

# CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS PERIOD AND THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

In view of the qualified opinion issued by the Company's previous independent auditor, Mazars LLP, on the audited financial statements of the Group for the financial ended 31 March 2022, the Company is required by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited to announce its quarterly financial statements pursuant to Catalist Rule 705.

Effective from 3 February 2023, Foo Kon Tan LLP has been formally appointed as the Company's new independent auditor after obtaining the required approval from the Company's shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 3 February 2023.

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## A. Condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income

		Gro	<u>up</u>	<u>Group</u>			
	<u>Note</u>	12 months ended 31 March 2023 \$'000	12 months ended 31 March 2022 \$'000	3 months ended 31 <u>March 2023</u> \$'000	3 months ended 31 <u>March 2022</u> \$'000		
		ΨΟΟΟ	Ψ 000	Ψ 000	ΨΟΟΟ		
Revenue Other operating income Purchases and related costs Changes in inventories Depreciation of plant and	4 6	8,717 1,869 (403) (251)	12,482 1,711 (2,205) (45)	1,406 1,621 (8) (251)	3,283 532 (706) (45)		
equipment		(502)	(463)	(159)	(132)		
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Staff costs Operating lease expense Other operating expenses Finance costs		(1,564) (5,597) (431) (2,961) (441)	(1,986) (7,436) (472) (2,345) (466)	(319) (1,341) (97) (1,400) (117)	(502) (1,816) (232) (642) (106)		
Share of results of associates, net of tax		38	-	38	-		
Loss before income tax Income tax expense Loss for the year, net of tax		(1,526)	(1,225) (64) (1,289)	(627) - (627)	(366) (64) (430)		
Other comprehensive income for the period, net of tax: Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss							
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		248	22	47	21		
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		248	22	47	21		
Total comprehensive loss for the year		(1,278)	(1,267)	(580)	(409)		
Loss attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests		(1,289) (237) (1,526)	(1,178) (111) (1,289)	(525) (102) (627)	(409) (21) (430)		
Total comprehensive loss attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests		(1,041) (237) (1,278)	(1,156) (111) (1,267)	(478) (102) (580)	(388) (21) (409)		
Loss per share attributable to equity holders of the Company (cents): Weighted average number of ordinary shares		232,172,215	229,544,130	232,172,215	232,172,215		
Basic and diluted loss per share		(0.56)	(0.51)	(0.23)	(0.18)		

## B. Condensed interim consolidated statements of financial position

		Grou	qı	<u>Company</u>		
	Note	31 March			31 March	
	HOLE	2023	2022	2023	2022	
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Non-current assets						
Plant and equipment	10	699	1,347	-	-	
Right-of-use assets	8	1,984	2,963	-	-	
Intangible assets	9	-	90	-	-	
Derivative financial instruments Goodwill	9	_	320 2,586	_	_	
Deferred tax assets	3	-	351	-	-	
Investments in subsidiaries		-	-	2,507	2,507	
Investment in associates		908				
Total non-current assets		3,591	7,657	2,507	2,507	
Commont assets						
Current assets Inventories		106	546	_	_	
Trade and other receivables		528	1,079	9,233	8,406	
Deferred consideration receivable		200	-	-	-	
Other assets		954	1,288	14	19	
Cash and cash equivalents		1,667	1,353	1,018	130	
Total current assets		3,455	4,266	10,265	8,555	
Total assets		7,046	11,923	12,772	11,062	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Capital and reserves						
Share capital	12	11,944	11,944	11,944	11,944	
Reserves		(18,854)	(17,813)	(13,900)	(13,959)	
Attributable to equity holders to the			(= <u>)</u>		( )	
company		(6,910)	(5,869)	(1,956)	(2,015)	
Non-controlling interests		99	336			
Total equity		(6,811)	(5,533)	(1,956)	(2,015)	
Non-current liabilities						
Borrowings	11	_	32	_	_	
Lease liabilities	11	1,905	1,902	-	-	
Provision		149	143	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities			299			
Total non-current liabilities		2,054	2,376			
Current liabilities						
Trade and other payables		6,572	6,874	13,728	12,410	
Deferred consideration payable		_	667	_	667	
Borrowings	11	1,546	1,160	1,000	-	
Lease liabilities Contract liabilities	11	1,259 2,142	3,557	-	-	
Provision		2,142 182	2,329 355	-	-	
Current tax liabilities		102	138	<u> </u>		
Total current liabilities		11,803	15,080	14,728	13,077	
Total liabilities and equity		7,046	11,923	12,772	11,062	

## C. Condensed interim consolidated statements of changes in equity

The Group

The Group	Attributable to equity holders of the Group							
	Share <u>capital</u>	Merger <u>reserve</u>	Capital <u>reserve</u>	Foreign currency translation reserve	Accumulated losses	Attributable to equity holders of the Company	Non-controlling interests	Total <u>equity</u>
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2023								
Balance as at 1 April 2022	11,944	(927)	(184)	(218)	(16,484)	(5,869)	336	(5,533)
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(1,289)	(1,289)	(237)	(1,526)
Other comprehensive income								
- Foreign currency translation differences	-	-	-	248	-	248	-	248
Total comprehensive loss for the financial period		-	-	248	(1,289)	(1,041)	(237)	(1,278)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	11,944	(927)	(184)	30	(17,773)	(6,910)	99	(6,811)
2022 Balance as at 1 April 2021	11,601	(927)	(184)	(240)	(15,306)	(5,056)	447	(4,609)
Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(1,178)	(1,178)	(111)	(1,289)
- Foreign currency translation differences	_	-		22		22	-	22
Total comprehensive loss for the financial period	-	-	-	22	(1,178)	(1,156)	(111)	(1,267)
Issuance of shares	343	-	-	-	-	343	-	343
Balance as at 31 March 2022	11,944	(927)	(184)	(218)	(16,484)	(5,869)	336	(5,533)

## C. Condensed interim consolidated statements of changes in equity (Cont'd)

## The Company

	Attributable to equity holders of the Company						
	Share <u>capital</u>	Capital reserve	Accumulated losses	Total <u>equity</u>			
2023	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000			
Balance as at 1 April 2022	11,944	215	(14,174)	(2,015)			
Loss for the period	-	-	59	59			
Total comprehensive income for the financial period	-	-	59	59			
Balance as at 31 March 2023	11,944	215	(14,115)	(1,956)			
2022							
Balance as at 1 April 2021	11,601	215	(13,897)	(2,081)			
Loss for the period	-	-	(277)	(277)			
Total comprehensive loss for the financial period	-	_	(277)	(277)			
Issuance of shares	343	-	<u> </u>	343			
Balance as at 31 March 2022	11,944	215	(14,174)	(2,015)			

## D. Condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows

		<u>Group</u>			
	12 months  Note ended 31  March 2023		12 months ended 31 March 2022		
	•	\$'000	\$'000		
Operating activities Loss before income tax Adjustments for:		(1,526)	(1,225)		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use assets Amortisation of intangible assets Finance costs Right-of-use assets written (back)/off Lease liabilities written off	9 6	502 1,564 36 441 (533)	463 1,986 36 466 163 (168)		
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Gain on disposal of subsidiaries Share of results of associates	-	2 (34) (1,225) (38)	168 - - -		
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital Changes in working capital:		(811)	1,889		
Change in inventories Change in trade and other receivables Change in trade, other payables and contract liabilities	-	279 159 2,928	277 12 1,384		
Cash generated from operations Income tax paid	-	2,555 11	3,562 (108)		
Cash flows generated from operating activities	-	2,566	3,454		
Investing activities Acquisition of plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	10	(247) 641	(763)		
Cash flows generated from/(used in) investing activities	-	394	(763)		
Financing activities Proceeds from borrowings Repayment of borrowings Restricted cash used Interest paid Repayment of lease liabilities	11 11	1,950 (1,306) 120 (441) (2,849)	822 (371) (2) (433) (2,918)		
Cash flows used in financing activities	-	(2,526)	(2,902)		
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the financial year	-	434 731	(211) 942		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial year	=	1,165	731		
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Fixed deposits pledged for rental arrangement	-	1,667 (502) - 1,165	1,353 (502) (120) 731		

#### E. Notes to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

These notes form an integral part of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

## 1. Corporate information

Mary Chia Holdings Limited (the "Company") is incorporated and domiciled in Singapore, and its shares are publicly traded on Catalist of the Singapore Exchange. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months and financial year ended 31 March 2023 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"). The primary activity of the Company is investment holding.

The principal activities of the Group are:

- (a) Provision of lifestyle and wellness treatment services (including slimming, skincare and hair care centres)
- (b) Retail sale of cosmetics and toiletries and direct selling of skincare and health supplements

## 2. Basis of Preparation

The condensed interim financial statements for the three months and financial year ended 31 March 2023 have been prepared in accordance with SFRS(I) 1-34 *Interim Financial Reporting* issued by the Accounting Standards Council Singapore. Accordingly, the condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information required for a complete set of financial statements. However, selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the Group's financial position and performance of the Group since the last annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2022.

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year, which were prepared in accordance with SFRS(I)s, except for the adoption of new and amended standards as set out in Note 2.1.

The condensed interim financial statements are presented in Singapore dollar, the Company's functional currency.

#### Going concern

The Group recorded a net loss and total comprehensive loss of \$1,526,000 and \$1,278,000, respectively (31 March 2022: net loss of \$1,289,000 and total comprehensive loss of \$1,267,000) for the financial year ended 31 March 2023. As at 31 March 2023, the Group's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$8,348,000 (31 March 2022: \$10,814,000), and the Group had a deficit in equity of \$6,811,000 (31 March 2022: \$5,533,000).

As at 31 March 2023, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$4,463,000 (31 March 2022: \$4,522,000), and the Company had a deficit in equity of \$1,956,000 (31 March 2022: \$2,015,000).

As at 31 March 2023, the Group's current liabilities included contract liabilities related to non-refundable payments received in advance from customers amounting to \$2,142,000 (31 March 2022: \$2,329,000). Excluding this amount, the Group's current liabilities would be \$9,661,000 (31 March 2022: \$12,751,000) compared to current assets of \$3,455,000 (31 March 2022: \$4,266,000) as at 31 March 2023.

Notwithstanding the above, management believes that the Group and the Company will have sufficient resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future, a period of not less than twelve months from the date of the financial statements after taking into consideration the holding Company has given an undertaking on 8 July 2022 to provide financial support to the Group and the Company for the next 12 months to operate without any curtailment of operations.

Accordingly, the management considers it appropriate that these financial statements are prepared on a going-concern basis.

## 2.1 New and amended standards adopted by the Group

On 1 April 2022, the Group and the Company adopted all the new and revised SFRS(I), SFRS(I) interpretations ("SFRS(I) INT") and amendments to SFRS(I), effective for the current financial year that is relevant to them. The adoption of these new and revised SFRS(I) pronouncements does not result in significant changes to the Group's and the Company's accounting policies and has no material effect on the amounts or the disclosures reported for the current or prior reporting periods, as discussed below:

Reference	Description	Effective date (Annual periods beginning on or after)
Amendments to SFRS(I) 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework	, 1 January 2022
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-16	Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-37	Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to SFRS(I) 17	Insurance Contract	1 January 2023
Amendments to SFRS(I) 10 and SFRS(I) 1-28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-8	Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-12	Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1 and SFRS(I) Practice Statement 2	Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Various	Annual Improvements to SFRS(I)s 2018-2021	1 January 2022

## 2.2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The Group made judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that were not readily apparent from other sources in the application of the Group's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be reasonable under the circumstances. Accordingly, actual results may differ from the estimates.

## Critical judgements made in applying the Group's accounting policies

In applying the Group's accounting policies, described in Note 2, management has not made any judgements that will significantly affect the amounts recognised in the financial statements, apart from those involving estimations as discussed below.

#### Income tax

The Group has exposure to income taxes in several jurisdictions, of which a portion of these taxes arose from certain transactions and computations for which ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities of expected tax issues based on their best estimates of the likely taxes due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters differs from the amounts initially recognised, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax positions in the period in which such determination is made.

## Determination of the lease term

In determining the lease term, management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated). The lease term is reassessed if an option is actually exercised (or not exercised) or the Group becomes obliged to exercise (or not exercise) it. The assessment of reasonable certainty is only revised if a significant event or change in circumstances occurs, which affects the assessment, and that is within the lessee's control. For office premises and service outlet leases, the Group considers factors including historical lease durations and the costs and business disruption required to replace the leased asset.

- If significant penalties exist to terminate (or not extend), the Group is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate).
- If any leasehold improvements are expected to have a significant remaining value, the Group is typically reasonably certain to extend (or not terminate).
- Otherwise, the Group considers other factors, including historical lease durations and the costs and business disruption required to replace the leased asset.

#### Determination of operating segments

Management will first identify the Chief Operating Decision Maker ("CODM") and, following this, will identify their business activities (which may not necessarily earn revenue or incur expenses). Management will further determine whether discrete financial information is available for business activities and whether the CODM regularly reviews that information. Judgement is applied by the management of the aggregation criteria to operating segments.

## Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

## Allowance for expected credit loss ("ECL") of trade and other receivables

Allowance for ECL of trade and other receivables is based on assumptions about the risk of default and expected loss rates. The Group uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the ECL calculation based on the Group's past collection history, existing market conditions, and forward-looking estimates at each reporting date. The probability of default constitutes a key input in measuring ECL. The probability of default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon, the calculation of which includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.

## Depreciation of plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets

The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets at the end of each annual reporting period. Changes in the expected level and future usage can impact the economic useful lives of these assets with a consequential impact on the future depreciation charge. A reduction in the estimated useful lives of these non-financial assets would increase depreciation expense and decrease non-current assets.

## Impairment of plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets

The carrying amounts of the plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is any indication that those plant and equipment, intangible assets and right-of-use assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. The carrying amount is reduced to the estimated recoverable amount if lower.

The recoverable amounts of these assets and, where applicable, cash-generating units have been determined based on value-in-use calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates. Estimating the value-in-use requires the Group to estimate the expected future cash flows from the cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) and also to use many estimates and assumptions such as future market growth, forecast revenue and costs, useful lives of the utilisation of the assets, discount rates and other factors.

A decrease in the value-in-use of these non-financial assets would decrease the Group's profit.

## Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

Determining whether investments in subsidiaries are impaired requires an estimation of the value-in-use of the investments. The value-in-use calculation requires the Company to estimate the future cash flows expected from the cash-generating units and an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the future cash flows.

On 31 March 2023, the carrying amounts of investments in subsidiaries were \$2,507,000 (31 March 2022: \$2,507,000). Management has evaluated the recoverability of the investment based on such estimates. A decrease in the present value of estimated future cash flows will increase the allowance for the impairment of investments in subsidiaries.

## Allowance for inventory obsolescence

The Group reviews the ageing analysis of inventories at each reporting date and makes provision for obsolete and slow-moving inventory items identified that are no longer suitable for sale. The net realisable value for such inventories is estimated based primarily on the latest invoice prices and market conditions. Possible changes in these estimates could result in revisions to the valuation of inventories.

A decrease in the net realisable values of the inventory will decrease the Group's profit.

## Estimation of the incremental borrowing rate ("IBR")

For the purpose of calculating the right-of-use asset and a lease liability, an entity applies the interest rate implicit in the lease ("IRIIL"), and if the IRIIL is not readily determinable, the entity uses its IBR applicable to the leased asset. The IBR is the rate of interest that the entity would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. For most leases whereby the Group is the lessee, the IRIIL is not readily determinable. Therefore, when available, the Group estimates the IBR relevant to each leased asset by using observable inputs (such as market interest rate and asset yield) and then making certain lessee-specific adjustments (such as a group entity's credit rating).

## Provision of reinstatement cost

The provision relates to estimated costs of dismantlement, removal or reinstatement of plant and equipment arising from the acquisition or use of assets.

The Group has recognised a provision for reinstatement of rental property obligations associated with properties rented by the Group. In determining the fair value of the provision, assumptions and estimates are made in relation to discount rates, the expected cost to dismantle and remove equipment from the site and the expected timing of those costs. The provision's carrying amount as of 31 March 2023 was \$331,000 (31 March 2022: \$498,000). An increase in the estimated pre-tax discount rate would decrease the provision's carrying amount.

## 3. Seasonal operations

The Group's businesses are not affected significantly by seasonal or cyclical factors during the financial period.

## 4. Segment and revenue information

The primary segment reporting format is determined to be business segments, as the Group's risks and rates of return are affected predominantly by differences in the products and services provided. Secondary information is reported geographically. The operating businesses are organised and managed separately according to the nature of the products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and services in different markets.

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed to make strategic decisions. Each segment represents a strategic business unit offering different products and services. The Group's reportable segments are as follows:-

- Beauty, slimming and spa treatments for women
- Beauty, slimming and spa treatments for men
- Direct selling
- Hairdressing

Inter-segment transactions are determined on an arm's length basis.

## 4.1 Reportable segments

	Beauty, s And spa t for we	reatment	Beauty, s And spa t for r	reatment	Dire sell		Hairdre	ssing	To	tal
Group	12 months ended 31 Mar 2023 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2022 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2023 \$'000	months ended 31 Mar 2022 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2023 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2022 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2023 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2022 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2023 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2022 \$'000
Revenue Inter-segment revenue	5,972 (152)	6,157 (139)	303	189 -	186 -	544 -	2,549 (141)	6,566 (835)	9,010 (293)	13,456 (974)
External revenue	5,820	6,018	303	189	186	544	2,408	5,731	8,717	12,482
Other information: Other operating income Purchases and related costs Changes in inventories Staff costs Depreciation of plant and equipment Depreciation of right-of-use	1,853 (160) (168) (3,820) (301)	1,087 (380) (17) (4,149) (210)	(29) - - (74) -	37 (1) - (250)	37 (48) - (85) (1)	44 (128) (17) (138) (1)	8 (195) (83) (1,618) (200)	543 (1,696) (11) (2,899) (252)	1,869 (403) (251) (5,597) (502)	1,711 (2,205) (45) (7,436) (463)
assets Operating lease expense Other operating expenses Finance costs Share of results of associates, net of tax	(700) (373) (1,888) (347)	(926) (303) (1,740) (291)	(61) -	- (38) - -	(80)	(69) - -	(864) (58) (932) (94) 38	(1,060) (169) (498) (175)	(1,564) (431) (2,961) (441) 38	(1,986) (472) (2,345) (466)
(Loss)/Profit before taxation Income tax expense									(1526)	(1,225) (64)
(Loss)/Profit for the year									1,526	(1,289)
Other Information Assets Segment assets	6,340	3,775	12	82	105	79	1,766	7,987	8,223	11,923
Liabilities Segment liabilities Unallocated liabilities - Income tax payables Total liabilities	13,521 -	12,228	70 -	146	81 -	66	1,149 102	4,878 138	14,821 102 14,923	17,318 138 17,456
Other disclosure Capital expenditure	221	424	26	-	-	137	-	202	247	763
Depreciation of plant and equipment	301	210	-	-	1	1	200	252	502	463
Impairment loss on plant and equipment	-	166	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	168
Gain on disposal of plant and equipment	34	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	34	2
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	700	926	-	-	-	-	864	1,060	1,564	1,986
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	36	36	36	36

## 4.2 Disaggregation of Revenue

	Singa	Singapore		Malaysia		China		tal
	12 months ended 31 Mar 2023 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2022 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2023 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2022 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2023 \$'000	months ended 31 Mar 2022 \$'000	12 months ended 31 Mar 2023 \$'000	months ended 31 Mar 2022 \$'000
Revenue - Sales to external customers	8,064	11,943	653	538	-	1	8,717	12,482
Non-current assets#	3,393	7,205	198	101	-	-	3,591	7,306

Note #- exclude deferred tax assets and deposits.

## 4.3 Timing of Revenue Recognition

		FY 2023			FY 2022	
The Group	At a point	Over		At a point	Over	
	in time	time	Total	in time	time	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<u>Singapore</u>						
Sales of goods	1,378	-	1,378	3,677	-	3,677
Beauty, slimming and						
spa service treatments	-	4,423	4,423	-	3,830	3,830
Hairdressing treatments	-	2,263	2,263	-	4,436	4,436
Malaysia						
Sales of goods	36	_	36	49	_	49
•	•		•			.0
, ,	_	617	617	_	489	489
opa cervice a camena		<b>V</b>	· · · ·		100	.00
China						
Sales of goods	-	-	-	1	-	1
3						
	1,414	7,303	8,717	3,727	8,755	12,482
Beauty, slimming and spa service treatments	<del>-</del>	617	617	- 1	489	489

## 4.4 A breakdown of sales

	The Group					
	12 months ended 31 March 2023	12 months ended 31 March 2022	Variance %			
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000			
Revenue reported for first half year Loss after tax before non-controlling interests	4,675	5,765	(19)			
reported for first half year	(689)	(937)	(26)			
Revenue reported for second half year	4,042	6,717	(40)			
Loss after tax before non-controlling interests reported for second half year	(837)	(352)	>100			

## 5. Financial assets and financial liabilities

	The	Group	The Compan		
	<b>As at 31</b> As at 31 <b>March 2023</b> March 2022		As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
Derivative financial instrument	-	320	-	-	
Financial assets at amortised cost					
Trade and other receivables#	258	1,079	9,233	8,403	
Other assets#	907	1,187	14	12	
Cash and cash equivalents	1,667	1,353	1,018	130	
	2,832	3,619	10,265	8,545	

## Financial liabilities at amortised cost

	6,444	11,275	14,728	12,410
Borrowings	1,546	1,192	1,000	-
Lease liabilities	3,164	5,459	-	-
Other payables##	1,734	4,624	13,728	12,410

<sup>#</sup> Exclude goods and services tax and prepayments

## 6. Loss before income tax

## 6.1 Significant items

	12 months ended 31 March 2023	12 months ended 31 March 2022
	\$'000	\$'000
Income		
Government grants	148	923
Rental rebate	180	431
Vendor rebate and Company's service fee income	-	127
Expenses		
Interest on borrowings	(229)	(145)
Interest on lease liabilities	(198)	(319)
Interest on Hire Purchase	(5)	(4)

## 6.2 Related party transactions

There are no material related party transactions apart from those disclosed under the "Interested person transactions" section in the financial statements or in the information required by SGX Catalist Listing Rules Appendix 7C.

## 7. Net asset value

	The Group		The Company	
	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
Net asset value per ordinary share based on issued share capital as at the end of the financial year reported on (SG Cents).	(2.93)	(2.38)	(0.84)	(0.87)

## Note:

Net asset value per ordinary share of the Group and Company is calculated by dividing the net asset value of the Group and Company respectively by the number of issued ordinary shares of 232,172,215 as at 31 March 2023 (31 March 2022: 232,172,215).

<sup>##</sup> Exclude goods and services tax

## 8. Right-of-use assets

The Group	Retail outlets \$'000	Motor vehicle \$'000	Total \$'000
Cost			
At 1 April 2021	13,221	207	13,428
Additions	1,830	29	1,859
Written off	(6,169)	-	(6,169)
Exchange differences	(4)	-	(4)
At 31 March 2022	8,878	236	9,114
Additions	1,307	123	1,430
Written off	(686)	(87)	(773)
Disposals	(3,514)	-	(3,514)
Exchange differences	(14)	•	(14)
At 31 March 2023	5,971	272	6,243
Accumulated depreciation At 1 April 2021 Depreciation for the year Written off Exchange differences At 31 March 2022 Depreciation for the year Written off Disposals Impairment reversal	10,017 1,951 (6,006) (3) 5,959 1,536 (153) (2,715) (533)	157 35 - - 192 28 (87) -	10,174 1,986 (6,006) (3) 6,151 1,564 (240) (2,715) (533)
Exchange differences	32	- 400	32
At 31 March 2023	4,126	133	4,259
Carrying amount At 31 March 2023	1,845	139	1,984
At 31 March 2022	2,919	44	2,963

Right-of-use assets represent retail outlets leased by the Group and motor vehicles under finance leases.

## 9. Intangible assets

The Group	Non-compete agreement \$'000
The Group	Ψ 000
Cost	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	138
Disposals	(138)
At 31 March 2023	<u>-</u>
Accumulated amortisation	
At 1 April 2021	12
Amortisation	36
At 31 March 2022	48
Amortisation	36
Disposals	(84)
At 31 March 2023	-
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2023	-
At 31 March 2022	90

Intangible assets comprising the non-compete agreement have a finite useful life over which they are amortised. Accordingly, non-compete agreements have an amortisation period of 3 years.

## 9.1 Goodwill

	As at 31 March 2023	As at 31 March 2022
The Group	\$'000	\$'000
Goodwill arising on consolidation	2,586	2,586
(a) Goodwill arising on consolidation		
Cost		
At the beginning of the year/period	2,586	2,586
Disposals of subsidiaries	(2,586)	-
At the end of the year/period	-	2,586
Allowance for impairment losses		
At the beginning and end of the year/period	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del> _
Net book value	-	2,586

As at 31 March 2023, the goodwill attributable to the Group's cash-generating units ("CGU") comprising of Monsoon Hairdressing Group ("Monsoon CGU") has been disposed of via disposal of equity shareholding.

## 10. Plant and equipment

During the 12 months ended 31 March 2023, the Group acquired assets amounting to \$247,000 (31 March 2022: \$763,000).

## 11. Aggregate amount of Group's borrowings and debt securities

	As at 31 March 2023 \$'000	As at 31 March 2022 \$'000
(a) Amount repayable in one year or less, or on-demand (secured)		
Loans and borrowings	1,546	1,160
Leases liabilities	1,259	3,557
	2,805	4,717
(b) Amount repayable after one year (secured)		
Loans and borrowings	-	32
Leases liabilities	1,905	1,902
	1,905	1,934
	4,710	6,651

## Loans and borrowings

- i. The additional loan in the financial year ended 31 March 2023 refers to the following:
  - (a) Subsidiaries' loans via a financial institution amounting to \$450,000 with an interest of 36.0% are repayable by 28 June 2023 and 28 August 2023. In addition, \$200,000 is secured by guarantees from an operating subsidiary and Ms Ho Yow Ping and the remaining \$250,000 is secured by a guarantee from Ms How Yow Ping.
  - (b) Business Term Financing under one of the subsidiaries via a financial institution amounting to \$500,000 with an interest of 9.6% and is repayable in 12 months. The loan is secured by guarantees from Mary Chia Holdings Limited and Ms Ho Yow Ping.
  - (c) Bridging loan amounting to \$1.0 million with an interest of 15% per annum is repayable in 12 months. The loan is secured by a guarantee from Ms Ho Yow Ping.

#### Lease liabilities

ii. The Group has lease contracts for retail outlets used in its operations. Leases of retail outlets generally have lease terms of two years with an option to renew for another two years. Generally, the Group is restricted from assigning and subleasing the leased assets.

## 12. Share capital

	As at 31 March	As at 31 March	As at 31 March	As at 31 March
The Company	<b>2023</b> Number of	2022 ordinary shares	2023 \$'000	2022 \$'000
Issued and fully paid with no par value At the beginning of the year Issuance of shares pursuant to	232,172,215	228,684,029	11,944	11,601
Acquisition (1)	-	3,488,186	-	343
At the end of the year	232,172,215	232,172,215	11,944	11,944

#### Note: -

There were no outstanding convertibles, treasury shares and subsidiary holdings as at 31 March 2023 and 31 March 2022. There were no sales, transfers, cancellation and/or use of treasury shares or subsidiary holdings during the current financial period reported on.

#### Notes:

(1) The Company had, on 27 October 2020, announced that it had entered into a sale and purchase agreement ("SPA") with Mr Lee Eng Tat. Pursuant to the SPA, the Company would acquire 80% of the issued share capital of the Monsoon Hairdressing group of companies ("Target Companies") from Mr Lee Eng Tat ("Seller") for an aggregate consideration of \$3,046,456 ("Aggregate Consideration") ("Acquisition"). As a condition stated in the SPA, the remainder of the Non-Cash Consideration amounting to \$\$523,228 was to be payable on 31 December 2021 by the issue and allotment of such number of new ordinary shares in the share capital of the Company to the Seller based on the Issue Price of \$\$0.15 (equivalent to 3,488,186 shares in the Company), provided that the FY2021 consolidated management accounts of the Target Companies are not in a net liability position. The fair value was determined to be \$343,250 at the settlement date. Accordingly, the 3,488,186 Consideration Shares were issued and allotted on 31 December 2021.

## 13. Subsequent events

There are no known subsequent events that have led to adjustments to this set of condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

## F. Other information required by Catalist Rule Appendix 7C

1. Whether the figures have been audited or reviewed and in accordance with which auditing standard or practice.

The condensed consolidated statement of financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2023 and the related condensed consolidated profit or loss and other comprehensive income, condensed consolidated statement of changes in equity, statement of changes in equity of the Company and condensed consolidated statement of cash flows for the three months and financial year ended 31 March 2023, and explanatory notes have not been audited or reviewed by the Company's auditor.

- 2. Where the latest financial statements are subject to an adverse opinion, qualified opinion or disclaimer of opinion:
  - a) Updates on the efforts taken to resolve each outstanding audit issue;
  - b) Confirmation from the Board that the impact of all outstanding audit issues on the financial statements has been adequately disclosed.

This is not required for any audit issue that is a material uncertainty relating to going concern.

- a) Please see paragraphs 2.1 2.4 below.
- b) Please see the Company's separate announcement on 11 November 22 on the audit disclaimer.

The disclaimer of opinion from the Company's previous auditors ("**Mazars**") arose due to the following:

## 2.1 Qualified opinion of previous auditor ("FKT") on FY21 financial statements

FKT had expressed a qualified opinion on a subsidiary's Sales and trade receivables. FKT was unable to obtain trade receivables confirmations as at 31 March 2021 from two major customers and was also unable to verify whether the receipts by the subsidiary were from the two customers during the financial period ended 31 March 2021. The two customers are from China, and due to the strict COVID-19 movement restrictions implemented in China, the Company was unable to engage the two customers as effectively for the audit confirmation and to obtain any supporting documents for audit verification. Accordingly, FKT could not determine that these sales and trade receivables are fairly stated.

Efforts taken by the Company to resolve the issue: The accounts receivable from the two major Chinese customers was approximately S\$0.56m as at 31 March 2021, and that amount had since been settled fully in the financial year 2022.

## 2.2 Opening balances

Mazars were unable to perform necessary audit procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to determine whether the Group's and Company's opening balances as at 1 April 2021 audited by FKT were fairly stated. Mazars were unable to review FKT's audit work papers. A re-audit of the opening balances by Mazars was not feasible due to time and high-cost constraints.

Efforts taken by the Company to resolve the issue: The Shareholders of the Company have on 3 February 2023 approved the appointment of FKT as the Company's auditor by way of an EGM for the re-audit of the opening balance as at 1 April 2022 and also to hold office until the conclusion of the next AGM.

## 2.3 Insufficient supporting documentation and records

Mazars expressed that they were unable to obtain relevant information and supporting documents necessary to complete the audit and, consequently, were unable to satisfy themselves on the appropriateness of the carrying amount of the assets and the completeness of the liabilities recorded in the statement of financial position as of 31 March 2022.

## Efforts taken by the Company to resolve the issue:

The Board wishes to highlight that the difficulties experienced by the Auditors arose due to a series of organisational and operational restructuring exercises that were undertaken with the intention of streamlining the Group's operational processes amid the tight labour market. The restructuring exercise resulted in high staff attrition within the Group and Company, including the loss of several key personnel within the finance team who had the relevant background information on the historical financial information of the Group and who understood the requirements of an audit. The general tight labour market also rendered the staff more mobile when exploring alternative career options and moves.

With their departure at short notice, such responsibilities were not sufficiently handed over to the rest of the finance team, resulting in difficulties in coordinating the audit process, which includes facilitating information requests between the Auditors and the relevant departments within the organisation. While the team had provided full cooperation to the Auditors during the course of the audit, they generally require a longer response time to the Auditor's requirements. Further, it being the Auditor's first year auditing the Company, they would require complete documentation of what ordinarily would have been updates to their permanent audit files. Their approach, working style, template and formats were also different. Consequently, the finance team was not able to collate and compile the supporting documents and/or provide sufficient explanations within the timelines requested by the Auditors for the completion of the audit.

In stabilising and strengthening the team, the Group seeks to expand the team and upgrade staff skills and competency as a retention tool. Accordingly, the Group has implemented a skills gap assessment of the finance team and (i) requires existing members of the team to undergo the relevant training and (ii) recruited new members mainly with a higher tertiary qualification (diploma and accountancy degree holders) of experience/skills, creating a knowledge pool with backup capabilities within the finance team.

The Group and the Company are in the midst of the re-audit of the opening balance as at 1 April 2022 with FKT in the month of May 2023.

## 2.4 Going concern assumptions

As at 31 March 2022, the Group's and Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$10,814,000 and \$4,522,000, respectively, while the Group and Company had a net capital deficiency of \$5,533,000 and \$2,015,000, respectively. The Group has also recorded a net loss and total comprehensive loss of \$1,289,000 and \$1,267,000 for the financial year ended 31 March 2022. These factors indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Group's and Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

During the audit of FY22, the corporate shareholder of the Group gave a written undertaking on 8 July 2022 to provide financial support to the Group and the Company for the next 12 months to operate without any curtailment of operations.

However, Mazars were unable to assess the ability of the corporate shareholder to provide financial support to the Group and Company.

## Efforts taken by the Company to resolve the issue:

The corporate shareholder has executed a major transaction with completion precedents to be fulfilled within 3 months, which would generate net proceeds far in excess of the Company's cash requirements, lending credence to its written financial undertaking to the Company.

In the meantime, the Company is also exploring fundraising exercises to raise additional working capital for the Group and/or to seek shareholder loans from the corporate shareholder.

In addition, the Group has also provided cash flow forecasts and assumptions to the Board and auditors for their assessment and review. The Group is working towards the realisation of its forecast to generate positive cash flows from the current operations to fulfil the payment of current liabilities as and when they fall due.

In view of the foregoing, the Board is of the view that the Group is able to continue operating as a going concern, and the Board confirms that the impact of all outstanding audit issues on the financial statements has been adequately disclosed.

## 3. Review of the performance of the group

## a. Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

Revenue recorded by the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 (**"FY23"**) amounted to \$8.7 million, a decrease of \$3.8 million as compared to \$12.5 million for the financial year ended 31 March 2022 (**"FY22"**). For the 3 months financial period ended 31 March 2023 (**"4QFY23"**), revenue amounted to \$1.4 million, a decrease of \$1.9 million compared to \$3.3 million for the 3 months financial period ended 31 March 2022 (**"4QFY22"**). This was mainly due to the following:

- (i) Decrease in revenue from the Monsoon Hairdressing group of companies ("Monsoon") by approximately \$3.3 million in FY23 and a decrease of \$1.4 million in 4QFY23, mainly as a result of lower revenue and declining headcounts brought on by the tighter labour market. As at 31 March 2023, Monsoon Group has a total of 3 outlets; and
- (ii) Decrease in revenue from the beauty, slimming, and spa treatment services by approximately \$84,000 in FY23 and \$0.5 million in 4QFY23. The decrease was mainly due to: (1) the closure of an outlet in Malaysia at the landlord's request before the agreed upon rental period was over for their mall layout re-organisation and (2) renovation at another outlet in Malaysia.

Other operating income increased by \$0.2 million from \$1.7 million in FY22 to \$1.9 million in FY23 and increased by \$1.1 million from \$0.5 million for 4QFY22 to \$1.6 million for 4QFY23. The increase was mainly due to the write-back of the finance lease in 4QFY23, offset by the reduction of the various Government support measures compared to FY22.

Purchases and related costs (including changes in inventories) decreased by \$1.6 million from \$2.2 million in FY22 to \$0.7 million in FY23 and decreased by \$0.5 million in 4QFY23, primarily due to lower revenue.

Depreciation of plant and equipment increased by \$39,000 in FY23 and \$27,000 in 4QFY23, mainly due to the addition of plant and equipment.

Depreciation of right-of-use assets and operating lease expenses on a combined basis decreased by \$0.5 million in FY23 and \$0.3 million in 4QFY23. The decrease was mainly attributable to the non-renewal lease agreement for two outlets.

Staff costs decreased by \$1.8 million in FY23 and \$0.5 million in 4QFY23, mainly due to declining headcounts and lower commission pay-out due to lower revenue.

As a result of the above factors, the Group reported a net loss of \$1.5 million in FY23, compared to a net loss of \$1.3 million in FY22 and a net loss of \$0.6 million in 4QFY23, compared to a net loss of \$0.4 million in 4QFY22.

#### b. Statement of Financial Position

## Current and non-current assets

The Group's non-current assets decreased by approximately \$4.1 million, mainly due to the following:

- (i) disposal of shareholding in four subsidiaries under the Monsoon Hairdressing Group, leading to the disposal of intangible assets, derivative financial instruments, goodwill and deferred tax assets, which was partially offset by an increase in investment in associates, amounting to \$2.5 million; and
- (ii) depreciation and amortisation charges amounting to \$1.6 million.

The Group's current assets increased by approximately \$0.4 million mainly due to the following:

(i) disposal of shareholding in four subsidiaries under the Monsoon Hairdressing Group, leading to the disposal of inventories.

The changes were also affected by an increase in cash and cash equivalents of approximately \$0.3 million, as explained under the statement of cash flow in paragraph (c) below.

## Current and non-current liabilities

The net decrease in the Group's current and non-current liabilities by \$2.5 million was mainly due to the following:

- (i) disposal of shareholding in four subsidiaries under the Monsoon Hairdressing Group, leading to disposal of borrowings, lease liabilities, provisions and deferred tax liabilities; and
- (ii) repayment amounting to \$1.3 million of borrowings, which was offset by the additional drawdown of the short-term loan of \$2.0 million by the Company.

## Equity

The Group recorded a negative working capital of \$8.3 million and a negative equity of \$6.8 million as at 31 March 2023. As at 31 March 2023, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by \$4.5 million, and the Company had a deficit in equity of \$2.0 million.

Barring any unforeseen circumstances, the Board is of the opinion that the Group can continue as a going concern and meet its short-term debt obligations when they fall due as the Group continues to be (i) prudent with its cash flow planning and to take active measures to streamline its business and reduce costs, (ii) focus on new sales initiative via social media platforms to drive revenue with lower upfront costs, (iii) continued financial support from its controlling shareholder Suki Sushi Pte Ltd, and (iv) potential corporate fundraising exercises.

#### c. Statement of Cash Flows Statement

The Group's net cash generated from operating activities for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 of \$2.6 million comprised mainly the following:

- (i) Operating loss of \$1.5 million, depreciation of plant and equipment of \$0.5 million and depreciation of right-of-use assets of \$1.5 million;
- (ii) Decrease in a change in inventories of \$0.3 million due to lower purchases;
- (iii) Increase in a change in trade and other receivables of \$0.2 million arising from purchase wholesale trade of haircare and beauty products; and
- (iv) Increase in a change in trade and other payables of \$2.9 million arising from the disposal of Moonsoon CGU.

The Group's net cash inflow from investing activities for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 of \$0.4 million mainly due to the following:

(i) Disposal of 50% of equity shareholding in four subsidiaries under the Monsoon Hairdressing Group, amounting to approximately \$0.6 million.

The Group's net cash used in financing activities for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 of about \$2.5 million was mainly due to:

- (i) New loan facilities obtained of \$2.0 million by the Group, net of interest paid of \$0.4 million and repayment of borrowings of \$1.3 million; and
- (ii) Repayment of lease liabilities of \$2.8 million.

As a result of the above, the total cash and cash equivalents as at FY23 were \$1.2 million.

4. Where a forecast or a prospect statement has been previously disclosed to shareholders, any variance between it and the actual results

Not applicable. No forecast or prospect statement has been previously disclosed to shareholders.

5. A commentary at the date of the announcement of the competitive conditions of the industry in which the group operates and any known factors or events that may affect the group in the next reporting period and the next 12 months.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2023, the Group's operations have shown positive signs of recovery with the reopening of borders and lifting COVID-19 safe management measures. However, while business momentum has picked up, the Group is aware of the challenges posed by rising raw material costs and tight labour conditions. The Group, therefore, expects the operating environment of the beauty and wellness industry to remain challenging in the next 12 months.

The Group continues to be (i) prudent with its cash flow planning and will take active measures to trim laggard CGUs to focus on higher margin and higher value services, pivoting on the tried and tested and what the Group does best amid high rentals and payroll costs (ii) implement staff incentive schemes (which may include the Performance Share Plan) for staff retention in the tight labour market environment (iii) continue with social media platforms to drive revenue with lower upfront costs, and (iv) potential corporate fund-raising exercises.

In relation to Monsoon Hairdressing Group, the Group has disposed 50% of its equity shareholding to Vintage Studio Pte. Ltd. and has shown positive collaboration and results from the outlets.

## 6. Dividend

## a. Current Financial Period Reported On

Any dividend declared for the current financial period reported on?

None. No dividend has been declared or recommended for FY23 in view of the Group's financial position as at 31 March 2023 and as the Group wishes to conserve cash to fulfil the operational and financial requirements of the Group.

## b. Corresponding Period of the Immediately Preceding Financial Year

Any dividend declared for the corresponding period of the immediately preceding financial year?

None.

c. Date payable

Not applicable.

d. Books closure date

Not applicable.

## 7. Interested person transaction

The Company does not have a general mandate from its shareholders for IPTs.

Name of Interested Person	Nature of relationship	Aggregate value of all IPTs during the financial period under review (excluding transactions less than S\$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920)  (S\$ million)	Aggregate value of all IPTs conducted under shareholder's mandate pursuant to Rule 920 (excluding transactions less than \$\$100,000) (\$\$ million)
Suki Sushi Pte Ltd <sup>1</sup> (Operating lease expenses)	Mr Lee holds a 78.55% interest in Suki Sushi, while Ms Ho holds 21.45%. Accordingly, Mr Lee is deemed interested in 110,466,839 shares representing 47.58% of the	0.162	-

Company's capital by virtue of his	
78.55% shareholding interest in	ι
Suki Sushi Pte Ltd ("Suki Sushi")	
Ms Ho directly owns 42,433,333	
Shares representing 18.28% of the	,
Company's Shares and is deemed	
interested in 47.58% of the	,
Company by virtue of her 21.45%	
shareholding interest in Suki Sushi.	

Note: 1. Please refer to the Company's announcement dated 29 January 2021 for more details.

## Confirmation that the issuer has procured undertakings from all its directors and executive officers (in the format set out in Appendix 7H) under Rule 720(1) of the Catalist Rules

The Company confirms that it has procured undertakings from all of its directors and executive officers in the required format as set out in Appendix 7H under Rule 720(1) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST.

## 9. Negative confirmation pursuant to Rule 705(5) of the Catalist Rules

The Company's Board of Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge, nothing has come to the attention of the Board of Directors which may render the interim financial results false or misleading in any material aspect.

## 10. Disclosures on acquisition or sale of shares pursuant to Rule 706A of the Catalist Rules

The Group refers to its previous announcement dated 1 February 2023 in relation to the disposal of 50% of the issued share capital of each of the following Target Companies (defined below) ("Sale Shares") by the Group's wholly-owned subsidiary, M2 Group Pte. Ltd. (the "Seller") to Vintage Studio Pte. Ltd. (the "Purchaser") for an aggregate consideration of S\$800,000.

The Target Companies are:

S/No.	Name of Target Companies	Issued and Paid-up Share Capital	Principal Activity of Target Company	No. of Ordinary Shares Disposed
1	Hatsuga Enterprise Pte. Ltd.	SGD1,000 comprising 1,000 ordinary shares	<ul> <li>Wholesale of Cosmetics and Toiletries; and</li> <li>Management Consultancy Services (General)</li> </ul>	500 ordinary shares
2	M Nature Pte. Ltd.	SGD200,000 comprising 200,000 ordinary shares	Hairdressing Salons/Shops (Including Barber Shops)	100,000 ordinary shares
3	M Plus Hair Pte. Ltd.	SGD100,000 comprising 100,000 ordinary shares	<ul> <li>Beauty and Other Personal Care Services N.E.C – Skin Care, Beauty and Hair Care Products; and</li> <li>Hairdressing Salons/Shops (Including Barber Shops) – Hair Salon</li> </ul>	50,000 ordinary shares
4	Monsoon Hair House Pte. Ltd.	SGD60,000 comprising 60,000 ordinary shares	Beauty Salons and Spas (Including Slimming, Skin Care and Hair Care Centres) – Hairdressing, Hair Styling and Hair Treatment	30,000 ordinary shares

11. Please disclose the status on the use of proceeds raised from IPO and any offerings pursuant to Chapter 8 and whether the use of proceeds is in accordance with the stated use

Where the proceeds have been used for working capital purposes, a breakdown with specific details on how the proceeds have been applied must have been disclosed

Not applicable. No such proceeds.

## BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Ho Yow Ping (He YouPing) Chief Executive Officer 29 May 2023

This announcement has been reviewed by the Company's Sponsor, Evolve Capital Advisory Private Limited (the "Sponsor"). This announcement has not been examined or approved by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST"), and the SGX-ST assumes no responsibility for the contents of this announcement, including the correctness of any of the statements or opinions made or reports contained in this announcement.

The contact person for the Sponsor is Mr Jerry Chua (Tel: (65) 6241 6626), at 138 Robinson Road, #13-02 Oxley Tower, Singapore 068906.