dedication to strengthening human capital capabilities. Exemplifying our commitment to diversity and equality, we continue to be listed on the Bloomberg Gender-Equality Index which measures gender equality across five key pillars such as female leadership and talent pipeline, equal pay and gender pay parity and inclusive culture. We also attained the newly launched Progressive Wage Mark accreditation, administered by the Singapore Business Federation, which recognises firms that pay progressive wages to lower-wage workers.

Finally, RWS was conferred two awards at the prestigious Community Chest Awards 2023 – the Community Chest Charity Silver Award for our efforts in uplifting the wider community around us, and the Community Chest 'Pioneer Partner of Change' for supporting its newly launched Change for Charity initiative.



# OUR ESG COMMITMENT

## ENVIRONMENTAL SUSTAINABILITY

### PUSHING THE ENVELOPE

With the recovery of the tourism industry, we remain steadfast in our commitment to achieving carbon neutrality by 2030. By optimising and upgrading our existing facilities relentlessly, and through external collaborations to research and testbed the latest innovations, we have been able to unlock new opportunities to accelerate our progress towards achieving carbon neutrality by 2030, as part of our RWS Sustainability Master Plan 2030.

### ENERGY:

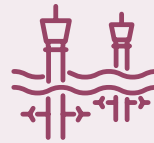
#### New energy conservation initiatives & achievements



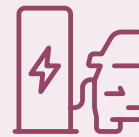
29% reduction in carbon emission intensity<sup>1</sup>



Scaling up solar panel network



Tidal turbine trial



Expansion of electric vehicles (EV) infrastructure



We have expanded our solar panel network at additional sites and our EV infrastructure including EV buggies and charging ports

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**Fostering a collaborative ecosystem with our stakeholders remained crucial to our sustainability approach to amplify our impact beyond the resort in 2023.**

For 2023, GENS reported a reduction of more than 29% in carbon emission intensity, compared to our 2015 baseline. Our ongoing efforts in deploying an expanded solar panel network have progressed steadily, exemplified by the successful implementation of solar installations at the Pandan Gardens warehouse to meet its energy demands. To harness tidal energy in an efficient manner, we worked with partners to establish Asia’s first bi-directional tidal turbine trial under a bridge along Sentosa Boardwalk. We also continued to expand our electric vehicle (EV) infrastructure by increasing the number of EV charging ports and commencing a trial of our first EV shuttle bus.

We initiated the deployment of Singapore’s first large-scale cloud-based Building Management System within our resort. This cutting-edge system incorporates intelligent dynamic energy optimisation and fault detection diagnostic capabilities, enabling us to enhance energy efficiency and productivity. With the progressive deployment, 104 Variable Speed Drives have since been installed on motors, resulting in a successful saving of 95.6 megawatt-hours since its implementation – an encouraging sign that we are on the right track.

<sup>1</sup> 2015 as the baseline year



The new District Cooling Plant will enable increased water savings across the resort

#### **WATER:**

We continued to draw nearly 49% of our water from other non-potable water sources, namely rainwater, seawater, reclaimed water and NEWater. Through an extensive water audit process funded by the Public Utilities Board (PUB), and the progressive installation of our Building Management System, we are positioning ourselves to identify water inefficiencies and capture opportunities to reduce water consumption with a much sharper precision. We embarked on two key opportunities, namely expanding our rainwater harvesting capacity and desalinating seawater already used by S.E.A. Aquarium. On top of this, we upgraded our District Cooling Plant to transition from NEWater to rainwater. Through these initiatives, we anticipate a potential reduction equivalent to nearly 190 Olympic-sized swimming pools of potable water and NEWater when these plans are fully implemented.

#### **WASTE:**

Following the waste profiling exercise that identified key opportunities to divert waste, we continued to roll out new initiatives to reduce our operational waste-to-landfill intensity. These initiatives have seen a 37% reduction in operational waste-to-landfill intensity since 2015. To increase our recycling

rates and divert more from the landfill, we have commenced our trial on a resource management centre to sort and extract recyclables from general waste for a period of three months. Leveraging the data insights, we will work towards boosting our recycling rates. This is achieved as waste is processed by an artificial intelligence-configured machine to assist with last mile waste sorting. We also started a playing card recycling initiative which segregates paper from the plastic lining within the playing cards. With playing cards comprising 4% of our monthly waste volume, the initiative has enabled us to double our paper recycling rates since its inception.

#### **AMPLIFYING OUR IMPACT**

Fostering a collaborative ecosystem with our stakeholders remained crucial to our sustainability approach to amplify our impact beyond the resort in 2023.

Since announcing the RWS-National University of Singapore Living Laboratory research collaboration, we embarked on four major work packages, contributing to the wider biodiversity research space. Through a pilot expedition to survey Sentosa's public lagoons, the team documented potentially 64 new records of species found on Sentosa, as part of our efforts to build up a comprehensive

biodiversity survey and inventory of Singapore's Southern Islands. We also embarked on developing specialised conservation breeding programmes to facilitate the recovery of vulnerable and threatened local marine species, and commenced research on two additional areas of work.

Beyond our own resort operations, we also continued our tenant engagement efforts, sharing best practices and tapping on Internet of Things applications to monitor tenant waste disposal behaviour. We also rolled out a platform to accurately track our business' energy, water and waste performance and our Scope 3 emissions, while supporting our suppliers in their sustainability journey by helping them to calculate their carbon footprint as well.

Team members are also crucial stakeholders in our sustainability journey, and we have created more opportunities for their involvement in our efforts. A group of team members participated in an educational excursion to learn more about how our recyclables are processed. In addition, we leveraged company-wide events such as our annual Party in the Park to distribute reusable lunchboxes to team members with the aim of reducing single-use plastics. The introduction of the aRWSome Club, with the goal of fostering a healthier and more engaged workforce in alignment with our Well-being Framework, provides team members with opportunities to participate in activities promoting Physical, Social, Mental, and Financial wellness. These activities encompass sports events, gardening workshops, agro-tech farm visits, as well as socially and environmentally impactful initiatives like beach cleanups and packing food for the needy.

#### **RISING UP**

Our efforts over the years have begun to bear fruit, and with our 2030 Sustainability Masterplan continuing to be our compass, we look forward to reaching even greater heights.



# OUR ESG COMMITMENT

## SOCIAL: COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT



RWS staff volunteers accompanying a family to select fresh and nutritious food items at the FFTH Community Shop in Boon Lay

In line with our goal to drive a meaningful impact for the community and the environment, 2023 marked the first year since we introduced our strategic RWS Cares framework. Our community development efforts focus on meeting needs across four key pillars – Climate change, Education, Local enterprises and Food security. Our contributions this year tripled, amounting to nearly \$1.2 million cash and in-kind donations as well as funds raised towards various causes in Singapore. Our team members have also contributed more than 472,000 cumulative volunteer hours since 2010.

### EATING WELL WITH RWS

We are committed to uplifting the lives of the underserved communities in a sustainable manner. This expanded in 2023 as we forged strategic collaborations. To help improve food security in Singapore, we partnered with Food from the Heart (FFTH) to launch the RWS Eat Well @ Community Shop to support and enable an equitable distribution of fresh and nutritious food for 2,400 lower-income families across the island. Since the launch in March 2023, the initiative saw a fourfold surge in redemption of fresh produce – amounting to nearly 9,000 redemptions – across all four FFTH Community Shops, compared to the first half of 2022.

On top of this, our Team Members helped to raise more than \$18,000 worth of hawker meals for underprivileged families during an annual staff event, with one-to-one matching support from RWS. More than 100 volunteers also contributed their time through regular food packing sessions organised by FFTH over the course of the year, which reached out to nearly 950 beneficiaries.

### LOVE FOR CLIMATE ACTION

We also partnered with the National Library Board to launch the Children's Biodiversity Library by S.E.A. Aquarium at the Central Public Library. As the first marine biodiversity-themed learning space for children at a public library in Singapore, the showcase aims to inspire conservation action through education. RWS committed \$1 million in funding support for the setup of the library and related programmes to inspire love for marine biodiversity among children. Since the Central Public Library opened in January 2024, RWS Cares volunteers have conducted and facilitated various workshops around marine biodiversity, such as an intertidal themed art workshop and a human library to learn more about the various careers in S.E.A. Aquarium.

Beyond deepening relationships with key partners, RWS has also been

providing its time and talent in line with its pillars. Through S.E.A. Aquarium, about 120 volunteers took part in five cleanups, including a dive cleanup and kayak cleanup, continuing our ongoing support to nurture healthy marine environments.

### MADE LOCALLY WITH LOVE

RWS has also expanded its support for local enterprises, integrating community support in its daily business activities. At Hotel Ora, RWS' new bleisure hotel, guests are welcomed by a retail shelf run by Social Gifting, which empowers differently-abled crafters in Singapore by providing them a platform to generate additional income. With a variety of crafters featured such as seniors in isolation and single mothers, patrons can purchase thoughtful gifts that contribute directly to their income. The initiative complements the existing retail spaces provided to The Art Faculty, a social enterprise by Autism Resource Centre, across S.E.A. Aquarium and Adventure Cove Waterpark. Through our partnership with Social Gifting, almost \$1,000 of purchases have been made so far since its inception in July 2023, supplementing the incomes of 30 crafters from three non-profit organisations.

### POSITIVE IMPACT AND BEYOND

More than 20 team members also stepped up to share their life experiences and career journeys with underserved students as part of a mentoring programme. This programme was designed in partnership with Halogen Foundation (Singapore) to provide industry and career advice to students who are planning their careers and future ahead.

We intend to continue driving efforts in establishing strategic partnerships, as we expand our efforts in the respective areas of food security, education, climate change and supporting local enterprises.

## GOVERNANCE

**Genting Singapore is committed to the highest standards of conduct and integrity in every aspect of our business. We have established robust governance practices that ensure the sustained creation of long-term value for our guests, team members, investors, and other stakeholders.**

### OUR APPROACH

GENS conducts our business with integrity and in strict accordance with the law. We value our guests and strive to provide them with unique, world-class experiences while adopting a zero-tolerance compliance culture against any non-compliances to applicable laws. At the core of our Corporate Governance Framework are our:

- Enterprise risk management (ERM) policy and framework, which governs how the Company identifies, assesses, and acts on material risks
- Code of conduct and ethics (COCE), which are guiding principles to our team members on professional conduct in response to specific risks and circumstances.

Key areas of significance that GENS prioritizes include Responsible Gaming, as well as the Prevention of Money Laundering and Terrorism Financing.

### ENTERPRISE RISK MANAGEMENT (ERM)

GENS has implemented the ERM Policy and Framework to provide guidance to the Group in managing risks while pursuing opportunities related to the achievement of our business and corporate objectives. The GENS ERM Framework is governed by ownership, accountability, and management oversight following a three-line defense approach. This model defines distinct roles within the organization, with the first line of defense focusing on individual business units who take ownership and accountability for risks generated from their business activities. The second line of defense encompasses various risk management committees within GENS and RWS, as well as the Risk Management Office which maintains a direct reporting line to the GENS Audit & Risk Committee. The third line is

comprised of independent audits, both internal and external, reporting directly to the GENS Audit & Risk Committee. Risks are systematically identified through a comprehensive process that includes internal risk registers, incident and other reports, insights from corporate knowledge and experts, analysis of macro trends, and proactive horizon scanning for emerging risks, among other methodologies. The GENS Board, acting through the Audit & Risk Committee, exercises vigilant oversight over risk management, ensuring that the Group's management upholds a sound system of risk management and internal controls.

### RESPONSIBLE GAMING (RG)

Responsible gaming stands as a cornerstone of our casino operations. We have a longstanding commitment to delivering enjoyable gaming experiences for our guests while encouraging responsible gambling practices. In addition to complying with Singapore's laws and regulations, RWS holds the prestigious distinction of being the top accredited gambling venue in the world by Responsible Gambling Council's RG Check. RWS was the first casino in Asia Pacific to be accredited in 2015 and proudly retained the accreditation in 2018 and 2021, consistently attaining the highest score worldwide among over 150 accredited venues from 2015 to 2023.

Our RG Framework is focused on three key goals:

1. To implement a plan to identify patrons with observable problem gambling behaviours and provide information and referral to help services.
2. To deliver an ongoing responsible gambling education programme that promotes safer attitudes and gambling practices to enable patrons to make an informed choice.

3. Collaborate with the government and stakeholders to build a responsible gambling culture based on continuous improvement and the adoption of best practices.

To achieve these goals, our RG Framework outlines eight fundamental principles which shape our Three-Dimensional Programme of RG Safeguards, both within and outside the casino environment. These safeguards encompass RG policies, staff training, casino exclusions, patron assistance, informed decision-making, socially responsible advertising and promotions, controls for accessing money, and the implementation of safe venue and game features.

### PREVENTION OF MONEY LAUNDERING AND TERRORISM FINANCING (PMLTF)

As one of the top financial cities in the world, Singapore enforces rigorous regulatory standards on casino operators, including on PMLTF. In alignment with these high standards, RWS has instituted one of the most stringent PMLTF systems in the world.

The Board of Directors at RWS exercises oversight and guidance over PMLTF measures and the conduct of all employees. The robust PMLTF Framework implemented at RWS defines the governance structure for compliance activities, outlining meticulous procedures and controls. Core principles embedded in this framework include accountability, segregation of duties, thorough documentation, and vigilant supervision. As part of the framework, the Compliance Department conducts an annual review that involves a risk assessment of current risks and supporting documentation, changes in legislation or risks identified in other jurisdictions, and instances of non-compliance by other casinos and financial institutions.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

It is the policy of the Company to manage the affairs of the Group in accordance with the appropriate standards for good corporate governance. Set out below is the report, which outlines the corporate governance policies, statements, processes and practices adopted by the Company during the financial year ended 31 December 2023 ("FY2023"), which, in all material aspects, comply with the principles and provisions set out in the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance 2018 ("2018 Code").

### A. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

#### (i) The Board's Conduct of its Affairs

##### *Principle 1*

The Board has overall responsibility to lead and control the Company and for the proper conduct of the Company's business including overseeing the Group's business performance and affairs, setting and guiding strategic directions and objectives, providing entrepreneurial leadership, establishing a framework of prudent and effective controls, reviewing management performance, identifying key stakeholder groups, setting the Company's values and standards, and considering sustainability issues as part of its strategic formulation.

The Board meets on a quarterly basis and additionally as required. Matters specifically reserved for the Board's decision include overall strategic direction, interested person transactions, annual operating plan, capital expenditure plan, material acquisitions and disposals, major capital projects and the monitoring of the Group's operating and financial performance, dividend policy and payout, succession plans for the Board and key management personnel. The Group has internal guidelines which set out the authorisation limits for approval by Management of capital expenditures and operating expenses up to certain material limits, above which Board approval is required, which are communicated to Management.

Formal Board Committees established by the Board in accordance with the 2018 Code and the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") Listing Rules, namely, the Audit and Risk Committee, the Nominating Committee and the Remuneration Committee, assist the Board in the discharge of its duties. Clear terms of reference ("TOR") set out the duties, authority and accountabilities of each committee as well as qualifications for committee membership, in line with the 2018 Code, where applicable. The Chairman of each Board Committee reports to the Board on any significant matters discussed and decisions made by the respective Board Committees in the relevant quarter. The TORs are reviewed on a regular basis, along with the committee structures and membership, to ensure their continued relevance.

During FY2023, the number of Board, Board Committee and Independent Directors' meetings held and the attendance at those meetings are set out below:

Name of Directors	Board	Audit and Risk Committee	Nominating Committee	Remuneration Committee	Independent Directors
	Number of Meetings Attended	Number of Meetings Attended <sup>(1)</sup>	Number of Meetings Attended	Number of Meetings Attended	Number of Meetings Attended
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	4 out of 4	–	–	–	–
Mr Tan Hee Teck	4 out of 4	–	–	–	–
Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina	4 out of 4	6 out of 6	3 out of 3	–	1 out of 1
Mr Tan Wah Yeow	4 out of 4	6 out of 6	3 out of 3	1 out of 1	1 out of 1
Mr Jonathan Asherson	4 out of 4	–	3 out of 3	1 out of 1	1 out of 1
Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston	4 out of 4	6 out of 6	–	1 out of 1	1 out of 1

Note:

<sup>(1)</sup> The total number of Audit and Risk Committee meetings includes the special meeting held between Independent Non-Executive Directors and the external auditor without the presence of any Non-Independent Executive Director.

In addition to attendance at the meetings shown in the table above, the Independent Non-Executive Directors also meet outside the formal environment of Board and Board Committee meetings including meeting with Management and the Company's external professionals, to seek clarification, review and discuss specific reports/matters or key issues, as and when warranted by circumstances, in order to make decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company during the formal meetings.

The Company's Constitution provides for the convening of Board or Board Committee meetings by way of telephonic or similar means of communication.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### Director Training and Development

Newly appointed Directors are provided with information about the Group and are encouraged to visit the sites of the Group's operating units to familiarise themselves with the Group's business practices. They will also be acquainted with key senior executives and provided with their contact details, so as to facilitate Board interaction with, and independent access to, such executives. Upon appointment of a new Director, a formal letter of appointment and information relating to his/her duties, obligations and the commitment expected of him/her, will be issued to him/her.

The Company maintains a policy for Directors to receive training, at the Company's expense, in areas relevant to them in the discharge of their duties as Directors or Board Committee members, such as relevant new laws or updates on commercial areas. The Board values ongoing professional development and recognises that it is important that all Directors receive regular training so as to be able to serve effectively on, and contribute to, the Board. To ensure that Directors are able to fulfil their obligations and to continually improve the performance of the Board, all Directors are encouraged to undergo continual professional development during the term of their appointment.

The Directors are also updated at each Board meeting on business and strategic developments. Where required, the Company Secretary and external professionals bring to the Directors' attention relevant updates on accounting standards and regulations.

In 2023, the Board of Directors completed a refresher training on directors' duties and SGX-ST Listing Rules, including on continuous disclosure obligations, interested person transactions, significant transactions and sustainability reporting. The refresher training was conducted by Allen & Gledhill LLP for the Directors and members of Management.

### Access to Information

To assist the Board and the Board Committees in the discharge of their duties, Management provides them with complete, adequate and timely information. Notice of meetings setting out the agenda, along with the supporting papers providing the background and explanatory information such as, where applicable, resources needed, financial impact, expected benefits, risk analysis, mitigation measures, conclusions and recommendations, are sent to the Board and Board Committees ahead of their respective meetings to enable the Directors to peruse, obtain additional information and/or seek further clarification on the matters to be deliberated. Any material variance between projections and actual results will be explained to the Board or Board Committees at their respective meetings. Any additional information and/or materials requested by Directors are furnished promptly by Management. Employees who possess the relevant knowledge and where necessary, external consultants or advisers, are invited to attend the Board or Board Committee meetings to answer any queries the Directors may have. The Board and Board Committees also have separate and independent access to members of Management.

Directors have access to all information and records of the Company, and may at any time seek the advice and services of the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary ensures good information flows between the Board and the Board Committees and between the Independent Non-Executive Directors and Management, as well as compliance with Board procedures. The Company Secretary facilitates the orientation of new Directors, organising training and professional development programmes for the Directors as required. The Company Secretary attends all Board and Board Committee meetings. The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary are subject to the approval of the Board.

As a Group practice, any Director who wishes to seek independent professional advice in the furtherance of his/her duties may do so at the Group's expense.

## (ii) **Board Composition and Guidance**

### *Principle 2*

#### Board Composition

The Company is led by an effective Board comprising a majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Non-Independent Executive Directors are Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay, the Executive Chairman, and Mr Tan Hee Teck, the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"). Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina, Mr Tan Wah Yeow, Mr Jonathan Asherson and Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston are the Independent Non-Executive Directors, who provide the strong and independent element required for the Board to function effectively.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Independent Non-Executive Directors constructively challenge, critically review and thoroughly discuss key issues and help develop proposals on strategy, as well as review the performance of Management in meeting identified goals and monitor the reporting of performance. They may also participate as members of and/or chair each of the Audit and Risk Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nominating Committee. All Directors exercise due diligence and independent judgment and make decisions objectively in the best interests of the Company. Any potential conflicts of interest are taken into consideration.

### Independence

The Board, taking into account the views of the Nominating Committee, determines the independence of each Director annually or as and when circumstances require, based on the 2018 Code and the SGX-ST Listing Rules.

A Director is considered independent if he/she and his/her immediate family have no relationship with the Company, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders or its officers that could interfere, or be reasonably perceived to interfere, with the exercise of the Director's independent business judgment in the best interests of the Company. The Nominating Committee also takes into account the existence of the relationships and circumstances identified by the SGX-ST Listing Rules and corresponding Practice Guidance of the 2018 Code when reviewing the independence of a Director. Such relationships and circumstances include, *inter alia*, the employment of a Director by the Company or any of its related corporations during the financial year under review or in any of the past three financial years; a Director who has been on the Board for an aggregate period of more than nine years; a Director providing to or receiving from the Company or any of its subsidiaries significant payments or material services during the financial year in question or the previous financial year, other than compensation for board service; and a Director being related to any organisation to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries made, or from which the Company or any of its subsidiaries received, significant payments or material services during the financial year in question or the previous financial year.

There are no material relationships (including immediate family relationships) between each Director and the other Directors, the Company or its substantial shareholders, except Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay, whose relationship with the Company and its substantial shareholders is disclosed on page 107 of this Annual Report. Other than the Executive Chairman and the CEO, none of the Directors are former or current employees of the Company or its subsidiaries.

Based on the recommendation of the Nominating Committee, the Board considers that Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina, Mr Tan Wah Yeow, Mr Jonathan Asherson and Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston are Independent Non-Executive Directors. Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay, the Executive Chairman, and Mr Tan Hee Teck, the CEO, are Non-Independent Executive Directors.

### Board Diversity

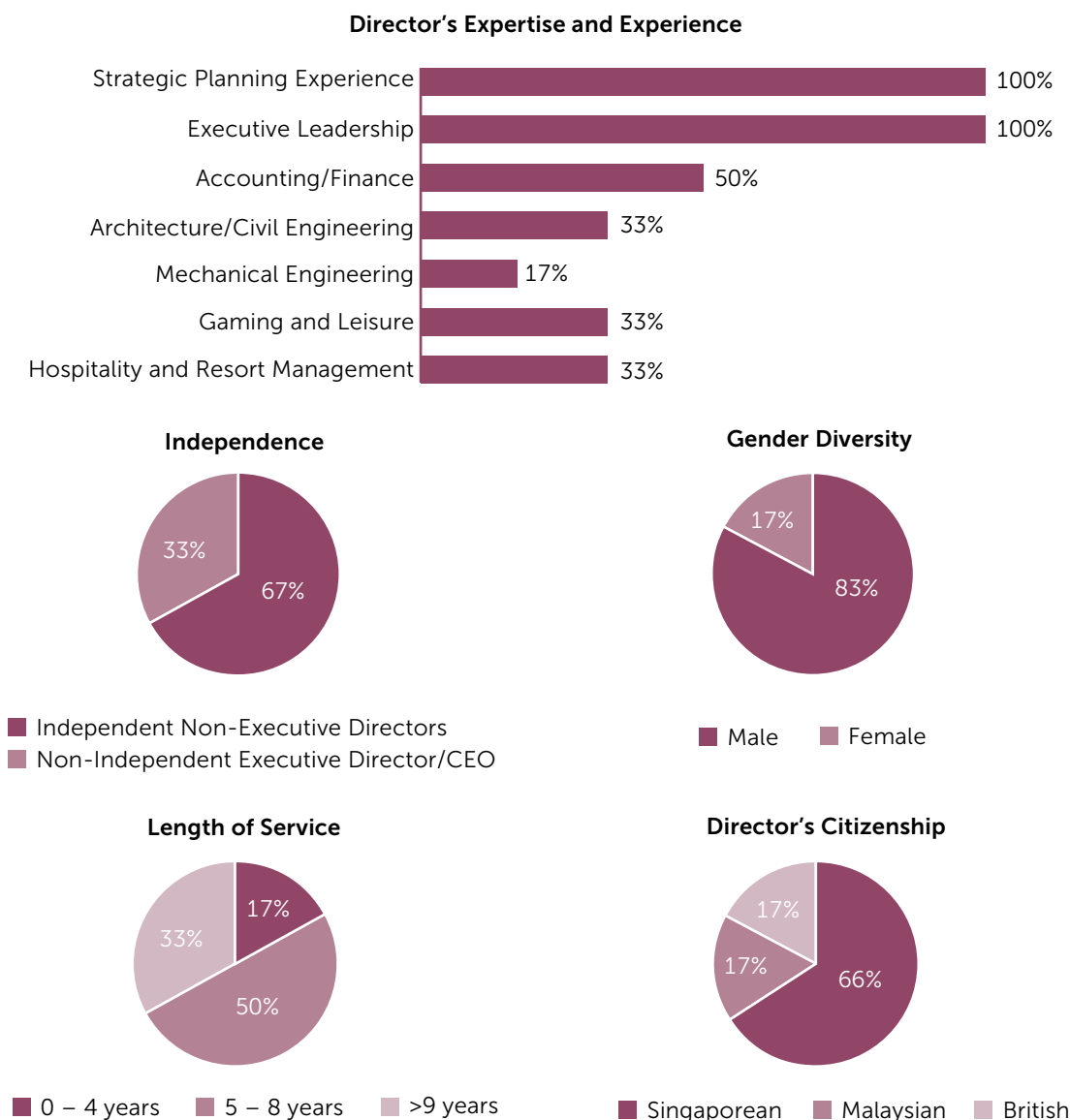
The Company is committed to building a diverse, inclusive and dynamic corporate culture and promotes diversity as a key attribute of a well-functioning and effective Board.

The Company has in place a Board Diversity Policy, which acknowledges the benefits of having a diverse Board to avoid groupthink and foster robust discussions. The Board continues to consider the differences in the skill sets, industry disciplines, educational backgrounds, business, entrepreneurial and management experiences, gender, age, ethnicity and culture, geographical backgrounds and nationalities, tenure of service and other distinguishing qualities of Directors in determining the optimal composition of the Board as part of the process for the appointment of new Directors and Board succession planning. The combination of skills, experience and attributes ensure different perspectives are applied to various aspects of the Company's business, to contribute to the achievement of its strategic and commercial objectives.

The Directors have wide ranging experience and collectively provide competencies in areas such as hospitality, resort management, gaming and leisure, accounting, finance, project management, cost management, quantity surveying, entrepreneurial and management experience, as well as knowledge of the Company and other relevant industry knowledge. They all have occupied or are currently occupying senior positions in the public and/or private sectors.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Details of the Board composition are as follows:



Taking into account the nature and scope of the Group's business, the Board considers that (i) its Directors possess the necessary competencies to lead and guide the Group, and (ii) the current Board size with a majority of Independent Non-Executive Directors, is appropriate to facilitate effective decision making.

The Board is of the view that gender is an important aspect of diversity. The Board shall endeavour to ensure that there is an appropriate female representation on the Board. In the Company's Annual Report 2022, the Board stated that it shall endeavour to ensure a 25-30% representation of female directors within the next 3-5 years, recognising that the Board's needs may change over time taking into account the skills, experience and requirements of the Board.

A brief profile of each of the Directors is presented on pages 10 to 13 of this Annual Report.

### (iii) Executive Chairman and CEO *Principle 3*

The Executive Chairman, and the CEO are separate persons to ensure an appropriate balance of power and authority, increased accountability and greater capacity of the Board for independent decision making. The Executive Chairman is responsible for formulating the Group's business strategies and policies, and the effective functioning of the Board. He facilitates and encourages constructive relations within the Board, and between the Board and Management. With the support of the Company Secretary and Management, he ensures that the Directors receive accurate, timely and clear information to facilitate open and effective Board

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

discussion and contributions by all Directors, and ensures effective communication with the shareholders. The CEO is responsible for executing the Board's approved strategies, manages and develops the Company's businesses, and provides leadership to the Management team of the Group to ensure effective day-to-day operational performance and organisational excellence. The Executive Chairman, and the CEO are not related to each other.

### Lead Independent Director

Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina, the Lead Independent Director, provides leadership in situations where the Executive Chairman is conflicted. The Lead Independent Director also coordinates an annual meeting, or such meetings as required, with the other Independent Non-Executive Directors without the presence of the other Directors, and provides feedback from these meetings to the Board. Shareholders with any concerns may contact the Lead Independent Director directly, when contact through the Executive Chairman, the CEO, or the Chief Financial Officer has failed to resolve or is inappropriate or inadequate.

#### (iv) **Board Membership**

##### *Principle 4*

### Nominating Committee

The Nominating Committee comprises of three members, all of whom, including its Chairman, are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The members of the Nominating Committee are as follows:

- Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina Chairman and Independent Non-Executive Director
- Mr Jonathan Asherson Member and Independent Non-Executive Director
- Mr Tan Wah Yeow Member and Independent Non-Executive Director

Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina, Chairman of the Nominating Committee, is the Lead Independent Director of the Company.

The principal functions of the Nominating Committee include the following:

- recommend to the Board the appointment of new Executive and Non-Executive Directors;
- review the Board's succession plan, in particular for the Executive Chairman, the CEO, and key management personnel;
- evaluate and determine the independence of each Non-Executive Director;
- review, assess and if thought fit, recommend Directors who retire by rotation to be put forward for re-election;
- assess the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, and of each Board Committee and the contributions of each Director; and
- make recommendations to the Board relating to the review of training and professional development programmes for the Board and its Directors.

The role and functions of the Nominating Committee are set out in the Nominating Committee TOR approved by the Board.

### Selection, Appointment and Re-appointment of Directors

The Nominating Committee is responsible for reviewing the succession plans for the Board. In this regard, it has put in place a formal process for the renewal of the Board and the selection of new Directors. Where the need to appoint a new Director arises, the Nominating Committee will determine the role and the desirable competencies for a particular appointment to enhance the existing Board composition. The Nominating Committee will prepare a shortlist of candidates with the appropriate profile and qualities for nomination and/or engage external search consultants to identify the candidates. The Nominating Committee will assess the candidates' suitability and make recommendations to the Board for approval.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company's Constitution provides that at least one-third of the Directors shall retire from office by rotation at each Annual General Meeting ("AGM"), and that each Director shall retire from office at least once every three years. A retiring Director is eligible for re-election. All new Directors appointed by the Board shall only hold office until the next AGM, and be eligible for re-appointment at the AGM. The Nominating Committee is charged with the responsibility of re-nomination having regard to the Director's contribution and performance (such as attendance, preparedness, participation and candor), with reference to the results of the assessment of the performance of the individual Director by his/her peers.

The Directors standing for re-election at the forthcoming AGM are Mr Tan Wah Yeow and Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston. Taking into account, among others, these Directors' participation during and outside the formal Board and Board Committee meetings, as well as their contributions, the Board accepted the Nominating Committee's recommendations to put forth these Directors for re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

Detailed information on Directors to be re-elected is set out under "Board of Directors" and Explanatory Notes to "Notice of AGM" in this Annual Report, in accordance with Rule 720(6) of the SGX-ST Listing Rules. Mr Tan Wah Yeow and Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston have individually given a negative disclosure on each of the items set out in Appendix 7.4.1 (a) to (k) of the SGX-ST Listing Rules.

### Annual Review of Directors' Independence

The Nominating Committee reviews annually the independence declaration made by the Independent Non-Executive Directors based on the criterion of independence under the guidelines provided in the 2018 Code and the SGX-ST Listing Rules.

Based on each Independent Non-Executive Director's annual confirmation of independence in respect of the year under review, the Nominating Committee (with each of Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina, Mr Jonathan Asherson, and Mr Tan Wah Yeow abstaining from deliberations relating to themselves) considered and determined that Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina, Mr Tan Wah Yeow, Mr Jonathan Asherson and Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The Nominating Committee viewed that they are independent in character and judgment and there were no circumstances which would likely affect or appear to affect their judgment.

### Directors' Time Commitment

Although some of the Directors have other listed company board representations or principal commitments, the Nominating Committee believes that the effectiveness of a Director is best assessed by his/her attendance and contributions at meetings of the Board and Board Committees, his/her time commitment to the affairs of the Company, and his/her qualitative contribution to the Board, and it would not be necessary to set a maximum limit on the number of listed company board representations and other principal commitments of each Director. The Nominating Committee takes the view that the number of listed company directorships a Director may hold should be considered on a case-by-case basis, as each Director's available time and attention may be affected by many different factors, including the nature of his/her responsibilities for his/her other commitments.

The Nominating Committee will continue to review from time to time the respective Directors' other board representations and principal commitments to ensure that all Directors are able to meet the demands of the Group and discharge their duties adequately. The Company has no alternate Directors on its Board.

## (v) **Board Performance**

### *Principle 5*

The Nominating Committee evaluates and assesses annually the effectiveness of the Board and the Board Committees, and the performance and independence of each Director.

To assist the Nominating Committee in its evaluation and assessment, each Director submitted his/her written assessment of the Board's and the Board Committees' effectiveness, and of the other Directors' contributions. The performance criteria for the Board and Board Committees' evaluation took into account, among others, the Board composition, size of Board, degree of independence, quality and timeliness of information, interaction with Management, balance of focus between internal matters and external concerns, Board accountability and effectiveness of Board Committees.

The Directors' performance criteria focused on, among others, leadership, communication skills, industry knowledge, attendance at meetings and commitments of Directors.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The responses from Directors were then compiled and assessment results were presented and discussed at a meeting of the Nominating Committee. Key areas for improvement and relevant follow-up actions were highlighted at the meeting and reported to the Board.

For the year under review, the Nominating Committee and Board were of the view that the Board and Board Committees operated effectively and that each Director contributed to the effectiveness of the Board. The Nominating Committee and Board were also satisfied that each Director devoted sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company.

### B. REMUNERATION MATTERS

#### (i) Procedures for Developing Remuneration Policies, and Level and Mix of Remuneration

*Principles 6 and 7*

The Remuneration Committee comprises three members, all of whom, including its Chairman, are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The members of the Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston Chairman and Independent Non-Executive Director
- Mr Jonathan Asherson Member and Independent Non-Executive Director
- Mr Tan Wah Yeow Member and Independent Non-Executive Director

The principal functions of the Remuneration Committee include the following:

- review and recommend to the Board a framework of remuneration including policy matters with regards to annual salary adjustments and variable bonuses;
- review and recommend to the Board specific remuneration packages for Directors and key management personnel; and
- administer the Genting Singapore Performance Share Scheme ("PSS").

The roles and functions of the Remuneration Committee are set out in the Remuneration Committee TOR approved by the Board.

The Remuneration Committee also ensures that the Independent Non-Executive Directors are not over-compensated to the extent that their independence may be compromised. The Remuneration Committee takes into account factors such as the size of the Board, roles and responsibilities, and level and quality of contributions including attendance and time spent at and outside the formal environment of Board and Board Committee meetings, increased focus on risk and governance issues, and increased personal reporting obligations in compliance with the Casino Control Act 2006 ("CCA").

The Independent Non-Executive Directors have no service contracts. Directors do not participate in decisions regarding their own remuneration packages.

Each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors has been granted 125,000 share awards under the PSS during the year under review. Vesting of the share awards is subject to satisfaction of service condition of one year from date of grant and will be subject to the Independent Non-Executive Directors being in service at the point of vesting. The Independent Non-Executive Directors will be subject to a selling moratorium pursuant to which each of whom will be required to hold shares of a value equivalent to one year's basic retainer fees during his or her tenure as a Director. Details of the PSS are set out in Note 23(a) to the financial statements.

There are no termination, retirement or post-employment benefits granted to the Directors or the top five key management personnel in FY2023.

The Remuneration Committee reviews and recommends the framework of remuneration for the Executive Chairman, the CEO, and key management personnel. In doing so, they adopt the compensation principles of ensuring sustainability in the long run by seeking an appropriate balance between fixed and variable compensation, linking rewards to performance, and furthering the Company's ability to attract and retain key talent so as to deliver long term shareholders' returns.

In carrying out its duties, the Remuneration Committee has joint discussions with the Head of Human Resources, and has the discretion to invite any officer to attend the meetings. The Remuneration Committee may also obtain such external or other independent professional advice as it considers necessary.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### Remuneration for the Executive Chairman and the CEO

The remuneration packages of the Executive Chairman and the CEO include a combination of base salary, variable bonus and grant of performance share awards. A proportion of the remuneration of the Executive Chairman and the CEO is in the form of variable or "at risk" compensation, which consists of variable bonus and the performance share awards. The variable bonus is designed to reward the Executive Chairman and the CEO for their respective contributions to the Group and the Group's performance. The performance share awards are designed to align the interests of the Executive Chairman and the CEO respectively with those of shareholders and link rewards to corporate and individual performance. The service contracts of the Executive Chairman and the CEO contain reasonable termination clauses which are not overly generous.

### Remuneration for key management personnel

The remuneration packages of the key management personnel also include a combination of base salary, variable bonus and grant of performance share awards. A proportion of the remuneration of the key management personnel is in the form of variable or "at risk" compensation, which consists of variable bonus and the performance share awards. The variable bonus is designed to reward the key management personnel for their respective contributions to the Group and the Group's performance. The performance share awards have a deferred payment schedule, and may be withheld or forfeited if any key management personnel are undergoing any investigations or disciplinary proceedings or leave the Company prior to the awards vesting.

The Remuneration Committee recognises that the Group operates in a multifaceted environment and reviews remuneration through a process that considers Group, business unit and individual performance as well as relevant comparative remuneration in the market. The performance evaluation for the Executive Chairman, the CEO and the key management personnel has been conducted in accordance with the above considerations.

### Remuneration for other employees

During the year under review, the Remuneration Committee reviewed and recommended for the Board's approval, the compensation for employees of various grades including bonus payments and annual salary increments.

## (ii) Disclosure on Remuneration

### *Principle 8*

#### Directors' fee structure for the financial year ending 31 December 2024 ("FY2024")

The Remuneration Committee reviewed the fee structure for the Directors which was last revised to pay a fee for the role of Lead Independent Director for FY2022. The Remuneration Committee recommended and the Board resolved to adopt the same fee structure without changes for FY2024 as follows:

Fee Structure for Non-Independent Executive Directors (on a per annum basis)	Fee Structure for Independent Non-Executive Directors (on a per annum basis)							
	Board	Audit and Risk Committee		Remuneration Committee		Nominating Committee		Lead Independent Director
	Member	Chairman	Member	Chairman	Member	Chairman	Member	
\$15,000	\$150,000	\$120,000	\$75,000	\$65,000	\$45,000	\$50,000	\$35,000	\$15,000

#### Notes:

- Non-Independent Executive Directors who serve on any Board Committees are not entitled to receive additional fees for serving on any such Board Committees.
- Attendance fees payable to each Director: \$3,000 per meeting and \$1,000 per teleconference meeting.

For FY2024, based on the anticipated number of Directors as well as Board and Board Committee meetings, and assuming full attendance by all the Directors, the Directors' fees will be up to \$2,049,000 (FY2023: up to \$2,031,000) in total for all Directors, subject to the shareholders' approval at the forthcoming AGM. In the event that the amount proposed is insufficient, approval will be sought at the next AGM before payments are made to the Directors for the shortfall.

To facilitate the payment of Directors' fees during the financial year in which the fees are incurred, the Board resolved to accept the Remuneration Committee's recommendations above and submit the Directors' fees for FY2024 for approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming AGM.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### Disclosure on Directors' remuneration

The Company believes that the disclosure in bands of \$250,000 provides sufficient overview of the remuneration of the Directors. The Directors in service in FY2023, whose total remuneration during FY2023 fall within the following bands, are as follows:

Name of Director	Fee (%)	Salary (%)	Bonus (%)	Defined Contribution Plan (%)	Benefits-in-kind (%)	Total Remuneration <sup>(1)</sup> (%)	Share Awards granted under the Performance Share Scheme <sup>(2)</sup>
<b><u>Non-Independent Executive Directors</u></b>							
<b><i>From \$8,750,000 to below \$9,000,000</i></b>							
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	0.3	56.9	42.6	0.2	0.0	100.0	–
<b><i>From \$7,750,000 to below \$8,000,000</i></b>							
Mr Tan Hee Teck	0.3	39.1	60.3	0.3	0.0	100.0	–
<b><u>Independent Non-Executive Directors</u></b>							
<b><i>From \$250,000 to below \$500,000</i></b>							
Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	125,000
Mr Tan Wah Yeow	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	125,000
Mr Jonathan Asherson	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	125,000
Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston	100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	125,000

Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Total Remuneration is the sum of Fees, Salary, Bonus, Defined Contribution Plan and Benefits-in-kind for FY2023.

<sup>(2)</sup> The figures refer to the number of share awards were granted in 2023 under the PSS. The subsequent vesting of these share awards is subject to satisfaction of service condition of one year from date of grant and will be subject to the Independent Non-Executive Directors being in service at the point of vesting.

### Disclosure on remuneration of top five key management personnel (who are not Directors of the Company)

The Company has provided a Group-wide cross-section of top five key management personnel's remuneration and their names in bands of \$250,000. The Company believes that this disclosure, which provides sufficient overview of the remuneration of the Group while maintaining confidentiality of employee remuneration matters, is in the best interests of the Group given the competitive and specialised conditions in our industry.

The remuneration of the top five key management personnel of the Group (who are not Directors of the Company) still in service as at the end of FY2023, whose total remuneration during FY2023 fall within the following bands, is as follows:

Key Management Personnel	Total Remuneration <sup>(1)</sup>	Performance Shares Award <sup>(2)</sup>
Ms Lee Shi Ruh	<i>From \$1,250,000 to below \$1,500,000</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Mr Andrew MacDonald	<i>From \$2,500,000 to below \$2,750,000</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Ms Nanami Kasasaki	<i>From \$750,000 to below \$1,000,000</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Mr Mark Chee Weng Hun	<i>From \$500,000 to below \$750,000</i>	<i>Nil</i>
Ms Loh Su Kim	<i>From \$500,000 to below \$750,000</i>	<i>Nil</i>

Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Total Remuneration is the sum of Fees, Salary, Bonus, Defined Contribution Plan and Benefits-in-kind for FY2023.

<sup>(2)</sup> No performance share awards were granted in 2023 under the PSS.

The aggregate remuneration of the five key management personnel above in FY2023 was \$6,025,508.

During FY2023, no executive of the Group was an immediate family member (as defined in the SGX-ST Listing Rules) of any Director or substantial shareholder of the Company.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

## C. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

### Accountability

The Board provides a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects through the annual review of operations in the Annual Report, periodic financial statements and other announcements released via SGXNet and the analysts briefings. In turn, Management provides the Board with balanced and understandable accounts of the Group's performance, position and prospects on a regular basis and as and when the Board requires. Regular reports are submitted by Resorts World at Sentosa Pte. Ltd. ("RWS") to the Gambling Regulatory Authority of Singapore ("GRA"), in compliance with the CCA, its regulations, the approved internal control codes and guiding principles (pursuant to Section 138 of the CCA) or as otherwise directed by the GRA.

The Directors are also required by the Companies Act 1967 and the rules and regulations of the SGX-ST to prepare full-year financial statements for each financial year. The financial statements as set out in this Annual Report have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) and the Companies Act 1967, and give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the results and cash flows of the Group for the financial year.

In compliance with Rule 720(1) of the SGX-ST Listing Rules, the Company has procured undertakings from all its Directors and executive officers in the form prescribed by the SGX-ST.

### (i) **Audit and Risk Committee**

#### *Principle 10*

The Audit and Risk Committee comprises three members, all of whom, including its Chairman, are Independent Non-Executive Directors. The members of the Audit and Risk Committee are as follows:

- |                               |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| • Mr Tan Wah Yeow             | Chairman and Independent Non-Executive Director |
| • Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina | Member and Independent Non-Executive Director   |
| • Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston  | Member and Independent Non-Executive Director   |

The Audit and Risk Committee Chairman, Mr Tan Wah Yeow, was the Deputy Managing Partner of KPMG Singapore. He brings with him a wealth of accounting and financial expertise and experience to the Audit and Risk Committee. The other Audit and Risk Committee members have accounting or related financial management experience. No member of the Audit and Risk Committee is a former partner or director of the Company's existing auditing firm, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP ("PwC").

The principal functions of the Audit and Risk Committee include the following:

- review the annual consolidated financial statements and the external auditor's report on those financial statements, and discuss any significant adjustments, major risk areas, changes in accounting policies, compliance with applicable financial reporting standards, concerns and issues arising from their audits including any matters which the auditors may wish to discuss in the absence of Management, where necessary, before submission to the Board for approval;
- review the half-year and full-year consolidated financial statements comprising the profit and loss statements and the balance sheets and such other information required in accordance with the rules and regulations of the SGX-ST, before submission to the Board for approval;
- review the work of the external auditor and the internal auditor, including their audit plans, the results of their review and evaluation of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal control systems including but not limited to financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls and risk management systems;
- oversee the Group's risk management process and framework, including the following:
  - review the level of risk tolerance, the risk strategies and policies adopted to ensure accurate and timely reporting of significant exposures and critical risks; and
  - review the risk reports and Management's response to the findings;

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

- review and discuss with external and internal auditors, on any key audit matters including but not limited to suspected fraud, irregularity or infringement of any relevant laws, rules or regulations, which has or is likely to have a material impact on the Group's operating results or financial position and the Management's response;
- meet with the external auditor and with the internal auditor without the presence of Management, at least annually, to discuss any problems and concerns they may have;
- review annually the scope and results of the audit and its cost effectiveness as well as the independence and objectivity of the external auditor;
- review the adequacy and effectiveness of internal control and risk management systems;
- review the adequacy, effectiveness and independence of the Group's internal audit function;
- review the assurance from the CEO, and the Chief Financial Officer on the financial records and financial statements;
- review the co-operation given by Management to the external auditor;
- consider the appointment, remuneration, terms of engagement, re-appointment and if necessary, removal of the external auditor taking into consideration independence and objectivity of such external auditor;
- review, approve and ratify any interested person transactions falling within the scope of Chapter 9 of the SGX-ST Listing Rules;
- review conflicts of interest;
- review and implement arrangements by which employees may, in confidence, raise concerns about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting and to ensure that arrangements are in place for the independent investigations of such matter and for appropriate follow-up;
- undertake such other reviews and projects as may be requested by the Board, and report to the Board its findings from time to time on matters arising and requiring the attention of the Audit and Risk Committee; and
- undertake generally such other functions and duties as may be required by applicable laws or regulations, the SGX-ST Listing Rules and/or guided by the 2018 Code.

The role and functions of the Audit and Risk Committee are set out in the Audit and Risk Committee TOR approved by the Board.

During the year under review, the activities of the Audit and Risk Committee included the review of the volume and nature of the non-audit services provided by the external auditor. The Audit and Risk Committee did not find anything that would cause them to believe that the nature and provision of such services would affect the independence and objectivity of the external auditor given that such services relate largely to compliance with the CCA and with requirements of other regulatory authorities. Hence, the Audit and Risk Committee recommended that PwC be nominated for re-appointment as auditor at the forthcoming AGM. PwC has indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment. Details of audit and non-audit fees paid/payable to PwC are found in Note 6 to the financial statements.

The Group is in compliance with Rules 712 and 715 of the SGX-ST Listing Rules in relation to the appointment of its auditor.

The Audit and Risk Committee also met up with the internal and external auditors without the presence of Management, to address any concerns in respect of their findings in FY2023.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Through the Audit and Risk Committee, the Company maintains an appropriate and transparent relationship with the external auditor. The external auditor is invited to attend the Audit and Risk Committee meetings to present its audit plans and reports and to answer any queries the Audit and Risk Committee may have on the financial statements. During the year under review, the external auditor highlighted to the Audit and Risk Committee and the Board significant matters that required the Audit and Risk Committee's and the Board's attention arising from their audit of the financial statements. In this regard, the Audit and Risk Committee reviewed, and discussed with the external auditor, the following significant matters:

- *Impairment of trade receivables*

In assessing the impairment of trade receivables, Management reviews such trade receivables for objective evidence of impairment. Impairment assessment, performed quarterly, requires significant judgment in relation to credit evaluation. A credit committee assesses the credit quality of customers taking into account the customer's payment profile, credit exposure and other factors.

The Audit and Risk Committee reviewed Management's process and methodology for assessing the impairment of trade receivables. After consideration, the Audit and Risk Committee was satisfied that the impairment of trade receivables in respect of the year under review is adequate and appropriate.

The Audit and Risk Committee also has access to and receives periodic updates from the external auditor as required, to keep abreast of changes to accounting standards and issues which impact the Group's financial statements. The Audit and Risk Committee is authorised to investigate any matter within its TOR. In discharging its duties, the Audit and Risk Committee is provided with adequate resources, has full access to, and the co-operation of, Management and the internal auditor. The Audit and Risk Committee has full discretion to invite any Director, executive officer, external consultant or adviser to attend its meetings.

The Company has in place a comprehensive whistleblowing policy which sets out the procedures for a whistleblower to make a report to the Company on misconduct or wrongdoing relating to the Company and its officers. Please refer to section H for more details on the policy.

### (ii) **Risk Management, Internal Controls and Internal Audit**

#### *Principle 9*

The Board, with the assistance of the Audit and Risk Committee, is responsible for determining the Group's levels of risk appetite and risk policies, and overseeing Management in the design, implementation and monitoring of the Group's system of internal controls (including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls) and risk management systems, and for reviewing its adequacy and effectiveness. The Board determines the nature and extent of the significant risks which the Company is willing to take in achieving its strategic objectives and value creation.

The Internal Audit Department ("Internal Audit") is responsible for undertaking regular and systematic review of the internal controls to provide the Audit and Risk Committee and the Board with assurance that the systems of internal control are adequate and effective in addressing the risks identified. Such review is performed based on the Standards for the Professional Practices of Internal Auditing set by The Institute of Internal Auditors. Internal Audit reports primarily to the Audit and Risk Committee, adheres to The Institute of Internal Auditors' Code of Ethics, and functions independently of the activities it audits.

The appointment, termination and remuneration of the Head of Internal Audit are reviewed and endorsed by the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee. The Head of Internal Audit has unfettered access to the Group's documents, records, properties and personnel, as well as access to the Audit and Risk Committee.

On a quarterly basis, Internal Audit submits audit reports and the plan status for review and approval by the Audit and Risk Committee. Included in the reports are recommended corrective measures on risks and control matters identified, if any, for implementation by Management.

The Audit and Risk Committee reviews and approves the annual internal audit plans. Annually, the Audit and Risk Committee also ensures that the internal audit function is independent, effective, adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Group to perform its functions effectively. The Head of Internal Audit and all Internal Audit staff have the relevant undergraduate and postgraduate qualifications and experience. A private session is scheduled annually for the Audit and Risk Committee to meet up with the Head of Internal Audit, without the presence of Management, to discuss any specific matters or concerns.

Based on the reports and plans submitted by Internal Audit, the Audit and Risk Committee is satisfied that in respect of the year under review, the internal audit function of the Group is independent, effective and adequately resourced.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Management Risk Committee is responsible for monitoring the implementation of the Group's risk management policies and processes, and their adequacy and effectiveness for the Group.

A risk management framework has been developed and meets Principle 9 and the corresponding guidelines of the 2018 Code. Under the risk management framework, the Group has set risk appetite statements and specific risk parameters, to align Management in the identification, assessment, and review of risks. For FY2023, Management reviewed and enhanced the risk management framework as well as the risk appetite statements.

All business units are involved in identifying, evaluating, managing and reporting risks in accordance with the risk management framework. The heads of business units are required to provide assurance for their respective risks, and the adequacy and effectiveness of the risk controls. Material findings and recommendations in respect of significant risk matters are regularly reported to the Audit and Risk Committee.

In respect of FY2023, the Board has received assurance from (i) the CEO, and the Chief Financial Officer that the financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's and the Group's operations and finances; and (ii) the CEO, and other key management personnel who are responsible, that the Group's risk management and internal control systems are adequate and effective.

Based on the internal controls established and maintained by the Group, information furnished to the Board and the internal and external audits conducted, the Board, with the concurrence of the Audit and Risk Committee, is of the view that the system of internal controls, including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls, and risk management systems were adequate and effective as at 31 December 2023 in meeting the needs of the Group's existing business objectives, having addressed the critical risk areas.

The Group's system of internal controls and risk management provides reasonable assurance against foreseeable events that may adversely affect the Group's business objectives. The Board notes no system of internal controls and risk management can provide absolute assurance in this regard, or against the occurrence of material errors, poor judgment in decision making, human error, losses, fraud or other irregularities.

### D. SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS AND ENGAGEMENT

#### (i) Shareholder Rights and Conduct of General Meetings

##### *Principle 11*

The Group acknowledges the importance of timely and equal dissemination of material information to shareholders, investors and the public at large. Hence, all material price-sensitive information is released through SGXNet, and then posted on the corporate website of the Company so that all shareholders, investors and the general public are updated of the latest developments on a timely and consistent basis. On the rare occasion where such information is inadvertently disclosed to a select group, the same information will be released to the public via SGXNet and/or the press as promptly as possible.

The Company's AGM is an important forum for dialogue with shareholders. Shareholders are encouraged to participate in the proceedings and ask questions about the resolutions being proposed and the operations of the Group. The Company's Constitution permits a member of the Company to appoint not more than two proxies to attend and vote at the AGM on his behalf. The relevant intermediaries (as defined in the Companies Act 1967) may appoint more than two proxies.

Shareholders are informed of shareholders' meetings through notices sent to them. The Annual Report, Notice of AGM, accompanying proxy form and other related AGM documents are also released via SGXNet and posted on the Company's corporate website. Shareholders are accorded the opportunity to raise relevant questions and to communicate their views at shareholders' meetings. Voting in absentia such as by mail, email or fax has not been implemented as issues remain over shareholder authentication and other related security and integrity concerns.

Separate resolutions are proposed at shareholders' meetings on each distinct issue, unless the resolutions are inter-dependent and linked so as to form one significant proposal. Information on each item in the AGM agenda is disclosed in the AGM notice and in the Letter to Shareholders. The chairpersons of the various Board Committees, Management, the external auditor and where necessary, the advisors, are present to assist the Directors to answer any relevant queries by the shareholders.

The Company subjects all resolutions to voting by poll and shareholders are informed of the applicable rules and voting procedures. The results of the votes are announced during the AGM itself and are also released via SGXNet. Minutes of the AGM which record the substantial and relevant comments or queries from the meeting attendees relating to the agenda of the general meeting and responses from the Board and Management are released via SGXNet and posted on the Company's corporate website.

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company convened and held its AGM in 2023 ("AGM 2023") physically pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. Arrangements were put in place for AGM 2023 for attendance at the AGM, the submission of questions in advance of the AGM, and voting at the AGM by the shareholders or their duly appointed proxy(ies), and these arrangements were disclosed to the shareholders by way of an announcement of the Notice of AGM released via SGXNet and posted on the Company's corporate website.

### Dividend Policy

The Company aims to deliver a sustainable dividend to shareholders, after taking into account the Group's financial performance, short and long-term capital requirements, future investment plans, and general global and business economic conditions. The Board will endeavor to maintain a balance between shareholders' expectations and prudent capital management.

#### **(ii) Engagement with Shareholders**

##### *Principle 12*

The Company has in place an Investor Relations policy which allows for an ongoing exchange of views so as to actively engage and promote regular, effective and fair communications with shareholders and the investment community. The investor relations policy sets out the mechanism through which shareholders may contact the Company with questions and through which the Company may respond to such questions.

The Group maintains a corporate website at [www.gentingsingapore.com](http://www.gentingsingapore.com). The website has a dedicated and easily identifiable "Investors" section where shareholders and other interested parties can find useful information relating to the Group's latest financial information, news and announcements and annual reports.

The Company releases the financial statements of the Company and the Group on a half-yearly basis. Conference calls are conducted after each half-yearly financial results announcement. The date of release of each half-yearly financial results is announced through SGXNet four weeks in advance.

The Group has a dedicated in-house Investor Relations team ("IR Team"). The IR Team holds regular update briefings with analysts and attends corporate access events to maintain regular dialogue with shareholders as well as to solicit and understand the views of shareholders. The Group also hosts individual and group meetings with the investment community to give them a better understanding of the businesses of the Group. The Group also participates in relevant investor forums held in Singapore and abroad.

## **E. MANAGING STAKEHOLDER RELATIONS**

### **Engagement with Stakeholders**

#### *Principle 13*

The Company acknowledges that the stakeholder engagement is essential to its long-term growth, and has been reporting its engagement activities in its annual sustainability report, with reference to the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) standards. Aligned with the Group's priorities, the Company identifies its key stakeholder groups and reaches out to them via relevant engagement channels based on their areas of interests.

Please refer to the section on Stakeholder Interest and Engagement in the Company's Sustainability Report 2023 on pages 11 to 12 for more information on how the Company manages its stakeholder relationships.

## **F. SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS**

The Company complies with the best practices in dealings in securities, as set out under Rule 1207(19) of the SGX-ST Listing Rules. In this regard, the Company has adopted a Code of Best Practices on Dealings in Securities, to provide appropriate guidance to Directors and officers on dealings in the Company's securities. During FY2023, all Directors and officers were not permitted to deal in the securities of the Company during the period commencing two weeks before the announcement of the Company's first and third quarter voluntary quarterly business updates, and one month before the announcement of its half-year and full-year results, and ending on the date of the announcement of the relevant voluntary quarterly business updates or results. Reminders were issued prior to the applicable trading black-outs. The Company's Directors and officers, who are expected to observe insider trading laws at all times, were also reminded not to deal in the Company's securities on short-term considerations, or whilst in possession of unpublished material price-sensitive information relating to the securities of the Company.



## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

### G. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct, which provides guidance on the principles and best practices of the Company, founded on the basis of promoting the highest standards of personal and professional integrity, honesty and values, in employees' daily activities.

The Code of Conduct covers various aspects that employees are expected to ensure compliance with in the course of their employment and/or representing the Company. These aspects include conflicts of interests, confidentiality of information, fair dealing, non-solicitation, entertainment and gifts, rightful use of the Company's information and assets, communication with media and authorities, workplace safety and environment, and all applicable statutory and regulatory requirements. Employees are required to comply with the Company's policies at all times. The Company adopts a zero level of tolerance towards fraudulent behavior and/or willful misconduct by its employees.

Through the employees' observance of such principles and best practices, the Company believes that the public's confidence in the management of the Company will be further enhanced.

### H. WHISTLEBLOWING POLICY

The Company and its group of companies are committed to achieving compliance with all applicable laws and regulations, accounting and audit standards. The Audit and Risk Committee has accordingly established the whistleblowing policy to guide employees and external parties to raise concerns or complaints about possible improprieties regarding abuse of power, non-compliance of rules and regulations/code of conduct and fraud/misconduct. Investigations of whistleblowing reports made in good faith will be carried out in an objective manner by the Internal Audit Department designated investigation team. The Company is committed to ensuring protection of the whistleblowers against detrimental or unfair treatment, and their reports will be treated confidentially and fairly. The designated investigation team from Internal Audit Department maintains a record of all concerns or complaints, the investigation and resolution, and prepares a periodic summary thereof for the Audit and Risk Committee, who is responsible for oversight and monitoring of whistleblowing.

The Company's whistleblowing policy is available on the Company's website at [www.gentingsingapore.com](http://www.gentingsingapore.com) to facilitate the reporting of possible improprieties. It includes a dedicated hotline number, email address and a direct channel to the Chairman of Audit and Risk Committee. Such arrangements help ensure independent investigation of matters raised and allow appropriate actions to be taken.

### I. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Except as disclosed under section J, no material contracts to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries is a party which involved the interest of the Directors or controlling shareholders subsisted at, or have been entered into, in FY2023.

### J. INTERESTED PERSON TRANSACTIONS

Name of interested person	Nature of relationship	Aggregate value of all interested person transactions during the financial year under review (excluding transactions less than \$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920) \$'000	Aggregate value of all interested person transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 (excluding transactions less than \$100,000) \$'000
<b>Resorts World Inc Group</b> Sale of Goods and Services Purchase of Goods and Services	An associate of a person who is the Company's director and controlling shareholder	2 -	100 -

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE SUMMARY OF DISCLOSURES

This summary of disclosures describes the Company's corporate governance practices with specific reference to the express disclosure requirements in the principles and provisions of the 2018 Code pursuant to Rule 710 of the SGX-ST Listing Rules.

<b>Express Disclosure Requirements in the Principles and Provisions of the 2018 Code</b>	<b>Page reference in the Company's Annual Report 2023</b>
<b>Provision 1.2</b> The induction, training and development provided to new and existing Directors.	Page 33
<b>Provision 1.3</b> Matters that require Board approval.	Page 32
<b>Provision 1.4</b> Names of the members of Board Committees, the terms of reference of the Board Committees, any delegation of the Board's authority to make decisions, and a summary of each committee's activities.	Pages 36-44
<b>Provision 1.5</b> The number of meetings of the Board and Board Committees held in the year, as well as the attendance of every Board member at these meetings.	Pages 32
<b>Provision 2.4</b> The Board diversity policy and progress made towards implementing the Board diversity policy, including objectives.	Pages 34-35
<b>Provision 4.3</b> Process for the selection, appointment and re-appointment of Directors to the Board, including the criteria used to identify and evaluate potential new directors and channels used in searching for appropriate candidates.	Pages 36-37
<b>Provision 4.4</b> Where the Board considers a Director to be independent in spite of the existence of a relationship which may affect his or her independence, the nature of the Directors' relationship and the reasons for considering him or her as independent should be disclosed.	Not applicable
<b>Provision 4.5</b> The listed company directorships and principal commitments of each Director, and where a Director holds a significant number of such directorships and commitments, the Nominating Committee's and Board's reasoned assessment of the ability of the Director to diligently discharge his or her duties are disclosed.	Pages 10-13 and 37
<b>Provision 5.2</b> How the assessments of the Board, its Board Committees and each Director have been conducted, including the identity of any external facilitator and its connection, if any, with the Company or any of its Directors.	Pages 37-38
<b>Provision 6.4</b> The Company discloses the engagement of any remuneration consultants and their independence.	Not applicable
<b>Principle 8</b> Clear disclosure of remuneration policies, level and mix of remuneration, the procedure for setting remuneration, and the relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation.	Pages 38-39
<b>Provision 8.1</b> The Company discloses the policy and criteria for setting remuneration, as well as names, amounts and breakdown of remuneration of (a) each individual Director and the CEO; and (b) at least the top five key management personnel (who are not Directors or the CEO) in bands no wider than S\$250,000 and in aggregate the total remuneration paid to these key management personnel.	Pages 38-40
<b>Provision 8.2</b> Names and remuneration of employees who are substantial shareholders of the Company, or are immediate family members of a Director, the CEO or a substantial shareholder of the Company, and whose remuneration exceeds S\$100,000 during the year, in bands no wider than S\$100,000. The disclosure states clearly the employee's relationship with the relevant Director or the CEO or substantial shareholder.	Page 40

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE SUMMARY OF DISCLOSURES

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<b>Provision 8.3</b> The Company discloses all forms of remuneration and other payments and benefits, paid by the Company and its subsidiaries to Directors and key management personnel of the Company, and also discloses details of employee share schemes.	Pages 39-40, and 50-51
<b>Provision 9.2</b> Whether the Board has received assurance from (a) the CEO and the Chief Financial Officer that the financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's operations and finances; and (b) the CEO and other key management personnel who are responsible, regarding the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control systems.	Page 44
<b>Provision 10.1 (f)</b> The existence of a whistleblowing policy and procedures for raising such concerns.	Pages 43 and 46
<b>Provision 11.3</b> Directors' attendance at general meetings of shareholders held during the financial year.	Page 44
<b>Provision 11.6</b> The Company has a dividend policy and communicates it to shareholders.	Page 45
<b>Provision 12.1</b> The steps taken to solicit and understand the views of shareholders.	Page 45
<b>Provision 13.2</b> The strategy and key areas of focus in relation to the management of stakeholder relationships during the reporting period.	Page 45 Please refer to the Company's Sustainability Report 2023 for more details

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## DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

The Directors present their statement to the members together with the audited financial statements of Genting Singapore Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2023.

In the opinion of the Directors,

- (a) the financial statements set out on pages 53 to 102 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2023, the financial performance and cash flows of the Group, and the changes in equity of the Group and of the Company, for the financial year ended on that date; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

### DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are as follows:

Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	(Executive Chairman)
Mr Tan Hee Teck	(Chief Executive Officer)
Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina	
Mr Tan Wah Yeow	
Mr Jonathan Asherson	
Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston	

### ARRANGEMENTS TO ENABLE DIRECTORS TO ACQUIRE SHARES AND DEBENTURES

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose object was to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, except for performance shares granted under the Genting Singapore Performance Share Scheme.

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES OR DEBENTURES

According to the Register of Directors' Shareholdings, none of the Directors holding office at the end of the financial year had any interest in the shares or debentures of the Company or its related corporations, except as follows:

	<u>Holdings registered in the name of Director</u>		<u>Holdings in which the Director is deemed to have an interest</u>	
	At 31.12.2023	At 1.1.2023	At 31.12.2023	At 1.1.2023
<b>Genting Singapore Limited</b>				
<b>(Ordinary shares)</b>				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	15,695,063	15,695,063	6,353,828,069	6,353,828,069
Tan Hee Teck	17,250,000	17,250,000	9,600	9,600
Chan Swee Liang Carolina	250,000	250,000	–	–
Tan Wah Yeow	375,000	375,000	–	–
Jonathan Asherson	375,000	375,000	–	–
Hauw Sze Shiung Winston	368,000*	368,000*	43,200	43,200
<b>(Share awards under the Performance Share Scheme)</b>				
Tan Hee Teck	–	1,500,000	–	–
Chan Swee Liang Carolina	125,000#	–	–	–
Tan Wah Yeow	125,000#	–	–	–
Jonathan Asherson	125,000#	–	–	–
Hauw Sze Shiung Winston	125,000#	–	–	–

## DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN SHARES OR DEBENTURES (CONTINUED)

	Holdings registered in the name of Director		Holdings in which the Director is deemed to have an interest	
	At 31.12.2023	At 1.1.2023	At 31.12.2023	At 1.1.2023
<b>Genting Berhad</b>				
<b>(Ordinary shares)</b>				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	–	–	<b>1,694,779,090</b>	1,694,779,090
<b>Genting Malaysia Berhad</b>				
<b>(Ordinary shares)</b>				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	–	–	<b>2,801,365,524</b>	2,835,923,499
Tan Hee Teck	–	–	<b>80,000</b>	80,000
<b>(Long Term Incentive Plan)</b>				
<b>Restricted Share Plan</b>				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	–	–	–	626,000
<b>Performance Share Plan</b>				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	–	–	–	191,835
<b>Genting Plantations Berhad</b>				
<b>(Ordinary shares)</b>				
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	<b>442,800</b>	442,800	<b>496,972,800</b>	496,972,800

\* 233,000 ordinary shares are jointly held by Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston and his spouse.

# The vesting of the share awards is subject to satisfaction of service condition of one year from date of grant and will be subject to the Independent Non-Executive Directors being in service at the point of vesting.

By virtue of Section 7 of the Companies Act 1967 (the "Act"), Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay is deemed to have interests in shares of the subsidiaries held by the Company.

There were no changes in any of the above-mentioned interests in the Company between the end of financial year and 21 January 2024.

### GENTING SINGAPORE PERFORMANCE SHARE SCHEME ("PSS")

On 8 August 2007, the shareholders of the Company approved the PSS for eligible Group executives, Group executive directors and non-executive directors, for an initial period of up to 7 August 2017 (the "Initial Period"). Under the PSS, the Company will deliver shares granted under a performance share award by issuing new shares and/or transferring treasury shares to the participants. The performance share awards represent the right of a participant to receive fully-paid shares free of charge, upon the participant satisfying the criteria set out in the PSS and upon satisfying such criteria as may be imposed. During the Initial Period, the total number of shares which may be awarded pursuant to performance share awards granted under the PSS on any date shall not exceed 208,853,893 shares and when added to the number of shares issued and/or issuable under such other share-based incentives schemes of the Company, shall not exceed 5% of the total number of shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) from time to time.

On 21 April 2016, the shareholders of the Company approved amendments to the rules of the PSS and the extension of the duration of the PSS for a further period of 10 years, from 8 August 2017 to 7 August 2027 (both dates inclusive) (the "Extended Period"). During the Extended Period, the total number of shares which may be awarded pursuant to performance share awards granted under the PSS on any date shall not exceed 420,433,143 shares and when added to the number of shares issued and/or issuable under the PSS prior to the Extended Period and such other share-based incentives schemes of the Company, shall not exceed 5% of the total number of shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) from time to time.

The Company operates short-term and long-term performance share awards. The use of both types of performance share awards ensures that there is equal emphasis on short and longer term performance horizons.

## DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### GENTING SINGAPORE PERFORMANCE SHARE SCHEME ("PSS") (CONTINUED)

Performance share awards are accorded to employees who contribute towards achieving the strategic goals and profitability of the Group. The performance share awards are provisional in nature, and will vest subject to meeting various vesting conditions approved by the Remuneration Committee. Such vesting conditions include individual performance conditions and service conditions, such as continued employment with the Group and satisfactory performance throughout the relevant period. Under specific circumstances, the terms of the performance share awards allow for the forfeiture of unvested performance share awards or clawback of vested performance share awards.

The vesting of performance shares granted under the PSS is subject to the achieving of pre-agreed service and/or performance conditions over the performance period. The PSS is administered by the Remuneration Committee.

During the financial year, the number of performance shares granted, vested and lapsed under the PSS are as follows:

Date of Grant	Number of Performance Shares				At 31.12.2023
	At 1.1.2023	Granted	Vested	Lapsed	
12.02.2020	1,500,000	–	–	(1,500,000)	–
02.03.2020	2,412,500	–	–	(2,412,500)	–
02.05.2023	–	500,000	–	–	500,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,912,500</b>	<b>500,000</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>(3,912,500)</b>	<b>500,000</b>

The summary of the total number of performance shares granted, vested, lapsed and outstanding as at 31 December 2023 are as follows:

	Performance shares granted during financial year ended 31.12.2023	Aggregate performance shares granted since the commencement of the PSS to 31.12.2023*	Aggregate performance shares vested since the commencement of the PSS to 31.12.2023*	Aggregate performance shares lapsed since the commencement of the PSS to 31.12.2023*	Aggregate performance shares outstanding as at 31.12.2023
<b>Directors</b>					
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay	–	10,500,000	(9,510,000)	(990,000)	–
Tan Hee Teck	–	65,630,000	(34,719,100)	(30,910,900)	–
Chan Swee Liang Carolina	125,000	1,000,000	(250,000)	(625,000)	125,000
Tan Wah Yeow	125,000	1,125,000	(375,000)	(625,000)	125,000
Jonathan Asherson	125,000	1,125,000	(375,000)	(625,000)	125,000
Hauw Sze Shiung Winston	125,000	250,000	(125,000)	–	125,000
<b>Other participants</b>	–	152,037,500	(99,336,790)	(52,700,710)	–
	<b>500,000</b>	<b>231,667,500</b>	<b>(144,690,890)</b>	<b>(86,476,610)</b>	<b>500,000</b>

\* Aggregate of the performance shares granted/vested/lapsed (as the case may be) in respect of the Initial Period and Extended Period up to 31 December 2023.

### SHARE OPTIONS

During the financial year, there were:

- no options granted to take up unissued shares of the Company; and
- no shares issued by virtue of the exercise of options to take up unissued shares of the Company.

There were no unissued shares of the Company under option at the end of the financial year.



## **DIRECTORS' STATEMENT**

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### **AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE**

At the date of this statement, the Audit and Risk Committee comprises the following members, all of whom are non-executive and independent Directors:

Mr Tan Wah Yeow (Chairman)  
Ms Chan Swee Liang Carolina  
Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston

The Audit and Risk Committee carried out its functions in accordance with Section 201B(5) of the Act, the Listing Rules of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") and the Code of Corporate Governance 2018.

In performing its functions, the Audit and Risk Committee met with the Company's external and internal auditors to discuss the scope of their work, their audit plans, the results of their examination and their evaluation of the Company's internal accounting control system.

The Audit and Risk Committee also reviewed, *inter alia*, the following:

- assistance provided by the Company's officers to the external auditor;
- half year and full year consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company prior to their submission to the Directors of the Company for adoption; and
- interested person transactions (as defined in Chapter 9 of the Listing Rules of the SGX-ST).

The Audit and Risk Committee has full access to the Management and is given the resources required for it to discharge its functions. It has full authority and the discretion to invite any Director or executive officer to attend its meetings. The Audit and Risk Committee also recommends the appointment of the external auditor and reviews the level of audit and non-audit fees.

The Audit and Risk Committee is satisfied with the independence and objectivity of the external auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, and has recommended to the Board of Directors that, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, be nominated for re-appointment as auditor at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company.

### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR**

The independent auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the Directors,

**TAN SRI LIM KOK THAY**  
Executive Chairman

**MR TAN HEE TECK**  
Chief Executive Officer

Singapore  
22 February 2024



# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 December 2023

	Note	Group		Company	
		2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<b>Non-current assets</b>					
Property, plant and equipment	9	4,959,890	4,927,929	56	386
Intangible assets	10	131,813	155,092	-	-
Interests in joint venture	11	71,973	68,147	-	-
Interests in subsidiaries	12	-	-	3,996,006	3,992,010
Deferred tax assets	13	67	11	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	14	17,963	31,395	-	-
Trade and other receivables	16	8,061	7,072	125,852	126,323
		<b>5,189,767</b>	<b>5,189,646</b>	<b>4,121,914</b>	<b>4,118,719</b>
<b>Current assets</b>					
Inventories	17	47,566	43,193	-	-
Trade and other receivables	16	240,299	97,384	352,118	338,320
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	14	5,185	5,444	-	-
Other asset	15	59,194	-	59,194	-
Cash and cash equivalents	18	3,604,754	3,464,598	1,475,178	1,421,817
		<b>3,956,998</b>	<b>3,610,619</b>	<b>1,886,490</b>	<b>1,760,137</b>
<b>Less: Current liabilities</b>					
Trade and other payables	19	564,867	446,491	106,361	104,886
Lease liabilities	20	1,622	3,264	55	325
Income tax liabilities		192,639	140,986	11,892	5,107
		<b>759,128</b>	<b>590,741</b>	<b>118,308</b>	<b>110,318</b>
<b>Net current assets</b>		<b>3,197,870</b>	<b>3,019,878</b>	<b>1,768,182</b>	<b>1,649,819</b>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<b>8,387,637</b>	<b>8,209,524</b>	<b>5,890,096</b>	<b>5,768,538</b>
<b>Equity attributable to ordinary shareholders</b>					
Share capital	22	5,527,705	5,527,705	5,527,705	5,527,705
Treasury shares	22	(17,670)	(17,670)	(17,670)	(17,670)
Other reserves	23	19,241	14,974	10,213	7,362
Retained earnings		2,662,870	2,473,809	369,786	251,029
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>8,192,146</b>	<b>7,998,818</b>	<b>5,890,034</b>	<b>5,768,426</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>					
Deferred tax liabilities	13	182,611	199,005	-	-
Lease liabilities	20	1,296	2,274	-	55
Provision for retirement gratuities	24	151	188	62	57
Other payables	19	11,433	9,239	-	-
		<b>195,491</b>	<b>210,706</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>112</b>
<b>Total equity and non-current liabilities</b>		<b>8,387,637</b>	<b>8,209,524</b>	<b>5,890,096</b>	<b>5,768,538</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

Group	Attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company						Total \$'000
	Share capital \$'000	Treasury shares \$'000	Performance share reserve \$'000	Exchange translation reserve \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000		
<b>As at 1 January 2023</b>	5,527,705	(17,670)	1,088	13,886	2,473,809		7,998,818
Total comprehensive income/(loss)	-	-	-	-	611,582		611,582
- Profit for the year	-	-	-	(4,858)	-		(4,858)
- Other comprehensive loss							
Transactions with owners:							
Performance share schemes:							
- Value of employee services	-	-	9,125	-	-		9,125
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	(422,521)		(422,521)
Total transactions with owners	-	-	9,125	-	(422,521)		(413,396)
<b>As at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>5,527,705</b>	<b>(17,670)</b>	<b>10,213</b>	<b>9,028</b>	<b>2,662,870</b>		<b>8,192,146</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

Group	Attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company							Total \$'000
	Share capital \$'000	Treasury shares \$'000	Performance share reserve \$'000	Exchange translation reserve \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000	Subtotal \$'000	Non-controlling interests \$'000	
<b>As at 1 January 2022</b>	5,527,705	(23,485)	7,176	8,919	2,374,820	7,895,135	2	7,895,137
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	340,100	340,100	-	340,100
- Profit for the year	-	-	-	4,967	-	4,967	-	4,967
- Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions with owners:								
Performance share schemes:								
- Value of employee services	-	-	56	-	-	56	-	56
- Treasury shares reissued	-	5,815	(6,144)	-	329	-	-	-
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	(241,440)	(241,440)	-	(241,440)
Liquidation of a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2)	(2)
Total transactions with owners	-	5,815	(6,088)	-	(241,111)	(241,384)	(2)	(241,386)
<b>As at 31 December 2022</b>	5,527,705	(17,670)	1,088	13,886	2,473,809	7,998,818	-	7,998,818

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

Company	Attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company						Total \$'000
	Share capital \$'000	Treasury shares \$'000	Performance share reserve \$'000	Exchange translation reserve \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000		
<b>As at 1 January 2023</b>	5,527,705	(17,670)	1,088	6,274	251,029	5,768,426	
Total comprehensive income/(loss)							
– Profit for the year	–	–	–	–	541,278	541,278	
– Other comprehensive loss	–	–	–	(6,274)	–	(6,274)	
Transactions with owners:							
Performance share schemes:							
– Value of employee services	–	–	9,125	–	–	9,125	
Dividends paid	–	–	–	–	(422,521)	(422,521)	
Total transactions with owners	–	–	9,125	–	(422,521)	(413,396)	
<b>As at 31 December 2023</b>	<b>5,527,705</b>	<b>(17,670)</b>	<b>10,213</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>369,786</b>	<b>5,890,034</b>	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

Company	Attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company						Total \$'000
	Share capital \$'000	Treasury shares \$'000	Performance share reserve \$'000	Exchange translation reserve \$'000	Retained earnings \$'000		
<b>As at 1 January 2022</b>	5,527,705	(23,485)	7,176	1,560	306,105	5,819,061	
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	186,035	186,035	
- Profit for the year	-	-	-	4,714	-	4,714	
- Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transactions with owners:							
Performance share schemes:							
- Value of employee services	-	-	56	-	-	56	
- Treasury shares reissued	-	5,815	(6,144)	-	329	-	
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	(241,440)	(241,440)	
Total transactions with owners	-	5,815	(6,088)	-	(241,111)	(241,384)	
<b>As at 31 December 2022</b>	5,527,705	(17,670)	1,088	6,274	251,029	5,768,426	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<b>Profit before taxation for the financial year</b>	<b>776,854</b>	456,726
Adjustments for:		
Property, plant and equipment:		
– Depreciation	<b>340,258</b>	307,753
– Net (gain)/loss on disposals	<b>(191)</b>	15
– Written off	<b>2,105</b>	729
– Impairment	<b>–</b>	23,290
Amortisation of:		
– Intangible assets	<b>27,072</b>	26,838
– Borrowing costs	<b>–</b>	264
Net impairment on trade receivables	<b>124,087</b>	29,686
Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<b>13,101</b>	9,180
Share-based payment expense	<b>9,125</b>	56
Inventory write-down/(reversal of inventory write-down)	<b>618</b>	(1,133)
Finance charges	<b>927</b>	2,178
Unrealised foreign exchange loss	<b>3,726</b>	722
Interest income	<b>(138,504)</b>	(50,981)
Share of results of joint venture	<b>(3,826)</b>	(2,810)
Provision/(write-back) of retirement gratuities	<b>3</b>	(16)
	<b>378,501</b>	345,771
<b>Operating cash flows before movements in working capital</b>	<b>1,155,355</b>	802,497
<b>Changes in working capital:</b>		
(Increase)/decrease in inventories	<b>(4,991)</b>	1,135
Increase in trade and other receivables	<b>(274,105)</b>	(46,957)
Increase in trade and other payables	<b>68,903</b>	83,172
	<b>(210,193)</b>	37,350
<b>Cash generated from operating activities</b>	<b>945,162</b>	839,847
Interest received	<b>143,464</b>	31,130
Net taxation paid	<b>(130,069)</b>	(64,293)
Retirement gratuities paid	<b>(41)</b>	–
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>	<b>958,516</b>	806,684

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<b>Net cash generated from operating activities</b>	<b>958,516</b>	806,684
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Property, plant and equipment:		
– Proceeds from disposals	<b>824</b>	261
– Purchases	<b>(327,594)</b>	(112,674)
Additions of intangible assets	<b>(3,793)</b>	(74,355)
Additions of other asset	<b>(58,853)</b>	–
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(389,416)</b>	(186,768)
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Repayment of bonds	–	(199,693)
Repayment of lease liabilities	<b>(3,111)</b>	(4,470)
Interest paid	<b>(130)</b>	(1,617)
Dividends paid	<b>(422,521)</b>	(241,440)
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>	<b>(425,762)</b>	(447,220)
<b>Increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>143,338</b>	172,696
<b>Beginning of financial year</b>	<b>3,464,598</b>	3,325,582
Net inflow	<b>143,338</b>	172,696
Effects of exchange rate changes	<b>(3,182)</b>	(33,680)
<b>End of financial year</b>	<b>3,604,754</b>	3,464,598

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*The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.*

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

<u>Group</u>	<u>Lease liabilities</u>	<u>Bonds</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>\$'000</u>	<u>\$'000</u>	<u>\$'000</u>
<b>2023</b>			
<b>Beginning of financial year</b>	<b>5,538</b>	–	<b>5,538</b>
Principal payments	<b>(3,111)</b>	–	<b>(3,111)</b>
<u>Non-cash changes</u>			
– Additions	<b>968</b>	–	<b>968</b>
– Written off	<b>(416)</b>	–	<b>(416)</b>
– Foreign exchange movement	<b>(61)</b>	–	<b>(61)</b>
<b>End of financial year</b>	<b>2,918</b>	–	<b>2,918</b>
<b>2022</b>			
<b>Beginning of financial year</b>	10,489	237,175	247,664
Principal payments	(4,470)	(199,693)	(204,163)
<u>Non-cash changes</u>			
– Additions	1,864	–	1,864
– Written off	(2,314)	–	(2,314)
– Foreign exchange movement	(31)	(37,746)	(37,777)
– Amortisation of borrowing costs	–	264	264
<b>End of financial year</b>	<b>5,538</b>	–	<b>5,538</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 1. GENERAL

Genting Singapore Limited is listed on the Main Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST").

The address of the Company's registered office is 10 Sentosa Gateway, Singapore 098270.

The Company's principal activity is that of an investment holding company. The principal activities of the Company's subsidiaries include the construction, development and operation of integrated resort, operation of casinos, provision of sales and marketing support services to leisure and hospitality related businesses and investments.

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with SFRS(I)s requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. It also requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3.

#### Interpretations and amendments to published standards effective in 2023

On 1 January 2023, the Group and the Company have adopted the new or amended SFRS(I)s that are effective for financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2023. The adoption of the new SFRS(I)s did not result in any significant changes to the accounting policies and had no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior financial years.

There are no other standards that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Group and the Company in the current or foreseeable future reporting periods.

### 2.2 Group accounting

#### (a) Subsidiaries

##### (i) Consolidation

Subsidiaries are entities (including special purpose entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group and are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases. All intercompany transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between the Group entities are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment indicator of the transferred asset. Where necessary, accounting policies of the subsidiaries have been changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests are that part of the net results of operations and of net assets of a subsidiary attributable to the interests which are not owned directly or indirectly by the equity holders of the Company. They are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and the statement of financial position. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the non-controlling interests based on their respective interests in a subsidiary, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.2 Group accounting (Continued)

#### (a) Subsidiaries (Continued)

##### (ii) Acquisitions

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations by the Group. Under this method, the cost of an acquisition of a subsidiary or business is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of acquisition. The cost of acquisition also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration arrangement.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date and any corresponding gain or loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the date of acquisition either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets.

The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill (see accounting policy note on intangible assets). If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss.

##### (iii) Disposals

When a change in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary results in a loss of control over the subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary including any goodwill are derecognised. The profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest; and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and the liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are also reclassified to profit or loss or transferred to retained earnings if required by a specific standard.

Any retained equity interest in the entity is remeasured at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained interest at the date when control is lost and its fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (b) Joint venture

The Group's interests in joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Equity accounting involves recognising the Group's share of the post-acquisition results of joint venture in profit or loss and its share of post-acquisition movements within reserve is recognised in other comprehensive income. These post-acquisition movements and distributions are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment.

The Group recognises the portion of gains or losses on the sale of assets by the Group to the joint venture that is attributable to the other venturer. The Group does not recognise its share of profits or losses from joint venture that results from the purchase of assets by the Group from the joint venture, until it resells the assets to an independent party. However, if a loss on the transaction provides evidence of a reduction in the net realisable value of current assets or an impairment loss, the loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where necessary, in applying the equity method, adjustments have been made to the financial statements of joint venture to ensure consistency of accounting policies with those of the Group.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.2 Group accounting (Continued)

#### (c) Transactions with non-controlling interests

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control over the subsidiary are accounted for as transactions with equity owners of the Company. Any difference between the change in the carrying amounts of the non-controlling interest and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised within equity attributable to the equity holders of the Company.

### 2.3 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue attributable to the award of benefits measured at fair value is deferred until they are utilised. Revenue is shown as net of goods and services tax, and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group.

Gaming revenue represents net house takings, which is the aggregate of wins and losses arising from gaming play, and is reported after deduction of goods and services tax, commissions, discounts and loyalty points awarded to customers. Complimentary goods or services provided by the Group is allocated to the appropriate revenue type based on the goods and services provided, at the standalone selling price of each good and service.

Hotel room revenue is recognised at the time of room occupancy.

Attraction revenue is recognised when tickets are used. Revenue from annual passes is amortised over the period of their validity.

Food and beverage, retail sales and other hospitality and support services are recognised when goods are delivered or services are rendered to the customers.

Rental income from retail outlets, net of any incentives given to the lessee, is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the respective lease terms.

### 2.4 Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

### 2.5 Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment except for freehold land is initially recognised at cost and is subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items including borrowing costs and realised gains or losses on qualifying cash flow hedges incurred specifically for the construction or development of the asset. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the depreciable amounts of property, plant and equipment less their estimated residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	<b>Estimated useful lives</b>
Freehold properties and improvements	25 years
Leasehold land, properties and improvements	30-99 years
Machinery, computer equipment, fixtures, fittings and motor vehicles	2-5 years
Public attractions, theme park equipment, mechanical and electrical system	5-35 years
Exhibit animals	5-15 years

Freehold land is stated at cost and is not depreciated. Leasehold land is depreciated over the lease period of 45 to 99 years. Leasehold properties and improvements are depreciated over 30 to 60 years. Leasehold land, leasehold properties, machinery and motor vehicles are included as part of the carrying amount of right-of-use ("ROU") assets.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.5 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The depreciation of leasehold land is capitalised during the period of construction as part of construction-in-progress in property, plant and equipment until the construction is completed.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to profit or loss during the financial year that they are incurred.

Construction-in-progress consists of assets and property under construction. Assets include acquired computer hardware, computer software licence and implementation cost incurred in bringing the computer system to use.

Construction-in-progress is stated at cost and is not depreciated. Costs include borrowing costs and other directly related expenditure incurred during the period of construction and up to the completion of the construction. Construction-in-progress relating to assets and property under construction is reclassified to the respective categories of property, plant and equipment upon completion of the project.

For major construction-in-progress, the cost is supported by qualified quantity surveyors' certification of work done.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Where an indication of impairment exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is assessed and if it is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the assets is written down immediately to its recoverable amount (see accounting policy note on impairment of non-financial assets).

Gains and losses on disposal are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount and are included in profit or loss.

### 2.6 Intangible assets

#### (a) Trademarks and tradenames

Trademarks and tradenames are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently carried at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Trademarks and tradenames have an indefinite useful life as it is maintained through continuous marketing and upgrading. Trademarks and tradenames are tested annually for impairment. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of trademarks and tradenames are assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount (see accounting policy note on impairment of non-financial assets).

#### (b) Goodwill on acquisition

Goodwill on acquisition represents the excess of the cost of an acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the net identifiable assets of the acquired subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries is included in intangible assets.

Goodwill on acquisition of subsidiaries is tested at least annually for impairment and carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Impairment losses on goodwill are not reversed. Gains and losses on the disposal of an entity include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the entity sold.

Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units ("CGUs") for the purpose of impairment testing. The allocation is made to those CGUs or groups of CGUs that are expected to benefit from the business combination in which the goodwill arose, identified according to operating segment.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.6 Intangible assets (Continued)

#### (c) Licences

Casino and theme park licences are initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Such cost is amortised using the straight-line method over 3 to 35 years, which is the shorter of its economic useful life and periods of contractual right. The amortisation period and amortisation method are reviewed at each reporting date. The effects of any revision are recognised in profit or loss when changes arise. Amortisation is recognised in profit or loss unless the amount can be capitalised as part of construction-in-progress. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of licence is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

#### (d) Computer software

Computer software that does not form an integral part of other related hardware is treated as an intangible asset. Costs that are directly associated with development and acquisition of computer software programmes by the Group are capitalised as intangible assets when the following criteria are met:

- it is technically feasible to complete the software product so that it will be available for use;
- management intends to complete the software product and use or sell it;
- there is an ability to use or sell the software product;
- it can be demonstrated how the software product will generate probable future economic benefits;
- adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the software product are available; and
- the expenditure attributable to the software product during its development can be reliably measured.

Direct costs include staff costs of the software development team and an appropriate portion of relevant overheads. Costs associated with maintaining computer software programmes are recognised as an expense when incurred.

Expenditure that enhances or extends the performance of computer software programmes beyond their original specifications is recognised as a capital improvement and added to the original cost of the software.

Computer software are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. These costs are amortised to profit or loss using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life of 10 years.

### 2.7 Investments in subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses in the Company's statement of financial position. On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, the differences between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments are recognised in profit or loss. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount (see accounting policy note on impairment of non-financial assets).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life, including goodwill, are not subject to amortisation and are tested at least annually for impairment. Assets that are subject to amortisation and depreciation, and investments in subsidiaries and joint venture are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units or CGUs). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

Impairment is charged to profit or loss. Impairment is reversed only to the extent that the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment been recognised in prior years for the same asset. The reversal is recognised in profit or loss. Impairment on goodwill is not reversed once recognised.

### 2.9 Financial assets

#### (a) Classification and measurement

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: amortised cost and fair value through profit or loss. The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets as well as the contractual terms of the cash flows of the financial asset. Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest. The Group reclassifies debt instruments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

#### (b) Recognition and derecognition

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade date – the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

On disposal of a debt instrument, the difference between the carrying amount and the sale proceeds is recognised in profit or loss. Any amount previously recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that asset is reclassified to profit or loss.

#### (c) Initial recognition

At initial recognition, the Group measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

#### (d) Subsequent measurement

Debt instruments mainly comprise of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, treasury bills and unquoted debt securities.

Debt instruments that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in interest income using the effective interest rate method.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.9 Financial assets (Continued)

#### (d) Subsequent measurement (Continued)

Debt instruments that are held for trading as well as those that do not meet the criteria for classification as amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Movement in fair values and interest income is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which it arises and presented in other gains and losses.

#### (e) Impairment

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt financial assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on the level of credit risk, which is set out in Note 27(d). For trade receivables, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

### 2.10 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. Cost of inventories comprises all cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

### 2.11 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised as a receivable at their fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all the attached conditions.

Approved government grants relating to qualifying expenditure are deferred and recognised in profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate, unless they are directly attributable to the construction of an item of property, plant and equipment, in which case, they are set off against the asset.

Government grants relating to expenses are presented as a deduction of the related expense.

### 2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and bank balances (net of bank overdrafts), deposits held at call with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

### 2.13 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 2.14 Employee benefits

#### (a) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits include wages, salaries, bonus and paid annual leave. These benefits are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when incurred and are measured on an undiscounted basis, unless they can be capitalised as part of the cost of a self-constructed asset.

#### (b) Defined contribution plans

The Group contributes to defined contribution plans for some of its employees under which the Group pays fixed contributions into the employees provident funds in certain countries in which it operates on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis and will have no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if those funds do not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to services provided in the current and prior periods. The Group's contributions to such plans are recognised in profit or loss as employee benefits expense when they are due, unless they can be capitalised as part of the cost of a self-constructed asset.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.14 Employee benefits (Continued)

#### (c) Long-term employee benefits

The Group provides retirement gratuities under a retirement gratuity scheme that was established in 1991 by the Board of Directors of the ultimate holding corporation for certain executives and executive directors of the Company and certain subsidiaries. The level of retirement gratuities payable is in relation to the past services rendered. The gratuity is calculated based on employees' basic salary for each completed year of service. Such benefits vest on the employees when they reach retirement age.

The present value of the retirement gratuities is determined by discounting the amount payable by reference to market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds or government bond which have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liability. Employee turnover is also factored in arriving at the level of provision for retirement gratuities. The differences arising from the application of such discounting as well as any past service costs and the effects of any curtailments or settlements, if any, are recognised immediately in profit or loss. Such retirement gratuities payable are classified as current liabilities where it is probable that a payment will be made within the next 12 months.

#### (d) Share-based compensation benefits

The Group operates equity-settled, share-based compensation plans, where shares are issued by the Company to eligible executives and directors of the Group. The value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the shares is recognised as an expense in profit or loss with a corresponding entry to reserves over the vesting period. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the shares granted at the grant date and the number of shares vested by vesting date, excluding the impact of any non-market vesting conditions. Non-market vesting conditions are included in the estimates of the number of shares that are expected to become vested.

The fair value of services received from the employees of the Company and its subsidiaries in exchange for the grant of the shares are essentially services rendered in the past, are charged out to profit or loss immediately, unless they can be capitalised as part of the cost of a self-constructed asset. Before the end of the vesting period, at each reporting date, the Company will revise its estimates of the number of shares that are expected to be vested at the vesting date and it recognises the impact of this revision in profit or loss with a corresponding adjustment to equity. After the vesting date, no adjustment to profit or loss is made. For performance shares that are expected to be granted, due to services received before grant date, the total amount to be recognised over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the performance shares at the end of the reporting period, until the date of grant has been established. Upon vesting of shares, reserves relating to the vested shares will be transferred to retained earnings.

Where the terms of a share-based compensation plan are modified, the expense that has yet to be recognised for the award, is recognised over the remaining vesting period as if the terms had not been modified. Additional expense is recognised for any increase in the total fair value of the share due to the modification, as measured at the date of the modification.

#### (e) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognised as an expense in profit or loss at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Group recognises restructuring costs that is within the scope of SFRS(I) 1-37 *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* and involves the payment of termination benefits.

### 2.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event. It is more likely than not that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Present obligations arising under onerous contracts are recognised and measured as provisions. An onerous contract is considered to exist where the Group has a contract under which the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits received under it.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.16 Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date, in which case they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value (net of transaction costs) and subsequently stated at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowing costs including commitment fees on credit facilities, amortisation of transaction costs and interest expenses are recognised in profit or loss unless they are directly attributable to the construction-in-progress, in which case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the self-constructed asset during the construction period.

### 2.17 Leases

#### (a) When the Group is the lessee

At the inception of the contract, the Group assesses if the contract contains a lease. A contract contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Reassessment is only required when the terms and conditions of the contract are changed.

- ROU assets

The Group recognises a ROU asset and lease liability at the date which the underlying asset is available for use. ROU assets are measured at cost which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date and lease incentive received. Any initial direct costs that would not have been incurred if the lease had not been obtained are added to the carrying amount of the ROU assets.

These ROU assets are subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the ROU asset or the end of the lease term.

ROU assets are presented within "Property, plant and equipment".

- Lease liabilities

The initial measurement of lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments discounted using the implicit rate in the lease, if the rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group shall use its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments include fixed payment (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivables.

Lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method and shall be remeasured when:

- There is a change in future lease payments arising from changes in the lease's implicit rate;
- There is a change in the Group's assessment of whether it will exercise an extension option; or
- There are modifications in the scope or the consideration of the lease that was not part of the original term.

Lease liability is remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the ROU asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the ROU asset has been reduced to zero.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.17 Leases (Continued)

#### (a) When the Group is the lessee (Continued)

- Short-term and low value leases

Lease payments relating to short-term leases that have lease terms of 12 months or less and leases of low value leases, except for sublease arrangements, are expensed to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (b) When the Group is the lessor

Leases where the Group retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases (net of any incentives given to the lessees) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Initial direct costs incurred by the Group in negotiating and arranging operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased assets and recognised as an expense in profit or loss over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

Lease incentives are recognised as other receivables where such incentives are provided by the Group and recognised net of lease income in profit or loss over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income. Contingent rents are recognised as income in profit or loss when earned.

### 2.18 Income tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or different period, in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Tax relating to transactions or events recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

#### (a) Current tax

Current tax is calculated according to the tax laws of each jurisdiction in which the Company and its subsidiaries operate and includes all taxes based upon the taxable income and is measured using the tax rates and tax laws which are applicable at the reporting date.

#### (b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, if the deferred tax arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, it is not accounted for.

Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled; and based on the tax consequences that will follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the same reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets or liabilities.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and joint venture, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.19 Share capital and treasury shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity when there is no contractual obligation to deliver cash or other financial assets to another person or entity or to exchange financial assets or liabilities with another person or entity that are potentially unfavourable to the issuer.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital.

When shares recognised as equity are acquired, the consideration paid, including any directly attributable transaction costs, are recorded in the treasury shares account.

When the Company purchases its own ordinary shares ("treasury shares"), they are presented as a deduction from total equity until they are cancelled, sold or reissued.

When treasury shares are subsequently sold or reissued pursuant to equity compensation plans, the cost of treasury shares is reversed from the treasury shares account and the realised gain or loss on sale or reissue, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs, is recognised in equity.

### 2.20 Foreign currency translation

#### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in the functional currency of the Company which is Singapore Dollars ("S\$").

#### (b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions of each entity in the Group are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at the closing rates at the reporting date of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair values are determined.

#### (c) Translation of Group entities' financial statements

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the reporting date;
- (ii) income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the currency translation reserve. These currency translation differences are reclassified to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the entity giving rise to such reserve.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and translated at the closing rate at the reporting date.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### 2.21 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved for payment.

### 2.22 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources, making strategic decisions and assessing performance of the operating segments has been identified as the Executive Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Group and of the Company.

### 2.23 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements. A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by uncertain future events beyond the control or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. When a change in the probability of an outflow of economic resources occurs so that outflow is probable, it will then be recognised as a provision.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group. The Group does not recognise contingent assets but discloses their existence where an inflow of economic benefits is probable, but not virtually certain. When an inflow of economic resources is virtually certain, the asset is recognised.

## 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates, assumptions and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will not necessarily equal the related actual results.

### (a) Taxation

The Group is subject to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions in which the Group operates, mainly in Singapore. Significant judgement is required in determining the provision for income taxes that includes the estimate of the amount of the taxability of certain income and the deductibility of certain expenses.

Where the final tax outcome of tax liabilities is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and liabilities (Notes 7 and 13), where applicable, in the period in which such determination is made.

### (b) Impairment of trade receivables

As at 31 December 2023, the Group's trade receivables (gross) amounted to \$396,167,000, majority of which are related to casino debtors. Trade receivables are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and days past due, with expected loss rates assessed based on the Group's historical credit loss experience.

The Group further evaluates the expected credit loss on customers on a case-by-case basis, which will be assessed based on indicators such as changes in financial capability of the debtor, and default or significant delay in payments.

The Group's credit risk exposure for trade receivables is set out in Note 27(d).



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 4. REVENUE

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Gaming	1,647,572	1,228,867
Non-gaming:		
– Hotel rooms	244,383	148,789
– Attractions	372,349	220,964
– Other non-gaming	141,444	108,280
	758,176	478,033
Rental income	11,553	13,570
Hospitality and support services and others	327	4,861
	<b>2,417,628</b>	<b>1,725,331</b>

### 5. FINANCE COSTS

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Interest expense:		
– Bonds	–	1,182
– Lease liabilities	101	148
Amortisation of borrowing costs	–	264
Others	826	848
	<b>927</b>	<b>2,442</b>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 6. PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION

Included in the profit before taxation are the following expenses/(income) by nature:

	Group	
	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000
Directors' remuneration:		
– Fees and meeting allowances	1,358	1,348
– Other emoluments	22,153	16,041
Employee benefits (excluding directors' remuneration) <sup>(1)</sup> :		
– Salaries and related costs	439,881	326,091
– Employer's contribution to defined contribution plan	40,795	36,786
– Provision/(write-back) of retirement gratuities	3	(16)
– Share-based payment expense/(write-back)	4,112	(90)
Auditors' remuneration:		
– PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Singapore	1,711	1,608
– Other auditors	51	47
Non-audit fees paid/payable to auditors	412	587
Duties and taxes <sup>(2)</sup>	348,239	247,156
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	340,258	307,753
Amortisation of intangible assets	27,072	26,838
Net impairment on trade receivables	124,087	29,686
Inventory write-down/(reversal of inventory write-down)	618	(1,133)
Included in other operating income:		
– Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(191)	–
– Net foreign exchange gain	(1,464)	–
Included in other operating expenses:		
– Write-off of property, plant and equipment	2,105	729
– Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	–	15
– Impairment of property, plant and equipment	–	23,290
– Fair value loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	13,101	9,180
– Net foreign exchange loss	–	1,681
Rental expenses on operating leases	1,837	1,259
Advertising and promotion	33,737	26,093
Utilities	68,381	66,354
Legal, professional and management fees	13,960	9,256

<sup>(1)</sup> The Group has recognised grant income of \$2,832,000 (2022: \$13,110,000) which had been set off against the qualifying employee compensation.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes property tax and casino tax that is levied on the casino's gross gaming revenue.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 7. TAXATION

	Group	
	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000
<b>Taxation for current financial year:</b>		
– Current tax	186,942	131,455
– Deferred tax	(16,032)	(10,558)
	<b>170,910</b>	<b>120,897</b>
<b>(Over)/under provision in prior financial years:</b>		
– Current tax	(5,220)	(4,562)
– Deferred tax	(418)	291
	<b>(5,638)</b>	<b>(4,271)</b>
<b>Total tax expense</b>	<b>165,272</b>	<b>116,626</b>
<b>Reconciliation of effective tax rate</b>		
Profit before taxation	776,854	456,726
Share of results of joint venture, net of tax	(3,826)	(2,810)
Profit before taxation and share of results of joint venture	<b>773,028</b>	<b>453,916</b>
Tax calculated at tax rate of 17%	<b>131,415</b>	77,166
Tax effects of:		
– Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	41,379	45,338
– Over provision in prior financial years	(5,638)	(4,271)
– Different tax rates in other countries	43	(18)
– Tax incentives	(130)	(148)
– Income not subject to tax	(2,050)	(1,819)
– Deferred tax assets not recognised	253	373
– Withholding tax	–	5
<b>Total tax expense</b>	<b>165,272</b>	<b>116,626</b>

The Group is within the scope of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) Pillar Two model rules. In the Singapore 2023 Budget Statement, the Singapore government has announced that the country would implement the Global Anti-Base Erosion (GloBE) rules including a domestic top-up tax (DTT) from 1 January 2025. Since the Pillar Two legislation has not been enacted in Singapore, the jurisdiction in which the Company is registered, and was not effective at the reporting date, the Group has no related current tax exposure. The Group applies the exception from accounting for deferred taxes arising from Pillar Two model rules, as provided in the amendments to SFRS(I) 1-12 issued in May 2023. Accordingly, the Group neither recognises nor discloses information about deferred tax assets and liabilities related to Pillar Two income taxes.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The basic and diluted earnings per ordinary share have been calculated based on Group's net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding.

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Net profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	<b>611,582</b>	340,100

	Group	
	2023 '000	2022 '000
Weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company	<b>12,072,032</b>	12,071,003
Adjustment for:		
– Share-based compensation plans	<b>2,210</b>	10,379
Adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company	<b>12,074,242</b>	12,081,382

Earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company is as follows:

	Group	
	2023	2022
Basic earnings per share (cents)	<b>5.07</b>	2.82
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	<b>5.07</b>	2.82



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

<b>Group</b>	<b>Freehold land</b>	<b>Freehold properties and improvements</b>	<b>Leasehold land, properties and improvements</b>	<b>Machinery, computer equipment, fixtures, fittings and motor vehicles</b>	<b>Public attractions, theme park equipment, mechanical and electrical system</b>	<b>Exhibit animals</b>	<b>Construction-in-progress</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>2023</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
<b>Cost</b>								
Beginning of financial year	132,445	18,748	4,679,946	1,033,835	2,304,666	24,827	253,811	8,448,278
Exchange differences	-	-	(26)	(2)	-	-	-	(28)
Additions	-	-	2,185	60,665	29,606	34	299,166	391,656
Disposals	-	-	(9)	(13,941)	(7,723)	-	(49)	(21,722)
Written off	-	-	(23,212)	(78,346)	(41,176)	(1,772)	(17,378)	(161,884)
Reclassification	-	-	20,248	59,849	27,081	-	(107,178)	-
Cost adjustment	-	-	2,269	12	(70)	-	-	2,211
End of financial year	132,445	18,748	4,681,401	1,062,072	2,312,384	23,089	428,372	8,658,511
<b>Accumulated depreciation and impairment</b>								
Beginning of financial year	-	8,613	1,126,123	959,812	1,383,837	18,674	23,290	3,520,349
Exchange differences	-	-	(16)	(2)	-	-	-	(18)
Depreciation	-	752	184,086	84,214	88,585	1,105	-	358,742
Disposals	-	-	(4)	(13,579)	(7,457)	-	(49)	(21,089)
Written off	-	-	(22,524)	(77,834)	(40,484)	(1,157)	(17,364)	(159,363)
End of financial year	-	9,365	1,287,665	952,611	1,424,481	18,622	5,877	3,698,621
<b>Net book value</b>								
End of financial year	132,445	9,383	3,393,736	109,461	887,903	4,467	422,495	4,959,890

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

<u>Group</u> 2022	Freehold land \$'000	Freehold properties and improvements \$'000	Leasehold land, properties and improvements \$'000	Machinery, computer equipment, fixtures, fittings and motor vehicles \$'000	Public attractions, theme park equipment, mechanical and electrical system \$'000	Exhibit animals \$'000	Construction- in-progress \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>Cost</b>								
Beginning of financial year	132,445	18,748	4,738,410	1,085,585	2,471,710	24,791	218,268	8,689,957
Exchange differences	-	-	79	37	-	-	-	116
Additions	-	-	748	15,857	6,176	36	122,329	145,146
Disposals	-	-	-	(6,599)	(317)	-	-	(6,916)
Written off	-	-	(78,096)	(112,749)	(188,899)	-	-	(379,744)
Reclassification	-	-	19,003	51,976	15,807	-	(86,786)	-
Cost adjustment	-	-	(198)	(272)	189	-	-	(281)
End of financial year	132,445	18,748	4,679,946	1,033,835	2,304,666	24,827	253,811	8,448,278
<b>Accumulated depreciation and impairment</b>								
Beginning of financial year	-	7,858	1,046,147	1,000,007	1,483,006	17,083	-	3,554,101
Exchange differences	-	-	42	20	-	-	-	62
Depreciation	-	755	157,448	76,669	89,774	1,591	-	326,237
Disposals	-	-	-	(6,488)	(152)	-	-	(6,640)
Written off	-	-	(77,514)	(110,396)	(188,791)	-	-	(376,701)
Impairment	-	-	-	-	-	-	23,290	23,290
End of financial year	-	8,613	1,126,123	959,812	1,383,837	18,674	23,290	3,520,349
<b>Net book value</b>								
End of financial year	132,445	10,135	3,553,823	74,023	920,829	6,153	230,521	4,927,929

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

<u>Company</u>	Leasehold property \$'000	Computer equipment, fixtures and fittings \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>2023</b>			
<b>Cost</b>			
Beginning and end of financial year	646	438	1,084
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>			
Beginning of financial year	268	430	698
Depreciation	324	6	330
End of financial year	592	436	1,028
<b>Net book value</b>			
End of financial year	54	2	56
<b>2022</b>			
<b>Cost</b>			
Beginning of financial year	1,016	444	1,460
Additions	646	-	646
Written off	(1,016)	(6)	(1,022)
End of financial year	646	438	1,084
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>			
Beginning of financial year	962	421	1,383
Depreciation	322	12	334
Written off	(1,016)	(3)	(1,019)
End of financial year	268	430	698
<b>Net book value</b>			
End of financial year	378	8	386

ROU assets are recognised and included in leasehold land, leasehold properties, certain machinery and motor vehicles of the Group and of the Company. The details are set out in Note 21.

Depreciation charge on leasehold land of \$18,484,000 (2022: \$18,484,000) has been capitalised as part of construction-in-progress of the Group during the financial year.

In connection with the Group's expansion of the Singapore integrated resort, the estimated useful lives of certain assets will be reviewed and revised accordingly as the expansion progress in phases. The changes in estimates will be applied prospectively. The revision of the estimated useful lives of these identified assets has resulted in a \$115,000,000 increase in current year's depreciation expense and the impact on the next financial year is approximately \$69,900,000. It is not expected to have a material impact on depreciation expense for subsequent financial years.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

<b>Group</b>	<b>Trademarks and tradenames \$'000</b>	<b>Goodwill on acquisition \$'000</b>	<b>Licences \$'000</b>	<b>Computer software \$'000</b>	<b>Total \$'000</b>
<b>2023</b>					
<b>Cost</b>					
Beginning of financial year	1,057	83,049	87,162	33,964	205,232
Additions	–	–	–	3,793	3,793
End of financial year	1,057	83,049	87,162	37,757	209,025
<b>Accumulated amortisation</b>					
Beginning of financial year	–	–	29,802	20,338	50,140
Amortisation	–	–	24,403	2,669	27,072
End of financial year	–	–	54,205	23,007	77,212
<b>Net book value</b>					
End of financial year	1,057	83,049	32,957	14,750	131,813
<b>2022</b>					
<b>Cost</b>					
Beginning of financial year	1,057	83,049	87,162	31,609	202,877
Additions	–	–	72,000	2,355	74,355
Written off	–	–	(72,000)	–	(72,000)
End of financial year	1,057	83,049	87,162	33,964	205,232
<b>Accumulated amortisation</b>					
Beginning of financial year	–	–	77,399	17,903	95,302
Amortisation	–	–	24,403	2,435	26,838
Written off	–	–	(72,000)	–	(72,000)
End of financial year	–	–	29,802	20,338	50,140
<b>Net book value</b>					
End of financial year	1,057	83,049	57,360	13,626	155,092

Amortisation expense of \$27,072,000 (2022: \$26,838,000) has been included in cost of sales.

Goodwill is allocated to the Group's CGUs identified according to geographical areas. A segment-level summary of the allocation of goodwill with indefinite useful life is as follows:

	<b>Group</b>	
	<b>2023 \$'000</b>	<b>2022 \$'000</b>
Goodwill attributable to:		
Singapore	83,047	83,047
Malaysia	2	2
	<b>83,049</b>	<b>83,049</b>

The goodwill attributed to the Singapore CGU mainly arose from the acquisition of the remaining 25% equity interest in Resorts World at Sentosa Pte. Ltd. ("RWSPL") which developed the first integrated resort in Singapore. The impairment test for goodwill relating to the Singapore CGU was assessed using the value-in-use method. Cash flow projections used in this calculation were based on financial budgets approved by management. The cash flow projection covers a five-year period. Cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using the estimated growth rate stated below. The growth rate did not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the leisure and hospitality industry in which the CGU operates.

Key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculation for 2023 include a growth rate and weighted average cost of capital ("WACC") of 2.0% and 12.9% (2022: 2.0%, 12.8%) respectively.

Based on the impairment test, no impairment is required for goodwill attributed to the Singapore CGU. A reasonably possible change in a key assumption on which management has based its determination of the CGU's recoverable amount would not cause its carrying amount to exceed its recoverable amount.



# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 11. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURE

	Group	
	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000
Share of net assets of joint venture:		
DCP (Sentosa) Pte. Ltd.	<b>71,973</b>	68,147

On 15 April 2008, RWSPL entered into a joint venture with Sentosa Leisure Management Pte. Ltd. ("SLM") to build and operate a district cooling plant on Sentosa Island, Singapore, through the formation of DCP (Sentosa) Pte. Ltd. ("DCP"), a private company incorporated in Singapore. RWSPL and SLM own 80% and 20% of the share capital of DCP respectively. DCP is deemed to be a joint venture of the Group, as both RWSPL and SLM have contractually agreed to the sharing of control in DCP.

The summarised financial information of DCP is as follows:

	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000
<b>Non-current assets</b>		
Intangible asset – leasehold land use right	4,662	4,770
Property, plant and equipment	59,647	56,168
Other receivables	44	45
	<b>64,353</b>	60,983
<b>Current assets</b>		
Trade and other receivables	53,093	44,809
Cash and cash equivalents	8	5,652
	<b>53,101</b>	50,461
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Trade and other payables	(4,157)	(2,739)
Income tax liabilities	(533)	(1,200)
Lease liabilities	(186)	(180)
	<b>(4,876)</b>	(4,119)
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>		
Deferred tax liabilities	(6,184)	(5,527)
Lease liabilities	(16,428)	(16,614)
	<b>(22,612)</b>	(22,141)
<b>Net assets</b>	<b>89,966</b>	85,184
<b>Revenue</b>	<b>25,853</b>	25,570
<b>(Expenses)/income include:</b>		
– Depreciation and amortisation	(3,832)	(4,267)
– Interest income	29	16
– Interest expense	(509)	(514)
<b>Profit before taxation</b>	<b>5,934</b>	4,152
Taxation	(1,152)	(639)
<b>Profit after taxation and total comprehensive income</b>	<b>4,782</b>	3,513

DCP does not have any contingent liabilities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 11. INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of the summarised financial information presented, to the carrying amount of the Group's interest in DCP, is as follows:

	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<b>Net assets</b>		
<b>Beginning of financial year</b>	85,184	81,671
Profit after taxation and total comprehensive income	4,782	3,513
<b>End of financial year</b>	<b>89,966</b>	<b>85,184</b>
<b>Carrying value of Group's interest in DCP</b>	<b>71,973</b>	<b>68,147</b>

### 12. INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Company	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Unquoted shares - at cost	1,922,006	1,918,010
Amount due from subsidiary	2,074,000	2,074,000
<b>Net investment in subsidiaries</b>	<b>3,996,006</b>	<b>3,992,010</b>

The amount due from subsidiary is non-trade in nature, unsecured and interest-free. Repayments are not expected within the next 12 months. This amount is considered part of net investments in subsidiaries.

Details of the Company's significant subsidiary are as follows:

Indirect subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Effective equity interest		Principal activities
		2023	2022	
RWSPL	Singapore	100%	100%	Construction, development and operation of an Integrated Resort at Sentosa

The financial statements of this subsidiary are audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Singapore.

The Group has complied with Rules 712 and 715 of the SGX-ST Listing Rules in relation to the appointment of its auditor.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 13. DEFERRED TAX

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes relate to the same tax authority. The following amounts, determined prior to offsetting, are shown in the statement of financial position:

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>11</b>
<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>	<b>(182,611)</b>	<b>(199,005)</b>
<b>Total deferred taxes</b>	<b>(182,544)</b>	<b>(198,994)</b>

Details of deferred taxes prior to offsetting are as follows:

Group	Beginning of financial year \$'000	Credited/ (charged) to profit or loss \$'000	End of financial year \$'000
<b>2023</b>			
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>			
Provisions	179	7,863	8,042
<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	(196,577)	8,778	(187,799)
Intangible assets	(2,596)	(191)	(2,787)
	<b>(199,173)</b>	<b>8,587</b>	<b>(190,586)</b>
<b>Total deferred taxes</b>	<b>(198,994)</b>	<b>16,450</b>	<b>(182,544)</b>
<b>2022</b>			
<b>Deferred tax assets</b>			
Provisions	1,299	(1,120)	179
<b>Deferred tax liabilities</b>			
Property, plant and equipment	(207,907)	11,330	(196,577)
Intangible assets	(2,653)	57	(2,596)
	<b>(210,560)</b>	<b>11,387</b>	<b>(199,173)</b>
<b>Total deferred taxes</b>	<b>(209,261)</b>	<b>10,267</b>	<b>(198,994)</b>

### 14. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<b>Unquoted debt securities</b>		
Current	5,185	5,444
Non-current	17,963	31,395
Total	<b>23,148</b>	<b>36,839</b>
<b>Beginning of financial year</b>	<b>36,839</b>	46,139
Fair value loss	(13,101)	(9,180)
Exchange differences	(590)	(120)
<b>End of financial year</b>	<b>23,148</b>	<b>36,839</b>

The investments in unquoted debt securities represent unquoted investment in a foreign corporation and an investment fund.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 15. OTHER ASSET

	Group and Company	
	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000
Singapore Treasury bills	<b>59,194</b>	–

During the current financial year, the Group and Company invested in six-month Singapore Treasury bills with a weighted average interest rate of 3.84% per annum.

### 16. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<b>Current</b>				
Trade receivables	<b>396,167</b>	160,501	–	–
Amounts due from subsidiaries	–	–	<b>282,141</b>	243,835
Other receivables	<b>22,923</b>	26,567	<b>7,743</b>	10,884
Amount due from subsidiary of the ultimate holding corporation	–	1	–	–
Loan to a subsidiary	–	–	<b>194,409</b>	194,409
	<b>419,090</b>	187,069	<b>484,293</b>	449,128
Less: Impairment (Note 27(d))	<b>(201,620)</b>	(102,052)	<b>(132,571)</b>	(111,218)
	<b>217,470</b>	85,017	<b>351,722</b>	337,910
Deposits	<b>3,538</b>	3,514	–	–
Prepayments	<b>19,291</b>	8,853	<b>396</b>	410
	<b>240,299</b>	97,384	<b>352,118</b>	338,320
<b>Non-current</b>				
Amounts due from subsidiaries	–	–	<b>126,702</b>	127,176
Less: Impairment (Note 27(d))	–	–	<b>(850)</b>	(853)
	–	–	<b>125,852</b>	126,323
Prepayments	<b>8,061</b>	7,072	–	–
	<b>8,061</b>	7,072	<b>125,852</b>	126,323

The loan and amounts due from subsidiaries are mainly non-trade in nature, unsecured and interest-free except for \$194,409,000 (2022: \$194,409,000) which is interest bearing, and \$125,852,000 (2022: \$126,323,000) which repayments are not expected within the next 12 months. The current loan and amounts due from subsidiaries are repayable on demand.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 17. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Retail stocks	7,682	2,017
Food, beverage and hotel supplies	15,696	17,177
Stores and technical spares	24,188	23,999
	<b>47,566</b>	<b>43,193</b>

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense and included in "cost of sales" amounted to \$57,177,000 (2022: \$45,278,000).

### 18. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group		Company	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Short-term deposits with banks	3,418,879	2,964,511	1,466,581	1,290,927
Cash and bank balances	185,875	500,087	8,597	130,890
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>3,604,754</b>	<b>3,464,598</b>	<b>1,475,178</b>	<b>1,421,817</b>

### 19. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<b>Current</b>				
Trade payables	2,772	1,036	90	6
Accrued operating liabilities	232,939	171,215	10,527	9,784
Accrued capital expenditure	46,641	15,675	–	–
Retention monies and deposits	18,823	5,933	–	–
Contract liabilities	169,551	152,614	–	–
Other payables	42,757	55,536	736	457
Amounts due to:				
– Ultimate holding corporation	1	–	–	–
– Immediate holding corporation	16	21	14	12
– Subsidiaries	–	–	94,994	94,627
– Joint venture	51,367	44,461	–	–
	<b>564,867</b>	<b>446,491</b>	<b>106,361</b>	<b>104,886</b>
<b>Non-current</b>				
Retention monies and deposits	6,376	3,386	–	–
Other payables	5,057	5,853	–	–
	<b>11,433</b>	<b>9,239</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>

Retention monies refer to amounts withheld from contractors' claim for work done in accordance with contractual rights, which are progressively released upon the completion of the project.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 19. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES (CONTINUED)

Contract liabilities represent performance obligations that are contracted for but whose revenue have not been recognised in the financial statements. They are expected to be recognised as revenue in the next financial year. The following table summarises the contract liabilities activity related to contracts with customers:

Group	Customer deposits		Deferred revenue		Other contract liabilities		Total contract liabilities	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 1 January	<b>83,890</b>	65,684	<b>7,049</b>	14,431	<b>61,675</b>	53,290	<b>152,614</b>	133,405
As at 31 December	<b>102,355</b>	83,890	<b>8,078</b>	7,049	<b>59,118</b>	61,675	<b>169,551</b>	152,614
Increase/(decrease)	<b>18,465</b>	18,206	<b>1,029</b>	(7,382)	<b>(2,557)</b>	8,385	<b>16,937</b>	19,209

Customer deposits and deferred revenue represent cash received from customers for future gaming and non-gaming services provided by the Group. Other contract liabilities mainly include loyalty program liabilities and outstanding chips liabilities.

The amounts due to ultimate holding corporation, immediate holding corporation and subsidiaries are mainly non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand.

### 20. LEASE LIABILITIES

	Group		Company	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current	<b>1,622</b>	3,264	<b>55</b>	325
Non-current	<b>1,296</b>	2,274	–	55
Total	<b>2,918</b>	5,538	<b>55</b>	380

### 21. LEASES

#### (a) When the Group and the Company is a lessee

The Group and the Company leases land, leasehold properties, machinery and motor vehicles with varying terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose any covenants.

##### (i) Carrying amounts of ROU assets

	Group		Company	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Leasehold land	<b>1,492,808</b>	1,524,806	–	–
Leasehold properties	<b>755</b>	1,121	<b>54</b>	378
Machinery and motor vehicles	<b>1,945</b>	3,881	–	–
	<b>1,495,508</b>	1,529,808	<b>54</b>	378

Additions to ROU assets during the financial year amounted to \$968,000 (2022: \$1,864,000) for the Group and nil (2022: \$646,000) for the Company.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 21. LEASES (CONTINUED)

#### (a) When the Group and the Company is a lessee (Continued)

(ii) Amounts recognised in the statement of comprehensive income

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Depreciation on ROU assets:		
Leasehold land	31,998	31,998
Leasehold properties	650	1,070
Machinery and motor vehicles	2,211	3,146
	<b>34,859</b>	<b>36,214</b>
Interest expense (included in finance costs)	<b>101</b>	148
Expenses relating to short-term leases (included in cost of sales, administrative expenses and selling and distribution expenses)	<b>1,837</b>	1,259

Depreciation charge on leasehold land of \$18,484,000 (2022: \$18,484,000) has been capitalised as part of construction-in-progress of the Group during the financial year (Note 9).

(iii) Total cash outflow for leases during the financial year is \$5,049,000 (2022: \$5,877,000).

#### (b) When the Group is a lessor

The Group leases out retail spaces and offices under operating leases, where the Group retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. The Group collects deposits from leases to manage credit risk.

The undiscounted lease receivables under operating leases are as follows:

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Not later than one year	3,818	4,924
One to two years	1,574	2,785
Two to three years	540	900
Three to four years	9	127
Four to five years	9	9
Later than five years	9	18
	<b>5,959</b>	<b>8,763</b>

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 22. SHARE CAPITAL AND TREASURY SHARES

<u>Group and Company</u>	Share capital		Treasury shares	
	No. of shares '000	Amount \$'000	No. of shares '000	Amount \$'000
<b>2023</b>				
<b>Beginning and end of financial year</b>	<b>12,094,027</b>	<b>5,527,705</b>	<b>(21,994)</b>	<b>(17,670)</b>
<b>2022</b>				
<b>Beginning of financial year</b>	12,094,027	5,527,705	(29,222)	(23,485)
Treasury shares reissued	–	–	7,228	5,815
<b>End of financial year</b>	<b>12,094,027</b>	<b>5,527,705</b>	<b>(21,994)</b>	<b>(17,670)</b>

All issued ordinary shares are fully paid. There is no par value for these ordinary shares.

#### Treasury shares

At the Annual General Meeting (“AGM”) of the Company held on 19 April 2023, the shareholders of the Company approved the renewal of the authority for the Company to purchase or acquire its shares of up to 10% of the issued and paid-up share capital of the Company (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) at any point in time.

During the financial year, the Company did not purchase or acquire any of its shares through purchase or acquisition on the SGX-ST.

### 23. OTHER RESERVES

	Group		Company	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Performance share reserve (a)	<b>10,213</b>	1,088	<b>10,213</b>	1,088
Exchange translation reserve (b)	<b>9,028</b>	13,886	–	6,274
	<b>19,241</b>	14,974	<b>10,213</b>	7,362

#### (a) Performance share reserve

Performance share reserve comprise cumulative fair value of services received from employees measured at the date of grant for unvested equity-settled performance shares under the Genting Singapore Performance Share Scheme (“PSS”).

On 8 August 2007, the shareholders of the Company approved the PSS for an initial period of up to 7 August 2017 (the “Initial Period”). The objective of the PSS is to attract and retain the Group’s executives, executive directors and non-executive directors, who are in the position to drive the growth of the Company. The PSS gives the Company flexibility in relation to the Group’s remuneration package for the Group’s executives, executive directors and non-executive directors and allows the Group to manage its fixed overheads. On 21 April 2016, the shareholders of the Company approved amendments to the rules of the PSS and the extension of the duration of the PSS for a further period of 10 years, from 8 August 2017 to 7 August 2027 (both dates inclusive) (the “Extended Period”).

Under the PSS, the Company may grant to participants performance share awards which represent the right of such participants to receive fully paid shares free of charge, upon such participants satisfying the criteria set out in the PSS and upon satisfying such criteria as may be imposed. The number of shares which are the subject of each performance share award shall be determined at the absolute discretion of the Remuneration Committee, which shall take into account various criteria including those set out in the rules of the PSS. The Company will deliver shares to be received under a performance share award by issuing new shares and/or transferring treasury shares to the participants.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 23. OTHER RESERVES (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Performance share reserve (Continued)

The total number of shares which may be awarded pursuant to performance share awards granted under the PSS during the Initial Period shall not exceed 208,853,893 shares, and when added to the number of shares issued and/or issuable under such other share-based incentives schemes of the Company, shall not exceed 5% of the total number of shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) from time to time. The total number of shares which may be awarded pursuant to performance share awards granted under the PSS during the Extended Period shall not exceed 420,433,143 shares, and when added to the number of shares issued and/or issuable under such other share-based incentives schemes of the Company, shall not exceed 5% of the total number of shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) from time to time. As at 31 December 2023, no participant other than Mr Tan Hee Teck, has received 5% or more of the total number of performance share awards available under the PSS.

The vesting of performance shares granted under the PSS is subject to the achieving of pre-agreed service and/or performance conditions over the performance period.

For performance share grants with pre-agreed service conditions, the fair value was determined based on the Company's closing market price at the date of grant. The weighted average fair value per share granted in 2023 was \$1.12 pertaining to share awards granted to the Independent Non-Executive Directors. The vesting of these share awards is subject to satisfaction of service condition of one year from date of grant and will be subject to the Independent Non-Executive Directors being in service at the point of vesting. In 2023, the Group recorded share-based payment expenses relating to performance period in the current financial year for performance shares to be granted in 2024. There was no performance share granted in 2022.

Movements in the number of performance shares outstanding are as follows:

	<b>Group and Company</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
<b>Beginning of financial year</b>	<b>3,912,500</b>	46,540,000
Granted	<b>500,000</b>	–
Lapsed	<b>(3,912,500)</b>	(35,400,000)
Issued	–	(7,227,500)
<b>End of financial year</b>	<b>500,000</b>	3,912,500

#### (b) Exchange translation reserve

Exchange translation reserve comprise foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations where functional currencies are different from the presentation currency of the Group.

	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
<b>Beginning of financial year</b>	<b>13,886</b>	8,919	<b>6,274</b>	1,560
Net currency translation differences	<b>4,349</b>	4,863	<b>3,665</b>	4,714
Reclassification on deregistration of foreign branch and striking-off/dissolution of subsidiaries	<b>(9,207)</b>	104	<b>(9,939)</b>	–
<b>End of financial year</b>	<b>9,028</b>	13,886	–	6,274



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 24. PROVISION FOR RETIREMENT GRATUITIES

	Group		Company	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<b>Beginning of financial year</b>	<b>188</b>	205	<b>57</b>	57
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss	<b>3</b>	(16)	<b>5</b>	-
Payment made	<b>(41)</b>	-	-	-
Exchange differences	<b>1</b>	(1)	-	-
<b>End of financial year</b>	<b>151</b>	188	<b>62</b>	57

Retirement gratuities are payable to certain employees upon their retirement. The gratuities provided are factored for discount rates, based on interest rates available in the market for bonds with AA1 ratings, and attrition rates based on age bands.

### 25. DIVIDENDS

	Group and Company	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Final dividends paid in respect of the previous financial year of 2 cents per ordinary share <sup>^</sup> (2022: 1 cent per ordinary share)	<b>241,441</b>	120,720
Interim dividends paid in respect of the current financial year of 1.5 cents per ordinary share (2022: 1 cent per ordinary share)	<b>181,080</b>	120,720

<sup>^</sup> On 19 April 2023, the shareholders approved the payment of the final dividend of 2 cents per ordinary share in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2022. The dividend has been accounted for in shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ended 31 December 2023.

The Directors proposed the payment of a final dividend of 2 cents per ordinary share, in respect of the financial year ended 31 December 2023, subject to the approval of shareholders at the next AGM of the Company. These financial statements do not reflect this dividend, which will be accounted for in shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the financial year ending 31 December 2024, after it has been approved by shareholders at the AGM.

### 26. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Authorised capital expenditure not provided for in the financial statements:		
Contracted - property, plant and equipment	<b>3,369,925</b>	3,553,632

RWSPL entered into a second supplemental agreement with Sentosa Development Corporation ("SDC") on 3 April 2019, in relation to the construction, development and establishment of an expanded integrated resort, and committed to invest approximately \$4.5 billion in a renewal and refresh of the integrated resort.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's overall financial risk management objective is to optimise value creation for shareholders. The Group seeks to minimise the potential adverse impact arising from fluctuations in foreign exchange and interest rates and the unpredictability of the financial markets on the Group's financial performance.

The Group operates within clearly defined guidelines that are approved by the Board of Directors. Financial risk management is carried out through risk reviews conducted at all significant operational units. This process is further enhanced by effective internal controls, a group-wide insurance programme and adherence to the financial risk management policies.

The main areas of financial risk faced by the Group are as follows:

#### (a) Foreign currency exchange risk

The Group has certain investments in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. Currency exposure arising from the net assets of the Group's foreign operations is managed primarily through borrowings denominated in the relevant foreign currencies.

The Group is exposed to foreign currency exchange risk when the Company and its subsidiaries enter into transactions that are not denominated in their functional currencies. To manage these exposures, the Group takes advantage of any natural offsets of the Group's revenue and expenses denominated in foreign currencies and may from time to time enter into foreign exchange forward contracts for a portion of the remaining exposure relating to these forecast transactions when deemed appropriate.

The Group's and Company's principal net foreign currency exposures mainly relate to the United States Dollar ("USD").

The Group's and Company's currency exposures are as follows:

<u>USD</u>	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
<b>Financial assets</b>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<b>23,148</b>	36,839	–	–
Trade and other receivables	<b>2,369</b>	1,230	<b>1,047</b>	1,158
Cash and cash equivalents	<b>155,237</b>	136,735	<b>132,610</b>	127,949
	<b>180,754</b>	174,804	<b>133,657</b>	129,107
<b>Financial liabilities</b>				
Trade and other payables	<b>(9,962)</b>	(5,341)	<b>(98)</b>	(96)
Lease liabilities	<b>(1,167)</b>	(2,885)	–	–
	<b>(11,129)</b>	(8,226)	<b>(98)</b>	(96)
<b>Net currency exposures</b>	<b>169,625</b>	166,578	<b>133,559</b>	129,011

If the USD changes against the Singapore Dollar ("SGD") by 1% (2022: 1%) with all other variables being held constant, the effects on profit before taxation will be as follows:

	<b>Increase/(decrease)</b>			
	<b>Group</b>		<b>Company</b>	
	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
USD against SGD				
– Strengthened	<b>1,696</b>	1,666	<b>1,336</b>	1,290
– Weakened	<b>(1,696)</b>	(1,666)	<b>(1,336)</b>	(1,290)

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### (b) Price risk

As at 31 December 2023, the Group is exposed to securities price risk arising from its debt securities classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. If prices for debt securities increase/decrease by 1,000 basis points (2022: 1,000 basis points) with all other variables being held constant, the profit before taxation will be higher/lower by \$2,315,000 (2022: \$3,684,000) as a result of fair value gain/loss on these debt securities.

### (c) Interest rate risk

The Group and the Company are not subject to material interest rate risk.

### (d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the potential financial loss resulting from the failure of counterparties of the Group, to settle their financial and contractual obligation as and when they fall due.

The Group's main class of financial assets that are subject to credit risk are trade and other receivables, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, other asset and cash and cash equivalents. The Group's financial assets except trade and other receivables are subject to immaterial credit loss as the Group adopts the policy of dealing only with high credit quality financial institutions.

As the Group does not hold any collateral, the maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that class of financial instruments presented on the statements of financial position.

#### Trade receivables

In managing credit risk exposure from trade receivables, majority of which are related to casino debtors, the Group has established a credit committee and processes to evaluate the creditworthiness of its counterparties. The counterparty's payment profile and credit exposure are continuously monitored by the credit committee, together with the operational policies and guidelines. Credit exposure to an individual counterparty is restricted by the credit limits set by the credit committee based on the ongoing credit evaluation. The top 10 trade debtors of the Group represented 32% (2022: 34%) of trade receivables.

In measuring the lifetime expected credit losses, the Group uses the provision matrix method where trade receivables are grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and days past due. The expected loss rates are based on the payment profiles and the corresponding historical credit losses experienced. The Group has considered forward-looking information and determined that it does not significantly affect the historical credit losses.

The Group considers a trade receivable as credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated cash flow have occurred. These instances include adverse changes in the financial capability of the debtor and default or significant delay in payments.

The movements in allowance for impairment on trade receivables are as follows:

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<b>Beginning of financial year</b>	<b>102,052</b>	182,580
Charged to profit or loss	<b>140,357</b>	31,386
Allowance utilised	<b>(40,788)</b>	(111,895)
Exchange differences	<b>(1)</b>	(19)
<b>End of financial year</b>	<b>201,620</b>	102,052

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, with the case-by-case assessment performed based on indicators such as insolvency or demise. Where receivables are written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### (d) Credit risk (Continued)

##### Trade receivables (Continued)

The Group's credit risk exposure in relation to trade receivables are as follows:

<b>Group</b>	<b>Not past due \$'000</b>	<b>Past due less than 3 months \$'000</b>	<b>Past due 3 to 6 months \$'000</b>	<b>Past due more than 6 months \$'000</b>	<b>Total \$'000</b>
<b>2023</b>					
Trade receivables	104,055	128,418	49,487	114,207	396,167
Allowance for impairment	(8,471)	(48,967)	(33,603)	(110,579)	(201,620)
<b>Total</b>	<b>95,584</b>	<b>79,451</b>	<b>15,884</b>	<b>3,628</b>	<b>194,547</b>
<b>2022</b>					
Trade receivables	55,941	33,984	21,819	48,757	160,501
Allowance for impairment	(4,504)	(27,101)	(21,791)	(48,656)	(102,052)
<b>Total</b>	<b>51,437</b>	<b>6,883</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>58,449</b>

##### Other receivables

The Group and the Company use the below internal credit risk categories for other receivables which are subject to expected credit losses approach permitted under SFRS(I) 9 *Financial Instruments*. The 4 categories reflect the respective credit risk and how the loss provision is determined for each of those categories as follows:

<b>Category</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Basis for recognition of expected credit losses</b>
• Performing	Low risk of default and a strong capacity to meet contractual cash flows.	12-month expected credit losses
• Under-performing	Significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.	Lifetime expected credit losses
• Non-performing	Evidence indicating that the asset is impaired.	Lifetime expected credit losses
• Write-off	No reasonable expectation of recovery.	Amount is written off

Other than the Company's amounts due from subsidiaries and loan to a subsidiary (Note 16) which are under-performing, the Group and Company have no financial assets that are subject to more than immaterial credit losses.

The movements in allowance for impairment on other receivables are as follows:

	<b>Company</b>	
	<b>2023 \$'000</b>	<b>2022 \$'000</b>
<b>Beginning of financial year</b>	<b>112,071</b>	95,238
Charged to profit or loss	21,716	17,654
Allowance utilised	–	(172)
Exchange differences	(366)	(649)
<b>End of financial year</b>	<b>133,421</b>	112,071

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### (e) Liquidity risk

The Group practises prudent liquidity risk management to minimise the mismatch of financial assets and liabilities. The Group's cash flow is reviewed regularly to ensure that the Group is able to settle its commitments when they fall due.

Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Group and aggregated for Group purposes. The Group monitors rolling forecasts of its liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs while maintaining sufficient headroom on its undrawn borrowing facilities at all times so that the Group does not breach borrowing limits or covenants on any of its borrowing facilities. Such forecasting takes into consideration the Group's debt financing plans, covenant compliance and compliance with internal ratio targets.

The table below analyses the financial liabilities of the Group and the Company into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period as at reporting date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 year \$'000	Between 1 and 2 years \$'000	Between 2 and 5 years \$'000	Over 5 years \$000
<b>Group</b>				
<b>2023</b>				
Trade and other payables*	395,316	3,223	3,153	–
Lease liabilities	1,683	723	611	–
	<b>396,999</b>	<b>3,946</b>	<b>3,764</b>	<b>–</b>
<b>2022</b>				
Trade and other payables*	293,877	2,318	1,068	–
Lease liabilities	3,351	1,496	828	–
	297,228	3,814	1,896	–
<b>Company</b>				
<b>2023</b>				
Trade and other payables*	106,361	–	–	–
Lease liabilities	55	–	–	–
	<b>106,416</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>	<b>–</b>
<b>2022</b>				
Trade and other payables*	104,886	–	–	–
Lease liabilities	330	55	–	–
	105,216	55	–	–

\* Excludes contract liabilities

### (f) Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

In order to optimise the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, buy back issued shares, take on new debt or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with the industry, the Group monitors capital utilisation based on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as total debt divided by total capital. Total debt is calculated as total borrowings. Total capital is calculated as equity attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company plus total debt.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### (f) Capital risk management (Continued)

The gearing ratios are as follows:

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Total debt	2,918	5,538
Total equity attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	8,192,146	7,998,818
Total capital	<u>8,195,064</u>	<u>8,004,356</u>
Gearing ratio	<u>0.04%</u>	<u>0.07%</u>

There were no changes in the Group's approach to capital management during the current financial year.

The Group is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

#### (g) Fair value estimation

The following table presents the Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value and classified by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- (i) Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- (ii) Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- (iii) Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

Group	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
<b>2023</b>				
<b>Assets</b>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 14)	–	–	23,148	<u>23,148</u>
<b>2022</b>				
<b>Assets</b>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 14)	–	–	36,839	<u>36,839</u>

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on closing quoted market prices on the last market day at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. The quoted market price used for financial assets is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 27. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

#### (g) Fair value estimation (Continued)

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.

The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each reporting date. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used to estimate fair value for long term debt for disclosure purposes. Other techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3. Changing one or more of the unobservable inputs in the valuation technique used for Level 3 instruments will not significantly impact the fair value of these instruments. The assessment of the fair value of unquoted debt securities is performed on a quarterly basis based on the latest available data such as underlying net asset value of the investee entity to approximate the fair value as at reporting date.

The following table presents the changes in Level 3 instruments:

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<b>Beginning of financial year</b>	<b>36,839</b>	46,139
Fair value loss recognised in profit or loss	<b>(13,101)</b>	(9,180)
Exchange differences	<b>(590)</b>	(120)
<b>End of financial year</b>	<b>23,148</b>	36,839

The fair value of current and non-current financial assets and liabilities approximate their carrying amounts.

#### (h) Financial instruments by category

The aggregate carrying amounts of financial instruments are categorised as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Financial assets at amortised cost	<b>3,884,956</b>	3,553,129	<b>2,011,946</b>	1,886,050
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	<b>23,148</b>	36,839	-	-
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	<b>409,667</b>	308,654	<b>106,416</b>	105,266

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 28. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company's immediate holding corporation is Genting Overseas Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in the Isle of Man. The ultimate holding corporation is Genting Berhad, a company incorporated in Malaysia and whose shares are listed on the Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad.

In addition to the information disclosed elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements, the following significant transactions took place between the Group and related parties:

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
(i) Sales of goods and/or services to:		
– A joint venture	1,433	1,408
– Other related parties	102	219
	<u>1,535</u>	<u>1,627</u>
(ii) Purchases of goods and/or services from:		
– A joint venture	<u>(25,972)</u>	<u>(25,228)</u>

#### Key management remuneration (including directors' remuneration):

Key management remuneration includes fees, salaries, bonus, commission and other emoluments computed based on the costs incurred by the Group, and where the Group did not incur any costs, the value of the benefit.

The remuneration of directors and the key management personnel are analysed as follows:

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<b>Non-executive directors</b>		
– Fees and meeting allowances	1,306	1,298
– Share-based payment	373	–
	<u>1,679</u>	<u>1,298</u>
<b>Executive directors</b>		
– Fees and meeting allowances	52	50
– Salaries, bonus and other emoluments	17,098	15,855
– Defined contribution plan	42	40
– Share-based payment	4,640	146
	<u>21,832</u>	<u>16,091</u>
Total	<u>23,511</u>	<u>17,389</u>
<b>Key management personnel (excluding directors' remuneration)</b>		
– Salaries, bonus and other emoluments	9,433	6,508
– Defined contribution plan	208	175
– Share-based payment	1,881	112
Total	<u>11,522</u>	<u>6,795</u>

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

## 29. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports that are used by the chief operating decision-maker to make strategic decisions.

The chief operating decision-maker considers the business from both business and geographic perspectives.

### **Business segment**

The Singapore leisure and hospitality segment derives revenue from the development and operation of the integrated resort.

Under the Development Agreement signed between the SDC and the Group, the Group is required to construct, develop and operate a resort with a comprehensive range of integrated and synergised amenities for recreation, entertainment and lifestyle uses. This includes key attractions such as hotels, event facilities, retail, dining, entertainment shows, themed attractions and casino, which must be at all times operated and managed together. Each key attraction cannot be closed without prior written approval from SDC.

The investment business derives revenue from investing in assets to generate future income and cash flows.

Sales between segments are carried out at arm's length. The revenue from external parties reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

The chief operating decision-maker assesses the performance of the operating segments based on a measure of adjusted earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("Adjusted EBITDA"). This measurement basis excludes the effects of gain/loss on disposal of assets and liabilities classified as held-for-sale, share-based payment, net exchange gain/loss relating to investments and other income/expenses which include impairment/write-off/gain/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, fair value gain/loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, pre-opening/development expenses and other non-recurring adjustments.

Segment assets consist primarily of property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, inventories, trade and other receivables, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and cash and cash equivalents.

Segment liabilities comprise all liabilities other than current and deferred tax liabilities and lease liabilities.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 29. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

<b>Group</b>	<b>Leisure and Hospitality</b>			<b>Total</b>
	<b>Singapore</b>	<b>Others*</b>	<b>Investments</b>	
<b>2023</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>	<b>\$'000</b>
Gaming	1,647,572	–	–	1,647,572
Non-gaming	758,176	–	–	758,176
Other revenue	11,292	18	4,000	15,310
Inter-segment revenue	–	–	(3,430)	(3,430)
<b>External revenue</b>	<b>2,417,040</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>2,417,628</b>
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>1,056,529</b>	<b>(2,864)</b>	<b>(28,036)</b>	<b>1,025,629</b>
Share of results of joint venture	3,826	–	–	3,826
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	(339,055)	–	(1,203)	(340,258)
Amortisation of intangible assets	(27,072)	–	–	(27,072)
<b>Assets</b>				
Segment assets	7,276,971	2,214	1,795,540	9,074,725
Interests in joint venture	71,973	–	–	71,973
Deferred tax assets				67
Consolidated total assets				<b>9,146,765</b>
Segment assets include:				
Additions to:				
– Property, plant and equipment	391,656	–	–	391,656
– Intangible assets	3,793	–	–	3,793
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Segment liabilities	560,448	2,367	13,636	576,451
Lease liabilities				2,918
Income tax liabilities				192,639
Deferred tax liabilities				182,611
Consolidated total liabilities				<b>954,619</b>

\* Other leisure and hospitality segment mainly represents other hospitality and support services.



## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 29. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

<b>Group</b> <b>2022</b>	<b>Leisure and Hospitality</b>			<b>Total</b> <b>\$'000</b>
	<b>Singapore</b> <b>\$'000</b>	<b>Others*</b> <b>\$'000</b>	<b>Investments</b> <b>\$'000</b>	
Gaming	1,228,867	–	–	1,228,867
Non-gaming	478,033	–	–	478,033
Other revenue	12,779	4,140	4,012	20,931
Inter-segment revenue	–	–	(2,500)	(2,500)
<b>External revenue</b>	<b>1,719,679</b>	<b>4,140</b>	<b>1,512</b>	<b>1,725,331</b>
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>802,968</b>	<b>(3,086)</b>	<b>(25,728)</b>	<b>774,154</b>
Share of results of joint venture	2,810	–	–	2,810
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	(306,139)	–	(1,614)	(307,753)
Amortisation of intangible assets	(26,838)	–	–	(26,838)
<b>Assets</b>				
Segment assets	7,010,021	18,633	1,703,453	8,732,107
Interests in joint venture	68,147	–	–	68,147
Deferred tax assets				11
Consolidated total assets				<u>8,800,265</u>
Segment assets include:				
Additions to:				
– Property, plant and equipment	144,208	–	938	145,146
– Intangible assets	74,355	–	–	74,355
<b>Liabilities</b>				
Segment liabilities	441,758	2,186	11,974	455,918
Lease liabilities				5,538
Income tax liabilities				140,986
Deferred tax liabilities				199,005
Consolidated total liabilities				<u>801,447</u>

\* Other leisure and hospitality segment mainly represents other hospitality and support services.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 December 2023

### 29. SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

A reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to profit before taxation is provided as follows:

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Adjusted EBITDA for reportable segments	1,025,629	774,154
Share-based payment expense	(9,125)	(56)
Net exchange gain/(loss) relating to investments	1,534	(743)
Depreciation and amortisation	(367,330)	(334,591)
Interest income	138,504	50,981
Finance costs	(927)	(2,442)
Share of results of joint venture	3,826	2,810
Impairment on property, plant and equipment	–	(23,290)
Other expenses (net)*	(15,257)	(10,097)
<b>Profit before taxation</b>	<b>776,854</b>	<b>456,726</b>

\* Other expenses (net) include gain/(loss) on disposal/write-off of property, plant and equipment, fair value gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, pre-opening/development expenses and other non-recurring adjustments.

#### Geographical information

The Group operates predominantly in Asia. The main business of the Group is in leisure and hospitality operations in Singapore where the development and operation of an integrated resort contributes most of its revenue. The operations in other geographical areas in the Asia Pacific (excluding Singapore) are sales and marketing services relating to the Group's leisure and hospitality related businesses and other investments.

Revenue is classified based on the location in which revenue is derived. Sales between segments are eliminated. Non-current assets exclude deferred tax assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

	Group	
	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
<b>Revenue</b>		
Singapore	2,417,628	1,725,331
<b>Non-current assets</b>		
Singapore	5,171,405	5,157,827
Asia Pacific (excluding Singapore)	332	413
	<b>5,171,737</b>	<b>5,158,240</b>

There is no revenue derived from transactions with a single external customer that amounted to 10% or more of the Group's revenue.

### 30. AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 22 February 2024.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Genting Singapore Limited

## REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Our Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Genting Singapore Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023, and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended on that date.

### *What we have audited*

The financial statements of the Company and the Group comprise:

- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2023;
- the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023;
- the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group for the financial year then ended;
- the statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group for the financial year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### *Independence*

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Genting Singapore Limited

## Our Audit Approach

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the accompanying financial statements. In particular, we considered where management made subjective judgements; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including among other matters consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter
<p><b>1. Impairment of trade receivables</b></p>	
<p><b>See Note 3(b) of the financial statements for the related accounting policies, estimates and judgements and Note 27(d) for the credit risk exposure.</b></p>	<p>We updated our understanding of the processes for credit assessment and approval, and impairment assessment of trade receivables. We tested the operating effectiveness of relevant controls including the following:</p>
<p><b>The impairment of trade receivables, majority of which were related to casino debtors, was a key audit matter as significant judgement was involved in determining the expected credit losses. These significant judgements included:</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• checked on a sampling basis that credit assessment has been appropriately completed in accordance with the Group's standard operating procedures for credit granting;</li> <li>• checked on a sampling basis the authorisation of credit based on the Group's approval matrix for credit transactions; and</li> <li>• read the minutes of all the meetings of the credit committee (which is responsible for the monitoring of trade receivables and approval of impairment provisions) and checked that monitoring and credit risk assessment is performed.</li> </ul>
<p><b>(i) grouping of trade receivables based on shared credit risk characteristics and days past due;</b>  <b>(ii) expected loss rates based on historical credit loss experience; and</b>  <b>(iii) identification of indicators of when trade receivables are credit impaired.</b></p>	<p>We reviewed the credit evaluation and monitoring files relating to selected trade receivables. We held discussions with the chairperson of the credit committee about these trade receivables to understand the judgements exercised in assessing the expected credit loss of these trade receivables.</p>
<p><b>As at 31 December 2023, allowance for impairment amounted to \$202 million and an impairment charge of \$124 million was recognised for the year ended 31 December 2023.</b></p>	<p>We assessed the appropriateness of judgements made by management based on historical trend of collections and external data.</p> <p>Based on the above, we are satisfied that the judgements made by management are appropriate.</p>

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Genting Singapore Limited

## Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the chairman's statement, 2023 highlights, board of directors, Genting Singapore management & corporate information, corporate diary & financial highlights, RWS management team & awards and accolades, year in review, our ESG commitment, corporate governance, directors' statement and group offices (but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon), which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, and the other sections of the annual report ("the Other Sections") which are expected to be made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the Other Sections, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to the directors and take appropriate actions in accordance with SSAs.

## Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SFRS(I)s, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Members of Genting Singapore Limited

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

In our opinion, the accounting and the other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Lee Chian Yorn.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP  
Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants  
Singapore, 22 February 2024

## STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

As at 29 February 2024

Issued and paid-up capital	: \$5,527,705,425.50
Class of shares	: Ordinary shares
Voting rights	: One vote per share
No. of issued shares (excluding treasury shares)	: 12,072,032,474
No. of treasury shares	: 21,994,350
Percentage of treasury shares	: 0.18%
No. of subsidiary holdings <sup>(1)</sup>	: 0
Percentage of subsidiary holdings <sup>(1)</sup>	: 0%

### Note:

<sup>(1)</sup> "Subsidiary holdings" is defined in the Listing Rules of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") to mean shares referred to in Sections 21(4), 21(4B), 21(6A) and 21(6C) of the Companies Act 1967.

## DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

Size of Shareholdings	Number of Shareholders		Number of Shares (excluding Treasury Shares)	
	Number of Shareholders	%	Number of Shares	%
1 to 99	621	0.91	13,294	0.00
100 to 1,000	7,481	10.98	4,603,651	0.04
1,001 to 10,000	33,830	49.66	189,682,994	1.57
10,001 to 1,000,000	26,066	38.27	1,315,874,259	10.90
1,000,001 and above	122	0.18	10,561,858,276	87.49
<b>Total</b>	<b>68,120</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>12,072,032,474</b>	<b>100.00</b>

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS (AS RECORDED IN THE REGISTER OF SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS)

Substantial Shareholders (5% or more)	Direct Interest		Deemed Interest	
	Number of Shares	%	Number of Shares	%
Genting Overseas Holdings Limited ("GOHL")	6,353,685,269	52.6314	–	–
Genting Berhad ("GENT") <sup>(2)</sup>	–	–	6,353,685,269	52.6314
Kien Huat Realty Sdn Berhad ("KHR") <sup>(3)</sup>	142,800	0.0012	6,353,685,269	52.6314
Kien Huat International Limited ("KHI") <sup>(4)</sup>	–	–	6,353,828,069	52.6326
Parkview Management Sdn Bhd ("Parkview") <sup>(5)</sup>	–	–	6,353,828,069	52.6326
Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay <sup>(1)</sup>	15,695,063	0.1300	6,353,828,069	52.6326
Dato' Indera Lim Keong Hui <sup>(6)</sup>	–	–	6,353,828,069	52.6326

### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay is the Executive Chairman. He is a director of GENT, certain companies within the GENT Group and certain companies which are substantial shareholders of GENT. Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay is also one of the beneficiaries of a discretionary trust, the trustee of which is Parkview (please see Note (5) for information on this trust). A discretionary trust is one in which the trustee (and in the case where the trustee is a company, its board of directors) has full discretion to decide which beneficiaries will receive, and in whichever proportion of the income or assets of the trust when it is distributed and also how the rights attached to any shares held by the trust are exercised. The deemed interests of Parkview in the shares of the Company are explained in Note (5). On account of Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay being a beneficiary of the discretionary trust, he is deemed interested in the shares of the Company by virtue of the deemed interest of Parkview.

<sup>(2)</sup> GOHL is a wholly-owned subsidiary of GENT. Therefore, GENT is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by GOHL.

<sup>(3)</sup> KHR controls more than 20% of the voting share capital of GENT. KHR is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held by itself and GOHL.

<sup>(4)</sup> The voting share capital of KHR is wholly-owned by KHI. Therefore, KHI is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company through KHR and GOHL.

<sup>(5)</sup> Parkview acts as trustee of a discretionary trust, the beneficiaries of which are Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay and certain members of his family. Parkview, through its wholly-owned company, namely KHI, owns the entire issued voting share capital of KHR. As such, Parkview is deemed to be interested in the shares of the Company held through KHR and GOHL. Parkview is owned by Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay and Dato' Indera Lim Keong Hui on an equal basis. The board members of Parkview are Tan Sri Lim Kok Thay, Dato' Indera Lim Keong Hui and Mr Gerard Lim Ewe Keng.

<sup>(6)</sup> Dato' Indera Lim Keong Hui is one of the beneficiaries of a discretionary trust, the trustee of which is Parkview. On account of Dato' Indera Lim Keong Hui being a beneficiary of the discretionary trust, he is deemed interested in the shares of the Company by virtue of the deemed interest of Parkview.

## STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

As at 29 February 2024

### TWENTY (20) LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

No.	Name of Shareholders	Number of Shares	% of Issued Shares (excluding Treasury Shares)
1.	GENTING OVERSEAS HOLDINGS LIMITED	6,353,685,269	52.63
2.	CITIBANK NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD	1,250,041,670	10.35
3.	HSBC (SINGAPORE) NOMINEES PTE LTD	666,889,567	5.52
4.	RAFFLES NOMINEES (PTE.) LIMITED	476,297,342	3.95
5.	DBSN SERVICES PTE LTD	435,202,229	3.61
6.	PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD	321,828,701	2.67
7.	DBS NOMINEES PTE LTD	249,184,317	2.06
8.	OCBC SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED	101,903,140	0.84
9.	CGS INTERNATIONAL SECURITIES SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.	84,091,849	0.70
10.	UOB KAY HIAN PRIVATE LIMITED	64,704,859	0.54
11.	BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD	57,966,370	0.48
12.	UNITED OVERSEAS BANK NOMINEES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	50,068,756	0.41
13.	MAYBANK SECURITIES PTE. LTD.	45,363,095	0.38
14.	BPSS NOMINEES SINGAPORE (PTE.) LTD.	41,626,409	0.34
15.	MORGAN STANLEY ASIA (SINGAPORE) SECURITIES PTE LTD	29,976,043	0.25
16.	MERRILL LYNCH (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD	24,426,219	0.20
17.	TAN HEE TECK	17,250,000	0.14
18.	DB NOMINEES (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD	16,643,858	0.14
19.	ARIFIN @ LIE TJONG TJIN @ LIE CHANG CHIN	13,500,000	0.11
20.	IFAST FINANCIAL PTE. LTD.	11,809,509	0.10
	<b>Total</b>	<b>10,312,459,202</b>	<b>85.42</b>

### PUBLIC FLOAT

Based on the information available to the Company as at 29 February 2024, approximately 47.06% of the issued shares (excluding treasury shares) of the Company was held by the public. Therefore, Rule 723 of the Listing Rules of the SGX-ST has been complied with.



## GENTING SINGAPORE LIMITED

(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)  
(Company Registration Number: 201818581G)

### NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Thirty-Ninth Annual General Meeting of Genting Singapore Limited (the "**Company**") will be held at Resorts World Ballroom West, Resorts World Convention Centre, Basement 2, 8 Sentosa Gateway, Resorts World Sentosa, Singapore 098269 on Thursday, 18 April 2024 at 10.00 a.m. (Singapore time) to transact the following business:

#### ROUTINE BUSINESS:

1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Statement and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 and the Auditor's Report thereon. **(Resolution 1)**
2. To declare a final one-tier tax exempt dividend of \$0.02 per ordinary share for the financial year ended 31 December 2023. **(Resolution 2)**
3. To re-elect Mr Tan Wah Yeow, who is retiring by rotation pursuant to Regulation 112 of the Company's Constitution and who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election. **(Resolution 3)**
4. To re-elect Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston, who is retiring by rotation pursuant to Regulation 112 of the Company's Constitution and who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election. **(Resolution 4)**
5. To approve (a) Directors' fees of up to \$2,049,000 (FY2023: up to \$2,031,000) in total for all Directors, and (b) 125,000 (FY2023: 125,000) ordinary shares of the Company for each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors of the Company, for the financial year ending 31 December 2024. **(Resolution 5)**
6. To re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as Auditor of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. **(Resolution 6)**

#### SPECIAL BUSINESS:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolutions as ordinary resolutions:

##### Proposed Renewal of the General Mandate for Interested Person Transactions

7. THAT: **(Resolution 7)**
  - (a) approval be and is hereby given, for the purposes of Chapter 9 of the Listing Rules ("**Chapter 9**") of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("**SGX-ST**"), for the Company, its subsidiaries and associated companies that are entities at risk (as the term is used in Chapter 9), or any of them, to enter into any of the transactions falling within the types of interested person transactions described in the Appendix to the Letter to Shareholders dated 27 March 2024 (the "**Letter**") with any party who is of the class of interested persons described in the Appendix to the Letter, provided that such transactions are made on normal commercial terms and in accordance with the review procedures for such interested person transactions;
  - (b) the approval given in paragraph (a) above (the "**IPT Mandate**") shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, continue in force until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company ("**AGM**") or the date by which the next AGM is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier; and
  - (c) the Directors of the Company and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) as they may consider expedient or necessary or in the interests of the Company to give effect to the IPT Mandate and/or this Resolution.

Proposed Renewal of the Share Buy-Back Mandate

8. THAT:

**(Resolution 8)**

- (a) for the purposes of Sections 76C and 76E of the Companies Act 1967 (the "**Companies Act**"), the exercise by the Directors of the Company of all the powers of the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire issued ordinary shares of the Company ("**Shares**") not exceeding in aggregate the Maximum Limit (as hereafter defined), at such price(s) as may be determined by the Directors of the Company from time to time up to the Maximum Price (as hereafter defined), whether by way of:
- (i) market purchase(s) (each a "**Market Purchase**") transacted on the SGX-ST; and/or
  - (ii) off-market purchase(s) (each an "**Off-Market Purchase**") (if effected otherwise than on the SGX-ST) in accordance with any equal access scheme(s) as may be determined or formulated by the Directors of the Company as they consider fit, which scheme(s) shall satisfy all the conditions prescribed by the Companies Act,
- and otherwise in accordance with all other laws and regulations and rules of the SGX-ST as may for the time being be applicable, be and is hereby authorised and approved generally and unconditionally (the "**Share Buy-Back Mandate**");
- (b) unless varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting, the authority conferred on the Directors of the Company pursuant to the Share Buy-Back Mandate may be exercised by the Directors (subject to the requirements of the Companies Act) at any time and from time to time during the period commencing from the passing of this Resolution and expiring on the earlier of:
- (i) the date on which the next AGM is held or required by law to be held;
  - (ii) the date on which purchases and acquisitions of issued Shares pursuant to the Share Buy-Back Mandate are carried out to the full extent mandated; or
  - (iii) the date on which the authority contained in the Share Buy-Back Mandate is varied or revoked;
- (c) in this Resolution:
- (i) "**Average Closing Price**" means the average of the closing market prices of the Shares over the last five (5) market days, on which transactions in the Shares were recorded, immediately preceding the day of the Market Purchase or, as the case may be, the date on which the Company announces an Off-Market Purchase offer stating the purchase price and the relevant terms of the equal access scheme, and deemed to be adjusted for any corporate action that occurs during the relevant five-day period and the day on which the purchases are made;
  - (ii) "**Maximum Limit**" means 10% of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings (as defined in the Listing Rules of the SGX-ST)) as at the date of passing of this Resolution;
  - (iii) "**Maximum Price**" in relation to a Share to be purchased, means the purchase price (excluding brokerage, commission, applicable goods and services tax and other related expenses) not exceeding:
    - (aa) in the case of a Market Purchase: 105% of the Average Closing Price;
    - (bb) in the case of an Off-Market Purchase: 120% of the Average Closing Price; and



- (d) the Directors of the Company and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) as they may consider expedient or necessary or in the interests of the Company to give effect to the transactions contemplated by this Resolution.

9. To transact any other business of which due notice shall have been given.

By Order of the Board

Liew Lan Hing  
Company Secretary  
27 March 2024

**Explanatory Notes:**

- a. **Ordinary Resolution 3** is to re-elect Mr Tan Wah Yeow who is retiring by rotation pursuant to Regulation 112 of the Constitution of the Company. Detailed information on Mr Tan can be found under “**Board of Directors**” and “**Corporate Governance**” in the Annual Report 2023.

Mr Tan Wah Yeow will, upon re-election as a director, continue to serve as Chairman of the Audit and Risk Committee and a member of the Nominating Committee and the Remuneration Committee. Mr Tan is considered an independent non-executive director.

- b. **Ordinary Resolution 4** is to re-elect Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston who is retiring by rotation pursuant to Regulation 112 of the Constitution of the Company. Detailed information on Mr Hauw can be found under “**Board of Directors**” and “**Corporate Governance**” in the Annual Report 2023.

Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston will, upon re-election as a director, continue to serve as Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Audit and Risk Committee. Mr Hauw is considered an independent non-executive director.

- c. **Ordinary Resolution 5**, if passed, will facilitate the payment of Directors’ fees during the financial year in which the fees are incurred, that is during the financial year ending 31 December 2024, and the grant of share awards to Independent Non-Executive Directors.

The Directors’ fees of up to \$2,049,000 are computed based on the anticipated number of Directors, as well as Board and Board Committee meetings, for the financial year ending 31 December 2024, assuming full attendance by all the Directors. In the event that the amount proposed is insufficient, approval will be sought at the next AGM before payments are made to the Directors for the shortfall. Detailed information on Directors’ fees for FY2024 can be found under “**Corporate Governance**” in the Annual Report 2023.

Each of the Independent Non-Executive Directors will be granted 125,000 share awards pursuant to the Genting Singapore Performance Share Scheme. Vesting of the share awards is subject to satisfaction of service condition of one year from date of grant and will be subject to the Independent Non-Executive Directors being in service at the point of vesting. The Independent Non-Executive Directors will be subject to a selling moratorium pursuant to which each of whom will be required to hold the equivalent of one year’s basic retainer fees during his or her tenure as a Director.

- d. **Ordinary Resolution 7**, if passed, will renew the mandate to allow the Company, its subsidiaries and associated companies that are entities at risk (as the term is used in Chapter 9 of the Listing Rules of the SGX-ST) or any of them to enter into certain interested person transactions with certain classes of interested persons as described in the Appendix to the Letter. Please refer to the Appendix to the Letter for more information.

- e. **Ordinary Resolution 8**, if passed, will entitle the Directors to effect the purchase or acquisition of Shares via market purchase(s) or off-market purchase(s), after taking into account the amount of surplus cash available, the prevailing market conditions and the most cost-effective and efficient approach. The Company may use internal or external sources of funds to finance the purchase or acquisition of its Shares. The amount of financing required for the Company to purchase or acquire its Shares, and the impact on the Company's financial position, cannot be ascertained as at the date of this Notice as these will depend on the number of Shares purchased or acquired, the price at which such Shares were purchased or acquired and whether the Shares purchased or acquired are held in treasury or cancelled.

The financial effects of the purchase or acquisition of such Shares by the Company pursuant to the proposed Share Buy-Back Mandate on the audited financial statements of the Company and the Company and its subsidiaries for the financial year ended 31 December 2023, based on certain assumptions, are set out in paragraph 3.6 of the Letter. Please refer to the Letter for more details.

## **NOTES**

### *Format of Meeting*

1. The AGM of the Company will be held, in a wholly physical format, at Resorts World Ballroom West, Resorts World Convention Centre, Basement 2, 8 Sentosa Gateway, Resorts World Sentosa, Singapore 098269 on Thursday, 18 April 2024 at 10.00 a.m. (Singapore time). Members, including CPFIS and SRS investors, and (where applicable) duly appointed proxies and representatives will be able to ask questions and vote at the AGM by attending the AGM in person. **There will be no option for members to participate virtually.**

Printed copies of this Notice and the accompanying Proxy Form will be sent to members by post. These documents have also been published on SGXNet at the URL <https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements> and the Company's website at the URL <https://gentingsingapore.com/#!/en/investors/annual-reports>.

### *Appointment of Proxy(ies)*

2. (a) A member who is not a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint not more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the AGM. Where such member's instrument appointing a proxy(ies) appoints more than one proxy, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the instrument. If no proportion is specified, the first named proxy shall be deemed to represent 100% of the shareholding and the second named proxy shall be deemed to be an alternate to the first named. Where there is only one proxy appointed and the shareholding is not specified, the proxy shall be deemed to represent 100% of the shareholding.
- (b) A member who is a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the AGM, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such member. Where such member's instrument appointing a proxy(ies) appoints more than two proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the instrument.

**"Relevant intermediary"** has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 181 of the Companies Act 1967.

A member who wishes to appoint a proxy(ies) must complete the instrument appointing a proxy(ies), before submitting it in the manner set out below.

3. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. A member may choose to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy.
4. Completion and return of the instrument appointing a proxy(ies) by a member shall not preclude the member from attending, speaking and voting in person at the AGM if the member so wishes. In such event, the relevant instrument appointing a proxy(ies) will be deemed to be revoked, and the Company reserves the right to refuse to admit any person or persons appointed under the instrument appointing a proxy(ies), to the AGM.

5. (i) The instrument appointing a proxy(ies) must be submitted to the Company in the following manner:
- (a) if submitted personally or by post, be lodged at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services (a division of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd.) at 9 Raffles Place, #26-01 Republic Plaza, Singapore 048619; or
  - (b) if submitted electronically via email, to Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services (a division of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd.) at [genting-proxy@sg.tricorglobal.com](mailto:genting-proxy@sg.tricorglobal.com),
- and in each case, must be lodged or received (as the case may be) **not less than 72 hours before the time for holding the AGM** and at any adjournment thereof, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- (ii) The instrument appointing a proxy(ies) must be signed by the appointor or his attorney duly authorised in writing. Where the instrument appointing a proxy(ies) is executed by a corporation, it must be either under its common seal or signed on its behalf by a duly authorised officer or attorney.
  - (iii) The Company shall be entitled to reject the instrument appointing a proxy(ies) if it is incomplete, improperly completed, illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument appointing a proxy(ies) (such as in the case where the appointor submits more than one instrument of proxy).
  - (iv) In the case of a member whose Shares are entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any instrument appointing a proxy(ies) lodged if such member, being the appointor, is not shown to have Shares entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register as at **15 April 2024**, as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.
6. CPFIS and SRS investors:
- (a) may vote at the AGM if they are appointed as proxies by their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators, and should contact their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators if they have any queries regarding their appointment as proxies; or
  - (b) may appoint the Chairman of the AGM as proxy to vote on their behalf at the AGM, in which case they should approach their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their votes **by 5.00 p.m. on 5 April 2024**.

#### *Submission of Questions*

7. Members, including CPFIS and SRS investors, may submit questions relating to the resolutions to be tabled for approval at the AGM in advance of the AGM:
- (a) personally or by post, to the Company's Share Registrar, Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services (a division of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd.) at 9 Raffles Place, #26-01 Republic Plaza, Singapore 048619; or
  - (b) via email to the Company at [agm2024@gentingsingapore.com](mailto:agm2024@gentingsingapore.com).

When submitting questions, the member should provide the following details:

- (a) full name;
- (b) address; and
- (c) the manner in which his/her/its shares in the Company are held (e.g. via CDP, CPFIS/SRS and/or scrip).

All questions submitted in advance of the AGM must be received by **5.00 p.m. on 8 April 2024**.

8. The Company will publish the responses to substantial and relevant questions (which are related to the resolutions to be tabled for approval at the AGM) on SGXNet at the URL <https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements> and the Company's website at the URL <https://gentingsingapore.com/#!/en/investors/annual-reports> by **10.00 a.m. on 12 April 2024**. Where substantially similar questions are received, the Company will consolidate such questions and consequently not all questions may be individually addressed.

### *Access to Documents*

9. The Annual Report 2023 and the Letter to Shareholders dated 27 March 2024 have been published on SGXNet at the URL <https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements> and the Company's website at the URL <https://gentingsingapore.com/#!/en/investors/annual-reports>.

Members may request for printed copies of these documents by completing and submitting the Request Form (sent to them by post together with this Notice and the accompanying Proxy Form) no later than 11 April 2024.

10. Photographs and/or videos of AGM participants (member or its representative) attending and/or speaking at AGM may be taken for the purpose of Company publicity. When a member or his/her representative attends and/or speaks at the AGM, he/she consents to photographs and/or videos being taken of him/her for the purpose of publication on the Company's website and publicity materials without further notification.

### **Personal data privacy:**

By (a) submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend, speak or vote at the AGM and/or any adjournment thereof, and (b) submitting questions relating to the resolutions to be tabled for approval at the AGM, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the following purposes: (A) processing of the registration for purpose of granting access to members (or their corporate representatives in the case of members which are legal entities) to the AGM, (B) processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of proxies and representatives appointed for the AGM (including any adjournment thereof), (C) preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, proxy lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM (including any adjournment thereof), and (D) for the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "**Purposes**"), (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents or service providers), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the Purposes, and (iii) agrees that the member will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of warranty.



**Genting Singapore Limited**  
(Registered in the Republic of Singapore)  
(Company Registration Number: 201818581G)

**THIRTY-NINTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING  
PROXY FORM**

I/We, \_\_\_\_\_ (Name)  
\_\_\_\_\_ (NRIC/Passport/Company Registration No.)  
of \_\_\_\_\_ (Address)  
being a member/members of Genting Singapore Limited (the "Company"), hereby appoint:

**IMPORTANT**

- The AGM of the Company will be held, in a wholly physical format, at Resorts World Ballroom West, Resorts World Convention Centre, Basement 2, 8 Sentosa Gateway, Resorts World Sentosa, Singapore 098269 on Thursday, 18 April 2024 at 10.00 a.m.
- This proxy form is not valid for use and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes if used or purported to be used by CPFIS/SRS investors. CPFIS and SRS investors:
  - may vote at the AGM if they are appointed as proxies by their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators, and should contact their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators if they have any queries regarding their appointment as proxies; or
  - may appoint the Chairman of the AGM as proxy to vote on their behalf at the AGM, in which case they should approach their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their votes **by 5.00 p.m. on 5 April 2024**.
- By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy or proxies and/or representative(s), the member accepts and agrees to the personal data privacy terms set out in the Notice of AGM dated 27 March 2024.

Name	NRIC/Passport No.	Proportion of Shareholdings	
		No. of shares	(%)
Address			

and/or (delete as appropriate)

Name	NRIC/Passport No.	Proportion of Shareholdings	
		No. of shares	(%)
Address			

or failing whom, the CHAIRMAN OF THE MEETING as my/our proxy/proxies to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the Thirty-Ninth Annual General Meeting (the "AGM") of the Company to be held at Resorts World Ballroom West, Resorts World Convention Centre, Basement 2, 8 Sentosa Gateway, Resorts World Sentosa, Singapore 098269 on Thursday, 18 April 2024 at 10.00 a.m. and at any adjournment thereof. I/We direct my/our proxy/proxies to vote for or against or to abstain from voting on the Resolutions to be proposed at the AGM as indicated hereunder.

*\* Voting will be conducted by poll. If you wish your proxy/proxies to cast all your votes for or against a resolution to be proposed at the AGM, please indicate with a "✓" in the space provided under "For" or "Against". If you wish to direct your proxy/proxies to abstain from voting on a resolution to be proposed at the AGM, please indicate with a "✓" in the space provided under "Abstain". Alternatively, please indicate the number of shares that your proxy/proxies is/are directed to vote "For" or "Against" or to abstain from voting. In any other case, the proxy/proxies may vote or abstain as the proxy/proxies deem(s) fit on any of the resolutions below if no voting instruction is specified, and on any other matter arising at the AGM and at any adjournment thereof.*

Routine Business	Resolution No.	For *	Against *	Abstain *
To receive and adopt the Directors' Statement and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 and the Auditor's Report thereon	1			
To declare a final one-tier tax exempt dividend of \$0.02 per ordinary share	2			
To re-elect Mr Tan Wah Yeow	3			
To re-elect Mr Hauw Sze Shiung Winston	4			
To approve Directors' fees of up to \$2,049,000 for the financial year ending 31 December 2024	5(a)			
To approve ordinary shares for Independent Non-Executive Directors	5(b)			
To re-appoint PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP as Auditor of the Company	6			
<b>Special Business</b>				
Proposed Renewal of the General Mandate for Interested Person Transactions	7			
Proposed Renewal of the Share Buy-Back Mandate	8			

Dated this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 2024

<b>Total number of shares held:</b>	
-------------------------------------	--

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature(s) or Common Seal of Member(s)

**IMPORTANT: Please read the notes overleaf carefully before completing the Proxy Form.**



**Notes:**

1. If the member has shares entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register (maintained by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited), he/she/it should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares registered in his/her/its name in the Register of Members (maintained by or on behalf of the Company), he/she/it should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register and shares registered in his/her/its name in the Register of Members, he/she/it should insert the aggregate number of shares. If no number is inserted, this instrument appointing a proxy(ies) will be deemed to relate to all shares held by the member.
2. (a) A member who is not a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint not more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the AGM. Where such member's instrument appointing a proxy(ies) appoints more than one proxy, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the instrument. If no proportion is specified, the first named proxy shall be deemed to represent 100% of the shareholding and the second named proxy shall be deemed to be an alternate to the first named. Where there is only one proxy appointed and the shareholding is not specified, the proxy shall be deemed to represent 100% of the shareholding.  
(b) A member who is a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the AGM, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such member. Where such member's instrument appointing a proxy(ies) appoints more than two proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the instrument.  
**"Relevant intermediary"** has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 181 of the Companies Act 1967.  
A member who wishes to appoint a proxy(ies) must complete the instrument appointing a proxy(ies), before submitting it in the manner set out below.
3. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. A member may choose to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy.
4. Completion and return of the instrument appointing a proxy(ies) by a member shall not preclude the member from attending, speaking and voting in person at the AGM if the member so wishes. In such event, the relevant instrument appointing a proxy(ies) will be deemed to be revoked, and the Company reserves the right to refuse to admit any person or persons appointed under the instrument appointing a proxy(ies), to the AGM.
5. The instrument appointing a proxy(ies) must be submitted to the Company in the following manner:
  - (a) if submitted personally or by post, be lodged at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services (a division of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd.) at 9 Raffles Place, #26-01 Republic Plaza, Singapore 048619; or
  - (b) if submitted electronically via email, to Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services (a division of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd.) at [genting-proxy@sg.tricorglobal.com](mailto:genting-proxy@sg.tricorglobal.com) and in each case, must be lodged or received (as the case may be) not less than 72 hours before the time for holding the AGM and at any adjournment thereof, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
6. The instrument appointing a proxy(ies) must be signed by the appointor or his attorney duly authorised in writing. Where the instrument appointing a proxy(ies) is executed by a corporation, it must be either under its common seal or signed on its behalf by a duly authorised officer or attorney. Where an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company), be lodged or emailed with the instrument of proxy, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.
7. A corporation which is a member may authorise by resolution of its directors or other governing body such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at the AGM, in accordance with Section 179 of the Companies Act 1967.
8. The Company shall be entitled to reject the instrument appointing a proxy(ies) if it is incomplete, improperly completed or illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument appointing a proxy(ies) (such as in the case where the appointor submits more than one instrument of proxy). In the case of a member whose shares are entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any instrument appointing a proxy(ies) lodged if such member, being the appointor, is not shown to have shares entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.

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**The Company Secretary  
Genting Singapore Limited**

c/o Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services  
(A division of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd.)  
9 Raffles Place, #26-01 Republic Plaza  
Singapore 048619

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Do not staple. Glue all sides firmly

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**GENTING SINGAPORE LIMITED**

(Company Registration Number: 201818581G)

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