PART I INFORMATION REQUIRED FOR ANNOUNCEMENTS OF QUARTERLY (Q1, Q2 & Q3), HALF-YEAR AND FULL YEAR RESULTS

# 1(a)(i). An income statement (for the group) together with a comparative statement for the corresponding period of the immediately preceding financial year.

Note   Note   September   Note   September   Note   September   September   Note   Note   Note   September   Note   Note
Note         31/3/2022 st/3/2021 st/(-) st/000 st/0000 st/0000 st/0000 st/000 st/0000 st/000 st/000 st/000 st/000 st/000 st/000 st/000 st/000 st
Continuing Operations         Revenue         1(a)(1)         33,496         44,184         (24.2)           Other operating income         1(a)(2)         13,133         2,786         371.4           Changes in inventories of finished goods         1(a)(1)         (1,186)         5,513         nm           Purchase of goods         1(a)(1)         (19,061)         (36,556)         (47.9)           Staff costs         (7,631)         (6,533)         16.8           Depreciation and amortisation         (2,066)         (8,301)         (75.1)           Depreciation of rights of use assets         (3,066)         (3,560)         (13.9)           Other operating expenses         1(a)(3)         (6,128)         (56,569)         (89.2)           Profit/(Loss) from operations         1(a)(4)         -         1         nm
Continuing Operations         Revenue         1(a)(1)         33,496         44,184         (24.2)           Other operating income         1(a)(2)         13,133         2,786         371.4           Changes in inventories of finished goods         1(a)(1)         (1,186)         5,513         nm           Purchase of goods         1(a)(1)         (19,061)         (36,556)         (47.9)           Staff costs         (7,631)         (6,533)         16.8           Depreciation and amortisation         (2,066)         (8,301)         (75.1)           Depreciation of rights of use assets         (3,066)         (3,560)         (13.9)           Other operating expenses         1(a)(3)         (6,128)         (56,569)         (89.2)           Profit/(Loss) from operations         1(a)(4)         -         1         nm
Revenue       1(a)(1)       33,496       44,184       (24.2)         Other operating income       1(a)(2)       13,133       2,786       371.4         46,629       46,970       (0.7)         Changes in inventories of finished goods       1(a)(1)       (1,186)       5,513       nm         Purchase of goods       1(a)(1)       (19,061)       (36,556)       (47.9)         Staff costs       (7,631)       (6,533)       16.8         Depreciation and amortisation       (2,066)       (8,301)       (75.1)         Depreciation of rights of use assets       (3,066)       (3,560)       (13.9)         Other operating expenses       1(a)(3)       (6,128)       (56,569)       (89.2)         Profit/(Loss) from operations       1(a)(4)       -       1       nm
Revenue       1(a)(1)       33,496       44,184       (24.2)         Other operating income       1(a)(2)       13,133       2,786       371.4         46,629       46,970       (0.7)         Changes in inventories of finished goods       1(a)(1)       (1,186)       5,513       nm         Purchase of goods       1(a)(1)       (19,061)       (36,556)       (47.9)         Staff costs       (7,631)       (6,533)       16.8         Depreciation and amortisation       (2,066)       (8,301)       (75.1)         Depreciation of rights of use assets       (3,066)       (3,560)       (13.9)         Other operating expenses       1(a)(3)       (6,128)       (56,569)       (89.2)         Profit/(Loss) from operations       1(a)(4)       -       1       nm
Changes in inventories of finished goods       1(a)(1)       (1,186)       5,513       nm         Purchase of goods       1(a)(1)       (19,061)       (36,556)       (47.9)         Staff costs       (7,631)       (6,533)       16.8         Depreciation and amortisation       (2,066)       (8,301)       (75.1)         Depreciation of rights of use assets       (3,066)       (3,560)       (13.9)         Other operating expenses       1(a)(3)       (6,128)       (56,569)       (89.2)         Profit/(Loss) from operations       7,491       (59,036)       nm         Finance income       1(a)(4)       -       1       nm
Changes in inventories of finished goods       1(a)(1)       (1,186)       5,513       nm         Purchase of goods       1(a)(1)       (19,061)       (36,556)       (47.9)         Staff costs       (7,631)       (6,533)       16.8         Depreciation and amortisation       (2,066)       (8,301)       (75.1)         Depreciation of rights of use assets       (3,066)       (3,560)       (13.9)         Other operating expenses       1(a)(3)       (6,128)       (56,569)       (89.2)         Profit/(Loss) from operations       7,491       (59,036)       nm         Finance income       1(a)(4)       -       1       nm
Purchase of goods       1(a)(1)       (19,061)       (36,556)       (47.9)         Staff costs       (7,631)       (6,533)       16.8         Depreciation and amortisation       (2,066)       (8,301)       (75.1)         Depreciation of rights of use assets       (3,066)       (3,560)       (13.9)         Other operating expenses       1(a)(3)       (6,128)       (56,569)       (89.2)         Profit/(Loss) from operations       7,491       (59,036)       nm         Finance income       1(a)(4)       -       1       nm
Purchase of goods       1(a)(1)       (19,061)       (36,556)       (47.9)         Staff costs       (7,631)       (6,533)       16.8         Depreciation and amortisation       (2,066)       (8,301)       (75.1)         Depreciation of rights of use assets       (3,066)       (3,560)       (13.9)         Other operating expenses       1(a)(3)       (6,128)       (56,569)       (89.2)         Profit/(Loss) from operations       7,491       (59,036)       nm         Finance income       1(a)(4)       -       1       nm
Depreciation and amortisation       (2,066)       (8,301)       (75.1)         Depreciation of rights of use assets       (3,066)       (3,560)       (13.9)         Other operating expenses       1(a)(3)       (6,128)       (56,569)       (89.2)         Profit/(Loss) from operations       7,491       (59,036)       nm         Finance income       1(a)(4)       -       1       nm
Depreciation of rights of use assets       (3,066)       (3,560)       (13.9)         Other operating expenses       1(a)(3)       (6,128)       (56,569)       (89.2)         Profit/(Loss) from operations       7,491       (59,036)       nm         Finance income       1(a)(4)       -       1       nm
Other operating expenses $1(a)(3)$ $(6,128)$ $(56,569)$ $(89.2)$ Profit/(Loss) from operations $7,491$ $(59,036)$ nm         Finance income $1(a)(4)$ -       1       nm
Profit/(Loss) from operations         7,491 (59,036)         nm           Finance income         1(a)(4)         - 1 nm
Finance income 1(a)(4) - 1 nm
$\langle \gamma \rangle$
A(a)/E (0.404) (4E.000) (40.00)
Finance expense 1(a)(5) (9,124) (15,332) (40.5)
Net finance expense $(9,124)$ $(15,331)$ $(40.5)$
Loss before income tax (1,633) (74,367) (97.8)
Income tax expense3(67)nm
Loss for the year $(1,630)$ $(74,434)$ $(97.8)$
Attributable to:
Owners of the Company 2,735 (41,551) nm
Non-controlling interests (4,365) (32,883) (86.7)
Loss for the year $(1,630)$ $(74,434)$ $(97.8)$

nm - denotes 'not meaningful'

# 1(a)(ii). A statement of comprehensive income (for the group) together with a comparative statement for the corresponding period of the immediately preceding financial year.

	Year I	Ended .	
	31/3/2022	31/3/2021	+/(-)
	S\$'000	S\$'000	%
Loss for the year	(1,630)	(74,434)	(97.8)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss :-			
Net surplus/(deficit) on revaluation of property, plant and equipment, net			
of tax	-	(393)	nm
Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to			
profit or loss :-			
Translation differences relating to financial statements			
of foreign subsidiaries	(516)	(2,218)	(76.7)
or for origin out of the control of	(310)	(2,210)	(10.1)
Other comprehensive (loss)/income for the period, net of tax	(516)	(2,611)	
			(80.2)
Total comprehensive loss for the period	(2,146)	(77,045)	(97.2)
Total community loss attributable to			
Total comprehensive loss attributable to:	0.040	(44.000)	
Owners of the Company	2,219	(44,208)	nm (96.7)
Non-controlling interests  Total comprehensive loss for the period	(4,365) (2,146)	(32,837) (77,045)	(86.7) (97.2)
i otal complehensive 1033 for the period	(2,140)	(11,043)	(31.2)

nm - denotes 'not meaningful'

1(a)(iii). The following items (with appropriate breakdowns and explanations), if significant, must either be included in the income statement or in the notes to the income statement for the current financial period reported on and the corresponding period of the immediately preceding financial year.

#### **Notes to the Income Statement**

Note 1(a)(1)	Group	
	Year E	nded
Gross profit:	<b>31/3/2022</b> S\$'000	<b>31/3/2021</b> S\$'000
Revenue	33,496	44,184
Changes in inventories of finished goods Purchase of goods	(1,186) (19,061)	5,513 (36,556)
Cost of goods sold	(20,247)	(31,043)
Gross profit	13,249	13,141
Gross profit margin	39.6%	29.7%
Note 1(a)(2)	Gro	oup
	Year E	
	31/3/2022	31/3/2021
Other operating income include:	S\$'000	S\$'000
Events and other activities	30	24
Miscellaneous income	13,103	2,762
	13,133	2,786

Increase in miscellaneous income was mainly due to gain on disposal of property held by the Hongkong Subsidiary. The proceeds from disposal of the property was used to repay the secured lenders of the bank loan which was in default since November 2018. In addition, the accounting adjustment for the write back of trade payables upon completion of the dissolution of Big Box Singapore Pte Ltd in the reporting quarter had also resulted into non-cash profit in current financial year.

Note 1(a)(3)	Gro	up
	Year E	nded
	31/3/2022	31/3/2021
Other operating expenses include:	S\$'000	S\$'000
Continuing operations		
Net realised and unrealised exchange (gain)	(1,354)	(1,706)
Allowance for doubtful receivables made/(reverse)	(51)	1,187
Allowance for inventory obsolescence made	110	464
Amortisation of intangible assets	58	58
Changes in fair value of investment properties	-	1,482
Receivables written off	80	870
Inventories written off	188	23
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	30	46,807 <sup>*</sup>
Loss on disposal of subsidiary	-	(207)

* Loss on disposal mainly derived from the disposal of Big Box Building which was completed in FY2021.		
Note 1(a)(4)	Gro	oup
	Year E	nded
	31/3/2022	31/3/2021
Finance income include interest income from:	S\$'000	S\$'000
Bank deposits	-	1
	-	1
Note 1(a)(5)	Gro	-
	Year E	Ended
		Restated
	31/3/2022	31/3/2021
Finance expense	S\$'000	S\$'000
Interest expense paid/payable on:		·
Term loans, bills payable & trust receipts	8,700	14,981
Lease liabilities	424	351
Lease Habilities		
	9,124	15,332

Finance expense decreased mainly due to decrease in secured loans.

# 1(b)(i). A statement of financial position (for the issuer and group), together with a comparative statement as at the end of the immediately preceding financial year.

		Group		Company	
	Note	31/3/2022	31/3/2021	31/3/2022	31/3/2021
		S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment		13,613	15,467	283	322
Right of use assets		12,629	13,773	-	-
Investment properties		1,940	3,769	-	-
Subsidiaries		-	-	11,556	11,556
Intangible assets:					
Trademarks and rights impairment		-	9,161	-	-
O word accepts		37,286	42,170	11,839	11,878
Current assets		0.405	7.400		
Inventories	4/5//4/	6,125	7,193	-	-
Trade and other receivables	1(b)(1)	14,591	14,847	2,092	82,799
Cash and cash equivalents	1(c)(1)	3,034	3,140	18	15
		23,750	25,180	2,110	82,814
Total assets		61,036	67,350	13,949	94,692
Equity		475 000	475 000	475 000	475 000
Share capital		175,622	175,622	175,622	175,622
Reserves		(494,888)	(497,106)	(611,449)	(610,223)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		(319,266)	(321,484)	(435,827)	(434,601)
Non-controlling interests		(183,417)	(179,052)	-	-
Total equity		(502,683)	(500,536)	(435,827)	(434,601)
Non-current liabilities					
Borrowings	1(b)(4)	186,168	186,168	107,082	107,082
Lease liabilities		4,024	4,239	-	-
Derivative financial liabilities		664	664	742	742
Deferred tax liabilities		4,051	4,055	-	-
		194,907	195,126	107,824	107,824
Current liabilities	4/1-1/01	450.050	440.404	404.050	074 400
Trade and other payables	1(b)(2)	152,250	148,104	191,952	271,469
Borrowings	1(b)(4)	202,140	211,982	150,000	150,000
Lease liabilities	4/b)/E)	1,438	1,264	-	-
Provisions	1(b)(5)	10,062	10,051	-	-
Contract liabilities	1(b)(3)	2,369	776	-	-
Current tax payable		553 368,812	583 372,760	- 341,952	- 421,469
Total liabilities		563,719	567,886	449,776	529,293
Total equity and liabilities		61,036	67,350	13,949	94,692

## 1(b)(ii). Aggregate amount of group's borrowings and debt securities.

	Group			
	31/3/2022		31/3/2021	
	<u>Secured</u>	<u>Unsecured</u>	<u>Secured</u>	<u>Unsecured</u>
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Borrowings payable in one year or less, or on demand	183,714	18,426	193,473	18,509
Borrowings repayable after one year	98,983	87,185	98,983	87,185

# Details of any collateral

Secured financial liabilities comprise:

- (i) Hire purchase of S\$0.2 million is secured by a charge over motor vehicles.
- (ii) The leasehold property of a subsidiary which was used to secure a term loan (with an outstanding principal amount S\$107.1 million as at 31 March 2020) had been disposed in February 2021, which resulted in the outstanding liabilities of S\$ 40.5 million principal amount (excuding default interests) continued owing by that subsidiary to the secured lender (as claimed by the lender of that subsidiary).

The substantial shareholders of the Company had provided personal guarantees for a subsidiary's term loan amounting to S\$2.6 million.

Under the terms of the Scheme, the total amount due to Scheme Creditors is secured by a fixed and floating charge over all assets of the Company, subject to any prior rights of other creditors. The substantial shareholders of the Company had also provided personal guarantees for the unsecured borrowings amounting to S\$38.5 million.

#### **Scheme Creditors**

Following the sanction of the Scheme of Arrangement by the Court of Appeal on 13 October 2010 (the "Scheme"), except for those payables deemed essential for the Company's ordinary course of business, the Company's debts owing to certain creditors (the "Scheme Creditors") have been restructured under the Scheme.

On 25 October 2011, the Non-sustainable Debts (as determined on 18 October 2011) were converted into Redeemable Convertible Bonds ("RCBs") of an aggregate principal amount of S\$139,377,000, on terms as set out under the Scheme, and were issued by the Company in registered form to the Scheme Creditors on a pari passu basis.

Following the resolution of a disputed debt and crystallisation of certain disputed debts, the Company had, pursuant to the terms of the Scheme, subsequently issued new RCBs to Scheme Creditors on 3 April 2013 and 14 May 2014 respectively. As at 31 March 2014, the Company had issued a total aggregate RCBs of face value amounting to S\$155,142,000 (from RCBs of face value amounting \$139,634,000 issued on 3 April 2013).

On 17 April 2014, the Company made an offer to each Scheme creditor to convert a number of RCBs into the Company's new ordinary shares ("Dilution Shares") at a conversion price of S\$0.14 in the Company by way of a first dilution exercise (the "First Dilution Exercise") in accordance with the Scheme Terms.

In accordance with the Bondholders' exercising of their rights under the First Dilution Exercise to convert the RCBs entitled for the conversion of Dilution Shares, the Company had, on 14 May 2014 (the First Dilution Date), issued 20,285,041 Dilution Shares which were quoted on the SGX-ST on 15 May 2014. As a result, the RCBs issued to Scheme Creditors were reduced by a face value amounting to S\$2,840,000 (being the face value of the RCBs being converted to the Company's new ordinary shares as a result of the First Dilution Exercise) on 14 May 2014. As such, the total amount of RCBs with a total face value amounting S\$152,302,000 were issued to Scheme Creditors (instead of S\$155,142,000) in exchange for those issued previously on the same terms.

On 20 March 2015, Scheme Creditors gave their approval to the extension of the date of repayment of the Sustainable Debt by up to one year.

On 17 April 2015, the Company made an offer to each Scheme Creditor to convert a number of RCB into the Company's new ordinary shares ("Dilution Shares") at a conversion price of S\$0.15 in the Company by way of a second dilution exercise (the "Second Dilution Exercise") in accordance with the Scheme Terms. On 14 May 2015 ("Second Dilution Date"), 35 bondholders had exercised their rights to convert their RCBs into Dilution Shares. On the Second Dilution Date, 21,187,159 Dilution Shares (representing approximately 2.07% of the enlarged issued share capital of the Company) were issued and quoted on the SGX-ST on 15 May 2015.

On 19 April 2015, pursuant to the terms of the Scheme, Contingent Debt amounting to S\$127,757,000 have been deemed irrevocably, unconditionally and permanently waived by the contingent creditors. A contingent claim of S\$2,282,000 pending verification have been fully resolved and crystallised. Crystallised debts and disputed debts has been reduced by S\$135,000 and S\$2,684,000 respectively. As at 31 March 2016, the Company's scheme debts has been decreased from S\$404,856,000 to S\$268,262,000. It comprises of S\$242,582,000 of Crystallised Debts and S\$25,680,000 of Disputed Debts. The Crystallised Debts is splitted into sustainable debts of S\$135,956,000 and RCBs of S\$106,626,000.

On 15 April 2016, Scheme Creditors gave their approval to the extension of the date of repayment of the Sustainable Debt by up to one year.

On 18 April 2016, the Company made an offer to each Scheme Creditor to convert a number of RCB into the Company's new ordinary shares ("Dilution Shares") at a conversion price of S\$0.16 in the Company by way of a third dilution exercise (the "Third Dilution Exercise") in accordance with the Scheme Terms. On 13 May 2016 ("Third Dilution Date"), 35 bondholders had exercised their rights to convert their RCBs into Dilution Shares. On the Third Dilution Date, 23,078,216 Dilution Shares (representing approximately 2.20% of the enlarged issued share capital of the Company) were issued and quoted on the SGX-ST on 16 May 2016.

As a result, the RCBs were reduced by a face value amounting to S\$3,693,000 (being the face value of the RCBs being converted to the Company's new ordinary shares as a result of the Third Dilution Exercise) on 13 May 2016. As such, the total amount of RCBs with a total face value of S\$102,933,000 were issued to Scheme Creditors (instead of S\$149,124,000) in exchange for those issued previously on the same terms.

On 18 April 2017, Scheme Creditors gave their approval to the termination of the Scheme upon receipt of the Settlement Sum of S\$70 million and the extension of the date of repayment of the Sustainable Debt by up to 3 months from 19 April 2017 to facilitate the completion of the documentation for the Settlement Sum.

On 11 August 2017, Scheme Creditors gave their approval to extend the date of repayment of the Sustainable Debt by up to 3 months from 19 July 2017.

On 11 August 2017, the Company filed an application ("Application") in the High Court of the Republic of Singapore ("Court") for a moratorium pursuant to section 211B(1) of the Companies Act (Cap.50) of Singapore ("Companies Act"). The Application seeks, inter alia, orders that (a) no appointment shall be made of a receiver or manager over any property or undertaking of the Company and (b) except with the leave of Court, (i) no legal proceedings may be commenced or continued against the Company, (ii) no execution, distress or other legal process against any property of the Company shall be commenced, continued or levied, (iii) no steps may be taken to enforce any security over any property of the Company and (iv) no right of re-entry or forfeiture under any lease in respect of any premises occupied by the Company may be enforced (collectively the relief sought in (a) and (b), the "Moratorium") for a period of six (6) months from the date of the Application or until further order. The Application would be heard on a date to be fixed by the Court at a pre-trial conference in respect of the Application scheduled on 24 August 2017.

Pursuant to section 211B(8) of the Companies Act, during the period commencing on the filing of the Application and ending on the earlier of 30 days after the Application is made and the date on which the Application is decided by the Court, the Moratorium takes effect automatically and no order may be made for the winding up of the Company (collectively the "Automatic Moratorium").

The Board believes that the Automatic Moratorium and the Moratorium, if granted, will provide stability for the day to-day operations of the Group to continue with support of its key trade suppliers and allow the Company an opportunity and adequate time to pursue the Refinancing Options for a total solution for the Group, including in respect of the BBPL's liabilities, the Rent Dispute, the Unpaid Facility, the Settlement Sum, as well as the financing and restructuring of the existing indebtedness of the Company and working capital requirements of the Group.

On 6 September 2017, the Court granted the Company the Moratorium until 11 February 2018.

On 17 November 2017, Scheme Creditors gave their approval to further extend the date of repayment of the Sustainable Debt by up to 4 months from 19 October 2017 to facilitate the completion of the documentation for the Settlement Sum.

On 2 February 2018, the Company made an application to the Court to extend the Moratorium ("Moratorium Extension Application"). The Moratorium Extension Application has been fixed to be heard on 5 March 2018. In the meantime, the Court has granted an interim extension of the Moratorium until the conclusion of the Moratorium Extension Application.

The Court, at the hearing on 5 March 2018, has adjourned the hearing to 26 March 2018. In the meantime, the interim Moratorium remains in effect until the conclusion of the Moratorium Extension Application.

The Court, on 26 March 2018, granted the Moratorium Extension Application until 11 August 2018 or until further order.

On 30 July 2018, the Company made an application to the Singapore High Court for an extension of existing moratorium granted under Section 211B of the Companies Act, which expires on 11 August 2018 ("2nd Moratorium Extension Application"). The 2nd Moratorium Extension Application will be heard on a date to be fixed by the Court.

On 31 July 2018, in connection with the Proposed Disposal of shares in the Company's various subsidiaries, the Company has proposed to enter into a new scheme of arrangement ("New Scheme") with its Creditors, comprising both Creditors of the Company under the Existing Scheme ("Existing Scheme Creditors") and other Creditors of the Company (the "Non-Existing Scheme Creditors").

The Company has despatched the New Scheme document dated 31 July 2018 and the addendum to the New Scheme also dated 31 July 2018 together with the Explanatory Statement, Voting Form and the Proof of Debt form to the Company's Creditors on 31 July 2018.

On 10 August 2018, the Court granted the 2nd Moratorium Extension Application until 11 December 2018 or until further order.

Further addendums to the New Scheme dated 5 September 2018, 11 September 2018, 5 October 2018 and 9 November 2018 has been despatched to Creditors and announced on SGX's website on the respective dates.

The New Scheme will be funded by an amount of up to S\$45 million, which will be set aside from the Consideration of S\$37.5 million to be received from the Purchaser for the Proposed Disposal and loan of S\$7.5 million to be provided by the Purchaser ("Purchaser Loan").

On 13 November 2018, the Company made an application to the Singapore High Court for an extension of existing Moratorium, which expires on 11 December 2018 ("3rd Moratorium Extension Application"). The 3rd Moratorium Extension Application will be heard on a date to be fixed by the Singapore High Court.

On 28 November 2018, the Court granted the 3rd Moratorium Extension Application, and extended the Moratorium until 30 April 2019 or further order.

On 20 December 2018, voting on the New Scheme was carried out pursuant to the terms of the New Scheme.

The New Scheme was approved by the requisite majority of the Creditors with 90.9% in number and 80.9% in value of Creditors to the extent of their Secured Voting Amounts and 90.5% in numbers and 88.0% in value of Creditors to the extent of their Unsecured Voting Amounts.

On 7 March 2019, the Company filed an application ("Sanction Application") pursuant to Section 211I of the Companies Act (Cap. 50) of Singapore for, amongst others, the New Scheme to be approved by the High Court of the Republic of Singapore ("Court"). The Sanction Application has been fixed by the Court to be heard on 18 March 2019.

On 18 March 2019, the hearing of the Sanction Application has been adjourned to 26 March 2019 for the Company to respond to queries raised by a Creditor under the New Scheme.

On 26 March 2019, at the adjourned hearing of the Sanction Application, upon hearing the arguments of the Company and the Creditor, the Court has approved the New Scheme, subject to the following amendments and conditions imposed by the Court:

- (a) That the said Creditor is deemed to be an Excluded Creditor under the New Scheme; and
- (b) The Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme is extended until 30 April 2019

In connection with the sanction of the New Scheme, the said Creditor has, on the basis that the Company will provide information prescribed by the Court to the said Creditor in relation to payments (if any) by the Company to another Excluded Creditor, provided an undertaking to the Court that it shall not, without the leave of Court or prior consent in writing of the Company, levy any execution proceedings in respect of the fees assessed by the Court to be payable for work done by the said Creditor for the Company, i.e. the sum of S\$1,276,735.40 subject to GST ("Assessed Amount"), commence winding up proceedings against the Company or serve a statutory demand upon the Company based upon the Assessed Amount, or commence judicial management proceedings against the Company (the "Creditor Standstill").

The Company had announced via SGX-ST on 27 March 2019 that it will assess the impact(s), if any, arising from the amendments to the New Scheme and the Creditor Standstill on the completion of the Proposed Disposal and the New Scheme.

On 28 March 2019, the Company has extracted the Order of Court.

On 18 April 2019, the Company has applied to Court for an extension of the existing Moratorium, which expires on 30 April 2019, until 31 July 2019 and to extend the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme until 31 July 2019.

On 18 April 2019, the Company and the Purchaser have agreed to extend the long stop date for the completion of the Proposed Disposal under the Amended and Restated SPA to 31 July 2019.

The extension of the long stop date under the Amended and Restated SPA will provide the Company and the Purchaser with additional time to assess the impact(s), if any, arising from, among others, the Amendments to the New Scheme, the impacts of Creditor Standstill, the completion of the Proposed Disposal and the Purchaser Loan.

The Court has on 26 April 2019, granted the Applications and extended the Moratorium until 31 July 2019 and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme until 31 July 2019.

Pursuant to discussions between the Company and the Purchaser (in its capacity as Purchaser under the Proposed Disposal and a management services agreement entered into on 28 November 2018 between the Company and the Purchaser ("Management Services Agreement"), as well as the Lender under the Purchaser Loan and the Bridging Loan) arising from the amendments to the New Scheme and the assessment of impacts arising from the Creditor Standstill on the completion of the Proposed Disposal and the New Scheme, Parties agreed to terminate the Proposed Disposal, the Management Services Agreement, the Purchaser Loan and the Bridging Loan, and neither the Company or the Purchaser shall have any claim of any nature whatsoever against each other in connection with the Proposed Disposal, the Management Services Agreement, the Purchaser Loan and the Bridging Loan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Purchaser has agreed to provide alternative funding for the implementation of the New Scheme via a proposed investment through a convertible loan of S\$48 million to be granted to the Company ("Convertible Loan").

On 16 July 2019, the Company and the Purchaser (Celestial Palace Limited herewith now known as the "Investor") have entered into a binding term sheet ("Term Sheet") to, amongst others, to provide for the proposed investment by the Investor through the Convertible Loan, of which an amount of up to S\$45 million will be used to fund the implementation of the New Scheme, and to terminate the agreements relating to the Proposed Disposal, Purchaser Loan and the Bridging Loan.

On 29 July 2019, the Court has granted the Company's application for (i) an extension of existing Moratorium, which expires on 31 July 2019, until 31 December 2019, to allow the Company time to obtain all necessary approvals from relevant authorities (including but not limited to SGX ST and SIC, amongst others) to facilitate the completion of the Convertible Loan and the implementation of the New Scheme; and (ii) for the Court to approve the proposed amendments to the New Scheme (the "Application").

Accordingly, the Moratorium and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme have been extended until 31 December 2019.

On 13 December 2019, pursuant to the terms of the New Scheme, voting on the New Scheme was carried out. The extension of the Long Stop Date of the New Scheme was approved by the requisite majority of the Creditors with 96.8% in number and 96.8.9% in value of Creditors to the extent of their Secured Voting Amounts and 96.8% in numbers and 96.9% in value of Creditors to the extent of their Unsecured Voting Amounts.

On 27 December 2019, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing moratorium which expires on 31 December 2019. Accordingly, the Moratorium and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme have been extended until 31 March 2020.

On 27 March 2020, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing moratorium which expires on 31 March 2020 to allow the Company more time to (i) obtain the remaining necessary regulatory approvals to facilitate the completion of the Convertible Loan and the implementation of the New Scheme, as well as to (ii) convene the extraordinary general meeting (seeking the requisite shareholders' approvals) which can be convened only after all the necessary regulatory approvals have been obtained. Accordingly, the Moratorium and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme have been extended until 31 May 2020.

On 29 May 2020, the Court granted the Company's application for further extension of existing moratorium which expires on 31 May 2020 to allow the Company more time to obtain the requisite regulatory approvals, hold the extraordinary general meeting to obtain the requisite shareholdrs' approvals, and to drawdown the Convertible Loan for the making of scheme payments in accordance with the terms of the New Scheme. Accordingly, the Moratorium and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme have been extended until 14 August 2020.

On 7 August 2020, SGX-ST had granted their in-principle approval for the listing and quotation of the Conversion Shares and the Rights Shares to be issued in connection to the proposed Convertible Loan and the proposed Rights Issue subject to compliance with the SGX-ST's listing requirements.

On 17 August 2020, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing moratorium which expires on 14 August 2020 to allow the Company more time to obtain the requisite regulatory approvals, hold the EGM and to drawdown the Convertible Loan for the making of scheme payments in accordance with the terms of the New Scheme. Accordingly, the Moratorium and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme have been extended until 13 November 2020.

On 2 October 2020, the Securities Industry Council ("SIC") granted the Company's application for whitewash waivers in connection with the proposed allotment and issue of the Conversion Shares and the Rights Shares,

On 14 October 2020, SGX-ST informed the Company to seek direction from SGX with regards to the applicability of Chapter 10 compliance in relation to the Call Option to be granted to the Investor under the terms of the Additional Loan Agreement (for the working capital) which was entered on 9 December 2019 to satisfy the SGX Going Concern Requirement which in turn is the conditions precedent for the draw down of the Convertible Loan for the Scheme Payment to implement (and discharge the New Scheme). The Call Option is granted as a mechanism for the Investor to exercise its right of foreclosure in the event of default.

The Company had on 20 October 2020 uploaded onto SGX-ST website and the Company's website, the Circular together with the Notice to the Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM"), informing shareholders that the EGM will be held virtually on 4 November 2020 to seek shareholders' approval for whitewash waivers in connection with the proposed allotment and issue of the Conversion Shares and the Rights Shares. Please refer to the Company's announcement released on 20 October 2020 for more details of the resolutions tabled for the shareholders' approval at the EGM.

On 4 November 2020, at the Extraordinary General Meeting to seek shareholders' approval for whitewash waivers in connection with the proposed allotment and issue of the Conversion Shares and the Rights Shares, all resolutions as set out in the Notice of EGM dated 20 October 2020, were put to the EGM and duly passed. On the same day, the Company had submitted to the Investor the Utilisation Request for the Convertible Loan and the Additional Loan.

Prior to the disbursement of the Convertible Loan and the Loan, the Investor requires the Company to obtain either (a) shareholders' approval for the grant of the Call Option pursuant to Chapter 10 of the listing manual of the SGX-ST ("Mainboard Rules"); or (b) the relevant waiver from SGX-ST under Chapter 10 of the Mainboard Rules in connection with the grant of the Call Option.

On 6 November 2020, the Company had submitted a letter to SGX-ST ("Application Letter") to (a) seek confirmation that the Company's grant of the Call Option to the Investor as security for the Loan should not be subject to Chapter 10 of the Mainboard Rules; and (b) if SGX-ST is of the view that Chapter 10 of the Mainboard Rules is applicable, a waiver of Rule 1019 of the Mainboard Rules for reasons set out in the Application Letter.

On 13 November 2020, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing moratorium which expires on 13 November 2020 to allow the Company more time to obtain the requisite regulatory approval for the grant of a call option to the Investor and to receive funds from the Invetor to draw down the Convertible Loan for the making of scheme payments in accordance with the terms of the New Scheme. Accordingly, the Moratorium and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme have been extended until 31 December 2020.

On 28 December 2020, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing Moratorium which expires on 31 December 2020 and the Long Stop Date until 30 April 2021 for the implementation of the New Scheme. This is to allow the Company more time to (i) obtain the requisite regulatory approval or shareholders' approval for the grant of a call option to the Investor as security for the Additional Loan; (ii) to satisfy the conditions (in relation to the Going Concern Requirements) to the SGX's in-principle approval to the Company lifting the trading suspension in its shares; (iii) to obtain the SIC's approval to extend the time to complete the Rights Issue in order to satisfy the conditions to the Whitewash Waivers; and (iv) to receive funds from the Investor to draw down the Convertible Loan for the making of scheme payments in accordance with the terms of the New Scheme.

On 5 January 2021, the Company received a letter from SGX RegCo stating that based on the Company's submissions and representations to SGX-ST, SGX RegCo advised that Chapter 10 of the Listing Manual does not apply to the Company's grant of the Call Option to the Investor as security for the Loan.

On 3 May 2021, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing Moratorium which expired on 30 April 2021 and the long stop date until 31 October 2021 for the implementation of the New Scheme. This is to allow the Company more time to (i) to satisfy the Going Concern Requirements; (ii) to obtain the SIC's approval to extend the time to complete the Rights Issue in order to satisfy the conditions to the Whitewash Waivers; and (iii) to draw down the Convertible Loan and the Additional Loan from the Investor.

On 1 November 2021, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of the existing Moratorium which expired on 31 October 2021 and the long stop date until 31 March 2022 for the implementation of the New Scheme.

On 28 March 2022, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing Moratorium which expires on 31 March 2022 and Long Stop Date until 30 September 2022 for the implementation of the New Scheme.

### **Notes to the Balance Sheet**

Note 1(b)(1) Trade	and other receivables	Gro	Group		Group Company		Company	
		31/3/2022	31/3/2021	31/3/2022	31/3/2021			
Trade and other receivables in	iclude:	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000			
Trade receivables		2,211	4,017	75	75			
Deposits, prepayments and ot	her receivables	12,090	10,540	462	1,593			
Tax recoverable		290	290	289	289			
Amounts due from subsidiaries	3	-	-	1,266	80,842			
		14,591	14,847	2,092	82,799			

Note 1(b)(2) Trade and other payables	Gro	up	Com	pany
	31/3/2022	31/3/2021	31/3/2022	31/3/2021
Trade and other payables include:	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Trade payables	5,619	8,818	-	-
Accrued operating expenses	114,719	107,443	57,008	56,288
Deposits from customers	1,443	1,474	-	-
Other payables	28,230	28,886	12,541	12,172
Amount due to a director	2,239	1,483	-	-
Amounts due to subsidiaries				
- Trade	-	-	1,071	1,068
- Non-trade	-	-	121,332	201,941
	152,250	148,104	191,952	271,469
Accrued operating expenses increased mainly due to increase in accrued interest.				
Note 1(b)(3) Contract liabilities				
Advance payments by customers	2,369	776	-	-
	2,369	776	_	-

Note 1(b)(4) Borrowings	Gro	up	Com	pany
	31/3/2022	31/3/2021	31/3/2022	31/3/2021
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Non-current				
Amounts due to Scheme Creditors :				
- RCBs - loan component	98,983	98,983	107,082	107,082
Unsecured loans from non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries	87,185	87,185	-	
	186,168	186,168	107,082	107,082
<u>Current</u>				
Amounts due to Scheme Creditors :				
- Sustainable debts (Crystallised)	132,538	132,538	139,771	139,771
- RCBs - loan component (Uncrystallised)	10,229	10,229	10,229	10,229
	142,767	142,767	150,000	150,000
Secured bank loans (Note b)	431	7,567	-	-
Secured term loans (non-bank) (Note c)	40,516	43,139	-	-
Unsecured bank loans	2,987	3,067	-	-
Unsecured loan from non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	30	30	-	-
Bills payable and trust receipts	409	412	-	-
Bondholders' loans (Note a)	15,000	15,000	-	-
	202,140	211,982	150,000	150,000

## Note:

- These relate to loans extended to a subsidiary of the Company (to develop the Big Box) by Bondholders. The loans are unsecured and bear interest at 10.0% per annum.
- b Decrease in secured term loan (non bank) is due to repayment of a local subsidiary's loan (which was in default) to the secured lender.
- c Decrease in secured term loan (non bank) is due to partial repayment of a local subsidiary's loan (which was in default) to the secured lender following the disposal of that subsidiary's property.

Note 1(b)(5) Provisions	Gro	up	Com	pany
Provisions for:	<b>31/3/2022</b> S\$'000	<b>31/3/2021</b> S\$'000	<b>31/3/2022</b> S\$'000	<b>31/3/2021</b> S\$'000
Warranties	62	51	-	-
Building reinstatement costs withheld by the Receivers & Managers of				
the subsidiary for the property being disposed off.	10,000	10,000	-	-
	10,062	10,051	-	-

# 1(c). A statement of cash flows (for the group), together with a comparative statement for the corresponding period of the immediately preceding financial year.

	Gro	up	Gro	oup
	Quarter	ended	Year E	nded
	<b>31/3/2022</b> S\$'000	<b>31/3/2021</b> S\$'000	<b>31/3/2022</b> S\$'000	<b>31/3/2021</b> S\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities	,	·	,	•
Loss for the year Adjustments for:	(8,066)	1,371	(1,632)	(11,000)
(Surplus)/Deficit on revaluation of property, plant and equipment in profit or loss	(629)	-	(756)	-
Allowance for doubtful receivables made/(reverse)	(75)	(26)	(78)	(22)
Allowance for inventory obsolescence made	228	3	110	(2)
Receivables written off	50	-	80	(1)
Depreciation and amortisation	1,559	(5,892)	2,066	3,783
Depreciation of Rights of Use Assets	1,162	2,479	3,066	3,315
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	37	1,071	(9,206)	0
Exchange loss, unrealised	342	(108)	(167)	(379)
Inventories written off	79	(3)	188	-
Goodwill written off	-	-	-	-
Finance expense	2,459	(3,063)	9,124	4,023
Finance income	-	-	-	(1)
Income tax expense	- (2.25.1)	-		-
	(2,854)	(4,168)	2,795	(284)
Changes in working capital:				
Inventories	(276)	613	988	(1,987)
Trade and other receivables	(71)	211	216	(2,903)
Trade and other payables	949	4,163	(5,650)	5,670
Bills payable and trust receipts	(2)	2	(3)	2
Deposits and advance payments from customers	1,321	(70)	1,563	809
Provisions  Cook was a rest of from a resulting a	10	(33)	(90)	16
Cash generated from operations	(923)	718	(80)	1,323
Income tax paid Interest income received	22	- (1)	20	(66) -
Net cash generated from operating activities	(901)	717	(60)	1,257
Cash flows from investing activities				
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	664	(4,044)	10,864	-
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	14	52	(28)	(37)
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiary	-	_	-	-
Net cash generated from investing activities	678	(3,992)	10,836	(37)
		(0,002)	10,000	(01)
Cash flows from financing activities			704	
Restricted bank deposits Interest paid on borrowings	- (181)	- (179)	794 (527)	- 352
·	(101)	, ,	` ,	
Repayment of lease liabilities  (Repayment of)/Proceeds from leans from directors	- (24)	(888) 121	(1,276)	(1,675)
(Repayment of)/Proceeds from loans from directors Repayment of loans from non-controlling shareholders of subsidiaries	(34)	121	756	(635)
	-	(70)	-	4 204
Proceeds from interest-bearing borrowings	-	(72)	67	1,291
Repayment of borrowings	413	1,789	(9,915)	(20)
Net cash used in financing activities	198	1,983	(10,101)	(687)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(25)	(1,292)	675	533
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on balances held in foreign currencies	3	(8)	12	9
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period	3,056	2,873	2,347	1,031
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the period	3,034	1,573	3,034	1,573
Note 1(c)(1) Cash and cash equivalents (net) include:				
Cash at bank and in hand	2,997	1,535	2,997	1,535
Fixed deposits with financial institutions	37	832	37	832
Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet	3,034	2,367	3,034	2,367
Restricted bank deposits		(794)		(794)
Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of cash flows	3,034	1,573	3,034	1,573
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·

Cash and cash equivalents increased mainly due to proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment whereas offset against repayment of loans and borrowings.

# Non-cash transaction:

During the current financial year, the dissolution of Big Box Singapore Pte. Ltd. was completed. The accounting adjustment for the write back of trade payables upon completion of the dissolution of Big Box Singapore Pte. Ltd. in the reporting quarter that had resulted in non-cash profit for current financial year.

1(d)(i). A statement (for the issuer and group) showing either (i) all changes in equity or (ii) changes in equity other than those arising from capitalisation issues and distributions to shareholders, together with a comparative statement for the corresponding period of the immediately preceding financial year.

Statement of Changes in Equity

Group	Share	<u>Capital</u>	Fair value	<u>Foreign</u>	Accumu-	<u>Total</u>	Non-	<u>Total</u>
(S\$'000)	<u>capital</u>	<u>reserves</u>	and revaluation reserves	currency translation reserves	<u>lated</u> <u>losses</u>	attributable to Owners of the Company	<u>controlling</u> <u>interests</u>	<u>equity</u>
At 31 March 2021, as restated	175,622	22,819	41,213	(6,635)	(554,503)	(321,484)	(179,052)	(500,536)
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	2,735	2,735	(4,365)	(1,630)
Other comprehensive								
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:-  Net surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment, net of tax  Items that are or may be	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Translation differences relating to financial statements of foreign subsidiaries	-	-	-	(516)	-	(516)	-	(516)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(516)	2,735	2,219	(4,365)	(2,146)
Total change in ownership interest	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2022	175,622	22,819	41,213	(7,151)	(551,768)	(319,265)	(183,417)	(502,682)
(S\$'000s) <u>Group</u>	<u>Share</u> <u>capital</u>	<u>Capital</u> <u>reserves</u>	Fair value and revaluation reserves	Foreign currency translation reserves	Accumu- lated (losses)	Total attributable to Equity Holders of	Non- controlling interests	<u>Total</u> equity
At 1 April 2020	175,622	22,819	42,044	(4,371)	(513,390)	(277,276)	(146,286)	(423,562)
Loss for the year Other comprehensive	-	-	-	-	(41,551)	(41,551)	(32,883)	(74,434)
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:- Net surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment, net of tax Items that are or may be Translation differences relating to financial statements of foreign subsidiaries	-	-	(831)	(2,264)	438	(393) (2,264)	- 46	(393)
Total comprehensive income for the year Prior year adjustment Total comprehensive income for the	- -	- -	(831) -	(2,264)	(41,113) -	(44,208) -	(32,837)	(77,045)
Total comprehensive income for the year, as restated	-	-	(831)	(2,264)	(41,113)	(44,208)	(32,837)	(77,045)
At 31 March 2021, as restated	175,622	22,819	41,213	(6,635)	(554,503)	(321,484)	(179,052)	(500,536)

Company	<u>Share</u> capital	<u>Capital</u> <u>reserves</u>	Accumu- lated	<u>Total</u> equity
(S\$'000)			losses	
At 1 April 2021, as restated	175,622	121	(610,344)	(434,601)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(1,226)	(1,226)
At 31 March 2022	175 622	101	(611 570)	(425 927)
At 31 March 2022	175,622	121	(611,570)	(435,827)
At 1 April 2020	175,622	121	(604,672)	(428,929)
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	(5,672)	(5,672)
<u>-</u>				
At 31 March 2021, as restated	175,622	121	(610,344)	(434,601)

1(d)(ii). Details of any changes in the company's share capital arising from rights issue, bonus issue, share buy-backs, exercise of share options or warrants, conversion of other issues of equity securities, issue of shares for cash or as consideration for acquisition or for any other purpose since the end of the previous period reported on. State also the number of shares that may be issued on conversion of all the outstanding convertibles, as well as the number of shares held as treasury shares of the issuer, as at the end of the current financial period reported on and as at the end of the corresponding period of the immediately preceding financial year.

There has been no change in the Company's share capital since the end of the previous period reported on.

1(d)(iii). To show the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares as at the end of the current financial period and as at the end of the immediately preceding year.

Com	Company	
No. of	Shares	
31/3/2022	31/3/2021	
1,048,391,917 1,048,391,917		

1(d)(iv). A statement showing all sales, transfer, disposal, cancellation and / or use of treasury shares as at the end of the current financial period reported on.

Not applicable.

1(d)(v). A statement showing all sales, transfers, cancellation and / or use of subsidiary holdings as at the end of the current financial period reported on.

Not applicable.

2. Whether the figures have been audited or reviewed and in accordance with which auditing standard or practice.

The figures have not been audited nor reviewed by the auditors.

3. Where the figures have been audited or reviewed, the auditors' report (including any qualifications or emphasis of a matter).

Not applicable.

4. Whether the same accounting policies and methods of computation as in the issuer's most recently audited annual financial statements have been applied.

The Group has applied the same accounting policies and methods of computation in the financial statements for the current reporting period as that of the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

5. If there are any changes in the accounting policies and methods of computation, including any required by an accounting standard, what has changed, as well as the reasons for, and the effect of the change.

Not applicable

6. Earnings per ordinary share of the group for the current financial period reported on and the corresponding period of the immediately preceding financial year, after deducting any provision for preference dividends.

	Gro	ıb
	Year E	nded
	31/3/2022	31/3/2021
Earnings per ordinary share for the year calculated based on profit	Cents	Cents
attributable to Owners of the Company:		
(i) Based on the weighted average number of ordinary shares on issue	0.26	(3.96)
(ii) On a fully diluted basis	0.26	(3.96)

Diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share because the Company's outstanding RCBs and convertible instruments do not have a dilutive effect as at the reporting date.

7. Net asset value (for the issuer and group) per ordinary share based on the total number of issued shares of the issuer at the end of the (a) current financial period reported on, and (b) immediately preceding financial year.

Grou	ıb	Company		
31/3/2022	31/3/2021	31/3/2022	31/3/2021	
Cents	Cents	Cents	Cents	
(30.45)	(30.66)	(41.57)	(41.45)	

Net asset value per ordinary share

- 8. A review of the performance of the group, to the extent necessary for a reasonable understanding of the group's business. It must include a discussion of the following:
- (a). any significant factors that affected the turnover, costs, and earnings of the group for the current financial period reported on, including (where applicable) seasonal or cyclical factors; and
- (b). any material factors that affected the cash flow, working capital, assets or liabilities of the group during the current financial period reported on.

The group recorded revenue of S\$33.5 million, gross profit of S\$13.2 million and profit from operations of S\$7.5 million, as compared to FY2021, which recorded revenue, gross profit and loss from operations amounting to S\$44.2 million, S\$13.1 million and S\$59.0 million respectively. These represent a 24.2% decrease in revenue and 9.9% increase in gross profit.

Revenue decreased by S\$10.7 million while gross profit increased S\$0.1 million was due mainly to a change in buiness model for some of the business units.

Other miscellaneous income increased by S\$10.3m mainly due to the gain on the disposal of property held by the Hong Kong Subsidiary. The proceeds from disposal of the property was used to repay the secured lenders of the bank loan which was in default since November 2018. In addition, the accounting adjustment for the write back of trade payables upon completion of the dissolution of Big Box Singapore Pte Ltd in the reporting quarter had also resulted into non-cash profit in current financial year.

In the preceding financial year, the Group reported operating loss of S\$59m (including prior year loss from disposal of property, plant and equipment amounting S\$46.8m). In the current financial year, the Group reported operating profit approximately S\$7m (inclusive of non-cash profit from the write back of trade payables upon completion of the dissolution of Big Box Singapore Pte. Ltd.), which has resulted an increase of S\$66.5m profit from operations in FY2022 as compared to FY2021.

The Group reported loss for the year of S\$1.6 million in FY2022.

9. Where a forecast, or a prospect statement, has been previously disclosed to shareholders, any variance between it and actual results.

Not applicable.

10. A commentary at the date of the announcement of the significant trends and competitive conditions of the industry in which the group operates and any known factors or events that may affect the group in the next reporting period and the next 12 months.

The Group's operating environment remains more challenging against a backdrop of a significantly weaker retail industry resultant from the Covid-19 impacts. This is on top of increasing margin pressures, rising costs across geographical regions, as well as manpower tightening policies in Singapore.

The Company is under the Scheme of Arrangement (the "Scheme") sanctioned by the Court of Appeal in Singapore on 13 October 2010. The effective date of the Scheme is 19 April 2010.

On 24 July 2017, the Company announced receipt of a Letter of Demand dated 21 July 2017 from solicitors of its 51% owned subsidiary, Big Box Pte Ltd ("BBPL"), claiming the repayment of S\$50.75 million in alleged rental arrears. The Company disputes the alleged claim and sought legal advice to challenge the demand made by BBPL.

Since 4 August 2017, trading in the Company's securities on the SGX-ST has been voluntarily suspended by the Company.

On 11 August 2017, the Company filed an application ("Application") in the High Court of the Republic of Singapore ("Court") for a moratorium pursuant to section 211B(1) of the Companies Act (Cap.50) of Singapore ("Companies Act"). The Application seeks, inter alia, orders that (a) no appointment shall be made of a receiver or manager over any property or undertaking of the Company and (b) except with the leave of Court, (i) no legal proceedings may be commenced or continued against the Company, (ii) no execution, distress or other legal process against any property of the Company shall be commenced, continued or levied, (iii) no steps may be taken to enforce any security over any property of the Company and (iv) no right of re-entry or forfeiture under any lease in respect of any premises occupied by the Company may be enforced (collectively the relief sought in (a) and (b), the "Moratorium") for a period of six (6) months from the date of the Application or until further order. The Application would be heard on a date to be fixed by the Court at a pre-trial conference in respect of the Application scheduled on 24 August 2017.

Pursuant to section 211B(8) of the Companies Act, during the period commencing on the filing of the Application and ending on the earlier of 30 days after the Application is made and the date on which the Application is decided by the Court, the Moratorium takes effect automatically and no order may be made for the winding up of the Company (collectively the "Automatic Moratorium").

The Board believes that the Automatic Moratorium and the Moratorium, if granted, will provide stability for the dayto-day operations of the Group to continue with support of its key trade suppliers and allow the Company an opportunity and adequate time to pursue the Refinancing Options for a total solution for the Group, including in respect of the BBPL's liabilities, the Rent Dispute, the Unpaid Facility, the Settlement Sum, as well as the financing and restructuring of the existing indebtedness of the Company and working capital requirements of the Group.

On 6 September 2017, the Court granted the Moratorium Application made on 11 August 2017 pursuant to Section 211B(1) of the Companies Act. The Moratorium Application sought, inter alia, orders that all creditors be restrained from taking certain further action against the Company and its assets for such period as the Court thinks fit until 11 February 2018. For more details, please refer to the Company's announcement dated 6 Sept 2017 ("Moratorium Announcement").

On 27 September 2017, BBPL received a letter from Ernst & Young Solutions LLP stating inter alia that Messrs Ee Meng Yen Angela and Aaron Loh Cheng Lee have been jointly and severally appointed as Receivers and Managers over all relevant assets, properties and undertakings comprised and secured to Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited ("OCBC") as security trustee for the lenders under the BBPL Facilty.

The appointment of the Receivers and Managers and the resultant repercussions has severely affected the warehouse retail scheme (WRS) businesses and operations carried out by the Company at Big Box building. The Company's efforts to pursue refinancing options to provide a total solution for the Group, including BBPL's liabilities, financing and restructuring of the existing indebtedness of the Company and working capital requirements of the Group, is made more difficult.

The Company has been in continued discussions with arrangers, financial institutions and counterparties to secure funding to refinance the existing term loan secured by Big Box property and other liabilities of the Group ("Refinancing Exercise"), including the Settlement Sum required to discharge the Scheme in full as approved by the Scheme Creditors on 18 April 2017, which was extended on 11 August 2017 and 17 October 2017 to 18 February 2018.

On 31 December 2017, the Company had submitted to EDB its business proposal for the WRS (for the remaining 19 years). Concurrently, the Company had also prepared for the WRS Audit and had informed EDB in January 2018 that it will submit the Annual Progress Report for the Financial year ended 31 March 2015, 2016, 2017 and 10 months ended 31 January 2018 to EDB in the week of 5 February 2018.

Big Box Pte Ltd (Receivers & Managers Appointed) ("BBPL"), the Company's 51% owned subsidiary and landlord of the Big Box Building ("Property") was required to pay differential premiums ("DP") by 31 January 2018, the deadline stipulated by the relevant authorities. On 31 January 2018, the Company had submitted its application (together with a copy of the Term Sheet (as defined below) to Singapore Land Authority and JTC, seeking 3 months' extension till 31 April 2018 for BBPL to pay the Differential Premium ("DP").

The Company has, on 31 January 2018, entered into a term sheet ("Term Sheet") with a potential investor ("Investor"), for a proposed investment of up to S\$125 million by the Investor ("Proposed Investment") as part of the financial restructuring of the Company and its subsidiaries and affiliated entities. The Term Sheet sets out the agreed key terms between the Company and the Investor, and forms the basis for entry into definitive agreements for the Proposed Investment ("Investment Documentation") between the Investor and/or its nominees and/or affiliated entities (collectively, the "Investors") and the Company.

Where the Proposed Investment is made in the form of a loan to the Company, it is envisaged that the Company will grant security in a form and substance satisfactory to the Investors and the Company. Where the entire Proposed Investment is in the form of new capital commitment to the Company, this may result in the Investors receiving at least 24.5% of the enlarged shareholding of the reorganized Company (after the issuance of the New Shares contemplated under the Term Sheet).

Proceeds from the Proposed Investment will be used for, among others, the following purposes:

- (a) Statutory payments in relation to the Big Box building owned by the Company's subsidiary, Big Box Pte Ltd;
- (b) Payment to discharge the indebtedness under the existing scheme of arrangement which took effect on 19 April 2010 ("Existing Scheme") and/or other existing indebtedness and payables of the Company (and which may require a new scheme of arrangement under section 210 or section 211 of the Companies Act (Chapter 50 of Singapore) ("Scheme") to be implemented) ("Restructuring Exercise"); and
- (c) Working capital.

The long stop date ("Long Stop Date") of the Term Sheet is 31 May 2018, unless extended in writing by the Investor and the Company. The Proposed Investment is subject to the Company meeting certain conditions precedent imposed by the Investor. Details could be referred to in the Company's announcement dated 2 February 2018 ("Investment Announcement").

On 27 February 2018, the Company announced that despite the Company's efforts to procure financing for the DP and other statutory payments payable by BBPL ("Statutory Payments") within the stipulated deadline, a consensus could not be reached with the Receivers & Managers of BBPL in a timely manner on the terms of the financing between a potential lender (the "Potential Lender") and BBPL to make available funding for the Statutory Payments. Consequent to BBPL's failure to make payment of DP by the stipulated deadline, the Company received notification on 6 February 2018 from the relevant authority that the Company's Warehouse Retail Scheme ("WRS") licence was terminated, citing BBPL's failure to make timely payment of DP as the primary reason for termination, despite that the Company had on 31 January 2018, submitted its application (together with a copy of the Term Sheet (as defined above) to Singapore Land Authority and JTC, seeking extension for BBPL to pay the DP.

Despite the extension granted by Singapore Land Authority, JTC had rejected the extension for BBPL to pay the DP which lead to the termination of the WRS Licence by EDB, the Company still continued to work with the Investor in its efforts to procure the financing required.

As announced on 1 June 2018, the Long Stop Date for the Proposed Investment has been extended to 31 August 2018.

The Moratorium granted by the Court has provided the Company with breathing space, and most importantly, has allowed the Company the much-needed time required to negotiate and obtain the Term Sheet with the Investor for the Proposed Investment, which is crucial and an integral part of the Restructuring Exercise. Given that the Moratorium expires on 12 February 2018 and the Company requires more time to finalise the Proposed Investment and the Restructuring, the Company has, on 2 February 2018, made an application to the Court to extend the Moratorium Extension Application Application has been fixed to be heard on 5 March 2018. In the meantime, the Court has granted an interim extension of the Moratorium until the conclusion of the Moratorium Extension Application.

The Court, at the hearing on 5 March 2018, has adjourned the hearing to 26 March 2018. In the meantime, the interim Moratorium remains in effect until the conclusion of the Moratorium Extension Application.

The Court, on 26 March 2018, granted the Moratorium Extension Application until 11 August 2018 or until further order.

On 30 July 2018, the Company made an application to the Singapore High Court for an extension of existing moratorium (granted under Section 211B of the Companies Act), which expires on 11 August 2018 ("2nd Moratorium Extension Application"). The 2nd Moratorium Extension Application will be heard on a date to be fixed by the Court.

The Company understands from the previous Potential Lenders that it could not strike a deal with the existing Lenders of BBPL Facility which form part of the contemplated investment. Further, due to the on-going negative developments of the Company, the previous Potential Lenders had adjusted their offer significantly downwards. The change of goal-posts by previous Potential Lenders has made it more difficult for the Company to close the deal with them.

Notwithstanding to the above, the Company has not given up on its efforts to pursue various Refinancing and/or Fund-raising Options to provide a total solution for the Group.

On 30 July 2018, the Company has entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement ("SPA") with Celestial Palace Limited ("Purchaser") for the sale of shares in the Company's various subsidiaries (the "Sales Companies") to the Purchaser (the "Proposed Disposal").

The SPA for the Proposed Disposal was entered for the purposes of, among others, funding a new scheme of arrangement contemplated to be proposed by the Company to its creditors ("New Scheme"), through the proceeds from the Consideration from the Purchaser for the Proposed Disposal.

The Purchaser has offered an aggregate consideration of S\$48 million ("Consideration") for the Proposed Disposal. The Consideration was mutually arrived after arms' length negotiations between the Company and the Purchaser on a willing seller and willing buyer basis after taking into consideration the net asset value of the Sale Companies as well as the future business prospect and growth potential of the Sale Companies.

The Company will apply the Consideration received from the Purchaser in the following manner:

- (a) First, the amount of up to S\$45 million will be set aside from the Consideration and used to discharge the Company's obligations under the New Scheme, including without limitation, the discharge of the Existing Scheme Claims and non-Existing Scheme Claims to be provided for in the New Scheme;
- (b) Second, an amount of up to S\$3 million will be set aside from the Consideration for the settlement of any success fee, legal fees, advisor fees and/or other expenses incurred by the Company in relation to or in connection with the sale of the shares in the Sale Companies and/or the Company's restructuring, as well as the fees of the Stakeholder;
- (c) Third, any excess Consideration will be used for the Company's working capital, operating expenses and/or any other requirements of the Company.

The long stop date ("Long Stop Date") of the SPA is 30 November 2018.

On 31 July 2018, the Company has proposed to enter into a scheme of arrangement ("New Scheme") with its Creditors, comprising both Creditors of the Company under the Existing Scheme ("Existing Scheme Creditors") and other Creditors of the Company (the "Non-Existing Scheme Creditors").

The New Scheme will be funded by an amount of up to S\$45 million from the Proposed Disposal consideration of S\$37.5 million and the Purchaser Loan of S\$7.5 million.

The New Scheme document dated 31 July 2018 and the addendum to the New Scheme dated 31 July 2018, together with the Explanatory Statement, Voting Form and the Proof of Debt form has been despatch to the Creditors on 31 July 2018.

On 2 August 2018, the Company announced that the Court has fixed the 2nd Moratorium Extension Application to be heard on 10 August 2018.

On 10 August 2018, the Court granted the 2nd Moratorium Extension Application until 11 December 2018 or until further order.

On 4 September 2018, the Company and the Purchaser have entered into an amended agreement ("Amendment Agreement") to amend certain terms of the SPA. The salient amendments include the removal TTA Holdings Limited, an 85.5% owned subsidiary of the Company from the list of Sale Companies in the SPA and a new aggregate consideration of S\$40,447,746 ("Amended Consideration") being offered by the Purchaser. An amount of S\$37,447,746 will be set aside from the Amended Consideration and used to discharge the Company's obligation under the New Scheme.

On 13 November 2018, the Company made an application to the Singapore High Court for an extension of existing Moratorium, which expires on 11 December 2018 ("3rd Moratorium Extension Application"). The 3rd Moratorium Extension Application will be heard on a date to be fixed by the Singapore High Court.

On 28 November 2018, the Court granted the 3rd Moratorium Extension Application, and extended the Moratorium until 30 April 2019 or further order.

On 17 December 2018, the Purchaser and the Company entered into a Loan Agreement for the Purchaser to lend to the Company the Purchaser Loan of S\$7.5 million to top up the shortfall amount required to discharge the Company's obligation under the New Scheme. Accordingly, there will be no change or any shortfall to the Scheme Funds of S\$45 million to be received by Eligible Creditors under the New Scheme.

On 20 December 2018, the New Scheme was approved by the requisite majority of Creditors.

On 7 March 2019, the Company filed an application ("Sanction Application") pursuant to Section 211I of the Companies Act (Cap. 50) of Singapore for, amongst others, the New Scheme to be Approved by the High Court of the Republic of Singapore ("Court"). The Sanction Application has been fixed by the Court to be heard on 18 March 2019.

On 18 March 2019, the hearing of the Sanction Application has been adjourned to 26 March 2019 for the Company to respond to queries raised by a Creditor under the New Scheme.

On 23 March 2019, the Company's shareholders voted and approved the Proposed Disposal of the Sale Companies at the EGM held on 23 March 2019.

On 26 March 2019, at the adjourned hearing of the Sanction Application, the Court approved the New Scheme subject to the exclusion of a Said Creditor from the New Scheme ("Creditor Standstill" as described above), and the relevant amendments and conditions imposed by the Court in relation to the Creditor Standstill; and the extension of the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme until 30 April 2019.

The Company had announced via SGX-ST on 27 March 2019 that it will assess the impact(s), if any, arising from the amendments to the New Scheme and the Creditor Standstill on the completion of the Proposed Disposal and the New Scheme.

On 18 April 2019, the Company has applied to Court for an extension of the existing Moratorium, which expires on 30 April 2019 ("4th Moratorium Extension Application"), until 31 July 2019 and to extend the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme until 31 July 2019.

On 18 April 2019, the Company and the Purchaser have agreed to extend the long stop date for the completion of the Proposed Disposal under the Amended and Restated SPA to 31 July 2019.

The extension of the long stop date under the Amended and Restated SPA will provide the Company and the Purchaser with additional time to assess the impact(s), if any, arising from, among others, the Amendments to the New Scheme, the impacts of Creditor Standstill, the completion of the Proposed Disposal and the Purchaser Loan.

The Court has on 26 April 2019, granted the Applications and extended the Moratorium until 31 July 2019 and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme until 31 July 2019.

As announced previously on 18 July 2019 and pursuant to discussions between the Company and the Purchaser (in its capacity as Purchaser under the Proposed Disposal and a management services agreement entered into on 28 November 2018 between the Company and the Purchaser ("Management Services Agreement"), as well as the Lender under the Purchaser Loan and the Bridging Loan) arising from the amendments to the New Scheme and the assessment of impacts arising from the Creditor Standstill on the completion of the Proposed Disposal and the New Scheme. Parties agreed to terminate the Proposed Disposal, the Management Services Agreement, the Purchaser Loan and the Bridging Loan, and neither the Company or the Purchaser shall have any claim of any nature whatsoever against each other in connection with the Proposed Disposal, the Management Services Agreement, the Purchaser Loan and the Bridging Loan.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Purchaser has agreed to provide alternative funding for the implementation of the New Scheme via a proposed investment through a convertible loan of S\$48 million to be granted to the Company ("Convertible Loan").

On 16 July 2019, the Company and the Purchaser (Celestial Palace Limited herewith known as the "Investor") have entered into a binding term sheet ("Term Sheet") to, amongst others, to provide for the proposed investment by the Investor through the Convertible Loan, of which an amount of up to S\$45 million will be used to fund the implementation of the New Scheme, and to terminate the agreements relating to the Proposed Disposal, Purchaser Loan and the Bridging Loan.

On 29 July 2019, the Court has granted the Company's application for (i) an extension of existing Moratorium, which expires on 31 July 2019, until 31 December 2019, to allow the Company time to obtain all necessary approvals from relevant authorities (including but not limited to SGX ST and SIC, amongst others) to facilitate the completion of the Convertible Loan and the implementation of the New Scheme; and (ii) for the Court to approve the proposed amendments to the New Scheme (the "Application").

Accordingly, the Moratorium and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme have been extended until 31 December 2019.

On 9 December 2019, the Company has entered into the definitive documentation in relation to the Convertible Loan ("Convertible Loan Agreement") with the investor, and thereby fulfilling one of the conditions precedent to the utilisation of the Convertible Loan. The Company has also submitted applications for the Conversion Regulatory Approval and the Conversion Whitewash Waiver and, the Rights Issue Whitewash Waiver to facilitate the implementation of the Rights Issue, to the relevant regulatory authorities. Upon receipt of all regulatory approvals, the Company will be in a position to convene an extraordinary general meeting to seek the Shareholders' Approval.

In connection with the Conversion Regulatory Approval for, inter alia, the listing of the Conversion Shares, the Company has submitted to the relevant regulatory authority for approval its trading resumption proposal ("Trading Resumption Proposal"). To facilitate the seeking of approval for the Trading Resumption Proposal as well as the Conversion Regulatory Approval, the Investor has on 9 December 2019 entered into a loan agreement with two wholly-owned subsidiaries of the Company, namely Akira Corporation Pte Ltd ("Akira Corporation") and Furniture & Furnishings Pte Ltd ("F&F") (collectively the "Additional Loan Borrowers"), whereby the Investor has agreed to provide a loan of a principal amount of S\$25,000,000 ("Additional Loan") for additional working capital for the Group and to refinance the existing facilities granted to the Group ("Additional Loan Agreement").

On 13 December 2019, pursuant to the terms of the New Scheme, voting on the New Scheme was carried out. The amendments to the Scheme and the extension of the Long Stop Date of the New Scheme was approved by the requisite majority of the Creditors with 96.8% in number and 96.8.9% in value of Creditors to the extent of their Secured Voting Amounts and 96.8% in numbers and 96.9% in value of Creditors to the extent of their Unsecured Voting Amounts.

On 27 December 2019, the Court has granted the Company's application for extension of existing moratorium which expires on 31 December 2019. Accordingly, the Moratorium and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme have been extended until 31 March 2020.

On 27 March 2020, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing moratorium which expires on 31 March 2020 to allow the Company more time to (i) obtain the remaining necessary regulatory approvals to facilitate the completion of the Convertible Loan and the implementation of the New Scheme, as well as to (ii) convene the extraordinary general meeting (seeking the requisite shareholders' approvals) which can be convened only after all the necessary regulatory approvals have been obtained. Accordingly, the Moratorium and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme have been extended until 31 May 2020.

On 29 May 2020, the Court granted the Company's application for further extension of existing moratorium which expires on 31 May 2020 to allow the Company more time to obtain the requisite regulatory approvals, hold the extraordinary general meeting to obtain the requisite shareholdrs' approvals, and to drawdown the Convertible Loan for the making of scheme payments in accordance with the terms of the New Scheme. Accordingly, the Moratorium and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme have been extended until 14 August 2020.

On 7 August 2020, SGX-ST had granted their in-principle approval for the listing and quotation of the Conversion Shares and the Rights Shares to be issued in connection to the proposed Convertible Loan and the proposed Rights Issue subject to compliance with the SGX-ST's listing requirements.

On 17 August 2020, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing moratorium which expires on 14 August 2020 to allow the Company more time to obtain the requisite regulatory approvals, hold the EGM and to drawdown the Convertible Loan for the making of scheme payments in accordance with the terms of the New Scheme. Accordingly, the Moratorium and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme have been extended until 13 November 2020.

On 2 October 2020, the Securities Industry Council ("SIC") granted the Company's application for whitewash waivers in connection with the proposed allotment and issue of the Conversion Shares and the Rights Shares,

On 14 October 2020, SGX-ST informed the Company to seek direction from SGX with regards to the applicability of Chapter 10 compliance in relation to the Call Option to be granted to the Investor under the terms of the Additional Loan Agreement (for the working capital) which was entered on 9 December 2019 to satisfy the SGX Going Concern Requirement which in turn is the conditions precedent for the draw down of the Convertible Loan for the Scheme Payment to implement (and discharge the New Scheme). The Call Option is granted as a mechanism for the Investor to exercise its right of foreclosure in the event of default.

On 4 November 2020, at the Extraordinary General Meeting to seek shareholders' approval for whitewash waivers in connection with the proposed allotment and issue of the Conversion Shares and the Rights Shares, all resolutions as set out in the Notice of EGM dated 20 October 2020, were put to the EGM and duly passed. On the same day, the Company had submitted to the Investor the Utilisation Request for the Convertible Loan and the Additional Loan.

Prior to the disbursement of the Convertible Loan and the Loan, the Investor requires the Company to obtain either (a) shareholders' approval for the grant of the Call Option pursuant to Chapter 10 of the listing manual of the SGX-ST ("Mainboard Rules"); or (b) the relevant waiver from SGX-ST under Chapter 10 of the Mainboard Rules in connection with the grant of the Call Option.

On 6 November 2020, the Company had submitted a letter to SGX-ST ("Application Letter") to (a) seek confirmation that the Company's grant of the Call Option to the Investor as security for the Loan should not be subject to Chapter 10 of the Mainboard Rules; and (b) if SGX-ST is of the view that Chapter 10 of the Mainboard Rules is applicable, a waiver of Rule 1019 of the Mainboard Rules for reasons set out in the Application Letter.

On 13 November 2020, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing moratorium which expires on 13 November 2020 to allow the Company more time to obtain the requisite regulatory approval for the grant of a call option to the Investor and to receive funds from the Invetor to draw down the Convertible Loan for the making of scheme payments in accordance with the terms of the New Scheme. Accordingly, the Moratorium and the Long Stop Date for the implementation of the New Scheme have been extended until 31 December 2020.

On 28 December 2020, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing Moratorium which expires on 31 December 2020 and the Long Stop Date until 30 April 2021 for the implementation of the New Scheme. This is to allow the Company more time to (i) obtain the requisite regulatory approval or shareholders' approval for the grant of a call option to the Investor as security for the Additional Loan; (ii) to satisfy the conditions (in relation to the Going Concern Requirements) to the SGX's in-principle approval to the Company lifting the trading suspension in its shares; (iii) to obtain the SIC's approval to extend the time to complete the Rights Issue in order to satisfy the conditions to the Whitewash Waivers; and (iv) to receive funds from the Investor to draw down the Convertible Loan for the making of scheme payments in accordance with the terms of the New Scheme.

On 5 January 2021, the Company received a letter from SGX RegCo stating that based on the Company's submissions and representations to SGX-ST, SGX RegCo advised that Chapter 10 of the Listing Manual does not apply to the Company's grant of the Call Option to the Investor as security for the Loan.

On 3 May 2021, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing Moratorium which expired on 30 April 2021 and the long stop date until 31 October 2021 for the implementation of the New Scheme. This is to allow the Company more time to (i) to satisfy the Going Concern Requirements; (ii) to obtain the SIC's approval to extend the time to complete the Rights Issue in order to satisfy the conditions to the Whitewash Waivers; and (iii) to draw down the Convertible Loan and the Additional Loan from the Investor.

On 1 November 2021, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of the existing Moratorium which expired on 31 October 2021 and the long stop date until 31 March 2022 for the implementation of the New Scheme.

On 28 March 2022, the Court granted the Company's application for extension of existing Moratorium which expires on 31 March 2022 and Long Stop Date until 30 September 2022 for the implementation of the New Scheme.

The Company will make further announcements in relation to the New Scheme as and when there are material developments.

The Company will continue to keep all its stakeholders updated on any material development on a timely basis once available.

#### 11. Dividend

### (a) Period ended 31 March 2022

Any dividend declared for the current financial period reported on? None

### (b) Period ended 31 March 2021

Any dividend declared for the corresponding period of the immediately preceding financial year? None

### (c) Date payable

Not applicable

### (d) Books closure date

Not applicable

## 12. If no dividend has been declared/recommended, a statement to that effect.

No dividend has been declared or recommended for the year ended 31 March 2022.

The Company had been placed under the Scheme of Arrangement on 13 October 2010. Being a Company under Scheme for the last 10 years struggling with severe capital constraints and very limited resources, the Company is not in a position to declare or recommend dividend for the period ended 31 March 2022.

## 13. If the Group has obtained a general mandate from shareholders for IPTs, the aggregate value of such transactions as required under Rule

The Group has not obtained any mandate for any interested party transactions.

## 14. Negative assurance confirmation by the Board pursuant to Rule 705(5) of the Listing Manual.

The Board of Directors hereby confirms that, to the best of its knowledge, nothing has come to its attention which may render the unaudited financial statements for the period ended 31 March 2022 to be false or misleading in any material aspect.

15. Confirmation that the issuer has procured undertakings from all its directors and executive officers (in the format set out in Appendix 7.7) under A confirmation has been provided.

# 16. Segmented revenue and results for business or geographical segments (of the group) in the form presented in the issuer's most recently audited annual financial statements, with comparative information for the immediately preceding financial year.

The Group has three reportable segments, as described below, which are its strategic business units. These units offer different products or services, and are managed separately. The following summary describes the operations in each of the Group's reportable segments:

- Retail: The retail of consumer products to the retail customers through its retail outlets.
- Distribution and trading: The distribution and trading of consumer electronics, and furniture and furnishing products to the distributors and dealers.
- Warehousing and logistics services: Provision of warehousing and logistics services.

Information regarding the results of each reportable segment is included below:

By Business segments	<u>Retail</u>	Distribution and trading	Warehousing <u>and</u>	Other business	<u>Inter-</u> segment	Consolidated total
(04)000)			logistics		<u>eliminations</u>	
(\$\$'000)			<u>services</u>			
2022						
Revenue and expenses	20.000	40.504	500	240		22.400
Total revenue from external customers	20,026	12,584	568	318	(7.007)	33,496
Inter-segment revenue	1,233	4,191	-	1,873	(7,297)	-
Total revenue	21,259	16,775	568	2,191	(7,297)	33,496
Finance income	-	-	-	-	-	-
Finance expense	(8,635)	(347)	(142)	-	-	(9,124)
Depreciation	(178)	(41)	(9)	(1,780)	-	(2,008)
Depreciation of Rights of Use Asset	(1,071)	-	(726)	(1,269)	-	(3,066)
Amortisation	-	(58)	-	-	-	(58)
Reportable segment loss before income tax	494	(1,563)	(510)	(54)	-	(1,633)
Other material non-cash items						
Allowance for doubtful receivables	48	3	-	-	-	51
Assets and liabilities						
Reportable segment assets	18,540	33,145	2,174	7,177	-	61,036
Capital expenditure	20	6	-	2	-	28
Reportable segment liabilities	9,105	11,056	1,320	542,238	-	563,719

By Business segments	<u>Retail</u>	<u>Distribution</u> and trading	Warehousing and logistics	<u>Other</u> <u>business</u>	Inter- segment eliminations	Consolidated total
(S\$'000)			<u>services</u>			
2021						
Revenue and expenses						
Total revenue from external customers	20,089	23,395	392	308	-	44,184
Inter-segment revenue	1,212	5,826	-	1,623	(8,661)	-
Total revenue	21,301	29,221	392	1,931	(8,661)	44,184
Finance income	1	-	-	-	_	1
Finance expense	(13,918)	(1,000)	(150)	-	-	(15,068)
Depreciation	(195)	(490)	(113)	(55)	-	(853)
Depreciation of Rights of Use Asset	(850)	(5)	(597)	(2,103)	-	(3,555)
Amortisation	-	(58)	-	-	-	(58)
Reportable segment loss before income tax	(81,343)	(4,550)	(1,319)	2,031		(85,181)
Other material non-cash item						
Allowance for doubtful receivables	170	(1,357)	-	-		(1,187)
Accets and liabilities						
Assets and liabilities	20 204	25.027	0.005	5.044		67.250
Reportable segment assets	28,294 112	25,027 33	8,085 20	5,944	-	67,350 165
Capital expenditure			_	- 0.962	-	
Reportable segment liabilities	536,744	19,865	1,415	9,862		567,886

By Geographical Regions	Revenue	Non-current
	S\$'000	<b>assets</b> S\$'000
<b>2022</b> ASEAN	25,432	16,386
East Asia and other countries	7,419	13,408
Africa and Middle East	645	7,492
	33,496	37,286
2021		
ASEAN	24,666	18,826
East Asia and other countries	19,126	15,182
Africa and Middle East	392	8,162
	44,184	42,170

17. In the review of performance, the factors leading to any material changes in contributions to turnover and earnings by the business or geographical segments.

Please refer to preceding Item 8.

18. A breakdown of sales.

		Group	
	<b>31/3/2022</b> S\$'000	<b>31/3/2021</b> S\$'000	+/(-) %
(a) Sales reported for the first half-year	38,594	67,222	(42.6)
(b) Operating loss after income tax before deducting non-controlling interests			
reported for the first half-year	(28,033)	(25,882)	8.3
(c) Sales reported for the second half-year	(5,098)	(23,038)	(77.9)
(d) Operating loss after income tax before deducting non-controlling interests			
reported for the second half-year	26,403	(48,552)	nm

19. A breakdown of the total annual dividend (in dollar value) for the issuer's latest full year and its previous full year.

None.

20. Disclosure of persons occupying a managerial position in the issuer or any of its subsidiaries who are relatives of a director or chief executive officer or substantial shareholder of the issuer.

Name	Age	Family relationship with any director and/or substantial shareholder	Current position and duties and the year the position was held	Details of changes in duties and position held, if any, during the year
Sng Sze Hiang	60	Husband of Tong Jia Pi Julia	Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer	N.A.
		Brother-in-law of Yap Hock Soon	since 1999	
Tong Jia Pi Julia	62	Wife of Sng Sze Hiang	Company's Executive Director since 1988	N.A.
Yap Hock Soon	66	Brother-in-law of Sng Sze Hiang	Company's Executive Director since 2002	N.A.

Ho Wei Li Company Secretary 30 May 2022