CIRCULAR DATED 6 APRIL 2021

THIS CIRCULAR IS IMPORTANT AND REQUIRES YOUR IMMEDIATE ATTENTION.

This Circular is circulated to shareholders (the "Shareholders") of Jiutian Chemical Group Limited (the "Company"). Its purpose is to provide Shareholders with information relating to, and to seek their approval for the proposed adoption of the new Constitution of the Company to be tabled at the Extraordinary General Meeting (the "EGM") of the Company to be held by way of electronic means on Wednesday, 28 April 2021 at 11.00 a.m. or immediately after the annual general meeting of the Company convened on the same day at 10.30 a.m. is concluded or adjourned.

IF YOU ARE IN ANY DOUBT ABOUT ITS CONTENTS OR THE ACTION YOU SHOULD TAKE, YOU SHOULD CONSULT YOUR STOCKBROKER, BANK MANAGER, SOLICITOR, ACCOUNTANT, TAX ADVISER OR OTHER PROFESSIONAL ADVISER IMMEDIATELY.

If you have sold or transferred all your ordinary shares in the capital of the Company, you should immediately inform the purchaser or transferee or to the bank, stockbroker or other agent through whom the sale or transfer was effected for onward notification to the purchaser or transferee that this Circular, together with the Notice of EGM and the accompanying Proxy Form, could be accessed via the website of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "Exchange") at https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements.

This Circular has been made available on the Exchange's website at https://www.sqx.com/securities/companyannouncements. A printed copy of this Circular (including the Notice of Extraordinary General Meeting and the Proxy Form) will NOT be despatched to Shareholders.

Due to the current COVID-19 situation in Singapore, Shareholders will not be able to attend the EGM in person. Instead, alternative arrangements have been put in place to allow Shareholders who pre-register to participate at the EGM by (a) observing and/or listening to the proceedings via "live" audio-visual webcast or "live" audio-only stream; (b) submitting questions related to the special resolution to be tabled for approval in advance of the EGM; and/or (c) appointing the Chairman of the EGM as proxy to vote on their behalf at the EGM. Please refer to the section entitled "Notes" in the Notice of EGM for these alternative arrangements.

This Circular has been reviewed by the Company's sponsor, PrimePartners Corporate Finance Pte. Ltd. (the "Sponsor"). It has not been examined or approved by the Exchange. The Exchange assumes no responsibility for the contents of this Circular, including the correctness of any of the statements or opinions made or reports contained in this Circular.

The contact person for the Sponsor is Ms Lim Hui Ling, 16 Collyer Quay, #10-00 Income at Raffles, Singapore 049318, sponsorship@ppcf.com.sg.



(Company Registration Number 200415416H) (Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore)

CIRCULAR TO SHAREHOLDERS

IN RELATION TO

THE PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY

IMPORTANT DATES AND TIMES:

Last date and time for lodgement of Proxy Form : 26 April 2021 at 11.00 a.m.

Date and time of Extraordinary General Meeting 28 April 2021 at 11.00 a.m. by way of electronic means (or

as soon thereafter following the conclusion or adjournment of the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held by

way of electronic means at 10.30 a.m. on the same day)

Place of Extraordinary General Meeting The Extraordinary General Meeting will be held by way of

electronic means

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DEFINITIONS

In this Circular, the following definitions shall apply throughout unless the context otherwise requires:

"2005 Amendment Act" : The Companies (Amendment) Act 2005 of Singapore which was

passed in Parliament on 16 May 2005 and took effect on 30 January

2006

"2014 Amendment Act" : The Companies (Amendment) Act 2014 of Singapore which was

passed in Parliament on 8 October 2014 and took effect in two

phases on 1 July 2015 and 3 January 2016 respectively

"2017 Amendment Act" : The Companies (Amendment) Act 2017 of Singapore which was

passed in Parliament on 10 March 2017 and assented to by the

President on 29 March 2017

"Act" or "Companies Act" : The Companies Act (Cap. 50) of Singapore, or any statutory

modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force

"AGM" : The annual general meeting of the Company to be held by way of

electronic means on Wednesday, 28 April 2021 at 10.30 a.m.

"Amendment Acts" : Collectively, the 2005 Amendment Act, the 2014 Amendment Act and

the 2017 Amendment Act

"Annual Report" : The annual report of the Company for the financial year ended 31

December 2020

"Board" : The board of directors of the Company for the time being

"Catalist" : The sponsor-supervised listing platform of the SGX-ST

"Catalist Rules" : The SGX-ST Listing Manual (Section B: Rules of Catalist), as

amended, modified or supplemented from time to time

"CDP" : The Central Depository (Pte) Limited

"Circular" : This Circular dated 6 April 2021

"Company" : Jiutian Chemical Group Limited

"Constitution" : The constitution of the Company, as amended or modified from time

to time

"Directors" : The directors of the Company for the time being

"EGM" : The extraordinary general meeting of the Company to be held by way

of electronic means on Wednesday, 28 April 2021 at 11.00 a.m. (or as soon thereafter following the conclusion or adjournment of the AGM to be held by way of electronic means at 10.30 a.m. on the

same day)

"Existing Constitution" : The existing constitution of the Company currently in force

"Group" : The Company, its subsidiaries and its associated companies

"Latest Practicable Date" : 1 April 2021, being the latest practicable date prior to the publication

of this Circular

"member" or "Shareholder" : The registered holders of the Shares, except that where the

registered holder is CDP, the term "Shareholders" or "members" shall, in the relation to such Shares, mean the Depositors in the Depository Register and whose Securities Accounts maintained with CDP are

credited with those Shares

DEFINITIONS

"New Constitution" : The new constitution of the Company as appended as Annex B to

this Circular, which is proposed to replace the Existing Constitution, containing amendments arising from, *inter alia*, the Amendment Acts

and the Catalist Rules

"Notice of EGM" : The notice of EGM dated 6 April 2021 set out on pages 106 to 108

of this Circular

"Proposed Adoption of the

New Constitution"

The proposed adoption of the New Constitution of the Company

"Regulations" : The regulations of the New Constitution

"Securities Account" : Securities account maintained by a Depositor with CDP but does not

include a securities sub-account maintained with a Depository Agent

"SFA" : Securities and Futures Act (Cap. 289) of Singapore, or any statutory

modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force

"SGXNet" : Singapore Exchange Network, a system network used by listed

companies in sending information and announcements to the SGX-ST or any other system networks prescribed by the SGX-ST for the purpose of the SGX-ST making that information available to the

market

"SGX-ST" : Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited

"Shares" : Ordinary shares in the capital of the Company

"special resolution" : A resolution having the meaning assigned thereto by Section 184 of

the Companies Act

"Sponsor" : PrimePartners Corporate Finance Pte. Ltd.

"Statutes" : The Companies Act and every other statute for the time being in

force concerning companies and affecting the Company

"treasury shares" : Shall have the meaning ascribed to it in Section 4 of the Companies

Act

The terms "Depositor", "Depository Agent" and "Depository Register" shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in Section 81SF of the SFA.

Words importing the singular shall, where applicable, include the plural and *vice versa*. Words importing the masculine gender shall, where applicable, include the feminine and neuter genders and *vice versa*. References to persons shall, where applicable, include corporations.

Any reference in this Circular to any enactment is a reference to that enactment as for the time being amended or re-enacted. Any word defined under the Companies Act or the Catalist Rules or any modification thereof and not otherwise defined in this Circular shall, where applicable, have the same meaning ascribed to it under the Companies Act or the Catalist Rules or such modification thereof, as the case may be, unless the context otherwise requires.

Any reference to a time of day and date in this Circular shall be a reference to Singapore date and time unless otherwise stated.

The Company has engaged Messrs K&L Gates Straits Law LLC as its legal adviser for the Proposed Adoption of the New Constitution.

JIUTIAN CHEMICAL GROUP LIMITED

(Company Registration Number 200415416H) (Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore)

Board of Directors:

Mr Han Lianguo (Non-Executive and Non-Independent Chairman)

Mr Lee Chee Seng (Executive Director)

Mr Zhang Hongtao (Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director)

Mr Wang Gang (Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director)

Mr Wu Yu Liang (Non- Executive and Lead Independent Director)

Mr Chan Kam Loon (Non-Executive and Independent Director)

Mr Gao Guoan (Non-Executive and Independent Director)

Mr Chen Mingjin (Non-Executive and Independent Director)

Mr Koh Eng Kheng Victor (Non-Executive and Independent Director)

6 April 2021

To: The Shareholders of Jiutian Chemical Group Limited

Dear Sir/Madam

THE PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY

1. INTRODUCTION

The Directors are convening the EGM to be held by way of electronic means on Wednesday, 28 April 2021 at 11.00 a.m. (or as soon thereafter following the conclusion or adjournment of the AGM to be held by way of electronic means at 10.30 a.m. on the same day) to seek Shareholders' approval for the Proposed Adoption of the New Constitution.

The purpose of this Circular is to provide Shareholders with information relating to, as well as to seek Shareholders' approval for, the Proposed Adoption of the New Constitution at the EGM, the notice of which is set out on pages 106 to 108 of this Circular.

2. PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION

2.1 Background and Rationale

2.1.1 The Amendment Acts

The 2005 Amendment Act, the 2014 Amendment Act and the 2017 Amendment Act, which were passed in Parliament on 16 May 2005, 8 October 2014 and 10 March 2017 respectively, introduced wide-ranging amendments to the Companies Act previously in force. The changes to the Companies Act pursuant to the Amendment Acts aim to improve corporate governance for companies in Singapore, reduce the regulatory burden on companies and provide for greater business flexibility.

The key changes under the 2005 Amendment Act include, *inter alia*, the abolishment of the need for companies to have an objects clause.

The 2014 Amendment Act, *inter alia*, introduced the multiple proxies regime to enfranchise indirect investors and investors under the Central Provident Fund Investment Scheme, as well as provisions to facilitate the electronic transmission of notices and documents. In addition, what had been previously the memorandum and articles of association of a company have now merged into a single constitutive document called the "constitution".

The key changes under the 2017 Amendment Act, include, *inter alia*, the removal of the requirement for a common seal.

Registered Office:

80 Robinson Road #02-00

Singapore 068898

2.1.2 The Catalist Rules

On 31 July 2013, the SGX-ST announced that the Catalist Rules would be amended, *inter alia*, to conduct the voting of all resolutions put to general meetings by poll, in order to enhance transparency of the voting process and encourage greater shareholder participation, and to require at least one scrutineer to be appointed for each general meeting. This amendment took effect on 1 August 2015. It was also announced that the Catalist Rules would be amended, with effect from 1 January 2014, to require all issuers with a primary listing on the SGX-ST to hold their general meetings in Singapore (unless prohibited by relevant laws and regulations in the jurisdictions of their incorporations) in order to promote more active participation and engagement of shareholders.

2.1.3 The New Constitution

The Company is accordingly proposing to adopt the New Constitution, which will replace the Existing Constitution in its entirety and will incorporate, amongst others:

- (a) the changes to the Act introduced pursuant to the Amendment Acts;
- (b) provisions which are consistent with the Catalist Rules prevailing as at the Latest Practicable Date, in compliance with Rule 730 of the Catalist Rules; and
- (c) amended provisions to address other regulatory changes such as the personal data protection regime in Singapore under the Personal Data Protection Act 2012 in respect of the collection, use and disclosure of personal data, and the enactment of the Mental Health (Care and Treatment) Act, Chapter 178A of Singapore.

The Company is also taking this opportunity to streamline, rationalise and refine the language used in and to amend certain other provisions in the Existing Constitution.

2.1.4 Summary of Principal Provisions

Sections 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this Circular set out a summary of the principal provisions of the New Constitution which have been amended or newly added, which are considered significantly different from equivalent provisions in the Existing Constitution, and should be read in conjunction with the proposed New Constitution which is set out in its entirety in Annex B to this Circular.

For Shareholders' ease of reference, Annex A of this Circular sets out all of the revisions to the Existing Constitution as compared with the proposed New Constitution, which are blacklined.

Shareholders are advised to read the New Constitution in its entirety as set out in Annex B of this Circular before deciding on the special resolution relating to the Proposed Adoption of the New Constitution.

In the paragraphs below, for convenience, the expression "**Recital**" will refer to the recitals under the New Constitution, the expression "**Regulation**" will refer to the provisions under the New Constitution, and the expression "**Article**" will be used for the relevant cross-references to the equivalent provisions of the Existing Constitution.

2.1.5 Renumbering

As a result of the addition of new Regulations, deletion of certain articles in the Existing Constitution, and amendments to the Existing Constitution arising from the 2005 Amendment Act, the 2014 Amendment Act and the 2017 Amendment Act, the Regulations have subsequently been renumbered.

Capitalised terms not defined in this Circular shall have the meanings as ascribed to them in the New Constitution.

3. SUMMARY OF KEY CHANGES DUE TO AMENDMENTS TO THE COMPANIES ACT

The following amended or new Regulations are proposed such that these provisions would be consistent with the Companies Act.

3.1 Provisions referred to as "memorandum of association" ("Memorandum") prior to the enforcement of the Amendment Acts

Paragraphs 1, 2, 4 and 5 of the Memorandum be renamed as Recitals 1 to 4, and shall appear before Regulation 1 (Article 1 of the Existing Constitution), whereas the information of the subscribers pursuant to Sections 22(f) and (g) of the Companies Act shall appear as a last section in the New Constitution.

3.2 Objects clauses

In line with Section 23 of the Companies Act, which provides that a company has full capacity to carry on or undertake any business or activity, do any act or enter into any transaction, subject to the law and to the provisions of its constitution, paragraph 3 of the Memorandum shall be deleted. The new objects clause is set out as Recital 3, and shall appear before Regulation 1 (Article 1 of the Existing Constitution).

Notwithstanding the general provision, the Company will be subject to the Catalist Rules if it makes any acquisition that is a deviation from its core business.

3.3 References to the Articles

In line with Section 35 of the Act, all references to "Article" or "Articles" within the Existing Constitution have been amended to "Regulation" or "Regulations".

3.4 Regulation 1 (Article 1 of the Existing Constitution)

The Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act containing Table A has been repealed by the 2014 Amendment Act and the Companies (Model Constitution) Regulations 2015, being the model constitution prescribed under Section 36(1) of the Companies Act, has been introduced. Accordingly, Article 1 of the Existing Constitution, which provided that the "The regulations in Table A in the Fourth Schedule to the Companies Act . . . shall not apply to the Company", has been amended to state that "The Regulations in the model constitution prescribed under Section 36(1) of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 shall not apply to the Company, except in so far as the same are repeated or contained in the Constitution."

3.5 Regulation 2 (Article 2 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 2, which is the interpretation section of the New Constitution, includes, *inter alia*, the following additional or revised provisions:

- (a) a revised definition of "Act" which means the Companies Act, Chapter 50 for the time being in force and as amended from time to time;
- (b) a new definition of "address" or "registered address" which means, in respect of any member, his physical address for the service or delivery of notices or documents personally or by post, except where otherwise expressly provided in the Constitution;
- (c) a new definition of "Auditor" which means an auditor of the Company;
- (d) a new definition of "Constitution" which means the constitution or other regulations of the Company for the time being in force. This aligns the terminology used in the New Constitution with the Companies Act, as amended by the 2014 Amendment Act;
- (e) a new definition of "Designated Stock Exchange" which means the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited for so long as the shares of the Company are listed and quoted on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and/or such other stock exchange in respect of which the shares of the Company are listed and quoted;

- (f) a new definition of "Directors" which means the directors for the time being of the Company or such number of them as having authority to act for the Company;
- (g) a new definition of "General Meeting" which means a general meeting of the Company;
- (h) a new definition of "Register of Members" which has the meaning ascribed to it under the Act;
- a new definition of "Regulations" which means the Regulations of the Company contained in the Constitution for the time being in force and as may be amended from time to time. This ensures consistency with the new terminology used in the Companies Act, as amended by the 2014 Amendment Act;
- (j) a new definition of "shares" which means shares in the capital of the Company;
- (k) a revised definition of "Statutes" which means the Act and every other legislation or regulations for the time being in force concerning companies and affecting the Company and any modification thereof for the time being in force;
- (I) a revised definition of "these presents" which means the Regulations as from time to time altered;
- (m) a revised provision stating that the expressions "Depositor", "Depository," "Depository Agent" and "Depository Register" shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in Section 81SF of the SFA. This follows the migration of the provisions in the Act which relate to the Central Depository System to the SFA pursuant to the Amendment Acts;
- (n) new definitions of the expressions "Chief Executive Officer", "current address", "electronic communication" and "relevant intermediary" have been added and these terms contain the meanings ascribed to them respectively in the Act. This follows the introduction of new provisions facilitating electronic communication and the multiple proxies regime pursuant to the 2014 Amendment Act;
- (o) a new provision stating that the expressions referring to writing to include, unless the contrary intention appears, references to printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing words, symbols or other information which may be displayed in a visible form, whether physical or electronic or otherwise. This seeks to facilitate, for example, a proxy instrument being in either physical or electronic form; and
- (p) a new provision stating that the headnotes are inserted for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the construction of the New Constitution.

3.6 Regulation 4(B) (New Regulation)

Regulation 4(B) is a new provision which provides that new shares may be issued for no consideration. This provision is in line with Section 68 of the Companies Act, which clarifies that a company having a share capital may issue shares for which no consideration is payable to the issuing company.

3.7 Regulation 4(C) (New Regulation)

Regulation 4(C) is a new provision which deals with, *inter alia*, the Company's power to pay any expenses (including commissions or brokerage) out of its share capital, and to clarify that such payment will not be taken as a reduction of the Company's share capital. This is in line with Section 67 of the Companies Act, as amended pursuant to the 2014 Amendment Act.

3.8 Regulations 5(A), 136 and 137 (Articles 5(A), 135 and 136 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulations 5(A), 136 and 137, which relate to the routine business that is transacted at an annual general meeting, has been revised to where references to "profit and loss accounts", "accounts" and "balance sheets" have been replaced with "financial statements".

3.9 Regulation 9(A) (Article 9 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 9(A), which relates to the Company's power to alter its share capital, has been amended to provide that subject to the Statutes, the Company may by ordinary resolution convert its share capital or any class of shares from one currency to another currency. This is in line with the new Section 73 of the Act, which sets out the procedure for such re-denominations.

3.10 Regulation 9(B) (New Regulation)

Regulation 9(B) is a new regulation which provides that subject to the Statutes, the Company may, by special resolution, convert any class of shares into any other class of shares. This is in line with the new Section 74A of the Act, which sets out the procedure for such conversions.

3.11 Regulation 10(B) (Article 10(B) of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 10(B) is proposed to be amended to clarify that any shares purchased or acquired by the Company shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Act and any other relevant rule, law or regulation enacted or promulgated by any relevant competent authority from time to time.

3.12 Regulation 14A (New Regulation)

Regulation 14A is a new provision which relates to the Company's power to charge interest on capital where shares are issued to defray expenses on (*inter alia*) construction works and that the Company may pay interest on the paid-up share capital, except treasury shares, and may charge the same to capital as part of the cost of the construction. This is in line with Section 78 of the Companies Act.

3.13 Regulation 16 (Article 16 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 16, which relates to share certificates, has been revised to remove the requirement to disclose the amount paid on the shares in the share certificate relating to those shares. The revisions also provide that in addition to the number and class of the shares and the amount (if any) unpaid on the shares, every share certificate shall also specify whether the shares are fully or partly paid up. This follows the amendments to Section 123(2) of the Act pursuant to the 2014 Amendment Act.

Regulation 16 has also been revised to provide for an alternative means for executing share certificates. Although Section 123(2) of the Act stipulates that a share certificate is to be issued under the common seal of the Company, under the new Sections 41B and 41C of the Act (as introduced by the 2017 Amendment Act), the affixation of the common seal to a share certificate may be dispensed with provided, *inter alia*, that the share certificate is signed:

- (a) on behalf of the Company by a Director and a Secretary of the Company;
- (b) on behalf of the Company by at least two Directors; or
- (c) on behalf of the Company by a Director in the presence of a witness who attests the signature.

3.14 Regulation 42 (Article 42 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 42, which relates to the Company's power to destroy instruments of transfer after a specified time, has been amended to include the requirement for a company to adequately record for future reference the information required to be contained in any company records. This is in line with Section 395 of the Act.

3.15 Regulation 56 (Article 56 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 56, which relates to the requisite quorum at any General Meeting, includes an additional provision clarifying that joint holders of a share are treated as one member for the purpose of determining the quorum.

3.16 Regulation 61(B) (Article 61 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 61(B), which relates to the method of voting at a general meeting where mandatory polling is not required, has been revised to reduce the threshold for eligibility to demand a poll to 5% (previously one-tenth) of the total voting rights of members having the right to vote at the meeting, or of the total sum paid up on all share conferring such right to vote. This is in line with Section 178 of the Act, as amended pursuant to the 2014 Amendment Act.

For the avoidance of doubt, all resolutions at general meetings shall be voted by poll (unless such requirement is waived by the SGX-ST) pursuant to Catalist Rule 730A(2). The mandatory polling is contained under the newly added Regulation 61(A) of the New Constitution.

3.17 Regulations 65(A), 65(B), 65(C), 71(A), 72(A), 73(A), 73(B) and 74(B) (Articles 65, 71(A), 72(A), 73 and 74 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulations 65(A), 65(B), 65(C), 71(A), 72(A), 73(A), 73(B) and 74(B), which relate to the voting rights of members and the appointment and deposit of proxies, have been amended to cater to the multiple proxies regime introduced by the 2014 Amendment Act.

The multiple proxies regime allows "relevant intermediaries" such as banks, capital markets services licence holders which provide custodial services for securities and the Central Provident Fund Board established by the Central Provident Fund Act (Cap. 36) of Singapore, to appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at general meetings. In particular:

- (a) Regulation 71(A)(b) provides that save as otherwise provided in the Act, a member who is a "relevant intermediary" may appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the same General Meeting, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such member, and where such member appoints two proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed must be specified in the form of proxy. This is in line with new Section 181(1C) of the Act; and
- (b) the new Regulation 65(B)(b)(ii), which provides that in the case of a member who is a "relevant intermediary" and who is represented at a General Meeting by two or more proxies, each proxy shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands. This is in line with new Section 181(1D) of the Act.

In connection with the above, the relevant time periods for the appointment of proxies before a General Meeting have been amended as follows:

- (a) Regulation 73(A) provides for an extended cut-off time for the deposit of proxies from 48 to 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the General Meeting. This is in line with Section 178(1)(c) of the Act, as amended pursuant to the 2014 Amendment Act; and
- (b) Regulation 71(A)(c)(i) provides that the Company will be entitled and bound to reject an instrument of proxy lodged by a Depositor if he is not shown to have any shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 (previously 48) hours before the time of the relevant General Meeting. Consequential changes have also been made in the new Regulations 65(C)(a) and 71(A)(c)(ii) to make it clear that the number of votes which a Depositor or his proxy can cast on a poll is the number of shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time of the relevant General Meeting. This is in line with the new Section 81SJ(4) of the SFA.

3.18 Regulations 72(A), 73(A) and new Regulation 73(B) (Articles 72(A) and 73 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulations 72(A), 73(A) and the new Regulation 73(B) relate to the execution and submission of proxies, and are provisions to facilitate the appointment of a proxy and submission of instrument appointing proxies through electronic communication. In particular, it provides that a member can elect to signify his approval for the appointment of a proxy via electronic communications, through such method and in such manner as may be approved or designated by the Directors in lieu of the present requirement of signing, or where applicable, the affixation of the corporate shareholder's common seal.

3.19 Regulation 83(A) (Article 83 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 83(A), which relates to the power of Directors to hold an office of profit and to contract with the Company, has been expanded to include Chief Executive Officers, as well as to extend the obligation of a Director or a Chief Executive Officer (as the case may be) to disclose interests in transactions or proposed transactions with the Company, or any office or property held which might create duties or interests in conflict with those as a Director, to also apply to a chief executive officer as defined in the Act. This is in line with the new Section 156 of the Act, as amended pursuant to the 2014 Amendment Act. Consequential changes have been made to Regulation 102, which additionally provides that a Director or a Chief Executive Officer (as the case may be) shall not vote in respect of any contract or arrangement or any other proposal whatsoever in which he has, directly or indirectly, a personal material interest.

3.20 Regulation 110 (Article 110 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 110, which relates to the general powers of the Directors to manage the Company's business, has been amended to clarify that the business and affairs of the Company is to be managed by, or under the direction of or, additionally, under the supervision of, the Directors. This is in line with Section 157A of the Act, as amended pursuant to the 2014 Amendment Act.

3.21 Regulation 113(B) (New Regulation)

Regulation 113(B) is a new provision which relates to the compliance by the Directors (including any Managing Directors) with regards to the provision of information to the Registrar of Companies and the keeping of various registers. It has been included to provide that (i) a Register of Directors' and Chief Executive Officers' Share and Debenture Holdings shall be kept, and (ii) information relating to the Company's directors, chief executive officers, secretaries and auditors shall be furnished to the Registrar of Companies. This is in line with Section 164 of the Act, as amended pursuant to the 2014 Amendment Act, and the new Section 173A of the Act.

3.22 Regulation 113(C) (New Regulation)

Regulation 113(C) is a new provision which relates to the minutes of the Company. Regulation 113(C) requires the Directors to cause minutes to be made in books to be provided for the purposes of, *inter alia*, all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of its resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company, of any class of Members, of the Directors and of any committee of Directors, and of its Chief Executive Officers (if any). This is in line with Section 188 of the Act, as amended pursuant to the 2014 Amendment Act.

3.23 Regulation 113(D) (New Regulation)

Regulation 113(D) is a new provision which relates to the form of the registers and books to be kept by the Company. It has been included to provide that such records may be kept either in hard copy or electronic form, and that where the records of the Company are kept otherwise than in hard copy, the Directors shall take reasonable precautions for ensuring the proper maintenance and authenticity of such records. This is in line with the new Sections 395 and 396 of the Act.

3.24 Regulation 117 (Article 117 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 117, which relates to the common seal of the Company, has been revised to state that the Company may execute a document described or expressed as a deed by affixing the common seal or in the manner prescribed by the Act as an alternative to sealing. This is in line with the new Sections 41B and 41C of the Act pursuant to the 2017 Amendment Act.

3.25 Regulation 135(A) (New Regulation)

Regulation 135(A) is a new provision which relates to the keeping of accounting and other records. It has been included to state that the Company shall cause to be kept accounting and other records as are necessary to comply with the Statutes and shall cause such records to be kept in a way that enables them to be conveniently and properly audited. These changes are in line with Section 199(1) of the Act.

3.26 Regulation 137 (Article 136 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 137, which relates to the sending of the Company's financial statements and related documents to members, now provides that such documents may be sent less than 14 days before the date of the General Meeting with the agreement of all persons entitled to receive notices of General Meetings. This is in line with the new Section 203(2) of the Act, which provides that the requisite financial statements and other related documents may be sent less than 14 days before the date of the general meeting at which they are to be laid, if all the persons entitled to receive notice of general meetings of the company so agree.

Notwithstanding the above, it should be noted that under the prevailing Catalist Rule 707(2), an issuer must issue its annual report to Shareholders and the SGX-ST at least 14 days before the date of its annual general meeting. Accordingly, subject to any revision to Catalist Rule 707(2), the Company will ensure nevertheless that its annual reports are issued to Shareholders at least 14 days before the date of its annual general meeting.

3.27 Regulations 140(B), 140(C), 140(D), 140(E), 140(F), 140(G) and 140(H) (New Regulations)

Regulations 140(B), 140(C), 140(D), 140(E), 140(F), 140(G) and 140(H) are new regulations which relate to the electronic transmission of notices and documents. Pursuant to the new Section 387C of the Act, subject to certain statutory safeguards, notices and documents may be given, sent or served using electronic communications with the express, implied or deemed consent of the member in accordance with the constitution of the company. In this regard:

- (a) there is express consent if a member expressly agrees with the company that notices and documents may be given, sent or served on him using electronic communications;
- (b) Section 387C(2) of the Act provides that there is the implied consent ("Implied Consent") if the constitution of a company:
 - (i) provides for the use of electronic communications;
 - (ii) specifies the manner in which electronic communications is to be used; and
 - (iii) provides that the member shall agree to receive such notice or document by way of such electronic communications and shall not have a right to elect to receive a physical copy of such notice or document; and
- (c) Section 387C(3) of the Act explains that there is the deemed consent ("**Deemed Consent**") if:
 - (i) the constitution of the company provides for the use of electronic communications;
 - (ii) the constitution of the company specifies the manner in which electronic communications is to be used;

- (iii) the constitution of the company specifies that the member will be given an opportunity to elect within a specified period of time ("specified time"), whether to receive such notice or document by way of electronic communications or as a physical copy; and
- (iv) the Member was given an opportunity to elect whether to receive such notice or document by way of such electronic communications or as a physical copy, and he failed to make an election within the specified time.

In connection with the above, Regulation 140 has been amended to provide that, subject to applicable laws and the Catalist Rules relating to electronic communications:

- (a) notices and documents may be sent to Shareholders using electronic communications either to a Shareholder's current address (which may be an email address) or by making it available on a website prescribed by the Company from time to time or in such manner as such Shareholder expressly consented to receiving notices and documents by giving notice in writing to the Company;
- (b) Implied Consent a member who has not given express consent may nonetheless be implied to have agreed to receive such notice or document by way of electronic communications and shall not have a right to elect to receive a physical copy of such notice or document, unless otherwise provided under applicable laws or the Catalist Rules; and
- (c) Deemed Consent notwithstanding sub-paragraph (b) above, the Directors may decide to give Shareholders an opportunity to elect to opt out of receiving such notice or document by way of electronic communications. A member is deemed to have consented to receive such notice or document by way of electronic communications if he was given such an opportunity but failed to opt out within the specified time.

Regulation 140(E) additionally sets out when service is deemed served in the case of notices or documents sent by electronic communications. In particular, where a notice or document is sent by electronic communications to the current address of a member, it shall be deemed to be served at the time of transmission of the electronic communication by the email server or facility operated by the Company or its service provider to the current address of such member (notwithstanding any delayed receipt, non-delivery or "returned mail" reply message or any other error message indicating that the electronic communication was delayed or not successfully sent), unless otherwise provided under applicable laws. Where a notice or document is made available on a website pursuant to Regulation 140(B)(b), it shall be deemed to have been duly given, sent or served on the date on which the notice or document is first made available on the website, unless otherwise provided under applicable laws.

Further and as safeguards, in the case of service on a website pursuant to Regulation 140(E)(b), Regulation 140(G) provides that the Company shall give separate notice to the member of the publication of such notice or document on the website through one or more other means, including by way of advertisement in the daily press and/or by way of announcement on the SGX-ST. This is in line with regulation 89C of the Companies Regulations (Cap. 50, Regulation 1) of Singapore made pursuant to Section 411 of the Act. Regulation 140(H) also provides that, notwithstanding any provision within the Constitution, the Company shall comply with the Catalist Rules relating to communications with members, including any requirements to send specific documents to members by way of physical copies. This is in line with the Catalist Rule 1207.

The insertion of the new regulations to facilitate the new regime of electronic transmissions will enable greater efficiency and cost savings in the transmission of documents from the Company to the Shareholders.

Under the new Section 387C of the Act, regulations may be made, *inter alia*, to exclude any notice or document or any class of notices or documents from the application of Section 387C and provide for safeguards for the use of electronic communications under Section 387C. As at the Latest Practicable Date, notices or documents relating to (i) any take-over offer of the Company; and (ii) any rights issue by the Company, are excluded from the application of Section 387C of the Act, and therefore cannot be transmitted by electronic means pursuant to Section 387C.

The SGX-ST has also introduced changes to the Catalist Rules to allow for the electronic transmission of documents to shareholders, in alignment with the Act. These new Regulations are in line with the amendments to Chapter 12 of the Catalist Rules which took effect on 31 March 2017. For so long as the Company is listed on the SGX-ST, the Company will also comply with the Act and the Catalist Rules on the subject.

3.28 Regulation 147 (Article 146 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 147 has been expanded and rationalises the Act, which permits the Company, subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Statutes, to indemnify a Director or officer of the Company against losses by them in the execution of their duties. This is in line with the new Section 163A and Section 163B of the Act.

4. SUMMARY OF KEY CHANGES DUE TO AMENDMENTS TO THE CATALIST RULES

Rule 730 of the Catalist Rules provides that if an issuer amends its articles or other constituent documents, they must be made consistent with all the Catalist Rules prevailing at the time of amendment. The following regulations are proposed to be revised such that these provisions would be consistent with the Catalist Rules prevailing as at the Latest Practicable Date, in compliance with Rule 730 of the Catalist Rules.

4.1 Regulation 4(A)(c) (Article 4(c) of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 4(A)(c) is amended to provide that the rights attaching to the shares of a class other than the ordinary shares be expressed in the resolution creating the same and in the Constitution. This amendment is in line with paragraph 1(b) of Appendix 4C of the Catalist Rules.

4.2 Regulation 5(A) (Article 5(A) of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 5(A), which relates to the issue of preference shares, has been amended to clarify that the total number of issued preference shares shall not exceed the total number of issued ordinary shares issued at any time. This is in line with paragraph 1(a) of Appendix 4C of the Catalist Rules.

4.3 Regulation 5(D) (New Regulation)

Regulation 5(D) is a new provision which clarifies that the Regulations relating to the transfer, transmission and certification of shares shall not apply to any transactions affecting book-entry securities.

4.4 Regulation 49 (Article 49 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 49, which relates to the duration and location where General Meetings of the Company shall be held, has been updated to reflect the requirement of the Catalist Rules that all General Meetings of the Company shall be held in Singapore, unless prohibited by relevant laws or waived by the SGX-ST. This amendment is in line with Rule 730A(1) of the Catalist Rules.

4.5 Regulation 51 (Article 51 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 51, which relates to the notice of General Meeting, has been amended to clarify that in the case of any General Meeting at which it is proposed to pass a special resolution, at least 21 days' notice in writing of such General Meeting shall be given to the shareholders. This amendment is in line with Rule 704(14) of the Catalist Rules.

4.6 Regulation 61A (New Regulation)

Regulation 61(A), which relates to voting on a resolution at General Meetings, has been amended to provide that where required by applicable laws or the Catalist Rules, and unless waived by the relevant authority, all resolutions at General Meeting shall be voted by poll. This amendment is in line with Rule 730A(2) of the Catalist Rules which requires all resolutions at general meetings to be voted by poll.

4.7 Regulation 62 (Article 62 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 62, which relates to the taking of a poll at General Meetings, has been amended to clarify that:

- (a) at least one scrutineer who shall be independent of the persons undertaking the polling process must be appointed for all General Meetings where the vote of the meeting is decided on a poll and if the appointed scrutineer is interested in any of the resolutions to be passed at the General Meeting, it shall refrain from acting as the scrutineer for such resolution. This is in line with Rule 730A(3) of the Catalist Rules; and
- (b) the chairman of the General Meeting shall ensure that the scrutineer properly exercises his duties as a scrutineer including and not limited to ensuring that satisfactory procedures of the voting process are in place before the General Meeting and directing and supervising the count of the votes cast through proxy and in person. This is in line with Rule 730A(4) of the Catalist Rules.

4.8 Regulation 66 (Article 66 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 66, which relates to the votes of joint holders, has been amended to clarify that any one of the joint holders be reckoned in a quorum at any General Meeting either personally or by proxy as if he were solely entitled thereto and if more than one of such persons is present at a General Meeting, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote shall be accepted to the exclusion of the other joint holders and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the name which stands first in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the name which appears first in the Depository Register in respect of the joint holding. This is in line with paragraph 8(b) of Appendix 4C of the Catalist Rules.

Further, several executors and administrators of a deceased member in whose name any share stands shall be deemed joint holders thereof.

4.9 Regulation 74(A) (Article 74 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 74(A) is amended to provide that an instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to include the right to demand or join in demanding a poll. This amendment is in line with paragraph (8)(d) of Appendix 4C of the Catalist Rules.

4.10 Regulation 74(B) (New Regulation)

Regulation 74(B) is a new provision which provides that a member who has deposited an instrument appointing any number of proxies to vote on his behalf at a General Meeting shall not be precluded from attending and voting in person at that General Meeting. Regulation 74(B) further provides that any such appointment of all the proxies concerned shall be deemed to be revoked upon the attendance of the member appointing the proxy/proxies at the relevant General Meeting.

These amendments are in line with paragraph 3.3 of Practice Note 7E of the Catalist Rules which provides that if a shareholder submits a proxy form and subsequently attends the meeting in person and votes, the appointment of the proxy should be revoked.

4.11 Regulation 90 (Article 90 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 90, which relates to situations when the office of a Director shall be vacated, has been revised to include that the office of a Director shall be vacated if the Director becomes disqualified from acting as a Director in any jurisdiction for reasons other than on technical grounds. This amendment is in line with paragraph 9(m) of Appendix 4C of the Catalist Rules and Rule 720(1) of the Catalist Rules.

4.12 Regulation 145(B) (New Regulation)

Regulation 145(B) is a new provision which provides that if the Company shall be wound up, and the assets available for distribution among the members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the number of shares held by them respectively in relation to the total number of shares issued by the Company (excluding treasury shares). If in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid-up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed amongst the members in proportion to the number of shares held by them respectively in relation to the total number of shares issued by the Company (excluding treasury shares). This is in line with paragraph 11 of the Appendix 4C of the Catalist Rules, which requires the basis on which shareholders would participate in a distribution of assets on a winding up to be expressed in the Constitution.

5. AMENDMENT DUE TO THE PERSONAL DATA PROTECTION ACT 2012

5.1 Regulation 149 (New Regulation)

In general, under the Personal Data Protection Act 2012, an organisation can only collect, use or disclose the personal data of an individual with the individual's consent, and for a reasonable purpose which the organisation has made known to the individual. Regulation 149 has been included in the New Constitution to specify, *inter alia*, the purposes for which the Company and/or its agents and service providers would collect, use and disclose personal data of Shareholders and their appointed proxies or representatives.

6. OTHER PROPOSED AMENDMENTS

The following Regulations have been updated, streamlined and rationalised generally:

6.1 References to the Designated Stock Exchange

Certain Regulations have been amended such that these provisions are subject to the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange which has been defined to mean the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited for so long as the shares of the Company are listed and quoted on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and/or such other stock exchange in respect of which the shares of the Company are listed and quoted.

6.2 Regulation 4(A) (Article 4 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 4(A), which relates to the issue of shares by the Company, has been amended to clarify that such issuance of shares is subject to approval of the Company in General Meeting pursuant to Section 161 of the Act and that shares may be issued by Directors subject to applicable laws and such limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, as applicable.

6.3 Regulation 6(A) (Article 6(A) of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 6(A), which relates to a variation of rights to classes of shares with special rights, has been amended to clarify that any variation of such rights shall be subject to the provisions of the Statutes and applicable laws and listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and such limitations thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, as applicable.

6.4 Regulation 7 (Article 7 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 7, which relates to an increase of capital by the Company, has been amended to clarify that any increase of capital by the Company shall be subject to applicable laws and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and such limitations thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, as applicable.

6.5 Regulations 8(A) and 8(B) (Articles 8(A) and 8(B) of the Existing Constitution)

Regulations 8(A) and 8(B), which relates to issue of shares by the Company and the general share issue mandate which may be obtained by the Company at a General Meeting, have been amended to clarify that the Directors may dispose any new shares which the Directors have difficulty in apportioning the same and the provisions contained in these Regulations shall be subject to the provisions of the Statutes and applicable laws and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and such limitations thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange.

6.6 Regulation 8(C) (New Regulation)

Regulation 8(C) is a new provisions which authorises the Directors not to offer new shares to members to whom by reason of foreign securities laws, such offer may not be made without registration of the shares or a prospectus or other document, but to sell the entitlements to the new shares on behalf of such members on such terms and conditions as the Company may direct.

6.7 Regulation 9(A) (Article 9 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 9(A), which relates to the alteration of share capital, has been amended to clarify that such alteration of share capital shall be subject to applicable laws and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and such limitations thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, as applicable.

6.8 Regulation 9(A)(b) (Article 9(b) of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 9(A)(b), which relates to the cancellation of shares on the passing of a resolution, has been amended to clarify that the Company may from time to time by ordinary resolution cancel any shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken, or agreed to be taken, or which have been forfeited and diminish its capital by the number of the shares so cancelled.

6.9 Regulation 11 (Article 11 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 11, which relates to the recognition of trust, has been amended to clarify that the Company shall not be bound by or compelled in any way to recognize (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share.

6.10 Regulation 17(B) (Article 17B of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 17(B), which relates to the issuance of share certificate to joint holders, has been amended to clarify that only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members as one of the joint holders of any share shall be entitled to delivery of the certificate relating to such share.

6.11 Regulation 17(C) (New Regulation)

Regulation 17(C) is a new provision which clarifies that only one certificate shall be issued in respect of any share.

6.12 Regulations 18, 19(B), 20 and 41 (Articles 18, 19(B), 20 and 41 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulations 18, 19(B), 20 and 41, which relates to any fee payable to the Company, have been amended to clarify that any other fee, if charged, will be determined by the Directors having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange.

6.13 Regulation 33(A) (Article 33 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 33(A), which relates to the sale of shares due to default of a call, has been amended to clarify that if a member shall have died or become mentally disordered and incapable of managing himself or his affairs or bankrupt and no person shall have given to the Company satisfactory proof of his right to effect a transmission of shares held by such member, the Directors may exercise such power of sale without serving any notice.

6.14 Regulation 33(B) (New Regulation)

Regulation 33(B) is a new provision which requires a member to deliver to the Company certificate or certificates held by him for the shares so forfeited or sold.

6.15 Regulation 37 (Article 37 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 37, which relates to the close of the Register of Members, has been amended to clarify that the Register of Members and the Register of Transfers may be closed and the registration of transfers may be suspended at such times and for such period as the Directors may from to time determine.

6.16 Regulation 40 (Article 40 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 40, which relates to the retention of all instruments of transfer by the Company, has been amended to clarify that any instrument of transfer which the Directors may decline to register shall be returned to the person depositing the same except in the case of fraud.

6.17 Regulation 44(A) (Article 44 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 44(A), which relates to the transmission of shares, has been amended to clarify the events where a transmission of shares may occur and that the Directors shall have the same right to decline or suspend registration as they would have had in the case of a transfer of the share by a member.

6.18 Regulation 48(B) (New Regulation)

Regulation 48(B), which relates to references to "stock" and "stockholder", is a new provision which clarifies that all provisions of these Regulations as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" shall include "stock" and "Depositor", "Member" and "shareholder" shall include "stockholder".

6.19 Regulations 67, 75 and 90 (Articles 67, 75 and 90 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulations 67, 75 and 90 have been updated to substitute the references to "insanity" and "of unsound mind" with "mental disorder" and "incapable of managing himself or his affairs", following the enactment of the Mental Health (Care and Treatment) Act (Cap. 178A) of Singapore, which repealed and replaced the Mental Disorders and Treatment Act (Cap. 178) of Singapore.

6.20 Regulation 69 (Article 69 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 69, which relates to objection to qualification of any voter or error in votes, has been amended to clarify that any objection to qualification of any voter or any errors in the counting of votes shall be raised and pointed at the meeting and the decision of the chairman of the meeting on such matters such be final and conclusive.

6.21 Regulation 71(C) (Article 71(C) of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 71(C), which relates to the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy in the form of proxy, has been amended to clarify that if no proportion is specified, the Company shall be entitled to treat the first named proxy as representing the entire number of shares entered against his name in the Depository Register and any second named proxy as an alternative to the first name or at the Company's option to treat the form of proxy as invalid.

6.22 Regulation 87 (Article 87 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 87, which relates to the retirement by rotation, resignation and removal of a Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer, has been amended to clarify that a Director's appointment as a Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer shall be automatically determined if he ceases from any cause to be a Director.

6.23 Regulation 93 (Article 93 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 93, which relates to the appointment of a retiring Director, has been amended to simplify that a retiring Director may be elected to fill the office being vacated so long as he is eligible for appointment.

6.24 Regulation 99(B) (Article 99(B) of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 99(B), which relates to the participation of a Director's meeting by the Directors, has been amended to clarify that a Director participating in a Director's meeting by means of conference telephone, video conferencing, audio visual or other similar communication equipment may be taken into account in ascertaining the presence of a quorum and that such meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of Directors are physically present or if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting is physically present. Further, the minutes of the proceedings at such meeting by telephone or other means of communication shall be sufficient evidence of such proceedings and of the observance of all necessary formalities if certified as the correct minutes by the chairman of the meeting.

6.25 Regulation 105 (Article 105 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulation 105, which relates to the passing of directors' resolutions in writing, has been amended to clarify that a resolution in writing signed by a majority of Directors for the time being (who are not prohibited by the law or of the New Constitution from voting on such resolutions) being not less than are sufficient to form a quorum shall be as effective as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Directors.

6.26 Regulation 126(C) (New Regulation)

Regulation 126(C) is a new provision which provides that a transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.

6.27 Regulations 132(A), 132(B), 132(C), 132(D), 132(E) and 132(F) (New Regulations)

Regulations 132(A), 132(B), 132(C), 132(D), 132(E) and 132(F) are new provisions relating to, *inter alia*, the powers of Directors in relation to a scrip dividend scheme, which provides Directors greater flexibility to establish and administer a scrip dividend scheme.

6.28 Regulations 133 and 134 (Articles 132 and 133 of the Existing Constitution)

Regulations 133 and 134, which relates to the capitalization of profits and reserves, have been amended to include the issue of bonus shares for which no consideration is payable.

6.29 Regulation 138(A) (New Regulation)

Regulation 138(A) is a new provision which provides that an Auditor shall be appointed and his duties regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Act and he shall have a right of access at all times to the accounting and other records of the Company and shall make his report as required by the Act.

6.30 Regulation 145(C) (New Regulation)

Regulation 145(C) is a new provision which provides that, on a voluntary winding up of the Company, no commission or fee shall be paid to a liquidator without the prior approval of the members in General Meeting.

7. DIRECTORS' RECOMMENDATION

Having considered the rationale, the benefit and the information relating to the Proposed Adoption of the New Constitution, the Directors are of the opinion that the Proposed Adoption of the New Constitution would be beneficial to, and is in the best interests of, the Company. Accordingly, the Directors recommend that Shareholders vote in favour of the special resolution relating to the Proposed Adoption of the New Constitution at the EGM.

8. EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

Due to the current COVID-19 situation in Singapore, Shareholders will not be able to attend the EGM in person.

The EGM, notice of which is set out on pages 106 to 108 of this Circular, will be held by way of electronic means on 28 April 2021 at 11.00 a.m. (or as soon thereafter following the conclusion or adjournment of the AGM to be held by way of electronic means at 10.30 a.m. on the same day) for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing, the Proposed Adoption of the New Constitution as a special resolution as set out in the Notice of EGM.

A copy of this Circular (including the Notice of EGM and the Proxy Form) may be accessed at the SGXNet at https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements. A printed copy of this Circular (including the Notice of EGM and the Proxy Form) will NOT be despatched to Shareholders.

Alternative arrangements relating to attendance at the EGM via electronic means (including arrangements by which the EGM can be electronically accessed via live audio-visual webcast or live audio-only stream), registration for live webcast, submission of questions in advance of the EGM and voting by appointing the Chairman of the EGM as proxy at the EGM, are set out in the section entitled "Notes" in the Notice of EGM set out on pages 106 to 108 of this Circular.

9. ACTION TO BE TAKEN BY SHAREHOLDERS

Shareholders who wish to exercise their voting rights at the EGM must appoint the Chairman of the EGM as their proxy to attend, speak and vote at the EGM on their behalf. In appointing the Chairman of the EGM as proxy, Shareholders must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstention from voting, in respect of the special resolution in the Proxy Form, failing which the appointment shall be treated as invalid. Shareholders should complete, sign and submit the Proxy Form in accordance with the instructions printed thereon not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the EGM.

A Depositor is not regarded as a Shareholder entitled to attend, speak and vote at the EGM unless he is shown to have Shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as certified by CDP not less than 72 hours before the time fixed for the EGM.

10. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Directors collectively and individually accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information given in this Circular and confirm after making all reasonable enquiries that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, this Circular constitutes full and true disclosure of all material facts about the Proposed Adoption of the New Constitution, the Company and its subsidiaries, and the Directors are not aware of any facts the omission of which would make any statement in this Circular misleading.

Where information in this Circular has been extracted from published or otherwise publicly available sources or obtained from a named source, the sole responsibility of the Directors has been to ensure that such information has been accurately and correctly extracted from those sources and/or reproduced in this Circular in its proper form and context.

11. DOCUMENTS FOR INSPECTION

The following documents may be inspected at the registered office of the Company at 80 Robinson Road, #02-00, Singapore 068898 during normal business hours from the date hereof up to and including the date of the EGM:

- (a) the Existing Constitution; and
- (b) the proposed New Constitution.

In light of the prevailing safe distancing measures due to the COVID-19 situation, Shareholders should provide their names, contact number, proposed date and time of inspection to the Group Financial Controller, Ng Han Kiat at +65 6536 3738 at least three (3) working days' in advance to make a prior appointment to attend at the registered office of the Company to inspect the documents.

Yours faithfully for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of Jiutian Chemical Group Limited

Lee Chee Seng Executive Director

THE COMPANIES ACT (CHAPTER 50)

PRIVATEPUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION CONSTITUTION

OF

JIUTIAN CHEMICAL GROUP LIMITED

(Adopted by Special Resolution passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 28 April 2021)

RECITAL

- 1. The name of the Company is **JIUTIAN CHEMICAL GROUP LIMITED**.
- 2. The registered office of the Company will beis situated in the Republic of Singapore.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is established are:-
 - (a) To carry on the business of investment holding and for that purpose to acquire and hold for long-term purposes either in the name of the Company or in that of any nominee shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stock, bonds, notes, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any company wherever incorporated or carrying on business and debentures, debenture stock, bonds, notes, obligations and securities issued or guaranteed by any government, sovereign ruler, commissioners, public body or authority, supreme, dependent, municipal, local or otherwise in any part of the world.
 - (b) To act as a holding company and in connection therewith to purchase or otherwise acquire shares in any company or companies, incorporated in the Republic of Singapore or elsewhere, and to pay for the same in cash or by way of shares to be issued by the Company to the person or persons from whom the shares were purchased or otherwise acquired.
 - (c) To acquire and hold, upon such terms as the Directors think fit, all or any of the stocks, shares and securities of and the whole of or any interest in the undertaking and business, property, assets liabilities and transactions of any companies, firms or persons carrying an business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company.
 - (d) To carry on any other business which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the Company's property or rights.
 - (e) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the Company is authorised to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the Company.

- (f) To apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire any patents, patent rights, copyrights, trade marks, formulas, licences, concessions, and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to, any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company, and to use, exercises develop, or grant licences in respect of, or otherwise turn to account, the property, rights, or information so acquired.
- (g) To carry on any other business which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with its business or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the Company's property or rights.
- (h) To acquire and undertake the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any person or company carrying on any business which the Company is authorised to carry on, or possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the Company.
- (i) To amalgamate or enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing of profits, union of interest, co-operation, joint adventure, reciprocal concession, or otherwise, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business or transaction which the Company is authorised to carry' on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company.
- (j) To take, or otherwise acquire, and hold shares, debentures, or other securities of any other company.
- (k) To enter into any arrangements with any government or authority, supreme, municipal, local, or otherwise, that may seem conducive to the Company's objects, or any of them; and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, privileges, and concessions which the Company may think it desirable to obtain; and to carry out, exercise, and comply with any such arrangements, rights, privileges, and concessions.
- (I) To establish and support or aid in the establishment and support of associations, institutions, funds, trusts, and conveniences calculated to benefit employees or directors or past employees or directors of the Company or of its predecessors in business, or the dependants or connections of any such persons; and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance; and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition, or for any public, general, or useful object.
- (m) To promote any other company or companies for the purpose of acquiring or taking over all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of the Company, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the Company.
- (n) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire any movable or immovable property and any rights or privileges which the Company may think necessary or convenient for the purposes of its business, and in particular any land, buildings, easements, machinery, plant, and stock in trade.
- (o) To construct, improve, maintain, develop, work, manage, carry out, or control any buildings, works, factories, mills, roads, ways, tramways, railways, branches or sidings, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, warehouses, electric works, shops, stores, and other works and conveniences which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to advance the Company's interests; and to contribute to, subsidise, or otherwise assist or take part in the construction, improvement, maintenance, development, working, management, carrying out, or control thereof.

- (p) To invest and deal with the money of the Company not immediately required in such manner as may from time to time be thought fit.
- (q) To lend and advance money or give credit to any person or company; to guarantee and give guarantees or indemnities for the payment of money or the performance of contracts or obligations by any person or company; to secure or undertake in any way the repayment of moneys lent or advanced to or the liabilities incurred by any person or company; and otherwise to assist any person or company.
- (r) To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money in such manner as the Company may think fit and to secure the same or the repayment or performance of any debt, liability, contract, guarantee or other engagement incurred or to be entered into by the Company in any way and in particular by the issue of debentures perpetual or otherwise, charged upon all or any of the Company's property (both present and future), including its uncalled capital; and to purchase, redeem, or pay off any such securities.
- (s) To remunerate any person or company for services rendered, or to be rendered, in placing or assisting to place or guaranteeing the placing of any of the shares in the Company's capital or any debentures, or other securities of the Company, or in or about the organisation, formation, or promotion of the Company or the conduct of its business.
- (t) To draw, make, accept, endorse, discount, execute, and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- (u) To sell or dispose of the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures, or securities of- any other company having objects altogether or in part similar to those of the Company.
- (v) To adopt such means of making known and advertising the business and products of the Company as may seem expedient.
- (w) To apply for secure, acquire by grant, legislative enactment, assignment, transfer, purchase, or otherwise, and to exercise, carry out, and enjoy any charter, licence, power, authority, franchise, concession, right or privilege, which any government or authority, or any corporation or other public body may be empowered to grant; and to pay for, aid in, and contribute towards carrying the same into effect; and to appropriate any of the Company's shares, debentures, or other securities and assets to defray the necessary costs, charges, and expenses thereof.
- (x) To apply for, promote, and obtain any statute, order, regulation, or other authorisation or enactment which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit the Company; and to oppose any bills, proceedings, or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interests.
- (y) To procure the Company to be registered or recognised in any country or place outside Singapore.
- (za) To sell, improve, manage, develop, exchange, lease, dispose of, turn to account, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property and rights of the Company.
- (zb) To issue and allot fully or partly paid shares in the capital of the Company in payment or part payment of any movable or immovable property purchased or otherwise acquired by the Company or any services rendered to the Company.

- (zc) To distribute any of the property of the Company among the members in kind or otherwise but so that no distribution amounting to a reduction of capital shall be made without the sanction required by law.
- (zd) To take or hold mortgages, liens, and charges to secure payment of the purchase price, or any unpaid balance of the purchase price, of any part of the Company's property of whatsoever kind sold by the Company, or any money due to the Company from purchasers and others.
- (ze) To carry out all or any of the objects of the Company and do all or any of the above things in any part of the world and either as principal, agent, contractor, or trustee, or otherwise, and by or through trustees or agents or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others.
- (zf) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the objects and the exercise of the powers of the Company.

AND IT IS DECLARED as follows:

- (a) The word "Company" in this clause except where in reference to this Company shall wherever the context so permits be deemed to include any partnership or other persons whether domiciled in the Republic of Singapore or elsewhere;
- (b) The objects set forth in any sub-clause of this Clause 3 shall not be construed restrictively but the widest interpretation shall be given to them and they shall not, except when the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited to or restricted by reference to or inference from any other object or objects set forth in such sub-clause or from the terms of any other sub-clause or by the name of the Company. None of such sub-clause or the object or objects therein specified or the powers thereby conferred shall be deemed subsidiary or ancillary to the objects or powers mentioned in any other sub-clause, but the Company shall have full power to exercise all or any of the powers and to achieve or to endeavour to achieve all or any of the objects conferred by and provided in any one or more of the said sub-clauses.
- 3. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and any other written law and this Constitution, the Company has:
 - (i) <u>full capacity to carry on or undertake any business or activity, do any act or enter into any</u> transaction; and
 - (ii) for the purposes of paragraph (i) above, full rights, powers and privileges.
- 4. The Company is a company limited by shares and Fthe liability of the members is limited.
- 5. The shares in the capital of the Company may be divided into several classes and there may be attached thereto respectively any preferential, deferred or other special rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions as to dividends, capital, voting or otherwise.

WE, the several persons whose names and addresses and descriptions are hereto subscribed are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names.

NAME, ADDRESS AND DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIBER	NUMBER OF SHARES TAKEN BY SUBSCRIBER
Stateglory Investments Limited P.O. Box 957, Offshore Incorporations Centre Road Town, Tortola British Virgin Islands 623954	TEN THOUSAND (10,000)- ORDINARY SHARES
TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES TAKEN	TEN THOUSAND (10,000) ORDINARY SHARES

Dated this 26th day of November 2004

Witness to the above signatures:-

Diana The Hui Ling
Advocate & Solicitor
David Lim & Partners
50 Raffles Place
#17-01 Singapore Land Tower
Singapore 048623

THE COMPANIES ACT, CHAPTER 50

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

NEW ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

JIUTIAN CHEMICAL GROUP LIMITED

Adopted by Circular Resolution of Members passed on 30 March 2006

PRELIMINARY

The regulations in Table A in the Fourth Schedule to model constitution prescribed under Section 1. 36(1) of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 (as amended) shall not apply to the Company, except insofar as the same are repeated or contained in this Constitution.

2. In these presents (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) the words and expressions set out in the first column below shall bear the meanings set opposite to them respectively.

"Act" The Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore, for the time being in force and

as amended from time to time.

"address" or "registered address"

In respect of any member, his physical address for the service or delivery of notices or documents personally or by post, unless otherwise expressly

provided in this Constitution.

"Auditor" An auditor of the Company.

"Company" The abovenamed company by whatever name from time to time called.

"Constitution" This constitution or other regulations of the Company for the time being in

force.

"Designated Stock

Exchange"

The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited for so long as the shares of the Company are listed and quoted on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and/or such other stock exchange in respect of which the

shares of the Company are listed and quoted.

"Directors" The directors for the time being of the Company or such number of them as

having authority to act for the Company.

"CDP" The Central Depository (Pte) Limited.

"holders of shares" or a "class of

Shall exclude the Company in relation to shares held by it as treasury shares.

shares"

"General Meeting" A general meeting of the Company.

"in writing" Written or produced by any substitute for writing or partly one and partly

another.

A day on which the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited "Market Day"

<u>Designated Stock Exchange</u> is open for trading in securities.

"member"

A member of the Company, save that references in this Constitution to

"member" shall, where the Act requires, Shall exclude the Company where it is a member by reason of its holding of its in relation to shares held by it as

treasury shares.

"month" Calendar month.

"Office" The registered office of the Company for the time being.

"paid" Paid or credited as paid.

"Register of The Company's register of members to be kept pursuant to Section 190 of

Members" the Act.

"Regulations" The regulations of the Company contained in this Constitution for the time

being in force and as may be amended from time to time.

"Seal" The Common Seal of the Company or in appropriate cases the Official Seal

or duplicate Common Seal.

<u>"shares"</u> Shares in the capital of the Company.

"Statutes" The Act and every other Actlegislation or regulations for the time being in

force concerning companies and affecting the Company and any modification

thereof for the time being in force.

"these presents" These Articles of AssociationRegulations as from time to time altered.

"treasury shares" Has the meaning ascribed to it in the Act, namely, shares which were (or

are treated as having been) purchased by the Company in circumstances in which Section 76H of the Act applies, and have been held by the Company

continuously since the treasury shares were so purchased.

"year" Calendar year.

<u>"S\$"</u> <u>Singapore dollars.</u>

The expressions "Depositor", "Depository", "Depository Agent" and "Depository Register" shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in the Act Section 81SF of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore.

References in these presents to "holders" of shares or a class of shares shall:

- (a) exclude the Depository except where otherwise expressly provided in these presents or where the term "registered holders" or "registered holder" is used in these presents; and
- (b) where the context so requires, be deemed to include references to Depositors whose names are entered in the Depository Register in respect of those shares; and
- (c) <u>except where otherwise expressly provided in these presents, exclude the Company in relation to shares held by it as treasury shares,</u>

and "holding" and "held" shall be construed accordingly.

The expression "Secretary" shall include any person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of the Secretary and where two or more persons are appointed to act as Joint Secretaries shall include any one of those persons.

The expression "Chief Executive Officer", "current address", "electronic communication" and "relevant intermediary" shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in the Act.

The expressions referring to writing include, unless the contrary intention appears, references to printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing words, symbols or other information which may be displayed in a visible form, whether physical or electronic or otherwise.

All such of the provisions of these presents as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" shall be construed accordingly.

Words denoting the singular shall include the plural and *vice versa*. Words denoting the masculine shall include the feminine. Words denoting persons shall include corporations.

Subject as aforesaid any words or expression defined in the Act shall (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) bear the same meanings in these presents.

Any reference in this Constitution to any enactment is a reference to that enactment as for the time being amended or re-enacted.

A Special Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these presents.

The headnotes herein are inserted for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the construction of this Constitution.

SHARES

3. The shares in the capital of the Company may be divided into several classes and there may be attached thereto respectively any preferential, deferred or other special rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions as to dividends, voting or otherwise.

ISSUE OF SHARES

- 4. (A) Subject to the Statutes and these presents, no shares may be issued by the Directors without the prior approval of the Company in General Meeting <u>pursuant to Section 161 of the Act</u>, but subject thereto <u>and the terms of such approval</u> and <u>subject</u> to <u>ArticleRegulation</u> 8, and to any special rights attached to any shares for the time being issued, the Directors may allot and issue shares (<u>with or without conferring a right of renunciation</u>) or grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons on such terms and conditions and for such consideration (<u>if any</u>) and at such time and subject or not to the payment of any part of the amount (<u>if any</u>) thereof in cash <u>or otherwise</u> as the Directors may think fit, <u>subject to applicable laws and such limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange</u>, <u>as applicable</u>, and any shares may be issued with such preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions as the Directors may think fit, and preference shares may be issued which are or at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed, the terms and manner of redemption being determined by the Directors, Provided always that:
 - (a) (subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the Company in General Meeting) any issue of shares for cash to members holding shares of any class shall be offered to such members in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of shares of such class then held by them and the provisions of the second sentence of ArticleRegulation 8(A) with such adaptations as are necessary shall apply; and
 - (b) any other issue of shares, the aggregate of which would exceed the limits referred to in ArticleRegulation 8(B), shall be subject to the approval of the Company in General Meeting-; and
 - (c) the rights attaching to shares of a class other than ordinary shares shall be expressed in the resolution creating the same <u>and in this Constitution</u>.
 - (B) The Company may issue shares for which no consideration is payable to the Company.

- (C) Any expenses (including commissions or brokerage) incurred directly by the Company in the issue of new shares may be paid out of the proceeds of the issue or the Company's share capital. Such payment shall not be taken as reducing the amount of share capital in the Company.
- 5. (A) Preference shares may be issued subject to such limitation thereof as may be prescribed by any stock exchange upon which the shares in the Company may be listed the Designated Stock Exchange. The total number of issued preference shares shall not exceed the total number of issued ordinary shares at any time. Preference shareholders shall have the same rights as ordinary shareholders as regards receiving of notices, reports and balance sheets financial statements and attending General Meetings of the Company, and preference shareholders shall also have the right to vote at any General mMeeting convened for the purpose of reducing the capital or winding-up or sanctioning a sale of the undertaking of the Company or where the proposal to be submitted to the General mMeeting directly affects their rights and privileges or when the dividend on the preference shares is more than six months in arrear.
 - (B) The Company has power to issue further preference capital ranking equally with, or in priority to, preference shares already issued.
 - (C) The Company shall not exercise any right in respect of treasury shares other than as provided by the Act. Subject thereto, the Company may hold or deal with its treasury shares in the manner authorised by, or prescribed pursuant to, the Act.
 - (D) The provisions of these Regulations relating to the transfer, transmission and certification of shares shall not apply to any transactions affecting book-entry securities (as defined in the Act).

VARIATION OF RIGHTS

- 6. (A) Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, subject to the provisions of the Statutes and applicable laws and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and such limitations thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, as applicable, preference capital, other than redeemable preference capital, may be repaid and the special rights attached to any class may be varied or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of three-quarters of the total number of the issued shares of the class or with the sanction of only pursuant to a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the preference-shares of the class (but not otherwise) concerned provided always that where the necessary majority for such a special resolution is not obtained at the meeting, consent in writing if obtained from the holders of three fourths of the preference shares concerned within two months of the meeting, shall be as valid and affectual as a special resolution carried at the meeting and may be so repaid, varied or abrogated either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding-up. To every such separate General Meeting all the provisions of these presents relating to General Meetings of the Company and to the proceedings thereat shall mutatis mutandis apply, except that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy at least one-third in of the total number of the issued shares of the class and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll and that every such holder shall on a poll have one vote for every share of the class held by him, Provided always that where the necessary majority for such a Special Resolution is not obtained at such General Meeting, consent in writing if obtained from the holders of three-quarters in in of the total number of the issued shares of the class concerned within two months of such General Meeting shall be as valid and effectual as a Special Resolution carried at such General Meeting. The foregoing provisions of this Article Regulation shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to some only of the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the special rights whereof are to be varied.
 - (B) The special rights attached to any class of shares having preferential rights shall not unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue thereof be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking as regards participation in the profits or assets of the Company in some or all respects *pari passu* therewith but in no respect in priority thereto.

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

- 7. The Subject to applicable laws and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and such limitations thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, as applicable, the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase its capital by such sum to be divided into shares of such amounts as the resolution shall prescribe.
- Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the Company in General Meeting 8. or except as permitted under the listing rules of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited by the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, all new shares shall, before issue, be offered to such persons who as at the date (as determined by the Directors) of the offer are entitled to receive notices from the Company of General Meetings in proportion, as farnearly as the circumstances admit, to the number of existing shares to which they are entitled. The offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and, after the expiration of that time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the person to whom the offer is made that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Directors may dispose of those shares in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. The Directors may likewise so dispose of any new shares which (by reason of the ratio which the new shares bear to shares held by persons entitled to an offer of new shares or by reason of any other difficulty in apportioning the same) cannot, in the opinion of the Directors, be conveniently offered under this ArticleRegulation 8(A).
 - (B) Notwithstanding ArticleRegulation 8(A), and subject to the provisions of the Statutes and applicable laws and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and such limitations thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution in General Meeting give to the Directors a general authority, either unconditionally or subject to such conditions as may be specified in the Ordinary Resolution, to:
 - (a) (i) issue shares in the capital of the Company ("shares") whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or
 - (ii) make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "Instruments") that might or would require shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible into shares; and
 - (b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by the Ordinary Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue shares in pursuance of any Instrument made or granted by the Directors while the Ordinary Resolution was in force, Provided that:
 - (1) the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to the Ordinary Resolution (including shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to the Ordinary Resolution) shall be subject to such limits and manner of calculation as may be prescribed by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited Designated Stock Exchange;
 - (2) in exercising the authority conferred by the Ordinary Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the <u>listing rules</u> of the <u>Singapore Exchange</u> Securities Trading Limited <u>Designated Stock Exchange</u> for the time being in force (unless such compliance is waived by the <u>Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited Designated Stock Exchange</u>) and these presents; and
 - (3) (unless revoked or varied by the Company in General Meeting) the authority conferred by the Ordinary Resolution shall not continue in force beyond the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company next following the passing of the Ordinary Resolution, or the date by which such Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, or the expiration of such other period as may be prescribed by the Statutes (whichever is the earliest).

- (C) The Company may, notwithstanding Regulations 8(A) and 8(B) above, authorise the Directors not to offer new shares to members to whom by reason of foreign securities laws, such offer may not be made without registration of the shares or a prospectus or other document, but to sell the entitlements to the new shares on behalf of such members on such terms and conditions as the Company may direct.
- (<u>CD</u>) Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, all new shares shall be <u>issued</u> subject to the provisions of the Statutes and of these presents with reference to allotment, payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise.
- (E) Except as herein provided, no person shall exercise any rights or privileges of a member until he is registered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register share held by him.
- 9. (A) Subject to applicable laws and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and such limitations thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, as applicable, tThe Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution:
 - (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital;
 - (b) cancel the number of shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken, or agreed to be taken, by any person <u>or which have been forfeited</u> and diminish the amount of its share capital by the number of the shares so cancelled;
 - (c) sub-divide its shares, or any of them, so however that in the subdivision the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived; andor
 - (d) subject to the provisions of the Statutes, convert its share capital or any class of shares into any other class of sharesfrom one currency to another currency.
 - (B) Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, the Company may by Special Resolution convert its share capital or any class of shares into another class of shares.
- 10. (A) The Company may reduce its share capital or any other undistributable reserve in any manner and with and subject to any incident authorised and consent required by law. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, upon cancellation of any share purchased or otherwise acquired by the Company pursuant to these presents and the Act, the number of issued shares of the Company shall be diminished by the number of the shares so cancelled, and, where any such cancelled shares was purchased or acquired out of the capital of the Company, the amount of share capital of the Company shall be reduced accordingly.
 - (B) The Company may, subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act, purchase or otherwise acquire shares issued by the Company on such terms and in such manner as the Company may deem fit. The Company may designate and hold as treasury shares, any share which is so purchased or acquired by it and deal with any of them, in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The shares so purchased or acquired by the Company and not held as treasury shares shall be deemed to be cancelled immediately on purchase or acquisition by the Company On the cancellation of any share as aforesaid, the rights and privileges attached to that share shall expire. Any share purchased or acquired by the Company shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Act and any other relevant rule, law or regulation enacted or promulgated by any relevant competent authority from time to time.
 - (C) Subject to the provisions of the Act, where any share purchased or acquired by the Company under ArticleRegulation 10B is held as treasury shares:
 - (a) the Company shall be entered in the <u>rRegister</u> of <u>mMembers</u> as the member holding those shares or stocks:

- (b) the Company shall not have any voting rights in respect of the treasury shares; and
- (c) the Company shall not be entitled to any dividend or any distribution (whether in cash or otherwise) of the Company's assets (including any distribution of assets to members on a winding up).

SHARES

- 11. Except as required by the Statutes or law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these presents or by the Statutes or law otherwise provided) any other right in respect of any share, except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the person (other than the Depository) entered in the Register of Members as the registered holder thereof or (as the case may be) the person whose name is entered in the Depository Register in respect of that share and nothing in these presents contained relating to the Depository or to Depositors or in any depository agreement made by the Company with any common depository for shares shall in any circumstances be deemed to limit, restrict or qualify the above.
- 12. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, any share in the Company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or subject to such restrictions, whether as regards dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine (or, in the absence of any such determination, as the Directors may determine) and subject to the provisions of the Statutes, the Company may issue preference shares which are, or at the option of the Company are liable, to be redeemed.
- 13. Subject to the provisions of these presents and of the Statutes relating to authority, pre-emption rights and otherwise and of any resolution of the Company in General Meeting passed pursuant thereto, all unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors and they may allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times and on such terms as they think proper.
- 14. The Company may pay commissions or brokerage on any issue of shares at such rate or amount and in such manner as the Directors may deem fit. Such commissions or brokerage may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.
- 14A. Where any shares are issued for the purpose of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any works or buildings or the provision of any plant which cannot be made profitable for a long period, the Company may pay interest on so much of that share capital as is for the time being paid up for the period and charge the same to capital as part of the cost of the construction of the works or buildings or the provision of the plant, subject to the conditions and restrictions mentioned in the Act.
- 15. Subject to the terms and conditions of any application for shares, the Directors shall allot shares applied for within ten Market Days of the closing date (or such other period as may be approved by any Stock Exchange upon which shares in the Company may be listedthe Designated Stock Exchange) of any such application. The Directors may, at any time after the allotment of any share but before any person has been entered in the Register of Members as the holder or (as the case may be) before that share is entered against the name of a Depositor in the Depository Register, recognise a renunciation thereof by the allottee in favour of some other person and may accord to any allottee of a share a right to effect such renunciation upon and subject to such terms and conditions as the Directors may think fit to impose.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

- 16. Every share certificate shall be issued in accordance with the requirements of the Act and be under the Seal or as an alternative to sealing, executed by the signatures of the relevant persons prescribed by the Act and shall specify the number and class of shares to which it relates, whether the shares are fully or partly paid up, and the amount paid and the amount (if any) unpaid thereon, and shall bear the autographic or facsimile signatures of one Director and the Secretary or a second Director or some other person appointed by the Directors. The facsimile signatures may be reproduced by mechanical, electronic or other method approved by the Directors. No certificate shall be issued representing shares of more than one class.
- 17. (A) The Company shall not be bound to register more than three persons as the registered holders of a share except in the case of executors or administrators (or trustees) of the estate of a deceased member.
 - (B) In the case of a share registered jointly in the names of several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate therefor and delivery of a certificate to any one of the registered joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all. <u>Only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members as one of the joint holders of any share shall be entitled to delivery of the certificate relating to such share.</u>
 - (C) Only one certificate shall be issued in respect of any share.
- Subject to the payment of all or any part of the stamp duty payable (if any) on each share certificate 18. prior to the delivery thereof which the Directors in their absolute discretion may require, every person whose name is entered as a member in the Register of Members shall be entitled to receive, within ten Market Days (or such other period as the Directors may determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange from time to time as may be approved by any Stock Exchange upon which shares in the Company may be listed) ofafter the closing date of any application for shares or, as the case may be, the date of lodgement of a registrable transfer or on a transmission of shares (as the case may be), one certificate for all his shares of any one class or several certificates in reasonable denominations each for a part of the shares so allotted or transferred. Where such a member transfers part only of the shares comprised in a certificate or where such a member requires the Company to cancel any certificate or certificates and issue new certificates for the purpose of subdividing his holding in a different manner, the old certificate or certificates shall be cancelled and a new certificate or certificates for the balance of such shares issued in lieu thereof and such member shall pay all or any part of the stamp duty payable (if any) on each share certificate prior to the delivery thereof which the Directors in their absolute discretion may require and such fee not exceeding \$\$2 for each new certificate or such other fee as the Directors may from time to time determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange.
- 19. (A) Any two or more certificates representing shares of any one class held by any person whose name is entered in the Register of Members may at his request be cancelled and a single new certificate for such shares issued in lieu without charge.
 - (B) <u>Subject to the provisions of the Statutes</u>, ilf any person whose name is entered in the Register of Members shall surrender for cancellation a share certificate representing shares held by him and request the Company to issue in lieu two or more share certificates representing such shares in such reasonable proportions as he may specify, the Directors may, if they think fit, comply with such request. Such person shall (unless such fee is waived by the Directors) pay a maximum fee of S\$2 for each share certificate issued in lieu of a share certificate surrendered for cancellation or such other fee as the Directors may from time to time determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange.
 - (C) In the case of shares registered jointly in the names of several persons any such request may be made by any one of the registered joint holders.

20. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, if any share certificate shall be defaced, worn out, destroyed, lost or stolen, it may be renewed on such evidence being produced and a letter of indemnity (if required) being given by the shareholder, transferee, person entitled, purchaser, member company of any Stock Exchange upon which shares in the Company may be listed the Designated Stock Exchange or on behalf of its or their client or clients as the Directors of the Company shall require, and (in case of defacement or wearing out) on delivery of the old certificate and in any case on payment of such sum not exceeding S\$2 (or such other fee as the Directors may from time to time determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange) as the Directors may from time to time require. In the case of destruction, loss or theft, a shareholder or person entitled to whom such renewed certificate is given shall also bear the loss and pay to the Company all expenses incidental to the investigations by the Company of the evidence of such destruction or loss.

CALLS ON SHARES

- 21. The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares but subject always to the terms of issue of such shares. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed and may be made payable by instalments.
- 22. Each member shall (subject to receiving at least 14 days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine.
- 23. If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate (not exceeding ten per cent. per annum) as the Directors may determine but the Directors shall be at liberty in any case or cases to waive payment of such interest wholly in whole or in part.
- 24. Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable upon allotment or at any fixed date shall for all the purposes of these presents be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable. In case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these presents as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
- 25. The Directors may on the issue of shares differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.
- 26. The Directors may if they think fit receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon the shares held by him and such payment in advance of calls shall extinguish *pro tanto* the liability upon the shares in respect of which it is made and upon the money so received (until and to the extent that the same would but for such advance become payable) the Company may pay interest at such rate (not exceeding eight per cent. per annum) as the member paying such sum and the Directors may agree. Capital paid on shares in advance of calls shall not, while carrying interest, confer a right to participate in profits.

FORFEITURE AND LIEN

- 27. If a member fails to pay in full any call or instalment of a call on the due date for payment thereof, the Directors may at any time thereafter serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued thereon and any expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.
- 28. The notice shall name a further day (not being less than 14 days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which and the place where the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment in accordance therewith the shares on which the call has been made will be liable to be forfeited.

- 29. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls and interest and expenses due in respect thereof has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before forfeiture. The Directors may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder.
- 30. A share so forfeited or surrendered shall become the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture or surrender the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any other person upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposition the forfeiture or surrender may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit. The Directors may, if necessary, authorise some person to transfer or effect the transfer of a forfeited or surrendered share to any such other person as aforesaid.
- 31. A member whose shares have been forfeited or surrendered shall cease to be a member in respect of the shares but shall notwithstanding the forfeiture or surrender remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which at the date of forfeiture or surrender were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares with interest thereon at eight per cent. per annum (or such lower rate as the Directors may determine) from the date of forfeiture or surrender until payment and the Directors may at their absolute discretion enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at that time of forfeiture or surrender or waive payment in whole or in part.
- 32. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) and dividends from time to time declared in respect of such shares. Such lien shall be restricted to unpaid calls and instalments upon the specific shares in respect of which such moneys are due and unpaid, and to such amounts as the Company may be called upon by law to pay in respect of the shares of the member or deceased member. The Directors may waive any lien which has arisen and may resolve that any share shall for some limited period be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this ArticleRegulation.
- 33. (A) The Company may sell in such manner as the Directors think fit any share on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable nor until the expiration of 14 days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable and giving notice of intention to sell in default shall have been given to the holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or bankruptcy (if any) entitled to effect a transmission of the shares and who shall have produced to the Company satisfactory evidence of such capacity and default in payment shall have been made by him or them for fourteen days after such notice. Provided always that if a member shall have died or become mentally disordered and incapable of managing himself or his affairs or bankrupt and no person shall have given to the Company satisfactory proof of his right to effect a transmission of the shares held by such member the Directors may exercise such power of sale without serving any such notice.
 - (B) In the event of a forfeiture of shares or a sale of shares to satisfy the Company's lien thereon the member or other person who prior to such forfeiture or sale was entitled thereto shall be bound to deliver and shall forthwith deliver to the Company the certificate or certificates held by him for the shares so forfeited or sold.
- 34. The net proceeds of such sale after payment of the costs <u>and expenses</u> of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debts or liabilities <u>(including unpaid calls and accrued interest and expenses)</u> and any residue shall be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale or to his executors, administrators or assigns, or as he may direct. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise some person to transfer or effect the transfer of the shares sold to the purchaser.

35. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company and that a share has been duly forfeited or surrendered or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. Such declaration and the receipt of the Company for of the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof together (where the same be required) with the share certificate delivered to a purchaser (or where the purchaser is a Depositor, to the Depository) or allottee thereof shall (subject to the execution of a transfer if the same be required) constitute good title to the share and the share shall be registered in the name of the person to whom the share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of or, where such person is a Depositor, the Company shall procure that his name be entered in the Depository Register in respect of the share so sold, re-allotted or disposed of. Such person shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any) nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the forfeiture, surrender, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

- 36. All transfers of the legal title in shares may shall be effected by the registered holders thereof by transfer in writing in the form for the time being approved by any Stock Exchange upon which shares in the Company may be listed the Designated Stock Exchange or in any other form acceptable to the Directors. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed by or on behalf of both the transferor and the transferee and be witnessed, Provided that an instrument of transfer in respect of which the transferee is the Depository or its nominee (as the case may be) shall be effective although not signed or witnessed by or on behalf of the Depository or its nominee (as the case may be). The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the shares concerned until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof.
- 37. The Register of Members and Register of Transfers may be closed, and the registration of transfers may be suspended, at such times and for such period as the Directors may from time to time determine, Provided always that such Registers shall not be closed for more than 30 days in any year, Provided always that the Company shall give prior notice of such closure as may be required to any Stock Exchange upon which shares in the Company may be listed the Designated Stock Exchange, stating the period and purpose or purposes for which the such closure is made.
- 38. (A) There shall be no restriction on the transfer of fully paid-up shares (except where required by law, the listing rules of any Stock Exchange upon which shares in the Company may be listed or the rules and/or bye-laws of any Stock Exchange upon which shares in the Company may be listed the listing rules and/or bye-laws of the Designated Stock Exchange) but the Directors may, in their sole discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares upon which the Company has a lien and in the case of shares not fully paid-up may refuse to register a transfer to a transferee of whom they do not approve (to the extent permitted by the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange), Provided always that in the event of the Directors refusing to register a transfer of shares, they shall within ten Market Days (or such period as the Directors may determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange from time to time) beginning with the date on which the application for a transfer of shares was made, serve a notice in writing to the applicant stating the facts which are considered to justify the refusal as required by the Statutes.
 - (B) The Directors may in their sole discretion refuse to register any instrument of transfer of shares unless:
 - (a) all or any part of the stamp duty (if any) payable on each share certificate and such fee not exceeding S\$2 (or such other fee as the Directors may determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange from time to time) as the Directors may from time to time require, is paid to the Company in respect thereof;
 - (b) the instrument of transfer is deposited at the Office or at such other place (if any) as the Directors may appoint accompanied by the certificates of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of the person so to do;

- (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares; and
- (d) the amount of the proper duty with which each share certificate to be issued in consequence of the registration of such transfer is chargeable under any law for the time being in force relating to stamps is tendered.
- 39. If the Directors refuse to register a transfer of any shares, they shall within ten Market Days after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferor and the transferee notice of the refusal as required by the Statutes.
- 40. All instruments of transfer which are registered may be retained by the Company <u>but any instrument</u> of transfer which the Directors may decline to register shall be returned to the person depositing the <u>same except in the case of fraud</u>.
- 41. There shall be paid to the Company in respect of the registration of any instrument of transfer or probate or letters of administration or certificate of marriage or death or stop notice or power of attorney or other document relating to or affecting the title to any shares or otherwise for making any entry in the Register of Members affecting the title to any shares such fee not exceeding S\$2 (or such other fee as the Directors may determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange from time to time) as the Directors may from time to time require or prescribe.
- 42. The Company shall be entitled to destroy all instruments of transfer which have been registered at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of registration thereof and all dividend mandates and notifications of change of address at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of recording thereof and all share certificates which have been cancelled at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of the cancellation thereof and it shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every entry in the Register of Members purporting to have been made on the basis of an instrument of transfer or other document so destroyed was duly and properly made and every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered and every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective certificate duly and properly cancelled and every other document hereinbefore mentioned so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company; Provided always that:
 - (a) the Company shall adequately record for future references the information required to be contained in any company records;
 - (ab) the provisions aforesaid shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant;
 - (bc) nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any other circumstances which would not attach to the Company in the absence of this Article Regulation; and
 - (ed) references herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- 43. (A) In the case of the death of a member whose name is entered in the Register of Members, the survivors or survivor where the deceased was a joint holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder, shall be the only person(s) recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
 - (B) In the case of the death of a member who is a Depositor, the survivors or survivor where the deceased is a joint holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder and where such executors or administrators are entered in the Depository Register in respect of any shares of the deceased member, shall be the only person(s) recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares.

- (C) Nothing in this Article Regulation shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share held by him.
- 44. (A) Any person becoming entitled to the legal title in a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a person whose name is entered in the Register of Members, any guardian of an infant becoming entitled to the legal title in a share and whose name is entered in the Register of Members, and any person as properly has the management of the estate of a member whose name is entered in the Register of Members and who is mentally disordered and incapable of managing himself or his affairs may (subject as hereinafter provided) upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his legal title to the share elect either to be registered himself as holder of the share upon giving to the Company notice in writing of such desire or transfer such share to some other person to have another person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof. The Directors shall, in any case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as they would have had in the case of a transfer of the share by a member.
 - (B) If the person so becoming entitled elects to be registered himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing (in a form as may be approved by the Directors from time to time) signed by him stating that he so elects. If he elects to have another person registered he shall testify his election by executing to that person a transfer of the share. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these presents relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the person whose name is entered in the Register of Members event upon which transmission took place had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such personmember.
- 45. Save as otherwise provided by or in accordance with these presents, a person becoming entitled to a share pursuant to Article 43(A) or (B) or Article 44 by transmission (upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share) shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages as those to which he would be entitled if he were the member in respect of the share except that he shall not be entitled in respect thereof (except with the authority of the Directors) to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to General mMeetings of the Company until he shall have been registered as a member in the Register of Members or his name shall have been entered in the Depository Register in respect of the share.

STOCK

- 46. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock and may from time to time by like resolution reconvert any stock into paid-up shares.
- 47. The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner and subject to the same Articles Regulations as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previous to conversion have been transferred (or as near thereto as circumstances admit) but no stock shall be transferable except in such units as the Directors may from time to time determine.
- 48. (A) The holders of stock shall, according to the number of stock units held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividend, return of capital, voting and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except as regards participation in the profits or assets of the Company) shall be conferred by the number of stock units which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such privilege or advantage; and no such conversion shall affect or prejudice any preference or other special privileges attached to the shares so converted.
 - (B) All such provisions of these Regulations as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" shall include "stock" and "Depositor", "Member" and "shareholder" shall include "stockholder".

GENERAL MEETINGS

- 49. Subject to the Act and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, Aan Annual General Meeting shall be held once in every year, at such time (within a period of not more than 15 months after the holding of the last preceding Annual General Meeting) (within four months from the end of its financial year or such other period as may be prescribed by the Act or the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange) and place as may be determined by the Directors. All other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings. All General Meetings shall be held in Singapore at such location as may be determined by the Directors, unless prohibited by relevant laws and regulations in the jurisdiction of its incorporation, or unless such requirement is waived by the Designated Stock Exchange.
- 50. The Directors may whenever they think fit, and shall on requisition in accordance with the Statutes, proceed with proper expedition to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- 51. Any General Meeting at which it is proposed to pass a Special Resolution or (save as provided by the Statutes) a resolution of which special notice has been given to the Company, shall be called by 21 days' notice in writing at the least and an Annual General Meeting and any other Extraordinary General Meeting by 14 days' notice in writing at the least. The period of notice shall in each case be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the meeting is to be held and shall be given in the manner hereinafter mentioned to all members other than such as are not under the provisions of these presents entitled to receive such notices from the Company; Provided that a General Meeting notwithstanding that it has been called by a shorter notice than that specified above shall be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:
 - (a) in the case of an Annual General Meeting by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
 - (b) in the case of an Extraordinary General Meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote thereat, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent, of total voting rights of all the members having a right to vote at the meeting,

Provided also that the accidental omission to give notice to or the non-receipt of notice by any person entitled thereto shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting. So long as the shares in the Company are listed on any Stock Exchange the Designated Stock Exchange, at least 14 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the meeting is to be held) of any General Meeting shall be given by advertisement in the daily press and in writing to each Stock Exchange upon which shares in the Company may be listed the Designated Stock Exchange provided always that in the case of any General Meeting at which it is proposed to pass a Special Resolution, at least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the meeting is to be held) of such General Meeting shall be given by advertisement in the daily press and in writing to the Designated Stock Exchange.

- 52. (A) Every notice calling a General Meeting shall specify the place and the day and hour of the meeting, and there shall appear with reasonable prominence in every such notice a statement that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend and vote instead of him and that a proxy need not be a member of the Company.
 - (B) In the case of an Annual General Meeting, the notice shall also specify the meeting as such.
 - (C) In the case of any General Meeting at which business other than routine business is to be transacted, the notice shall specify the general nature of such business; and if any resolution is to be proposed as a Special Resolution, the notice shall contain a statement to that effect.

- 53. Routine business shall mean and include only business transacted at an Annual General Meeting of the following classes, that is to say:
 - (a) declaring dividends;
 - (b) receiving and adopting the accounts-financial statements, the reports-statements of the Directors and Auditors and other documents required to be attached or annexed to the accounts-financial statements;
 - (c) appointing or re-appointing Directors to fill vacancies arising at the meeting on retirement whether by rotation or otherwise;
 - (d) <u>appointing Auditors or re-appointing</u> the retiring Auditors (unless they were last appointed otherwise than by the Company in General Meeting);
 - (e) fixing the remuneration of the Auditors or determining the manner in which such remuneration is to be fixed; and
 - (f) fixing the remuneration of the Directors proposed to be paid under Article Regulation 79.
- 54. Any notice of a General Meeting to consider special business shall be accompanied by a statement regarding the effect of any proposed resolution on the Company in respect of such special business.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 55. The Chairman of the Board of Directors, failing whom the Deputy Chairman, shall preside as chairman at a General Meeting. If there be no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman, or if at any meeting neither be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall choose one of their number (or, if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, the members present shall choose one of their number) to be chairman of the <u>General mMeeting</u>.
- No business other than the appointment of a chairman shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Save as herein otherwise provided, the quorum at any General Meeting shall be two or more members present in person or by proxy: Provided that (i) a proxy representing more than one member shall only count as one member for the purpose of determining if the quorum aforesaid is present; and (ii) where a member is represented by more than one proxy such proxies of such member shall count as only one member for the purpose of determining if the quorum aforesaid is present. In addition, for the purposes of a quorum, joint holders of any share shall be treated as one Member.
- 57. If within 30 minutes from the time appointed for a General Meeting (or such longer interval as the chairman of the meeting may think fit to allow) a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week (or if that day is a public holiday then to the next business day following that public holiday) at the same time and place or such other day, time or place as the Directors may by not less than ten days' notice appoint. At the adjourned meeting any one or more members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum.
- 58. The chairman of any General Meeting at which a quorum is present may with the consent of the meeting (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time (or *sine die*) and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might lawfully have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. Where a <u>General mMeeting</u> is adjourned *sine die*, the time and place for the adjourned meeting shall be fixed by the Directors. When a <u>General mMeeting</u> is adjourned for 30 days or more or *sine die*, not less than seven days' notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in like manner as in the case of the original meeting.
- 59. Save as hereinbefore expressly provided, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

- 60. If an amendment shall be proposed to any resolution under consideration but shall in good faith be ruled out of order by the chairman of the <u>General mMeeting</u>, the proceedings on the substantive resolution shall not be invalidated by any error in such ruling. In the case of a resolution duly proposed as a Special Resolution, no amendment thereto (other than a mere clerical amendment to correct a patent error) may in any event be considered or voted upon.
- 61. (A) Where required by applicable laws or the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, and unless waived by the relevant authority or the Designated Stock Exchange or pursuant to applicable law, all resolutions at General Meetings shall be voted by poll.
 - (B) <u>Subject to the Statutes and these presents</u>, <u>Aat</u> any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the <u>General mMeeting</u> shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by:
 - (a) the chairman of the General mMeeting; or
 - (b) not less than two members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote; or
 - (c) aany member present in person or by proxy andor, where such member has appointed two proxies, any one of such proxies, or any number or combination of such members or proxies, holding or, representing, as the case may be, not less than one-tenthfive per cent. of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the General mMeeting; or
 - (d) [aany member present in person or by proxy andor, where such member has appointed two proxies, any one of such proxies, or any number or combination of such members or proxies, holding or, representing, as the case may be, shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to or not less than 10 five per cent, of the total sum paid on all the shares number of paid-up shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares)], conferring that right (excluding treasury shares).

Provided always that no poll shall be demanded on the choice of a chairman or on a question of adjournment.

- 62. A demand for a poll may be withdrawn only with the approval of the meeting. Unless a poll is required a declaration by the chairman of the General mMeeting that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the minute book, shall be conclusive evidence of that fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against such resolution. If a poll is required, it shall be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets or electronic means) as the chairman of the General mMeeting may direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded required. The chairman of the General mMeeting may (and, if required by the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange or if so directed by the meeting shall) appoint scrutineersat least one scrutineer who shall be independent of the persons undertaking the polling process and may adjourn the meeting to some place and time fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the result of the poll. Where the appointed scrutineer is interested in any of the resolutions to be passed at the General Meeting, it shall refrain from acting as the scrutineer for such resolutions. If and when a scrutineer is appointed, the chairman of the General Meeting shall ensure that the scrutineer properly exercises his duties as a scrutineer including and not limited to ensuring that satisfactory procedures of the voting process are in place before the General Meeting and directing and supervising the count of the votes cast through proxy and in person, and such other duties as may be prescribed from time to time by the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange.
- 63. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the <u>General mM</u>eeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is <u>demanded required</u> shall be entitled to a casting vote.

64. A poll demanded required on any question shall be taken either immediately or at such subsequent time (not being more than 30 days from the date of the meeting) and place as the chairman may direct. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of the General mMeeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

- 65. (A) Each member who is a holder of ordinary shares in the capital of the Company shall be entitled to be present and to vote at any General Meeting in respect of any share or shares upon which all calls due to the Company have been paid.
 - (B) Each member who is a holder of ordinary shares in the capital of the Company shall be entitled to be present at any General Meeting. Subject and without prejudice to any special privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any special class of shares for the time being forming part of the capital of the Company, each member entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy. On a show of hands, eEvery member who is present in person or by proxy shall: have one vote (provided that in the case of a member who is represented by two proxies, only one of the two proxies as determined by that member or, failing such determination, by the Chairman of the meeting (or by a person authorised by him) in his sole discretion shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands) and on a poll, every member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every share which he holds or represents. For the purpose of determining the number of votes which a member, being a Depositor, or his proxy may cast at any General Meeting on a poll, the reference to shares held or represented shall, in relation to shares of that Depositor, be the number of shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 48 hours before the time of the relevant General Meeting as certified by the Depository to the Company.
 - (a) on a poll, have one vote for every share which he holds or represents; and
 - (b) on a show of hands, have one vote, Provided always that:
 - (i) in the case of a member who is not a relevant intermediary and who is represented by two proxies, only one of the two proxies as determined by the member or, failing such determination, by the chairman of the General Meeting (or by a person authorised by him) in his sole discretion shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands; or
 - (ii) in the case of a member who is a relevant intermediary and who is represented by two or more proxies, each proxy shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands.
 - (C) (a) For the purpose of determining the number of votes which a Member, being a Depositor, or his proxy or proxies may cast at any General Meeting on a poll, the reference to shares held or represented shall, in relation to shares of that Depositor, be the number of shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 hours (or any such time prescribed under the Statutes and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange) before the time of the relevant General Meeting as certified by the Depository to the Company. A member who is bankrupt shall not, while his bankruptcy continues, be entitled to exercise his rights as a member, or attend, vote or act at any General Meeting.
 - (b) A Depositor shall only be entitled to attend any general meeting and to speak and vote thereat if his name appears on the Depository Register 72 hours before the general meeting as a Depositor on whose behalf the Depository holds shares in the Company.

- 66. In the case of joint holders of a share, any one of such persons may vote <u>and be reckoned in a quorum at any General Meeting either personally or by proxy as if he were solely entitled thereto, but if more than one of such persons is present at a General Meeting, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the name stand the name which stands first in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the name which appears first in the Depository Register in respect of the share joint holding. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name any share stands shall for the purpose of this Regulation be deemed joint holders thereof.</u>
- Where in Singapore or elsewhere a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) has been appointed by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf to exercise powers with respect to the property or affairs of any member on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder, A person who becomes incapable of managing his affairs, is mentally disordered or whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental capacity, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, curator bonis or such other person as properly has the management of his estate and any such committee, curator bonis or other person may vote by proxy or attorney, but the Directors may in their absolute discretion, upon or subject to production of such evidence of the appointment as the Directors may require, permit such receiver or other person on behalf of such member to vote in person or by proxy at any General Meeting or to-exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company.
- 68. No member shall, unless the Directors otherwise determine, be entitled in respect of shares held by him to vote at a General Meeting either personally or by proxy or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to <u>General mMeetings of the Company</u> if any call or other sum presently payable by him to the Company in respect of such shares remains unpaid.
- 69. No objection shall be raised as to the admissibility of any vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is or may be given or tendered and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive. If:
 - (a) any objection shall be raised as to the qualification of any voter; or
 - (b) any votes have been counted which ought not to have been counted or which might have been rejected; or
 - (c) any votes are not counted which ought to have been counted,

the objection or error shall not vitiate the decision of the General Meeting on any resolution unless the same is raised or pointed out at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered or at which the error occurs. Any objection or error shall be referred to the chairman of the General Meeting and shall only vitiate the decision of the General Meeting on any resolution if the chairman decides that the same is of sufficient magnitude to vitiate the resolution or may otherwise have affected the decision of the General Meeting. The decision of the chairman of the meeting on such matters shall be final and conclusive.

- 70. On a poll, votes may be given either personally or by proxy and a person entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.
- 71. (A) Save as otherwise provided in the Act:
 - (a) A member who is not a relevant intermediary may appoint not more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the same General Meeting. Where such Member appoints two proxies, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the form of proxy; and
 - (b) A member who is a relevant intermediary may appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the same General Meeting, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such member. Where such member appoints more than two proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the form of proxy.

- (c) A member may appoint not more than two proxies to attend and vote at the same General Meeting, Provided that if In any case where the member is a Depositor, the Company shall be entitled and bound:
 - (i) to reject any instrument of proxy lodged if the Depositor is not shown to have any shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 4872 hours (or any such time prescribed under the Statutes and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange) before the time of the relevant General Meeting as certified by the Depository to the Company; and
 - (ii) to accept as the maximum number of votes which in aggregate the proxy or proxies appointed by the Depositor is or are able to cast on a poll a number which is the number of shares entered against the name of that Depositor in the Depository Register as at 4872 hours (or any such time prescribed under the Statutes and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange) before the time of the relevant General Meeting as certified by the Depository to the Company, whether that number is greater or smaller than the number specified in any instrument of proxy executed by or on behalf of that Depositor.
- (B) The Company shall be entitled and bound, in determining rights to vote and other matters in respect of a completed instrument of proxy submitted to it, to have regard to the instructions (if any) given by and the notes (if any) set out in the instrument of proxy.
- (C) In any case where a form of proxy appoints more than one proxy, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the form of proxy. If no proportion is specified, the Company shall be entitled to treat the first named proxy as representing the entire number of shares entered against his name in the Depository Register and any second named proxy as an alternate to the first named or at the Company's option to treat the form of proxy as invalid.
- (D) A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 72. (A) An instrument appointing a proxy <u>for any member</u> shall be in writing in any usual or common form or in any other form which the Directors <u>may from time to time</u> approve and:
 - (a) in the case of an individual <u>member</u>, shall be: signed by the appointor or his attorney; and
 - (i) signed by the member or his attorney duly authorised in writing if the instrument is delivered personally or sent by post; or
 - (ii) authorised by the member through such method and in such manner as may be approved by the Directors, if the instrument is submitted by electronic communication; and
 - (b) in the case of a <u>member which is a</u> corporation, shall be: <u>either given under its common</u> seal or signed on its behalf by an attorney or a duly authorised officer of the corporation.
 - (i) either given under its common seal or such alternative to sealing as is valid under the law of its jurisdiction of incorporation, or signed on its behalf by an attorney duly authorised in writing or a duly authorised officer of the corporation if the instrument is delivered personally or sent by post; or
 - (ii) authorised by the member through such method and in such manner as may be approved by the Directors, if the instrument is submitted by electronic communication.

The Directors may, for the purposes of this Regulation, designate procedures for authenticating any such instrument, and any such instrument not so authenticated by use of such procedures shall be deemed not to have been received by the Company.

- (B) The signature on, or authorisation of, such an instrument of proxy need not be witnessed. Where an instrument appointing a proxy is signed or authorised on behalf of the appointor a member (which shall, for purposes of this paragraph include a Depository) by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy pursuant to the next following ArticleRegulation 73(A), failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.
- (C) The Directors may, in their absolute discretion:
 - (a) approve the method and manner for an instrument appointing a proxy to be authorised;
 and
 - (b) designate the procedure for authenticating an instrument appointing a proxy,

as contemplated in Regulation 72(A)(a)(ii) and 72(A)(b)(ii) for application to such members or class of members as they may determine. Where the Directors do not so approve and designate in relation to a member (whether of a class or otherwise), Regulation 72(A)(a)(i) and/or (as the case may be) Regulation 72(A)(b)(i) shall apply.

- 73. (A) An instrument appointing a proxy or the power of attorney or other authority, if any:
 - (a) if sent personally or by post, must be left at such place or one of such places (if any) as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to or in any document accompanying the notice convening the General mMeeting (or, if no place is so specified, at the Office); or
 - (b) <u>if submitted by electronic communication, must be received through such means as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to or in any document accompanying the notice convening the General Meeting.</u>

and in either case, not less than 4872 hours (or any such time prescribed under the Statutes and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange) before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) for the taking of the poll at which it is to be used, and in default shall not be treated as valid. The instrument shall, unless the contrary is stated thereon, be valid as well for any adjournment of the General mMeeting as for the meeting to which it relates; Provided that an instrument of proxy relating to more than one meeting (including any adjournment thereof) having once been so delivered in accordance with Regulation 73 for the purposes of any meeting shall not be required again to be delivered for the purposes of any subsequent meeting to which it relates.

- (B) The Directors may, in their absolute discretion, and in relation to such members or class of members as they may determine, specify the means through which instruments appointing a proxy may be submitted by electronic communications, as contemplated in Regulation 73(A)(b). Where the Directors do not so specify in relation to a member (whether of a class or otherwise), Regulation 73(A)(a) shall apply.
- 74. (A) An instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to include the right to demand or join in demanding a poll, to move any resolution or amendment thereto and to speak at the General mMeeting.
 - (B) A member who has deposited an instrument appointing any number of proxies to vote on his behalf at a General Meeting shall not be precluded from attending, speaking and voting in person at that General Meeting. Any such appointment of all the proxies concerned shall be deemed to be revoked upon the attendance of the member appointing the proxy/proxies at the relevant General Meeting.

- 75. A vote cast by proxy shall not be invalidated by the previous death or insanity mental disorder of the principal or by the revocation of the appointment of the proxy or of the authority under which the appointment was made or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity mental disorder, or revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at the Office (or such other place as may be specified for the deposit of the instruments appointing proxies) at least one hour before the commencement of the General mMeeting or adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for the taking of the poll at which the vote is cast.
- 75A. Subject to this Constitution, the Statutes and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, the Directors may, at their sole discretion, approve and implement, subject to such security measures as may be deemed necessary or expedient, such voting methods to allow Members who are unable to vote in person at any General Meeting the option to vote in absentia, including but not limited to voting by mail, electronic mail or facsimile.

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES

76. AnySubject to the Act, any corporation which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any General mMeeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company. The person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of such corporation as the corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company and such corporation shall for the purposes of these presents be deemed to be present in person at any such meeting if a person so authorised is present thereat.

DIRECTORS

- 77. The number of Directors of the Company shall not be less than two. All Directors of the Company shall be natural persons.
- 78. A Director shall not be required to hold any shares of the Company by way of qualification. A Director who is not a member of the Company shall nevertheless be entitled to receive notice of and to attend and speak at General Meetings.
- 79. The ordinary remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by an Ordinary Resolution of the Company, shall not be increased except pursuant to an Ordinary Resolution passed at a General Meeting where notice of the proposed increase shall have been given in the notice convening the General Meeting and shall (unless such resolution otherwise provides) be divisible among the Directors as they may agree, or failing agreement, equally, except that any Director who shall hold office for part only of the period in respect of which such remuneration is payable shall be entitled only to rank in such division for a proportion of remuneration related to the period during which he has held office.
- 80. (A) Subject to the Act, Aany Director who holds any executive office, or who serves on any committee of the Directors, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, commission or otherwise as the Directors may determine.
 - (B) The remuneration (including any remuneration under ArticleRegulation 80(A) above) in the case of a Director other than an Executive Director shall be payable by a fixed sum and shall not at any time be by commission on or percentage of the profits or turnover, and no Director whether an Executive Director or otherwise shall be remunerated by a commission on or percentage of turnover.
- 81. The <u>Company or the Directors</u> may repay to any Director all such reasonable expenses as he may incur in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors or General Meetings or otherwise in or about the business of the Company.

- 82. The Subject to the Act, the Directors shall have power to pay and agree to pay pensions or other retirement, superannuation, death or disability benefits to (or to any person in respect of) any Director for the time being holding any executive office and for the purpose of providing any such pensions or other benefits to contribute to any scheme or fund or to pay premiums.
- 83. (A) Subject to the Act, a Director, or Chief Executive Officer, as the case may be, may be party to or in any way interested in any contract or arrangement or transaction or proposed transaction and shall not be liable to account for any profit made by him by reason of any such contract, provided always that the nature of the interest of the Director or Chief Executive Officer in any such transaction be declared at a meeting of the Directors as required by the Act.
 - (B) A Director may be party to or in any way interested in any contract or arrangement or transaction to which the Company is a party or in which the Company is in any way interested and heSubject to the Act and Regulation 102, a Director may hold and be remunerated in respect of any office or place of profit (other than the office of Auditor of the Company or any subsidiary thereof) under the Company or any other company in which the Company is in any way interested and he (or any firm of which he is a member) may act in a professional capacity for the Company or any such other company and be remunerated therefor and in any such case as aforesaid (save as otherwise agreed) he may retain for his own absolute use and benefit all profits and advantages accruing to him thereunder or in consequence thereof.
- 84. (A) The Subject to the Act, the Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be the holder of any executive office (including, where considered appropriate, the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman) on such terms and for such period as they may (subject to the provisions of the Statutes) determine and, without prejudice to the terms of any contract entered into in any particular case, may at any time revoke any such appointment.
 - (B) The appointment of any Director to the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall automatically determine if he ceases to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
 - (C) The appointment of any Director to any other executive office shall not automatically determine if he ceases from any cause to be a Director, unless the contract or resolution under which he holds office shall expressly state otherwise, in which event such determination shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- 85. The Subject to the Act, the Directors may entrust to and confer upon any Directors holding any executive office under the Company or any other company as aforesaid any of the powers exercisable by them as Directors upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

MANAGING DIRECTORS / CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

- 86. The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be Managing Director or Managing Directors or Chief Executive Officer or Chief Executive Officers (or other equivalent position) of the Company and may from time to time (subject to the provisions of any contract between him or them and the Company) remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places. Where an appointment is for a fixed term such term shall not exceed five years.
- 87. A Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer (or person holding an equivalent position) who is a Director shall, subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company, be subject to the same provisions as to retirement by rotation, resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company and his appointment shall be automatically determined if he ceases from any cause to be a Director.

- 88. The remuneration of a Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer (or person holding an equivalent position) shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors and may subject to these presents be by way of salary or commission or participation in profits or by any or all these modes but he shall not under any circumstances be remunerated by a commission on or a percentage of turnover.
- 89. A Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer (or person holding an equivalent position) shall at all times be subject to the control of the Directors but subject thereto the Directors may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director or a Chief Executive Officer (or person holding an equivalent position) for the time being such of the powers exercisable under these presents by the Directors as they may think fit and may confer such powers for such time and to be exercised on such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think expedient and they may confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 90. The office of a Director shall be vacated in any of the following events, namely:
 - (a) if he shall <u>cease to be a Director by virtue of the Act or</u> become prohibited <u>or disqualified</u> by the <u>Statutes or any other</u> law <u>or any order made under the Act</u> from acting as a Director; or
 - (b) if (not being a Director holding any executive office for a fixed term) he shall resign by writing under his hand left at the Office or if he shall in writing offer to resign and the Directors shall resolve to accept such offer; or
 - (c) if he shall have a bankruptcy order <u>or a receiving order</u> made against him or shall compound make any arrangements or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - (d) if he becomes <u>incapable</u> of <u>unsound mind managing himself or his affairs</u> or if in Singapore or elsewhere an order shall be made by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a guardian or for the appointment of a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs; or
 - (e) if he is removed by the Company in General Meeting pursuant to these presents: or
 - (f) if he is disqualified from acting as a director in any jurisdiction for reasons other than on technical grounds.
- 91. At each Annual General Meeting the following Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation (in addition to any Director retiring pursuant to Article Regulation 97):
 - (a) any Director who, if that Director did not retire at the Annual General Meeting, would at the next Annual General Meeting have held office for more than three years; and
 - (b) one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) who are not to retire under paragraph (a) or ArticleRegulation 97, selected in accordance with ArticleRegulation 92.
- 92. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those subject to retirement by rotation who have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment and so that as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.

- 93. The Company at the <u>General mMeeting</u> at which a Director retires under any provision of these presents may by Ordinary Resolution fill the office being vacated by electing thereto the retiring Director <u>if he is eligible for appointment</u> or some other person eligible for appointment. In default the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-elected except in any of the following cases:
 - (a) where at such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill such office or a resolution for the reelection of such Director is put to the meeting and lost; or
 - (b) where such Director has given notice in writing to the Company that he is unwilling to be reelected; or
 - (c) where the default is due to the moving of a resolution in contravention of the next following Article; or
 - (d) where such Director has attained any retiring age applicable to him as Director.

The retirement shall not have effect until the conclusion of the meeting except where a resolution is passed to elect some other person in the place of the retiring Director or a resolution for his re-election is put to the meeting and lost and accordingly a retiring Director who is re-elected or deemed to have been re-elected will continue in office without a break.

- 94. A resolution for the appointment of two or more persons as Directors by a single resolution shall not be moved at any General Meeting unless a resolution that it shall be so moved has first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it; and any resolution moved in contravention of this provision shall be void.
- 95. No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for appointment as a Director at any General Meeting unless not less than 11 nor more than 42 clear days (exclusive of the date on which the notice is given) before the date appointed for the meeting there shall have been lodged at the Office notice in writing signed by some member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election or notice in writing signed by the person to be proposed giving his consent to the nomination and signifying his candidature for the office, Provided that in the case of a person recommended by the Directors for election not less than nine clear days' notice shall be necessary and notice of each and every such person proposed for election shall be served on the members at least seven days prior to the meeting at which the election is to take place.
- 96. The Company may in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Statutes by Ordinary Resolution of which special notice has been given remove any Director from office (notwithstanding any provision of these presents or of any agreement between the Company and such Director, but without prejudice to any claim he may have for damages for breach of any such agreement) and appoint another person in place of a Director so removed from office and any person so appointed shall be treated for the purpose of determining the time at which he or any other Director is to retire by rotation as if he had become a Director on the day on which the Director in whose place he is appointed was last elected a Director. In default of such appointment the vacancy arising upon the removal of a Director from office may be filled as a casual vacancy.
- 97. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director. Without prejudice thereto the Directors shall have power at any time so to do so, but any person so appointed by the Directors shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting. He shall then be eligible for re-election, but shall not be taken into account in determining the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

98. (A) Any Director may at any time by writing under his hand and deposited at the Office, or delivered at a meeting of the Directors, appoint any person (other than another Director) to be his Alternate Director and may in like manner at any time terminate such appointment. Such appointment, unless previously approved by the Directors, shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved. A person shall not act as Alternate Director to more than one Director at the same time.

- (B) The appointment of an Alternate Director shall determine on the happening of any event which if he were a Director would cause him to vacate such office or if the Director concerned (below called "his principal") ceases to be a Director.
- (C) An Alternate Director shall (except when absent from Singapore) be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the Directors and shall be entitled to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which his principal is not personally present and generally at such meeting to perform all functions of his principal as a Director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these presents shall apply as if he (instead of his principal) were a Director. If his principal is for the time being absent from Singapore or temporarily unable to act through ill health or disability, his signature to any resolution in writing of the Directors shall be as effective as the signature of his principal. To such extent as the Directors may from time to time determine in relation to any committee of the Directors, the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall also apply *mutatis mutandis* to any meeting of any such committee of which his principal is a member. An Alternate Director shall not (save as aforesaid) have power to act as a Director nor shall he be deemed to be a Director for the purposes of these presents.
- (D) An Alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent *mutatis mutandis* as if he were a Director but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as Alternate Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his principal as such principal may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct provided that any fees payable to him shall be deducted from his principal's remuneration.

MEETINGS AND PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 99. (A) Subject to the provisions of these presents the Directors may meet together <u>at any place</u> for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. At any time any Director may, and the Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, summon a meeting of the Directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being absent from Singapore. Any Director may waive notice of any meeting and any such waiver may be retroactive.
 - (B) Directors may participate in a meeting of the Directors by means of a conference telephone, video conferencing, audio visual or other similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, without a Director being in the physical presence of another Director or Directors, and participation in a meeting pursuant to this provision shall constitute presence in person at such meeting. A Director participating in a meeting in the manner aforesaid may also be taken into account in ascertaining the presence of a quorum at the meeting. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of Directors physically present for the purpose of the meeting is assembled or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting is physically present. The minutes of the proceedings at such meeting by telephone or other means of communication shall be sufficient evidence of such proceedings and of the observance of all necessary formalities if certified as the correct minutes by the chairman of the meeting.
- 100. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed from time to time by the Directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all powers and discretions for the time being exercisable by the Directors.
- 101. Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be determined by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes (except where only two Directors are present and form the quorum or when only two Directors are competent to vote on the question in issue) the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.
- 102. A Director <u>or Chief Executive Officer (as the case may be)</u> shall not vote in respect of any transaction (including any) contract or arrangement) or any other proposal whatsoever in which he has any personal material interest, directly or indirectly. A Director shall not be counted in the quorum at a meeting in relation to any resolution on which he is debarred from voting.

- 103. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancies, but if and so long as the number of Directors is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or in accordance with the regulations of the Companythese presents, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to such minimum number or of summoning General Meetings, but not for any other purpose (except in an emergency). If there be no Directors or Director able or willing to act, then any two members may summon a General Meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors.
- 104. (A) The Directors may from time to time elect from their number a Chairman and a Deputy Chairman (or two or more Deputy Chairmen) and determine the period for which each is to hold office. If no Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall have been appointed or if at any meeting of the Directors no Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
 - (B) If at any time there is more than one Deputy Chairman the right in the absence of the Chairman to preside at a meeting of the Directors or of the Company shall be determined as between the Deputy Chairmen present (if more than one) by seniority in length of appointment or otherwise as resolved by the Directors.
- 105. A resolution in writing signed by a majority of Directors for the time being (who are not prohibited by the law or of these presents from voting on such resolutions) being not less than are sufficient to form a quorum shall be as effective as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Directors and may consist of several documents in the like form, each signed by one or more Directors. The expressions "in writing" and "signed" include approval by any such Director by telefax or any form of electronic communication approved by the Directors for such purpose from time to time incorporating, if the Directors deem necessary, the use of security and/or identification procedures and devices approved by the Directors.
- 106. The Directors may delegate any of their powers or discretion to <u>any</u> committees consisting of one or more members of their body and (if thought fit) one or more other persons co-opted as hereinafter provided. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations which may from time to time be imposed by the Directors. Any such regulations may provide for or authorise the co-option to the committee of persons other than Directors and for such co-opted members to have voting rights as members of the committee.
- 107. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed *mutatis mutandis* by the provisions of these presents regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding ArticleRegulation.
- 108. All acts done by any meeting of Directors, or of any such committee, or by any person acting as a Director or as a member of any such committee, shall as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, notwithstanding that there was defect in the appointment of any of the persons acting as aforesaid, or that any such persons were disqualified or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director or member of the committee and had been entitled to vote.

BORROWING POWERS

109. Subject as hereinafter provided and to the provisions of the Statutes, the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money, to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital and to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

GENERAL POWERS OF DIRECTORS

- 110. The business and affairs of the Company shall be managed by or under the direction or supervision of the Directors. The Directors may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not by the Statutes or by these presents required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, but subject nevertheless to any regulations of these presents and to the provisions of the Statutes. The Directors shall not carry into effect any proposals for selling or disposing of the whole or substantially the whole of the Company's undertaking unless such proposals have been approved by the Company in General Meeting. The general powers given by this ArticleRegulation shall not be limited or restricted by any special authority or power given to the Directors by any other ArticleRegulation.
- 111. The Directors may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in Singapore or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such local boards, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any local board, manager or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors, with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any local boards, or any of them, to fill any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.
- 112. The Directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these presents) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.
- 113. (A) The Company or the Directors on behalf of the Company may in exercise of the powers in that behalf conferred by the Statutes cause to be kept a Branch Register or Register of Members and the Directors may (subject to the provisions of the Statutes) make and vary such regulations as they may think fit in respect of the keeping of any such Register.
 - (B) The Directors shall duly comply with the provisions of the Act and in particular the provisions with regard to the registration of charges created by or affecting property of the Company, providing information to the Registrar of Companies appointed under the Act in relation to its Directors (including any Managing Directors), Chief Executive Officers, Secretaries and Auditors, keeping a Register of Members, a Register of Substantial Shareholders, a Register of Holders of Debentures of the Company, a Register of Mortgages and Charges, a Register of Directors' and Chief Executive Officers' Share and Debenture Holdings, and other Registers as required by the Statutes and the production and furnishing of copies of such Registers.
 - (C) The Directors shall cause minutes to be duly made and entered in books provided for such purpose:
 - (a) of all appointments of officers to be engaged in the management of the Company's affairs;
 - (b) of the names of the Directors present at all meetings of the Company, of the Directors and of any committee of Directors; and

(c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company, of any class of members, of the Directors and of any committee of Directors, and of its Chief Executive Officers (if any).

Such minutes shall be signed by the chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings were held or by the chairman of the next succeeding meeting, and such minutes shall be conclusive evidence without any further proof of the facts stated therein.

- (D) Any register, index, minute book, accounting record, minute or other book required to be kept by the Company under the Statutes may, subject to and in accordance with the Act, be kept either in hard copy or in electronic form, and arranged in the manner that the Directors think fit. If such records are kept in electronic form, the Directors shall ensure that they are capable of being reproduced in hard copy form, and shall provide for the manner in which the records are to be authenticated and verified. In any case where such records are kept otherwise than in hard copy form, the Directors shall take reasonable precautions for ensuring the proper maintenance and authenticity of such records, guarding against falsification and facilitating the discovery of any falsifications. The Company shall cause true English translations of all financial statements, minute books or other records required to be kept by the Company under the Statutes which are not kept in English to be made from time to time at intervals of not more than 7 days, and shall keep the translations with the originals for so long as the originals are required under the Statutes to be kept. The Company shall also keep at the Office certified English translations of all instruments, certificates, contracts or documents not written in English which the Company is required under the Statutes to make available for public inspection.
- 114. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other negotiable or transferable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.

SECRETARY

115. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors on such terms and for such period as they may think fit. Any Secretary so appointed may at any time be removed from office by the Directors, but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company. If thought fit two or more persons may be appointed as Joint Secretaries. The Directors may also appoint from time to time on such terms as they may think fit one or more Assistant Secretaries. The appointment and duties of the Secretary or Joint Secretaries shall not conflict with the provisions of the Act and in particular Section 171 of the Act.

THE SEAL

- 116. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal which shall not be used without the authority of the Directors or of a committee authorised by the Directors in that on their behalf.
- 117. The Company may execute a document described or expressed as a deed by affixing the Seal or in the manner prescribed by the Act as an alternative to sealing. Every instrument to which the Seal shall be affixed shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by a second Director or some other person appointed by the Directors save that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other securities of the Company the Directors may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature or other method approved by the Directors.
- 118. (A) The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Statutes with regard to having an official seal for use abroad and such powers shall be vested in the Directors.

(B) The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Statutes with regard to having a duplicate Seal as referred to in Section 124 of the Act which shall be a facsimile of the Seal with the addition on its face of the words "Share Seal".

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

119. Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the eConstitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors or any committee, and any books, records. documents and accounts financial statements relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and where any books, records, documents or accounts financial statements are elsewhere than at the Office the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Directors as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Directors or any committee which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed, or as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting. Any authentication or certification made pursuant to this ArticleRegulation may be made by any electronic means approved by the Directors for such purpose from time to time incorporating, if the Directors deem necessary, the use of security and/ or identification procedures and devices approved by the Directors.

RESERVES

120. The Directors may from time to time set aside out of the profits of the Company and carry to reserve such sums as they think proper which, at the discretion of the Directors, shall be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may properly be applied and pending such application may either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested. The Directors may divide the reserve into such special funds as they think fit and may consolidate into one fund any special funds or any parts of any special funds into which the reserve may have been divided. The Directors may also, without placing the same to reserve, carry forward any profits. In carrying sums to reserve and in applying the same the Directors shall comply with the provisions of the Statutes.

DIVIDENDS

- 121. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution declare dividends but no such dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- 122. If and so far as in the opinion of the Directors the profits of the Company justify such payments, the Directors may declare and pay the fixed dividends on any class of shares carrying a fixed dividend expressed to be payable on fixed dates on the half-yearly or other dates prescribed for the payment thereof and may also from time to time declare and pay interim dividends on shares of any class of such amounts and on such dates and in respect of such periods as they think fit.
- 123. Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares or class of shares and except as otherwise permitted under the Act:
 - (a) all dividends in respect of shares must be paid in proportion to the number of shares held by a member but where shares are partly paid all dividends must be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the partly paid shares; and
 - (b) all dividends must be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts so paid or credited as paid during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid.

For the purpose of this ArticleRegulation, an amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of a call is to be ignored.

- 124. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits available for distribution under the provisions of the Statutes.
- 125. No dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company.
- 126. (A) The Directors may retain any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.
 - (B) The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the provisions as to the transmission of shares hereinbefore contained entitled to become a member, or which any person is under those provisions entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares or shall transfer the same.
 - (C) A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.
- 127. The waiver in whole or in part of any dividend on any share by any document (whether or not under seal) shall be effective only if such document is signed by the shareholder member (or the person entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder) and delivered to the Company and if or to the extent that the same is accepted as such or acted upon by the Company.
- 128. The Company may upon the recommendation of the Directors by Ordinary Resolution direct payment of a dividend in whole or in part by the distribution of specific assets (and in particular of paid-up shares or debentures of any other company or in any one or more of such ways) and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution. Where any difficulty arises in—with regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates, may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Directors.
- 129. Any dividend or other moneys payable in cash on or in respect of a share may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address appearing in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register of a member or person entitled thereto (or, if two or more persons are registered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) entered in the Depository Register as joint holders of the share or are entitled thereto in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to any one of such persons) or to such person at such address as such member or person or persons may by writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent or to such person as the holder or joint holders or person or persons entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder may direct and payment of the cheque or warrant by the banker upon whom it is drawn shall be a good discharge to the Company. Every such cheque or warrant shall be sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money represented thereby. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this ArticleRegulation and the provisions of ArticleRegulation 131, the payment by the Company to the Depository of any dividend payable to a Depositor shall, to the extent of the payment made to the Depository, discharge the Company from any liability to the Depositor in respect of that payment.

- 130. If two or more persons are registered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register as joint holders of any share, or are entitled jointly to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, any one of them may give effectual receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable or property distributable on or in respect of the share.
- 131. Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in General Meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same shall be payable to the persons registered as the holders of such shares in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register at the close of business on a particular date and thereupon the dividend shall be payable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights *inter se* in respect of such dividend of transferors and transferees of any such shares.
- 131A. The payment by the Directors of any unclaimed dividends or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect thereof. All dividends unclaimed after being declared may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company and any dividend unclaimed after a period of six years from the date of declaration of such dividend may be forfeited and if so shall revert to the Company but the Directors may at any time thereafter at their absolute discretion annul any such forfeiture and pay the dividend so forfeited to the person entitled thereto prior to the forfeiture. For the avoidance of doubt no Mmember shall be entitled to any interest, share of revenue or other benefit arising from any unclaimed dividends, howsoever and whatsoever. If CDPthe Depository returns any such dividend or moneys to the Company, the relevant Depositor shall not have any right or claim in respect of such dividend or moneys against the Company if a period of six years has elapsed from the date of the declaration of such dividend or the date on which such other moneys are first payable.
- 131B. A payment by the Company to CDPthe Depository of any dividend or other moneys payable to a Depositor shall, to the extent of the payment made, discharge the Company from any liability to the Depositor in respect of that payment.

SCRIP DIVIDEND SCHEME

- Mhenever the Directors or the Company in General Meeting have resolved or proposed that a dividend (including an interim, final, special or other dividend) be paid or declared on the ordinary shares of the Company, the Directors may further resolve that members entitled to such dividend be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of ordinary shares credited as fully paid in lieu of cash in respect of the whole or such part of the dividend as the Directors may think fit. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:
 - (a) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Directors;
 - (b) the Directors shall determine the manner in which members shall be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of ordinary shares credited as fully paid in lieu of cash in respect of the whole or such part of any dividend in respect of which the Directors shall have passed such a resolution as aforesaid, and the Directors may make such arrangements as to the giving of notice to members, providing for forms of election for completion by members (whether in respect of a particular dividend or dividends or generally), determining the procedure for making such elections or revoking the same and the place at which and the latest date and time by which any forms of election or other documents by which elections are made or revoked must be lodged, and otherwise make all such arrangements and do all such things, as the Directors consider necessary or expedient in connection with the provisions of this Regulation;

- (c) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable in cash on ordinary shares in respect of which the share election has been duly exercised (the "elected ordinary shares") and in lieu and in satisfaction thereof ordinary shares shall be allotted and credited as fully paid to the holders of the elected ordinary shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose and notwithstanding any provision of the Regulations to the contrary, the Directors shall be empowered to do all things necessary and convenient for the purpose of implementing the aforesaid, including, without limitation, the making of each necessary allotment of shares and of each necessary appropriation, capitalisation, application, payment and distribution of funds which may be lawfully appropriated, capitalised, applied, paid or distributed for the purpose of the allotment and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing the Directors may (i) capitalise and apply the amount standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or any sum standing to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution as the Directors may determine, such sum as may be required to pay up in full the appropriate number of ordinary shares for allotment and distribution to and among the holders of the elected ordinary shares on such basis, or (ii) apply the sum which would otherwise have been payable in cash to the holders of the elected ordinary shares towards payment of the appropriate number of ordinary shares for allotment and distribution to and among the holders of the elected ordinary shares on such basis.
- (B) The ordinary shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 132(A) shall rank pari passu in all respects with the ordinary shares then in issue save only as regards participation in the dividend which is the subject of the election referred to above (including the right to make the election referred to above) or any other distributions, bonuses or rights paid, made, declared or announced prior to or contemporaneous with the payment or declaration of the dividend which is the subject of the election referred to above, unless the Directors shall otherwise specify.
- (C) The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any appropriation, capitalisation, application, payment and distribution of funds pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 132(A), with full power to make such provisions as they may think fit in the case of fractional entitlements to shares (including, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in these Regulations, provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are disregarded or rounded up or down, or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than the members) and to authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members interested into an agreement(s) with the Company providing for any such appropriation, capitalisation, application, payment and distribution of funds and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.
- (D) The Directors may, on any occasion when they resolve as provided in Regulation 132(A), determine the rights of election under that paragraph shall not be made available to the persons who are registered as holders of ordinary shares in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) in the Depository Register, or in respect of ordinary shares the transfer of which is registered, after such date as the Directors may fix subject to such exceptions as the Directors think fit and, in such event, Regulations 132(A) to 132(F) shall be read and construed subject to such determination.

- (E) The Directors may, on any occasion when they resolve as provided in Regulation 132(A), further determine that no allotment of shares or rights of election for ordinary shares under that paragraph shall be made available or made to members whose registered addresses entered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register is outside Singapore or to such other members or class of members as the Directors may in their sole discretion decide and in such event the only entitlements of the members aforesaid shall be to receive in cash the relevant dividend resolved or proposed to be paid or declared.
- (F) Notwithstanding the foregoing Regulations 132(A) to 132(E), if at any time after the Directors' resolution to apply the provisions of Regulation 132(A) in relation to any dividend but prior to the allotment of ordinary shares pursuant thereto, the Directors shall consider that by reason of any event or circumstance (whether arising before or after such resolution) or by reason of any matter whatsoever it is no longer expedient or appropriate to implement that proposal, the Directors may at their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefore, as they deem fit, cancel the proposed application of Regulation 132(A).

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND RESERVES

- 1323. The Directors may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution of the Company (including, without limitation, any Ordinary Resolution passed pursuant to ArticleRegulation 8(B)), issue bonus shares for which no consideration is payable to the Company or capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts including any undistributable reserve or any sum standing to the credit of profit and loss account by appropriating such sum to the persons registered as holders of shares in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) in the Depository Register at the close of business on the date of the Resolution (or such other date as may be specified therein or determined as therein provided) or (in the case of an Ordinary Resolution passed pursuant to Article Regulation 8(B)) such other date as may be determined by the Directors in proportion to their then holdings of shares and applying such sum on their behalf in paying up in full unissued shares (or, subject to any special rights previously conferred on any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, unissued shares of any other class not being redeemable shares) for allotment and distribution credited as fully paid up to and amongst them as bonus shares in the proportion aforesaid. The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any such bonus issue or capitalisation, with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit for any fractional entitlements which would arise on the basis aforesaid (including provisions whereby fractional entitlements are disregarded or the benefit thereof accrues to the Company rather than to the members concerned). The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members interested into an agreement with the Company providing for any such bonus issue or capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.
- 1334. In addition and without prejudice to the power to capitalise profits and other moneys provided for by Article 132Regulation 133, the Directors shall have power to issue shares for which no consideration is payable and to capitalise any undivided profits or other moneys of the Company not required for the payment or provision of any dividend on any shares entitled to cumulative or non-cumulative preferential dividends (including profits or other moneys carried and standing to any reserve or reserves) and to apply such profits or other moneys in paying up in full at par unissued shares in each case on terms that such shares shall, upon issue, be distributed (credited as fully paid up) to, and held by or for the benefit of participants of any share incentive or option scheme or plan implemented by the Company and approved by shareholdersmembers in General Meeting in such manner and on such terms as the Directors shall think fit.

ACCOUNTS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 1345. (A) The Directors shall cause to be kept such accounting and other records as are necessary to comply with the provisions of the Statutes, and shall cause those records to be kept in such manner as to enable them to be conveniently and properly audited.
 - (B) Accounting records sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and otherwise complying with the Statutes shall be kept at the Office, or at such other place as the Directors think fit. No member of the Company or other person shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by sStatutes or ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or authorised by the Directors.
- 1356. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Directors shall cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in General Meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets financial statements, group accounts (if any) and reports as may be necessary. The interval between the close of a financial year of the Company and the date of the Annual General Meeting shall not exceed four months (or such other period as may be prescribed by the Act or any Stock Exchange on which the shares of the Company may be listed or the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange).
- 1367. A copy of every balance sheet and profit and loss account financial statement which is to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company (including every document required by law to be comprised therein or attached or annexed thereto) which is duly audited and which is to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company accompanied by a copy of the Auditor's report therein, shall not less than 14 days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the Company and to every other person who is entitled to receive notices of General mMeetings from the Company under the provisions of the Statutes or of these presents; Provided that and subject to the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange:
 - (a) this Article Regulation shall not require a copy of these documents to be sent to more than one or any joint holders or to any person of whose address the Company is not aware, but any member or the several persons entitled thereto in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, but any member or holder of debentures to whom a copy of these documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Office; and
 - (b) these documents may be sent less than 14 days before the date of the General Meeting if all persons entitled to receive notices of General Meetings from the Company so agree.

AUDITORS

- 1378. (A) An Auditor shall be appointed and his duties regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Act. Every Auditor of the Company shall have a right of access at all times to the accounting and other records of the Company and shall make his report as required by the Act.
 - (B) Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, all acts done by any person acting as an Auditor shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, be valid, notwithstanding that there was some defect in his appointment or that he was at the time of his appointment not qualified for appointment or subsequently became disqualified.
- 1389. An Auditor shall be entitled to attend any General Meeting and to receive all notices of and other communications relating to any General Meeting which any member is entitled to receive and to be heard at any General Meeting on any part of the business of the meeting which concerns him as Auditor.

NOTICES

- 13940. (A) Any notice or document (including a share certificate) may be served on or delivered to any member by the Company either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid cover addressed to such member at his <u>Singapore</u> registered address appearing in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register, or (if he has no registered address within Singapore) to the address, if any, within Singapore supplied by him to the Company or (as the case may be) supplied by him to the Depository as his address for the service of notices, or by delivering it to such address as aforesaid. Where a notice or other document is served or sent by post, service or delivery shall be deemed to be effected at the time when the cover containing the same is posted and in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that such cover was properly addressed, stamped and posted.
 - (B) Without prejudice to the provisions of Regulation 140(A), but subject otherwise to any applicable laws relating to electronic communications, including, inter alia, the Act and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, any notice of meeting or other document (including, without limitations, any financial statements or reports) which is required or permitted to be given, sent or served under the Act or under these presents by the Company, or by the Directors, to a member or an officer or Auditor of the Company may be given, sent or served using electronic communications:
 - (a) to the current address of that person (which may be an email address);
 - (b) by making it available on a website prescribed by the Company from time to time; or
 - (c) in such manner as such member expressly consents to receiving notices and documents by giving notice in writing to the Company,

in accordance with the provisions of, or as otherwise provided by, the Statutes and/or any other applicable regulations or procedures and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange.

- (C) For the purposes of Regulation 140(B) above, subject to any applicable laws relating to electronic communications, including, inter alia, the Act and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, a member shall be implied to have agreed to receive such notice or document by way of such electronic communications and shall not have a right to elect to receive a physical copy of such notice or document.
- (D) Notwithstanding Regulation 140(C) above, and subject to any applicable laws relating to electronic communications, including, inter alia, the Act and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, the Directors may, at their discretion, at any time give a member an opportunity to elect within a specified period of time whether to receive such notice or document by way of electronic communications or as a physical copy, and such member shall be deemed to have consented to receive such notice or document by way of electronic communications if he was given such an opportunity and he failed to make an election within the specified time, and he shall not in such an event have a right to receive a physical copy of such notice or documents.
- (E) Where a notice or document is given, sent or served by electronic communications:
 - (a) to the current address of a person pursuant to Regulation 140(B)(a), it shall be deemed to have been duly given, sent or served at the time of transmission of the electronic communication by the email server or facility operated by the Company or its service provider to the current address of such person (notwithstanding any delayed receipt, non-delivery or "returned mail" reply message or any other error message indicating that the electronic communication was delayed or not successfully sent), unless otherwise provided under applicable laws; or

- (b) by making it available on a website pursuant to Regulation 140(B)(b), it shall be deemed to have been duly given, sent or served on the date on which the notice or document is first made available on the website, or unless otherwise provided under applicable laws.
- (F) When a given number of days' notice or notice extending over any other period is required to be given the day of service shall, unless it is otherwise provided or required by these Regulations or by the Act, be not counted in such number of days or period.
- (G) Where a notice or document is given, sent or served to a member by making it available on a website pursuant to Regulation 140(E)(b), the Company shall give separate notice to the member of the publication of the notice or document on that website and the manner in which the notice or document may be accessed by any one or more of the following means:
 - (a) by sending such separate notice to the member personally or through the post pursuant to Regulation 140(A);
 - (b) by sending such separate notice to the member using electronic communications to his current address pursuant to Regulation 140(B)(a);
 - (c) by way of advertisement in the daily press; and/or
 - (d) by way of announcement on the Designated Stock Exchange.
- (H) Notwithstanding any provision of these Regulations, the Company shall comply with the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange for the time being in force relating to communications with members, including any requirements to send specific documents to members by way of physical copies.
- 1401. Any notice given to that one of the joint holders of a share whose name stands first in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register in respect of the share shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders in their capacity as such. For such purpose a joint holder having no registered address in Singapore and not having supplied an address within Singapore for the service of notices shall be disregarded.
- A person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member upon 1412. supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share, and upon supplying also to the Company or (as the case may be) the Depository an address within Singapore for the service of notices, shall be entitled to have served upon or delivered to him at such address any notice or document to which the member but for his death or bankruptcy would have been entitled, and such service or delivery shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service or delivery of such notice or document on all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in the share. Save as aforesaid any notice or document delivered or sent by post to or left at the registered address or given, sent or served by electronic communication to the current address (as the case may be) of any member in pursuance of these presents shall, notwithstanding that such member be then dead or bankrupt or in liquidation, and whether or not the Company or (as the case may be) the Depository shall have notice of his death or bankruptcy or liquidation, be deemed to have been duly served or delivered in respect of any share registered in the name of such member in the Register of Members or, where such member is a Depositor, entered against his name in the Depository Register as sole or first-named joint holder.
- 1423. A member who (having no registered address within Singapore) has not supplied to the Company or (as the case may be) the Depository an address within Singapore for the service of notices shall not be entitled to receive notices or other documents from the Company.

WINDING UP

- 143<u>4</u>. The Directors shall have power in the name and on behalf of the Company to present a petition to the court for the Company to be wound up.
- If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary, under supervision, or by the court) the Łiiquidator may, with the authority of a Special Resolution, divide among the members in specie or in kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds, and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members of or different classes of members. The Łiiquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the Łiiquidator with the like authority shall think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other property in respect of which there is a liability.
 - (B) If the Company shall be wound up, and the assets available for distribution among the members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the number of shares held by them respectively in relation to the total number of shares issued by the Company (excluding treasury shares). If in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid-up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed amongst the members in proportion to the number of shares held by them respectively in relation to the total number of shares issued by the Company (excluding treasury shares). This Regulation is to be without prejudice to the rights of the holders or Depositors of shares issued upon special terms and conditions.
 - (C) On a voluntary winding up of the Company, no commission or fee shall be paid to a liquidator without the prior approval of the members in General Meeting. The amount of such commission or fee shall be notified to all members not less than 7 days prior to the meeting at which it is to be considered.
- In the event of a winding up of the Company every member of the Company who is not for 1456. the time being in the Republic of Singapore shall be bound, within 14 days after the passing of an effective resolution to wind up the Company voluntarily, or within the like period after the making of an order for the winding up of the Company, to serve notice in writing on the Company appointing some householder in the Republic of Singapore upon whom all summonses, notices, processes, orders and judgments in relation to or under the winding up of the Company may be served, and in default of such nomination the liquidator of the Company shall be at liberty on behalf of such member to appoint some such person, and service upon any such appointee shall be deemed to be a good personal service on such member for all purposes, and where the liquidator makes any such appointment he shall, with all convenient speed, give notice thereof to such member by advertisement in any leading daily newspaper in the English language in circulation in Singapore or by a registered letter sent through the post and addressed to such member at his address as appearing in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register, and such notice shall be deemed to be served on the day following that on which the advertisement appears or the letter is posted.

INDEMNITY

- 1467. Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Statutes, every Director, Auditor, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified by the Company against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him in the execution and discharge of his duties or in relation thereto including any liability by him in defending any proceedings, civil or criminal, which relate to anything done or omitted or alleged to have been done or omitted by him as an officer or employee of the Company and in which judgment is given in his favour (or the proceedings otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part) or in which he is acquitted or in connection with any application under any statute for relief from liability in respect of any such act or omission in which relief is granted to him by the court. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, no Director, Manager, Secretary or other officer of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other Director or officer or for joining in any receipt or other act for conformity or for any loss or expense happening to the Company through the insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Directors for or on behalf of the Company or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency or tortious act of any person with whom any moneys, securities or effects shall be deposited or left or for any other loss, damage or misfortune whatsoever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto; unless the same shall happen through his own negligence, wilful default, breach of duty or breach of trust. Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Statutes, every officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by the officer to a person other than the Company attaching to the officer in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust.
 - (b) The Company must not indemnify any person in respect of any costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities, or pay any premium for a contract in pursuance thereto, if and to the extent that the Company is prohibited by law from doing so.

SECRECY

1478. No member shall be entitled to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trade or any matter which may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Directors it will be inexpedient in the interest of the members of the Company to communicate to the public save as may be authorised by law or required by the listing rules of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited Designated Stock Exchange.

PERSONAL DATA OF MEMBERS

- (A) A member who is a natural person is deemed to have consented to the collection, use and disclosure of his personal data (whether such personal data is provided by that member or is collected through a third party) by the Company (or its agents or service providers) from time to time for any of the following purposes:
 - (a) implementation and administration of any corporate action by the Company (or its agents or service providers):
 - (b) <u>internal analysis and/or market research by the Company (or its agents or service providers);</u>
 - (c) investor relations communications by the Company (or its agents or service providers);

- (d) administration by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of that member's holding of shares in the capital of the Company;
- (e) implementation and administration of any service provided by the Company (or its agents or service providers) to its members to receive notices of General Meetings, annual reports and other member communications and/or for proxy appointment, whether by electronic means or otherwise;
- (f) processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of proxies and representatives appointed for any General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to any General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof);
- (g) implementation and administration of, and compliance with, any provision of these presents;
- (h) compliance with any applicable laws, listing rules, take-over rules, regulations and/or guidelines; and
- (i) purposes which are reasonably related to any of the above purpose.
- (B) Any member who appoints a proxy and/or representative for any General Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof is deemed to have warranted that where such member discloses the personal data of such proxy and/or representative to the Company (or its agents or service providers), that member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy and/or representative for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the personal data of such proxy and/or representative for the purposes specified in Regulation 149(A)(f), and is deemed to have agreed to indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of such member's breach of warranty.

Stateglory Investments Limited P.O. Box 957, Offshore Incorporations Centre Road Town, Tortola British Virgin Islands

623954

NAME, ADDRESS AND DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIBER

Dated this 26th day of November 2004 Witness to the above signatures:-

Diana The Hui Ling
Advocate & Solicitor
David Lim & Partners
50 Raffles Place
#17-01 Singapore Land Tower
Singapore 048623

THE COMPANIES ACT (CHAPTER 50)

PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

CONSTITUTION

OF

JIUTIAN CHEMICAL GROUP LIMITED

(Adopted by Special Resolution passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting held on 28 April 2021)

RECITAL

- 1. The name of the Company is **JIUTIAN CHEMICAL GROUP LIMITED**.
- The registered office of the Company is situated in the Republic of Singapore.
- 3. Subject to the provisions of the Act, and any other written law and this Constitution, the Company has:
 - (i) full capacity to carry on or undertake any business or activity, do any act or enter into any transaction; and
 - (ii) for the purposes of paragraph (i) above, full rights, powers and privileges.
- 4. The Company is a company limited by shares and the liability of the members is limited.

PRELIMINARY

- 1. The regulations in model constitution prescribed under Section 36(1) of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 shall not apply to the Company, except insofar as the same are repeated or contained in this Constitution.
- 2. In these presents (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) the words and expressions set out in the first column below shall bear the meanings set opposite to them respectively.

"Act" The Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore, for the time being in force and as amended from time to time.

"address" or "registered address" In respect of any member, his physical address for the service or delivery of notices or documents personally or by post, unless otherwise expressly

provided in this Constitution.

"Auditor" An auditor of the Company.

"Company" The abovenamed company by whatever name from time to time called.

"Constitution" This constitution or other regulations of the Company for the time being in

force.

DEFINITIONS

"Designated Stock

Exchange"

The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited for so long as the shares of the Company are listed and quoted on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and/or such other stock exchange in respect of which the shares of the Company are listed and quoted.

"Directors"

The directors for the time being of the Company or such number of them as having authority to act for the Company.

"General Meeting"

A general meeting of the Company.

"in writing"

Written or produced by any substitute for writing or partly one and partly

another.

"Market Day"

A day on which the Designated Stock Exchange is open for trading in

securities.

"member"

A member of the Company, save that references in this Constitution to "member" shall, where the Act requires, exclude the Company where it is a member by reason of its holding of its shares as treasury shares.

"month"

Calendar month.

"Office"

The registered office of the Company for the time being.

"paid"

Paid or credited as paid.

"Register of Members"

The Company's register of members to be kept pursuant to Section 190 of

the Act.

"Regulations"

The regulations of the Company contained in this Constitution for the time being in force and as may be amended from time to time.

"Seal"

The Common Seal of the Company or in appropriate cases the Official Seal

or duplicate Common Seal.

"shares"

Shares in the capital of the Company.

"Statutes"

The Act and every other legislation or regulations for the time being in force concerning companies and affecting the Company and any modification

thereof for the time being in force.

"these presents"

These Regulations as from time to time altered.

"treasury shares"

Has the meaning ascribed to it in the Act, namely, shares which were (or are treated as having been) purchased by the Company in circumstances in which Section 76H of the Act applies, and have been held by the Company continuously since the treasury shares were so purchased.

"year"

Calendar year.

"S\$"

Singapore dollars.

The expressions "Depositor", "Depository", "Depository Agent" and "Depository Register" shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in Section 81SF of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore.

References in these presents to "holders" of shares or a class of shares shall:

- exclude the Depository except where otherwise expressly provided in these presents or where the term "registered holders" or "registered holder" is used in these presents;
- (b) where the context so requires, be deemed to include references to Depositors whose names are entered in the Depository Register in respect of those shares; and
- (c) except where otherwise expressly provided in these presents, exclude the Company in relation to shares held by it as treasury shares,

and "holding" and "held" shall be construed accordingly.

The expression "Secretary" shall include any person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of the Secretary and where two or more persons are appointed to act as Joint Secretaries shall include any one of those persons.

The expression "Chief Executive Officer", "current address", "electronic communication" and "relevant intermediary" shall have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in the Act.

The expressions referring to writing include, unless the contrary intention appears, references to printing, lithography, photography and other modes of representing or reproducing words, symbols or other information which may be displayed in a visible form, whether physical or electronic or otherwise.

All such of the provisions of these presents as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" and "shareholder" shall be construed accordingly.

Words denoting the singular shall include the plural and *vice versa*. Words denoting the masculine shall include the feminine. Words denoting persons shall include corporations.

Subject as aforesaid any words or expression defined in the Act shall (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) bear the same meanings in these presents.

Any reference in this Constitution to any enactment is a reference to that enactment as for the time being amended or re-enacted.

A Special Resolution shall be effective for any purpose for which an Ordinary Resolution is expressed to be required under any provision of these presents.

The headnotes herein are inserted for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the construction of this Constitution.

SHARES

3. The shares in the capital of the Company may be divided into several classes and there may be attached thereto respectively any preferential, deferred or other special rights, privileges, conditions or restrictions as to dividends, voting or otherwise.

ISSUE OF SHARES

- 4. (A) Subject to the Statutes and these presents, no shares may be issued by the Directors without the prior approval of the Company in General Meeting pursuant to Section 161 of the Act, but subject thereto and the terms of such approval and subject to Regulation 8, and to any special rights attached to any shares for the time being issued, the Directors may allot and issue shares (with or without conferring a right of renunciation) or grant options over or otherwise dispose of the same to such persons on such terms and conditions and for such consideration (if any) and at such time and subject or not to the payment of any part of the amount (if any) thereof in cash or otherwise as the Directors may think fit, subject to applicable laws and such limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, as applicable, and any shares may be issued with such preferential, deferred, qualified or special rights, privileges or conditions as the Directors may think fit, and preference shares may be issued which are or at the option of the Company are liable to be redeemed, the terms and manner of redemption being determined by the Directors, Provided always that:
 - (a) (subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the Company in General Meeting) any issue of shares for cash to members holding shares of any class shall be offered to such members in proportion as nearly as may be to the number of shares of such class then held by them and the provisions of Regulation 8(A) with such adaptations as are necessary shall apply;
 - (b) any other issue of shares, the aggregate of which would exceed the limits referred to in Regulation 8(B), shall be subject to the approval of the Company in General Meeting; and
 - (c) the rights attaching to shares of a class other than ordinary shares shall be expressed in the resolution creating the same and in this Constitution.
 - (B) The Company may issue shares for which no consideration is payable to the Company.
 - (C) Any expenses (including commissions or brokerage) incurred directly by the Company in the issue of new shares may be paid out of the proceeds of the issue or the Company's share capital. Such payment shall not be taken as reducing the amount of share capital in the Company.
- 5. (A) Preference shares may be issued subject to such limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange. The total number of issued preference shares shall not exceed the total number of issued ordinary shares at any time. Preference shareholders shall have the same rights as ordinary shareholders as regards receiving of notices, reports and financial statements and attending General Meetings of the Company, and preference shareholders shall also have the right to vote at any General Meeting convened for the purpose of reducing the capital or winding-up or sanctioning a sale of the undertaking of the Company or where the proposal to be submitted to the General Meeting directly affects their rights and privileges or when the dividend on the preference shares is more than six months in arrear.
 - (B) The Company has power to issue further preference capital ranking equally with, or in priority to, preference shares already issued.
 - (C) The Company shall not exercise any right in respect of treasury shares other than as provided by the Act. Subject thereto, the Company may hold or deal with its treasury shares in the manner authorised by, or prescribed pursuant to, the Act.
 - (D) The provisions of these Regulations relating to the transfer, transmission and certification of shares shall not apply to any transactions affecting book-entry securities (as defined in the Act).

VARIATION OF RIGHTS

- (A) Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, 6. subject to the provisions of the Statutes and applicable laws and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and such limitations thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, as applicable, preference capital, other than redeemable preference capital, may be repaid and the special rights attached to any class may be varied or abrogated either with the consent in writing of the holders of three-quarters of the total number of the issued shares of the class or with the sanction of a special resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the shares of the class (but not otherwise) and may be so repaid, varied or abrogated either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding-up. To every such separate General Meeting all the provisions of these presents relating to General Meetings of the Company and to the proceedings thereat shall mutatis mutandis apply, except that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy at least one-third of the total number of the issued shares of the class and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll and that every such holder shall on a poll have one vote for every share of the class held by him, Provided always that where the necessary majority for such a Special Resolution is not obtained at such General Meeting, consent in writing if obtained from the holders of three-quarters of the total number of the issued shares of the class concerned within two months of such General Meeting shall be as valid and effectual as a Special Resolution carried at such General Meeting. The foregoing provisions of this Regulation shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to some only of the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the special rights whereof are to be varied.
 - (B) The special rights attached to any class of shares having preferential rights shall not unless otherwise expressly provided by the terms of issue thereof be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking as regards participation in the profits or assets of the Company in some or all respects pari passu therewith but in no respect in priority thereto.

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

- 7. Subject to applicable laws and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and such limitations thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, as applicable, the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution increase its capital by such sum to be divided into shares as the resolution shall prescribe.
- 8. (A) Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the Company in General Meeting or except as permitted by the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, all new shares shall, before issue, be offered to such persons who as at the date (as determined by the Directors) of the offer are entitled to receive notices from the Company of General Meetings in proportion, as nearly as the circumstances admit, to the number of existing shares to which they are entitled. The offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares offered, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined, and, after the expiration of that time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the person to whom the offer is made that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Directors may dispose of those shares in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company. The Directors may likewise so dispose of any new shares which (by reason of the ratio which the new shares bear to shares held by persons entitled to an offer of new shares or by reason of any other difficulty in apportioning the same) cannot, in the opinion of the Directors, be conveniently offered under this Regulation 8(A).

- (B) Notwithstanding Regulation 8(A), and subject to the provisions of the Statutes and applicable laws and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and such limitations thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, the Company may by Ordinary Resolution in General Meeting give to the Directors a general authority, either unconditionally or subject to such conditions as may be specified in the Ordinary Resolution, to:
 - (a) (i) issue shares in the capital of the Company whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or
 - (ii) make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "Instruments") that might or would require shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible into shares; and
 - (b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by the Ordinary Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue shares in pursuance of any Instrument made or granted by the Directors while the Ordinary Resolution was in force, Provided that:
 - (1) the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to the Ordinary Resolution (including shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to the Ordinary Resolution) shall be subject to such limits and manner of calculation as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange;
 - (2) in exercising the authority conferred by the Ordinary Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange for the time being in force (unless such compliance is waived by the Designated Stock Exchange) and these presents; and
 - (3) (unless revoked or varied by the Company in General Meeting) the authority conferred by the Ordinary Resolution shall not continue in force beyond the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company next following the passing of the Ordinary Resolution, or the date by which such Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, or the expiration of such other period as may be prescribed by the Statutes (whichever is the earliest).
- (C) The Company may, notwithstanding Regulations 8(A) and 8(B) above, authorise the Directors not to offer new shares to members to whom by reason of foreign securities laws, such offer may not be made without registration of the shares or a prospectus or other document, but to sell the entitlements to the new shares on behalf of such members on such terms and conditions as the Company may direct.
- (D) Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of issue or by these presents, all new shares shall be issued subject to the provisions of the Statutes and of these presents with reference to allotment, payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise.
- (E) Except as herein provided, no person shall exercise any rights or privileges of a member until he is registered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register share held by him.
- 9. (A) Subject to applicable laws and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange and such limitations thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange, as applicable, the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution:
 - (a) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital;

- (b) cancel the number of shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken, or agreed to be taken, by any person or which have been forfeited and diminish its share capital by the number of the shares so cancelled:
- (c) sub-divide its shares, or any of them, so however that in the subdivision the proportion between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived; or
- (d) convert its share capital or any class of shares from one currency to another currency.
- (B) Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, the Company may by Special Resolution convert its share capital or any class of shares into another class of shares.
- 10. (A) The Company may reduce its share capital or any other undistributable reserve in any manner and with and subject to any incident authorised and consent required by law. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, upon cancellation of any share purchased or otherwise acquired by the Company pursuant to these presents and the Act, the number of issued shares of the Company shall be diminished by the number of the shares so cancelled, and, where any such cancelled shares was purchased or acquired out of the capital of the Company, the amount of share capital of the Company shall be reduced accordingly.
 - (B) The Company may, subject to and in accordance with the provisions of the Act, purchase or otherwise acquire shares issued by the Company on such terms and in such manner as the Company may deem fit. Any share purchased or acquired by the Company shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Act and any other relevant rule, law or regulation enacted or promulgated by any relevant competent authority from time to time.
 - (C) Subject to the provisions of the Act, where any share purchased or acquired by the Company under Regulation 10B is held as treasury shares:
 - (a) the Company shall be entered in the Register of Members as the member holding those shares or stocks;
 - (b) the Company shall not have any voting rights in respect of the treasury shares; and
 - (c) the Company shall not be entitled to any dividend or any distribution (whether in cash or otherwise) of the Company's assets (including any distribution of assets to members on a winding up).

SHARES

11. Except as required by the Statutes or law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these presents or by the Statutes or law otherwise provided) any other right in respect of any share, except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the person (other than the Depository) entered in the Register of Members as the registered holder thereof or (as the case may be) the person whose name is entered in the Depository Register in respect of that share and nothing in these presents contained relating to the Depository or to Depositors or in any depository agreement made by the Company with any common depository for shares shall in any circumstances be deemed to limit, restrict or qualify the above.

- 12. Without prejudice to any special rights previously conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, any share in the Company may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or subject to such restrictions, whether as regards dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine (or, in the absence of any such determination, as the Directors may determine) and subject to the provisions of the Statutes, the Company may issue preference shares which are, or at the option of the Company are liable, to be redeemed.
- 13. Subject to the provisions of these presents and of the Statutes relating to authority, pre-emption rights and otherwise and of any resolution of the Company in General Meeting passed pursuant thereto, all unissued shares shall be at the disposal of the Directors and they may allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to such persons, at such times and on such terms as they think proper.
- 14. The Company may pay commissions or brokerage on any issue of shares at such rate or amount and in such manner as the Directors may deem fit. Such commissions or brokerage may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.
- 14A. Where any shares are issued for the purpose of raising money to defray the expenses of the construction of any works or buildings or the provision of any plant which cannot be made profitable for a long period, the Company may pay interest on so much of that share capital as is for the time being paid up for the period and charge the same to capital as part of the construction of the works or buildings or the provision of the plant, subject to the conditions and restrictions mentioned in the Act.
- 15. Subject to the terms and conditions of any application for shares, the Directors shall allot shares applied for within ten Market Days of the closing date (or such other period as may be approved by the Designated Stock Exchange) of any such application. The Directors may, at any time after the allotment of any share but before any person has been entered in the Register of Members as the holder or (as the case may be) before that share is entered against the name of a Depositor in the Depository Register, recognise a renunciation thereof by the allottee in favour of some other person and may accord to any allottee of a share a right to effect such renunciation upon and subject to such terms and conditions as the Directors may think fit to impose.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

- 16. Every share certificate shall be issued in accordance with the requirements of the Act and be under the Seal or as an alternative to sealing, executed by the signatures of the relevant persons prescribed by the Act and shall specify the number and class of shares to which it relates, whether the shares are fully or partly paid up, and the amount (if any) unpaid thereon. No certificate shall be issued representing shares of more than one class.
- 17. (A) The Company shall not be bound to register more than three persons as the registered holders of a share except in the case of executors or administrators (or trustees) of the estate of a deceased member.
 - (B) In the case of a share registered jointly in the names of several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate therefor and delivery of a certificate to any one of the registered joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all. Only the person whose name stands first in the Register of Members as one of the joint holders of any share shall be entitled to delivery of the certificate relating to such share.
 - (C) Only one certificate shall be issued in respect of any share.

- 18. Subject to the payment of all or any part of the stamp duty payable (if any) on each share certificate prior to the delivery thereof which the Directors in their absolute discretion may require, every person whose name is entered as a member in the Register of Members shall be entitled to receive, within ten Market Days (or such period as the Directors may determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange from time to time) after the closing date of any application for shares or, as the case may be, the date of lodgement of a registrable transfer or on a transmission of shares (as the case may be), one certificate for all his shares of any one class or several certificates in reasonable denominations each for a part of the shares so allotted or transferred. Where such a member transfers part only of the shares comprised in a certificate or where such a member requires the Company to cancel any certificate or certificates and issue new certificates for the purpose of subdividing his holding in a different manner, the old certificate or certificates shall be cancelled and a new certificate or certificates for the balance of such shares issued in lieu thereof and such member shall pay all or any part of the stamp duty payable (if any) on each share certificate prior to the delivery thereof which the Directors in their absolute discretion may require and such fee not exceeding \$\$2 for each new certificate or such other fee as the Directors may from time to time determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange.
- 19. (A) Any two or more certificates representing shares of any one class held by any person whose name is entered in the Register of Members may at his request be cancelled and a single new certificate for such shares issued in lieu without charge.
 - (B) Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, if any person whose name is entered in the Register of Members shall surrender for cancellation a share certificate representing shares held by him and request the Company to issue in lieu two or more share certificates representing such shares in such reasonable proportions as he may specify, the Directors may, if they think fit, comply with such request. Such person shall (unless such fee is waived by the Directors) pay a maximum fee of S\$2 for each share certificate issued in lieu of a share certificate surrendered for cancellation or such other fee as the Directors may from time to time determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange.
 - (C) In the case of shares registered jointly in the names of several persons any such request may be made by any one of the registered joint holders.
- 20. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, if any share certificate shall be defaced, worn out, destroyed, lost or stolen, it may be renewed on such evidence being produced and a letter of indemnity (if required) being given by the shareholder, transferee, person entitled, purchaser, member company of the Designated Stock Exchange or on behalf of its or their client or clients as the Directors of the Company shall require, and (in case of defacement or wearing out) on delivery of the old certificate and in any case on payment of such sum not exceeding S\$2 (or such other fee as the Directors may from time to time determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange) as the Directors may from time to time require. In the case of destruction, loss or theft, a shareholder or person entitled to whom such renewed certificate is given shall also bear the loss and pay to the Company all expenses incidental to the investigations by the Company of the evidence of such destruction or loss.

CALLS ON SHARES

21. The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares but subject always to the terms of issue of such shares. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed and may be made payable by instalments.

- 22. Each member shall (subject to receiving at least 14 days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine.
- 23. If a sum called in respect of a share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the person from whom the sum is due shall pay interest on the sum from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate (not exceeding ten per cent. per annum) as the Directors may determine but the Directors shall be at liberty in any case or cases to waive payment of such interest in whole or in part.
- 24. Any sum which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable upon allotment or at any fixed date shall for all the purposes of these presents be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable. In case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these presents as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.
- 25. The Directors may on the issue of shares differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.
- 26. The Directors may if they think fit receive from any member willing to advance the same, all or any part of the moneys uncalled and unpaid upon the shares held by him and such payment in advance of calls shall extinguish *pro tanto* the liability upon the shares in respect of which it is made and upon the money so received (until and to the extent that the same would but for such advance become payable) the Company may pay interest at such rate (not exceeding eight per cent. per annum) as the member paying such sum and the Directors may agree. Capital paid on shares in advance of calls shall not, while carrying interest, confer a right to participate in profits.

FORFEITURE AND LIEN

- 27. If a member fails to pay in full any call or instalment of a call on the due date for payment thereof, the Directors may at any time thereafter serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued thereon and any expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.
- 28. The notice shall name a further day (not being less than 14 days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which and the place where the payment required by the notice is to be made, and shall state that in the event of non-payment in accordance therewith the shares on which the call has been made will be liable to be forfeited.
- 29. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls and interest and expenses due in respect thereof has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before forfeiture. The Directors may accept a surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder.
- 30. A share so forfeited or surrendered shall become the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of either to the person who was before such forfeiture or surrender the holder thereof or entitled thereto or to any other person upon such terms and in such manner as the Directors shall think fit and at any time before a sale, re-allotment or disposition the forfeiture or surrender may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit. The Directors may, if necessary, authorise some person to transfer or effect the transfer of a forfeited or surrendered share to any such other person as aforesaid.

- 31. A member whose shares have been forfeited or surrendered shall cease to be a member in respect of the shares but shall notwithstanding the forfeiture or surrender remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which at the date of forfeiture or surrender were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares with interest thereon at eight per cent. per annum (or such lower rate as the Directors may determine) from the date of forfeiture or surrender until payment and the Directors may at their absolute discretion enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at that time of forfeiture or surrender or waive payment in whole or in part.
- 32. The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) and dividends from time to time declared in respect of such shares. Such lien shall be restricted to unpaid calls and instalments upon the specific shares in respect of which such moneys are due and unpaid, and to such amounts as the Company may be called upon by law to pay in respect of the shares of the member or deceased member. The Directors may waive any lien which has arisen and may resolve that any share shall for some limited period be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Regulation.
- 33. (A) The Company may sell in such manner as the Directors think fit any share on which the Company has a lien, but no sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable nor until the expiration of 14 days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable and giving notice of intention to sell in default shall have been given to the holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto (if any) entitled to effect a transmission of the shares and who shall have produced to the Company satisfactory evidence of such capacity and default in payment shall have been made by him or them for fourteen days after such notice. Provided always that if a member shall have died or become mentally disordered and incapable of managing himself or his affairs or bankrupt and no person shall have given to the Company satisfactory proof of his right to effect a transmission of the shares held by such member the Directors may exercise such power of sale without serving any such notice.
 - (B) In the event of a forfeiture of shares or a sale of shares to satisfy the Company's lien thereon the member or other person who prior to such forfeiture or sale was entitled thereto shall be bound to deliver and shall forthwith deliver to the Company the certificate or certificates held by him for the shares so forfeited or sold.
- 34. The net proceeds of such sale after payment of the costs and expenses of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debts or liabilities (including unpaid calls and accrued interest and expenses) and any residue shall be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale or to his executors, administrators or assigns, or as he may direct. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise some person to transfer or effect the transfer of the shares sold to the purchaser.
- 35. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company and that a share has been duly forfeited or surrendered or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. Such declaration and the receipt of the Company of the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof together (where the same be required) with the share certificate delivered to a purchaser (or where the purchaser is a Depositor, to the Depository) or allottee thereof shall (subject to the execution of a transfer if the same be required) constitute good title to the share and the share shall be registered in the name of the person to whom the share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of or, where such person is a Depositor, the Company shall procure that his name be entered in the Depository Register in respect of the share so sold, re-allotted or disposed of. Such person shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any) nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the forfeiture, surrender, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

- 36. All transfers of the legal title in shares shall be effected by the registered holders thereof by transfer in writing in the form for the time being approved by the Designated Stock Exchange or in any other form acceptable to the Directors. The instrument of transfer of any share shall be signed by or on behalf of both the transferor and the transferee and be witnessed, Provided that an instrument of transfer in respect of which the transferee is the Depository or its nominee (as the case may be) shall be effective although not signed or witnessed by or on behalf of the Depository or its nominee (as the case may be). The transferor shall be deemed to remain the holder of the shares concerned until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register of Members in respect thereof.
- 37. The Register of Members and Register of Transfers may be closed, and the registration of transfers may be suspended, at such times and for such period as the Directors may from time to time determine, Provided always that such Registers shall not be closed for more than 30 days in any year, Provided always that the Company shall give prior notice of such closure as may be required to the Designated Stock Exchange, stating the period and purpose or purposes for which such closure is made.
- 38. (A) There shall be no restriction on the transfer of fully paid-up shares (except where required by law, the listing rules and/or bye-laws of the Designated Stock Exchange) but the Directors may, in their sole discretion, decline to register any transfer of shares upon which the Company has a lien and in the case of shares not fully paid-up may refuse to register a transfer to a transferee of whom they do not approve (to the extent permitted by the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange), Provided always that in the event of the Directors refusing to register a transfer of shares, they shall within ten Market Days (or such period as the Directors may determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange from time to time) beginning with the date on which the application for a transfer of shares was made, serve a notice in writing to the applicant stating the facts which are considered to justify the refusal as required by the Statutes.
 - (B) The Directors may in their sole discretion refuse to register any instrument of transfer of shares unless:
 - (a) all or any part of the stamp duty (if any) payable on each share certificate and such fee not exceeding S\$2 (or such other fee as the Directors may determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange from time to time) as the Directors may from time to time require, is paid to the Company in respect thereof;
 - (b) the instrument of transfer is deposited at the Office or at such other place (if any) as the Directors may appoint accompanied by the certificates of the shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of the person so to do;
 - (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of shares; and
 - (d) the amount of the proper duty with which each share certificate to be issued in consequence of the registration of such transfer is chargeable under any law for the time being in force relating to stamps is tendered.
- 39. If the Directors refuse to register a transfer of any shares, they shall within ten Market Days after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferor and the transferee notice of the refusal as required by the Statutes.

- 40. All instruments of transfer which are registered may be retained by the Company but any instrument of transfer which the Directors may decline to register shall be returned to the person depositing the same except in the case of fraud.
- 41. There shall be paid to the Company in respect of the registration of any instrument of transfer or probate or letters of administration or certificate of marriage or death or stop notice or power of attorney or other document relating to or affecting the title to any shares or otherwise for making any entry in the Register of Members affecting the title to any shares such fee not exceeding \$\$2 (or such other fee as the Directors may determine having regard to any limitation thereof as may be prescribed by the Designated Stock Exchange from time to time) as the Directors may from time to time require or prescribe.
- 42. The Company shall be entitled to destroy all instruments of transfer which have been registered at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of registration thereof and all dividend mandates and notifications of change of address at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of recording thereof and all share certificates which have been cancelled at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of the cancellation thereof and it shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every entry in the Register of Members purporting to have been made on the basis of an instrument of transfer or other document so destroyed was duly and properly made and every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered and every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective certificate duly and properly cancelled and every other document hereinbefore mentioned so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company; Provided always that:
 - (a) the Company shall adequately record for future references the information required to be contained in any company records;
 - the provisions aforesaid shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant;
 - (c) nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any other circumstances which would not attach to the Company in the absence of this Regulation; and
 - (d) references herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

- 43. (A) In the case of the death of a member whose name is entered in the Register of Members, the survivors or survivor where the deceased was a joint holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder, shall be the only person(s) recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
 - (B) In the case of the death of a member who is a Depositor, the survivors or survivor where the deceased is a joint holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder and where such executors or administrators are entered in the Depository Register in respect of any shares of the deceased member, shall be the only person(s) recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares.
 - (C) Nothing in this Regulation shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share held by him.

- 44. (A) Any person becoming entitled to the legal title in a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a person whose name is entered in the Register of Members, any guardian of an infant becoming entitled to the legal title in a share and whose name is entered in the Register of Members, and any person as properly has the management of the estate of a member whose name is entered in the Register of Members and who is mentally disordered and incapable of managing himself or his affairs may (subject as hereinafter provided) upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his legal title to the share elect either to be registered himself as holder of the share upon giving to the Company notice in writing of such desire or to have another person nominated by him registered as the transferee thereof. The Directors shall, in any case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as they would have had in the case of a transfer of the share by a member.
 - (B) If the person so becoming entitled elects to be registered himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing (in a form as may be approved by the Directors from time to time) signed by him stating that he so elects. If he elects to have another person registered he shall testify his election by executing to that person a transfer of the share. All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these presents relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the event upon which transmission took place had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such member.
- 45. Save as otherwise provided by or in accordance with these presents, a person becoming entitled to a share by transmission (upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share) shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages as those to which he would be entitled if he were the member in respect of the share except that he shall not be entitled in respect thereof (except with the authority of the Directors) to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to General Meetings of the Company until he shall have been registered as a member in the Register of Members or his name shall have been entered in the Depository Register in respect of the share.

STOCK

- 46. The Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock and may from time to time by like resolution reconvert any stock into paid-up shares.
- 47. The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner and subject to the same Regulations as and subject to which the shares from which the stock arose might previous to conversion have been transferred (or as near thereto as circumstances admit) but no stock shall be transferable except in such units as the Directors may from time to time determine.
- 48. (A) The holders of stock shall, according to the number of stock units held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividend, return of capital, voting and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privilege or advantage (except as regards participation in the profits or assets of the Company) shall be conferred by the number of stock units which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such privilege or advantage; and no such conversion shall affect or prejudice any preference or other special privileges attached to the shares so converted.
 - (B) All such provisions of these Regulations as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words "share" shall include "stock" and "Depositor", "Member" and "shareholder" shall include "stockholder".

GENERAL MEETINGS

- 49. Subject to the Act and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, an Annual General Meeting shall be held once in every year, at such time (within four months from the end of its financial year or such other period as may be prescribed by the Act or the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange) and place as may be determined by the Directors. All other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings. All General Meetings shall be held in Singapore at such location as may be determined by the Directors, unless prohibited by relevant laws and regulations in the jurisdiction of its incorporation, or unless such requirement is waived by the Designated Stock Exchange.
- 50. The Directors may whenever they think fit, and shall on requisition in accordance with the Statutes, proceed with proper expedition to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

- 51. Any General Meeting at which it is proposed to pass a Special Resolution or (save as provided by the Statutes) a resolution of which special notice has been given to the Company, shall be called by 21 days' notice in writing at the least and an Annual General Meeting and any other Extraordinary General Meeting by 14 days' notice in writing at the least. The period of notice shall in each case be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the meeting is to be held and shall be given in the manner hereinafter mentioned to all members other than such as are not under the provisions of these presents entitled to receive such notices from the Company; Provided that a General Meeting notwithstanding that it has been called by a shorter notice than that specified above shall be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:
 - (a) in the case of an Annual General Meeting by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
 - (b) in the case of an Extraordinary General Meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote thereat, being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent. of total voting rights of all the members having a right to vote at the meeting,

Provided also that the accidental omission to give notice to or the non-receipt of notice by any person entitled thereto shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting. So long as the shares in the Company are listed on the Designated Stock Exchange, at least 14 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the meeting is to be held) of any General Meeting shall be given by advertisement in the daily press and in writing to the Designated Stock Exchange provided always that in the case of any General Meeting at which it is proposed to pass a Special Resolution, at least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the meeting is to be held) of such General Meeting shall be given by advertisement in the daily press and in writing to the Designated Stock Exchange.

- 52. (A) Every notice calling a General Meeting shall specify the place and the day and hour of the meeting, and there shall appear with reasonable prominence in every such notice a statement that a member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend and vote instead of him and that a proxy need not be a member of the Company.
 - (B) In the case of an Annual General Meeting, the notice shall also specify the meeting as such.

- (C) In the case of any General Meeting at which business other than routine business is to be transacted, the notice shall specify the general nature of such business; and if any resolution is to be proposed as a Special Resolution, the notice shall contain a statement to that effect.
- 53. Routine business shall mean and include only business transacted at an Annual General Meeting of the following classes, that is to say:
 - (a) declaring dividends;
 - (b) receiving and adopting the financial statements, the statements of the Directors and Auditors and other documents required to be attached or annexed to the financial statements;
 - (c) appointing or re-appointing Directors to fill vacancies arising at the meeting on retirement whether by rotation or otherwise;
 - appointing Auditors or re-appointing the retiring Auditors (unless they were last appointed otherwise than by the Company in General Meeting);
 - (e) fixing the remuneration of the Auditors or determining the manner in which such remuneration is to be fixed; and
 - (f) fixing the remuneration of the Directors proposed to be paid under Regulation 79.
- 54. Any notice of a General Meeting to consider special business shall be accompanied by a statement regarding the effect of any proposed resolution on the Company in respect of such special business.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- 55. The Chairman of the Board of Directors, failing whom the Deputy Chairman, shall preside as chairman at a General Meeting. If there be no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman, or if at any meeting neither be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall choose one of their number (or, if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, the members present shall choose one of their number) to be chairman of the General Meeting.
- 56. No business other than the appointment of a chairman shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Save as herein otherwise provided, the quorum at any General Meeting shall be two members present in person or by proxy Provided that (i) a proxy representing more than one member shall only count as one member for the purpose of determining if the quorum aforesaid is present; and (ii) where a member is represented by more than one proxy such proxies of such member shall count as only one member for the purpose of determining if the quorum aforesaid is present. In addition, for the purposes of a quorum, joint holders of any share shall be treated as one Member.
- 57. If within 30 minutes from the time appointed for a General Meeting (or such longer interval as the chairman of the meeting may think fit to allow) a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week (or if that day is a public holiday then to the next business day following that public holiday) at the same time and place or such other day, time or place as the Directors may by not less than ten days' notice appoint. At the adjourned meeting any one or more members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum.

- 58. The chairman of any General Meeting at which a quorum is present may with the consent of the meeting (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time (or sine die) and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might lawfully have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. Where a General Meeting is adjourned sine die, the time and place for the adjourned meeting shall be fixed by the Directors. When a General Meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more or sine die, not less than seven days' notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in like manner as in the case of the original meeting.
- 59. Save as hereinbefore expressly provided, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.
- 60. If an amendment shall be proposed to any resolution under consideration but shall in good faith be ruled out of order by the chairman of the General Meeting, the proceedings on the substantive resolution shall not be invalidated by any error in such ruling. In the case of a resolution duly proposed as a Special Resolution, no amendment thereto (other than a mere clerical amendment to correct a patent error) may in any event be considered or voted upon.
- 61. (A) Where required by applicable laws or the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, and unless waived by the relevant authority or the Designated Stock Exchange or pursuant to applicable law, all resolutions at General Meetings shall be voted by poll.
 - (B) Subject to the Statutes and these presents, at any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the General Meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by:
 - (a) the chairman of the General Meeting; or
 - (b) not less than two members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote; or
 - (c) any member present in person or by proxy or, where such member has appointed two proxies, any one of such proxies, or any number or combination of such members or proxies, holding or, representing, as the case may be, not less than five per cent. of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the General Meeting; or
 - (d) any member present in person or by proxy or, where such member has appointed two proxies, any one of such proxies, or any number or combination of such members or proxies, holding or, representing, as the case may be, shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to or not less than five per cent. of the total sum paid on all the shares conferring that right (excluding treasury shares).

Provided always that no poll shall be demanded on the choice of a chairman or on a question of adjournment.

- 62. A demand for a poll may be withdrawn only with the approval of the meeting. Unless a poll is required a declaration by the chairman of the General Meeting that a resolution has on a show of hands been carried, or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the minute book, shall be conclusive evidence of that fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against such resolution. If a poll is required, it shall be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets or electronic means) as the chairman of the General Meeting may direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was required. The chairman of the General Meeting may (and, if required by the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange or if so directed by the meeting shall) appoint at least one scrutineer who shall be independent of the persons undertaking the polling process and may adjourn the meeting to some place and time fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the result of the poll. Where the appointed scrutineer is interested in any of the resolutions to be passed at the General Meeting, it shall refrain from acting as the scrutineer for such resolutions. If and when a scrutineer is appointed, the chairman of the General Meeting shall ensure that the scrutineer properly exercises his duties as a scrutineer including and not limited to ensuring that satisfactory procedures of the voting process are in place before the General Meeting and directing and supervising the count of the votes cast through proxy and in person, and such other duties as may be prescribed from time to time by the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange.
- 63. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the General Meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is required shall be entitled to a casting vote.
- 64. A poll required on any question shall be taken either immediately or at such subsequent time (not being more than 30 days from the date of the meeting) and place as the chairman may direct. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of the General Meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

- 65. (A) Each member who is a holder of ordinary shares in the capital of the Company shall be entitled to be present and to vote at any General Meeting in respect of any share or shares upon which all calls due to the Company have been paid.
 - (B) Subject and without prejudice to any special privileges or restrictions as to voting for the time being attached to any special class of shares for the time being forming part of the capital of the Company, each member entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy. Every member who is present in person or by proxy shall:
 - (a) on a poll, have one vote for every share which he holds or represents; and
 - (b) on a show of hands, have one vote, Provided always that:
 - (i) in the case of a member who is not a relevant intermediary and who is represented by two proxies, only one of the two proxies as determined by the member or, failing such determination, by the chairman of the General Meeting (or by a person authorised by him) in his sole discretion shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands; or
 - (ii) in the case of a member who is a relevant intermediary and who is represented by two or more proxies, each proxy shall be entitled to vote on a show of hands.

- (C) (a) For the purpose of determining the number of votes which a Member, being a Depositor, or his proxy or proxies may cast at any General Meeting on a poll, the reference to shares held or represented shall, in relation to shares of that Depositor, be the number of shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 hours (or any such time prescribed under the Statutes and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange) before the time of the relevant General Meeting as certified by the Depository to the Company. A member who is bankrupt shall not, while his bankruptcy continues, be entitled to exercise his rights as a member, or attend, vote or act at any General Meeting.
 - (b) A Depositor shall only be entitled to attend any general meeting and to speak and vote thereat if his name appears on the Depository Register 72 hours before the general meeting as a Depositor on whose behalf the Depository holds shares in the Company.
- 66. In the case of joint holders of a share, any one of such persons may vote and be reckoned in a quorum at any General Meeting either personally or by proxy as if he were solely entitled thereto, but if more than one of such persons is present at a General Meeting, the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the name which stands first in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the name which appears first in the Depository Register in respect of the joint holding. Several executors or administrators of a deceased member in whose name any share stands shall for the purpose of this Regulation be deemed joint holders thereof.
- 67. A person who becomes incapable of managing his affairs, is mentally disordered or whose person or estate is liable to be dealt with in any way under the law relating to mental capacity, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, *curator bonis* or such other person as properly has the management of his estate and any such committee, *curator bonis* or other person may vote by proxy or attorney, but the Directors may in their absolute discretion, upon or subject to production of such evidence of the appointment as the Directors may require, permit such receiver or other person on behalf of such member to vote in person or by proxy at any General Meeting or exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company.
- 68. No member shall, unless the Directors otherwise determine, be entitled in respect of shares held by him to vote at a General Meeting either personally or by proxy or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to General Meetings if any call or other sum presently payable by him to the Company in respect of such shares remains unpaid.
- 69. If:
 - (a) any objection shall be raised as to the qualification of any voter; or
 - (b) any votes have been counted which ought not to have been counted or which might have been rejected; or
 - (c) any votes are not counted which ought to have been counted.

the objection or error shall not vitiate the decision of the General Meeting on any resolution unless the same is raised or pointed out at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered or at which the error occurs. Any objection or error shall be referred to the chairman of the General Meeting and shall only vitiate the decision of the General Meeting on any resolution if the chairman decides that the same is of sufficient magnitude to vitiate the resolution or may otherwise have affected the decision of the General Meeting. The decision of the chairman of the meeting on such matters shall be final and conclusive.

- 70. On a poll, votes may be given either personally or by proxy and a person entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.
- 71. (A) Save as otherwise provided in the Act:
 - (a) A member who is not a relevant intermediary may appoint not more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the same General Meeting. Where such Member appoints two proxies, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the form of proxy; and
 - (b) A member who is a relevant intermediary may appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at the same General Meeting, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such member. Where such member appoints more than two proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the form of proxy.
 - (c) In any case where the member is a Depositor, the Company shall be entitled and bound:
 - (i) to reject any instrument of proxy lodged if the Depositor is not shown to have any shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 hours (or any such time prescribed under the Statutes and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange) before the time of the relevant General Meeting as certified by the Depository to the Company; and
 - (ii) to accept as the maximum number of votes which in aggregate the proxy or proxies appointed by the Depositor is or are able to cast on a poll a number which is the number of shares entered against the name of that Depositor in the Depository Register as at 72 hours (or any such time prescribed under the Statutes and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange) before the time of the relevant General Meeting as certified by the Depository to the Company, whether that number is greater or smaller than the number specified in any instrument of proxy executed by or on behalf of that Depositor.
 - (B) The Company shall be entitled and bound, in determining rights to vote and other matters in respect of a completed instrument of proxy submitted to it, to have regard to the instructions (if any) given by and the notes (if any) set out in the instrument of proxy.
 - (C) In any case where a form of proxy appoints more than one proxy, the proportion of the shareholding concerned to be represented by each proxy shall be specified in the form of proxy. If no proportion is specified, the Company shall be entitled to treat the first named proxy as representing the entire number of shares entered against his name in the Depository Register and any second named proxy as an alternate to the first named or at the Company's option to treat the form of proxy as invalid.
 - (D) A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 72. (A) An instrument appointing a proxy for any member shall be in writing in any usual or common form or in any other form which the Directors may from time to time approve and:
 - (a) in the case of an individual member shall be:
 - (i) signed by the member or his attorney duly authorised in writing if the instrument is delivered personally or sent by post; or
 - (ii) authorised by the member through such method and in such manner as may be approved by the Directors, if the instrument is submitted by electronic communication; and

- (b) in the case of a member which is a corporation shall be:
 - either given under its common seal or such alternative to sealing as is valid under the law of its jurisdiction of incorporation, or signed on its behalf by an attorney duly authorised in writing or a duly authorised officer of the corporation if the instrument is delivered personally or sent by post; or
 - (ii) authorised by the member through such method and in such manner as may be approved by the Directors, if the instrument is submitted by electronic communication.

The Directors may, for the purposes of this Regulation, designate procedures for authenticating any such instrument, and any such instrument not so authenticated by use of such procedures shall be deemed not to have been received by the Company.

- (B) The signature on, or authorisation of, an instrument of proxy need not be witnessed. Where an instrument appointing a proxy is signed or authorised on behalf of a member (which shall, for purposes of this paragraph include a Depository) by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy pursuant to Regulation 73(A), failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.
- (C) The Directors may, in their absolute discretion:
 - (a) approve the method and manner for an instrument appointing a proxy to be authorised; and
 - (b) designate the procedure for authenticating an instrument appointing a proxy,

as contemplated in Regulation 72(A)(a)(ii) and 72(A)(b)(ii) for application to such members or class of members as they may determine. Where the Directors do not so approve and designate in relation to a member (whether of a class or otherwise), Regulation 72(A)(a)(i) and/or (as the case may be) Regulation 72(A)(b)(i) shall apply.

- 73. (A) An instrument appointing a proxy or the power of attorney or other authority, if any:
 - (a) if sent personally or by post, must be left at such place or one of such places (if any) as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to or in any document accompanying the notice convening the General Meeting (or, if no place is so specified, at the Office); or
 - (b) if submitted by electronic communication, must be received through such means as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to or in any document accompanying the notice convening the General Meeting,

and in either case, not less than 72 hours (or any such time prescribed under the Statutes and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange) before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) for the taking of the poll at which it is to be used, and in default shall not be treated as valid. The instrument shall, unless the contrary is stated thereon, be valid as well for any adjournment of the General Meeting as for the meeting to which it relates; Provided that an instrument of proxy relating to more than one meeting (including any adjournment thereof) having once been so delivered in accordance with Regulation 73 for the purposes of any meeting shall not be required again to be delivered for the purposes of any subsequent meeting to which it relates.

- (B) The Directors may, in their absolute discretion, and in relation to such members or class of members as they may determine, specify the means through which instruments appointing a proxy may be submitted by electronic communications, as contemplated in Regulation 73(A)(b). Where the Directors do not so specify in relation to a member (whether of a class or otherwise), Regulation 73(A)(a) shall apply.
- 74. (A) An instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to include the right to demand or join in demanding a poll, to move any resolution or amendment thereto and to speak at the General Meeting.
 - (B) A member who has deposited an instrument appointing any number of proxies to vote on his behalf at a General Meeting shall not be precluded from attending, speaking and voting in person at that General Meeting. Any such appointment of all the proxies concerned shall be deemed to be revoked upon the attendance of the member appointing the proxy/proxies at the relevant General Meeting.
- 75. A vote cast by proxy shall not be invalidated by the previous death or mental disorder of the principal or by the revocation of the appointment of the proxy or of the authority under which the appointment was made or the transfer of the share in respect of which the proxy is given, Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, mental disorder, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at the Office (or such other place as may be specified for the deposit of the instruments appointing proxies) at least one hour before the commencement of the General Meeting or adjourned General Meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for the taking of the poll at which the vote is cast.
- 75A. Subject to this Constitution and the Statutes, the Directors may, at their sole discretion, approve and implement, subject to such security measures as may be deemed necessary or expedient, such voting methods to allow Members who are unable to vote in person at any General Meeting the option to vote in absentia, including but not limited to voting by mail, electronic mail or facsimile.

CORPORATIONS ACTING BY REPRESENTATIVES

76. Subject to the Act, any corporation which is a member of the Company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any General Meeting of the Company or of any class of members of the Company. The person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of such corporation as the corporation could exercise if it were an individual member of the Company and such corporation shall for the purposes of these presents be deemed to be present in person at any such meeting if a person so authorised is present thereat.

DIRECTORS

- 77. The number of Directors of the Company shall not be less than two. All Directors of the Company shall be natural persons.
- 78. A Director shall not be required to hold any shares of the Company by way of qualification. A Director who is not a member of the Company shall nevertheless be entitled to receive notice of and to attend and speak at General Meetings.
- 79. The ordinary remuneration of the Directors shall from time to time be determined by an Ordinary Resolution of the Company, shall not be increased except pursuant to an Ordinary Resolution passed at a General Meeting where notice of the proposed increase shall have been given in the notice convening the General Meeting and shall (unless such resolution otherwise provides) be divisible among the Directors as they may agree, or failing agreement, equally, except that any Director who shall hold office for part only of the period in respect of which such remuneration is payable shall be entitled only to rank in such division for a proportion of remuneration related to the period during which he has held office.

- 80. (A) Subject to the Act, any Director who holds any executive office, or who serves on any committee of the Directors, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, commission or otherwise as the Directors may determine.
 - (B) The remuneration (including any remuneration under Regulation 80(A) above) in the case of a Director other than an Executive Director shall be payable by a fixed sum and shall not at any time be by commission on or percentage of the profits or turnover, and no Director whether an Executive Director or otherwise shall be remunerated by a commission on or percentage of turnover.
- 81. The Company or the Directors may repay to any Director all such reasonable expenses as he may incur in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors or General Meetings or otherwise in or about the business of the Company.
- 82. Subject to the Act, the Directors shall have power to pay and agree to pay pensions or other retirement, superannuation, death or disability benefits to (or to any person in respect of) any Director for the time being holding any executive office and for the purpose of providing any such pensions or other benefits to contribute to any scheme or fund or to pay premiums.
- 83. (A) Subject to the Act, a Director, or Chief Executive Officer, as the case may be, may be party to or in any way interested in any contract or arrangement or transaction or proposed transaction and shall not be liable to account for any profit made by him by reason of any such contract, provided always that the nature of the interest of the Director or Chief Executive Officer in any such transaction be declared at a meeting of the Directors as required by the Act.
 - (B) Subject to the Act and Regulation 102, a Director may hold and be remunerated in respect of any office or place of profit (other than the office of Auditor of the Company or any subsidiary thereof) under the Company or any other company in which the Company is in any way interested and he (or any firm of which he is a member) may act in a professional capacity for the Company or any such other company and be remunerated therefor and in any such case as aforesaid (save as otherwise agreed) he may retain for his own absolute use and benefit all profits and advantages accruing to him thereunder or in consequence thereof.
- 84. (A) Subject to the Act, the Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be the holder of any executive office (including, where considered appropriate, the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman) on such terms and for such period as they may (subject to the provisions of the Statutes) determine and, without prejudice to the terms of any contract entered into in any particular case, may at any time revoke any such appointment.
 - (B) The appointment of any Director to the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall automatically determine if he ceases to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
 - (C) The appointment of any Director to any other executive office shall not automatically determine if he ceases from any cause to be a Director, unless the contract or resolution under which he holds office shall expressly state otherwise, in which event such determination shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- 85. Subject to the Act, the Directors may entrust to and confer upon any Directors holding any executive office under the Company or any other company as aforesaid any of the powers exercisable by them as Directors upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

MANAGING DIRECTORS / CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

- 86. The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be Managing Director or Managing Directors or Chief Executive Officer or Chief Executive Officers (or other equivalent position) of the Company and may from time to time (subject to the provisions of any contract between him or them and the Company) remove or dismiss him or them from office and appoint another or others in his or their place or places. Where an appointment is for a fixed term such term shall not exceed five years.
- 87. A Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer (or person holding an equivalent position) who is a Director shall, subject to the provisions of any contract between him and the Company, be subject to the same provisions as to retirement by rotation, resignation and removal as the other Directors of the Company and his appointment shall be automatically determined if he ceases from any cause to be a Director.
- 88. The remuneration of a Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer (or person holding an equivalent position) shall from time to time be fixed by the Directors and may subject to these presents be by way of salary or commission or participation in profits or by any or all these modes but he shall not under any circumstances be remunerated by a commission on or a percentage of turnover.
- 89. A Managing Director or Chief Executive Officer (or person holding an equivalent position) shall at all times be subject to the control of the Directors but subject thereto the Directors may from time to time entrust to and confer upon a Managing Director or a Chief Executive Officer (or person holding an equivalent position) for the time being such of the powers exercisable under these presents by the Directors as they may think fit and may confer such powers for such time and to be exercised on such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think expedient and they may confer such powers either collaterally with or to the exclusion of and in substitution for all or any of the powers of the Directors in that behalf and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

- 90. The office of a Director shall be vacated in any of the following events, namely:
 - if he shall cease to be a Director by virtue of the Act or become prohibited or disqualified by the Statutes or any other law or any order made under the Act from acting as a Director; or
 - (b) if (not being a Director holding any executive office for a fixed term) he shall resign by writing under his hand left at the Office or if he shall in writing offer to resign and the Directors shall resolve to accept such offer; or
 - (c) if he shall have a bankruptcy order or a receiving order made against him or shall make any arrangements or composition with his creditors generally; or
 - (d) if he becomes incapable of managing himself or his affairs or if in Singapore or elsewhere an order shall be made by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder for his detention or for the appointment of a guardian or for the appointment of a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) to exercise powers with respect to his property or affairs; or
 - (e) if he is removed by the Company in General Meeting pursuant to these presents; or
 - (f) if he is disqualified from acting as a director in any jurisdiction for reasons other than on technical grounds.

- 91. At each Annual General Meeting the following Directors for the time being shall retire from office by rotation (in addition to any Director retiring pursuant to Regulation 97):
 - (a) any Director who, if that Director did not retire at the Annual General Meeting, would at the next Annual General Meeting have held office for more than three years; and
 - (b) one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) who are not to retire under paragraph (a) or Regulation 97, selected in accordance with Regulation 92.
- 92. The Directors to retire in every year shall be those subject to retirement by rotation who have been longest in office since their last re-election or appointment and so that as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election.
- 93. The Company at the General Meeting at which a Director retires under any provision of these presents may by Ordinary Resolution fill the office being vacated by electing thereto the retiring Director if he is eligible for appointment or some other person eligible for appointment.
- 94. A resolution for the appointment of two or more persons as Directors by a single resolution shall not be moved at any General Meeting unless a resolution that it shall be so moved has first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it; and any resolution moved in contravention of this provision shall be void.
- 95. No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for appointment as a Director at any General Meeting unless not less than 11 nor more than 42 clear days (exclusive of the date on which the notice is given) before the date appointed for the meeting there shall have been lodged at the Office notice in writing signed by some member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election or notice in writing signed by the person to be proposed giving his consent to the nomination and signifying his candidature for the office, Provided that in the case of a person recommended by the Directors for election not less than nine clear days' notice shall be necessary and notice of each and every such person proposed for election shall be served on the members at least seven days prior to the meeting at which the election is to take place.
- 96. The Company may in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Statutes by Ordinary Resolution of which special notice has been given remove any Director from office (notwithstanding any provision of these presents or of any agreement between the Company and such Director, but without prejudice to any claim he may have for damages for breach of any such agreement) and appoint another person in place of a Director so removed from office and any person so appointed shall be treated for the purpose of determining the time at which he or any other Director is to retire by rotation as if he had become a Director on the day on which the Director in whose place he is appointed was last elected a Director. In default of such appointment the vacancy arising upon the removal of a Director from office may be filled as a casual vacancy.
- 97. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution appoint any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director. Without prejudice thereto the Directors shall have power at any time to do so, but any person so appointed by the Directors shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting. He shall then be eligible for re-election, but shall not be taken into account in determining the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 98. (A) Any Director may at any time by writing under his hand and deposited at the Office, or delivered at a meeting of the Directors, appoint any person (other than another Director) to be his Alternate Director and may in like manner at any time terminate such appointment. Such appointment, unless previously approved by the Directors, shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved. A person shall not act as Alternate Director to more than one Director at the same time.
 - (B) The appointment of an Alternate Director shall determine on the happening of any event which if he were a Director would cause him to vacate such office or if the Director concerned (below called "his principal") ceases to be a Director.
 - (C) An Alternate Director shall (except when absent from Singapore) be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the Directors and shall be entitled to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which his principal is not personally present and generally at such meeting to perform all functions of his principal as a Director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these presents shall apply as if he (instead of his principal) were a Director. If his principal is for the time being absent from Singapore or temporarily unable to act through ill health or disability, his signature to any resolution in writing of the Directors shall be as effective as the signature of his principal. To such extent as the Directors may from time to time determine in relation to any committee of the Directors, the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall also apply mutatis mutandis to any meeting of any such committee of which his principal is a member. An Alternate Director shall not (save as aforesaid) have power to act as a Director nor shall he be deemed to be a Director for the purposes of these presents.
 - (D) An Alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent *mutatis mutandis* as if he were a Director but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as Alternate Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his principal as such principal may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct provided that any fees payable to him shall be deducted from his principal's remuneration.

MEETINGS AND PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- 99. (A) Subject to the provisions of these presents the Directors may meet together at any place for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. At any time any Director may, and the Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, summon a meeting of the Directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of Directors to any Director for the time being absent from Singapore. Any Director may waive notice of any meeting and any such waiver may be retroactive.
 - (B) Directors may participate in a meeting of the Directors by means of a conference telephone, video conferencing, audio visual or other similar communications equipment by means of which all persons participating in the meeting can hear each other, without a Director being in the physical presence of another Director or Directors, and participation in a meeting pursuant to this provision shall constitute presence in person at such meeting. A Director participating in a meeting in the manner aforesaid may also be taken into account in ascertaining the presence of a quorum at the meeting. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of Directors physically present for the purpose of the meeting is assembled or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting is physically present. The minutes of the proceedings at such meeting by telephone or other means of communication shall be sufficient evidence of such proceedings and of the observance of all necessary formalities if certified as the correct minutes by the chairman of the meeting.

- 100. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed from time to time by the Directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A meeting of the Directors at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all powers and discretions for the time being exercisable by the Directors.
- 101. Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors shall be determined by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes (except where only two Directors are present and form the quorum or when only two Directors are competent to vote on the question in issue) the chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote.
- 102. A Director or Chief Executive Officer (as the case may be) shall not vote in respect of any transaction (including any contract or arrangement) or any other proposal whatsoever in which he has any personal material interest, directly or indirectly. A Director shall not be counted in the quorum at a meeting in relation to any resolution on which he is debarred from voting.
- 103. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancies, but if and so long as the number of Directors is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or in accordance with these presents, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to such minimum number or of summoning General Meetings, but not for any other purpose (except in an emergency). If there be no Directors or Director able or willing to act, then any two members may summon a General Meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors.
- 104. (A) The Directors may from time to time elect from their number a Chairman and a Deputy Chairman (or two or more Deputy Chairmen) and determine the period for which each is to hold office. If no Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall have been appointed or if at any meeting of the Directors no Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
 - (B) If at any time there is more than one Deputy Chairman the right in the absence of the Chairman to preside at a meeting of the Directors or of the Company shall be determined as between the Deputy Chairmen present (if more than one) by seniority in length of appointment or otherwise as resolved by the Directors.
- 105. A resolution in writing signed by a majority of Directors for the time being (who are not prohibited by the law or of these presents from voting on such resolutions) being not less than are sufficient to form a quorum shall be as effective as a resolution duly passed at a meeting of the Directors and may consist of several documents in the like form, each signed by one or more Directors. The expressions "in writing" and "signed" include approval by any such Director by telefax or any form of electronic communication approved by the Directors for such purpose from time to time incorporating, if the Directors deem necessary, the use of security and/or identification procedures and devices approved by the Directors.
- 106. The Directors may delegate any of their powers or discretion to any committee consisting of one or more members of their body and (if thought fit) one or more other persons co-opted as hereinafter provided. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations which may from time to time be imposed by the Directors. Any such regulations may provide for or authorise the co-option to the committee of persons other than Directors and for such co-opted members to have voting rights as members of the committee.
- 107. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed *mutatis mutandis* by the provisions of these presents regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding Regulation.

108. All acts done by any meeting of Directors, or of any such committee, or by any person acting as a Director or as a member of any such committee, shall as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, notwithstanding that there was defect in the appointment of any of the persons acting as aforesaid, or that any such persons were disqualified or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director or member of the committee and had been entitled to vote.

BORROWING POWERS

109. Subject as hereinafter provided and to the provisions of the Statutes, the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to borrow money, to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and uncalled capital and to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as collateral security for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.

GENERAL POWERS OF DIRECTORS

- 110. The business and affairs of the Company shall be managed by or under the direction or supervision of the Directors. The Directors may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not by the Statutes or by these presents required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, but subject nevertheless to any regulations of these presents and to the provisions of the Statutes. The Directors shall not carry into effect any proposals for selling or disposing of the whole or substantially the whole of the Company's undertaking unless such proposals have been approved by the Company in General Meeting. The general powers given by this Regulation shall not be limited or restricted by any special authority or power given to the Directors by any other Regulation.
- 111. The Directors may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in Singapore or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such local boards, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any local board, manager or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors, with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any local boards, or any of them, to fill any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.
- 112. The Directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney or otherwise appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these presents) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.
- 113. (A) The Company or the Directors on behalf of the Company may in exercise of the powers in that behalf conferred by the Statutes cause to be kept a Branch Register or Register of Members and the Directors may (subject to the provisions of the Statutes) make and vary such regulations as they may think fit in respect of the keeping of any such Register.

- (B) The Directors shall duly comply with the provisions of the Act and in particular the provisions with regard to the registration of charges created by or affecting property of the Company, providing information to the Registrar of Companies appointed under the Act in relation to its Directors (including any Managing Directors), Chief Executive Officers, Secretaries and Auditors, keeping a Register of Members, a Register of Substantial Shareholders, a Register of Holders of Debentures of the Company, a Register of Mortgages and Charges, a Register of Directors' and Chief Executive Officers' Share and Debenture Holdings, and other Registers as required by the Statutes and the production and furnishing of copies of such Registers.
- (C) The Directors shall cause minutes to be duly made and entered in books provided for such purpose:
 - (a) of all appointments of officers to be engaged in the management of the Company's affairs;
 - (b) of the names of the Directors present at all meetings of the Company, of the Directors and of any committee of Directors; and
 - (c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company, of any class of members, of the Directors and of any committee of Directors, and of its Chief Executive Officers (if any).

Such minutes shall be signed by the chairman of the meeting at which the proceedings were held or by the chairman of the next succeeding meeting, and such minutes shall be conclusive evidence without any further proof of the facts stated therein.

- Any register, index, minute book, accounting record, minute or other book required to be kept by the Company under the Statutes may, subject to and in accordance with the Act, be kept either in hard copy or in electronic form, and arranged in the manner that the Directors think fit. If such records are kept in electronic form, the Directors shall ensure that they are capable of being reproduced in hard copy form, and shall provide for the manner in which the records are to be authenticated and verified. In any case where such records are kept otherwise than in hard copy form, the Directors shall take reasonable precautions for ensuring the proper maintenance and authenticity of such records, guarding against falsification and facilitating the discovery of any falsifications. The Company shall cause true English translations of all financial statements, minute books or other records required to be kept by the Company under the Statutes which are not kept in English to be made from time to time at intervals of not more than 7 days, and shall keep the translations with the originals for so long as the originals are required under the Statutes to be kept. The Company shall also keep at the Office certified English translations of all instruments, certificates, contracts or documents not written in English which the Company is required under the Statutes to make available for public inspection.
- 114. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other negotiable or transferable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.

SECRETARY

115. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors on such terms and for such period as they may think fit. Any Secretary so appointed may at any time be removed from office by the Directors, but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company. If thought fit two or more persons may be appointed as Joint Secretaries. The Directors may also appoint from time to time on such terms as they may think fit one or more Assistant Secretaries. The appointment and duties of the Secretary or Joint Secretaries shall not conflict with the provisions of the Act and in particular Section 171 of the Act.

THE SEAL

- 116. The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal which shall not be used without the authority of the Directors or of a committee authorised by the Directors on their behalf.
- 117. The Company may execute a document described or expressed as a deed by affixing the Seal or in the manner prescribed by the Act as an alternative to sealing. Every instrument to which the Seal shall be affixed shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by a second Director or some other person appointed by the Directors save that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other securities of the Company the Directors may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature or other method approved by the Directors.
- 118. (A) The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Statutes with regard to having an official seal for use abroad and such powers shall be vested in the Directors.
 - (B) The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Statutes with regard to having a duplicate Seal as referred to in Section 124 of the Act which shall be a facsimile of the Seal with the addition on its face of the words "Share Seal".

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

119. Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the Constitution of the Company and any resolutions passed by the Company or the Directors or any committee, and any books, records, documents and financial statements relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and where any books, records, documents or financial statements are elsewhere than at the Office the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Directors as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Directors or any committee which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed, or as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting. Any authentication or certification made pursuant to this Regulation may be made by any electronic means approved by the Directors for such purpose from time to time incorporating, if the Directors deem necessary, the use of security and/or identification procedures and devices approved by the Directors.

RESERVES

120. The Directors may from time to time set aside out of the profits of the Company and carry to reserve such sums as they think proper which, at the discretion of the Directors, shall be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may properly be applied and pending such application may either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested. The Directors may divide the reserve into such special funds as they think fit and may consolidate into one fund any special funds or any parts of any special funds into which the reserve may have been divided. The Directors may also, without placing the same to reserve, carry forward any profits. In carrying sums to reserve and in applying the same the Directors shall comply with the provisions of the Statutes.

DIVIDENDS

- 121. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution declare dividends but no such dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- 122. If and so far as in the opinion of the Directors the profits of the Company justify such payments, the Directors may declare and pay the fixed dividends on any class of shares carrying a fixed dividend expressed to be payable on fixed dates on the half-yearly or other dates prescribed for the payment thereof and may also from time to time declare and pay interim dividends on shares of any class of such amounts and on such dates and in respect of such periods as they think fit.
- 123. Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares or class of shares and except as otherwise permitted under the Act:
 - (a) all dividends in respect of shares must be paid in proportion to the number of shares held by a member but where shares are partly paid all dividends must be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the partly paid shares; and
 - (b) all dividends must be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts so paid or credited as paid during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid.

For the purpose of this Regulation, an amount paid or credited as paid on a share in advance of a call is to be ignored.

- 124. No dividend shall be paid otherwise than out of profits available for distribution under the provisions of the Statutes.
- 125. No dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share shall bear interest as against the Company.
- 126. (A) The Directors may retain any dividend or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists.
 - (B) The Directors may retain the dividends payable upon shares in respect of which any person is under the provisions as to the transmission of shares hereinbefore contained entitled to become a member, or which any person is under those provisions entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a member in respect of such shares or shall transfer the same.
 - (C) A transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.

- 127. The waiver in whole or in part of any dividend on any share by any document (whether or not under seal) shall be effective only if such document is signed by the member (or the person entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder) and delivered to the Company and if or to the extent that the same is accepted as such or acted upon by the Company.
- 128. The Company may upon the recommendation of the Directors by Ordinary Resolution direct payment of a dividend in whole or in part by the distribution of specific assets (and in particular of paid-up shares or debentures of any other company or in any one or more of such ways) and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution. Where any difficulty arises with regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient and in particular may issue fractional certificates, may fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof, may determine that cash payments shall be made to any members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Directors.
- 129. Any dividend or other moneys payable in cash on or in respect of a share may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address appearing in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register of a member or person entitled thereto (or, if two or more persons are registered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) entered in the Depository Register as joint holders of the share or are entitled thereto in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to any one of such persons) or to such person at such address as such member or person or persons may by writing direct. Every such cheque or warrant shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent or to such person as the holder or joint holders or person or persons entitled to the share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder may direct and payment of the cheque or warrant by the banker upon whom it is drawn shall be a good discharge to the Company. Every such cheque or warrant shall be sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money represented thereby. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Regulation and the provisions of Regulation 131, the payment by the Company to the Depository of any dividend payable to a Depositor shall, to the extent of the payment made to the Depository, discharge the Company from any liability to the Depositor in respect of that payment.
- 130. If two or more persons are registered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register as joint holders of any share, or are entitled jointly to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, any one of them may give effectual receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable or property distributable on or in respect of the share.
- 131. Any resolution declaring a dividend on shares of any class, whether a resolution of the Company in General Meeting or a resolution of the Directors, may specify that the same shall be payable to the persons registered as the holders of such shares in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register at the close of business on a particular date and thereupon the dividend shall be payable to them in accordance with their respective holdings so registered, but without prejudice to the rights *inter se* in respect of such dividend of transferors and transferees of any such shares.
- 131A. The payment by the Directors of any unclaimed dividends or other moneys payable on or in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company a trustee in respect thereof. All dividends unclaimed after being declared may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company and any dividend unclaimed after a period of six years from the date of declaration of such dividend may be forfeited and if so shall revert to the Company but the Directors may at any time thereafter at their absolute discretion annul any such forfeiture and pay the dividend so forfeited to the person entitled thereto prior to the forfeiture. For the avoidance of doubt no member shall be entitled to any interest, share of revenue or other benefit arising from any unclaimed dividends, howsoever and whatsoever. If the Depository returns any such dividend or moneys to the Company, the relevant Depositor shall not have any right or claim in respect of such dividend or moneys against the Company if a period of six years has elapsed from the date of the declaration of such dividend or the date on which such other moneys are first payable.

131B. A payment by the Company to the Depository of any dividend or other moneys payable to a Depositor shall, to the extent of the payment made, discharge the Company from any liability to the Depositor in respect of that payment.

SCRIP DIVIDEND SCHEME

- 132. (A) Whenever the Directors or the Company in General Meeting have resolved or proposed that a dividend (including an interim, final, special or other dividend) be paid or declared on the ordinary shares of the Company, the Directors may further resolve that members entitled to such dividend be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of ordinary shares credited as fully paid in lieu of cash in respect of the whole or such part of the dividend as the Directors may think fit. In such case, the following provisions shall apply:
 - (a) the basis of any such allotment shall be determined by the Directors;
 - (b) the Directors shall determine the manner in which members shall be entitled to elect to receive an allotment of ordinary shares credited as fully paid in lieu of cash in respect of the whole or such part of any dividend in respect of which the Directors shall have passed such a resolution as aforesaid, and the Directors may make such arrangements as to the giving of notice to members, providing for forms of election for completion by members (whether in respect of a particular dividend or dividends or generally), determining the procedure for making such elections or revoking the same and the place at which and the latest date and time by which any forms of election or other documents by which elections are made or revoked must be lodged, and otherwise make all such arrangements and do all such things, as the Directors consider necessary or expedient in connection with the provisions of this Regulation;
 - (c) the dividend (or that part of the dividend in respect of which a right of election has been accorded) shall not be payable in cash on ordinary shares in respect of which the share election has been duly exercised (the "elected ordinary shares") and in lieu and in satisfaction thereof ordinary shares shall be allotted and credited as fully paid to the holders of the elected ordinary shares on the basis of allotment determined as aforesaid and for such purpose and notwithstanding any provision of the Regulations to the contrary, the Directors shall be empowered to do all things necessary and convenient for the purpose of implementing the aforesaid, including, without limitation, the making of each necessary allotment of shares and of each necessary appropriation, capitalisation, application, payment and distribution of funds which may be lawfully appropriated, capitalised, applied, paid or distributed for the purpose of the allotment and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing the Directors may (i) capitalise and apply the amount standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts or any sum standing to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution as the Directors may determine, such sum as may be required to pay up in full the appropriate number of ordinary shares for allotment and distribution to and among the holders of the elected ordinary shares on such basis, or (ii) apply the sum which would otherwise have been payable in cash to the holders of the elected ordinary shares towards payment of the appropriate number of ordinary shares for allotment and distribution to and among the holders of the elected ordinary shares on such basis.
 - (B) The ordinary shares allotted pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 132(A) shall rank pari passu in all respects with the ordinary shares then in issue save only as regards participation in the dividend which is the subject of the election referred to above (including the right to make the election referred to above) or any other distributions, bonuses or rights paid, made, declared or announced prior to or contemporaneous with the payment or declaration of the dividend which is the subject of the election referred to above, unless the Directors shall otherwise specify.

- (C) The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any appropriation, capitalisation, application, payment and distribution of funds pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 132(A), with full power to make such provisions as they may think fit in the case of fractional entitlements to shares (including, notwithstanding any provision to the contrary in these Regulations, provisions whereby, in whole or in part, fractional entitlements are disregarded or rounded up or down, or whereby the benefit of fractional entitlements accrues to the Company rather than the members) and to authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members interested into an agreement(s) with the Company providing for any such appropriation, capitalisation, application, payment and distribution of funds and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.
- (D) The Directors may, on any occasion when they resolve as provided in Regulation 132(A), determine the rights of election under that paragraph shall not be made available to the persons who are registered as holders of ordinary shares in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) in the Depository Register, or in respect of ordinary shares the transfer of which is registered, after such date as the Directors may fix subject to such exceptions as the Directors think fit and, in such event, Regulations 132(A) to 132(F) shall be read and construed subject to such determination.
- (E) The Directors may, on any occasion when they resolve as provided in Regulation 132(A), further determine that no allotment of shares or rights of election for ordinary shares under that paragraph shall be made available or made to members whose registered addresses entered in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register is outside Singapore or to such other members or class of members as the Directors may in their sole discretion decide and in such event the only entitlements of the members aforesaid shall be to receive in cash the relevant dividend resolved or proposed to be paid or declared.
- (F) Notwithstanding the foregoing Regulations 132(A) to 132(E), if at any time after the Directors' resolution to apply the provisions of Regulation 132(A) in relation to any dividend but prior to the allotment of ordinary shares pursuant thereto, the Directors shall consider that by reason of any event or circumstance (whether arising before or after such resolution) or by reason of any matter whatsoever it is no longer expedient or appropriate to implement that proposal, the Directors may at their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefore, as they deem fit, cancel the proposed application of Regulation 132(A).

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND RESERVES

133. The Directors may, with the sanction of an Ordinary Resolution of the Company (including, without limitation, any Ordinary Resolution passed pursuant to Regulation 8(B)), issue bonus shares for which no consideration is payable to the Company or capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts including any undistributable reserve or any sum standing to the credit of profit and loss account by appropriating such sum to the persons registered as holders of shares in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) in the Depository Register at the close of business on the date of the Resolution (or such other date as may be specified therein or determined as therein provided) or (in the case of an Ordinary Resolution passed pursuant to Regulation 8(B)) such other date as may be determined by the Directors in proportion to their then holdings of shares and applying such sum on their behalf in paying up in full unissued shares (or, subject to any special rights previously conferred on any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, unissued shares of any other class not being redeemable shares) for allotment and distribution credited as fully paid up to and amongst them as bonus shares in the proportion aforesaid. The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any such bonus issue or capitalisation, with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit for any fractional entitlements which would arise on the basis aforesaid (including provisions whereby fractional entitlements are disregarded or the benefit thereof accrues to the Company rather than to the members concerned). The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members interested into an agreement with the Company providing for any such bonus issue or capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.

134. In addition and without prejudice to the power provided for by Regulation 133, the Directors shall have power to issue shares for which no consideration is payable and to capitalise any undivided profits or other moneys of the Company not required for the payment or provision of any dividend on any shares entitled to cumulative or non-cumulative preferential dividends (including profits or other moneys carried and standing to any reserve or reserves) and to apply such profits or other moneys in paying up in full in each case on terms that such shares shall, upon issue, be distributed (credited as fully paid up) to, and held by or for the benefit of participants of any share incentive or option scheme or plan implemented by the Company and approved by members in General Meeting in such manner and on such terms as the Directors shall think fit.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

- 135. (A) The Directors shall cause to be kept such accounting and other records as are necessary to comply with the provisions of the Statutes, and shall cause those records to be kept in such manner as to enable them to be conveniently and properly audited.
 - (B) Accounting records sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and otherwise complying with the Statutes shall be kept at the Office, or at such other place as the Directors think fit. No member of the Company or other person shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by Statutes or ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or authorised by the Directors.
- 136. In accordance with the provisions of the Act, the Directors shall cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in General Meeting such financial statements, group accounts (if any) and reports as may be necessary. The interval between the close of a financial year of the Company and the date of the Annual General Meeting shall not exceed four months (or such other period as may be prescribed by the Act or the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange).
- 137. A copy of every financial statement which is to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company (including every document required by law to be comprised therein or attached or annexed thereto) which is duly audited and which is to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company accompanied by a copy of the Auditor's report therein, shall not less than 14 days before the date of the meeting be sent to every member of, and every holder of debentures of, the Company and to every other person who is entitled to receive notices of General Meetings from the Company under the provisions of the Statutes or of these presents; Provided that and subject to the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange:
 - (a) this Regulation shall not require a copy of these documents to be sent to more than one or any joint holders or to any person whose address the Company is not aware or the several persons entitled thereto in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, but any member or holder of debentures to whom a copy of these documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Office-; and
 - (b) these documents may be sent less than 14 days before the date of the General Meeting if all persons entitled to receive notices of General Meetings from the Company so agree.

AUDITORS

- 138. (A) An Auditor shall be appointed and his duties regulated in accordance with the provisions of the Act. Every Auditor of the Company shall have a right of access at all times to the accounting and other records of the Company and shall make his report as required by the Act.
 - (B) Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, all acts done by any person acting as an Auditor shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, be valid, notwithstanding that there was some defect in his appointment or that he was at the time of his appointment not qualified for appointment or subsequently became disqualified.

139. An Auditor shall be entitled to attend any General Meeting and to receive all notices of and other communications relating to any General Meeting which any member is entitled to receive and to be heard at any General Meeting on any part of the business of the meeting which concerns him as Auditor.

NOTICES

- 140. (A) Any notice or document (including a share certificate) may be served on or delivered to any member by the Company either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid cover addressed to such member at his Singapore registered address appearing in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register, or (if he has no registered address within Singapore) to the address, if any, within Singapore supplied by him to the Company or (as the case may be) supplied by him to the Depository as his address for the service of notices, or by delivering it to such address as aforesaid. Where a notice or other document is served or sent by post, service or delivery shall be deemed to be effected at the time when the cover containing the same is posted and in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that such cover was properly addressed, stamped and posted.
 - (B) Without prejudice to the provisions of Regulation 140(A), but subject otherwise to any applicable laws relating to electronic communications, including, inter alia, the Act and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, any notice of meeting or other document (including, without limitations, any financial statements or reports) which is required or permitted to be given, sent or served under the Act or under these presents by the Company, or by the Directors, to a member or an officer or Auditor of the Company may be given, sent or served using electronic communications:
 - (a) to the current address of that person (which may be an email address);
 - (b) by making it available on a website prescribed by the Company from time to time; or
 - (c) in such manner as such member expressly consents to receiving notices and documents by giving notice in writing to the Company,

in accordance with the provisions of, or as otherwise provided by, the Statutes and/or any other applicable regulations or procedures and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange.

- (C) For the purposes of Regulation 140(B) above, subject to any applicable laws relating to electronic communications, including, inter alia, the Act and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, a member shall be implied to have agreed to receive such notice or document by way of such electronic communications and shall not have a right to elect to receive a physical copy of such notice or document.
- (D) Notwithstanding Regulation 140(C) above, and subject to any applicable laws relating to electronic communications, including, inter alia, the Act and the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange, the Directors may, at their discretion, at any time give a member an opportunity to elect within a specified period of time whether to receive such notice or document by way of electronic communications or as a physical copy, and such member shall be deemed to have consented to receive such notice or document by way of electronic communications if he was given such an opportunity and he failed to make an election within the specified time, and he shall not in such an event have a right to receive a physical copy of such notice or documents.

- (E) Where a notice or document is given, sent or served by electronic communications:
 - (a) to the current address of a person pursuant to Regulation 140(B)(a), it shall be deemed to have been duly given, sent or served at the time of transmission of the electronic communication by the email server or facility operated by the Company or its service provider to the current address of such person (notwithstanding any delayed receipt, non-delivery or "returned mail" reply message or any other error message indicating that the electronic communication was delayed or not successfully sent), unless otherwise provided under applicable laws; or
 - (b) by making it available on a website pursuant to Regulation 140(B)(b), it shall be deemed to have been duly given, sent or served on the date on which the notice or document is first made available on the website, or unless otherwise provided under applicable laws.
- (F) When a given number of days' notice or notice extending over any other period is required to be given the day of service shall, unless it is otherwise provided or required by these Regulations or by the Act, be not counted in such number of days or period.
- (G) Where a notice or document is given, sent or served to a member by making it available on a website pursuant to Regulation 140(E)(b), the Company shall give separate notice to the member of the publication of the notice or document on that website and the manner in which the notice or document may be accessed by any one or more of the following means:
 - (a) by sending such separate notice to the member personally or through the post pursuant to Regulation 140(A);
 - (b) by sending such separate notice to the member using electronic communications to his current address pursuant to Regulation 140(B)(a);
 - (c) by way of advertisement in the daily press; and/or
 - (d) by way of announcement on the Designated Stock Exchange.
- (H) Notwithstanding any provision of these Regulations, the Company shall comply with the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange for the time being in force relating to communications with members, including any requirements to send specific documents to members by way of physical copies.
- 141. Any notice given to one of the joint holders of a share whose name stands first in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register in respect of the share shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders in their capacity as such. For such purpose a joint holder having no registered address in Singapore and not having supplied an address within Singapore for the service of notices shall be disregarded.
- 142. A person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share, and upon supplying also to the Company or (as the case may be) the Depository an address within Singapore for the service of notices, shall be entitled to have served upon or delivered to him at such address any notice or document to which the member but for his death or bankruptcy would have been entitled, and such service or delivery shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service or delivery of such notice or document on all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in the share. Save as aforesaid any notice or document delivered or sent by post to or left at the registered address or given, sent or served by electronic communication to the current address (as the case may be) of any member in pursuance of these presents shall, notwithstanding that such member be then dead or bankrupt or in liquidation, and whether or not the Company or (as the case may be) the Depository shall have notice of his death or bankruptcy or liquidation, be deemed to have been duly served or delivered in respect of any share registered in the name of such member in the Register of Members or, where such member is a Depositor, entered against his name in the Depository Register as sole or first-named joint holder.

143. A member who (having no registered address within Singapore) has not supplied to the Company or (as the case may be) the Depository an address within Singapore for the service of notices shall not be entitled to receive notices or other documents from the Company.

WINDING UP

- 144. The Directors shall have power in the name and on behalf of the Company to present a petition to the court for the Company to be wound up.
- 145. (A) If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary, under supervision, or by the court) the liquidator may, with the authority of a Special Resolution, divide among the members in specie or in kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds, and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of members as the liquidator with the like authority shall think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other property in respect of which there is a liability.
 - (B) If the Company shall be wound up, and the assets available for distribution among the members as such shall be insufficient to repay the whole of the paid-up capital, such assets shall be distributed so that, as nearly as may be, the losses shall be borne by the members in proportion to the number of shares held by them respectively in relation to the total number of shares issued by the Company (excluding treasury shares). If in a winding up the assets available for distribution among the members shall be more than sufficient to repay the whole of the capital paid-up at the commencement of the winding up, the excess shall be distributed amongst the members in proportion to the number of shares held by them respectively in relation to the total number of shares issued by the Company (excluding treasury shares). This Regulation is to be without prejudice to the rights of the holders or Depositors of shares issued upon special terms and conditions.
 - (C) On a voluntary winding up of the Company, no commission or fee shall be paid to a liquidator without the prior approval of the members in General Meeting. The amount of such commission or fee shall be notified to all members not less than 7 days prior to the meeting at which it is to be considered.
- 146. In the event of a winding up of the Company every member of the Company who is not for the time being in the Republic of Singapore shall be bound, within 14 days after the passing of an effective resolution to wind up the Company voluntarily, or within the like period after the making of an order for the winding up of the Company, to serve notice in writing on the Company appointing some householder in the Republic of Singapore upon whom all summonses, notices, processes, orders and judgments in relation to or under the winding up of the Company may be served, and in default of such nomination the liquidator of the Company shall be at liberty on behalf of such member to appoint some such person, and service upon any such appointee shall be deemed to be a good personal service on such member for all purposes, and where the liquidator makes any such appointment he shall, with all convenient speed, give notice thereof to such member by advertisement in any leading daily newspaper in the English language in circulation in Singapore or by a registered letter sent through the post and addressed to such member at his address as appearing in the Register of Members or (as the case may be) the Depository Register, and such notice shall be deemed to be served on the day following that on which the advertisement appears or the letter is posted.

INDEMNITY

- 147. (a) Subject to the provisions of and so far as may be permitted by the Statutes, every officer of the Company shall be entitled to be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by the officer to a person other than the Company attaching to the officer in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust.
 - (b) The Company must not indemnify any person in respect of any costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities, or pay any premium for a contract in pursuance thereto, if and to the extent that the Company is prohibited by law from doing so.

SECRECY

148. No member shall be entitled to require discovery of or any information respecting any detail of the Company's trade or any matter which may be in the nature of a trade secret, mystery of trade or secret process which may relate to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Directors it will be inexpedient in the interest of the members of the Company to communicate to the public save as may be authorised by law or required by the listing rules of the Designated Stock Exchange.

PERSONAL DATA OF MEMBERS

- 149. (A) A member who is a natural person is deemed to have consented to the collection, use and disclosure of his personal data (whether such personal data is provided by that member or is collected through a third party) by the Company (or its agents or service providers) from time to time for any of the following purposes:
 - (a) implementation and administration of any corporate action by the Company (or its agents or service providers);
 - (b) internal analysis and/or market research by the Company (or its agents or service providers);
 - (c) investor relations communications by the Company (or its agents or service providers);
 - (d) administration by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of that member's holding of shares in the capital of the Company;
 - (e) implementation and administration of any service provided by the Company (or its agents or service providers) to its members to receive notices of General Meetings, annual reports and other member communications and/or for proxy appointment, whether by electronic means or otherwise;
 - (f) processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of proxies and representatives appointed for any General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to any General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof);
 - (g) implementation and administration of, and compliance with, any provision of these presents;
 - (h) compliance with any applicable laws, listing rules, take-over rules, regulations and/or guidelines; and
 - (i) purposes which are reasonably related to any of the above purpose.

(B) Any member who appoints a proxy and/or representative for any General Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof is deemed to have warranted that where such member discloses the personal data of such proxy and/or representative to the Company (or its agents or service providers), that member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy and/or representative for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the personal data of such proxy and/or representative for the purposes specified in Regulation 149(A)(f), and is deemed to have agreed to indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of such member's breach of warranty.

WE, the several persons whose names and addresses and descriptions are hereto subscribed are desirous of being formed into a company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite to our respective names.

NAME, ADDRESS AND DESCRIPTION OF SUBSCRIBER	NUMBER OF SHARES TAKEN BY SUBSCRIBER
Stateglory Investments Limited P.O. Box 957, Offshore Incorporations Centre Road Town, Tortola British Virgin Islands 623954	TEN THOUSAND (10,000) ORDINARY SHARES
TOTAL NUMBER OF SHARES TAKEN	TEN THOUSAND (10,000) ORDINARY SHARES

Dated this 26th day of November 2004

Witness to the above signatures:-

Diana The Hui Ling
Advocate & Solicitor
David Lim & Partners
50 Raffles Place
#17-01 Singapore Land Tower
Singapore 048623

NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

JIUTIAN CHEMICAL GROUP LIMITED

(Company Registration Number 200415416H) (Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore)

NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an extraordinary general meeting (the "**EGM**") of Jiutian Chemical Group Limited (the "**Company**") will be held by way of electronic means on Wednesday, 28 April 2021 at 11.00 a.m. (or immediately after the conclusion or adjournment of the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held by way of electronic means at 10.30 a.m. on the same day) for the purpose of considering and, if thought fit, passing the following resolution as a special resolution:

All capitalised terms used in this Notice of EGM which are not defined herein shall have the same meanings ascribed to them in the Circular dated 6 April 2021 (the "Circular") to the Shareholders.

SPECIAL RESOLUTION

THE PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE NEW CONSTITUTION OF THE COMPANY

THAT:

- (a) the Regulations contained in the new constitution of the Company as set out in Annex B to the Circular (the "New Constitution") be and are hereby approved and adopted as the Constitution of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the Existing Constitution of the Company; and
- (b) the Directors of the Company and each of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) as they or he may consider expedient, desirable or necessary to give effect to the adoption of the New Constitution and all transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this special resolution.

By Order of the Board

Lee Pay Lee Lee Wei Hsiung Company Secretaries Singapore, 6 April 2021

Notes:

- (1) The EGM is being convened, and will be held, by way of electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. Printed copies of the Circular, the Notice of EGM and the accompanying proxy form will not be sent to members. Instead, these documents will be made available on the SGXNet at https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements.
- (2) The Company is arranging for a live webcast and live audio feed of the EGM proceedings (the "Live EGM Webcast" or "Live EGM Audio Feed") which will take place on Wednesday, 28 April 2021 at 11.00 a.m. (or immediately after the conclusion or adjournment of the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held by way of electronic means at 10.30 a.m. on the same day) in place of the physical EGM. Members will be able to watch or listen to the EGM proceedings through the Live EGM Webcast or the Live EGM Audio Feed, and the Company will not accept any physical attendance by members. Any member seeking to attend the EGM physically in person will be turned away.

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(3) Members will be able to participate in the EGM in following manner set out in the paragraphs below.

Live EGM Webcast and Live EGM Audio Feed:

- (a) Members may watch or listen to the EGM proceedings through the Live EGM Webcast or the Live EGM Audio Feed. To do so, members will need to pre-register at http://jiutianchemical.availeasemgdwebinar.com (the "Registration Link") by 11.00 a.m. on 25 April 2021 (the "Registration Deadline") to enable the Company to verify their status.
- (b) Following verification, authenticated members will receive an email by 5.00 p.m. on 27 April 2021 containing a link to access the Live EGM Webcast of the EGM proceedings or a toll-free telephone number to access the Live EGM Audio Feed of the EGM proceedings, according to their preferred mode of accessing the EGM proceeding selected during the pre-registration process.
- (c) Members must not forward the abovementioned link or telephone number to other persons who are not members of the Company and who are not entitled to attend the EGM. This is also to avoid any technical disruptions or overload to the Live EGM Webcast or the Live EGM Audio Feed.
- (d) Members who have registered by the Registration Deadline but did not receive an email response by 5.00 p.m. on 27 April 2021 may contact the Company by email at nghankiat@jiutianchemical.com. Members will need to identify themselves by providing the following details:
 - (i) The member's full name as it appears in the share records;
 - (ii) The member's NRIC/Passport/UEN Number;
 - (iii) The member's contact number and email address; and
 - (iv) The manner in which the member holds the shares in the Company (e.g. via CDP/CPF/SRS).

Submission of Proxy Forms to Vote:

- (a) Members will <u>not</u> be able to vote online or through the Live EGM Webcast or the Live EGM Audio Feed on the special resolution to be tabled for approval at the EGM. Members who wish to exercise their votes <u>must</u> submit a proxy form to appoint the Chairman of the EGM to cast votes on their behalf.
- (b) Members (whether individual or corporate) appointing the Chairman of the EGM as proxy must give specific instructions as to his manner of voting, or abstentions from voting, in the proxy form, failing which the appointment will be treated as invalid.
- (c) The Chairman of the EGM, as proxy, need not be a member of the Company.
- (d) The proxy form, duly completed and signed, must be submitted by:
 - (i) mail to the Company's share registrar, Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services, at 80 Robinson Road, #11-02, Singapore 068898; or
 - (ii) email to sg.is.proxy@sg.tricorglobal.com,

in either case, by no later than 11.00 a.m. on 26 April 2021, being 48 hours before the time fixed for the EGM.

Members are strongly encouraged to submit completed proxy forms electronically via email in view of the current COVID-19 situation.

(e) Investors who hold shares through relevant intermediaries as defined in Section 181 of the Companies Act, including investors under the Central Provident Fund and the Supplementary Retirement Scheme (the "CPF and SRS Investors"), who wish to exercise their votes by appointing the Chairman of the EGM as proxy should approach their respective CPF Agent Banks and SRS Operators to submit their voting instructions at least seven (7) working days before the EGM (i.e. by 11.00 a.m. on 16 April 2021) in order to allow sufficient time for their respective relevant intermediaries to in turn submit a proxy form to appoint the Chairman of the EGM to vote on their behalf by 11.00 a.m. on 26 April 2021.

Submission of Questions in Advance:

- (a) Please note that members will <u>not</u> be able to ask questions at the EGM during the Live EGM Webcast or the Live EGM Audio Feed, and therefore it is important for members to pre-register their participation in order to be able to submit their questions in advance of the EGM.
- (b) Members may submit questions relating to the agenda of the EGM from now till 11.00 a.m. on 25 April 2021, via email to nghankiat@jiutianchemical.com.
- (c) The Company will endeavour to address the substantial and relevant questions before or during the EGM. The responses to questions from members will be posted on the SGXNet soonest possible before the EGM, or if answered during the EGM, to be included in the minutes of the EGM which will be published on the SGXNet within one (1) month after the date of the EGM.

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Investors who hold Shares through Relevant Intermediaries (as defined in Section 181 of the Companies Act):

- (a) Such investors (including CPF and SRS Investors) who wish to participate in the EGM by:
 - observing or listening to the EGM proceedings contemporaneously via the Live EGM Webcast or the Live EGM Audio Feed;
 - (ii) submitting questions in advance of the EGM; and/or
 - (iii) voting by appointing the Chairman of the EGM as proxy at the EGM,

should contact the relevant intermediary through which they hold such shares as soon as possible in order for the necessary arrangements to be made for their participation in the EGM.

IMPORTANT REMINDER: Members should also note that the Company may be required to make further changes to its EGM arrangements at short notice, the members should keep abreast of the Company's announcements that may be made from time to time on SGXNet.

The Company wishes to thank all members for their patience and co-operation in enabling the Company to hold the EGM with the optimum safe distancing measures amidst the current COVID-19 pandemic.

Personal data privacy:

By submitting an instrument appointing the Chairman of the EGM as proxy to attend, speak and vote at the EGM and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the purpose of the processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the appointment of the Chairman of the EGM as proxy appointed for the EGM (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the EGM (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines.



(Company Registration Number 200415416H) (Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore)

PROXY FORM FOR EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

Personal data privacy

*I/We _____

By submitting an instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, the member accepts and agrees to the personal data privacy terms set out in the Notice of Extraordinary General Meeting dated 6 April 2021.

- 1. The Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") is being convened, and will be held, by electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. Alternative arrangements relating to, among others, attendance, submission of questions in advance and/or voting by proxy at the EGM are set out in the Notice of EGM dated 6 April 2021 which has been uploaded on SGXNet on the same day.
- A member will not be able to attend the EGM in person. If a member (whether individual or corporate) wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the EGM, he/she/it must appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to vote on his/her/its behalf at the EGM. In appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in the form of proxy, failing which the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy for that resolution will be treated as
- This proxy form is not valid for use by investors holdings shares in the Company through relevant intermediaries (as defined in Section 181 of the Companies Act (Chapter 50 of Singapore)) ("Investor") (including investors, holding through Central Provident Fund Investment Scheme ("CPF") or Supplementary Retirement Scheme ("SRS") ("CPF/SRS Investors")) and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes if used or purported to be used by them. An Investor who wishes to vote should instead approach his/her relevant intermediary as soon as possible to specify voting instructions. A CPF/SRS Investor who wishes to vote should approach his/her CPF Agent Bank or SRS Operator by 11.00 a.m. on 16 April 2021, being seven (7) working days before the EGM to submit his/her voting instructions.
- Please read the notes overleaf which contain instructions on, inter alia, the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as a member's proxy to vote on his/her/its behalf at the EGM.

This form of proxy has been made available on SGXNet and may be assessed at the URLs http://www.sgx.com/securities/companyannouncements. A printed copy of this proxy form will not be despatched to members.

(Name) *(NRIC/Passport/

Co. Registration No.)	of		(address)					
being a member/members of Jiu Chairman of the EGM as *my/our way of electronic means via live v 11.00 a.m. (or immediately after t Company to be held by way of electhereof.	proxy to vote for *me/us webcast and live audio-o he conclusion or adjourn	on *my/our only stream nment of the	behalf at t on Wedne e Annual C	the EGI sday, 2 General	M to 8 Ap Mee	be held by oril 2021 at eting of the		
(Voting will be conducted by poll. all your votes "For" or "Against" the Alternatively, please indicate the number Chairman of the Meeting as your with a "√" in the "Abstain" box. Alter the Meeting as your proxy is direct appointment of the Chairman of	ne special resolution, plea umber of votes "For" or "A proxy to abstain from vot ernatively, please indicate ared to abstain from voting	ase tick $[]$ Against" the ing on the set the number. In the abs	within the special reserved reserved special reserved special reserved rese	relevar solution olution, s that t pecific	nt bo . If yo plea he C dire	x provided. ou wish the se indicate hairman of		
Special Resolution			For*	Against*		Abstain*		
The Proposed Adoption of the Nev	w Constitution							
* delete accordingly								
Dated this day of	2021							
		Total No. of Shares in		No. of Shares				
		CDI	P Register					
R			ister of Mem	er of Members				
Signature of Shareholder(s)								



Or, Common Seal of Corporate Shareholder

IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ NOTES OVERLEAF BEFORE COMPLETING THIS PROXY FORM

Notes:

1. Please insert the total number of Shares held by you. If you have Shares entered against your name in the Depository Register (as defined in section 81SF of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore), you should insert that number of Shares. If you have Shares registered in your name in the Register of Members, you should insert that number of Shares. If you have Shares entered against your name in the Depository Register and Shares registered in your name in the Register of Members, you should insert the aggregate number of Shares entered against your name in the Depository Register and registered in your name in the Register of Members. If no number is inserted, the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies shall be deemed to relate to all the Shares held by you.

A member will not be able to vote online or through the live webcast and live audio-feed on the special resolution to be tabled for approval at the EGM. Members who wish to exercise their votes must submit a proxy form to appoint the Chairman of the EGM to cast votes on their behalf. Member (whether individual or corporate) appointing the Chairman of the EGM as proxy must give specific instructions as to his manner of voting, or abstentions from voting, in the proxy form, failing which the appointment will be treated as invalid.

- 2. The Chairman of the Meeting, as a proxy, need not be a member of the Company.
- 3. The instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy must be under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing and where such instrument is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its common seal or under the hand of its attorney or a duly authorised officer.
- 4. Where an instrument appointing Chairman of the Meeting as proxy is signed and authorised on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter of power of attorney (or other authority) or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.
- 5. The instrument appointing Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, duly executed, must be deposited at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services, at 80 Robinson Road, #11-02, Singapore 068898, or emailed to: sg.is.proxy@sg.tricorglobal.com, not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for the holding of the EGM.

A member who wishes to submit an instrument of proxy must first download, complete and sign the proxy form, before submitting it by post to the address provided above, or scanning and sending it by email to the email address provided above.

Members are strongly encouraged to submit completed proxy forms via email to the email address provided above in view of the current COVID-19 situation.

6. The Company shall be entitled to reject the instrument appointing the Chairman of the EGM as proxy if it is incomplete, improperly completed or illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument appointing the Chairman of the EGM as proxy. In addition, in the case of the members of the Company whose shares entered against their names in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any instrument appointing the Chairman of the EGM as proxy lodged if such members are not shown to have shares entered against their names in the Depository Register as at seventy-two (72) hours before the time appointed for holding the EGM, as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.