

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, DC 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): October 31, 2024

Federal National Mortgage Association

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Fannie Mae

Federally chartered corporation	0-50231	52-0883107	1100 15th Street, NW	800	232-6643
			Washington, DC 20005		
<i>(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)</i>	<i>(Commission File Number)</i>	<i>(IRS Employer Identification No.)</i>	<i>(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)</i>	<i>(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)</i>	

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
None	N/A	N/A

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

The information in this report, including information contained in the exhibits submitted with this report, shall not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of Section 18, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference into any disclosure document relating to Fannie Mae (formally known as the Federal National Mortgage Association), except to the extent, if any, expressly incorporated by specific reference in that document.

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On October 31, 2024, Fannie Mae filed its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2024 and is issuing a press release reporting its financial results for the periods covered by the Form 10-Q. Copies of the press release and a financial supplement are furnished as Exhibits 99.1 and 99.2, respectively, to this report and are incorporated herein by reference. Copies may also be found on Fannie Mae’s website, www.fanniemae.com, in the “About Us” section under “Investor Relations/Quarterly and Annual Results.” Information appearing on the company’s website is not incorporated into this report.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits. The following exhibits are being submitted with this report:

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
99.1	Press release, dated October 31, 2024
99.2	Financial Supplement for Q3 2024, dated October 31, 2024
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

FEDERAL NATIONAL MORTGAGE ASSOCIATION

By: /s/ Chryssa C. Halley

Chryssa C. Halley

Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Date: October 31, 2024



Contact: Pete Bakel
202-752-2034
Date: October 31, 2024

Resource Center: 1-800-232-6643
Exhibit 99.1

Fannie Mae Reports Net Income of \$4.0 Billion for Third Quarter 2024

- \$4.0 billion net income for the third quarter of 2024, with net worth reaching \$90.5 billion as of September 30, 2024
- Net income decreased \$440 million in the third quarter of 2024 compared with the second quarter of 2024, primarily driven by a decrease in fair value gains and a decrease in benefit for credit losses
- \$106 billion in liquidity provided in the third quarter of 2024, which enabled the financing of approximately 383,000 home purchases, refinancings, and rental units
- Acquired approximately 231,000 single-family purchase loans, of which approximately half were for first-time homebuyers, and approximately 50,000 single-family refinance loans during the third quarter of 2024
- Financed approximately 103,000 units of multifamily rental housing in the third quarter of 2024; a significant majority were affordable to households earning at or below 120% of area median income, providing support for both workforce and affordable housing
- Home prices grew 0.9% on a national basis in the third quarter of 2024 according to the Fannie Mae Home Price Index
- The U.S. weekly average 30-year fixed-rate mortgage rate decreased from 6.86% as of the end of the second quarter of 2024 to 6.08% as of the end of the third quarter of 2024

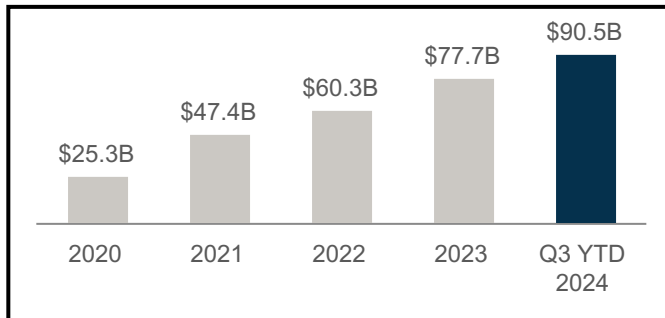
"Fannie Mae had a strong third quarter, earning \$4.0 billion in net income and marking our twenty-seventh quarter of consecutive, positive results. This demonstrates our continued progress in transforming our business and strengthening our balance sheet, so that we fulfill our mission in any economic environment. Our net worth increased to \$90.5 billion and, since the start of the year, we've reduced our minimum regulatory capital shortfall by \$17 billion. Despite ongoing challenges in housing affordability, we provided \$106 billion in liquidity, helping 383,000 households to buy, refinance, or rent homes. We remain dedicated to being a consistent source of liquidity and stability for America's housing finance system, managing risks effectively, and helping to shape a housing market that sees and serves more people."

Priscilla Almodovar
President & Chief Executive Officer

Q3 2024 Key Results

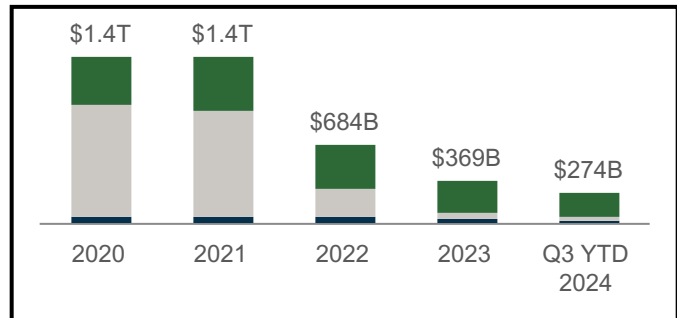
\$90.5 Billion Net Worth

Increase of \$4.0 billion in the third quarter of 2024



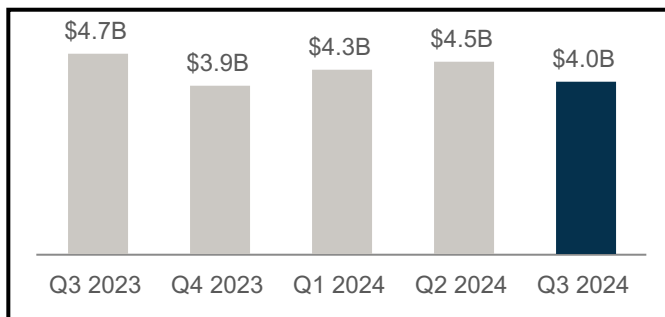
\$274 Billion Supporting Housing Activity

SF Home Purchases SF Refinancings MF Rental Units



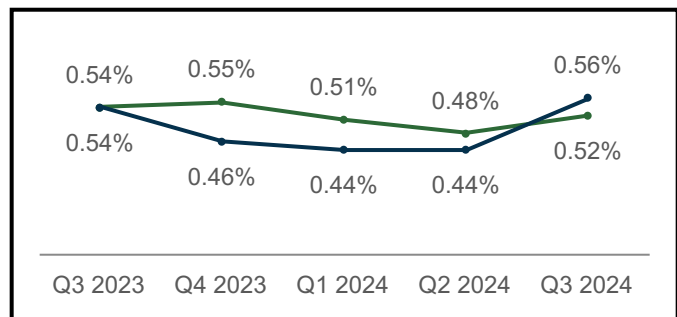
\$4.0 Billion Net Income for Q3 2024

Decrease of \$440 million compared with second quarter 2024



Serious Delinquency Rates

Single-Family SDQ Rate Multifamily SDQ Rate



Summary of Financial Results

(Dollars in millions)	Q324	Q224	Variance	% Change	Q323	Variance	% Change
Net interest income	\$ 7,275	\$ 7,268	\$ 7	— %*	\$ 7,220	\$ 55	1 %
Fee and other income	66	68	(2)	(3) %	76	(10)	(13) %
Net revenues	7,341	7,336	5	— %*	7,296	45	1 %
Investment gains (losses), net	12	(62)	74	NM	8	4	50 %
Fair value gains (losses), net	52	447	(395)	(88) %	795	(743)	(93) %
Administrative expenses	(925)	(939)	14	1 %	(897)	(28)	(3) %
Benefit (provision) for credit losses	27	300	(273)	(91) %	652	(625)	(96) %
TCCA fees	(862)	(859)	(3)	— %*	(860)	(2)	— %*
Credit enhancement expense ⁽¹⁾	(411)	(405)	(6)	(1) %	(390)	(21)	(5) %
Change in expected credit enhancement recoveries	89	37	52	141 %	(128)	217	NM
Other expenses, net ⁽²⁾	(270)	(251)	(19)	(8) %	(535)	265	50 %
Income before federal income taxes	5,053	5,604	(551)	(10) %	5,941	(888)	(15) %
Provision for federal income taxes	(1,009)	(1,120)	111	10 %	(1,242)	233	19 %
Net income	\$ 4,044	\$ 4,484	\$ (440)	(10) %	\$ 4,699	\$ (655)	(14) %
Total comprehensive income	\$ 4,047	\$ 4,477	\$ (430)	(10) %	\$ 4,681	\$ (634)	(14) %
Net worth	\$ 90,530	\$ 86,483	\$ 4,047	5 %	\$ 73,725	\$ 16,805	23 %

NM - Not meaningful

* Represents less than 0.5%

⁽¹⁾ Consists of costs associated with freestanding credit enhancements, which primarily include the company's Connecticut Avenue Securities® ("CAS") and Credit Insurance Risk Transfer™ programs, enterprise-paid mortgage insurance, and certain lender risk-sharing programs.

⁽²⁾ Includes debt extinguishment gains and losses, expenses associated with legal claims, foreclosed property income (expense), gains and losses from partnership investments, housing trust fund expenses, loan subservicing costs, and servicer fees paid in connection with certain loss mitigation activities.

Financial Highlights

Net income decreased \$440 million in the third quarter of 2024 compared with the second quarter of 2024, primarily driven by a decrease in fair value gains and a decrease in benefit for credit losses.

- Net interest income remained relatively flat in the third quarter of 2024 compared with the second quarter of 2024.
- Fair value gains were \$52 million in the third quarter of 2024, compared with \$447 million in the second quarter of 2024. Fair value gains in the third quarter of 2024 were primarily due to declining interest rates during the quarter.
- Benefit for credit losses was \$27 million in the third quarter of 2024, compared with \$300 million in the second quarter of 2024. The benefit for credit losses in the third quarter of 2024 reflects a \$451 million single-family benefit for credit losses, mostly offset by a \$424 million multifamily provision for credit losses.
 - The single-family benefit for credit losses in the third quarter of 2024 was primarily driven by a benefit from forecasted home price growth and a benefit from actual and projected interest rates, partially offset by a provision on newly acquired loans.
 - The multifamily provision for credit losses in the third quarter of 2024 was primarily driven by adjustable-rate conventional loans that were written down during the period. In addition, compared to its previous forecast, the company expects further slight decreases in projected multifamily property values and that it will take longer for those property values to improve. The company's multifamily allowance also reflects uncertainty relating to property values and the ongoing investigation of multifamily lending transactions with suspected fraud.

Single-Family Business Financial Results

(Dollars in millions)	Q324	Q224	Variance	% Change	Q323	Variance	% Change
Net interest income	\$ 6,131	\$ 6,096	\$ 35	1 %	\$ 6,074	\$ 57	1 %
Fee and other income	48	51	(3)	(6) %	56	(8)	(14) %
Net revenues	6,179	6,147	32	1 %	6,130	49	1 %
Investment gains (losses), net	9	(70)	79	NM	9	—	— %
Fair value gains (losses), net	(8)	454	(462)	NM	742	(750)	NM
Administrative expenses	(766)	(784)	18	2 %	(745)	(21)	(3) %
Benefit (provision) for credit losses	451	548	(97)	(18) %	736	(285)	(39) %
TCCA fees	(862)	(859)	(3)	— %*	(860)	(2)	— %*
Credit enhancement expense	(336)	(333)	(3)	(1) %	(335)	(1)	— %*
Change in expected credit enhancement recoveries	(45)	(47)	2	4 %	(170)	125	74 %
Other expenses, net	(218)	(218)	—	— %	(411)	193	47 %
Income before federal income taxes	4,404	4,838	(434)	(9) %	5,096	(692)	(14) %
Provision for federal income taxes	(890)	(983)	93	9 %	(1,071)	181	17 %
Net income	\$ 3,514	\$ 3,855	\$ (341)	(9) %	\$ 4,025	\$ (511)	(13) %
Average charged guaranty fee on new conventional acquisitions, net of TCCA fees	54.1 bps	51.9 bps	2.2 bps	4 %	54.3 bps	(0.2) bps	— %*
Average charged guaranty fee on conventional guaranty book of business, net of TCCA fees	47.7 bps	47.6 bps	0.1 bps	— %*	47.0 bps	0.7 bps	1 %

NM - Not meaningful

* Represents less than 0.5%

Key Business Highlights

- Single-family conventional acquisition volume was \$93.1 billion in the third quarter of 2024, compared with \$85.9 billion in the second quarter of 2024. Purchase acquisition volume, of which approximately half was for first-time homebuyers, increased to \$80.0 billion in the third quarter of 2024 from \$74.5 billion in the second quarter of 2024. Refinance acquisition volume was \$13.1 billion in the third quarter of 2024, an increase from \$11.4 billion in the second quarter of 2024.
- The average single-family conventional guaranty book of business increased by \$882 million to \$3,625.7 billion in the third quarter of 2024 compared with the second quarter of 2024, driven by acquisitions outpacing loan paydowns and liquidations during the quarter. The overall credit characteristics of the single-family conventional guaranty book of business remained strong, with a weighted-average mark-to-market loan-to-value ratio of 50% and a weighted-average FICO credit score at origination of 753 as of September 30, 2024.
- The average charged guaranty fee, net of TCCA fees, on the single-family conventional guaranty book remained relatively flat at 47.7 basis points in the third quarter of 2024. The average charged guaranty fee on newly acquired single-family conventional loans, net of TCCA fees, increased to 54.1 basis points in the third quarter of 2024.
- The single-family serious delinquency rate increased to 0.52% as of September 30, 2024 from 0.48% as of June 30, 2024. Single-family seriously delinquent loans are loans that are 90 days or more past due or in the foreclosure process.

Multifamily Business Financial Results

(Dollars in millions)	Q324	Q224	Variance	% Change	Q323	Variance	% Change
Net interest income	\$ 1,144	\$ 1,172	\$ (28)	(2)%	\$ 1,146	\$ (2)	— %**
Fee and other income	18	17	1	6 %	20	(2)	(10) %
Net revenues	1,162	1,189	(27)	(2)%	1,166	(4)	— %**
Fair value gains (losses), net	60	(7)	67	NM	53	7	13 %
Administrative expenses	(159)	(155)	(4)	(3)%	(152)	(7)	(5) %
Benefit (provision) for credit losses	(424)	(248)	(176)	(71)%	(84)	(340)	NM
Credit enhancement expense	(75)	(72)	(3)	(4)%	(55)	(20)	(36) %
Change in expected credit enhancement recoveries	134	84	50	60 %	42	92	NM
Other expenses, net*	(49)	(25)	(24)	(96)%	(125)	76	61 %
Income before federal income taxes	649	766	(117)	(15)%	845	(196)	(23) %
Provision for federal income taxes	(119)	(137)	18	13 %	(171)	52	30 %
Net income	\$ 530	\$ 629	\$ (99)	(16)%	\$ 674	\$ (144)	(21) %

Average charged guaranty fee rate on multifamily guaranty book of business, at period end	75.1 bps	75.5 bps	(0.4) bps	(1)%	76.8 bps	(1.7) bps	(2) %
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NM - Not meaningful

* Includes investment gains or losses and other income or expenses.

** Represents less than 0.5%

Key Business Highlights

- New multifamily business volume was \$13.2 billion in the third quarter of 2024, compared with \$9.3 billion in the second quarter of 2024.
- The multifamily guaranty book of business grew by 1% in the third quarter of 2024 to \$485.6 billion, driven by the company's acquisitions combined with low prepayment volumes due to the high interest rate environment.
- The average charged guaranty fee on the multifamily guaranty book of business declined slightly in the third quarter to 75.1 basis points as of September 30, 2024, primarily due to lower average charged fees on the company's third quarter 2024 acquisitions as compared with the existing loans in the multifamily guaranty book of business.
- The multifamily serious delinquency rate increased to 0.56% as of September 30, 2024 from 0.44% as of June 30, 2024, due to a portfolio of approximately \$600 million of adjustable-rate conventional loans that became seriously delinquent in the third quarter of 2024. Multifamily seriously delinquent loans are loans that are 60 days or more past due.



Additional Matters

Fannie Mae's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets and Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income for the third quarter of 2024 are available in the accompanying Annex; however, investors and interested parties should read the company's Third Quarter 2024 Form 10-Q, which was filed today with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is available on Fannie Mae's website, www.fanniemae.com. The company provides further discussion of its financial results and condition, credit performance, and other matters in its Third Quarter 2024 Form 10-Q. Additional information about the company's financial and credit performance is contained in Fannie Mae's "Q3 2024 Financial Supplement" at www.fanniemae.com.

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Fannie Mae provides website addresses in its news releases solely for readers' information. Other content or information appearing on these websites is not part of this release.

Fannie Mae advances equitable and sustainable access to homeownership and quality, affordable rental housing for millions of people across America. We enable the 30-year fixed-rate mortgage and drive responsible innovation to make homebuying and renting easier, fairer, and more accessible. To learn more, visit fanniemae.com.

ANNEX
FANNIE MAE
(In conservatorship)
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets — (Unaudited)
(Dollars in millions)

	As of	
	September 30, 2024	December 31, 2023
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 38,146	\$ 35,817
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (includes \$31,314 and \$25,836, respectively, related to consolidated trusts)	38,626	32,889
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	18,065	30,700
Investments in securities, at fair value	61,790	53,116
Mortgage loans:		
Loans held for sale, at lower of cost or fair value	1,278	2,149
Loans held for investment, at amortized cost:		
Of Fannie Mae	51,455	48,199
Of consolidated trusts	4,093,581	4,094,013
Total loans held for investment (includes \$3,255 and \$3,315, respectively, at fair value)	4,145,036	4,142,212
Allowance for loan losses	(7,656)	(8,730)
Total loans held for investment, net of allowance	4,137,380	4,133,482
Total mortgage loans	4,138,658	4,135,631
Advances to lenders	2,595	1,389
Deferred tax assets, net	10,968	11,681
Accrued interest receivable (includes \$10,703 and \$10,132, respectively, related to consolidated trusts)	11,277	10,724
Other assets	14,431	13,490
Total assets	\$ 4,334,556	\$ 4,325,437
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Liabilities:		
Accrued interest payable (includes \$10,724 and \$10,212, respectively, related to consolidated trusts)	\$ 11,451	\$ 10,931
Debt:		
Of Fannie Mae (includes \$451 and \$761, respectively, at fair value)	121,715	124,065
Of consolidated trusts (includes \$13,237 and \$14,343, respectively, at fair value)	4,096,063	4,098,653
Other liabilities (includes \$1,673 and \$1,713, respectively, related to consolidated trusts)	14,797	14,106
Total liabilities	4,244,026	4,247,755
Commitments and contingencies (Note 14)	—	—
Fannie Mae stockholders' equity:		
Senior preferred stock (liquidation preference of \$207,982 and \$195,224, respectively)	120,836	120,836
Preferred stock, 700,000,000 shares are authorized—555,374,922 shares issued and outstanding	19,130	19,130
Common stock, no par value, no maximum authorization—1,308,762,703 shares issued and 1,158,087,567 shares outstanding	687	687
Accumulated deficit	(42,755)	(55,603)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	32	32
Treasury stock, at cost, 150,675,136 shares	(7,400)	(7,400)
Total stockholders' equity	90,530	77,682
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 4,334,556	\$ 4,325,437

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in the Third Quarter 2024 Form 10-Q

FANNIE MAE
(In conservatorship)
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income — (Unaudited)
(Dollars in millions, except per share amounts)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Interest income:				
Investments in securities	\$ 993	\$ 1,075	\$ 2,829	\$ 3,157
Mortgage loans	36,390	33,711	107,223	98,503
Other	629	629	2,033	1,665
Total interest income	38,012	35,415	112,085	103,325
Interest expense:				
Short-term debt	(137)	(201)	(462)	(503)
Long-term debt	(30,600)	(27,994)	(90,057)	(81,781)
Total interest expense	(30,737)	(28,195)	(90,519)	(82,284)
Net interest income	7,275	7,220	21,566	21,041
Benefit (provision) for credit losses	27	652	507	1,786
Net interest income after benefit (provision) for credit losses	7,302	7,872	22,073	22,827
Investment gains (losses), net	12	8	(28)	(34)
Fair value gains (losses), net	52	795	979	1,403
Fee and other income	66	76	206	209
Non-interest income	130	879	1,157	1,578
Administrative expenses:				
Salaries and employee benefits	(500)	(477)	(1,507)	(1,424)
Professional services	(203)	(211)	(622)	(587)
Other administrative expenses	(222)	(209)	(664)	(618)
Total administrative expenses	(925)	(897)	(2,793)	(2,629)
TCCA fees	(862)	(860)	(2,581)	(2,571)
Credit enhancement expense	(411)	(390)	(1,235)	(1,115)
Change in expected credit enhancement recoveries	89	(128)	189	(168)
Other expenses, net	(270)	(535)	(720)	(922)
Total expenses	(2,379)	(2,810)	(7,140)	(7,405)
Income before federal income taxes	5,053	5,941	16,090	17,000
Provision for federal income taxes	(1,009)	(1,242)	(3,242)	(3,535)
Net income	4,044	4,699	12,848	13,465
Other comprehensive income (loss)	3	(18)	—	(17)
Total comprehensive income	\$ 4,047	\$ 4,681	\$ 12,848	\$ 13,448
Net income	\$ 4,044	\$ 4,699	\$ 12,848	\$ 13,465
Dividends distributed or amounts attributable to senior preferred stock	(4,047)	(4,681)	(12,848)	(13,448)
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ (3)	\$ 18	\$ —	\$ 17
Earnings per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00	\$ 0.00
Diluted	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Weighted-average common shares outstanding:				
Basic	5,867	5,867	5,867	5,867
Diluted	5,867	5,893	5,893	5,893

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in the Third Quarter 2024 Form 10-Q



Fannie Mae[®]

Financial Supplement Q3 2024

October 31, 2024

- Some of the terms and other information in this presentation are defined and discussed more fully in Fannie Mae's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2024 ("Q3 2024 Form 10-Q") and Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2023 ("2023 Form 10-K"). This presentation should be reviewed together with the Q3 2024 Form 10-Q and the 2023 Form 10-K, which are available at www.fanniemae.com in the "About Us—Investor Relations—SEC Filings" section. Information on or available through the company's website is not part of this supplement.
- Some of the information in this presentation is based upon information from third-party sources such as sellers and servicers of mortgage loans. Although Fannie Mae generally considers this information reliable, Fannie Mae does not independently verify all reported information.
- Due to rounding, amounts reported in this presentation may not sum to totals indicated (i.e., 100%), or amounts shown as 100% may not reflect the entire population.
- Unless otherwise indicated, data is as of September 30, 2024 or for the first nine months of 2024. Data for prior years is as of December 31 or for the full year indicated.
- Note references are to endnotes, appearing on pages 22 to 24.
- Terms used in presentation
 - CAS:** Connecticut Avenue Securities®
 - CIRT™:** Credit Insurance Risk Transfer™
 - CRT:** Credit risk transfer
 - DSCR:** Weighted-average debt service coverage ratio
 - DTI ratio:** Debt-to-income ("DTI") ratio refers to the ratio of a borrower's outstanding debt obligations (including both mortgage debt and certain other long-term and significant short-term debts) to that borrower's reported or calculated monthly income, to the extent the income is used to qualify for the mortgage
 - DUS®:** Fannie Mae's Delegated Underwriting and Servicing program
 - LTV ratio:** Loan-to-value ratio
 - MSA:** Metropolitan statistical area
 - MTMLTV ratio:** Mark-to-market loan-to-value ratio, which refers to the current unpaid principal balance of a loan at period end, divided by the estimated current home price at period end
 - OLTV ratio:** Origination loan-to-value ratio, which refers to the unpaid principal balance of a loan at the time of origination of the loan, divided by the home price or property value at origination of the loan
 - REO:** Real estate owned by Fannie Mae because it has foreclosed on the property or obtained the property through a deed-in-lieu of foreclosure
 - TCCA fees:** Refers to revenues generated by the 10 basis point guaranty fee increase the company implemented on single-family residential mortgages pursuant to the Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011 ("TCCA") and as extended by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, the incremental revenue from which is paid to Treasury and not retained by the company
 - UPB:** Unpaid principal balance



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Overview



Corporate Financial Highlights

Summary of Q3 2024 Financial Results

(Dollars in millions)	Q3 2024	Q2 2024	Variance	Q3 YTD 2024	Q3 YTD 2023	Variance
Net interest income	\$7,275	\$7,268	\$7	\$21,566	\$21,041	\$525
Fee and other income	66	68	(2)	206	209	(3)
Net revenues	7,341	7,336	5	21,772	21,250	522
Investment gains (losses), net	12	(62)	74	(28)	(34)	6
Fair value gains (losses), net	52	447	(395)	979	1,403	(424)
Administrative expenses	(925)	(939)	14	(2,793)	(2,629)	(164)
Benefit (provision) for credit losses	27	300	(273)	507	1,786	(1,279)
TCCA fees	(862)	(859)	(3)	(2,581)	(2,571)	(10)
Credit enhancement expense ⁽¹⁾	(411)	(405)	(6)	(1,235)	(1,115)	(120)
Change in expected credit enhancement recoveries	89	37	52	189	(168)	357
Other expenses, net ⁽²⁾	(270)	(251)	(19)	(720)	(922)	202
Income before federal income taxes	5,053	5,604	(551)	16,090	17,000	(910)
Provision for federal income taxes	(1,009)	(1,120)	111	(3,242)	(3,535)	293
Net income	\$4,044	\$4,484	\$(440)	\$12,848	\$13,465	\$(617)
Total comprehensive income	\$4,047	\$4,477	\$(430)	\$12,848	\$13,448	\$(600)
Net worth	\$90,530	\$86,483	\$4,047	\$90,530	\$73,725	\$16,805
Net worth ratio⁽³⁾	2.1 %	2.0 %		2.1 %	1.7 %	

Q3 2024 Key Highlights

\$4.0 billion Net Income in Q3 2024, with Net Worth Reaching \$90.5 billion as of September 30, 2024

Net income

Net income decreased \$440 million in the third quarter of 2024 compared with the second quarter of 2024, primarily driven by a decrease in fair value gains and a decrease in benefit for credit losses.

Net interest income

Net interest income remained relatively flat in the third quarter of 2024 compared with the second quarter of 2024.

Fair value gains (losses), net

Fair value gains were \$52 million in the third quarter of 2024, compared with \$447 million in the second quarter of 2024. Fair value gains in the third quarter of 2024 were primarily due to declining interest rates during the quarter.

Benefit (provision) for credit losses

Benefit for credit losses was \$27 million in the third quarter of 2024, compared with \$300 million in the second quarter of 2024. The benefit for credit losses in the third quarter of 2024 reflects a \$451 million single-family benefit for credit losses, mostly offset by a \$424 million multifamily provision for credit losses.



Guaranty Book of Business Highlights

Market Liquidity Provided

Total liquidity provided in the third quarter of 2024 was \$106B

Unpaid Principal Balance

\$80B

\$13B

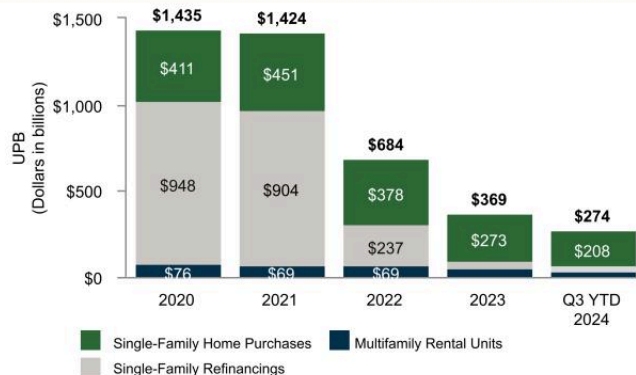
\$13B

Units

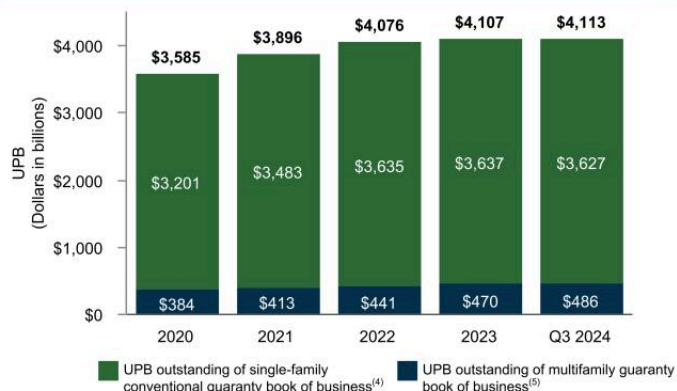
231K
Single-Family Home Purchases

50K
Single-Family Refinancings

103K
Multifamily Rental Units



Outstanding Guaranty Book of Business at Period End

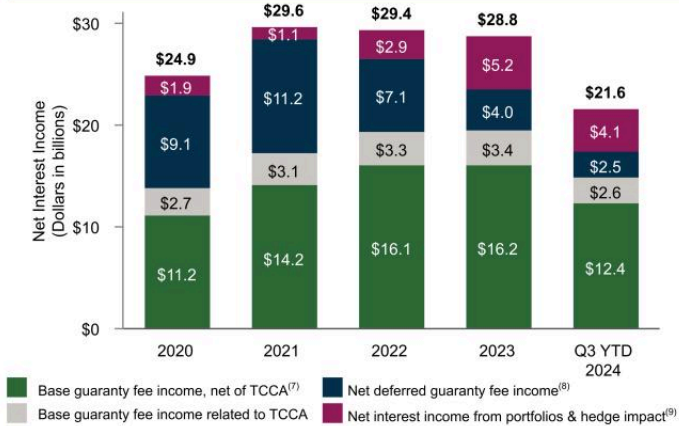


Guaranty Book of Business Covered by a CRT Transaction

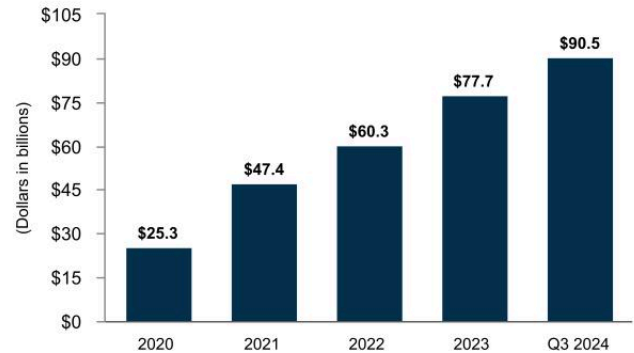


Interest Income and Liquidity Management

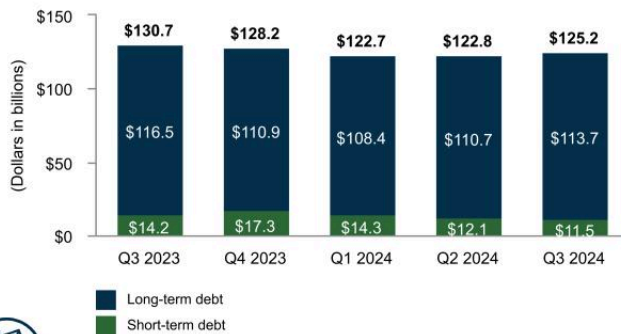
Components of Net Interest Income



Net Worth of Fannie Mae



Aggregate Indebtedness of Fannie Mae⁽¹⁰⁾

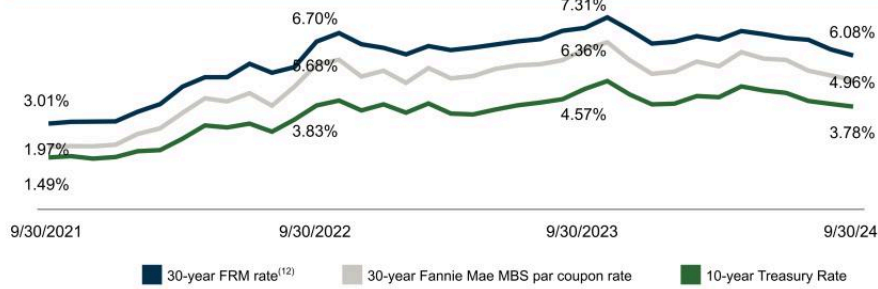


Corporate Liquidity Portfolio

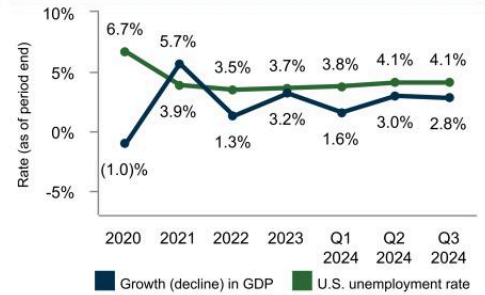


Key Market Economic Indicators

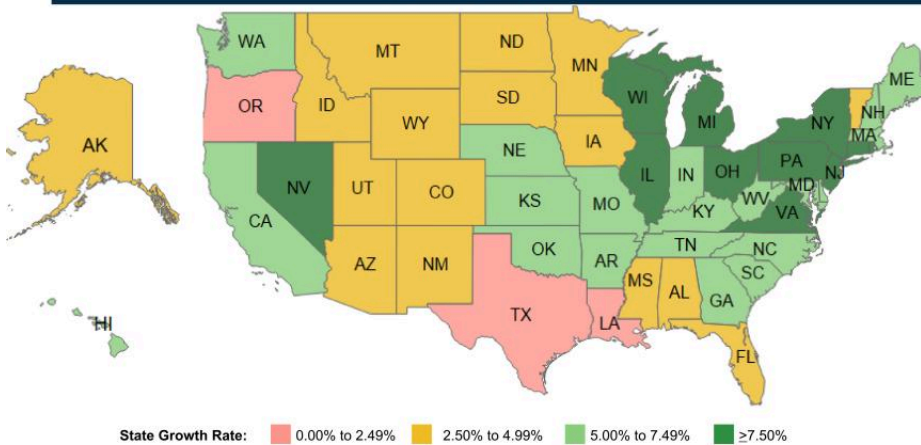
Benchmark Interest Rates



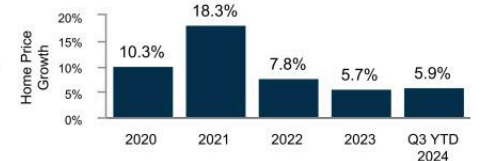
U.S. GDP Growth (Decline) Rate and Unemployment Rate⁽¹³⁾



One Year Home Price Growth Rate Q3 2024⁽¹⁴⁾ United States 5.9%



Single-Family Home Price Growth Rate⁽¹⁴⁾

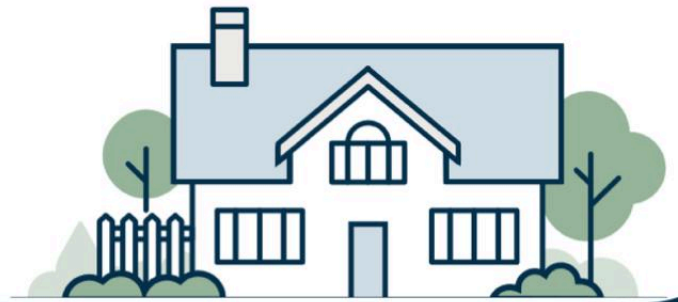


Top 10 States by UPB⁽¹⁴⁾

State	One Year Home Price Growth Rate Q3 2024	Share of Single-Family Conventional Guaranty Book
CA	6.5%	19%
TX	1.3%	7%
FL	3.0%	6%
NY	9.4%	4%
WA	5.4%	4%
CO	2.6%	3%
NJ	11.7%	3%
IL	8.3%	3%
VA	7.5%	3%
NC	5.4%	3%



Single-Family Business



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Fannie Mae®

Single-Family Highlights

Q3 2024

\$3,514M
Net income

\$6,131M
Net interest income

\$451M
Benefit (provision) for
credit losses

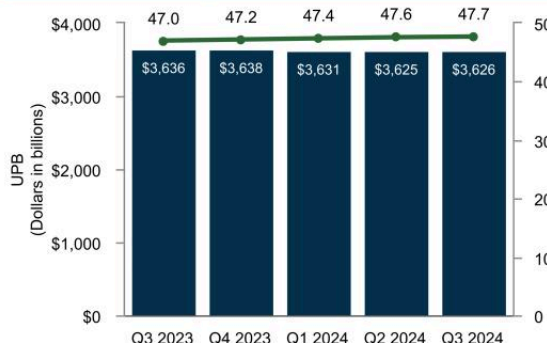
\$(8)M
Fair value gains
(losses), net

Single-Family Conventional Loan Acquisitions⁽⁴⁾



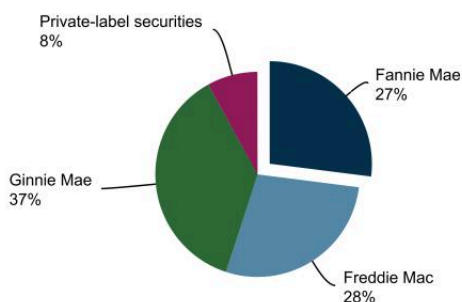
Refinance
Purchase
Average charged guaranty fee on new single-family conventional acquisitions, net of TCCA fees (bps)⁽¹⁵⁾

Single-Family Conventional Guaranty Book of Business⁽⁴⁾



Average single-family conventional guaranty book of business
Average charged guaranty fee on single-family conventional guaranty book of business, net of TCCA fees (bps)⁽¹⁵⁾

Q3 2024 Single-Family Mortgage-Related Securities Share of Issuances



Highlights

- Single-family conventional acquisition volume was \$93.1 billion in Q3 2024, compared with \$85.9 billion in Q2 2024.
- Purchase acquisition volume, of which approximately half was for first-time homebuyers, increased to \$80.0 billion in Q3 2024 from \$74.5 billion in Q2 2024.
- Refinance acquisition volume was \$13.1 billion in Q3 2024, an increase from \$11.4 billion in Q2 2024.
- The average single-family conventional guaranty book of business increased by \$882 million to \$3,625.7 billion in Q3 2024 compared with Q2 2024, driven by acquisitions outpacing loan paydowns and liquidations in Q3 2024.
- The single-family serious delinquency rate increased to 0.52% as of September 30, 2024 from 0.48% as of June 30, 2024.



Credit Characteristics of Single-Family Conventional Loan Acquisitions

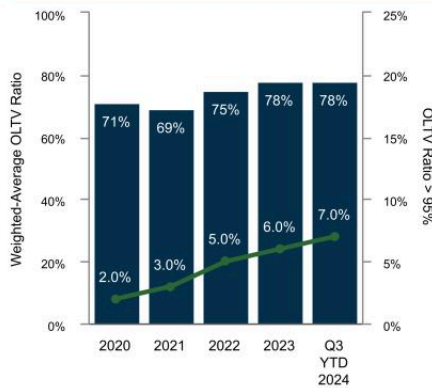
Certain Credit Characteristics of Single-Family Conventional Loans by Acquisition Period

Categories are not mutually exclusive	Q3 2023	Q4 2023	Full Year 2023	Q1 2024	Q2 2024	Q3 2024
Total UPB (Dollars in billions)	\$89.2	\$70.1	\$316.0	\$62.3	\$85.9	\$93.1
Weighted-Average OLV Ratio	78%	78%	78%	78%	78%	77%
OLTV Ratio > 95%	7%	7%	6%	7%	7%	7%
Weighted-Average FICO® Credit Score ⁽¹⁶⁾	757	757	755	757	759	759
FICO Credit Score < 680 ⁽¹⁶⁾	5%	5%	6%	5%	5%	5%
DTI Ratio > 43% ⁽¹⁷⁾	35%	37%	36%	37%	37%	37%
Fixed-rate	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%
Primary Residence	93%	92%	92%	92%	93%	93%
HomeReady ^{®(18)}	5%	5%	4%	6%	7%	7%

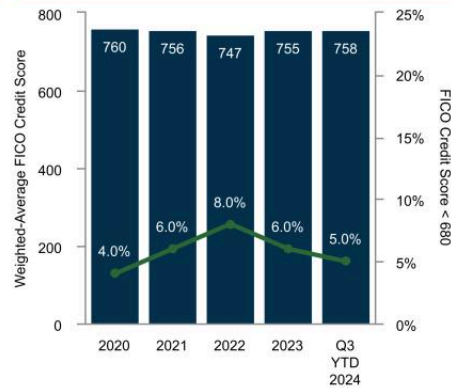
Q3 YTD 2024 Acquisition Credit Profile by Certain Loan Features

OLTV Ratio > 95%	Home-Ready ^{®(18)}	FICO Credit Score < 680 ⁽¹⁶⁾	DTI Ratio > 43% ⁽¹⁷⁾
\$16.5	\$16.7	\$11.8	\$88.7
97%	86%	69%	80%
100%	27%	2%	7%
753	751	656	753
2%	5%	100%	5%
39%	55%	41%	100%
100%	100%	100%	99%
100%	100%	96%	94%
27%	100%	7%	10%

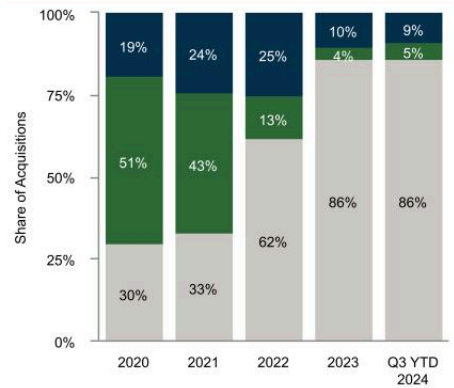
Origination Loan-to-Value Ratio



FICO Credit Score⁽¹⁶⁾



Acquisitions by Loan Purpose



Credit Characteristics of Single-Family Conventional Guaranty Book of Business

Certain Credit Characteristics of Single-Family Conventional Guaranty Book of Business by Origination Year and Loan Features⁽⁴⁾⁽¹⁹⁾

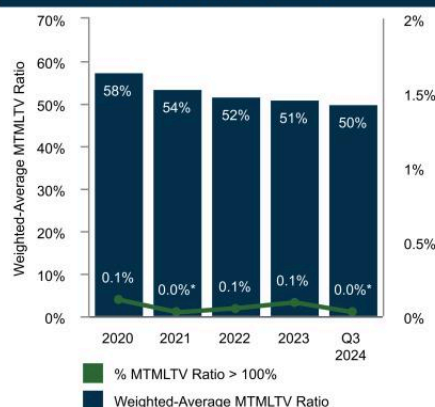
As of September 30, 2024

Origination Year

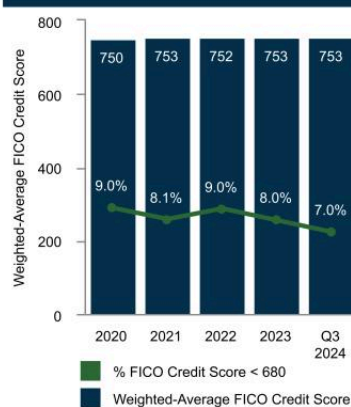
Certain Loan Features

Categories are not mutually exclusive	Overall Book	2008 & Earlier	2009-2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	OLT Ratio > 95%	Home-Ready ⁽⁸⁾⁽¹⁸⁾	FICO Credit Score < 680 ⁽¹⁶⁾	DTI Ratio > 43% ⁽¹⁷⁾
Total UPB (Dollars in billions)	\$3,627.4	\$58.7	\$775.0	\$811.2	\$1,026.5	\$466.5	\$278.6	\$210.9	\$181.5	\$123.5	\$270.3	\$941.0
Average UPB	\$209,020	\$75,542	\$130,529	\$236,633	\$254,664	\$285,742	\$309,406	\$325,286	\$181,289	\$182,903	\$161,516	\$235,443
Share of SF Conventional Guaranty Book	100%	2%	21%	22%	28%	13%	8%	6%	5%	3%	7%	26%
Share of Loans with Credit Enhancement ⁽²⁰⁾	46%	8%	40%	30%	52%	65%	72%	40%	85%	79%	42%	53%
Serious Delinquency Rate ⁽²¹⁾	0.52%	1.79%	0.61%	0.26%	0.38%	0.73%	0.34%	0.04%	1.15%	0.96%	1.97%	0.79%
Weighted-Average OLT Ratio	73%	75%	75%	71%	70%	76%	78%	78%	101%	87%	74%	76%
OLT Ratio > 95%	5%	9%	8%	3%	3%	6%	7%	7%	100%	33%	6%	6%
Weighted-Average Mark-to-Market LTV Ratio ⁽²²⁾	50%	28%	32%	44%	51%	65%	72%	76%	66%	64%	47%	54%
Weighted-Average FICO Credit Score ⁽¹⁶⁾	753	695	746	762	755	747	755	758	738	745	652	743
FICO Credit Score < 680 ⁽¹⁶⁾	7%	39%	11%	4%	6%	9%	5%	5%	9%	8%	100%	10%

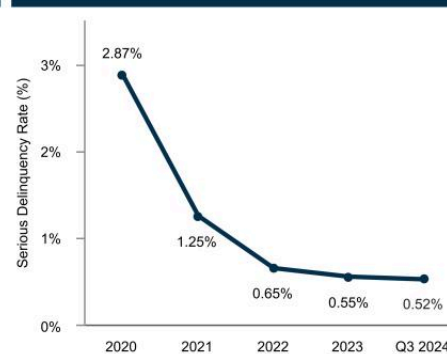
Mark-to-Market Loan-to-Value Ratio⁽²²⁾



FICO Credit Score⁽¹⁶⁾



SDQ Rate⁽²¹⁾

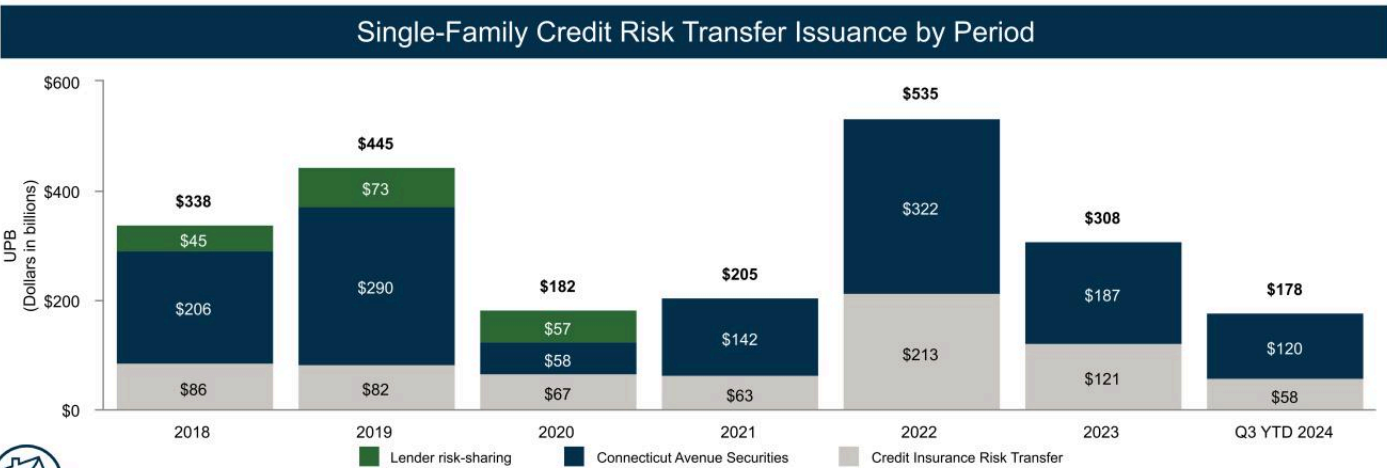
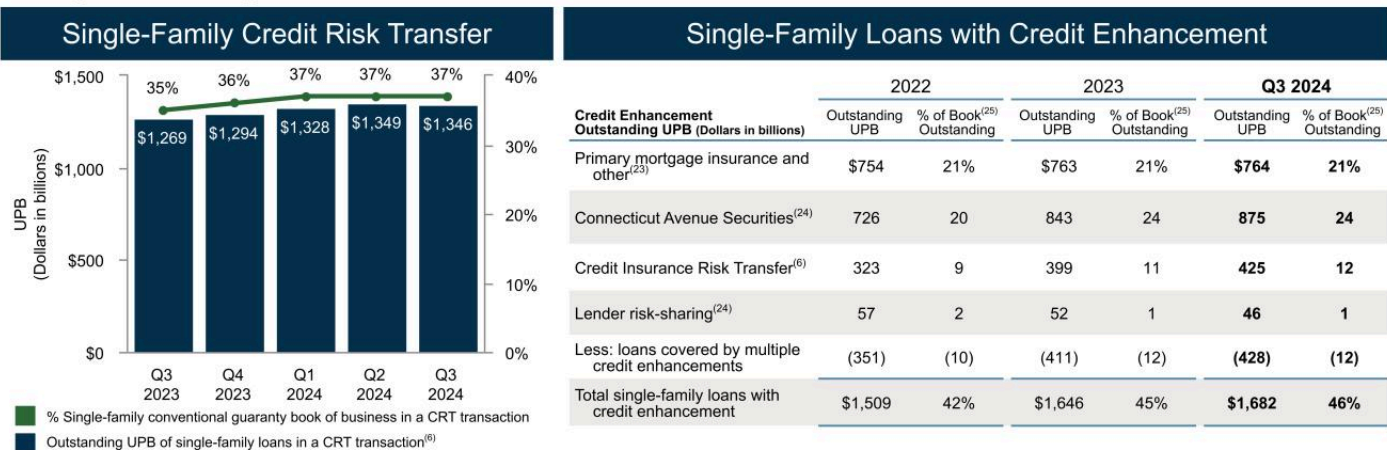


* Represents less than 0.05% of MTMLTV Ratio > 100%

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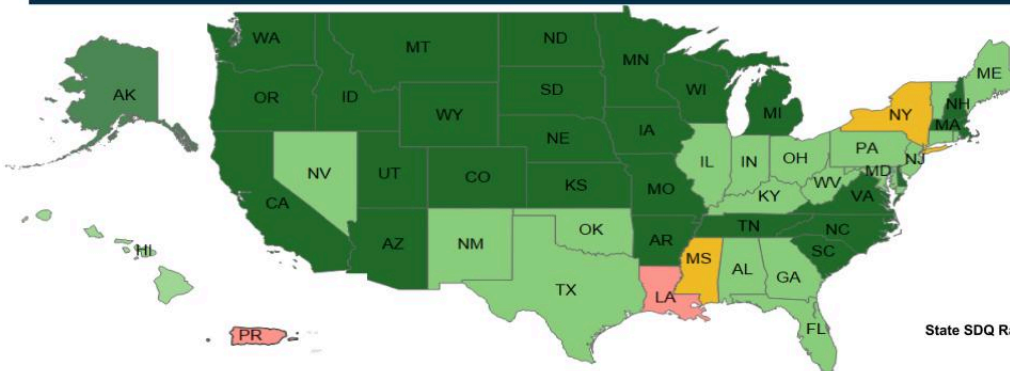
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Single-Family Credit Risk Transfer



Single-Family Problem Loan Statistics

Single-Family Serious Delinquency Rate by State as of September 30, 2024⁽²¹⁾



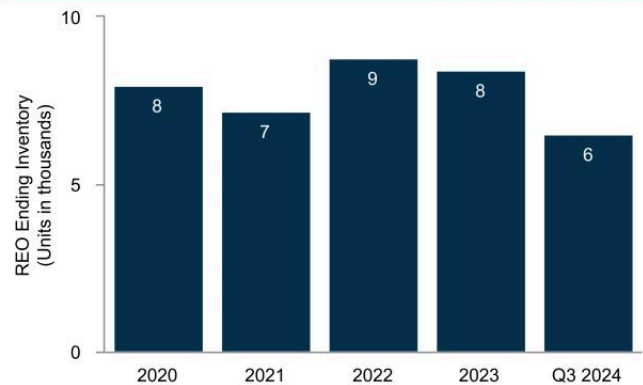
Top 10 States by UPB

State	Serious Delinquency Rate ⁽²¹⁾	Average Months to Foreclosure ⁽²⁶⁾
CA	0.39%	20
TX	0.69%	20
FL	0.68%	47
NY	0.80%	68
WA	0.36%	27
CO	0.33%	16
NJ	0.55%	47
IL	0.66%	28
VA	0.35%	36
NC	0.41%	27

Single-Family Loan Workouts⁽²⁷⁾



Single-Family REO Ending Inventory

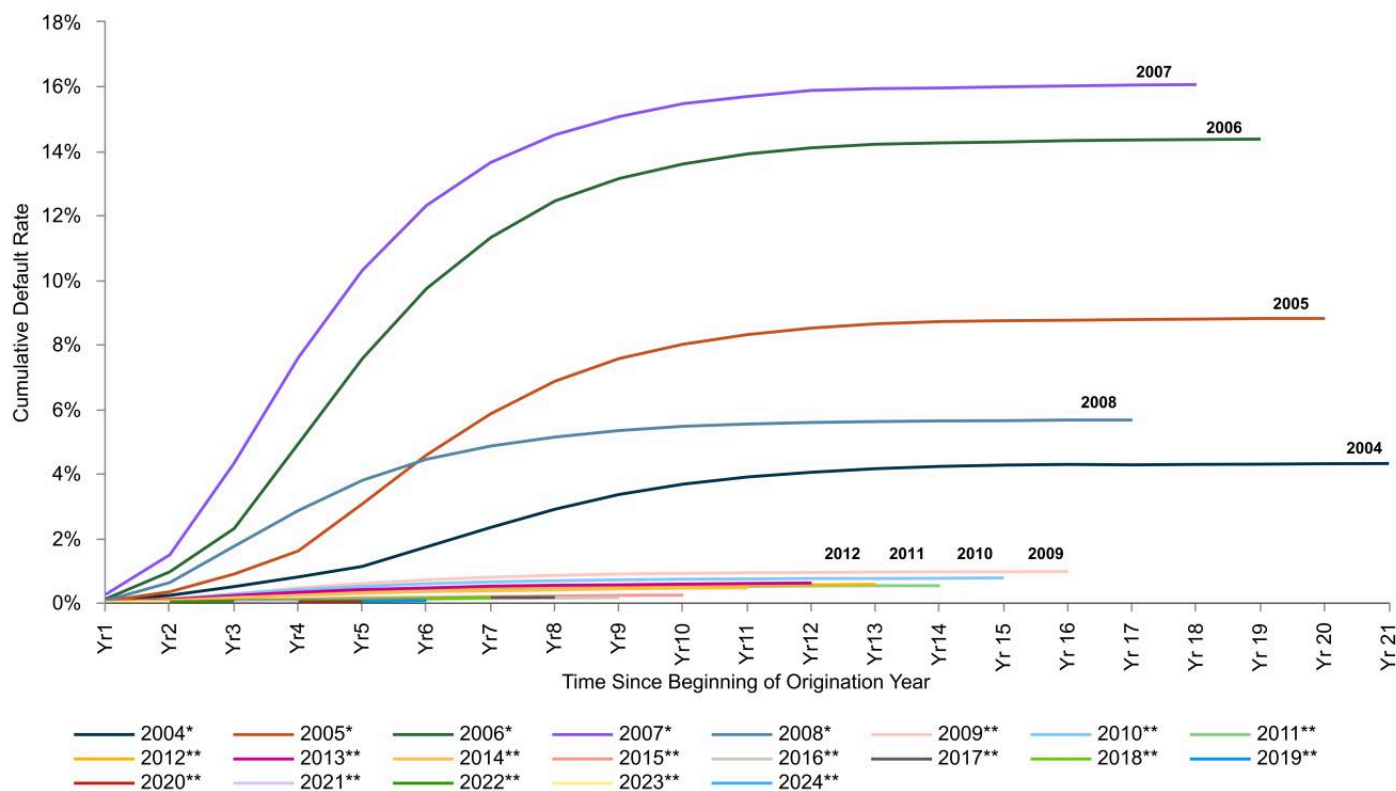


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Single-Family Cumulative Default Rates

Cumulative Default Rates of Single-Family Conventional Guaranty Book of Business by Origination Year⁽²⁹⁾



* Loans originated prior to 2009 represent only 2% of the single-family conventional guaranty book of business as of September 30, 2024.

** As of September 30, 2024, cumulative default rates on the loans originated in each individual year from 2009-2024 were less than 1%.



Multifamily Business



Multifamily Highlights

Q3 2024

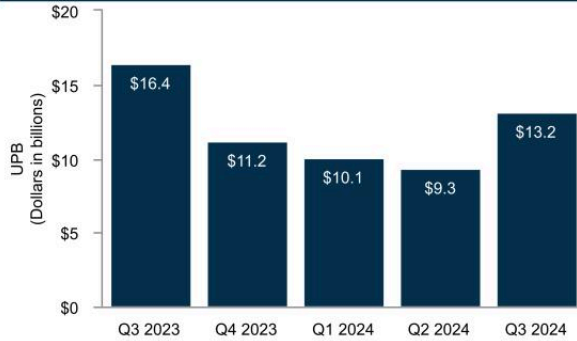
\$530M
Net income

\$1,144M
Net interest income

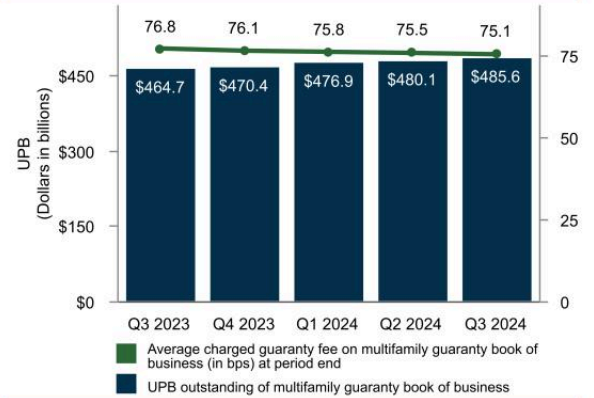
\$(424)M
Benefit (provision) for
credit losses

\$134M
Change in expected
credit enhancement
recoveries

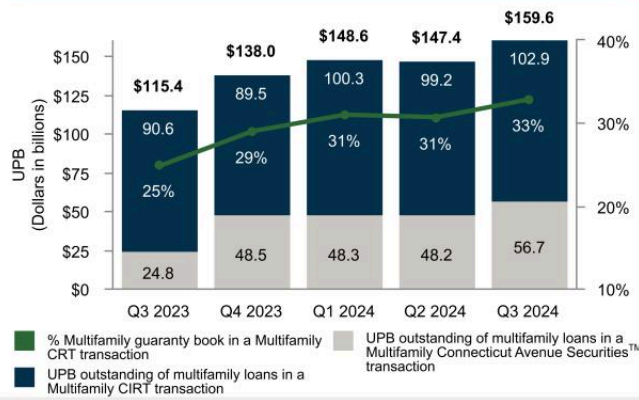
Multifamily New Business Volume



Multifamily Guaranty Book of Business⁽⁵⁾



Multifamily Credit Risk Transfer



Highlights

- New multifamily business volume was \$13.2 billion in the third quarter of 2024, compared with \$9.3 billion in the second quarter of 2024.
- The multifamily guaranty book of business grew by 1% in the third quarter of 2024 to \$485.6 billion, driven by the company's acquisitions combined with low prepayment volumes due to the high interest rate environment.
- The average charged guaranty fee on the multifamily guaranty book declined slightly in the third quarter to 75.1 basis points as of September 30, 2024, primarily due to lower average charged fees on the company's third quarter acquisitions as compared with the existing loans in the multifamily guaranty book of business.
- The multifamily serious delinquency rate increased to 0.56% as of September 30, 2024, compared with 0.44% as of June 30, 2024.

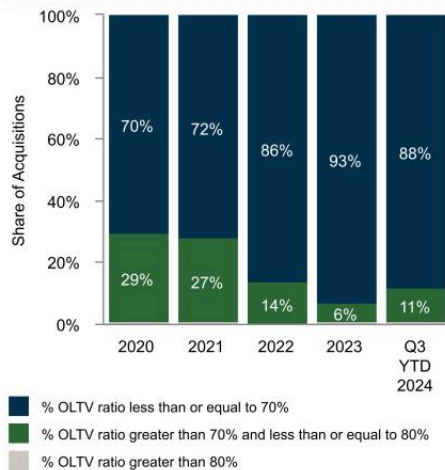


Credit Characteristics of Multifamily Loan Acquisitions

Certain Credit Characteristics of Multifamily Loans by Acquisition Period

Categories are not mutually exclusive	2020	2021	2022	2023	Q3 YTD 2024
Total UPB (Dollars in billions)	\$76.0	\$69.5	\$69.2	\$52.9	\$32.5
Weighted-Average OLTV Ratio	64%	65%	59%	59%	61%
Loan Count	5,051	4,203	3,572	2,812	1,744
% Lender Recourse ⁽³⁰⁾	99%	100%	100%	100%	100%
% DUS ⁽³¹⁾	99%	99%	99%	99%	99%
% Full Interest-Only	38%	40%	53%	63%	58%
Weighted-Average OLTV Ratio on Full Interest-Only Acquisitions	58%	59%	56%	57%	58%
Weighted-Average OLTV Ratio on Non-Full Interest-Only Acquisitions	68%	68%	63%	63%	66%
% Partial Interest-Only ⁽³²⁾	50%	50%	39%	32%	34%

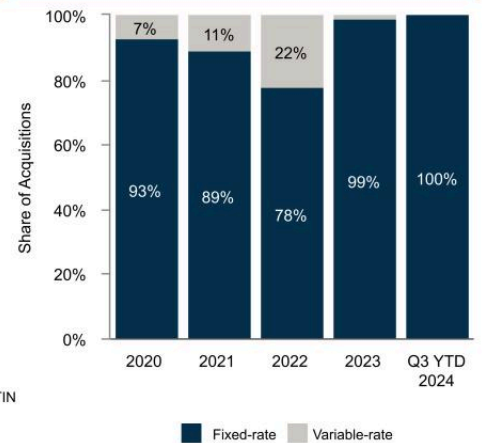
Origination Loan-to-Value Ratio



Top 10 MSAs by Q3 YTD 2024 Acquisition UPB



Acquisitions by Note Type



Credit Characteristics of Multifamily Guaranty Book of Business

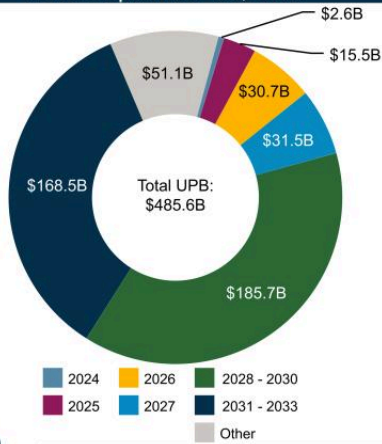
Certain Credit Characteristics of Multifamily Guaranty Book of Business by Acquisition Year, Asset Class, or Targeted Affordable Segment⁽⁵⁾

As of September 30, 2024

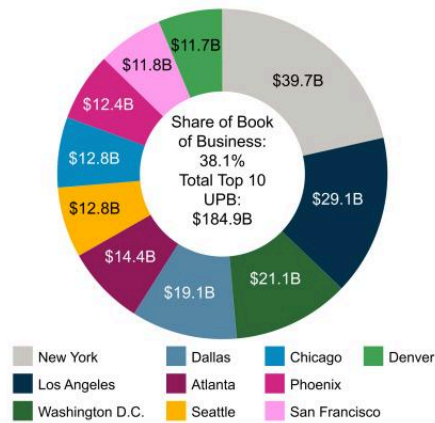
Categories are not mutually exclusive	Overall Book	Acquisition Year						Asset Class or Targeted Affordable Segment				
		2016 & Earlier	2017-2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Conventional /Co-op ⁽³⁷⁾	Seniors Housing ⁽³⁷⁾	Student Housing ⁽³⁷⁾	Manufactured Housing ⁽³⁷⁾	Affordable ⁽³⁸⁾
Total UPB (Dollars in billions)	\$485.6	\$55.6	\$213.1	\$65.3	\$66.4	\$52.7	\$32.5	\$435.6	\$14.8	\$13.2	\$22.0	\$59.6
% of Multifamily Guaranty Book	100%	11%	44%	13%	14%	11%	7%	90%	3%	3%	4%	12%
Loan Count	29,405	5,257	12,191	3,936	3,477	2,800	1,744	26,414	517	518	1,956	4,052
Average UPB (Dollars in millions)	\$16.5	\$10.6	\$17.5	\$16.6	\$19.1	\$18.8	\$18.6	\$16.5	\$28.5	\$25.5	\$11.2	\$14.7
Weighted-Average OLV Ratio	63%	66%	65%	64%	59%	59%	61%	63%	65%	65%	61%	67%
Weighted-Average DSCR ⁽³³⁾	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.3	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.5	1.8	2.2	1.8
% with DSCR Below 1.0 ⁽³³⁾	6%	6%	5%	4%	15%	2%	*	5%	26%	7%	2%	9%
% Fixed Rate	92%	86%	94%	92%	81%	99%	100%	93%	71%	84%	94%	88%
% Full Interest-Only	43%	29%	37%	41%	54%	63%	58%	44%	21%	34%	41%	29%
% Partial Interest-Only ⁽³²⁾	46%	46%	51%	50%	39%	32%	34%	45%	59%	60%	47%	46%
% Small Balance Loans ⁽³⁴⁾	47%	67%	45%	44%	38%	40%	40%	47%	21%	36%	66%	53%
Serious Delinquency Rate ⁽³⁵⁾	0.56%	0.91%	0.50%	0.20%	1.11%	0.52%	—%	0.41%	6.13%	—%	0.12%	0.14%
% Criticized ⁽³⁶⁾	7%	7%	6%	5%	15%	2%	1%	6%	33%	8%	3%	8%

* represents less than 0.5%

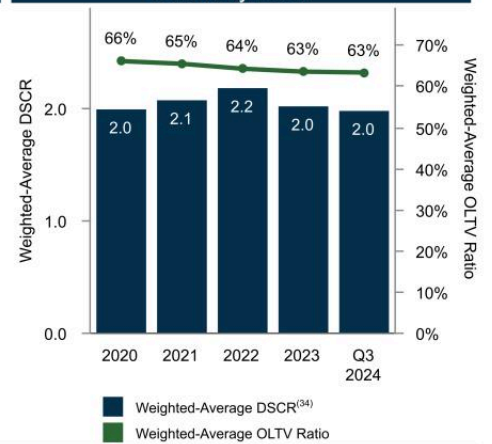
UPB by Maturity Year
As of September 30, 2024⁽⁵⁾



Top 10 MSAs by UPB
As of September 30, 2024⁽⁵⁾



Certain Credit Characteristics of
Guaranty Book⁽⁵⁾

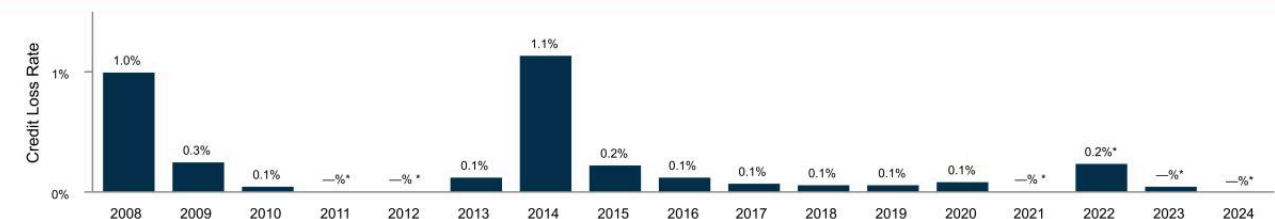


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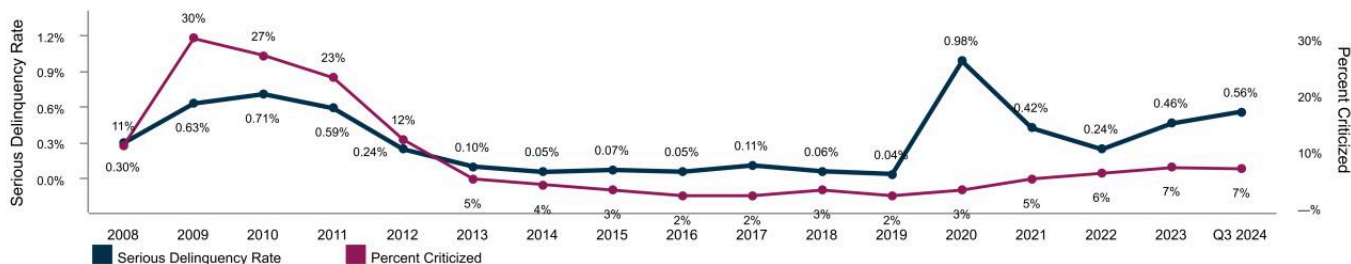
Multifamily Problem Loan Statistics

Cumulative Total Credit Loss Rate, Net by Acquisition Year Through Q3 2024⁽³⁹⁾

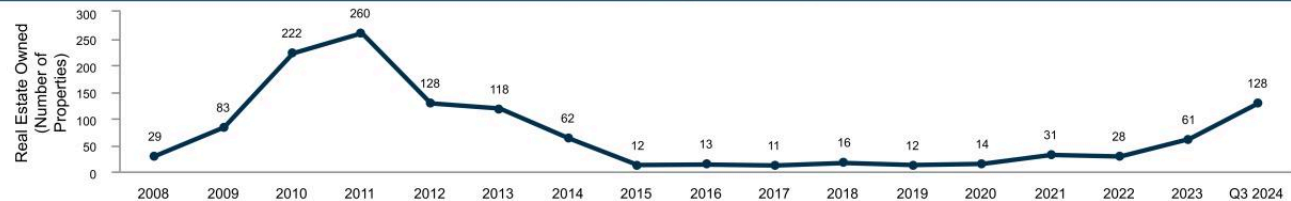


* Represents less than 0.05% of cumulative total credit loss rate, net by acquisition year

Serious Delinquency Rate⁽³⁵⁾ and Percent Criticized⁽³⁶⁾ as of Period End



REO Ending Inventory



Endnotes



Endnotes

- (1) Includes costs associated with freestanding credit enhancements, which primarily include the company's Connecticut Avenue Securities[®] and Credit Insurance Risk Transfer[™] programs, enterprise-paid mortgage insurance, and certain lender risk-sharing programs.
- (2) Other expenses, net are comprised of debt extinguishment gains and losses, expenses associated with legal claims, foreclosed property income (expense), gains and losses from partnership investments, housing trust fund expenses, loan servicing costs, and servicer fees paid in connection with certain loss mitigation activities.
- (3) Calculated based upon net worth divided by total assets outstanding at the end of the period.
- (4) Single-family conventional loan population consists of: (a) single-family conventional mortgage loans of Fannie Mae and (b) single-family conventional mortgage loans underlying Fannie Mae MBS other than loans underlying Freddie Mac securities that Fannie Mae has resecutitized. It excludes non-Fannie Mae single-family mortgage-related securities held in the retained mortgage portfolio for which Fannie Mae does not provide a guaranty. Conventional refers to mortgage loans and mortgage-related securities that are not guaranteed or insured, in whole or in part, by the U.S. government or one of its agencies.
- (5) The multifamily guaranty book of business consists of: (a) multifamily mortgage loans of Fannie Mae; (b) multifamily mortgage loans underlying Fannie Mae MBS; and (c) other credit enhancements that the company provided on multifamily mortgage assets. It excludes non-Fannie Mae multifamily mortgage-related securities held in the retained mortgage portfolio for which Fannie Mae does not provide a guaranty.
- (6) Includes mortgage pool insurance transactions.
- (7) Base guaranty fee income, net of TCCA, is interest income from the guaranty book of business excluding the impact of a 10 basis point guaranty fee increase implemented in 2012 pursuant to the Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011 and as extended by the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, the incremental revenue from which is paid to Treasury and not retained by the company.
- (8) "Deferred guaranty fee income" refers to income primarily from the upfront fees that the company receives at the time of loan acquisition related to single-family loan-level price adjustments or other fees the company receives from lenders, which are amortized over the contractual life of the loan. Deferred guaranty fee income also includes the amortization of cost basis adjustments on mortgage loans and debt of consolidated trusts that are not associated with upfront fees. In Forms 10-K, Forms 10-Q and Financial Supplements related to periods ending prior to December 31, 2023, the company referred to "deferred guaranty fee income" as "amortization income."
- (9) Net interest income from portfolios consists of: interest income from assets held in the company's retained mortgage portfolio and corporate liquidity portfolio; interest income from other assets used to support lender liquidity; and interest expense on the company's outstanding corporate debt and Connecticut Avenue Securities[®] debt. For purposes of this Financial Supplement chart, income (expense) from hedge accounting is included in the "net interest income from portfolios & hedge impact" category; however, the company does not consider income (expense) from hedge accounting to be a component of net interest income from portfolios. The company had \$664 million in hedge accounting expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2024.
- (10) Reflects the company's aggregate indebtedness at the end of each period presented measured in unpaid principal balance and excludes effects of cost basis adjustments and debt of consolidated trusts.
- (11) Cash equivalents are composed of overnight repurchase agreements and U.S. Treasuries, if any, that have a maturity at the date of acquisition of three months or less.
- (12) Refers to the U.S. weekly average fixed-rate mortgage rate according to Freddie Mac's Primary Mortgage Market Survey[®]. These rates are reported using the latest available data for a given period.
- (13) U.S. Gross Domestic Product ("GDP") annual growth (decline) rates for periods prior to 2024 are based on the annual "percentage change from fourth quarter to fourth quarter one year ago" calculated by the Bureau of Economic Analysis and are subject to revision. GDP rates for periods in 2024 are the annualized GDP rate based on the Third Quarter 2024 (Advance Estimate) published by the Bureau of Economic Analysis on October 30, 2024.



Endnotes

- (14) Home price estimates are based on purchase transactions in Fannie-Freddie acquisition and public deed data available through the end of September 2024. Including subsequent data may lead to materially different results. Home price growth rate is not seasonally adjusted. UPB estimates are based on data available through the end of September 2024, and the top 10 states are reported by UPB in descending order. One-year home price growth rate is for the 12-month period ending September 30, 2024.
- (15) Represents, on an annualized basis, the sum of the base guaranty fees charged during the period for the company's single-family conventional guaranty arrangements plus the recognition of any upfront cash payments relating to these guaranty arrangements based on an estimated average life at the time of acquisition. Excludes the impact of a 10 basis point guaranty fee increase implemented pursuant to the TCCA, the incremental revenue from which is paid to Treasury and not retained by the company.
- (16) FICO credit score is as of loan origination, as reported by the seller of the mortgage loan.
- (17) Excludes loans for which this information is not readily available. From time to time, the company revises its guidelines for determining a borrower's DTI ratio. The amount of income reported by a borrower and used to qualify for a mortgage may not represent the borrower's total income; therefore, the DTI ratios reported may be higher than borrowers' actual DTI ratios.
- (18) Refers to HomeReady® mortgage loans, a low down payment mortgage product offered by the company that is designed for creditworthy low-income borrowers. HomeReady allows up to 97% loan-to-value ratio financing for home purchases. The company offers additional low down payment mortgage products that are not HomeReady loans; therefore, this category is not representative of all high LTV ratio single-family loans acquired or in the single-family conventional guaranty book of business for the periods shown. See the "OLTV Ratio > 95%" category for information on the single-family loans acquired or in the single-family conventional guaranty book of business with origination LTV ratios greater than 95%.
- (19) Calculated based on the aggregate unpaid principal balance of single-family loans for each category divided by the aggregate unpaid principal balance of loans in the single-family conventional guaranty book of business. Loans with multiple product features are included in all applicable categories.
- (20) Percentage of loans in the single-family conventional guaranty book of business, measured by unpaid principal balance, included in an agreement used to reduce credit risk by requiring collateral, letters of credit, mortgage insurance, corporate guarantees, inclusion in a credit risk transfer transaction reference pool, or other agreement that provides for Fannie Mae's compensation to some degree in the event of a financial loss relating to the loan.
- (21) Single-family SDQ rate refers to single-family loans that are 90 days or more past due or in the foreclosure process, expressed as a percentage of the company's single-family conventional guaranty book of business, based on loan count. Single-family SDQ rate for loans in a particular category refers to SDQ loans in the applicable category, divided by the number of loans in the single-family conventional guaranty book of business in that category.
- (22) The average estimated mark-to-market LTV ratio is based on the unpaid principal balance of the loan divided by the estimated current value of the property at period end, which the company calculates using an internal valuation model that estimates periodic changes in home value. Excludes loans for which this information is not readily available.
- (23) Refers to loans included in an agreement used to reduce credit risk by requiring primary mortgage insurance, collateral, letters of credit, corporate guarantees, or other agreements to provide an entity with some assurance that it will be compensated to some degree in the event of a financial loss. Excludes loans covered by credit risk transfer transactions unless such loans are also covered by primary mortgage insurance.
- (24) Outstanding unpaid principal balance represents the underlying loan balance, which is different from the reference pool balance for CAS and some lender risk-sharing transactions.
- (25) Based on the unpaid principal balance of the single-family conventional guaranty book of business as of period end.
- (26) Measured from the borrowers' last paid installment on their mortgages to when the related properties were added to the company's REO inventory for foreclosures completed during the nine months ended September 30, 2024. Home Equity Conversion Mortgages insured by the Department of Housing and Urban Development are excluded from this calculation.



Endnotes

- (27) This chart does not include loans in an active forbearance arrangement, trial modifications, loans to certain borrowers who have received bankruptcy relief and repayment plans that have been initiated but not completed. There were approximately 17,500 loans in a trial modification period that was not complete as of September 30, 2024.
- (28) Includes repayment plans and foreclosure alternatives. Repayment plans reflect only those plans associated with loans that were 60 days or more delinquent.
- (29) Defaults include loan foreclosures, short sales, sales to third parties at the time of foreclosure and deeds-in-lieu of foreclosure. Cumulative Default Rate is the total number of single-family conventional loans in the guaranty book of business originated in the identified year that have defaulted, divided by the total number of single-family conventional loans in the guaranty book of business originated in the identified year. Data as of September 30, 2024 is not necessarily indicative of the ultimate performance of the loans and performance may change, perhaps materially, in future periods.
- (30) Represents the percentage of loans with lender risk-sharing agreements in place, measured by unpaid principal balance.
- (31) Under the Delegated Underwriting and Servicing ("DUS") program, Fannie Mae acquires individual, newly originated mortgages from specially approved DUS lenders using DUS underwriting standards and/or DUS loan documents. Because DUS lenders generally share the risk of loss with Fannie Mae, they are able to originate, underwrite, close and service most loans without a pre-review by the company.
- (32) Includes any loan that was underwritten with an interest-only term less than the term of the loan, regardless of whether it is currently in its interest-only period.
- (33) Estimates of current DSCRs are based on the latest available income information covering a 12 month period, from quarterly and annual statements for these properties including the related debt service. When an annual statement is the latest statement available, it is used. When operating statement information is not available, the underwritten DSCR is used. Co-op loans are excluded from this metric.
- (34) Small balance loans refer to multifamily loans with an original unpaid principal balance of up to \$9 million nationwide. Small balance loans are included within the asset class categories referenced above. We present this metric in the table based on loan count rather than unpaid principal balance. Small balance loans comprised 10% and 11% of our multifamily guaranty book of business as of September 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively, based on unpaid principal balance of the loan.
- (35) Multifamily serious delinquency rate refers to multifamily loans that are 60 days or more past due, expressed as a percentage of the company's multifamily guaranty book of business, based on unpaid principal balance. Multifamily serious delinquency rate for loans in a particular category (such as acquisition year, asset class or targeted affordable segment), refers to seriously delinquent loans in the applicable category, divided by the unpaid principal balance of the loans in the multifamily guaranty book of business in that category.
- (36) Criticized loans represent loans classified as "Special Mention," "Substandard" or "Doubtful." Loans classified as "Special Mention" refers to loans that are otherwise performing but have potential weaknesses that, if left uncorrected, may result in deterioration in the borrower's ability to repay in full. Loans classified as "Substandard" have a well-defined weakness that jeopardizes the timely full repayment. "Doubtful" refers to a loan with a weakness that makes collection or liquidation in full highly questionable and improbable based on existing conditions and values.
- (37) See <https://multifamily.fanniemae.com/financing-options> for definitions. Loans with multiple product features are included in all applicable categories.
- (38) Represents Multifamily Affordable Housing loans, which are defined as financing for properties that are under an agreement that provides long-term affordability, such as properties with rent subsidies or income restrictions.
- (39) Cumulative net credit loss rate is the cumulative net credit losses through September 30, 2024 on the multifamily loans that were acquired in the applicable period, as a percentage of the total acquired unpaid principal balance of multifamily loans that were acquired in the applicable period. Net credit losses include expected benefit of freestanding loss-sharing arrangements, primarily multifamily DUS lender risk-sharing transactions. Credit loss rate for 2014 acquisitions was primarily driven by the write-off of a seniors housing portfolio in Q1 2023.



