

ANNUAL REPORT 2024

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CORPORATE PROFILE



Amcorp Global Limited (the "**Company**" or "**Amcorp Global**" and together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**") is an established property development company incorporated in Singapore. With a deep understanding of the real estate market and a commitment to excellence, we strive to create innovative and sustainable developments that meet the needs of our clients. The Company has a number of successful projects in its portfolio both locally and regionally. In the current year, we are diversifying our property portfolio into London in the United Kingdom.

Amcorp Global was incorporated in 2012 and listed on the mainboard of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited in 2013. It is majority-owned by Amcorp Supreme Pte. Ltd., which in turn is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Amcorp Group Berhad based in Malaysia. Amcorp Group Berhad is a diversified conglomerate with interests in banking, financial services, properties and renewable energy. Besides Malaysia, Amcorp Group Berhad's interest and/or experience in properties include key global cities such as London, Madrid, Tokyo, Hong Kong, Shanghai and Singapore. One notable project in London is the Bankside Yards, a joint venture development between Amcorp, Native Land, Hotel Properties Limited and a state-owned sovereign wealth fund, with a total Gross Development Value of £2.5 billion mixed-use development that will connect London's South Bank with Bankside.

At Amcorp Global Limited, we strive to build long-term relationships with our stakeholders based on trust, integrity, and transparency. For more information about Amcorp Global or the Group, please visit www.amcorpglobal.com.

CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

The Group will continue to look out for projects that fit our desired risk profile and project returns both locally and internationally.

MR. SOO KIM WAI Non-Independent Non-Executive Chairman

Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "**Board**"), I present the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements of Amcorp Global Limited (the "**Company**" and together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**") for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 ("**FY2024**").

We met recently at the EGM on 18 April 2024 for your approval of the acquisition of Amcorp Baker Street Pte. Ltd. Currently, the completion is expected by August 2024. As a recap, Amcorp Baker Street Pte. Ltd. holds a 50% indirect equity interest in the development project located at 126-134 Baker Street, Marylebone, London. The approved development plans include refurbishing the 2nd to 4th floors into 11 upmarket residential for sale in prime central London which continues to see a shortage of residential properties. We are also currently assessing if we can further add value to the project by converting the first floor or adding another floor for additional residential units.

This acquisition marks our first international acquisition since the major shareholders acquired the Group. The past 4 years have indeed been volatile first with the pandemic and then markets were roiled by the sudden surge in interest rates. This together with the various cooling measures introduced locally have led to a more cautious stance on Singapore government land tenders by property developers. The recent news that 44 projects have received extensions to their Additional Buyer's Stamp Duty ("**ABSD**") sales deadlines reminds us of the inherent risk in the local residential development projects. The Group will continue to look out for projects that fit our desired risk profile and project returns both locally and internationally.

Our commercial shophouses in SibuJaya, East Malaysia which commenced in 2022 performed admirably as all 68 units were fully sold. The project contributed \$4.8 million profit to the Group during the year. Given the warm reception and demand for these products, the Group will continue its joint venture to further develop the next phase of 28 units of commercial shophouses in SibuJaya with an expected share of Gross Development Value of \$8.0 million for the Group. Groundwork has just commenced and the development is expected to be completed by end of 2025.

Our existing 35 Gilstead project has been physically completed and are in the midst of obtaining Temporary Occupation Permit ("**TOP**") from the local authorities. This project had indeed been challenging due to among others the pandemic which led to supply chain disruptions and



workforce shortages resulting in the delays. Through it all, the Board is proud that the Group kept its commitment to complete these residential units for its purchasers. Notwithstanding that we had appealed to the authorities for an extension to the ABSD completion deadline, the Board has decided that it would be prudent to make a provision for the ABSD penalty of \$8.9 million.

During the year, the Group also signed the sale and purchase agreement for the sale of the office block in Third Avenue, Cyberjaya, Malaysia for RM58.0 million, which is currently pending completion. The funds from the sale, together with our collections from the 35 Gilstead project at the next stage of billing would enable us to embark on and fund future new projects. We will also continue our efforts to dispose our non-core overseas completed properties located in Bangkok, Sydney and Ho Chi Minh, Vietnam. A gracious note of thanks to Dr Lee Bee Wah who will step down from the Board at the coming AGM after more than 9 years of service. I am also pleased to announce that the Group will continue to benefit from her invaluable guidance and assistance in her new capacity as Advisor. The Board is in the midst of sourcing a replacement and will be making the necessary announcements in due course. On behalf of the Board, we would like to extend our sincere appreciations to all our stakeholders for your continued support and our staff for your dedication to the Group.

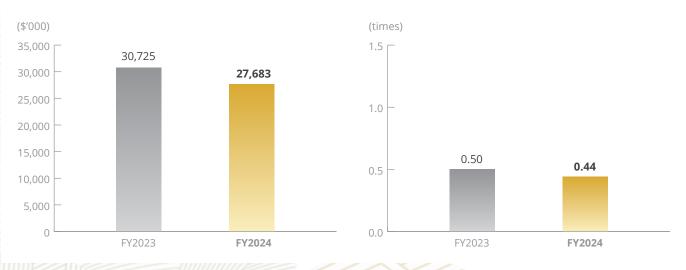
Mr. Soo Kim Wai Chairman 28 June 2024



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

	FY2024	FY2023
Financial Results (\$'000)		
Revenue	81,755	84,502
Gross profit	8,300	9,972
(Loss)/earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA")	(7,447)	14,674
(Loss)/profit for the year	(15,208)	4,137
Financial Position (\$'000) Current assets	163,954	182,757
Total assets	171,323	191,714
Current liabilities	105,848	42,303
Total liabilities	106,203	111,292
Total debts (including bank borrowings and other liabilities)	75,430	95,989
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	64,169	78,905
Total equity	65,120	80,422
Net asset value per share (cents)*	14.34	17.66

Cash and Bank Balances

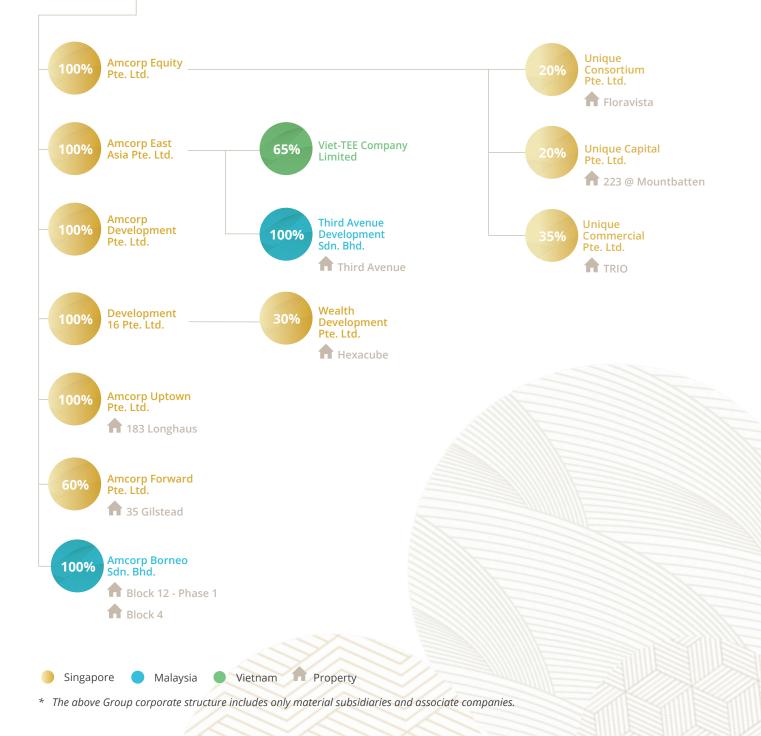


Debt to Asset Ratio

* Non-controlling interests are not included in the computation of net asset value per share (cents).

CORPORATE STRUCTURE





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SINGAPORE AND OVERSEAS PROJECTS







Block 4, Malaysia



Block 12-Phase 1, Malaysia





Hexacube, Singapore



PROJECTS AND INVESTMENTS

RESIDENTIAL							
Name of Property	Location	Land Area (sqm)	Tenure	No. of Units	No. of Units (For Sale) ¹	Estimated Completion	Group's Effective Interest
Ongoing							
35 Gilstead	35 Gilstead Road	3,538	Freehold	70	N.A.	Second half of 2024	60%

MIXED DEVELOPMENT							
Name of Property	Location	Land Area (sqm)	Tenure	No. of Units	No. of Units (For Sale) ¹	Estimated Completion	Group's Effective Interest
Completed							
183 Longhaus	183 Upper Thomson Road	1,576	Freehold	40 Residential 5 Retail 5 Restaurant	5 Retail 5 Restaurant	N.A.	100%
Third Avenue	Jalan Teknokrat 3, Cyberjaya, Selangor	24,085	Freehold	1 Office Building 31 Retail 701 Residential	1 Office Building 3 Retail 1 Residential	N.A.	100%

			сомм	ERCIAL			
Name of Property	Location	Land Area (sqm)	Tenure	No. of Units	No. of Units (For Sale) ¹	Estimated Completion	Group's Effective Interest
	Ongoing						
Block 4	Durin Link Road Sibu, Sarawak	20,571	Leasehold ²	28 Shophouse	28 Shophouse	April 2026	_4
	Completed						
Block 12- Phase 1	Durin Link Road Sibu, Sarawak	27,019	Leasehold ³	68 Shophouse	N.A.	N.A.	_4
Hexacube	160 Changi Road	1,670	Freehold	32 Retail 4 Restaurant 37 Office	18 Retail 3 Restaurant 1 Office	N.A.	30%
TRIO	11 Sam Leong Road	1,149	Freehold	28 Retail 15 Restaurant	19 Retail 6 Restaurant	N.A.	35%

¹ As at 31 March 2024.

² 60 years from the date of the issuance of the title.
³ Expire on 17 September 2056.
⁴ This relates to joint development with a related company. Refer Note 8(ii) to the financial statements in page 105.

OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW

OPERATIONS REVIEW

In spite of the array of challenges that we faced during the financial year ended 31 March 2024 ("**FY2024**"), including rate hikes, escalating construction costs, coupled with geopolitical tensions and a subdued demand in the property market, we remained vigilant and strategic in our efforts. Our strategic focus for the year was to complete our projects under development and divest our non-core assets in Singapore and overseas.

In Singapore, we committed our focus to completing the property development project at 35 Gilstead. These efforts include a dedicated project team on site working closely together with contractors and consultants to ensure proper delivery of materials to site and construction works on the ground was unhindered. This was despite the challenges posed by the adverse wet weather, worker shortage and specific site constraints. We also faced frequent scrutiny and checks from authorities regarding continuous compliance over regulations such as noise, mosquitoes breeding and pollution. Despite all these, we completed the construction work as of end of May 2024 and have submitted an application for the Temporary Occupation Permit ("**TOP**"). Given that we have just passed the deadline of the Additional Buyer's Stamp Duty ("ABSD") for completing construction, we have submitted an appeal to the authorities for an extension and will be following up closely on this. In the meantime, we have in accordance with the accounting standards made a probability-weighted provision of \$8.9 million for ABSD in the results for FY2024.

Our remaining properties in Singapore are mainly strata commercial units under our associated companies, namely TRIO, Hexacube and Floravista, and our whollyowned subsidiary, 183 Longhaus. These assets continued to contribute rental income to the Group, maintaining an average occupancy rate exceeding 90% for both the current and previous financial years. We have also attained full occupancy at 183 Longhaus by actively negotiating with tenants for lease renewals and the securing of new tenant leases. Going forward, we will work with selected real estate agencies to enhance the occupancy and/or rental rates and to market these commercial units for sale.

In Malaysia, our maiden project in SibuJaya, Sarawak, comprising the development of 68 commercial units successfully obtained its Occupation Permit in March 2024. The joint venture project contributed an overall profit of \$4.8 million to the Group during the financial year. Building on this success, we are planning for further launches in SibuJaya and have commenced a new joint venture to develop a new phase consisting of 28 units of commercial shophouses.

After a long negotiation, we have successfully executed the sale and purchase agreement for the sale of the office block in Third Avenue, Cyberjaya, Malaysia with the completion expected in the coming financial year. Notwithstanding the soft market conditions in Cyberjaya, we will continue our sales and marketing efforts to promote the sale of the remaining three unsold retail units.

In Australia, we have two remaining office units within the Larmont Hotel building that we are currently offering for sale as part of our initiative to monetize our non-core assets. The higher interest rates in Australia have generally impacted the risk-reward profile of investments and thus the sale of these two office units. In the interim, we have also taken steps to lease out the units to generate income while awaiting the sale.

In Thailand, we have expanded our partnership with real estate agencies and increased sales commission to enhance the marketing of our remaining 3 penthouses at Chewathai Ratchaprarop condominium, recognising that it is taking longer than anticipated to secure buyers. Our efforts garnered higher interest resulting in the sale of one of the penthouses in May 2024.

In Vietnam, despite providing an extension of time, our proposed disposal of Viet-TEE Company Limited ("Viet-TEE") fell through as the buyer was not able to meet the conditions in the sale agreement. Correspondingly, the assets and liabilities of the Viet-TEE has been reclassified from disposal group held for sale in the previous financial year to the respective line items in the balance sheet in the current financial year.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Group's revenue for FY2024 was \$81.8 million, a marginal decline of 3.3%, compared to \$84.5 million for last financial year ("**FY2023**"). The revenue for the year was generated from our maiden development project in SibuJaya (\$12.9 million) and 35 Gilstead (\$68.7 million) while revenue in FY2023 included that derived from Lattice One and Larmont Hotel which has been completed and disposed respectively. The gross profit margin decreased from 11.8% in FY2023 to 10.2% in FY2024 due to lower gross profit from Lattice One and Larmont Hotel, as mentioned above.

The Group recorded a loss before tax of \$15.1 million for FY2024, as compared to profit before tax of \$5.0 million in FY2023. The positive results for FY2023 were primarily driven by the one-off gain of \$10.8 million recognised from the disposal of Larmont Hotel in Australia. Conversely, FY2024 was adversely affected by the ABSD provision related to 35 Gilstead of \$8.9 million, along with several other one-off/major items totalling \$2.3 million.

Total assets decreased by \$20.4 million as at 31 March 2024 as compared to the financial position as at 31 March 2023. The main reasons were due to sales, billings and progressive recognition of on-going projects, namely 35 Gilstead and SibuJaya, resulting in decrease in development properties (\$46.8 million), offset by the increase in contract assets, being unbilled revenue recognised (\$41.0 million). The decrease was further exacerbated by the reduction in cash and bank balances of \$3.0 million due to repayment of borrowings. Total borrowings decreased by \$14.3 million, and as a result, the debt ratio reduced from 0.50 as at 31 March 2023 to 0.44 as at 31 March 2024.

A positive cash flow of \$17.0 million was generated from operating activities in FY2024, mainly from the movements of on-going projects mentioned above. A net cash of \$25.5 million was used in financing activities to pay interest, and repay bank borrowings and loans. As a result, there was a net decrease in cash and cash equivalents of \$6.8 million in FY2024, bringing the total cash and cash equivalents balance as at 31 March 2024 to \$27.0 million.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



MR. SOO KIM WAI Non-Independent Non-Executive Chairman

Mr. Soo Kim Wai is a Member of Malaysian Institute of Accountants and Malaysian Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is also a Fellow of the Certified Practising Accountant, Australia, and the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, United Kingdom.

Mr. Soo is currently the Group Managing Director of Amcorp Group Berhad. He joined Amcorp Group Berhad in 1989 as Senior Manager, Finance and has since held various positions. He was appointed as a Director of Amcorp Group Berhad on 13 March 1996. Before joining Amcorp Group Berhad, he was in the accounting profession for 5 years with Deloitte KassimChan from 1980 to 1985 and with Plantation Agencies Sdn Bhd from 1985 to 1989.

Apart from Amcorp Group Berhad, his directorships in other public companies include RCE Capital Berhad, AMMB Holdings Berhad and AmBank (M) Berhad. RCE Capital Berhad and AMMB Holdings Berhad are listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("**Main Market of Bursa Malaysia**"). He also serves as Chairman of AmREIT Managers Sdn Bhd, the Manager of AmFirst Real Estate Investment Trust.



ER. DR. LEE BEE WAH Lead Independent Non-Executive Director

Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah is a Licensed Professional Engineer who made history at the Institution of Engineers Singapore ("**IES**") by becoming its first woman President in 2008. She also holds the distinction of being the first Singaporean to be awarded Honorary Fellow of the Institution of Structural Engineers, United Kingdom.

She is an Honorary Fellow Member of IES and a past Board Member of the Professional Engineers Board, Singapore. She holds a Master of Science (Engineering) from the University of Liverpool, UK and a Bachelor of Civil Engineering from Nanyang Technological University, Singapore. She was conferred an Honorary Doctorate by The University of Liverpool in July 2011. Er. Dr. Lee is currently the Group Director of Meinhardt (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., a leading global engineering, planning and management consultancy firm. Prior to this, she was the Principal Partner of LBW Consultants LLP, before its acquisition by the Meinhardt Group.

From 2006 to 2020, she served as a Member of Parliament ("**MP**"), during which time she proved herself to be an astute and respected politician. As an MP, she had brought up many issues in Parliament to improve the standing of the engineering profession in Singapore. These ranged from giving due recognition to the stature and contributions of the professional engineers to society, to the implementation of green solutions in built environment. Many of her proposals were subsequently adopted to become national policies.

Apart from her professional duties, Er. Dr. Lee was President of the Singapore Table Tennis Association ("STTA") from 2008 to 2014. During her tenure, through her leadership and indomitable sporting spirit, she inspired the STTA coaches and players to put Singapore on the global sporting pedestal winning regional and international awards. These included winning the covet medals in the 2008 Beijing Summer Olympics and in the 2012 London Olympics. She is currently Adviser to STTA and Singapore Swimming Association since 2014. Er. Dr. Lee is also an ambassador of the Singapore Golf Association.

Er. Dr. Lee is the Lead Independent Director of Koh Brothers Group Limited and an Independent Director of Heeton Holdings Limited and Hong Lai Huat Group Limited. Her other board appointment includes being a Board Member of Mandai Park Holdings Pte. Ltd., which is established by Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited, a Singapore-based investment company, to oversee the concept development for the rejuvenation of Mandai into an integrated wildlife and nature heritage space. Er. Dr. Lee is also a Board Member of the Building and Construction Authority, a statutory board under the Ministry of National Development, for which its role is to develop and regulate Singapore's building and construction industry. Currently, she also chairs the Nanyang Technological University School of Civil & Environmental Engineering Advisory Committee.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



MR. KAMIL AHMAD MERICAN *Independent Non-Executive Director*



MR. TAY BENG CHAI Independent Non-Executive Director



MR. KHOO SWEE PENG Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican graduated in architecture from Universiti Teknologi Malaysia and the Architectural Association in London. After graduating, he worked with Sir Terry Farrell and Sir Nick Grimshaw in London. In 1976, on his return to Malaysia, he taught in the Faculty of Architecture at Universiti Teknologi Malaysia.

Mr. Kamil Merican is the founding partner of GDP Architects Malaysia ("**GDP**"), which has gained a reputation as one of Malaysia's leading design and architecture firms. As GDP's principal design partner, he has been involved in all the firm's major projects, some of which have won a number of awards, including 12 from PAM (the Malaysian Institute of Architects), a RIBA award (jointly with Foster + Partners) and the Aga Khan Award for Architecture in 2007 (for Universiti Teknologi Petronas,

Mr. Tay Beng Chai holds a Bachelor of Law Degree from the National University of Singapore, and is an advocate and solicitor admitted to practice in Malaysia and Singapore. He is also a Fellow of the Singapore Institute of Arbitrators.

Mr. Tay retired from legal practice in June 2021. Prior to his retirement, he was concurrently the Managing Partner of Messrs Tay & Partners, Malaysia and head of Bird & Bird's Asia Pacific corporate practice and had over 30 years' experience in corporate law, mergers and acquisitions, finance and securities law matters. also with Foster + Partners).

He was a member of the 2013 Master Jury for the Aga Khan Award for Architecture and a recipient of the 2007 Award. He has also been appointed as the Steering Committee Member for the 2016 Aga Khan Award for Architecture.

He has also served as a member of the steering committee for the Greater KL Council since 2010. He remains active in architectural education, serving as an external examiner for both Universiti Teknologi Malaysia and Universiti Malaya. He is also the Adjunct Professor of Faculty of Architecture, Universiti Malaya. In 2017, he served as a guest critic reviewer at the Harvard Graduate School of Design (GSD).

Mr. Kamil Merican was an independent director of Amcorp Properties Berhad.

Mr. Tay is a Director of TTSH Community Fund, a company limited by guarantee and an institution of public character. He is also an Independent Non-Executive Director of Samudera Shipping Line Ltd, a public company listed on the mainboard of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. Mr Tay was an Independent Non-Executive Director of Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad, Kluang Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad and Kuchai Development Berhad until his retirement on 31 May 2023.

Mr. Khoo Swee Peng holds a Master of Business Administration in Finance from the University of Chicago, (Booth) Graduate School of Business, and a Master of Science in Economics from the London School of Economics and Political Science, University of London. His first degree was a Bachelor of Science, First Class Honours in Computer Science from the University of Sydney.

Mr. Khoo has more than 30 years of combined management consulting, investment banking and investment management experience, including roles in regional and country leadership, client coverage, mergers and acquisitions, capital raising and business development across Asia, including the Southeast Asia region and Japan.

Mr. Khoo started his consulting career with Towers Perrin in the US and Singapore, before joining A.T. Kearney in 1991. At Kearney, Mr. Khoo specialised in strategy development, restructuring and reengineering in the banking and telecoms sectors, and was promoted to Principal Consultant position where he held country leadership in Indonesia and spearheaded their consulting

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

expansion in Southeast Asia in the 1990s.

Mr. Khoo later joined J.P. Morgan Asset Management and J.P. Morgan Trust Bank in Tokyo where he was the head of corporate strategy and business development for Asia. Then he joined J.P. Morgan Investment Bank in Singapore as Vice President where he advised on mergers and consolidations in the financial sectors of Malaysia, Indonesia and Singapore. Mr. Khoo subsequently joined ABN Amro for nine years where he rose to Managing Director position and headed the financial institutions business in Southeast Asia. Mr. Khoo also held other similar leadership positions in the Singapore financial sector, including Managing Director roles at the Royal Bank of Scotland, Citi, TC Capital and Oriens Asset Management.

Mr. Khoo is currently a Senior Advisor at A.T. Kearney.



MR. SHAHMAN AZMAN Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Shahman Azman joined Amcorp Group Berhad in 1996 after graduating from Chapman University, USA with a Bachelor of Communications. He was subsequently promoted to General Manager spearheading the Corporate Planning and Strategy portfolio. In 2001, he joined MCM Technologies Berhad, a former subsidiary of Amcorp Group Berhad, as General Manager of Corporate Planning and Strategy. His last held position in MCM Technologies Berhad was Chief Investment Officer. Mr. Shahman later joined RCE Capital Berhad as Director of Corporate Affairs on 1 April 2004 and was promoted to Director of Strategic Business Unit on 1 January 2006.

Apart from Amcorp Group Berhad, he also sits on the board of RCE Capital Berhad, a company listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia as Non-Executive Chairman. He is also the Chairman of Amcorp Properties Berhad.



MS. SHALINA AZMAN Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Ms. Shalina Azman holds a Bachelor of Science in Business Administration majoring in Finance and Economics from Chapman University, USA. In 1993, she obtained her Masters in Business Administration from University of Hull in United Kingdom.

She first gained invaluable experience in the media industry when she was a Business Development Officer with RCE Capital Berhad ("**RCE**"), a company listed on the Main Market of Bursa Malaysia. From 1995 to 1999, she was with Amcorp Group Berhad ("**AMCORP**") as Senior Manager, Corporate Planning. In January 2000, she re-joined RCE as its Executive Director and was subsequently appointed as its Managing Director on 1 September 2000. She held the position until 31 July 2002, prior to assuming the position of Deputy Managing Director of AMCORP. On 1 July 2024, she was appointed as Deputy Chairman of AMCORP.

Ms. Shalina also sits on the board of RCE, Amcorp Properties Berhad and Rockwills International Berhad. She is also the Chairman of Aon Insurance Brokers (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd.



MR. WONG CHEE MENG, RAYMOND

Chief Operating Officer

Mr. Wong Chee Meng, Raymond is our Chief Operating Officer and is responsible for overseeing all aspects of the Group's operation, as well as the property development and management matters of the Group. He also oversees the sales and leasing of the Group's projects, including the evaluation and development of new investments. He was the Project Director prior to his appointment as the Chief Operating Officer in April 2024. Mr Wong has more than 40 years of experience in real estate project development and construction management. In the course of his work, he had been involved with managing both local and overseas projects in the USA, China, Hong Kong, Indonesia and Malaysia.

Prior to joining the Group, he was the Assistant Director of Arcadis Project Management Pte Ltd from May 2014 to October 2016.

From September 1988 to December 2013, he was with Wing Tai Property Management Pte Ltd. He was the Assistant General Manager (Projects) from 2007. Mr. Wong first joined Wing Tai as a Senior Project Officer in 1988, and had since held the position of Assistant Project Manager in 1994, Project Manager in 1995, and Senior Project Manager in 1999. He had helped to set up the Project Department in the Malaysia Division (Southern) in year 2005.

Mr. Wong graduated with a Bachelor in Construction Economics (with Distinction) from the Royal Melbourne Institute of Technology, Australia, as well as a Technician Diploma in Building from the Singapore Polytechnic.

He is a Certified Project Manager with the Society of Project Managers, and a Member of the Singapore Institute of Building Ltd. He was also a Member of the "REDAS Design and Build Conditions of Contract" First Edition 2001, and a Member of the "Home Buyer's Guide for Building Quality 2001" published by the Consumer's Association of Singapore.

MS. TING SIEW YONG

Financial Controller and Company Secretary

Ms. Ting Siew Yong is our Financial Controller and Company Secretary responsible for the Group's statutory financial accounts, consolidation and financial reporting to the SGX-ST, overall financial and accounting management, and the corporate secretarial function of the Group.

Ms. Ting has more than 20 years of experience in financial management, treasury, mergers and acquisitions and taxation. Prior to joining our Group, she was with Stamford Land Corporation Ltd as Senior Finance Manager from June 2016 to January 2023 and Group Financial Controller from February 2023 to May 2023. She served as Finance Manager in CDL Hospitality Trusts from December 2013 to June 2016.

Ms. Ting was also previously with Deloitte & Touche, Singapore as Senior Audit Manager, where she was responsible for the audits of several public listed companies and large multinational corporation.

Ms. Ting graduated with a Bachelor of Business (Professional Accounting) from the Queensland University of Technology, Australia. She is a member of Chartered Accountant with the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants and a member of CPA Australia.

BOARD STATEMENT

Our commitment to embed sustainability into our business activities and maintain a high standard sustainability management system governed by internal controls and risk management practices remain one of our top priorities. As an established property developer with a track record of delivering quality and well-designed living and working spaces, Amcorp Global Limited (the "**Company**" or "**Amcorp Global**" and together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**") remains committed to improve our sustainability performance that influence our business operations and stakeholders' confidence.

The Company has established a Sustainability Committee, chaired by a non-executive director, and assisted by the representatives of the management team, to assess and review the performance of the relevant Environmental, Social and Governance ("**ESG**") material topics on our dayto-day business operations to ensure the long-term value of its sustainability management process. In line with the new requirements of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("**SGX-ST**") listing manual ("**SGX-ST Listing Manual**"), in this report, the Group has continued to adopt the recommendations of Task Force on Climate-Related Disclosures ("**TCFD**") and the relevant disclosures are included in this report.

The Board maintains oversight of the Sustainability Committee ("**SC**") as well as approval of all ESG topics as finalised in the 2024 Sustainability Report (the "**Report**").

ABOUT THE REPORT

Reporting Period, Entities and Sustainability Framework

This sustainability report covers our performance and practices for the financial year from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024 ("**FY2024**") and is prepared with reference to the Global Reporting Initiative ("**GRI**") Standards, SGX Sustainability Reporting Guide and TCFD recommendations. The Group adopted GRI as it is the most widely used and internationally accepted sustainability reporting framework. Please refer to the GRI Content Index on pages 26-27 of this Report for further information on the relevant references.

The scope of this Report includes the Group's subsidiaries and the corporate office in Singapore, unless otherwise indicated. Please refer to the list of subsidiaries as detailed in Note 6(a) to the financial statements on page 96-97, included for sustainability reporting.

During the financial year, our sustainability reporting processes for the period from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023 underwent an internal audit review by Mazars LLP, Singapore. No material issues were identified through this review.

The Group has not sought external assurance for this sustainability report. The Company relies on its internal processes to verify the accuracy of the ESG performance data and information presented in this Report. No restatements were made from the previous report.

We are committed to our stakeholders and welcome feedback on any aspect of our sustainability policies, processes and performance. Should you have any questions or feedback, please address to ir.amcorpglobal@amcorpgroup.co.

GOVERNANCE

The Board of Directors (**"Board**") is ultimately responsible for providing oversight and approval of the material ESG factors across the business value chain and to consider such matters in the formulation of the Group's strategies. As required by SGX-ST Listing Manual, all directors have attended the mandatory training on sustainability matters in FY2023.

The Board is supported by the SC to oversee the implementation of the Group's sustainability strategy. This includes integrating sustainability policies and processes into the business such as enhancing risk management, securing capital, promoting innovation and improving productivity.

In FY2024, the following were carried out:

- Conducted a materiality refresh exercise to review and evaluate the relevance of our material ESG factors and considered it as part of overall business strategy and value chain;
- Conducted stakeholders refresh exercise to review and evaluate the relevance of our stakeholders' engagements;
- Integrated climate-related risks in the Enterprise Risk Management processes;
- Reviewed climate-related risks and its qualitative financial impact from the short, medium, and long term;
- Assessed the Group's greenhouse gas emission footprint by collecting Scope 1 and 2 emissions of the Group to be included in this report; and
- Evaluated opportunities and action plans associated with climate-related risks and the relevant material ESG factors.

OUR STAKEHOLDERS

Amcorp Global continually engages with its key stakeholder groups. Engaging and addressing the concerns of our stakeholders enable us to strive for continual value creation for all stakeholders.

We continue to adopt a consistent and balanced process for the identification of key stakeholders who are material to our operations, businesses, and management. The impact and nature of key stakeholder groups are evaluated using assessment parameters involving quantitative and qualitative metrics. The management has established multiple channels to engage and interact with key stakeholders on an ongoing basis, as well as provide timely and appropriate responses to address their inquiries and concerns.

We are committed to reviewing the relevance and significance of key stakeholders through among others the following methods of engagement on at least an annual basis.

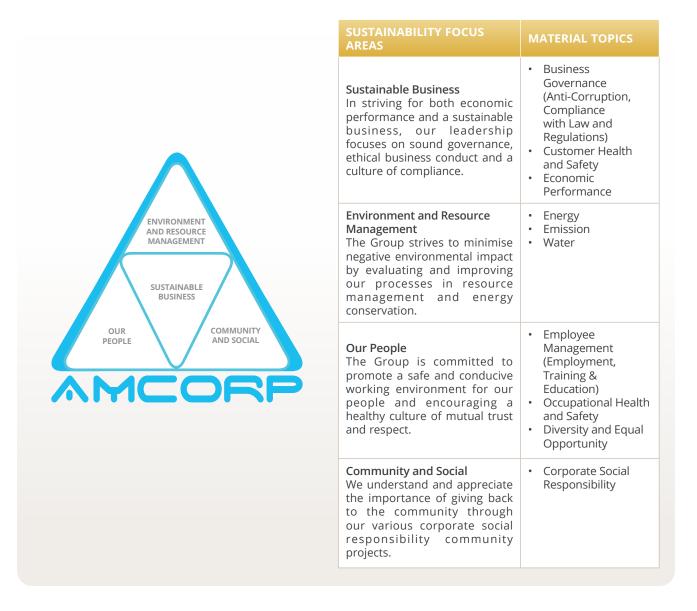
STAKEHOLDERS	AREAS OF CONCERN	METHODS OF ENGAGEMENT AND FREQUENCY
EMPLOYEES	 Corporate direction and growth plans Job security Remuneration and benefits Career development and training opportunities Workplace health and safety Work-life balance 	 Throughout the year Training Annual performance appraisal Employee engagement activities (e.g. festive lunches, company outings, etc.)
SHAREHOLDERS	 Growth and profitability Risk management Corporate governance Sustainable performance and communication Dividend distribution 	 Throughout the year SGX-ST and/or press releases Official meetings and/or site visits Monthly/Half-yearly financial reports Company website Annually Annual General Meeting Annual report
GOVERNMENT AND REGULATORS	 Compliance with laws and rules Labour practices Environment and waste management 	 Throughout the year Compliance with regulatory requirements Official meetings and/or site visits
CUSTOMERS	 Pricing, quality and delivery Workmanship and defect rectification Design and features Resource conservation features 	 Throughout the year Advertisement and marketing promotions Feedback session with sales agencies Feedback channels via emails and phone
CONTRACTORS, SUPPLIERS AND PROFESSIONAL CONSULTANTS	 Pricing and payment schedules Compliance with agreed terms Professional and working relationships 	 Throughout the year Project meetings and/or site visits Tender process Written instructions and communication

MATERIALITY ANALYSIS AND APPROACH TO SUSTAINABILITY

Our sustainability commitment and initiatives are based on three key pillars – Environment and Resource Management, Our People, and Community and Social. We strive to ensure that these commitments are intrinsic in our approach towards business and in our day-to-day operations.

In FY2024, a series of workshop was carried out to reassess the concerns of our stakeholders and changes to our business and value chain to determine the relevant material topics. Based on the material topics identified, we prioritised the topics based on the importance to stakeholders and impact to the Group.

Our internal controls and risk management practices across our value chain guide us in improving our sustainability practices while strengthening our long-term growth. Although our efforts are influenced by project complexity, we are committed to enhance the positive effects of our projects and avoid or mitigate the negative ones. Due to the nature of the property development business, which typically has a large environmental footprint, we have placed a strong focus on health and safety standards as well as environmental management best practices.



OUR SUSTAINABILITY FOCUS AREA

SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS

BUSINESS GOVERNANCE

Good governance is an important foundation for our business to progress forward. Amcorp Global conducts its business in a responsible and transparent manner while upholding high standards of corporate governance. We have established policies to guide us in adhering to high standards of ethical business practices.

Our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics covers anti-corruption, compliance with laws and regulations, and guidelines for all directors and employees when conducting business dealings and extends to all third-party vendors such as contractors and other business partners. Our whistle blowing policy protects the interests of the Group by facilitating employees, vendors, and all other stakeholders to report any suspected breach of conduct, corruption, conflict of interests, bribery or any other unethical practices that can jeopardise the Group's confidence and reputation. At Amcorp Global, employees are made aware of the Group's Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and established policies. We routinely update our employees if there are any policies changes to keep our employees aligned at all times.

Anti-Corruption

GRI 205-3

Besides having in place our Code of Business Conduct and Ethics and other policies, we have in place an Enterprise Risk Management ("**ERM**") framework to address the major risk factors of the Group's operations and to ensure that the internal controls are working as intended. This framework and the risk register were reviewed during FY2024 to align to the changing operating environment and corporate governance requirements.

Our Whistle Blowing Policy and Code of Conduct for Business Partner are published on our Company's corporate website https://www.amcorpglobal.com/html/ir.php to create public awareness so that any wrongdoings in the workplace are reported timely for actions to be taken and for us to share our guiding principles with our business partners.

Our Performance and Targets

In FY2024, the Group did not receive any whistle blowing cases or reported cases of corruption. We continue to maintain our target of having zero incidents of corruption across our businesses.

Compliance with Law and Regulations

GRI 2-27

As an organisation listed on the SGX-ST, Amcorp Global has in place a risk management and internal control framework to manage non-compliance with law and regulations. More details of our risk management and internal controls measures are reported in our Corporate Governance section of the Annual Report.

Our Performance and Targets

In FY2024, the contractor executing our project at 35 Gilstead has incurred total fines of \$62,000. Fines were paid by the contractor to the National Environment Agency ("**NEA**") for non-compliance with law and regulations relating to mosquito breeding and noise, and Ministry of Manpower ("**MOM**") for non-compliance with workplace safety regulations.

The table details are below:

	Number of fines	Total Amount (\$)
 National Environmental Agency (NEA) Mosquito breeding Noise 	4 1	25,000 5,000
Ministry Of Manpower (MOM)Workplace safety regulations	1	32,000

In response to fines for non-compliance with law and regulations relating to mosquito breeding, further steps has been taken to reduce the risk of mosquito breeding. These measures include:

- Increase the insecticides fogging to at least twice a week.
- Apply "oiling" daily to all stagnant water and water bearing containers. Reapplication is done immediately after rain, as the oil may have been washed away. Abates are also added in areas where there is discharge of water such as planter boxes, water tanks, pump room, etc.
- Perform daily housekeeping, monitor and remove water puddles in potential areas such as discarded containers, drains, gutters and etc.
- Random spot checks by project team and contractors at high risk area and on the spot reporting for any lapses noted.

During the year, the MOM conducted an island-wide inspection and audit activities on efforts to improve workplace safety. During the inspection, MOM discovered some lapses with regards to workplace safety regulations at one of the Group's construction site and issued a stop-work order and fines for the breaches.

In response to the above incident, the project team worked closely with the contractor to rectify the lapses and implemented the remedial measures as required by the MOM, which includes attending safety training, installation of CCTV at high hazardous area, the engagement of a third-party MOM certified safety auditor to identify any safety lapses and remedial actions based on the findings identified by the safety auditor to prevent further breaches. After the subsequent rectification and continuation of work, the Group had also taken an additional step and performed a follow up audit by engaging another independent MOM certified auditor for the project to identify any recurring lapses. The findings of the audit reveal that the earlier lapses were occasional and no further lapses were identified.

The Group remains committed and aims to maintain zero tolerance for any non-compliance and encourages our employees, customers, suppliers, and stakeholders to report any incidents via our established whistle blowing channel.

Customer Health and Safety

GRI 416-1, GRI 416-2

Amcorp Global is committed to creating a comfortable living environment, productive workplaces and enjoyable recreational facilities that embody high standards of quality, functionality, and workmanship for our projects. Our customers' safety, security and overall well-being are paramount to the Group's success.

Our contractors and consultants comply with local regulations, and we endeavour to deliver products that meet or exceed customers' expectations. Our approach at each of the development stages - land acquisition, project planning, management, material sourcing and construction to marketing, enables full quality assurance at all stages. Materials purchased go through a procurement process to ensure they are of the required quality and specifications, meet the necessary safety requirements and are befitting of the design and theme. During the construction phase, our project managers, resident engineers and/or consultants are on site to ensure regular quality and safety checks are done, and where needed, take immediate corrective actions to address any issues.

The Group employs a Design for Safety ("**DFS**") consultant to address and identify risks inherent in the design of a development project and performs the necessary checks to ensure safe design and building practices are adopted throughout the project from initial design stage all through construction and up to completion and maintenance.

Prior to handover, a joint inspection is performed to ensure that our products meet all the contracted requirements. An inspection with the purchaser is carried out during handover to address any concerns that each purchaser may have so that the purchaser is assured of our products and services.

Our Performance and Targets

For FY2024, we did not receive any incident of non-compliance with regulations and/or voluntary codes concerning the health and safety arising from our products and services. We will continue to work closely with our contractors and consultants to maintain a high standard of quality for our products and ensure full compliance with necessary health and safety regulations and codes.

We aim to maintain zero incidents of non-compliance concerning the health and safety impacts of products and services.

ENVIRONMENT AND RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

ENERGY, WATER AND EMISSION

Protecting our environment is an integral part of Amcorp Global's business. We recognise the impact our business activities and products can have on the environment and strive to preserve the surrounding ecosystems. The Company integrates the best environmental practices to ensure that our business is conducted in compliance to environmental regulations, other governing environmental standards and its own environmental practices.

Energy

GRI 302-1, GRI 302-3

In our commitment to improve our environmental footprint, we implement practices to conserve energy consumption and reduce environmental impact on the ecosystems. Our corporate office is designed to incorporate energy efficiency practices and energy saving initiatives such as light-emitting diode ("**LED**") lights, split air-conditioner system and an interior design that enhances natural lighting.

In addition, we continuously monitor our environmental impacts and work towards making our development projects more energy efficient. The project management team responsible for building developments integrates energy saving practices throughout all stages of the project construction from the time of project development to delivery. We aim to have all our Singapore development projects Building and Construction Authority ("**BCA**") Green Mark¹ certified.

Our Performance and Targets

Our energy consumption is attributable to the electricity consumed in our offices²:

	FY2024	FY2023
Total Energy Consumption (kWh) Singapore Malaysia 	60,681 37,036 23,645	47,950 32,120 15,830
Energy Intensity		
Energy Consumption over total number of employees	2,889	2,179

The increase in energy consumption in Malaysia was due to extensive testing conducted on the air-conditioning systems in the Malaysia office tower. These systems were set to run at full capacity as part of the testing in preparation of the handover pursuant to the sale of the tower. In the Singapore office, the increase in energy consumption was mainly attributed to a higher frequency of meetings conducted during FY2024. This resulted in increased use of air conditioning, leading to an increase in electricity usage.

In FY2025, we aim to maintain our energy intensity, while continuing to look for opportunities and cost-effective solutions.

¹ https://www1.bca.gov.sg/buildsg/sustainability/green-mark-buildings

² The offices include our Singapore corporate office, Malaysia site office, and Malaysia office tower which is managed by the Group.

Water GRI 303-1, GRI 303-5

Our business and development do not operate in water stress locations. Water discharge and effluents for our developments are managed by our partners in accordance with local regulatory requirements. Nonetheless, we recognise that water is a scarce resource, as such, water conservation is highly encouraged at Amcorp Global. Posters are put up at our corporate office and project sites to remind everyone to adopt good water usage practices.

Our Performance and Targets

Our water consumption is primarily attributable to our consumption of our offices³:

	FY2024	FY2023
Water Consumption	64.8 m³	77.5 m³
Singapore	8.3 m ³	8.5 m ³
• Malaysia ⁴	56.5 m ³	69.0 m ³
Water Consumption over total number of employees	3.1 m ³	3.5 m³

The higher water usage in Malaysia for FY2024 was in respect of the cleaning and maintenance services performed in preparation of the handover pursuant to the sale of the office tower. In FY2025, we aim to maintain our water consumption over the total number of employees while continuing to monitor overall water usage.

Emission

GRI 305-1, GRI 305-2, GRI 305-4, GRI 305-5

To tackle the pressing global climate issues, we further built on our responsibility for sustainability and have since embarked on the journey to include sustainability efforts in our development projects. We believe this would enable us to be future-resilient and support the long-term sustainability of our business.

Our Performance and Targets

The Group identified GRI 305 Emission as the metrics used to assess climate-related risks and opportunities. The Group adopts the operational control approach for consolidation of data based on Greenhouse Gas ("**GHG**") reporting protocol. The Group's Scope 1 and 2 CO₂ equivalent emissions is detailed below:

	FY2024	FY2023
Total carbon emission, (tonnes of CO₂ equivalent) ⁵		
Scope 1 Emission(s) ⁶	3.4	5.2
Scope 2 Emission(s) ⁷	30.7	23.3
GHG Emission Intensity Scope 1 and 2, (tCO $_2$ e/ number of employees)	1.6	1.3

Remarks: Scope 1 and 2 emissions were based in both Singapore and Malaysia offices.

The total increase in Scope 2 emissions was 31.8%. This was primarily due to the increase in energy consumption in preparation of the handover pursuant to the sale of the office tower in Malaysia, as explained in our performance in GRI-302 Energy above.

In FY2025, we aim to maintain our GHG emission intensity while continuing to look for opportunities and cost-effective solutions, such as exploring the use of alternative power source, to improving our overall GHG emission.

³ The offices include our Singapore corporate office, Malaysia site office, and Malaysia office tower which is managed by the Group.

⁴ In FY2023, the water consumption of 69.0 m³ in Malaysia pertains to the water usage from December 2018 till November 2022.

⁵ GHG emissions are derived in accordance with the requirements of the "GHG Protocol Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard". The Global Warming Potential dataset is based on the 2014 IPCC Fifth Assessment Report. The equivalent CO₂ emission for electricity based on the operating margin factors from the Energy Market Authority of Singapore.

Scope 1 emission comprises mobile combustion which is primarily motor gasoline fuel usage for a passenger car in Malaysia.

⁷ Electricity is primarily location-based with data derived from the operating margin data from the Energy Market Authority of Singapore and the Malaysian Green Technology and Climate Change Corporation.



EMPLOYEE MANAGEMENT

Amcorp Global values its employees who are essential in contributing to the continued success of the Group. Keeping our employees morale high is a key factor in employee retention while keeping our employees engaged increases productivity and in turn reduces turnover. Amcorp Global is built upon a cohesive and performance driven work environment and is committed to fair employment practices.

Employment

GRI 401-1, GRI 401-2, GRI 401-3, GRI 2-7

At Amcorp Global, we recognise the importance of cultivating an inclusive diverse workplace that embraces individuals of different ethnicities, religions, ages, and genders. This inclusivity is essential for fostering innovation and advancing business in a competitive global environment.

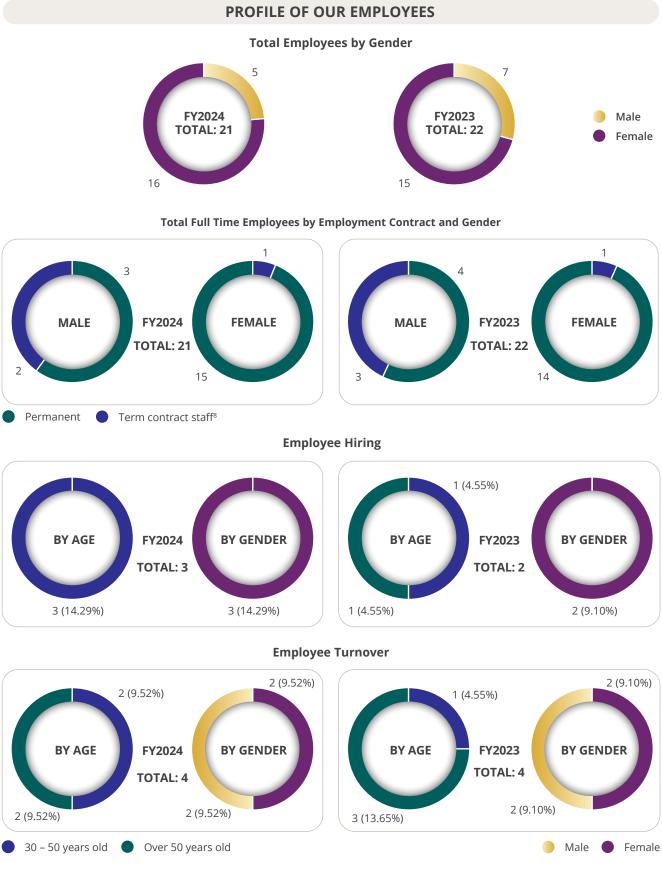
We hire based on merit and want to attract and retain people with the right experience and expertise. The Tripartite Alliance for Fair and Progressive Employment Practices ("**TAFEP**") and MOM guide us on our working relationship with our employees. Open communication is encouraged between management and employees to understand and address any concerns.

Our overall headcount as of 31 March 2024 was 21 (FY2023: 22) full time employees and staff turnover rate was 19% during FY2024 (FY2023: 18%), attributed to voluntary resignations/retirement. Continuous employee engagements and active communication with employees are encouraged to build better rapport and gain understanding of their needs and concerns to improve staff retention.

The Group has employment data broken down by region and gender shown in the table below:

Gender	Singapore	Malaysia	Vietnam
Male	2	3	0
Female	9	6	1

Our employees enjoy a comprehensive work benefits package which includes parental leave, vaccination drives, health screenings, medical insurance coverage, amongst others.



⁸ Term contract staff refers to those whose employments are for specified period.

Training and Education GRI 404-1, GRI 404-2, GRI 404-3

Career and learning development are essential tools to raise the productivity of our employees. Providing opportunities for growth and learning will boost their morale, improve performance and in turn reduce staff turnover while supporting the Group's strategic objectives. Continual employee development is key in preparing employees to be better equipped to contribute positively to the Group amidst the changing operating environment. On-going technical training is crucial for our workers at the project sites to ensure safe and compliant operations while keeping in check any operating technical changes and health and safety concerns.

During FY2024, our employees attended various trainings such as:

- REDAS Property Market Update Seminar
- Understanding the Impact of Amendments to FRS to Financial Statements
- Singapore Goods and Service Tax ("GST") rate change webinar
- A Primer for Management in the Face of Insolvency
- Macro and Markets Strategy Update 2H23
- Climate Reporting and Assurance
- Navigating Anti Money Laundering ("AML") Customer Due Diligence for Property Developers
- Transfer Pricing and Financial Statements Disclosure
- Managing the Termination of Construction Contracts

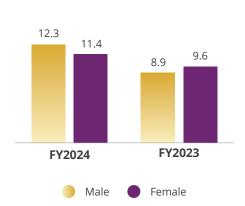
We evaluate employees' capability and competency to identify areas of improvement via open discussion helping to craft out suitable training programme and/or career route for them while keeping in line with our corporate objectives.

Our Performance and Targets

In FY2024, our employees achieved an average of 12 training hours per person. The increased average training hours recorded in FY2024 were primarily due to a higher number of training sessions attended throughout the year compared to the previous year. We will continue to explore training and development opportunities for our employees to equip them with relevant knowledge and skills for their positions.

Average Training Hours Per Year Per Employee (Based on Employee Category)







Occupational Health and Safety GRI 403-1, GRI 403-2, GRI 403-4, GRI 403-5, GRI 403-7, GRI 403-9, GRI 403-10

Amcorp Global believes that a safe working environment for its employees and contractors is of the highest priority. We adhere strictly to health and safety requirements and instill a strong work safety culture throughout the Group and encourage commitment to good safety practices for all our contractors. The contractor managed workplace health and safety ("WHS"), which was regulated by MOM.

The contractors we engage are ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety Management System certified and provide regular training in occupational health and safety to their workers at the construction sites. We ensure our contractors have the following:

- Appointed safety manager and officers in managing safety hazards at construction sites.
- Established policies and procedures in place to identify safety hazards and promote occupational safety measures at the construction sites.
- Robust risks assessment process that identifies risks associated with the construction life cycle.
- Daily toolbox meeting to create awareness of safety measures and hazards at site.
- Weekly and Monthly Environment, Health and Safety ("**EHS**") engagement with project and construction team members to provide EHS training/briefing on risks and safety practices.

A strong safety working culture ensures uninterrupted operational activities boosting productivity levels and employee morale. We will continue to maintain the highest standards of health and safety practices.

	FY2024	FY2023
Number of fatalities incident	0	0
Number of reportable injuries	5	2
Number of occupational diseases	0	0

Despite the measures placed by the Group as mentioned above, during FY2024, the Group recorded a total of 61 man-days lost due to injury caused by accidents at the construction site, an increase compared to FY2023 (53 man-days lost). This was due to the increased level of activities on the project site as various trades conducted by different teams were ongoing at the same time. None of the reportable injuries were major and there were no fatalities.

Our Performance and Targets

The Group strives to minimise or avoid preventable work-related accidents at our projects' construction sites and in the office and aim to have zero fatality at its workplace/construction site.

COMMUNITY AND SOCIAL

Corporate Social Responsibility

Amcorp Global strives to be a socially responsible company by having a positive impact on the communities in which we operate. In FY2024, the Company resumed the social and community outreach initiative. The employees have participated in the Singtel-Singapore Cancer Society Race Against Cancer 2023, which aims to raise funds for cancer treatment subsidies, welfare assistance, and cancer rehabilitation. In FY2025, we remain committed to take part in social and community outreach initiatives.



TASK FORCE ON CLIMATE-RELATED FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES

Aligned with global focus on climate change and its impact on businesses, the Group adopted the recommendations of the TCFD in the financial year. The relevant disclosures as recommended by TCFD are as follows:

Governance	Risk Management
 The SC comprises a Non-Executive Director, EXCO member, Chief Operating Officer, Holding Company Representative, and Project Director. The SC are responsible for the following: Advise and recommend to the Board the sustainability strategy and its related policies. Monitor the compliance and the implementation of the Company's sustainability programmes and review of the related risks to key sustainability matters. Oversee overall management of stakeholder engagement and sustainability matters. Oversee the preparation of sustainability disclosures and reporting as required by law and/ or rules, and to recommend to Board for approval. Undertake any such other functions as may be determined by the Board from time to time. 	 Climate-related risks and opportunities have been integrated into the overall Enterprise Risks Management process. Climate physical and transition risks have been assessed in accordance with the Group's risk parameters and action plans are identified to mitigate these risks, when required. The Group's risks, impact and action plans are reviewed at least annually.
Strategy	Metrics
 Climate-related risks and opportunities are evaluated by the Board in the Group's business and strategy process as part of its overall oversight on sustainability topics of the Group. Climate-related risks and opportunities are overseen by the SC, including the development of policies and processes to manage risks. 	 Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions have been identified across the businesses to further understand the Group's emission.

The relevant physical and transition risks and associated financial impact are described below. The risk ratings are aligned with the Group's risk parameters and definition of risk ratings.

	Climate-Related Risk Category & Description	Impact	Period ⁹
Physical (Acute)	Delivery delays from suppliers/to customers from disruption in logistics/supply chain.	Increase in operation cost	Medium – Long Term
Physical (Chronic)	Stress in workforce and increasing strain on operations resulting in lower productivity/errors that could lead to workplace safety incidents.	Increase in operation costs	Long Term
Physical (Chronic)	Extreme weather conditions impacting development schedule and delivery to customers.	Increase in operation costs / assets impairment	Medium – Long Term
Transition (Policy & Legal)	Tightening regulations on local GHG emission – carbon pricing, green standards and sustainability reporting disclosures, and increased insurance premium.	Increase in operation costs	Medium – Long Term
Transition (Market)	Shift in consumer preferences to environment friendly products.	Reduction in revenue	Short – Medium Term

In recognising the impact of climate-related risks, the Group have in place the following initiatives which are categorised into the TCFD categories in addressing climate-related risks:

We have relocated our corporate office to a central location in Singapore, improving the overall accessibility to our employees and reducing transport emission for travelling to the office.				
Our corporate office is designed to use lower emission sources of energy with various energy saving initiatives including an interior design that maximises natural lighting, use of LED lights and split air-conditioning to optimise our energy use and reduce emission.				
We have implemented initiatives to encourage employees, such as placing posters in the pantry area to educate them about water conservation and displaying slogans to remind them to turn off lights and air-conditioners when not in use.				
Our development recognises the shift in consumer preference for products that are eco-friendly and energy efficient. As such, our developments have the following practices:				
Attain BCA Green Mark certification for all Singapore development projects.				
 Engage DFS consultant to address and identify risk inherent in the design of a construction project and perform the necessary checks to ensure safe design and building practices are adopted throughout the project, from initial design through completion of project. 				
 Prioritising the use of low emission or energy efficient process and products in our development, whenever possible, such as the use of prefabricated materials at factory to reduce consumption of electricity on site and the use of environmentally friendly refrigerants air-conditioning which has lower global warming potentials. 				

⁹ Short Term (<1 year), Medium Term (1-3 years), Long Term (>3 years).

GRI CONTENT INDEX

Statement of useAmcorp Global Limited has reported the information cited in this GRI content index for the period1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024 with reference to the GRI Standards.

GRI 1 used

GRI 1: Foundation 2021

GRI STANDARD		DISCLOSURE	PAGE NUMBER	
	2-1	Organisational details	Page 1	
	2-2	Entities included in the organisation's sustainability reporting	Page 13	
	2-3	Reporting period, frequency and contact point	Page 13	
	2-4	Restatements of information	Page 13 No restatements of information were made in the FY2024 Report.	
	2-5	External assurance	Page 13	
	2-6	Activities, value chain and other business relationships	Page 14	
	2-7	Employees	Page 20 - 21	
	2-8	Workers who are not employees	None	
	2-9	Governance structure and composition	Page 31, 33 - 34	
	2-10	Nomination and selection of the highest governance body	Page 36 - 37	
	2-11	Chair of the highest governance body	Page 35	
	2-12	Role of the highest governance body in overseeing the management of impacts	Page 13 and 29	
GRI 2: General	2-13	Delegation of responsibility for managing impacts	Page 31	
Disclosures 2021	2-14	Role of the highest governance body in sustainability reporting	Page 13, 15 and 30 - 31	
	2-15	Conflicts of interest	Page 30 and 35	
	2-16	Communication of critical concerns	Page 15 and 59	
	2-17	Collective knowledge of the highest governance body	Page 29 - 30	
	2-18	Evaluation of the performance of the highest governance body	Page 45	
	2-19	Remuneration policies	Page 45 - 46	
	2-20	Process to determine remuneration	Page 46 - 48	
	2-22	Statement on sustainable development strategy	Page 13	
	2-23	Policy commitments	Page 16	
	2-24	Embedding policy commitments	Page 16 - 24	
	2-25	Processes to remediate negative impacts	Page 16 and 59	
	2-26	Mechanisms for seeking advice and raising concerns	Page 16 and 54	
	2-27	Compliance with laws and regulations	Page 16 - 17	
	2-28	Membership associations	None	
	2-29	Approach to stakeholder engagement	Page 14	
	2-30	Collective bargaining agreements	None	

GRI CONTENT INDEX

GRI STANDARD		DISCLOSURE	PAGE NUMBER
	3-1	Process to determine material topics	Page 15
GRI 3: Material Topics 2021	3-2	List of material topics	Page 15
100103 2021	3-3	Management of material topics	Page 15
GRI 201: Economic Performance 2016	201-1	Direct economic value generated and distributed	Page 69 - 71 and 117 - 120
	201-2	Financial implications and other risks and opportunities due to climate change	Page 24 - 25
GRI 205: Anti- corruption 2016	205-3	Confirmed incidents of corruption and actions taken	Page 16
GRI 302: Energy	302-1	Energy consumption within the organisation	Page 18
2016	302-3	Energy intensity	Page 18
GRI 303: Water	303-1	Interactions with water as a shared resource	Page 19
and Effluents 2018	303-5	Water consumption	Page 19
	305-1	Direct (Scope 1) GHG emissions	Page 19
GRI 305:	305-2	Energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG emissions	Page 19
Emissions 2016	305-4	GHG emissions intensity	Page 19
	305-5	Reduction of GHG emissions	Page 19
	401-1	New employee hires and employee turnover	Page 20 - 21
GRI 401: Employment 2016	401-2	Benefits provided to full-time employees that are not provided to temporary or part-time employees	Page 20
	401-3	Parental leave	Page 20
	403-1	Occupational health and safety management system	Page 23
	403-2	Hazard identification, risk assessment, and incident investigation	Page 23
GRI 403: Occupational	403-4	Worker participation, consultation, and communication on occupational health and safety	Page 23
Health and Safety	403-5	Worker training on occupational health and safety	Page 23
2018	403-7	Prevention and mitigation of occupational health and safety impacts directly linked by business relationships	Page 23
	403-9	Work-related injuries	Page 23
	403-10	Work-related ill health	Page 23
	404-1	Average hours of training per year per employee	Page 22
GRI 404: Training and Education	404-2	Programs for upgrading employee skills and transition assistance programs	Page 22
2016	404-3	Percentage of employees receiving regular performance and career development reviews	Page 22
GRI 416: Customor Hoolth	416-1	Assessment of the health and safety impacts of product and service categories	Page 17
Customer Health and Safety 2016	416-2	Incidents of non-compliance concerning the health and safety impacts of products and services	Page 17

CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Soo Kim Wai Non-Independent Non-Executive Chairman

Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah Lead Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican *Independent Non-Executive Director*

Mr. Tay Beng Chai Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Khoo Swee Peng Independent Non-Executive Director

Mr. Shahman Azman Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

Ms. Shalina Azman Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican, Chairman Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah Mr. Tay Beng Chai Mr. Soo Kim Wai

NOMINATING AND RENUMERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Tay Beng Chai, Chairman Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican Mr. Shahman Azman

COMPANY SECRETARIES

Ms. Ting Siew Yong Ms. Lai Foon Kuen, ACIS

REGISTERED OFFICE

Co. Reg. No.: 201230851R 11 Sam Leong Road #03-06, TRIO Singapore 207903 Tel: (65) 6351 6628 Fax: (65) 6351 6629 Email: enquiries.amcorpglobal@amcorpgroup.co Website: www.amcorpglobal.com

SHARE REGISTRAR

B.A.C.S. Private Limited 77 Robinson Road #06-03 Robinson 77 Singapore 068896 Telephone: (65) 6593 4848

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Baker Tilly TFW LLP 600 North Bridge Road, #05-01 Parkview Square, Singapore 188778 Audit Engagement Partner Mr. Hu Weisheng (Appointed with effect from financial year ended 31 March 2024)

INVESTOR RELATIONS

Tel: (65) 6351 6628 Email: ir.amcorpglobal@amcorpgroup.co

The Board of Directors (the "**Board**") and management of Amcorp Global Limited (the "**Company**" or "**Amcorp Global**" and together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**") believes that ensuring business and performance sustainability, safeguarding shareholders' interests and maximising long-term shareholders' value entails a firm commitment to high standards of corporate governance.

The Company emphasises corporate governance, business integrity and professionalism in all aspects of its business operations, reinforced by the adoption of a set of internal corporate governance guidelines based on the Code of Corporate Governance 2018 (the "**Code**") in respect of the financial year from 1 April 2023 to 31 March 2024 ("**FY2024**"). Where there are deviations from the Code, the Board has considered alternative practices adopted by the Company are sufficient to meet the underlying objectives of the Code. Appropriate explanations have been provided in the relevant sections where there are deviations.

BOARD MATTERS

Principle 1: The Board's Conduct of Affairs

The Company is headed by an effective Board which is collectively responsible and works with management for the long-term success of the Company and the Group.

The Company is headed by its Board comprising professionals from various disciplines and entrusted with the responsibility for the overall strategy and direction of the Group. The Board is collectively responsible for the long-term success of the Group and works with management to achieve this objective.

Each director brings to the Board knowledge, skills, experience, insights and sound judgement, alongside strategic networking relationships that would serve to further the interests of the Group. In order to perform the Board's role effectively, all directors are obliged to act in good faith and exercise independent judgement as fiduciaries in the best interests of the Group and its shareholders.

The Role of the Board

The Board's primary objectives are to ensure business and performance sustainability, maximise long-term shareholders' value, safeguard shareholders' interests and protect the Group's assets. In its leadership role to guide the Group, the Board's responsibilities, apart from statutory responsibility, include:

- (1) Providing entrepreneurial leadership and setting strategic directions, which should include appropriate focus on value creation, innovation and sustainability;
- (2) Approving the Group's policies, strategies and financial plans;
- (3) Ensuring adequate resources encompassing financial and human resources are in place for the Group to meet its strategic objectives;
- (4) Overseeing the Group's framework of risk management and internal controls, as well as corporate governance practices, are established and maintained by the Group to effectively monitor and manage risks, and to achieve an appropriate balance between risks and the Group's performance;
- (5) Reviewing the Group's financial and management performance, including challenging the management constructively;
- (6) Identifying the key stakeholder groups and recognising that their perceptions affect the Group's reputation;
- (7) Instilling an ethical corporate culture and ensuring that the Company's values, standards, policies and practices are consistent with such culture; and
- (8) Ensuring transparency and accountability to key stakeholder groups.

(9) Considering sustainability issues relating to the environmental, social and governance aspects of the Group's business and strategy.

Disclosure of Interest [Provision 1.1]

The Board puts in place a code of conduct and ethics, sets appropriate tone-from-the-top, instils the desired organisational culture and ensures proper accountability within the Company.

All directors recognise that they have to discharge their duties and responsibilities in the best interests of the Group. Directors who are in any way, directly or indirectly, interested in a transaction or proposed transaction, including those identified within the Code and the provision of the Companies Act 1967 (the "**Companies Act**") are required to declare the nature of their interests and recuse himself/herself from discussions and abstain from voting in relation to any such resolutions relating to the issues of conflict.

All directors would be informed of the requirements stated in the Companies Act, Securities and Futures Act 2001 and the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") listing manual ("SGX-ST Listing Manual"), including but not limited to timely disclosure of his/her interests in securities, disclosures of interest in transactions involving the Group, prohibition on dealings in the Company's securities during the blackout period and restrictions on the disclosure of price-sensitive information.

Directors' Training and Orientation [Provision 1.2]

When appointing a new director, a formal letter of appointment will be issued setting out the director's duties and obligations. To facilitate an understanding on the Group's business activities, strategic directions and corporate governance policies and practices, appropriate orientation programme and briefings by the management will be given to any new director. The Company notes the requirements in the Code and SGX-ST Listing Manual on the training requirements for directors with no prior experience as directors of an issuer listed on the SGX-ST to undergo the mandatory SGX-ST training.

Directors are encouraged to keep abreast of developments in regulatory, legal and accounting frameworks that are of relevance to the Group through training courses, seminars and workshops. The Company will facilitate the arrangement and pay for the cost of training for directors. Directors are also briefed by management or, if necessary, by the relevant professionals on changes to regulations, policies and accounting standards. At each Board and/or Board Committee meeting, the directors will receive updates from the management on the business and strategic developments of the Group.

Matters for Board Approval [Provision 1.3]

Matters requiring Board approval are communicated to management either in writing or documented in minutes of meetings, and include the following:

- (1) The review, deliberation and approval of the Group's corporate strategies, annual budgets, major investments, divestments and funding proposals;
- (2) The review of the Group's financial performance, risk management and internal control processes and systems, human resource requirements and corporate governance practices;
- (3) Relevant and material announcements to be released to the SGX-ST; and
- (4) Declaration of interim dividend and proposal of final dividend.

The Board works closely with the management, which is responsible for the day-to-day operation and administration of the Group, and ensures adherence with the policies and strategies set by the Board.

Delegation of Authority to Board Committees [Provision 1.4]

In order to provide an independent oversight and to discharge the Board's responsibilities more efficiently, the Board has delegated certain functions to its committees (the **"Board Committees**"), namely:

- Audit Committee ("**AC**");
- Nominating and Remuneration Committee ("**NRC**");
- Group Executive Committee ("**EXCO**");
- Sustainability Committee ("**SC**"); and
- Employee Share Scheme Committee ("**ESSC**").

These Board Committees have been constituted with clear terms of references setting out their compositions, authorities and duties. To ensure good corporate governance, all Board Committees are regularly engaged in active communications with the Board. Internal guidelines on financial authority and approval guidelines for investments, divestments and other capital investments, amongst others, have been established by the Group.

Below are the compositions of the Board of Directors and their individual membership in the Board Committees as at the date of this report:

Director	Board	Audit Committee	Nominating and Remuneration Committee	Group Executive Committee	Sustainability Committee	Employee Share Scheme Committee
Mr. Soo Kim Wai	Non-Independent Non-Executive Chairman	Member	_	_	-	Member
Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah	Lead Independent Non-Executive Director	Member	Member	-	-	-
Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican	Independent Non-Executive Director	Chairman	Member	_	-	-
Mr. Tay Beng Chai	Independent Non-Executive Director	Member	Chairman	-	_	-
Mr. Khoo Swee Peng	Independent Non-Executive Director	_	_	_	-	-
Mr. Shahman Azman	Non-Independent Non-Executive Director	-	Member	Chairman	Chairman	Chairman
Ms. Shalina Azman	Non-Independent Non-Executive Director	_	-	_	_	-

The EXCO, comprising four other key executives nominated by the Company's majority shareholder, meets with the management at least once a month.

The objectives of the EXCO, amongst others, are to assist the Board in:

- (a) Formulating strategic direction and initiatives, so that the Group achieves its objective of delivering long term shareholder value creation;
- (b) Providing direction and guidance to management and overseeing management's performance; and
- (c) Facilitating decision making by the Board relating to important strategic and major operational issues faced by the Group, by making recommendation and proposal to the Board.

Further information on the authorities and duties of the NRC and AC and a summary of the activities are disclosed under Principle 4, Principle 6 and Principle 10 of this report. For the SC, its duties and activities are disclosed in the Sustainability Report whereas Principle 7 of this report contains further information on the ESSC.

Board and Board Committee Meetings and Directors' Record of Attendance [Provision 1.5, 1.6 and 1.7]

To facilitate full attendance, all Board and Board Committee meetings and the Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**") are scheduled after consultation with the directors. The Board meets regularly and the Board meetings are held once every quarter, apart from ad-hoc meetings that are convened when matters requiring the Board's attention arise. In accordance with the Company's Constitution, meetings could be held via tele-conference, video-conference and/or through the use of any other audio or similar communication means.

Recognising that a complete, adequate, timely and constant flow of information to the Board is vital for the Board to effectively and efficiently fulfil its duties, sufficient lead time is provided to directors to prepare for meetings. All Board and Board Committee meeting papers are disseminated to directors at least three (3) working days in advance of any meeting. Any additional information requested by the directors is promptly furnished. This facilitates meeting discussions that are more productive, with a focus on queries that directors may have.

Background and explanatory information such as facts, resources required, risks analysis and mitigation strategies, financial impact, expected outcomes, conclusions and recommendations are provided in all management proposals that required approval from the Board. Depending on the matter on-hand, employees who can provide additional insights on the issue will be present at the relevant time during the Board and Board Committee meetings.

All directors are provided with the contact details of the Company's management and the Company Secretaries to facilitate direct access to these personnel. Any appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is subject to the approval of the Board. The directors, both as a group and individually, may seek and obtain independent professional advice at the expense of the Company in order to fulfil their duties and responsibilities.

The attendance of directors and executives at the Board and Board Committee meetings, as well as the frequency of the meetings, for FY2024 are as follows:

Director	Board	Audit Committee	Nominating and Remuneration Committee	Group Executive Committee	Sustainability Committee	Employee Share Scheme Committee
Mr. Soo Kim Wai	5 of 5	3 of 3	-	-	-	1 of 1
Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah	5 of 5	3 of 3	1 of 1	-	-	-
Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican	5 of 5	3 of 3	1 of 1	-	-	-
Mr. Tay Beng Chai	5 of 5	3 of 3	1 of 1	-	-	-
Mr. Khoo Swee Peng	5 of 5	-	-	-	-	-
Mr. Shahman Azman	5 of 5	_	1 of 1	15 of 16	2 of 2	1 of 1
Ms. Shalina Azman	5 of 5	-	-	-	-	-

Principle 2: Board Composition and Guidance

The Board has an appropriate level of independence and diversity of thought and background in its composition to enable it to make decisions in the best interests of the Company.

Board Composition [Provision 2.2 and 2.3]

There are seven directors on the Board, of whom four* are independent and all of them are non-executive directors.

The composition of the Board as at the date of this Annual Report is as follows:

Mr. Soo Kim Wai, Non-Independent Non-Executive Chairman Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah, Lead Independent* Non-Executive Director Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican, Independent Non-Executive Director Mr. Tay Beng Chai, Independent Non-Executive Director Mr. Khoo Swee Peng, Independent Non-Executive Director Mr. Shahman Azman, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director Ms. Shalina Azman, Non-Independent Non-Executive Director

* Refer to Board Independence [Provision 2.1] below

Board Independence [Provision 2.1]

As stipulated in the Code, an independent director is one who is independent in conduct, character and judgement, and has no relation with the company, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders or its officers that could interfere, or be reasonably perceived to interfere, with the exercise of the directors' independent business judgement in the best interest of the company.

A review of each director's independence is conducted annually by the NRC. In determining independence, the NRC takes into consideration whether a director has business relationships with the Company or any of its related companies, and if applicable, whether such relationships could interfere or be reasonably perceived to interfere, with the exercise of the director's independent judgement in acting in the best interests of the Group.

As at the date of this report, independent directors made up a majority of the Board and non-executive directors make up to 100% of the Board. In accordance with Rule 210(5)(d)(iv) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual effective from 11 January 2023, a director will not be independent if he/she has served on the Board for an aggregated period of more than 9 years (whether before or after listing). Such director may continue to be considered independent until the conclusion of the next AGM. Under the Transitional Practice Note 4 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, Rule 210(5)(d)(iv) takes effect for an issuer's AGM for the financial year ending on or after 31 December 2023.

As at the date of this report, Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah has served on the Board beyond nine years from the date of her first appointment. Er. Dr. Lee's continued appointment as the Lead Independent Non-Executive Director remains until the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM of the Company. In view of Rule 210(5)(d)(iv) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual and as part of the Board continual refresh, Er. Dr. Lee will retire from the Board of Directors at the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM on 24 July 2024. Following the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM, the Board will comprise of 3 independent directors and 3 non-independent non-executive directors. The NRC is currently searching for a new independent director who possess the necessary expertise and experience. The Company will make the relevant announcements on such appointment as well as any changes to the Board composition in due course.

Based on the confirmation of independence submitted by the independent directors of the Company and reviewed by the NRC, and taking into consideration Rule 210(5)(d)(i) and (ii) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual where the independent directors: (i) are not employed by the Company or any of its related corporations for the current or any of the past three financial years and (ii) do not have an immediate family member who is employed or has been employed by the Company or any of its related corporations for the past three financial years, and whose remuneration is or was determined by the NRC, the NRC was of the view that each independent director of the Company is independent.

None of the independent directors of the Company are directly associated with a substantial shareholder of the Company in the current or immediate past financial year. None of the independent directors of the Company or his/her immediate family member, in the current or immediate past financial year, (a) provided to or received from the Company or its subsidiaries any significant payments or material services (which may include auditing, banking, consulting and legal services) for payments aggregated in excess of S\$50,000 other than compensation for board service; and (b) is or was, a substantial shareholder or a partner in (with 5% or more stake), or an executive officer of, or a director of, any organisation which provided to or received from the Company or any of its subsidiaries any significant payments or material services (which may include auditing, banking, consulting and legal services) for payments aggregated in excess of S\$200,000.

Board Composition [Provision 2.4 and 2.5]

The Company has put in place a Board Diversity Policy. The Board is responsible for setting the board diversity, including qualitative and measurable quantitative objectives, focusing on (i) skills and experience; and (ii) gender diversity. The NRC will review periodically and/or as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of this policy and alignment with the requirements of the Code and taking into consideration the scope and nature of the operations as well as the evolving operating environment of the Group. The NRC will recommend any required revisions to the Board for approval.

The NRC reviews the size and composition of the Board, each Board Committee and the skills and core competencies of its Board members to ensure an appropriate balance and diversity of skills, knowledge and experience, taking into consideration the scope and nature of the operations of the Group, the requirements of the business and the need to avoid undue disruptions from changes to composition of the Board and Board Committees. Core competencies that are taken into consideration include banking, finance, accounting, legal, business and management experience, real estate related industry knowledge, familiarity with regulatory and compliance requirements and knowledge of risk management.

The Board comprises of members who are business leaders and professionals with extensive years of experience and diverse background. The Board composition consists entirely non-executive directors with independent directors forming the majority of the Board. Together, they provide a strong independent element, allowing objective judgement to be exercised with no individual or group of individuals dominating the Board's decision-making process. Brief descriptions of their experience and background can be found in the Board of Directors section of this Annual Report. In addition, the composition of Board comprises two female directors, and directors of varying ethnic and age groups possessing varied skills, core competencies and experience, all of whom together will enable the Board to make objective and holistic decisions on the corporate affairs of the Group through robust and balanced discussions that will support the long term success of the Group.

The Board's existing composition provides a good level of independence and diversity to enable it to make decisions in the best interest of the Group. The NRC will continue to assess on an annual basis the diversity of the Board taking into consideration the scope and nature of the operations as well as the evolving operating environment of the Group. The Company practices non-discrimination in any form throughout the organisation and this includes the selection of Board members. The Board also believes that while it is important to promote diversity, the normal selection criteria of a director, based on effective blend of competencies, skills, experience and knowledge in areas identified by the Board should remain a priority and all appointments to the Board should be made on merits so as not to compromise on effectiveness in carrying out the Board's functions and duties. The Board believes that the practices adopted above are consistent to the intent of Provision 2 of the Code.

Independent directors and non-executive directors actively participate in constructive discussions with the management to develop strategic plans and conduct management performance and operational reviews. Non-executive directors meet periodically without the presence of management in meetings with the internal and external auditors at least annually and on such occasions as may be required, and the chairman of such meetings provide feedback to the Board and/or Chairman as appropriate.

Collectively, the NRC is of the view that the current Board and Board Committees are at appropriate size and possess professional expertise in the relevant fields such as real estate, engineering, finance, legal and economics, which are necessary to facilitate effective decision-making to meet the needs and demands of the Group's businesses.

Principle 3: Chairman and Management

There is a clear division of responsibilities between the leadership of the Board and Management, and no one individual has unfettered powers of decision-making.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") [Provision 3.1]

Mr. Soo Kim Wai is the Non-Independent Non-Executive Chairman of the Company and he is not part of the management team. The Group currently does not have a CEO.

Roles and Responsibilities of Chairman and CEO [Provision 3.2]

The Chairman takes on the responsibilities of leading the Board to ensure its effectiveness on all aspects of its role, overseeing the execution of the Board's decisions and strategic direction and ensuring high standards of corporate governance. The Chairman approves the Board's meeting agenda and ensures that sufficient time is allocated for comprehensive discussion of each agenda item. To facilitate and promote effective and meaningful contributions by the directors, the Chairman advocates an open environment for debate and free speech. The Chairman also regulates the quality and quantity of information, as well as the timeliness of information flow between the Board and the management. On the whole, the Chairman provides oversight, guidance and advice to the management team. The management is responsible for the overall executive functions of the Group.

The Chairman and the Board set the strategic directions and make key decisions in the best interest of the Group. The management, with the guidance of the EXCO, executes the Board's decisions and is responsible for managing and developing the Group's businesses and overseeing the Group's day-to-day operations.

At AGM and other shareholders' meetings, the Chairman chairs the meetings while ensuring effective and constructive dialogue between shareholders, the Board and management.

Lead Independent Director [Provision 3.3]

Provision 3.3 provides that the Board has a lead independent director to provide leadership in situations where the Chairman is conflicted, and especially when the Chairman is not independent.

Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah is the Lead Independent Non-Executive Director whom shareholders may approach when they have concerns and for which contact through the normal channels of communication with the Chairman, who is non-independent, or management are inappropriate or inadequate. In her absence, shareholders may also approach any of our independent directors.

Principle 4: Board Membership and Principle 6: Procedures for Developing Remuneration Policies

The Board has a formal and transparent process for the appointment and re-appointment of directors, taking into account the need for progressive renewal of the Board.

The Board has a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on director and executive remuneration, and for fixing the remuneration packages of individual directors and key management personnel. No director is involved in deciding his or her own remuneration.

Nominating and Remuneration Committee [Provision 4.1, 4.2, 6.1, 6.2, 6.3 and 6.4]

The NRC comprises four directors, three of which, including its Chairman, are independent directors and all members are non-executive directors. As at the date of this Annual Report, the members of the NRC are as follows:

Independent Non-Executive Directors Mr. Tay Beng Chai (Chairman) Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah (Member) Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican (Member)

<u>Non-Independent Non-Executive Director</u> Mr. Shahman Azman (Member)

The NRC's key responsibilities include making recommendations to the Board on all Board appointments and re-appointments while ensuring a formal and transparent process, assessing the effectiveness of the Board and Board Committees, affirming the independence of directors annually and reviewing the Board size and composition, amongst others. The NRC is also responsible for ensuring that the process of developing the executive remuneration policy and determining individual director's and CEO/Deputy CEO remuneration packages are carried out in a formal and transparent manner.

Subject to the Board's endorsement, the NRC recommends to the Board a framework of remuneration and terms of employment covering all aspects of remuneration, including directors' fees, salaries, allowances, bonuses, grant of shares and share options, and benefits-in-kind. In addition, specific remuneration packages for each director, CEO/ Deputy CEO and employees related to directors or substantial shareholders of the Group (if any) are deliberated on before the Board endorses it.

If the need arises, the NRC will seek expert advice internally and externally on remuneration of the directors. Remuneration consultants have not been engaged by the Company during FY2024 to advise on the remuneration of the directors.

During FY2024, the NRC had carried out its duties within its terms of reference. The terms of reference of NRC are guided by, inter alia, the following:

- (1) Recommend the appointment and re-appointment of directors;
- (2) Review the Board's structure, size and composition on a regular basis and make recommendations to the Board on any adjustments that are deemed necessary;
- (3) Perform an annual review on the independence of each director, and ensure that independent directors constitute at least one-third of the Board, or a majority of the Board where the Chairman is not independent;
- (4) Establish and implement the performance evaluation process for the Board, Board Committees and individual directors, and propose objective performance criteria to assess their effectiveness, as well as review the annual assessment of the effectiveness of the Board and Board Committees;
- (5) Decide, when a director has other public-listed company board representations and/or principal commitments, whether the director is able to and has been adequately carrying out his or her duties as director of the Company. Guidelines will be adopted to address the competing time commitments that are faced when directors serve on multiple boards;
- (6) Review the succession plans for the Board, in particular the appointments and/or replacement of the Chairman and key management personnel;
- (7) Review the training and professional development plans of Board members; and

(8) Formulate or review the remuneration policy and remuneration of the Board members to be aligned with their responsibilities and contributions, including any compensation payable on termination of employment/ service contract, ensuring that employment terms contain fair and reasonable termination clauses which are not overly onerous and do not reward poor performance, and to review for changes to the policy, as necessary, and recommend the same to the Board for approval.

Review of Directors' Independence [Provision 4.4]

The NRC undertakes the role of reviewing the independence status of the Directors which was described under Principle 2 above. The independence of each director is reviewed prior to the appointment and thereafter, annually with reference to the principles and provisions set out in the Code and the SGX-ST Listing Manual.

In the most recently held NRC meeting in May 2024, the NRC reviewed the independence of all independent directors, taking account on the respective independent directors' self-declarations and their performance on the Board and Board Committees. The NRC is satisfied that Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican, Mr. Tay Beng Chai and Mr. Khoo Swee Peng are independent and free from any of relationships stated in the above relevant regulations. The aforesaid directors abstained from participating in the Board discussions and voting their respective status of independence. As explained under the Board Independence [*Provision 2.1*] above, Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah will be considered non-independent following the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM.

Selection and Appointment of Directors [Provision 4.3]

The NRC has in place a formal procedure for making recommendations to the Board on the selection and appointment of directors. The NRC, in consultation with the Board and management as appropriate, determines the qualification, skill set, competence and expertise required or expected of a new Board member, taking into account the size, structure, composition, and progressive renewal of the Board, as well as the nature and size of the Group's operations.

In identifying suitable candidates, recommendations from Board members, business associates, advisors, professional bodies and other industry players are reviewed by the NRC. The NRC may also use services of external advisers or sources such as third-party search firm and the Singapore Institute of Directors to facilitate a search for a suitable candidate.

The NRC will review the curriculum vitae and other particulars/information of the shortlisted and/or nominated candidates. The NRC, in evaluating the suitability of the candidates, will take into account his/her qualifications, business and related experience and ability to contribute effectively to the Board process. The NRC will also determine if the candidate is able to commit time to his/her appointment having regard to his/her other Board appointments, and if he/she is independent. The evaluation process will involve interview(s) or meeting(s) with the candidates. Appropriate background and confidential searches will also be made. Recommendations of the NRC are then put to the Board for consideration. The Board will review the recommendations and approve the appointment as appropriate.

In accordance with Rule 720(5) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, all directors, including the Chairman of the Board, are required to subject themselves for re-election at least once every three years. Pursuant to Regulation 89 of the Company's Constitution, one-third of the directors shall retire from office by rotation at each AGM. In addition, any newly appointed director is required to submit himself or herself for re-election at the AGM following his or her appointment pursuant to Regulation 88 of the Company's Constitution.

The NRC has recommended the re-appointment of Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican and Mr. Tay Beng Chai who will be retiring by rotation pursuant to Regulation 89 of the Company's Constitution, at the forthcoming AGM. These retiring directors, being eligible, have offered themselves for re-election as directors of the Company. The abovenamed directors abstained from voting on their respective re-appointments. Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah is retiring as a Director of the Company at the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM.

After assessing their contributions and performance, the Board has accepted the NRC's recommendations.

Additional information on directors recommended for re-appointment are as follows:

Name of Director	Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican	Mr. Tay Beng Chai
Date of Appointment	15 September 2021	15 September 2021
Date of last re-appointment (if applicable)	28 July 2022	28 July 2022
Age	74	63
Country of principal residence	Malaysia	Singapore
The Board's comments on this appointment (including rationale, selection criteria, and the search and nomination process)	The re-election of Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican as the Independent Non-Executive Director was recommended by the NRC and the Board has accepted the recommendation, after taking into consideration Mr. Kamil's qualifications, expertise, past experiences and overall contribution since he was appointed as a Director of the Company.	The re-election of Mr. Tay Beng Chai as the Independent Non-Executive Director was recommended by the NRC and the Board has accepted the recommendation, after taking into consideration Mr. Tay's qualifications, expertise, past experiences and overall contribution since he was appointed as a Director of the Company.
Whether appointment is executive, and if so, the area of responsibility	Non-Executive	Non-Executive
Job Title (e.g. Lead ID, AC Chairman, AC Member etc.)	Independent Non-Executive Director	Independent Non-Executive Director
	Chairman of Audit Committee	Chairman of Nominating and Remuneration Committee
	Member of Nominating and Remuneration Committee	Member of Audit Committee
Professional qualifications	Bachelor of Architecture	LLB (Hons) Second Upper, National University of Singapore
		Fellow of the Singapore Institute of Arbitrators
Working experience and	Jan 1992 to Present	<u>2009 to 2021</u>
occupation(s) during the past 10 years	Founding Partner, GDP Architects	Partner, Bird & Bird ATMD LLP
	Malaysia	<u>2013 to June 2021</u>
		Head of Asia Pacific Corporate Practice, Bird & Bird LLP
		<u>1989 to June 2021</u>
		Managing Partner, Tay & Partners, Malaysia
Shareholding interest in the listed issuer and its subsidiaries	Nil	Nil
Any relationship (including immediate family relationships) with any existing director, existing executive officer, the issuer and/ or substantial shareholder of the listed issuer or of any of its principal subsidiaries	None	None

Name of Director	Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican	Mr. Tay Beng Chai
Conflict of interest (including any competing business)	None	None
Undertaking (in the format set out in Appendix 7.7) under Rule 720(1) has been submitted to the listed issuer (Yes/No)	Yes	Yes
Other Principal Commitments* including Directorships#	See below	See below
* "Principal Commitments" has the same meaning as defined in the Code.		
# These fields are not applicable for announcements of appointments pursuant to Listing Rule 704(9)		
Past (for the last 5 years)	Director	Founding Partner
	Amcorp Properties Berhad Eastern & Oriental Berhad	Bird & Bird ATMD LLP (Singapore Lawyers)
	E&O-PDC Holdings Sdn Bhd	Partner and Head of Asia Pacific Corporate Practice
	E&O Property Development Berhad Equinox Properties Sdn Bhd	Bird & Bird LLP (International Lawyers)
	Radiant Kiara Sdn Bhd	Founding Partner and Managing Partner
	Repvest Sdn Bhd State Planner Ltd	Tay & Partners (Malaysian Lawyers)
	Tanjung Pinang Development Sdn	Audit Committee Member
	Bhd	IMC Pan Asia Alliance Pte Ltd
		Director
		Epson Precision (Johor) Sdn Bhd
		Malaysian Bulk Carriers Berhad
		Kluang Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad
		Sungei Bagan Rubber Company (Malaya) Berhad
		Kuchai Development Berhad
		Advisor
		Malaysian International Chamber of Commerce & Industries

Name of Director	Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican	Mr. Tay Beng Chai
Present	Director	Independent Director
	Adaptus Design System Sdn Bhd	Samudera Shipping Line Ltd
	BIG Sdn Bhd	Director
	Bella Sensasi Sdn Bhd	TTSH Community Fund
	Cerebral Quest (M) Sdn Bhd	
	GDP Architects Sdn Bhd	
	GDP Consultants Sdn Bhd	
	GDP Projects Sdn Bhd	
	GDP Ventures Sdn Bhd	
	Media City Development Sdn Bhd	
	REX KL Sdn Bhd	
	Simple View Sdn Bhd	
	Tinta Pelangi Sdn Bhd	
	The Little Food Shop	
(a) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any bankruptcy law of any jurisdiction was filed against him or against a partnership of which he was a partner at the time when he was a partner or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a partner?	No	No
(b) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any law of any jurisdiction was filed against an entity (not being a partnership) of which he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive, at the time when he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity, for the winding up or dissolution of that entity or, where that entity is the trustee of a business trust, that business trust, on the ground of insolvency?	No	No

Na	me of Director	Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican	Mr. Tay Beng Chai
(c)	Whether there is any unsatisfied judgment against him?	No	No
(d)	Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving fraud or dishonesty which is punishable with imprisonment, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such purpose?	No	No
(e)	Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such breach?	No	No
(f)	Whether at any time during the last 10 years, judgment has been entered against him in any civil proceedings in Singapore or elsewhere involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or a finding of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part, or he has been the subject of any civil proceedings (including any pending civil proceedings of which he is aware) involving an allegation of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part?	No	No
(g)	Whether he has ever been convicted in Singapore or elsewhere of any offence in connection with the formation or management of any entity or business trust?	No	No

Name of Director		Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican	Mr. Tay Beng Chai
(h) Whether he has disqualified from a director or an a person of any er the trustee of a b or from taking pa indirectly in the any entity or bus	n acting as equivalent htity (including pusiness trust), art directly or management of	No	No
 Whether he has the subject of an judgment or rulin tribunal or gover permanently or t enjoining him fro any type of busin activity? 	y order, ng of any court, mmental body, emporarily om engaging in	No	No
(j) Whether he has knowledge, beer with the manage conduct, in Singa elsewhere, of the	n concerned ement or apore or		
a breach of a regulatory re governing co	estigated for any law or	Νο	No
	which has gated for any law or	No	No
a breach of a regulatory re governing bu	estigated for any law or	No	No
for a breach regulatory re that relates t or futures in Singapore or connection v occurring or that period v	een investigated of any law or equirement to the securities dustry in r elsewhere, in with any matter arising during when he was so rith the entity	No	No

Name of Director	Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican	Mr. Tay Beng Chai
 (k) Whether he has been the subject of any current or past investigation or disciplinary proceedings, or has been reprimanded or issued any warning, by the Monetary Authority of Singapore or any other regulatory authority, exchange, professional body or government agency, whether in Singapore or elsewhere? 	No	No

Commitments of Directors [Provision 4.5]

Although there is no maximum limit formally set by the Board, directors with multiple board representations and/or other principal commitments (as defined in the Code) must ensure that they are able to devote sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company to adequately carry out their duties. The NRC has reviewed the individual performance of each director and was satisfied that all directors had dedicated adequate time to the Company's affairs and had properly discharged their duties in FY2024.

Based on the review by the NRC, the Board is of the view that the Board and its Board Committees operate effectively, with each director contributing to the overall effectiveness of the Board.

Key information on the directors, with regards to academic and professional qualifications, Board Committees served on (as a member or chairman), date of first appointment as a director, date of last re-appointment as a director, listed company directorships and principal commitments, can be found in the Board of Directors section of this Annual Report and the table below:

Name of Director	Appointment	Date of Initial Appointment	Date of Last Appointment	Listed Company Directorships and Principal Commitments
Mr. Soo Kim Wai	Non-Independent Non-Executive Chairman	5 March 2020	25 July 2023	 Listed Company Directorships AMMB Holdings Berhad RCE Capital Berhad Principal Commitments Amcorp Group Berhad (Group Managing Director)
Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah	Lead Independent Non-Executive Director	15 May 2013	28 July 2022	 Listed Company Directorships Koh Brothers Group Limited Heeton Holdings Limited Hong Lai Huat Group Limited

Name of Director	Appointment	Date of Initial Appointment	Date of Last Appointment	Listed Company Directorships and Principal Commitments		
				Principal Commitments		
				Building and Construction Authority (Board Member)		
				 Mandai Park Holdings Pte. Ltd. (Board Member) 		
				 Nanyang Technological University School of Civil & Environmental Engineering Advisory Committee (Chairperson) 		
Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican	Independent Non-Executive	15 September 2021	28 July 2022	Listed Company Directorships		
Wencan	Director	2021		-		
				Principal Commitments		
				• GDP Architects Malaysia (Founding Partner)		
Mr. Tay Beng Chai	Independent	15 September	28 July 2022	Listed Company Directorships		
	Non-Executive Director	2021		• Samudera Shipping Line Ltd		
				Principal Commitments		
				• TTSH Community Fund (Director)		
Mr. Khoo Swee Peng	Independent	15 September	25 July 2023	Listed Company Directorships		
	Non-Executive Director	2022		-		
				Principal Commitments		
				• A.T. Kearney (Senior Advisor)		
Mr. Shahman Azman	Non-Independent	5 March 2020	25 July 2023	Listed Company Directorships		
	Non-Executive Director			RCE Capital Berhad		
				Principal Commitments		
				Amcorp Properties Berhad (Chairman)		
Ms. Shalina Azman	Non-Independent			Listed Company Directorships		
	Non-Executive Director	2022	2022	ive 2022		• RCE Capital Berhad
				Principal Commitments		
				Amcorp Group Berhad (Deputy Chairman)		

Principle 5: Board Performance

The Board undertakes a formal annual assessment of its effectiveness as a whole, and that of each of its board committees and individual directors.

Criteria for Performance Evaluation [Provision 5.1]

Objective and stringent performance evaluation criteria and evaluation procedures for evaluating and assessing the effectiveness and performance of the Board and Board Committees have been agreed upon by the NRC and approved by the Board. The evaluation criteria follows closely the terms of reference of the respective board committees, the contributions of individual directors include comparisons with industry peers, and enhancing long-term shareholders' value. Review for a change in the criteria occur only when circumstances deem it necessary and are subject to the approval of the Board.

Process for Assessing Board Performance [Provision 5.2]

Formal processes for assessing the Board's effectiveness as a whole and contribution from each of the respective Board Committees, namely the AC, NRC, EXCO, ESSC and SC have been agreed upon by the Board. Collective assessment of the members of the Board and Board Committees occurs annually.

Performance evaluations for the Board, respective Board Committees and individual directors were carried out for FY2024 in the most recently held NRC meeting in May 2024, in which questionnaires were used to facilitate the performance evaluation exercise. In evaluating the effectiveness of the Board, the NRC has considered factors relating to individual directors such as the principal commitment of the directors including the number of public-listed company board representations that each of them has, the attendance to-date at Board and Board Committee meetings, as well as the professional experience and expertise of the directors. The performance evaluation questionnaire once completed will be returned to the Company Secretary who will collate the results and present the results and recommendations to the Board. No external facilitator was engaged by the Board for FY2024. The NRC has discussed the results and observations of this exercise and shared the findings with the Board.

Principle 7: Level and Mix of Remuneration

The level and structure of remuneration of the Board and key management personnel are appropriate and proportionate to the sustained performance and value creation of the company, taking into account the strategic objectives of the company.

Remuneration Structure of Executive Director and Key Management Personnel [Provision 7.1, 8.1 and 8.3]

The remuneration framework that is adopted by the Group is based on the performance of the Group, business units, and individual employees, taking into account prevailing market conditions. The NRC seeks to ensure that the level and mix of remuneration is competitive, relevant and appropriate. In designing the compensation structure, the NRC strikes a balance between short term versus long term compensation and between cash versus equity incentive compensation. The complete remuneration mix available comprises three main components – annual fixed cash, annual performance-related variable component and an equity component comprising the Amcorp Global Employee Share Option Scheme 2022 ("AMG ESOS") and Amcorp Global Employee Share Award Scheme 2022 ("AMG ESOS").

The ESSC comprising directors of the Company, Mr. Shahman Azman (Chairman of ESSC) and Mr. Soo Kim Wai and one representative from the Company's majority shareholder, Mr. Yap Choon Seng, oversee the administration of the AMG ESOS and AMG ESAS to ensure that these schemes meet their objectives.

On 24 January 2024, a total number of 525,710 shares at an issue price of S\$0.12 per share have been granted to selected employees of the Group under the AMG ESAS. The issue price is determined based on the market price of the Company's shares on the date of grant. No AMG ESOS has been granted to any employees during the financial year.

Remuneration of Non-Executive Directors [Provision 7.2, 7.3 and 8.3]

A fixed fee has been recommended by the Board for the effort, time spent and responsibilities for each of the independent directors and non-executive directors. With higher level of responsibility, the respective chairmen of the Board and its Board Committees are remunerated with higher directors' fees. The Board believes that the current remuneration of the independent directors is at a level that will not compromise the independence of the directors. No director was involved in the fixing of his or her own remuneration.

Similar to the previous year, the Company will seek shareholders' approval at the AGM to pay the directors' fees on a current year basis. On this basis, the Company will pay directors' fees on a quarterly basis in arrears. The NRC had also recommended to the Board an aggregate amount of up to S\$343,000 as directors' fees for the financial year ending 31 March 2025, and the Board will table this recommendation at the forthcoming AGM for shareholders' approval.

Directors based overseas are reimbursed for out-of-pocket travelling and accommodation expenses in Singapore.

In the most recently held NRC meeting in May 2024, the NRC met to discuss the remuneration matters and recorded its decision by way of minutes. Discretion and independent judgement were exercised in ensuring that the compensation structure aligns with shareholders' interests and promotes long-term success of the Group while discouraging behaviours contrary to the Group's risk profile. The Board is also of the view that the current remuneration structure of the Group is appropriate to attract, retain and motivate directors to provide good stewardship to the Group and management to successfully manage the Group's businesses for the long term.

Principle 8: Disclosure on Remuneration

The Company is transparent on its remuneration policies, level and mix of remuneration, the procedure for setting remuneration, and the relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation.

Directors and CEO's Remuneration [Provision 8.1]

The Company has been disclosing the exact amounts and breakdown of the remuneration paid to each director which is in line with Rule 1207(10D) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual. As mentioned in *Chairman and Chief Executive Officer* [*Provision 3.1*] above, the Group currently does not have a CEO. The remuneration paid to the Directors in FY2024 are as follows:

Name of Director of the Company	Directors' Fees S\$
Mr. Soo Kim Wai	63,500
Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah	53,500
Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican	59,500
Mr. Tay Beng Chai	56,500
Mr. Shahman Azman	42,000
Mr. Khoo Swee Peng	34,000
Ms. Shalina Azman	34,000
Total	343,000

The total directors' fees for FY2024, which was approved at the AGM held on 25 July 2023, amounted to S\$343,000. The actual payout was also the same amount.

Remuneration of Key Management Personnel [Provision 8.1]

The level and mix of remuneration of the key management personnel (who are not directors or CEO) for FY2024 are set out in the table below.

Remuneration Band	Salaries ¹ %	Bonuses ¹ %	Share Awards %
S\$100,000 to below S\$250,000			
4 Key Management Personnel	85	12	3
Total Remuneration		S\$889,538	·

¹ The salaries and bonuses shown are inclusive of Singapore Central Provident Fund Contributions.

The Group's remuneration policies and criteria for setting the remuneration of each key management personnel are explained in *Forms of Remuneration and Other Payments and Benefits Paid to Directors and Key Management Personnel* [*Provision 8.3*] below. During FY2024, the Group had only four (4) key management personnel, namely Mr. Ng Tah Wee, David, Mr. Toh Leng Poh, Lawrence, Mr. Wong Chee Meng, Raymond and Ms. Ting Siew Yong. On 5 March 2024, Mr. Ng Tah Wee, David had retired as the Financial Controller and Company Secretary and Ms. Ting Siew Yong was appointed as the Financial Controller and Company Secretary on the same day. On 30 April 2024, Mr. Toh Leng Poh, Lawrance, had stepped down as the Chief Operating Officer.

Remuneration of Employees Related to Directors or Substantial Shareholders [Provision 8.2]

No employee of the Company and its subsidiaries was a substantial shareholder of the Company, or immediate family members of a director or a substantial shareholder and whose remuneration exceeded S\$100,000/- during FY2024. Immediate family member refers to the spouse, child, adopted child, step-child, sibling and parent.

Forms of Remuneration and Other Payments and Benefits Paid to Directors and Key Management Personnel [Provision 8.3]

The remuneration structure for the key management personnel consists of the following components:

Fixed Component

Fixed pay comprises of base salary which is determined based on the individual's responsibilities, competencies and experience.

Variable Component

Variable component refers to the performance bonus which closely links rewards to the achievement of organisational and individual targets. The performance bonus is structured to support the Group's business strategy and shareholder value creation through the delivery of corporate targets, namely, financial outcomes, business initiatives, operational efficiency and leadership.

Employee Share Schemes

Employee share schemes are in place to provide an opportunity for employees of the Group (including Group Executive Directors) to participate in the equity of the Company so as to motivate them to greater dedication, loyalty and higher standards of performance, and to give recognition to those who have contributed significantly to the growth and performance of the Company and/or the Group. It is important for the Company to attract, retain and incentivise employees of the Group (including Group Executive Directors) whose contributions are essential to the long-term growth, well-being and prosperity of the Group.

While the AMG ESOS grants options, the AMG ESAS is designed to reward employees with fully-paid shares, or the equivalent in cash or a combination of both, at the sole discretion of the Company. The AMG ESOS and AMG ESAS act as complementary schemes with similar objectives, to complement each other in the Group's efforts to reward, retain and motivate employees of the Group (including Group Executive Directors) to achieve better performance. The aim of implementing more than one incentive plan is to increase the Group's flexibility and effectiveness in its continuing efforts to reward, retain and motivate employees of the Group (including Group Executive Directors) whose services are vital to the growth and performance of the Group, and achieve increased performance by providing the Group with a more comprehensive set of remuneration tools.

On 24 January 2024, a total number of 525,710 shares at an issue price of S\$0.12 per share have been granted to selected employees of the Group under the AMG ESAS. The issue price is determined based on the market price of the Company's shares on the date of grant. No AMG ESOS has been granted during the financial year.

Central Provident Fund

This component refers to statutory contributions to the Singapore Central Provident Fund, in line with local legislative requirements. It is not directly linked to performance.

<u>Benefits</u>

Benefits provided are comparable with market practice and these include medical, flexible benefits, transport allowance, handphone allowance and group insurances. Eligibility for these benefits is dependent on individual job grade and scheme of service.

The employment contracts of the key management personnel do not contain any special or exceptional clauses providing for additional compensation payments in the event of termination.

ACCOUNTABILTY AND AUDIT

Principle 9: Risk Management and Internal Controls

The Board is responsible for the governance of risk and ensures that Management maintains a sound system of risk management and internal controls, to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

Enterprise Risk Management [Provision 9.1]

The Group has in place an Enterprise Risk Management ("ERM") Framework, which was established since FY2014, to facilitate the Board's assessment on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal controls systems. The framework sets out the governing policies, processes and systems pertaining to each key risk area of the Group. The adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal controls systems in managing these key risk areas are assessed on a regular basis to take into account the ever-changing business and operating environments as well as evolving corporate governance requirements.

Identified risks affecting the attainment of business objectives and financial performance of the Group over the short to medium term are summarised in the Group Risks Register and rated in accordance with their likelihood and consequential impact to the Group. These identified risks are managed and mitigated through counter measures.

The ERM Framework expands on existing internal controls, resulting in a stronger and more extensive focus on the broad spectrum of enterprise risk management. The ERM Framework incorporates the internal control systems within it. This enables the Group to leverage on the ERM Framework to satisfy internal control needs and to move towards a more comprehensive risk management process.

The ERM system is an integral part of the Group's business and operations management process. At least once a year, the Board receives reports from the management on review pertaining to the Group's risk profile, evaluated results and counter measures to mitigate or transfer identified potential risks so as to assure that the process is operating effectively as desired. Such review exercises ensure the continued relevance of the ERM and internal control systems in place.

Taking into account the Group's business operations as well as ERM Framework and existing internal controls system, the Board is of the view that a separate Board risk committee is currently not necessary. Instead, the oversight of the ERM Framework and policies is incorporated as part of the functions of the AC.

The Group's material risks can be broadly classified as follows:

Business/Operational Risks

The Group faces various risks and one of its key risks include changes in market trends and economic conditions. Changes in regulations, particularly in Singapore intended to dampen the demand of residential properties is another key risk. All these will lead to softer demand for real estate purchases and add to inflationary concerns and consequentially higher interest rates which will affect our operating costs and valuation of the Group's property holdings and investments, and heighten the Group's risks to its cashflows and loan covenants.

The management has been actively managing these risks, which can be seen from the completion of our commercial development project in SibuJaya and the leasing of the strata commercial units under our associated companies, namely TRIO, Hexacube and Floravista, and our wholly-owned subsidiary, 183 Longhaus, during FY2024.

For the remaining property holdings and investments, we will continue to work on their sales and at the same time, improve their performance.

Operating strategies will be refined as and when market situation changes.

Compliance Risks

Compliance with local laws and government policies or regulations in various geographical locations and markets are monitored on a continual basis by the management, and reported to the EXCO and/or Board if material and warrants their attention. The Board is also responsible for ensuring compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, including requirements under the SGX-ST Listing Manual. In line with the SGX-ST Listing Manual, the Board provides a negative assurance statement to the shareholders in its half year results announcements confirming to the best of its knowledge that nothing had come to the attention of the Board which might render the financial statements false or misleading in any material aspect. In addition, the Company completes and submits compliance checklists to SGX-ST (if applicable and when required) to ensure that all announcements, annual report, appendixes, circulars or letters to shareholders comply with the requirements set out in the SGX-ST Listing Manual.

Management presents to the Board the Group's quarterly, half year and full year results, prospects and any other ad-hoc material matters (as and when requested) to enable the Board to discharge its duties and responsibilities. When there are major developments in the Group's businesses, Board members may arrange to visit the subsidiaries' offices and project sites to obtain updates and to gain a better understanding of the Group's latest business developments and operating situations. In this respect, the management provides the Board with a balanced and understandable assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects on a regular basis.

Management has also been focusing on the compliance risks for all its property development projects, including 35 Gilstead. The 35 Gilstead development project has commenced within the timeline, achieved 100% sell-out, and construction is physically completed as of end May 2024 but the project will not achieve TOP by the completion deadline. This gives rise to potential ABSD, and management has filed for an appeal to the authorities for an extension ahead of the stipulated timeline. Management has assessed and made a provision for ABSD using an expected value approach during the financial year. Based on the worst-case scenario, an additional S\$5,400,000 ABSD would be required, whereas under the best-case scenario, the ABSD would be waived.

Financial Risks

Financial risks such as liquidity risk, credit risk, foreign exchange risk, and interest rate risk are set out in the notes to the financial statements and are monitored by the management on a continual basis. The interest rate risk has been partially mitigated by the sale/completion of its local development projects and the repayments of the underlying loans. The Group is also mindful not to breach bank covenants. Generally, the Group is conservative in its financial dealings and does not engage in speculative instruments or investments that would expose the Group to unnecessary financial risks.

The Group continues to actively review the operational strategies and finances for each of its businesses with a focus on liquidity (working capital) and costs, and tap on available government support programmes. Presently, the Group has one development project, 35 Gilstead, which is exposed to payment of ABSD for not achieving TOP by the completion deadline. We have received strong support from our financier which has continued to make available or extend credit line for our project. In view of the current uncertain global economic conditions, the Group will be prudent and disciplined when evaluating any potential new investments or projects.

Assurance from Chief Operating Officer ("COO") and Financial Controller/Key Management Personnel [Provision 9.2]

The Board has received assurance from the COO and Financial Controller ("**FC**") that the financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's operations and finances. The Board also received assurance from the COO and key management personnel that the Group's risk management and internal controls systems are adequate and operating effectively.

Based on the ERM Framework and the internal controls established and maintained by the Company, work performed by the internal and external auditors, reviews performed by the management, various Board Committees and the Board, and the above assurance from the COO, FC and key management personnel, the Board, with the concurrence of the AC, is of the opinion that the Company's risk management and internal controls systems are adequate and effective in addressing the key financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks during FY2024.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Principle 10: Audit Committee

The Board has an Audit Committee which discharges its duties objectively.

Audit Committee Composition [Provision 10.2 and 10.3]

The Board has established an Audit Committee to assist the Board in discharging its corporate governance responsibilities. The Audit Committee currently comprises four non-executive directors, namely:

<u>Independent and Non-Executive Director</u> Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican (Chairman) Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah (Member) Mr. Tay Beng Chai (Member)

<u>Non-Independent and Non-Executive Director</u> Mr. Soo Kim Wai (Member)

All of the AC members are non-executive and the majority of whom (i.e. three out of four), including the AC Chairman are independent.

Mr. Soo Kim Wai is a member of a national accounting body, the Malaysian Institute of Accountants. Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah, Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican and Mr. Tay Beng Chai have the necessary financial experience and knowledge on issues concerning the committee from running their own companies, serving on the audit committee of other public-listed companies listed on the SGX-ST and / or other jurisdictions. Thus, all members including the Chairman of the AC have sufficient accounting and related financial management expertise. The Board is of the view that all the AC members are suitably qualified to discharge the AC's responsibilities.

The AC does not comprise former partners or directors of the Company's existing auditing firm or audit corporation (i.e. Baker Tilly TFW LLP): (a) within a period of two years commencing on the date of their ceasing to be a partner of the auditing firm or director of the auditing corporation, and in any case, (b) for as long as they have any financial interest in the auditing firm or auditing corporation.

Terms of Reference of Audit Committee [Provision 10.1, Provision 10.5]

During FY2024, the AC has carried out its duties within its terms of reference.

The duties of the AC are guided by, inter alia, the following:

- (1) Review significant financial reporting issues and judgements to ensure integrity of the financial statements of the Group and any announcements relating to the Group's financial performance;
- (2) Review with the internal and external auditors on their audit plans, their evaluation of the system of internal controls, their audit reports and their management letters and management's responses;
- (3) Review and report to the Board at least annually the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management systems and internal controls, including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls;
- (4) Review at least annually the adequacy, effectiveness, independence, scope and results of the Group's external audit and internal audit function, including ensuring it is staffed with persons with the relevant qualifications and experience;
- (5) Make recommendations to the Board on proposals to shareholders on the appointment, re-appointment, resignation and removal of the external auditors, and approving the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors, as well as reviewing their independence and objectivity;
- (6) Review interested person transactions falling within the scope of Chapter 9 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual including the acquisition of Amcorp Baker Street Pte. Ltd. from a related party of the major shareholder and the joint operation in commercial property development in Amcorp Borneo;
- (7) Review the assurance from the COO and the FC on the financial records and financial statements; and
- (8) Review the policy and arrangements by which staff of the Group and any other persons may in confidence and safely raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting or any other matters, and conduct an independent investigation of such matters for appropriate follow-up action pursuant to the Group's whistle-blowing programme.

During FY2024, the AC held periodic meetings to review the integrity of financial information including the relevance and consistency of the accounting principles adopted, after which the financial results and corresponding SGXNet announcements are recommended to the Board for approval. The AC also met with the external and internal auditors separately without the presence of the management, at least annually.

The AC also reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of Group's internal controls system - including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls and risk management policies - and regulatory compliance through discussions with management and the auditors.

The AC has full access to, and the cooperation of, management and full discretion to invite any director or officer to attend meetings. The AC has adequate resources, including access to external consultants and auditors, to enable it to discharge its responsibilities properly. In addition, the AC reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal audit function, which includes ensuring it is staffed with persons with the relevant qualifications and experience at least annually.

In the review of the financial statements for FY2024, the AC held discussions with management and external auditors on the accounting principles that were applied and their judgement of items that may affect the integrity of the financial statements. Recommendation for the release of the full-year financial statements was made to the Board following the AC's review and discussions.

The AC also reviews the scope of work of the internal and external auditors to ensure that they are adequate in addressing the key risks of the Group. All audit findings and recommendations from the internal and external auditors are provided to the AC for discussion at AC meetings. The cost effectiveness of the audit, as well as the independence and objectivity of the external auditors are being reviewed too. The nature, extent and costs of non-audit services provided by the external auditors are taken into account to strike a balance in maintaining the objectivity of the external auditors.

Interested person transactions ("**IPTs**") are reported by the management to the AC periodically in accordance with the Group's review guidelines on IPT.

The AC also recommends to the Board on matters relating to the external auditors, covering appointment, re-appointment, removal, remuneration and terms of engagement. The re-appointment of the external auditors is subject to shareholders' approval at the Company's AGM.

For FY2024, the external auditors have included in their auditors' report two key audit matters ("**KAM**") which they considered as significant to be mentioned in their report including the audit procedures that they have carried out to address these KAMs. The AC noted that these two KAMs were raised in the prior financial year and were considered important matters by the external auditors as significant management judgement and estimates are involved. The AC sets out below its responses to the KAMs in the table below.

Key Audit Matters Involving Significant Judgement and Estimate	Matters Considered	Comments by the AC
Recognition of revenue from sales of development properties	The Group is in the business of developing residential and commercial properties. As disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements, revenue from sales of development properties recognised over time amounted to S\$68,708,000 which represented approximately 84% of the Group's revenue for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.	 The AC is satisfied with the amount of revenue recognised from sale of development properties using the input method based on the following work performed: i. Reviewed the audit procedures carried out by the external auditors; ii. Raised questions and discussed with the external auditors on any significant matters noted in its audit; and

Key Audit Matters Involving Significant Judgement and Estimate	Matters Considered	Comments by the AC
Recognition of revenue from sales of development properties (cont'd)	As disclosed in Notes 2(m) and 3 to the financial statements, the Group recognises revenue either at a point in time or over time, depending on the sales contractual terms with customers. For sales of development properties where the Group is restricted contractually from directing the properties for another use and has enforceable right to payment for performance completed to-date, revenue is recognised over time based on the construction cost incurred to- date as a proportion of the estimated total construction costs to be incurred. Management considers that this input method is an appropriate measure of the progress towards complete satisfaction of these performance obligations.	iii. Discussed with management on areas of judgement and estimates in making reasonable determination of the stage of completion of the contract using the input method to recognise revenue from sale of development properties.
	Total construction costs to complete the development include estimation of variation works and other claims from contractors. The estimated contract revenue comprises the initial amount of revenue agreed in the contract and variation in considerations, including liquidated damages claims from customers arising from delays on the completion of development properties.	
	This is a key audit matter because the determination of the estimated total construction costs to completion and estimated contract revenue requires significant management's judgement and estimates, which may have an impact on the amounts of revenue and profits recognised during the year.	

Key Audit Matters Involving Significant Judgement and Estimate	Matters Considered	Comments by the AC
Net realisable values of completed properties	As at 31 March 2024, the Group has completed properties with a total net carrying value of \$\$45,890,000 net of write-down of \$\$9,465,000 as at 31 March 2024 (Note 9 to the financial statements). As disclosed in Notes 3 and 9 to the financial statements, the completed properties are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. This is a key audit matter because the determination of the net realisable values of these properties are dependent upon management's estimates of future demand and selling prices of these properties. Management performs cost analysis for each property, taking into account the prevailing property market conditions, estimated future demand and selling prices of completed properties. Any future variation in plans, assumptions and estimates can potentially impact the carrying amounts of the respective properties. At the reporting date, management compares the carrying amounts of the properties to the estimated net realisable values to determine whether a write-down is required for the properties. Changes to these estimates can have a significant impact to the financial statements.	 The AC is satisfied that the Properties are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value in accordance with the requirements of the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) based on the following work performed: Reviewed audit procedures performed by the external auditors; Made enquiries of and discussed with the external auditors on any significant issues arising from their work that should be communicated to the AC; and Discussed with management on the assessment and key assumptions made.

Whistle-Blowing Policy

The Company has a whistle-blowing policy that allows the public to report any wrongdoings in the workplace. The AC is responsible for the oversight and monitoring of whistleblowing. All information received will be kept confidential to protect the identity and interest of any whistle-blower and the Company will ensure he/she will not be victimized and will be protected against detrimental or unfair treatment.

The whistle-blower reports made in good faith will be investigated by independent receiving officer(s) and the findings will be reported to the AC.

This policy provides a confidential channel for reporting concerns about possible improprieties to the AC in good faith and confidence. Processes are clearly defined to ensure independent investigation of such matters and appropriate follow-up actions taken to prevent a similar situation from arising. Any reprisal against the whistle-blower protected is strictly prohibited.

New employees are briefed on the policy when they join the Company's orientation programme. The whistle-blowing policy is available at Amcorp Global's website at www.amcorpglobal.com.

For FY2024, there was no reported whistle blowing incident.

Independence and Objectivity of External Auditors

The AC considered the adequacy of resources and experience of the external auditors, the audit engagement partner assigned to the audit, other audit engagements, the size and complexity of the Group being audited, and the number and experience of supervisory and professional staff assigned to the particular audit. Based on these considerations, the AC is of the opinion that the appointment of auditing firm Baker Tilly TFW LLP is appropriate in meeting the Group's audit obligations. Baker Tilly TFW LLP has confirmed that it is registered with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority.

In addition, the AC reviewed the independence and objectivity of the external auditors through discussions with them as well as a review of the volume and nature of non-audit services provided by the external auditors during the financial year under review. The AC concluded that it is satisfied with the independence of the external auditors that has not been compromised by the provision of such non-audit services.

With regards to the Group's significant foreign incorporated subsidiaries, member firms of Baker Tilly International, of which Baker Tilly TFW LLP is also a member, have been engaged as the external auditors. Upon review of the appointments of these audit firms, the Board and AC are of the opinion that these appointments do not compromise the standard and effectiveness of the audit of the Company.

The AC has also reviewed the appointment of different auditors for its significant associated companies pursuant to Rule 716 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual. The Board and the AC have confirmed that they are satisfied that the engagement of Tan, Chan & Partners and Ernst & Young LLP, Singapore as the auditors of the significant associated companies, would not compromise the standard and effectiveness of the audit of the Group. Details of the significant associated companies audited by the relevant auditors are set out in Note 7 to the financial statements for FY2024.

Therefore, the Group is compliant with Rule 712, 715 and 716 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual. Accordingly, the AC has recommended the re-appointment of Baker Tilly TFW LLP as the Company's external auditors at the forthcoming AGM.

The details of the fees of the auditors of the Company during FY2024 are set out as follows:

Fees on Audit Services Paid to Independent Auditors:	
– Company's Independent Auditors	148
– Other Independent Auditors	20
Total	168

Fees on Non-Audit Services Paid to Independent Auditors:	
– Company's Independent Auditors	26
– Other Independent Auditors	19
Total	45

Internal Audit [Provision 10.4]

The internal audit function is currently outsourced to Protiviti Pte Ltd ("**Protiviti**"), a professional service firm that is part of a global consulting firm headquartered in Menlo Park, California providing consulting solutions in internal audit, risk and compliance, technology, business processes, data analytics and finance. The internal audit team of Protiviti is led by the Solution Leader for the Internal Audit and Financial Advisory services of Protiviti, who is a Certified Internal Auditor under the Institute of Internal Auditors (the "IIA") and has about 20 years of working experience in risk management, internal control and compliance.

On an annual basis, the internal auditors prepare and execute a risk-based internal audit plan to review the adequacy and effectiveness of the system of internal controls of the Group that address financial, operational, compliance and technology risks. There was also an internal review of the sustainability reporting processes. The internal auditors have access to all necessary company documents, records, and personnel, including access to the AC.

During FY2024, the AC reviewed reports submitted by the internal and external auditors relating to the effectiveness of Company's internal controls covering the adequacy and effectiveness of internal controls that address key financial, operational, compliance risks, information technology risks. The internal audit reports are also made available to external auditors for their review.

All audit findings and recommendations made by the internal auditors are reported to the AC. Significant issues, if any, are discussed during AC meetings. Internal auditors follow up on their findings and recommendations as appropriate, in subsequent visits to ensure management has implemented them in a timely and appropriate manner, and report the results to the AC accordingly.

The internal audit function is reviewed annually by the AC and is independent of the external audit. In line with Rule 1207(10C) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, the AC is of the opinion that the internal auditors, Protiviti is adequately resourced with professionals possessing relevant qualifications and experience, independent and have performed its functions effectively and adequately in accordance with the standards set by nationally and internationally recognised professional bodies including the Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing by the IIA.

SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS AND ENGAGEMENT

Principle 11: Shareholder Rights and Conduct of General Meetings

The company treats all shareholders fairly and equitably in order to enable them to exercise shareholders' rights and have the opportunity to communicate their views on matters affecting the company. The company gives shareholders a balanced and understandable assessment of its performance, position and prospects.

Shareholder Rights [Provision 11.1]

Amcorp Global's corporate governance practices promote fair and impartial treatment to all shareholders. To facilitate shareholders' ownership rights, the Company ensures that all material information is comprehensively and accurately disclosed in a timely manner via SGXNet. Recognising the importance of good corporate governance, the timely disclosure of relevant and adequate information enables shareholders to make informed decisions related to their investments in the Company.

In line with Rule 705 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, the Company has adopted the release of its financial results on a half yearly basis. The Company will comply with its continuing disclosure obligations to keep shareholders updated as and when appropriate, should there be any material developments relating to the Group.

All shareholders are entitled to attend the general meetings and are provided the opportunity to participate effectively and vote at the general meetings. The Company's Constitution allows a shareholder to appoint up to two proxies to attend and vote on behalf of the shareholder at the general meetings. Pursuant to the Companies Act, shareholders who are nominee companies, custodian banks or Central Provident Fund agent banks may appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at general meetings. Shareholders are also kept informed of the rules that govern general meetings of shareholders. In line with the guidance under Practice Note 7.5 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, the forthcoming AGM will be held in a wholly physical format to give shareholders the opportunity to engage directly with the Board and management.

Conduct of General Meetings [Provision 11.2, 11.4]

Shareholders are given prior notice of shareholders' meetings through published notices and reports or circulars sent to all shareholders. At the Extraordinary General Meeting ("**EGM**") of the Company held on 18 April 2024, the Company had procured the Shareholders' approval on the amendments to the Company's constitution, which include, among others, the provisions to facilitate the electronic transmission of notices and documents in accordance to the prevailing rules of the SGX-ST Listing Manual. Printed copies of the annual reports and circulars will also be made available upon request.

The procedures of general meetings provide opportunities for shareholders to enquire about each resolution tabled for approval. Opportunities will be given to shareholders to participate, engage, and openly communicate their views on matters relating to Amcorp Global to the directors. Shareholders will be given the opportunity to ask written questions within a reasonable time prior to general meetings. After the publication of the notice of general meeting, shareholders shall be allowed at least seven (7) calendar days to submit their written questions, via email: ir.amcorpglobal@amcorpgroup.co.

The Company shall respond to written questions either prior to the general meeting through publication on SGXNet and the Company's corporate website or at the general meeting. The Company shall endeavour to address all substantial and relevant questions promptly, and at least 48 hours prior to the closing date and time for the lodgment of proxy forms, to facilitate shareholders' votes.

As the authentication of shareholder identity information and other related security issues are still concerns that remain, the Company has decided for the time being to not implement voting in the absentia by mail, email or fax. The Company is of the view that this practice is consistent with Principle 11 of the Code as shareholders have opportunities to communicate their views on matters affecting Amcorp Global even when they are not in attendance at general meetings. Shareholders may appoint proxies to attend, speak and vote on their behalf, at general meetings. Shareholders should specifically indicate how they wish to vote for or against (or abstain from voting on) the resolutions. The detailed results showing the number of votes cast for and against each resolution and the respective percentages would be disclosed in the general meetings and announced via SGXNet after the conclusion of the general meetings.

Amcorp Global tables separate resolutions at general meetings on each substantially separate issue unless the issues are interdependent and linked so as to form one significant proposal. If the resolutions are "bundled", the Company will explain the reasons and material implications in the notice of meeting.

The Company will appoint an independent external party as scrutineer for the poll voting process for the purpose of directing and supervising the count of the votes cast through proxy and in person. Prior to the commencement of the general meetings, the scrutineer will review the proxies and proxy process and also ensure that satisfactory procedures of the voting process are in place. Shareholders are informed of the voting process at each general meeting.

Attendance of the Directors at the General Meetings [Provision 11.3]

The Board Chairman presides over the AGM and/or EGM and will be accompanied by fellow Board members, the Chairmen of the AC and NRC as well as the Company Secretaries. The Company's external auditors, Baker Tilly TFW LLP, will also be present to address any shareholders' queries about the conduct of audit and the preparation and the content of the auditors' report. All directors attended the AGM held in FY2024 and the EGM held on 18 April 2024.

Attendance records of general meetings held since the last financial year are as follows:

Director	Annual General Meeting held on 25 July 2023	Extraordinary General Meeting held on 18 April 2024
Mr. Soo Kim Wai	Attended	Attended
Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah	Attended	Attended
Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican	Attended	Attended
Mr. Tay Beng Chai	Attended	Attended
Mr. Khoo Swee Peng	Attended	Attended
Mr. Shahman Azman	Attended	Attended
Ms. Shalina Azman	Attended	Attended

Minutes of the General Meetings [Provision 11.5]

The joint Company Secretaries have prepared the minutes of the AGM and the EGM held on 25 July 2023 and 18 April 2024 respectively, both of which have been published on the SGXNet and the Company's corporate website at www.amcorpglobal.com. The Company will publish minutes of general meetings of shareholders through an announcement released via SGXNet and its corporate website not later than 1 month from the date of the general meetings. The minutes record substantial and relevant comments or queries from shareholders relating to the agenda of the general meetings and responses from the Board and Management.

Dividend Policy [Provision 11.6]

The Company does not have a fixed policy on the payment of dividends to shareholders primarily due to the performance in recent years and this has deviated from Provision 11.6 of the Code. The Board will consider such policy when the Group's performance has improved and has available retained earnings for dividends to be declared or recommended. The Board and management review the decision pertaining to dividend payment during the review meetings of its half yearly and full year results. In compliance with Rule 704(24) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, the Board would disclose the reasons if the company decides not to declare or recommend a dividend.

Principle 12: Engagement with Shareholders

The company communicates regularly with its shareholders and facilitates the participation of shareholders during general meetings and other dialogues to allow shareholders to communicate their view on various matters affecting the company.

Communication with Shareholders (Provision 12.1)

Amcorp Global is committed to timely, fair and transparent disclosure of material and comprehensive information to its shareholders, which is usually done through SGXNet. The channels which the Company communicates its major developments in its businesses and operations include press releases, annual reports, shareholder circulars, shareholders' meetings, announcements via SGXNet and through its corporate website at www.amcorpglobal. com. For the shareholders, they can reach out to the Company via email and telephone, details of which are in the Company's corporate website.

To encourage greater shareholders' participation at AGMs or other general meetings, and enable the Board and management to engage shareholders, the Company holds its AGMs and other general meetings at venues that are accessible via public transport.

Investors Relations Policy [Provision 12.2 and 12.3]

The Company maintains a corporate website at www.amcorpglobal.com which serves as the key communication channel for the Group to connect with its shareholders and general public. The Company's website provides information on the Group's businesses, corporate information and latest developments announced released via SGXNet, and serves as a platform for the shareholders and general public to contact the Company.

The Board encourages and values dialogues with its investors and other stakeholders as it believes that an effective investor and stakeholder relationships enhance value for its shareholders. Briefings for the media and analysts are held where appropriate to keep them updated, which in turn enables wider dissemination of the Group's updates to the masses and investment community.

Any communication to us can be directed to the following:

Tel : (65) 6351 6628 Email : ir.amcorpglobal@amcorpgroup.co

MANAGING STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIPS

Principle 13: Engagement with Stakeholders

The Board adopts an inclusive approach by considering and balancing the needs and interests of material stakeholders, as part of its overall responsibility to ensure that best interests of the company are served.

Identification and Engagement with Stakeholders [Provision 13.1, 13.2, 13.3]

Amcorp Global aims to maintain a transparent and fair communication with its key stakeholders to understand their views, areas of concern, and objectives as we work towards a more sustainable performance for the Group. We continually engage with our key stakeholder groups as we strive for continual value creation for all stakeholders.

The sustainability report published together with this Annual Report provides more details on our approach and key areas of focus in relation to the management of stakeholder relationships.

The Company maintains a corporate website at www.amcorpglobal.com which facilitates communications and engagements with our stakeholders.

DEALING IN SECURITIES

In line with Rule 1207(19) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, the Company has adopted its own internal securities trading policy (compliance code), with regards to dealing in the Company's securities. Directors, management and officers of the Group who have access to price-sensitive, financial or confidential information are prohibited from dealing in the Company's securities during the period commencing one (1) month before the announcement of the Company's half year and full year results, and ending on the day of the announcement, or when they are in possession of unpublished price-sensitive information on the Group.

They are also advised to observe insider-trading laws at all times even when dealing in securities within the permitted trading period. In addition, they are discouraged from dealing in the Company's securities on short-term considerations.

When the Company is involved in any major corporate exercise such as investment or divestment that could be price-sensitive in relation to the Company's securities, directors, management and officers of the Group involved are advised not to deal in the Company's securities.

The directors and key management personnel are required to notify their dealings of the Company's securities to the Company Secretary within two business days.

The guidelines on share buyback under the Share Buyback Mandate, to be renewed at the Company's forthcoming AGM also provides that the Company will not effect any purchases of shares on the SGX-ST during the period of one month immediately preceding the announcement of the Company's half year and full year results.

The Company has adhered to its policy for securities transactions for FY2024.

INTERESTED PERSON TRANSACTIONS ("IPTs")

The Company has adopted an internal policy in respect to any transactions with interested persons and has set out procedures for review and approval of the Group's IPTs. All IPTs are recorded in an IPTs Register and subject to regular review by the AC in FY2024. Pursuant to Rule 920 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, the Company does not have any IPTs mandate from shareholders.

Details of IPTs for FY2024 are as follow:

Name of Interested Person	Nature of relationship	Aggregate value of all interested person transactions during the financial year under review (excluding transactions less than S\$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920)	Aggregate value of all interested person transactions conducted during the financial year under review under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 (excluding transactions less than S\$100,000)
Amcorp Properties Berhad	Related company, being a fellow subsidiary of the Company's ultimate holding company	Management fee – (S\$120,000)	_

MATERIAL CONTRACTS

Other than as disclosed under Interested Person Transactions, pursuant to Rule 1207(8) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, there were no material contracts involving the interests of the CEO, director or controlling shareholder that have been entered into by the Company or its subsidiaries since the end of the previous financial year and no such contracts subsisted at the end of the financial year under review.

UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS

There have been no proceeds raised in FY2024 under review and no outstanding proceeds from previous fund raising.

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DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

The directors present their statement to the members together with the audited consolidated financial statements of Amcorp Global Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

In the opinion of the directors:

- (i) the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company as set out on pages 69 to 141 are properly drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and the Company as at 31 March 2024 and of the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and changes in equity of the Company for the financial year then ended in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)"); and
- (ii) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

Directors

The directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are:

Mr. Soo Kim Wai Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican Mr. Tay Beng Chai Mr. Khoo Swee Peng Mr. Shahman Azman Ms. Shalina Azman

Arrangements to enable directors to acquire benefits

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

Directors' interests in shares or debentures

The directors of the Company holding office at the end of the financial year had interests in the shares and debentures of the Company and related corporations as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 164 of the Act as shown below:

	Number of ordinary shares holdings registered in their own names			
Name of directors and companies in which interests are held	At 1.4.2023	At 31.3.2024	At 21.4.2024	
Related company RCE Capital Berhad Ordinary shares				
Mr. Shahman Azman	600,000	600,000	600,000	
Ms. Shalina Azman	900,000	900,000	900,000	

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

Share options

The Amcorp Global Employee Share Option Scheme 2022 ("AMG ESOS") and Amcorp Global Employee Share Award Scheme 2022 ("AMG ESAS") were approved by the shareholders of the Company at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 28 July 2022.

The AMG ESOS and AMG ESAS are administered by the Employee Share Scheme Committee ("ESSC") which comprises directors of the Company, Mr. Shahman Azman, Mr. Soo Kim Wai and one representative from the Company's majority shareholder.

The AMG ESOS and AMG ESAS shall continue in operation for a maximum period of 5 years commencing on the date on which the AMG ESOS and AMG ESAS are adopted, provided that the AMG ESOS and AMG ESAS may continue beyond the above stipulated period with the approval of the shareholders by ordinary resolution in general meeting and of any relevant authorities which may then be required. Further details of the AMG ESOS and AMG ESAS are disclosed in Note 14.

Since the commencement of the AMG ESOS, the Company has not granted any options under the AMG ESOS.

On 24 January 2024, the Company issued 525,710 new ordinary shares at an issue price of \$0.12 per share under the AMG ESAS.

Audit Committee

The members of the Audit Committee at the date of this statement are:

Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican, Chairman Er. Dr. Lee Bee Wah Mr. Tay Beng Chai Mr. Soo Kim Wai

The Audit Committee carried out its functions specified in Section 201B (5) of the Act. Their functions are detailed in the Corporate Governance Report in its Annual Report 2024.

The Audit Committee is satisfied with the independence and objectivity of the independent auditor and has nominated Baker Tilly TFW LLP for re-appointment as independent auditor of the Company at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Independent auditor

The independent auditor, Baker Tilly TFW LLP, has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Soo Kim Wai Non-Executive Chairman Kamil Ahmad Merican Independent Non-Executive Director

28 June 2024

To the Members of Amcorp Global Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Amcorp Global Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as set out on pages 69 to 141, which comprise the statements of financial position of the Group and the Company as at 31 March 2024, and the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group and the statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)") so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2024 and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and of the changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA") *Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities* ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Recognition of revenue from sales of development properties

Description of key audit matter

The Group is in the business of developing residential and commercial properties. As disclosed in Note 21 to the financial statements, revenue from sales of development properties recognised over time amounted to \$68,708,000 which represented approximately 84% of the Group's revenue for the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

As disclosed in Notes 2(m) and 3 to the financial statements, the Group recognises revenue either at a point in time or over time, depending on the sales contractual terms with customers. For sales of development properties where the Group is restricted contractually from directing the properties for another use and has enforceable right to payment for performance completed to-date, revenue is recognised over time based on the construction cost incurred to-date as a proportion of the estimated total construction costs to be incurred. Management considers that this input method is an appropriate measure of the progress towards complete satisfaction of these performance obligations.

Total construction costs to complete the development include estimation of variation works and other claims from contractors. The estimated contract revenue comprises the initial amount of revenue agreed in the contract and variation in considerations, including liquidated damages claims from customers arising from delays on the completion of development properties.

To the Members of Amcorp Global Limited

Key Audit Matters (cont'd)

Recognition of revenue from sales of development properties (cont'd)

Description of key audit matter (cont'd)

This is a key audit matter because the determination of the estimated total construction costs to completion and estimated contract revenue require significant management's judgement and estimates, which may have an impact on the amounts of revenue and profits recognised during the year.

Our audit procedures to address the key audit matter

Our audit procedures in relation to revenue from sales of development properties, among others, included:

- We obtained an understanding of relevant internal controls over revenue business cycle processes and tested the design and implementation of the management's controls over the estimation of the total construction costs and contract revenue;
- We reviewed management's construction cost budget for each development property and discussed with management the progress of each project. We assessed the reasonableness of the estimated cost to complete. These key elements include variation works and other claims from contractors. We also assessed the progress of the construction against the extended timeline for delays and the adequacy of estimated liquidated damages;
- We recomputed the proportion of the construction costs incurred to-date to the construction costs budget and tested arithmetic computation of the revenue recognised based on the input method calculations;
- We tested on sample basis the construction costs incurred during the financial year; and
- We also reviewed the adequacy of disclosures in the financial statements.

Net realisable values of completed properties

Description of key audit matter

As at 31 March 2024, the Group has completed properties with a total net carrying value of \$45,890,000 net of write-down of \$9,465,000 as at 31 March 2024 (Note 9 to the financial statements).

As disclosed in Notes 3 and 9 to the financial statements, the completed properties are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. This is a key audit matter because the determination of the net realisable values of these properties are dependent upon management's estimates of future demand and selling prices of these properties. Management performs cost analysis for each property, taking into account the prevailing property market conditions, estimated future demand and selling prices of completed properties. Any future variation in plans, assumptions and estimates can potentially impact the carrying amounts of the respective properties. At the reporting date, management compares the carrying amounts of the properties to the estimated net realisable values to determine whether a write-down is required for the properties. Changes to these estimates can have a significant impact to the financial statements.

Our audit procedures to address the key audit matter

Our audit procedures in relation to the assessment of net realisable values, among others, included:

- We obtained an understanding of relevant internal controls and process for assessing the net realisable value of completed properties and tested the design and implementation of the Group's relevant key controls;

To the Members of Amcorp Global Limited

Key Audit Matters (cont'd)

Net realisable values of completed properties (cont'd)

Our audit procedures to address the key audit matter (cont'd)

- We assessed the reasonableness of the Group's estimated net realisable values of the properties by comparing estimated sale values to recent transacted prices and/or offer obtained for specific completed properties and/or prices of comparable properties located in the same vicinity as the properties as well as the selling prices of completed properties subsequent to reporting date, taking into account the prevailing market trends and the Group's selling plans for these properties; and
- We also reviewed the adequacy of disclosures in the financial statements.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report 2024, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SFRS(I), and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

To the Members of Amcorp Global Limited

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (cont'd)

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

To the Members of Amcorp Global Limited

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Hu Weisheng.

Baker Tilly TFW LLP Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants Singapore

28 June 2024

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2024

	Group		р	Com	Company	
	202	24	2023	2024	2023	
No	ote \$'0	00	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
ASSETS						
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment	4 .	571	737	569	731	
Investment property	5 1, 2	217	1,673	-	_	
Investment in subsidiaries	6	-	-	21,931	36,465	
Investment in associates	7 5 ,	581	6,547	-	_	
Total non-current assets	7,	369	8,957	22,500	37,196	
Current assets						
Development properties and development						
	-	041	48,803	-	-	
	.0 83 ,		42,494	-	-	
	9 45 ,8		45,295	-	-	
Trade receivables 1	0 1,	511	1,779	-	-	
Other receivables 1	1 3,	335	7,214	54,389	61,937	
Deposits, cash and bank balances 1	2 27,	683	30,725	7,318	1,885	
	163,9	954	176,310	61,707	63,822	
Non-current assets and assets of disposal group classified as held for sale 1	3	-	6,447	-	_	
Total current assets	163,	954	182,757	61,707	63,822	
TOTAL ASSETS	171,	323	191,714	84,207	101,018	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Equity						
Share capital 1	4 142 ,	301	142,238	142,301	142,238	
Other reserves 1	5 (8,	696)	(8,257)	-	-	
Accumulated losses	(69,4	436)	(55,076)	(74,564)	(67,246)	
Equity attributable to equity holders of the						
company	64,		78,905	67,737	74,992	
0		951	1,517	-	_	
TOTAL EQUITY	65,	120	80,422	67,737	74,992	

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at 31 March 2024

		Group		Company	
		2024	2023	2024	2023
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Non-current liabilities					
Bank borrowings	16	-	68,534	-	-
Lease liabilities	17	355	455	355	455
Total non-current liabilities		355	68,989	355	455
Current liabilities					
Bank borrowings	16	75,082	20,839	-	-
Trade payables	18	13,149	7,679	-	-
Other liabilities	19	15,733	11,043	16,015	25,474
Contract liabilities	20	1,583	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	17	100	97	100	97
Income tax payables		201	892	-	-
Total current liabilities		105,848	40,550	16,115	25,571
Liabilities of a disposal group classified as	10		1 750		
held by sale	13		1,753	-	
Total current liabilities		105,848	42,303	16,115	25,571
TOTAL LIABILITIES		106,203	111,292	16,470	26,026
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		171,323	191,714	84,207	101,018

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

		Gro	up
		2024	2023
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Revenue	21	81,755	84,502
Cost of sales		(73,455)	(74,530)
Gross profit		8,300	9,972
Other operating income/gains	22	1,787	13,180
Selling and distribution costs		(4,304)	(4,837)
Administrative expenses		(4,484)	(7,461)
Other operating expenses	23	(11,227)	(909)
Finance costs	24	(4,076)	(4,309)
Share of results of associates	7	(1,137)	(605)
(Loss)/profit before tax	25	(15,141)	5,031
Tax expense	26	(67)	(894)
(Loss)/profit for the year		(15,208)	4,137
Other comprehensive (loss)/income Item that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Currency translation differences arising from consolidation Realisation of currency translation reserve on capital repayment from a subsidiary Item that will not be medianified subsequently to profit or loss:		(1,167) 1,577	(2,377) _
Item that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		2	(704)
Currency translation differences arising from consolidation		3	(704)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year		(14,795)	1,056
(Loss)/profit attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		(15,209)	654
Non-controlling interests		1	3,483
		(15,208)	4,137
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		(14,799)	(1,723)
Non-controlling interests		4	2,779
		(14,795)	1,056
(Loss)/earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the Company			
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share (cents)	27	(3.40)	0.15

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

	Share capital \$'000	Other reserves (Note 15) \$'000	Accumulated losses \$'000	Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company \$'000	Non- controlling interests \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Group						
Balance as at 1 April 2022	142,238	(5,880)	(54,396)	81,962	652	82,614
Profit for the year	-	-	654	654	3,483	4,137
Other comprehensive loss for the year						
 Currency translation difference arising from consolidation 	_	(2,377)	_	(2,377)	(704)	(3,081)
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year	_	(2,377)	654	(1,723)	2,779	1,056
De-recognition of non-controlling interests	-	-	(1,334)	(1,334)	6,848	5,514
Distribution to owners - Repayment of equity loan to non-controlling interests [Note 6(b)]	-	_	_	-	(8,762)	(8,762)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	142,238	(8,257)	(55,076)	78,905	1,517	80,422
Loss for the year	_		(15,209)	(15,209)	1	(15,208)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year						
 Currency translation difference arising from consolidation 	-	(1,167)	-	(1,167)	3	(1,164)
- Realisation of currency translation						
reserve on capital repayment from a subsidiary	_	1,577	_	1,577	_	1,577
Total comprehensive income/(loss)		.,		.,		.,
for the year	-	410	(15,209)	(14,799)	4	(14,795)
Deconsolidation of liquidated subsidiaries	-	(849)	849	_	_	_
Distributions to owners						
Repayment of equity loan to non-controlling interests [Note 6(b)]	_	_	_	_	(195)	(195)
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests	_	_	_	-	(375)	(375)
Contribution by owners					· - /	/
Issuance of ordinary shares						
pursuant to employee share award scheme (Note 14)	63	_	-	63	_	63
Balance as at 31 March 2024	142,301	(8,696)	(69,436)	64,169	951	65,120

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

	Share capital \$'000	Accumulated losses \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Company			
Balance as at 1 April 2022	142,238	(63,577)	78,661
Loss for the year, representing total comprehensive loss for the year		(3,669)	(3,669)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	142,238	(67,246)	74,992
Loss for the year, representing total comprehensive loss for the year <u>Contributions by owners</u>	-	(7,318)	(7,318)
lssuance of ordinary shares pursuant to employee share award scheme (Note 14)	63	_	63
Balance as at 31 March 2024	142,301	(74,564)	67,737

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

	Gro	oup
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
(Loss)/profit before tax	(15,141)	5,031
Adjustments for:		
Share of results of associates	1,137	605
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	(10,760)
Gain on disposal of asset held for sale	-	(78)
Completed properties and land held for sale written down	65	10
Impairment loss on trade receivables	5	_
Impairment loss on other receivables	-	68
Reversal of impairment loss on capitalised contract costs	-	(498)
Amortisation of capitalised contract costs	4,290	4,376
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	175	1,506
Amortisation of financial guarantee liabilities	(100)	(115)
Fair value loss on investment property	374	-
Allowance on write down of assets	-	831
Interest income	(747)	(433)
Interest expenses	4,076	4,309
Property, plant and equipment written off	1	-
Share based compensation	63	-
Provision for ABSD	8,900	-
Currency translation adjustments	1,161	(557)
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	4,259	4,295
Trade receivables	251	1,706
Other receivables	(353)	(2,522)
Contract assets	(41,000)	(31,018)
Development properties and development expenditures	46,767	49,792
Completed properties and land held for sale	105	993
Trade payables	5,520	(880)
Other payables	2,340	(2,731)
Contract liabilities	(105)	(470)
Cash generated from operations	17,784	19,165
Income tax paid	(775)	(26)
Net cash from operating activities	17,009	19,139
Cash flows from investing activities		
Dividend received from an associate	217	17
Acquisition of new subsidiary	-	(34)
Proceeds from disposal of non-current asset held for sale	-	977
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	981	40,804
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(10)	(150)
Receipt of loan receivable from associates	240	122
Amount due from associates	(627)	(305)
Interest received	862	447
Net cash from investing activities	1,663	41,878

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

	Gro	oup
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Cash flows from financing activities		
Interest paid	(3,853)	(5,180)
Amount payable to penultimate holding company	(5,780)	5,780
Amount payable to a related company	(816)	836
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests	(375)	-
Drawdown of borrowings	6,312	10,628
Repayment of borrowings	(20,603)	(66,583)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(111)	(122)
Repayment of loans to non-controlling interests	-	(2,648)
Repayment of equity loans to non-controlling interests	(195)	(8,762)
Increase in pledged deposit	(80)	(526)
Net cash used in financing activities	(25,501)	(66,577)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(6,829)	(5,560)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	30,148	39,165
Add/(less): Cash in a disposal group classified as held for sale (Note 13)	3,583	(3,583)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes of cash and cash equivalents	124	126
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year (Note 12)	27,026	30,148

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities:

	Bank borrowings (Note 16) \$'000	Loans from non- controlling interests \$'000	Lease liabilities (Note 17) \$'000	Accrued interest (Note 19) \$'000	Amounts due to penultimate holding company and related companies (Note 19) \$'000	Total \$'000
Balance as at 1 April 2022	147,630	8,162	650	1,017	-	157,459
Changes from financing cash flows:						
- Proceeds	10,628	_	_	-	6,616	17,244
- Acquisition of a subsidiary	_	_	8	-	-	8
- Repayment	(66,583)	(2,648)	(122)	(5,180)	-	(74,533)
Non-cash changes						
- Interest expenses	-	-	16	4,293	-	4,309
 De-recognition of non-controlling interests 	_	(5,514)	_	-	-	(5,514)
 Effect of changes in foreign exchange rate 	(2,302)	-	_	15	_	(2,287)
Balance as at 31 March 2023	89,373	-	552	145	6,616	96,686
Changes from financing cash flows:						
- Proceeds	6,312	-	-	-	-	6,312
- Repayment	(20,603)	-	(111)	(3,853)	(6,596)	(31,163)
Non-cash changes			14	4.000		4.070
- Interest expenses	-	-	14	4,062	-	4,076
 Effect of changes in foreign exchange rate 	-	-	-	14	(20)	(6)
Balance as at 31 March 2024	75,082	-	455	368	-	75,905

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

1 Corporate information

The Company (Registration No. 201230851R) is incorporated in Singapore with its principal place of business and registered office at 11 Sam Leong Road, #03-06, TRIO, Singapore 207903. The Company is listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

The principal activity of the Company is that of investment holding and provision of corporate services to the subsidiaries. The principal activities of its subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 6.

The Company's immediate holding company is Amcorp Supreme Pte. Ltd., a company incorporated in Singapore. The Company's ultimate and penultimate holding companies are Clear Goal Sdn Bhd and Amcorp Group Berhad respectively, both of which are incorporated in Malaysia. Related companies refer to companies controlled by the ultimate holding company.

2 Material accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are presented in Singapore dollar ("\$") which is the Company's functional currency and all financial information presented in Singapore dollar are rounded to the nearest thousand (\$'000) except when otherwise indicated. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)"). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with SFRS(I) requires the use of estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial year. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions and historical experiences and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

Use of estimates and judgements

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement in applying accounting policies, or areas where assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of resulting in material adjustment within the next financial year are disclosed in Note 3.

The carrying amounts of deposits, cash and bank balances, trade and other current receivables, trade payables and other current liabilities (other than lease liabilities) approximate their respective fair values due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

(a) Basis of preparation (cont'd)

New and revised standards that are adopted

In the current financial year, the Group and the Company have applied the following amendments to SFRS(I) that are mandatorily effective for an accounting period that begins on or after 1 April 2023.

- Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-12: Deferred tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction
- Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-12: International Tax Reform Pillar Two Model Rules
- Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1 and SFRS(I) Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting Policies
- Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-8: Definition of Accounting Estimates
- SFRS(I) 17: Insurance Contracts

Their adoption has not had any material impact on the disclosures or on the amounts reported in these financial statements except as below.

Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1 and SFRS(I) Practice Statement 2: Disclosure of Accounting Policies

The Group has adopted the amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1 for the first time in the current financial year. Although the amendments did not result in any changes to the accounting policies themselves, they impacted the accounting policy information disclosed in the financial statements.

The amendments require the disclosure of 'material', rather than 'significant', accounting policies. The amendments also provide guidance on the application of materiality to disclosure of accounting policies, assisting entities to provide useful, entity-specific accounting policy information that users need to understand other information in the financial statements.

The Group has applied materiality guidance in SFRS(I) *Practice Statement 2* in identifying its material accounting policies for disclosures in the related notes. The previous term 'significant accounting policies' used throughout the financial statements has been replaced with 'material accounting policies'.

New and revised standards not yet effective

New standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that have been issued at the balance sheet date but are not yet effective for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a significant effect on the financial statements of the Group and the Company.

(b) Basis of consolidation

(i) Business combinations

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting date as the parent company. Consistent accounting policies are applied for like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

(b) Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

(i) Business combinations (cont'd)

Intragroup balances and transactions, including income, expenses and dividends, are eliminated in full. Profits and losses resulting from intragroup transactions that are recognised in assets, such as inventory and property, plant and equipment, are eliminated in full.

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred for the acquisition comprises the fair value of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred also includes the fair value of any contingent consideration arrangement and the fair value of any pre-existing equity interest in the subsidiary company. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date.

Any excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred in the business combination, the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree (if any), and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), over the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. In instances where the latter amount exceeds the former, the excess is recognised as gain on bargain purchase in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

Non-controlling interests are that part of the net results of operations and of net assets of a subsidiary company attributable to the interests which are not owned directly or indirectly by the owners of the Company. They are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and statement of financial position. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the non-controlling interests based on their respective interests in a subsidiary company, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

For non-controlling interests that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of the acquiree's net assets in the event of liquidation, the Group elects on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis whether to measure them at fair value, or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the acquiree's net identifiable assets, at the acquisition date. All other non-controlling interests are measured at acquisition-date fair value or, when applicable, on the basis specified in another standard.

(ii) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity.

In the Company's statement of financial position, investment in subsidiaries is accounted for at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. On disposal of the investment, the difference between disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments are recognised in profit or loss.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

(b) Basis of consolidation (cont'd)

(iii) Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence but not control or joint control, over the financial and operating policies of the entity. Significant influence is presumed to exist generally when the Group holds 20% or more but not exceeding 50% of the voting power of another entity.

Investment in associates is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting, less impairment losses, if any.

Investment in associates is initially recognised at cost. The cost of an acquisition is measured at the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued or liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the consolidated financial statements include the Group's share of post-acquisition profit or loss and other comprehensive income of equity-accounted investees, after adjustments to align the accounting policies with those of the Group, from the date that significant influence commences until the date that significant influence ceases.

The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in the profit or loss and its share of post-acquisition other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. These post-acquisition movements and distributions received from associates are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equal or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured non-current receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has obligations or has made payments on behalf of the associate.

In the Company's financial statements, investment in associates is carried at cost less accumulated impairment loss. On disposal of investment in associates, the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investment is recognised in profit or loss.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value.

On disposal of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount is taken to profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis to write off the cost of plant and equipment over their expected useful lives. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Years
Computers	3
Renovation	5
Furniture, fittings and equipment	5
Leased office premises	7

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

(c) Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

The residual values, estimated useful lives and depreciation method of property, plant and equipment are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The effects of any revision are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the financial statements until they are no longer in use.

(d) Investment property

Investment property include the property that are held to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation and property held by the lessee as a right-of-use asset that are held to earn rental income, for long-term capital appreciation or for a currently intermediate use.

Investment property is initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at fair value, determined annually by independent professional valuers on the highest and best use basis. Changes in fair values are recognised in profit or loss.

On disposal of an investment property, the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

(e) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A previously recognised impairment loss for an asset other than goodwill is only reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

(f) Development properties/completed properties and land held for sale

Development properties are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes acquisition costs, development expenditure and other costs directly attributable to the development activities. Cost includes an appropriate share of development overheads allocated based on normal capacity. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less cost to complete and costs to be incurred in selling the property.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

(f) Development properties/completed properties and land held for sale (cont'd)

Completed properties and land held for sale but remained unsold at year end are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by apportionment of the total land cost, development costs and borrowing costs capitalised (in the case of commercial property) attributable to unsold properties. Net realisable value takes into account the price ultimately expected to be realised, less costs to be incurred in marketing and selling, and the anticipated costs to completion, where appropriate.

(g) Financial assets

Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets are added to the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. Trade receivables without a significant financing component is initially measured at transaction prices.

Classification and measurement

The Group classifies all its financial assets at amortised cost. The classification is based on the entity's business model for managing the financial asset and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets.

The Group reclassifies financial assets when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Financial assets include deposits, cash and bank balances, loans receivable from associates, trade receivables, other receivables (excluding prepayments and capitalised contract costs). The Group's financial assets are measured at amortised cost.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in interest income using the EIR method.

Impairment

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for financial assets carried at amortised cost and financial guarantee contracts. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate.

The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a "12-month ECL"). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure, irrespective of the timing of the default (a "lifetime ECL").

For trade receivables and contract assets that do not have a significant financing component, the Group applies a simplified approach to recognise a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

(g) Financial assets (cont'd)

Impairment (cont'd)

If the Group has measured the loss allowance for a financial asset at an amount equal to lifetime ECL in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the conditions for lifetime ECL are no longer met, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to 12-month ECL at the current reporting date.

The Group considers significant increase in risk of default on a financial guarantee contract when the debtor of the loan is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the creditor and the Group in full, without considering recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held).

Except for financial guarantee contracts, the Group recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial assets with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

(h) Leases

The Group assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

When the Group entity is the lessee:

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all contracts that are, or contain, a lease, except for short-term leases (i.e. for leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option) and leases of low-value assets. For these exempted leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

Lease liabilities

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted by using the rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise fixed lease payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured whenever there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (e.g., changes to future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

(h) Leases (cont'd)

When the Group entity is the lessee: (cont'd)

Right-of-use assets

The Group recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated useful life of the underlying asset. The right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

When the Group entity is the lessor:

Where the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or operating lease. Whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee, the contract is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct cost incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised as expense in profit or loss on the same basis as the lease income.

(i) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities include trade payables, other liabilities (excluding advance received from customers), lease liabilities and bank borrowings.

Financial liabilities are recognised on the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instruments. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at the fair value of proceeds received less attributable transaction costs, if any. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost which is the initial fair value less any principal repayments. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is taken to the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. The interest expense is chargeable on the amortised cost over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Gains and losses are recognised in the profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the amortisation process.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

(j) Financial guarantees

A financial guarantee contract is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with original or modified terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised initially as liabilities at their fair values, net of transaction costs.

Subsequently, the financial guarantees are stated at higher of the initial fair value less cumulative amortisation and the expected loss computed using the impairment methodology under SFRS(I) 9 *Financial Instruments*. Financial guarantee contracts are amortised in profit or loss over the period of the guarantee.

(k) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle that obligation and the amount can be estimated reliably. Provisions are measured at the management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount of the provision shall be discounted to present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects the current market assessment of the time value of money and risks specific to the obligation.

(l) Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is

- (a) possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group; or
- (b) a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:
 - (i) it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
 - (ii) the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Contingent liabilities are not recognised on the statements of financial position of the Group.

(m) Revenue recognition

Sales of development properties

The Group is in the business of developing residential and commercial properties for sales. Revenue is recognised either at a point in time or over time, depending on the sales contractual terms with customers.

For development properties where the Group is restricted contractually from directing the properties for another use and has enforceable right to payment for performance completed to-date, revenue is recognised over time, based on the construction costs incurred to-date as a proportion of the estimated total construction costs to be incurred.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

(m) Revenue recognition (cont'd)

Sales of development properties (cont'd)

For development properties where the Group does not have enforceable right to payment for performance completed to-date, revenue is recognised only when the customer obtains control of the asset, usually upon transfer of legal title in accordance with sales contract.

Progress billings to customer are based on a payment schedule in the contract and are based upon achievement of specified construction milestones. A contract asset is recognised when the Group has performed under the contract but has not yet billed the customer. A contract liability is recognised when the Group has not yet performed under the contract but has received advance payment from the customer. Contract assets are transferred to receivables when the right to consideration become unconditional. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue as the Group performs under the contract.

Capitalised contract costs are subsequently amortised on a systematic basis as the Group recognises the related revenue. An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the capitalised contract costs exceeds the remaining amount of consideration that the Group expects to receive in exchange for the goods or services to which the contract costs relates less the costs that relate directly to providing the goods that have not been recognised as expenses.

The sales and purchase agreements provide for payment of liquidated damages to buyers on delays in contractual handover of units. The variable considerations are estimated and are constrained to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the associated uncertainty is subsequently resolved.

Revenue is measured at the transaction price agreed under contract entered into with customer. Estimates of revenue, costs or extent of progress toward completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenue or costs are reflected in the profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by the management.

Rental income

Rental income (net of lease incentives) from investment properties is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive payment is established.

Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(n) Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid under short-term cash bonus if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee, and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

(n) Employee benefits (cont'd)

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in profit or loss in the period in which the related service is performed.

Share-based compensation

The Group operates an equity-settled, share-based compensation plan, wherein shares or options to subscribe for shares of the Company are granted to eligible employees of the Group based on certain financial and performance criteria. The cost of the equity-settled transactions is recognised as an expense with a corresponding increase in equity.

The total amount to be expensed is determined by reference to the fair value of the shares at the date of the grant or the number of shares to be vested by the vesting date.

The fair value of services received from the employees of the Group in exchange for the grant of the shares are essentially services rendered in the past, are charged out to profit or loss immediately.

(o) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds, are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of that asset. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

(p) Income taxes

Tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity in which the tax is also recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively).

Current tax is the expected tax payable or recoverable on the taxable income for the current year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to tax payable or recoverable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the end of the reporting period arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements except where the deferred tax arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination, and at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investment in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax is measured based on the tax consequence that will follow the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amounts of its assets and liabilities except for investment properties. Investment property measured at fair value is presumed to be recovered entirely through sale.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

(q) Segment reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incurs expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with other components of the Group. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Group Executive Committee ("EXCO").

(r) Foreign currencies

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each entity in the Group are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are presented in Singapore dollar, which is the Company's functional currency.

Transactions and balances

Transactions in a currency other than the functional currency ("foreign currency") are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Currency translation gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss, except for currency translation differences on net investment in foreign operations and borrowings and other currency instruments qualifying as net investment hedges for foreign operations, which are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the currency translation reserve within equity in the consolidated financial statements. The currency translation reserve is reclassified from equity to profit or loss of the Group on disposal of the foreign operation.

Non-monetary items measured at fair values in foreign currencies are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair values are determined.

Translation of Group entities' financial statements

The financial performance and financial position of all the Group entities that have a functional currency different from the Group's presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- (i) Assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rates at the reporting date;
- (ii) Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates; and
- (iii) All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the currency translation reserve within equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations (including monetary items that, in substance, form part of the net investment in foreign entities), and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the currency translation reserve within equity.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

2 Material accounting policies (cont'd)

(s) Joint operations

A joint operation is an arrangement in which the Group has joint control and which provides the Group with rights to the assets, and obligations to the liabilities, relating to the arrangement.

The Group recognises, in relation to its interest in the joint operation:

- its assets, including its share of any assets held jointly;
- its liabilities, including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly;
- its revenue from the sale of its share of the output arising from the joint operation; and
- its share of the revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation; and its expenses, including its share of any expenses incurred jointly.

The Group accounts for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to its interest in a joint operation in accordance with the SFRS(I)s applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses.

3 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of the assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

Revenue from sales of development properties

(i) Revenue recognition

As disclosed in Note 2(m), the Group recognises revenue either at a point in time or over time, depending on the contractual terms. For development properties where the Group is restricted contractually from directing the properties for another use and has enforceable right to payment for performance completed to-date, revenue is recognised over time based on the construction cost incurred to-date as a proportion of the estimated total construction costs to be incurred. Management considers that this input method is an appropriate measure of the progress towards complete satisfaction of these performance obligations.

The determination of the estimated total construction costs to be incurred and contract revenue require significant management judgement and estimates, which may have an impact on the amounts of revenue and profits recognised during the financial year.

The estimation of total construction costs to completion include estimation of variation works and other claims from contractors. The costs to completion have been estimated by management after considering the remaining work to be carried out. Any significant changes to the estimated total construction costs will have a significant impact to the contract revenue and profits recognised during the financial year for the development properties sold.

Contract revenue comprises the initial amount of revenue agreed in the contract and variations in considerations to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. Any significant change in variable consideration will have a significant impact to the amount of revenue recorded in current financial year.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

3 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (cont'd)

Revenue from sales of development properties (cont'd)

(ii) Estimation of liquidated damages payable to customers for delay in completion of development properties

Customers have a right to claim for liquidated damages under the contractual terms of the sales and purchase contracts if contractual obligations, including completion of the development properties by a specific date, are not fulfilled.

Management estimates the probability of liquidated damages claims from customers by considering whether there are or may be significant delays in the progress of the development properties. The determination of the probability of claims are based on the progress of the construction of the development property, any relevant events that were known to management at the date of these financial statements, the estimated period to obtain the Temporary Occupation Permit ("TOP") and the legal entitlements from the customers according to the sales and purchase agreement.

The estimated liquidated damage as at 31 March 2024 amounted to \$3,065,845 (2023: \$980,223), and is accounted for in deriving the carrying amount of contract assets. Any change to the expected TOP could result in changes in the carrying amount of contract asset. If the estimated period to obtain the TOP had been one month earlier or later than management's estimate, it would not result in a significant change in the carrying amount of the contract assets.

Development properties and development expenditures/Completed properties and land held for sales

Development properties and completed properties are stated at lower of cost and estimated net realisable value, assessed on an individual property basis.

The determination of the net realisable values of these properties are dependent upon the management's estimates of future demand and selling prices of these properties. Management performs cost analysis for each property taking into account the costs incurred to-date, the development status, estimated costs to complete each property, the prevailing property market conditions, estimated future demand and selling prices of completed properties. Any future variation in plans, assumptions and estimates can potentially impact the carrying amounts of the respective properties.

At the reporting date, management compares the carrying amounts of the properties to the estimated net realisable values to determine whether a write-down is required for the properties.

The carrying amounts of the Group's development properties and development expenditures/completed properties and land held for sales are disclosed in Notes 8 and 9 respectively.

Impairment of investment in associates and subsidiaries

The Group's investment in associates and subsidiaries as at 31 March 2024 include investment in equity shares in the associates and subsidiaries and amount due from associates and subsidiaries.

The carrying amounts of the investment in equity shares in associates and subsidiaries are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that those investments have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. The determination of fair value less costs of disposal involve estimation of the fair value of the underlying assets and liabilities of investment less incremental costs for disposing the assets. In assessing value in use, management needs to estimate the future cash flows expected from the cash-generating units and an appropriate discount rate in order to calculate the present value of the future cash flows.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

3 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (cont'd)

Impairment of investment in associates and subsidiaries (cont'd)

The Group applies the expected credit loss model to measure the loss allowance for amounts due from associates and subsidiaries as at 31 March 2024.

The carrying amounts of the Company's investment in subsidiaries and the Group's investment in associates are disclosed in Notes 6 and 7 respectively.

Calculation of allowance for impairment loss for financial assets at amortised cost

When measuring ECL, the Group uses reasonable and supportable forward-looking information, which is based on assumptions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Loss given default is an estimate of the loss arising on default. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, taking into account cash flows from collateral and integral credit enhancements.

Probability of default constitutes a key input in measuring ECL. Probability of default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon, the calculation of which includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.

As the calculation of loss allowance on financial assets at amortised costs is subject to assumptions and forecasts, any changes to these estimations will affect the amounts of loss allowance recognised and the carrying amounts of financial assets at amortised costs and financial guarantee contracts. Details of ECL measurement and carrying values of financial assets at amortised costs at the reporting date are disclosed in Note 32(b).

Provision for Additional Buyer's Stamp Duty ("ABSD") payable

Developers who purchased residential land between 6 July 2018 and 15 December 2021 are subject to 30% ABSD, comprising a 25% upfront remittable component. The remittable component is clawed back fully with interest if the housing development does not commence within two years from the date of the acquisition of the site, and the housing development is not completed (achieve TOP) or all units are not sold within five years from the site acquisition date or an extended date granted by the government.

The 35 Gilstead development project has commenced within the timeline, achieved 100% sell-out, and construction is physically completed as of end of May 2024 but the project will not achieve TOP by the completion deadline. This gives rise to potential ABSD arising from the remittable component. In estimating the provision for ABSD payable, the Group uses an expected value approach and updates its assessment of the provision based on the latest available information at the end of each reporting period and up to the date of these financial statements. Based on the worst-case scenario by the Group, an additional \$5,400,000 ABSD would be payable in addition to the provision made, while under the Group's best-case scenario, the ABSD would be waived.

The amount of provision for ABSD payable are disclosed in Note 19. The Group has filed an appeal for an extension of the TOP timeline on 27 May 2024.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

	Freehold land \$'000	Buildings on freehold land \$'000	Computers \$'000	Renovation \$'000	Motor vehicles \$'000	Furniture, fittings and equipment \$'000	Leased office premises \$'000	Total \$'000
Group Cost								
At 1 April 2022	4,554	34,620	151	1,398	06	8,842	714	50.369
Additions	I	I	6	I	I	141	I	150
Reclassified to non-current assets classified as								
nela ior sale (Note 13) Disnosals	- (701)	(2026) (2020)	I	I	I	- 17 00 71	I	(006) (705 CV)
Write off	(4,107)	- -	- (5)	1 1	1 1	-	1 1	(7) (5)
Exchange differences	(447)	(3,431)	(5)	(83)	(9)	(852)	I	(2) (4,824)
At 31 March 2023			150	1,315	84	134	714	2,397
Additions	I	I	9	I	I	4	I	10
Write off	I	I	(89)	(1,085)	I	(42)	I	(1,195)
Exchange differences	I	I	(4)	(09)	(4)	31	ı	(37)
At 31 March 2024	I	ı	84	170	80	127	714	1,175
Accumulated depreciation								
At 1 April 2022	I	6,215	114	1,269	06	5,110	68	12,866
Depreciation for the year	I	814	20	34	I	536	102	1,506
Reclassified to non-current assets classified as held for sale (Note 13)	I	(165)	I	I	I	I	I	(165)
Disposals	I	(6,214)	I	I	I	(5,063)	I	(11,277)
Write off	I	I	(5)	I	I	I	I	(5)
Exchange differences	I	(650)	(5)	(81)	(9)	(523)	I	(1,265)
At 31 March 2023	I	I	124	1,222	84	60	170	1,660
Depreciation for the year	I	I	21	30	I	22	102	175
Write off	I	I	(89)	(1,085)	I	(41)	I	(1,194)
Exchange differences	I	I	(4)	(60)	(4)	31	I	(37)
At 31 March 2024	I	I	73	107	80	72	272	604
Carrying amount At 31 March 2024	'	'	4	63	'	55	442	571
At 31 March 2023	ı	I	26	93	I	74	544	737

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Property, plant and equipment

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

4 Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

	Renovation \$'000	Computers \$'000	Furniture, fittings and equipment \$'000	Leased office premises \$'000	Total \$'000
Company					
Cost					
At 1 April 2022	129	48	107	714	998
Additions	-	7	2	-	9
At 31 March 2023	129	55	109	714	1,007
Additions	_	5	4	-	9
Write off	_	_	(2)	-	(2)
At 31 March 2024	129	60	111	714	1,014
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 April 2022	15	14	12	68	109
Depreciation for the year	26	17	22	102	167
At 31 March 2023	41	31	34	170	276
Depreciation for the year	26	20	22	102	170
Write off	-	_	(1)	-	(1)
At 31 March 2024	67	51	55	272	445
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2024	62	9	56	442	569
At 31 March 2023	88	24	75	544	731

The carrying amount of the Group's and the Company's property, plant and equipment included right-of-use assets relating to leased office premises of \$442,000 (2023: \$544,000).

In previous financial year, the remaining two office units in Larmont Hotel building with carrying amount of \$821,000 were reclassified to non-current assets classified as held for sale (Note 13).

5 Investment property

	Gro	oup
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
At fair value		
At beginning of the year	1,673	1,750
Fair value loss on investment property (Note 23)	(374)	_
Exchange differences	(82)	(77)
At end of the year	1,217	1,673

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

5 Investment property (cont'd)

The fair value of the Group's investment property at reporting date has been determined based on valuation carried out by an external professional valuer with appropriate recognised professional qualifications and experience.

In determining the market value of the investment property, the valuer has considered direct comparison method and approved price for one of the units in arriving at the open market value as at the end of the reporting period. The direct comparison method involves the analysis of comparable sales of similar properties and adjusting prices to those reflective of the investment property.

The Group classified fair value measurement using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the nature and complexity of the significant inputs used in making the measurement. As at 31 March 2024, the fair value measurement of the Group's investment property is classified within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

The investment property held by the Group as at 31 March 2024 and the significant unobservable input used in the valuation model is as follows:

Name of property/ Location	Description	Fair	value	Valuation methodology	Significant unobservable input (Level 3)	Ra	nge
		2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000			2024	2023
Chewathai Ratchaprarop Condominium, No. 11, Ratchaprarop Road, Makkasan Sub-district, Ratchathewi District, Bangkok, Thailand	3 freehold condominium apartment units for providing rental accommodation	1,217	1,673	Direct comparison method and approved price	Price per square metre of gross floor area ⁽¹⁾	\$2,100 - \$3,000	\$3,700 - \$4,200

⁽¹⁾ Any significant isolated increase/(decrease) in these inputs would result in a significantly higher/(lower) fair value measurement.

The direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) recognised in profit or loss during the financial year are as follows:

	Gro	oup
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Direct operating expenses	(22)	(16)

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

6 Investment in subsidiaries

	Com	pany
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Unquoted equity shares, at cost	27,912	39,189
Financial guarantees to subsidiaries	3,260	3,260
Less: Impairment loss on investment in subsidiaries	(14,479)	(14,479)
	16,693	27,970
Amount due from subsidiaries	23,869	24,148
Less: Impairment losses [Note 32(b)]	(18,631)	(15,653)
	5,238	8,495
	21,931	36,465

In previous financial year, the Company subscribed for new ordinary shares of a subsidiary by way of capitalisation of inter-company balances with net carrying amount of \$11,630,000. The subscription of the new shares had no financial effect to the Group and to the Company.

During the financial year, the Company received capital repayment from a subsidiary by way of reduction of issued ordinary shares with total consideration of \$11,277,000. The capital repayment has no financial effect to the Group and to the Company.

The amount due from subsidiaries are unsecured and settlement is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future. As the amounts form part of the Company's net investments in the subsidiaries, they are stated at cost.

The Company provided guarantees to banks for borrowings obtained by certain of its subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 16. The full amount of the financial guarantee fee is deemed to be additional investment in subsidiaries.

In previous financial year, the Company has written off its investments in three subsidiaries and the financial guarantees to subsidiaries of \$3,137,000 following the liquidation of these subsidiaries. The corresponding allowance for impairment loss of \$2,169,000 was also written off accordingly.

Movements in the allowance for impairment loss in investment in subsidiaries are as follows:

	Com	pany
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
At beginning of the year	14,479	16,648
Written off	-	(2,169)
At end of the year	14,479	14,479

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

6 Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

(a) Details of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 March 2024:

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation and operation	Principal activity	of own intere	ortion lership st and ower held
			2024 %	2023 %
Amcorp Equity Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Development of real estate	100	100
Development 83 Pte. Ltd. (5)	Singapore	Development of real estate	-	100
Amcorp East Asia Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Development of real estate and investment holding	100	100
Amcorp Homes Pte. Ltd. (5)	Singapore	Development of real estate	-	100
Amcorp Development Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Development of real estate	100	100
Development 16 Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Development of real estate and investment holding	100	100
Amcorp Uptown Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Development of real estate	100	100
Amcorp Hospitality Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Development of real estate and investment holding	100	100
Amcorp Vista Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Development of real estate	100	100
Amcorp Borneo Sdn. Bhd. (1)	Malaysia	Development of real estate	100	100
Amcorp Forward Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Development of real estate	60	60
Development 35 Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Development of real estate	51	51
Amcorp Treasury Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Investment holding	100	-
Held by Amcorp East Asia Pte.	Ltd.			
Third Avenue Development Sdn. Bhd. ⁽¹⁾	Malaysia	Development of real estate	100	100
Viet-TEE Company Limited ⁽²⁾	Vietnam	Development of real estate	65	65
Klang City Development Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	Development of real estate and investment holding	60	60
Held by Klang City Developme	nt Pte. Ltd.			
Menara Jutamas Sdn. Bhd. ⁽³⁾	Malaysia	Development of real estate	60	60

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

6 Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

(a) Details of the Company's subsidiaries at 31 March 2024 (cont'd):

Name of subsidiary	Place of incorporation and operation	Principal activity	of own intere	ortion lership st and ower held
			2024	2023
			%	%
Held by Amcorp Hospitality Pte	. Ltd.			
Potts Point Hospitality Pty Ltd ⁽⁴⁾	Australia	Investment holding	55	55
Held by Potts Point Hospitality	Pty Ltd			
LPP Hospitality Pty Ltd ⁽⁴⁾	Australia	Dormant	55	55

All subsidiaries are audited by Baker Tilly TFW LLP, Singapore except as indicated.

- ⁽¹⁾ Audited by Baker Tilly Monteiro Heng, Malaysia.
- ⁽²⁾ Audited by Baker Tilly A&C, Vietnam.
- ⁽³⁾ Audited by Tee & Partners, Malaysia.
- ⁽⁴⁾ Not required to be audited.
- ⁽⁵⁾ Dissolved during the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

In accordance to Rule 716 of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, the directors of the Company and the Audit Committee, having reviewed the appointment of different auditors for the Group's subsidiaries, are satisfied that these appointments would not compromise the standard and effectiveness of the audit of the Group.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

6 Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

(b) Summarised financial information of subsidiaries with material non-controlling interest ("NCI")

The table below shows the details of subsidiaries of the Group that have material NCI:

	Potts Point Hospitality Pty Ltd	Development 35 Pte. Ltd.	Amcorp Forward Pte. Ltd.	Others* individually immaterial NCl	Total
2024					
NCI percentage of ownership interest	45.0%	49.0%	40.0%		
(\$'000)					
Net assets/liabilities attributable to NCI	526	145	_^	280	951
Net liabilities absorbed by the Group	-	-	12,477^	-	_
Profit/(loss) allocated to NCl Loss absorbed by the Group	108 -	(135) -	- (5,237)^	28 _	1 -
2023 NCI percentage of ownership interest	45.0%	49.0%	40.0%		
(\$'000)					
Net assets/liabilities attributable to NCI	847	427	_^	243	1,517
Net liabilities absorbed by the Group	_	_	7,240^	_	_
Profit/(loss) allocated to NCl Loss absorbed by the Group	4,219	(30)	(673)# (392)^	(33) -	3,483 -

* Individually immaterial subsidiaries with non-controlling interests.

Related to the NCI's share of loss of Amcorp Forward Pte. Ltd. ("AFPL") from 1 April 2022 till 31 October 2022.

^ Refer to Note 6(c).

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

6 Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

(b) Summarised financial information of subsidiaries with material non-controlling interest ("NCI") (cont'd)

The summarised financial information before inter-company elimination of the subsidiaries that have material NCI as at the end of reporting period are as follows:

	Potts Point Hospitality Pty Ltd \$'000	Development 35 Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Amcorp Forward Pte. Ltd. \$'000
2024			
Assets and liabilities			
Current assets	1,232	1,031	92,719
Non-current liabilities	-	-	(47,726)
Current liabilities	(63)	(735)	(76,186)
Net assets/(liabilities)	1,169	296	(31,193)
Results			
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	239	(275)	(13,093)
Other comprehensive income	2,693	_	_
Total comprehensive profit/(loss)	2,932	(275)	(13,093)
Cool floor			
Cash flows	2.044	20	
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	2,844	20	(1,455)
Net cash used in financing activities	(3,625)	(300)	(857)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(781)	(280)	(2,312)
2023			
Assets and liabilities			
Current assets	3,058	1,377	91,312
Non-current liabilities	-	-	(96,632)
Current liabilities	(1,175)	(506)	(12,781)
Net assets/(liabilities)	1,883	871	(18,101)
Results			
Revenue	5,553	_	44,570
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	9,375	(61)	(2,663)
Other comprehensive loss	(1,583)	_	_
Total comprehensive profit/(loss)	7,792	(61)	(2,663)
Cook flows			
Cash flows Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	103	(70)	6 967
Net cash from investing activities	40,219	(79)	6,867
Net cash used in financing activities	(39,533)	_	- (6,751)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	789	(79)	116
met met easer (ueu easer) in casil and casil equivalents	109	(79)	110

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

6 Investment in subsidiaries (cont'd)

(b) Summarised financial information of subsidiaries with material non-controlling interest ("NCI") (cont'd)

During the financial year, the Group's 55% owned subsidiary, Potts Point Hospitality Pty Ltd repaid the equity loan of \$195,000 (2023: \$8,762,000) to a non-controlling interest from the proceeds of the sale of Larmont Hotel. The outstanding loan due to non-controlling interest of \$926,000 (2023: \$2,564,000) was classified as equity as the loan is repayable at the discretion of a subsidiary of the Group.

(c) Loss absorbed by the Group

The Group has undertaken to absorb 100% of the net losses of AFPL from 1 November 2022 to the end of the reporting periods. As at 31 March 2024, the cumulative losses absorbed by the Group amounted to \$5,629,000 (2023: \$392,000). Accordingly, the net assets attributable to NCI as at the end of the reporting periods are Nil.

7 Investment in associates

	Gro	up
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Unquoted shares, at cost	753	753
Financial guarantees to associates	3,878	4,183
Less: Impairment loss on investment in associates	(3,432)	(3,737)
	1,199	1,199
Amount due from associates	11,169	10,781
Less: Impairment losses [Note 32(b)]	(3,807)	(3,807)
	7,362	6,974
Share of post-acquisition loss, net of dividend received	(2,980)	(1,626)
	5,581	6,547

During the financial year, an impairment loss on the investment in associate of \$305,000 was written off following the striking off of the associate (2023: \$610,000 was written off following the liquidation of the associates).

The Company provided guarantees to banks for borrowings obtained by certain of its associates as disclosed in Note 30. The full amount of the financial guarantee fee is deemed to be additional investment in associates.

The amounts due from associates relate to loans and interest receivables for their real estate development activities. The loans and interest receivables are only repayable when the associates' cash flows permit, which are not expected to be repaid within the next twelve months. Accordingly, these amounts due from associates are classified as part of investment in associates on the consolidated statement of financial position.

The amounts due from associates are carried at cost as the timing of the future cash flows cannot be estimated reliably and as such, it is not practicable to determine the fair values of the loans and interest receivables with sufficient reliability.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

7 Investment in associates (cont'd)

Details of the Group's associates at 31 March 2024 are as follows:

Name of associate	Place of incorporation and operation	Principal activity	Proport ownership and voting 2024 %	o interest
Unique Development Pte. Ltd. (1)	Singapore	Development of real estate	20.0	20.0
Unique Realty Pte. Ltd. ⁽³⁾	Singapore	Development of real estate	-	20.0
Residenza Pte. Ltd. ⁽¹⁾	Singapore	Development of real estate	32.0	32.0
Unique Consortium Pte. Ltd. ⁽¹⁾	Singapore	Investment holding company	20.0	20.0
Development 26 Pte. Ltd. ⁽⁵⁾	Singapore	Development of real estate	45.0	45.0
Unique Capital Pte. Ltd. ⁽¹⁾	Singapore	Investment holding company	20.0	20.0
Development 32 Pte. Ltd. (4)	Singapore	Development of real estate	45.0	45.0
Unique Commercial Pte. Ltd. (2)	Singapore	Development of real estate	35.0	35.0
Wealth Development Pte. Ltd. (1)	Singapore	Development of real estate	30.0	30.0

⁽¹⁾ Audited by Ernst & Young LLP, Singapore.

⁽²⁾ Audited by Tan, Chan & Partners, Singapore.

⁽³⁾ Dissolved during the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

⁽⁴⁾ In the process of striking off during the financial year ended 31 March 2024.

⁽⁵⁾ Not required to be audited.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

The summarised financial information below represents amounts shown in the associates' financial statements and includes adjustments by the Group to align with the Group's accounting policy for equity accounting purposes. The summarised financial information in respect of each of the Group's associates is set out below:	information be the Group's ac ociates is set ou	low represe counting po It below:	ents amount: blicy for equi	s shown ir ity account	the associate ting purposes.	es' financial st The summar	atements and ised financial	d includes ac information	djustments i in respect
	Unique Development Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Residenza Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Unique Consortium Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Unique Capital Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Development 26 Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Development 32 Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Wealth Development Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Unique Commercial Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Total \$'000
2024 Group's effective ownership interest	20.0%	32.0%	20.0%	20.0%	45.0%	45.0%	30.0%	35.0%	
Assets and liabilities Non-current assets	ı	I	ı	1,228		ı	ı	ı	1,228
Current assets	1,923	53	19,694	86	242	ı	27,096	40,782	89,876
Non-current liabilities	ı	ı	(4,273)	(2,563)	I	'	(19,300)	'	(26,136)
Current liabilities	(11)	(13)	(17,178)	(20)	(515)		(9,605)	(55,499)	(82,871)
Net assets/(liabilities)	1,912	40	(1,757)	(1,299)	(273)		(1,809)	(14,717)	(17,903)
Share of net assets/(liabilities)	382	12	(351)	(260)	(123)	ı	(543)	(5,151)	(6,034)
Amount due from associates	ı	ı	794	513	189	'	2,794	6,879	11,169
Deemed cost of investment	1,054	201	707	707	300	ı	463	446	3,878
Impairment loss	(1,054)	(201)	(201)	(707)	(300)		(463)		(3,432)
Carrying amount of the interest in associates	382	12	443	253	99	,	2,251	2,174	5,581
Results (Loss)/profit for the year and total comprehensive (loss)/ income for the year	(1,766)	(2)	(1,840)	754	(44)	354	(546)	(1,545)	(4,635)
Share of (loss)/profit for the year and total comprehensive (loss)/ income for the year	(353)	(1)	(368)	151	(20)	159	(164)	(541)	(1,137)
Dividend paid	'	'		'	'	(217)		'	(217)

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Investment in associates (cont'd)

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

	Unique Development Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Unique Realty Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Residenza Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Unique Consortium Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Unique Capital Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Development 26 Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Development Development 26 Pte. Ltd. 32 Pte. Ltd. \$'000 \$'000	Wealth Development Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Unique Commercial Pte. Ltd. \$'000	Total \$'000
2023 Group's effective ownership interest	20.0%	20.0%	32.0%	20.0%	20.0%	45.0%	45.0%	30.0%	35.0%	
Assets and liabilities Non-current assets Current assets Non-current liabilities Current liabilities	- 3,740 - (63)		- 182 - (139)	- 8,329 (4,270) (3,977)	1,518 165 (3,711) (23)	- 289 - (517)	- 557 - (428)	- 27,441 (19,300) (9,404)	- 40,777 (35,400) (18,549)	1,518 81,480 (62,681) (33,100)
Net assets/(liabilities)	3,677	T	43	82	(2,051)	(228)	129	(1,263)	(13,172)	(12,783)
Share of net assets/ (liabilities) Amount due from associates	735 -	1 1	14 -	16 794	(411) 742	(103) 189	- 58	(379) 2,733	(4,610) 6,323	(4,680) 10,781
Deemed cost of investment Impairment loss	1,054 (1,054)	1 1	201 (201)	707 (707)	707 (707)	300 (300)	305 (305)	463 (463)	446 -	4,183 (3,737)
Carrying amount of the interest in associates	735	I	14	810	331	86	58	2,354	2,159	6,547
Results Profit/(loss) for the year and total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	65	(15)	(32)	(337)	(131)	(43)	(34)	(476)	(953)	(1,956)
Share of profit/(loss) for the year and total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the year Dividend paid	ت ،	(3)	(10)	(68)	(26)	(19) -	(15)	(143) -	(334)	(605) (17)

Investment in associates (cont'd)

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For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

8 Development properties and development expenditures

		Gre	oup
		2024	2023
	Note	\$'000	\$'000
Development properties	(i)	2,004	46,074
Development expenditures	(ii)	37	2,729
	-	2,041	48,803

(i) Development properties

	Gro	oup
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Land and land related costs	2,004	46,074

Details of the Group's development properties as at 31 March 2024 are as follows:

Name of property/ Location	Description	Estimated percentage of completion	Expected completion	Land area (sqm)	Gross floor area (sqm)	Group's ownership interest in property (%)
35 Gilstead 35 Gilstead Road, Singapore	70 units freehold residential apartments	98%	Second half of 2024	3,538	4,953	60

Development properties have operating cycles longer than one year and are intended for sale in the Group's normal operating cycle. Accordingly, the development properties are classified as current assets.

The development property at 35 Gilstead is pledged to a financial institution to secure the borrowings granted to the Group as disclosed in Note 16.

Development properties recognised as "cost of sales" during the financial year amounted to \$63,485,000 (2023: \$69,942,000).

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

8 Development properties and development expenditures (cont'd)

(ii) Development expenditures

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
At beginning of the year	2,729	-
Additions	5,053	3,765
Recognised in profit or loss during the year	(7,750)	(1,036)
Exchange differences	5	-
At end of the year	37	2,729

The Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Amcorp Borneo Sdn. Bhd. has a joint development agreement with a related company, Amcorp Sibujaya Sdn Bhd ("landowner") for the development of a piece of land located in Durin Link Road, Sibu, Sarawak, Malaysia ("Block 12 - Phase 1"). Management has assessed that the joint arrangement is a joint operation in accordance with SFRS(I) 11 *Joint Arrangements* in which the Group has joint control and provides the Group with rights to the assets, and obligations to the liabilities, relating to the arrangement.

9 Completed properties and land held for sale

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
At beginning of the year	53,110	58,806
Recognised as an expense in the cost of sales	(105)	(993)
Exchange differences	(1,313)	(1,854)
Transferred from/(to) disposal group held for sale (Note 13)	2,849	(2,849)
Transferred from non-current assets held for sale (Note 13)	814	-
	55,355	53,110
Less: Written down allowance	(9,465)	(7,815)
At end of the year	45,890	45,295

Movements in written down allowance are as follows:

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
At beginning of the year	7,815	9,505
Additions (Note 23)	65	10
Exchange differences	(398)	(548)
	7,482	8,967
Transferred from/(to) disposal group held for sale	1,983	(1,152)
At end of the year	9,465	7,815

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

9 Completed properties and land held for sale (cont'd)

Details of the Group's completed properties and land held for sale are as follows:

Name of Property/location	Description	Tenure	Gross floor area/ land area (sqm)	Group's ownership interest in property (%)
183 Longhaus 183 Upper Thomson Road, Singapore	10 commercial units	Freehold	1,049	100
Third Avenue Jalan Teknokrat 3 Cyberjaya, Selangor, Malaysia	1 unit of residential apartment, 3 commercial units and 1 office block	Freehold	20,930	100
Peach Garden Phu Huu Residential District 9, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam	15 plots of land	Freehold	2,509	65
Strata Office Suites 2-14 Kings Cross Road Potts Point New South Wales 2011, Australia	2 commercial units	Freehold	104	55

The Group writes down its properties to estimated net realisable value, taking into account estimated net realisable values of the properties by reference to comparable properties, location and property market conditions. During the financial year, the Group has written down an amount of \$65,000 (2023: \$10,000) on certain properties.

At the reporting date, the completed property with carrying amount of \$27,431,000 (2023: \$27,431,000) has been pledged to a bank to secure the borrowings granted to the Group, as disclosed in Note 16.

10 Trade receivables

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Third parties	1,516	1,779
Less: Impairment loss on trade receivables [Note 32(b)]	(5)	_
	1,511	1,779

The average credit period given to customers is 14 days (2023: 14 to 30 days). No interest is charged on the outstanding trade receivables.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

11 Other receivables

		Group		
		2024	2023	
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	
Associates	(i)	3	6	
Related parties	(i)	1,113	-	
Third parties	(ii)	3,965	5,212	
Amount due from a former subsidiary	(iii)	1,343	1,347	
Deposits		120	129	
Prepayments		115	130	
Capitalised contract costs	(v)	186	4,307	
		6,845	11,131	
Less: Impairment loss on other receivables [Note 32(b)]		(3,510)	(3,917)	
		3,335	7,214	
		Com	pany	
		2024	2023	
		\$'000	\$'000	
Subsidiaries	(iv)	84,148	89,633	
Third parties		260	172	
Amount due from a former subsidiary	(iii)	1,343	1,347	
Deposits		32	69	
Prepayments		32	59	
		85,815	91,280	
Less: Impairment loss on amount due from subsidiaries [Note 32(b)]		(31,426)	(29,343)	
		54,389	61,937	

(i) The amounts due from associates and related parties are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

(ii) Included in the Group's amount due from third parties is an option money of \$3,374,000 (2023: \$3,374,000) paid for an option to acquire 26 plots of land located in Mukim Klang, Daerah Klang Negeri Selangor, Malaysia from a third party (the "Seller"). The Group has terminated the acquisition as a result of non-compliance of conditions precedent by the Seller and determined that the option money may not be collectible. Accordingly, impairment loss has been provided for on this option money amount since the financial year ended 31 May 2015.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

11 Other receivables (cont'd)

(iii) The Company has completed the disposal of the entire issued share capital in its former subsidiary, TEE Industrial Pte. Ltd ("TEE Industrial") to TEE International Limited ("TEE International") in March 2021. In accordance with the sale and purchase agreement, TEE International agreed to repay or procure the payment of the intra-group outstanding payable due to the Company on completion. The amount due from this former subsidiary is receivable in two tranches.

No impairment loss was recognised during the financial year as management is of the view the full amount is recoverable, after considering the following securities pledged:

- (a) a charge over the share capital of TEE Infrastructure Pte Ltd ("TEE Infrastructure" and, the shares "TEE Infrastructure Shares") and an assignment of intercompany loans; and
- (b) an assignment of sale agreements (including all proceeds arising therefrom) entered or to be entered into by TEE International, TEE Infrastructure and/or TEE Industrial (as the case may be) in respect of shares in G3 Environmental Pte Ltd, shares in PowerSource Philippines Distributed Power Holdings and/or the TEE Infrastructure Shares.
- (iv) The Company's current receivables from subsidiaries net impairment loss amounting to \$52,722,000 (2023: \$60,290,000) are non-trade in nature, interest-free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

In the previous financial year, the Company has reclassified the receivables from subsidiaries of \$24,148,000 and the accumulated impairment losses on these receivables of \$12,053,000 to form part of the Company's net investments in subsidiaries as the settlement of this amount is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future (Note 6).

(v) Capitalised contract costs relate to the deferred sales commission. These costs are amortised to profit or loss under selling and distribution expenses on a basis consistent with the pattern of the recognition of the revenue.

Movements in capitalised contract costs relating to development properties are as follows:

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
At beginning of the year	4,307	4,907
Additions	169	3,278
Amortisation (Note 25)	(4,290)	(4,376)
	186	3,809
Reversal of capitalised contract costs	-	498
At end of the year	186	4,307

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

12 Deposits, cash and bank balances

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Deposits with banks	10,515	6,987
Cash at banks	11,709	12,262
Project accounts		
- Cash at banks	5,459	11,476
As reported in the statements of financial position	27,683	30,725
Less: Pledged deposits	(657)	(577)
As reported in consolidated statement of cash flows	27,026	30,148
	Com	pany
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Deposits with banks	6,437	-
Cash at banks	881	1,885
	7,318	1,885

Deposits with banks bear interest rates ranging from 3.0 % to 3.5% (2023: 2.6% to 3.4%) per annum and mature within 1 to 3 months (2023: 1 to 6 months) from the end of the reporting period.

Project accounts are subject to restrictions under the Housing Developers (Project Account) Rules (1997 Ed) in Singapore and Section 7A of the Housing Development (Control and Licensing) Act, 1966 in Malaysia. Withdrawals from these project accounts are restricted to payments for expenditure incurred until the completion of the Group's development projects.

13 Non-current assets and assets of disposal group classified as held for sale/Liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Non-current assets held for sale	-	821
Assets of a disposal group classified as held for sale	_	5,626
	_	6,447
Liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale		1,753

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

13 Non-current assets and assets of disposal group classified as held for sale/Liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale (cont'd)

Non-current assets held for sale

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
At 1 April	821	928
Sold during the financial year	-	(899)
Exchange differences	(7)	(29)
Reclassified from property, plant and equipment (Note 4)	-	821
Reclassified to completed properties and land held for sale (Note 9)	(814)	_
At 31 March	-	821

In the previous financial year, the Group's 55% owned subsidiary, Potts Point Hospitality Pty Ltd, sold its noncurrent asset, Larmont Hotel and its hotel business, for total sale consideration of approximately \$41,790,000 (AUD45,623,000), net of transaction cost. The gain recognised on the sale recorded was approximately \$10,760,000. The remaining two office units in Larmont Hotel building which were intended to be disposed were reclassified from property, plant and equipment (Note 4) to non-current assets classified as held for sale in accordance with SFRS(I) 5 *Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations*.

During the financial year, the two office units in Larmont Hotel building were reclassified from non-current assets classified as held for sale to completed properties and land held for sale (Note 9).

Disposal group

On 9 March 2023, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Amcorp East Asia Pte. Ltd. ("Amcorp East Asia") entered into a conditional Capital Transfer Agreement ("CTA") with Linh Chau Trading and Investment Joint Stock Company ("Linh Chau Trading") for the transfer of the entire interest in the capital contribution of Viet-TEE Company Limited ("Viet-TEE") held by Amcorp East Asia to Linh Chau Trading for a total cash consideration of approximately \$2,267,000 (VND40,000,000,000). This represents the entire 65% interest held by Amcorp East Asia in Viet-TEE. Correspondingly, the assets and liabilities of the Viet-TEE has been classified as disposal group held for sale in the previous financial year.

The long-stop date of the CTA expired on 15 November 2023 and the disposal group held for sale was reclassified to the respective assets and liabilities of the Group during the financial year.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

13 Non-current assets and assets of disposal group classified as held for sale/Liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale (cont'd)

Disposal group (cont'd)

The assets and liabilities of the disposal group as at 31 March 2023, are as follows:

	\$'000
Assets	
Deposits, cash and bank balances	3,583
Other receivables	1,176
Property, plant and equipment	1
Land held for sale (Note 9)	2,849
Less: Allowance on write down of assets	(1,983)
Assets of the disposal group	5,626
Liabilities	
Trade and other liabilities	48
Contract liabilities (Note 20)	1,688
Income tax payables	17
Liabilities of the disposal group	1,753
Net assets of the disposal group	3,873

14 Share capital

	Group and Company			
	Number of ordinary shares ('000)		\$'000	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Issued and paid up				
At beginning of the year	446,876	446,876	142,238	142,238
lssuance of ordinary shares under employees share award scheme	526	-	63	_
At end of the year	447,402	446,876	142,301	142,238

Fully paid ordinary shares, which have no par value, carry one vote per share and carry a right to dividends as and when declared by the Company.

AMG ESOS

The salient features of the option scheme are set out below:

a) The eligible persons are employees (including Executive Directors) of the Group of such rank as the ESSC may determine, but shall exclude the Group Non-Executive Directors, controlling shareholders and associate of controlling shareholders.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

14 Share capital (cont'd)

AMG ESOS (cont'd)

The salient features of the option scheme are set out below: (cont'd)

- b) The ESSC has the full discretion to grant options at an exercise price of either market price or at a discount to market price (provided that such discount shall not exceed 20% of the market price). Market price shall be determined based on an average of the last dealt prices for the shares on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") for the five consecutive market days immediately preceding the date of the grant of the relevant option.
- c) Options granted at market price may be exercised after the expiry of one year from the date of the grant, whereas options granted at a discount to market price may only be exercised after the expiry of two years from the date of the grant.

Since the commencement of the AMG ESOS, the Company has not granted any options under the AMG ESOS.

AMG ESAS

The salient features of the award scheme are set out below:

- a) The eligible persons are employees (including executive directors) of the Group of such rank as the ESSC may determine, shall exclude the Group Non-Executive Directors, controlling shareholders and associate of controlling shareholders.
- b) An award granted under the AMG ESAS represents the right to receive fully paid shares or the equivalent in cash or a combination of both, free of charge, provided that certain pre-determined performance conditions (if applicable) are satisfied within the performance period (if applicable) during which such performance conditions are to be satisfied.

On 24 January 2024, selected employees of the Group have been granted awards in relation to an aggregate number of 525,710 shares at issue price of \$0.12 per share under the AMG ESAS. The issue price is determined based on the market price of the Company's shares on the date of grant. No employee has received 5% or more of the total number of shares available/delivered pursuant to the grants under the AMG ESAS.

Size of the AMG ESOS and the AMG ESAS

The aggregate number of shares which may be issued or delivered pursuant to options granted under the AMG ESOS and awards granted under the AMG ESAS, together with shares, options or awards granted under any other share scheme of the Company then in force (if any), shall not exceed 15% of the issued share capital of the Company, excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings.

15 Other reserves

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Currency translation reserve	(1,878)	(2,288)
Merger reserve	(6,818)	(5,969)
	(8,696)	(8,257)

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

15 Other reserves (cont'd)

Currency translation reserve

Exchange differences relating to the translation from the functional currencies of the Group's foreign operations into Singapore Dollar are brought to account by recognising those exchange differences in other comprehensive income and accumulating them in a separate component of equity under the header of currency translation reserve.

Merger reserve

Merger reserve represents the difference between the amount of the share capital of the subsidiaries at the date on which they were acquired by the Company and the nominal amount of the share capital issued as consideration for the acquisition using the principles of merger accounting applicable to business combination under common control. During the financial year, \$849,000 from the merger reserve has been transferred to accumulated losses following the deconsolidation of the liquidated subsidiaries.

16 Bank borrowings

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Secured		
Term loans	55,082	68,534
Temporary bridging loan	-	839
Money market loan	20,000	20,000
	75,082	89,373
Less: Amounts due within one year	(75,082)	(20,839)
Non-current portion	-	68,534

The secured borrowings of the Group are secured among others by way of corporate guarantees from the Company and a charge over carrying amount of the assets of the subsidiaries:

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Development properties (Note 8)	2,004	46,074
Contract assets (Note 20)	83,494	31,568
Completed properties and land held for sale (Note 9)	27,431	27,431
	112,929	105,073

The Group's bank borrowings bore weighted average effective interest rates of 5.00% (2023: 4.82%) as at the reporting date.

In the previous financial year, the Group's non-current portion of bank borrowings are floating rate instruments that are repriced to market interest rates on or near the end of the reporting period. Accordingly, the fair value of these borrowings would approximate their carrying amounts at the end of the reporting period.

The term loans will mature in the next financial year and the Group has obtained the extension from the bank to extend the loan to match the expected TOP of the development project.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

17 Lease liabilities

	Group and Company	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Non-current	355	455
Current	100	97
	455	552
Lease liabilities payable to:		
- An associate	334	407
- Third parties	121	145
	455	552

The Group as a lessee

Nature of the Group's leasing activities

The Group leases office premises from an associate and a third party. The leases have tenure of seven years and are classified as leased office premises within property, plant and equipment (Note 4).

The maturity analysis of the lease liabilities is disclosed in Note 32(b).

Amounts recognised in profit or loss

	Group and Company	
	2024 20	
	\$'000	\$'000
Depreciation charge - leased office premises	102	102
Interest expense on lease liabilities	14	16

During the financial year, total cash flow for leases amounted to \$111,000 (2023: \$135,000).

18 Trade payables

	Gro	up
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Third parties	11,461	5,390
GST payables	31	17
Retention sums payable	1,657	2,272
	13,149	7,679

The credit period granted by contractors is 30 days (2023: 30 days). No interest is charged on the outstanding balance.

Retention sums payable are classified as current as they are expected to be repaid within the Group's normal operating cycle.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

19 Other liabilities

		Group		Com	pany
		2024	2023	2024	2023
	Note	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Subsidiaries	(i)	-	-	15,440	18,981
Penultimate holding company	(ii)	-	5,780	-	5,780
Related companies	(iii)	1,886	2,572	-	_
Other payables	(iv)	3,624	1,075	26	161
Accrued expenses		855	1,349	449	452
Accrued interest		368	145	-	_
Option money received from customers		-	22	-	_
Provision for ABSD payable		8,900	-	-	_
Financial guarantee liabilities	(v)	100	100	100	100
	-	15,733	11,043	16,015	25,474

- (i) The amount payable to subsidiaries are non-trade in nature, unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.
- (ii) The amount payable to penultimate holding company is unsecured, non-trade, bore interest rate at Nil (2023: 3.69%) per annum. It was repaid during the financial year.
- (iii) Amount payable to related companies are unsecured, interest-free, non-trade and repayable on demand, except for an amount to a related company of Nil (2023: \$836,000 (MYR2,780,000)) which is subject to interest rate at Nil (2023: 5.60%) per annum. It was repaid during the financial year.
- (iv) Included in other payables is an amount of \$348,000 payable to non-controlling interest of a subsidiary (the "NCI") which is subject to fixed interest rate of 7.0% per annum (2023: Nil). The NCI has the option to convert the amount into ordinary shares of the subsidiary. The option will expire no later than 12 months after the completion of 35 Gilstead. The equity component of this compound financial instrument was determined to be insignificant.
- (v) Financial guarantee liabilities

Movements in the financial guarantee liabilities are as follows:

	Group		Comp	bany
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
At beginning of the year	2,836	2,736	9,231	9,131
Additions	100	100	100	100
At end of the year	2,936	2,836	9,331	9,231
Less: Accumulated amortisation				
At beginning of the year	(2,736)	(2,621)	(9,131)	(9,016)
Charge for the year (Note 22)	(100)	(115)	(100)	(115)
At end of the year	(2,836)	(2,736)	(9,231)	(9,131)
	100	100	100	100

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

19 Other liabilities (cont'd)

(v) Financial guarantee liabilities (cont'd)

Financial guarantee liabilities are the fair value of corporate guarantee on initial recognition provided by the Group and the Company to secure banking facilities of associates, subsidiaries and a former subsidiary respectively. The Group and the Company recorded a deemed financial guarantee income in accordance with SFRS(I) 9 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.* The deemed income is amortised over the period of the guarantees.

20 Contract assets and contract liabilities

Contract assets primarily relate to the Group's right to consideration for work completed but not yet billed at the reporting date for development property units sold. Contract assets are transferred to trade receivables when the rights become unconditional.

Contract liabilities primarily relate to the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to customers for which the Group has received advances from customers for sale of development property units. The advances from customers are based on the billing schedule as established in the contracts. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue as the Group performs under the contract.

		Group	
	2024	2023	1.4.2022
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Trade receivables from contracts with customers	1,511	1,779	3,485
Contract assets	83,494	42,494	11,476
Contract liabilities	(1,583)	-	(2,158)

Contract assets balance increased due to higher unbilled amounts expected to be collected from customers.

Significant changes in the contract assets and the contract liabilities balances during the financial year are as follows:

Group			
Contrac	t assets	Contract l	iabilities
2024	2023	2024	2023
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
-	_	105	644
81,579	77,608	-	-
_	_	-	174
40,579	46,590	-	-
-	_	(1,688)	1,688
	2024 \$'000 _ 81,579 _	Contract assets 2024 2023 \$'000 \$'000 81,579 77,608	Contract assets Contract I 2024 2023 2024 \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 - - 105 81,579 77,608 - - - - 40,579 46,590 -

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

21 Revenue

The group derives its revenue in the following major product lines.

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Sales of properties	81,579	78,285
Hotel operations	-	5,553
Others	176	664
	81,755	84,502

The disaggregation disclosure of the Group's revenue by timing of revenue recognition is as follows:

	Sale prope		Ho opera		Tot	al
	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Timing of revenue recognition						
At a point in time						
- Development properties	-	677	-	-	-	677
- Hotel operations	-	-	-	165	-	165
- Others	176	664	-	_	176	664
Over time						
- Development properties	68,708	75,880	-	-	68,708	75,880
- Development expenditures *	12,871	1,728	-	-	12,871	1,728
- Hotel operations	-	-	-	5,388	-	5,388
	81,755	78,949	-	5,553	81,755	84,502

* Relating to share of revenue from sales of unit by the joint operation mentioned in Note 8 (ii).

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

22 Other operating income/gains

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Amortisation of financial guarantee liabilities (Note 19)	100	115
Gain on disposal of non-current asset held for sale	-	78
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	10,760
Government grants - wages subsidies	3	17
Foreign currency exchange gain	-	26
Interest income	747	433
Management fee income	36	36
Rental income	795	670
Reversal of over accrual of construction costs	-	377
Reversal of impairment loss on capitalised contract cost	-	498
Others	106	170
	1,787	13,180

23 Other operating expenses

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Completed properties and land held for sale written down (Note 9)	65	10
Fair value loss on investment property (Note 5)	374	_
Foreign currency exchange loss	1,652	_
Impairment loss on trade receivables [Note 32(b)]	5	-
Impairment loss on other receivables [Note 32(b)]	-	68
Property, plant and equipment written off	1	-
Allowance on write down of assets	-	831
Under accrual of construction costs	230	_
Provision for ABSD	8,900	-
	11,227	909

24 Finance costs

	Gro	Group	
	2024	2023	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Interest on bank borrowings	4,062	4,293	
Interest on lease liabilities	14	16	
	4,076	4,309	

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

25 (Loss)/profit before tax

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
(Loss)/profit before tax is arrived at after charging:		
Audit fees paid to:		
- Auditor of the Company	148	138
- Other auditors*	20	49
Non-audit fees:		
- Auditor of the Company	26	30
- Other auditors*	19	36
Amortisation of capitalised contract costs (Note 11)	4,290	4,376
Costs of defined contribution plans included in employee benefits expense	186	171
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 4)	175	1,506
Directors' fees		
- Directors of the Company	343	323
- Directors of the subsidiaries	11	30
Employee benefits expense	2,119	3,608
Employees share award scheme	63	-

* Other auditors include independent member firms of Baker Tilly International network.

26 Tax expense

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Income tax		
- Current year	72	794
- (Over)/under provision in prior years	(5)	112
Deferred income tax	-	(12)
	67	894

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

26 Tax expense (cont'd)

The income tax expense on the results of the financial year differs from the amount of income tax determined by applying the Singapore statutory rate of income tax due to the following factors:

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
(Loss)/profit before tax	(15,141)	5,031
Share of results of associates	1,137	605
(Loss)/profit before tax excluding share of results of associates	(14,004)	5,636
Tax calculated at a tax rate of 17% (2023: 17%)	(2,381)	958
Effect of different tax rates in other countries	-	1,314
Expense not deductible for tax purpose	628	252
Income not subject to tax	(65)	(13)
Addition/(utilisation) of deferred tax assets not recognised	1,927	(1,672)
(Over)/under provision in prior years	(5)	112
Others	(37)	(57)
	67	894

Subject to tax conditions prevailing in the respective countries of the subsidiaries and agreement by the respective tax authorities, the Group has unutilised tax losses of approximately \$38,903,000 (2023: \$40,506,000) and other deductible temporary differences of \$27,924,000 (2023: \$14,988,000) which is available for offset against future taxable income of the Group. No deferred tax assets have been recognised in respect of unutilised tax losses and other deductible temporary differences due to unpredictability of future profit streams.

27 (Loss)/earnings per share

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share attributable to the equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

	Group	
	2024	2023
(Loss)/profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company (\$'000)	(15,209)	654
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic and diluted (loss)/ earnings per share computation ('000)	446,974	446,876
Basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share (cents)	(3.40)	0.15

There are no dilutive ordinary shares for financial year ended 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

28 Significant related party transactions

In addition to the information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following transactions took place between the Group and its related parties, who are not members of the Group during the financial year on terms agreed by the parties concerned:

(a) Related companies

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Equity participation in a joint operation	-	(1,564)
Management fees expense	(172)	(151)
Interest income	142	-
Interest expense	(25)	(77)
Travelling expense	(15)	(8)
Insurance expense	(5)	(5)

(b) Associates

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Interest income	28	37
Management fee income	36	36
Payment of lease liability and interest	(83)	(86)

(c) Compensation of directors and key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other members of key management personnel during the financial year were as follows:

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Directors' fees	354	323
Short-term benefits	841	651
Post-employment benefits	49	34
	1,244	1,008

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

29 Other commitments

Operating lease commitments - the Group as lessor

The Group leased out its commercial premises space to third parties for monthly lease payments for term ranging from two to three years. The lease is classified as an operating lease because the risk and rewards incidental to ownership of the assets are not substantially transferred.

The future minimum lease receivables under non-cancellable operating leases contracted for at the reporting date but not recognised as receivables, are as follows:

	Group	
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Not later than one year	870	685
Between one and five years	929	765
	1,799	1,450

30 Contingent liabilities

Corporate guarantees

The Company has provided corporate guarantees to banks for borrowings taken by its subsidiaries, associates and a former subsidiary as at the end of the reporting period. Details and estimates of maximum amounts of contingent liabilities are as follows:

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Subsidiaries	82,777	97,067
Associates	20,839	20,871
Former subsidiary	9,911	10,422
	113,527	128,360

The earliest period that the guarantee could be called is within 3 months (2023: 3 months) from the end of the reporting period. Based on the expectations at the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company consider that it is more likely than not that no amount will be payable under the arrangement as the Group is in view that that there is no indication that the Group will not be able to extend the loan period and/or that the borrowings are secured by properties.

Former subsidiary

To facilitate the completion of the disposal of the former subsidiary, TEE Industrial Pte Ltd ("TEE Industrial") on 24 March 2021 to TEE International Limited ("TEE International"), the Company has, together with TEE International, provided a joint and several corporate guarantee to a bank in respect of the obligations of TEE Industrial owing to the bank under the outstanding mortgage loan in relation to TEE Building. TEE Industrial has also pledged a fixed deposit of \$2,000,000 (2023: \$2,000,000) as security with the bank.

As at 31 March 2024, the principal amount outstanding under the mortgage loan was \$9,911,000 (2023: \$10,422,000).

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

30 Contingent liabilities (cont'd)

Corporate guarantees (cont'd)

On 7 August 2021, TEE International made an announcement that it has filed an application in the General Division of the High Court of the Republic of Singapore for a moratorium under Section 64 of the Insolvency, Restructuring and Dissolution Act 2018 ("the Application"). TEE International shall, on the advice of its advisers, undertake appropriate actions and plans, including a debt restructuring, equity injection, scheme of arrangement and judicial management. However, none of the proposed plans came to fruition.

On 10 January 2024, TEE International received a rejection from the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") for their extension application to submit a proposal for the resumption of trading in its securities. TEE International was officially delisted from SGX-ST on 16 February 2024.

The Group is currently discussing with the shareholders and management of TEE International for the realisation of the charged assets and securities in order to fully repay the mortgage loan and the release of the related corporate guarantee. The mortgage loan which is secured against the underlying TEE Building and other assets continued to be serviced by TEE International.

31 Segment information

The Group's business activities in current financial year are primarily derived from revenues and expenses related to property division. In previous financial year, the Group had disposed its hotel operations in Sydney, Australia. Therefore, the Group's only reportable segment is property division in the current financial year ended 31 March 2024.

The property division segment involves the development and sale of development properties.

Segment revenue represents revenue generated from external customers. Segment profit represents the profit earned by each segment after allocation of central administrative costs and finance costs. Eliminations represent intercompany transactions and dividends which were eliminated in the consolidated financial statements. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

Management monitors the operating results of each of its business unit for the purpose of making decisions on resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment assets and liabilities are presented net of intersegment balances.

No segment information is disclosed for the Group's property division for the year ended 31 March 2024, as the Group operates only within this single reportable segment.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

31 Segment information (cont'd)

The segment information for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 are as follows:

	Property division \$'000	Hotel operations \$'000	Corporate and others* \$'000	Group \$'000
2023				
Segment revenue				
External sales/total revenue	78,949	5,553	-	84,502
Segment results				
Segment results	1,435	10,792	(2,282)	9,945
Share of results of associates	(605)	-	-	(605)
Finance costs	(3,563)	(665)	(81)	(4,309)
(Loss)/profit before tax	(2,733)	10,127	(2,363)	5,031
Tax expense	(116)	(778)	-	(894)
(Loss)/profit for the year	(2,849)	9,349	(2,363)	4,137
(Loss)/profit attributable to:				
Equity holder of the Company	(2,043)	5,060	(2,363)	654
Non-controlling interests	(806)	4,289	-	3,483
(Loss)/profit for the year	(2,849)	9,349	(2,363)	4,137
Segment assets				
Segment assets	176,173	3,059	5,935	185,167
Investment in associates	6,547	-	-	6,547
Total assets	182,720	3,059	5,935	191,714
Segment liabilities				
Segment liabilities	(13,524)	(441)	(7,045)	(21,010)
Bank borrowings	(89,373)	-	-	(89,373)
Income tax payables	(152)	(757)	-	(909)
Total liabilities	(103,049)	(1,198)	(7,045)	(111,292)
Net assets/(liabilities)	79,671	1,861	(1,110)	80,422

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

31 Segment information (cont'd)

The segment information for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 are as follows: (cont'd)

	Property development \$'000	Hotel operations \$'000	Corporate and others* \$'000	Group \$'000
Other segment items				
Completed properties and land held for sale				
written down	10	-	-	10
Impairment loss on other receivables	68	-	-	68
Reversal on capitalised contact costs	(498)	-	-	(498)
Amortisation of capitalised contract costs	4,376	-	-	4,376
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	(10,760)	-	(10,760)
Gain on disposal of asset held for sale	-	(78)	-	(78)
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	11	1,328	167	1,506
Allowance on write down of assets	831	-	-	831
Amortisation of financial guarantee liabilities	-	-	(115)	(115)
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(2)	(139)	(9)	(150)

* Corporate and others refer to expenses incurred by the holding Company and assets/liabilities that are not allocated to any reportable segments.

Geographical information:

Segment revenue is analysed based on the location of customers.

	Reve	Revenue	
	2024	2023	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Singapore	68,706	75,880	
Malaysia	12,873	2,405	
Australia	-	5,553	
Vietnam	176	664	
	81,755	84,502	

Segment non-current assets (excluding investment in associates) are analysed based on the location of those assets.

	Non-curre	Non-current assets	
	2024	2023	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Singapore	569	731	
Malaysia	1	5	
Vietnam	1	1	
Thailand	1,217	1,673	
	1,788	2,410	

Information about major customers:

The Group does not have any single major customer that contributes 10% or more to the Group's revenue.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments

(a) Categories of financial instruments

Financial instruments at their carrying amounts at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Gro	Group		bany
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Financial assets:				
At amortised cost	32,228	40,039	61,675	63,763
At cost	7,362	6,974	5,238	8,495
	39,590	47,013	66,913	72,258
Financial liabilities:				
At amortised cost	95,476	108,649	16,470	26,026

Financial assets consist of deposits, cash and bank balances, trade receivables, other receivables (excluding prepayments and capitalised contract costs) and amount due from associates.

Financial liabilities consist of bank borrowings, trade payables, other liabilities (excluding advance received from customers) and lease liabilities.

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group and the Company are exposed to a variety of financial risks, such as market risk, including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risks. The Group's overall risk management strategy seeks to minimise adverse effects from these financial risks on the Group's performance.

The Group and the Company do not hold or issue any derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

There has been no change to the Group and the Company's exposures to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks.

Foreign exchange risk

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk when the Company or its subsidiaries enter into transactions that are not denominated in their respective functional currencies. The Group's principal foreign currency exposure as at the end of the reporting period related mainly to payables denominated in Australian Dollar ("AUD"). The Group does not speculate in foreign currency derivatives and regards its investments in foreign subsidiaries as not subject to foreign exchange risk. The Group's exposure to foreign currencies in respect of its financial assets and financial liabilities which are not denominated in the functional currency of the Company or its subsidiaries are as follows:

	AUD \$′000
Group and Company 2024	
Deposit, cash and bank balances Other liabilities	6,437 (41) 6,396
2023 Other liabilities	(3,548)

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Foreign exchange risk (cont'd)

Foreign exchange risk sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity of the Group's and Company's (loss)/profit, net of tax to a reasonably possible change in the AUD exchange rates against the respective functional currencies of the Group's entities, with all other variables held constant.

	Increase/(dec	Group and Company Increase/(decrease) (loss)/ profit, net of tax		
	2024	2023		
	\$'000	\$'000		
- Strengthened 5%	265	(147)		
Weakened 5%	(265)	147		

Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to interest rate risk for changes in interest rates primarily for floating rate debt obligations and placements in fixed deposits. The Group finances its operations by a mixture of internal funds and bank borrowings. The interest rate profile of borrowings is regularly reviewed against prevailing and anticipated market interest rates. The interest, repayment and maturity profiles of borrowings are structured after taking into account whether the funds used are for short-term or long-term purposes, the interest rate outlook, the matching cash flows that are used to service the interest and the economic life of the assets or operations being financed.

The maturity profile and weighted average interest rates of financial instruments exposed to interest rate risk are as follows:

	Maturity profile			
	Less than 1 year \$'000	More than 1 year and less than 5 years \$'000	Carrying amount \$'000	Weighted average interest rate %
Group				
2024				
Financial assets:				
- Cash at bank	854	-	854	0.85
- Fixed deposits	10,515	-	10,515	3.93
Financial liabilities:				
- Bank borrowings	75,082	-	75,082	5.00

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Interest rate risk (cont'd)

	Maturi Less than 1 year \$'000	ty profile More than 1 year and less than 5 years \$'000	Carrying amount \$'000	Weighted average interest rate %
2023 Financial assets: - Cash at bank - Fixed deposits	2,368 6,987	-	2,368 6,987	0.59 3.39
Financial liabilities: - Amount due to penultimate holding company - Amount due to a related company - Bank borrowings	5,780 836 20,839	- - 68,534	5,780 836 89,373	3.69 5.60 4.82
Company 2024 Financial assets: - Cash at bank	783	_	783	0.80
2023 Financial assets: - Cash at bank	1,706	-	1,706	0.34
Financial liabilities: - Amount due to penultimate holding company_	5,780	_	5,780	3.69

Interest rate risk sensitivity

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for nonderivative instruments at the end of the reporting period and the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting period in the case of instruments that have floating rates. The sensitivity analysis based on 50 basis point increase or decrease are as follows:

	Group Increase/(decrease)		Company Increase/(decrease)				
	loss, net profit, net of tax of tax						t of tax
	2024	2023	2024	2023			
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000			
Net of tax with all other variables held constant							
- 50 basis points higher	264	(360)	(3)	17			
- 50 basis points lower	(264)	360	3	(17)			

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Credit risk

The Group's principal financial assets are deposit, cash and bank balances, trade and other receivables and loans receivable from associates.

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties as a mean of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade and other receivables and amount due from associates. The Group manages these risks by monitoring credit worthiness and limiting the aggregate exposure to any individual counterparty. The Group does not expect to incur material credit losses on its financial instruments. The amounts presented in the statements of financial position are net of allowance for impairment losses. An allowance for impairment loss is made where there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience, is evidence of a reduction in the recoverability of the cash flows.

At the reporting date, the non-trade amount due from subsidiaries represent a significant portion of the Company's financial assets. Except as disclosed, there is no significant concentration of credit risk for the Company and the Group.

The carrying amount of financial assets and contract assets represent the maximum exposure to credit risk, before taking into account any collateral held.

The following sets out the Group's internal credit evaluation practices and basis for recognition and measurement of expected credit losses ("ECL"):

Description of evaluation of financial assets	Basis for recognition and measurement of ECL
Counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past due amounts	12-month ECL
Contractual payments are more than 30 days past due or where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to indicate that amount is subject to low credit risk	Lifetime ECL - not credit-impaired
Contractual payment is more than 90 days past due or there is evidence of credit impairment and adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate	Lifetime ECL - credit-impaired
There is evidence indicating that the Group has no reasonable expectation of recovery of payments such as when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings	Write-off

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Credit risk (cont'd)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, including historical experience and forward-looking information, such as future economic and industry outlook that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the Group considers the following information when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the financial instrument's external, if available, or internal credit rating;
- significant deterioration in external market indicators of credit risk, e.g. a significant increase in the credit spread, the credit default swap prices for the debtor;
- existing or forecasted adverse change in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligation;
- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Regardless of the evaluation of the above factors, the Group considers that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, based on the Group's historical information of payment trends of its receivables.

The Group also assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if it has a low risk of default; the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term; and adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

For financial guarantee contracts, the date that the Group becomes a party to the irrevocable commitment is considered to be the date of initial recognition for the purposes of assessing the financial instrument for impairment. In assessing whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition of financial guarantee contracts, the Group considers the changes in the risk that the specified debtor will default on the contract.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Credit risk (cont'd)

Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable.

- when there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred such as evidence that the borrower is in significant financial difficulty, there is a breach of contract such as default or past due event; there is information that it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

Estimation techniques and significant assumptions

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current financial year for recognition and measurement of credit loss allowances.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking into account any collateral held, comprises the sum of the carrying amounts of financial assets presented on the statement of financial position and the amount of \$113,527,000 (2023: \$128,360,000) relating to corporate guarantees given by the Company to bank borrowings of the subsidiaries, associates and the former subsidiary (Note 30).

The Group and the Company provide corporate guarantees to banks for borrowings taken by its subsidiaries, associates and a former subsidiary as at the end of the reporting period (Note 30), and hold collateral against the amount due from a former subsidiary of \$1,343,000 (2023:\$1,347,000) (Note 11) and other receivables of \$238,000 (2023: \$172,000) (Note 11).

Estimates of the fair value are based on the value of collateral at the time of lending and generally are not updated except when the loan is individually assessed as impaired.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Credit risk (cont'd)

Movements in credit loss allowance of financial assets at amortised cost are as follows:

_

	Trade receivables (Note 10) \$'000	Other receivables (Note 11) \$'000	Amount due from associates (Note 7) \$'000
Group At 1 April 2023	-	3,917	3,807
Loss allowance measured: - Lifetime ECL credit-impaired	5	_	-
Written off of allowance	-	(398)	-
Exchange translation	-	(9)	-
At 31 March 2024	5	3,510	3,807
At 1 April 2022 Loss allowance measured:	-	3,873	3,807
- Lifetime ECL credit-impaired	-	68	-
Exchange translation		(24)	_
At 31 March 2023		3,917	3,807
		Non-current - amount due from subsidiaries (Note 6) \$'000	Current - amount due from subsidiaries (Note 11) \$'000
Company At 1 April 2023 Loss allowance measured:		15,653	29,343
- Lifetime ECL significant increase in credit risk At 31 March 2024		2,978 18,631	2,083
At 1 April 2022 Loss allowance measured:			47,790
- Lifetime ECL significant increase in credit risk		3,600	2,399
Transfer of allowance		12,053	(12,053)
Written off of allowance		-	(5,053)
Reversal of allowance		-	(3,740)
At 31 March 2023		15,653	29,343

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Credit risk (cont'd)

The credit loss for cash and cash equivalents and other receivables is immaterial as at 31 March 2024 and 31 March 2023.

Trade receivables and contract assets

The Group has applied the simplified approach to provide for impairment for ECLs prescribed by SFRS(I) 9 *Financial Instruments*, which permits the use of the lifetime expected credit loss for impairment of all contract assets and trade receivables. To measure the ECLs, contract assets and trade receivables have been grouped based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due.

The ECL on trade receivables are estimated by reference to payment history, current financial situation of the debtor and an assessment of the current and future wider economic conditions and outlook for the industry in which the debtor operates at the reporting date.

For sales of development properties, the Group is contractually entitled to forfeit a fixed percentage of the purchase price received from the customer and repossess the sold property for resale. The credit loss risk in respect of contract assets is mitigated by these financial safeguards. Credit risk in respect of trade receivables related to property leasing is deemed to be low with security deposits received from tenants.

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current financial year.

At the reporting date, the maximum exposure to credit risk for trade receivables and contract assets by geographical region was as follows:

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Singapore	85,005	43,340
Australia	-	54
Malaysia	-	879
	85,005	44,273

At the reporting date, the maximum exposure to credit risk for trade receivables and contract assets by business segment was as follows:

	2024 \$'000	2023 \$'000
Property development Hotel operations	85,005 -	44,219 54
	85,005	44,273

A trade receivable is written off when there is information indicating that there is no realistic prospect of recovery from the debtor such as when the debtor has been placed under liquidation, has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, cannot be located or are not recoverable despite legal recourse made to recover the debt, including reminders and letters of demand issued for debts due for more than 12 months.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Credit risk (cont'd)

Amount due from associates

The Group applies the general approach for expected credit loss model to measure the loss allowance on amount due from associates. The Group has taken into account the historical default experience, current conditions and forecast of future business prospect of the associates, as appropriate, for example the Group has considered the financial position, projects undertaken by the associates and cash flow projection, as well as equity interests, undistributed accumulated profits in these associates and expected future earnings that would be distributed by the associates. The Group has recognised accumulated impairment loss on amount due from associates amounted to \$3,807,000 (2023: \$3,807,000) (Note 7).

Non-trade receivables from subsidiaries

The Company applies the SFRS(I) 9 *Financial Instruments* general approach for measuring expected credit losses for its non-trade receivables from subsidiaries.

The Company has non-trade receivables from its subsidiaries of \$56,675,000 (2023: \$67,221,000) for the purpose of satisfying their funding requirements. The Company has recognised an impairment loss of \$5,061,000 (2023: \$2,399,000) during the financial year, based on the financial position of the subsidiaries and the outlook of the real estate market in which the subsidiaries operate in.

For the remaining non-trade receivables from subsidiaries amounting to \$1,285,000 (2023: \$1,564,000), the Company assessed the latest performance and financial position of the subsidiaries, and concluded that there has been no significant increase in the credit risk since the initial recognition of the financial assets. Accordingly, the Company measured the impairment loss allowance using 12-month ECL and determined that the ECL is insignificant.

Other financial assets at amortised cost

Other financial assets at amortised costs include other receivables and deposits, cash and bank balances.

Loss allowance for other receivables is measured using 12-months ECL. The ECL on other receivables are estimated by reference to track records of the counterparties, the business and financial conditions where information is available and knowledge of any events or circumstances impeding recovery of the amounts.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Credit risk (cont'd)

Other financial assets at amortised cost (cont'd)

The table below detailed the credit quality of the Group's and the Company's financial assets, as well as maximum exposure to credit risk:

Group	12-month or lifetime ECL	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Net carrying amount
2024		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Trade receivables (Note 10)	Lifetime - simplified approach	1,516	(5)	1,511
Amount due from associates (Note 7)	Lifetime - credit-impaired	189	(48)	141
	Lifetime - significant increase in credit risk	10,980	(3,759)	7,221
Other receivables (Note 11)	12-month ECL	2,579	-	2,579
	Lifetime - credit impaired	3,965	(3,510)	455
Deposits, cash and bank balances (Note 12)	N.A. Exposure limited	27,683	-	27,683
2023				
Trade receivables (Note 10)	Lifetime - simplified approach	1,779	-	1,779
Amount due from	Lifetime - credit-impaired	189	(48)	141
associates (Note 7)	Lifetime - significant increase in credit risk	10,592	(3,759)	6,833
Other receivables (Note 11)	12-month ECL	1,258	-	1,258
	Lifetime - credit impaired	5,436	(3,917)	1,519
Deposits, cash and bank balances (Note 12)	N.A. Exposure limited	30,725	-	30,725

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Credit risk (cont'd)

Other financial assets at amortised cost (cont'd)

Company	12-month or lifetime ECL	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Net carrying amount
2024		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Amount due from subsidiaries (Note 6)	Lifetime - significant increase in credit risk	22,584	(18,631)	3,953
	12-month ECL	1,285	-	1,285
Amounts due from subsidiaries (Note 11)	Lifetime - significant increase in credit risk	84,148	(31,426)	52,722
Deposits (Note 11)	12-month ECL	32	-	32
Amount due from a former subsidiary (Note 11)	Lifetime - significant increase in credit risk	1,343	-	1,343
Amounts due from third parties (Note 11)	Lifetime - significant increase in credit risk	260	-	260
Deposits, cash and bank balances (Note 12)	N.A. Exposure limited	7,318	-	7,318
2023				
Amount due from subsidiaries (Note 6)	Lifetime - significant increase in credit risk	22,584	(15,653)	6,931
	12-month ECL	1,564	-	1,564
Amounts due from subsidiaries (Note 11)	Lifetime - significant increase in credit risk	89,633	(29,343)	60,290
Deposits (Note 11)	12-month ECL	69	_	69
Amount due from a former subsidiary (Note 11)	Lifetime - significant increase in credit risk	1,347	_	1,347
Amounts due from third parties (Note 11)	Lifetime - significant increase in credit risk	172	-	172
Deposits, cash and bank balances (Note 12)	N.A. Exposure limited	1,885	-	1,885

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Credit risk (cont'd)

Other financial assets at amortised cost (cont'd)

The Group's and the Company's other receivables comprise 2 debtors and 2 debtors (2023: 2 debtors and 5 debtors) respectively that individually represented more than 10% of the other receivables.

Financial guarantees

The Company issued financial guarantees to banks for borrowings of its subsidiaries, associates and the former subsidiary. These guarantees are subject to the impairment requirements of SFRS(I) 9 *Financial Instruments*. The directors do not expect credit loss exposure arising from these guarantees on the basis that the borrowings were secured as disclosed in Notes 6, 7 and 30.

Liquidity and cash flow risks

As disclosed in Note 16, the Group's total bank borrowings amounted to \$75,082,000 (2023: \$89,373,000) as at 31 March 2024, of which the total amount of \$75,082,000 (2023: \$20,839,000) is due within 12 months from the end of the reporting period of the financial statements.

Included in the bank borrowings due within the next 12 months is a Money Market Loan ("MML") of \$20,000,000 fully secured against one of the Group's completed commercial properties. This loan was structured as a MML with one to six months repayment/rollover for flexibility reason as these are completed properties. As the loan is fully secured with a reasonable loan-to-valuation percentage, management do not expect the loan to be recalled within the next 12 months.

Also included in the bank borrowings due within the next 12 months is a short-term loan of \$55,082,000 fully secured against one of the development projects. The loan is expected to be fully repaid within the next 12 months.

Taking into consideration of the above items, the Group's cash and bank balance and a forecast of its cash flows, the Group has adequate financial resources to meet its current payment obligations as and when they fall due.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Liquidity and cash flow risks (cont'd)

Non-derivative financial liabilities (cont'd)

The following tables detailed the remaining contractual maturity for non-derivative financial liabilities. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Group and the Company can be required to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

	On demand or within 1 year \$'000	Within 2 to 5 years \$'000	Above 5 years \$'000	Total \$'000
Group				
2024				
Non-interest bearing	24,968	-	-	24,968
Interest bearing	395	-	-	395
Lease liabilities	111	372	-	483
Bank borrowings	76,164	-	-	76,164
	101,638	372	-	102,010
Financial guarantee liabilities*	30,750	-	-	30,750
	132,388	372	-	132,760
2023				
Non-interest bearing	12,108	_	_	12,108
Interest bearing	6,641	_	_	6,641
Lease liabilities	112	447	35	594
Bank borrowings	30,209	68,809	_	99,018
	49,070	69,256	35	118,361
Financial guarantee liabilities*	31,293	_	_	31,293
	80,363	69,256	35	149,654

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

32 Financial instruments (cont'd)

(b) Financial risk management objectives and policies (cont'd)

Liquidity and cash flow risks (cont'd)

Non-derivative financial liabilities (cont'd)

	On demand or within 1 year \$'000	Within 2 to 5 years \$'000	Above 5 years \$'000	Total \$'000
Company				
2024				
Non-interest bearing	16,015	-	-	16,015
Lease liabilities	111	372	-	483
	16,126	372	-	16,498
Financial guarantee liabilities*	113,527	-	-	113,527
	129,653	372	-	130,025
2023				
Non-interest bearing	19,694	_	_	19,694
Interest bearing	5,799	_	_	5,799
Lease liabilities	111	447	36	594
	25,604	447	36	26,087
Financial guarantee liabilities*	128,360	-	-	128,360
	153,964	447	36	154,447

* At the end of the reporting period, the maximum exposure of the Company in respect of the subsidiaries, associates and a former subsidiary's financial guarantee based on facilities drawn down by the subsidiaries, associates and the former subsidiary are \$82,777,000 (2023: \$97,067,000), \$20,839,000 (2023: \$20,871,000) and \$9,911,000 (2023: \$10,422,000) respectively (Note 30). The Company does not consider it probable that a claim will be made against the Company under the financial guarantee provided to the subsidiaries, associates and former subsidiary.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

33 Fair value of assets and liabilities

(a) Fair value hierarchy

The Group and the Company classify fair value measurement using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- (i) Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- (ii) Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- (iii) Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(b) Fair value measurements of assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value

The following table presents the level of fair value hierarchy for each class of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on the statement of financial position at the end of the reporting period:

	Level 1 \$'000	Level 2 \$'000	Level 3 \$'000	Total \$'000
Group				
2024				
Non-financial assets				
Investment properties		-	1,217	1,217
2023				
Non-financial assets				
Investment properties	-	-	1,673	1,673

(c) Fair value of financial instruments by classes that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value

The carrying amounts of these financial assets and financial liabilities (excluding lease liabilities) are reasonable approximation of fair values, either due to their short-term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates on or near the end of the reporting period and where the effect of discounting is immaterial.

Amounts due from subsidiaries and associates as disclosed in Notes 6 and 7 do not have fixed repayment terms and fair values are not determinable with sufficient reliability as the timing of future cash flows cannot be estimated reliably. Accordingly, these loans are carried at cost.

(d) Investment properties

Management is responsible for selecting and engaging valuation experts that possess the relevant credentials and knowledge for the valuation of the investment properties. The professional valuer holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the location and category of the investment properties being valued.

For valuation performed by the professional valuer, management reviews the appropriateness of the valuation methodologies and assumptions adopted. In determining the fair value of the investment properties, the valuation of the investment properties is based on direct comparison method and approved price for one of the units in arriving at the open market value at the end of the reporting period.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024

34 Capital management

The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as a going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders through the optimisation of the debt and equity balances, and to ensure that all externally imposed capital requirements are complied with.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt, which includes the borrowings and other liabilities disclosed in Notes 16 and 19 and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising of share capital, reserves and accumulated losses. The Group is required to maintain the required gearing in order to comply with covenants in loan agreements with banks and financial institutions.

Management also ensures that the Group maintains certain security ratios of outstanding term loans over the value of the properties in order to comply with the loan covenants imposed by banks and financial institutions.

The Group monitors capital using debt ratio as follows:

	Gro	oup
	2024	2023
	\$'000	\$'000
Total assets	171,323	191,714
Total debt	75,430	95,989
Total equity	65,120	80,422
Total debt-to-total assets ratio (times)	0.44	0.50
Total debt-to-total equity ratio (times)	1.16	1.19

The Group's overall strategy including its objective, policies and processes with regards to capital risk management remains unchanged from prior year.

35 Subsequent events

The Group's proposed acquisition of 100% of the equity stake in Amcorp Baker Street Pte. Ltd. ("Amcorp Baker") and the inter-company loan for a consideration of £2,590,000 (equivalent of \$4,421,389) subject to adjustments, was approved by the shareholders during the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 18 April 2024. Amcorp Baker owns 50% of the equity stake in 126 Baker Street Limited which in turn owns a mixed-use development building located at 126 -134 Baker Street, London W1U 6UE. The completion of the acquisition is now pending the approval of the financier for the change in shareholders and is expected to be completed by August 2024. Accordingly, the Long-Stop Date has been extended for a period of three months from 8 June 2024 to 8 September 2024.

36 Authorisation of financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors dated 28 June 2024.

STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

As at 14 June 2024

Issued and Paid-up Share Capital Number of Issued and Paid-up Shares Class of Shares Voting Rights Number and Percentage of Treasury Shares and Subsidiary Holdings Held

\$145,132,085.20
 447,401,710
 Ordinary Shares
 One Vote per Ordinary Share
 Nil

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS

Size of Shareholdings	No. of Shareholders	%	No. of Shares	% of Issued Share Capital
1 - 99	187	17.67	5,384	0.00
100 - 1,000	328	31.00	138,835	0.03
1,001 - 10,000	373	35.26	1,626,881	0.36
10,001 - 1,000,000	161	15.22	8,586,150	1.92
1,000,001 and above	9	0.85	437,044,460	97.69
Total	1,058	100.00	447,401,710	100.00

TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

No.	Name of Shareholder	No. of Shares	% of Issued Share Capital
1	RHB Bank Nominees Pte Ltd	378,933,268	84.70
2	OCBC Securities Private Ltd	22,614,732	5.05
3	Amcorp Supreme Pte. Ltd.	12,120,459	2.71
4	UOB Kay Hian Pte Ltd	11,181,066	2.50
5	Gan Poh San	6,302,000	1.41
6	Phillip Securities Pte Ltd	1,753,267	0.39
7	Goh Bee Lan	1,594,300	0.36
8	Tan Su Kiok or Sia Li Wei Jolie (She Liwei Jolie)	1,297,866	0.29
9	DBS Nominees Pte Ltd	1,247,502	0.28
10	Tjendri Anastasia	840,000	0.19
11	Yahaya Bin Ismail	531,900	0.12
12	Lai Yon Chau	301,600	0.07
13	Ong Vincent	228,400	0.05
14	Peh Soon Li	200,000	0.04
15	Chia Kwai Lin	190,000	0.04
16	United Overseas Bank Nominees Pte Ltd	162,844	0.04
17	Goh Teck Poo	150,000	0.03
18	Ng Kok Meng	130,000	0.03
19	Estate Of Lim See Heng, Deceased	129,000	0.03
20	Ko Lee Meng	121,133	0.02
Tota	-	440,029,337	98.35

STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

As at 14 June 2024

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

(As recorded in the Register of Substantial Shareholders as at 14 June 2024)

		Numb	er of Shares	
Name	Direct Interest	%	Deemed Interest	%
Amcorp Supreme Pte. Ltd. ⁽¹⁾	391,053,727	87.4	-	_
Amcorp Group Berhad ⁽²⁾	_	-	391,053,727	87.4
Clear Goal Sdn Bhd ⁽²⁾	_	-	391,053,727	87.4
Tan Sri Azman Hashim ⁽²⁾	-	-	391,053,727	87.4

Notes:

- (1) 378,933,268 Shares owned by Amcorp Supreme Pte. Ltd. are held under a nominee account with RHB Bank Nominees Pte Ltd.
- (2) Amcorp Supreme Pte. Ltd. ("Amcorp Supreme") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Amcorp Group Berhad ("Amcorp Group"), which is in turn a wholly-owned subsidiary of Clear Goal Sdn Bhd ("Clear Goal"). Tan Sri Azman Hashim has a controlling interest in Clear Goal. By virtue of Section 4 of the Securities and Futures Act 2001, Amcorp Group, Clear Goal and Tan Sri Azman Hashim are deemed to be interested in the Shares in which Amcorp Supreme has a direct interest.

PERCENTAGE OF SHAREHOLDING IN PUBLIC'S HANDS

As at 14 June 2024, approximately 12.2% of the Company's shares are held in the hands of the public. Accordingly, the Company has complied with Rule 723 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting ("**Meeting**") of Amcorp Global Limited (the "**Company**") will be held at Novotel Singapore on Kitchener, Jade Room, Level 3, 181 Kitchener Road, Singapore 208533 on 24 July 2024, Wednesday, at 3.00 p.m. for the following purposes:

(A) ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Statement and the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2024 together with the Auditors' Report thereon. (Resolution 1)
- 2. To re-elect the following Directors retiring by rotation pursuant to Regulation 89 of the Company's Constitution.

Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican Mr. Tay Beng Chai (Resolution 2) (Resolution 3)

Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican will, upon re-election as a Director, remain as an Independent Non-Executive Director, the Chairman of the Audit Committee, as well as a member of the Nominating and Remuneration Committee. Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican will be considered independent for the purpose of Rule 704(8) of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") listing manual ("SGX-ST Listing Manual"). There are no relationships (including immediate family relationships) between Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican and the other Directors, the Company, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders or its officers which may affect his independence.

Mr. Tay Beng Chai will, upon re-election as a Director, remain as an Independent Non-Executive Director, the Chairman of the Nominating and Remuneration Committee, as well as a member of the Audit Committee. Mr. Tay Beng Chai will be considered independent for the purpose of Rule 704(8) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual. There are no relationships (including immediate family relationships) between Mr. Tay Beng Chai and the other Directors, the Company, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders or its officers which may affect his independence.

- 3. To approve the payment of Directors' emoluments of up to S\$343,000/- for the financial year ending 31 March 2025, to be paid in arrears (FY2024: up to S\$343,000/-). (Resolution 4)
- 4. To re-appoint Messrs Baker Tilly TFW LLP as the Company's Auditors and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. (Resolution 5)
- 5. To transact any other ordinary business which may be properly transacted at an Annual General Meeting.

(B) SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions, with or without any modifications:

6. **Authority to issue shares**

That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act 1967, and Rule 806 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, the Directors of the Company be authorised and empowered to:

- (a) (i) issue shares in the Company ("**Shares**") whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or
 - (ii) make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "**Instruments**") that might or would require Shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) options, warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible into Shares,

at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors of the Company may in their absolute discretion deem fit; and

(b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by this Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue Shares in pursuance of any Instruments made or granted by the Directors of the Company while this Resolution was in force,

provided that:

- (1) the aggregate number of Shares (including Shares to be issued in pursuance of the Instruments, made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) to be issued pursuant to this Resolution shall not exceed 50% of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) in the capital of the Company (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) below), of which the aggregate number of Shares to be issued other than on a pro rata basis to shareholders of the Company shall not exceed 20% of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) in the capital of the Company (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) below);
- (2) (subject to such manner of calculation as may be prescribed by the SGX-ST) for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of Shares that may be issued under sub-paragraph (1) above, the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) shall be based on the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) in the capital of the Company at the time of the passing of this Resolution, after adjusting for:
 - (a) new Shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities;
 - (b) new Shares arising from the exercise of share options or vesting of share awards which are outstanding or subsisting at the time of the passing of this Resolution; and
 - (c) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of Shares;
- (3) in exercising the authority conferred by this Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the SGX-ST Listing Manual for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST) and the Constitution of the Company; and
- (4) unless revoked or varied by the Company in a general meeting, such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is earlier.
 [See Explanatory Note (i)] (Resolution 6)

7. Renewal of the Share Buy-Back Mandate

That:

- (a) for the purposes of Sections 76C and 76E of Companies Act 1967 (the "Act"), the exercise by the Directors of the Company of all the powers of the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire issued ordinary shares in the capital of the Company ("Shares") not exceeding in aggregate the Maximum Limit (as hereafter defined), at such price or prices as may be determined by the Directors of the Company from time to time up to the Maximum Price (as hereafter defined), whether by way of:
 - (i) on-market purchases through the SGX-ST's ready market or, as the case may be, any other stock exchange on which the Shares may for the time being be listed and quoted, through one or more duly licensed stockbrokers appointed by the Company for the purpose (the "On-Market Share Buy-Back"); and/or
 - (ii) off-market purchases (if effected otherwise than on the SGX-ST) in accordance with any equal access scheme(s) as defined in Section 76C of the Act as may be determined or formulated by the Directors as they may consider fit and in the best interests of the Company, which scheme(s) shall satisfy all the conditions prescribed by the Act and the SGX-ST Listing Manual (the "Off-Market Share Buy-Back"),

and otherwise in accordance with all other laws, regulations and rules of the SGX-ST, as may for the time being be applicable, be and is hereby authorised and approved generally and unconditionally (the **"Share Buy-Back Mandate**");

- (b) unless varied or revoked by the Company in a general meeting, the authority conferred on the Directors of the Company pursuant to the Share Buy-Back Mandate may be exercised by the Directors of the Company at any time and from time to time during the period commencing from the passing of this Resolution and expiring on the earliest of:
 - (i) the date on which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is held or required by law to be held or;
 - (ii) the date on which the Share Buy-Backs are carried out to the full extent mandated; or
 - (iii) the date on which the authority contained by the Share Buy-Back Mandate is revoked or varied by the shareholders in a general meeting;
- (c) in this Resolution:

"Maximum Limit" means the number of Shares representing not more than ten per cent (10%) of the total issued ordinary shares of the Company ascertained as at the date of the passing of this Resolution unless the Company has effected a reduction of the share capital of the Company in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Act at any time during the Relevant Period (as defined hereinafter), in which event the total number of Shares shall be taken to be the amount of the total number of Shares as altered (excluding any treasury shares and subsidiary holdings that may be held by the Company from time to time);

"**Relevant Period**" means the period commencing from the date on which the last Annual General Meeting of the Company was held and expiring on the date the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is held or is required by law to be held, whichever is earlier, or until it is varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting, after the date of the passing of this Resolution; and

"**Maximum Price**" in relation to a Share to be purchased, means the purchase price (excluding brokerage, stamp duties, applicable goods and services tax and other related expenses) not exceeding:

- (i) in the case of an On-Market Share Buy-Back, 105% of the Average Closing Price of the Shares; and
- (ii) in the case of an Off-Market Share Buy-Back, 120% of the Average Closing Price of the Shares,

where:

"Average Closing Price" means the average of the closing market prices of a Share over the last five (5) Market Days on which the Shares were transacted on the SGX-ST immediately preceding the day of the On-Market Share Buy-Back or, as the case may be, the day of the making of the offer pursuant to an Off-Market Share Buy-Back, and as deemed to be adjusted for any corporate action that occurs after the relevant 5-Market Day period;

"Market Day" means a day on which the SGX-ST is open for trading in securities; and

the Directors of the Company and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do (d) all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) as they and/he may consider expedient or necessary or in the interests of the Company to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this resolution. [See Explanatory Note (ii)]

(Resolution 7)

By Order of the Board

Ting Siew Yong Lai Foon Kuen

Company Secretaries Singapore, 9 July 2024

Explanatory Notes on Resolutions to be passed:

Ordinary Resolution 6, if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company, effective until the conclusion of the next (i) Annual General Meeting of the Company, or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held or such authority is varied or revoked by the Company in a general meeting, whichever is the earlier, to issue Shares, make or grant Instruments convertible into Shares and to issue Shares pursuant to such Instruments, up to a number not exceeding, in total, 50% of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) in the capital of the Company, of which up to 20% may be issued other than on a pro rata basis to shareholders.

For determining the aggregate number of Shares that may be issued, the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) will be calculated based on the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) in the capital of the Company at the time this Ordinary Resolution is passed, after adjusting for new Shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities or share options or vesting of share awards which are outstanding or subsisting at the time when this Ordinary Resolution is passed, and any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of Shares.

Ordinary Resolution 7, if passed, will empower the Directors, from the date of this Meeting until the next Annual General (ii) Meeting is held or is required by law to be held, or until it is varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting, whichever is earlier, to purchase or otherwise acquire issued ordinary Shares of the Company by way of On-Market Share Buy-Back or Off-Market Share Buy-Back of up to the Maximum Limit at the Maximum Price in accordance with the terms and conditions set out in the Appendix A to this Notice of Annual General Meeting, the Act and the SGX-ST Listing Manual. Please refer to the Appendix A to this Notice of Annual General Meeting for more details.

Notes:

1. The Meeting will be held in a wholly physical format. There will be no option for shareholders to participate virtually.

Printed copies of this Notice and Proxy Form will be sent to members and the Notice and Proxy Form are also available to members on the SGX website at https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements and the Company's corporate website at www.amcorpglobal.com.

Shareholders who wish to receive a printed copy of the Annual Report 2024 and/or Appendix A - Proposed Renewal of the Share Buy-Back Mandate may do so by completing the Request Form and send to the Company no later than 16 July 2024.

Register in person to attend the Meeting

2. Pre-registration is not required. Shareholders, please bring along your NRIC/passport to enable the Company to verify your identity. Live voting by poll will be conducted during the Meeting for shareholders and proxy(ies) attending the Meeting.

Submission of questions

3. Shareholders may also submit questions related to the resolutions to be tabled for approval at the Meeting.

All questions together with shareholders' full names, identification numbers, contact numbers and email addresses and manner in which they hold shares in the Company, must be submitted <u>no later than 3.00 p.m. on 16 July 2024</u> via email: ir.amcorpglobal@amcorpgroup.co.

The Company will endeavour to address all substantial and relevant questions relating to the resolutions to be tabled at the Meeting, by publishing the Company's responses to such questions on SGX website and on the Company's corporate website by 19 July 2024. Any subsequent clarifications sought, or follow-up questions, or substantial and relevant questions received after the cut-off date will be consolidated and addressed at the Meeting.

Voting by Proxy

- 4. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at a meeting of the Company is entitled to appoint not more than two proxies to attend and vote in his/her stead. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 5. Where a member appoints two proxies, the member shall specify the proportion of his/her Shares to be represented by each proxy. Completion and return of this instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting at the Meeting. Any appointment of a proxy or proxies shall be deemed to be revoked if a member attends the Meeting in person, and in such event, the Company reserves the right to refuse to admit any person or persons appointed under the instrument of proxy to the Meeting.
- 6. Investors whose Shares are held with relevant intermediaries under Section 181(1C) of the Companies Act 1967, such as CPF and SRS investors, who wish to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, should approach their respective intermediaries such as CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their votes at least seven (7) working days prior to the date of the Meeting.
- 7. A member can appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy but this is not mandatory. If a member wishes to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, such member (whether individual or corporate) must give specific instructions as to voting for, voting against, or abstentions from voting on, each resolution in the instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy. If no specific direction as to voting is given or in the event of any other matter arising at the Meeting and at any adjournment thereof, the Chairman of the Meeting will vote or abstain from voting at his discretion.
- 8. The Proxy Form must be deposited through any one of the following means: (a) by depositing a physical copy at the registered office of the Company at 11 Sam Leong Road, #03-06, TRIO, Singapore 207903; or (b) by sending a scanned PDF copy by email to main@zicoholdings.com, in either case, not less than 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the Meeting, i.e. by 3.00 p.m. on 21 July 2024, and failing which, the Proxy Form will not be treated as valid.
- 9. If the member is a corporation, the instrument appointing the proxy must be under seal or the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised.

Personal data privacy:

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy/proxies and/or representative(s) to attend, speak and vote at the Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents or its service providers) for the purpose of the processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or its service providers) of proxies and representatives appointed for the Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the Meeting (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines, and (ii) agrees that the member will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of warranty.

Photographic, sound and/or video recordings of the Meeting may be made by the Company for record keeping and to ensure the accuracy of the minutes prepared of the Meeting. Accordingly, the personal data of a member of the Company (such as his name) may be recorded by the Company for such purpose.

AMCORP GLOBAL LIMITED

(Company Registration No. 201230851R) (Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore)

PROXY FORM

IMPORTANT:

- Relevant intermediaries as defined in Section 181 of the Companies Act 1967, may appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting.
- This Proxy Form is not valid for use by CPF/SRS investors and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes if used or purported to be used by them. CPF/SRS investors who wish to vote should contact their respective Agent Banks/SRS Operators.

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s), the member accepts and agrees to the personal data privacy terms set out in the Company's Notice of Annual General Meeting dated 9 July 2024.

*I/We,	(Name)	(NRIC/Passport/Registration No.)
of		(Address)
being a member/members of AMCORP GLOBAI	L LIMITED (the "Co	mpany "), hereby appoint:

Name	NRIC / Passport No.	Proportion of	Proportion of Shareholdings		
		No. of Shares	%		
Address					
and/or*					

Name	NRIC / Passport No.	Proportion of	Shareholdings
		No. of Shares	%
Address			

or failing him/her, the Chairman of the meeting as *my/our *proxy/proxies to attend, speak and vote for *me/us on *my/our behalf at the Annual General Meeting (the "**Meeting**") of the Company to be held at Novotel Singapore on Kitchener, Jade Room, Level 3, 181 Kitchener Road, Singapore 208533 on 24 July 2024, Wednesday, at 3.00 p.m. and at any adjournment thereof. *I/We direct *my/our *proxy/proxies to vote for or against, or to abstain from voting on, the Resolutions to be proposed at the Meeting as indicated hereunder.

No.	Resolutions	For [#]	Against [#]	Abstain [#]
(A) O	RDINARY BUSINESS			
1.	Directors' Statement and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2024			
2.	Re-election of Mr. Kamil Ahmad Merican as a Director			
3.	Re-election of Mr. Tay Beng Chai as a Director			
4.	Approval of Directors' emoluments of up to S\$343,000/- for the financial year ending 31 March 2025			
5.	Re-appointment of Baker Tilly TFW LLP as Auditors			
(B) SI	PECIAL BUSINESS			
6.	Authority to issue shares			
7.	Renewal of Share Buy-Back Mandate			

*Delete accordingly

*Voting will be conducted by poll. If you wish to exercise all your votes "For", "Against" or "Abstain" the relevant Resolution, please tick [\checkmark] within the relevant box provided. Alternatively, please indicate the number of votes "For", "Against" or "Abstain" in each Resolution.

Dated this _____ day of _____ 2024

Total number of Shares in:	No. of Shares
(a) CDP Register	
(b) Register of Members	

Signature of Shareholder(s)/ and Common Seal of Corporate Shareholder

Important: Please read the notes on the overleaf.

Notes:

- 1. Please insert the total number of Shares held by you. If you have Shares entered against your name in the Depository Register (as defined in Section 81SF of the Securities and Futures Act 2001), you should insert that number of Shares. If you have Shares registered in your name in the Register of Members, you should insert that number of Shares. If you have Shares entered against your name in the Depository Register and Shares registered in your name in the Register of Members, you should insert the aggregate number of Shares entered against your name in the Depository Register and registered in your name in the Register of Members. If no number is inserted, the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies shall be deemed to relate to all the Shares held by you.
- 2. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint not more than two proxies to attend and vote in his/her stead. Where a member of the Company appoints more than one proxy, that member shall specify the proportion of his/her shareholding to be represented by each proxy and if the proportion is not specified, the first named proxy shall be deemed to represent 100 per cent. of the shareholding of that member and the second named proxy shall be deemed to the first named proxy.
- 3. A member who is a relevant intermediary entitled to attend the Meeting and vote is entitled to appoint more than two proxies to attend and vote instead of the member, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different Share or Shares held by such member. Where such member appoints more than two proxies, the appointments shall be invalid unless the member specifies the number of Shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed.

"Relevant intermediary" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 181(6) of the Companies Act 1967.

Investors whose Shares are held with relevant intermediaries including CPF and SRS investors, who wish to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, should approach their respective intermediaries such as CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their voting instructions at least seven (7) working days prior to the date of the Meeting.

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Amcorp Global Limited

11 Sam Leong Road #03-06, TRIO Singapore 207903

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- 4. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. A member can appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy, but this is not mandatory.
- 5. Completion and return of this instrument appointing a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting at the Meeting. Any appointment of a proxy or proxies shall be deemed to be revoked if a member attends the meeting in person, and in such event, the Company reserves the right to refuse to admit any person or persons appointed under the instrument of proxy to the Meeting.
- 6. The instrument appointing a proxy or proxies must be deposited through any one of the following means: (a) by depositing a physical copy at the registered office of the Company at 11 Sam Leong Road, #03-06, TRIO, Singapore 207903; or (b) by sending a scanned PDF copy by email to main@zicoholdings.com, in either case, not later than 21 July 2024, 3.00 p.m., being at least seventy-two (72) hours before the time appointed for the Meeting, failing which the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.
- 7. The instrument appointing a proxy/proxies must be under the hand of the appointor or of his/her attorney duly authorised in writing. Where the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised in writing. Where the instrument appointing a proxy/proxies is executed by an attorney on behalf of the appointor, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must be lodged with the instrument of proxy, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.
- 8. The Company shall be entitled to reject the instrument appointing a proxy/proxies if it is incomplete, improperly completed or illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument (including any related attachment) appointing a proxy/proxies. In addition, in the case of Shares entered in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any instrument appointing a proxy/proxies lodged if the member, being the appointor, is not shown to have Shares entered against his/her name in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the Meeting, as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.
- 9. A corporation which is a member may authorise by resolution of its directors or other governing body such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at the Meeting, in accordance with Section 179 of the Companies Act 1967.



Company Registration No: 201230851R Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore

> 11 Sam Leong Road #03-06, TRIO Singapore 207903 Tel: +65 6351 6628

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