

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

(Incorporated in Singapore. Registration Number: 200910817N)

ANNUAL REPORT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

ANNUAL REPORT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

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**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

The directors present their statement to the member together with the audited financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 and the balance sheet of the Company as at 31 March 2021.

In the opinion of the directors,

- (a) the balance sheet of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group as set out on pages 7 to 93 are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2021 and the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group for the financial year covered by the consolidated financial statements; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

Directors

The directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are as follows:

Mr Tan Gee Paw	Chairman
Mr Lee Seow Hiang	Chief Executive Officer
Mr Abdul Wahab Bin Mohamed Yusoff	
Mr Michael George William Barclay	
Mr Chia Song Hwee	
Mrs Chng Sok Hui	
Mr Kelvin Fan Sui Siong	
Mr Kee Teck Koon	
Ms Kwa Kim Li	
Mr Mark Yeo	(Appointed on 1 April 2021)
Mr Ng Chee Khern	
Mrs Tan Ching Yee	
Mr Tan Kong Yam	
Mr Lim Zhi Jian	(Alternate director to Mrs Tan Ching Yee)

Arrangements to enable directors to acquire shares and debentures

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose object was to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

Directors' interests in shares or debentures

According to the register of directors' shareholdings, none of the directors holding office at the end of the financial year had any interest in the shares or debentures of the Company or its related corporations.

Share options

There were no options granted during the financial year to subscribe for unissued shares of the Company.

No shares have been issued during the financial year by virtue of the exercise of options to take up unissued shares of the Company.

There were no unissued shares of the Company under option at the end of the financial year.

Independent auditor

The independent auditor, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Tan Gee Paw
Chairman

16 June 2021

Lee Seow Hiang
Chief Executive Officer

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Changi Airport Group (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") and the balance sheet of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (international) ("SFRS(I)s") so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2021 and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group for the financial year ended on that date.

What we have audited

The financial statements of the Company and the Group comprise:

- the consolidated income statement of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2021;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income of the Group for the financial year ended 31 March 2021;
- the balance sheets of the Company and the Group as at 31 March 2021;
- the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group for the financial year then ended;
- the consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group for the financial year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code.

Our Audit Approach

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risks of material misstatement in the accompanying financial statements. In particular, we considered where management made subjective judgements; for example, in respect of significant accounting estimates that involved making assumptions and considering future events that are inherently uncertain. As in all of our audits, we also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, including among other matters consideration of whether there was evidence of bias that represented a risk of material misstatement due to fraud.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD. (CONTINUED)

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

Our Audit Approach (continued)

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2021. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key Audit Matter	How our audit addressed the Key Audit Matter
Impairment of intangible assets <i>Refer to Note 3(iv) to the financial statements.</i> The Group has intangible assets relating to the infrastructure and concession right assets arising from the concession agreement to operate the Antonio Carlos Jobim International (Galeão) Airport in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. As at 31 March 2021, the carrying value of the concession right amounted to \$2,320,140,000. As operations in Galeão Airport have been affected by the challenging business environment in Brazil and the COVID-19 pandemic, management performed an impairment review of the intangible assets held by the Group's subsidiary in Brazil as at 31 March 2021. Management engaged an independent consultant to assess the value-in-use of the assets using Expected Cash Flows from two scenarios. The two scenarios, which reflect the level of risk and uncertainty about the future outcomes are assigned equal probabilities of occurrence. Arising from the impairment assessment, an impairment loss of \$442,076,000 was recognised in the profit and loss account and against the carrying amount of the concession right as at 31 March 2021. The assessment of impairment of the concession assets was an area of focus as significant judgements were used to estimate the key inputs used in each scenario, such as passenger traffic, likelihood of achieving the long-term economic and financial rebalancing by the Concession Authority, and pre-tax discount rates.	In respect of the inputs which were most sensitive to the estimation of the value-in-use of the concession asset, we involved our valuation specialists to evaluate the valuation methodology and management's assumptions applied based on the information and market conditions prevailing at the date of this report, as follows: • Forecasted future passenger and cargo volume – we assessed the projections against economic and industry forecasts; • Long-term growth rates – we compared them against economic and industry forecasts; • Financial support from the government – we assessed the possibility of a favourable renegotiation of the concession terms by comparing to other similar airport concessions in Brazil and industry expectations; and • Discount rates – we assessed the weighted average cost of capital for the Group against comparable organisations, considering territory specific factors. In respect of the independent valuation expert engaged by the Group, we assessed that they possessed the requisite competency and experience to assist management in the assessment of the recoverable amount of the concession asset. We considered the probability assigned to each cash flow scenario and assessed management's expectations, business plans and the Group's contractual rights in relation to the concession agreement. We also considered the adequacy of the Group's disclosures (in Notes 3(iv) and 13) made in relation to the impairment assessment performed. Based on our audit procedures performed, we found management's key judgements and basis of assessing the recoverable amount of the concession asset to be reasonable. We also found the disclosures in the financial statements in respect of the key judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty to be adequate.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD. (CONTINUED)

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Directors' Statement (but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon), which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, and the other sections of the annual report ("the Other Sections"), which are expected to be made available to us after that date.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

When we read the Other Sections, if we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and take appropriate actions in accordance with SSAs.

Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SFRS(I)s, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD. (CONTINUED)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors, have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Kok Moi Lre.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants
Singapore, 16 June 2021

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

		Group	
	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Revenue	4	696,748	3,118,641
Expenses			
- Depreciation		(684,216)	(678,164)
- Amortisation of intangible assets		(11,585)	(52,027)
- Maintenance of land, buildings and equipment		(201,110)	(348,235)
- Services and security related expenses		(145,858)	(326,480)
- Employee compensation	5	(164,881)	(287,519)
- CAAS services and licence fees		(20,566)	(246,457)
- Regulatory contribution		-	(25,461)
- Property tax		(83,036)	(80,903)
- Other operating expenses		(121,312)	(206,911)
Total expenses		(1,432,564)	(2,252,157)
Operating (loss)/profit		(735,816)	866,484
Finance expenses	6	(350,336)	(286,210)
Other income and losses – net	7	254,402	144,853
Impairment of intangible assets		(442,076)	(323,265)
Share of results of associated companies and joint ventures	16	(30,736)	16,271
(Loss)/Profit before tax		(1,304,562)	418,133
Income tax credit/(expense)	8	44,035	(268,282)
(Loss)/Profit after tax		(1,260,527)	149,851
(Loss)/Profit after tax attributable to:			
Equity holder of the Company		(953,722)	438,045
Non-controlling interests		(306,805)	(288,194)
		(1,260,527)	149,851

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
(Loss)/Profit after tax	(1,260,527)	149,851
Other comprehensive loss:		
<i>Items that will not be reclassified to income statement:</i>		
Currency translation losses arising on consolidation – Non-controlling interests	(19,445)	(84,451)
	(19,445)	(84,451)
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to income statement:</i>		
Cash flow hedges		
- Fair value losses	(6,431)	(13,096)
- Reclassification	4,466	(1,968)
- Share of fair value gains/(losses) from an associated company	9,715	(5,359)
Share of other comprehensive income of associated company	(147)	-
Currency translation differences arising on consolidation		
- Losses	(25,889)	(101,177)
- Reclassification	-	(2,441)
	(18,286)	(124,041)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(37,731)	(208,492)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	(1,298,258)	(58,641)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:		
Equity holder of the Company	(971,045)	318,793
Non-controlling interests	(327,213)	(377,434)
	(1,298,258)	(58,641)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

BALANCE SHEETS

As at 31 March 2021

	Note	31 March 2021 \$'000	Group 31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000	31 March 2021 \$'000	Company 31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000
ASSETS							
Current assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	9	1,632,069	2,422,266	1,762,845	1,485,117	2,162,708	1,588,829
Trade and other receivables	10	134,654	215,870	297,478	94,971	114,945	207,254
Other current assets	11	220,939	124,045	31,217	211,628	107,136	20,895
Other investments	18	183,366	105,669	102,677	109,175	105,669	102,677
Derivatives	24	-	-	8,207	-	-	8,207
Inventories		15,132	13,177	12,518	6,568	6,708	7,534
Tax recoverable		4,710	7,381	9,733	-	-	-
		2,190,870	2,888,408	2,224,675	1,907,459	2,497,166	1,935,396
Non-current assets							
Trade and other receivables	10	-	-	-	191,779	871,606	1,322,488
Other non-current assets		80	134	735	23,510	15,965	8,844
Property, plant and equipment	12	7,564,557	6,623,770	6,254,006	7,517,746	6,567,973	6,190,833
Intangible assets	13	2,865,217	3,548,747	4,619,135	-	-	-
Right-of-use assets	14	1,087,268	1,136,363	1,182,069	1,087,069	1,136,363	1,182,069
Subsidiaries	15	-	-	-	467,366	12,602	263,767
Associated companies and joint ventures	16	212,167	210,936	345,680	12,934	11,947	11,947
Investment property	17	1,330,197	1,487,982	1,492,275	-	-	-
Other investments	18	39,730	11,666	7,909	13,639	9,044	7,657
Deferred tax assets	19	11,115	40,227	163,755	-	-	-
		13,110,331	13,059,825	14,065,564	9,314,043	8,625,500	8,987,605
Total assets		15,301,201	15,948,233	16,290,239	11,221,502	11,122,666	10,923,001
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities							
Trade and other payables	20	799,594	1,006,210	1,302,601	916,874	787,777	1,005,247
Concession payable	21	-	18,231	24,453	-	-	-
Loans and borrowings	22	302,735	46,842	1,009,623	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	23	80,374	80,760	75,867	80,175	80,760	75,867
Derivatives	24	-	-	137	-	-	-
Deferred income	25	79,652	86,324	40,199	62,245	64,672	19,586
Current tax liabilities		145,856	197,292	189,742	131,656	181,095	187,291
		1,408,211	1,435,659	2,642,622	1,190,950	1,114,304	1,287,991
Non-current liabilities							
Trade and other payables	20	150,443	174,225	145,323	126,091	144,792	133,215
Concession payable	21	2,614,536	2,704,791	3,065,657	-	-	-
Loans and borrowings	22	1,534,073	1,756,399	642,228	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	23	1,041,885	1,074,465	1,030,492	1,041,885	1,074,465	1,030,492
Derivatives	24	114,308	111,941	-	-	-	-
Deferred income	25	1,533,275	397,223	203,526	1,506,417	361,955	150,130
Deferred tax liabilities	19	72,762	163,564	99,201	72,762	163,433	98,762
		7,061,282	6,382,608	5,186,427	2,747,155	1,744,645	1,412,599
Total liabilities		8,469,493	7,818,267	7,829,049	3,938,105	2,858,949	2,700,590
NET ASSETS		6,831,708	8,129,966	8,461,190	7,283,397	8,263,717	8,222,411
EQUITY							
Share capital and reserves	26	3,671,272	3,687,754	3,806,203	3,787,921	3,787,080	3,791,566
Retained profits	27	3,244,915	4,199,478	4,032,588	3,495,476	4,476,637	4,430,845
		6,916,187	7,887,232	7,838,791	7,283,397	8,263,717	8,222,411
Non-controlling interests		(84,479)	242,734	622,399	-	-	-
Total equity		6,831,708	8,129,966	8,461,190	7,283,397	8,263,717	8,222,411

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

	Share capital \$'000	Hedging and other reserves \$'000	Currency translation reserve \$'000	Sinking fund reserve \$'000	Retained profits \$'000	Non- controlling interests \$'000	Total equity \$'000
2021							
Beginning of financial year	3,280,387	4,292	(103,618)	506,693	4,199,478	242,734	8,129,966
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	(953,722)	(306,805)	(1,260,527)
Other comprehensive income	-	8,566	(25,889)	-	-	(20,408)	(37,731)
Total comprehensive income	-	8,566	(25,889)	-	(953,722)	(327,213)	(1,298,258)
Sinking fund contribution	-	-	-	841	(841)	-	-
Total other movements in equity	-	-	-	841	(841)	-	-
End of financial year	3,280,387	12,858	(129,507)	507,534	3,244,915	(84,479)	6,831,708
2020							
Beginning of financial year	3,280,387	19,926	-	505,890	4,032,588	622,399	8,461,190
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	438,045	(288,194)	149,851
Other comprehensive income	-	(15,634)	(103,618)	-	-	(89,240)	(208,492)
Total comprehensive income	-	(15,634)	(103,618)	-	438,045	(377,434)	(58,641)
Dividend paid	-	-	-	-	(271,623)	-	(271,623)
Sinking fund contribution	-	-	-	803	(803)	-	-
Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	1,271	(2,231)	(960)
Total transactions with owners and other movements in equity	-	-	-	803	(271,155)	(2,231)	(272,583)
End of financial year	3,280,387	4,292	(103,618)	506,693	4,199,478	242,734	8,129,966

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
(Loss)/profit after tax	(1,260,527)	149,851
Adjustments for:		
- Income tax (credit)/expense	(44,035)	268,282
- Depreciation	684,216	678,164
- Amortisation of intangible assets	11,585	52,027
- Government grant	(315,526)	(68,405)
- Net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	5,922	600
- Impairment of intangible assets	442,076	323,265
- Impairment of an associated company	-	36,923
- Impairment of investment property	7,666	-
- Impairment of trade and other receivables	2,477	4,965
- Share of results of associated companies and joint ventures	30,736	(16,271)
- Unrealised currency translation differences	(24,667)	(24,168)
- Fair value gain on financial assets held at fair value	(8,326)	(1,005)
- Fair value loss on derivatives	-	1,834
- Amortisation of deferred revenue	(49,107)	(24,369)
- Finance expenses	350,336	286,210
- Interest income	(31,330)	(52,069)
- Gain on disposal of associated companies	-	(23,451)
- Regulatory contribution	-	25,461
	(198,504)	1,617,844
Changes in working capital		
- Inventories	(1,955)	(659)
- Trade and other receivables	53,668	114,093
- Other assets	(71,093)	(5,392)
- Trade and other payables	(104,308)	(45,490)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	(322,192)	1,680,396
Interest received	49,855	47,317
Government grants received	165,860	27,307
Income tax paid	(67,690)	(106,604)
Net cash (used in)/provided by operating activities	(174,167)	1,648,416
Cash flows from investing activities		
Additions to property, plant and equipment and capital work-in-progress	(1,464,289)	(1,092,541)
Additions to investment property and investment property under development	(24,788)	(61,521)
Additions to intangible assets	(9,577)	(23,160)
Payment of concession liabilities	(4,182)	(23,854)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	607	99
Proceeds from disposal of associated companies	27,742	70,775
Investment in associated companies and joint ventures	(987)	(45)
Dividends received	3,640	11,167
Placement in treasury bills	(55,356)	-
Purchase of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(2,245)	(5,767)
Proceeds from financial assets at amortised cost	1,000	-
Deposits held in trust	-	(960)
Net cash used in investing activities	(1,528,435)	(1,125,807)

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from loans and borrowings, net of transactions costs		18,478	397,205
Repayment of loans and borrowings		(47,556)	(56,117)
Interest paid		(68,616)	(47,997)
Payment of lease principal		(41,906)	(76,467)
Designated investments / Restricted bank deposits		17,896	12,638
Dividend paid		-	(271,623)
Government grants received		1,093,980	193,398
Net cash provided by financing activities		972,276	151,037
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(730,326)	673,646
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year	9	2,362,566	1,691,467
Effects of currency translation on cash and cash equivalents		(1,131)	(2,547)
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	9	1,631,109	2,362,566

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. General information

Changi Airport Group (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. (the “Company”) is incorporated in the Republic of Singapore. The address of its registered office is 60 Airport Boulevard #046-037, Changi Airport Terminal 2, Singapore 819643.

The principal activities of the Company are to own, develop, operate, manage and provide airport and airport-related facilities and services.

The principal activities of its subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures are disclosed in Note 34.

2. Significant accounting policies

2.0 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with SFRS(I) under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

Interpretations and amendments to published standards effective in 2020

On 1 April 2020, the Group adopted the new or amended SFRS(I) that are mandatory for application for the financial year. Changes to the Group’s accounting policies have been made as required, in accordance with the transitional provisions in the respective SFRS(I).

The adoption of these new or amended SFRS(I) did not result in substantial changes to the Group’s accounting policies and had no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior financial years.

2.1 Adoption of SFRS(I)

With effect from 1 April 2020, the Group has adopted Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) (“SFRS(I)”). These are the first financial statements that are prepared in accordance with SFRS(I), and the Group has applied SFRS(I) 1 *First-time Adoption of SFRS(I)* as part of the transition. Accordingly, the opening balance sheet of the Group and Company have been prepared and presented in accordance with SFRS(I) as at 1 April 2019, which is the date of transition to SFRS(I) (“date of transition”).

The Group’s previously issued financial statements for periods up to and including the financial year ended 31 March 2020 were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standards in Singapore (“FRS”).

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Adoption of SFRS(I) (continued)

The transition to SFRS(I) has not resulted in any material changes to the Group's accounting policies, nor has it required any material adjustments to be made, except as detailed below.

(i) Application of SFRS(I) 1

The Group has elected to reset the cumulative currency translation reserves for all foreign operations to zero as at the date of transition. As a result, cumulative translation losses of \$257,579,000 measured under FRS were reclassified from the currency translation reserve to retained profits as at 1 April 2019.

After the date of transition, any gain or loss on disposal of foreign operations will exclude translation differences that arose before the date of transition. Accordingly, the gain on disposal of associated companies in the financial year ended 31 March 2020 was adjusted, resulting in an improvement of \$3,506,000 to "other income and losses – net". At the same time, the unrealised portion of the gain on disposal of the associated companies was adjusted, resulting in a \$5,259,000 reduction to the carrying amount of associated companies and joint ventures as at 31 March 2020.

Refer to the reconciliation of amounts previously reported under FRS to SFRS(I) in section (ii) below.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Adoption of SFRS(I) (continued)

(ii) *Reconciliation of amounts previously reported under FRS to SFRS(I)*

	Group		
	Previously reported under FRS \$'000	Effects of SFRS(I) adoption \$'000	Reported under SFRS(I) \$'000
BALANCE SHEETS			
<u>As at 1 April 2019:</u>			
EQUITY			
Share capital and reserves	3,548,624	257,579	3,806,203
Retained profits	4,290,167	(257,579)	4,032,588
	<u>7,838,791</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,838,791</u>
<u>As at 31 March 2020:</u>			
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Associated companies and joint ventures	216,195	(5,259)	210,936
EQUITY			
Share capital and reserves	3,438,940	248,814	3,687,754
Retained profits	4,453,551	(254,073)	4,199,478
	<u>7,892,491</u>	<u>(5,259)</u>	<u>7,887,232</u>

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.1 Adoption of SFRS(I) (continued)

- (ii) *Reconciliation of amounts previously reported under FRS to SFRS(I)*
(continued)

	Group		
	Previously reported under FRS \$'000	Effects of SFRS(I) adoption \$'000	Reported under SFRS(I) \$'000
<u>For the financial year ended 31 March 2020:</u>			
CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT			
Other income and losses – net	141,347	3,506	144,853
Profit before tax	414,627	3,506	418,133
Profit after tax	146,345	3,506	149,851
Profit after tax attributable to equity holder of the Company	434,539	3,506	438,045
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
Currency translation losses arising on consolidation	(94,853)	(8,765)	(103,618)
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	(199,727)	(8,765)	(208,492)
Total comprehensive loss	(53,382)	(5,259)	(58,641)
Total comprehensive income attributable to equity holder of the Company	324,052	(5,259)	318,793

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer. Revenue is presented, net of goods and services tax, rebates and discounts, and after eliminating revenue transactions within the Group.

The Group recognises revenue when it transfers control over a good or service to a customer.

- (a) **Airport service fees**

Airport service fees comprise landing, parking, and aerobridge fees, and passenger service and security fees. Revenue is recognised in the accounting period in which the related airport services have been rendered.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Revenue (continued)

(b) Airport concessions and rental income

Airport concessions relate to rental income from retail tenants and are computed based on the higher of percentage of sales or specified minimum guaranteed sums. The rental income derived from rental of property is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

(c) Other airport services

Other airport services mainly comprise cargo services, franchise fees, utility charges, consultancy fees, carpark revenue and other sundry income.

(d) Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest method.

2.3 Government grants

Government grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised in profit and loss as other income on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are recognised.

Government grants relating to assets are recognised initially as deferred grants at fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the grants will be received and the Group will comply with the conditions associated with the grant. The deferred grants are subsequently amortised to profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the assets are put to use.

2.4 Group accounting

(a) Subsidiaries

(i) Consolidation

Subsidiaries are entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date on which that control ceases.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Group accounting (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (continued)

(i) *Consolidation* (continued)

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group entities are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment indicator of the asset transferred.

Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Non-controlling interests comprise the portion of subsidiaries' net results of operations and its net assets which is attributable to the interests that are not owned directly or indirectly by the equity holder of the Company. They are shown separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, and balance sheet. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the non-controlling interests based on their respective interests in the subsidiaries, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

(ii) *Acquisitions*

Acquisitions from 1 April 2019

The acquisition method of accounting is used to account for business combinations entered into by the Group.

The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary comprises the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred also includes any contingent consideration arrangement and any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary measured at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are, with limited exceptions, measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Group accounting (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (continued)

(ii) *Acquisitions* (continued)

Acquisitions from 1 April 2019 (continued)

On an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, the Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree at the date of acquisition either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the net identifiable assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. In instances where the latter amount exceeds the former, the excess is recognised as a bargain purchase in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

Acquisitions before 1 April 2019

As part of the transition to SFRS(I), the Group has elected not to restate business combinations that occurred prior to the date of transition. Accordingly, the carrying amount of assets and liabilities as at 1 April 2019 is the same as previously reported under FRS, and fair value adjustments and goodwill arising from business combinations before 1 April 2019 continue to be accounted for using the same basis as FRS.

(iii) *Disposals*

When a change in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary results in a loss of control over the subsidiary, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary including any goodwill are derecognised. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are also reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings if required by a specific Standard.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Group accounting (continued)

(a) Subsidiaries (continued)

(iii) *Disposals* (continued)

Any retained equity interest in the entity is remeasured at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained investment at the date when control is lost and its fair value is recognised in profit or loss.

Please refer to Note 2.9 for the accounting policy on investments in subsidiaries in the separate financial statements of the Company.

(b) Transactions with non-controlling interests

Changes in the Group's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control over the subsidiary are accounted for as transactions with equity owners of the Group. Any difference between the change in the carrying amounts of the non-controlling interest and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised in a separate reserve within equity attributable to the equity holder of the Company.

(c) Associated companies and joint ventures

Associated companies are entities over which the Group has significant influence, but not control. Joint ventures are entities over which the Group has joint control as a result of contractual arrangements, and rights to the net assets of the entities.

Investments in associated companies and joint ventures are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, less impairment losses, if any.

(i) *Acquisitions*

Investments in associated companies and joint ventures are initially recognised at cost. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange and equity instruments issued, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Goodwill on associated companies and joint ventures represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of the associated company or joint venture over the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets of the associated company or joint venture and is included in the carrying amount of the investments.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Group accounting (continued)

(c) Associated companies and joint ventures (continued)

(ii) *Equity method of accounting*

Under the equity method of accounting, the investments are initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognise Group's share of its associated companies' or joint ventures' post-acquisition profits or losses in the income statement, and its share of movements in other comprehensive income in the statement of comprehensive income. Dividends received or receivable from the associated companies or joint ventures are recognised as a reduction of the carrying amount of the investments.

When the Group's share of losses in an associated company or joint venture is equals to or exceeds its interest in the associated company or joint venture, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has legal or constructive obligations to make, or has made, payments on behalf of the associated company or joint venture. If the associated company or joint venture subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associated companies or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associated companies or joint ventures.

Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of impairment of the asset transferred. The accounting policies of associated companies or joint ventures are changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the accounting policies adopted by the Group.

(iii) *Disposals*

Investments in associated companies or joint ventures are derecognised when the Group loses significant influence or joint control. If the retained equity interest in the former associated company or joint venture is a financial asset, the retained equity interest is measured at fair value. The difference between the carrying amount of the retained interest at the date when significant influence or joint control is lost and its fair value and any proceeds on partial disposal is recognised in profit or loss.

Please refer to Note 2.9 for the accounting policy on investments in associated companies and joint ventures in the separate financial statements of the Company.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

(a) Measurement

Property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment initially recognised includes its purchase price and any cost that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Cost also includes borrowing costs (refer to Note 2.8 on borrowing costs).

(b) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure relating to property, plant and equipment that has already been recognised is added to the carrying amount of the asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance expenses are recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

(c) Depreciation

Self-constructed property, plant and equipment are capitalised initially as work-in-progress and transferred to the relevant asset category when they are ready for use. No depreciation is recognised on work-in-progress.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate depreciable amounts over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	<u>Useful lives</u>
Runways, taxiways and others	30 years
Buildings	5 to 50 years
Plant and equipment	2 to 15 years
Vehicles and vessels	5 to 10 years
Equipment, furniture and fittings	1 to 10 years
Capital improvements	5 to 20 years

The residual values, estimated useful lives and depreciation method of property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at each balance sheet date. The effects of any revision are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

(d) Disposal

On disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

2.6 Intangible assets

(a) Capitalised costs

Capitalised costs are initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

(b) Infrastructure

Under the concession agreement that a subsidiary of the Company entered into with the Brazilian national agency of civil aviation, Agência Nacional de Aviação Civil ("ANAC" or "Concession Authority"), the subsidiary, as the operator, is required to build or improve the infrastructure used to provide the public service. Such infrastructure acquired during the concession period is to be returned to the Concession Authority at the end of the concession period in consideration for the rights to charge users for the service provided as operator. The infrastructure is amortised based on the economic benefit consumption curve (passenger demand curve) expected over the term of the concession of the airport. The economic benefit consumption curve is reviewed and adjusted as appropriate at each balance sheet date. The effects of any revision are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise. Details of the concession arrangement can be found in Note 2.6(d).

(c) Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are amortised using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Intangible assets (continued)

(d) Concession right

Concession right pertains to the right to expand, maintain and operate Antonio Carlos Jobim International (“Galeão”) Airport in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, for a period of 25 years starting from 2 April 2014. The concession right is recognised at present value calculated using a discount rate which is equivalent to the market rate with interest that is comparable with the nature, term and risks related to the concession charges. The concession right is amortised based on the economic benefit consumption curve (passenger demand curve) expected over the term of the concession, limited to the maximum capacity of each investment phase. The economic benefit consumption curve is reviewed and adjusted as appropriate at each balance sheet date. The effects of any revision are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

Investment phases originate from triggers tied to the passenger demand curve for the purpose of maintaining the level of service required by the Concession Authority.

The finance charges arising from the adjustment of the concession are capitalised according to the changes of the investment phases until termination.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Investment property

Investment property is held for long-term rental yields and/or capital appreciation and is not occupied substantially by the Group. Investment properties include properties that are being constructed or developed for future use as investment properties.

(a) Measurement

Investment properties are initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Costs of self-constructed investment properties includes the costs of construction and any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, as well as capitalised borrowing costs (refer to Note 2.8 on borrowing costs).

(b) Subsequent expenditure

Subsequent expenditure relating to investment property that has already been recognised is added to the carrying amount of the asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance expenses are recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

(c) Depreciation

Self-constructed investment properties are capitalised initially as investment property under development and transferred to investment properties when they are ready for use. No depreciation is recognised on investment property under development.

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Investment property (continued)

(c) Depreciation (continued)

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate depreciable amounts over their useful lives as follows:

	<u>Useful lives</u>
Building	50 years
Plant and equipment	5 to 15 years
Equipment, furniture and fixtures	3 years
Attractions	3 to 30 years
Capital improvements	15 to 20 years

The residual values, estimated useful lives and depreciation method of investment properties are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at each balance sheet date. The effects of any revision are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

(d) Disposal

On disposal of an item of investment property, the difference between the disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

2.8 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method except for costs that are directly attributable to the construction or development of investment property or property, plant and equipment ("properties"). This includes costs on borrowings acquired specifically for the construction or development of properties, as well as those in relation to general borrowings used to finance the construction or development of properties.

2.9 Investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures

Investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses on the Company's balance sheet. On disposal of such investments, the difference between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investment are recognised in profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Impairment of non-financial assets

Property, plant and equipment

Intangible assets

Right-of-use assets

Investment property

Investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures

Property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, right-of-use assets, investment property and investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures are tested for impairment whenever there is any objective evidence or indication that these assets may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost to sell and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, the recoverable amount is determined for the cash generating units ("CGU") to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or CGU) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or CGU) is reduced to its recoverable amount.

The difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss.

An impairment loss for an asset is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The carrying amount of this asset is increased to its revised recoverable amount, provided that this amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of any accumulated amortisation or depreciation) had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

A reversal of impairment loss for an asset is recognised in profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Financial assets

(a) Classification and measurement

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Amortised cost;
- Fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"); and
- Fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL").

The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets as well as the contractual terms of the cash flows of the financial asset.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest.

Financial assets which are debt instruments are reclassified when, and only when, the Group changes its business model for managing them.

At initial recognition

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs, except for financial assets at FVPL which are recognised at fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

At subsequent measurement

(i) Debt instruments

Debt instruments comprise mainly cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, and listed debt securities.

There are three subsequent measurement categories, depending on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset:

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Financial assets (continued)

(a) Classification and measurement (continued)

At subsequent measurement (continued)

(i) Debt instruments (continued)

- *Debt instruments at amortised cost*

Debt instruments that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

- *Debt instruments at FVOCI*

Debt instruments that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for sale, and where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are classified as FVOCI. Movements in fair values are recognised in other comprehensive income ("OCI") and accumulated in reserves, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains or losses, which are recognised in profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

- *Debt instruments at FVPL*

Debt instruments that are held for trading as well as those that do not meet the criteria for classification as amortised cost or FVOCI are classified as FVPL. Movements in fair values and interest income are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Financial assets (continued)

(a) Classification and measurement (continued)

At subsequent measurement (continued)

(ii) Equity instruments

Equity instruments comprise investments in unquoted instruments held by the Group and Company.

Equity instruments are classified as FVPL with movements in their fair values recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the changes arise, except for certain equity instruments which are not held for trading, where the Group may irrevocably elect to present fair value changes in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

Dividends from these investments are recognised in profit and loss in the period in which the dividend arises.

(b) Impairment

The Group assesses expected credit losses ("ECLs") associated with its debt financial assets at amortised cost and FVOCI on a forward-looking basis.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach permitted by SFRS(I) 9, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The Group applies the general approach of 12-month expected credit losses at initial recognition for all other financial assets.

(c) Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

On disposal of a debt instrument, the difference between the carrying amount and the sale proceeds is recognised in profit or loss. Any amount previously recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that asset is reclassified to profit or loss.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Financial assets (continued)

(c) Recognition and derecognition (continued)

On disposal of an equity investment, the difference between the carrying amount and the sale proceeds is recognised in profit or loss if there was no election made to recognise fair value changes in other comprehensive income. If there was an election made, any difference between the carrying amount and the sale proceeds would be recognised in other comprehensive income and transferred to retained profits along with the amount previously recognised in other comprehensive income relating to that asset.

2.12 Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value (net of transaction costs) and subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are presented as current liabilities unless there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the balance sheet date, in which case they are presented as non-current liabilities.

The total proceeds from bonds with convertible warrants issued are allocated to the bond and warrant components, which are separately presented on the balance sheet. The bond component is accounted for as borrowings, while the warrant component is accounted for as a derivative financial instrument in accordance with Note 2.15.

2.13 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. They are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less (or in a normal operating cycle of the business if longer). Otherwise, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade and other payables are initially recognised at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.14 Concession payable

Concession payable represents the financial obligations to the Concession Authority for the right to operate Galeão Airport, initially recorded at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost using effective interest rate. The amounts that are payable within 12 months from the balance sheet date are classified as current liabilities. The amounts that are payable more than 12 months from balance sheet date are classified as non-current liabilities.

2.15 Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities

A derivative financial instrument is initially recognised at its fair value on the date the contract is entered into and is subsequently carried at its fair value. The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group designates each hedge as a cash flow hedge.

Fair value changes on derivatives that are not designated or do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised in the profit or loss when the changes arise.

The Group documents at the inception of the transaction the relationship between the hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategies for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives designated as hedging instruments are highly effective in offsetting changes in cash flows of the hedged items.

The fair values of various derivative financial instruments used for hedging purposes are disclosed in Note 24. The carrying amount of a derivative designated as a hedge is presented as a non-current asset or liability if the remaining expected life of the hedged item is more than 12 months and as a current asset or liability if the remaining expected life of the hedged item is less than 12 months. The fair value of a trading derivative is presented as a current asset or liability.

Cash flow hedge

(i) Interest rate swaps

The Group has entered into interest rate swaps that are cash flow hedges for the Group's exposure to interest rate risk on its borrowings. These contracts entitle the Group to receive interest at floating rates on notional principal amounts and oblige the Group to pay interest at fixed rates on the same notional principal amounts, thus allowing the Group to limit its interest rate exposure to the fixed rates as specified in these contracts.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.15 Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities (continued)

Cash flow hedge (continued)

(i) Interest rate swaps (continued)

The fair value changes on the effective portion of interest rate swaps designated as cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income, accumulated in the hedging reserve, and reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged interest expense on the borrowings is recognised in the profit or loss. The fair value changes on the ineffective portion of interest rate swaps are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(ii) Foreign exchange ("FX") commodity swap

The Group had entered into a FX commodity swap to hedge the variability in cash flows associated with highly probable forecast transactions arising from changes in foreign exchange rates and commodity prices.

The fair value changes on the effective portion of the FX commodity swap designated as cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income. The fair value changes on the ineffective portion of the FX commodity swap are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the gains and losses that were previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss immediately.

2.16 Fair value estimation of financial instruments

The fair values of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as exchange-traded, over-the-counter securities and derivatives) are based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted market prices used for financial assets are the current bid prices; the appropriate quoted market prices used for financial liabilities are the current asking prices.

The fair values of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market are determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions based on market conditions that are existing at each balance sheet date. Where appropriate, quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used. Valuation techniques, such as discounted cash flow analysis, are also used to determine the fair values of the financial instruments.

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2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.16 Fair value estimation of financial instruments (continued)

The fair values of the swaps and option are based on valuation provided by reputable financial institutions. The fair values of interest rate swaps are calculated as the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at actively quoted interest rates. The fair value of the FX commodity swap is calculated as the present value of estimated cash flows for the fixed and floating legs based on commodity prices and daily average foreign exchange rates. The fair value of the commodity option is derived from the underlying price, strike price and days until expiration.

The carrying amounts of current financial assets and liabilities carried at amortised cost approximate their fair values.

2.17 Leases

(i) Where the Group is the lessee

At the inception of the contract, the Group assesses if the contract contains a lease. A contract contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Reassessment is only required when the terms and conditions of the contract are changed.

Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and lease liability at the date which the underlying asset is available for use. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date and lease incentive received. Any initial direct costs that would not have been incurred if the lease had not been obtained are added to the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets.

Right-of-use assets are subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The useful lives of right-of-use assets are as follows:

	<u>Useful lives</u>
Land	2 to 52 years
Plant and equipment	18 months
Warehouse space	2 years

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.17 Leases (continued)

(i) Where the Group is the lessee (continued)

Lease liabilities

The initial measurement of a lease liability is the present value of the lease payments discounted using the rate implicit in the lease, if the rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments include fixed payments, the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise the option and an estimate of necessary costs to be incurred by the Group to dismantle, remove or restore the underlying asset as required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Lease liabilities are remeasured with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there is a change in the Group's assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or purchase option, or there are modifications in the scope or the consideration of the lease that was not part of the original term.

Short-term and low value leases

The Group has elected to not recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have lease terms of 12 months or less and leases of low value leases. Lease payments relating to these leases are expensed to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(ii) Where the Group is the lessor

Leases where the Group retains substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases (net of any incentives given to the lessees) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Initial direct costs incurred by the Group in negotiating and arranging operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased assets and recognised as an expense in profit or loss over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income.

Contingent rents are recognised as income in profit or loss when earned.

Deferred revenue relates to total lease payments received in advance from lessees who have entered into operating leases with the Group. The deferred revenue is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.18 Inventories

Inventories comprise mainly stock items used for maintenance and repair purposes, as well as goods held for sale. These are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis and includes all costs in bringing each stock item to its present location and condition.

2.19 Income taxes

Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions, where appropriate, on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred income tax is recognised for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements except when the deferred income tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss at the time of the transaction.

A deferred income tax liability is recognised on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures, except where the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

A deferred income tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is measured:

- (i) at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date; and
- (ii) based on the tax consequence that will follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the balance sheet date, to recover or settle the carrying amounts of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred income taxes are recognised as income or expense in profit or loss, except to the extent that the tax arises from a business combination or a transaction which is recognised directly in equity. Deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and the amount has been reliably estimated. Changes in the estimated timing or amount of the expenditure or discount rate are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

2.21 Employee compensation

Employee benefits are recognised as an expense, unless the cost qualifies to be capitalised as an asset.

Defined contribution plans are plans under which the Group pays fixed contributions into separate entities such as the Central Provident Fund on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

2.22 Currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollars ("SGD"), which is the functional currency of the Company.

(b) Transactions and balances

Transactions in a currency other than the functional currency ("foreign currency") are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. Currency exchange differences resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the closing rates at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair values are determined. Currency translation differences on these items are included in the currency translation reserve.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.22 Currency translation (continued)

(c) Translation of Group entities' financial statements

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) assets and liabilities are translated at the closing exchange rates at the reporting date;
- (ii) income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless the average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting currency translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the currency translation reserve. These currency translation differences are reclassified to profit or loss on disposal or partial disposal of the entity giving rise to such reserve.

2.23 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, net of restricted balances.

2.24 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new ordinary shares are deducted against the share capital account.

2.25 Dividends to Company's shareholder

Dividends to the Company's shareholder are recognised when the dividends are approved for payment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(i) Impact of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19)

With the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic since the beginning of 2020, the global aviation industry has experienced a significant decline in traffic as a result of air travel restrictions and border controls. Where necessary, the Group has considered the impact of COVID-19 when making estimates and judgments on the recoverability of its assets, based on currently available information.

As at the date of these financial statements, the impact of COVID-19 on the longer-term operational and financial performance of the Group is still uncertain, and recovery of the aviation industry is dependent on future developments which the Group is unable to predict with certainty. If the situation persists beyond management's current expectations, the Group's assets may become subject to write downs in the subsequent financial periods.

(ii) Taxes

The Group's subsidiary in Brazil has received a notice from the local tax authority to pay certain business taxes (including penalty and interest) amounting to \$81,000,000, to which local management has filed an objection. Based on preliminary proceedings and advice from external legal counsel, management has assessed that the chance of loss is not probable, and accordingly no liability was recognised as at 31 March 2021.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. This involves judgement regarding the future financial performance of the particular legal entity or tax group in which the deferred income tax asset has been recognised. Based on this, the Group had written down deferred tax assets to its recoverable amount in the previous financial year. Further disclosures are set out in Notes 8 and 19.

The recoverability of deferred tax assets is also subject to the uncertainty relating to COVID-19 as disclosed in Note 3(i).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

(iii) Capitalisation and amortisation of intangibles – concession right

Estimation is exercised in determining the capitalised finance costs and the amortisation of the concession right subsequent to initial recognition. The concession right is amortised over the concession term based on installed capacity and the projection of the passenger demand curve. The curve reflects the projected use of future economic benefits which is subjected to a significant level of estimation. The Group's disclosure on the above is further set out in Note 13 of the financial statements.

(iv) Impairment of intangible assets

As operations in Galeão Airport have been affected by the challenging business environment in Brazil and the COVID-19 pandemic, management performed an impairment review of the infrastructure and concession right assets (collectively the intangible assets) held by the Group's subsidiary in Brazil as at 31 March 2021 and 2020.

Management engaged an independent consultant to assess the value in use of the assets using expected cash flows from two scenarios (2020: one scenario) which reflect the level of risk and uncertainty about the future outcomes, both of which are assigned equal probabilities of occurrence. Significant judgments were used to estimate the key inputs used in each scenario, such as passenger traffic, likelihood of achieving the long-term economic and financial rebalancing by the Concession Authority, and pre-tax discount rates.

The first scenario assumes that the Group continues to operate Galeão Airport for the remaining concession period until April 2039 in accordance with the concession agreement, with partial long-term financial rebalancing of the concession arrangement granted by the Concession Authority as part of planned negotiations expected to take place in the coming financial year. Traffic volume and revenue were assumed to have a compounded annual growth rate of 8.8% and 13.1% (2020: 8.0% and 13.2%) respectively until 2039, with the initial years' cash flows impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic. Discount rate applied to derive the value in use was 10.7% (2020: 10.3%).

The second scenario assumes a return of the concession of Galeao Airport to the Concession Authority in the event that the long-term financial rebalancing is not achieved. Whilst it is a possible scenario, this does not impact current business management and operations, which continue to be run as a going concern. Discount rate applied to derive the value in use was 12.4%. No such scenario was anticipated for the impairment review as at 31 March 2020.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

(iv) Impairment of intangible assets (continued)

As a result of the assessment, the Group recorded an impairment charge of \$442,076,000 in profit or loss for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: \$323,265,000).

The recoverable amount of the concession right determined from the above scenarios is sensitive to changes to traffic volume and discount rate. A decrease in traffic of 5% (2020: 5%) or an increase in discount rate of 0.5% (2020: 0.5%) in both scenarios will result in an overall increase in impairment of \$59,000,000 and \$74,000,000 (2020: \$192,000,000 and \$278,000,000) respectively.

The recoverability of the Group's intangible assets continues to be subject to the uncertainty relating to COVID-19 as disclosed in Note 3(i). The impairment is disclosed in Note 13 of the financial statements.

(v) Impairment of net investment in a subsidiary

As a consequence of the intangible asset impairment disclosed in Note 3(iv), management assessed that the Company's net investment in Changi Airports International Pte. Ltd. (CAI) was impaired. A sum-of-the-parts valuation model representing CAI's value-in-use was prepared to ascertain the recoverable amount of CAI, which was determined to be \$448,000,000 as at 31 March 2021 (2020: \$613,000,000).

The significant components of the valuation model were as follows:

- CAI's investments in Brazil, largely influenced by the valuation of intangible assets as disclosed in Notes 3(iv) and 13.
- Fair value less costs to sell CAI's investments in Russia, calculated using a discounted cash flow model. The fair value of the investments falls under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy, with key unobservable inputs being the discount rate and terminal value exit multiple applied in the model. The discount rate reflected specific risks relating to the investments, while the terminal value exit multiple was derived based on median multiples of listed airport groups that are publicly available. Any reasonable variation to these key inputs would not result in a material change to the recoverable amount of CAI.

Discount rates applied for the valuation ranged from 9.5% to 13.2% (2020: 7.4% to 12.0%). Except for the sensitivity disclosed in Note 3(iv) relating to Galeão Airport, any reasonable change in the discount rates would not result in a material change to the recoverable amount of CAI.

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

3. Critical accounting estimates and judgements (continued)

(v) Impairment of net investment in a subsidiary (continued)

As a result of the assessment, the Company impaired its equity investment in CAI by \$415,000,000 during the financial year ended 31 March 2021. In the previous financial year, the Company had impaired the loans extended to CAI and equity investment in CAI by \$156,836,000 and \$257,164,000 respectively, as part of a similar valuation exercise.

The impairments are disclosed in Notes 10 and 15 of the financial statements.

(vi) Claims

During the financial year ended 31 March 2021, the Group received claims from contractors and consultants arising from the delay and suspension of contracts as a result of COVID-19. The Group made a provision for contractual claims taking into account the quantum of claim submissions to-date as well as the likelihood of settlement as at 31 March 2021. No further information has been disclosed as it may jeopardise the Group's position in relation to these claims.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

4. Revenue

	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Airport service fees	172,632	1,224,024
Airport concessions and rental income	305,113	1,498,007
Other airport services	148,319	320,649
Other revenue	70,684	75,961
	696,748	3,118,641

The variable rent, computed based on percentage of sales, recognised within the Airport concessions and rental income amounted to \$20,915,000 (2020: \$70,170,000).

Rebates provided to airport concessionaires and tenants have been presented net within airport concessions and rental income. These include amounts granted by the Singapore government as disclosed in Note 7(i).

Other revenue comprises mainly sale of goods and services.

5. Employee compensation

	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Wages and salaries	146,881	235,233
Others	18,000	52,286
	164,881	287,519

6. Finance expenses

	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest expense on borrowings	158,334	93,859
Interest expense on lease liabilities	42,986	44,249
Interest expense on concession payable	149,016	148,102
	350,336	286,210

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

7. Other income and losses – net

	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Interest income			
- Bank deposits		31,321	52,049
- Financial assets at amortised cost		9	20
Gain/(loss) on exchange differences		4,005	(11,977)
Gain on disposal of associated companies		-	23,451
Impairment of investment in associated companies		-	(36,923)
Impairment of investment property		(7,666)	-
Government grants	(i)	301,002	46,052
Others	(ii)	(74,269)	72,181
		254,402	144,853

(i) Government grants

Included in government grants were COVID-19 support measures provided by the Singapore government, of which the Group has passed on an amount of \$49,900,000 (2020: \$21,500,000) to its concessionaires and tenants, amounts relating to Jobs Support Scheme, as well as other grants relating to certain expenditure incurred by the Group. Also included were financial rebalancing credits received from the Brazil government, which are offset against concession payables (Note 21).

(ii) Others

“Others” included fair value gains or losses on investments, loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, and other sundry items.

In the current financial year, it also included expenses for cost-sharing relief legislated by the Singapore government under the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) Act 2020, as well as contractual obligations which arose due to delay and suspension in contracts as a consequence of COVID-19.

In the previous financial year, included in “Others” was the write-back of provision for claims relating to the discharge of a performance guarantee previously provided to a third party. Expenses incurred by the Group were recovered from the third party as part of the settlement agreement.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

8. Income tax

Income tax (credit)/expense

	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Tax expense attributable to profit is made up of:		
- Current income tax		
- Singapore	306	127,132
- Foreign	4	5,690
	310	132,822
- Deferred income tax (Note 19)	(40,825)	142,691
	(40,515)	275,513
(Over)/under provision in prior financial years		
- Current income tax		
- Singapore	21,101	(25,366)
- Foreign	17	9
- Deferred income tax (Note 19)	(24,638)	18,126
	(44,035)	268,282

The tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the Singapore standard rate of income tax as follows:

	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
(Loss)/profit before tax	(1,304,562)	418,133
Less: Share of results of associated companies and joint ventures	30,736	(16,271)
(Loss)/profit before tax and share of results of associated companies and joint ventures	(1,273,826)	401,862
Tax calculated at tax rate of 17% (2020: 17%)	(216,550)	68,317
Effects of:		
- Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	78,925	47,586
- Income not subject to tax	(25,507)	(18,557)
- Tax incentives	(241)	(1,170)
- Deferred tax asset not recognised	200,756	191,539
- Deferred tax asset written down	-	69,060
- Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	(7)	(51)
- Different tax rates in other countries	(77,891)	(86,680)
- Foreign withholding tax	-	5,469
Tax charge	(40,515)	275,513

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9. Cash and cash equivalents

	Group			Company		
	31 March	31 March	1 April	31 March	31 March	1 April
	2021	2020	2019	2021	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash at bank and on hand	306,538	248,282	211,275	210,517	152,446	43,929
Bank deposits	1,325,531	2,173,984	1,551,570	1,274,600	2,010,262	1,544,900
	1,632,069	2,422,266	1,762,845	1,485,117	2,162,708	1,588,829

Included in cash at bank and bank deposits is an amount of \$960,000 (2020: \$59,700,000, 2019: \$71,378,000) that is not readily available for use by the Group. As at 31 March 2021, the amount pertains to deposits that the Group has held in trust for an associated company. As at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2019, the amount mainly pertained to restricted bank deposits arising from a bank loan agreement entered into by a subsidiary of the Company.

For the purpose of presenting the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	31 March	Group	
	2021	31 March	1 April
	\$'000	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents (as above)	1,632,069	2,422,266	1,762,845
Less: Restricted bank deposits	-	(58,740)	(71,378)
Less: Deposits held in trust	(960)	(960)	-
Cash and cash equivalents per consolidated statement of cash flows	1,631,109	2,362,566	1,691,467

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10. Trade and other receivables

	Group			Company		
	31 March	31 March	1 April	31 March	31 March	1 April
	2021	2020	2019	2021	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current						
Trade and other receivables	107,499	156,677	155,020	79,453	77,014	83,841
Accrued income	37,377	67,664	147,451	17,518	39,251	123,413
Loan to subsidiary	-	-	-	-	4,979	-
Less: Loss allowances	(10,222)	(8,471)	(4,993)	(2,000)	(6,299)	-
	134,654	215,870	297,478	94,971	114,945	207,254
Non-current						
Loans to subsidiaries	-	-	-	277,341	1,028,442	1,322,488
Less: Loss allowances	-	-	-	(85,562)	(156,836)	-
	-	-	-	191,779	871,606	1,322,488

During the financial year, the Group recognised impairment of trade and other receivables amounting to \$2,477,000 (2020: \$4,965,000).

Included in trade and other receivables was an amount of \$nil (2020: \$29,190,000, 2019: nil) due from an associated company. The amount was unsecured, interest free and repayable based on an agreed schedule.

Loans to subsidiaries are unsecured, denominated in Singapore Dollars. The non-current loans to subsidiaries have no fixed terms of repayment. The interest income (if any) is determined using the effective interest rate method.

During the financial year, loans to subsidiaries amounting to \$776,843,000 were converted into equity of those subsidiaries. Loss allowances relating to the converted loans amounting to \$156,836,000 was correspondingly transferred to the impairment allowance account. Further details are disclosed in Note 15.

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11. Other current assets

	Group			Company		
	31 March 2021 \$'000	31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000	31 March 2021 \$'000	31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000
Prepayments and deposits	12,535	16,120	12,640	5,660	7,945	3,674
Interest receivable	3,616	22,086	17,221	3,616	22,086	17,221
Grants receivable	182,789	69,577	-	182,789	68,445	-
Others	21,999	16,262	1,356	19,563	8,660	-
	220,939	124,045	31,217	211,628	107,136	20,895

12. Property, plant and equipment

	<u>Runways, taxiways and others</u> \$'000	<u>Buildings</u> \$'000	<u>Plant and equipment</u> \$'000	<u>Vehicles and vessels</u> \$'000	<u>Office / other equipment, furniture and fittings</u> \$'000	<u>Capital improve- ments</u> \$'000	<u>Work-in- progress</u> \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
Group								
As at 31 March 2021								
<u>Cost</u>								
Beginning of financial year	784,030	2,303,519	3,245,783	58,917	262,371	1,263,386	1,979,330	9,897,336
Currency translation differences	-	-	(27)	(27)	(171)	3	-	(222)
Additions	-	-	496	64	115	245	1,515,319	1,516,239
Transfer from work-in-progress	1,029,660	5,242	250,500	7,236	15,283	49,545	(1,357,466)	-
Reclassification	52,651	(112,310)	19,959	926	3,139	34,980	(776)	(1,431)
Cost adjustments	-	(1,040)	(283)	-	(102)	(195)	-	(1,620)
Disposals	-	(326)	(28,413)	(2,091)	(7,851)	(709)	-	(39,390)
End of financial year	1,866,341	2,195,085	3,488,015	65,025	272,784	1,347,255	2,136,407	11,370,912
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>								
Beginning of financial year	239,892	523,518	1,524,702	32,484	195,952	757,018	-	3,273,566
Currency translation differences	-	-	(26)	(21)	(97)	2	-	(142)
Depreciation charge	43,648	78,973	286,555	5,389	35,807	115,460	-	565,832
Reclassification	4,604	(8,027)	3	100	(216)	3,496	-	(40)
Disposals	-	(220)	(22,461)	(1,849)	(7,776)	(555)	-	(32,861)
End of financial year	288,144	594,244	1,788,773	36,103	223,670	875,421	-	3,806,355
Net book value								
End of financial year	1,578,197	1,600,841	1,699,242	28,922	49,114	471,834	2,136,407	7,564,557

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12. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

	Runways, taxiways and others \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Plant and equipment \$'000	Vehicles and vessels \$'000	Office / other equipment, furniture and fittings \$'000	Capital improve- ments \$'000	Work-in- progress \$'000	Total \$'000
Group								
As at 31 March 2020								
<u>Cost</u>								
Beginning of financial year	759,171	1,985,879	2,901,091	50,919	231,496	1,136,904	1,951,500	9,016,960
Currency translation differences	-	-	18	(22)	(307)	3	-	(308)
Additions	-	-	1,228	-	546	803	928,414	930,991
Transfer from work-in-progress	8,830	273,018	471,038	9,223	27,418	111,057	(900,584)	-
Reclassification	16,042	48,580	(88,096)	(453)	6,179	17,748	-	-
Disposals	(13)	(3,958)	(39,496)	(750)	(2,961)	(3,129)	-	(50,307)
End of financial year	784,030	2,303,519	3,245,783	58,917	262,371	1,263,386	1,979,330	9,897,336
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>								
Beginning of financial year	208,956	442,122	1,279,007	28,165	150,859	653,845	-	2,762,954
Currency translation differences	-	-	(21)	(14)	(71)	1	-	(105)
Depreciation charge	30,993	82,479	284,692	4,954	50,614	106,597	-	560,329
Reclassification	(51)	2,859	263	69	(2,547)	(593)	-	-
Disposals	(6)	(3,942)	(39,239)	(690)	(2,903)	(2,832)	-	(49,612)
End of financial year	239,892	523,518	1,524,702	32,484	195,952	757,018	-	3,273,566
Net book value								
End of financial year	544,138	1,780,001	1,721,081	26,433	66,419	506,368	1,979,330	6,623,770

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12. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

	Runways, taxiways and others \$'000	Buildings \$'000	Plant and equipment \$'000	Vehicles and vessels \$'000	Office / other equipment, furniture and fittings \$'000	Capital improve- ments \$'000	Work-in- progress \$'000	Total \$'000
Company								
As at 31 March 2021								
<u>Cost</u>								
Beginning of financial year	784,030	2,254,762	3,223,440	58,841	257,687	1,251,135	1,998,197	9,828,092
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,516,301	1,516,301
Transfer from work-in-progress	1,029,660	5,242	250,500	7,236	15,283	49,545	(1,357,466)	-
Reclassification	52,651	(112,310)	20,614	926	3,139	34,980	-	-
Disposals	-	(326)	(28,171)	(2,091)	(7,113)	(697)	-	(38,398)
End of financial year	1,866,341	2,147,368	3,466,383	64,912	268,996	1,334,963	2,157,032	11,305,995
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>								
Beginning of financial year	239,892	522,507	1,516,849	32,435	193,489	754,947	-	3,260,119
Depreciation charge	43,648	77,984	284,134	5,365	34,776	114,156	-	560,063
Reclassification	4,604	(8,027)	43	100	(216)	3,496	-	-
Disposals	-	(220)	(22,228)	(1,849)	(7,093)	(543)	-	(31,933)
End of financial year	288,144	592,244	1,778,798	36,051	220,956	872,056	-	3,788,249
Net book value								
End of financial year	1,578,197	1,555,124	1,687,585	28,861	48,040	462,907	2,157,032	7,517,746
Company								
As at 31 March 2020								
<u>Cost</u>								
Beginning of financial year	759,171	1,981,956	2,891,115	50,821	224,312	1,132,226	1,896,657	8,936,258
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	928,674	928,674
Transfer from work-in-progress	8,830	224,261	457,516	9,223	25,708	101,596	(827,134)	-
Reclassification	16,042	48,580	(90,514)	(453)	8,597	17,748	-	-
Disposals	(13)	(35)	(34,677)	(750)	(930)	(435)	-	(36,840)
End of financial year	784,030	2,254,762	3,223,440	58,841	257,687	1,251,135	1,998,197	9,828,092
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>								
Beginning of financial year	208,956	439,098	1,272,361	28,117	145,896	650,997	-	2,745,425
Depreciation charge	30,993	80,569	280,554	4,939	49,186	104,946	-	551,187
Reclassification	(51)	2,859	(1,615)	69	(669)	(593)	-	-
Disposals	(6)	(19)	(34,451)	(690)	(924)	(403)	-	(36,493)
End of financial year	239,892	522,507	1,516,849	32,435	193,489	754,947	-	3,260,119
Net book value								
End of financial year	544,138	1,732,255	1,706,591	26,406	64,198	496,188	1,998,197	6,567,973

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13. Intangible assets

	Concession right \$'000	Infra- structure \$'000	Computer software \$'000	Capitalised costs \$'000	Total \$'000
Group					
As at 31 March 2021					
<u>Cost</u>					
Beginning of financial year	3,209,392	668,152	12,560	6,090	3,896,194
Currency translation differences	(415,378)	(83,564)	(1,589)	-	(500,531)
Additions	173,642	8,757	820	-	183,219
Transfers	-	-	1,431	-	1,431
Disposals	-	(2,781)	-	-	(2,781)
End of financial year	<u>2,967,656</u>	<u>590,564</u>	<u>13,222</u>	<u>6,090</u>	<u>3,577,532</u>
<u>Accumulated amortisation</u>					
Beginning of financial year	42,492	32,254	1,425	6,090	82,261
Currency translation differences	(20,485)	(3,236)	(275)	-	(23,996)
Amortisation charge	6,416	3,432	1,737	-	11,585
Transfers	-	-	40	-	40
Disposals	-	(1,478)	-	-	(1,478)
End of financial year	<u>28,423</u>	<u>30,972</u>	<u>2,927</u>	<u>6,090</u>	<u>68,412</u>
<u>Accumulated impairment</u>					
Beginning of financial year	237,034	28,152	-	-	265,186
Currency translation differences	(60,017)	(3,342)	-	-	(63,359)
Impairment charge	442,076	-	-	-	442,076
End of financial year	<u>619,093</u>	<u>24,810</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>643,903</u>
Net book value					
End of financial year	<u>2,320,140</u>	<u>534,782</u>	<u>10,295</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,865,217</u>

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13. Intangible assets (continued)

	Concession right \$'000	Infra- structure \$'000	Computer software \$'000	Capitalised costs \$'000	Total \$'000
Group					
As at 31 March 2020					
<u>Cost</u>					
Beginning of financial year	3,832,797	826,574	6,216	6,090	4,671,677
Currency translation differences	(860,050)	(176,608)	(2,912)	-	(1,039,570)
Additions	236,645	18,200	9,634	-	264,479
Disposals	-	(14)	(378)	-	(392)
End of financial year	3,209,392	668,152	12,560	6,090	3,896,194
<u>Accumulated amortisation</u>					
Beginning of financial year	31,046	20,255	417	824	52,542
Currency translation differences	(14,432)	(7,298)	(200)	-	(21,930)
Amortisation charge	25,878	19,297	1,586	5,266	52,027
Disposals	-	-	(378)	-	(378)
End of financial year	42,492	32,254	1,425	6,090	82,261
<u>Accumulated impairment</u>					
Beginning of financial year	-	-	-	-	-
Currency translation differences	(58,079)	-	-	-	(58,079)
Impairment charge	295,113	28,152	-	-	323,265
End of financial year	237,034	28,152	-	-	265,186
Net book value					
End of financial year	2,929,866	607,746	11,135	-	3,548,747

The concession right represents the right to charge the users of public services by means of fees for a period of time as set out in the concession agreement with the Concession Authority. The concession right was pledged against bank borrowings (Note 22).

Infrastructure pertains to costs of assets used in the infrastructure of the concession that would be returned to the Concession Authority upon expiration of the concession right.

During the financial year, due to the continuous weak performance and lacklustre economic outlook in Brazil and the COVID-19 pandemic, an impairment review was carried out to assess the recoverable amount of the intangible assets held by the Group's subsidiary in Brazil. As a result of the review, an impairment charge of \$442,076,000 (2020: \$323,265,000) was recognised.

Details on estimates and judgments are set out in Note 3(iv).

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

14. Right-of-use assets

The Group leases land, equipment and warehouse space for its business operations.

	<u>Land</u> \$'000	<u>Plant and equipment</u> \$'000	<u>Warehouse space</u> \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
Group				
As at 31 March 2021				
<u>Cost</u>				
Beginning of financial year	1,182,069	5,511	-	1,187,580
Additions	-	10,127	237	10,364
End of financial year	1,182,069	15,638	237	1,197,944
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>				
Beginning of financial year	50,604	613	-	51,217
Depreciation charge	50,604	8,817	38	59,459
End of financial year	101,208	9,430	38	110,676
Net book value				
End of financial year	1,080,861	6,208	199	1,087,268
Group				
As at 31 March 2020				
<u>Cost</u>				
Beginning of financial year	1,182,069	-	-	1,182,069
Additions	-	5,511	-	5,511
End of financial year	1,182,069	5,511	-	1,187,580
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>				
Beginning of financial year	-	-	-	-
Depreciation charge	50,604	613	-	51,217
End of financial year	50,604	613	-	51,217
Net book value				
End of financial year	1,131,465	4,898	-	1,136,363

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

14. Right-of-use assets (continued)

The Company leases land and equipment for its business operations.

	<u>Land</u> \$'000	<u>Plant and equipment</u> \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
Company			
As at 31 March 2021			
<u>Cost</u>			
Beginning of financial year	1,182,069	5,511	1,187,580
Additions	-	10,127	10,127
End of financial year	<u>1,182,069</u>	<u>15,638</u>	<u>1,197,707</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>			
Beginning of financial year	50,604	613	51,217
Depreciation charge	50,604	8,817	59,421
End of financial year	<u>101,208</u>	<u>9,430</u>	<u>110,638</u>
Net book value			
End of financial year	<u>1,080,861</u>	<u>6,208</u>	<u>1,087,069</u>
Company			
As at 31 March 2020			
<u>Cost</u>			
Beginning of financial year	1,182,069	-	1,182,069
Additions	-	5,511	5,511
End of financial year	<u>1,182,069</u>	<u>5,511</u>	<u>1,187,580</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>			
Beginning of financial year	-	-	-
Depreciation charge	50,604	613	51,217
End of financial year	<u>50,604</u>	<u>613</u>	<u>51,217</u>
Net book value			
End of financial year	<u>1,131,465</u>	<u>4,898</u>	<u>1,136,363</u>

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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15. Subsidiaries

	31 March 2021 \$'000	Company 31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000
Unquoted equity shares, at cost	1,296,366	269,767	263,767
Less: Impairment allowance	(829,000)	(257,165)	-
	467,366	12,602	263,767

Details of significant subsidiaries are included in Note 34.

(a) Additions

During the financial year, the Company subscribed to new equity shares of subsidiaries for a total consideration of \$1,026,600,000. The consideration included the conversion of loans extended to those subsidiaries into equity, amounting to \$776,843,000. Corresponding loss allowances on the converted loans amounting to \$156,836,000 were transferred to the impairment allowance account.

(b) Impairment

In the current financial year, the Company recognised impairment of \$415,000,000 (2020: \$257,164,000) on its investment in Changi Airports International Pte. Ltd. (CAI). This arose from cumulative losses incurred as a result of sustained economic downturn or weak market conditions in certain countries in which CAI's portfolio assets operate. The Company has accordingly written down the carrying value of CAI to the recoverable amount of the investment, computed based on a sum-of-the-parts valuation model reflecting its value in use to the Company.

Details on estimates and judgments are set out in Note 3(v).

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
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15. Subsidiaries (continued)

(c) Summarised financial information of subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests

Set out below are the summarised financial information of subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests, namely Rio de Janeiro Aeroporto S.A. (RJA) and Jewel Changi Airport Trust (JCAT). These are presented before inter-company eliminations.

	RJA Group			JCAT		
	As at 31 March 2021 \$'000	As at 31 March 2020 \$'000	As at 1 April 2019 \$'000	As at 31 March 2021 \$'000	As at 31 March 2020 \$'000	As at 1 April 2019 \$'000
<i>Summarised balance sheet</i>						
Current assets	99,528	178,774	210,953	87,657	54,336	27,183
Non-current assets	2,886,582	3,589,673	4,783,961	1,404,807	1,603,285	1,605,421
Current liabilities	(70,019)	(98,712)	(130,900)	(82,321)	(205,154)	(1,173,294)
Non-current liabilities	(2,910,617)	(3,053,427)	(3,534,613)	(1,583,814)	(1,528,427)	(479,260)
Net assets	5,474	616,308	1,329,401	(173,671)	(75,960)	(19,950)
	For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 \$'000	For the financial year ended 31 March 2020 \$'000		For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 \$'000	For the financial year ended 31 March 2020 \$'000	
<i>Summarised income statement</i>						
Revenue	96,460	299,442		88,731	128,647	
Loss after tax	(571,201)	(547,533)		(95,746)	(46,237)	
Total comprehensive loss	(629,083)	(713,175)		(97,711)	(56,011)	
<i>Summarised cash flows</i>						
Net cash from operating activities	8,741	107,882		37,728	73,078	
Net cash from investing activities	(12,199)	(23,131)		(28,451)	(103,443)	
Net cash from financing activities	3,048	(72,453)		21,202	44,246	

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16. Associated companies and joint ventures

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Beginning of financial year	210,936	345,680	11,947	11,947
Capital injection	987	45	987	-
Share of results	(30,736)	16,271	-	-
Dividends received	(3,640)	(11,167)	-	-
Dilution gain	-	-	-	-
Unrealised gain	-	(27,977)	-	-
Share of other comprehensive income	9,618	(5,261)	-	-
Disposal	-	(49,686)	-	-
Currency translation differences	966	(20,046)	-	-
Losses in excess of invested capital reclassified to liabilities	24,036	-	-	-
	212,167	247,859	12,934	11,947
Less: Impairment allowance	-	(36,923)	-	-
End of financial year	212,167	210,936	12,934	11,947

Set out below are the significant associated companies and joint ventures of the Group as at 31 March 2021.

(i) Bengal Aerotropolis Projects Limited ("BAPL")

The Group has a 30.2% (2020: 30.2%, 2019: 30.2%) equity stake in BAPL, a company incorporated in India. BAPL's principal business is to develop an airport and surrounding township in Durgapur, West Bengal, India.

In the previous financial year, BAPL experienced business and financial difficulties. Business conditions were expected to remain challenging in the near term. Accordingly, the investment in BAPL was written down by \$36,923,000 to the recoverable amount determined based on value-in-use for the airport and fair value less cost to sell for the township land.

(ii) Transport AMD-2 Limited ("TAMD-2")

The Group has a 30% (2020: 30%, 2019: 30%) equity interest in TAMD-2, a company incorporated in the Republic of Cyprus. TAMD-2 holds investments in a group of companies whose principal activities are to provide airport and related services in the cities of Krasnodar, Sochi and Anapa, in the Russian Federation.

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16. Associated companies and joint ventures (continued)

(iii) Terminal Vladivostok and Vladivostok International Airport (collectively “VVO”)

VVO consists of Terminal Vladivostok (“TV”) and Vladivostok International Airport (“IAV”), whose principal activities are to provide airport and related services in the city of Vladivostok, in the Russian Federation. The shares of TV and IAV were pledged as collateral for the loans taken by TV and IAV.

In the previous financial year, the Group sold its stake in TV and IAV to the TAMD-2 Group. The consideration was RUB 4,860 million (approximately \$106 million). After the transaction, the Group’s effective interest in TV decreased from 33.3% to 20.0%, while the Group’s effective interest in IAV increased from 17.4% to 18.5%. A net gain on disposal of \$23,451,000 was recognised in profit or loss, while an unrealised gain of \$27,976,000 relating to the Group’s indirect interest in VVO held via TAMD-2 was deferred within the investment in TAMD-2.

(iv) Fukuoka International Airport Co., Ltd. (“FUK”)

The Group has a 21% (2020: 21%, 2019: 21%) interest in FUK. The principal activities are to provide airport and related services in the city of Fukuoka, Japan.

During the financial year, the Group has accounted for its share of losses from FUK that was in excess of invested capital amounting to \$24,036,000, due to the Group’s commitment to provide certain shareholder loans to FUK. The amount has been transferred to liabilities as at 31 March 2021.

Further details of significant associated companies and joint ventures are provided in Note 34.

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17. Investment property

Group	Investment property \$'000	Investment property under development \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 31 March 2021			
<u>Cost</u>			
Beginning of financial year	1,554,950	-	1,554,950
Additions	197	-	197
Cost adjustments	(87,531)	-	(87,531)
End of financial year	<u>1,467,616</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,467,616</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>			
Beginning of financial year	66,968	-	66,968
Depreciation charge	62,785	-	62,785
End of financial year	<u>129,753</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>129,753</u>
<u>Accumulated impairment</u>			
Beginning of financial year	-	-	-
Impairment charge	7,666	-	7,666
End of financial year	<u>7,666</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,666</u>
Net book value			
End of financial year	<u>1,330,197</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,330,197</u>
Group			
As at 31 March 2020			
<u>Cost</u>			
Beginning of financial year	-	1,492,275	1,492,275
Additions	-	62,675	62,675
Transfers	1,554,950	(1,554,950)	-
End of financial year	<u>1,554,950</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,554,950</u>
<u>Accumulated depreciation</u>			
Beginning of financial year	-	-	-
Depreciation charge	66,968	-	66,968
End of financial year	<u>66,968</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>66,968</u>
Net book value			
End of financial year	<u>1,487,982</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,487,982</u>

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17. Investment property (continued)

Borrowing costs capitalised as cost of investment property during the year amounted to nil (2020: \$953,000), with effective interest rates ranging from nil (2020: 2.60% to 3%) per annum.

As at 31 March 2021, the fair value of the investment property was \$1,330,000,000 (2020: \$1,600,000,000, 2019: \$1,600,000,000). The fair value of the investment property was obtained based on a valuation performed by an independent professional valuer, in which the Direct Capitalisation Method and Discounted Cash Flow approach were used. The fair value is the average value derived from the two methods.

Further details of the valuation techniques and key inputs used to determine the fair value of the investment property are provided in Note 30(e).

The fair value of the investment property is sensitive to changes in total estimated revenues used in the valuation. If total estimated revenues decreased by 5% (2020: 5%), the fair value would decrease by approximately \$32,000,000 (2020: \$90,000,000).

During the financial year, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, an impairment review was carried out to assess the recoverable amount of the investment property. The recoverable amount was determined using the fair value less costs to sell approach. As a result of the review, an impairment charge of \$7,666,000 was recognised (2020: nil, 2019: nil).

The key assumptions used in estimating the recoverable amount are set out below:

	31 March 2021	31 March 2020	1 April 2019
Adopted capitalisation rate	4.0%	4.0%	4.3%
Discount rate	7.3%	7.3%	7.5%
Terminal yield	4.3%	4.3%	4.5%

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18. Other investments

	Group			Company		
	31 March	31 March	1 April	31 March	31 March	1 April
	2021	2020	2019	2021	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Current						
<i>Financial assets at amortised cost</i>						
- Bond with fixed interest	-	1,010	-	-	1,010	-
<i>Financial assets at FVPL</i>						
- Treasury bills	74,191	-	-	-	-	-
- Quoted instruments	109,175	104,659	102,677	109,175	104,659	102,677
	183,366	105,669	102,677	109,175	105,669	102,677
Non-current						
<i>Financial asset at amortised cost</i>						
- Bond with fixed interest	-	-	1,032	-	-	1,032
<i>Financial assets at FVPL</i>						
- Treasury bills	22,009	-	-	-	-	-
- Unquoted instruments	17,721	11,666	6,877	13,639	9,044	6,625
	39,730	11,666	7,909	13,639	9,044	7,657

The interest rate for the bond was nil (2020: 4.30%, 2019: 4.30%) per annum. The fair value of the bond as at 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2019 approximated its carrying value.

Excess cash held by a subsidiary in Brazil was invested in treasury bills. Under a bank loan agreement entered into by the subsidiary, approximately 40% of the funds were designated for purposes of paying concession fees and borrowings.

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19. Deferred income taxes

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority. The amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown on the balance sheets as follows:

	Group			Company		
	31 March 2021 \$'000	31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000	31 March 2021 \$'000	31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000
Deferred income tax assets						
- to be recovered after one year	(11,115)	(40,227)	(163,755)	-	-	-
Deferred income tax liabilities						
- to be settled after one year	72,762	163,564	99,201	72,762	163,433	98,762

Movement in net deferred income tax liabilities/(assets) is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Beginning of financial year	123,337	(64,554)	163,433	98,762
(Over)/under provision in prior years	(24,638)	18,126	(23,434)	18,394
Tax charged to profit or loss	(40,825)	142,691	(67,237)	47,360
Tax charged to other comprehensive income	(402)	(3,112)	-	(1,083)
Other movements	418	-	-	-
Currency translation differences	3,757	30,186	-	-
End of financial year	61,647	123,337	72,762	163,433

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax losses and capital allowances carried forward to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefits through future taxable profits is probable. The Group has unrecognised tax losses of \$1,121,189,000 (2020: \$572,580,000, 2019: \$405,131,000) at the balance sheet date which can be carried forward and used to offset against future taxable income subject to meeting certain statutory requirements by those companies in their respective countries of incorporation.

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19. Deferred income taxes (continued)

The movement in deferred income tax assets and liabilities prior to offsetting of balances within the same jurisdiction during the financial year is as follows:

Group

Deferred income tax liabilities

	Accelerated tax <u>depreciation</u> \$'000	Amortisation of <u>intangibles</u> \$'000	<u>Others</u> \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
As at 31 March 2021				
Beginning of financial year	179,209	253,186	770	433,165
Charged to profit or loss	(61,565)	44,822	(1,598)	(18,341)
Credited to other comprehensive income	-	-	(402)	(402)
Currency translation differences	-	(30,033)	(1)	(30,034)
End of financial year	117,644	267,975	(1,231)	384,388

As at 31 March 2020

Beginning of financial year	111,768	295,286	3,144	410,198
Charged to profit or loss	67,441	26,518	738	94,697
Credited to other comprehensive income	-	-	(3,112)	(3,112)
Currency translation differences	-	(68,618)	-	(68,618)
End of financial year	179,209	253,186	770	433,165

Deferred income tax assets

	Tax <u>losses</u> \$'000	Unabsorbed tax <u>allowances</u> \$'000	<u>Provisions</u> \$'000	<u>Leases</u> \$'000	<u>Total</u> \$'000
As at 31 March 2021					
Beginning of financial year	(289,403)	(1,951)	(15,738)	(2,736)	(309,828)
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss	(30,785)	(20,897)	7,791	(3,231)	(47,122)
Other movements	357	61	-	-	418
Currency translation differences	33,791	-	-	-	33,791
End of financial year	(286,040)	(22,787)	(7,947)	(5,967)	(322,741)
As at 31 March 2020					
Beginning of financial year	(458,187)	(832)	(15,733)	-	(474,752)
Charged/(credited) to profit or loss	69,980	(1,119)	(5)	(2,736)	66,120
Currency translation differences	98,804	-	-	-	98,804
End of financial year	(289,403)	(1,951)	(15,738)	(2,736)	(309,828)

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19. Deferred income taxes (continued)

Company

Deferred income tax liabilities

	Accelerated tax depreciation \$'000	Others \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 31 March 2021			
Beginning of financial year	179,078	2,783	181,861
Charged to profit or loss	(61,362)	(1,583)	(62,945)
End of financial year	117,716	1,200	118,916
As at 31 March 2020			
Beginning of financial year	111,347	3,143	114,490
Charged to profit or loss	67,731	723	68,454
Charged to other comprehensive income	-	(1,083)	(1,083)
End of financial year	179,078	2,783	181,861

Deferred income tax assets

	Tax losses \$'000	Unabsorbed tax allowances \$'000	Leases \$'000	Provisions \$'000	Total \$'000
As at 31 March 2021					
Beginning of financial year	-	-	(2,736)	(15,692)	(18,428)
(Credited)/charged to profit or loss	(14,515)	(17,765)	(3,231)	7,785	(27,726)
End of financial year	(14,515)	(17,765)	(5,967)	(7,907)	(46,154)
As at 31 March 2020					
Beginning of financial year	-	-	-	(15,728)	(15,728)
(Credited)/charged to profit or loss	-	-	(2,736)	36	(2,700)
End of financial year	-	-	(2,736)	(15,692)	(18,428)

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20. Trade and other payables

	Group			Company		
	31 March 2021 \$'000	31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000	31 March 2021 \$'000	31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000
Current						
Trade payables	180,580	138,397	299,242	163,854	119,691	263,201
Non-trade payables to subsidiaries	-	-	-	254,692	12,548	20,069
Accrued operating expenses	230,666	223,246	268,727	195,041	190,725	245,430
Accrued capital expenditure and development costs	181,377	378,954	429,065	166,240	246,412	257,618
Sundry creditors and other accruals	32,729	64,207	128,313	14,699	46,912	70,840
Accrued regulatory contribution	68,448	105,449	84,921	68,448	105,449	84,921
Deposits received	81,758	95,957	92,333	53,900	66,040	63,168
Liabilities in respect of investment in an associated company	24,036	-	-	-	-	-
	799,594	1,006,210	1,302,601	916,874	787,777	1,005,247

Included in non-trade payables to subsidiaries is an amount of \$251,757,000 (2020: nil) to be injected as capital into subsidiaries. The remaining non-trade payables to subsidiaries represent funds from subsidiaries managed by the Company on their behalf, and are unsecured and repayable on demand. The interest payable to subsidiaries for the funds managed ranged from 0.2% to 0.6% (2020: 0.6% to 1.8%, 2019: 0.6% to 1.6%).

Accrued regulatory contribution relates to the regulatory contribution that the Company is required to make in accordance with the CAAS Act. During the financial year, an amount of \$37,001,000 (2020: \$4,933,000) was utilised against the provision.

Liabilities in respect of investment in an associated company represents the Group's share of an associated company's losses in excess of invested capital. Details are disclosed in Note 16.

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20. Trade and other payables (continued)

	Group			Company		
	31 March	31 March	1 April	31 March	31 March	1 April
	2021	2020	2019	2021	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Non-current						
Accrued capital expenditure and development costs	90,304	50,847	42,978	90,304	50,847	42,978
Other non-current liabilities	60,139	123,378	102,345	35,787	93,945	90,237
	150,443	174,225	145,323	126,091	144,792	133,215

Included in other non-current liabilities are accruals mainly relating to employee compensation schemes that are deferred and payable over a period of time and other miscellaneous non-current liabilities.

21. Concession payable

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Beginning of financial year	2,723,022	3,090,110
Capitalised interest charge	173,642	236,645
Interest expense	149,016	148,102
Accrued variable concession	8,255	22,497
Less: Settlement of concession fees	(13,906)	(23,854)
Less: Unutilised financial rebalancing	(79,278)	-
Currency translation differences	(346,215)	(750,478)
End of financial year	2,614,536	2,723,022

	Group		
	31 March	31 March	1 April
	2021	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<i>Classified as:</i>			
Current	-	18,231	24,453
Non-current	2,614,536	2,704,791	3,065,657
	2,614,536	2,723,022	3,090,110

Concession payable is made up of fixed and variable components. Fixed concession payable is discounted using an effective interest rate of 12.5%. Variable concession payable corresponds to 5% of gross operating revenue after deduction of legislated ATAERO fees which are embedded within the regulated airport service fees. ATAERO fees collected (net of revenue taxes) are payable to the Brazilian Civil Aviation National Fund.

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22. Loans and borrowings

	31 March 2021 \$'000	Group 31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000
Current			
Bank borrowings – secured	44,372	46,842	1,009,623
Bond payable – unsecured	258,363	-	-
	302,735	46,842	1,009,623
Non-current			
Bank borrowings – secured	1,286,567	1,322,286	416,190
Loan from non-controlling interest	247,506	229,027	226,038
Bond payable – unsecured	-	205,086	-
	1,534,073	1,756,399	642,228

Included in total secured bank borrowings for the Group is an amount of \$312,642,000 (2020: \$351,342,000, 2019: \$472,368,000) which pertained to borrowings by a subsidiary, Concessionária Aeroporto Rio de Janeiro S.A. (CARJ), from the National Bank for Economic and Social Development of Brazil (“BNDES”) and other Brazilian commercial banks with an effective interest spread of 3.3% (2020: 3.3%, 2019: 3.3%) per annum above the Brazilian Long-term Interest Rate (TJLP). The bank borrowings are guaranteed by the Group’s shares in RJA and CARJ, as well as credit rights arising from the concession agreement in Brazil. A corporate guarantee was issued by another subsidiary of the Company, which guarantees 49% of the total financing of CARJ and is related only to the portion directly lent by BNDES.

Also included in total secured bank borrowings for the Group is an amount of \$1,018,297,000 (2020: \$1,017,786,000, 2019: \$953,445,000) which are variable rate borrowings and will be contractually repriced between one to three months. These bank borrowings will mature on the date falling 60 months from the first loan utilisation date and are secured on the assignment of insurances and contractual proceeds.

The loan from non-controlling interest is unsecured and interest expense is determined using the effective interest rate method. The loan is subordinated to external borrowings and is not expected to be repaid within the next twelve months from the end of the financial year.

On 27 March 2019, a subsidiary of the Company entered into an agreement to issue up to \$500 million of 10-year fixed rate bonds with 300 million detachable warrants to Surbana Jurong Capital (Aviation) Pte. Ltd. (“Surbana Jurong”).

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22. Loans and borrowings (continued)

On 11 April 2019, Surbana Jurong subscribed to \$300 million of the bonds which included the 300 million detachable warrants. The bond pays an interest of 5% per annum. The warrants are exercisable at Surbana Jurong's discretion into shares of certain subsidiaries held by the issuer at a 25% discount off the fair values of the equity shares up to a total discount of \$100 million, at any time between issuance and maturity. The bonds were amortised at its effective interest rate, based on the assumption that it would be repaid at maturity date.

On 17 November 2020, the Group redeemed \$40,000,000 of the bonds. On 8 April 2021, the Group redeemed the remaining \$260,000,000 of the bonds. The carrying value of the bond was accordingly remeasured to its amortised cost using the effective interest rate method up to the date of redemption. The difference between the carrying value and remeasured value of \$88,000,000 was recognised within finance expense for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

The warrants are recognised as a derivative financial liability (Note 24).

At the balance sheet date, the fair values of the bank borrowings, loan from non-controlling interest and bond payable approximate their carrying values.

Reconciliation of loans and borrowings arising from financing activities

	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Beginning of financial year	1,803,241	1,651,851
Net (repayment) / proceeds	(53,454)	293,107
Non-cash changes:		
- Warrant recognised at inception	-	(100,000)
- Interest and remeasurement	133,164	53,755
- Foreign exchange movement	(46,654)	(93,793)
- Other non-cash movements	511	(1,679)
End of financial year	1,836,808	1,803,241

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23. Lease liabilities

The movement in the Group's and Company's lease liabilities was as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Beginning of financial year	1,155,225	1,106,359	1,155,225	1,106,359
Additions	10,353	5,511	10,127	5,511
Interest expense	42,986	44,249	42,984	44,249
Repayment of principal	(41,905)	(878)	(41,876)	(878)
Repayment of interest	(44,238)	(16)	(44,238)	(16)
Revaluation	(162)	-	(162)	-
End of financial year	1,122,259	1,155,225	1,122,060	1,155,225
	31 March		31 March	1 April
	2021		2020	2019
	\$'000		\$'000	\$'000
<i>Classified as:</i>				
Group				
Current	80,374	80,760		75,867
Non-current	1,041,885	1,074,465		1,030,492
	1,122,259	1,155,225		1,106,359
Company				
Current	80,175	80,760		75,867
Non-current	1,041,885	1,074,465		1,030,492
	1,122,060	1,155,225		1,106,359

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24. Derivatives

	←	Group		→	←	Company		→
		Fair value				Fair value		
	Contract notional amount \$'000	Asset \$'000	Liability \$'000		Contract notional amount \$'000	Asset \$'000	Liability \$'000	
As at 31 March 2021								
<i>Derivatives held for hedging:</i>								
Cash flow hedge								
- Interest rate swaps	510,000	-	(14,308)		-	-	-	
<i>Derivatives not held for hedging:</i>								
- Detachable warrants	100,000	-	(100,000)		-	-	-	
		-	(114,308)			-	-	
<i>Classified as:</i>								
- Non-current		-	(114,308)			-	-	
As at 31 March 2020								
<i>Derivatives held for hedging:</i>								
Cash flow hedge								
- Interest rate swaps	510,000	-	(11,941)		-	-	-	
<i>Derivatives not held for hedging:</i>								
- Detachable warrants	100,000	-	(100,000)		-	-	-	
		-	(111,941)			-	-	
<i>Classified as:</i>								
- Non-current		-	(111,941)			-	-	
As at 1 April 2019								
<i>Derivatives held for hedging:</i>								
Cash flow hedge								
- Interest rate swaps	415,000	-	(137)		-	-	-	
- FX commodity swap	36,214	6,373	-		36,214	6,373	-	
<i>Derivatives not held for hedging:</i>								
- Commodity option	8,068	1,834	-		8,068	1,834	-	
		8,207	(137)			8,207	-	
<i>Classified as:</i>								
- Current		8,207	(137)			8,207	-	

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24. Derivatives (continued)

The weighted average hedged rate for interest rate swaps was 1.5% (2020: 1.5%, 2019: 2.0%). The interest rate swaps mature in July 2024.

The weighted average hedged rate for FX commodity swap was nil (2020: \$450, 2019: \$450) per metric tonne.

Details of the detachable warrants are set out in Note 22.

There was no hedge ineffectiveness during the year.

25. Deferred income

	Group			Company		
	31 March 2021 \$'000	31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000	31 March 2021 \$'000	31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000
Advances received	26,729	54,423	27,369	15,964	42,635	15,275
Deferred revenue	109,371	124,900	146,328	75,871	80,104	84,413
Deferred grants	1,476,827	304,224	70,028	1,476,827	303,888	70,028
	<u>1,612,927</u>	<u>483,547</u>	<u>243,725</u>	<u>1,568,662</u>	<u>426,627</u>	<u>169,716</u>
<i>Classified as:</i>						
Current	79,652	86,324	40,199	62,245	64,672	19,586
Non-current	1,533,275	397,223	203,526	1,506,417	361,955	150,130
	<u>1,612,927</u>	<u>483,547</u>	<u>243,725</u>	<u>1,568,662</u>	<u>426,627</u>	<u>169,716</u>

Deferred grants are mainly amounts granted by the government to partially defray the costs of construction or acquisition of property, plant and equipment. Additions to such deferred grants during the financial year amounted to \$1,171,101,000 (2020: \$218,568,000, 2019: \$70,028,000). The deferred grants amortised to offset depreciation during the financial year amounted to \$3,860,000 (2020: \$350,000).

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26. Share capital and reserves

	Group			Company		
	31 March	31 March	1 April	31 March	31 March	1 April
	2021	2020	2019	2021	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Share capital	3,280,387	3,280,387	3,280,387	3,280,387	3,280,387	3,280,387
Other reserve (b(i))	27,714	27,861	27,861	-	-	-
Hedging reserve	(14,856)	(23,569)	(7,935)	-	-	5,289
Currency translation reserve	(129,507)	(103,618)	-	-	-	-
Sinking fund reserve (b(ii))	507,534	506,693	505,890	507,534	506,693	505,890
	<u>3,671,272</u>	<u>3,687,754</u>	<u>3,806,203</u>	<u>3,787,921</u>	<u>3,787,080</u>	<u>3,791,566</u>

(a) Share capital

The Group and Company's share capital comprises 3,280,387,000 (2020: 3,280,387,000, 2019: 3,280,387,000) fully paid-up ordinary shares with no par value, amounting to a total of \$3,280,387,000 (2020: \$3,280,387,000, 2019: \$3,280,387,000).

(b) Composition of reserves

(i) Included in other reserve is an amount which relates to the difference between the consideration paid to CAAS as compared to the carrying amount of net assets transferred from CAAS, as reflected in the financial records of CAAS as at 1 July 2009 and, adjusted by the requirements of SFRS(I). The remaining amount pertains to the share of reserves of associated companies.

(ii) The sinking fund reserve was set up for the Changi East Development.

The above reserves are non-distributable.

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26. Share capital and reserves (continued)

(c) Movements of reserves

(i) *Hedging reserve*

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Beginning of financial year	(23,569)	(7,935)	-	5,289
Fair value losses	(6,431)	(13,096)	-	(3,039)
Reclassified to profit or loss	4,466	(1,968)	-	(2,250)
Share of hedging reserve from an associated company	9,715	(5,359)	-	-
Less: Non-controlling interests	963	4,789	-	-
End of financial year	(14,856)	(23,569)	-	-

(ii) *Currency translation reserve*

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Beginning of financial year	(103,618)	-
Net currency translation differences of foreign subsidiaries, associated companies and joint ventures	(45,384)	(185,728)
Reclassified to profit or loss	-	(2,441)
Share of currency translation gain of associated companies and joint ventures	50	100
Less: Non-controlling interests	19,445	84,451
End of financial year	(129,507)	(103,618)

(iii) *Sinking fund reserve*

	Group and Company	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Beginning of financial year	506,693	505,890
Sinking fund contribution	841	803
End of financial year	507,534	506,693

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27. Retained profits

Movements in retained profits for the Group and Company are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Beginning of financial year	4,199,478	4,032,588	4,476,637	4,430,845
Net (loss)/profit	(953,722)	438,045	(980,320)	318,218
Dividend paid (Note 35)	-	(271,623)	-	(271,623)
Acquisition of additional interest in a subsidiary	-	1,271	-	-
Sinking fund contribution	(841)	(803)	(841)	(803)
End of financial year	3,244,915	4,199,478	3,495,476	4,476,637

28. Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

Capital expenditures contracted for at the balance sheet date but not recognised in the financial statements were as follows:

	Group			Company		
	31 March	31 March	1 April	31 March	31 March	1 April
	2021	2020	2019	2021	2020	2019
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Investment property	-	4,572	17,225	-	-	-
Property, plant and equipment	3,315,201	3,739,833	2,119,356	3,311,680	3,732,896	2,113,550

The Group's share of associated companies' and joint ventures' capital commitments was approximately \$5,900,000 (2020: \$4,000,000, 2019: \$1,400,000).

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

28. Commitments (continued)

(b) Operating lease commitments – where the Group is a lessor

The Group and Company lease out retail and commercial spaces under non-cancellable operating leases. The future minimum lease receivables from operating leases to be received after the reporting date are as follows:

	Group \$'000	Company \$'000
As at 31 March 2021		
Not later than one year	192,885	101,571
Between one and two years	61,815	29,540
Between two and three years	34,655	18,979
Between three and four years	20,834	18,476
Between four and five years	19,512	17,707
Later than five years	504,839	499,092
	<u>834,540</u>	<u>685,365</u>
As at 31 March 2020		
Not later than one year	194,466	111,704
Between one and two years	142,164	49,452
Between two and three years	49,163	19,688
Between three and four years	31,768	17,864
Between four and five years	19,684	17,931
Later than five years	524,327	516,775
	<u>961,572</u>	<u>733,414</u>
As at 1 April 2019		
Not later than one year	223,974	132,127
Between one and two years	130,650	36,522
Between two and three years	110,685	19,640
Between three and four years	46,593	17,794
Between four and five years	31,744	17,873
Later than five years	544,065	534,760
	<u>1,087,711</u>	<u>758,716</u>

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29. Contingencies

	31 March 2021 \$'000	Group 31 March 2020 \$'000	1 April 2019 \$'000
Administrative and legal proceedings	119,872	43,622	46,022

The Group's contingencies relate to a subsidiary's administrative and legal proceedings arising from the ordinary course of its business, involving tax, labour and civil issues. This includes a contingent liability relating to certain business taxes as disclosed in Note 3(ii).

30. Financial risk management

Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to market risk (including currency risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk and capital risk. The Group's overall risk management strategy seeks to minimise the potential adverse effects from these exposures on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses financial instruments such as interest rate swaps and FX commodity swaps to hedge certain financial risk exposures.

The Board of Directors is responsible for setting the objectives and underlying principles of financial risk management for the Group.

(a) Market risk

(i) *Currency risk*

The Group has dominant operations in Singapore and Brazil. Currency risk arises within entities in the Group when transactions are denominated in foreign currencies such as the United States Dollar ("USD") and Euro ("EUR"). The Group also has investments in foreign entities denominated in Russian Roubles ("RUB"), Indian Rupees ("INR") and Japanese Yen ("JPY").

If the USD and EUR had strengthened / weakened by 5% (2020: 5%) against the respective functional currencies of the Group with all other variables including tax rate being held constant, the effects on the net profit after tax or other comprehensive income would not be significant.

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30. Financial risk management (continued)

(a) Market risk (continued)

(ii) *Price risk*

The Group's financial assets are predominantly made up of low risk, liquid investments which are not subject to significant price risk.

(iii) *Interest rate risk*

The Group's interest-bearing investments are in fixed deposits, with generally short-term maturities of around one year and fixed rate bonds issued by corporates, financial institutions and statutory boards that are held to maturity. Fixed deposits are placed with banks that offer the most competitive interest rate. On average, the interest rates of the fixed deposits are generally repriced every nine months.

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk arising from its loans and borrowings. The Group manages a significant portion of these cash flow interest rate risks using floating-to-fixed interest rate swaps. The Group is also exposed to variations in inflation rates in Brazil, which affect the cash flows associated with the concession payable. If the inflation rate had been higher by 30% (2020: 30%), the effects on the net profit after tax would not be significant.

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations, resulting in financial loss to the Group. The major classes of financial assets of the Group and Company are trade and other receivables, other investments and bank deposits. For trade and other receivables, the Group adopts the policy of dealing only with customers of appropriate credit history and obtaining sufficient security deposits where appropriate to mitigate credit risk. The trade and other receivables exposure is continuously monitored and followed up by the Finance Department and relevant business units.

For other financial assets, the Group adopts the policy of dealing only with high credit quality counterparties and an exposure cap (limit) is set and approved for each of the counterparties. The financial counterparties' limits and their credit ratings are then continuously monitored by the Treasury team.

The maximum exposure to credit risk for each class of financial assets is the carrying amount of that class of financial assets presented on the balance sheets.

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30. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(i) *Trade receivables*

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach where lifetime ECLs are recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. In measuring the expected credit losses, trade receivables are grouped based on similar credit risk characteristics and days past due. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers the historical loss rates for each category of customers under each business and adjusts to reflect current and forward-looking macroeconomic factors which may affect the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

The Group generally considers a financial asset to be in default if the counterparty fails to make contractual payments within 90 days when they fall due and without recourse.

Trade receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Where receivables have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised in profit or loss.

As at the balance sheet date, the Group had a credit loss allowance of \$10,222,000 (2020: \$8,471,000, 2019: \$4,993,000) and the Company had a credit loss allowance of \$2,000,000 (2020: \$2,000,000, 2019: nil) in respect of trade receivables.

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30. Financial risk management (continued)

(b) Credit risk (continued)

(ii) *Financial assets at amortised cost*

The Group assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

The Group's investments in debt instruments are considered to be low risk investments as they are of investment grade credit rating with at least one major rating agency or are internally assessed to have high credit quality. The credit ratings of the investments are monitored for credit deterioration.

Cash and cash equivalents and other investments are subject to immaterial credit loss.

During the financial year, the Company made credit loss allowances on its loans to subsidiaries amounting to \$85,562,000 (2020: \$161,135,000).

(c) Liquidity risk

The Group and the Company adopt prudent liquidity risk management by maintaining sufficient cash and an adequate amount of credit facilities for their operating requirements.

The table below analyses non-derivative financial liabilities of the Group and the Company into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

30. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

Group

	Less than <u>1 year</u> \$'000	Between 1 and <u>5 years</u> \$'000	Over 5 <u>years</u> \$'000
31 March 2021			
Trade and other payables	793,894	116,293	34,146
Loans and borrowings	315,017	1,481,547	80,053
Concession payable	-	830,854	8,986,544
Lease liabilities	42,592	302,256	1,264,559
31 March 2020			
Trade and other payables	1,006,210	69,063	105,158
Loans and borrowings	101,253	1,664,633	470,569
Concession payable	18,231	645,319	10,479,372
Lease liabilities	79,227	303,096	1,340,123
1 April 2019			
Trade and other payables	1,247,401	62,843	82,476
Loans and borrowings	1,065,416	664,905	173,661
Concession payable	24,453	378,594	13,859,256
Lease liabilities	75,867	302,256	1,340,123

Company

	Less than <u>1 year</u> \$'000	Between 1 and <u>5 years</u> \$'000	Over 5 <u>Years</u> \$'000
31 March 2021			
Trade and other payables	916,874	91,945	34,146
Lease liabilities	42,393	302,256	1,264,559
31 March 2020			
Trade and other payables	787,777	54,969	89,822
Lease liabilities	79,227	303,096	1,340,123
1 April 2019			
Trade and other payables	1,005,247	50,738	82,477
Lease liabilities	75,867	302,256	1,340,123

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30. Financial risk management (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the derivative financial instruments of the Group for which contractual maturities are essential for an understanding of the timing of the cash flows into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than <u>1 year</u> \$'000	Between 1 <u>and 5 years</u> \$'000
Group		
31 March 2021		
Net-settled derivative financial instruments		
- Interest rate swaps	6,737	15,768
Net cash outflows	<u>6,737</u>	<u>15,768</u>
31 March 2020		
Net-settled derivative financial instruments		
- Interest rate swaps	27	90
Net cash outflows	<u>27</u>	<u>90</u>
1 April 2019		
Net-settled derivative financial instruments		
- Interest rate swaps	12	-
Net cash outflows	<u>12</u>	<u>-</u>

(d) Capital risk

The Group's objective when managing capital is to ensure that the Group is adequately capitalised and to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to maximise shareholder value.

The Group is in compliance with all externally imposed capital requirements.

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30. Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Fair value measurements

The table below presents assets and liabilities measured and carried at fair value, as well as assets and liabilities for which fair value disclosure is required, classified by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- (i) quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1);
- (ii) inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (Level 2); and
- (iii) inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (Level 3).

Group

31 March 2021

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
<i>Assets</i>				
Other investments	-	223,096	-	223,096
Investment property	-	-	1,330,000	1,330,000
Total assets	-	223,096	1,330,000	1,553,096
<i>Liabilities</i>				
Derivative financial instruments	-	114,308	-	114,308
Total liabilities	-	114,308	-	114,308

Group

31 March 2020

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
<i>Assets</i>				
Other investments	-	116,325	-	116,325
Investment property	-	-	1,600,000	1,600,000
Total assets	-	116,325	1,600,000	1,716,325
<i>Liabilities</i>				
Derivative financial instruments	-	111,941	-	111,941
Total liabilities	-	111,941	-	111,941

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30. Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Fair value measurements (continued)

Group				
1 April 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<i>Assets</i>				
Other investments	-	109,554	-	109,554
Derivative financial instruments	-	8,207	-	8,207
Investment property	-	-	1,600,000	1,600,000
Total assets	-	117,761	1,600,000	1,717,761
<i>Liabilities</i>				
Derivative financial instruments	-	137	-	137
Total liabilities	-	137	-	137

Company				
31 March 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<i>Assets</i>				
Other investments	-	122,814	-	122,814
Total assets	-	122,814	-	122,814

Company				
31 March 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<i>Assets</i>				
Other investments	-	113,703	-	113,703
Total assets	-	113,703	-	113,703

Company				
1 April 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
<i>Assets</i>				
Other investments	-	109,302	-	109,302
Derivative financial instruments	-	8,207	-	8,207
Total assets	-	117,509	-	117,509

There were no transfers between levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

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30. Financial risk management (continued)

(e) Fair value measurements (continued)

Valuation techniques used to derive Level 2 fair values

The fair values of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market are determined by using valuation techniques. The fair values of other investments and derivative financial instruments are calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows and are determined by using counterparty quotes at the balance sheet date.

Valuation techniques used to derive Level 3 fair values

The following table presents the valuation techniques and key inputs that were used to determine the fair value of investment property categorised under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy:

Description	Valuation technique	Key unobservable inputs	Relationship of unobservable inputs to fair value
Mixed-used development	Direct Capitalisation Method	Capitalisation rate	Higher capitalisation rate results in lower fair value
		Total estimated revenue	Lower total revenue results in lower fair value
	Discounted Cash Flow Method	Discount rate	Higher discount rate results in lower fair value
		Total estimated revenue	Lower total revenue results in lower fair value.

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31. Segment reporting

The Group's segment results are organised based on the operational nature of business conducted. Business segments are aggregated when the goods or services provided, type of customers, nature of business operation, and economic environment is similar. Transactions between segments are recorded within the segment as if they are third party transactions and eliminated on consolidation. The Group's reportable segments are described below:

(i) Airport-related businesses

Principal activities relate to ownership, development, operation, management and provision of airport facilities and airport-related services, as well as airport investment and consultancy.

(ii) Jewel operations

Principal activities relate to the ownership, development, operation and management of the Jewel mixed-use development in Singapore.

(iii) Others

Others mainly comprise goods and services sold by the Group. None of these segments individually meet the quantitative thresholds for determining reportable segments.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021, one customer (2020: no customers) accounted for 10% or more of the Group's revenue.

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31. Segment reporting (continued)

Information regarding the Group's business segments is as follows:

Segment results	Airport-related businesses		Jewel operations	Others	Elimination	Total
	Singapore \$'000	Brazil \$'000				
2021						
External revenue	510,427	96,460	89,283	578	-	696,748
Inter-segment revenue	13,866	-	41	34	(13,941)	-
Total revenue	524,293	96,460	89,324	612	(13,941)	696,748
Operating loss	(685,511)	(15,725)	(29,523)	(2,226)	(2,831)	(735,816)
Finance expenses	(150,636)	(175,562)	(31,685)	-	7,547	(350,336)
Other income and losses						
- net	164,071	93,678	10,724	1,144	(7,549)	262,068
Impairment	-	(442,076)	(7,666)	-	-	(449,742)
Share of results of associated companies and joint ventures	(30,736)	-	-	-	-	(30,736)
Income tax	72,853	(31,516)	3,124	(426)	-	44,035
Loss after tax	(629,959)	(571,201)	(55,026)	(1,508)	(2,833)	(1,260,527)
Attributable to:						
Equity holder of the Company	(629,959)	(291,357)	(28,065)	(1,508)	(2,833)	(953,722)
Non-controlling interests	-	(279,844)	(26,961)	-	-	(306,805)
	(629,959)	(571,201)	(55,026)	(1,508)	(2,833)	(1,260,527)

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31. Segment reporting (continued)

Segment results	Airport-related businesses		Jewel operations	Others	Elimination	Total
	Singapore \$'000	Brazil \$'000				
2020						
External revenue	2,689,418	299,442	128,570	1,211	-	3,118,641
Inter-segment revenue	19,944	-	518	174	(20,636)	-
Total revenue	<u>2,709,362</u>	<u>299,442</u>	<u>129,088</u>	<u>1,385</u>	<u>(20,636)</u>	<u>3,118,641</u>
Operating profit/(loss)	829,211	56,341	(13,470)	(4,852)	(746)	866,484
Finance expenses	(63,923)	(190,259)	(39,153)	-	7,125	(286,210)
Other income and losses						
- net	175,367	6,668	6,943	62	(7,264)	181,776
Impairment	(36,923)	(323,265)	-	-	-	(360,188)
Share of results of associated companies and joint ventures	16,271	-	-	-	-	16,271
Income tax	(171,895)	(97,018)	(184)	815	-	(268,282)
Profit/(loss) after tax	<u>748,108</u>	<u>(547,533)</u>	<u>(45,864)</u>	<u>(3,975)</u>	<u>(885)</u>	<u>149,851</u>
Attributable to:						
Equity holder of the Company	748,095	(281,703)	(23,487)	(3,975)	(885)	438,045
Non-controlling interests	13	(265,830)	(22,377)	-	-	(288,194)
	<u>748,108</u>	<u>(547,533)</u>	<u>(45,864)</u>	<u>(3,975)</u>	<u>(885)</u>	<u>149,851</u>

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

31. Segment reporting (continued)

Other information	<u>Airport-related businesses</u>		<u>Jewel operations</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Elimination</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Singapore</u>	<u>Brazil</u>				
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 31 March 2021						
Segment assets	11,797,362	2,986,110	1,481,802	3,775	(967,848)	15,301,201
Segment liabilities	(4,396,358)	(2,980,636)	(1,649,524)	(7,033)	564,058	(8,469,493)
Net assets	7,401,004	5,474	(167,722)	(3,258)	(403,790)	6,831,708
Associated companies and joint ventures	212,167	-	-	-	-	212,167
Other non-current assets	8,822,794	2,863,737	1,394,818	43	(21,986)	13,059,406
For the financial year ended 31 March 2021						
Capital expenditure	1,529,563	182,522	197	30	(2,293)	1,710,019
Capital injection into an associated company	987	-	-	-	-	987
Depreciation and amortisation	617,876	11,526	66,282	117	-	695,801

Other non-current assets comprise property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, right-of-use assets, and investment property.

Capital expenditure comprises additions to property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, right-of-use assets, and investment property.

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31. Segment reporting (continued)

Other information	<u>Airport-related businesses</u>		<u>Jewel operations</u>	<u>Others</u>	<u>Elimination</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Singapore</u>	<u>Brazil</u>				
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
As at 31 March 2020						
Segment assets	11,509,632	3,768,447	1,611,394	4,699	(945,939)	15,948,233
Segment liabilities	(4,009,116)	(3,152,140)	(1,722,125)	(5,279)	1,070,393	(7,818,267)
Net assets	7,500,516	616,307	(110,731)	(580)	124,454	8,129,966
Associated companies and joint ventures	210,936	-	-	-	-	210,936
Other non-current assets	7,920,262	3,549,379	1,557,720	130	(19,693)	13,007,798
For the financial year ended 31 March 2020						
Capital expenditure	937,028	264,449	63,262	519	(1,602)	1,263,656
Capital injections into an associated company	45	-	-	-	-	45
Depreciation and amortisation	609,943	46,827	72,939	482	-	730,191

Other non-current assets comprise property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, right-of-use assets, and investment property.

Capital expenditure comprises additions to property, plant and equipment, intangible assets, right-of-use assets, and investment property.

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32. Immediate and ultimate holding entity

The Company's immediate and ultimate holding entity is the Minister for Finance, incorporated in Singapore.

33. Related party transactions

- (a) In addition to the information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group's significant transactions and balances with entities that are related parties to its ultimate holding entity are disclosed as follows:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
<u>Revenue</u>		
- Airport service fees	64,309	245,284
- Franchise fees	16,970	79,892
<u>Expenses</u>		
- Security related expenses	54,432	145,000
<u>Receivables</u>		
- Trade and other receivables	9,328	30,343
<u>Payables</u>		
- Trade and other payables	6,319	14,359

- (b) Key management personnel compensation paid or payable amounted to \$7,690,000 (2020: \$15,485,000). Of this, \$7,158,000 (2020: \$12,863,000) is attributable to short-term employee benefits such as directors' fees, employee salaries, bonus, leave entitlement and other benefits paid or payable within 12 months after the balance sheet date. The remaining expense is attributable to contributions to the Central Provident Fund and other long-term employee benefits.

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34. Listing of significant companies in the Group

<u>Name of companies</u>	<u>Principal activities</u>	<u>Country of business/ incorporation</u>	<u>Equity holding</u>		
			31 March 2021 %	31 March 2020 %	1 April 2019 %
<u>Significant subsidiaries</u>					
Held by the Company:					
Changi Airports International Pte. Ltd. ^(a)	Investment holding and provision of consultancy services in the field of civil aviation	Singapore	100	100	100
Changi Travel Services Pte. Ltd. ^(a)	Sale of travel and tour-related products and packages	Singapore	100	100	100
Jewel Changi Airport Holdings Pte. Ltd. ^(a)	Investment holding	Singapore	100	100	100
Changi Airport Treasury Pte. Ltd. ^(a)	Provision of financial services	Singapore	100	100	-
Changi Airport Digital Services Pte. Ltd. ^(a)	Provision of payment services	Singapore	100	-	-
Held by the Group:					
Changi Airport Consultants Pte. Ltd. ^(a)	Provision of airport-related consultancy services	Singapore	100	100	100
Changi Airport Planners and Engineers Pte. Ltd. ^(a)	Provision of professional engineering services in the field of civil aviation	Singapore	100	100	100
Changi Airports International Capital Pte. Ltd. ^(a)	Other investment holding	Singapore	100	100	100
Changi Airport Saudi Ltd. ^(b)	Provision of airport management and operations services	Saudi Arabia	100	100	100
Rio de Janeiro Aeroporto S.A ^(b)	Investment holding	Brazil	100	100	100
Concessionária Aeroporto Rio de Janeiro S.A ^(b)	Airport concessionaire	Brazil	51	51	51
Jewel Changi Airport Devt Pte Ltd ^(a)	Provision of development, project, and real estate management services	Singapore	51	51	51
Jewel Changi Airport Hotel Pte Ltd ^(a)	Hotel and F&B operations	Singapore	51	51	51
Jewel Changi Airport Trust ^(a)	Operation and management of mixed-use development	Singapore	51	51	51
Jewel Changi Airport Trustee Pte Ltd ^(a)	Provision of trustee-management services	Singapore	51	51	51
CTS Southeast Asia Pte. Ltd. ^(a)	Investment holding	Singapore	100	100	60
Changi Travel International Pte. Ltd. ^(a)	Investment holding	Singapore	100	100	100

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34. Listing of significant companies in the Group (continued)

<u>Name of companies</u>	<u>Principal activities</u>	<u>Country of business/ incorporation</u>	<u>Equity holding</u>		
			31 March 2021	31 March 2020	1 April 2019
			%	%	%
<u>Significant associated companies and joint ventures</u>					
Held by the Company:					
Experia Events Pte Ltd ^(c)	Organising and management of conferences, exhibitions and other related activities	Singapore	20	20	20
Held by the Group:					
Bengal Aerotropolis Projects Ltd ^(c)	Development of airport and township projects	India	30.2	30.2	30.2
Transport AMD-2 Ltd ^(c)	Investment holding	Cyprus	30	30	30
OJSC International Airport Sochi ^(c)	Provision of airport and airport-related services	Russia	30	30	30
OJSC International Airport Krasnodar ^(c)	Provision of airport and airport-related services	Russia	30	30	30
OJSC International Airport Anapa ^(c)	Provision of airport and airport-related services	Russia	30	30	30
Terminal Vladivostok ^(c)	Provision of airport and airport-related services	Russia	20	20	33.3
Vladivostok International Airport ^(c)	Provision of airport and airport-related services	Russia	18.5	18.5	17.4
Fukuoka International Airport Co., Ltd ^(c)	Provision of airport and airport-related services	Japan	21	21	21
Sino-Singapore Chongqing Airport Commercial Management Co., Ltd. ^(b)	Provision of retail mall management services	People's Republic of China	49	49	49

(a) Audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Singapore.

(b) Audited by overseas practice of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.

(c) Audited by other firms

**CHANGI AIRPORT GROUP (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.
AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES**

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021

35. Dividends

	Group and Company	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Final dividend paid in respect of the previous financial year (Note 27)	-	271,623

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021, no dividend (2020: no dividend) has been declared.

36. New or revised accounting standards and interpretations

Certain new standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021 for which the Group has not early adopted.

The Group does not expect the adoption of these mandatory accounting standards or interpretations to have a material impact on the financial statements.

37. Event subsequent to balance sheet date

On 29 April 2021, the Company inked an agreement with various banks for a sustainability-linked revolving credit facility amounting to \$2,000,000,000 for a period of 24 months. The Company has the option to extend the facility for a further 24 months at its discretion.

On 12 May 2021, the Company issued an unsecured 10-year fixed rate bond of \$500,000,000 with a coupon of 1.88% per annum under its \$2,000,000,000 multi-currency medium-term note programme. The bond matures on 12 May 2031.

38. Authorisation of financial statements

These financial statements were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of Changi Airport Group (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. on 16 June 2021.