

# OTHERS TOP GLOVE CORPORATION BHD ("TOP GLOVE" OR THE "COMPANY") TOP GLOVE MALAYSIA IS CLEAR AND ALLOWED TO RESUME EXPORTING AND SELLING GLOVES TO U.S.A. FOLLOWING MODIFICATION OF FINDING BY U.S. CBP

## TOP GLOVE CORPORATION BHD

<b>Type</b>	Announcement
<b>Subject</b>	OTHERS
<b>Description</b>	TOP GLOVE CORPORATION BHD ("TOP GLOVE" OR THE "COMPANY") TOP GLOVE MALAYSIA IS CLEAR AND ALLOWED TO RESUME EXPORTING AND SELLING GLOVES TO U.S.A. FOLLOWING MODIFICATION OF FINDING BY U.S. CBP

Top Glove is pleased to announce that Top Glove Malaysia is clear and allowed to resume exporting and selling gloves to U.S.A. following modification of the Finding by U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) effective 10 September 2021.

In its statement as attached herewith, CBP affirmed that disposable gloves made by Top Glove in Malaysia would be admissible at all U.S. ports of entry as of 10 September 2021.

Top Glove wishes to express its utmost appreciation to CBP for its responsiveness in modification of the Finding. Top Glove also wishes to thank the Malaysian government and the Company's valued stakeholders for their support and understanding in this matter.

Top Glove remains committed to the health, safety and well-being of its people. The Company will continue to work hard and smart towards becoming an industry leader in this area and meeting the growing expectations of its stakeholders.

This announcement is dated 10 September 2021.

Please refer attachment below.

### Attachments

U.S. Customs and Border Protection.pdf  
246.4 kB

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### Announcement Info

<b>Company Name</b>	TOP GLOVE CORPORATION BHD
<b>Stock Name</b>	TOPGLOV
<b>Date Announced</b>	10 Sep 2021
<b>Category</b>	General Announcement for PLC
<b>Reference Number</b>	GA1-09092021-00121



## DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

### U.S. Customs and Border Protection

[CBP Dec. 21-13]

Determination That Maintenance of Finding of March 29, 2021, Pertaining to Certain Disposable Gloves Produced in Malaysia, is No Longer Necessary

**AGENCY:** U.S. Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security.

**ACTION:** Determination that merchandise is no longer subject to 19 U.S.C. 1307.

**SUMMARY:** On March 29, 2021, U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), with the approval of the Secretary of Homeland Security, issued a Finding that certain disposable gloves, were mined, produced, or manufactured in Malaysia by Top Glove Corporation Bhd with the use of convict, forced, or indentured labor, and were being, or were likely to be, imported into the United States. CBP has now determined, based upon additional information, that such merchandise is no longer being, or is likely to be, imported into the United States in violation of section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended.

**DATES:** This determination applies to any merchandise described in this notice that is imported on or after [INSERT DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE *FEDERAL REGISTER*].

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Juan M. Estrella, Chief, Operations Branch, Forced Labor Division, Trade Remedy Law Enforcement Directorate, Office of Trade, (202) 325-6087 or [forcedlabor@cbp.dhs.gov](mailto:forcedlabor@cbp.dhs.gov).

#### **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

##### **I. Background**

Pursuant to section 307 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1307), “[a]ll goods, wares, articles, and merchandise mined, produced, or manufactured wholly or in part in any foreign country by convict labor or/and forced labor or/and indentured labor under penal sanctions shall not be entitled to entry at any of the ports of the United

States, and the importation thereof is hereby prohibited.” Under this section, “forced labor” includes “all work or service which is exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty for its nonperformance and for which the worker does not offer himself voluntarily” and includes forced or indentured child labor.

The CBP regulations promulgated under the authority of 19 U.S.C. 1307 are found at sections 12.42 through 12.45 of title 19, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) (19 CFR 12.42-12.45). Among other things, these regulations allow any person outside of CBP to communicate his or her belief that a certain “class of merchandise . . . is being, or is likely to be, imported into the United States [in violation of 19 U.S.C. 1307].” 19 CFR 12.42(a), (b). Upon receiving such information, the Commissioner “will cause such investigation to be made as appears to be warranted by the circumstances . . . .” 19 CFR 12.42(d). CBP also has the authority to self-initiate an investigation. 19 CFR 12.42(a). If the Commissioner of CBP finds that the information available “reasonably but not conclusively indicates that merchandise within the purview of section 307 is being, or is likely to be, imported,” the Commissioner will order port directors to “withhold release of any such merchandise pending [further] instructions.” 19 CFR 12.42(e). After issuance of such a withhold release order, the covered merchandise will be detained by CBP for an admissibility determination and will be excluded unless the importer demonstrates that the merchandise was not made using labor in violation of 19 U.S.C. 1307. 19 CFR 12.43-12.44. The importer may also export the merchandise. 19 CFR 12.44(a).

These regulations also set forth the procedure for the Commissioner of CBP to issue a Finding when it is determined that the merchandise is subject to the provisions of 19 U.S.C. 1307. Pursuant to 19 CFR 12.42(f), if the Commissioner of CBP determines that merchandise within the purview of 19 U.S.C. 1307 is being, or is likely to be, imported into the United States, the Commissioner of CBP will, with the approval of the

Secretary of the Department of Homeland Security (DHS), publish a Finding to that effect in the *Customs Bulletin* and in the *Federal Register*.<sup>1</sup> Under the authority of 19 CFR 12.44(b), CBP may seize and forfeit imported merchandise covered by a Finding.

On July 15, 2020, CBP issued a withhold release order on “disposable gloves” reasonably indicated to be manufactured by forced labor in Malaysia by Top Glove Corporation Bhd (Top Glove). Through its investigation, CBP determined that there was sufficient information to support a Finding that Top Glove was manufacturing disposable gloves with forced labor and that such merchandise was likely being imported into the United States. Pursuant to 19 CFR 12.42(f), CBP issued a Finding to that effect in the *Federal Register* on March 29, 2021 (86 FR 16380).<sup>2</sup>

Since that time, Top Glove has provided additional information to CBP, which CBP believes establishes by satisfactory evidence that the subject disposable gloves are no longer mined, produced, or manufactured in any part with forced labor. 19 CFR 12.42(g).

## **II. Determination**

Pursuant to 19 U.S.C. 1307 and 19 CFR 12.42(g), it is hereby determined that the articles described below are no longer being mined, produced, or manufactured wholly or in part with the use of convict, forced, or indentured labor by Top Glove in Malaysia.

The subject articles are disposable gloves classified under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheadings 3926.20.1020, 4015.11.0150,

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<sup>1</sup> Although the regulation states that the Secretary of the Treasury must approve the issuance of a Finding, the Secretary of the Treasury delegated this authority to the Secretary of Homeland Security in Treasury Order No. 100-16 (68 FR 28322). In Delegation Order 7010.3, Section II.A.3, the Secretary of Homeland Security delegated the authority to issue a Finding to the Commissioner of CBP, with the approval of the Secretary of Homeland Security. The Commissioner of CBP, in turn, delegated the authority to make a Finding regarding prohibited goods under 19 U.S.C. 1307 to the Executive Assistant Commissioner, Office of Trade.

<sup>2</sup> The Finding was also published in the *Customs Bulletin and Decisions* (Vol. 55, No. 14, p. 13) on April 14, 2021.

4015.19.0510, 4015.19.0550, 4015.19.1010, 4015.19.1050, and 4015.19.5000, which are mined, produced, or manufactured by Top Glove in Malaysia.

Dated: September 3, 2021.

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**AnnMarie R. Highsmith,**  
*Executive Assistant Commissioner,*  
*Office of Trade.*

[FR Doc. 2021-19535 Filed: 9/9/2021 8:45 am; Publication Date: 9/10/2021]