

CIRCULAR DATED 3 JANUARY 2017

THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION.

This Circular is issued by **COSMOSTEEL HOLDINGS LIMITED** (the "**Company**"). If you are in any doubt in relation to this Circular or as to the course of action you should take, you should consult your stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser immediately.

If you have sold or transferred all your ordinary shares in the capital of the Company held through The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("**CDP**"), you need not forward this Circular with the Notice of Extraordinary General Meeting and the attached Proxy Form to the purchaser or transferee as arrangements will be made by CDP for a separate Circular with the Notice of Extraordinary General Meeting and the attached Proxy Form to be sent to the purchaser or transferee. If you have sold or transferred all your shares in the capital of the Company represented by physical share certificate(s), you should immediately forward this Circular, together with the Notice of Extraordinary General Meeting and the accompanying Proxy Form to the purchaser or transferee or to the bank, stockbroker or agent through whom you effected the sale or transfer, for onward transmission to the purchaser or transferee.

The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "**SGX-ST**") assumes no responsibility for the contents of this Circular, including the accuracy, completeness or correctness of any of the information, statements or opinions made or reports contained in this Circular.



COSMOSTEEL HOLDINGS LIMITED
(Company Registration no. 200515540Z)
(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore)

**CIRCULAR TO SHAREHOLDERS
IN RELATION TO**

- (1) THE PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY**
- (2) THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF THE SHARE BUYBACK MANDATE**

IMPORTANT DATES AND TIMES

Last date and time for lodgement of Proxy Form	:	23 January 2017 at 10 a.m.
Date and time of Extraordinary General Meeting	:	25 January 2017 at 10 a.m. (or as soon as practicable thereafter following the conclusion or adjournment of the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at 10 a.m. on the same day and at the same place)
Place of Extraordinary General Meeting	:	Raffles Country Club, 450 Jalan Ahmad Ibrahim, Singapore 639932

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DEFINITIONS

In this Circular, the following definitions apply throughout unless otherwise stated:–

“Act” or “Companies Act”	:	The Companies Act (Chapter 50) of Singapore, as amended or modified from time to time
“Amendment Act”	:	The Companies (Amendment) Act 2014 which was passed in Parliament on 8 October 2014 and took effect in two phases on 1 July 2015 and 3 January 2016 respectively
“Board”	:	The Board of Directors of the Company for the time being
“CDP”	:	The Central Depository Pte Limited
“CPF”	:	Central Provident Fund
“Company”	:	Cosmosteel Holdings Limited
“Circular”	:	This circular dated 3 January 2017
“Director(s)”	:	Director(s) of the Company for the time being
“Existing Constitution”	:	The existing constitution of the Company which was previously known as the memorandum and articles of association of the Company immediately before 3 January 2016
“EGM”	:	The extraordinary general meeting of the Company to be held on 25 January 2017, notice of which is set out on pages 95 to 97 of this Circular
“EGM Proposals”	:	Has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 1.1 of this Circular
“Group”	:	The Company and its subsidiaries, collectively
“Latest Practicable Date”	:	9 December 2016
“Listing Manual”	:	The listing manual of the SGX-ST, as may be amended or modified from time to time
“New Constitution”	:	The new constitution of the Company proposed to be adopted upon Shareholders’ approval at the EGM, in the form as set out in Appendix 2
“SFA”	:	The Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289) of Singapore, as amended or modified from time to time
“SGX-ST”	:	Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited
“Shares”	:	Ordinary shares in the capital of the Company

DEFINITIONS

“Share Buyback Mandate”	:	A general mandate given by Shareholders to authorise the Directors to purchase, on behalf of the Company, Shares in accordance with the terms set out in this Circular as well as the rules and regulations set forth in the Companies Act and the Listing Manual
“Share Registrar”	:	Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte. Ltd.
“Shareholders”	:	Registered holder(s) of the Shares except that where the registered holder is CDP, the term “Shareholders” shall, in relation to such Shares and where the context admits, mean the persons named as Depositors in the Depository Register maintained by CDP whose securities accounts are credited with those Shares
“Substantial Shareholder”	:	A person who has an interest (directly or indirectly) in 5% or more of the total issued share capital of the Company
“Take-over Code”	:	The Singapore Code on Take-overs and Mergers

Currencies and units of measurements

“S\$”	:	Singapore dollar
“%” or “per cent”	:	Per centum or percentage

The terms “Depositor”, “Depository Agent” and “Depository Register” shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in Section 81SF of the SFA.

The term “subsidiary” shall have the meaning ascribed to it under Section 5 of the Companies Act.

Words importing the similar shall, where applicable, include the feminine and neuter genders. References to persons shall, where applicable, include corporations.

Any reference to a time of day in this Circular shall be a reference to Singapore time unless otherwise stated. Any reference to any enactment is a reference to that enactment as for the time being amended or re-enacted.

Any term defined under the SFA, the Companies Act or the Listing Manual, or any statutory modification thereof and used in this Circular shall, where applicable, have the meaning ascribed to it under the SFA, the Companies Act or the Listing Manual, or such modification thereof, as the case may be, unless otherwise provided.

Any discrepancies in figures included in this Circular between the amounts listed and the totals thereof are due to rounding. Accordingly, figures shown as totals in this Circular may not be an arithmetic aggregation of the figures that precede them.

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LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

COSMOTEEEL HOLDINGS LIMITED
(Company Registration No.: 200515540Z)
(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore)

Directors

Mr Low Beng Tin, *Chairman of the Board and Independent Non-Executive Director*
Mr Ong Chin Sum, *Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director*
Mr Ong Tong Yang, *Executive Director*
Mr Ong Tong Hai, *Executive Director*
Mr Seiji Usui, *Executive Director*
Mr Hiroshi Ebihara, *Non-Executive Director*
Mr Jovenal Santiago, *Independent Non-Executive Director*
Ms Tan Siok Chin, *Independent Non-Executive Director*

Registered Office:

14 Lok Yang Way
Singapore 628633

3 January 2017

To: The Shareholders of CosmoSteel Holdings Limited

Dear Sir/Madam

THE PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY AND THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF THE SHARE BUYBACK MANDATE

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The Directors propose to convene an extraordinary general meeting on 25 January 2017 ("**EGM**") to seek Shareholders' approval in relation to: (i) the proposed adoption of the New Constitution by way of a special resolution; and (ii) the proposed renewal of the Share Buyback Mandate by way of an ordinary resolution (collectively the "**EGM Proposals**").
- 1.2 The purpose of this Circular is to provide Shareholders with information relating to, and to seek their approval for the EGM Proposals at the EGM. This Circular has been prepared solely for the purposes set out herein and may not be relied upon any persons (other than the Shareholders to whom this Circular is despatched to by the Company) or for any other purpose.
- 1.3 The SGX-ST assumes no responsibility for the contents of this Circular, including the accuracy, completeness or correctness of any of the information, statements or opinions made or reports contained in this Circular.
- 1.4 Shareholders who are in any doubt as to the course of action they should take should consult their stockbroker, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional advisers immediately.

LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

2. THE PROPOSED ADOPTION OF A NEW CONSTITUTION

- 2.1 The Amendment Act, which was passed in Parliament on 8 October 2014 and took effect in phases on 1 July 2015 and 3 January 2016 respectively, introduced wide-ranging changes to the Companies Act. The changes aim to, *inter alia*, reduce regulatory burden on companies, provide for greater business flexibility and improve the corporate governance landscape in Singapore. The key changes include the introduction of the multiple proxies regime to enfranchise indirect investors and CPF investors, provisions to facilitate the electronic transmission of notices and documents, and the merging of the memorandum and articles of association of a company into one document called the "constitution".
- 2.2 On 31 July 2013, the SGX-ST announced that the Listing Manual would be amended, *inter alia*, to require issuers to conduct the voting of all resolutions put to general meetings by poll, in order to enhance transparency of the voting process and encourage greater shareholder participation, and to require at least one scrutineer to be appointed for each general meeting. This amendment took effect on 1 August 2015. In addition, it was also announced that the Listing Manual would be amended, with effect from 1 January 2014 to require all issuers with a primary listing on the SGX-ST to hold their general meetings in Singapore (unless prohibited by relevant laws and regulations in the jurisdictions of their incorporations) in order to promote more active participation and engagement of shareholders.
- 2.3 The Company is accordingly proposing to adopt the New Constitution in its entirety in place of the Existing Constitution to incorporate provisions to reflect or take into account, *inter alia*, the changes to the Companies Act introduced pursuant to the Amendment Act, the latest prevailing Listing Manual in compliance with Rule 730(2) of the Listing Manual, as well as to address the personal data protection regime in Singapore. The Company is also taking this opportunity to streamline and rationalise certain other provisions in the Existing Constitution through the adoption of the New Constitution.

3. SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL ARTICLES OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION

- 3.1 The following table sets out a summary of the principal articles of the New Constitution which are new or significantly different from the equivalent provisions in the Existing Constitution (where applicable) ("**Principal Articles**") and a brief explanation of the basis and reason(s) for the proposed changes. The main differences between the Principal Articles and the equivalent provisions in the Existing Constitution are blacklined and set out in Appendix 1 of this Circular. Please note that some of the blacklined changes also reflect editorial changes between the Principal Articles and the equivalent provisions in the Existing Constitution. The following table and Appendix 1 should be read in conjunction with the proposed New Constitution which is set out in its entirety in Appendix 2 of this Circular. Shareholders should also refer to the Existing Constitution which is available for inspection at the registered office of the Company during normal business hours from the date of this Circular up to the date of the EGM.

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Existing articles	New articles	Details of proposed change	Basis/ reason(s) for proposed change
COMPANIES ACT			
The following articles include provisions which are in line with the Companies Act, as amended pursuant to the Amendment Act:			
2	1	<p>Article 1, which is the interpretation section of the New Constitution includes the following additional/revised provisions:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) new definitions of "registered address" and "address" to make it clear that these expressions mean, in relation to any Shareholder, his physical address for the service or delivery of notices or documents personally or by post, except where otherwise expressly specified; (ii) revised definitions of "writing" and "written" to make it clear that these include any representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information which may be displayed in a visible form, whether physical or electronic. This would facilitate, for example, a proxy instrument being in either physical or electronic form; (iii) a new provision stating that the expressions "Depositor", "Depository", "Depository Agent" and "Depository Register" shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in the SFA. This follows the migration of the provisions in the Companies Act which relate to the Central Depository System to the SFA pursuant to the Amendment Act; and (iv) a new provision stating that the expressions "current address", "electronic communication" and "relevant intermediary" shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in the Companies Act. This follows the introduction of new provisions facilitating electronic communication and the multiple proxies regime pursuant to the Amendment Act. 	To include or amend relevant definitions as a consequence of the amendments to the Companies Act and to align with the main body of the New Constitution.
3	8(3)	Article 8(3) provides that new shares may be issued for no consideration.	This is in line with the new s.68 of the Companies Act, which clarifies that a company having a share capital may issue shares for which no consideration is payable to the issuing company.

LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

Existing articles	New articles	Details of proposed change	Basis/ reason(s) for proposed change
11	17 and 18	A share certificate needs only state, <i>inter alia</i> , the number and class of the shares, whether the shares are fully or partly paid up, and the amount (if any) unpaid on the shares, with no need to disclose the amount paid on the shares in the share certificate.	This follows the amendments to s.123(2) of the Companies Act pursuant to the Amendment Act.
49	55	Article 55, which relates to the Company's power to alter its share capital, has provisions which: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) empower the Company, by Ordinary Resolution, to convert its share capital or any class of shares from one currency to another currency; and (ii) empower the Company, by Special Resolution, to convert one class of shares into another class of shares. 	<p>This is in line with s.73, s.73A and s.73B of the Companies Act, which sets out the procedure for such re-denominations, which took effect on 3 January 2016.</p> <p>This is in line with s.74A of the Companies Act, which sets out the procedure for such conversions which took effect on 3 January 2016.</p>
59	65	Article 65, which relates to the routine business that is transacted at an AGM, makes references to "financial statements" rather than "balance-sheet" and other accounts and documents required to be annexed thereto, and references to "Directors' statement" rather than "Directors' report", for consistency with the updated terminology in the Companies Act.	This is in line with s.209A of the Companies Act.
64	71(2)	Article 71(2), which relates to the method of voting at a general meeting where mandatory polling is not required, provides for the threshold for eligibility to demand a poll to be 5% rather than 10% of the total voting rights of the members having the right to vote at the meeting.	<p>This is in line with s.178 of the Companies Act, as amended pursuant to the Amendment Act.</p> <p>Notwithstanding this proviso, the Company is currently required to comply with Rule 730A(2) of the Listing Manual, which provides that all resolutions at general meetings shall be voted by poll.</p>

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Existing articles	New articles	Details of proposed change	Basis/ reason(s) for proposed change
69	77	<p>Article 77, which relates to the voting rights of Shareholders, has provisions which cater to the multiple proxies regime introduced by the Amendment Act. The multiple proxies regime allows "relevant intermediaries", such as banks, capital markets services licence holders which provide custodial services for securities and the Central Provident Fund Board, to appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at general meetings. In particular, article 77 provides that:</p> <p>(i) save as otherwise provided in the Companies Act, a Shareholder who is a "relevant intermediary" may appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the same general meeting, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such Shareholder, and where such Shareholder's form of proxy appoints more than two proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed must be specified in the form of proxy;</p> <p>(ii) in the case of a Shareholder who is a "relevant intermediary" and who is represented at a general meeting by two or more proxies, each proxy shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands; and</p> <p>(iii) the Company will be entitled and bound to reject an instrument of proxy lodged by a Depositor if he is not shown to have any shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 (rather than 48) hours before the time of the relevant general meeting, and the number of votes which a Depositor or his proxy can cast on a poll is the number of shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time of the relevant general meeting.</p>	<p>This is in line with the new s.181(1C) of the Companies Act.</p> <p>This is in line with the new s.181(1D) of the Companies Act.</p> <p>This is in line with the new s.81SJ(4) of the SFA which provides that notwithstanding any provision in the Companies Act, only a Depositor whose name appears on the Depository Register 72 hours before a general meeting of a company shall be regarded as a member of the company entitled to attend, speak and vote thereat.</p>
76	85	<p>The cut-off time for the deposit of instruments appointing proxies has also been extended from 48 to 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the general meeting in Article 85, which relates to the deposit of proxies.</p>	<p>This is in line with s.178(1) (c) of the Companies Act, as amended pursuant to the Amendment Act.</p>
94 and 95	94	<p>Article 94 provides for the obligation of every Director and Chief Executive Officer (or person(s) holding an equivalent position) to disclose interests in transactions or proposed transactions with the Company, or of any office or property held which might create duties or interests in conflict with those as a Director or a Chief Executive Officer (or person(s) holding an equivalent position).</p>	<p>This is in line with the disclosure requirement under s.156 of the Companies Act, as amended pursuant to the Amendment Act being expanded to include the chief executive officer.</p>

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Existing articles	New articles	Details of proposed change	Basis/ reason(s) for proposed change
86	101	Article 101, which relates to the general powers of the Directors to manage the Company's business, states that the business and affairs of the Company is to be managed by, or under the direction of or, under the supervision of, the Directors.	This is in line with s.157A of the Companies Act, as amended pursuant to the Amendment Act.
126	133	Article 133, which relates to the sending of the Company's financial statements and related documents to Shareholders, additionally provides that such documents may be sent less than 14 days before the date of the general meeting with the agreement of all persons entitled to receive notices of general meetings from the Company.	This is in line with the new s.203(2) of the Companies Act, which provides that the requisite financial statements and other related documents may be sent less than 14 days before the date of the general meeting at which they are to be laid if all the persons entitled to receive notice of general meetings of the Company so agree. Notwithstanding this proviso, the Company is currently required to comply with Rule 707(2) of the Listing Manual, which provides that an issuer must issue its annual report to shareholders and the SGX-ST at least 14 days before the date of its annual general meeting. There is also no longer a requirement to send these documents to debenture holders.
135, 125 and 126	126, 132 and 133	The references to the Company's "profit and loss account" and "Directors' report" have been substituted with references to the "financial statements" and the "Directors' statement", as appropriate, for consistency with the updated terminology in the Companies Act.	This is in line with s.209A of the Companies Act.
123	129	Article 129, which relates to the keeping of Company records, provides that such records may be kept either in hard copy or electronic form.	This is in line with the new s.395 and s.396 of the Companies Act.

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Existing articles	New articles	Details of proposed change	Basis/ reason(s) for proposed change
128	153	<p>Article 153, which relates to the service of notices to Shareholders, has new provisions to facilitate the electronic transmission of notices and documents. In particular, subject to the Companies Act and any regulations made thereunder and any listing rules of SGX-ST or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the SGX-ST, article 153 provides, <i>inter alia</i>, that:</p> <p>(i) notices and documents may be sent to Shareholders using electronic communications either to a Shareholder's current address (which may be an email address) or by making it available on a website;</p> <p>(ii) in the event that any notice or document is to be made available on a website, the Directors may give such notification relating to the address of the website and how to access such notice or document in such manner as the Directors may determine at their discretion;</p> <p>(iii) for purposes of seeking Shareholders' deemed consent for the delivery or service of notice or document by electronic communication, the Directors will give Shareholders an opportunity, on at least one occasion, to elect to opt out of receiving such notice or document by way of electronic communications, and a Shareholder is deemed to have consented to receive such notice or document by way of electronic communications if he was given such an opportunity but failed to opt out within the specified time;</p> <p>(iv) Any election or deemed election by a Shareholder is a standing election but the Shareholder may make a fresh election at any time;</p> <p>(v) Until the Shareholder makes a fresh election, the election or deemed election that was last in time shall prevail; and</p> <p>(vi) The delivery or service of notices and documents by electronic means shall not apply to certain prescribed notices or documents (e.g. any notice or document relating to any take-over offer or rights issue of the Company).</p>	<p>Following the introduction of simplified procedures for the sending of notices and documents electronically pursuant to new s.387C of the Companies Act, companies can, subject to certain statutory safeguards, make use of these simplified procedures so long as the specified modes of electronic transmission are set out in the constitution.</p> <p>Under the new s.387C of the Companies Act, notices and documents may be given, sent or served using electronic communications with the express, implied or deemed consent of the member in accordance with the constitution of the company.</p> <p>There is express consent if a shareholder expressly agrees with the company that notices and documents may be given, sent or served on him using electronic communications. There is deemed consent if the constitution (a) provides for the use of electronic communications and specifies the mode of electronic communications, and (b) specifies that shareholders will be given an opportunity to elect, within a specified period of time, whether to receive electronic or physical copies of such notices and documents, and the shareholder fails to make an election within the specified period of time. There is implied consent if the constitution (a) provides for the use of electronic</p>

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Existing articles	New articles	Details of proposed change	Basis/ reason(s) for proposed change
			<p>communications and specifies the mode of electronic communications, and (b) specifies that shareholders agree to receive such notices or documents by way of electronic communications and do not have a right to elect to receive physical copies of such notices and documents.</p> <p>Pursuant to Companies (Amendment No. 3) Regulations 2015, certain safeguards have been introduced relating to the delivery or service of notices or documents by the Company by electronic communications, including the exclusion of any notice or document relating to any takeover offer or rights issue by the Company from delivery or service by electronic communications.</p> <p>Shareholders who are supportive of the new deemed consent and implied consent regimes for electronic communications may vote in favour of the adoption of the New Constitution, which incorporates new provisions (contained in article 153) to facilitate these regimes, while Shareholders who are not supportive of the new regimes may vote against it.</p>

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Existing articles	New articles	Details of proposed change	Basis/ reason(s) for proposed change
			<p>As at the Latest Practicable Date, the outcome of a public consultation by the SGX-ST on (inter alia) whether listed issuers should be allowed to send notices and documents to shareholders electronically under the new regimes permitted under the Companies Act is not known yet. In its consultation, the SGX-ST had also asked for comments on additional safeguards in relation to the new regimes. There is no certainty that the listing rules will be amended to allow electronic transmission of notices and documents under the new regimes.</p> <p>Going forward, for so long as the Company is listed on the SGX-ST, the Company will not make use of the new regimes to transmit notices or documents electronically to Shareholders unless the SGX-ST's listing rules allow it, and the Company will comply with the SGX-ST's listing rules on the subject.</p>
131	157	Article 157 provides for when service is effected in the case of notices or documents sent by electronic communications. In particular, where a notice or document is made available on a website, it is deemed served on the date on which the notice or document is first made available on the website, unless otherwise provided under the Companies Act and/or other applicable regulations or procedures.	This is in line with s.387A and s.387B of the Companies Act.

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Existing articles	New articles	Details of proposed change	Basis/ reason(s) for proposed change
133	160(1)	Article 160(1), which relates to Directors' indemnification, permits the Company, subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Companies Act, to indemnify a Director against losses "to be incurred" by him in the execution of his duties.	This is in line with the new s.163A and s.163B of the Companies Act, which permit a company to lend, on specified terms, funds to a director for meeting expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in defending court proceedings or regulatory investigations.
133	160(2)	Article 160(2) clarifies that the Company's indemnity to be provided under article 160(1) can include indemnity for Directors against liability attaching to them in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust incurred to a person other than the Company, except for certain specified liabilities as provided under the Companies Act.	This is in line with the new s.172, s.172A and s.172B of the Companies Act.
<p>MAINBOARD RULES</p> <p>Rule 730(2) of the Listing Manual provides that if an issuer amends its articles or other constituent documents, they must be made consistent with all the listing rules prevailing at the time of amendment.</p> <p>The following articles have been updated to ensure consistency with the listing rules of the SGX-ST prevailing as at the Latest Practicable Date, in compliance with Rule 730(2) of the Listing Manual:</p>			
54, 55, 56, 57, 61 and 63	61, 64, 66 and 68	Articles 61, 64 and 68 refer to the requirement to hold all general meetings in Singapore.	These changes are in line with Rule 730A(1) of the Mainboard Rules, which require all issuers with a primary listing on the SGX-ST to hold their general meetings in Singapore (unless prohibited by relevant laws and regulations in the jurisdiction of their incorporation), in order to promote more active participation and engagement of Shareholders.

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Existing articles	New articles	Details of proposed change	Basis/ reason(s) for proposed change
64	71	Article 71 which relates to the method of voting at general meetings, provides that if required by the listing rules of the SGX-ST, all resolutions at general meetings shall be voted by poll (unless such requirement is waived by the SGX-ST).	These changes are in line with Rule 730A(2) of the Mainboard Rules, which require issuers to conduct the voting of all resolutions put to general meetings by poll, in order to enhance transparency of the voting process and encourage greater Shareholder participation.
67	72	Article 72 which relates to the procedures for the taking of a poll provides for the Chairman to appoint scrutineers for such purpose.	These changes are in line with Rule 730A(3) of the Mainboard Rules.
76	85(1)	Article 85(1) provides that where a Shareholder submits a proxy form and subsequently attends the general meeting in person and votes, the appointment of the proxy should be revoked at the point when the Shareholder attends the meeting.	This is in line with Practice Note 7.5 of the Mainboard Rules which took effect from 1 January 2014.
97 and 100	119 and 123	Article 123, which relates to the vacation of office of a Director in certain events provides that a Director shall cease to hold office if he is disqualified from acting as a director in any jurisdiction for reasons other than on technical grounds. Article 119, which relates to the filling of the office vacated by a retiring Director in certain default events, provides that a retiring Director is deemed to be re-elected in certain default circumstances except where he is disqualified from acting as a director in any jurisdiction for reasons other than on technical grounds.	These changes are in line with Rule 720 and paragraph (9)(n) of Appendix 2.2 of the Mainboard Rules.
GENERAL			
73 and 97	22, 29, 42, 88 and 123	These articles have been updated to refer to persons who are mentally disordered and incapable of managing himself or his affairs, rather than to insane persons and persons of unsound mind.	This is in line with enactment of the Mental Health (Care and Treatment) Act, Chapter 178A, which repealed and replaced the Mental Disorders and Treatment Act.

LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

Existing articles	New articles	Details of proposed change	Basis/ reason(s) for proposed change
77	83	Article 83, which relates to the appointment of proxies, has new provisions to facilitate the appointment of a proxy through electronic means online. In particular, it provides that a Shareholder can elect to signify his approval for the appointment of a proxy via electronic communication, through such method and in such manner as may be approved by the Directors, in lieu of the present requirement of signing, or where applicable, the affixation of the corporate Shareholder's common seal.	–
76	85	For the purpose of accommodating the deposit by Shareholders, and receipt by the Company, of electronic proxy instructions by Shareholders who elect to use the electronic appointment process, article 85, which relates to the deposit of proxies, has new provisions which authorise the Directors to prescribe and determine the manner of receipt by the Company of the instrument appointing a proxy through digital means.	–
–	144	Article 144 is a new provision which will facilitate, if and when desired, the implementation of a scrip dividend scheme enabling Shareholders to elect to receive scrip in lieu of the cash amount of a qualifying dividend.	–
122(B)	152(3)	Article 152(3), which relates to the Directors' power to issue free shares and/or to capitalise reserves for share-based incentive plans, empowers the Directors to do the same for the benefit of non-executive Directors as part of their Directors' remuneration. This will enable the Company, if it so desires, to remunerate its non-executive Directors by way of Directors' fees in the form of shares, or in a combination of cash and shares.	–
–	162	The new article 162 specifies, <i>inter alia</i> , the purposes for which the Company and/or its agents and service providers would collect, use and disclose personal data of Shareholders and their appointed proxies or representatives.	This is in line with the Personal Data Protection Act 2012. In general, under the Personal Data Protection Act 2012, an organisation can only collect, use or disclose the personal data of an individual with the individual's consent, and for a reasonable purpose which the organisation has made known to the individual.

3.2 The proposed adoption of the New Constitution is subject to Shareholders' approval by way of passing of Special Resolution 1 at the EGM.

LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

4. THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF THE SHARE BUYBACK MANDATE

- 4.1 Shareholders approved the renewal of the mandate ("**Share Buyback Mandate**") to enable the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire Shares at the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 18 March 2016 ("**March 2016 EGM**"). The authority and limitations on the Share Buyback Mandate were set out in the Letter to Shareholders dated 3 March 2016 and Ordinary Resolution 1 set out in the notice of the March 2016 EGM.

The Share Buyback Mandate was expressed to take effect on the date of the passing of Ordinary Resolution 1 at the March 2016 EGM and will expire on the date of the forthcoming annual general meeting. Accordingly, Shareholders' approval is being sought for the renewal of the Share Buyback Mandate at the EGM.

4.2 Rationale for the Share Buyback Mandate

The approval of the renewal of the Share Buyback Mandate will give the Company flexibility to undertake purchases or acquisitions of its own Shares subject to the terms and limits described in section 4.3 of this Circular.

The Directors constantly seek to increase Shareholders' value and to improve, *inter alia*, the return on equity of the Group. A share buyback at the appropriate price level is one of the ways through which the return on equity of the Group may be enhanced.

The Share Buyback Mandate would provide the Company with the flexibility to purchase or acquire Shares if and when circumstances permit, during the period when the Share Buyback Mandate is in force. Shares purchased pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate will either be cancelled or held as treasury shares as may be determined by the Directors. This will provide the Directors with greater flexibility over the Company's share capital structure, *inter alia*, with a view to enhancing the earnings and/or net tangible asset value per Share or to maintain a pool of Shares to be deployed for future purposes as deemed appropriate by the Directors. It is currently contemplated by the Company that the Shares purchased pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate will be held as treasury shares which may be used as (i) consideration for the acquisition of shares in or assets of another company or assets of a person, (ii) to be sold in the event of future share placements and/or (iii) to be transferred for the purposes of or pursuant to an employee's share scheme. The Directors further believe that share buybacks by the Company will help to mitigate short term share price volatility or trading trends which, in the reasonable opinion of the Company, are not otherwise caused by general market factors or sentiments and/or the fundamentals of the Company and offset the effects of short-term speculation (as and when they may occur), and bolster Shareholder confidence.

If and when circumstances permit, the Directors will decide whether to effect the share buybacks via Market Purchases (as defined in section 4.3.3(a) below) or Off-Market Purchases (as defined in section 4.3.3(b) below), after taking into account, *inter alia*, the amount of surplus cash available, the prevailing market conditions and the most cost-effective and efficient approach.

4.3 Terms of the Mandate

The authority and limitations placed on purchases and acquisitions of Shares by the Company under the Share Buyback Mandate are summarised below:

4.3.1 Maximum number of Shares

Only Shares which are issued and fully paid-up may be purchased or acquired by the Company.

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The total number of Shares that may be purchased or acquired by the Company pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate is limited to that number of Shares representing not more than ten percent. (10%) of the issued ordinary share capital of the Company as at the date of the approval of the Share Buyback Mandate (the "**Approval Date**"). Any Shares which are held as treasury shares will be disregarded for the purposes of computing the ten per cent. (10%) limit.

For illustrative purposes only, on the basis of 290,399,997 Shares in issue as at the Latest Practicable Date and assuming no further Shares are issued and disregarding any Shares held by the Company as treasury shares on or prior to the Approval Date, the purchase by the Company of up to the maximum limit of ten per cent. (10%) of its issued Shares will result in the purchase of approximately 29,039,999 Shares.

4.3.2 Duration of authority

Purchases or acquisitions of Shares may be made, at any time and from time to time, on and from the Approval Date, up to the earliest of:

- (a) the date on which the next annual general meeting ("**AGM**") is held or required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier;
- (b) the date on which the purchases or acquisition of Shares pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate are carried out to the full extent authorized under the Share Buyback Mandate; or
- (c) the effective date on which the authority conferred in the Share Buyback Mandate is varied (as to the duration of the Share Buyback Mandate) or revoked by the Shareholders in general meeting.

4.3.3 Manner of purchase or acquisition

Purchase or acquisitions of Shares may be made by way of:

- (a) on-market purchases ("**Market Purchase**"), transacted on the SGX-ST through the ready market, and which may be transacted through one or more duly licensed stockbrokers appointed by the Company for the purpose; and/or
- (b) off-market purchases ("**Off-Market Purchase**"), otherwise than on a securities exchange, in accordance with an equal access scheme(s) as may be determined or formulated by the Directors as they may consider fit, which scheme(s) shall satisfy all the conditions prescribed by the Companies Act and the Listing Manual.

Under the Companies Act, an equal access scheme must satisfy all of the following conditions:

- (a) offers for the purchase or acquisition of issued Shares shall be made to every person who holds issued Shares to purchase or acquire the same percentage of their issued Shares;
- (b) all of those persons shall be given a reasonable opportunity to accept the offers made; and
- (c) the terms of all the offers are the same, except that there shall be disregarded:
 - (i) differences in consideration attributable to the fact that offers may relate to Shares with different accrued dividend entitlements;

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- (ii) differences in consideration attributable to the fact that offers relate to Shares with different amounts remaining unpaid; and
- (iii) differences in the offers introduced solely to ensure that each person is left with a whole number of Shares.

In addition, the Listing Manual provides that, in making an Off-Market Purchase, the Company must issue an offer document to all Shareholders which must contain at least the following information:

- (a) the terms and conditions of the offer;
- (b) the period and procedures for acceptances;
- (c) the reasons for the proposed share buyback;
- (d) the consequences, if any, of share buybacks by the Company that will arise under the Takeover Code or other applicable take-over rules;
- (e) whether the share buyback, if made, would have any effect on the listing of the Shares on the SGX-ST;
- (f) details of any share buyback made by the Company in the previous 12 months (whether Market Purchases or Off-Market Purchases), giving the total number of Shares purchased, the purchase price per Share or the highest and lowest prices paid for the purchases, where relevant, and the total consideration paid for the purchases; and
- (g) whether the Shares purchased by the Company will be cancelled or kept as treasury shares.

4.3.4 Maximum purchase price

The purchase price (excluding brokerage, stamp duty, applicable goods and services tax, clearance fees and other related expenses) to be paid for the Shares will be determined by the Directors.

However the purchase price to be paid for the Shares as determined by the Directors must not exceed:

- (a) in the case of a Market Purchase, 105% of the Average Closing Price (as defined herein) of the Shares; and
- (b) in the case of an Off-Market Purchase pursuant to an equal access scheme, 105% of the Average Closing Price of the Shares,

(the "**Maximum Price**") in each case, excluding related expenses of the purchase or acquisition.

For the above purposes:

"**Average Closing Price**" means the average of the closing market prices of the Shares over the last five (5) Market Days on which transactions in the Shares were recorded, before the day on which Shares are transacted on the SGX-ST or, as the case may be, such securities exchange on which the Shares are listed or quoted, immediately preceding the date of the Market Purchase or, as the case may be, the date of the making of the offer pursuant to the Off-Market Purchase, and deemed to be adjusted, in accordance with the rules of the SGX-ST, for any corporate action that occurs after the relevant five day period; and

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“**date of the making of the offer**” means the date on which the Company makes an offer for the purchase or acquisition of Shares from Shareholders, stating the purchase price (which shall not be more than the Maximum Price calculated on the foregoing basis) for each Share and the relevant terms of the equal access scheme for effecting the Off-Market Purchase.

4.4 Source of Funds from Share Buyback

In purchasing Shares pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate, the Company may only apply funds legally available for such purchases as is provided in the Existing Constitution and in accordance with the applicable laws in Singapore.

The Companies Act permits the Company to purchase or acquire its Shares out of capital, as well as from its distributable profits, so long as the Company is solvent. Pursuant to Section 76F(4) of the Companies Act, a Company is solvent if at the date of the payment made by the Company in consideration of acquiring any right with respect to the purchase or acquisition of its own Shares:

- (a) there is no ground on which the Company could be found to be unable to pay its debts;
- (b) if:
 - (1) it is intended to commence winding up of the Company within the period of 12 months immediately after the date of the payment, the Company will be able to pay its debts in full within the period of 12 months after the date of commencement of the winding up; or
 - (2) it is not intended so to commence winding up, the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due within the period of 12 months immediately after the date of the payment; and (c) the value of the Company’s assets is not less than the value of its liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and will not, after the proposed purchase, acquisition, variation or release (as the case may be), become less than the value of its liabilities (including contingent liabilities).

The Company intends to use internal sources of funds to finance its purchase or acquisition of the Shares. To effect the purchase of Shares pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate, the Directors will consider, inter alia, the availability of internal resources and the rationale for the purchase or acquisition of Shares.

The Directors do not propose to exercise the Share Buyback Mandate to such an extent as would have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Company or the Group. The purchase or acquisition of Shares pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate will only be undertaken if, in the reasonable opinion of the Directors, it can benefit the Company, the Group and Shareholders.

4.5 Status of purchased Shares under the Share Buyback Mandate

A Share purchased or acquired by the Company pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate is deemed cancelled immediately on purchase or acquisition (and all rights and privileges attached to the Share will expire on such cancellation) unless such Share is held by the Company as a treasury share. Accordingly, the total number of issued Shares will be diminished by the number of Shares purchased or acquired by the Company and which are not held as treasury shares.

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4.6 Treasury shares

Under the Companies Act, Shares purchased or acquired by the Company may be held or dealt with as treasury shares. Some of the provisions on treasury shares under the Companies Act are summarised below:

4.6.1 Maximum holdings

The aggregate number of Shares held as treasury shares cannot at any time exceed ten per cent. (10%) of the total number of issued Shares. Any Shares in excess of this limit shall be disposed of or cancelled within six (6) months from the day the aforesaid limit is first exceeded or such further periods as Accounting & Corporate Regulatory Authority of Singapore ("ACRA") may allow.

4.6.2 Voting and other rights

The Company cannot exercise any right in respect of treasury shares. In particular, the Company cannot exercise any right to attend or vote at meetings and for the purposes of the Companies Act, the Company shall be treated as having no right to vote and the treasury shares shall be treated as having no voting rights.

In addition, no dividend may be paid, and no other distribution (whether in cash or otherwise) of the Company's assets (including any distribution of assets to members of the Company on a winding up) may be made, to the Company in respect of treasury shares. However, the allotment of Shares as fully paid bonus Shares in respect of treasury shares is allowed. Also, a subdivision of any treasury share into treasury shares of a larger amount or consolidation of treasury shares into treasury shares of a smaller amount is allowed so long as the total value of the treasury shares after the subdivision or consolidation is the same as before.

4.6.3 Disposal and cancellation

Where Shares are held as treasury shares, the Company may at any time, but subject always to the Take-Over Code:

- (a) sell the treasury shares (or any of them) for cash;
- (b) transfer the treasury shares (or any of them) for the purposes of or pursuant to an employee's share scheme;
- (c) transfer the treasury shares (or any of them) as consideration for the acquisition of shares in or assets of another company or assets of a person;
- (d) cancel the treasury shares (or any of them); or
- (e) sell, transfer or otherwise use the treasury shares (or any of them) for such other purposes as may be prescribed by the Minister for Finance of Singapore.

4.7 Financial Effects of the Share Buyback Mandate

The financial effects on the Company and the Group arising from purchases or acquisition of Shares which may be made pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate, based on the FY2016 Audited Financial Statements, are based on the assumptions set out below. Such financial effects will depend on, inter alia, whether the Shares are purchased or acquired out of capital and/or profits of the Company, the number of Shares purchased or acquired, the consideration paid for such Shares and whether the Shares purchased or acquired are held as treasury shares or cancelled.

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4.7.1 Purchase or acquisition out of capital or profits

Under the Companies Act, purchases or acquisitions of Shares by the Company may be made out of the Company's capital and/or profits so long as the Company is solvent.

Where the consideration paid by the Company for the purchase or acquisition of Shares is made out of capital, such consideration (including any expenses (including brokerage or commission) incurred directly in the purchase or acquisition) will not affect the amount available for the distribution of cash dividends by the Company.

Where the consideration paid by the Company for the purchase or acquisition of Shares is made out of profits, such consideration (including any expenses (including brokerage or commission) incurred directly in the purchase or acquisition) will correspondingly reduce the amount available for the distribution of cash dividends by the Company.

4.7.2 Number of Shares acquired or purchased

The financial effects set out below are based on the FY2016 Audited Financial Statements and, accordingly, are based on a purchase or acquisition of Shares by the Company of up to a maximum limit of ten per cent. (10%) of the 290,399,997 Shares in issue as at the Latest Practicable Date.

Purely for illustrative purposes, on the basis of the 290,399,997 Shares in issue as at the Latest Practicable Date and assuming no further Shares are issued and disregarding any Shares held by the Company as treasury shares on or prior to the EGM, the purchase by the Company of up to the maximum limit of ten per cent. (10%) of its issued Shares will result in the purchase of approximately 29,039,999 Shares (the "**Maximum Number of Shares**").

4.7.3 Maximum price for Shares acquired or purchased

In the case of Market Purchases by the Company and assuming that the Company purchases the Maximum Number of Shares at the Maximum Price of S\$0.123 per Share (being the price equivalent to 105% of the Average Closing Price of the Shares traded on the SGX-ST for the five (5) consecutive Market Days immediately preceding the Latest Practicable Date), the maximum amount of funds required for the purchase is S\$3.586 million (excluding ancillary expenses such as related brokerage, goods and services tax, stamp duties and clearance fees).

In the case of Off-Market Purchases by the Company and assuming that the Company purchases the Maximum Number of Shares at the Maximum Price of S\$0.123 per Share (being the price equivalent to 105% of the Average Closing Price of the Shares traded on the SGX-ST for the five (5) consecutive Market Days immediately preceding the Latest Practicable Date), the maximum amount of funds required for the purchase is S\$3.586 million (excluding ancillary expenses such as related brokerage, goods and services tax, stamp duties and clearance fees).

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4.7.4 Illustrative financial effects

For illustrative purposes only, on the basis of the assumptions set out in sections 4.7.2 and 4.7.3 above, and assuming that the Company had on the Latest Practicable Date purchased the Maximum Number of Shares pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate, the financial effects of:

- (a) the purchase of the Maximum Number of Shares by the Company at the Maximum Price pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate by way of purchases made out of capital and profits and held as treasury shares; and
- (b) the purchase of the Maximum Number of Shares by the Company at the Maximum Price pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate by way of purchases made out of capital and profits and cancelled,

on the FY2016 Audited Financial Statements are set out below.

The illustrations set out below are based on audited historical figures for the financial year ended 30 September 2016 and are purely for illustrative purposes only. Accordingly, such illustrations are not representative or otherwise indicative of future financial performance of the Company and/ or the Group.

Prior to any purchase or acquisition of Shares, the Company will consider financial factors (for instance, cash surplus, debt position and working capital requirements of the Company) and non-financial factors (for instance, market conditions and trading performance of the Shares) in assessing the impact on the Company and the Group of such purchase or acquisition.

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(A) Purchases made out of capital/profits and held as treasury shares

Market / Off-Market Purchases

	GROUP			COMPANY		
	Before Share Buyback (\$'000)	After Share Buyback assuming Market Purchase (\$'000)	After Share Buyback assuming Off-Market Purchase (\$'000)	Before Share Buyback (\$'000)	After Share Buyback assuming Market Purchase (\$'000)	After Share Buyback assuming Off-Market Purchase (\$'000)
Share capital	56,325	52,739	52,739	56,325	52,739	52,739
Reserves	14,116	14,116	14,116	–	–	–
Shareholders' funds	44,780	44,780	44,780	5,208	5,208	5,208
Net tangible assets	115,221	111,635	111,635	61,533	57,947	57,947
Current assets	114,682	110,096	110,096	1,889	(1,697)	(1,697)
Current liabilities	24,374	24,374	24,374	463	463	463
Working capital	90,308	86,722	86,722	1,426	(2,160)	(2,160)
Total borrowings ⁽¹⁾	18,183	18,183	18,183	–	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents	17,108	13,522	13,522	701	(2,885)	(2,885)
(Loss)/ Profit after tax and minority interest	(7,575)	(7,575)	(7,575)	114	114	114
Number of Shares	290,399,997	261,359,998	261,359,998	290,399,997	261,359,998	261,359,998
Treasury shares	–	29,039,999	29,039,999	–	29,039,999	29,039,999
Financial Ratios						
NTA per share (cents)	39.68	42.71	42.71	21.19	22.17	22.17
Basic (loss)/ earnings per share (cents) ⁽²⁾	(2.61)	(2.90)	(2.90)	0.04	0.04	0.04
Gearing ratio (times) ⁽³⁾	0.16	0.16	0.16	–	–	–
Current ratio (times) ⁽⁴⁾	4.71	4.56	4.56	4.08	(3.66)	(3.66)

Notes:

(1) Total borrowings refer to borrowings from financial institutions.

(2) Basic (loss)/earnings per share equals (loss)/profit after tax and minority interest divided by the weighted average number of shares.

(3) Gearing ratio represents the ratio of total borrowings to shareholders' funds.

(4) Current ratio represents the ratio of current assets to current liabilities.

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(B) Purchases made out of capital/profits and cancelled

Market / Off-Market Purchases

	GROUP			COMPANY		
	Before Share Buyback (\$S'000)	After Share Buyback assuming Market Purchase (\$S'000)	After Share Buyback assuming Off-Market Purchase (\$S'000)	Before Share Buyback (\$S'000)	After Share Buyback assuming Market Purchase (\$S'000)	After Share Buyback assuming Off-Market Purchase (\$S'000)
Share capital	56,325	52,739	52,739	56,325	52,739	52,739
Reserves	14,116	14,116	14,116	–	–	–
Shareholders' funds	44,780	44,780	44,780	5,208	5,208	5,208
Net tangible assets	115,221	111,635	111,635	61,533	57,947	57,947
Current assets	114,682	111,096	111,096	1,889	(1,697)	(1,697)
Current liabilities	24,374	24,374	24,374	463	463	463
Working capital	90,308	86,722	86,722	1,426	(2,160)	(2,160)
Total borrowings ⁽¹⁾	18,183	18,183	18,183	–	–	–
Cash and cash equivalents	17,108	13,522	13,522	701	(2,885)	(2,885)
(Loss)/Profit after tax and minority interest	(7,575)	(7,575)	(7,575)	114	114	114
Number of Shares	290,399,997	261,359,998	261,359,998	290,399,997	261,359,998	261,359,998
Treasury shares	–	–	–	–	–	–
Financial Ratios						
NTA per share (cents)	39.68	42.71	42.71	21.19	22.17	22.17
Basic (loss)/ earnings per share (cents) ⁽²⁾	(2.61)	(2.90)	(2.90)	0.04	0.04	0.04
Gearing ratio (times) ⁽³⁾	0.16	0.16	0.16	–	–	–
Current ratio (times) ⁽⁴⁾	4.71	4.56	4.56	4.08	(3.66)	(3.66)

Notes:

(1) Total borrowings refer to borrowings from financial institutions.

(2) Basic (loss)/earnings per share equals (loss)/profit after tax and minority interest divided by the weighted average number of shares.

(3) Gearing ratio represents the ratio of total borrowings to shareholders' funds.

(4) Current ratio represents the ratio of current assets to current liabilities.

Shareholders should note that the financial effects set out above are for illustrative purposes only. Although the Share Buyback Mandate will authorise the Company to purchase or acquire up to ten per cent. (10%) of the issued Shares (excluding any Shares held in treasury) as at the Approval Date, the Company may not necessarily purchase or be able to purchase the entire ten per cent. (10%) of the issued Shares (excluding any Shares held in treasury). In addition, the Company may cancel all or part of the Shares repurchased or hold all or part of the Shares repurchased in treasury.

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4.8 Listing Rules

The Listing Manual specifies that a listed company shall report all purchases or acquisitions of its shares to the SGX-ST not later than 9.00 a.m., (a) in the case of a Market Purchase, on the Market Day following the day of purchase or acquisition of any of its shares and (b) in the case of an Off-Market Purchase under an equal access scheme, on the second Market Day after the close of acceptances of the offer.

Such announcement (which must be in the form of Appendix 8.3.1 of the Listing Manual) must include the details of the date of the purchase, the total number of shares purchased, the number of shares cancelled, the number of shares held as treasury shares, the purchase price per share or the highest and lowest prices paid for such shares, as applicable, and the total consideration (including stamp duties and clearing charges) paid or payable for the shares, the number of shares purchased as at the date of announcement (on a cumulative basis), the number of issued shares excluding treasury shares and the number of treasury shares held after the purchase.

While the Listing Manual does not expressly prohibit any purchase of shares by a listed company during any particular time or times, because the listed company would be regarded as an "insider" in relation to any proposed purchase or acquisition of its issued shares, the Company will not undertake any purchase or acquisition of Shares pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate at any time after a price sensitive development has occurred or has been the subject of a decision until the price sensitive information has been publicly announced. In particular, in line with the best practices guide on securities dealings issued by the SGX-ST, the Company would not purchase or acquire any Shares through Market Purchases during the period of two (2) weeks and one (1) month immediately preceding the announcement of the Company's interim results and the annual (full-year) results respectively.

The Listing Manual requires a listed company to ensure that at least ten per cent. (10%) of any class of its listed securities must be held by public shareholders. As at the Latest Practicable Date, approximately 55% of the issued Shares are held by public Shareholders.

The Company will not carry out any share buyback unless at least ten per cent. (10%) of its listed securities can be maintained in the hands of public Shareholders and that the number of Shares remaining in the hands of the public will not fall to such a level as to cause market illiquidity or to affect orderly trading.

4.9 Take-over Obligations

Appendix 2 of the Take-over Code contains the Share Buyback Guidance Note applicable as at the Latest Practicable Date. The take-over implications arising from any purchase or acquisition by the Company of its Shares are set out below:

4.9.1 Obligation to make a take-over offer

If, as a result of any purchase or acquisition by the Company of its Shares, a Shareholder's proportionate interest in the voting capital of the Company increases, such increase will be treated as an acquisition for the purposes of Rule 14 of the Take-over Code. If such increase results in a change of effective control, or, as a result of such increase, a Shareholder or group of Shareholders acting in concert obtains or consolidates effective control of the Company, such Shareholder or group of Shareholders acting in concert could become obliged to make a mandatory take-over offer for the Company under Rule 14 of the Take-over Code.

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4.9.2 Persons acting in concert

Under the Take-over Code, persons acting in concert comprise individuals or companies who, pursuant to an agreement or understanding (whether formal or informal), cooperate, through the acquisition by any of them of shares in a company, to obtain or consolidate effective control of that company.

Unless the contrary is established, the following persons will, *inter alia*, be presumed to be acting in concert:

- (a) the following companies:
 - (i) a company;
 - (ii) the parent company of (i);
 - (iii) the subsidiaries of (i);
 - (iv) the fellow subsidiaries of (i);
 - (v) the associated companies of any of (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv);
 - (vi) companies whose associated companies include any of (i), (ii), (iii), (iv) or (v);
 - (vii) any person who has provided financial assistance (other than a bank in the ordinary course of business) to any of the directors, their close relatives and related trusts); and
- (b) a company with any of its directors (together with their close relatives, related trusts as well as companies controlled by any of the directors, their close relatives and related trusts).

The circumstances under which shareholders of a company (including directors of the company) and persons acting in concert with them respectively will incur an obligation to make a take-over offer under Rule 14 of the Take-over Code after a purchase or acquisition of shares by the company are set out in Appendix 2 of the Take-over Code.

4.9.3 Effect of Rule 14 and Appendix 2 of the Take-over Code

In general terms, the effect of Rule 14 and Appendix 2 of the Take-over Code is that, unless exempted, Directors of the Company and persons acting in concert with them will incur an obligation to make a take-over offer for the Company under Rule 14 of the Take-over Code if, as a result of the Company purchasing or acquiring its Shares, the voting rights of such Directors and their concert parties would increase to 30% or more, or if the voting rights of such Directors and their concert parties fall between 30% and 50% of the Company's voting rights, the voting rights of such Directors and their concert parties would increase by more than one per cent. (1%) in any period of six (6) months.

Under Appendix 2 of the Take-over Code, a Shareholder not acting in concert with the Directors of the Company will not be required to make a take-over offer under Rule 14 of the Take-over Code if, as a result of the Company purchasing or acquiring its Shares, the voting rights of such Shareholder in the Company would increase to 30% or more, or, if such Shareholder holds between 30% and 50% of the Company's voting rights, the voting rights of such Shareholder would increase by more than one per cent. (1%) in any period of six (6) months. Such Shareholder need not abstain from voting in respect of the resolution authorising the Share Buyback Mandate.

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Shareholders who are in doubt are advised to consult their professional advisers and/or the SIC and/or the relevant authorities at the earliest opportunity as to whether an obligation to make a take-over offer would arise by reason of any share purchases or acquisitions by the Company pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate.

4.9.4 Exemption under Appendix 2 of the Take-over Code

Section 3(a) of Appendix 2 of the Take-over Code provides, *inter alia*, that for a market acquisition under Section 76E of the Companies Act or an off-market acquisition on an equal access scheme under Section 76C of the Companies Act by a listed company, directors and persons acting in concert with them will be exempted from the requirement to make a general offer for the Company under Rule 14.1 of the Take-over Code, subject to the following conditions:

- (a) the circular to shareholders on the resolution to authorise a buyback to contain advice to the effect that by voting for the buyback resolution, shareholders are waiving their right to a general offer at the Required Price (as defined hereinafter) from directors and parties acting in concert with them who, as a result of the Company buying back its Shares, would increase their voting rights to 30% or more, or, if they together hold between 30% and 50% of the Company's voting rights, would increase their voting rights by more than one per cent. (1%) in any period of six (6) months; and the names of such directors and persons acting in concert with them, their voting rights at the time of the resolution and after the proposed buyback to be disclosed in the same circular;
- (b) the resolution to authorise a share buyback to be approved by a majority of those shareholders present and voting at the meeting on a poll who could not become obliged to make an offer as a result of the share buyback;
- (c) the directors and/or persons acting in concert with them to abstain from voting for and/or recommending shareholders to vote in favour of the resolution to authorise the share buyback;
- (d) within seven (7) days after the passing of the resolution to authorise a buyback, each of the directors to submit to the SIC a duly signed form as prescribed by the SIC;
- (e) directors and/or persons acting in concert with them not to have acquired and not to acquire any shares between the date on which they know that the announcement of the share buyback proposal is imminent and the earlier of:
 - (i) the date on which the authority of the share buyback expires; and
 - (ii) the date on which the Company announces it has bought back such number of Shares as authorised by shareholders at the latest general meeting or it has decided to cease buying back its Shares, as the case may be,

if such acquisitions, taken together with the buyback, would cause their aggregate voting rights to increase to 30% or more;

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- (f) directors and/or persons acting in concert with them, together holding between 30% and 50% of the company's voting rights, not to have acquired and not to acquire any shares between the date on which they know that the announcement of the share buyback proposal is imminent and the earlier of:
- (i) the date on which the authority of the share buyback expires; and
 - (ii) the date on which the Company announces it has bought back such number of Shares as authorised by shareholders at the latest general meeting or it has decided to cease buying back its Shares, as the case may be,

if such acquisitions, taken together with the buyback, would cause their aggregate voting rights to increase by more than one per cent. (1%) in the preceding six (6) months. It follows that where aggregate voting rights held by a director and persons acting in concert with him increase by more than one per cent. (1%) solely as a result of the share purchase and none of them has acquired any shares during the relevant period defined above, then such director and/or persons acting in concert with him would be eligible for SIC's exemption from the requirement to make a general offer under Rule 14, or where such exemption had been granted, would continue to enjoy the exemption.

4.9.5 Exemption for Hanwa and Hanwa Directors

Mr Hiroshi Ebihara, our Non-Executive Director, and Mr. Seiji Usui, our Executive Director, were appointed to the Board as nominees of Hanwa ("**Hanwa Directors**") following the entry of the Strategic Alliance Agreement dated 1 December 2014 between Hanwa and the Company in conjunction with a placement of new Shares by the Company to Hanwa.

As at the Latest Practicable Date, Hanwa holds 82,617,982 Shares, representing approximately 28.45% of the total issued share capital of the Company. None of the Hanwa Directors holds any Shares as at the Latest Practicable Date.

Under the Take-over Code, Hanwa and the Hanwa Directors would, unless exempted, become obliged to make a general offer under the Take-over Code for the Shares not owned by them, if as a result of the exercise of the Share Buyback Mandate, their interests in the voting rights of the Company increases to 30% or more.

Based on 290,399,997 Shares in issue as at the Latest Practicable Date and assuming the exercise in full of the Share Buyback Mandate which would result in the purchase or acquisition of 29,039,999 Shares, the shareholding and voting rights of Hanwa may be increased from approximately 28.45% to approximately 31.61%, which exceeds the 30% threshold provided for under the Take-over Code.

Neither Hanwa nor the Hanwa Directors have acquired and will not be acquiring any Shares between the announcement date (3 January 2016) and the earlier of:–

- (i) the date on which the Share Buyback Mandate expires; and
- (ii) the date on which the Company announces it has bought back such number of Shares as authorised by Shareholders under the Share Buyback Mandate or it has decided to cease buying back its Shares, as the case may be,

if such acquisitions, taken together with the buyback, would cause their aggregate voting rights to increase to 30% or more.

LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

Shareholders should therefore note that by voting in favour of Ordinary Resolution 2 to approve the Share Buyback Mandate, they will be waiving their rights to a general offer at the Required Price by Hanwa and the Hanwa Directors in the circumstances set out above.

“**Required Price**” means in relation to the offer required to be made under the provisions of Rule 14.1 of the Take-over Code, the highest of the highest price paid by the offerors and/or person(s) acting in concert with them for the Company’s Shares (i) during the offer period and within the preceding six (6) months, (ii) acquired through the exercise of instruments convertible into securities which carry voting rights within six (6) months of the offer and during the offer period, or (iii) acquired through the exercise of rights to subscribe for, and options in respect of, securities which carry voting rights within six (6) months of the offer or during the offer period; or at such price as determined by SIC under Rule 14.3 of the Take-over Code.

Save as disclosed herein, based on the Register of Directors’ Shareholdings and the Register of Substantial Shareholders of the Company as at the Latest Practicable Date, the Directors are not aware of any other Director and/or Shareholder who may become obligated to make a mandatory offer in the event that share buybacks are undertaken by the Company pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate. Further details of the interests of the Directors and Substantial Shareholders of the Company in the Shares as at the Latest Practicable Date are set out in Section 5 of this Circular.

The statements herein do not purport to be a comprehensive or exhaustive description of all implications that may arise under the Take-over Code. Shareholders who are in doubt as to whether they would incur any obligation to make a take-over offer under the Take-over Code as a result of any purchase or acquisition of Shares by the Company pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate are advised to consult their professional advisers and/or the SIC at the earliest opportunity.

4.10 Shares purchased by the Company

The Company has not made any share buyback on or in the 12 months preceding the Latest Practicable Date.

LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

5. INTERESTS OF DIRECTORS AND SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

The interests of the Directors and Substantial Shareholders (both direct and indirect) in the Shares as at the Latest Practicable Date, as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings and the Register of Substantial Shareholders' kept by the Company are set out below:

	Direct Interest		Indirect Interest		Total Interest	
	Number of Shares	% ⁽¹⁾	Number of Shares	% ⁽¹⁾	Number of Shares	% ⁽¹⁾
Directors						
Low Beng Tin	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ong Chin Sum	–	–	–	–	–	–
Ong Tong Hai ⁽²⁾	28,411,996	9.78	–	–	28,411,996	9.78
Ong Tong Yang ⁽²⁾	19,954,396	6.87	–	–	19,954,396	6.87
Seiji Usui	–	–	–	–	–	–
Jovenal Santiago	–	–	–	–	–	–
Tan Siok Chin	125,000	0.04	–	–	125,000	0.04
Hiroshi Ebihara	–	–	–	–	–	–
Substantial Shareholders						
Hanwa Co., Ltd	82,617,982	28.45	–	–	82,617,982	28.45
Ong Tong Hai	28,411,996	9.78	–	–	28,411,996	9.78
Ong Tong Yang	19,954,396	6.87	–	–	19,954,396	6.87

Other than through their respective shareholdings in the Company, none of the Directors or controlling shareholders of the Company has any interest, direct or indirect (other than through their shareholdings in the Company) in the EGM Proposals.

Notes:

(1) Based on the issued share capital of 290,399,997 Shares as at the Latest Practicable Date.

(2) Mr Ong Tong Hai and Mr Ong Tong Yang are brothers.

LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

6. DIRECTORS' RECOMMENDATIONS

6.1 Proposed adoption of a New Constitution

The Directors are of the opinion that the proposed adoption of the New Constitution is in the best interests of the Company. They accordingly recommend that Shareholders vote in favour of Special Resolution 1, being the Special Resolution relating to the proposed adoption of the New Constitution to be proposed at the EGM.

6.2 Proposed renewal of the Share Buyback Mandate

The Directors (save for Mr Seiji Usui and Mr Hiroshi Ebihara) are of the opinion that the proposed renewal of the Share Buyback Mandate is in the best interests of the Company. Accordingly, they recommend that Shareholders vote in favour of Ordinary Resolution 2 as set out in the notice of EGM relating to the proposed renewal of the Share Buyback Mandate.

As further elaborated in section 4.9.5 above, Mr Seiji Usui and Mr Hiroshi Ebihara (being the Hanwa Directors) have abstained from making any recommendation to Shareholders on Ordinary Resolution 2, being the Ordinary Resolution relating to the proposed renewal of the Share Buyback Mandate.

7. ABSTENTION FROM VOTING

Hanwa shall abstain from voting at the EGM in respect of Ordinary Resolution 2 relating to the proposed renewal of the Share Buyback Mandate, for reasons as further elaborated in section 4.9.5 above and will not accept nominations as proxies or otherwise for voting in respect of the said Ordinary Resolution at the EGM unless specific instruction has been given in the proxy form as to the manner in which votes are to be cast in respect of the Ordinary Resolution 2.

8. EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

The EGM, notice of which is set out on pages 95 to 97 of this Circular, will be held at Raffles Country Club, 450 Jalan Ahmad Ibrahim, Singapore 639932 on 25 January 2017 at 10 a.m. for the purpose of considering and if thought fit, passing, with or without modification the Special Resolution 1 and Ordinary Resolution 2 set out in the Notice of EGM.

9. ACTION TO BE TAKEN BY SHAREHOLDERS

Shareholders who are unable to attend the EGM and who wish to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend and vote on their behalf should complete, sign and return the Proxy Form attached to the Notice of EGM in accordance with the instructions printed therein as soon as possible and, in any event, so as to arrive at the registered office of the Company at 14 Lok Yang Way, Singapore 628633, not later than 48 hours before the time fixed for the EGM. The appointment of a proxy by a Shareholder does not preclude him from attending and voting in person at the EGM if he so wishes in place of the proxy.

A Depositor shall not be regarded as a Shareholder of the Company entitled to attend the EGM and to speak and vote thereat unless his name appears on the Depository Register maintained by CDP not less than 72 hours before the time fixed for the EGM or any adjournment thereof.

LETTER TO SHAREHOLDERS

10. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information given in this Circular and confirm after making all reasonable enquiries that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, this Circular constitutes full and true disclosure of all material facts about the EGM Proposals, and the Company and its subsidiaries which are relevant to the EGM Proposals, and the Directors are not aware of any facts the omission of which would make any statement in this Circular misleading. Where information in this Circular has been extracted from published or otherwise publicly available sources or obtained from a named source, the sole responsibility of the Directors has been to ensure that such information has been accurately and correctly extracted from those sources and/or reproduced in this Circular in its proper form and context.

11. INSPECTION OF DOCUMENTS

The following documents are available for inspection at the registered office of the Company during normal business hours from the date of this Circular up to the date of the EGM:

- (a) the Existing Constitution;
- (b) the proposed New Constitution; and
- (c) the Annual Report for FY2016.

Yours faithfully
For and on behalf of the Board

Ong Chin Sum
Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director
COSMOSTEEL HOLDINGS LIMITED

APPENDIX 1

THE PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IN THE NEW CONSTITUTION WHICH ARE SIGNIFICANTLY DIFFERENT FROM THE EQUIVALENT PROVISIONS IN THE EXISTING CONSTITUTION

Set out below are the Principal Articles, with the main differences blacklined.

1. Article 1

21. ~~In these Articles this Constitution, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, the words~~ Interpretation standing in the first column of the Table next hereinafter contained shall bear the meanings set opposite to them respectively in the second column thereof ~~; if not inconsistent with the subject or context.:-~~

WORDS	MEANINGS
"The Act"	The Companies Act, Cap. 50 or any statutory modification, amendment or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force or any and every other Act act for the time being in force concerning companies and affecting the Company <u>and any reference to any provision as so modified, amended or re-enacted or contained in any such subsequent Companies Act or other act concerning companies and affecting the Company.</u>
"Chairman"	The chairman of the Directors or the chairman of the General Meeting as the case may be.
"The Company"	Cosmosteel Holdings Limited <u>The abovenamed Company by whatever name from time to time called.</u>
Articles " <u>This Constitution</u> "	These Articles of Association as originally framed or as altered from time to time by special resolution. <u>This Constitution or other regulations of the Company for the time being in force.</u>
Depositor	An account holder or a depository agent but does not include a sub-account holder.
Depository	The Central Depository (Pte) Limited or any other corporation approved by the Minister as a depository company or corporation for the purposes of the Act, which operates the Central Depository System for the holding and transfer of book-entry securities:
Depository Agent	A member company of the Securities Exchange, a trust company (licensed under the Trust Companies Act 2005), a banking corporation or merchant bank (approved by the Monetary Authority of Singapore under the Monetary of Singapore Act) or any other person or body approved by the Depository who (a) performs services as a depository agent for sub-account holders in accordance with the terms of a depository agent agreement entered into between the Depository and the depository agent; (b) deposits book-entry securities with the Depository on behalf of the sub-account holders; and (c) establishes an account in its name with the Depository.
Depository Register	The register of holders maintained by the Depository in respect of book-entry securities (as defined in the Act):
"Director"	Includes any person acting as a Director of the Company and includes any person duly appointed and acting for the time being as an alternate Director.

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WORDS	MEANINGS
"Directors"	The Directors for the time being of the Company <u>or such number of them as having the authority to act for the Company.</u>
"dividend"	Includes bonus.
Market Day "market day"	A day on which the Securities <u>Stock</u> Exchange is open for <u>trading in</u> securities trading.
"Member" (and any references to a shareholder)	Any registered holder of shares in the Company, or where such registered holder is the Depository, the Depositors on whose behalf the Depository holds the shares <u>PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT (a) a Depositor shall only be entitled to attend any general meeting and to speak and vote thereat if his name appears on the Depository Register forty-eight hours before the general meeting as a Depositor on whose behalf the Depository holds shares in the Company, the Company being entitled then to deem each such Depositor as holding such number of shares as is actually credited to the Securities Account of the Depositor as at such time, according to the records of the Depository as supplied by the Depository to the Company; or where a Depositor has appointed a proxy, such proxy as representing such number of shares or where a Depositor has appointed two proxies and specified the proportion of his shares which each proxy is to represent, to apportion the said number of shares standing to his Securities Account between the two proxies in the same proportion as specified by the Depositor in appointing the proxies; (b) the Company shall be entitled to reject any instrument of proxy lodged by any Depositor whose name does not appear on the Depository Register as a Depositor on whose behalf the Depository holds shares in the Company forty-eight hours before the general meeting at which the proxy is to act; (c) the Company shall not be obliged to enter the names and particulars of such Depositor in its Register of Members; (d) the Company shall be entitled to pay any dividends payable to such Depositor to the Depository and, to the extent of the payment made to the Depository, the Company shall be discharged from any and all liability in respect of that payment; and (e) the provisions in these Articles relating to the transfer, transmission or certification of shares shall not apply to any transactions affecting book-entry securities (as defined in the Act). PROVIDED FURTHER THAT any reference to a Member does not include the Company itself where it is such a member by virtue of its holding shares as treasury shares. <u>A Member of the Company, save that references in this Constitution to "Member" shall, where the Act requires, exclude the Company where it is a Member by reason of its holding of its shares as treasury shares.</u></u>
"month"	Calendar month.
"Office"	The registered office <u>of the Company</u> for the time being of the Company.
"paid-up"	Includes credited as paid-up.

APPENDIX 1

THE PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IN THE NEW CONSTITUTION WHICH ARE SIGNIFICANTLY DIFFERENT FROM THE EQUIVALENT PROVISIONS IN THE EXISTING CONSTITUTION

WORDS	MEANINGS
<u>"registered address" or "address"</u>	<u>In relation to any Member, his physical address for the service or delivery of notices or documents personally or by post, except where otherwise expressly provided in this Constitution.</u>
<u>Register of Members</u>	<u>The register of members of the Company maintained by the Company pursuant to Section 190 of the Act on which the Company shall enter the name of every person who is a registered holder of shares in the Company including the Depository PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT the Depository shall be deemed not to be a member of the Company.</u>
<u>"Seal"</u>	<u>The Common Seal of the Company or in appropriate cases the Official Seal or duplicate Common Seal.</u>
<u>"Secretary"</u>	<u>The Secretary or Secretaries appointed under this Constitution and shall include any person entitled to perform the duties of the Secretary temporarily.</u>
<u>Securities Account</u>	<u>The securities account maintained by a Depositor with the Depository.</u>
<u>Securities "Stock Exchange"</u>	<u>The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited for so long as the shares of the Company are listed and quoted on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and/or such other stock exchange in respect of which the shares of the Company are listed or quoted.</u>
<u>Statutes</u>	<u>The Act and every other legislation for the time being in force concerning companies and affecting the Company.</u>
<u>"Writing" and "Written"</u>	<u>Written or produced by any substitute for writing or partly one and partly another and shall include (except where otherwise expressly specified in this Constitution or the context otherwise requires, and subject to any limitations, conditions or restrictions contained in the Act) any representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information which may be displayed in a visible form, whether in a physical document or in an electronic communication or form or otherwise howsoever.</u>
<u>"year"</u>	<u>Calendar year.</u>
	<u>The expressions "Depositor", "Depository", "Depository Agent" and "Depository Register" shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in the Securities and Futures Act, Cap. 289.</u>
	<u>The expression "Secretary" shall include any person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of the Secretary of the Company and where two or more persons are appointed to act as Joint</u>
	<u>Secretaries shall include any one of those persons:</u>
	<u>Expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography, and other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form:</u>

APPENDIX 1

THE PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IN THE NEW CONSTITUTION WHICH ARE SIGNIFICANTLY DIFFERENT FROM THE EQUIVALENT PROVISIONS IN THE EXISTING CONSTITUTION

The expressions "current address", "electronic communication", "relevant intermediary" and "treasury shares" shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in the Act.

References in this Constitution to "holder(s)" of shares or a class of shares shall:-

- (a) exclude the Depository or its nominee (as the case may be) except where otherwise expressly provided in this Constitution or where the term "registered holders" or "registered holder" is used in this Constitution;
- (b) where the context so requires, be deemed to include references to Depositors whose names are entered in the Depository Register in respect of those shares; and
- (c) except where otherwise expressly provided in this Constitution, exclude the Company in relation to its shares held by it as treasury shares.

and "holding" and "held" shall be construed accordingly.

Words denoting the singular number only shall include the plural and vice versa.

Words denoting the masculine gender only shall include the feminine gender.

Words denoting persons shall include corporations.

SubjectSave as aforesaid, any words or expressions definedused in the StatutesAct and the Interpretation Act, Cap.1 shall, unlessif not inconsistent with the subject or contextotherwise requires, bear the same meanings in these Articlesthis Constitution.

Any reference in this Constitution to any enactment is a reference to that enactment as for the time being amended or re-enacted.

A Special Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of this Constitution.

The headnotes and marginal notes are inserted for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the construction of this Constitution.

2 ARTICLE 8(3)

8.(3) The Company may issue shares for which no consideration is payable to the Company.

Issue of shares for no consideration

3 ARTICLE 17

17. Every certificate shall be issued under the Seal and shall specify the number and class of shares to which it relates, whether the shares are fully or partly paid up, and the amount (if any) unpaid thereon. No certificate shall be issued representing shares of more than one class.

Certificates

APPENDIX 1

THE PRINCIPAL ARTICLES IN THE NEW CONSTITUTION WHICH ARE SIGNIFICANTLY DIFFERENT FROM THE EQUIVALENT PROVISIONS IN THE EXISTING CONSTITUTION

4 ARTICLE 18

1118. ~~Unless otherwise resolved by the Directors, securities will be allotted and certificates issued in the name of and despatched to every person whose name is entered as a Member in the Register of Members or allotted and despatched to the Depository for the account of every Depositor who is a Member, within ten market days (or such other periods as may be approved by any stock exchange upon which the shares of the Company may be listed) of the final applications closing date for an issue of securities or the case maybe after the lodgement of any registrable transfer. Every person whose name is entered as a Member in the Register of Members or in the name of the Depository, as the case may be, shall be entitled without payment to within ten market days (or such other period as may be approved by the Stock Exchange) of the closing date of any application for shares or, as the case may be, the date of lodgement of a registrable transfer or on a transmission of shares to one certificate under the seal of the Company in respect of each class of shares held by him for all his shares in that of any one class or several certificates in reasonable denominations each for one or more of his shares in any one class upon payment of \$2.00 (or such sum as the Directors a part of the shares so allotted or transferred. If a Member shall from time to time determine) for every require several certificates each for a part of the shares so allotted or transferred or included in the transmission or if a Member transfers part only of the shares comprised in a certificate after or requires the first. Stamp duty payable on such Company to cancel any certificate shall be borne by such or certificates and issue new certificates for the purpose of subdividing his holding in a different manner the Member unless otherwise directed by the Directors; PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT in the case of joint holders (including Depositors) the Company shall not be bound to shall pay prior to the issue more than one of the certificates or certificate and delivery of such a fee not exceeding S\$2 for each such new certificate to any one of them, or in the case of shares registered in the name of the Depository, to the Depository, shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders (including Depositors). PROVIDED FURTHER THAT the Company shall not be bound to register more than three persons as the holders of any share except in the case of executors or administrators of the estate of a deceased Member. as the Directors may determine.~~

5 ARTICLE 55(1)

4955.(1) The Company may by ordinary resolution Ordinary Resolution: -

- (a) ~~(1) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital; or (2) cancel any shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution have not been taken, or agreed to be taken, by any person and diminish the amount of ;~~
- (b) ~~subdivide its capital by the number of shares so cancelled; or (3) sub-divide shares; or any of them; (subject; nevertheless to the provisions of the Statutes), and so Act and this Constitution) provided always that the resolution whereby any share is sub-divided may determine that, as in such subdivision the proportion between the holders of the shares resulting amount paid and the amount (if any) unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from such sub-division, one or more of which the shares may have any such preferred or other special rights over, or may have such deferred rights, or be reduced share is derived; and~~

Power to consolidate, subdivide and redenominate shares

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(c) ~~subject to any such restrictions as compared with the others as the provisions of this Constitution and the Act, convert its share capital or any class of shares from one currency to another currency.~~

(2) ~~The Company has power to attach may by Special Resolution, subject to unissued or new and in accordance with the Act, convert one class of shares; into another class of shares.~~ Power to convert shares

6 ARTICLE 65

5965. ~~All Routine business shall be deemed special that is mean and include only business transacted at an extraordinary meeting, and also all that is transacted at a general meeting, with Annual General Meeting of the exception of following classes, that is to say:-~~ Routine business

(a) ~~declaring a dividend; dividends;~~

(b) ~~considering and adopting the consideration of financial statements, the accounts, balance sheets, and Directors' statement, the reports of the Directors Auditor's report and Auditors, and any other documents annexed to required to be attached to the financial statements;~~

(c) ~~appointing or re-appointing the balance sheets, Auditor and fixing the election remuneration of the Auditor or determining the manner in which such remuneration is to be fixed; and~~

(d) ~~appointing or re-appointing Directors in the place of those retiring by rotation or otherwise and the fixing of the remuneration of the Directors and the appointment and fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors.~~

7 ARTICLE 71

6471.(1) ~~At If required by the listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange, all resolutions at General Meetings shall be voted by poll (unless such requirement is waived by the Stock Exchange).~~ Mandatory polling

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- (2) At ~~Subject to article 71(1), at any general meeting~~General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands; unless ~~a poll be (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands a poll is) demanded:-~~ Method of voting where mandatory polling not required
- (a) ~~by either:—(i) the Chairman; or~~
- (b) ~~(ii) not less than by at least two Members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote at the meeting thereat; or~~
- (c) ~~—(iii) a by any Member or Members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than ten five per cent of the total voting rights of all the Members having the right to vote at the meeting~~General Meeting; or
- (d) ~~(iv) —by a Member or Members present in person or by proxy and, holding not less than ten shares conferring a right to vote at the General Meeting, being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than five per cent of the total number sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.~~

A demand for a poll made pursuant to this article 71(2) shall not prevent the continuance of the General Meeting for the transaction of paid-up shares any business, other than the question on which the poll has been demanded. Unless a poll be so demanded (and the demand be not withdrawn) or is required pursuant to article 71(1), a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost and an entry to that effect in the minute book shall be conclusive evidence of the Company (excluding treasury shares) fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution. A demand for a poll made pursuant to this article 71(2) may be withdrawn.

8 ARTICLE 72

6772. ~~No~~Where a poll is taken, it shall be demanded on the election of a Chairman or on any question of adjournment of the meeting. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time and place, and taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) as the Chairman directs; may direct and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. Any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with at a meeting pendingGeneral Meeting. The Chairman may (and, if required by the listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the taking of rules and/or bye-laws governing the pollStock Exchange or if so requested by the meeting, shall) appoint scrutineers and may adjourn the meeting to some time and place in Singapore fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the result of the poll.

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9 ARTICLE 77(1)

6977. (1) Subject and without prejudice to any rights special privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any special class or classes of shares, every for the time being forming part of the capital of the Company and to article 9, each Member present entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy or by attorney shall have one vote on a show of hands and on a poll, every. Every Member who is present in person or by proxy or by attorney shall:- Voting rights of members

- (a) on a poll, have one vote for each every share which he holds or represents; and
- (b) on a show of hands, have one vote, provided that:-
 - (i) in the case of a Member who is not a relevant intermediary and who is represented by two proxies, only one of the two proxies as determined by that Member or, failing such determination, by the Chairman of the meeting (or by a person authorised by him) in his sole discretion shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands; and
 - (ii) in the case of a Member who is a relevant intermediary and who is represented by two or more proxies, each proxy shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands.

For the purpose of determining the number of votes which a Member, being a Depositor, or his proxy may cast at any General Meeting on a poll, the reference to shares held or represented shall, in relation to shares of that Depositor, be the number of shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time of the relevant General Meeting.

- (2) Save as otherwise provided in the Act:- Appointment of proxies
 - (a) a Member who is not a relevant intermediary may appoint not more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the same General Meeting. Where such Member's form of proxy appoints more than one proxy, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the form of proxy; and
 - (b) a Member who is a relevant intermediary may appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the same General Meeting, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such Member. Where such Member's form of proxy appoints more than two proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the form of proxy.

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- (3) In any case where a Member is a Depositor, the Company shall be entitled and bound:- Shares entered in Depository Register
- (a) to reject any instrument of proxy lodged by that Depositor if he is not shown to have any shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time of the relevant General Meeting; and
- (b) to accept as the maximum number of votes which in aggregate the proxy or proxies appointed by that Depositor is or are able to cast on a poll a number which is the number of shares entered against the name of that Depositor in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time of the relevant General Meeting, whether that number is greater or smaller than the number specified in any instrument of proxy executed by or on behalf of that Depositor.
- (c) Subject to this Constitution, the Act and the listing rules of the Stock Exchange, the Directors may, at their sole discretion, approve and implement, subject to such security measures as may be deemed necessary or expedient, such voting methods to allow members who are unable to vote in person at any general meeting the option to vote in absentia, including but not limited to voting by mail, electronic mail or facsimile. Voting in absentia
- (4) The Company shall be entitled and bound, in determining rights to vote and other matters in respect of a completed instrument of proxy submitted to it, to have regards to the instructions (if any) given by and the notes (if any) set out in the instrument of proxy. Notes and instructions

10 ARTICLE 83

- 7783.(1) ~~An instrument appointing a proxy or representatives shall be in writing in the common form or any other form approved by the Directors and:-~~
- (a) ~~(1)~~ in the case of an individual shall be:-
- (i) ~~signed by the appointor or by his attorney; if the instrument of proxy is delivered personally or sent by post; or~~
- (ii) ~~authorised by that individual through such method and in such manner as may be approved by the Directors, if the instrument is submitted by electronic communication; and~~
- (b) ~~(2)~~ in the case of a corporation shall be:-
- (i) ~~either given under its common seal or signed by on its behalf by an attorney or by an a duly authorised officer on behalf of the corporation; if the instrument of proxy is delivered personally or sent by post; or~~

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- (ii) authorised by that corporation through such method and in such manner as may be approved by the Directors, if the instrument is submitted by electronic communication. Execution of proxies

The Directors may, for the purposes of articles 83(1)(a)(ii) and 83(1)(b)(ii), designate procedures for authenticating any such instrument, and any such instrument not so authenticated by use of such procedures shall be deemed not to have been received by the Company.

The signature on, or authorisation of, such instrument need not be witnessed. Where an instrument appointing a proxy is signed or authorised on behalf of the appointor (which shall, for purposes of this paragraph include a Depositor) by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy pursuant to article 85, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.

- (2) The Directors may, in their absolute discretion:- Directors may approve method and manner, and designate procedure, for electronic communications
- (a) approve the method and manner for an instrument appointing a proxy to be authorised; and
- (b) designate the procedure for authenticating an instrument appointing a proxy, as contemplated in articles 83(1)(a)(ii) and 83(1)(b)(ii) for application to such Members or class of Members as they may determine. Where the Directors do not so approve and designate in relation to a Member (whether of a class or otherwise), article 83(1)(a)(i) and/or (as the case may be) article 83(1)(b)(i) shall apply.

11 ARTICLE 85

- 7685.(1) ~~The An instrument appointing a proxy and/or the power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed, or a notarially certified copy of that power;_-~~ Deposit of proxies
- (a) if sent personally or authority shall by post, must be deposited left at the Office or such other place (if any) as is specified for the purpose in the notice convening the General Meeting; or
- (b) if submitted by electronic communication, must be received through such means as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to or in any document accompanying the notice convening the General Meeting,

and in either case not less than forty eight⁷² hours before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting General Meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, General Meeting (or in the case of a poll before the time appointed for the taking of the poll) to which it is to be used and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid. The deposit of an instrument appointing a proxy does not preclude the Member concerned from attending and voting in person at the meeting, as well as for any adjournment of the meeting to which it relates. In such an event, the appointment of the proxy or proxies is deemed to be revoked by the Member concerned at the point when the Member attends the meeting.

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(2)	<p>The Directors may, in their absolute discretion, and in relation to such Members or class of Members as they may determine, specify the means through which instruments appointing a proxy may be submitted by electronic communications, as contemplated in article 85(1)(b). Where the Directors do not so specify in relation to a Member (whether of a class or otherwise), article 85(1)(a) shall apply.</p>	<p>Directors may specify means for electronic communications</p>
12	ARTICLE 101	
86101.	<p>The business and the affairs of the Company shall be managed by, or under the direction or supervision of, the Directors, who may pay all such expenses of and preliminary and incidental to the promotion, formation, establishment and registration of the Company as they think fit; and The Directors may exercise all such powers of the Company and do on behalf of the Company all such acts as may be exercised and done by the Company; and as are not by the Statutes Act or by these Articles this Constitution required to be exercised or done by the Company in general meeting; subject nevertheless to any regulations of these Articles, to the provisions of the Statutes, and to such regulations being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions as may be prescribed by the Company in general meeting, but no regulation made by the Company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made; PROVIDED ALWAYS THAT any sale or disposal by the General Meeting. The Directors of the Company's main shall not carry into effect any proposals for selling or disposing of the whole or substantially the whole of the Company's undertaking unless such proposals have been approved by Members in a General Meeting. The general powers given by this article shall be subject to ratification by shareholders in general meeting save in accordance with the Act not be limited or restricted by any special authority or power given to the Directors by any other article.</p>	<p>General powers of Directors to manage Company's business</p>
13	ARTICLE 119	
100119.	<p>Any vacancy occurring in the Board The Company at the General Meeting at which a Director retires under any provision of Director this Constitution may be filled by Ordinary Resolution fill up by the Directors vacated office, by electing a person thereto. In default the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-elected, unless:-</p> <p>(a) at such General Meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill up such vacated office or the Members in a resolution for the general re-election of such Director is put to the meeting; and lost; or</p> <p>(b) such Director so appointed by is disqualified under the Directors shall retire Act from office at the next following general meeting but shall holding office as a Director or has given notice in writing to the Company that he is unwilling to be eligible for re-election; re-elected; or</p> <p>(c) such Director is disqualified from acting as a director in any jurisdiction for reasons other than on technical grounds.</p>	<p>Filling vacated office</p>

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14 ARTICLE 123

97123. ~~Subject as herein otherwise provided or to the terms of any subsisting agreement, the~~ The office of a Director shall be vacated: in any one of the following events, namely: - Vacation of office of Directors
- (a) ~~(1) — if he shall become prohibited by law from acting as a Director;~~
 - (b) if he shall become disqualified from acting as a director in any jurisdiction for reasons other than on technical grounds;
 - (c) ~~if he becomes a bankrupt or he suspends payment of his debts or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; (2) if he is prohibited from being a Director by reason of any order made under any provision of the Statutes;~~
 - (d) ~~(3) — if he is found lunatic or becomes mentally disordered (including being of unsound mind; or) and incapable of managing himself or his affairs;~~
 - (e) ~~(4) — if he resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company;~~
 - (f) if he or any alternate appointed by him shall absent himself from the meetings of the Directors during a period of two calendar months without special leave of absence from the Directors; or
 - (g) if he be removed from office by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

15 ARTICLE 129

123129. ~~The Directors shall cause proper accounts to be kept: -~~ Form of registers, etc
- (1) ~~— of the assets and liabilities of the Company;~~
 - (2) ~~— of all sums of money received and expended by the Company, and the matters in respect of which such receipts and expenditures take place; and~~
 - (3) ~~— of all sales and purchases by the Company.~~

~~The books of account shall be kept at the Office, or at such other place as the Directors shall think fit, and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors.~~

Any register, index, minute book, accounting record, minute or other book required by this Constitution or by the Act to be kept by or on behalf of the Company may, subject to and in accordance with the Act, be kept in hard copy form or in electronic form, and arranged in the manner that the Directors think fit. If such records are kept in electronic form, the Directors shall ensure that they are capable of being reproduced in hard copy form, and shall provide for the manner in which the records are to be authenticated and verified. In any case where such records are kept otherwise than in hard copy form, the Directors shall take reasonable precautions for ensuring the proper maintenance and authenticity of such records, guarding against falsification and facilitating the discovery of any falsifications.

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16 Article 141

- 141.(1) Whenever the Directors or the Company in General Meeting have resolved or proposed that a dividend (including an interim, final, special or other dividend) be paid or declared on the ordinary share capital of the Company, the Directors may further resolve that Members entitled to such dividend be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of ordinary shares credited as fully paid in lieu of cash in respect of the whole or such part of the dividend as the Directors may think fit. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:- Scrip dividend scheme
- (a) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Directors;
 - (b) the Directors shall determine the manner in which Members shall be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of ordinary shares credited as fully paid in lieu of cash in respect of the whole or such part of any dividend in respect of which the Directors shall have passed such a resolution as aforesaid, and the Directors may make such arrangements as to the giving of notice to Members, providing for forms of election for completion by Members (whether in respect of a particular dividend or dividends or generally), determining the procedure for making such elections or revoking the same and the place at which and the latest date and time by which any forms of election or other documents by which elections are made or revoked must be lodged, and otherwise make all such arrangements and do all such things, as the Directors consider necessary or expedient in connection with the provisions of this article;
 - (c) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the whole of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded provided that the Directors may determine, either generally or in any specific case, that such right shall be exercisable in respect of the whole or any part of that portion; and
 - (d) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable in cash on the ordinary shares in respect whereof the share election has been duly exercised (the "elected ordinary shares") and in lieu and in satisfaction thereof ordinary shares shall be allotted and credited as fully paid to the holders of the elected ordinary shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose and notwithstanding the provisions of article 152, the Directors may (i) capitalise and apply the amount standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts as the Directors may determine, such sum as may be required to pay up in full the appropriate number of ordinary shares for allotment and distribution to and among the holders of the elected ordinary shares on such basis or (ii) apply the sum which would otherwise have been payable in cash to the holders of the elected ordinary shares towards payment of the appropriate number of ordinary shares for allotment and distribution to and among the holders of the elected ordinary shares on such basis.

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- (2) (a) The ordinary shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this article shall rank pari passu in all respects with the ordinary shares then in issue save only as regards participation in the dividend which is the subject of the election referred to above (including the right to make the election referred to above) or any other distributions, bonuses or rights paid, made declared or announced prior to or contemporaneous with the payment or declaration of the dividend which is the subject of the election referred to above, unless the Directors shall otherwise specify.
- (b) The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this article, with full power to make such provisions as they think fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this Constitution, provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down, or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the Members concerned).
- (3) The Directors may on any occasion when they resolve as provided in paragraph (1) of this article determine that rights of election under that paragraph shall not be made available to Members who are registered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register, or in respect of ordinary shares the transfer of which is registered, after such date as the Directors may fix subject to such exceptions as the Directors think fit, and in such event the provisions of this article shall be read and construed subject to such determination. Record date
- (4) The Directors may on any occasion when they resolve as provided in paragraph (1) of this article further determine that no allotment of shares or rights of election for shares under that paragraph shall be made available or made to Members whose registered addresses entered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register is outside Singapore or to such other Members or class of Members as the Directors may in their sole discretion decide and in such event the only entitlement of the Members aforesaid shall be to receive in cash the relevant dividend resolved or proposed to be paid or declared. Eligibility
- (5) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this article, if at any time after the Directors' resolution to apply the provisions of paragraph (1) of this article in relation to any dividend but prior to the allotment of ordinary shares pursuant thereto, the Directors shall consider that by reason of any event or circumstance (whether arising before or after such resolution) or by reason of any matter whatsoever it is no longer expedient or appropriate to implement that proposal, the Directors may at their own discretion and without assigning any reason therefore, cancel the proposed application of paragraph (1) of this article. Disapplication

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17 ARTICLE 152(3)

~~122(B)(3)~~ In addition and without prejudice to the ~~power to capitalise profits and other moneys~~powers provided for by this ~~Article, articles 152(1) and 152(2)~~, the Directors shall have power to issue shares for which no consideration is payable and/or to capitalise any undivided profits or other moneys of the Company not required for the payment or provision of any dividend on any shares entitled to cumulative or ~~non-cumulative~~noncumulative preferential dividends (including profits or other moneys carried and standing to any reserve or reserves) and to apply such profits or other moneys in paying up in full ~~unissued~~new shares, in each case on terms that such shares shall, upon issue: -

Power to issue free shares and/or to capitalise reserves for share-based incentive plans and Directors' remuneration

- (a) ~~be held by or for the benefit of participants of any share incentive or option scheme or plan implemented by the Company and approved by shareholders in General Meeting and on such terms as the Directors shall think fit; or~~
- (b) be held by or for the benefit of non-executive Directors as part of their remuneration under ~~Article 84~~article 91 and/or article 92(2) approved by shareholders in General Meeting in such manner and on such terms as the Directors shall think fit.

The Directors may do all such acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any ~~capitalisation authorised pursuant to this Article 122(B) of the foregoing.~~

18 ARTICLE 153

~~128A~~153. (1) Any notice or any other document (including a share certificate) may be served by the Company ~~upon~~on any Member either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter or wrapper addressed to such Member at his registered address ~~as appearing~~entered in the Register of Members or, ~~in (as the case of a Depositor, such address as may be notified by) the Depository Register, or (if he has no registered address within Singapore) to the address, if any, within Singapore supplied by him to the Company for the purpose of or (as the despatch of such notice or document.~~ All notices directed ~~to be given to the Members shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Members, and any notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such share. Any notice of a meeting or other document required or permitted to be given, sent or served under the Act or the Memorandum of Association and these Articles~~case may be given, sent or served) supplied by the Company using electronic ~~communications in accordance with the Act~~him to the Depository as his address for the service of notices, or by delivering it to such address as aforesaid.

Service of notices

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- (2) Without prejudice to the provisions of article 153(1), but subject otherwise to the Act and any regulations made thereunder relating to electronic communications and any listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange, any notice or document (including, without limitation, any accounts, balance-sheet, financial statements or reports, circulars, letters, annual reports or notices) which is required or permitted to be given, sent or served under the Act or under this Constitution by the Company, or by the Directors, to a Member may be given, sent or served using electronic communications:- Electronic communications
- (a) _____ to the current address of that person; or
- (b) _____ by making it available on a website prescribed by the Company from time to time, in accordance with the provisions of this Constitution. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, in the event that any notice or document is to be given, sent or served according to (b) above, the Directors may give such notification relating to the address of the website and how to access such notice or document in such manner as the Directors may determine at their discretion, subject to the Act and any regulations made thereunder relating to electronic communications and any listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange.
- (3) For the purposes of article 153(2)(b), subject to the Act and any regulations made thereunder relating to electronic communications and any listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange, a Member shall be deemed to have agreed to receive such notice or document by way of such electronic communications and shall not have a right to elect to receive a physical copy of such notice or document. Implied consent
- (4) Notwithstanding article 153(3), the Directors may, at their discretion, or will, if so required by the Act, any regulations made thereunder relating to electronic communications or any listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange, give a Member an opportunity, on at least one occasion, to elect within a specified period of time whether to receive such notice or document by way of electronic communications or as a physical copy, and subject to article 153(5) below, a Member shall be deemed to have consented to receive such notice or document by way of electronic communications if he was given such an opportunity and he failed to make an election within the specified time, and he shall not in such an event have a right to receive a physical copy of such notice or document. Deemed consent

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- (5) Any election or deemed election by a Member pursuant to article 153(4) above is a standing election but the Member may make a fresh election at any time, provided that until the Member makes a fresh election, the election or deemed election that is conveyed to the Company last in time prevails over all previous elections as that Member's valid and subsisting election in relation to all documents and notices to be sent pursuant to articles 153(4) above.
- (6) Articles 153(2), (3), (4) and (5) above shall not apply to such notices or documents which are excluded from being given, sent or served by electronic communications or means pursuant to the Act and any regulations made thereunder relating to electronic communications and any listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or by-laws governing the Stock Exchange.

19 ARTICLE 157

- 131157.(1) Any notice or other document; if served or sent by post; and whether by airmail or not shall be deemed to have been served or delivered at the time when the letter envelope or wrapper containing the same is put into the post posted, and in proving such service or sending by post it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter or wrapper containing the notice or document same was properly addressed and put into the post office as a prepaid letter or wrapper. When notice given by post deemed served
- (2) Where a notice or document is given, sent or served by electronic communications:- When notice given by electronic communications deemed served
- (a) to the current address of a person pursuant to article 153(2)(a), it shall be deemed to have been duly given, sent or served at the time of transmission of the electronic communication by the email server or facility operated by the Company or its service provider to the current address of such person (notwithstanding any delayed receipt, non-delivery or "returned mail" reply message or any other error message indicating that the electronic communication was delayed or not successfully sent), unless otherwise provided under the Act and/or any other applicable regulations or procedures; and
- (b) by making it available on a website pursuant to article 153(2)(b), it shall be deemed to have been duly given, sent or served on the date on which the notice or document is first made available on the website, or unless otherwise provided under the Act and/or any other applicable regulations or procedures.

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20 ARTICLE 160

~~133~~160.(1) Subject (but not limited) to Section 172 the provisions of the and so far as may be permitted by the Act, every Director, Auditor, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of by the Company against all expenses costs, charges, cost, damages, claims, proceedings, losses or, expenses and liabilities whatsoever which he may sustain incurred or incur to be incurred by him in or about the execution and discharge of the his duties of his office or otherwise or in relation thereto, and including without any limitation any liability by him in defending any proceedings, civil or criminal, which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as an officer or employee of the Company and in which judgment is given in his favour (or the proceedings otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part) or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under any statute for relief from liability in respect of any such act or omission in which relief is granted to him by the court. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, no Director, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other Director or officer or for joining in any receipt or other act for conformity or for any loss or expense happening to the Company through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Directors for or on behalf of the Company or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy insolvency or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities or effects shall be deposited or left or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatsoever which may shall happen to or be incurred by the Company in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto: unless the same shall happen through his own negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust.

Indemnity of Directors and officers

- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of article 160(1) above, every Director, Secretary or other officer of the Company is to be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability (other than any liability referred to in section 172B(1)(a) or (b) of the Act) incurred by the Director, Secretary or officer to a person other than the Company attaching to the Director, Secretary or officer in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust.
- (3) Without prejudice to the generality of article 160(1) above, every Auditor is to be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by the Auditor in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in the Auditor's favour or in which the Auditor is acquitted or in connection with any application under the Act in which relief is granted to the Auditor by the Court in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust.

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21 Article 162

- 162.(1) A Member who is a natural person is deemed to have consented to the collection, use and disclosure of his personal data (whether such personal data is provided by that Member or is collected through a third party) by the Company (or its agents or service providers) from time to time for any of the following purposes:- Personal data of members
- (a) implementation and administration of any corporate action by the Company (or its agents or service providers);
 - (b) internal analysis and/or market research by the Company (or its agents or service providers);
 - (c) investor relations communications by the Company (or its agents or service providers);
 - (d) administration by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of that Member's holding of shares in the Company;
 - (e) implementation and administration of any service provided by the Company (or its agents or service providers) to its Members to receive notices of meetings, annual reports and other shareholder communications and/or for proxy appointment, whether by electronic means or otherwise;
 - (f) processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of proxies and representatives appointed for any General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to any General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof);
 - (g) implementation and administration of, and compliance with, any provision of this Constitution;
 - (h) compliance with any applicable laws, listing rules, take-over rules, regulations and/or guidelines; and
 - (i) purposes which are reasonably related to any of the above purpose.
- (2) Any Member who appoints a proxy and/or representative for any General Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof is deemed to have warranted that where such Member discloses the personal data of such proxy and/or representative to the Company (or its agents or service providers), that Member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy and/or representative for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the personal data of such proxy and/or representative for the purposes specified in articles 162(1)(f) and 162(1)(h). Personal data of proxies and/or representatives

APPENDIX 2

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THE COMPANIES ACT, CHAPTER 50

CONSTITUTION OF COSMOSTEEL HOLDINGS LIMITED (Adopted by Special Resolution passed on [25 January 2017])

INTERPRETATION

1. In this Constitution, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, the words standing in the first column of the Table next hereinafter contained shall bear the meanings set opposite to them respectively in the second column thereof: - Interpretation

WORDS	MEANINGS
"The Act"	The Companies Act, Cap. 50 or any statutory modification, amendment or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force or any and every other act for the time being in force concerning companies and affecting the Company and any reference to any provision as so modified, amended or re-enacted or contained in any such subsequent Companies Act or other act concerning companies and affecting the Company.
"Chairman"	The chairman of the Directors or the chairman of the General Meeting as the case may be.
"The Company"	The abovenamed Company by whatever name from time to time called.
"This Constitution"	This Constitution or other regulations of the Company for the time being in force.
"Director"	Includes any person acting as a Director of the Company and includes any person duly appointed and acting for the time being as an alternate Director.
"Directors"	The Directors for the time being of the Company or such number of them as having the authority to act for the Company.
"dividend"	Includes bonus.
"market day"	A day on which the Stock Exchange is open for trading in securities.
"Member"	A Member of the Company, save that references in this Constitution to "Member" shall, where the Act requires, exclude the Company where it is a Member by reason of its holding of its shares as treasury shares.
"month"	Calendar month.
"Office"	The registered office of the Company for the time being.

APPENDIX 2

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WORDS	MEANINGS
"paid-up"	Includes credited as paid-up.
"registered address" or "address"	In relation to any Member, his physical address for the service or delivery of notices or documents personally or by post, except where otherwise expressly provided in this Constitution.
"Seal"	The Common Seal of the Company or in appropriate cases the Official Seal or duplicate Common Seal.
"Secretary"	The Secretary or Secretaries appointed under this Constitution and shall include any person entitled to perform the duties of the Secretary temporarily.
"Stock Exchange"	The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited for so long as the shares of the Company are listed and quoted on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and/or such other stock exchange in respect of which the shares of the Company are listed or quoted.
"Writing" and "Written"	Written or produced by any substitute for writing or partly one and partly another and shall include (except where otherwise expressly specified in this Constitution or the context otherwise requires, and subject to any limitations, conditions or restrictions contained in the Act) any representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information which may be displayed in a visible form, whether in a physical document or in an electronic communication or form or otherwise howsoever.
"year"	Calendar year.

The expressions "Depositor", "Depository", "Depository Agent" and "Depository Register" shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in the Securities and Futures Act, Cap. 289.

The expressions "current address", "electronic communication", "relevant intermediary" and "treasury shares" shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in the Act.

References in this Constitution to "holder(s)" of shares or a class of shares shall:-

- (a) exclude the Depository or its nominee (as the case may be) except where otherwise expressly provided in this Constitution or where the term "registered holders" or "registered holder" is used in this Constitution;
- (b) where the context so requires, be deemed to include references to Depositors whose names are entered in the Depository Register in respect of those shares; and
- (c) except where otherwise expressly provided in this Constitution, exclude the Company in relation to its shares held by it as treasury shares,

and "holding" and "held" shall be construed accordingly.

Words denoting the singular number only shall include the plural and vice versa.

Words denoting the masculine gender only shall include the feminine gender.

APPENDIX 2

THE NEW CONSTITUTION

Words denoting persons shall include corporations.

Save as aforesaid, any words or expressions used in the Act and the Interpretation Act, Cap.1 shall, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, bear the same meanings in this Constitution.

Any reference in this Constitution to any enactment is a reference to that enactment as for the time being amended or re-enacted.

A Special Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of this Constitution.

The headnotes and marginal notes are inserted for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the construction of this Constitution.

NAME

- | | | |
|----|---|------|
| 2. | The name of the Company is "CosmoSteel Holdings Limited". | Name |
|----|---|------|

REGISTERED OFFICE

- | | | |
|----|---|--------|
| 3. | The Office of the Company will be situated in the Republic of Singapore. | Office |
|----|---|--------|

POWER

- | | | |
|----|---|---------|
| 4. | Subject to the provisions of the Act and any other written law and this Constitution, the Company has:- | Objects |
| | (a) full capacity to carry on or undertake any business or activity, do any act or enter into any transaction; and | |
| | (b) for the purposes of paragraph (a) above, full rights, powers and privileges. | |

LIABILITY OF MEMBERS

- | | | |
|----|--|----------------------|
| 5. | The liability of the Members is limited. | Liability of Members |
|----|--|----------------------|

SHARES

- | | | |
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| 6. | The Company may, subject to and in accordance with the Act, purchase or otherwise acquire its issued shares on such terms and in such manner as the Company may from time to time think fit. If required by the Act, any share which is so purchased or acquired by the Company shall, unless held in treasury in accordance with the Act, be deemed to be cancelled immediately on purchase or acquisition by the Company. On the cancellation of any share as aforesaid, the rights and privileges attached to that share shall expire. In any other instance, the Company may hold or deal with any such share which is so purchased or acquired by it in such manner as may be permitted by, and in accordance with, the Act. | Power to repurchase shares |
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7. Subject to the Act and this Constitution, no shares may be issued by the Directors without the prior approval of the Company in General Meeting but subject thereto and to article 53, and to any special rights attached to any shares for the time being issued, the Directors may allot and issue shares or grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons on such terms and conditions and for such consideration (if any) and at such time and subject or not to the payment of any part of the amount (if any) thereof in cash as the Directors may think fit, and any shares may be issued with such preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions, as the Directors may think fit, and preference shares may be issued which are or at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed, the terms and manner of redemption being determined by the Directors provided always that:-
- (a) (subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the Company in General Meeting) any issue of shares for cash to Members holding shares of any class shall be offered to such Members in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of shares of such class then held by them and the provisions of the second sentence of article 53(1) with such adaptations as are necessary shall apply; and
- (b) any other issue of shares, the aggregate of which would exceed the limits referred to in article 53(2), shall be subject to the approval of the Company in General Meeting.
8. (1) The Company has power to issue different classes of shares. Issue of different classes of shares
- (2) The rights attaching to shares of a class other than ordinary shares shall be expressed in this Constitution. Shares of a class other than ordinary shares
- (3) The Company may issue shares for which no consideration is payable to the Company. Issue of shares for no consideration
- (4) Preference shares may be issued subject to such limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Stock Exchange. Preference shareholders shall have the same rights as ordinary shareholders as regards receiving of notices, reports and balance sheets and attending General Meetings, and preference shareholders shall also have the right to vote at any General Meeting convened for the purpose of reducing the capital or winding-up or sanctioning a sale of the undertaking of the Company or where the proposal to be submitted to the General Meeting directly affects their rights and privileges or when the dividend on the preference shares is more than six months in arrear. Preference shares
- (5) The Company has power to issue further preference capital ranking equally with, or in priority to, preference shares already issued. Issue of further preference capital
9. The Company shall not exercise any right in respect of treasury shares other than as provided by the Act. Subject thereto, the Company may hold or deal with its treasury shares in the manner authorised by, or prescribed pursuant to, the Act. Treasury shares

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| 10. | If, at any time the share capital is divided into different classes, subject to the provisions of the Act, preference capital, other than redeemable preference capital, may be repaid and the special rights attached to any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, whether or not the Company is being wound up, be varied or abrogated with the sanction of a Special Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of shares of the class and to every such Special Resolution the provisions of the Act shall with such adaptations as are necessary apply. To every such separate General Meeting the provisions of this Constitution relating to General Meetings shall mutatis mutandis apply; but so that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy at least one-third of the issued shares of the class and any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll. Provided always that where the necessary majority for such a Special Resolution is not obtained at the General Meeting, consent in writing if obtained from the holders of three-fourths of the issued shares of the class concerned within two months of the General Meeting shall be as valid and effectual as a Special Resolution carried at the General Meeting. | Variation of rights |
| 11. | The rights conferred upon the holders of the shares of any class issued with preferred or other rights shall, unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class or by this Constitution as is in force at the time of such issue, be deemed to be varied by the issue of further shares ranking equally therewith. | Issue of further shares with special rights |
| 12. | The Company may pay commissions or brokerage on any issue of shares at such rate or amount and in such manner as the Directors may deem fit. Such commissions or brokerage may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other. | Power to pay commission and brokerage |
| 13. | If any shares of the Company are issued for the purpose of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any works or buildings or the provision of any plant which cannot be made profitable for a long period, the Company may, subject to the conditions and restrictions mentioned in the Act, pay interest on so much of the share capital (except treasury shares) as is for the time being paid up and may charge the same to capital as part of the cost of the construction or provision. | Power to charge interest on capital |
| 14. | Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust and the Company shall not be bound by or compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share or any interest in any fractional part of a share or (except only as by this Constitution or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share, except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the person (other than the Depository or its nominee (as the case may be)) entered in the Register of Members as the registered holder thereof or (as the case may be) the person whose name is entered in the Depository Register in respect of that share. | Exclusion of equities |
| 15. | Except as herein provided no person shall exercise any rights or privileges of a Member until he is registered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register as a Member and shall have paid all calls and other moneys due for the time being on every share held by him. | Exercise of Member's rights |

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16. When two or more persons are registered as the holders of any share they shall be deemed to hold the same as joint tenants with benefit of survivorship subject to the provisions following:- Joint holders
- (a) The Company shall not be bound to register more than three persons as the holders of any share except in the case of executors or administrators (or trustees) of the estate of a deceased Member.
 - (b) For the purposes of a quorum joint-holders of any share shall be treated as one Member.
 - (c) Only one certificate shall be issued in respect of any share.
 - (d) Only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members as one of the joint-holders of any share shall be entitled to delivery of the certificate relating to such share or to receive notices from the Company. Any notice served on any one of the joint-holders shall be deemed to have been duly served on all of them.
 - (e) The joint-holders of any share shall be liable severally as well as jointly in respect of calls and any other payments which ought to be made in respect of such share.
 - (f) Any one of the joint-holders of any share may give effectual receipts for any dividend, return of capital or other sum of money payable to such joint-holders in respect of such share.
 - (g) On the death of any one of the joint-holders of any share the survivor or survivors shall be the only person or persons recognised by the Company as having any title to such share but the Directors may require such evidence of death as they think necessary to call for.
 - (h) If more than one of such joint-holders are present in person or proxy at any General Meeting only that one of the joint-holders or his attorney or proxy, whose name stands first in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register amongst those so present in person or proxy shall be entitled to vote in respect of any of the shares so held.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

17. Every certificate shall be issued under the Seal and shall specify the number and class of shares to which it relates, whether the shares are fully or partly paid up, and the amount (if any) unpaid thereon. No certificate shall be issued representing shares of more than one class. Certificates

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| 18. | Every person whose name is entered as a Member in the Register of Members shall be entitled within ten market days (or such other period as may be approved by the Stock Exchange) of the closing date of any application for shares or, as the case may be, the date of lodgement of a registrable transfer or on a transmission of shares to one certificate for all his shares of any one class or several certificates in reasonable denominations each for a part of the shares so allotted or transferred. If a Member shall require several certificates each for a part of the shares so allotted or transferred or included in the transmission or if a Member transfers part only of the shares comprised in a certificate or requires the Company to cancel any certificate or certificates and issue new certificates for the purpose of subdividing his holding in a different manner the Member shall pay prior to the issue of the certificates or certificate a fee not exceeding S\$2 for each such new certificate as the Directors may determine. | Entitlement to certificates |
| 19. | Subject to the provisions of the Act, if any certificate shall be defaced, worn out, destroyed, lost or stolen, a new certificate may be issued in lieu thereof on such evidence being produced and a letter of indemnity (if required) being given by the shareholder, transferee, person entitled, purchaser, member firm or member company of the Stock Exchange or on behalf of its or their client or clients as the Directors shall require, and (in case of defacement or wearing out) on delivery up of the old certificate and in any case on payment of such sum not exceeding S\$2 as the Directors may from time to time require. In the case of destruction, loss or theft, a shareholder or person entitled to whom such new certificate is given shall also bear the loss and pay to the Company all expenses incidental to the investigations by the Company of the evidence of such destruction or loss. | New certificates may be issued |

TRANSFER OF SHARES

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| 20. | Subject to the provisions of this Constitution, all transfers of shares shall be effected by written instrument of transfer in the form as approved by the Stock Exchange or in any other form acceptable to the Directors. | Form of transfer of shares |
| 21. | The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed by or on behalf of both the transferor and the transferee and be witnessed, provided that an instrument of transfer in respect of which the transferee is the Depository or its nominee (as the case may be) shall be effective although not signed or witnessed by or on behalf of the Depository or its nominee (as the case may be). The transferor shall remain the holder of the share concerned until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof. | Execution of transfer of shares |
| 22. | No shares shall in any circumstances be transferred to any infant, bankrupt or person who is mentally disordered and incapable of managing himself or his affairs. | Person under disability |
| 23. | There shall be no restriction on the transfer of fully paid up shares (except as required by law, the listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange) but the Directors may in their discretion decline to register any transfer of shares upon which the Company has a lien and in the case of shares not fully paid up may refuse to register a transfer to a transferee of whom they do not approve. Provided always that in the event of the Directors refusing to register a transfer of shares, they shall within ten market days beginning with the date on which the application for a transfer of shares was made, serve a notice in writing to the applicant stating the facts which are considered to justify the refusal as required by the Act. | Directors' power to decline to register |

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24. If the Directors refuse to register a transfer of any share, they shall within ten market days after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company, send to the transferor and the transferee notice of refusal as required by the Act. Notice of refusal
25. The Directors may decline to register any instrument of transfer unless:- Terms of registration of transfers
- (a) such fee not exceeding S\$2 as the Directors may from time to time require, is paid to the Company in respect thereof;
 - (b) the amount of proper duty (if any) with which each instrument of transfer is chargeable under any law for the time being in force relating to stamps is paid;
 - (c) the instrument of transfer is deposited at the Office or at such other place (if any) as the Directors may appoint accompanied by a certificate of payment of stamp duty (if any), the certificates of the shares to which the transfer relates, and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of the person so to do; and
 - (d) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares.
- All instruments of transfer which are registered may be retained by the Company, but any instrument of transfer which the Directors may decline to register shall be returned to the person depositing the same except in the case of fraud.
26. The registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such period as the Directors may from time to time determine provided always that such registration shall not be suspended for more than thirty days in any year. The Company shall give prior notice of such closure as may be required to the Stock Exchange, stating the period and the purpose or purposes of such closure. Suspension of registration
27. Nothing in this Constitution shall preclude the Directors from recognising a renunciation of the allotment of any share by the allottee in favour of some other person. Renunciation of allotment

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

28. (1) In the case of the death of a Member whose name is entered in the Register of Members, the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint-holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares. Survivor, executors or administrators entitled to shares of a deceased Member

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| (2) | In the case of the death of a Member who is a Depositor, the survivor or survivors where the deceased was a joint-holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder and where such executors or administrators are entered in the Depository Register in respect of any shares of the deceased Member, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares. | Survivor, executors or administrators entitled to shares of a deceased Depositor |
| (3) | Nothing in this article shall release the estate of a deceased holder from any liability in respect of any share solely or jointly held by him. | Estate of deceased holder |
| 29. | Any person becoming entitled to the legal title in a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member whose name is entered in the Register of Members, and any guardian of an infant becoming entitled to the legal title in a share and whose name is entered in the Register of Members, and any person as properly has the management of the estate of a Member whose name is entered in the Register of Members and who is mentally disordered and incapable of managing himself or his affairs may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Directors and subject as hereinafter provided, elect either to be registered himself as holder of the share or transfer the share to some other person, but the Directors shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as they would have had in the case of a transfer of the share by a Member. | Transmission of shares |
| 30. | If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing in a form approved by the Directors signed by him stating that he so elects. If he shall elect to transfer the share to another person he shall testify his election by executing to that person a transfer of the share. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of this Constitution relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the event upon which transmission took place had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by the person from whom the title by transmission is derived. | Requirements regarding transmission of shares |
| 31. | A person becoming entitled to a share by transmission shall be entitled to receive and give a discharge for the same dividends and be entitled to the other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the Member in respect of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a Member in the Register of Members or before his name shall have been entered in the Depository Register in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to General Meetings. | Rights of persons entitled to a share by transmission |
| 32. | The Directors may at any time give notice requiring any person entitled to a share by transmission to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days the Directors may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, or other moneys payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with. | Person entitled may be required to register or transfer share |
| 33. | There shall be paid to the Company in respect of the registration of any probate, letters of administration, certificate of marriage or death, power of attorney or other document relating to or affecting the title to any shares, such fee not exceeding S\$2 as the Directors may from time to time require or prescribe. | Fee for registration of probate, etc |

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THE NEW CONSTITUTION

CALLS ON SHARES

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| 34. | The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the Members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares and not by the conditions of allotment thereof made payable at fixed times, and each Member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine. | Amounts and periods |
| 35. | A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed and may be required to be paid by instalments. | When made |
| 36. | If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom it is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate not exceeding eight per cent per annum as the Directors may determine, but the Directors shall be at liberty to waive payment of such interest wholly or in part. | Interest on overdue calls |
| 37. | Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at any fixed date shall for the purposes of this Constitution be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable, and in case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of this Constitution as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified. | On allotment |
| 38. | The Directors may, on the issue of shares, differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment. | Directors may differentiate between holders |
| 39. | The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any Member willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon the shares held by him and such payments in advance of calls shall extinguish, so far as the same shall extend, the liability upon the shares in respect of which it is made, and upon the moneys so received or so much thereof as from time to time exceed the amount of the call then made upon the shares concerned, the Company may pay interest at such rate not exceeding eight per cent per annum as the Member paying such sum and the Directors agree upon. Capital paid on shares in advance of calls shall not whilst carrying interest confer a right to participate in profits. | Payment in advance of calls |
| 40. | The Directors may apply all dividends which may be declared in respect of any shares in payment of any calls made or instalments payable and which may remain unpaid in respect of the same shares. | Lien on dividends to pay call |

APPENDIX 2

THE NEW CONSTITUTION

LIEN AND FORFEITURE

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| 41. | The Company shall have a first and paramount lien and charge on every share (not being a fully paid share) registered in the name of each Member (whether solely or jointly with others) and on the dividends declared or payable in respect thereof. Such lien shall be restricted to unpaid calls and instalments upon the specific shares in respect of which such moneys are due and unpaid, and to such amount as the Company may be called upon by law to pay in respect of the shares of the Member or deceased Member. | Company's lien |
| 42. | For the purpose of enforcing such lien the Directors may sell all or any of the shares subject thereto in such manner as they think fit but no sale shall be made until such time as the moneys owing to the Company are presently payable and until a notice in writing stating the amount due and demanding payment and giving notice of intention to sell in default shall have been served in such manner as the Directors shall think fit on such Member or the person (if any) entitled to effect a transmission of the shares and who shall have produced to the Company satisfactory evidence of such capacity and default in payment shall have been made by him or them for fourteen days after such notice. Provided always that if a Member shall have died or become mentally disordered and incapable of managing himself or his affairs or bankrupt and no person shall have given to the Company satisfactory proof of his right to effect a transmission of the shares held by such Member, the Directors may exercise such power of sale without serving any such notice. | Notice to pay the amount due, and sale on non-compliance therewith |
| 43. | Upon any sale being made by the Directors of any shares to satisfy the lien of the Company thereon the proceeds shall be applied first in the payment of the costs of such sale, next in satisfaction of the debt, obligation, engagement or liability of the Member to the Company and the residue (if any) shall be paid to the Member or as he shall direct or to his executors, administrators or assigns. | Application of sale proceeds |
| 44. | A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director and that a share has been duly forfeited or surrendered or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated therein as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share, and such declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof together (where the same be required) with the share certificate delivered to a purchaser (or where the purchaser is a Depositor, to the Depository or its nominee (as the case may be)) or allottee thereof shall (subject to the execution of a transfer if the same be required) constitute good title to the share and the share shall be registered in the name of the person to whom the share is sold, reallocated or disposed of or, where such person is a Depositor, the Company shall procure that his name be entered in the Depository Register in respect of the share so sold, re-allotted or disposed of. Such person shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any) nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the forfeiture, surrender, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share. | Title to shares forfeited or surrendered or sold to satisfy a lien |
| 45. | In the event of a forfeiture of shares or a sale of shares to satisfy the Company's lien thereon the Member or other person who prior to such forfeiture or sale was entitled thereto shall be bound to deliver and shall forthwith deliver to the Company the certificate or certificates held by him for the shares so forfeited or sold. | Certificate of shares to be delivered to the Company |

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46. If a Member fails to pay any call or any part thereof on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Directors may, at any time thereafter during such time as any part of the call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid, together with any interest which may have accrued and any expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment. If call or instalment not paid, notice may be given
47. The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time appointed, the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited. Form of notice
48. If the requirements of such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which the notice has been given may at any time thereafter before all payments required by the notice have been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture. The Directors may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder. If notice not complied with shares may be forfeited
49. A share so forfeited or surrendered shall become the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture or surrender the holder thereof or entitled thereto, or to any other person, upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit, and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposition the forfeiture or surrender may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit. To give effect to any such sale, the Directors may, if necessary, authorise some person to transfer or effect the transfer of a forfeited or surrendered share to any such person as aforesaid. Sale of shares forfeited
50. A Member whose shares have been forfeited or surrendered shall cease to be a Member in respect of the shares, but shall notwithstanding the forfeiture or surrender remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which at the date of forfeiture or surrender were payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares with interest thereon at eight per cent per annum (or such lower rate as the Directors may approve) from the date of forfeiture or surrender until payment, but such liability shall cease if and when the Company receives payment in full of all such money in respect of the shares and the Directors may waive payment of such interest either wholly or in part. Rights and liabilities of Members whose shares have been forfeited or surrendered
51. The provisions of this Constitution as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified. Forfeiture applies to non-payment of call due at fixed time

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THE NEW CONSTITUTION

ALTERATION OF CAPITAL

52. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, any share in the Company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special, limited or conditional rights, or subject to such restrictions, whether as regards dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution or, if required by the Act, by Special Resolution determine (or, in the absence of any such determination, but subject to the Act, as the Directors may determine) and subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may issue preference shares which are, or at the option of the Company are, liable to be redeemed. Rights and privileges of new shares
53. (1) Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the Company in General Meeting or except as permitted under the listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange, all new shares shall before issue be offered to such persons who as at the date of the offer are entitled to receive notices from the Company of General Meetings in proportion as far as the circumstances admit, to the number of the existing shares to which they are entitled. In offering such new shares in the first instance to all the then holders of any class of shares the offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting the time within which the offer if not accepted will be deemed to be declined and after the expiration of that time or on the receipt of an intimation from the person to whom the offer is made that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Directors may dispose of those shares in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company and the Directors may as they think most beneficial to the Company dispose of any such new shares which by reason of the proportion borne by them to the shares held by holders entitled to any such offer or by reason of any other difficulty in apportioning the same cannot, in the opinion of the Directors, be conveniently offered under this article. Issue of new shares to Members
- (2) Notwithstanding article 53(1), the Company may by Ordinary Resolution in General Meeting give to the Directors a general authority, either unconditionally or subject to such conditions as may be specified in the Ordinary Resolution, to:- General authority for Directors to issue new shares and make or grant Instruments
- (a) (i) issue shares whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or
- (ii) make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "Instruments") that might or would require shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible into shares; and
- (b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by the Ordinary Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue shares in pursuance of any Instrument made or granted by the Directors while the Ordinary Resolution was in force, provided that:-
- (i) the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to the Ordinary Resolution (including shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to the Ordinary Resolution) shall be subject to such limits and manner of calculation as may be prescribed by the Stock Exchange;

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- (ii) in exercising the authority conferred by the Ordinary Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange for the time being in force (unless such compliance is waived by the Stock Exchange) and this Constitution; and
- (iii) (unless revoked or varied by the Company in General Meeting) the authority conferred by the Ordinary Resolution shall not continue in force beyond the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting next following the passing of the Ordinary Resolution, or the date by which such Annual General Meeting is required by law to be held, or the expiration of such other period as may be prescribed by the Act (whichever is the earliest).
54. Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by this Constitution, all new shares shall be subject to the provisions of the Act and this Constitution with reference to allotments, payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise. New shares otherwise subject to provisions of the Act and this Constitution
55. (1) The Company may by Ordinary Resolution:- Power to consolidate, subdivide and redenominate shares
- (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its shares;
- (b) subdivide its shares or any of them (subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act and this Constitution) provided always that in such subdivision the proportion between the amount paid and the amount (if any) unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived; and
- (c) subject to the provisions of this Constitution and the Act, convert its share capital or any class of shares from one currency to another currency.
- (2) The Company may by Special Resolution, subject to and in accordance with the Act, convert one class of shares into another class of shares. Power to convert shares
56. The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital, or any other undistributable reserve in any manner and subject to any incident authorised and consent required by law. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, upon cancellation of any share purchased or otherwise acquired by the Company pursuant to this Constitution and the Act, the number of issued shares of the Company shall be diminished by the number of the shares so cancelled, and, where any such cancelled share was purchased or acquired out of the capital of the Company, the amount of share capital of the Company shall be reduced accordingly. Power to reduce capital

APPENDIX 2

THE NEW CONSTITUTION

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK

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| 57. | The Company may by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock, and may from time to time by like resolution reconvert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination. | Conversion of shares into stock and re-conversion |
| 58. | The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner and subject to the same articles as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred or as near thereto as circumstances admit; but the Directors may from time to time fix the minimum number of stock units transferable and restrict or forbid the transfer of fractions of that minimum. | Transfer of stock |
| 59. | The holders of stock shall, according to the number of stock units held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividend, return of capital, voting and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except as regards dividend and return of capital and the assets on winding up) shall be conferred by any such number of stock units which would not if existing in shares have conferred that privilege or advantage; and no such conversion shall affect or prejudice any preference or other special privileges attached to the shares so converted. | Rights of stockholders |
| 60. | The provisions of this Constitution which are applicable to paid-up shares shall, so far as circumstances will admit, apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" therein shall include "stock" and "stockholder". | Shares/stock |

GENERAL MEETINGS

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| 61. | (1) Save as otherwise permitted under the Act, an Annual General Meeting shall be held once in every year, at such time (within a period of not more than 15 months after the holding of the last preceding Annual General Meeting) and place in Singapore as may be determined by the Directors. | Annual General Meeting |
| | (2) All General Meetings other than Annual General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings and shall be held at such time and place in Singapore as may be determined by the Directors. | Extraordinary General Meeting |
| 62. | The Directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting and Extraordinary General Meetings shall also be convened by such requisition or, in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, in accordance with the provisions of the Act. If at any time there are not within Singapore sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum at a meeting of Directors, any Director may convene an Extraordinary General Meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the Directors. | Calling Extraordinary General Meetings |

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NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

63. (1) Any General Meeting at which it is proposed to pass a Special Resolution or (save as provided by the Act) a resolution of which special notice has been given to the Company shall be called by at least twenty one days' notice in writing and any Annual General Meeting and any other Extraordinary General Meeting by at least fourteen days' notice in writing. The period of notice shall in each case be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the General Meeting is to be held and shall be given in the manner hereinafter mentioned to such persons as are under the provisions herein contained and the Act entitled to receive such notices from the Company; Provided that a General Meeting notwithstanding that it has been called by a shorter notice than that specified above shall be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:-
- (a) in the case of an Annual General Meeting by all the Members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (b) in the case of an Extraordinary General Meeting by a majority in number of the Members having a right to attend and vote thereat, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent of the total voting rights of all the Members having a right to vote at that meeting.
- Provided also that the accidental omission to give notice to, or the non-receipt by any person entitled thereto, shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.
- At least fourteen days' notice of any General Meeting shall be given by advertisement in the daily press and in writing to the Stock Exchange.
- (2) Notice of every General Meeting shall be given to:-
- (a) every Member;
- (b) every person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy or otherwise of a Member who but for the same would be entitled to receive notice of the General Meeting; and
- (c) the Auditor for the time being of the Company.
64. (1) Every notice calling a General Meeting shall specify the place in Singapore and the day and hour of the meeting, and there shall appear with reasonable prominence in every such notice a statement that a Member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and to vote instead of him and that a proxy need not be a Member.
- (2) In the case of an Annual General Meeting, the notice shall also specify the meeting as such.

Notice of
General Meetings

Persons entitled
to receive notice

Contents of
notice

Notice of Annual
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- (3) In the case of any General Meeting at which business other than routine business is to be transacted, the notice shall specify the general nature of the business; and if any resolution is to be proposed as a Special Resolution or as requiring special notice, the notice shall contain a statement to that effect. Nature of special business to be specified
65. Routine business shall mean and include only business transacted at an Annual General Meeting of the following classes, that is to say:- Routine business
- (a) declaring dividends;
- (b) considering and adopting the financial statements, the Directors' statement, the Auditor's report and other documents required to be attached to the financial statements;
- (c) appointing or re-appointing the Auditor and fixing the remuneration of the Auditor or determining the manner in which such remuneration is to be fixed; and
- (d) appointing or re-appointing Directors in place of those retiring by rotation or otherwise and fixing the remuneration of the Directors.
66. Any notice of a General Meeting to consider special business shall be accompanied by a statement regarding the effect of any proposed resolution in respect of such special business. Special business

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

67. No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Save as herein otherwise provided, two Members present in person or by proxy shall form a quorum. Quorum
68. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the General Meeting (or such longer interval as the Chairman of the meeting may think fit to allow) a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of Members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week (or if that day is a public holiday then to the next business day following that public holiday) at the same time and place in Singapore, or to such other day and at such other time and place in Singapore as the Directors may determine, and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within fifteen minutes from the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Members present in person or by proxy shall be deemed to be a quorum. Adjournment if quorum not present
69. The Chairman, if any, of the Directors shall preside as Chairman at every General Meeting. If there be no such Chairman or if at any General Meeting he be not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting or be unwilling to act, the Members present shall choose a Director to be Chairman of the meeting or, if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, one of their number present to be Chairman. Chairman

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70. The Chairman may, with the consent of any General Meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time (or sine die) and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might lawfully have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. Where a General Meeting is adjourned sine die, the time and place in Singapore for the adjourned meeting shall be fixed by the Directors. When a General Meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more or sine die, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of the original meeting. Save as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned General Meeting. Adjournment
71. (1) If required by the listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange, all resolutions at General Meetings shall be voted by poll (unless such requirement is waived by the Stock Exchange). Mandatory polling
- (2) Subject to article 71(1), at any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll be (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded: - Method of voting where mandatory polling not required
- (a) by the Chairman; or
- (b) by at least two Members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote thereat; or
- (c) by any Member or Members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than five per cent of the total voting rights of all the Members having the right to vote at the General Meeting; or
- (d) by a Member or Members present in person or by proxy, holding shares conferring a right to vote at the General Meeting, being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than five per cent of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.

A demand for a poll made pursuant to this article 71(2) shall not prevent the continuance of the General Meeting for the transaction of any business, other than the question on which the poll has been demanded. Unless a poll be so demanded (and the demand be not withdrawn) or is required pursuant to article 71(1), a declaration by the Chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost and an entry to that effect in the minute book shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution. A demand for a poll made pursuant to this article 71(2) may be withdrawn.

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| 72. | Where a poll is taken, it shall be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) as the Chairman may direct and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the General Meeting. The Chairman may (and, if required by the listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange or if so requested by the meeting, shall) appoint scrutineers and may adjourn the meeting to some time and place in Singapore fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the result of the poll. | |
| 73. | If any votes be counted which ought not to have been counted or might have been rejected, the error shall not vitiate the result of the voting unless it be pointed out at the same General Meeting or at any adjournment thereof and not in any case unless it shall in the opinion of the Chairman be of sufficient magnitude. | Votes counted in error |
| 74. | In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a poll or on a show of hands, the Chairman of the meeting at which the poll or show of hands takes place shall be entitled to a casting vote. | Chairman's casting vote |
| 75. | A poll on the election of a Chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such subsequent time (not being more than thirty days from the date of the General Meeting) and place in Singapore as the Chairman may direct. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. | Time for taking a poll |
| 76. | After the Chairman of any meeting shall have declared the General Meeting to be over and shall have left the chair no business or question shall under any pretext whatsoever be brought forward or discussed. | End of General Meeting |

VOTE OF MEMBERS

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| 77. | (1) Subject and without prejudice to any special privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any special class of shares for the time being forming part of the capital of the Company and to article 9, each Member entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy. Every Member who is present in person or by proxy shall:- | Voting rights of members |
| | (a) on a poll, have one vote for every share which he holds or represents; and | |
| | (b) on a show of hands, have one vote, provided that:- | |
| | (i) in the case of a Member who is not a relevant intermediary and who is represented by two proxies, only one of the two proxies as determined by that Member or, failing such determination, by the Chairman of the meeting (or by a person authorised by him) in his sole discretion shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands; and | |
| | (ii) in the case of a Member who is a relevant intermediary and who is represented by two or more proxies, each proxy shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands. | |

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For the purpose of determining the number of votes which a Member, being a Depositor, or his proxy may cast at any General Meeting on a poll, the reference to shares held or represented shall, in relation to shares of that Depositor, be the number of shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time of the relevant General Meeting.

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| (2) | Save as otherwise provided in the Act:- | Appointment of proxies |
| | (a) a Member who is not a relevant intermediary may appoint not more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the same General Meeting. Where such Member's form of proxy appoints more than one proxy, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the form of proxy; and | |
| | (b) a Member who is a relevant intermediary may appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the same General Meeting, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such Member. Where such Member's form of proxy appoints more than two proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the form of proxy. | |
| (3) | In any case where a Member is a Depositor, the Company shall be entitled and bound:- | Shares entered in Depository Register |
| | (a) to reject any instrument of proxy lodged by that Depositor if he is not shown to have any shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time of the relevant General Meeting; and | |
| | (b) to accept as the maximum number of votes which in aggregate the proxy or proxies appointed by that Depositor is or are able to cast on a poll a number which is the number of shares entered against the name of that Depositor in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time of the relevant General Meeting, whether that number is greater or smaller than the number specified in any instrument of proxy executed by or on behalf of that Depositor. | |
| | (c) Subject to this Constitution, the Act and the listing rules of the Stock Exchange, the Directors may, at their sole discretion, approve and implement, subject to such security measures as may be deemed necessary or expedient, such voting methods to allow members who are unable to vote in person at any general meeting the option to vote in absentia, including but not limited to voting by mail, electronic mail or facsimile. | Voting in Absentia |
| (4) | The Company shall be entitled and bound, in determining rights to vote and other matters in respect of a completed instrument of proxy submitted to it, to have regards to the instructions (if any) given by and the notes (if any) set out in the instrument of proxy. | Notes and instructions |

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78. Any corporation which is a Member may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any General Meeting or of any class of Members and the persons so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation as the corporation would exercise if it were an individual Member and such corporation shall for the purpose of this Constitution (but subject to the Act) be deemed to be present in person at any such General Meeting if a person so authorised is present thereat. Corporations acting by representatives
79. Where there are joint holders of any share, any one of such persons may vote and be reckoned in a quorum at any General Meeting either personally or by proxy as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such joint holders be so present at any General Meeting that one of such persons so present whose name stands first in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register in respect of such share shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof. Several executors or administrators of a deceased Member in whose name any share stands shall for the purpose of this article be deemed joint holders thereof. Voting rights or joint holders
80. Subject to the provisions of this Constitution every Member shall be entitled to be present and to vote at any General Meeting either personally or by proxy and to be reckoned in a quorum in respect of shares fully paid and in respect of partly paid shares where calls are not due and unpaid. Rights to vote
81. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the General Meeting or adjourned General Meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the Chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive. Objections
82. On a poll, votes may be given either personally or by proxy and a person entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way. Votes on a poll
83. (1) An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing and:- Execution of proxies
- (a) in the case of an individual shall be:-
- (i) signed by the appointor or his attorney if the instrument of proxy is delivered personally or sent by post; or
- (ii) authorised by that individual through such method and in such manner as may be approved by the Directors, if the instrument is submitted by electronic communication; and
- (b) in the case of a corporation shall be:-
- (i) either given under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an attorney or a duly authorised officer of the corporation if the instrument of proxy is delivered personally or sent by post; or

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- (ii) authorised by that corporation through such method and in such manner as may be approved by the Directors, if the instrument is submitted by electronic communication.

The Directors may, for the purposes of articles 83(1)(a)(ii) and 83(1)(b)(ii), designate procedures for authenticating any such instrument, and any such instrument not so authenticated by use of such procedures shall be deemed not to have been received by the Company.

The signature on, or authorisation of, such instrument need not be witnessed. Where an instrument appointing a proxy is signed or authorised on behalf of the appointor (which shall, for purposes of this paragraph include a Depositor) by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy pursuant to article 85, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.

(2) The Directors may, in their absolute discretion:-

- (a) approve the method and manner for an instrument appointing a proxy to be authorised; and
- (b) designate the procedure for authenticating an instrument appointing a proxy, as contemplated in articles 83(1)(a)(ii) and 83(1)(b)(ii) for application to such Members or class of Members as they may determine. Where the Directors do not so approve and designate in relation to a Member (whether of a class or otherwise), article 83(1)(a)(i) and/or (as the case may be) article 83(1)(b)(i) shall apply.

Directors may approve method and manner, and designate procedure, for electronic communications

84. A proxy need not be a Member.

A proxy need not be Member

85. (1) An instrument appointing a proxy or the power of attorney or other authority, if any:-

Deposit of proxies

- (a) if sent personally or by post, must be left at the Office or such other place (if any) as is specified for the purpose in the notice convening the General Meeting; or
- (b) if submitted by electronic communication, must be received through such means as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to or in any document accompanying the notice convening the General Meeting,

and in either case not less than 72 hours before the time appointed for the holding of the General Meeting or adjourned General Meeting (or in the case of a poll before the time appointed for the taking of the poll) to which it is to be used and in default shall not be treated as valid. The deposit of an instrument appointing a proxy does not preclude the Member concerned from attending and voting in person at the meeting, as well as for any adjournment of the meeting to which it relates. In such an event, the appointment of the proxy or proxies is deemed to be revoked by the Member concerned at the point when the Member attends the meeting.

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| (2) | The Directors may, in their absolute discretion, and in relation to such Members or class of Members as they may determine, specify the means through which instruments appointing a proxy may be submitted by electronic communications, as contemplated in article 85(1)(b). Where the Directors do not so specify in relation to a Member (whether of a class or otherwise), article 85(1)(a) shall apply. | Directors may specify means for electronic communications |
| 86. | An instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to include the right to demand or join in demanding a poll, to move any resolution or amendment thereto and to speak at the General Meeting. | Rights of proxies |
| 87. | An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing in any usual or common form or in any other form which the Directors may approve. An instrument appointing a proxy shall, unless the contrary is stated therein be valid as well for any adjournment of the General Meeting as for the General Meeting to which it relates and need not be witnessed. | Form of proxies |
| 88. | A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy (which for the purposes of this Constitution shall also include a power of attorney) shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or mental disorder of the principal or revocation of the proxy, or of the authority under which the proxy was executed or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, provided that no intimation in writing of such death, mental disorder, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at the Office (or such other place as may be specified for the deposit of instruments appointing proxies) before the commencement of the General Meeting or adjourned General Meeting (or in the case of a poll before the time appointed for the taking of the poll) at which the proxy is used. | Intervening death or mental disorder of principal not to revoke proxy |

DIRECTORS

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| 89. | The number of Directors all of whom shall be natural persons shall not unless otherwise determined by a General Meeting from time to time be less than one. The Company may, subject to this Constitution, vary the minimum number of Directors by Ordinary Resolution from time to time. | Appointment and number of Directors |
| 90. | A Director need not be a Member and shall not be required to hold any share qualification unless and until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting but he shall be entitled to attend and speak at General Meetings. | Share qualification |
| 91. | The general remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by the Company in General Meeting. Such remuneration shall be divided among them in such proportions and manner as the Directors may agree or failing agreement, equally. Fees payable to Directors shall not be increased except pursuant to a resolution passed at a General Meeting, where notice of the proposed increase has been given in the notice convening the meeting. | Remuneration of Directors |
| 92. | (1) Each Director shall in addition to any other remuneration be entitled to be recouped all travelling hotel and other expenses properly incurred by him for the purpose of attending meetings of the Directors or of any committee or any General Meeting or otherwise in the course of the Company's business. | Expenses |

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- (2) The Directors may grant special remuneration to any of their number who being called upon shall be willing to render any special or extra services to the Company or to go or reside abroad in connection with the conduct of any of the affairs of the Company. Such special remuneration may be made payable to such Director in addition to or in substitution for his ordinary remuneration as a Director, and may be made payable by a lump sum or by way of salary, or, except in the case of a non-executive director, by a percentage of profits, or by any or all of those modes. Extra remuneration
- (3) Fees payable to non-executive Directors shall be by a fixed sum, and not by a commission on or a percentage of profits or turnover. Salaries payable to executive Directors may not include a commission on or a percentage of turnover. Payment of remuneration
93. The Directors on behalf of the Company may pay a gratuity or pension or allowance on retirement to any Director who has held any other salaried office or place of profit with the Company or to his widow or dependents and may make contributions to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such gratuity, pension or allowance. Pensions
94. Other than the office of Auditor, a Director may hold any other office or place of profit under the Company and he or any firm of which he is a member may act in a professional capacity for the Company in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and on such terms (as to remuneration and otherwise) as the Directors may determine. No Director or intending Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting or entering into any arrangement or transaction with the Company either as vendor, purchaser or otherwise nor shall such contract, arrangement or transaction or any contract, arrangement or transaction entered into by or on behalf of the Company in which any Director shall be in any way interested be avoided nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract, arrangement or transaction by reason only of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relation thereby established but every Director and Chief Executive Officer (or person(s) holding an equivalent position) shall observe the provisions of the Act relating to the disclosure of the interests of the Directors and Chief Executive Officers (or person(s) holding an equivalent position) in transactions or proposed transactions with the Company or of any office or property held by a Director or a Chief Executive Officer (or person(s) holding an equivalent position) which might create duties or interests in conflict with his duties or interests as a Director or a Chief Executive Officer (or an equivalent position), as the case may be. A Director shall not vote in respect of any contract or arrangement or any other proposal whatsoever in which he has any personal material interest, directly or indirectly. A Director shall not be counted in the quorum at a meeting in relation to any resolution on which he is debarred from voting. Power of Directors to hold office of profit and to contract with Company
95. (1) A Director may be or become a director of or hold any office or place of profit (other than as Auditor) or be otherwise interested in any company in which the Company may be interested as vendor, purchaser, shareholder or otherwise and unless otherwise agreed shall not be accountable for any fees, remuneration or other benefits received by him as a director or officer of or by virtue of his interest in such other company. Holding of office in other companies

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| (2) | The Directors may exercise the voting power conferred by the shares in any company held or owned by the Company in such manner and in all respects as the Directors think fit in the interests of the Company (including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing the Directors or any of them to be directors of such company or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the directors of such company) and any such Director may vote in favour of the exercise of such voting powers in the manner aforesaid notwithstanding that he may be or be about to be appointed a director of such other company. | Exercise of voting power |
| 96. | The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be Chief Executive Officer or Chief Executive Officers of the Company (or such person or persons holding equivalent position(s)) and may from time to time (subject to the provisions of any contract between him or them and the Company) remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places. Where an appointment is for a fixed term such term shall not exceed five years. | Appointment of Chief Executive Officer |
| 97. | A Chief Executive Officer (or person holding an equivalent position) who is a Director shall subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company be subject to the same provisions as to retirement by rotation, resignation and removal as the other Directors. | Chief Executive Officer to be subject to retirement by rotation |
| 98. | The remuneration of a Chief Executive Officer (or person holding an equivalent position) shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors and may subject to this Constitution be by way of salary or commission or participation in profits or by any or all these modes but he shall not under any circumstances be remunerated by a commission on or a percentage of turnover. | Remuneration of Chief Executive Officer |
| 99. | A Chief Executive Officer (or person holding an equivalent position) shall at all times be subject to the control of the Directors. | Powers of Chief Executive Officer |

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

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| 100. | (a) A Director who is absent or about to be absent from Singapore, may appoint any person (other than another Director) approved by the majority of his co-Directors to be his alternate Director in the Company and may at any time remove any such alternate Director so appointed from office. | Alternate Director |
| | (b) An alternate Director shall (subject to his giving to the Company an address in Singapore) be entitled to receive notices of all meetings of the Directors and to attend and vote as a Director at such meetings at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally to perform all functions of his appointor as a Director in his absence. | |
| | (c) An alternate Director shall ipso facto cease to be an alternate Director if his appointor ceases for any reason to be a Director otherwise than by retiring and being re-elected at the same meeting. | |

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- (d) All appointments and removals of alternate Directors shall be effected in writing under the hand of the Director making or terminating such appointment left at the Office.
- (e) No Director may act as an alternate Director of the Company. A person shall not act as alternate Director to more than one Director at the same time.
- (f) An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent *mutatis mutandis* as if he were a Director but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as alternate Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his principal as such principal may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.

GENERAL POWERS OF DIRECTORS

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| 101. | The business and the affairs of the Company shall be managed by, or under the direction or supervision of, the Directors. The Directors may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not by the Act or this Constitution required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting. The Directors shall not carry into effect any proposals for selling or disposing of the whole or substantially the whole of the Company's undertaking unless such proposals have been approved by Members in a General Meeting. The general powers given by this article shall not be limited or restricted by any special authority or power given to the Directors by any other article. | General powers of Directors to manage Company's business |
| 102. | The Directors may from time to time by power of attorney under the Seal appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under this Constitution) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with such attorney as the Directors may think fit and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him. | Power to appoint attorneys |
| 103. | The Directors may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any affairs of the Company, either in Singapore or elsewhere and may appoint any persons to be members of such local boards or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any local board, manager or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors, with power to subdelegate, and may authorise the members of any local board or any of them to fill any vacancies therein and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation but no person acting in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby. | Power to establish local boards, etc |
| 104. | The Company or the Directors on behalf of the Company may in exercise of the powers in that behalf conferred by the Act cause to be kept a Branch Register, or Branch Registers, of Members and the Directors may (subject to the provisions of the Act) make and vary such regulations as they may think fit in respect of the keeping of any such Register. | Power to keep a Branch Register |

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105. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other negotiable or transferable instruments and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time by resolution determine. Signature of cheque and bills

BORROWING POWERS

106. The Directors may borrow or raise money from time to time for the purpose of the Company or secure the payment of such sums as they think fit and may secure the repayment or payment of such sums by mortgage or charge upon all or any of the property or assets of the Company or by the issue of debentures (whether at par or at discount or premium) or otherwise as they may think fit. Directors' borrowing powers

MEETINGS AND PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

107. (1) The Directors may meet together either in person or by telephone, radio, conference television or similar communication equipment or any other form of audio, audio-visual, electronic or instantaneous communication by which all persons participating in the meeting are able to hear and be heard by all other participants, for the dispatch of business and adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit and a quorum for such teleconference meetings shall be the same as the quorum required of a Directors' meeting provided under this Constitution. A resolution passed by such a conference shall, notwithstanding that the Directors are not present together at one place at the time of conference, be deemed to have been passed at a meeting of the Directors held on the day and at the time at which the conference was held and shall be deemed to have been held at the Office of the Company, unless otherwise agreed, and all Directors participating at that meeting shall be deemed for all purposes of this Constitution to be present at that meeting. Meetings of Directors
- (2) Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote except when only two Directors are present and form a quorum or only two Directors are competent to vote on the question. Votes
108. A Director may, and the Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Directors but it shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being absent from Singapore. Notice of meeting
109. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall (except where the Company has only one Director) be two. A meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all the powers and discretions for the time being exercisable by the Directors. Quorum

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110. A Director notwithstanding his interest may be counted in the quorum present at any meeting whereat he or any other Director is appointed to hold any such office or place of profit under the Company or whereat the terms of any such appointment are arranged, and he may vote on any such appointment or arrangement other than his own appointment or the arrangement of the terms thereof. Effect of interest of Director on quorum
111. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancies but if and so long as the number of Directors is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or in accordance with this Constitution the continuing Directors or Director may, except in an emergency, act only for the purpose of filling up such vacancies or of summoning General Meetings. If there be no Directors or Director able or willing to act, then any two Members may summon a General Meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors. Proceedings in case of vacancies
112. The Directors may from time to time elect a Chairman and if desired a Deputy Chairman and determine the period for which he is or they are to hold office. The Deputy Chairman will perform the duties of the Chairman during the Chairman's absence for any reason. The Chairman and in his absence the Deputy Chairman shall preside as Chairman at meetings of the Directors but if no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman be elected or if at any meeting the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman be not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting. Chairman and Deputy Chairman of Directors
113. A resolution in writing signed by a majority of the Directors (who are not disqualified from voting) shall be as effective as a resolution passed at a meeting of the Directors duly convened and held and may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more of the Directors. The expressions "in writing" and "signed" include approval by any such Director by telefax, telex, cable or telegram or any form of electronic communication approved by the Directors for such purpose from time to time incorporating, if the Directors deem necessary, the use of security and/or identification procedures and devices approved by the Directors. Resolutions in writing
114. The Directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of their body and (if thought fit) one or more other persons co-opted as hereinafter provided. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on them by the Directors. Any such regulations may provide for or authorise the co-option to the committee of persons other than Directors and for such co-opted members to have voting rights as members of the committee. Power to appoint committees
115. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed by the provisions of this Constitution regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are applicable and are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding article. Proceedings at committee meeting
116. All acts done by any meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors or by any person acting as Director shall as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, notwithstanding that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Director or person acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were disqualified or had vacated office or were not entitled to vote be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director and had been entitled to vote. Validity of acts of Directors in spite of some formal defect

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ROTATION OF DIRECTORS

117. Subject to this Constitution and to the provisions of the Act, at each Annual General Meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being, or if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third with a minimum of one, shall retire from office and a Director at an Annual General Meeting shall retain office until the close of the meeting, whether adjourned or not. Retirement of Directors by rotation
118. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who, being subject to retirement by rotation, have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment, but as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. Selection of Directors to retire
119. The Company at the General Meeting at which a Director retires under any provision of this Constitution may by Ordinary Resolution fill up the vacated office, by electing a person thereto. In default the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-elected, unless:- Filling vacated office
- (a) at such General Meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill up such vacated office or a resolution for the re-election of such Director is put to the meeting and lost; or
 - (b) such Director is disqualified under the Act from holding office as a Director or has given notice in writing to the Company that he is unwilling to be re-elected; or
 - (c) such Director is disqualified from acting as a director in any jurisdiction for reasons other than on technical grounds.
120. No person other than a Director retiring at a General Meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for appointment as a Director at any General Meeting unless not less than eleven clear days (i.e. exclusive of the date on which the notice is given as well as the date of the General Meeting) before the date appointed for the General Meeting there shall have been left at the Office, a notice in writing signed by some Member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election or notice in writing signed by the person to be proposed giving his consent to the nomination and signifying his candidature for the office, Provided that in the case of a person recommended by the Directors for election, not less than nine clear days' notice (i.e. exclusive of the date on which the notice is given as well as the date of the General Meeting) shall be necessary, and notice of each and every such person proposed shall be served on the Members at least seven days prior to the General Meeting at which the election is to take place. Notice of intention to appoint Director

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121. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution of which special notice has been given remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, notwithstanding any provision of this Constitution or of any agreement between the Company and such Director but without prejudice to any claim he may have for damages for breach of any such agreement. The Company in General Meeting may appoint another person in place of a Director so removed from office and any person so appointed shall be subject to retirement by rotation at the same time as if he had become a Director on the day on which the Director in whose place he is appointed was last elected a Director. In default of such appointment the vacancy so arising may be filled by the Directors as a casual vacancy. Vacation of office of Directors
122. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director. Without prejudice thereto the Directors shall have power at any time so to do but so that the total number of Directors shall not at any time exceed the maximum number fixed by or in accordance with this Constitution. Any person so appointed under this article shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election but shall not be taken into account in determining the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting. Power to fill casual vacancies and to appoint additional Director

VACATION OF OFFICE OF DIRECTORS

123. The office of a Director shall be vacated in any one of the following events, namely:- Vacation of office of Directors
- (a) if he shall become prohibited by law from acting as a Director;
 - (b) if he shall become disqualified from acting as a director in any jurisdiction for reasons other than on technical grounds;
 - (c) if he becomes bankrupt or suspends payment of his debts or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally;
 - (d) if he becomes mentally disordered (including being of unsound mind) and incapable of managing himself or his affairs;
 - (e) if he resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company;
 - (f) if he or any alternate appointed by him shall absent himself from the meetings of the Directors during a period of two calendar months without special leave of absence from the Directors; or
 - (g) if he be removed from office by a resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

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SECRETARY

124. The Secretary or Secretaries shall and a Deputy or Assistant Secretary or Secretaries may be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any Secretary, Deputy or Assistant Secretary so appointed may be removed by them, but without prejudice to any claim he may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company. The appointment and duties of the Secretary or Secretaries shall not conflict with the provisions of the Act. Secretary

SEAL

125. (1) The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal which shall not be used without the authority of the Directors or of a committee authorised by the Directors in that behalf. Seal
- (2) Every instrument to which the Seal shall be affixed shall be signed autographically by two Directors, or by one Director and the Secretary or some other person appointed by the Directors in place of the Secretary for the purpose, save that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other securities of the Company the Directors may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature. Affixing seal
- (3) The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Act with regard to having an Official Seal for use abroad, and such powers shall be vested in the Directors. Official Seal
- (4) The Company may have a duplicate Common Seal as referred to in the Act which shall be a facsimile of the Common Seal with the addition on its face of the words "Share Seal". Share Seal

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

126. Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors or any committee, and any books, records, documents, accounts and financial statements relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and where any books, records, documents, accounts or financial statements are elsewhere than at the Office, the local manager and other officer of the Company having custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Directors as aforesaid. Any authentication or certification made pursuant to this article may be made by any electronic means approved by the Directors from time to time for such purpose incorporating, if the Directors deem necessary, the use of security procedures or devices approved by the Directors. Power to authenticate documents
127. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution of the Directors or an extract from the minutes of a meeting of Directors which is certified as such in accordance with the provisions of the last preceding article shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that such extract is a true and accurate record of a duly constituted meeting of the Directors. Certified copies of resolutions of the Directors

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MINUTES AND BOOKS

128. The Directors shall cause minutes to be kept in books to be provided for the purpose:-
- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the Directors; Minutes
 - (b) of the names of the Directors present at each meeting of Directors and of any committee of Directors; and
 - (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all General Meetings and of any class of Members, of the Directors and of committees of Directors.
129. Any register, index, minute book, accounting record, minute or other book required by this Constitution or by the Act to be kept by or on behalf of the Company may, subject to and in accordance with the Act, be kept in hard copy form or in electronic form, and arranged in the manner that the Directors think fit. If such records are kept in electronic form, the Directors shall ensure that they are capable of being reproduced in hard copy form, and shall provide for the manner in which the records are to be authenticated and verified. In any case where such records are kept otherwise than in hard copy form, the Directors shall take reasonable precautions for ensuring the proper maintenance and authenticity of such records, guarding against falsification and facilitating the discovery of any falsifications. Form of registers, etc

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

130. The Directors shall cause to be kept such accounting and other records as are necessary to comply with the provisions of the Act and shall cause those records to be kept in such manner as to enable them to be conveniently and properly audited. Directors to keep proper accounting records
131. Subject to the provisions of the Act, the books of accounts shall be kept at the Office or at such other place or places as the Directors think fit within Singapore. No Member (other than a Director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document or other recording of the Company except as is conferred by law or authorised by the Directors or by an Ordinary Resolution of the Company. Location and inspection
132. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Directors shall cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in General Meeting such financial statements, balance sheets, reports, statements and other documents as may be necessary. Whenever so required, the interval between the close of a financial year of the Company and the date of the Company's Annual General Meeting shall not exceed four months (or such other period as may be permitted by the Act). Presentation of financial statements

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133. A copy of the financial statements and, if required, the balance sheet (including every document required by the Act to be attached thereto), which is duly audited and which is to be laid before the Company in General Meeting accompanied by a copy of the Auditor's report thereon, shall not less than fourteen days before the date of the General Meeting be sent to every Member and to every other person who is entitled to receive notices of General Meetings from the Company under the provisions of the Act or of this Constitution, provided that:-
- Copies of financial statements
- (a) these documents may be sent less than fourteen days before the date of the General Meeting if all persons entitled to receive notices of General Meetings from the Company so agree and the relevant listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange are complied with; and
- (b) this article shall not require a copy of these documents to be sent to any person of whose address the Company is not aware or to more than one of the joint holders of a share in the Company or the several persons entitled thereto in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder or otherwise but any Member to whom a copy of these documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Office.

AUDITOR

134. An Auditor shall be appointed and his duties regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Act. Every Auditor of the Company shall have a right of access at all times to the accounting and other records of the Company and shall make his report as required by the Act.
- Appointment of Auditor
135. Subject to the provisions of the Act, all acts done by any person acting as an Auditor shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, be valid, notwithstanding that there was some defect in his appointment or that he was at the time of his appointment not qualified for appointment.
- Validity of acts of Auditor in spite of some formal defect
136. An Auditor shall be entitled to attend any General Meeting and to receive all notices of and other communications relating to any General Meeting which any Member is entitled to receive and to be heard at any General Meeting on any part of the business of the General Meeting which concerns him as an Auditor.
- Auditor's right to receive notices of and attend General Meetings

DIVIDENDS

137. The Company may Ordinary Resolution declare dividends, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors. Unless otherwise provided under the Act, no dividend may be paid to the Company in respect of treasury shares.
- Declaration of ordinary dividend
138. The Directors may from time to time pay to the Members such interim dividends as appear to the Directors to be justified by the profits of the Company.
- Interim dividend
139. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits.
- Dividend only out of profits

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140. Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares or class of shares and except as otherwise permitted under the Act: - Application and apportionment of dividends
- (a) all dividends in respect of shares must be paid in proportion to the number of shares held by a Member but where shares are partly paid all dividends must be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the partly paid shares; and
 - (b) all dividends must be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts so paid or credited as paid during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid.

For the purposes of this article, an amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of a call is to be ignored.

141. (1) Whenever the Directors or the Company in General Meeting have resolved or proposed that a dividend (including an interim, final, special or other dividend) be paid or declared on the ordinary share capital of the Company, the Directors may further resolve that Members entitled to such dividend be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of ordinary shares credited as fully paid in lieu of cash in respect of the whole or such part of the dividend as the Directors may think fit. In such case, the following provisions shall apply: - Scrip dividend scheme
- (a) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Directors;
 - (b) the Directors shall determine the manner in which Members shall be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of ordinary shares credited as fully paid in lieu of cash in respect of the whole or such part of any dividend in respect of which the Directors shall have passed such a resolution as aforesaid, and the Directors may make such arrangements as to the giving of notice to Members, providing for forms of election for completion by Members (whether in respect of a particular dividend or dividends or generally), determining the procedure for making such elections or revoking the same and the place at which and the latest date and time by which any forms of election or other documents by which elections are made or revoked must be lodged, and otherwise make all such arrangements and do all such things, as the Directors consider necessary or expedient in connection with the provisions of this article;
 - (c) the right of election may be exercised in respect of the whole of that portion of the dividend in respect of which the right of election has been accorded provided that the Directors may determine, either generally or in any specific case, that such right shall be exercisable in respect of the whole or any part of that portion; and

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- (d) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable in cash on the ordinary shares in respect whereof the share election has been duly exercised (the "elected ordinary shares") and in lieu and in satisfaction thereof ordinary shares shall be allotted and credited as fully paid to the holders of the elected ordinary shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose and notwithstanding the provisions of article 152, the Directors may (i) capitalise and apply the amount standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts as the Directors may determine, such sum as may be required to pay up in full the appropriate number of ordinary shares for allotment and distribution to and among the holders of the elected ordinary shares on such basis or (ii) apply the sum which would otherwise have been payable in cash to the holders of the elected ordinary shares towards payment of the appropriate number of ordinary shares for allotment and distribution to and among the holders of the elected ordinary shares on such basis.
- (2) (a) The ordinary shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this article shall rank *pari passu* in all respects with the ordinary shares then in issue save only as regards participation in the dividend which is the subject of the election referred to above (including the right to make the election referred to above) or any other distributions, bonuses or rights paid, made declared or announced prior to or contemporaneous with the payment or declaration of the dividend which is the subject of the election referred to above, unless the Directors shall otherwise specify.
- (b) The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to the provisions of paragraph (1) of this article, with full power to make such provisions as they think fit in the case of shares becoming distributable in fractions (including, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in this Constitution, provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are aggregated and sold and the net proceeds distributed to those entitled, or are disregarded or rounded up or down, or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than to the Members concerned).
- (3) The Directors may on any occasion when they resolve as provided in paragraph (1) of this article determine that rights of election under that paragraph shall not be made available to Members who are registered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register, or in respect of ordinary shares the transfer of which is registered, after such date as the Directors may fix subject to such exceptions as the Directors think fit, and in such event the provisions of this article shall be read and construed subject to such determination. Record date
- (4) The Directors may on any occasion when they resolve as provided in paragraph (1) of this article further determine that no allotment of shares or rights of election for shares under that paragraph shall be made available or made to Members whose registered addresses entered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register is outside Singapore or to such other Members or class of Members as the Directors may in their sole discretion decide and in such event the only entitlement of the Members aforesaid shall be to receive in cash the relevant dividend resolved or proposed to be paid or declared. Eligibility

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- (5) Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this article, if at any time after the Directors' resolution to apply the provisions of paragraph (1) of this article in relation to any dividend but prior to the allotment of ordinary shares pursuant thereto, the Directors shall consider that by reason of any event or circumstance (whether arising before or after such resolution) or by reason of any matter whatsoever it is no longer expedient or appropriate to implement that proposal, the Directors may at their own discretion and without assigning any reason therefore, cancel the proposed application of paragraph (1) of this article. Disapplication
142. The Directors may retain any dividends or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share on which the Company has a lien, and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities, or engagements in respect of which the lien exists. Dividend may be retained
143. Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may direct payment of such dividend wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or debenture stock of any other company or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution and where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Directors. No valuation, adjustment or arrangement so made shall be questioned by any Member. Payment of dividend in specie
144. Any dividend, interest or other moneys payable in cash on or in respect of shares may be paid by cheque or warrant order sent through the post directed to the registered address of the holder or in the case of joint holders, to the registered address of that one of the joint holders who is first named in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register or to such person and to such address as the holder or joint holders may in writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent. Payment by post
145. Every such cheque or warrant shall be sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money represented thereby, and the Company shall not be responsible for the loss of any cheque or warrant which shall be sent by post duly addressed to the person for whom it is intended. Company not responsible for loss
146. No unpaid dividend shall bear interest against the Company. No interest
147. A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer. No dividend before registration
148. The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the provisions as to the transmission of shares hereinbefore contained entitled to become a Member or which any person under that article is entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a Member in respect thereof or shall duly transfer the same. Power to retain dividends pending transmission

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| 149. | The payment by the Directors of any unclaimed dividends or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect thereof. All dividends unclaimed after being declared may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company and any dividend unclaimed after a period of six years from the date of declaration of such dividend may be forfeited and if so shall revert to the Company but the Directors may at any time thereafter at their absolute discretion annul any such forfeiture and pay the dividend so forfeited to the person entitled thereto prior to the forfeiture. If the Depository returns any such dividend or moneys to the Company, the relevant Depositor shall not have any right or claim in respect of such dividend or moneys against the Company if a period of six years has elapsed from the date of the declaration of such dividend or the date on which such other moneys are first payable. | Unclaimed dividends |
| 150. | A payment by the Company to the Depository of any dividend or other moneys payable to a Depositor shall, to the extent of the payment made, discharge the Company from any liability to the Depositor in respect of that payment. | Payment to Depository good discharge |

RESERVES

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| 151. | The Directors may from time to time set aside out of the profits of the Company and carry to reserve such sums as they think proper which, at the discretion of the Directors, shall be applicable for meeting contingencies or for the gradual liquidation of any debt or liability of the Company or for repairing or maintaining the works, plant and machinery of the Company or for special dividends or bonuses or for equalising dividends or for any other purpose to which the profits of the Company may properly be applied and pending such application may either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested. The Directors may divide the reserve into such special funds as they think fit and may consolidate into one fund any special funds or any parts of any special funds into which the reserve may have been divided. The Directors may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits which they may think it not prudent to divide. | Power to carry profit to reserve |
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CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND RESERVES

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| 152. | <p>(1) The Directors may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution of the Company, including any Ordinary Resolution passed pursuant to article 53(2):-</p> <p>(a) issue bonus shares for which no consideration is payable to the Company to the persons registered as holders of shares in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register at the close of business on:-</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">(i) the date of the Ordinary Resolution (or such other date as may be specified therein or determined as therein provided); or</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">(ii) (in the case of an Ordinary Resolution passed pursuant to article 53(2)) such other date as may be determined by the Directors,</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">in proportion to their then holdings of shares; and/or</p> | Power to capitalise profits |
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(b) capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or other undistributable reserve or any sum standing to the credit of profit and loss account by appropriating such sum to the persons registered as holders of shares in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) in the Depository Register at the close of business on:-

- (i) the date of the Ordinary Resolution (or such other date as may be specified therein or determined as therein provided); or
- (ii) (in the case of an Ordinary Resolution passed pursuant to article 53(2)) such other date as may be determined by the Directors,

in proportion to their then holdings of shares and applying such sum on their behalf in paying up in full new shares (or, subject to any special rights previously conferred on any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, new shares of any other class not being redeemable shares) for allotment and distribution credited as fully paid up to and amongst them as bonus shares in the proportion aforesaid.

(2) The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any such bonus issue or capitalisation under article 152(1), with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit for any fractional entitlements which would arise on the basis aforesaid (including provisions whereby fractional entitlements are disregarded or the benefit thereof accrues to the Company rather than to the Members concerned). The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the Members interested into an agreement with the Company providing for any such bonus issue or capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.

Power to give effect to bonus issues and capitalisations

(3) In addition and without prejudice to the powers provided for by articles 152(1) and 152(2), the Directors shall have power to issue shares for which no consideration is payable and/or to capitalise any undivided profits or other moneys of the Company not required for the payment or provision of any dividend on any shares entitled to cumulative or noncumulative preferential dividends (including profits or other moneys carried and standing to any reserve or reserves) and to apply such profits or other moneys in paying up in full new shares, in each case on terms that such shares shall, upon issue:-

Power to issue free shares and/or to capitalise reserves for share-based incentive plans and Directors' remuneration

(a) be held by or for the benefit of participants of any share incentive or option scheme or plan implemented by the Company and approved by shareholders in General Meeting and on such terms as the Directors shall think fit; or

(b) be held by or for the benefit of non-executive Directors as part of their remuneration under article 91 and/or article 92(2) approved by shareholders in General Meeting in such manner and on such terms as the Directors shall think fit.

The Directors may do all such acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any of the foregoing.

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NOTICES

153. (1) Any notice or document (including a share certificate) may be served by the Company on any Member either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter or wrapper addressed to such Member at his registered address entered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register, or (if he has no registered address within Singapore) to the address, if any, within Singapore supplied by him to the Company or (as the case may be) supplied by him to the Depository as his address for the service of notices, or by delivering it to such address as aforesaid. Service of notices
- (2) Without prejudice to the provisions of article 153(1), but subject otherwise to the Act and any regulations made thereunder relating to electronic communications and any listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange, any notice or document (including, without limitation, any accounts, balance-sheet, financial statements or reports, circulars, letters, annual reports or notices) which is required or permitted to be given, sent or served under the Act or under this Constitution by the Company, or by the Directors, to a Member may be given, sent or served using electronic communications: Electronic communications
- (a) to the current address of that person; or
- (b) by making it available on a website prescribed by the Company from time to time,
- in accordance with the provisions of this Constitution. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, in the event that any notice or document is to be given, sent or served according to (b) above, the Directors may give such notification relating to the address of the website and how to access such notice or document in such manner as the Directors may determine at their discretion, subject to the Act and any regulations made thereunder relating to electronic communications and any listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange.
- (3) For the purposes of article 153(2)(b), subject to the Act and any regulations made thereunder relating to electronic communications and any listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange, a Member shall be deemed to have agreed to receive such notice or document by way of such electronic communications and shall not have a right to elect to receive a physical copy of such notice or document. Implied consent
- (4) Notwithstanding article 153(3), the Directors may, at their discretion, or will, if so required by the Act, any regulations made thereunder relating to electronic communications or any listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange, give a Member an opportunity, on at least one occasion, to elect within a specified period of time whether to receive such notice or document by way of electronic communications or as a physical copy, and subject to article 153(5) below, a Member shall be deemed to have consented to receive such notice or document by way of electronic communications if he was given such an opportunity and he failed to make an election within the specified time, and he shall not in such an event have a right to receive a physical copy of such notice or document. Deemed consent

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- (5) Any election or deemed election by a Member pursuant to article 153(4) above is a standing election but the Member may make a fresh election at any time, provided that until the Member makes a fresh election, the election or deemed election that is conveyed to the Company last in time prevails over all previous elections as that Member's valid and subsisting election in relation to all documents and notices to be sent pursuant to articles 153(4) above.
- (6) Articles 153(2), (3), (4) and (5) above shall not apply to such notices or documents which are excluded from being given, sent or served by electronic communications or means pursuant to the Act and any regulations made thereunder relating to electronic communications and any listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange.
154. All notices with respect to any shares to which persons are jointly entitled shall be given to whichever of such persons is named first on the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such shares. Service of notices in respect of joint holders
155. A Member who (having no registered address within Singapore) has not supplied to the Company or (as the case may be) the Depository an address within Singapore for the service of notices or documents shall not be entitled to receive any notice or document from the Company. Service of notices on Members abroad
156. A person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member or otherwise upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share, and upon supplying also to the Company or (as the case may be) the Depository an address within Singapore for the service of notices, shall be entitled to have served upon him at such address any notice or document to which the Member but for his death or bankruptcy or otherwise would be entitled and such service shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service of such notice or document on all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in the share. Save as aforesaid any notice or document delivered or sent by post to or left at the address of any Member or given, sent or served by electronic communications in pursuance of this Constitution shall (notwithstanding that such Member be then dead or bankrupt or otherwise not entitled to such share and whether or not the Company have notice of the same) be deemed to have been duly served in respect of any share registered in the name of such Member in the Register of Members or, where such member is a Depositor, entered against his name in the Depository Register as sole or first-named joint holder. Service of notices after death etc. on a Member
157. (1) Any notice or other document if sent by post and whether by airmail or not shall be deemed to have been served at the time the envelope or wrapper containing the same is posted, and in proving such service by post it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter or wrapper containing the same was properly addressed and put into the post office as a prepaid letter or wrapper. When notice given by post deemed served

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- (2) Where a notice or document is given, sent or served by electronic communications:-
- (a) to the current address of a person pursuant to article 153(2)(a), it shall be deemed to have been duly given, sent or served at the time of transmission of the electronic communication by the email server or facility operated by the Company or its service provider to the current address of such person (notwithstanding any delayed receipt, non-delivery or "returned mail" reply message or any other error message indicating that the electronic communication was delayed or not successfully sent), unless otherwise provided under the Act and/or any other applicable regulations or procedures; and
- (b) by making it available on a website pursuant to article 153(2)(b), it shall be deemed to have been duly given, sent or served on the date on which the notice or document is first made available on the website, or unless otherwise provided under the Act and/or any other applicable regulations or procedures.
158. When a given number of days' notice or notice extending over any other period is required to be given, the day of service shall, unless it is otherwise provided or required by this Constitution or by the Act, not be counted in such number of days or period.

When notice given by electronic communications deemed served

Day of service not counted

WINDING UP

159. If the Company shall be wound up the liquidator may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the Members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company (including any shares in any other company received by the liquidator as consideration for the sale of the whole or part of the Company's assets and whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not) and any such division may be otherwise than in accordance with the existing rights of the Members and may, for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories as the liquidator, with the like sanction, shall think fit, but so that no Member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability. This article is without prejudice to the rights of persons whose shares are issued on special terms. If any division is resolved on otherwise than in accordance with the existing rights of the Members, the Members shall have the same right of dissent and consequential rights as if such resolution were a Special Resolution passed pursuant to Section 306 of the Act.

Winding up

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INDEMNITY

160. (1) Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Act, every Director, Auditor, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred or to be incurred by him in the execution and discharge of his duties or in relation thereto including without any limitation any liability by him in defending any proceedings, civil or criminal, which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as an officer or employee of the Company and in which judgment is given in his favour (or the proceedings otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part) or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under any statute for relief from liability in respect of any such act or omission in which relief is granted to him by the court. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, no Director, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other Director or officer or for joining in any receipt or other act for conformity or for any loss or expense happening to the Company through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Directors for or on behalf of the Company or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy insolvency or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities or effects shall be deposited or left or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto unless the same shall happen through his own negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust.
- (2) Without prejudice to the generality of article 160(1) above, every Director, Secretary or other officer of the Company is to be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability (other than any liability referred to in section 172B(1)(a) or (b) of the Act) incurred by the Director, Secretary or officer to a person other than the Company attaching to the Director, Secretary or officer in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust.
- (3) Without prejudice to the generality of article 160(1) above, every Auditor is to be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by the Auditor in defending any proceedings, whether civil or criminal, in which judgment is given in the Auditor's favour or in which the Auditor is acquitted or in connection with any application under the Act in which relief is granted to the Auditor by the Court in respect of any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust.

Indemnity of
Directors and
officers

SECRECY

161. No Member shall be entitled to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trade or any matter which may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Directors it will be inexpedient in the interest of the Members to communicate to the public save as may be authorised by law or required by the listing rules of the Stock Exchange or the rules and/or bye-laws governing the Stock Exchange.

Secrecy

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PERSONAL DATA

162. (1) A Member who is a natural person is deemed to have consented to the collection, use and disclosure of his personal data (whether such personal data is provided by that Member or is collected through a third party) by the Company (or its agents or service providers) from time to time for any of the following purposes:-
- Personal data of members
- (a) implementation and administration of any corporate action by the Company (or its agents or service providers);
 - (b) internal analysis and/or market research by the Company (or its agents or service providers);
 - (c) investor relations communications by the Company (or its agents or service providers);
 - (d) administration by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of that Member's holding of shares in the Company;
 - (e) implementation and administration of any service provided by the Company (or its agents or service providers) to its Members to receive notices of meetings, annual reports and other shareholder communications and/or for proxy appointment, whether by electronic means or otherwise;
 - (f) processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of proxies and representatives appointed for any General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to any General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof);
 - (g) implementation and administration of, and compliance with, any provision of this Constitution;
 - (h) compliance with any applicable laws, listing rules, take-over rules, regulations and/or guidelines; and
 - (i) purposes which are reasonably related to any of the above purpose.
- (2) Any Member who appoints a proxy and/or representative for any General Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof is deemed to have warranted that where such Member discloses the personal data of such proxy and/or representative to the Company (or its agents or service providers), that Member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy and/or representative for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the personal data of such proxy and/or representative for the purposes specified in articles 162(1)(f) and 162(1)(h).
- Personal data of proxies and/or representatives

APPENDIX 2

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WE, the several persons whose names and addresses and descriptions are hereto subscribed are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names.

NAME, ADDRESS AND DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIBER	NUMBER OF SHARES TAKEN BY SUBSCRIBER
ONG CHIN SUM 13A Jalan Belangkas Singapore 369374 Managing Director	One
ONG TONG YANG (WENG DONGYANG) 2 Leedon Road #06-05 Singapore 267829 Director	One
ONG TONG HAI (WENG DONGHAI) 13 Jalan Belangkas Singapore 369374 Director	One
TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES TAKEN	Three

Dated this 9th day of November 2005

Witness to the above signatures:

CHAN YU MENG
 Advocate & Solicitor
 No. 168 Robinson Road
 #25-01 Capital Tower
 Singapore 068912

NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

COSMOSTEEL HOLDINGS LIMITED (Company Registration No. 200515540Z)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an Extraordinary General Meeting of CosmoSteel Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") will be held at Raffles Country Club, 450 Jalan Ahmad Ibrahim, Singapore 639932 on 25 January 2017 at 10 a.m. (or as soon thereafter following the conclusion or adjournment of the Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**") of the Company to be held at the same day and at the same venue) for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing (with or without any modifications) the following resolutions set out below.

All capitalised terms in this Notice which are not defined herein shall have the same meanings ascribed to them in the circular to Shareholders of the Company dated 3 January 2017 (the "**Circular**").

SPECIAL RESOLUTION 1: THE PROPOSED ADOPTION OF A NEW CONSTITUTION

That:

- (a) the articles in the New Constitution be approved and adopted as the Constitution of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the Existing Constitution; and
- (b) the Directors of the Company and each of them be and is hereby authorised to do such acts and things (including without limitation, to execute all such documents as may be required, to approve any amendments, alterations or modifications to any documents, and to sign, file and/or submit any notices, forms and documents with or to the relevant authorities) as they and/or he may consider necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this Special Resolution.

ORDINARY RESOLUTION 2: THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF THE SHARE BUYBACK MANDATE

That:

- (a) for the purposes of Sections 76C and 76E of the Companies Act, the exercise by the Directors of all the powers of the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire issued ordinary shares in the capital of the Company ("**Shares**") not exceeding in aggregate the Maximum Percentage (as hereafter defined), at such price or prices as may be determined by the Directors from time to time up to the Maximum Price (as hereafter defined), whether by way of:
 - (i) market purchase(s) on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("**SGX-ST**") transacted through the ready market, and which may be transacted through one or more duly licensed stockbrokers appointed by the Company for the purpose; and/or
 - (ii) off-market purchase(s) otherwise than on a securities exchange, in accordance with an equal access scheme(s) as may be determined or formulated by the Directors as they may consider fit, which scheme(s) shall satisfy all the conditions prescribed by the Companies Act and the Listing Manual,

on the terms set out in the Circular, be and is hereby authorized and approved generally and unconditionally (the "**Share Buyback Mandate**");

NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

(b) unless varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting, the authority conferred on the Directors pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate may be exercised by the Directors at any time and from time to time during the period commencing from the date of the passing of this Resolution and expiring on the earlier of:

- (i) the date on which the next AGM is held or required by law to be held; and
- (ii) the date on which the share buy-backs are carried out to the full extent mandated;

(c) in this Resolution:

"Average Closing Price" means the average of the closing market prices of a Share over the last five (5) market days on which Shares are transacted on the SGX-ST or, as the case may be, such securities exchange on which the Shares are listed or quoted, immediately preceding the date of the market purchase or, as the case may be, the date of the making of the offer pursuant to the off-market purchase, and deemed to be adjusted, in accordance with the rules of the SGX-ST, for any corporate action that occurs after the relevant five day period;

"date of the making of the offer" means the date on which the Company makes an offer for the purchase or acquisition of Shares from shareholders, stating the purchase price (which shall not be more than the Maximum Price calculated on the foregoing basis) for each Share and the relevant terms of the equal access scheme for effecting the off-market purchase;

"Maximum Percentage" means that number of issued Shares representing ten per cent. (10%) of the total number of issued Shares as at the date of the passing of this Resolution (excluding any Shares which are held as treasury shares as at that date); and

"Maximum Price" in relation to a Share to be purchased or acquired, means the purchase price (excluding brokerage, commission, applicable goods and services tax and other related expenses) which shall not exceed:

- (i) in the case of a market purchase of a Share, 105% of the Average Closing Price of the Shares; and
- (ii) in the case of an off-market purchase of a Share pursuant to an equal access scheme, 105% of the Average Closing Price of the Shares; and

(d) the Directors of the Company and each of them be and is hereby authorised to do such acts and things (including without limitation, to execute all such documents as may be required, to approve any amendments, alterations or modifications to any documents, and to sign, file and/or submit any notices, forms and documents with or to the relevant authorities) as they and/or he may consider necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this Resolution.

By Order of the Board

Ong Chin Sum
Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director
CosmoSteel Holdings Limited
3 January 2017

NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

Notes:-

1. (a) A member (otherwise than a relevant intermediary) is entitled to appoint not more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the EGM. Where such member appoints more than one proxy, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the form of proxy.

(b) A member who is a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the EGM, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by him. Where such member's form of proxy appoints more than two proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the form of proxy.

"Relevant intermediary" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 181 of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore

2. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
3. The instrument appointing the proxy or proxies must be deposited at the Company's registered office at 14 Lok Yang Way, Singapore 628633, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for the meeting.

Personal Data Privacy

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representatives to attend, speak and vote at the Extraordinary General Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents) for the purpose of the processing and administration by the Company (or its agents) of proxies and representatives appointed for the Extraordinary General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the Extraordinary General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "**Purposes**"), (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the Purposes, and (iii) agrees that the member will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of warranty.

PROXY FORM

EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

COSMOSTEEL HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Company Registration No. 200515540Z)

IMPORTANT:

1. For investors who have used their CPF monies to buy shares in the capital of CosmoSteel Holdings Limited, this Circular is forwarded to them at the request of their CPF Approved Nominees and is sent solely FOR INFORMATION ONLY.
2. This Proxy Form is not valid for use by CPF investors and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes if used or purported to be used by them.
3. CPF investors who wish to vote should contact their CPF Approved Nominee.

I/We, _____ (Name) _____ (NRIC/Passport No.)
of _____ (Address)

being a member/members of COSMOSTEEL HOLDINGS LIMITED (the "Company") hereby appoint:

Name	Address	NRIC/Passport Number	Proportion of Shareholdings	
			No. of Shares	%

and/or (delete as appropriate)

Name	Address	NRIC/Passport Number	Proportion of Shareholdings	
			No. of Shares	%

or failing whom the Chairman of the Extraordinary General Meeting (the "Meeting") as my/our proxy/proxies to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the Meeting to be held at Raffles Country Club, 450 Jalan Ahmad Ibrahim, Singapore 639932 on 25 January 2017 at 10a.m. and at any adjournment thereof. I/We direct my/our proxy/proxies to vote for or against the Resolutions proposed at the Meeting as indicated hereunder. If no specific direction as to voting is given or in the event of any other matter arising at the Meeting and at any adjournment thereof, the proxy/proxies will vote or abstain from voting at his/her/their discretion.

No.	Special Resolution	For	Against
1	To approve the proposed adoption of a New Constitution		
Ordinary Resolution			
2	To approve the proposed renewal of the Share Buyback Mandate		

* If you wish to exercise all your votes 'For' or 'Against', please tick (✓) within the box provided. Alternatively, please indicate the number of votes as appropriate.

Dated this _____ day of _____ 2017

Signature(s) of Member(s) /
Common Seal of Corporate shareholder

Total number of Shares in	Number of Shares
(a) CDP Register	
(b) Register of Members	

* Delete where inapplicable



Notes:-

1. If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register (maintained by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited), he should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares registered in his name in the Register of Members (maintained by or on behalf of the Company), he should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register and shares registered in his name in the Register of Members, he should insert the aggregate number of shares. If no number is inserted, this form of proxy will be deemed to relate to all the shares held by the member.
2. (a) A member (otherwise than a relevant intermediary) is entitled to appoint not more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the meeting. Where such member's form of proxy appoints more than one proxy, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the form of proxy.

(b) A member who is a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the meeting, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by him (which number and class of shares shall be specified).

"Relevant intermediary" means:

- (i) a banking corporation licensed under the Banking Act (Cap. 19) or a wholly-owned subsidiary of such banking corporation, whose business includes the provision of nominee services and who holds shares in that capacity;
 - (ii) a person holding a capital markets services licence to provide custodial services for securities under the Securities and Futures Act (Cap. 289) and who holds shares in that capacity; or
 - (iii) the Central Provident Fund Board established by the Central Provident Fund Act (Cap. 36), in respect of shares purchased under the subsidiary legislation made under that Act providing for the making of investments from the contributions and interest standing to the credit of members of the Central Provident Fund, if the Board holds those shares in the capacity of an intermediary pursuant to or in accordance with that subsidiary legislation.
3. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
 4. The instrument appointing the proxy or proxies must be deposited at the Company's registered office at 14 Lok Yang Way, Singapore 628633, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for the meeting.
 5. Completion and return of this instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting at the meeting. Any appointment of a proxy or proxies shall be deemed to be revoked if a member attends the meeting in person, and in such event, the Company reserves the right to refuse to admit any person or persons appointed under the instrument of proxy to the meeting.
 6. The instrument appointing a proxy or proxies must be under the hand of the appointor or his attorney duly authorised in writing. Where the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its Common Seal or under the hand of its attorney or a duly authorised officer.
 7. Where an instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.
 8. A corporation which is a member may authorise by resolution of its directors or other governing body such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at the meeting, in accordance with Section 179 of the Companies Act, Cap. 50.
 9. The Company shall be entitled to reject the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies if it is incomplete, improperly completed, illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies. In addition, in the case of a member whose Shares are entered against his/her name in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any instrument of proxy lodged if such member, being the appointor, is not shown to have Shares entered against his name in the Depository Register 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting, as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.

Personal Data Privacy

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend, speak and vote at the Extraordinary General Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents) for the purpose of the processing and administration by the Company (or its agents) of proxies and representatives appointed for the Extraordinary General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the Extraordinary General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "**Purposes**"), (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the Purposes, and (iii) agrees that the member will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of warranty.

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