

# **ENVICTUS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED**

ANNUAL REPORT 2023

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Listed on SGX Catalist (previously known as the SGX-SESDAQ) on 23 December 2004 and upgraded to the Mainboard on 18 June 2009, Envictus International Holdings Limited ("Envictus" or "the Group"), is an established Food and Beverage ("F&B") Group. The Group has an established portfolio of businesses and brands operating under its key business divisions.



Founded in 1997, the Group started as a manufacturer and distributor of sweetened condensed milk and evaporated milk, and in the years following its listing, has evolved into a diversified F&B player following several acquisitions. In June 2014, the Group unlocked shareholders' value in the business through the disposal of its investment in the Dairies and Packaging divisions and relevant intellectual properties to Asahi Group Holdings Southeast Asia Pte. Ltd.

In 2018, the Group returned to the dairies business with the selling and distribution of sweetened creamer and evaporated creamer supplied by third party manufacturer. In June 2018, the Group completed the acquisition of Motivage Sdn Bhd which had a manufacturing license to produce dairy products including sweetened creamer and evaporated creamer. This acquisition was to realise the Group's plans for setting up its own dairy manufacturing plant.

In 2020, as part of the Group's streamlining efforts, Envictus announced the cessation of an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary, The Delicious Group, which operated the Delicious restaurants. The Group also announced the disposal of its Nutrition Division by disposing off business and assets of a wholly-owned indirect subsidiary, Naturalac Nutrition Limited.

In 2022, in continuation of the Group's optimisation efforts, Envictus disposed off assets related to its frozen bakery business.

In 2023, to streamline the Group's business operations, Envictus divested majority of the Group's Food Processing Division (Butchery) and leasehold land in Pulau Indah, while retaining a small scale butchery service, involving the portioning and slicing of meat, which will be moved back and carried out at the Group's existing Trading & Frozen Food premises in Glenmarie, Selangor.

The Group's business divisions currently comprise Trading and Frozen Food, Food Services (Texas Chicken and San Francisco Coffee) and Dairies.

Envictus' operating facilities are located in Malaysia. Apart from Malaysia, the Group's products can also be found in other countries including Africa, Middle East, Cambodia and Vietnam. The Group's products are traded under various brand names such as SuJohan and San Francisco Coffee.

Helmed by a management team of industry veterans who possess a wide range of expertise in strategic planning, business development, operational and production skills, the Group is well-positioned to tap on its solid foundation in the F&B industry to further enhance its established brand names.

# TRADING AND FROZEN FOOD DIVISION



**Pok Brothers** 

# 60 Years

Pok Brothers Sdn Bhd is one of Malaysia's leading frozen food and premium food wholesaler.



With an established track record of 60 years, Pok Brothers Sdn Bhd ("Pok Brothers") is one of Malaysia's leading frozen food and premium food wholesaler.

Now a household name, Pok Brothers started as a general store business in Petaling Jaya in 1963. As a premium food wholesaler, Pok Brothers imports and distributes food products, in both raw and processed forms, focusing on the hospitality and consumerbased food industries. Its products include frozen/chilled meats, dairy products, seafood and condiments, amongst many others. Pok Brothers has an extensive client base which includes major 5-star hotels, cruise ships, hyper/supermarkets, bakeries, butcheries, fast-food chains, grocery stores, food processors and other wholesalers. With the sole distributor rights to major imported brands such as Lamb-Weston, Emmi, Devondale, Delverde, Fragata, Durkee and Lakeland Dairies Limited, Pok Brothers is also an appointed importer and distributor of proprietary goods for several American restaurant chains operating in Malaysia.

Most of Pok Brothers' supplies are sourced internationally, namely from the United States, Europe, Australia, New Zealand and Brazil.

Operating out of Glenmarie, Shah Alam in Selangor, Pok Brothers has branches in Penang, Johor, Pahang and Langkawi to encompass the length and breadth of Peninsular Malaysia. All facilities are equipped with cold room and dry store functions as well as refrigerated trucks.

### FOOD SERVICES DIVISION



- Texas ChickenSan Francisco Coffee
- (a) TEXAS CHICKEN 92 Outlets
  (b) SAN FRANCISCO COFFEE 49 Outlets



#### **TEXAS CHICKEN**

On 10 July 2012, the Group signed an exclusive 10-year International Multiple Unit Franchise and Development Agreement ("Franchise Agreement") with US-based Cajun Global LLC for exclusive rights to develop and operate Texas Chicken restaurants in Malaysia and Brunei from 2013 to 2022 ("Franchise Period"). This marked the Group's maiden foray into the fast food segment. The restaurants serve American-style, big juicy full-flavoured fried chicken, french fries, honey butter biscuits, mashed potatoes, coleslaw, burgers, and sundae, to name a few dishes.

The Group and Cajun have renewed its Franchise Agreement on 20 May 2022 to extend the Franchise Period. Further to the extension of the Franchise Period, the exclusive right to develop 115 restaurants in Malaysia is from 2022 to 2030 whereas the exclusive right to develop 10 restaurants in Brunei is from 2022 to 2029. Each restaurant is given a 10-year period to operate from the date of opening with an option to renew for another 10 years.

As at the date of renewal of the Franchise Agreement, the Group owns and operates 85 Texas Chicken restaurants throughout Peninsular Malaysia, which exceeded its initial commitment of opening 80 Texas Chicken restaurants in its initial 10-year franchise period. With the extension of the Franchise Period, the Group intends to continue to expand the Texas Chicken restaurant business by opening new outlets, including in other Malaysian states such as Sabah and Sarawak.

This partnership has expanded Envictus' portfolio and enabled the Group to tap on synergistic opportunities in its existing Trading and Frozen Food Division. Additionally, this downstream expansion is part of Envictus' growth strategy to increase the presence of its identity and brand in key markets such as Malaysia and neighbouring countries in Asia.

Texas Chicken sets itself apart from the competition by always ensuring freshness of its products. This is achieved by stringent quality control and sourcing only the best ingredients – spices and seasoning are imported directly from the United States, and chickens are freshly procured from local farms.

The rising trend of Malaysian families dining out due to their time-pressured lifestyle is identified as a potential area of growth for the Texas Chicken business. Furthermore, Malaysians love Quick Service Restaurants (QSR) because they are conveniently located, affordable and can satisfy all age groups in a family.

Since the opening of the first flagship outlet at Aeon Bukit Tinggi Shopping Centre, in Bandar Bukit Tinggi township, Klang on 31 January 2013, Envictus has leveraged on the robust demand for the Texas Chicken restaurant concept by growing its presence at a considerable pace to reach a total of 92 outlets in Malaysia as of 15 December 2023. New outlets opened between 1 October 2022 to 15 December 2023 are as follows:-

| Locations                                    | 1 Oct 2022 - 15 Dec 2023 |
|--|--------------------------|
| Setia Ecohill Mall,<br>Semenyih, Selangor    | 7 October 2022           |
| R&R Skudai DT, Johor                         | 10 November 2022         |
| Aeon Mall Bandaraya<br>Melaka                | 1 December 2022          |
| Eco Grandeur DT,<br>Puncak Alam, Selangor    | 9 January 2023           |
| Golden Triangle DT,<br>Bayan Lepas, Penang   | 19 January 2023          |
| Bentong Pahang                               | 20 July 2023             |
| Tunjong DT, Kelantan                         | 24 August 2023           |
| Aeon Big Bandar Tun<br>Hussein Onn, Selangor | 12 October 2023          |
| Caltex Kapar DT,<br>Selangor                 | 2 November 2023          |

### **SAN FRANCISCO COFFEE**

On 28 March 2016, Envictus acquired 85% shareholding in Lyndarahim Ventures Sdn Bhd ("LVSB") which holds a 100% stake in San Francisco Coffee Sdn Bhd ("SFCoffee"), a specialty coffee chain business that serves house-roasted coffee in Malaysia. Envictus subsequently acquired the remaining 15% shareholding in LVSB on 19 August 2016. SFCoffee currently operates 49 wholly owned specialty coffee outlets in prominent office buildings and malls. New outlets opened between 1 October 2022 to 15 December 2023 are as follows:-

| Locations                    | 1 Oct 2022 - 15 Dec 2023 |
|------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Sungai Besi                  | 3 October 2022           |
| Pavilion Bukit Jalil         | 8 October 2022           |
| Menara IGB                   | 25 October 2022          |
| Gleneagles Hospital          | 15 August 2023           |
| Petron Jalan Kelawei, Penang | 1 November 2023          |

In looking towards modernisation and increasing efficiency, SFCoffee is ramping up technology adoption in its daily operations with direct customer interaction via social media, development of the SF Coffee Application, and the optimisation of the Point of Sale (POS) systems to be more intuitive. These initiatives that SFCoffee has embarked on will enable the Group to become more sustainable and well positioned to adapt to the ever changing and challenging business environment.

To further contribute to improving processes, logistics and cost efficiencies, the roasting plant, distribution centre and storage facilities has been strategically relocated to a more central location with the focus on efficient cost and stock management modules now the core of our efficiency drive to improve competitiveness.

At the heart of our improvement is managing the cost of supplies while balancing the quality offerings and consistency that SFCoffee is known for. This is in line with the principles of Kaizen allowing SFCoffee to offer our customers good value and good customer experience which will in turn translate into increased sustained revenue.

## **DAIRIES DIVISION**



Elevating Standards in Manufacturing and Global Distribution of Condensed and Evaporated Milk



Rooted in tradition, our Dairies Division operating under the brand SuJOHAN, is a beacon of innovation and quality in condensed and evaporated milk manufacturing. Renowned for our Sweetened Creamer ("SC") and Evaporated Creamer ("EC"), we have built a global narrative of reliability and excellence that transcends borders.

Our journey commenced in 2018 with the production and distribution of SuJOHAN SC and SuJOHAN EC in collaboration with a distinguished third-party manufacturer, ensuring high quality standards synonymous with our brand while seamlessly integrating global sales and marketing responsibilities through our proficient marketing arm, Envictus Dairies Marketing Sdn Bhd. Simultaneously, a strategic network of distributors was established to optimise market penetration.

In the same year, we obtained a manufacturing license, diversifying our portfolio to encompass an extensive array of dairy products to include SC, EC, milk powder, sterilized milk, and tin cans after acquiring Motivage Sdn Bhd. Despite challenges posed by the global Covid-19 pandemic, we successfully navigated through adversity, and production for SuJOHAN SC began turning triumphantly in late 2020.

The Dairies Division has since obtained the HALAL certification in the first quarter of 2021 followed by the attainment of VHM certification in July 2023, demonstrating our unwavering dedication to uphold the highest standards of hygiene and quality assurance to capture emerging opportunities as the Dairies Division positions itself for expansive growth backed by global footprint and a legacy of quality, innovation, and adaptability to elevate the benchmarks of the condensed and evaporated milk industry on a global scale.

# **KEY MILESTONES**

## 2004 DECEMBER

Etika International Holdings Limited ("EIHL") was listed on SGX-SESDAQ (now known as SGX Catalist) on 23 December 2004.

## 2006 FEBRUARY

Made first acquisition pursuant to listing - Pok Brothers Group - one of Malaysia's leading frozen food and premium food wholesaler, on 8 February 2006, vide our wholly-owned subsidiary, Etika Foods (M) Sdn Bhd.

## **2009 JUNE**

Upgraded to SGX Mainboard on 18 June 2009.

# **2012** JULY

Signed an International Multiple Unit Franchise Agreement with US-based Cajun Global LLC on 10 July 2012 for exclusive rights to develop and operate Texas Chicken restaurants in Malaysia and Brunei over the next 10 years from 2013 to 2022.

# 2014 JULY

Change of company name from Etika International Holdings Limited to Envictus International Holdings Limited with effect from 15 July 2014.

# 2015 DECEMBER

Platinum Appreciation Sdn Bhd ("PASB"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, together with Brothers Coffee Ventures Sdn Bhd, entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement with Prinsip Lagenda Sdn Bhd and Datuk Abdul Rahim bin Mohd Zin on 14 December 2015 to acquire the entire issued and paid-up share capital of LVSB in relation to the acquisition of San Francisco Coffee Sdn Bhd.

#### 2016 AUGUST

Envictus Food Services Sdn Bhd (formerly known as PASB) increased its shareholding in LVSB from 85% to 100% on 19 August 2016 by acquiring the balance of 15% from Brothers Coffee Ventures Sdn Bhd.

# 2017 NOVEMBER

Polygold Holdings Sdn Bhd a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a conditional share sale agreement with Mr Khor Sin Kok and Madam Khor Guat Bee on 15 November 2017 for the proposed acquisition of 100% of the total issued and paid-up shares of Motivage Sdn Bhd for a consideration of RM24 million, to be satisfied by a combination of cash and the allotment and issuance of 15,775,210 shares in the capital of the Company.

# **2018** JUNE

An EGM was held on 8 June 2018 to obtain shareholders' approval on the proposed acquisition of Motivage as a major transaction and an interested party transaction. The allotment and issue of 15,775,210 consideration shares at an issue price of \$\$0.3913 was made as part satisfaction of the consideration for the proposed acquisition. The acquisition was completed on 21 June 2018.

On 18 June 2018, the Company proposed a renounceable non-underwritten rights issue of up to 113,534,799 new ordinary shares of the Company at an issue price of \$\$0.16 for each Rights Share with up to 113,534,799 free detachable warrants. Each warrant carries the right to subscribe for 1 ordinary share in the capital of the Company at an exercise price of \$\$0.16 for each Warrant Share, on the basis of 4 Rights Shares for every 5 existing ordinary shares in the capital of the Company.

#### **OCTOBER**

An EGM was held on 19 October 2018 to obtain shareholders' approval on the allotment and issue of the Rights Shares, the Warrants and the Warrant Shares.

#### NOVEMBER

At the close of the rights exercise on 21 November 2018, valid acceptances and valid excess application for a total of 105,195,904 Rights Shares with Warrants, representing approximately 92.66% of the 113,534,799 Rights Shares with Warrants available under the Rights cum Warrants Issue were received. This amounts to net proceeds of approximately \$\$16.53 million.

# **2021** MARCH

The following agreements were entered into on 31 March 2021.

- a) A manufacturing, operations, supply and purchase agreement between De-luxe Food Services Sdn Bhd ("De-luxe") with Aryzta Food Solutions Malaysia Sdn Bhd ("Aryzta").
- b) A conditional option plant and equipment purchase agreement ("SPA") between De-luxe with Aryzta for sale of De-luxe's factory with all its machineries and equipment for RM76 million.
- c) A conditional option sale and purchase agreement ("SPA") between Polygold Beverages Sdn Bhd and Aryzta for the sale of land on which De-luxe's factory is situated on for RM12 million.

# 2022

On 31 January 2022, De-luxe and Polygold Beverages entered into revised SPAs with Aryzta to reflect earlier completion date.

On 4 February 2022, SGX rejected the waiver application for shareholders' approval for the proposed disposals and approved the Company's request to seek shareholders' approval for proposed disposals by way of a ratification resolution at an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM").

The disposal of business, factory, machineries and equipment of De-luxe and land by Polygold Beverages to Aryzta was completed on 11 February 2022.

At the EGM held on 5 August 2022, the shareholders approved the proposed ratification of the disposals.

On 20 May 2022, Texas Chicken (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd and Cajun have renewed its Franchise Agreement to extend the Franchise Period with the exclusive right to develop 115 restaurants in Malaysia from 2022 to 2030 whereas exclusive right to develop 10 restaurants in Brunei is from 2022 to 2029. Each restaurant is given a 10-year period to operate from the date of opening with an option to renew for another 10 years.

On 25 November 2022, the Group raised \$\$9,131,000 (approximately RM30,274,000) from the allotment and issue of 57,066,950 new ordinary shares in the capital of the Company pursuant to the exercise of 57,066,950 warrants at the exercise price of \$\$0.16 per share.

# 2023

On 10 May 2023, the Group entered into conditional sale and purchase agreements with PrimaBaguz Foods Sdn Bhd of RM86 million for:-

- a) sale of shares in Gourmessa Sdn Bhd
- b) leasehold properties and assets in Pulau Indah of Pok Brothers Sdn Bhd and Polygold Beverages Sdn Bhd

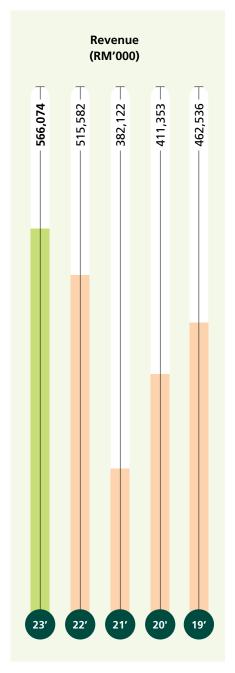
The sale was approved at the EGM held on 5 October 2023 and completed on 26 October 2023.



# MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIRMAN

# **Dear Valued Shareholders,**

On behalf of the Board of Directors of Envictus International Holdings Limited, I present to you our Annual Report for the financial year ended 30 September 2023 ("FY2023").





Overall Group's revenue grew by 9.8% from RM515.6 million to RM566.1 million

FY2022: RM0.60

FY2022: RM515.6 million

## MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIRMAN



**REVIEW OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE** 

Overall Group's revenue grew by 9.8% from RM515.6 million to RM566.1 million, primarily driven by improved performance from the Food Services and Dairies Divisions. However, growth was counteracted by the underperformance of Trading and Frozen Food Division and the cessation of bakery business under the Food Processing Division in February 2022.

Growth in the Food Services Division was bolstered by the new store openings of Texas Chicken restaurants, coupled with the higher comparable store sales growth whilst San Francisco Coffee ("SFCoffee") chain's revenue remained stable despite the growing and intensifying competition within the coffee retail industry.

A marginal decline in revenue was registered for the Trading and Frozen Food Division, attributable to a slowdown in sales momentum from hotel and restaurant sectors due to competitive pricing and decline in tourism arrivals. Conversely, the Dairies Division recorded a significant upswing, driven by robust demand from both local and export markets, coupled with an increase in selling prices.

As part of the management's ongoing efforts in cost optimisation, the management has concluded on the divestment of the butchery business. By utilising the net proceeds from the divestment for repayment of bank borrowings and working capital, it will improve the Group's bottom line and provide the required funds for expansion for the other subsidiaries within the Group.

For the year ended 30 September 2023, the Group posted a loss after tax of RM32.9 million as compared to RM6.4 million in the preceding year. In FY2023, the Group did not have operating income comprising one-time gain on disposal of land of RM16.6 million, payroll subsidies from government of RM5.6 million (which ceased in December 2022), disposal of bakery business and assets of RM3.4 million, fire insurance claim of RM0.5 million and bad debts recovered of RM0.3 million as seen in FY2022.

We are optimistic however as all subsidiaries, at time of writing have shown positive signs and significant improvement towards the end of the year.

# **NAVIGATING CHALLENGES**

In the Food Services Division, Texas Chicken continued with its prudent expansion of seven new store openings, and closure of three underperforming stores in FY2023, with majority of these openings, adopting a drive-through format with plans to open additional eight outlets in the next financial year along with the closure of six underperforming outlets. In effort to combat margin compressions, the Group's consolidated proactive measures centered on finding areas for cost reduction and cost optimisations as well as improve operational efficiencies and top line revenue. In addition, with the renewal of the exclusive 10-year International Multiple Unit Franchise and Development Agreement with US-based Cajun Global LLC for exclusive rights to develop and operate 115 Texas Chicken restaurants in Malaysia and 10 in Brunei, it will expand our footprint beyond our home ground, further enhancing our reputation as regional F&B player while improving our revenue and earnings streams.

Performance of SFCoffee remains challenging amidst the rising operational costs due to both external factors and competition posed by larger chains in bid for competitive prices. Therefore, in order to mitigate the rising costs, SFCoffee has implemented various strategies including biannual price increases on selected products, engaging

### MESSAGE FROM THE CHAIRMAN

multiple suppliers, and hedging supplies to reduce costs and operate with efficiency. With 49 operating stores, the plan is to expand to a total of 60 stores or more by 2024 and continue to raise our profile as well as to refine and streamline its product offerings.

As for the Trading and Frozen Food Division, continual efforts are underway to increase E-commerce sales by leveraging digital marketing as well as price reviews to address the reduction in margins caused by inflationary pressure and unfavourable foreign exchange exposures.

During the year, the Dairies Division continued to face margin pressures due to rising input costs and operational expenses. Despite a slight softening in most commodity prices, sugar prices are trending upward, posing additional pressures to profit margins. To mitigate the price volatility, the Division plans to achieve competitive pricing by sourcing for alternative suppliers and will adjust selling prices as required to align with the market. Meanwhile, the entrance of the "SuJohan" brand into major hypermarket chains has significantly enhanced brand awareness.

With the divestment of the butchery business, from the sale of Gourmessa shares, the Group will direct resources to other group companies to improve the Group's operational efficiency.

Looking ahead, with the gradual return to normalcy post pandemic, we expect to see an increase in consumer spending, improving labour market conditions and rising tourism. In the third quarter of 2023, the Malaysian economy expanded by 3.3%, driven by resilient domestic demand. While we are well aware of the ongoing global challenges, the Group is focusing instead on internal optimisations as well as variables that are within our control. In doing so we are better positioned to safeguard our business interests, mitigate and plan for the long term impacts of global and geo political instability.

Therefore, despite facing external macroeconomic challenges, the Group remains committed to evaluate and expand our business prudently across all divisions. Simultaneously, we will continue to introduce both innovative and defensive marketing strategies to enhance sales, and at the same time, monitor and manage costs to improve operational efficiency across our core business segments. We will continue to exercise financial prudence and proactive cash management to deliver sustainable growth and value to our shareholders.

As at 30 September 2023, the Group's cash and cash equivalents stood at RM15.7 million, with shareholders' equity at RM154.4 million.

#### WORD OF APPRECIATION

In closing, I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to our Board of Directors for their guidance and counsel for leading the Group through economic headwinds. Additionally, I would also like to highlight and commend the achievements of the senior management team for their commitment and dedication in enhancing the Group's operations.

On behalf of the Board, I would also like to express our gratitude to Dato' Kamal Y P Tan for his contributions during his tenure as Non-Executive Director. I would also like to take the opportunity to welcome Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian as Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of Envictus, and Mr Tan San Ming as Chief Operating Officer of the Group. At the same time, I would like to extend my warm welcome to Dr Tan Khee Giap, Independent Director, and Ms Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah Connie, Chief Improvement Officer, to the board and we look forward to their contributions.

I would also like to take this opportunity to thank Mr Lim Yew Thoon, who will retire as Chief Financial Officer on 26 February 2024, for his valuable contributions. In this interim period, we have appointed Mr Ravi Retnam as Acting Chief Financial Officer on 1 December 2023.

I also want to convey my thanks and gratitude to all members of management and staff for their continued dedication and contributions, ensuring that Envictus is well prepared to face challenges that may emerge.

Finally, I would like to extend our appreciation to all our shareholders, bankers, clients, consultants, suppliers, partners, and business associates for their continued support and patience as Envictus remain focused towards seeking resilience growth and value.

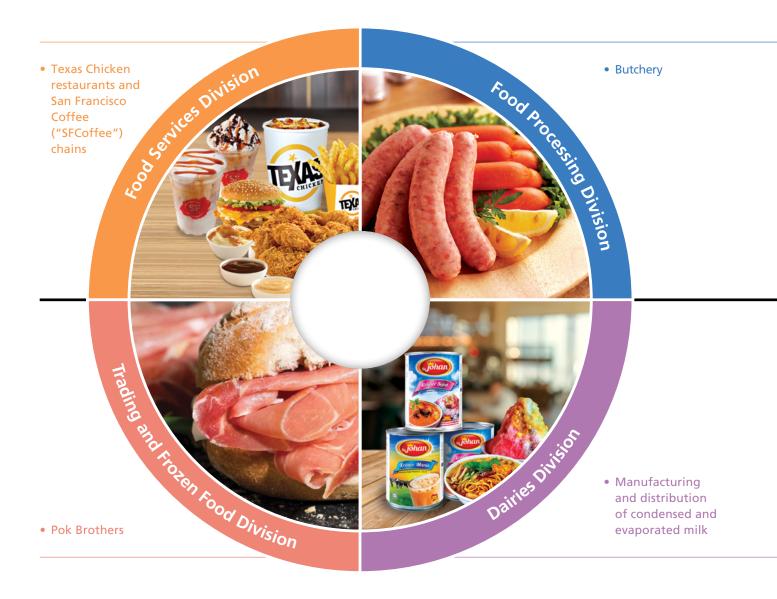
**Dato' Jaya J B Tan** Executive Chairman

15 December 2023



For FY2023, the Group continued to achieve revenue growth despite the inflationary pressures. During the financial year, the Group divested the loss-making butchery business, including the disposal of certain lands and assets as part of restructuring to stem losses.

Amid the divestment, focus will be centered on the remaining core businesses as Envictus remains committed to streamlining its business operations to improve operational efficiency:



Envictus remains committed to delivering high quality F&B products and strives to adapt to evolving customer taste and preferences, while consolidating its business fundamentals.

# FOOD SERVICES DIVISION

- Texas Chicken
- San Francisco Coffee

#### Revenue

# RM307.4

million

FY2022: RM273.5 million

# TRADING AND FROZEN FOOD DIVISION

Pok Brothers

#### Revenue

# RM148.7

million

FY2022: RM149.6 million

#### **DAIRIES DIVISION**

Manufacturing and distribution of condensed and evaporated milk

#### Revenue

# RM109.9

million

FY2022: RM79.1 million

# FOOD PROCESSING DIVISION

• Butchery

## Revenue

# RM0.01

million

FY2022: RM13.5 million (Bakery)

### CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

For FY2023, the Group's revenue increased by 9.8% to RM566.1 million from RM515.6 million in the previous financial year ("FY2022"). The increase in revenues was driven by the improved performance across the Food Services and Dairies Divisions, which was partially offset by the underperformance of Trading and Frozen Food Division, as well as the cessation of bakery business under the Food Processing Division in February 2022.

The Food Services Division's revenue climbed by 12.4% to RM307.4 million from RM273.5 million, primarily driven by contributions from Texas Chicken restaurants in Malaysia. Texas Chicken's revenue rose by 14.4% to RM270.4 million from RM236.4 million, backed by additional four stores contribution and higher comparable store sales growth of 3.7%. However, revenue from SFCoffee chains remained steady at RM37.0 million, attributed to intensified competition within the coffee retail industry.

Revenue of the Trading and Frozen Food Division registered a 0.6% decline in revenue to RM148.7 million from RM149.6 million, due to a slowdown in sales momentum from the hotel and restaurant sectors, attributed to competitive pricing and reduced tourism arrivals, and was further impacted by the termination of sales to Subway following the proposed disposal of Gourmessa business.

Revenue of the Dairies Division surged 38.9% to RM109.9 million from RM79.1 million, backed by strong demand from local and export markets and a rise in selling price.

The Food Processing Division reported a minimal revenue of RM0.01 million from its butchery business compared with RM13.5 million revenue contributed from the bakery business which has ceased the operation in February 2022.

In total, the Group's gross profit margin improved by 1.6% to 38.9%, primarily driven by higher production volume

and selling price from Dairies Division, partially offset by other divisions due to elevated costs in raw materials and operating expenses, including the weakening of ringgit against US dollar.

Other operating income of RM5.9 million comprised of gain on lease modifications, scrap sales, rental income and others of RM1.4 million, RM1.3 million, RM1.3 million and RM1.9 million, respectively. In the previous financial year, other operating income of RM31.0 million comprised of one-time gain on disposal of land, payroll subsidies from the government and others of RM16.6 million, RM5.6 million and RM8.8 million, respectively.

Overall, operating expenses increased by 14.4% from RM206.6 million to RM236.3 million. The rise was primarily attributable to the significant increase in selling and marketing expenses of RM29.8 million, driven by the opening of new Texas Chicken restaurants. increased labour costs, elevated rental expenses from new opening outlets and lease renewals, escalated utilities charges and lower rental rebates compared to the previous financial year. In addition, the RM3.6 million in other operating expenses includes a RM3.0 million plant and equipment written-off for closed outlets as compared to RM5.6 million in the previous financial year, comprising mainly of foreign currency fluctuation losses due to weaker ringgit and plant and equipment written-off for outlet closure/temporarily closure of RM3.6 million and RM1.8 million, respectively.

Finance costs decreased by 6.2% from RM20.3 million to RM19.0 million primarily due to lower bank borrowings. Income tax expense of RM3.6 million is associated with profit generated by a subsidiary, as group relief was not available.

The Group recorded a loss after tax of RM32.9 million compared with RM6.4 million in the previous financial year.

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Non-current assets decreased by RM79.5 million primarily due to the reclassification of RM73.7 million property, plant and equipment in relation to the proposed assets disposal to current assets classified as held for sale, coupled with the depreciation on property, plant and equipment and fair value loss on investment.

Current assets (excluding non-current assets held for sale) decreased by RM12.8 million mainly attributable to a decline in trade and other receivables of RM18.2 million following the receipt of balance sum of RM11.1 million from land disposal. These were partially offset by an increase in inventories of RM3.8 million due to higher sales volume and increase in cash and bank balances of RM1.6 million.

Current liabilities rose by RM35.9 million, primarily due to a RM24.2 million increase in bank borrowings, resulting from the reclassification of RM37.6 million long-term borrowings related to assets held for sale to current liabilities and was partly mitigated by the repayment of bank borrowings. Trade and other payables also increased by RM21.2 million, driven by higher purchases and capital expenditure for new outlets, partially offset by the reclassification of RM9.0 million of director advances to non-current liabilities in accordance with the repayment terms outlined in the Circular dated 13 September 2023, where the repayment falls within 18 months from the sale completion date of the proposed disposals.

Non-current liabilities decreased by RM50.1 million, primarily from reclassification of long-term bank borrowings related to the proposed assets disposal to current liabilities, coupled with repayment of bank borrowings and lease liabilities and was partially offset by the reclassification of RM9.0 million owed to a director from current liabilities.

The Group has a negative working capital of RM48.8 million as at 30 September 2023, inclusive of the reclassification of a subsidiary non-compliance with the financial covenant where certain long-term bank borrowings of RM6.7 million have been reclassified to current liabilities. Discussions with banks are ongoing, and there is no indication for early repayment. The Group will closely monitor its liquidity position to ensure it is able to meet its short-term debts obligations by taking the actions as disclosed in Note 2.1 of the Financial Statements to reduce both operational and financial risks.

#### **CASHFLOW POSITION**

The Group's cash and cash equivalents stood at RM15.7 million for the current financial year ended 30 September 2023, an increase of RM0.8 million from RM14.9 million recorded in the previous financial year.

Net cash generated from operating activities amounted to RM45.4 million principally from the operating profit and increase in trade and other payables of RM37.2 million and RM22.0 million respectively, offset by increases in inventories, trade and other receivables, interest and income tax paid of RM3.8 million, RM4.2 million, and RM5.7 million, respectively.

The Group's proceeds from its warrant exercise and the balance sum received from land disposal totalled RM41.4 million, mainly utilised for repayment of bank borrowings, lease obligations, interest payment, and capital expenditure for new stores. As a result, total net cash used in investing and financing activities amounted to RM4.5 million and RM40.2 million, respectively.

#### **SEGMENTAL REVIEW BY BUSINESS DIVISIONS**

The Group's businesses comprise the Food Services, Trading and Frozen Food, Dairies, and Food Processing Divisions. In February 2022, the Group has ceased its bakery business under Food Procession Division.

|                            | FY2023<br>RM'000 | FY2022<br>RM'000 |  |
|----------------------------|------------------|------------------|--|
| (A) BUSINESS SEGMENTS      |                  |                  |  |
| REVENUE                    |                  |                  |  |
| Food Services              | 307,437          | 273,451          |  |
| Trading and Frozen Food    | 148,711          | 149,576          |  |
| Dairies                    | 109,915          | 79,101           |  |
| Food Processing            | 11               | 13,454           |  |
|                            | 566,074          | 515,582          |  |
| (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE TAX   |                  |                  |  |
| Food Services              | (24,563)         | (3,940)          |  |
| Trading and Frozen Food    | 12,958           | 13,753           |  |
| Dairies                    | (3,356)          | (10,684)         |  |
| Food Processing            | (2,369)          | (5,164)          |  |
| Unallocated                | (11,945)         | 2,354            |  |
|                            | (29,275)         | (3,681)          |  |
| (B) GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS  |                  |                  |  |
| REVENUE                    |                  |                  |  |
| Malaysia                   | 555,515          | 508,975          |  |
| Africa                     | 7,019            | 4,734            |  |
| ASEAN (excluding Malaysia) | 1,817            | 1,139            |  |
| Others                     | 1,723            | 734              |  |
|                            | 566,074          | 515,582          |  |

### **FOOD SERVICES DIVISION**

- Texas ChickenSan Francisco Coffee
- TOOKS H. Transie

Revenue climbed 12.4% to RM307.4 million from RM273.5 million, largely contributed from Texas Chicken restaurants in Malaysia. Texas Chicken's revenue increased 14.4% to RM270.4 million from RM236.4 million, driven by contributions from additional four stores and higher comparable stores sales growth of 3.7%. San Francisco Coffee chains' topline remained steady at RM37.0 million due to the intensified competition within the coffee retail industry.

The Division's loss before tax expanded to RM24.6 million compared with loss before tax of RM3.9 million in the previous financial year, primarily attributed to higher raw material and labour costs, increased utilities charges and rental, property, plant and equipment written off for the closed outlets, as well as absence of payroll subsidies from the government and rental rebates given by the landlords.

Segment assets decreased by RM10.6 million or 4.5% to RM223.4 million from RM234.0 million, mainly due to depreciation, property, plant and equipment written-off for the closed outlets, and reversal of right-of-use assets from lease terminations.

Segment liabilities increased by RM5.8 million or 2.7% to RM220.2 million from RM214.4 million, mainly due to increase in trade and other payables, driven by higher purchases, operating expenses and capital expenditure for business expansion, partly offset by lower bank borrowings and lease liabilities.

# TRADING AND FROZEN FOOD DIVISION

- Pok Brothers



Revenue decreased marginally by 0.6% to RM148.7 million from RM149.6 million, attributable to slower sales momentum from hotel and restaurant sectors due to competitive pricing and reduced tourism arrivals, coupled with the termination of sales to Subway, following the proposed disposal of the butchery business. As a result, profit before tax declined to RM13.0 million compared to RM13.8 million in the previous financial year.

Segmental assets decreased by RM11.0 million or 9.6% to RM103.7 million from RM114.7 million, mainly due to decrease in inventories, trade and other receivables, on account from lower sales volume. Segment liabilities were reported at RM29.6 million compared to RM47.4 million in the previous financial year, decreasing by RM17.8 million or 37.6% due largely to reduction in tradeline utilisation and repayment of bank borrowings.

## **DAIRIES DIVISION**

Manufacturing and distribution of condensed and evaporated milk



Revenue grew 38.9% from RM79.1 million to RM109.9 million, backed by strong demand from local and export markets, coupled with an increase in selling price. Consequently, loss before tax narrowed to RM3.3 million compared to RM10.7 million in the previous financial year.

Segment assets increased RM18.6 million or 17.5% to RM124.7 million from RM106.1 million, mainly attributable to the increase in inventories and trade receivables on higher sales volume. The segment liabilities increased RM5.4 million or 6.2% to RM93.1 million from RM87.7 million largely due to increase in trade payables and tradeline utilisation on higher purchases.

### FOOD PROCESSING DIVISION

- Butchery



Butchery business registered minimal revenue of RM0.01 million compared to RM13.5 million from the bakery business which has ceased operation in February 2022. Consequently, the Division's loss before tax narrowed to RM2.4 million compared to RM5.2 million in the previous financial year.

Segment assets decreased by RM4.1 million or 9.7% to RM38.2 million from RM42.3 million, mainly attributable to depreciation of property, plant and equipment. Segment liabilities reduced by RM4.4 million or 11.4% to RM34.1 million from RM38.5 million, largely due to lower bank borrowings.

# PERFORMANCE REVIEW BY GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS

The Group's recorded a revenue growth of 9.8% to RM566.1 million compared to RM515.6 million in the previous financial year. Malaysia remains the Group's biggest market, contributing RM555.5 million or 98.1% of the total revenue. This is followed by Africa, ASEAN (excluding Malaysia), Middle East and America which contributed RM7.0 million or 1.2%, RM1.8 million or 0.3%, RM1.6 million or 0.3%, and RM0.1 million or less than 0.1%, respectively.

#### Malaysia

In FY2023, Malaysia's contribution to the topline of the Group was at 98.1%, positioning as the key market of Envictus, compared to 98.7% in FY2022. Revenue increased by RM46.5 million from FY2022, driven by improved performance from the Food Services and Dairies Divisions, mitigated by the underperformance of the Trading and Frozen Food Division and the cessation of bakery business under the Food Processing Division in February 2022.

#### Africa

Revenue from Africa surged by 48.9% to RM7.0 million from RM4.7 million due to improvement in export sales for the Dairies Division.

# Asean (excluding Malaysia)

Revenue from ASEAN extended 63.6% to RM1.8 million from RM1.1 million in FY2022, primarily due to improvement in export sales for the Dairies Division, offset by cessation of bakery business in February 2022.

#### Others

In FY2023, revenue from Others comprised of Middle East and America of RM1.6 million and RM0.1 million respectively, contributed from the Dairies Division for expansion to overseas market. In FY2022, revenue from China of RM0.7 million was contributed from the bakery business which had ceased operation in February 2022.

#### PROSPECTS AND GROWTH PLANS

Albeit the ongoing recovery of the domestic economy, challenges stemming from the Russia-Ukraine and Israel-Palestine conflicts, coupled with the depreciation of ringgit against major currencies may posed hurdles to the Group's business. Additionally, the prospect of an inflationary environment along with interest rate hikes could potentially dampen on consumer spending.

The Group anticipates a challenging business environment with margin pressure due to escalating input costs. Furthermore, increased labour costs will have a profound impact on other operating expenses, further exacerbated by subdued consumer sentiment.

# **FOOD SERVICES DIVISION**

- Texas Chicken
- San Francisco Coffee



# **Texas Chicken**

Texas Chicken continues its expansion, marked by the opening of seven new outlets alongside the closure of three underperforming outlets in FY2023, bringing the total number of outlets across Malaysia to 92. And in FY2024, the Group plans to open eight additional outlets and close six underperforming outlets.

Due to improved supply and reduced animal feed costs, poultry products prices have slightly decreased. However, in response to the temporary lifting of price ceilings for chicken and eggs, which could result in higher prices in the near future, Texas Chicken will concentrate on a single supplier to consolidate volume and engage in negotiations to secure competitive prices.

To alleviate margin compression, the management has implemented sales strategies and proactive cost reduction measures, including improving operational efficiency in labour costs. This encompasses the opening of ten additional 24 hours and breakfast stores, with price and menu optimisation, and implementation of digital initiative such as marketing campaigns to enhance sales.

To stay competitive, Texas Chicken will continue to drive its value platform and introduce profitable Limited Time Offer menu innovations. In addition, effective marketing campaigns, including all-day value offerings and targeted promotions, will be curated to optimise sales during low peak periods. Concurrently, Texas Chicken is exploring a functional app with loyalty programs and functionality to order ahead for pick-up.

#### **FOOD SERVICES DIVISION**

- Texas Chicken
- San Francisco Coffee



San Francisco Coffee

Performance of SFCoffee remains challenging amidst the rising ingredients costs, rising overheads such as rent and labour, and the bargaining power of large chains, making it challenging for smaller players to compete with their economies of scale and competitive pricing.

Since September 2022, there has been a global surge in coffee prices, leading to price hikes among competitors and the trend is expected to persist throughout the year, impacting not only coffee prices but also the costs of pastries and other materials.

To combat the rising costs, SFCoffee has implemented the following strategies:

- Biannual average price increases of 5%;
- Engaging multiple suppliers to ensure price and supply security;
- Ensuring efficient staff management; and
- Hedging supplies.

In addition, the competitive Malaysian coffee retail chain industry, dominated by major players like Starbucks and The Coffee Bean & Tea Leaf, has further intensified, particularly with Zus Coffee's nationwide expansion goal of 330 stores by end 2023. Zus Coffee's success hinges on competitive pricing, extensive presence, and a user-friendly delivery app offering promotions such as buy-one-get-one-free deals, free vouchers and complimentary coffee shots.

To maintain a competitive edge, SFCoffee will stay agile and adapt to the evolving landscape, while upholding its distinctive value proposition to distinguish itself from competitors. Likewise, SFCoffee contemplates to expand its product range with instant coffee and capsule options as well as enhancing the operations team's customer service focus, addressing aspects like customer feedback, response time, and staff interactions.

Nevertheless, SFCoffee adeptly navigates evolving consumer preferences and global trends. A notable recent trend over the past year is the growing demand for sustainable and ethically sourced coffee beans, aligning seamlessly with San Francisco Coffee's commitment to ethical sourcing and environmental responsibility.

Looking ahead, SFCoffee remains committed to continuously delivering high-quality coffee, embracing sustainability, and providing exceptional customer experience, guided by its insights on its product development, expansion plans, and sustainability initiatives to ensure SFCoffee remains a preferred destination for coffee lovers nationwide.

SFCoffee currently operates 49 stores and plans to open another 11 stores, reaching a total of 60 stores by FY2024 along with continuous efforts to develop and streamline its products while reviewing its pricing structure to stay competitive.



# TRADING AND FROZEN FOOD DIVISION

- Pok Brothers



Revenue growth momentum from Pok Brothers in FY2024 is anticipated to be sustained, backed by the rise in tourist arrivals and regional travel.

Continual efforts are underway to increase E-commerce sales by leveraging digital marketing to drive traffic flow to its Easy Store platform, coupled with the implementation of loyalty programme to stimulate consumer spending.

With the prohibition on importing of frozen turkeys by the Malaysian Department of Veterinary Services, the Division will offer a substitute akin to turkey, a larger sized chicken, for its upcoming Christmas menu and continue to feature traditional mushroom and chestnut stuffings to complement the substitute offering.

To address margin compression caused by inflationary pressure and unfavorable currency movements, Pok Brothers will reassess its prices and implement price increases.

# **DAIRIES DIVISION**

Manufacturing and distribution of condensed and evaporated milk



Exacerbated by the surge in commodity prices and operating costs, the dairies business continues to face intensified margin pressure. While there has been a slight softening in palm oils and milk powder prices, there is a substantial surge of more than 30% in sugar prices over the past three months, which is likely to exert further margin pressure.

To address the price volatility, the Dairies Division will source for alternative suppliers offering more competitive prices and will continue to review and adjust its selling price accordingly as required to align with the market.

Meanwhile, the entrance of Dairies products into major hypermarket chains such as AEON Big and Lotus as well as Giant and Econsave chains, has significantly enhanced brand awareness for the "SuJohan" brand in the marketplace.

# **FOOD PROCESSING DIVISION**

Butchery



The Group has concluded the divestment of the loss-making butchery business, from the sale of Gourmessa shares on 26 October 2023, for a total consideration of RM33.8 million and will direct resources to other group companies.

# **UTILISATION OF PROCEEDS FROM WARRANTS ISSUE**

On 25 November 2022, the Group raised a total of \$\$9.1 million (approximately RM30.2 million) from the allotment and issue of 57,066,950 new ordinary shares in the capital of the Company pursuant to the exercise of 57,066,950 warrants at the exercise price of \$\$0.16 per share.

As at 15 December 2023, the proceeds from warrant exercise have been fully utilised as follow:

|                                      | RM′000 |
|--------------------------------------|--------|
| Repayment of bank borrowings         | 1,362  |
| Repayment of amount due to directors | 8,624  |
| Expansion of existing businesses     | 1,000  |
| Capital expenditure                  | 419    |
| Working capital                      |        |
| - Trade and non-trade suppliers      | 12,627 |
| - Rental                             | 923    |
| - Directors' fee                     | 1,064  |
| - Staff costs                        | 1,703  |
| - Consultancy fee                    | 891    |
| - Other operating expenses           | 1,501  |
| Total                                | 30,114 |



# **DIGITALISATION**

Our digitalization initiatives have significantly transformed our stores, aligning with the current technological landscape. Integrating state-of-the-art Point-of-Sale (POS) systems and adopting contactless ordering methods, such as the innovative Store Operations Kit (SOK), have enhanced operational efficiency and elevated the overall customer experience. Furthermore, our commitment to embracing digital trends is evident through implementing an upgraded Live Order web ordering platform, providing our customers with a seamless and convenient dining experience.

# **HUMAN RESOURCE**

The Group's total staff count was approximately 2,300 as at 30 September 2023.

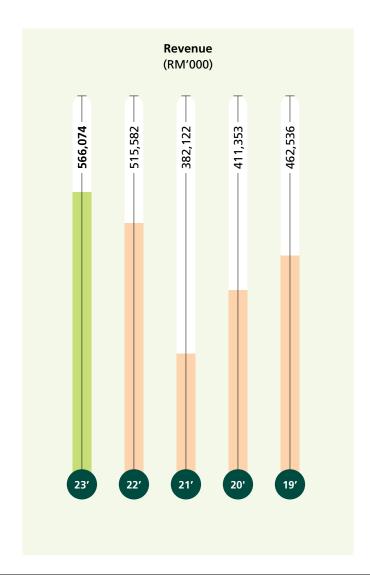


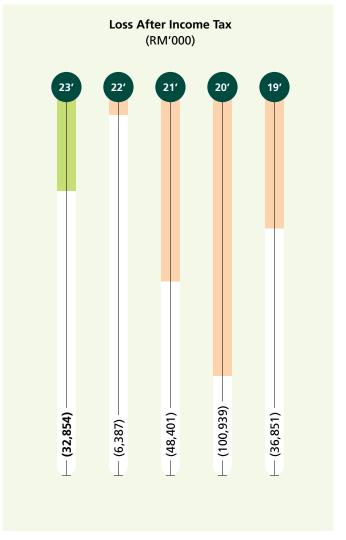


# **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

|                                | FY2019   | FY2020    | FY2021    | FY2022            | FY2023   |
|--------------------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|----------|
| KEY FINANCIAL INFORMATION      |          |           |           |                   |          |
| Revenue (RM'000)               |          |           |           |                   |          |
| - Continuing                   | 420,788  | 399,599   | 382,122   | 515,582           | 566,074  |
| - Discontinued                 | 41,748   | 11,754    | -         | -                 | -        |
| Total                          | 462,536  | 411,353   | 382,122   | 515,582           | 566,074  |
| Loss after income tax (RM'000) |          |           |           |                   |          |
| - Continuing                   | (26,449) | (88,542)* | (48,401)# | (6,387 <b>)</b> ^ | (32,854) |
| - Discontinued                 | (10,402) | (12,397)  | -         | -                 | -        |
| Total                          | (36,851) | (100,939) | (48,401)  | (6,387)           | (32,854) |

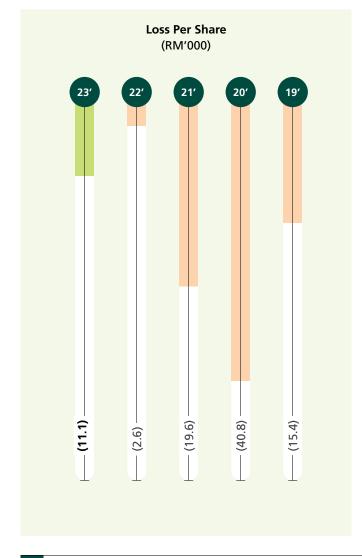
- \* Includes the one-off impairment of property, plant and equipment of RM35.5 million.
- # Includes the one-off impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets of RM3.7 million and a reversal of impairment of RM8.2 million.
- ^ Includes the one-time net gain on disposal of land and assets of RM16.8 million.

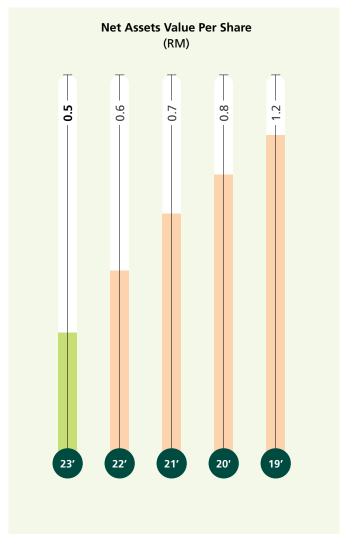




# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

|                                   | FY2019      | FY2020      | FY2021      | FY2022      | FY2023      |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Shareholders' equity (RM'000)     | 303,545     | 208,932     | 161,555     | 158,732     | 154,380     |
| Weighted average number of shares | 230,398,342 | 247,114,403 | 247,114,403 | 247,114,403 | 295,738,187 |
| KEY FINANCIAL RATIO               |             |             |             |             |             |
| Loss per share (RM sen)           | (15.4)      | (40.8)      | (19.6)      | (2.6)       | (11.1)      |
| Return on equity (%)              | (9.4)       | (30.5)      | (14.2)      | 10.3        | (6.6)       |
| Net assets value per share (RM)   | 1.2         | 0.8         | 0.7         | 0.6         | 0.5         |





# **RISK FACTORS**

The following is an overview of Envictus' risk factors, with brief description of the nature and extent of the Group's exposure to these risks. We strive to provide reasonable assurance to our stakeholders by incorporating sound management control into our daily operations, ensuring compliances with legal requirements, and safeguarding the integrity of the Group's financial reporting as well as related disclosures.

#### **ECONOMIC RISKS**

Changes in the economic conditions within Malaysia where the Group's operations are based may have material adverse impact on the demand for the Group's products, consequently affecting the operations and financial performance of the Group. While the Group operates in a fairly defensive F&B industry, the Group is not completely shielded from the impact of world economic crisis resulting from the blows of Russia's invasion of Ukraine, long-term consequences of the pandemic and the geopolitical effects of the United States of America-China tensions, the rising cost-of-living brought about by persistent inflation, a rising interest rate environment; and compounded by the recent Israel-Hamas conflict.

#### **BUSINESS RISKS**

Any significant increase in the prices of our raw materials would have an adverse impact on our profitability

The raw materials we utilize for the manufacture of our products within our subsidiaries comprise substantially of whey protein concentrate, milk powder, salt, sugar, vitamins, raw meat, palm olein and packaging material (such as paper and plastic packaging, cans, labels, and cartons). In order to ensure that we are able to efficiently deliver quality products to our customers at competitive prices, we need to obtain sufficient quantities of good quality raw materials at acceptable prices and in a timely manner. As such, we typically enter into forward supply contracts. In the event that our suppliers are unable to fulfill our raw material needs, we may not be able to seek alternative sources of supply in a timely manner or may be subject to higher costs from alternative suppliers. This may adversely affect our ability to meet our customers' orders and our profitability in the event that we are unable to pass on such costs to our customers.

Our failure to meet adequate health and hygiene standards will lead to a loss in customer confidence

Our products are manufactured under very stringent quality control processes and the Group stresses quality and hygiene as a top priority. If there is any incidence of contamination or food poisoning in any of our subsidiaries, our Group may face criminal prosecution under the Food Act 1983 (Act 281) & Regulations (including its sub regulation Food Hygiene Regulations 2009) in Malaysia or other relevant regulations in jurisdictions to which our products are exported to, a loss in customer confidence and a negative impact on our reputation. Accordingly, our prospects as well as our financial condition will be adversely affected.

It is also possible that the relevant authorities may impose directives as a result of health and hygiene issues to carry out certain remedial actions which may impact on our operations. Failure to comply with such directives may result in our operations/licenses being suspended and/or revoked, which will have a material adverse impact on our reputation and financial performance.

To mitigate this risk, our operations are in compliance with International Organization for Standardization (ISO), Department of Veterinary Services Malaysia (DVS) and Hazard Analysis Critical Control Points (HACCP) and we also subscribe to Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP). We have also met the Malaysia Halal Certification Procedure Manual (MPPHM) Domestic, Malaysia Halal Management System 2020 and Malaysian Standard on Halal Food (MS 1500:2009) and therefore issued with the Halal certification from JAKIM (Department of Islamic Development Malaysia) and JAIS (Selangor Islamic Religious Department). This JAKIM requirement also extends to the material usage in our operations from suppliers which need to be Halal certified. Failure to comply with JAKIM regulations would lead to suspension or revocation of the Halal Certificate issued to us and this will have a serious impact on our reputation and financial performance.

We may be subject to product liability claims if our products are found to be unfit for consumption

If our products are found to be unfit for consumption and consumers suffer damage, injury or death as a result of consuming or coming into contact with our products, we may be required to compensate the consumer for any injury or death. The Group's profitability would be adversely affected if the amount payable under the insurance policies covering the Group is not sufficient to meet the compensation amount payable. Accordingly, our reputation, prospects, and financial condition will also be adversely affected.

Possible changes in consumer taste may lead to lower demand and sales of our products

Being in the F&B industry, the nature of our business is highly dependent on consumer preferences. We strive to achieve the highest quality in the products we offer. However, the level of market acceptance of our products ultimately relies on consumer taste and lifestyle. The younger affluent generation now has higher purchasing power and is willingto pay a premium for products which cater to their individual desires. Also, the current consumer trend towards healthier lifestyle and organic products may pose threats to our Group's business if we are not flexible enough to adapt and cater to the trend.

### **RISK FACTORS**

An outbreak of disease in livestock, such as cows, goats and chickens, and food scares may lead to loss of consumer confidence in our products

Any outbreak of disease in livestock and food scares may have an adverse impact on the business of our Group as it may lead to loss in consumer confidence and reduction in consumption of the particular food or related products concerned. It may also affect our Group's sources of supply of raw materials, such as milk powder or raw meat, from that particular area, resulting in our Group having to source for alternative supplies which may be more costly or have negative impact on our production processes and output.

# We depend on key management personnel and the loss of such personnel may adversely affect our Group's operations

The Group's success to date has been due largely to the contributions of its management teams and employees. As such, the Group's continued success is dependent on its ability to retain the services of such personnel. There is no certainty that the Group will be able to retain or integrate new personnel into the Group or identify or employ qualified personnel. Accordingly, the loss of the services of these key personnel or the inability to attract additional qualified persons may negatively affect the Group's business, financial condition, results of operations and future development.

# Labour shortages in a highly competitive market may slow down our growth

The F&B industry is highly competitive and labour appears to be in short supply since the lifting of the restrictions arising from Covid-19 and new players enter the market and existing players embark on rapid expansion plans. Effective manpower planning is critical to ensure that our workforce growth is able to meet our restaurant growth. Potential shortfalls in labour supply may adversely impact our expansion plans and hinder our capacity to operate existing restaurants at optimal levels.

#### **FINANCIAL RISKS**

## Credit risks

Credit risk is the potential financial loss resulting from the failure of a customer or counterparty to settle its financial and contractual obligations to the Group as and when they fall due. While the Group faces the normal business risk associated with ageing collections, it has adopted a prudent accounting policy of making specific provisions once trade debts are deemed not collectible. Nonetheless, a delay or default in payment and/or significant increase in the incidence of bad trade receivables would have a material and adverse impact on our financial position and performance.

## Foreign currency risks

The Group incurs foreign currency risk on transactions and balances that are denominated in currencies other than the entity's functional currency. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily Ringgit Malaysia, United States dollar, Singapore dollar and Indonesian rupiah. Exposure to foreign currency risk is monitored on an on-going basis to ensure that the net exposure is at an acceptable level and hedging through currency forward exchange contracts is done where appropriate.

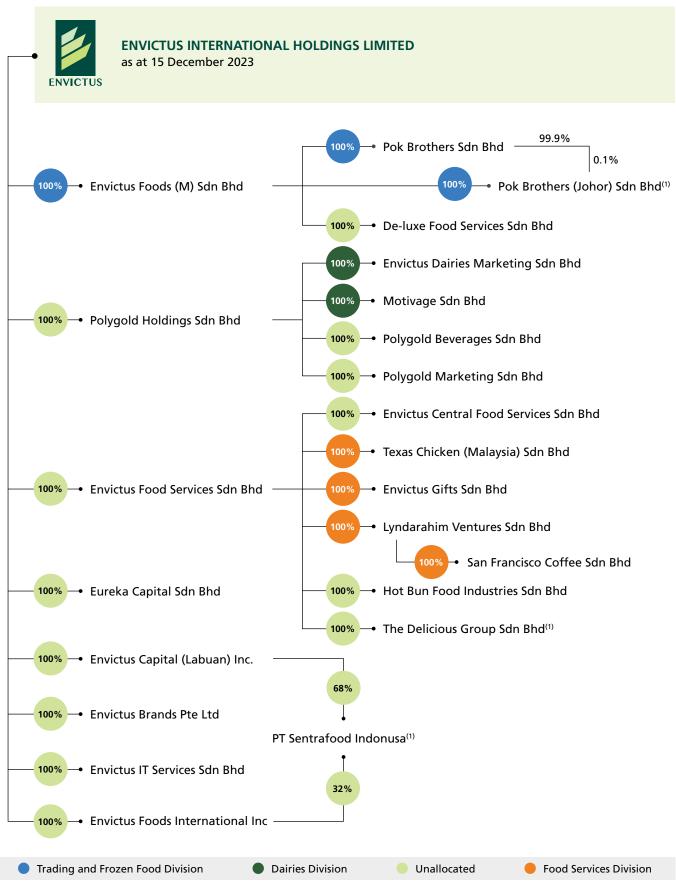
#### Interest rate risks

The Group's exposure to changes in interest rates relates primarily to bank borrowings and fixed deposits. The Group strives to maintain an efficient and optimal interest cost structure using a combination of fixed and variable rate debts, and long and short term borrowings. The objective for the mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings are set to reduce the impact of an upward change in interest rates while enabling benefits to be enjoyed if the interest rates fall. In the event of any substantial increase in interest rates, cash borrowings obligations may be extended and our financial performance may be affected.

### Liquidity risks

The Group actively manages its operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that all repayment and funding needs are met. As part of our overall prudent liquidity management, the Group maintains sufficient level of cash and cash equivalents to meet its working capital requirements. Short-term funding is obtained from overdraft and trade facilities from banks and finance leases from financial institutions. As such, we are subject to risks normally associated with debt financing, including the risk that our cash flows will be insufficient to meet required payment of principals and interest. In addition, while in the past our cash flows from our operations and financing activities had been sufficient to meet our payments obligations for borrowings and interest, there is however no assurance that we are able to do so in the future. In such event, we may be required to raise additional capital, debt or other forms of financing for our working capital. If any of the aforesaid events occur and we are unable for any reason to raise additional funds to meet our working capital requirements, our business, financial performance and position will be adversely affected.

# **GROUP STRUCTURE**



(1) Under liquidation

# **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

# **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

DATO' JAYA J B TAN

Executive Chairman

DATUK DR SAM GOI SENG HUI

Non-Executive Vice-Chairman

**RICHARD LEE KENG CHIAN** 

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

MAH WENG CHOONG

Non-Executive Director

JOHN LYN HIAN WOON

Independent Director

**TEO CHEE SENG** 

Independent Director

**DR TAN KHEE GIAP** 

Independent Director

**TAN SAN MING** 

Alternate Director to Dato' Jaya J B Tan and

Chief Operating Officer

**KWAN HOI CHEE, DEBORAH CONNIE** 

Alternate Director to Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian and Chief Improvement Officer

# **COMPANY SECRETARIES**

S SURENTHIRARAJ KOK MOR KEAT

# REGISTERED OFFICE

SGX Centre II, #17-01 4 Shenton Way Singapore 068807

Telephone: (65) 6535 0550 Facsimile: (65) 6538 0877

# **SHARE REGISTRAR**

Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte Ltd I Harbourfront Avenue Keppel Bay Tower #14-03/07 Singapore 098632

# **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR**

**BDO LLP** 

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants 600 North Bridge Road #23-01 Parkview Square Singapore 188778

Partner-in-charge: Ng Kian Hui

(Appointed since the financial year ended 30 September 2021)

# PRINCIPAL BANKERS

Maybank Islamic Berhad Malayan Banking Berhad Bank Pertanian Malaysia Berhad HSBC Amanah Malaysia Berhad

## **SOLICITORS**

Morgan Lewis Stamford LLC





DATO' JAYA J B TAN
Executive Chairman

Dato' Jaya J B Tan was appointed to the Board since 23 December 2003. Dato' Jaya was re-designated from Non-Executive Chairman to Executive Chairman on 3 November 2020. He is overall in charge of the Group's corporate and operational functions, identifying, charting and implementing sustainable business strategies in new growth areas of the Group's businesses.

He graduated from the University of Arizona and is a Mechanical Engineer by training. He has extensive experience in forestry, property development, food retail operations, trading and financial services. Previously, he has served as Chairman of several companies quoted on the stock exchanges of Malaysia, United Kingdom, Singapore, Australia and India.

From May 2004 to May 2022, Dato' Jaya held the position of Chairman of Lasseters International Holdings Limited, a company formerly listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange ("SGX").

He is currently the Vice Chairman of Park Hyatt Saigon, a 259-room 5-star hotel in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

Dato' Jaya was re-elected as Director at the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") held in 2022. Dato' Jaya is the father of Mr Tan San Ming.



# **DATUK DR SAM GOI SENG HUI**

**Non-Executive Vice-Chairman** 

- Member of Audit Committee
- Member of Remuneration Committee
- · Member of Nominating Committee

Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui joined the Board of Envictus International Holdings Limited as Vice-Chairman and Non-Executive Director on 9 January 2013.

He is the Executive Chairman of Tee Yih Jia Group, SGX Mainboard-listed GSH Corporation Limited and PSC Corporation Ltd.

Established in 1969, Tee Yih Jia Group is a global food and beverage group with operations in Singapore, Malaysia, USA, Europe and China, and exports to over 80 countries worldwide. GSH Corporation Limited is a developer of premium residential and commercial properties in the region, as well as the owner and operator of Sutera Harbour Resort, Marina and Golf Course and other prime properties currently under development in Kuala Lumpur and Kota Kinabalu, Sabah, Malaysia.

Dr Sam Goi also serves as Non-Executive Chairman of Tat Seng Packaging Group Ltd, as well as Non-Independent, Non-Executive Director and Vice Chairman of JB Foods Limited. He is also a Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director of Catalist-listed company, Tung Lok Group Restaurants (2000) Ltd. In addition, he has business interest across a range of private entities in diverse industries, including food and beverage, leisure real estate, consumer essentials, renewable energy, healthcare, technology, distribution, and logistics.

In addition, Dr Sam Goi has vast experience of doing business in the region, and is a strong advocate of trade. He is a council member for the Singapore-Zhejiang Economic and Trade Council (SZETC), Singapore-Tianjin Economic and Trade Council (STETC), Singapore-Jiangsu Cooperation Council (SJCC) and Singapore-Shandong Business Council (SSBC). He also serves as the Enterprise 50 Club's Honorary Past President and Honorary Council Member of the Singapore Chinese Chamber of Commerce and Industry (SCCCI).

In April 2018, Dr Sam Goi was appointed Singapore's Non-Resident Ambassador to the Federative Republic of Brazil.

He was named "Businessman of the Year" at the Singapore Business Awards (2014) and conferred the Public Service Star (Bar) (BBM (L)) at the 49th National Day Awards by the President of Singapore for his contributions to the community. For his social and business contributions to Kota Kinabalu, Sabah, Malaysia, he was conferred the State Award of Panglima Gemilang Darjah Kinabalu (PGDK), which carries the title of Datuk, from the state of Sabah. In 2015, he received the "SG50 Outstanding Chinese Business Pioneers Award" and the Long Service Award from Singapore's People's Action Party. Dr Sam Goi was also awarded the Lifetime Achievement Award by Enterprise Asia in 2015 and by the Asian Strategy & Leadership Institute in 2016. In 2017, he was honoured for his contributions and success as an overseas Chinese by the People's Tribune Magazine in Beijing, China. In 2018, he was conferred the Distinguished Business Leader Award at the World Chinese Economic Forum. In 2019, he was appointed Patron for Advancement and received the inaugural Benefactors Fellow Award from the Singapore University for Technology and Design (SUTD) and conferred the Pearl of Orient award at the World Chinese Economic Forum. In 2021, Mr Goi was conferred an Honorary Doctorate from SUTD. In 2022, he received the PAP Commendation Medal for his contributions to the People's Action Party and country.

Dr Sam Goi is also the Honorary Chairman of Dunman High School Advisory Committee, Ulu Pandan Citizens Consultative Committee, Singapore Futsing Association, Nanyang Gwee Clan Association and Sin Chay Medical Institution. He is also an Honorary President of Kong Hwa School Alumni, a Senior Consultant of Su Tong Science & Technology Park, a Committee Member of Tan Kah Kee Foundation, and a Council Member of NTUC Club Management Council. He was appointed as Justice of Peace in 2020 for a period of five years.

Dr Sam Goi will be retiring by rotation at the forthcoming AGM and has offered himself for re-election as Director of the Company.



RICHARD LEE KENG CHIAN

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian was appointed to the Board on 1 August 2023 as Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer.

Mr Richard holds a Diploma in Business Administration from Thames Business School in Singapore. Richard co-founded Aalst Chocolate ("Aalst") with his wife, Ms Connie Kwan in 2003. He was leading the strategy development and commercial performance of Aalst. With over 20 years of experience in cocoa and chocolate industry, in-depth understanding of Asia and strong customers connection, Mr Richard has driven the expansion of Aalst's production capacity from 7,200 metric ton to 36,000 metric ton over the years and grew its export business to more than 50 countries. Richard sold Aalst to

Cargill in November 2021 and was appointed as Founder & Senior Advisor after the disposal. He oversees Aalsts organic expansion and business activations. During his tenure, he played a critical role in helping the company to penetrate the chocolate ingredient segment in the subcontinental markets of Sri Lanka, India, Pakistan as well as the Indo-China markets of Thailand, Vietnam, Myanmar, Cambodia and Laos.

Mr Richard will be retiring as Director pursuant to Regulation 97 of the Company's Constitution at the forthcoming AGM and has offered himself for re-election as Director of the Company.



# TEO CHEE SENG Independent Director

- macpendent birector
- Chairman of Remuneration CommitteeChairman of Nominating Committee
- Member of Audit Committee

Mr Teo Chee Seng was appointed Independent Director of the Company on 3 August 2004. He holds a Bachelor of Law (Hons) degree from the University of Singapore and is a lawyer in the Singapore private practice for more than 30 years.

Apart from the present directorship of the Company, Mr Teo is the Independent Director Soilbuild Construction Group Ltd, a public company listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange and United

Overseas Australia Ltd, which is listed on both Singapore and Australia stock exchanges. On 1 June 2023, Mr Teo was appointed as Director of UOA REIT, a public company listed on Bursa Malaysia. He was re-designated to Non-Executive Chairman of UOA REIT on 12 September 2023.

Mr Teo will be retiring by rotation at the forthcoming AGM and has offered himself for re-election as Director of the Company.



## JOHN LYN HIAN WOON

#### **Independent Director**

- · Chairman of Audit Committee
- Member of Remuneration Committee
- Member of Nominating Committee

Mr John Lyn Hian Woon was appointed Independent Director on 3 August 2004. He holds a BSc degree in Mechanical Engineering from the University of Leeds, UK and an MBA from Washington State University.

Mr Lyn is currently the Chief Executive Officer of Indigo Investment Pte Ltd, a family office organization registered in Singapore. He is also a Director of Sirus International Holdings, an international school based in Kuala Lumpur.

Mr Lyn is a former Chairman of Vietnam Asset Management, an associate company of UOB Kay Hian, which manages Public-

listed Funds for Vietnam. He has previously held the position of Chief Executive Officer of Colonial Investment Pte. Ltd. and was responsible for management, strategic planning, investment and corporate restructuring. Prior to that, he was an investment banker with various financial institutions such as Chase Manhattan Bank, Citibank, Schroders Securities and HSBC James Capel with a total of 15 years of experience.

Apart from the directorship of the Company, Mr Lyn does not hold directorship in any other listed companies.

Mr Lyn was re-elected as Director at the AGM held in January 2023.



MAH WENG CHOONG

**Non-Executive Director** 

Mr Mah Weng Choong was appointed to the Board on 3 August 2004 as a Non-Executive Director and was re-designated to the position of Group Chief Operating Officer ("Group COO") on 13 May 2010. Mr Mah relinquished his position as Group COO of the Company following the completion of the disposal of the Group's dairies and packaging business to Asahi Group Holdings Southeast Asia Pte. Ltd. and was re-designated as Non-Executive Director with effect from 1 July 2014. Mr Mah was the Group COO of Etika Dairies Sdn Bhd from 30 June 2014 to 30 June 2015. On 1 October 2017, Mr Mah was re-designated from Non-Executive Director to Independent Director of the Company. On 1 October 2020, Mr Mah was re-designated as Non-Executive Director.

Mr Mah is a graduate in Science from the University of Malaya and is an industry veteran who spent more than 5 decades in companies involved in the manufacturing and distribution of sweetened condensed milk, ice-cream, UHT beverages, milk powder packing

and other dairy-related products. Experienced and knowledgeable in setting up plants and strategic planning, Mr Mah is instrumental in the development and expansion plans of the dairies, packaging and beverage divisions of the Group since its inception.

Mr Mah has acted as a Consultant for the Group's wholly-owned subsidiary, Motivage Sdn Bhd, for the setting up of the Group's sweetened condensed milk manufacturing plant in Selangor Halal Hub in Pulau Indah. He provides advice and guidance on dairy factory design and process design, review construction layout, sourcing of machineries and equipment as well as business advisory services such as raw materials procurement and production process.

Apart from the directorship of the Company, Mr Mah does not hold directorship in any other listed companies.

Mr Mah was re-elected as Director at the AGM held in January 2022.



DR TAN KHEE GIAP Independent Director

Dr Tan Khee Giap was appointed to the Board on 1 August 2023 as Independent Director.

Dr Tan is currently the Chairman of the Singapore National Committee for Pacific Economic Cooperation (SINCPEC). Upon graduating with a PhD from University of East Anglia, England, in 1987 under the Overseas Research Scheme awarded by the Committee of Vice-Chancellors and Principals of the Universities of the United Kingdom, he joined the banking sector as a treasury manager and served as secretary to the Assets and Liabilities Committee for three years, there after he taught at the Department of Economics and Statistics, National University of Singapore, 1990-1993. Dr Tan joined Nanyang Technological University in 1993 and was Associate Dean, Graduate Studies Office, 2007-2009. He was Associate Professor at the Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy (LKYSPP), National University of Singapore (NUS) from 2009 to 2022 and Co-Director of the Asia Competitiveness Institute (ACI) at LKYSPP, NUS from 2011 to 2020.

Dr Tan has consulted extensively with the various government ministries, statutory boards and government linked companies of Singapore government including Ministry of Finance, Ministry of Trade & Industry, Ministry of Manpower, Housing & Development Board, Civil Aviation Authority of Singapore, Singapore Tourism Board, Trade Development Board, Maritime Port Authority, Ministry of Information, Culture & Arts, Economic Development Board, Ministry of National Development, Media Development Authority, Ministry of Environment and Water Resources, Singapore Design Council, Ministry of Community Development, Youth & Sports, Singapore Press Holdings, Yayasan Mendaki, StarHub, CapitaLand and Great Eastern Life. He has also served as a consultant to international agencies such as the Asian Development

Bank, Asian Development Bank Institute, United Nations Industrial Development Group, World Bank Group, World Gold Council, ASEAN Secretariat, Central Policy Unit of Hong Kong, Kerzner International, Las Vegas Sands, Marina Bay Sands and Suzhou Industrial Park Authority.

Dr Tan is the lead author for more than 20 books, serving as journal editors and published widely in international refereed journals. He is the associate editor of the journal Review of Pacific Basin Financial Markets and Policies (US) and is on the editorial advisory board of the journal Competitiveness Review (UK). His current research interests include Cost of Living and Purchasing Power Index for World's 105 Cities, Global Liveable Cities Index, Ease of Doing Business Index and competitiveness analysis on subnational economies of China, India, Indonesia and Association of South East Asian Nations. He served as a member of the Resource Panel of the Government Parliamentary Committee for Transport and Government Parliamentary Committee for Finance and Trade & Industry and Government Parliamentary Committee for Defense and Foreign Affairs since 2007. Dr Tan is currently an Independent Director of the publicly listed Boustead Singapore Limited, Ascent Bridge Limited, and non-publicly listed BreadTalk Group Pte. Ltd. He was also the Senior Business Advisor to both G.H.Y. Culture & Media (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., and United Overseas Bank Limited, Singapore and was an Independent Director at the state-owned Chengdu Rural Commercial Bank Co., Ltd, China.

Dr Tan will be retiring as Director pursuant to Regulation 97 of the Company's Constitution at the forthcoming AGM and has offered himself for re-election as Director of the Company.



KWAN HOI CHEE, DEBORAH CONNIE Alternate Director to Richard Lee Keng Chian and Chief Improvement Officer

Ms Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah Connie was appointed to the Board on 1 August 2023 as Alternate Director to Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian. On 18 September 2023, Ms Connie was appointed as Chief Improvement Officer of the Company.

Ms Connie was appointed Co-Founder & Senior Advisor of Aalst Chocolate "Aalst" after Cargill's acquisition of Aalst was completed in November 2021. She oversees and ensure the smooth daily operations of Aalst and its corporate affairs activities, in particular with Singapore government agencies.

Ms Connie currently sits on Singapore Innovation Productivity Institute "SIPI" Board of Directors, a Subsidiary of Singapore Manufacturing Federation "SMF", a Singapore Government Agency.

Ms Connie co-founded Aalst with Richard Lee in 2003 and prior to the acquisition, she had been heading its daily operations and overseeing all facets of capabilities for an internationally certified food manufacturing plant. She played a critical role in managing external stakeholders, from government agencies to financial institutions, and was instrumental in Aalst's achievement of Pioneer status (Tax Free) in its first 10 years of business. Above all, Connie had been leading the strategy development including export readiness, intellectual Property and branding. Before the founding of Aalst, Connie was Managing Director for TY Beanie Babies APAC from 1999 to 2001, successfully launching the American toy brand in Singapore, Malaysia and India.

Ms Connie is the wife of Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian.



TAN SAN MING
Alternate Director to Dato' Jaya J B Tan
and Chief Operating Officer

Mr Tan San Ming was appointed to the Board on 1 August 2023 as Alternate Director to Dato' Jaya J B Tan and Chief Operating Officer.

Mr Tan holds a Bachelor of Law (LLB) degree from King's College London in the United Kingdom. He has also spent 2 years in Tsinghua University in Beijing China, where he studied Mandarin under the HSK (Hanyu Shuiping Kaoshi 汉语水平考试) syllabus. Mr Tan also attended elective extracurricular lectures and studies in subjects such as "Chinese society and culture development and business economics".

Mr Tan joined the Envictus Group in October 2020. He has been involved in executing day-to-day operational and strategic business development decisions of San Francisco Coffee Sdn Bhd ("SFC") that include sites selection, cost control schemes, key brand marketing initiatives, meeting key business partners/suppliers, relocating warehouse and central kitchen and other related business matters of SFC. He is accountable for supporting and coaching approximately 50 SFC outlets throughout Malaysia, recruiting and developing new team members and identify strategies to increase sales whilst maintaining operational standards. He has contributed to the overall strategy, performance and evolution of the business in tandem with Envictus Group's expansion plan. Having directly overseen the recovery and expansion of the business, Mr Tan has helped to and is continuing to rectify the issues affecting the overall

viability of the business with the aim of restoring San Francisco Coffee as one of the top coffee chains in Malaysia.

In 2015, Mr Tan co-founded MYLK Group a small independent Fresh Milk distributor. Working together with a local farm and milk manufacturer, MYLK Group primarily focused on providing milk supply to small cafes and businesses in Kuala Lumpur. From 2015 to 2019 MYLK Group had over 40 individual customers before eventually returning its distribution rights back to the manufacturer. Around the same time, Mr Tan also owned a stake in 2 restaurants specializing in local food and drinks which was eventually sold to the remaining partners in year 2019.

Mr Tan has previously held the position of Executive from September 2005 to September 2013 in Lasseters Management (M) Sdn Bhd, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Lasseters International Holdings Limited, a public company formerly listed on the Catalist Board of the Singapore Exchange. The Lasseters Group was involved in hospitality, gaming, spa and wellness businesses in Australia and property development in Malaysia. Mr Tan has also worked in the sales and marketing department of Pok Brothers Sdn Bhd, a subsidiary of Envictus Group which is involved in trading of frozen food products, from 2013 to 2014.

 $\mbox{Mr}\mbox{ Tan San Ming}$  is the son of Dato' Jaya J B Tan.

# **KEY MANAGEMENT**

# **BILLY LIM YEW THOON**

#### **Chief Financial Officer**

Mr. Billy Lim joined Envictus as Chief Financial Officer on 1 March 2011 and will retire on 26 February 2024. He is a Fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, a member of the Malaysia Institute of Accountants, a member of the Malaysian Institute of Corporate Governance, an Associate member of the Chartered Tax Institute of Malaysia and an Associate member of Institute of Internal Auditors.

Mr Lim brings with him a wealth of experience of more than 18 years in the audit practice and another 8 years in the commercial industry. He has also worked as the General Manager of Internal

Audit for more than 3 years in a large public corporation listed on Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad. His commercial experience includes monitoring of manufacturing and gaming operations located in Malaysia and overseas as well as participation in the negotiation and takeover of companies.

Prior to joining Envictus, Mr Lim was a Director of a consulting firm which has been providing consultancy and internal audit services to a Malaysian listed company. He was also a sole proprietor of a firm of practising accountants.

# **RAVI A/L RETNAM**

# **Acting Chief Financial Officer**

Mr Ravi Retnam was appointed as Acting Chief Financial Officer on 1 December 2023. An accounting graduate from the University of the Ozarks, Arkansas, USA, Mr Ravi brings a wealth of knowledge and expertise to his position.

With an illustrious 34-year career as a finance controller, Mr Ravi has consistently demonstrated excellence in financial management.

Mr Ravi joined the Envictus Group in 2020 and has held various positions such as Head of Finance and IT of De-luxe Food Services Sdn Bhd, Project Co-ordinator and Head of Finance, Café in Eureka

Capital Sdn Bhd. Prior to joining Envictus, he has served as the Finance Controller (APAC) at Aryzta Food Solutions Malaysia Sdn Bhd, where he played a pivotal role in shaping and optimizing financial strategies.

Over the years, Mr Ravi has honed his skills in budgeting, forecasting, and financial analysis, contributing significantly to the success of the organizations he has been part of. His comprehensive experience as a finance controller underscores his deep understanding of financial intricacies and his ability to navigate complex financial landscapes.

# DATO' LAWRENCE POK YORK KEAW

## Chief Executive Officer, Frozen Food Division

Dato' Lawrence Pok has extensive experience in the hotel and restaurant industry. He is the Chief Executive Officer of Envictus' Frozen Food Division and had been with Pok Brothers Sdn Bhd ("Pok Brothers") since the mid 1960's. He was instrumental in building up Pok Brothers from a mini-market trader to an importer of quality foods and distributor of a classic range of international branded products. Among others, his notable achievements include the expansion of Pok Brothers' operations into the manufacturing of value added halal food products through the establishment of

De-luxe Food Services Sdn Bhd ("De-luxe") in the early 1980s. The products offered by De-luxe comprise of portion control meat, delicatessen meat, smoked salmon, bread and pastry products and many more were aimed to complement and enhance the business and service that were offered by Pok Brothers then.

Dato' Lawrence Pok continued to head the operations of Pok Brothers and its group following the acquisition by Envictus Group in 2006. He is currently overseeing the Trading and Frozen Food Division.

### **KEY MANAGEMENT**

# ALAN POK YORK KENG

# Chief Operating Officer, Frozen Food Division

Mr Alan Pok York Keng is the Chief Operating Officer of the Frozen Food Division. He holds degrees in Bachelor of Arts (Economics) and Bachelor of Business Administration (Accounting) from Lakehead University in Ontario, Canada.

Mr Alan Pok assumes a pivotal role at Pok Brothers, overseeing comprehensive responsibilities encompassing operational management in warehousing, logistics, procurement and sales. His tenure with Pok Brothers dates from 1980, contributing to an impressive professional journey spanning over 43 years. Throughout his extensive tenure, Mr Alan Pok has amassed expertise in the intricacies of the global food supply chain. His purview extends to

managing procurement affairs for international hotels, restaurant chains, and consumer product enterprises.

With a wealth of experience, Mr Alan Pok emerges as a seasoned leader with a keen strategic mindset, offering invaluable insights into business operations. His contributions extend beyond operational proficiency, encompassing financial acumen and a deep understanding of the many factors shaping the industry. Mr Alan Pok is a driving force propelling the progress of Pok Brothers, steering the company toward continued success and achievements.

# **BEN YEONG KWOK SENG**

# **Chief Operating Officer, Dairies Division**

Mr Ben Yeong Kwok Seng is the Chief Operating Officer of the Dairies Division, possessing vast financial expertise and a distinguished career spanning over 30 years in various leadership roles in the FMCG businesses. He plays a pivotal role in guiding the financial strategies and operations of our organization.

Mr Yeong holds a Bachelor's degree in Accounting from London Metropolitan University and a Master of Arts in Management Science from the University of Kent, Canterbury. His strong academic foundation has equipped him with the knowledge and analytical skills essential for effective financial leadership.

Mr Yeong's professional journey began at Bank Negara Malaysia (BNM) in 1986, gaining invaluable experience in financial oversight. His commitment to excellence led him to Harpers Trading Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., where he served as an accountant, further solidifying his financial acumen. In a significant step in

his career, Mr Yeong joined Procter & Gamble International, where he took on the role of Corporate and Accounting Finance Manager. In this capacity, he oversaw financial operations for Malaysia and Singapore. He moved on to the position of Finance Director at SC Johnson International, where he played a crucial role in shaping the company's financial and business strategies.

Mr Yeong's exceptional expertise in the Fast-Moving Consumer Goods (FMCG) industry was further demonstrated during his remarkable tenure at F&N Dairies (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd. Over two decades, he held the dual role of Malaysia's Head Finance (Financial Controller) and East Malaysia's Head of Sales for several years, successfully managing the company's financial functions while simultaneously driving sales growth in a challenging market. His dual-hat role underscores his exceptional multitasking abilities and his understanding of the FMCG landscape.

# THAM YUE FOON

## General Manager, Texas Chicken (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd

Ms Tham Yue Foon joined Texas Chicken Malaysia as the Head of Marketing, on 7th August 2012, as a pioneer team member actively involved with the set up and launch of the brand, leading the development, management and execution of Brand, Merchandising, Research, and Marketing strategies – focused on creating rapid brand awareness, driving initial trial and establishing a clear positioning for the Texas Chicken brand as the Chicken QSR of choice in a highly competitive environment.

With the successful opening of almost 100 restaurants in 10 years, Texas Chicken has garnered Bronze (2019), Silver (2020 & 2021) and

Gold (2022) wins at the Putra Brand, "People's Choice" Awards in the Fast Food and Restaurant Category.

Ms Tham received a Bachelor of Science Degree in Imaging Engineering Technology from St. Cloud State University in Minnesota, USA and brings with her a wealth of experience in Advertising, Branding and Marketing, predominantly in the Quick Service Restaurant industry, spanning over 23 years. Prior to joining Texas Chicken Malaysia, Ms Tham served at Leo Burnett Advertising, McDonald's Malaysia, and launched the Wendy's Brand in Malaysia.

# CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Directors and Management of Envictus International Holdings Limited ("Envictus" or the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively with the Company, the "Group") are committed to maintain high standards of corporate governance in order to protect the interests of its shareholders as well as enhance corporate performance and business sustainability. It has put in place practices in accordance with the principles and guidelines set out in the Code of Corporate Governance 2018 (the "Code"). The following outlines the corporate governance principles applied by the Company with specific references to the Code. Where there is any material deviation from the provisions of the Code, an explanation has been provided within this report.

#### **BOARD MATTERS**

#### **PRINCIPLE 1**

The company is headed by an effective Board which is collectively responsible and works with Management for the long term success of the Company.

#### **Provision 1.1**

#### **Board's Role**

The primary function of the Board of Directors (the "Board" or the "Directors") is to provide entrepreneurial leadership and direction to enhance the long-term value and returns for its shareholders. The Board oversees the business affairs of the Group and has the overall responsibility for reviewing the strategic plans and performance objectives, financial plans and annual budget, key operational initiatives, major funding and investments proposals, financial performance reviews and corporate governance practices.

In addition, the principal duties of the Board include:-

- 1. providing entrepreneurial leadership and guidance on the overall long-term strategic plans and performance objectives as well as operational initiatives and to ensure that the necessary financial and human resources are in place to meet its objectives;
- 2. reviewing the performance of the Executive Chairman, Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer and senior management executives and ensures they are appropriately remunerated;
- 3. reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, financial reporting and compliance, operational compliance and information technology controls;
- 4. reviewing and approving key operational and business initiatives, major funding proposals, significant investment and divestment proposals, corporate or financial restructuring, share issuance and dividends, the Group's annual budgets and capital expenditure, the Group's operating and financial performance, risk management processes and systems, human resource requirements, the release of half-year and full year financial results and other corporate actions;
- 5. setting the Company's values and standards and ensure that obligations to shareholders and other stakeholders are understood and duly met;
- 6. considering sustainability issues such as environmental and social factors as part of its strategic formulation; and
- 7. providing the management with advice on issues raised and at the same time monitors the performance of the management.

# **Provision 1.2**

#### **Directors' Duties and Responsibilities**

All Directors exercise due diligence and independent judgement in dealing with the business affairs of the Group and are obliged to act in good faith and to take objective decisions in the interest of the Group, safeguarding shareholders' interest and the Group's assets. The Directors act objectively in the best interest of the Company and hold Management accountable for performance. Decisions are made objectively in the Group at all times. Any Director facing conflicts of interest will recuse himself from discussions involving the issues of conflict.

#### **Continuous Training and Development of Directors**

The Board is briefed on recent changes on the accounting standards and regulatory updates. As part of the Company's continuing education for Directors, Directors are provided with articles, reports and press releases relevant to the Group's business to keep them updated on current industry trends and issues.

The Group conducts an orientation briefing to provide newly appointed Directors with a better understanding of the Group's business activities, strategic direction and policies, key business risks, governance practices and the Group's culture to enable them to integrate into their new roles. Upon the appointment of each Director, the Company would provide a formal letter to the Director setting out the Director's roles, obligations, duties and responsibilities as a member of the Board. Newly appointed Directors are briefed on the Company's business operations, strategic directions, group structure, policies and corporate governance practices. They are introduced to key management personnel and provided with essential information about the Company. In addition, first time Directors who have no prior experience as a Director of a company listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") will also undergo training in the roles and responsibilities of a Director of a listed company as prescribed by the SGX-ST pursuant to Rule 210(5)(a) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual ("Listing Rules").

Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian, Mr Tan San Ming and Ms Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah Connie are first time Directors who have no prior experience as a Director of a company listed on the SGX-ST. They have attended the Listed Entity Director Programme organised by Singapore Institute of Directors in October 2023 to fulfil the requirement of Rule 210(5)(a) of the Listing Rules.

The Directors will be encouraged, on the Company's expense, to attend appropriate training, conferences and seminars for them to stay abreast of relevant business developments and outlook.

#### **Provision 1.3**

#### Internal Guidelines on Matters Requiring Board Approval

The Group has adopted a set of guidelines setting forth matters that require the Board's approval. The types of transactions that require the Board's approval, among others, include:-

- 1. Announcements of the half-year and full-year results;
- 2. Audited Financial Statements;
- 3. Convening of shareholders' meetings;
- 4. Declaration of interim dividends and proposal of final dividends;
- 5. Acceptance of financial facilities and issuance of corporate guarantee;
- 6. Annual operating and capital budgets;
- 7. Approval of material acquisition and disposal of assets; and
- 8. Interested person transactions.

#### **Provision 1.4**

# **Delegation of Authority to Board Committees**

Board Committees comprising the Audit Committee (the "AC"), Nominating Committee (the "NC") and Remuneration Committee (the "RC") which were constituted with clear written terms of reference setting out their compositions, authorities and duties, including reporting back to the Board, were established to assist the Board in the discharge of its duties. These Committees review and decide or make recommendations to the Board on matters within their specific terms of reference. The Board accepts that while the Board Committees have the authority to examine particular issues and report back to the Board with their decisions and/ or recommendations, the ultimate responsibility on all matters lies with the Board.

The present Board Committee members are as follows:-

| Directors                                | Audit<br>Committee | Nominating<br>Committee | Remuneration<br>Committee |
|--|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| John Lyn Hian Woon                       | Chairman           | Member                  | Member                    |
| Teo Chee Seng                            | Member             | Chairman                | Chairman                  |
| Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui <sup>(1)</sup> | Member             | Member                  | Member                    |

#### Note:

#### **Provision 1.5**

#### **Meetings of Board and Board Committees**

The dates of the Board and board committee meetings are scheduled in advance to assist the Directors in planning their attendance. The Board meets at least three times a year and as warranted by particular circumstances. Ad-hoc meetings are also convened to deliberate on urgent and substantive matters. Telephone attendance and conference via audio-visual communication at Board and board committee meetings are allowed under the Company's constitution. Board decisions may also be made by way of circulating resolutions.

The attendance of the Directors at meetings of the Board and Board committees is as follows:-

|   | Board | Audit<br>Committee | Remuneration<br>Committee | Nominating<br>Committee |
|---|-------|--------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| No. of meetings held in FY2023  | 3     | 2                  | 3                         | 2                       |
| Number of meetings attended   |       |                    |                           |                         |
| Dato' Jaya J B Tan  | 3     | n/a                | n/a                       | n/a                     |
| Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui   | 3     | n/a                | n/a                       | n/a                     |
| Richard Lee Keng Chian <sup>(1)</sup>   | -     | n/a                | n/a                       | n/a                     |
| Dato' Kamal Y P Tan <sup>(2)</sup>  | 3     | 2                  | 3                         | 2                       |
| Mah Weng Choong   | 3     | n/a                | n/a                       | n/a                     |
| Teo Chee Seng   | 3     | 2                  | 3                         | 2                       |
| John Lyn Hian Woon  | 3     | 2                  | 3                         | 2                       |
| Dr Tan Khee Giap <sup>(3)</sup>   | -     | n/a                | n/a                       | n/a                     |
| Tan San Ming <sup>(4)</sup> (Alternate Director to Dato' Jaya J B Tan)                      | -     | n/a                | n/a                       | n/a                     |
| Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah Connie <sup>(5)</sup> (Alternate Director to Richard Lee Keng Chian) | -     | n/a                | n/a                       | n/a                     |

#### Note:-

- (1) Richard Lee Keng Chian was appointed as Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer on 1 August 2023.
- <sup>(2)</sup> Dato' Kamal Y P Tan resigned as Director on 17 August 2023.
- <sup>(3)</sup> Dr Tan Khee Giap was appointed as Independent Director on 1 August 2023.
- (4) Tan San Ming was appointed as Alternate Director to Dato' Jaya J B Tan and Chief Operating Officer on 1 August 2023.
- (5) Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah Connie was appointed as Alternate Director to Richard Lee Keng Chian on 1 August 2023 and Chief Improvement Officer on 18 September 2023.
- n/a not applicable as Director is not a member of the committee. No meetings were held from date of appointment of the new directors to the date of the financial year end on 30 September 2023.

<sup>(1)</sup> Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui was appointed on 17 August 2023 as members of Audit Committee, Nominating Committee and Remuneration Committee in place of Dato' Kamal Y P Tan who ceased to be members of Audit Committee, Nominating Committee and Remuneration Committee as a result of his resignation as Director of the Company on 17 August 2023.

#### **Provision 1.6**

#### **Board's Access to Information**

Management provides Directors with complete, adequate and timely information prior to meetings and on an on-going basis to enable them to make informed decision and discharge their duties and responsibilities. Before each Board and Board Committee meeting, Management will provide the Directors with the agenda and the meeting materials relating to matters to be discussed during the meeting. Such meeting materials may include financial statements, forecasts, disclosure documents and industry information. This is to allow the Directors some time to better understand the matters and to deliberate over any issues. Directors are entitled to request for additional information and explanations from Management and such information shall be provided in a timely manner.

#### **Provision 1.7**

#### Board's Access to Management, Company Secretary and External Advisers

The Board has separate and independent access to the Company's senior management and the Company Secretaries. At least one of the Company Secretaries attends the Board and Board committee meetings and is responsible for ensuring that board procedures are followed in accordance with the constitution of the Company, and that applicable rules and regulations are complied with. The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary are subject to the Board's approval.

The Board collectively and each Director individually has the right to seek independent, legal and other professional advice at the Company's expense, concerning any aspect of the Group's operations or undertakings in order to fulfil their duties and responsibilities as Directors. Such cost for professional advice will be borne by the Company.

#### **BOARD COMPOSITION AND GUIDANCE**

# **PRINCIPLE 2**

The Board has an appropriate level of independence and diversity of thought and background on its composition to enable it to make decisions in the best interests of the company.

# **Provision 2.1**

Strong and independent element on the Board, with independent Directors making at least one-third of the Board.

The Board currently comprises nine members, comprising one Executive Chairman, one Non-Executive Vice Chairman, one Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer, one Non-Executive Director, three non-executive Independent Directors and two Alternate Directors. Non-Executive Directors make up a majority of the Board.

|                                  |     | Date of first | Date of last re-election/ |  |
|----------------------------------|-----|---------------|---------------------------|--|
| Name                             | Age | appointment   | re-appointment            | Designation  |
| Dato' Jaya J B Tan               | 76  | 23.12.2003    | 27.01.2022                | Executive Chairman   |
| Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui        | 77  | 09.01.2013    | 11.03.2021                | Non-Executive Vice-Chairman  |
| Richard Lee Keng Chian           | 55  | 01.08.2023    | -                         | Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer                             |
| Mah Weng Choong                  | 85  | 03.08.2004    | 27.01.2022                | Non-Executive Director   |
| Teo Chee Seng                    | 69  | 03.08.2004    | 11.03.2021                | Independent Director   |
| John Lyn Hian Woon               | 65  | 03.08.2004    | 30.01.2023                | Independent Director   |
| Dr Tan Khee Giap                 | 66  | 01.08.2023    | -                         | Independent Director   |
| Tan San Ming                     | 40  | 01.08.2023    | -                         | Alternate Director to Dato' Jaya J B Tan and<br>Chief Operating Officer    |
| Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah<br>Connie | 57  | 01.08.2003    | -                         | Alternate Director to Richard Lee Keng Chian and Chief Improvement Officer |

Note:

Dato' Kamal Y P Tan resigned as Non-Executive Director of the Company on 17 August 2023.

The independence of each Director is reviewed annually by the NC and the Board. Each Independent Director is required to complete a declaration form annually to confirm his independence. The NC deliberates the independence of the Directors against a checklist and determines whether the Directors are independent in conduct, character and judgement, having regard to the circumstances set forth in Provision 2.1 of the Code and Rule 210(5)(d) of the Listing Rules. The Independent Directors do not fall under the circumstances of Rule 210(5)(d) as they were not employed by the Company or any of its related corporations for the current or any of the past three financial years and they do not have an immediate family member who is, or has been in any of the past in the current three financial years, employed by the Company or its related corporations and whose remuneration is determined by the Remuneration Committee.

In addition, neither the Independent Directors nor their immediate family members, in the current or immediate past financial year, provided or received from the Company or its subsidiaries any significant payments or material services (which may include auditing, banking, consulting and legal services) for payments aggregated in excess of \$\$50,000 other than compensation for board service. Neither the Independent Directors nor their immediate family members, in the current or immediate past financial year, is or was, a substantial shareholder or a partner in (with 5% or more stake), or an executive officer of, or a Director of, any organisation which provided to or received from the Company or any of its subsidiaries any significant payments or material services (which may include auditing, banking, consulting and legal services) in excess of \$\$200,000.

The Independent Directors of the Company have confirmed their independence and that they do not have any relationship with the Company, its related corporation, its substantial shareholders or its officers that could interfere or be reasonable perceived to interfere with the exercise of their independent judgement.

#### Provisions 2.2 and 2.3

#### Composition of Independent Directors and Non-Executive Directors on Board

The number of independent Directors represents more than one third of the Board and majority of the Board comprises non-executive Directors.

The Company's Executive Chairman is not independent. Pursuant to the Code, the Company has not complied with the requirement for independent Directors to make up a majority of the Board.

The Company has departed from the compliance of the Code and the following are the explanations for departure:-

- 1. The current Board composition is appropriate for the Company's size, operations and future direction and includes an appropriate mix of skills and expertise, relevant to the Company's business and level of operations;
- 2. The Board has been structured such that its composition and size will enable it to effectively discharge its responsibilities and duties;
- 3. The Board considers that its structure is, and will continue to be, appropriate in the context of the Company's recent history. The Company considers that the non-independent Directors possess the skills and experience suitable for building the Company; and
- 4. Furthermore, the Board considers that in the current phase of the Company's growth, the Company's shareholders are better served by Directors who have a vested interest in the Company.

The Company will work towards achieving a Board where Independent Directors made up majority of the Directors. The Board will put in place processes for the selection of suitable candidates to be appointed as Independent Directors to the Board. This process will be led by the NC taking into consideration that an effective and cohesive board requires the right balance of industry knowledge, experience, core competencies, skills and professional qualifications, as well as diversity of perspectives.

Where there is resignation or retirement of an existing Director, the NC will re-evaluate the Board composition to assess the competencies for the replacement.

Candidates are first sourced through a network of contacts and identified based on the established criteria. Recommendations from Directors and management are the usual source for potential candidates. Where applicable, search through external search consultants can be considered.

The NC will shortlist candidates and conduct formal interviews with each of them to assess their suitability and to verify that the candidates are aware of the expectations and the level of commitment required. Finally, the NC will make recommendations on the appointment(s) to the Board for approval.

#### **Provision 2.4**

#### Composition and Size of the Board

The Board's policy in identifying Director candidates is primarily to have an appropriate mix of members with complementary skills, core competencies and experience for the Group, regardless of gender. Each year, NC reviews the size and composition of the Board and Board committees and the skills and core-competencies of its members to ensure an appropriate balance of skills and experience. These competencies include business acumen, legal, accounting and finance, management experience, industry knowledge, strategic planning experience, familiarity with regulatory requirements and knowledge of risk management. The Board considers its Directors to possess the necessary competencies and knowledge to lead and govern the Group effectively.

Taking into account the nature and scope of the Group's businesses and the number of Board committees, the Board considers the current board size as appropriate. The Board believes that the current composition and size provides sufficient diversity without interfering with efficient decision-making. The Directors' academic and professional qualifications are presented under the section "Board of Directors" in this annual report.

#### **Provision 2.5**

#### **Role of Non-Executive Directors**

The Non-Executive Directors constructively challenge and help develop proposals on strategy and review the performance of the Management in meeting agreed goals and objectives and the reporting of performance. They are encouraged to meet regularly without the presence of the Management. As and when warranted, Non-Executive Directors meet to discuss the Company's affairs without the presence of Management. Thereafter, the chairman of such meetings provides feedback to the Board and/or Chairman as appropriate.

#### **CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER**

#### **PRINCIPLE 3**

There is a clear division of responsibilities between the leadership of the Board and Management, and no one individual has unfettered powers of decision-making.

#### Provisions 3.1 and 3.2

#### **Separate roles of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer**

The Chairman and the CEO functions in the Company are assumed by different individuals who are not immediate family members. The Chairman is Dato' Jaya J B Tan and the CEO is Richard Lee Keng Chian. There is a clear division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the CEO, which ensures the balance of power and authority at the top of the Company.

The Chairman is responsible for the effective workings of the Board and promoting high standards of corporate governance. He ensures that Board meetings are held when necessary and sets the Board meeting agenda in consultation with other Directors and the key management. He ensures that the directors receive complete, adequately and timely information and reviews Board papers before they are presented to the Board. During the Board meetings, he facilitates effective contributions and constructive discussions on strategic issues and business planning from the executive and non-executive Directors. He plays a pivotal role in fostering constructive dialogue between shareholders, the Board and the Management at AGMs and other shareholders meetings.

The CEO is responsible for the running of the day-to-day business of the Group within the authorities delegated to him by the Board, ensuring implementation of policies and strategy across the Group as set by the Board, ensuring that the Chairman is kept appraised in a timely manner of issues faced by the Group and of any important events and developments, leading the development of the Group's future strategy including identifying and assessing risks and opportunities for the growth of its business, and reviewing the performances of its existing businesses.

#### **Provision 3.3**

#### **Lead Independent Director**

The Board has consistently demonstrated it is able to exercise independent decision-making and because of this, the Board has not appointed a lead independent Director to date. In addition, the independent Directors will confer among themselves (when necessary) and provide feedback to the Chairman as appropriate. Notwithstanding this, it may appoint one in the interest of embracing recommended best practices. The Board is of the opinion the role of Dato' Jaya J B Tan as Executive Chairman of the Company does not affect the independence of the Board.

Both independent Directors are available to shareholders when they have concerns and where contact through the normal channels of the Executive Chairman, Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer and Management has failed to resolve such concerns or is inappropriate. Shareholders who wish to contact the Independent Directors to address any queries on the Company's affairs may access to the Company's website at <a href="https://www.envictus-intl.com/contact">https://www.envictus-intl.com/contact</a>

#### **PRINCIPLE 4**

The Board has a formal and transparent process for the appointment and re-appointment of Directors, taking into account the need for progressive renewal of the Board.

#### Provisions 4.1 and 4.2

#### **Nominating Committee**

The NC comprises one Non-Executive Director and two Independent Non-Executive Directors, one of whom is also the Chairman of the Committee. The members of the NC are as follows:-

Teo Chee Seng (Chairman) Non-Executive, Independent John Lyn Hian Woon (Member) Non-Executive, Independent

Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui (Member) Non-Executive

The NC has adopted its terms of reference that describes the responsibilities of its members.

The NC decides how the Board should be evaluated and selects a set of performance criteria that is linked to long-term shareholders' value, to be used for performance evaluation of the Board.

The NC performs the following principal functions:-

- reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board and make recommendations to the Board;
- identifies candidates and reviews all nomination for the appointment and re-appointment of members of the Board;
- determines annually whether or not a Director is independent in accordance with the guidelines of the Code;
- · decides how the Board's performance may be evaluated and proposes objective performance criteria for the Board's approval; and
- assesses the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, as well as the contribution by each member of the Board.

#### **Provision 4.3**

#### **Process for the Selection and Appointment of Directors**

The responsibilities of the NC are, among other things, to make recommendations to the Board on all Board appointments, re-appointments and oversee the Board and key management personnel's succession and leadership development plans.

The NC is responsible for identifying candidates and reviewing all nominations for the appointment of new directors. The NC seeks potential candidates widely and beyond Directors/management recommendations and is empowered to engage external parties, such as professional search firms, to undertake research on or assessment of candidates as it deems necessary.

The NC decides how the Board should be evaluated and selects a set of performance criteria that is linked to long-term shareholders' value, to be used for performance evaluation of the Board.

The Board has power from time to time and at any time to appoint a person as a Director to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any new Directors appointed during the year shall only hold office until the next Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and submit themselves for re-election and shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at that meeting.

Regulation 87 of Envictus' Constitution requires the Managing Director, Chief Executive Officer or President (or person holding an equivalent position) who is a Director to be subject to retirement by rotation.

Regulation 91 of Envictus' Constitution requires one third of the Board to retire by rotation at every AGM. The Directors must present themselves for re-nomination and re-election at regular intervals of at least once every three years.

Regulation 97 of Envictus' Constitution stipulates that the Board has power from time to time and at any time to appoint a person as a Director to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board. Any new Directors appointed during the year shall only hold office until the next AGM and submit themselves for re-election and shall not be taken into account in determining the Directors who are to retire by rotation at that meeting.

In reviewing the nomination of the retiring Directors, the NC considered the performance and contribution of each of the retiring Directors, having regard not only to their attendance and participation at Board and Board Committee meetings but also the time and efforts devoted to the Group's business and affairs, especially the operational and technical contributions.

In considering the appointment of any new director, the NC ensures that the new Director possesses the necessary skills, knowledge and experience that could facilitate the Board in the making of sound and well-considered decisions. For re-appointments, NC takes into account the individual Director's past contributions and performance.

The NC has recommended the nomination of Directors retiring pursuant to the Company's constitution, namely Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian (pursuant to Regulation 97), Dr Tan Khee Giap (pursuant to Regulation 97), Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui (pursuant to Regulation 91) and Mr Teo Chee Seng (pursuant to Regulation 91), who will retire and submit themselves for re-election at the forthcoming AGM. The NC is satisfied that Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian, Dr Tan Khee Giap, Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui and Mr Teo Chee Seng are properly qualified for re-election by virtue of their skills, experience, contribution and guidance to the Board's deliberation. For information on Directors seeking re-election, please refer to the "Additional information for Directors Seeking Re-election" section of the Annual Report.

#### **Provision 4.4**

# **Determining Directors' Independence**

The Board also recognizes that independent Directors may over time develop significant insights in the Group's business and operations and can continue to provide significant and valuable contribution objectively to the Board as a whole. When there are such Directors, the Board will do a rigorous review of their continuing contribution and independence and may exercise its discretion to extend the tenures of these Directors.

The independence of each Director is reviewed annually by the NC and the Board. Each Independent Director is required to complete a declaration form annually to confirm his independence. The NC deliberates the independence of the Directors against a checklist and determines whether the Directors are independent in conduct, character and judgement, having regard to the circumstances set forth in Provision 2.1 of the Code and Rule 210(5)(d) of the Listing Rules.

Independent Directors, Mr John Lyn Hian Woon, Mr Teo Chee Seng and Dr Tan Khee Giap, do not fall under the circumstances of Rule 210(5)(d) as they were not employed by the Company or any of its related corporations for the current or any of the past three financial years and they do not have an immediate family member who is, or has been in any of the past in the current three financial years, employed by the Company or its related corporations and whose remuneration is determined by the Remuneration Committee.

In addition, the Independent Directors or his immediate family member, in the current or immediate past financial year, did not provide or received from the Company or its subsidiaries any significant payments or material services (which may include auditing, banking, consulting and legal services) for payments aggregated in excess of \$\$50,000 other than compensation for board service. The Independent Directors or their immediate family member, did not in the current or immediate past financial year, is or was, a substantial shareholder or a partner in (with 5% or more stake), or an executive officer of, or a Director of, any organisation which provided to or received from the Company or any of its subsidiaries any significant payments or material services (which may include auditing, banking, consulting and legal services) in excess of \$\$200,000.

The NC has conducted a rigorous review of the Independent Directors' contributions to the Board to determine if they have maintained their independence. The NC and the Board are satisfied with their continued independence in character and judgement in discharging their responsibilities as Directors of the Company with the utmost commitment to protect and uphold the interests of the Company and all shareholders, not just the substantial shareholders and found no evidence to indicate that the length of service has in any way affected their respective independence.

The Independent Directors have also contributed significantly to the discussion on matters before the Board, which include matters relating to the strategic direction and corporate governance of the Group, expressed individual viewpoints, debated issues, sought clarification as they deemed necessary including direct access to the Management and objectively scrutinized the Management. Having gained in-depth understanding of the business, operating environment and direction of the Group, they provided the Group with much needed experience and knowledge of the industry and offered valuable advice. They have independent income source apart from the fees received from the Group. Accordingly, the NC, with the concurrence of the Board, is satisfied that Mr John Lyn Hian Woon, Mr Teo Chee Seng and Dr Tan Khee Giap have remained independent in their judgement and can continue to discharge their duties objectively.

The Company maintains a strong independent element on the Board with the Independent Directors making up at least one-third of the Board. The current number of Independent Directors complies with Rule 210(5)(c) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST, which requires the Board to have at least two non-executive Directors who are independent and free of any material business or financial connection with the Company. The current composition of the Board also complies with the Code's requirement that non-executive directors make up a majority of the Board. The independence of each Independent Director is reviewed annually by the Nominating Committee. The Board members possess wide ranging experiences in the areas of strategic planning, accounting and finance and business and management in the industries which the Group operates in.

The Board's policy in identifying nominees is primarily to have an appropriate mix of members with complementary skills, core competencies and experience for the Group, regardless of age or gender. The Board is of the view that the current Board members comprise persons whose diverse skills, experience, knowledge, expertise and attributes provide for effective direction of the Group. The composition of the Board is reviewed on an annual basis by the Nominating Committee to ensure that the Board has the appropriate mix of skills, knowledge, expertise, experience, diversity and gender, and collectively possesses the necessary core competencies for effective functioning and informed decision-making.

#### **Provision 4.5**

## **Multiple Board Representations**

When a Director has multiple board representations, the NC also considers whether or not the Director is able to and has adequately carried out his/her duties as a Director of the Company. The NC is of the view that there is no current need to determine the maximum number of board representations a Director should have as the NC is satisfied that the Directors have been giving sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company, notwithstanding that some of the Directors have multiple board representations. Board and Board Committee meetings are scheduled in advance to facilitate the Directors' scheduling of their commitments. The NC expects commitment of time by a Director to discharge his or her duties.

#### **BOARD PERFORMANCE**

#### **PRINCIPLE 5**

The Board undertakes a formal annual assessment of its effectiveness as a whole, and that each of its board committees and individual Directors.

Provisions 5.1 and 5.2

#### **Conduct of Board Performance**

#### **Criteria for Board Evaluation of Individual Directors**

The Board regularly reviews the performance of the Management in meeting agreed goals and objectives and monitors the reporting of performance.

The NC reviews on an annual basis the composition and skills of the Board and determines if it is adequate and appropriate having regard to the nature and scope of the Company's operations and the costs involved.

The NC assesses and makes recommendations to the Board as to whether retiring Directors are suitable for re-election.

The NC has conducted a formal assessment of the effectiveness of the Board for the financial year under review. The NC reviewed the Board's performance informally with inputs from the other Board members. The evaluation exercise is carried out annually by way of a Board Assessment Checklist, which is circulated to the Board members for completion and thereafter, for the NC to review and determine the actions required to improve the corporate governance of the Company and the effectiveness of the Board and Board committees as a whole. The performance criteria for the Board/Board Committees evaluation are in respect of size and composition, Directors' independence, Board's accountability, board process, internal controls, quality of agenda/board papers, standard of conduct and risk management etc.

The evaluation of the Chairman of the Board is undertaken by the RC and the NC and the results are reviewed by the Board. The assessment of the Chairman of the Board is based on his ability to lead, whether he established procedures to ensure the effective functioning of the Board and that the time devoted to board meetings were appropriate and are conducted in a manner that facilitate open communication and meaningful participation for effective discussion and decision making by the Board.

#### **REMUNERATION MATTERS**

#### PROCEDURES FOR DEVELOPING REMUNERATION POLICIES

#### **PRINCIPLE 6**

The Board has a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on Director and executive remuneration, and for fixing the remuneration packages of individual Directors and key management personnel. No Director is involved in deciding his or her own remuneration.

#### Provisions 6.1 and 6.2

#### **Remuneration Committee**

The Remuneration Committee ("RC") comprises one Non-Executive Director and two Independent Non-Executive Directors, one of whom is also the Chairman of the Committee, namely:-

Teo Chee Seng (Chairman) Non-Executive, Independent John Lyn Hian Woon (Member) Non-Executive, Independent

Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui (Member) Non-Executive

The role of the RC is to review and recommend remuneration policies and packages for Directors and key executives and to disseminate proper information on transparency and accountability to shareholders on issues of remuneration of the executive Directors of the Group and employees related to the executive Directors and controlling shareholders of the Group.

Primary functions performed by RC:-

- Reviews and recommends to the Board, a framework of remuneration for the Board and key executives taking into account factors such as industry benchmark, the Group's and individual's performance;
- Reviews the level of remuneration that are appropriate to attract, retain and motivate the Directors and key executives;
- Ensures adequate disclosure on Directors' remuneration;
- Reviews and recommends to the Board the terms for renewal of Directors' service contracts; and
- Recommends to the Board, the Executive Share Option Schemes or any long-term incentive schemes which may be set up from time to time and does all acts necessary in connection therewith.

#### **Provision 6.3**

#### **Review of remuneration**

The RC's review covers all aspect of remuneration, including but not limited to Directors' fees, salaries, allowances, bonuses, options, long-term incentive schemes, including share schemes and benefits in kind. Recommendations are made in consultation with the chairman of the Board and submitted for endorsement by the entire Board. No Director is involved in deciding his own remuneration.

The Company has no share-based compensation scheme or any long-term scheme involving the offer of shares or options in place.

#### **Provision 6.4**

#### **Engagement of remuneration consultants**

The RC has the authority to seek appropriate external or other independent professional advice in the field of executive compensation as it considers necessary to carry out its duties. During the financial year, the RC did not require the service of an external remuneration consultant.

#### LEVEL AND MIX OF REMUNERATION

#### **PRINCIPLE 7**

The level and structure of remuneration of the Board and key management personnel are appropriate and proportionate to the sustained performance and value creation of the company, taking into account the strategic objectives of the company.

#### **Provision 7.1**

# Remuneration of Executive Directors and Key Management Personnel

The annual reviews of the compensation are carried out by the RC to ensure that the remuneration of Executive Chairman and key management personnel commensurate with their performance and that of the Company, giving due regard to the financial and commercial health and business needs of the Group. In structuring the compensation framework, the RC also takes into account the risk policies of the Group, the need for the compensation to be symmetric with the risk outcomes and the time horizon of risks.

The Executive Chairman and the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer have entered into service agreements which link rewards with both corporate and individual performance to promote shareholders' interests, long-term success of the Group and risk management policies. The service agreements cover the terms of employment, specifically salary and other benefits. The RC has reviewed the Company's obligations arising in the event of termination of the Executive Chairman's and the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer's contract of service and is of the view that such contract of service contains fair and reasonable termination clauses which are not overly generous.

The Company currently does not have contractual provisions to reclaim the incentive component of remuneration from the Executive Chairman and the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer and there are no excessively long or onerous removal clauses in this service agreement.

#### **Provision 7.2**

# **Remuneration of Non-Executive Directors**

The Board concurred with the RC that the proposed Directors' fees for the year ended 30 September 2023 payable to the Non-Executive Directors are appropriate taking into consideration the level of contributions by the Directors and factors such as effort and time spent on the Board and Board Committees as well as the responsibilities and obligations of the Directors.

Directors' fees are recommended by the Board for approval by the shareholders at the AGM of the Company.

#### **Provision 7.3**

#### Appropriate remuneration to attract, retain and motivate key management personnel and directors

The Company's remuneration policy is structured to attract, retain and motivate Directors and staff to provide good stewardship to the Company, to run and manage the Company effectively and to be risk conscious so as to promote long term success of the Company and to protect the interests of shareholders. The Company adopts a remuneration policy which comprised fixed component in the form of base salary and other fixed allowances and the variable component which comprised bonus which is linked to the Company's and individual's performance.

#### **DISCLOSURE ON REMUNERATION**

#### **PRINCIPLE 8**

The company is transparent in its remuneration policies, level and mix of remuneration, the procedure for setting remuneration, and the relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation.

#### **Provision 8.1**

#### **Remuneration Report**

The breakdown of the level and mix of remuneration of each Director for FY2023 are set out below:-

|   |                       |                |                      | Total        |
|---|-----------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------|
|   | Salary <sup>(1)</sup> | Directors'Fees | Bonus <sup>(2)</sup> | Remuneration |
|   | %                     | %              | %                    | <u></u>      |
| <u>Directors</u>                                      |                       |                |                      |              |
| S\$250,000 to below S\$500,000                        |                       |                |                      |              |
| Dato' Jaya J B Tan                                    | 89.7                  | -              | 10.3                 | 100.0        |
| Below S\$250,000                                      |                       |                |                      |              |
| Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui                             | -                     | 100.0          | -                    | 100.0        |
| Richard Lee Keng Chian <sup>(3)</sup>                 | 100.0                 | -              | -                    | 100.0        |
| Dato' Kamal Y P Tan <sup>(4)</sup>                    | -                     | 100.0          | -                    | 100.0        |
| Mah Weng Choong                                       | -                     | 100.0          | -                    | 100.0        |
| John Lyn Hian Woon                                    | -                     | 100.0          | -                    | 100.0        |
| Teo Chee Seng   | -                     | 100.0          | -                    | 100.0        |
| Dr Tan Khee Giap <sup>(5)</sup>                       | -                     | 100.0          | -                    | 100.0        |
| Tan San Ming (Alternate Director) <sup>(6)</sup>      | 93.0                  | -              | 7.0                  | 100.0        |
| Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah Connie (Alternate Director)(7) | 100.0                 | -              | -                    | 100.0        |

#### Notes:

- (1) Inclusive of benefits in kind, allowances and provident funds, where applicable.
- <sup>(2)</sup> On receipt basis during FY2023.
- (9) Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian was appointed as Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer on 1 August 2023.
- <sup>(4)</sup> Dato' Kamal Y P Tan resigned as Non-Executive Director on 17 August 2023.
- <sup>(5)</sup> Dr Tan Khee Giap was appointed as Independent Director on 1 August 2023.
- <sup>(6)</sup> Mr Tan San Ming was appointed as Alternate Director and Chief Operating Officer on 1 August 2023.
- (7) Ms Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah Connie was appointed as Alternate Director on 1 August 2023 and Chief Improvement Officer on 18 September 2023.

The Company has not complied with Provision 8.1(a) of the Code which requires the Company to disclose exact details of the remuneration of Directors due to the competitive pressures in the talent market and as such, maintaining confidentiality on such matters would be in the best interest of the Company.

The Company is not compliant with Provision 8.1(b) of the Code which requires the Company to name and disclose the remuneration of the top five key management personnel (who are not Directors or the CEO) in bands of \$\$250,000. The Board is of the view that it is not in the interests of the Company to disclose the remuneration of the top five key management personnel (who are not Directors) within the bands of \$\$250,000 each, the breakdown of each individual's remuneration and the aggregate total remuneration due to the sensitive and confidential nature of such information and disadvantages that this might bring which among others include group employment sensitivity, potential staff motivational and retention issues.

On the remuneration of the top five key management personnel, one key personnel received remuneration band was above \$\$250,000 and the remaining four received remuneration band below \$\$250,000. In aggregate, the total remuneration paid to the top five key management personnel in FY2023 was approximately \$\$950,000.

There is no termination, retirement and post-employment benefits granted to the Directors, the Executive Chairman and the top five key management personnel.

The Company does not use any contractual provisions to reclaim incentive components of remuneration from the Executive Chairman and the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer in exceptional circumstances of misstatement of financial results, or of misconduct resulting in financial loss of the Company.

The Group adopts a process where the executive Directors and key management personnel are reviewed and assessed for individual performance against set performance targets. Performance against these targets is a key factor determining their remuneration. On an annual basis, the RC reviews and makes recommendation to the Board for changes relating to the remuneration of the Executive Chairman and Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer which includes increment and bonus, and will then submit its recommendation to the Board for approval.

#### **Provision 8.2**

# **Remuneration of Immediate Family Members of Directors or CEO**

Except for Dato' Jaya J B Tan (Executive Chairman), Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian (Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer) and Ms Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah Connie (Alternate Director to Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian and Chief Improvement Officer), there are no employees who are substantial shareholders of the Company.

Dato' Jaya J B Tan is the father of Mr Tan San Ming (Alternate Director to Dato' Jaya J B Tan and Chief Operating Officer) and Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian is the spouse of Ms Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah Connie and vice-versa. Mr Tan San Ming and Ms Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah Connie received remuneration comprising salary and annual bonus amounting to less than S\$100,000 during the financial year.

#### **Provision 8.3**

#### **Employee Share Scheme**

The Company does not have any share option or other share incentive scheme for its employees. The RC has reviewed and is satisfied that the existing remuneration structure for management personnel and executives paid out in cash would continue to be adequate in incentivizing performance without being overly-excessive.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS**

#### **PRINCIPLE 9**

The Board is responsible for the governance of risk and ensures that Management maintains a sound system of risk management and internal controls to safeguard shareholders' interests of the company and its subsidiaries.

#### Provision 9.1

#### **Risk Management and Internal Controls Systems**

The Board reviews the risk profile of the Group and ensures that there are robust risk management policies and internal controls in place. The Board has delegated the responsibility for setting the direction of the Group's risk management strategy to Management. The key risks of the Group have been identified within a group risk framework that has been approved by Management and the AC.

The Group has established risk management policies, guidelines and control procedures to manage its exposure risks. Details of the various financial risk factors and the management of such risks are outlined in the financial statements.

It is part of the Board's role to ensure that there are adequate policies for risk management and internal controls and to oversee the effectiveness of the policies in achieving the Group's goals and objectives. The responsibility for implementing appropriate policies and procedures to achieve effective risk management and internal control is delegated to Senior Management. The overall framework established by Management is designed to enhance the soundness of the Group's financial reporting, risk management, compliance and internal control systems which include:

- Process improvement initiatives undertaken by business units;
- Benchmarking against key risk indicators, such as loss reporting, exceptions reporting and management reviews;
- Annual formal evaluations by the heads of business units and support functions on the soundness, effectiveness and efficiency of the financial reporting, risk management;
- compliance and internal control systems in their respective areas of responsibility;
- Implementation of formal policies and procedures relating to the delegation of authority;
- Involvement of experienced and suitably qualified employees who take responsibility for important business functions; and
- Segregation of key functions that are deemed incompatible and that may give rise to a risk that errors or irregularities may not be promptly detected.

There is an organisational structure with clearly drawn lines of accountability and delegation of authority. There are documented procedures in place that cover management accounting, financial reporting, investment appraisal, information systems security, compliance and other risk management issues.

The systems that are in place are intended to provide guidance in managing and mitigating the business risks in safeguarding assets, maintenance of proper accounting records, the reliability of financial information, compliance with applicable legislation and best practice, but not absolute assurance against misstatements or losses.

A system of internal controls has been implemented for all companies within the Group. The controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, operational controls are in place, business risks are suitably protected, proper accounting records are maintained and financial information used within the business and for publication is accurate and reliable.

While no system can provide absolute assurance against loss or misstatement, Management, in designing the controls, had taken into account the business risk, its likelihood of occurrence and the cost of protection. During the financial year, the AC, on behalf of the Board, has reviewed the effectiveness of the various systems in place by Management and is satisfied that there are adequate internal controls in the Group.

#### **Provision 9.2**

#### Assurance from the CEO and the CFO

For the financial year under review, the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer and the CFO have provided assurance to the Board that the financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's operations and finances; and the system of risk management and internal controls in place within the Group is adequate and effective in addressing the material risks in the Group in its current business environment including material financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks.

# Board's comment on Adequacy and Effectiveness of Internal Controls and Risk Management Systems

While no system can provide absolute assurance against loss or misstatement, the Management, in designing the controls, had taken into account the business risk, its likelihood of occurrence and the cost of protection. During the financial year, the AC, on behalf of the Board, has reviewed the effectiveness of the various systems in place by the Management and is satisfied that there are adequate internal controls in the Group.

Based on the internal controls established and maintained by the Group, the work performed by the external auditors and the reviews conducted by the Management, the Board, with the concurrence of the AC is of the opinion that the Group's risk management and internal controls systems addressing financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks were adequate as at 30 September 2023.

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

#### **PRINCIPLE 10**

The Board has an Audit Committee which discharges its duties objectively.

Provisions 10.1 and 10.2

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee ("AC") comprises one non-executive Director and two independent non-executive Directors, one of whom is also the Chairman of the Committee. The members of the AC as at the date of this report are as follows:-

John Lyn Hian Woon (Chairman)

Teo Chee Seng (Member)

Non-Executive, Independent

Non-Executive, Independent

Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui (Member) Non-Executive

All members of the AC have recent and relevant accounting or related financial management expertise or experience.

# Roles, Responsibilities and Authorities of AC

The principal responsibility of the AC is to assist the Board in maintaining a high standard of corporate governance, particularly by providing an independent review of the Group's material internal controls, including financial, operational, compliance and risk management controls at least once annually, to safeguard the Company's assets and maintain adequate accounting records, with the overall objective of ensuring that the management creates and maintains an effective accounting control in the Group.

The AC has authority to investigate any matter within its terms of reference, gain full access to and co-operation by Management, exercise full discretion to invite any Director or executive officer to attend its meetings, and gain reasonable access to resources to enable it to discharge its function properly.

The AC has undertaken a review of all non-audit services provided by the external auditors and is of the opinion that the provision of such services would not affect the independence of the auditors.

The members of the AC carried out their duties in accordance with the terms of reference which include the following:-

- review and discuss with external auditors before the audit commences, the nature and scope of the audit to ensure co-ordination where more than one audit firm is involved;
- review audit plans and results of the audit performed by the external auditors and ensure adequacy of the Group's system of accounting controls;
- review the financial statements of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group before their submission to the Board:
- · review the announcements of the financial results;
- ensure the integrity of the financial statements by reviewing key areas of management judgement applied for adequate provisioning and disclosure, critical accounting policies and any significant changes made that would have an impact on the Group's financial performance;
- review the adequacy of the internal audit function and the effectiveness of the Company's material internal controls;
- review the independence of the external auditors;
- · review interested person transactions;
- review the co-operation given by the Management to the external auditors; and
- review the appointment and re-appointment of external and internal auditors of the Company and the audit fees.

The external auditors have full access to the AC who has the express power to conduct or authorise investigations into any matters within its terms of reference. Minutes of the AC meetings will be regularly submitted to the Board for its information.

The AC has reviewed the Group's risk assessment and based on the audit reports and management controls in place is satisfied that there are adequate internal controls in the Group.

# **Independence of External Auditors**

For the financial year under review, the Group has accrued an aggregate amount of audit fees of RM536,404, comprising audit fees of RM258,725 paid to auditors of the Company; and RM277,679 paid to other auditors for audit fees. In compliance with Rule 1207(6) of the Listing Manual issued by Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, the AC confirmed that it has undertaken a review of all non-audit services provided by the Auditors and they would not, in the AC's opinion, affect the independence of the Auditors.

The Group has complied with Rules 712 and 715 of the Listing Rules in relation to its Auditors.

The AC has recommended the re-appointment of BDO LLP as auditors for the ensuing year, subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming AGM.

The AC is guided by the terms of reference which stipulate its principal functions. The Company will arrange to send its AC members to seminars for updates on Financial Reporting Standards, if required. The external auditors provides regular updates and briefings to the AC on changes or amendments to accounting standards to enable the AC to keep abreast of such changes and its corresponding impact on the financial statements, if any.

#### Whistle-blowing Policy

The Group is committed to a high standard of ethical conduct and has put in place a whistle-blowing policy, endorsed by the AC. The policy provides mechanism where employees, may in good faith and confidence, raise concerns about dishonesty, fraudulent acts, corruption and improper conduct that may cause financial or non-financial loss to the Group with the assurance that they will be protected from reprisals or victimization for whistleblowing in good faith.

All whistle-blowing cases are to be reported to the Chairman of the AC. The AC will objectively assess, investigate and recommend appropriate remedial actions to be taken, where warranted. It will report to the Board on such matters at Board meetings. Should the AC receive reports relating to serious offences and/or criminal activities in the Group, the AC and the Board have access to the appropriate external advice where necessary. Where appropriate or required, a report shall be made to the relevant government authorities for further investigation or action.

The Company's whistle-blowing policy contains clear provisions on protection for whistleblowers. Under the Company's whistle-blowing policy, the Company will take all necessary measures to ensure that the whistle-blower's identity will be kept confidential unless required by the court or other regulatory authorities make disclosure of the identity. The Company does not tolerate victimisation of the whistle-blower or any employee who may be involved as witnesses to any investigation or allow any whistle-blower or witness to be subject to any reprisal. Disciplinary action will be taken against employees who victimise or take any form of reprisal against the whistle-blower or witnesses and in appropriate cases, the relevant employees may be dismissed. The Company will take all necessary steps to ensure that the employment of the whistle-blower will be protected even if the report proves to be unfounded, provided the report was made in good faith.

There were no reported incidents pertaining to whistle-blowing during the year under review.

#### **Provision 10.3**

#### Partners or Directors of the Company's Auditing Firm

The AC does not comprise former partners or Directors of the Company's existing auditing firm or auditing corporations within a period of two years commencing on the date of their ceasing to be partner of the auditing firm or Director of the auditing corporation; in any case, for as long as they have financial interest in the auditing firm or auditing corporation.

#### **Provision 10.4**

#### **Internal Audit Function**

The Board recognizes the importance of maintaining a system of internal control processes to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's business and assets. The Board notes that no system of internal control could provide absolute assurance against the occurrence of material errors, poor judgment in decision making, human error, losses, fraud or other irregularities. The annual conduct of audits by internal auditor assesses the effectiveness of the Group's internal control procedures and provides reasonable assurance to the AC and the Management that the Group's risk management, controls and governance processes are adequate and effective.

The Board is satisfied that the internal audit function is independent, has adequate resources to perform its function effectively and is staffed by suitably qualified and experienced professionals with the relevant experience. The AC will also approve the hiring, removal, evaluation and compensation of the accounting or auditing firm or corporation which the internal audit function of the Company is outsourced to.

The AC has outsourced the performance of internal audit functions of the Group to Smart Focus. The internal auditor will report directly to the AC and administratively to the Executive Chairman.

# **Adequacy and Effectiveness of Internal Audit Functions**

To ensure the adequacy of the internal audit function, the AC had reviewed and approved the internal audit plan before the internal audit commenced. The AC, on an annual basis, will assess the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal audit and internal auditors' independence, the qualification and experiences of internal audit team assigned and the internal auditors' report and its relationship with the internal auditors. The AC conducted a review and concluded that the internal audit function is adequately resourced, effective and has appropriate standing within the Group.

The internal audit work carried out in FY2023 was guided by the International Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing laid down in the International Professional Practices Framework issued by the Institute of Internal Auditors.

#### **Provision 10.5**

#### Meeting with external and internal auditors without presence of Management

The AC will meet with the external auditors without the presence of the Management at least once a year to review the scope and results of the audit and its cost effectiveness, as well as the independence and objectivity of the external auditors.

#### SHAREHOLDERS RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

#### **PRINCIPLE 11**

The company treats all shareholders fairly and equitably in order to enable them to exercise shareholders' rights and have the opportunity to communicate their views on matters affecting the company. The company gives shareholders a balanced and understandable assessment of its performance, position and prospects.

#### **Provision 11.1**

#### Providing Opportunity for Shareholders to Participate and Vote at General Meetings

The Company is committed to treating all shareholders fairly and equitably. To facilitate shareholders' ownership rights, the Company ensures that all material information is disclosed on an accurate and timely basis via SGXNet, in particular, information relating to the Company's business development and financial performance which could have a material impact on the Company's share price so as to enable shareholders to make informed decisions in respect of their investments.

Shareholders have the opportunity to participate effectively in and vote at the general meetings of shareholders. Shareholders are informed of shareholders' meetings, through notices contained in annual reports or circulars sent to all shareholders. The notice is also released via SGXNet and published on the Company's website.

The Constitution of the Company allows each shareholder to appoint up to two proxies to attend and vote at general meetings on his/ her behalf. Pursuant to the Companies Act, members defined as "relevant intermediary" are allowed to attend and participate in general meetings without being constrained by the two-proxy requirement. Relevant intermediary includes corporations holding licenses in providing nominee and custodial services and the Central Provident Fund ("CPF") Board which purchases shares on behalf of the CPF investors.

Shareholders are given the opportunity to participate effectively and vote at general meetings where relevant rules and procedures governing such meeting are clearly communicated. All resolutions at general meetings of the Company will be voted by poll as required by Rule 730A(2) of the Listing Rules.

# Provision 11.2

#### **Separate Resolutions for Separate Issues**

The Company tables separate resolutions at general meetings of shareholders on each substantially separate issue unless the issues are interdependent and linked so as to form one significant proposal. Where resolutions are "bundled", the Company explains the reasons and material implications in the notice of meeting.

#### **Provision 11.3**

#### **Attendance of Directors and Auditors at General Meetings**

Typically, barring unforeseen circumstances, all Directors and in particular, the Chairpersons of the AC, NC, RC will be available to address questions at general meetings. The external auditors are also present to address any shareholders' questions on the conduct of audit and the preparation of the Auditors' Report. The Company Secretary/Secretaries attends all general meetings to ensure that procedures under the Constitution and the Listing Rules are complied.

The Company's last AGM was held by electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangement for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020 (the "Order") on 30 January 2023. Attendance at the last AGM was by way of electronic means accessed via live audio-visual website or live audio-only stream. Questions were submitted to the Chairman of the Meeting in advance of the said AGM. Voting was conducted by appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy at the said AGM. Pursuant to the Order, all attendees comprising Shareholders, all Directors, Company Secretaries, Auditors, Share Registrar, Scrutineer and invitees attended the last AGM via electronic means.

#### **Provision 11.4**

#### Absentia voting

The Company's Constitution does not allow a shareholder to vote in absentia due to concerns on authentication of shareholder's identity, other related security and integrity of the information.

#### **Provision 11.5**

#### Minutes of general meetings

The Company prepares minutes of general meetings detailing proceedings and questions raised by shareholders and answers given by the Board and Management.

The Company had published the minutes of its last Annual General Meeting and Extraordinary General Meeting held on 5 October 2023 on SGXNet and the Company's website within one month after the date of the meeting. Results of general meetings will continue to be released as an announcement on SGXNet.

#### **Provision 11.6**

#### Dividend

The Company does not have a fixed policy on payment of dividend. The Board will consider the Group's earnings, cash flow, capital requirement and general business condition before proposing a dividend. For FY2023, the Company did not declare any dividend as it is not in a profitable position.

#### **ENGAGEMENT WITH SHAREHOLDERS**

#### **PRINCIPLE 12**

The company communicates regularly with its shareholders and facilitates the participation of shareholders during general meetings and other dialogues to allow shareholders to communicate their views on various matters affecting the Company.

#### **Provision 12.1**

#### Avenues for communication between the Board and shareholders

The Group is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate disclosure and transparency. The Board is mindful of the obligation to provide regular, effective and fair communication with shareholders. Besides the release of half-year results, the Company ensures timely and adequate disclosure of information on material matters required by the Listing Rules through announcements via the SGXNet. The Company does not practice selective disclosure of material information.

The Board views the annual general meeting as a forum for dialogue with shareholders as it provides an opportunity for shareholders to raise issues and ask the Directors or the Management questions regarding the Company and its operations and to enable the Company to understand the views of the shareholders.

#### Provisions 12.2 and 12.3

# **Investor Relations**

The Company's investor relations policy is to communicate with its shareholders and the investment community through the timely and equal dissemination of information and news via announcements on the SGXNet.

The Company values dialogue sessions with its shareholders. The Group welcomes the views of shareholders on matters affecting the Company, whether at shareholders' meetings or on an ad-hoc basis. Shareholders can submit their feedback and raise any questions to the Company's investor relation contact as provided in the Company's website, <a href="https://www.envictus-intl.com">https://www.envictus-intl.com</a>

#### **ENGAGEMENT WITH STAKEHOLDERS**

# **PRINCIPLE 13**

The Board adopts an inclusive approach by considering and balancing the needs and interests of material stakeholders, as part of its overall responsibility to ensure that the best interests of the company are served.

#### Provisions 13.1 and 13.2

The Group identifies its key stakeholders by taking into consideration their involvement in and influence on the Group's business. The stakeholders of the Group include, but are not limited to, shareholders, customers, employees, suppliers, government, regulators and the community.

The Company adopts both formal and informal channels of communications to better understand the needs of key stakeholders, and incorporate these into our corporate strategies to achieve mutually beneficial relationships.

The Group is committed to sustainability and incorporates the key principles of environmental and social responsibility, and corporate governance in our corporate strategies. The sustainability report published provides more details about the strategy and key areas of focus in relation to the management of stakeholder relationships.

#### **Material Contracts**

No material contracts were entered into between the Company or any of its subsidiaries involving the interests of any Director or controlling shareholder, which are either subsisting at the end of the financial year or, if not then subsisting, entered into since the end of the previous financial year up to the date of the financial statements except for related party transactions and Director's remuneration as disclosed in the financial statements.

#### Interested Person Transactions

The Company has established procedures to ensure that all transactions with interested persons are reported on a timely manner to the AC and that the transactions are at arm's length basis. All interested person transactions are subject to review by the AC to ensure compliance with the established procedures.

The aggregate value of interested person transactions entered into during the year were as follows:-

Aggregate value of all interested person transactions during the financial year under review (excluding transactions less than S\$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the SGX Listing Manual)

Aggregate value of all interested person transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the SGX Listing Manual (excluding transactions less than S\$100,000)

#### Name of Interested Person

RM RM

Perinsu (Broker Insurans) Sdn Bhd

- Insurance premium

1,591,605

(or approximately \$\$473,734)

Based on average exchange rate for the year ended 30 September 2023 of S\$1 = RM3.3597

Perinsu (Broker Insurans) Sdn Bhd ("PBI") is involved in the business of insurance brokering. The Company's Executive Chairman, Dato' Jaya J B Tan is a director and substantial shareholder of PBI.

#### **Dealings in Securities**

The Company has adopted and implemented a policy on dealings in securities that is in accordance with Rule 1207(19) of the Listing Rules. Under this policy, the Company, Directors and officers of the Group have been prohibited from dealing in the Company's shares during the period commencing one month before the half-year or full-year results announcement, as the case may be, and ending on the date of announcements of the relevant results and at any time whilst in possession of unpublished price sensitive information. They are discouraged from dealing in the Company's securities on short-term considerations.

In the course of doing business for the Company and the Group or in discussion with one of customers, vendors or partners, Directors and officers of the Company and the Group may become aware of material non-public information about that organisation. Information is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that a reasonable investor would consider it important in making a decision to trade in the public securities of the Company. The discussion of this information is on a limited "need to know" basis internally and is not shared with anyone outside the Company or the Group. Directors and officers are not allowed to buy or sell the public securities of the affected organisations, including the Company, on the basis of such information, nor can this information be shared with others.

The Company has complied with the best practice pursuant to Rule 1207(19) of the Listing Rules in not dealing in its own securities during the restricted trading periods.

#### **Sustainability Report**

The Sustainability Report will be issued and released via SGXNet within the prescribed timeline as required under Rule 711A of the Listing Rules.



# **DIRECTORS' STATEMENT**

The Directors of Envictus International Holdings Limited (the "Company") present their statement to the members together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the financial year ended 30 September 2023 and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 30 September 2023 and statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended 30 September 2023.

#### 1. Opinion of the Directors

In the opinion of the Board of Directors,

- (a) the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company together with the notes thereon are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 30 September 2023, and of the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and changes in equity of the Company for the financial year then ended; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

#### 2. Directors

The Directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are as follows:

Dato' Jaya J B Tan (Executive Chairman)

Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui (Non-Executive Vice-Chairman)

Richard Lee Keng Chian (Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer)

Mah Weng Choong (Non-Executive Director)
John Lyn Hian Woon (Independent Director)
Teo Chee Seng (Independent Director)

Dr Tan Khee Giap (Independent Director) Appointed on 1 August 2023

Tan San Ming (Alternate Director to Dato' Jaya J B Tan and Chief Operating

Officer) Appointed on 1 August 2023

Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah Connie (Alternate Director to Richard Lee Keng Chian) Appointed

on 1 August 2023 and (Chief Improvement Officer) Appointed

on 18 September 2023

#### 3. Share options

There were no share options granted by the Company or its subsidiary corporations during the financial year.

There were no shares issued during the financial year by virtue of the exercise of options to take up unissued shares of the Company or its subsidiary corporations.

There were no unissued shares of the Company or its subsidiary corporations under option as at the end of the financial year.

# 4. Arrangements to enable Directors to acquire shares or debentures

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose object was to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

#### **DIRECTORS' STATEMENT**

#### 5. Directors' interests in shares or debentures

The Directors of the Company holding office at the end of the financial year had interests in the shares or debentures of the Company and its related corporations as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 164 of the Singapore Companies Act 1967 (the "Act").

|                                  |                  | dings register<br>Directors and I |                               |                  | lings in which<br>ned to have an |                               |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
|                                  |                  |                                   | Balance<br>as at<br>1.10.2022 |                  |                                  | Balance<br>as at<br>1.10.2022 |
|                                  | Balance<br>as at | Balance<br>as at                  | or date of appointment,       | Balance<br>as at | Balance                          | or date of appointment,       |
|                                  | 21.10.2023       | 30.9.2023                         | if later                      | 21.10.2023       | 30.9.2023                        | if later                      |
| The Company                      |                  |                                   | Number of ord                 | dinary shares    |                                  |                               |
| Dato' Jaya J B Tan               | 72,363,449       | 72,363,449                        | 44,063,449                    | 1,326,960        | 1,326,960                        | 46,059,252                    |
| Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng<br>Hui     | 61,926,877       | 61,926,877                        | 35,245,577                    | 29,123,680       | 29,123,680                       | 29,123,680                    |
| Richard Lee Keng Chian           | 15,335,985       | 15,335,985                        | 15,335,985                    | 15,335,985       | 15,335,985                       | 15,335,985                    |
| Mah Weng Choong                  | 10,117,399       | 10,117,399                        | 15,117,399                    | -                | -                                | -                             |
| John Lyn Hian Woon               | 545,420          | 545,420                           | 545,420                       | -                | -                                | -                             |
| Teo Chee Seng                    | 30,000           | 30,000                            | 30,000                        | -                | -                                | -                             |
| Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah<br>Connie | 15,335,985       | 15,335,985                        | 15,335,985                    | 15,335,985       | 15,335,985                       | 15,335,985                    |
|                                  |                  |                                   | Number of                     | warrants         |                                  |                               |
| Dato' Jaya J B Tan               | -                | -                                 | 24,305,977                    | -                | -                                | 26,631,838                    |
| Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng<br>Hui     | -                | -                                 | 17,842,513                    | -                | -                                | 12,730,080                    |
| Mah Weng Choong                  | -                | -                                 | 5,029,995                     | -                | -                                | -                             |
| John Lyn Hian Woon               | -                | -                                 | 244,320                       | -                | -                                | -                             |

By virtue of Section 7 of the Act, Dato' Jaya J B Tan and Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui are deemed to have an interest in all related corporations of the Company.

On 28 November 2018, the Company allotted and issued 105,195,904 new ordinary shares ("Right Shares") at an issue price of \$\$0.16 for each Right Share and 105,195,904 free detachable warrants ("Warrants") pursuant to a renounceable and non-underwritten right cum warrants issue. Each Warrant carries the right to subscribe one new ordinary share in the capital of the Company at an exercise price of \$\$0.16 for each new ordinary share and is exercisable at any time during the period commencing on the date falling twelve (12) months from the date of issue of the Warrants and expiring on the market day immediately preceding the fourth (4th) anniversary of the date of issue of the Warrants.

A total of 57,066,950 warrants have been exercised at the exercise price at \$\$0.16 per share prior to the expiry date on 25 November 2022 at 5:00 p.m. A total of remaining 48,128,954 warrants that had not been exercised as aforesaid have lapsed and subsequently delisted from the official list of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") with effect from 28 November 2022.

#### **DIRECTORS' STATEMENT**

#### 6. Audit committee

The Audit Committee ("AC") of the Company is chaired by John Lyn Hian Woon (an Independent Director), and includes Teo Chee Seng (an Independent Director) and Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui (Non-Executive Vice Chairman). The AC has met two times since the last Annual General Meeting ("AGM") and has carried out its functions in accordance with Section 201B(5) of the Act, including reviewing the following, where relevant, with the Executive Directors and external auditors of the Company:

- (a) the audit plans of the internal and external auditors and the results of the auditors' examination and evaluation of the Group's systems of internal accounting controls;
- (b) the Company's and the Group's financial and operating results and accounting policies;
- (c) the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group and external auditor's report on those financial statements before their submission to the Directors of the Company;
- (d) the half-yearly and annual announcements as well as the related press releases on the results and financial position of the Company and the Group;
- (e) the co-operation and assistance given by the management to the Company's internal and external auditor;
- (f) the re-appointment of the internal and external auditor of the Company;
- (g) review and approve interested person transactions;
- (h) review potential conflict of interests, if any;
- (i) undertake such other reviews and projects as may be requested by the Board and will report to the Board its findings from time to time on matters arising and requiring the attention of the AC; and
- (j) generally undertake such other functions and duties as may be required by statute or the SGX-ST Listing Manual, and by such amendments made thereto from time to time.

The AC has full access to and has the co-operation of the management and has been given the resources required for it to discharge its function properly. It also has full discretion to invite any Director and executive officer to attend its meetings. The internal and external auditors have unrestricted access to the AC.

The AC has recommended to the Directors the nomination of BDO LLP for re-appointment as external auditor of the Company at the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

# 7. Independent auditor

The independent auditor, BDO LLP, has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Dato' Jaya J B Tan Executive Chairman **Richard Lee Keng Chian**Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

15 December 2023

TO THE MEMBERS OF ENVICTUS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

# **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Envictus International Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), as set up on pages 64 to 150 which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 30 September 2023;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity, and consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group and the statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year then ended; and
- notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 30 September 2023, and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and of the changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA") Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF ENVICTUS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

# KEY AUDIT MATTER AUDIT RESPONSE

#### 1 Impairment of property, plant and equipment

As at 30 September 2023, the carrying amount of the Group's property, plant and equipment including right-of-use assets ("PPE") amounted to RM303,372,000 which represents 53% of the Group's total assets. During the financial year, management carried out an impairment assessment on certain PPE of the Group for those with indicators of impairment by determining the recoverable amounts.

Management determined the recoverable amounts using the value-in-use method of the cash generating units ("CGUs") on outlet basis by estimating the present value of the future cash flows from the respective outlets. This required key assumptions to be made regarding the respective revenue growth rates as well as overall market and economic condition of the industry.

In carrying out the impairment assessment of other property, plant and equipment, management determined the recoverable amounts using the fair value less cost of disposal method ("FVLCOD"). This assessment involved critical assumptions and judgement in determining the recoverable amount.

Due to significant management judgement and estimation involved in the impairment assessment, as well as the significance of the carrying amount of PPE to the Group's financial statements, we have determined this area to be a key audit matter.

Refer to note 2.7, note 3.2(ii) and note 4 of the accompanying financial statements.

Our audit procedures included, amongst others:

Evaluated the management's assessment of indicators of impairment of PPE in accordance with SFRS(I) 1-36.

Evaluated management's assessment of the remaining useful lives and residual value of the PPE.

Evaluated the reasonableness of management's key assumptions on the revenue growth rates which considers the overall economic and business environment.

Performed sensitivity analysis to assess the extent of changes to the key assumptions that would cause the recoverable amount to be below the carrying amount.

Assessed the reasonableness of the key assumptions used in FVLCOD taking into consideration of key attributes such as size, tenure, condition and prevailing market conditions by evaluating the underlying data.

Evaluated the adequacy of the related disclosures in the financial statements.

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF ENVICTUS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTER**

#### **AUDIT RESPONSE**

#### 2 Impairment of intangible assets

As at 30 September 2023, the carrying amount of the Group's intangible assets amounted to RM28,760,000 comprising mainly goodwill, trademarks and franchise fees from the Food Services, Trading and Frozen Food and Dairies business segments.

Under SFRS(I) 1-36 Impairment of Assets, the Group is required to carry out impairment assessment at least annually by comparing the carrying amounts of the CGUs to which the intangible assets belong against the recoverable amounts for intangible assets with indefinite useful lives such as trademarks and goodwill irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment; and franchise fees with definite useful lives if there are indications of impairment.

Management determined the recoverable amounts using the value-in-use method by estimating the present value of the future cash flows from these CGUs. This required key assumptions to be made regarding the respective revenue growth rates, gross margin and relevant discount rates.

In carrying out the impairment assessment of other intangible assets, management determined the recoverable amounts using the fair value less cost of disposal method ("FVLCOD"). This assessment involved critical assumptions and judgement in determining the recoverable amount.

Due to significant management judgement and estimation involved in the impairment assessment, as well as the significance of the carrying amount of intangible assets to the Group's financial statements, we have determined this area to be a key audit matter.

Refer to note 2.7, note 3.2(i) and note 9 of the accompanying financial statements.

Our audit procedures included, amongst others:

Evaluated the reasonableness of management's key assumptions on the revenue growth rates which considers the overall economic and business environment.

We also evaluated management's assessment of the remaining useful lives of the franchise fees.

Engaged our internal valuation specialist to evaluate the reasonableness and appropriateness of the valuation methodology and key assumption applied by management such as discount rates used for certain CGUs.

Performed sensitivity analysis to assess the extent of changes to the key assumptions that would cause the recoverable amount to be below the carrying amount of the intangible assets

Assessed the reasonableness of the key assumptions used in FVLCOD taking into consideration of key attributes such as size, tenure, condition and prevailing market conditions by evaluating the underlying data.

Evaluated the adequacy of the related disclosures in the financial statements.

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF ENVICTUS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTER**

#### **AUDIT RESPONSE**

# 3 Liquidity of the Group

The Group recorded a net loss of RM32,854,000 for the financial year ended 30 September 2023. As at that date, the Group's net current liabilities, capital commitment contracted but not provided for and undiscounted commitments for short-term leases as at 30 September 2023 were RM48,848,000, RM3,290,000 and RM1,389,000, respectively.

The Group's net cash generated from operating activities amounted to RM45,387,000 during the financial year and has cash and bank balances of RM18,328,000 as at 30 September 2023.

Subsequent to the financial year, the Group has disposed 2 lots of leasehold land and assets for a consideration of RM86,000,000. The Group will utilise the net proceeds from the disposals for repayment of bank borrowings and working capital requirements. The Group will continue to monetise certain of its non-core and non-profitable assets of the Group when the opportunity arises.

Based on the cash flow forecast prepared and the availability of funds through positive operating cash flow, available credit facilities (includes unutilised credit facilities and new credit facilities applied) and the Executive Chairman funding for any urgent shortfall in the working capital of the Group as and when required, the Board of Directors has determined that the Group will have sufficient liquidity for its working capital and financial obligations as and when they fall due.

We have determined the liquidity of the Group to be a key audit matter as the availability of funds will impact the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

Refer to note 2.1, note 12, note 15, note 16, note 29.1 and note 31.4 of the accompanying financial statements.

Our audit procedures included, amongst others:

Evaluated management's cash flow forecast prepared based on approved budget on the Group's ability to settle its obligations as and when they fall due.

Checked to the contracted capital commitments, availability of unutilised credit facilities, the outcome of application for new credit facilities and extension to credit terms from financial institutions.

Performed sensitivity analysis over the key assumptions made by management.

Assessed the adequacy of the related disclosures in the financial statements.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

TO THE MEMBERS OF ENVICTUS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

#### Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SFRS(I)s, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

TO THE MEMBERS OF ENVICTUS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

We communicate with the Directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the Directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the Directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Ng Kian Hui.

## **BDO LLP**

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Singapore 15 December 2023

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

|  | _    | Grou     | ıp       | Compa      | any     |
|--|------|----------|----------|------------|---------|
|  | Note | 2023     | 2022     | 2023       | 2022    |
|  |      | RM'000   | RM'000   | RM'000     | RM'000  |
| Non-current assets                           |      |          |          |            |         |
| Property, plant and equipment*               | 4    | 303,372  | 392,114  | -          | -       |
| Investment property                          | 5    | 18,331   | 19,992   | -          | -       |
| Investments in subsidiaries                  | 6    | -        | -        | 348,147    | 326,737 |
| Financial assets at fair value through other |      |          |          |            |         |
| comprehensive income ("FVOCI")               | 7    | 7,622    | 9,862    | 7,622      | 9,597   |
| Deferred tax assets                          | 8    | 308      | 308      | -          | -       |
| Intangible assets                            | 9    | 28,760   | 26,353   | -          | -       |
| Trade and other receivables                  | 11   | 10,739   | -        | -          | -       |
|  |      | 369,132  | 448,629  | 355,769    | 336,334 |
| Current assets                               |      |          |          |            |         |
| Inventories                                  | 10   | 53,413   | 49,603   | _          | -       |
| Trade and other receivables                  | 11   | 53,896   | 72,087   | 68,300     | 43,378  |
| Cash and bank balances                       | 12   | 18,328   | 16,760   | 1,520      | 1,259   |
|  |      | 125,637  | 138,450  | 69,820     | 44,637  |
| Assets classified as held for sale           | 13   | 73,702   | · -      | · <u>-</u> | -       |
|  |      | 199,339  | 138,450  | 69,820     | 44,637  |
| Less:  |      | -        |          |            |         |
| Current liabilities                          |      |          |          |            |         |
| Trade and other payables                     | 14   | 114,694  | 104,142  | 26,207     | 37,187  |
| Bank borrowings                              | 15   | 109,108  | 84,946   | -          | -       |
| Lease liabilities                            | 16   | 23,938   | 23,075   | -          | -       |
| Current income tax payable                   |      | 447      | 166      | -          | _       |
|  |      | 248,187  | 212,329  | 26,207     | 37,187  |
| Net current (liabilities)/assets             |      | (48,848) | (73,879) | 43,613     | 7,450   |
|  |      |          |          |            |         |
| Less:  |      |          |          |            |         |
| Non-current liabilities                      |      |          |          |            |         |
| Other payable                                | 14   | 9,000    | -        | 9,000      | -       |
| Bank borrowings                              | 15   | 50,096   | 101,816  | -          | -       |
| Lease liabilities                            | 16   | 98,482   | 106,116  | -          | -       |
| Provision for restoration costs              | 17   | 4,876    | 4,544    | -          | -       |
| Deferred tax liabilities                     | 18   | 3,450    | 3,542    | -          | -       |
|  |      | 165,904  | 216,018  | 9,000      | -       |
| Net assets                                   |      | 154,380  | 158,732  | 390,382    | 343,784 |

<sup>\*</sup> Includes right-of-use assets

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

|   |       | Gro      | oup      | Com      | pany     |
|---|-------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|   | Note  | 2023     | 2022     | 2023     | 2022     |
|   |       | RM'000   | RM'000   | RM'000   | RM'000   |
| Capital and reserves                                      |       |          |          |          |          |
| Share capital   | 19(a) | 208,139  | 177,865  | 208,139  | 177,865  |
| Treasury shares   | 19(b) | (183)    | (183)    | (183)    | (183)    |
| Accumulated (losses)/profits                              |       | (59,948) | (25,730) | 121,799  | 126,442  |
| Foreign currency translation reserve                      | 20    | 37,303   | 33,497   | 89,165   | 63,999   |
| Fair value reserve  | 21    | (28,537) | (24,323) | (28,538) | (24,339) |
| Other reserve   | 22    | (2,394)  | (2,394)  | -        | -        |
| <b>Equity attributable to the owners of the Company</b> / |       |          |          |          |          |
| Total equity  |       | 154,380  | 158,732  | 390,382  | 343,784  |

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

|   | Note | 2023<br>RM′000 | 2022<br>RM'000 |
|---|------|----------------|----------------|
| Revenue   | 23   | 566,074        | 515,582        |
| Cost of goods sold  |      | (345,889)      | (323,425)      |
| Gross profit  |      | 220,185        | 192,157        |
| Other item of income  |      |                |                |
| Other operating income  |      | 5,850          | 29,978         |
| Other items of expense  |      |                |                |
| Administrative expenses   |      | (38,161)       | (36,200)       |
| Selling and marketing expenses                                      |      | (172,363)      | (142,322)      |
| Warehouse and distribution expenses                                 |      | (21,081)       | (20,796)       |
| (Loss allowance)/ Write back of allowance of receivables, net       | 31.1 | (29)           | 746            |
| Other operating expenses  |      | (4,690)        | (6,994)        |
| Finance costs   | 25   | (18,986)       | (20,250)       |
| Loss before income tax  | 24   | (29,275)       | (3,681)        |
| Income tax expense  | 26   | (3,579)        | (2,706)        |
| Loss for the financial year   |      | (32,854)       | (6,387)        |
| Other comprehensive income:   |      |                |                |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:      |      |                |                |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations           |      | 769            | 3,031          |
| Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: |      |                |                |
| Net fair value (loss)/gain on financial assets at FVOCI             | 7    | (2,541)        | 533            |
| Other comprehensive income for the financial year, net of tax       |      | (1,772)        | 3,564          |
| Total comprehensive income  |      | (34,626)       | (2,823)        |
| Loss attributable to:   |      |                |                |
| Owners of the Company   |      | (32,854)       | (6,387)        |
| Total comprehensive income attributable to:                         |      |                |                |
| Owners of the Company   |      | (34,626)       | (2,823)        |
| Loss per share attributable to owners of the Company (RM sen)       |      |                |                |
| Basic and diluted   | 27   | (11.11)        | (2.58)         |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

|   | ·    |                            |                               | - Attributable t                            | Attributable to owners of the Company | e Company –                |                                 |                           |
|---|------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
|   | Note | Share<br>capital<br>RM'000 | Treasury<br>capital<br>RM′000 | Foreign currency translation reserve RM*000 | Fair<br>value<br>reserve<br>RM'000    | Other<br>reserve<br>RM′000 | Accumulated<br>losses<br>RM′000 | Total<br>equity<br>RM'000 |
| <b>Group</b><br>At 1 October 2022                             |      | 177,865                    | (183)                         | 33,497                                      | (24,323)                              | (2,394)                    | (25,730)                        | 158,732                   |
| Total comprehensive income for the year:                      |      |                            |                               |   |                                       |                            |                                 |                           |
| Loss for the financial year Other comprehensive income:       |      | •                          | •                             | •   | •                                     | ı                          | (32,854)                        | (32,854)                  |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations     |      |                            | •                             | 3,806                                       | (1,658)                               | •                          | *(1,379)                        | 769                       |
| Net fair value loss on financial assets at FVOCI              | 7    | _                          | -                             | -   | (2,541)                               | -                          | -                               | (2,541)                   |
| Total other comprehensive income, net of tax                  |      |                            | 1                             | 908'£                                       | (4,199)                               | •                          | (1,379)                         | (1,772)                   |
| Total comprehensive income                                    |      |                            |                               | 3,806                                       | (4,199)                               | 1                          | (34,233)                        | (34,626)                  |
| <b>Transaction with owner:</b><br>Issuance of share capital   | 19   | 30,274                     | ı                             | ı   | •                                     | •                          |                                 | 30,274                    |
| Reclassification due to disposal of financial assets at FVOCI |      | ı                          | •                             | •   | (15)                                  | ,                          | 15                              | •                         |
| At 30 September 2023  |      | 208,139                    | (183)                         | 37,303                                      | (28,537)                              | (2,394)                    | (59,948)                        | 154,380                   |

The amount of RM 1,379,000 is in respect of foreign currency translation reserve of a subsidiary, which was transferred to accumulated losses when it changed its functional currency from NZD to RM

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

|   | $\downarrow$ |                            |                               | - Attributable to                                       | Attributable to owners of the Company | Company —                  |  |                           |
|---|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------------|
|   | Note         | Share<br>capital<br>RM'000 | Treasury<br>capital<br>RM′000 | Foreign<br>currency<br>translation<br>reserve<br>RM'000 | Fair<br>value<br>reserve<br>RM'000    | Other<br>reserve<br>RM'000 | Other Accumulated<br>sserve losses<br>M'000 RM'000 | Total<br>equity<br>RM′000 |
| <b>Group</b><br>At 1 October 2021                             |              | 177,865                    | (183)                         | 29,324  | (23,818)                              | (2,394)                    | (19,239)   | 161,555                   |
| Total comprehensive income for the year:                      |              |                            |                               |   |                                       |                            |  |                           |
| Loss for the financial year Other comprehensive income:       |              | ı                          |                               | •   | •                                     | 1                          | (6,387)  | (6,387)                   |
| Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations     |              | ,                          | '                             | 4,173   | (1,142)                               | 1                          | ı  | 3,031                     |
| Net fair value gain on financial assets at FVOCI              | 7            | ı                          | 1                             | 1   | 533                                   | ı                          | ı  | 533                       |
| Total other comprehensive income, net of tax                  |              | 1                          | 1                             | 4,173   | (609)                                 | 1                          | 1  | 3,564                     |
|   |              |                            |                               |   |                                       |                            |  |                           |
| Total comprehensive income                                    |              | ı                          | •                             | 4,173   | (609)                                 | 1                          | (6,387)  | (2,823)                   |
| Reclassification due to disposal of financial assets at FVOCI |              | 1                          | ı                             | ı   | 104                                   | ı                          | (104)  | 1                         |
| At 30 September 2022  |              | 177,865                    | (183)                         | 33,497  | (24,323)                              | (2,394)                    | (25,730)   | 158,732                   |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# **STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY** FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

|  | Note | Share<br>capital<br>RM'000 | Treasury<br>capital<br>RM'000 | Foreign<br>currency<br>translation<br>reserve<br>RM'000 | Fair<br>value<br>reserve<br>RM'000 | Accumulated<br>losses<br>RM'000 | Total<br>equity<br>RM'000 |
|--|------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Company                                    |      |                            |                               |   |                                    |                                 |                           |
| At 1 October 2022                          |      | 177,865                    | (183)                         | 63,999  | (24,339)                           | 126,442                         | 343,784                   |
| Total comprehensive income for the year:   |      |                            |                               |   |                                    |                                 |                           |
| Loss for the financial year                |      | -                          | -                             | -   | -                                  | (4,643)                         | (4,643)                   |
| Other comprehensive income:                |      |                            |                               |   |                                    |                                 |                           |
| Exchange differences on translation        |      | -                          | -                             | 25,166  | (1,658)                            | -                               | 23,508                    |
| Net fair value gain on financial assets at |      |                            |                               |   |                                    |                                 |                           |
| FVOCI                                      | 7    | -                          | -                             | -   | (2,541)                            | -                               | (2,541)                   |
| Total other comprehensive                  |      |                            |                               |   |                                    |                                 |                           |
| income, net of tax                         |      | -                          | -                             | 25,166  | (4,199)                            | -                               | 20,967                    |
| Total comprehensive                        |      |                            |                               |   |                                    |                                 |                           |
| income                                     |      | -                          | -                             | 25,166  | (4,199)                            | (4,643)                         | 16,324                    |
| Transaction with owner:                    |      |                            |                               |   |                                    |                                 |                           |
| Issuance of share capital                  |      | 30,274                     | -                             | -   | -                                  | -                               | 30,274                    |
| At 30 September 2023                       |      | 208,139                    | (183)                         | 89,165  | (28,538)                           | 121,799                         | 390,382                   |

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

|   |      |                            |                               | Foreign                                      | Fair                               |                                 |                           |
|---|------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|
|   | Note | Share<br>capital<br>RM'000 | Treasury<br>capital<br>RM'000 | currency<br>translation<br>reserve<br>RM'000 | Fair<br>value<br>reserve<br>RM'000 | Accumulated<br>losses<br>RM'000 | Total<br>equity<br>RM'000 |
|   | Note | KIVI OOO                   | KIVI 000                      | KIVI OOO                                     | 1111 000                           | NW 000                          | TAIVI 000                 |
| Company                                       |      |                            |                               |  |                                    |                                 |                           |
| At 1 October 2021                             |      | 177,865                    | (183)                         | 46,623                                       | (23,884)                           | 143,314                         | 343,735                   |
| Total comprehensive income for the year:      |      |                            |                               |  |                                    |                                 |                           |
| Loss for the financial year                   |      | -                          | -                             | -  | -                                  | (16,768)                        | (16,768)                  |
| Other comprehensive income:                   |      |                            |                               |  |                                    |                                 |                           |
| Exchange differences on translation           |      | -                          | -                             | 17,376                                       | (1,142)                            | -                               | 16,234                    |
| Net fair value gain on financial assets at    |      |                            |                               |  |                                    |                                 |                           |
| FVOCI   | 7    | -                          | -                             | -  | 583                                | -                               | 583                       |
| Total other comprehensive                     |      |                            |                               |  |                                    |                                 |                           |
| income, net of tax                            |      | -                          | -                             | 17,376                                       | (559)                              | -                               | 16,817                    |
| Total comprehensive                           |      |                            |                               |  |                                    |                                 |                           |
| income  |      | -                          | -                             | 17,376                                       | (559)                              | (16,768)                        | 49                        |
| Reclassification due to disposal of financial |      |                            |                               |  |                                    |                                 |                           |
| assets at FVOCI                               |      | -                          | -                             | -  | 104                                | (104)                           | -                         |
| At 30 September 2022                          |      | 177,865                    | (183)                         | 63,999                                       | (24,339)                           | 126,442                         | 343,784                   |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

|   | Note | 2023<br>RM′000 | 2022<br>RM'000 |
|---|------|----------------|----------------|
| Operating activities  |      |                |                |
| Loss before income tax  |      | (29,275)       | (3,681)        |
| Adjustments for:  |      |                |                |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment*                            | 4    | 45,480         | 44,409         |
| Finance costs   | 25   | 18,986         | 20,250         |
| Foreign currency exchange (gain)/loss, net                                |      | (181)          | 2,641          |
| Property, plant and equipment written off                                 |      | 3,049          | 1,822          |
| Amortisation of intangible assets   | 9    | 534            | 531            |
| Depreciation of investment property                                       | 5    | 421            | 449            |
| Gain on lease modifications   |      | (1,391)        | -              |
| Loss on liquidation of a subsidiary                                       |      | 81             | _              |
| Fair value loss on disposal of financial assets at FVOCI                  |      | 1              | -              |
| Impairment/(Reversal of impairment) of property, plant and equipment, net | 4    | 117            | (80)           |
| Interest income   |      | (195)          | (123)          |
| Loss allowance/(Write back of allowance) of receivables, net              |      | 29             | (746)          |
| Rent concession   | 16   | (226)          | (2,665)        |
| Gain on disposal of assets classified as held for sale                    |      | -              | (3,636)        |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net                    |      | (243)          | (13,184)       |
| Operating profit before working capital changes                           |      | 37,187         | 45,987         |
| Working capital changes:  |      |                |                |
| Inventories   |      | (3,811)        | (9,129)        |
| Trade and other receivables   |      | (4,237)        | (19,401)       |
| Trade and other payables  |      | 21,972         | (7,833)        |
| Cash generated from operations  |      | 51,111         | 9,624          |
| Interest paid   |      | (1,856)        | (1,260)        |
| Income tax paid, net  |      | (3,868)        | (2,097)        |
| Net cash generated from operating activities                              |      | 45,387         | 6,267          |
| Investing activities  |      |                |                |
| Interest received   |      | 195            | 123            |
| Proceeds from disposal of assets classified as held for sale              |      | -              | 86,738         |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment                   |      | 11,317         | 22,715         |
| Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at FVOCI                       |      | 264            | -              |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment                                 | 4(a) | (13,362)       | (9,388)        |
| Purchase of intangible assets   | 9    | (2,929)        | (3,062)        |
| Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities                    |      | (4,515)        | 97,126         |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

|  | Note  | 2023<br>RM'000 | 2022<br>RM'000 |
|--|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Financing activities   |       |                |                |
| Proceeds from issuance of share capital                      | 19(a) | 30,274         | -              |
| Interest paid  |       | (17,131)       | (18,793)       |
| Advances from Directors                                      |       | 9,207          | 9,320          |
| Repayment to Directors                                       |       | (10,870)       | (5,192)        |
| (Repayment to)/Advances from a third party                   |       | (994)          | 4,642          |
| Repayment of lease obligations                               | 16    | (23,576)       | (22,266)       |
| Drawdown of bank borrowings                                  |       | 139,694        | 87,614         |
| Repayment of bank borrowings                                 |       | (166,785)      | (160,204)      |
| Net cash used in financing activities                        |       | (40,181)       | (104,879)      |
|  |       |                |                |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents                      |       | 691            | (1,486)        |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the financial year |       | 14,918         | 16,373         |
| Effect of exchange rate changes                              |       | 54             | 31             |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the financial year       | 12    | 15,663         | 14,918         |

<sup>\*</sup> Included depreciation of right-of-use assets

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 1. General corporate information

Envictus International Holdings Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Singapore with its registered office at SGX Centre II, #17-01, 4 Shenton Way, Singapore 068807. The Company's registration number is 200313131Z. The principal place of business is located at 190 Clemenceau Avenue #06-08 Singapore Shopping Centre, Singapore 239924. The Company is listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST").

The principal activity of the Company is that of an investment holding company and providing management services to its subsidiaries.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 6 to the financial statements. The related companies in these financial statements refer to members of Envictus International Holdings Limited group.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

The individual financial statements of each entity within the Group are measured and presented in the currency of primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). The functional currency of the Company is Singapore dollar. However, as the Group's significant operations are in Malaysia, the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") which is the functional currency and the presentation currency of the significant subsidiaries in Malaysia and all values presented are rounded to the nearest thousand ("RM"000") as indicated.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with SFRS(I)s requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the Group's application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from those estimates. The areas where such judgements or estimates have significant effect on the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements.

#### **Going concern assumption**

The Group recorded a net loss of RM32,854,000 for the financial year ended 30 September 2023. The Group's net current liabilities, capital commitment contracted but not provided for and undiscounted commitments for short-term leases as at 30 September 2023 were RM48,848,000, RM3,290,000 and RM1,389,000 respectively.

The Group's net cash generated from operating activities amounted to RM45,387,000 during the financial year and has cash and bank balances of RM18,328,000 as at 30 September 2023.

Subsequent to the financial year, the Group has disposed 2 lots of leasehold land and assets for a consideration of RM86,000,000. On completion date 26 October 2023, the Group has received RM52,000,000 of the total sale consideration less 3% retention sum for real property gain tax, less such portion of bank borrowings associated with the sale assets. The remaining balance of RM34,000,000 (deferred payment) will be received on the date falling 18 months from the date of completion (Note 13). The Group will utilise the net proceeds from the disposals for repayment of bank borrowings and working capital requirements.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

Going concern assumption (Continued)

The Directors of the Company are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists and the going concern basis is appropriate in the preparation of the financial statements based on the following:

- a) The Directors of the Company have carried out a detailed review of the 12 months cash flow forecast from the financial year end of the Group and are satisfied that the Group is able to continue to generate operating cashflow and has available unutilised credit facilities (Note 15) and securing new credit facilities to fund its working capital, capital commitments and financial obligations;
- b) The Group is actively engaging with its bankers, trade and other creditors to extend or restructure the existing credit terms. During the financial year, the Group has obtained the new financing of RM17,700,000 which will be drawdown in the financial year ending 2024. In addition, the Group is also seeking additional RM36,000,000 secured term loan from its banker;
- c) The Group will continue to carry out cost-saving initiatives to manage costs to preserve cash;
- d) The Group manages inventories, trade receivables and trade payables to optimise cash flow and liquidity;
- e) The Group will continue to monetise certain of its other non-core assets when the opportunity arises; and
- f) As and when required, the Executive Chairman has committed to fund any urgent shortfall in the working capital of the Group. As at 30 September 2023, the amount due to Executive Chairman amounting to RM12,183,000 (included in amount due to Directors as disclosed in Note 14).

#### Changes in accounting policies

New standards, amendments and interpretations effective from 1 October 2022

The standards, amendments to standards, and interpretations issued that will apply for the first time by the Group are not expected to impact the Group as they are either not relevant to the Group's business activities or require accounting which is consistent with the Group's current accounting policies.

New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following SFRS(I)s were issued but not yet effective and have not been early adopted in these financial statements:

| Effective date         |
|------------------------|
| (annual periods        |
| beginning on or after) |

| SFRS(I) 17  | : Insurance Contracts   | 1 January 2023* |
|---|---|-----------------|
| SFRS(I) 1-1 and SFRS(I) Practice Statement 2 (Amendments) | : Disclosure of Accounting Policies   | 1 January 2023  |
| Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-8                                 | : Definition of Accounting Estimates  | 1 January 2023  |
| Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-12, SFRS(I) 1                     | : Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities<br>Arising From a Single Transaction | 1 January 2023  |

Effective date (annual periods

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective (Continued)

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following SFRS(I)s were issued but not yet effective and have not been early adopted in these financial statements: (Continued)

|   |  | beginning on or after) |
|---|--|------------------------|
| Amendments to SFRS(I) 16                  | : Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback  | 1 January 2024         |
| Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1                 | : Non-current Liabilities with Covenants   | 1 January 2024         |
| Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1                 | : Classification of Liabilities as Current or<br>Non-current                               | 1 January 2024**       |
| Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-7, SFRS(I) 7      | : Supplier Finance Arrangements  | 1 January 2024         |
| Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-21                | : Lack of Exchangeability  | 1 January 2025         |
| Amendments to SFRS(I) 10 and SFRS(I) 1-28 | : Sale or Contribution of Assets between an<br>Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture | To be determined       |

- \* The mandatory effective date of this Standard had been revised from 1 Jan 2021 to 1 Jan 2023 by the ASC in Nov 2020 via Amendments to SFRS(I) 17.
- \*\* The mandatory effective date of this Amendment had been revised from 1 Jan 2022 to 1 Jan 2023 by the ASC in Jul 2020 via Amendment to SFRS(I) 1-1: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current Deferral of Effective Date and further revised to 1 Jan 2024 in Dec 2022 via Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1: Non-current Liabilities with Covenants.

The Group and the Company expect that the adoption of the above SFRS(I)s, if applicable, will have no material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application.

#### 2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an investee if the Group has power over the investee, exposure to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control over the investee and cease from consolidation when the control is lost. Control is reassessed whenever the facts and circumstances indicate that they may be change in the elements of control.

All intra-group balances and transactions and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides an impairment indicator of the transferred asset.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as that of the Company, using consistent accounting policies. Where necessary, accounting policies of subsidiaries are changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners). The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the parent.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.2 Basis of consolidation (Continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. The profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to accumulated profits) in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. The fair value of any investments retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under SFRS(I) 9.

In the separate financial statements of the Company, investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost, less any impairment loss that has been recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.3 Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost. The cost includes its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Dismantlement, removal or restoration costs are included as part of the cost if the obligation for dismantlement, removal or restoration is incurred as a consequence of acquiring or using the property, plant and equipment.

Subsequent expenditure on an item of property, plant and equipment is added to the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance expenses are recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their depreciable amounts over their estimated useful lives as follows:

| Years   |
|---------|
| 52 – 81 |
| 2 – 50  |
| 10      |
| 10      |
| 10      |
| 10      |
| 10      |
| 5       |
| 10      |
| 5       |
|         |

Freehold land is not depreciated.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.3 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at the end of each financial year.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

The gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the profit or loss.

Fully depreciated property, plant and equipment are retained in the financial statements until they are no longer in use.

#### 2.4 Leases

#### As lessee

All leases are accounted for by recognising a right-of-use asset and a lease liability except for:

- leases of low value assets; and
- leases with a duration of twelve months or less.

The payments for leases of low value assets and short-term leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Initial measurement

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the contractual payments due to the lessor over the lease term, with the discount rate determined by reference to the rate inherent in the lease unless this is not readily determinable, in which case the Group's incremental borrowing rate on commencement of the lease is used.

Variable lease payments are only included in the measurement of the lease liability if it is depending on an index or rate. In such cases, the initial measurement of the lease liability assumes the variable element will remain unchanged throughout the lease term. Other variable lease payments are expensed in the period to which they relate.

On initial recognition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities also includes:

- amounts expected to be payable under any residual value guarantee;
- the exercise price of any purchase option granted in favour of the Group if it is reasonably certain to assess that option; and
- any penalties payables for terminating the lease, if the term of the lease has been estimated on the basis of termination option being exercised.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.4 Leases (Continued)

As lessee (Continued)

Initial measurement (Continued)

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at the amount of lease liabilities, reduced by any lease incentives received and increased for:

- lease payments made at or before commencement of the lease;
- initial direct costs incurred; and
- the amount of any provision recognised where the Group is contractually required to dismantle, remove
  or restore the leased asset.

The Group presents the right-of-use assets (excluding those which meet the definition of investment property) within property, plant and equipment, and lease liabilities separately from other liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### Subsequent measurement

Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated amortisation, any accumulated impairment loss and, if applicable, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. The right-of-use assets under cost model are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of either the remaining lease term or the remaining useful life of the right-of-use assets using the straight-line method, on the following bases:

|                     | Years  |
|---------------------|--------|
| Outlets             | 2 - 30 |
| Plant and machinery | 10     |
| Renovation          | 10     |
| Motor vehicles      | 5      |

If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise the purchase option, the right-of-use assets are depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

The carrying amount of right-of-use assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the right-of-use asset may be impaired. The accounting policy on impairment is as described in Note 2.7 to the financial statements.

Subsequent to initial measurement, lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect interest charged at a constant periodic rate over the remaining lease liabilities, lease payment made and if applicable, account for any remeasurement due to reassessment or lease modifications.

After the commencement date, interest on the lease liabilities and variable lease payments not included in the measurement of the lease liabilities are recognised in profit or loss, unless the costs are eligible for capitalisation in accordance with other applicable standards.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.4 Leases (Continued)

As lessee (Continued)

#### <u>Subsequent measurement</u> (Continued)

When the Group revises its estimate of any lease term (i.e. probability of extension or termination option being exercised), it adjusts the carrying amount of the lease liability to reflect the payments over the revised term. The carrying amount of lease liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of the future lease payment dependent on a rate or index is revised. In both cases, an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of lease liabilities, the remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognised directly in profit or loss.

When the Group renegotiates the contractual terms of a lease with the lessor, the accounting treatment depends on the nature of the modification:

- If the renegotiation results in one or more additional assets being leased for an amount commensurate with the standalone price for the additional right-of-use obtained, the modification is accounted for as a separate lease in accordance with the above policy;
- In all other cases where the renegotiation increases the scope of the lease (i.e. extension to the lease term, or one or more additional assets being leased), the lease liability is remeasured using the discount rate applicable on the modification date, with the right-of-use asset being adjusted by the same amount;
- If the renegotiation results in a decrease in scope of the lease, both the carrying amount of the lease liability and right-of-use asset are reduced by the same proportion to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease with any difference being recognised in profit or loss. The lease liability is then further adjusted to ensure its carrying amount reflects the amount of the renegotiated payments over the renegotiated term, with the modified lease payments discounted at the rate applicable on the modification date. The right-of-use asset is adjusted by the same amount.

For lease contracts that convey a right to use an identified asset and require services to be provided by the lessor, the Group has elected to account for the entire contract as a lease. The Group does not allocate any amount of contractual payments to, and account separately for, any services provided by the lessor as part of the contract.

#### As lessor

When the Group is a lessor, it determines whether each lease entered is a finance or an operating lease at the lease inception date and reassessed only if there is a lease modification. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. Whereas, it is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset.

If the lease arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, the Group applies the principles within SFRS(I) 15 to allocate consideration in the lease arrangement.

The Group recognises lease payments under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term unless another systematic basis is more representative of the pattern in which benefit from the use of the underlying asset is diminished. The lease payment recognised is included as part of "Other operating income". Initial direct cost incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the underlying asset and recognised as expense over the lease term on the same basis as lease income.

Any modification to an operating lease is accounted for as a new lease from the effective date of the modification, considering any prepaid or accrued lease payments relating to the original lease as part of the lease payments for the new lease.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.5 Investment property

Investment property (including right-of-use assets held by lessee), which is property held to earn rentals and/ or for capital appreciation are initially recognised at cost and subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation is charged, using the straight-line method, so as to write off the cost over their estimated useful lives of 50 to 52 years. The residual values, useful lives and depreciation method of investment property are reviewed and adjusted as appropriate, at the end of each financial year. The effects of any revision are included in profit or loss when the changes arise.

Investment property is subject to renovations or improvements at regular intervals. The cost of major renovations and improvements are capitalised as additions and carrying amounts of the replaced components are written off to the profit or loss. The cost of maintenance, repairs and minor improvement are charged to the profit or loss when incurred.

If an investment property becomes owner-occupied, it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment at the date of reclassification and becomes its cost for accounting purposes.

On disposal or retirement of an investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.6 Intangible assets

#### (i) Goodwill on acquisition

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a subsidiary represents the excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree over the acquisition date fair value of identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the subsidiary at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

On disposal of a subsidiary, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of gain or loss on disposal.

#### (ii) Trademarks

Trademarks acquired by the Group have indefinite useful lives and are initially measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

#### (iii) Computer software

Acquired computer software licenses are initially capitalised at cost which includes the purchase price (net of any discounts and rebates) and other directly attributable costs of preparing the software for its intended use. Direct expenditure which enhances or extends the performance of computer software beyond its specifications and which can be reliably measured is added to the original costs of the software. Costs associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense as incurred.

Computer software licenses are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. These costs are amortised using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives of 3 to 5 years.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.6 Intangible assets (Continued)

#### (iv) Franchise fees

Franchise fees are initially capitalised at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate the cost over their estimated useful lives of 10 to 20 years.

The amortisation period and amortisation method of intangible assets other than goodwill and trademarks are reviewed at least at the end of the financial year. The effects of any revision are recognised in the profit or loss when the changes arise.

#### Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are identified and recognised separately from goodwill if the assets and their fair values can be measured reliably. The cost of such intangible assets is their fair value as at the acquisition date.

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

#### 2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

#### Assets other than goodwill

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets are reviewed at the end of each financial year to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss and whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset (intangible assets with indefinite useful life and intangible assets not yet available for use) is required, the recoverable amounts are estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of the asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates cash flows that are largely independent of other assets and groups of assets. Impairment loss is recognised in the profit or loss.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less cost of disposal and its value-in-use. Recoverable amount is determined for individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. The fair value less cost of disposal is the amount obtainable from the sale of an asset or cash-generating unit in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable, willing parties, less costs of disposal. Value-in-use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to be derived from the continuing use of an asset and from its disposal at the end of its useful life, discounted at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash-generating unit for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.7 Impairment of non-financial assets (Continued)

#### Assets other than goodwill (Continued)

An assessment is made at the end of each financial year as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognised in prior periods for an asset may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated. An impairment loss for an asset other than goodwill is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss has been recognised. Reversals of impairment loss are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. After such a reversal, the depreciation or amortisation is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining useful life.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill is tested annually for impairment, as well as when there is any indication that the goodwill may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating unit expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit including the goodwill, the impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss and allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit on a pro-rata basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

#### 2.8 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs comprise direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Cost of finished goods and work-in-progress includes cost of raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and manufacturing overheads (based on normal operating capacity) but excludes borrowing cost.

Cost of inventories are calculated based on the following:

#### i) First-in-First-out Method

Trading and Frozen Food, Dairies, Food Processing (butchery) Divisions

#### ii) Weighted Average Method

**Food Services Division** 

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution, at which the inventories can be realised in the normal course of business after allowing for the costs of realisation. Allowance is made for obsolete, slow-moving and defective inventories.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.9 Cash and bank balances

Cash and bank balances in the statements of financial position comprise cash on hand, demand deposit and other short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value. For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balances, fixed deposits and bank overdrafts (for working capital) and excludes any deposits pledged. Bank overdrafts for working capital requirements of the Group are presented in the statements of financial position and in borrowings under current liabilities.

#### 2.10 Financial instruments

The Group recognises a financial asset or a financial liability in its statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

#### **Financial assets**

The Group classifies its financial assets into one of the categories below, depending on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets as well as the contractual terms of the cash flows of the financial asset. The Group shall reclassify its affected financial assets when and only when the Group changes its business model for managing these financial assets. The Group's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

#### Amortised cost

These assets arise principally from the provision of goods and services to customers (e.g. trade receivables), but also incorporate other types of financial assets where the objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest. They are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment. Interest income from these financial assets is included in interest income using the effective interest rate method.

Impairment provisions for trade receivables are recognised based on the simplified approach within SFRS(I) 9 using the lifetime expected credit losses. During this process, the probability of the non-payment of the trade receivables is assessed. This probability is then multiplied by the amount of the expected loss arising from default to determine the lifetime expected credit loss for the trade receivables. For trade receivables, which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate provision account with the loss being recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. On confirmation that the trade receivable will not be collectable, the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

Impairment provisions for other financial assets are recognised based on a forward looking expected credit loss model. The methodology used to determine the amount of the provision is based on whether at each reporting date, there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of the financial asset. For those where the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition of the financial asset, twelve months expected credit losses along with gross interest income are recognised. For those for which credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime expected credit losses along with the gross interest income are recognised. For those that are determined to be credit impaired, lifetime expected credit losses along with interest income on a net basis are recognised.

The Group's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables (excluding sales and services tax ("SST") receivables, prepayments, advances to suppliers and tax recoverable) and cash and bank balances in the statements of financial position.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.10 Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial assets (Continued)

#### Definition of default

The Group considers the following as constituting an event of default for internal credit risk management purposes as historical experience indicates that receivables that meet either of the following criteria are generally not recoverable.

- When there is a breach of financial covenants by the counterparty; or
- Information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicates that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors, including the Group, in full (without taking into account any collaterals held by the Group).

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

#### Credit-impaired financial assets

At the end of the financial year, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or past due event;
- the lender(s) of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- it is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

#### Financial assets at FVOCI

The Group has a number of strategic investments in listed entities which are not accounted for as subsidiaries, associates or jointly controlled entities. For those equity investments, the Group has made an irrevocable election to classify the investments at FVOCI rather than through profit or loss as the Group considers this measurement to be the most representative of the business model for these assets. They are carried at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the FVOCI reserve. Upon disposal, any balance within FVOCI reserve may be reclassified directly to accumulated profits and is not reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividends are recognised in profit or loss, unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment, in which case the full or partial amount of the dividend is recorded against the associated investments carrying amount.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.10 Financial instruments (Continued)

#### **Financial assets** (Continued)

#### Financial assets at FVOCI (Continued)

Purchases and sales of financial assets measured at FVOCI are recognised on settlement date with any change in fair value between trade date and settlement date being recognised in the FVOCI reserve.

#### **Derecognition of financial assets**

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

#### Financial liabilities and equity instruments

#### Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

#### **Equity instruments**

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. The Group classifies ordinary shares as equity instruments.

When shares recognised as equity are reacquired, the amount of consideration paid is recognised directly in equity. Reacquired shares are classified as treasury shares and presented as a deduction from total equity. No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale issue or cancellation of treasury shares.

When treasury shares are subsequently cancelled, the cost of treasury shares are deducted against the share capital account if the shares are purchased out of capital of the Company, or against the accumulated profits of the Company if the shares are purchased out of earnings of the Company.

When treasury shares are subsequently sold or reissued the cost of treasury shares is reversed from the treasury share account and the realised gain or loss on sale or reissue, net of any directly attributable incremental transaction costs and related income tax, is recognised as changes in equity of the Company.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.10 Financial instruments (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities

The Group classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

#### (i) Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables (excluding SST payables and contract liabilities), are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, where applicable, using the effective interest method.

#### (ii) Bank borrowings

Interest-bearing bank loans and overdrafts are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the settlement or redemption of borrowings is recognised over the term of the borrowings in accordance with the Group's accounting policy for borrowing costs (Note 2.16).

Borrowings are presented as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of each financial year, in which case they are presented as non-current liabilities.

#### (iii) Financial guarantee contracts

The Company has issued corporate guarantees to banks for borrowings and finance lease of certain subsidiaries and these guarantees qualify as financial guarantees because the Company is required to reimburse the banks if these subsidiaries breach any repayment term.

Financial guarantee contract liabilities are measured initially at their fair values, net of transaction costs. Financial guarantee contracts are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- a) premium received on initial recognition less the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of SFRS(I) 15; and
- b) the amount of loss provisions determined in accordance with SFRS(I) 9.

#### **Derecognition of financial liabilities**

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The differences between the carrying amount and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.11 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the financial year, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as finance expense.

Changes in the estimated timing or amount of the expenditure or discount rate are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

#### 2.13 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when a performance obligation is satisfied. Revenue is measured based on consideration of which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised good or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (i.e. sales related taxes). The consideration promised in the contracts with customers may include fixed amounts, variable amounts or both derived. The Group's revenue is derived from fixed price contracts and therefore, the amount of revenue earned for each contract is determined by reference to those fixed prices.

## Sale of food and beverages ("F&B") from food services

The Group sells food and beverages directly to consumers through the stores operated by the Group. Revenue from the operations of the food business is recognised at point in time upon delivery of food and beverages to the customers. The revenue is net of discount and/or any portion that are allocated to the beverage to be rewarded under the customer loyalty programmes.

The Group has a customer loyalty programme for its coffee chain whereby F&B customers are entitled to redeem beverage after a specific number of purchases using the stored value cards. This gives rise to a separate performance obligation as it provides a right of redemption to the customer. Based on the accumulated historical experience, the estimated amount of customer loyalty was negligible.

#### Revenue from sale of food and dairies products

Revenue from the processing and distribution of food and beverages and dairies products is recognised at a point in time when the performance obligations are satisfied and the controls of products are transferred to the customers. There is limited judgement needed to identify when the point of control passes to customers. There is no element of significant financing component in the Group's revenue transactions as customers are required to pay within the credit term.

The Group provides volume rebates to certain customers once the quantity of products purchased during the period exceeds a threshold specified in the contract. Revenue from these contracts is recognised based on the contract price specified in the contract, net of estimated volume rebates.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.13 Revenue recognition (Continued)

#### Revenue from sale of food and dairies products (Continued)

Past historical experience is considered and used by the Group to estimate the expected discounts entitled, using expected value method and restrict the amount of revenue that is recognised such that it is highly probable that there will not be a reversal of previously recognised revenue in the future. At the end of each financial year, the Group reviews and updates the transaction price when necessary. A contract liability is recognised for expected volume discounts arising from such arrangement.

#### Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

#### Rental income

Rental income from investment property is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

#### 2.14 Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses are recognised as expenses when incurred.

#### 2.15 Employment benefits

#### Defined contribution plan

Payments to defined contribution plans are charged as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Group pays fixed contributions into state-managed retirement benefit schemes, such as the Singapore Central Provident Fund, Employee Provident Fund in Malaysia and has no legal and constructive obligation to pay further once the payments are made.

#### Employee leave entitlement

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. An accrual is made for the estimated undiscounted liability for annual leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months from the end of the financial year as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the financial year.

#### 2.16 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognised in the profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred using the effective interest method except for those costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of the qualifying assets.

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of a qualifying asset if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of that qualifying asset. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditures and borrowing costs are incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the assets are substantially completed for their intended use or sale.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.17 Taxes

Income tax expense comprise current tax expense and deferred tax expense.

#### Current income tax

Current income tax expense is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for a period. Current income tax liabilities for the current and prior periods shall be measured at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws in the countries where the Group operates, that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the financial year.

Current income tax expenses are recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases of asset and liabilities, except when the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or other assets and liabilities that is not a business combination and affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries except where the Group is able to control the timing of reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each financial year and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates expected to apply for the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rate and tax law that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the financial year. The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects to recover or settle its assets and liabilities, except for investment property at fair value which are presumed to be recovered through sale.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, in which case the tax is also recognised either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, or where it arises from the initial accounting for a business combination. Deferred tax arising from a business combination, is taken into account in calculating goodwill on acquisition.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.17 Taxes (Continued)

Sales tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales tax except:

- (i) when the sales tax that is incurred on purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authorities, in which case the sales tax is recognised as part of cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- (ii) receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statements of financial position.

#### 2.18 Foreign currency transactions and translations

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency ("foreign currencies") are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. At the end of each financial year, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing as of the end of the financial year. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Exchange differences arising on the settlements of monetary items and on retranslation of monetary items are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the financial year. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income for the financial year except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. For such non-monetary items, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised directly in equity.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company and the Group's foreign operations (including comparatives) are expressed in Ringgit Malaysia using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the financial year. Income and expense items (including comparatives) are translated at the average exchange rates for the financial year, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that financial year, in which case the exchange rates of the dates at the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, if any, are classified as equity and transferred to the Group's foreign currency translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations (including monetary items that, in substance, form part of the net investment in foreign entities), and of borrowings and other currency instruments, are taken to the foreign currency translation reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the accumulated foreign exchange reserve relating to that operation is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition of foreign operations are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operations and translated at the closing exchange rate.

#### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

#### 2.19 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Group Chief Executive Officer who makes strategic decisions.

#### 2.20 Contingencies

A contingent liability is:

- (i) a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group; or
- (ii) a present obligation that arises from past events but is not recognised because:
  - a. it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation; or
  - b. the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Contingencies are not recognised on the statements of financial position, except for contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination that are present obligations and which the fair value can be reliably determined.

#### 2.21 Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as held for sale if their carrying amounts will be recovered through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the sale is highly probable and the asset (or disposal group) is available for immediate sale in its present condition. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year from the date of classification.

Non-current assets (and disposal groups) classified as held for sale are measured at the lower of the asset's previous carrying amount and fair value less cost of disposal. The assets are not depreciated or amortised while classified as held for sale. Any impairment loss on initial classification and subsequent measurement is recognised as an expense. Any subsequent increase in fair value less cost of disposal (not exceeding the accumulated impairment loss that has been previously recognised) is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 2.22 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with.

Government grants related to expenses are accounted for in the year where the related costs it intends to compensate is incurred and recognised in the profit or loss. Such government grants are presented under "Other operating income".

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 3. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2 to the financial statements, management made judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that were not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions were based on historical experience and other factors that were considered to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

These estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### 3.1 Critical judgements made in applying the accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (see below) that management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and which have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements.

#### Determine the lease term

The Group leases land and building, machinery and equipment from non-related parties. Included in the lease arrangement, there are extension and termination option held and exercisable only by the Group. In determining the lease term, management considers the likelihood of either to exercise the extension option, or not to exercise the termination option. Management considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to extend and economic penalty or costs relating to the termination of lease.

Management has included potential cash outflows of RM124,780,000 (2022: RM103,346,000) in the measurement of lease liability for land and building, as it is reasonably certain that the extension option will be exercised. The assessment on lease terms is reviewed at the end of each reporting period if there is a significant change in the Group's intentions, business plan or other circumstances unforeseen since it was first estimated.

#### 3.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the financial year, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and reported amounts of revenue and expenses within the next financial year, are discussed below:

#### (i) Impairment of intangible assets

The management determines whether goodwill and trademarks are impaired at least on an annual basis and as and when there is an indication that goodwill and trademarks may be impaired. Franchise fees are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of the financial year. This requires an estimation of the value-in-use of the cash-generating units ("CGUs") to which the goodwill, trademarks and franchise fees are allocated. Estimating the value-in-use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from the CGUs and also to choose a suitable revenue growth rate, gross margin and discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of the Group's intangible assets as at 30 September 2023 are as disclosed in Note 9 to the financial statements.

#### 3. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### 3.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### (ii) Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The Group carries out impairment assessment for certain property, plant and equipment where there is indication of an impairment. In carrying out the impairment assessment on property, plant and equipment of Food Services, management has identified the CGUs on outlet basis to which the property, plant and equipment belong and determined the recoverable amounts of the CGUs by estimating the present value of the future cash flows from the respective outlets. This required key assumptions to be made regarding the respective revenue growth rates as well as overall market and economic condition of the industry.

In carrying out the impairment assessment on property, plant and equipment of Dairies Division and certain corporate assets, management determined the recoverable amounts using the fair value less cost of disposal method. Key assumptions used by management for assessing the fair value less cost of disposal included the selling price for similar property, plant and equipment, take into consideration for key attributes such as size, tenure, location, condition and prevailing market conditions.

The carrying amount of Group's property, plant and equipment as at 30 September 2023 is as disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

#### (iii) Loss allowance on trade and other receivables

The Group uses the simplified approach to calculate expected credit losses ("ECLs") for trade receivables. The provision rates are based on various customer's historical observed default rates.

The Group will consider and assess the historical credit loss experience with forward-looking information. For instance, if forecast economic conditions (i.e. gross domestic product) are expected to deteriorate over the next year which can lead to an increased number of defaults in the customers, the historical default rates are adjusted. At the end of each financial year, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward-looking estimates are analysed.

The assessment of the correlation between historical observed default rates, forecast economic conditions and ECLs is a significant estimate. The amount of ECLs is sensitive to changes in circumstances and of forecast economic conditions. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast of economic conditions may also not be representative of customer's actual default in the future.

Other than trade receivables, the Group and the Company assess the credit risk of other receivables at each financial year on an individual basis, to determine whether or not there have been significant increases in credit risk since the initial recognition of these assets. To determine whether there is a significant increase in credit risks, the Group and the Company consider factors such as the probability of insolvency or significant financial difficulties of the debtors and default or significant delay in payments. Where there is a significant increase in credit risk, the Group and the Company determine the lifetime expected credit loss by considering the loss given default, the probability of default and exposure at default assigned to each counterparty customer.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 3. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### 3.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

#### (iii) Loss allowance on trade and other receivables (Continued)

The financial assets are written off either partially or in full when there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group and the Company determine that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amount subject to the write-offs.

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's trade and other receivables as at 30 September 2023 are disclosed in Note 11 to the financial statements.

#### (iv) Inventories and related allowance

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The management primarily determines cost of inventories using the "first-in, first-out" and weighted average methods. The management estimates the net realisable value of inventories based on assessment of receipt or committed sales prices and provide for excess and obsolete inventories based on historical usage, estimated future demand and related pricing. In determining excess quantities, the management considers recent sales activities, related margin and market positioning of its products. However, factors beyond its control, such as demand levels and pricing competition, could change from period to period. Such factors may require the Group to reduce the value of its inventories. The carrying amount of the Group's inventories as at 30 September 2023 is as disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

#### (v) Impairment of investments in subsidiaries

At the end of the financial year, an assessment is made on whether there is indication that the investments in subsidiaries are impaired. The management's assessment for impairment of investments in subsidiaries is based on the estimation of value-in-use of the CGUs by forecasting the expected future cash flows using a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The carrying amount of the Company's investments in subsidiaries as at 30 September 2023 is as disclosed in Note 6 to the financial statements.

#### (vi) Measurement of lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the contractual payments due to the lessor over the lease term. The Group has determined the discount rate by reference to the respective lessee's incremental borrowing rate when the rate inherent in the lease is not readily determinable. The Group obtains the relevant market interest rate after considering the applicable geographical location where the lessee operates as well as the term of the lease. Management considers its own credit spread information from its recent borrowings, industry data available as well as any security available in order to adjust the market interest rate obtained from similar economic environment, term and value of the lease.

The incremental borrowing rate applied to lease liabilities as at 30 September 2023 ranges from 0.88% to 6.98% (2022: 1.71% to 6.98%).

The carrying amount of Group's lease liabilities as at 30 September 2023 is disclosed in Note 16 to the financial statements.

(101,280)(9,589)(9,684)Total RM'000 (1,433)(19,422)(27,589)(1,433)(6,540)195,344 39,550 1,433 194,917 45,480 193 590,519 802 500,583 (15) 9 system RM′000 2,146 2,229 1,554 1,737 189 Computer 86 vehicles Equipment\* RM'000 RM'000 (1,912)(1,022)(1,331)(1,620)32,239 5,736 35,622 62,116 63,111 4,527 (293) (293) (1,417)(1,417)Motor 11,996 2,325 866'6 1,373 9,661 12,611 (5,607)(31) (3,748)(16) (97) (27) 41,178 fittings Renovation RM'000 RM'000 78,469 5,487 78,225 38,607 998'9 (1,241)(5,674)(280) (11,508)29,936 16,888 3,869 14,303 39,974 2,711 Furniture (82) (23)1,516 355 1,582 157 459 freezer equipment RM′000 room and Laboratory (521)(7,116)13,016 (382)Cold (16,274)27,339 1,335 11,863 2,080 7,582 RM'000 buildings/ Plant and Outlets machinery RM′000 RM′000 (9,371)13,822 3,492 7,943 46,972 249 (17,800)29,421 (3,438)(899'6) (39, 134)62,968 21,388 71,311 22,802 439 (19,395)246,524 -actory/ 805 212,041 6 (884) (14,765)5,548 reehold Leasehold 64,878 51,107 5,470 land RM'000 830 132 994 8,523 8,523 RM'000 Depreciation for the financial Reclassification to assets held Reclassification to assets held Accumulated depreciation investment property investment property At 30 September 2023 At 30 September 2023 Modification of lease Termination of lease Reclassification from Reclassification from Termination of lease At 1 October 2022 At 1 October 2022 Written off contracts Written off contracts contracts Additions for sale for sale Disposals Disposals Group 2023 Cost

# Property, plant and equipment

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

|   |  |                             | Factory/<br>Office                |  | Cold  |                                | Furniture                                   |                     |   |        |                              |                 |
|---|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---|--------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|--------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Group   | Freehold Leasehold<br>land land<br>RM'000 RM'000 | Leasehold<br>land<br>RM′000 | buildings/<br>Outlets I<br>RM'000 | ildings/ Plant and Outlets machinery RM'000 RM'000 | room and Laboratory<br>freezer equipment<br>RM′000 RM′000 | boratory<br>quipment<br>RM'000 | and<br>fittings Renovation<br>RM′000 RM′000 | enovation<br>RM′000 | Motor<br>vehicles Equipment*<br>RM′000 RM′000 |        | Computer<br>system<br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM'000 |
| 2023  |  |                             |                                   |  |   |                                |   |                     |   |        |                              |                 |
| Accumulated impairment                              |  |                             |                                   |  |   |                                |   |                     |   |        |                              |                 |
| At 1 October 2022                                   | •  | •                           | 1,738                             | 61   |   | •                              | 114   | 1,079               | •   | 472    | 24                           | 3,488           |
| Impairment during the<br>financial year             | •  | •                           | 645                               | •  | •   | •                              | 99  | 434                 |   | ,      | ,                            | 1,139           |
| Reversal of impairment during<br>the financial year | •  | •                           | •                                 | (37)   | •   | •                              | (69)  | (929)               | •   | (265)  | (5)                          | (1,022)         |
| Termination of lease contract                       | •  | •                           | (1,738)                           | •  | •   | •                              |   | •                   |   | •      | •                            | (1,738)         |
| At 30 September 2023                                | -  | -                           | 645                               | 24   | -   | -                              | 115   | 857                 | -   | 207    | 19                           | 1,867           |
| Net carrying amount                                 |  |                             |                                   |  |   |                                |   |                     |   |        |                              |                 |
| At 30 September 2023                                | 8,523  | 45,559                      | 140,085                           | 21,454   | 4,281   | 1,057                          | 15,518                                      | 36,190              | 2,950   | 27,282 | 473                          | 303,372         |

162

1,554

32,239

866'6

38,607

16,888

355

13,016

13,822

62,968

5,470

At 30 September 2022

Modification of lease

contracts

Termination of lease

contracts

162

(2,040)

(307)

(37)

(812)

(884)

Total RM'000 (23,407)(3,088)(3,017)(139)(2,802)(1,266)44,409 39,732 156,454 580,438 590,519 system RM′000 2,146 1,478 1,828 9/ Computer (612)(467)vehicles Equipment\* RM'000 RM'000 62,116 (2) 27,060 5,650 4 58,499 (457)(1,525)(1,147)Motor 10,044 1,408 11,996 13,627 (2,178)(28) (650)fittings Renovation RM'000 RM'000 78,469 73,684 33,234 090'9 7,022 (202)(75) 39,974 12,966 4,002 2 37,351 Furniture 1,582 198 freezer equipment RM'000 1,582 157 room and Laboratory (27) 27,339 Cold 2,449 (27)26,753 613 10,594 RM'000 buildings/ Plant and Outlets machinery RM′000 RM′000 (816) 47,038 46,972 10,995 (69) 3,697 (47)362 224,818 (362)(1,685)(139)Office 43,750 19,940 23,892 Factory/ 246,524 reehold Leasehold (21,857)64,878 (1,635)6,135 970 land RM'000 86,735 8,523 8,523 RM'000 Depreciation for the financial Accumulated depreciation At 30 September 2022 Modification of lease Termination of lease At 1 October 2021 At 1 October 2021 Reclassification Written off contracts Written off contracts Additions Disposals Disposals year Group 2022 Cost

| Continued)  |
|-------------|
| $\sim$      |
| equipment ( |
| t and       |
| plan        |
| Property,   |

## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

| RM'000         RM'000         RM'000         RM'000         RM'000           1,738         61         -         -         114         1,079           -         -         -         -         -         -           1,738         61         -         -         -         -           1,738         61         -         -         -         -           181.818         33.089         14.323         1.227         22.972         38.783 | Factory/ Office Office Freehold Leasehold buildings/ land land Outlets | Factory/ Office ildings/ Plant and Outlets machinery | 2  | Cold room and Laboratory freezer equipment | Furniture<br>and<br>fittings R | ırniture<br>and<br>fittings Renovation | Motor vehicles Equipment* |        | Computer<br>system | Total   |
|---|--|--|----|--|--------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------|--------------------|---------|
| 1,738 61 114<br>1,738 61 114<br>181.818 33.089 14.323 1.227 22.972 3  |  | 7000 RM  |    | 00 RM′000                                  | RM′000                         | RM′000                                 | RM'000                    | RM′000 | RM′000             | RM′000  |
| 1,738 61 114<br>1,738 61 114<br>181.818 33.089 14.323 1.227 22.972 3  |  |  |    |  |                                |  |                           |        |                    |         |
| 1,738 61 114<br>1,738 61 114<br>181.818 33.089 14.323 1.227 22.972 3  |  |  |    |  |                                |  |                           |        |                    |         |
| 1,738 61 114<br>181.818 33.089 14.323 1.227 22.972  | - 1,   | 738  | 61 |  | 114                            | 1,079                                  | 80                        | 472    | 24                 | 3,568   |
| 1,738 61 114<br>181.818 33.089 14.323 1.227 22.972  |  |  | 1  | 1  | 1                              |  | (80)                      | 1      | 1                  | (80)    |
| 181.818 33.089 14.323 1.227 22.972  | - 1,   | ,738   | 61 | -  | 114                            | 1,079                                  | •                         | 472    | 24                 | 3,488   |
| 181.818 33.089 14.323 1.227 22.972  |  |  |    |  |                                |  |                           |        |                    |         |
| 1 : 1/1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1   | 59,408 181,  |  |    | 1,227                                      | 22,972                         | 38,783                                 | 1,998                     | 29,405 | 268                | 392,114 |

\* Equipment comprises of sales equipment, store equipment and office equipment.

Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

#### 4. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Current financial year: Reclassification of property, plant and equipment to assets held for sale

On 10 May 2023, the Group entered into 2 separate conditional sale and purchase agreements with PrimaBaguz Foods Sdn Bhd for the sale of 2 pieces of leasehold land and assets at Pulau Indah, Selangor, together with the disposal of investment in a subsidiary for an aggregate consideration of RM86,000,000. Accordingly, the property, plant and equipment with carrying amount of RM73,691,000 in relation to the disposals were reclassified as assets held for sale during the financial year (Note 13). The proposed disposals were completed in the subsequent financial year on 26 October 2023.

#### Previous financial year: Disposal of leasehold land

On 26 January 2022, the Group entered into 3 separate conditional sale and purchase agreements with Syarikat Logistik Petikemas Sdn Bhd for the sale of 3 pieces of Land at Pulau Indah, Selangor for an aggregate consideration of RM35,329,000. The disposal of 3 pieces of lands was completed in September 2022 with a net gain after real property gain tax of RM12,924,000.

The carrying amount of leasehold land, office buildings and non-movable assets of RM142,429,000 (2022: RM145,782,000) are pledged to licensed banks as security for banking facilities granted to the Group (Note 15).

(a) During the financial year, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment as follows:

|   | 2023     | 2022     |
|---|----------|----------|
|   | RM'000   | RM'000   |
|   |          | _        |
|   |          |          |
| Additions of property, plant and equipment                  | 39,550   | 39,732   |
| Acquired under lease (Note 16)                              | (25,617) | (23,853) |
|   | 13,933   | 15,879   |
| Less: Changes in other payables                             | (411)    | (6,037)  |
| Less: Provision for restoration costs (Note 17)             | (160)    | (454)    |
| Cash payments made to acquire property, plant and equipment | 13,362   | 9,388    |

(b) Included in property, plant and equipment are the following assets acquired under hire purchase arrangement and the outstanding instalments as at end of the financial year is included in lease liabilities (Note 16):

|                               | 2023<br>RM'000 | 2022<br>RM′000 |
|-------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Cold room and freezer         | 1,017          | 1,298          |
| Furniture and fittings        | 4,687          | 5,736          |
| Motor vehicles                | 1,088          | 1,458          |
| Equipment and computer system | 9,674          | 12,242         |
| Renovations                   | 5,921          | 6,814          |
|                               | 22,387         | 27,548         |

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 4. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

#### (c) Impairment of assets

During the financial year, there was a reversal of impairment loss amounting to RM1,022,000 on the property, plant and equipment and an impairment loss of RM1,139,000 on coffee chain business which is in Food Services Division. The reversal of impairment loss is due to the management has identified that an outlet has achieved better performance. Management has identified cash generating units ("CGU") on outlet basis and the recoverable amounts of the CGU is determined by estimating future cash flows generated from the respective outlets (value-in-use). The management has assessed that the average sales growth rate of the relevant outlets to be 34%.

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs in Dairies Division of RM68,426,000 have been determined on the basis of its fair value less cost of disposal during the financial year.

In the previous financial year, there was a reversal of impairment loss amounting to RM80,000 on the property, plant and equipment of the frozen bakery business unit following the sales of property, plant and equipment.

- (d) The conditions and restrictions on the Group's leasehold land and factory buildings (Pulau Indah) with net carrying amount of RM113,952,000 (2022: RM132,044,000) are as detailed below:
  - (i) the land is designated as Selangor Halal Hub and shall be used only for industrial purposes;
  - (ii) the industrial activities to be carried out shall be in compliance with the Halal Park guidelines and requirements, and in accordance with Islamic principles;
  - (iii) shall only consist of industries whose activities are consistent and within the overall concept of the Selangor Halal Hub and must have been approved by the appropriate authorities; and
  - (iv) any assignment, pledge and lease of land requires the consent of the appropriate authorities.

## 4. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Right-of-use of assets under leasing arrangements are presented together with the owned assets of the same class. Details of such leased assets are disclosed below and disclosures relating to lease arrangements are included under Note 16 to the financial statements.

## Right-of-use assets classified within property, plant and equipment

| _                                    | Outlets  | Plant<br>and<br>machinery | Renovation | Motor<br>vehicles | Total    |
|--------------------------------------|----------|---------------------------|------------|-------------------|----------|
| Group                                | RM'000   | RM'000                    | RM'000     | RM'000            | RM'000   |
| Cost                                 |          |                           |            |                   |          |
| At 1 October 2022                    | 156,486  | 52                        | 3,597      | 150               | 160,285  |
| Additions                            | 22,747   | 133                       | 160        | 1,469             | 24,509   |
| Modification of lease contracts      | 805      | -                         | -          | -                 | 805      |
| Termination of lease contracts       | (19,395) | -                         | (27)       | -                 | (19,422) |
| At 30 September 2023                 | 160,643  | 185                       | 3,730      | 1,619             | 166,177  |
| Accumulated depreciation             |          |                           |            |                   |          |
| At 1 October 2022                    | 55,141   | 31                        | 1,540      | 84                | 56,796   |
| Depreciation for the financial year  | 19,751   | 11                        | 276        | 270               | 20,308   |
| Termination of lease contracts       | (9,668)  | -                         | (16)       | -                 | (9,684)  |
| At 30 September 2023                 | 65,224   | 42                        | 1,800      | 354               | 67,420   |
| Impairment                           |          |                           |            |                   |          |
| At 1 October 2022                    | 1,738    | -                         | -          | -                 | 1,738    |
| Impairment during the financial year | 645      | -                         | -          | -                 | 645      |
| Termination of leass contracts       | (1,738)  | -                         | -          | -                 | (1,738)  |
| At 30 September 2023                 | 645      | -                         | _          | -                 | 645      |
| Net carrying amount                  |          |                           |            |                   |          |
| At 30 September 2023                 | 94,774   | 143                       | 1,930      | 1,265             | 98,112   |

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 4. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Right-of-use assets classified within property, plant and equipment (Continued)

| Group  | Outlets<br>RM'000 | Plant and<br>machinery<br>RM'000 | Renovation<br>RM'000 | Motor<br>vehicles<br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM'000 |
|--|-------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Cost   |                   |                                  | ,                    | 1                           |                 |
| At 1 October 2021                                | 134,558           | 868                              | 3,202                | 607                         | 139,235         |
| Additions  | 23,752            | -                                | 454                  | -                           | 24,206          |
| Termination of lease contracts                   | (1,685)           | (816)                            | (59)                 | (457)                       | (3,017)         |
| Modification of lease contracts                  | (139)             | -                                | -                    | -                           | (139)           |
| At 30 September 2022                             | 156,486           | 52                               | 3,597                | 150                         | 160,285         |
| Accumulated depreciation                         |                   |                                  |                      |                             |                 |
| At 1 October 2021                                | 37,714            | 773                              | 1,226                | 319                         | 40,032          |
| Depreciation for the financial year              | 18,149            | 70                               | 351                  | 72                          | 18,642          |
| Termination of lease contracts                   | (884)             | (812)                            | (37)                 | (307)                       | (2,040)         |
| Modification of lease contracts                  | 162               | -                                | -                    | -                           | 162             |
| At 30 September 2022                             | 55,141            | 31                               | 1,540                | 84                          | 56,796          |
| Impairment                                       |                   |                                  |                      |                             |                 |
| At 1 October 2021                                | 1,738             | -                                | -                    | 80                          | 1,818           |
| Reversal of impairment during the financial year | -                 | -                                | -                    | (80)                        | (80)            |
| At 30 September 2022                             | 1,738             |                                  | -                    | -<br>-                      | 1,738           |
| Net carrying amount                              |                   |                                  |                      |                             |                 |
| At 30 September 2022                             | 99,607            | 21                               | 2,057                | 66                          | 101,751         |

The Group leases outlets - coffee chains and restaurants in Malaysia that contains sub-leasing restrictions.

#### (a) Lease liabilities

The carrying amount of lease liabilities, movements during the financial year and the maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed in Note 16 to the financial statements.

### (b) Extension options

The majority of the extension options are exercisable by the Group and not by the lessor. The leases for certain leased properties contain extension periods, for which the related lease payments had not been included in the lease liabilities as the Group is not reasonably certain to exercise these extension options and the Group could replace these assets without significant cost or business disruption. The Group negotiates extension options to optimise operational flexibility in terms of managing the assets used in the Group's operations to align with the Group's business requirements.

## 4. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

## Right-of-use assets classified within property, plant and equipment (Continued)

#### (c) Amount recognised in profit or loss

|  | Group          |                |
|--|----------------|----------------|
|  | 2023<br>RM'000 | 2022<br>RM′000 |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets                                    | 20,308         | 18,642         |
| Interest expense on lease liabilities (Note 25)                        | 10,156         | 9,797          |
| Variable lease payments (Note 24)                                      | 4,068          | 3,510          |
| Impairment/(Reversal of impairment) during the financial year          | 645            | (80)           |
| Gain on lease modifications  | (1,391)        | -              |
| Lease expense not capitalised in right-of-use assets:                  |                |                |
| - Expenses relating to short-term lease and low value assets (Note 24) | 7,347          | 5,409          |
| - Rent concession (Note 24)  | (226)          | (2,665)        |
| Total amount recognised in the profit or loss                          | 40,907         | 34,613         |

As at 30 September 2023, information relating to the Group's freehold/leasehold properties are as follows:

| Location   | Description  | Existing use                          | Gross land<br>area<br>(sq ft) | Gross floor<br>area<br>(sq ft) |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Trading and Frozen Food Division   | Description  | Existing use                          | (34 11)                       | (34 10)                        |
| No.2, Jalan U1/24,Seksyen U1, Hicom Glenmarie<br>Industrial Park, 40150 Shah Alam, Selangor,<br>Malaysia | Freehold,<br>Industrial land<br>with 2 storey<br>warehouse | Office,<br>warehouse<br>and cold room | 68,674                        | 53,554                         |
| Lot 1-3-1, Sri Kerjaya Apartment, Shah Alam,<br>Selangor, Malaysia                                       | Freehold,<br>Apartment                                     | Staff quarters                        | -                             | 883                            |
| Lot 1-3-3, Sri Kerjaya Apartment, Shah Alam,<br>Selangor, Malaysia                                       | Freehold,<br>Apartment                                     | Staff quarters                        | -                             | 893                            |
| 49, Lorong Wong Ah Jang, 25100 Kuantan,<br>Pahang, Malaysia  | Freehold,<br>Shop office                                   | Office,<br>warehouse<br>and cold room | 1,560                         | 2,976                          |
| No.139, Jalan Makloom, 10150 Pulau Pinang,<br>Malaysia   | Freehold,<br>Industrial land<br>with 4 storey<br>warehouse | Office,<br>warehouse<br>and cold room | 10,613                        | 16,860                         |
| 7, Jalan Tiong Emas 1, Kawasan Perindustrian<br>Tiong Nam, 81100 Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia            |  | Office,<br>warehouse<br>and cold room | 13,433                        | 12,846                         |

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

## 4. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

## Right-of-use assets classified within property, plant and equipment (Continued)

As at 30 September 2023, information relating to the Groups freehold/leasehold properties are as follows: (Continued)

|  |   |                    | Gross land area | Gross floor<br>area |
|--|---|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Location   | Description                                   | Existing use       | (sq ft)         | (sq ft)             |
| Food Processing Division   |   |                    |                 |                     |
| Lots nos. 76 and 77, Section 4, Phase 2C, Selangor<br>Halal-Hub, Pulau Indah, Selangor, Malaysia | Leasehold,<br>Industrial land                 | Vacant             | 360,331         | -                   |
| Dairies Division   |   |                    |                 |                     |
| Lot no. 81, Section 4, Phase 2C, Selangor<br>Halal-Hub, Pulau Indah, Selangor, Malaysia          | Leasehold,<br>Industrial land                 | Vacant             | 172,062         | -                   |
| Lot no. 82, Section 4, Phase 2C, Selangor<br>Halal-Hub, Pulau Indah, Selangor, Malaysia          | Leasehold,<br>Industrial land<br>with factory | Office and factory | 189,107         | 70,030              |

#### 5. Investment property

|   | Gro            | oup            |
|---|----------------|----------------|
|   | 2023<br>RM'000 | 2022<br>RM'000 |
| Cost  |                |                |
| At the beginning of the financial year            | 23,103         | 23,103         |
| Reclassification to property, plant and equipment | (1,433)        | -              |
| At the end of the financial year                  | 21,670         | 23,103         |
| Accumulated depreciation                          |                |                |
| At the beginning of the financial year            | 3,111          | 2,662          |
| Depreciation for the financial year               | 421            | 449            |
| Reclassification to property, plant and equipment | (193)          | -              |
| At the end of the financial year                  | 3,339          | 3,111          |
|   |                |                |
| Net carrying amount                               | 18,331         | 19,992         |

#### 5. Investment property (Continued)

|                    | Group          |                |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|
|                    | 2023<br>RM′000 | 2022<br>RM'000 |
| Represented by:    |                |                |
| Leasehold land     | 12,749         | 13,900         |
| Leasehold building | 5,582          | 6,092          |
|                    | 18,331         | 19,992         |

The following amounts are recognised in profit or loss:

|  | Gı             | Group          |  |
|--|----------------|----------------|--|
|  | 2023<br>RM′000 | 2022<br>RM′000 |  |
| Rental income from investment property (Note 24) | 1,250          | 1,368          |  |
| Direct operating expenses arising from:          |                |                |  |
| Rental-generating investment property            | 533            | 470            |  |
| Non-rental-generating investment property        | 649            | 675            |  |
|  | 1,182          | 1,145          |  |

As at 30 September 2023, the fair value of the Group's investment property amounted to RM46,000,000 (2022: RM52,000,000). The leasehold land and building ("office building") is partially owner-occupied where the net carrying amount of RM18,034,000 (2022: RM17,210,000) is included in property, plant and equipment (Note 4).

The management had assessed the valuation of the Group's office building with the assistance of an independent professional valuation firm on 20 September 2023 that has the relevant experience in the location and category of the property. The valuation was based on the assets highest and best use arrived at using the direct sales comparison approach by analysing sales and listing of similar properties in the locality by making reference to market evidence of prices per square feet and adjusted for differences in key attributes such as property size, location and other relevant factors.

In the previous financial year, the fair value of the investment property was estimated based on management's estimation by using the direct sales comparison approach by making reference to market evidence of prices per square meter for comparable properties, management take into consideration for key attributes such as size, tenure, location, condition and prevailing market conditions and based on highest and best use which is in line with its current use.

The resulting fair values of investment property is considered Level 3 (2022: Level 3) fair value measurements.

The carrying amount of office building of RM18,331,000 (2022: RM19,992,000) was pledged to a licensed bank as security for a banking facility granted to the Group (Note 15).

The Group has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment property and for repairs, maintenance or enhancement.

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#### 5. Investment property (Continued)

Details of the Group's investment property is as detailed below:

| Location  | Description     | Tenure    | Unexpired lease term |
|---|-----------------|-----------|----------------------|
| No.11 Jalan 225, Petaling Jaya, 46100<br>Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia | Office building | Leasehold | 44 years             |

#### 6. Investments in subsidiaries

#### 6.1 Investments in subsidiaries comprise:

|   | Company        |                |
|---|----------------|----------------|
|   | 2023<br>RM′000 | 2022<br>RM′000 |
| Unquoted equity shares in corporations, at cost       | 12,703         | 11,922         |
| Issuance of financial guarantee contracts granted     | 11,468         | 10,762         |
| Share options granted to employees                    | 709            | 666            |
| Deemed as capital contribution in subsidiaries*       | 359,861        | 343,803        |
| Allowance for impairment loss                         | (36,594)       | (40,416)       |
|   | 348,147        | 326,737        |
| Movement of allowance for impairment loss as follows: |                |                |
| At 1 October  | 40,416         | 38,547         |
| Write-off against allowance                           | (6,315)        | -              |
| Currency realignment                                  | 2,493          | 1,869          |
| At 30 September                                       | 36,594         | 40,416         |

<sup>\*</sup> Amounts due from subsidiaries of RM359,861,000 (2022: RM343,803,000) which are non-trade were reclassified as deemed investments in subsidiaries as the planned settlements are either through capitalisation of debt through subscription of ordinary shares of the subsidiaries or the settlements are neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future.

As at the end of the financial year, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amounts of the investments in subsidiaries which comprise the CGUs of the Food Services Division and Dairies Division (2022: Food Services Division, Food Processing Division and Dairies Division) due to the losses reported and net current liabilities in these segments.

The review of the recoverable amount of these segments resulted in the following:

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs of RM440,951,000 (2022: RM296,979,000) have been mainly determined on the basis of its value-in-use. The pre-tax discount rates used in measuring the value-in-use ranges from 10.83% to 21.64% (2022: 11.06% to 16.06%).

The recoverable amounts of the remaining portion of the CGUs of RM68,426,000 (2022: RM128,808,000) have been determined on the basis of its fair value less cost of disposal during the financial year.

The write-off against allowance for impairment loss of RM6,315,000 is due to the deregistration of a subsidiary.

#### 6. Investments in subsidiaries (Continued)

#### 6.2 Particulars of subsidiaries

| Name of company<br>(Country of incorporation/<br>principal place of business)          | Principal activities  |           | e equity<br>he Group |
|--|---|-----------|----------------------|
|  |   | 2023<br>% | 2022<br>%            |
| Held by the Company  |   |           |                      |
| Polygold Holdings Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                                 | Investment holding  | 100       | 100                  |
| Envictus Brands Pte Ltd <sup>(1)</sup><br>(Singapore)                                  | Collection of royalties for the brands that it owns                                 | 100       | 100                  |
| Envictus Capital (Labuan) Inc. <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                            | Investment holding  | 100       | 100                  |
| Envictus Foods International Inc.(2)<br>(Malaysia)                                     | Investment holding  | 100       | 100                  |
| Envictus Foods (M) Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                                | Investment holding  | 100       | 100                  |
| Envictus IT Services Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                              | IT services   | 100       | 100                  |
| Eureka Capital Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                                    | Providing management services and property investment                               | 100       | 100                  |
| Envictus Food Services Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                            | Investment holding  | 100       | 100                  |
| Envictus QSR Pte Ltd<br>(Singapore)  | Deregistered on 10 October 2023   | 100       | 100                  |
| Held by the Subsidiaries   |   |           |                      |
| - Envictus Capital (Labuan) Inc. PT Sentrafood Indonusa <sup>(3) (4)</sup> (Indonesia) | Under liquidation   | 100       | 100                  |
| - Envictus Foods (M) Sdn Bhd Pok Brothers Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup> (Malaysia)            | Wholesalers of foodstuff, provisions and frozen meat                                | 100       | 100                  |
| De-luxe Food Services Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                             | Ceased operation on 11 February 2022  | 100       | 100                  |
| Gourmessa Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)   | Processing of convenient value<br>added frozen food, disposed on<br>26 October 2023 | 100       | 100                  |

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#### 6. Investments in subsidiaries (Continued)

#### 6.2 Particulars of subsidiaries (Continued)

| Name of company<br>(Country of incorporation/<br>principal place of business) | Principal activities                           | Effective equity<br>held by the Group |           |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|-----------|
|   |  |                                       | 2022<br>% |
| Held by the Subsidiaries (Continued)  |  |                                       |           |
| - Polygold Holdings Sdn Bhd   |  |                                       |           |
| Polygold Beverages Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                       | Investment property                            | 100                                   | 100       |
| Polygold Marketing Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                       | Dormant  | 100                                   | 100       |
| Envictus Dairies Marketing Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup> (Malaysia)                  | Distribution of beverages and dairies products | 100                                   | 100       |
| Motivage Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                                 | Manufacturing of dairies products              | 100                                   | 100       |
| - Envictus QSR Pte Ltd  |  |                                       |           |
| PT Quick Service Restaurant <sup>(5)</sup> (Indonesia)                        | Deregistered on 28 November 2022               | -                                     | 100       |
| - Pok Brothers Sdn Bhd  |  |                                       |           |
| Pok Brothers (Johor) Sdn Bhd <sup>(3)(6)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                  | Under liquidation                              | 100                                   | 100       |
| Envictus Food Services Sdn Bhd  |  |                                       |           |
| Texas Chicken (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                 | Operation of fast food restaurant business     | 100                                   | 100       |
| Hot Bun Food Industries Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup> (Malaysia)                     | Dormant  | 100                                   | 100       |
| Lyndarahim Ventures Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                      | Investment holding                             | 100                                   | 100       |
| The Delicious Group Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)(3)(7)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                | Under liquidation                              | 100                                   | 100       |
| Envictus Central Food Services Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)           | Dormant  | 100                                   | 100       |
| Envictus Gifts Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)                           | Dormant  | 100                                   | 100       |

#### 6. Investments in subsidiaries (Continued)

#### 6.2 Particulars of subsidiaries (Continued)

| (Country of incorporation/<br>principal place of business) | Principal activities                | Effective equity held by the Group |           |  |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------|--|
|  |                                     | 2023<br>%                          | 2022<br>% |  |
| Held by the Subsidiaries (Continued)                       |                                     |                                    |           |  |
| - Lyndarahim Ventures Sdn Bhd                              |                                     |                                    |           |  |
| San Francisco Coffee Sdn Bhd <sup>(2)</sup><br>(Malaysia)  | Operating of specialty coffee chain | 100                                | 100       |  |

- (1) Audited by BDO LLP, Singapore, a member firm of BDO International Limited.
- (2) Audited by BDO PLT, Malaysia, a member firm of BDO International Limited.
- (3) These subsidiaries are under process of liquidation.
- (4) Envictus Capital (Labuan) Inc. and Envictus Foods International Inc. hold 68% and 32% respectively.
- (5) This subsidiary has been struck off during the financial year.
- Pok Brothers (Johor) Sdn Bhd has ceased operations in February 2015 and it has been placed under voluntary liquidation on 16 May 2023. The liquidation is still in the process as of the reporting date.
- The Delicious Group Sdn Bhd has ceased operations on 31 May 2020 and it has been placed under voluntary liquidation on 5 August 2020. The liquidation is still in the process as of the reporting date.

#### 7. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")

|   | Group          |                | Com            | pany           |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|   | 2023<br>RM'000 | 2022<br>RM′000 | 2023<br>RM′000 | 2022<br>RM′000 |
| Quoted equity securities, at fair value                         |                |                |                |                |
| At 1 October  | 9,862          | 8,946          | 9,597          | 8,631          |
| Fair value (loss)/gain recognised in other comprehensive income | (2,541)        | 533            | (2,541)        | 583            |
| Disposal  | (265)          | -              | -              | -              |
| Currency realignment  | 566            | 383            | 566            | 383            |
| At 30 September   | 7,622          | 9,862          | 7,622          | 9,597          |
|   |                |                |                |                |
| Quoted equity securities:                                       |                |                |                |                |
| - SGX-ST  | 7,622          | 9,597          | 7,622          | 9,597          |
| - Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad                              | -              | 265            | -              | -              |
| Total   | 7,622          | 9,862          | 7,622          | 9,597          |

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#### 7. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI") (Continued)

- (i) The Group has designated all equity instruments to be measured at FVOCI. The Group intends to hold these investments for long-term for appreciation in value as well as strategic investments purposes.
- (ii) The investments in listed equity securities have no fixed maturity date nor coupon rate. The fair values of these securities are based on quoted market bid price on the last market day of the financial year.

The currency profiles of the financial assets at FVOCI at the end of the financial year are as follows:

|                  | Group          |                | Company        |                |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|                  | 2023<br>RM′000 | 2022<br>RM'000 | 2023<br>RM′000 | 2022<br>RM′000 |
| Ringgit Malaysia | -              | 265            | -              | -              |
| Singapore dollar | 7,622          | 9,597          | 7,622          | 9,597          |
|                  | 7,622          | 9,862          | 7,622          | 9,597          |

#### 8. Deferred tax assets

|  | Group          |                |
|--|----------------|----------------|
|  | 2023<br>RM′000 | 2022<br>RM′000 |
| At the beginning/end of the financial year | 308            | 308            |

The following are the deferred tax assets recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the financial year:

|                                      | Property,<br>plant and<br>equipment<br>RM'000 | Unutilised<br>tax losses<br>RM'000 | Other<br>deductible<br>temporary<br>differences<br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM′000 |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|-----------------|
| Group                                |   |                                    |   |                 |
| At 1 October 2022/ 30 September 2023 | (24)  | 304                                | 28  | 308             |
| Group                                |   |                                    |   |                 |
| At 1 October 2021/ 30 September 2022 | (24)  | 304                                | 28  | 308             |

At the end of the financial year, the deferred tax assets not recognised comprises unutilised tax losses and unabsorbed capital allowances of approximately RM122,746,000 (2022: RM132, 661,000) and RM145,139,000 (2022: RM128, 461,000), respectively that are available for set-off against future taxable profits. No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of these items due to the unpredictability of the profit streams. The unutilised tax losses are subject to agreement by relevant tax authorities.

#### 8. Deferred tax assets (Continued)

Deferred tax assets have not been recognised in respect of the following items:

|   | 2023               |                     | 2022               |                     |
|---|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|---------------------|
|   | Malaysia<br>RM'000 | Singapore<br>RM'000 | Malaysia<br>RM'000 | Singapore<br>RM'000 |
| Unutilised tax losses                                 | 116,521            | 6,225               | 120,214            | 12,447              |
| Unutilised capital allowances                         | 145,139            | -                   | 128,461            | -                   |
| Other temporary differences                           | (41,551)           | -                   | (39,542)           | -                   |
|   | 220,109            | 6,225               | 209,133            | 12,447              |
|   |                    |                     |                    |                     |
| Unutilised deferred tax assets on the above temporary |                    |                     |                    |                     |
| differences   | 52,826             | 1,058               | 50,192             | 2,116               |

The unutilised tax losses of Malaysian subsidiaries may be carried forward for a maximum period of 10 years and the unutilised tax losses of Singapore subsidiaries may be carried indefinitely subject to the conditions imposed by the law. The expiry dates of the unutilised tax losses of the Malaysian subsidiaries are as follows:

|                               |              | Group           |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|
|                               | 202<br>RM'00 |                 |
| Expiring on 30 September 2028 | 38,99        | <b>7</b> 45,738 |
| Expiring on 30 September 2029 | 12,87        | <b>1</b> 13,544 |
| Expiring on 30 September 2030 | 25,12        | <b>2</b> 25,831 |
| Expiring on 30 September 2031 | 25,66        | <b>1</b> 25,661 |
| Expiring on 30 September 2032 | 9,44         | <b>o</b> 9,440  |
| Expiring on 30 September 2033 | 4,43         | 0 -             |
|                               | 116,52       | 1 120,214       |

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#### 9. Intangible assets

| Group  | Goodwill<br>RM'000 | Trademarks<br>RM'000 | Computer<br>software<br>RM'000 | Franchise<br>fees*<br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM′000 |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| 2023   |                    |                      |                                |                              |                 |
| Cost   |                    |                      |                                |                              |                 |
| At 1 October 2022  | 19,059             | 10,398               | 1,970                          | 8,692                        | 40,119          |
| Additions  | -                  | -                    | 12                             | 2,917                        | 2,929           |
| Reclassification to assets held for sale                   | -                  | -                    | (108)                          | -                            | (108)           |
| Disposal   | -                  | -                    | (222)                          | -                            | (222)           |
| Currency realignment                                       | -                  | 23                   | -                              | -                            | 23              |
| At 30 September 2023                                       | 19,059             | 10,421               | 1,652                          | 11,609                       | 42,741          |
| Accumulated amortisation                                   |                    |                      |                                |                              |                 |
| At 1 October 2022  | _                  | _                    | 1,749                          | 2,930                        | 4,679           |
| Amortisation for the financial year                        | _                  | _                    | 74                             | 460                          | 534             |
| Reclassification to assets held for sale                   | -                  | -                    | (97)                           | -                            | (97)            |
| Disposal   | -                  | -                    | (222)                          | -                            | (222)           |
| At 30 September 2023                                       | -                  | -                    | 1,504                          | 3,390                        | 4,894           |
| Accumulated impairment At 1 October 2022/30 September 2023 | 2,020              | 7,067                | _                              | _                            | 9,087           |
| Net carrying amount At 30 September 2023                   | 17,039             | 3,354                | 148                            | 8,219                        | 28,760          |
| At 30 September 2023                                       | 17,033             | 3,334                | 140                            | 0,213                        | 20,700          |
| 2022   |                    |                      |                                |                              |                 |
| Cost   |                    |                      |                                |                              |                 |
| At 1 October 2021  | 19,059             | 10,421               | 1,798                          | 5,802                        | 37,080          |
| Additions  | -                  | -                    | 172                            | 2,890                        | 3,062           |
| Currency realignment                                       |                    | (23)                 | -                              | -                            | (23)            |
| At 30 September 2022                                       | 19,059             | 10,398               | 1,970                          | 8,692                        | 40,119          |
| Accumulated amortisation                                   |                    |                      |                                |                              |                 |
| At 1 October 2021  | -                  | -                    | 1,652                          | 2,496                        | 4,148           |
| Amortisation for the financial year                        | -                  | -                    | 97                             | 434                          | 531             |
| At 30 September 2022                                       | -                  | -                    | 1,749                          | 2,930                        | 4,679           |
| Accumulated impairment                                     |                    |                      |                                |                              |                 |
| At 1 October 2021/30 September 2022                        | 2,020              | 7,067                | -                              | -                            | 9,087           |
| Net severing are such                                      |                    |                      |                                |                              |                 |
| Net carrying amount At 30 September 2022                   | 17,039             | 3,331                | 221                            | 5,762                        | 26,353          |
| 7.0 30 September 2022                                      | 17,033             | ا دد,د               |                                | 3,702                        | 20,333          |

<sup>\*</sup> The remaining useful life of the franchise fees is between 1 to 20 years (2022: 1 to 20 years).

#### 9. Intangible assets (Continued)

The amortisation of computer software and franchise fees is included in the "Administrative expenses" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

During the financial year, the Group paid the remaining franchise fees for renewal of franchise agreement to extend the franchise period to 2030 and new stores of RM2,917,000 (2022: RM2,890,000) in accordance with the International Multiple Unit Franchise and Development Agreement to develop and operate "Texas Chicken" restaurants for a period of 10 to 20 years in Malaysia.

Trademarks referred to the registered brands for Dairies and San Francisco Coffee (acquired through business combinations).

The useful lives of the trademarks are estimated to be indefinite because based on the current market share of the trademarks, management believes that there is no foreseeable limit to the period over which the trademarks are expected to generate net cash flow for the Group. As such there is no amortisation of the costs of trademarks.

#### Impairment testing of goodwill, trademarks and other intangible assets

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to the cash-generating units ("CGUs") that are expected to benefit from that business combination.

The Group tests significant CGUs for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired.

The recoverable amount of the CGUs of RM404,764,000 (2022: RM296,979,000) have been mainly determined on the basis of its value-in-use. The recoverable amount of the remaining portion of the CGUs RM64,240,000 (2022: RM76,827,000) has been determined on the basis of its fair value less cost of disposal during the financial year.

For presentation purposes, the carrying amounts of significant goodwill, trademarks and other intangible assets allocated to the respective CGUs have been grouped to the following segments:

- (a) Food Services;
- (b) Trading and Frozen Food; and
- (c) Dairies.

|                     |          | Trading     |         |
|---------------------|----------|-------------|---------|
|                     | Food     | and         |         |
|                     | Services | Frozen Food | Dairies |
|                     | RM'000   | RM'000      | RM'000  |
| 2023                |          |             |         |
| Net carrying amount |          |             |         |
| Goodwill            | 12,005   | 4,042       | 992     |
| Trademarks          | 3,095    | -           | 259     |
| Franchise fees      | 8,219    | -           | -       |
| 2022                |          |             |         |
| Net carrying amount |          |             |         |
| Goodwill            | 12,005   | 4,042       | 992     |
| Trademarks          | 3,095    | -           | 236     |
| Franchise fees      | 5,762    | -           |         |

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#### 9. Intangible assets (Continued)

Impairment testing of goodwill, trademarks and other intangible assets (Continued)

During the financial year, management determines that there is no impairment of the goodwill or intangible assets with indefinite and finite useful lives. For certain intangible assets within Food Services Division, the management has identified CGUs in outlet basis and the recoverable amount of the CGUs is determined by estimating future cash flows generated from respective outlets. The management has assessed that the average sales growth rate of the relevant outlets to be 34%.

For the remaining portion of the intangible assets within Food Division and Trading and Frozen Food Division, the recoverable amount of the CGUs was determined from value-in-use calculations based on forecasts derived from the most recent cash flow projections approved by management covering a 5-year period or more. The key assumptions for these value-in-use calculations were those regarding the discount rates, sales growth rates and gross margins.

During the previous financial year, the recoverable amount of the CGUs were determined from value-in-use calculations based on forecasts derived from the most recent cash flow projections approved by management covering a 5-year period or more. The key assumptions for these value-in-use calculations were those regarding the discount rates, sales growth rates and gross margins.

|                                    | Food<br>Services<br>RM'000<br>% | Trading<br>and<br>Frozen Food<br>RM'000<br>% |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 2023                               |                                 |  |
| Gross margin <sup>(1)</sup>        | 55.36 - 66.00                   | 22.28  |
| Revenue growth rate <sup>(2)</sup> | 10.00 – 20.68                   | 8.57   |
| Discount rate <sup>(3)</sup>       | 10.83 – 21.64                   | 13.57  |
| 2022                               |                                 |  |
| Gross margin <sup>(1)</sup>        | 55.98 – 69.73                   | 20.98  |
| Revenue growth rate <sup>(2)</sup> | 10.00 – 12.37                   | 10.89  |
| Discount rate <sup>(3)</sup>       | 13.66 – 16.06                   | 13.57  |

<sup>(1)</sup> Average budgeted gross margin.

- (2) Average revenue growth rate for:
  - Food Services: 5-year period for coffee chain and 10-year period for fast food restaurants; and
  - Trading and Frozen Food: 5-year period.
- (3) Pre-tax discount rate applied to the cash flow projections.

#### 9. Intangible assets (Continued)

Key assumptions used in the value-in-use calculations

The calculations of value-in-use for all the CGUs were most sensitive to the following assumptions:

Budgeted gross margins – Gross margins are benchmarked against average margins achieved in the five years preceding the start of the budget period. These are adjusted for anticipated efficiency improvements and expectations of future changes in market condition.

Revenue growth rates – The forecasted revenue growth rates are based on management estimates with reference to the historical trend as well as the forecasted economic condition over the budgeted period of 5 - 10 years.

Pre-tax discount rates – Discount rates are based on the Group's beta adjusted to reflect management's assessment of specific risks related to each of the CGUs.

The budgeted period of 10 years used for fast food restaurants due to the renewal of franchise agreement for another 10 years.

#### Sensitivity to changes in assumptions

The management has assessed that reasonable changes in the above key assumptions would not result in the carrying amounts of the CGUs to be materially different from their recoverable amounts.

#### 10. Inventories

|   | Group          |                |
|---|----------------|----------------|
|   | 2023<br>RM'000 | 2022<br>RM'000 |
| Finished goods                          | 36,997         | 34,571         |
| Raw materials                           | 7,409          | 4,377          |
| Packaging materials                     | 1,328          | 1,423          |
| Consumables                             | 8,511          | 9,864          |
| Work in progress                        | -              | 200            |
|   | 54,245         | 50,435         |
| Allowance for write-down of inventories | (832)          | (832)          |
|   | 53,413         | 49,603         |

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#### 10. Inventories (Continued)

Movements in the allowance for write-down of inventories are as follows:

|                           | Group  |        |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|
|                           | 2023   | 2022   |
|                           | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| At 1 October/30 September | 832    | 832    |

The cost of inventories recognised as an expense and included in "cost of goods sold" amounted to RM341,155,000 (2022: RM307,376,000).

#### 11. Trade and other receivables

|   | Group   |         | Company  |          |
|---|---------|---------|----------|----------|
|   | 2023    | 2022    | 2023     | 2022     |
|   | RM'000  | RM'000  | RM'000   | RM'000   |
| Non-current receivable  |         |         |          |          |
| Deposits  | 10,739  | -       | -        | -        |
| Current receivables   |         |         |          |          |
| Trade receivables   | 46,250  | 43,117  | -        | -        |
| Loss allowance on trade receivables (Note 31.1)                             | (2,649) | (2,620) | -        | -        |
|   | 43,601  | 40,497  | -        | -        |
|   |         |         |          |          |
| Other receivables   | 2,285   | 565     | 184      | 177      |
| Sale proceeds receivable from the disposal of property, plant and equipment | -       | 11,074  | -        | -        |
| SST receivables   | 17      | 16      | -        | -        |
| Prepayments   | 2,576   | 1,606   | 56       | 78       |
| Deposits  | 2,162   | 12,191  | 40       | 37       |
| Advances to suppliers   | 2,359   | 5,947   | -        | -        |
| Tax recoverable   | 896     | 191     | -        | -        |
|   | 10,295  | 31,590  | 280      | 292      |
| Due from subsidiaries   |         |         |          |          |
| - non-trade   | -       | -       | 142,369  | 115,530  |
| Loss allowance on receivables (Note 31.1)                                   | -       | -       | (74,349) | (72,444) |
|   | -       | -       | 68,020   | 43,086   |
| Total current trade and other receivables                                   | 53,896  | 72,087  | 68,300   | 43,378   |
|   |         |         |          |          |
| Total trade and other receivables   | 64,635  | 72,087  | 68,300   | 43,378   |

#### 11. Trade and other receivables (Continued)

The trade amounts owing by third parties are repayable within the normal trade credit terms 30 to 60 days (2022: 30 to 60 days).

The non-trade amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free, are repayable on demand and are to be settled in cash.

The currency profiles of the Group's and Company's trade and other receivables (excluding SST receivables, prepayments, advances to suppliers and tax recoverable) at the end of the financial year are as follows:

|                      | Group  |        | Company |        |
|----------------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
|                      | 2023   | 2022   | 2023    | 2022   |
|                      | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000  | RM'000 |
| Ringgit Malaysia     | 57,669 | 64,170 | 63,461  | 41,645 |
| Singapore dollar     | 156    | 147    | 4,560   | 1,519  |
| United States dollar | 962    | 10     | 149     | 136    |
| Indonesian rupiah    | -      | -      | 74      | -      |
|                      | 58,787 | 64,327 | 68,244  | 43,300 |

#### 12. Cash and bank balances

|                        | Group  |        | Company |        |
|------------------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
|                        | 2023   | 2022   | 2023    | 2022   |
|                        | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000  | RM'000 |
| Fixed deposits         | 1,906  | 615    | -       | -      |
| Cash and bank balances | 16,422 | 16,145 | 1,520   | 1,259  |
|                        | 18,328 | 16,760 | 1,520   | 1,259  |

Fixed deposits are placed for a period of approximately 365 days (2022: 30 to 365 days) and carry interest rate at 0% - 2.85% (2022: 0%) per annum. The total fixed deposits of RM1,906,000 (2022: RM615,000) were pledged as security for bank facilities provided to subsidiaries. The Company provided a financial guarantee for these bank facilities as disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements.

The currency profiles of the Group's and Company's fixed deposits and cash and bank balances as at the end of the financial year are as follows:

|                      | Group  |        | Company |        |
|----------------------|--------|--------|---------|--------|
|                      | 2023   | 2022   | 2023    | 2022   |
|                      | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000  | RM'000 |
| Ringgit Malaysia     | 17,131 | 16,484 | 405     | 1,040  |
| Singapore dollar     | 1,118  | 223    | 1,079   | 186    |
| United States dollar | 3      | 4      | 2       | 2      |
| New Zealand dollar   | 22     | 20     | 22      | 20     |
| Australian dollar    | 13     | 11     | 12      | 11     |
| Indonesian rupiah    | 41     | 18     | -       | -      |
|                      | 18,328 | 16,760 | 1,520   | 1,259  |

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#### 12. Cash and bank balances (Continued)

For the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following at the end of the financial year:

|   | Group   |         |
|---|---------|---------|
|   | 2023    | 2022    |
|   | RM'000  | RM'000  |
| Fixed deposits  | 1,906   | 615     |
| Cash and bank balances  | 16,422  | 16,145  |
| Total   | 18,328  | 16,760  |
| Less: pledged fixed deposits  | (1,906) | (615)   |
| Less: bank overdraft (Note 15)*   | (759)   | (1,227) |
| Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows | 15,663  | 14,918  |

<sup>\*</sup> Bank overdraft of RM759,000 (2022: RM1,227,000) was utilised for operating activities (excluded from cash and cash equivalents).

#### 13. Assets classified as held for sale

On 10 May 2023, the Group had entered into two separate conditional sale and purchase agreements for an aggregate consideration of RM86,000,000 for the sale of the following assets:

- i) 100% equity interest in a subsidiary, Gourmessa Sdn Bhd and Assets owned by a subsidiary, Pok Brothers Sdn Bhd for an aggregate consideration of RM57,000,000;
  - Assets comprise all assets in relation to the operations of the warehouse and cold storage facility located at Pulau Indah, Selangor.
- ii) Sale of two pieces of leasehold land held under Lots 83 and 84 located at Pulau Indah, Selangor for an aggregate consideration of RM29,000,000.

The sale of assets ("Proposed Disposals") was then completed on 26 October 2023 with an estimated gain on disposals of RM7,581,000.

The Group has received the total sale consideration of RM52,000,000 less 3% retention sum for real property gain tax, less such portion of bank borrowings associated with the sale assets was paid on the completion date on 26 October 2023. The remaining balance of RM34,000,000 will be received on the date falling 18 months from the date of completion (deferred payment).

#### 13. Assets classified as held for sale (Continued)

Accordingly, the following non-current assets in relation to Proposed Disposals were reclassified as assets held for sale in the consolidated statement of financial position during the financial year:

|                               | Group  |
|-------------------------------|--------|
|                               | 2023   |
|                               | RM'000 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 73,691 |
| Intangible assets             | 11     |
| Total                         | 73,702 |

As at end of the previous financial year, the above leasehold land and building were pledged for bank borrowings granted to the Group (Note 15). The assets classified as held for sales that is relating to the disposal of a subsidiary is RM36,766,000. The liabilities associated with the held for sales for disposal of a subsidiary are disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements.

#### 14. Trade and other payables

|  | Gro     | Group   |        | Company |  |
|--|---------|---------|--------|---------|--|
|  | 2023    | 2022    | 2023   | 2022    |  |
|  | RM'000  | RM'000  | RM'000 | RM'000  |  |
| Non-current payable                    |         |         |        |         |  |
| Amount due to Director                 | 9,000   | -       | 9,000  | -       |  |
| Current payables                       |         |         |        |         |  |
| Trade payables – third parties         | 54,830  | 34,146  | -      | -       |  |
| SST payables                           | 3,038   | 3,065   | -      | -       |  |
| Other payables                         | 23,925  | 19,799  | 18     | 15      |  |
| Contract liabilities                   | 89      | 153     | -      | -       |  |
| Refundable deposits received           | 1,431   | 1,637   | 11     | 14      |  |
| Accruals                               | 24,550  | 26,854  | 1,360  | 1,241   |  |
| Amount due to Directors                | 3,183   | 13,846  | 3,183  | 13,846  |  |
| Amount due to a third party            | 3,648   | 4,642   | 3,648  | 4,642   |  |
| Due to subsidiaries – non-trade        | -       | -       | 17,987 | 17,429  |  |
| Total current payables                 | 114,694 | 104,142 | 26,207 | 37,187  |  |
|  |         |         |        |         |  |
| Total non-current and current payables | 123,694 | 104,142 | 35,207 | 37,187  |  |

The average credit period on purchases of goods ranges from 7 to 90 days (2022: 7 to 90 days).

The non-trade amount due to subsidiaries is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand to be settled in cash.

The amount due to Directors is non-trade in nature, unsecured, and interest-free to be settled in cash. The non-current portion is repayable on the date falling 18 months from the date of completion of the Proposed Disposals in Note 13 and the current portion is repayable on demand.

The carrying amount of trade and other payables associated with the assets classified as held for sales for disposal of a subsidiary is RM1,378,000.

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#### 14. Trade and other payables (Continued)

Contract liabilities

|                 | Gi     | Group  |  |
|-----------------|--------|--------|--|
|                 | 2023   | 2022   |  |
|                 | RM'000 | RM'000 |  |
| Volume rebates  | 89     | 126    |  |
| Deferred income | -      | 27     |  |
|                 | 89     | 153    |  |

Changes in contract liabilities:

|  | Gro    | Group    |  |
|--|--------|----------|--|
|  | 2023   | 023 2022 |  |
|  | RM'000 | RM'000   |  |
| At 1 October   | 153    | 422      |  |
| Cash received in advance of performance and not recognise as revenue | 89     | 153      |  |
| Amount recognised as revenue   | (153)  | (422)    |  |
| At 30 September  | 89     | 153      |  |

Volume rebates are discounts offered to customers with large volume orders.

Deferred income is an obligation to transfer goods and services to the customers for which payments from sale of F&B vouchers and sale of goods were received in advance from customers. Deferred income is recognised as revenue upon redemption of the vouchers or delivery of the performance obligations which are generally within 12 months.

The currency profiles of the Group's and Company's trade and other payables (excluding SST payables and contract liabilities) as at the end of the financial year are as follows:

|                      | Group   |         | Company |        |
|----------------------|---------|---------|---------|--------|
|                      | 2023    | 2022    | 2023    | 2022   |
|                      | RM'000  | RM'000  | RM'000  | RM'000 |
| Ringgit Malaysia     | 113,003 | 91,905  | 21,714  | 23,314 |
| Singapore dollar     | 1,409   | 1,056   | 1,049   | 984    |
| United States dollar | 5,089   | 5,765   | 3,602   | 4,606  |
| New Zealand dollar   | -       | -       | 8,842   | 8,283  |
| Others               | 1,066   | 2,198   | -       | -      |
|                      | 120,567 | 100,924 | 35,207  | 37,187 |

#### 15. Bank borrowings

|                         | G       | roup    |
|-------------------------|---------|---------|
|                         | 2023    | 2022    |
|                         | RM′000  | RM'000  |
| Current liabilities     |         |         |
| Secured:                |         |         |
| Banker's acceptance     | 35,289  | 44,403  |
| Revolving credit        | 4,000   | 5,000   |
| Bank overdraft          | 759     | 1,227   |
| Term loans              | 69,060  | 34,316  |
| - Fixed rate            | 2,443   | 2,106   |
| - Floating rate         | 66,617  | 32,210  |
|                         | 109,108 | 84,946  |
| Non-current liabilities |         |         |
| Secured:                |         |         |
| Term loans              |         |         |
| - Fixed rate            | 10,653  | 12,177  |
| - Floating rate         | 39,443  | 89,639  |
|                         | 50,096  | 101,816 |
| Total bank borrowings   | 159,204 | 186,762 |

During the current financial year, the bank borrowings that were related to the proposed disposal of Assets (as disclosed in Note 13) will be fully settled concurrently with the completion of the sale. Accordingly, long-term portion of the bank borrowings of RM37,562,000 have been reclassified to short-term borrowings.

The carrying amounts of bank borrowings approximate their fair values, either due to their short-term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates or drawdown near the end of the financial year or the fixed interest rates approximates market interest rates for such liabilities which management expects to be available to the Group.

|                          | G           | Group       |  |  |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|
|                          | 2023        | 2022        |  |  |
|                          | %           | %           |  |  |
| Effective interest rates |             |             |  |  |
| Banker's acceptance      | 2.00 – 4.42 | 1.97 – 4.09 |  |  |
| Revolving credit         | 3.74 – 4.74 | 2.91 – 3.73 |  |  |
| Bank overdraft           | 6.15        | 6.90        |  |  |
| Term loans               |             |             |  |  |
| - Fixed rate             | 3.75 – 7.75 | 6.00 – 7.75 |  |  |
| - Floating rate          | 3.74 – 6.50 | 2.99 – 6.50 |  |  |

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#### 15. Bank borrowings (Continued)

Non-current bank borrowings are repayable as follows:

|                   | G      | Group      |  |
|-------------------|--------|------------|--|
|                   | 2023   | 2022       |  |
|                   | RM'000 | 000 RM′000 |  |
| After one year    | 12,062 | 19,296     |  |
| Two to five years | 27,765 | 49,747     |  |
| After five years  | 10,269 | 32,773     |  |
|                   | 50,096 | 101,816    |  |

#### Breach of subsidiaries' financial covenants

Subsidiaries of the Group have not complied with the financial covenants required by the banks in relation to the maintenance of positive tangible net worth and a gearing ratio of less than 5 times as at 30 September 2023.

Due to the non-compliance of the financial covenant, the banks are contractually entitled to request immediate repayment of the outstanding amount. Accordingly, the carrying amount of the bank borrowings amounting to RM21,684,000 (2022: RM16,504,000) in which the non-current portion amounting to RM6,744,000 (2022: RM11,754,000) have been reclassified to current liabilities as at 30 September 2023. The banks have not requested for early repayment of the outstanding amount as of the date when these financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors. Management is in the process of renegotiating with the respective banks for the rectification of the breach of covenant.

The Group's bank borrowings as at 30 September 2023 are secured against the following:

- (a) Company's corporate guarantee, including for financial lease payables;
- (b) Pledge of certain leasehold land, freehold land and buildings and investment property (Note 4 and Note 5);
- (c) Pledge of fixed deposit of subsidiaries; and
- (d) Debenture comprising fixed and floating charge over all future and present assets of a subsidiary.

As at the end of the financial year, the Group has unutilised banking facilities for working capital and capital expenditure amounting to RM40,497,000 (2022: RM24,497,000).

The Group's bank borrowings as at the end of the financial year are denominated in Ringgit Malaysia.

#### 16. Lease liabilities

|                                      |  | Gro                                    | up                                      |
|--------------------------------------|--|--|---|
|                                      |  | 2023                                   | 2022                                    |
|                                      |  | RM'000                                 | RM'000                                  |
| Group                                |  |  |   |
| At 1 October                         |  | 129,191                                | 131,348                                 |
| Additions (Note 4(a))                |  | 25,617                                 | 23,853                                  |
| Termination of contracts             |  | (9,391)                                | (947)                                   |
| Modification of lease contracts      |  | 805                                    | (132)                                   |
| Interest expenses (Note 25)          |  | 10,156                                 | 9,797                                   |
| Rent concession (Note 24)            |  | (226)                                  | (2,665)                                 |
| Lease payments                       |  | (==5)                                  | (=,000)                                 |
| - Principal portion                  |  | (23,576)                               | (22,266)                                |
| - Interest portion                   |  | (10,156)                               | (9,797)                                 |
| At 30 September                      |  | 122,420                                | 129,191                                 |
|                                      | Minimum<br>lease<br>payments<br>RM'000 | Future<br>finance<br>charges<br>RM'000 | value of<br>lease<br>payments<br>RM'000 |
| Group                                |  |  |   |
| 2023                                 |  |  |   |
| Within one year                      | 31,511                                 | (7,573)                                | 23,938                                  |
| After one year but within five years | 76,197                                 | (17,625)                               | 58,572                                  |
| After five years                     | 63,442                                 | (23,532)                               | 39,910                                  |
|                                      | 139,639                                | (41,157)                               | 98,482                                  |
|                                      | 171,150                                | (48,730)                               | 122,420                                 |
| 2022                                 |  |  |   |
| Within one year                      | 31,268                                 | (8,193)                                | 23,075                                  |
| After one year but within five years | 83,210                                 | (18,786)                               | 64,424                                  |
| After five years                     | 61,925                                 | (20,233)                               | 41,692                                  |
| •                                    | 145,135                                | (39,019)                               | 106,116                                 |
|                                      | 176,403                                | (47,212)                               | 129,191                                 |

The Group leases outlets - coffee chains and restaurants in Malaysia that contains sub-leasing restrictions. The Group also leases motor vehicles, plant and equipment with only fixed payments over the lease terms. The lease liabilities included hire purchase creditors.

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#### 16. Lease liabilities (Continued)

Certain equipment of the Group qualify as low value assets and the Group also leases certain warehouse, machinery and equipment on a short-term basis (i.e. 1 to 12 months). The election of short-term leases are made by class of underlying assets with similar nature and use in the Group's operation whereas the low-value lease exemption are made on a lease-by-lease basis.

Total cash outflow for all the leases was RM45,147,000 (2022: RM40,982,000).

Certain leases of the Group contain extension or termination options exercisable by the Group, management applied judgement to determine the lease term as disclosed under Note 3.1 to the financial statements.

All leases are based on fixed payment terms, except for lease contracts for F&B restaurants and coffee chains located in commercial properties that contains monthly variable lease payments that are linked to the monthly sales generated from the restaurants and coffee chains. Such variable lease payments are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the condition triggers the payment occurs.

Certain leases of the Group are secured over the property, plant and equipment ("PPE") acquired under hire purchase. The PPE acquired under hire purchase with a carrying amount of RM22,387,000 (2022: RM27,548,000) are secured over the lease liabilities hire purchase creditors of RM14,936,000 (2022: RM19,869,000). These assets will be seized and returned to lessor in the event of default by the Group.

As at 30 September 2023, the Group has approximately RM1,389,000 (2022: RM2,163,000) of aggregate undiscounted commitments for short-term leases. The incremental borrowing rates applied in the lease liabilities ranges from 0.88% to 6.98% (2022: 1.71% to 6.98%) per annum.

The Group's lease liabilities as at the end of the financial year are denominated in Ringgit Malaysia.

#### 17. Provision for restoration costs

|   | Group  |        |
|---|--------|--------|
|   | 2023   | 2022   |
|   | RM′000 | RM'000 |
| At the beginning of the financial year      | 4,544  | 3,900  |
| Arose during the financial year (Note 4(a)) | 160    | 454    |
| Discount rate adjustment                    | 203    | 232    |
| Utilised                                    | (31)   | (42)   |
| At the end of the financial year            | 4,876  | 4,544  |

Provision for restoration costs is based on the estimated cost of restoring the leased premises, arising from the use of such premises and in accordance to the stipulations in the tenancy agreements. The estimated costs of such restoration are included in the costs of property, plant and equipment.

The estimated restoration costs are reviewed and updated annually based on the latest cost of restoring a premise.

#### 18. Deferred tax liabilities

|  | Group  |        |
|--|--------|--------|
|  | 2023   | 2022   |
|  | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| At the beginning of the financial year | 3,542  | 3,915  |
| Credit to profit or loss               | (92)   | (373)  |
| At the end of the financial year       | 3,450  | 3,542  |

The following are the deferred tax liabilities recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the financial year:

|                          | Property,<br>plant and<br>equipment<br>RM'000 | Other<br>taxable<br>temporary<br>differences<br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM'000 |
|--------------------------|---|--|-----------------|
| Group                    |   |  |                 |
| At 1 October 2021        | 3,779   | 136  | 3,915           |
| Credit to profit or loss | (34)  | (339)  | (373)           |
| At 30 September 2022     | 3,745   | (203)  | 3,542           |
| Credit to profit or loss | -   | (92)   | (92)            |
| At 30 September 2023     | 3,745   | (295)  | 3,450           |

#### 19. Share capital and treasury shares

#### (a) Share capital

|  | Group and Company |         |           |         |   |
|--|-------------------|---------|-----------|---------|---|
|  | 2023              |         | 2023 2022 |         | 2 |
|  | S\$′000           | RM'000  | S\$'000   | RM'000  |   |
| Issued and fully paid:                 |                   |         |           |         |   |
| At the beginning of the financial year | 68,511            | 177,865 | 68,511    | 177,865 |   |
| Issued during the financial year       | 9,131             | 30,274  | -         | -       |   |
| At the end of the financial year       | 77,642            | 208,139 | 68,511    | 177,865 |   |

The Company has only one class of ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income. The holders of ordinary shares of the Company are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares of the Company carry one vote per share without restriction. Share capital does not have a par value. All of these newly issued ordinary shares rank pari-passu with the existing ordinary shares.

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#### 19. Share capital and treasury shares (Continued)

#### (a) Share capital (Continued)

On 28 November 2018, the Company completed its renounceable non-underwritten Rights cum Warrants following the issuance and allotment of 105,195,904 new ordinary shares in the Company (the "Rights Shares") at an issue price of S\$0.16 per Rights Share, together with up to 105,195,904 free detachable Warrants (the "Warrants"), on the basis of four (4) Rights Shares for every five (5) existing ordinary shares in the capital of the Company held by entitled shareholders as at books closure date on 29 October 2018, with one (1) Warrant for every one (1) Rights Share subscribed by the shareholders of the Company.

Each Warrant carries the right to subscribe one new ordinary share in the capital of the Company at an exercise price of \$\$0.16 for each new ordinary share and is exercisable at any time during the period commencing on the date falling twelve (12) months from the date of issue of the Warrants and expiring on the market day immediately preceding the fourth (4th) anniversary of the date of issue of the Warrants.

During the current financial year, total number of warrants exercised were 57,066,950 at the exercise price of \$\$0.16 per share and the total number of expired warrants were 48,128,954.

The newly issued shares rank pari-passu in all respect with the previously issued shares.

|  |         | Group and Company<br>Number of ordinary shares |  |
|--|---------|--|--|
|  | 2023    | 2022   |  |
|  | ′000    | ′000   |  |
| At the beginning of the financial year | 247,356 | 247,356  |  |
| Addition during the financial year     | 57,067  | -  |  |
| At the end of the financial year       | 304,423 | 247,356  |  |

#### (b) Treasury shares

|  |              | Group and Company         |        |        |  |
|--|--------------|---------------------------|--------|--------|--|
|  | Number of tr | Number of treasury shares |        | Amount |  |
|  | 2023         | 2022                      | 2023   | 2022   |  |
|  | ′000         | ′000                      | RM'000 | RM'000 |  |
| At the beginning/end of the financial year | 242          | 242                       | 183    | 183    |  |

The total amount paid to repurchase the shares has been deducted from shareholders' equity. The repurchased shares are held as treasury shares.

#### 20. Foreign currency translation reserve

|  | Group  |        | Company |        |
|--|--------|--------|---------|--------|
|  | 2023   | 2022   | 2023    | 2022   |
|  | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000  | RM'000 |
| At 1 October   | 33,497 | 29,324 | 63,999  | 46,623 |
| Net currency translation differences of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries | 3,806  | 4,173  | 25,166  | 17,376 |
| At 30 September  | 37,303 | 33,497 | 89,165  | 63,999 |

The foreign currency translation reserve of the Group and the Company represents foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations and the Company whose functional currencies are different from that of the Group's presentation currency. This is non-distributable and the movements in this account are set out in the statements of changes in equity.

#### 21. Fair value reserve

The fair value reserve represents the cumulative changes in the fair value adjustments, net of taxes of financial assets at FVOCI until the assets are derecognised. Upon derecognition, the cumulative fair value changes will be transferred to accumulated (losses)/profits.

#### 22. Other reserve

|  | Group  |        |
|--|--------|--------|
|  | 2023   | 2022   |
|  | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| At the beginning/end of the financial year | 2,394  | 2,394  |

Other reserve is in respect of premium paid for the acquisition of non-controlling interests in subsidiaries and dilutive effects arising from the forgiveness of debt in balances owed by a subsidiary with non-controlling interests.

#### 23. Revenue

Revenue represents sale of food and beverages from food services as well as processing and distribution of food, beverages and dairies products recognised at a point in time (Note 30).

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#### 24. Loss before income tax

In addition to the charges and credits disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, loss before income tax is arrived at after charging/(crediting) the following:

|   | Grou    | ір       |
|---|---------|----------|
|   | 2023    | 2022     |
|   | RM'000  | RM'000   |
| Advertising and promotions  | 12,301  | 10,541   |
| Amortisation of intangible assets   | 534     | 531      |
| Audit fees:   |         |          |
| - Auditor of the Company  | 259     | 239      |
| - Other auditors  | 277     | 204      |
| Depreciation of:  |         |          |
| - Property, plant and equipment   | 45,480  | 44,409   |
| - Investment property   | 421     | 449      |
| Directors' remuneration:  |         |          |
| - Directors of the Company  | 1,506   | 1,223    |
| - Directors of the subsidiaries   | 965     | 817      |
| Directors' fee of the Company   | 1,059   | 841      |
| Lease expenses on:  |         |          |
| - Short-term leases/low value assets                                      | 7,347   | 5,409    |
| - Variable portion  | 4,068   | 3,510    |
| - Rent concession   | (226)   | (2,665)  |
| Gain on lease modifications   | (1,391) | -        |
| Property, plant and equipment written off                                 | 3,049   | 1,822    |
| Staff costs:  |         |          |
| - Salaries, bonuses and allowances  | 78,057  | 61,238   |
| - Employer contributions to defined contribution plans                    | 7,291   | 6,155    |
| Impairment/(Reversal of impairment) of property, plant and equipment, net | 117     | (80)     |
| Foreign currency exchange loss*, net                                      | 394     | 3,593    |
| Gain <sup>®</sup> on disposal of:   |         |          |
| - Assets classified as held for sale                                      | -       | (3,636)  |
| - Property, plant and equipment   | (243)   | (13,184) |
| Interest income®  | (195)   | (123)    |
| Rental income: <sup>®</sup>   |         |          |
| - Investment property   | (1,250) | (1,368)  |
| - Others  | (49)    | (117)    |

<sup>\*</sup> Included in other operating expenses.

Included in other operating income.

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#### 25. Finance costs

|                               | Gro      | up     |
|-------------------------------|----------|--------|
|                               | <br>2023 | 2022   |
|                               | RM'000   | RM'000 |
| Interest expense              |          |        |
| - Bank overdraft              | 19       | 78     |
| - Banker's acceptance         | 1,609    | 857    |
| - Term loans                  | 6,959    | 9,151  |
| - Lease liabilities (Note 16) | 10,156   | 9,797  |
| - Others                      | 243      | 367    |
|                               | 18,986   | 20,250 |

#### 26. Income tax expense

|   | Gro    | oup    |
|---|--------|--------|
|   | 2023   | 2022   |
|   | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Current tax:                            |        |        |
| - Current year                          | 2,807  | 3,115  |
| - Under/(Over) provision in prior years | 623    | (85)   |
| - Withholding tax                       | 241    | 49     |
|   | 3,671  | 3,079  |
|   |        |        |
| Deferred tax:                           |        |        |
| - Current year                          | (191)  | (91)   |
| - Under/(Over) provision in prior years | 99     | (282)  |
|   | (92)   | (373)  |
|   |        |        |
|   | 3,579  | 2,706  |

The Group has significant operations in Malaysia, for which the corporate income tax rate applicable is 24% (2022: 24%). Taxation for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the relevant jurisdictions.

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#### 26. Income tax expense (Continued)

The income tax expense varied from the amount of income tax expense determined by applying the Malaysia income tax rate of 24% (2022: 24%) to loss before income tax as a result of the following differences:

|   | Gro      | oup     |
|---|----------|---------|
|   | 2023     | 2022    |
|   | RM'000   | RM'000  |
| Loss before income tax  | (29,275) | (3,681) |
|   |          |         |
| Income tax calculated at Malaysia statutory tax rate of 24% (2022: 24%) | (7,026)  | (883)   |
| Effect of different tax rates in other countries                        | 502      | 637     |
| Expenses not deductible for tax purposes                                | 8,503    | 4,837   |
| Income not subject to tax   | (939)    | (4,522) |
| Under/(Over) provision in prior years                                   | 623      | (85)    |
| Deferred tax under/(over) provision in prior years                      | 99       | (282)   |
| Deferred tax assets not recognised                                      | 2,800    | 4,701   |
| Utilisation of deferred tax asset previously not recognised             | (1,224)  | (1,746) |
| Withholding tax   | 241      | 49      |
|   | 3,579    | 2,706   |

#### 27. Loss per share

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the Group's loss after income tax attributable to the equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

|  | Gro      | oup     |
|--|----------|---------|
|  | 2023     | 2022    |
| Numerator  |          |         |
| Net loss attributable to owners of the Company for the financial year (RM'000)       | (32,854) | (6,387) |
|  |          | _       |
| Denominator  |          |         |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year ('000) | 295,738  | 247,114 |
|  |          | _       |
| Loss per share (RM sen)  |          |         |
| Basic/diluted loss per share   | (11.11)  | (2.58)  |

Diluted loss per share is the same as the basic loss per share as at the end of the previous financial year because the potential ordinary shares which are the warrants as disclosed in Note 19(a) to the financial statements are anti-dilutive. In the current financial year, the remaining warrants have expired and therefore the diluted loss per share is the same as the basic loss per share because there are no potential ordinary shares.

#### 28. Significant related party transactions

During the financial year, in addition to the information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the Group and the Company entered into the following transactions with related parties at rates and terms agreed between the parties:

|   | Gro    | oup    | Com    | pany   |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|   | 2023   | 2022   | 2023   | 2022   |
|   | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| With related parties:                                   |        |        |        |        |
| - Insurance premium paid to a related party*            | 1,592  | 1,521  | 46     | 53     |
| - Purchase of goods from a related party*               | 178    | 353    | -      | -      |
| - Purchase of motor vehicles and service from a related |        |        |        |        |
| party*  | 234    | 8      | -      | -      |
| - Rental income   | 59     | 178    | -      | -      |
| - Advances from Directors                               | 9,207  | 9,320  | 9,207  | 9,320  |
| - Consultancy fees paid to Director                     | 162    | 216    | -      | -      |
| - Advisory fees paid to Director                        | 43     | 491    | 43     | 491    |

|  | Comp     | oany     |
|--|----------|----------|
|  | 2023     | 2022     |
|  | RM'000   | RM'000   |
| With subsidiaries:   |          |          |
| - Management fees  | (4,714)  | (978)    |
| - Net settlement of liabilities on behalf for subsidiaries | (335)    | (204)    |
| - Advances to subsidiaries                                 | (42,182) | (29,914) |

<sup>\*</sup> A related party is a company where the Directors have beneficial interest or significant influence.

As at 30 September, the outstanding balances in respect of the above related party transactions are disclosed in Notes 11 and 14 to the financial statements.

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#### 28. Significant related party transactions (Continued)

The remuneration of Directors and other members of key management of the Group and of the Company are as follows:

|                                  | Gro    | oup    | Com    | pany   |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
|                                  | 2023   | 2022   | 2023   | 2022   |
|                                  | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Short-term employee benefits     | 4,171  | 3,455  | 2,532  | 2,021  |
| Post-employment benefits         | 192    | 182    | 33     | 42     |
|                                  | 4,363  | 3,637  | 2,565  | 2,063  |
|                                  |        |        |        |        |
| Analysed into:                   |        |        |        |        |
| - Directors of the Company       | 2,565  | 2,063  | 2,565  | 2,063  |
| - Directors of the subsidiaries  | 965    | 817    | -      | -      |
| - Other key management personnel | 833    | 757    | -      | -      |
|                                  | 4,363  | 3,637  | 2,565  | 2,063  |

#### 29. Commitments

#### 29.1 Capital commitments

As at the end of the financial year, the Group had the following capital commitments:

|   | Gro    | oup    |
|---|--------|--------|
|   | 2023   | 2022   |
|   | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Contracted but not provided for:            |        |        |
| Renovation, purchase of plant and equipment | 3,290  | 2,845  |

#### 29.2 Operating lease commitments – as lessor

As at the end of the financial year, there were non-cancellable operating lease commitments for rental receivable for premises in subsequent accounting periods as follows:

|                    | Gre    | oup    |
|--------------------|--------|--------|
|                    | 2023   | 2022   |
|                    | RM′000 | RM'000 |
| Within one year    | 1,191  | 357    |
| Two to three years | 298    | -      |
|                    | 1,489  | 357    |

The above lease agreements expire within 2 years expiring in 2024 (2022: within 1 year expiring in 2023). The current rent receivables under the leases are subject to revision after expiry with no provisions for contingent rent.

Upon expiry of the lease term, the lessee is granted an option to renew the tenancy for 2 years subject to compliance and observation of all the terms and conditions in the tenancy agreements.

#### 30. Segment information

#### **Business segments**

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group's business that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments.

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed that are used to make strategic decisions.

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that are organised based on their function and targeted customer groups. They are managed separately because each business unit requires different skill sets and marketing strategies.

Management monitors the operating results of the segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources to be allocated and of assessing performance. Segment performance is evaluated based on operation profit or loss which is similar to the accounting profit or loss.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same of those described in the summary of significant accounting policies. There is no asymmetrical allocation to reportable segments.

Management evaluates performance on the basis of profit or loss from operation before tax expense.

The Group's businesses segments are as follows:

- (a) Food Services Division Texas Chicken restaurants and San Francisco Coffee chains;
- (b) Trading and Frozen Food Division wholesalers of foodstuff, provisions and frozen meat;
- (c) Dairies Division manufacturing and distribution of condensed and evaporated milk; and
- (d) Food Processing Division butchery

#### Intersegment sales

The Group accounts for intersegment sales and transfer as if the sales or transfers were to third parties, which approximate market prices. These intersegment transactions are eliminated on consolidation. Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis.

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|                                      | Food<br>Services | Trading and<br>Frozen Food | Dairies  | Food<br>Processing | Unallocated | Total     |
|--------------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|----------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
|                                      | RM'000           | RM'000                     | RM'000   | RM'000             | RM′000      | RM′000    |
| 2023                                 |                  |                            |          |                    |             |           |
| Revenue                              |                  |                            |          |                    |             |           |
| Total revenue                        | 307,438          | 163,963                    | 190,839  | 1                  | 13,616      | 675,867   |
| Intersegment revenue                 | (E)              | (15,252)                   | (80,924) | •                  | (13,616)    | (109,793) |
| Revenue from external customers      | 307,437          | 148,711                    | 109,915  | 11                 | •           | 566,074   |
| Results                              |                  |                            |          |                    |             |           |
| Segment results                      | (12,625)         | 14,097                     | (168)    | (729)              | (11,059)    | (10,484)  |
| Interest income                      | 69               | 68                         | •        | 2                  | 35          | 195       |
| Finance costs                        | (12,007)         | (1,228)                    | (3,188)  | (1,642)            | (921)       | (18,986)  |
| (Loss)/Profit before income tax      | (24,563)         | 12,958                     | (3,356)  | (2,369)            | (11,945)    | (29,275)  |
| Income tax expense                   | (24)             | (2,878)                    | •        | (5)                | (672)       | (3,579)   |
| (Loss)/Profit for the financial year | (24,587)         | 10,080                     | (3,356)  | (2,374)            | (12,617)    | (32,854)  |
| Segment assets                       | 223,436          | 103,736                    | 124,667  | 38,186             | 78,446°     | 568,471   |
| Segment liabilities                  | (220,238)        | (29,611)                   | (93,055) | (34,076)           | (37 111)#   | (414,091) |

|  | Food<br>Services<br>RM'000 | Trading and<br>Frozen Food<br>RM'000 | Dairies<br>RM'000 | Food<br>Processing<br>RM'000 | Unallocated<br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM′000 |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| 2023 (Continued)                                       |                            |                                      |                   |                              |                       |                 |
| Other information                                      |                            |                                      |                   |                              |                       |                 |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment**           | 35,864                     | 991                                  | 394               | 116                          | 2,185                 | 39,550          |
| Additions to intangible assets                         | 2,917                      | 6                                    | m                 | •                            |                       | 2,929           |
| Depreciation and amortisation                          | 35,079                     | 2,517                                | 2,866             | 3,662                        | 2,311                 | 46,435          |
| (Write back of)/loss allowance on receivables, net     | •                          | (523)                                | 572               | •                            | (20)                  | 29              |
| Property, plant and equipment written off              | 3,048                      | -                                    | •                 | •                            |                       | 3,049           |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net | •                          | 8)                                   | •                 | •                            | (235)                 | (243)           |
| Gain on lease modifications                            | (1,391)                    | ,                                    | •                 | •                            | ı                     | (1,391)         |
| Impairment on property, plant and equipment, net       | 117                        | •                                    | •                 | •                            | •                     | 117             |

Included in unallocated segment assets are financial assets at FVOCI, property, plant and equipment and investment property of the Company and certain subsidiaries amounting to RM7,622,000, RM34,716,000 and RM18,331,000, respectively which are not attributable to the reporting segments. Included in unallocated segment liabilities is bank borrowings of certain subsidiaries amounting to RM16,218,000 which are not attributable to the respective reporting segments. #

\*\* Included right-of-use assets.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

|                                      | Food .             | Trading and           | :                 | Food .               | -<br>·<br>:           | -<br>!          |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
|                                      | Services<br>RM'000 | Frozen Food<br>RM'000 | Dairies<br>RM'000 | Processing<br>RM'000 | Unallocated<br>RM'000 | lotal<br>RM′000 |
| 2022                                 |                    |                       |                   |                      |                       |                 |
| Revenue                              |                    |                       |                   |                      |                       |                 |
| Total revenue                        | 273,472            | 167,816               | 137,128           | 13,821               | 6,785                 | 599,022         |
| Intersegment revenue                 | (21)               | (18,240)              | (58,027)          | (367)                | (6,785)               | (83,440)        |
| Revenue from external customers      | 273,451            | 149,576               | 79,101            | 13,454               | 1                     | 515,582         |
| Results                              |                    |                       |                   |                      |                       |                 |
| Segment results                      | 7,709              | 14,582                | (7,655)           | (1,382)              | 3,192                 | 16,446          |
| Interest income                      | 53                 | 89                    | 1                 | 2                    | 1                     | 123             |
| Finance costs                        | (11,702)           | (897)                 | (3,029)           | (3,784)              | (838)                 | (20,250)        |
| (Loss)/Profit before income tax      | (3,940)            | 13,753                | (10,684)          | (5, 164)             | 2,354                 | (3,681)         |
| Income tax expense                   | (13)               | (2,563)               | 1                 | •                    | (130)                 | (2,706)         |
| (Loss)/Profit for the financial year | (3,953)            | 11,190                | (10,684)          | (5,164)              | 2,224                 | (6,387)         |
| Segment assets                       | 233,972            | 114,716               | 106,097           | 42,267               | 00,027                | 587,079         |
| Segment liabilities                  | (214.406)          | (47,367)              | (87,701)          | (38.467)             | (40,406)#             | (428,347)       |

|   | Food<br>Services<br>RM'000 | Trading and<br>Frozen Food<br>RM'000 | Dairies<br>RM′000 | Food<br>Processing<br>RM'000 | Unallocated<br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM′000 |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| <b>2022</b> (Continued)                                 |                            |                                      |                   |                              |                       |                 |
| Other information                                       |                            |                                      |                   |                              |                       |                 |
| Additions to property, plant and equipment**            | 38,443                     | 702                                  | 456               | 39                           | 92                    | 39,732          |
| Additions to intangible assets                          | 2,944                      | 103                                  | 1                 | 15                           | ı                     | 3,062           |
| Depreciation and amortisation                           | 32,578                     | 3,916                                | 2,799             | 3,934                        | 2,162                 | 45,389          |
| (Write back of)/Loss allowance on receivables, net      | ı                          | (354)                                | 105               | (473)                        | (24)                  | (746)           |
| Property, plant and equipment written off               | 1,791                      | 6                                    | •                 | 22                           | ı                     | 1,822           |
| Gain on disposal of assets classified as held for sale  | I                          | ı                                    | 1                 |                              | (3,636)               | (3,636)         |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment, net  | (1)                        | (15)                                 | 1                 | (244)                        | (12,924)              | (13,184)        |
| Reversal of impairment of property, plant and equipment | ı                          | ı                                    | •                 | (80)                         | ı                     | (80)            |

Included in unallocated segment assets are financial assets at FVOCI, property, plant and equipment and investment property of the Company and certain subsidiaries amounting to RM9,597,000, RM46,942,000 and RM19,992,000, respectively which are not attributable to the reporting segments. Included in unallocated segment liabilities is bank borrowings of certain subsidiaries amounting to RM19,457,000 which are not attributable to the respective reporting segments. #

\*\* Included right-of-use assets.

#### FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

# **Geographical segments**

Segment non-current assets consist primarily of non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets. Segment non-current assets are The Group's business segments operate in four (2022: four) main geographical areas. Revenue is based on the country in which the customer is located. shown by geographical area in which the assets are located.

|  | Malaysia<br>RM'000 | Africa<br>RM'000 | ASEAN<br>(excluding<br>Malaysia)<br>RM'000 | Middle East<br>RM'000 | Others<br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM'000 |
|--|--------------------|------------------|--|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 2023<br>Revenue<br>Total revenue from external customers | 555,515            | 7,019            | 1,817                                      | 1,620                 | 103              | 566,074         |
| Segment non-current assets                               | 350,463            |                  |  |                       |                  | 350,463         |
| 2022 Revenue Total revenue from external customers       | 508,975            | 4,734            | 1,139                                      |                       | 734              | 515,582         |
| Segment non-current assets                               | 438,459            | ı                | -  | 1                     | •                | 438,459         |

Segment information (Continued)

#### 31. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management

The Group's activities expose the Group to financial risks (including credit risk, foreign currency risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk) arising in the normal course of business. The Group's overall risk management strategy seeks to minimise adverse effects from the volatility of financial markets on the Group's financial performance.

The management is responsible for setting the objectives and underlying principles of financial risks management for the Group. The management continually monitors the Group's financial risk management process to ensure that an appropriate balance between risk and control is achieved.

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks. The Group and the Company do not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

#### 31.1 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that the counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group performs ongoing credit evaluation of its counterparties' financial condition and generally does not require collateral.

At the end of the financial year, the Group's and Company's maximum exposure to credit risk were represented by the carrying amount of the financial assets on the statement of financial position except for the financial guarantees as disclosed in Note 31.4 to the financial statements. For the corporate guarantee issued, the Company has assessed that these subsidiaries have sufficient financial capabilities to meet their contractual cash flows obligation in the near future hence, the Company does not expect any material loss allowance under 12-month expected credit loss model.

The Group's and Company's major classes of financial assets are fixed deposits, cash and bank balances, financial assets at FVOCI and trade and other receivables (excluding SST receivables, prepayments and advances to suppliers).

#### Trade receivables

The age analysis of trade receivables that are past due are as follows:

|                              | Past due for<br>1 day to<br>3 months | Past due for<br>3 to 6<br>months | Past due for<br>6 to 12<br>months | Past due<br>over 12<br>months | Total    |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| Group                        | RM'000                               | RM'000                           | RM'000                            | RM'000                        | RM'000   |
| Попр                         | KIVI UUU                             | KIVI UUU                         | KIVI UUU                          | KIVI UUU                      | KIVI UUU |
| 2023                         |                                      |                                  |                                   |                               |          |
| Expected loss rate           | 0%                                   | 35%                              | 100%                              | 100%                          |          |
| Trade receivables (Gross)    | 15,671                               | 787                              | 1,498                             | 562                           | 18,518   |
| Less: Specific allowances    | (285)                                | (47)                             | (721)                             | (547)                         | (1,600)  |
|                              | 15,386                               | 740                              | 777                               | 15                            | 16,918   |
| Less: Expected credit losses | -                                    | (257)                            | (777)                             | (15)                          | (1,049)  |
| Trade receivables (Net)      | 15,386                               | 483                              | -                                 | -                             | 15,869   |

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 31. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

#### 31.1 Credit risk (Continued)

**Trade receivables (Continued)** 

|                              | Past due for<br>1 day to<br>3 months | Past due for<br>3 to 6<br>months | Past due for<br>6 to 12<br>months | Past due<br>over 12<br>months | Total   |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| Group                        | RM'000                               | RM'000                           | RM'000                            | RM'000                        | RM'000  |
| 2022                         |                                      |                                  |                                   |                               |         |
| Expected loss rate           | 3%                                   | 100%                             | 100%                              | 100%                          |         |
| Trade receivables (Gross)    | 12,386                               | 414                              | 391                               | 1,417                         | 14,608  |
| Less: Specific allowances    | (16)                                 | (67)                             | (51)                              | (1,411)                       | (1,545) |
|                              | 12,370                               | 347                              | 340                               | 6                             | 13,063  |
| Less: Expected credit losses | (382)                                | (347)                            | (340)                             | (6)                           | (1,075) |
| Trade receivables (Net)      | 11,988                               | -                                | _                                 | _                             | 11,988  |

|                        | Gro    | oup    |
|------------------------|--------|--------|
|                        | 2023   | 2022   |
|                        | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Expected credit losses | 1,049  | 1,075  |
| Specific allowances    | 1,600  | 1,545  |
| Total allowances       | 2,649  | 2,620  |

The management measures loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses ("ECL"). The ECL on trade receivables, excluding trade receivables determined to be credit-impaired, are determined based on historical credit loss rate and historical payment pattern, adjusted for current conditions and forecast of future economic conditions that may affect the ability of the customer to settle the trade receivables at the end of the financial year. As at 30 September 2023, the Group recognised loss allowance of RM2,649,000 (2022: RM2,620,000). The specific allowances were made on the long overdue receivables which are unable to pay off the debts. The management has taken legal actions against certain receivables.

Movements in the allowance for impairment loss on trade receivables are as follows:

|  | Gr     | oup    |
|--|--------|--------|
|  | 2023   | 2022   |
|  | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| At 1 October                               | 2,620  | 3,366  |
| Allowance made during the financial year   | 572    | 118    |
| Write back of allowance no longer required | (543)  | (864)  |
| Net  | 29     | (746)  |
| At 30 September                            | 2,649  | 2,620  |

Trade receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are substantially companies with good collection track record with the Group.

#### 31. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

#### 31.1 Credit risk (Continued)

#### Other receivables and deposits

The Group has assessed credit risk for other receivables amounts due from third parties based on 12-month expected credit loss basis which reflects the low credit risk of exposures.

For amount due from subsidiaries, the management has taken into account information that it has available internally about these subsidiaries' past, current and expected operating performance and cash flow position. The management monitors and assesses at the end of each financial year on any indicator of significant increase in credit risk on the amount due from the subsidiaries, by considering their financial performance and any default in external debt.

Movements in the allowance for impairment loss on other receivables and amounts due from subsidiaries are as follows:

|   | Com    | ıpany  |
|---|--------|--------|
|   | 2023   | 2022   |
|   | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| At 1 October                                  | 72,444 | 60,128 |
| Allowance made during the financial year, net | 2,631  | 9,896  |
| Currency realignment                          | (726)  | 2,420  |
| At 30 September                               | 74,349 | 72,444 |

The management individually assessed and determined that there is a significant increase in credit risk on the amount due from subsidiaries of RM3,843,000 (2022: RM9,896,000). The subsidiaries have a history of losses and has ceased operations at financial year end. The balance has been determined to be credit-impaired as the likelihood of recovery is remote.

As at 30 September 2023, the Company has recognised a loss allowance of RM3,843,000 (2022: RM9,896,000). Write back of allowance no longer required is due to amount recovered in the previous financial year.

#### Cash and bank balances and fixed deposits

Bank balances and fixed deposits are mainly deposits with financial institutions with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies which are assigned with investment grade ratings of generally at least BBB. Impairment of cash and bank balances have been measured based on 12 months expected credit loss model. At the end of the financial year, the Group did not expect any credit loss from non-performance by the counterparties.

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#### 31. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

#### 31.2 Foreign currency risk

The Group operates and trades in several countries predominantly in Singapore, Malaysia and Indonesia. Currency risk arises within entities in the Group when transactions are denominated in foreign currencies.

Exposure to foreign currency risk is monitored on an ongoing basis to ensure that the net exposure is at an acceptable level, as the Group manages its transactional exposure by matching, as far as possible, receipts and payments in each individual currency.

In relation to the Group's overseas investments in foreign operations where net assets are exposed to currency translation risks, they are not hedged as currency positions in these foreign currencies are considered to be long-term in nature. Differences arising from such translation are recorded under the foreign currency translation reserves.

Foreign currency risk arises from transactions denominated in currencies other than the functional currencies of the respective companies in the Group and the Company.

The currencies that give rise to this risk of the Group are primarily Ringgit Malaysia ("MYR"), United States dollar ("USD"), Singapore dollar ("SGD") and Indonesian rupiah ("IDR").

The currencies that give rise to this risk of the Company are primarily Ringgit Malaysia ("MYR"), New Zealand dollar ("NZD") and United States dollar ("USD").

The Group and the Company have not entered into any currency forward exchange contracts as at the end of the financial year.

The Group's and the Company's material exposure from foreign currency denominated financial assets and financial liabilities as at the end of the financial year is as follows:

|  | MYR       | USD      | SGD      | IDR    |
|--|-----------|----------|----------|--------|
|  | RM'000    | RM'000   | RM'000   | RM'000 |
| Group  |           |          |          |        |
| 2023   |           |          |          |        |
| Total financial assets   | 74,800    | 965      | 8,896    | 41     |
| Total financial liabilities  | (390,659) | (5,089)  | (1,409)  | (10)   |
| Net financial (liabilities)/assets   | (315,859) | (4,124)  | 7,487    | 31     |
| Add: Intra-group foreign currency exposure on assets/(liabilities)                                     | 64,075    | (31,140) | (28,927) | 74     |
| Less: Net financial liabilities/(assets) denominated in the respective entities' functional currencies | 306,102   | -        | (7,808)  | (31)   |
| Currency exposure of financial assets/(liabilities)  |           |          |          |        |
| net of those denominated in the respective entities' functional currencies                             | 54,318    | (35,264) | (29,248) | 74     |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 31. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

#### 31.2 Foreign currency risk (Continued)

|  | MYR       | USD      | SGD      | IDR     |
|--|-----------|----------|----------|---------|
|  | RM'000    | RM'000   | RM'000   | RM'000  |
| Group  |           |          |          |         |
| 2022   |           |          |          |         |
| Total financial assets   | 80,919    | 14       | 9,967    | 18      |
| Total financial liabilities  | (407,858) | (5,765)  | (1,056)  | (1)     |
| Net financial (liabilities)/assets   | (326,939) | (5,751)  | 8,911    | 17      |
| Add: Intra-group foreign currency exposure on assets/(liabilities)   | 44,637    | (30,793) | (24,944) | (7,698) |
| Less: Net financial liabilities/(assets) denominated in the respective entities' functional currencies                               | 315,407   | 6        | (8,942)  | (17)    |
| Currency exposure of financial assets/(liabilities)<br>net of those denominated in the respective<br>entities' functional currencies | 33,105    | (36,538) | (24,975) | (7,698) |
|  |           |          |          |         |
|  |           | MYR      | NZD      | USD     |
|  |           | RM'000   | RM'000   | RM'000  |
| Company  |           |          |          |         |
| 2023   |           |          |          |         |
| Total financial assets   |           | 63,866   | 22       | 151     |
| Total financial liabilities  |           | (21,714) | (8,842)  | (3,602) |
| Net currency exposure of financial assets  |           | 42,152   | (8,820)  | (3,451) |
| 2022   |           |          |          |         |
| Total financial assets   |           | 42,685   | 20       | 138     |
| Total financial liabilities  |           | (23,314) | (8,283)  | (4,606) |
| Net currency exposure of financial assets  |           | 19,371   | (8,263)  | (4,468) |

#### Foreign currency sensitivity analysis

The following tables detail the Group's sensitivity to a 10% (2022: 10%) change in MYR, USD, SGD and IDR against the Group entities' respective functional currency and the Company's sensitivity to a 10% (2022: 10%) change in MYR, NZD and USD against the Company's functional currency (SGD). The sensitivity analysis assumes an instantaneous 10% (2022: 10%) change in the foreign currency exchange rates from the end of the financial year, with all other variables held constant. The results of the model are also constrained by the fact that only monetary items, which are denominated in SGD, USD, NZD, IDR and MYR are included in the analysis.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 31. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

#### 31.2 Foreign currency risk (Continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis (Continued)

|                          | Increase/(<br>Gro<br>Profit o |         |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
|                          | 2023                          | 2022    |
|                          | RM'000                        | RM'000  |
| <u>MYR</u>               |                               |         |
| Strengthened against SGD | 5,432                         | 3,310   |
| Weakened against SGD     | (5,432)                       | (3,310) |
| USD                      |                               |         |
| Strengthened against MYR | (3,526)                       | (3,654) |
| Weakened against MYR     | 3,526                         | 3,654   |
| <u>SGD</u>               |                               |         |
| Strengthened against MYR | (2,925)                       | (2,498) |
| Weakened against MYR     | 2,925                         | 2,498   |
| <u>IDR</u>               |                               |         |
| Strengthened against MYR | 7                             | (770)   |
| Weakened against MYR     | (7)                           | 770     |
|                          | Increase/(<br>Com<br>Profit o | pany    |
|                          | 2023                          | 2022    |
|                          | RM'000                        | RM'000  |
| <u>MYR</u>               |                               |         |
| Strengthened against SGD | 4,215                         | 1,937   |
| Weakened against SGD     | (4,215)                       | (1,937) |
| NZD                      |                               |         |
| Strengthened against SGD | (882)                         | (826)   |
| Weakened against SGD     | 882                           | 826     |
| <u>USD</u>               |                               |         |
| Strengthened against SGD | (345)                         | (447)   |
| Weakened against SGD     | 345                           | 447     |

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 31. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

#### 31.2 Foreign currency risk (Continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity analysis (Continued)

The potential impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuation in profit or loss as described in the sensitivity analysis above is attributable mainly to foreign exchange rate fluctuations of the Group's and the Company's foreign exchange exposure on foreign currency denominated cash and cash equivalents, receivables and payables at the end of the financial year.

#### 31.3 Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to market risks for changes in interest rates relates primarily to bank borrowings (2022: bank borrowings) with financial institutions. The Group maintains an efficient and optimal interest cost structure using a combination of fixed and variable rate debts, and long and short-term borrowings.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rate risk for bank borrowings at the end of the financial year. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of liability outstanding at the end of the financial year was outstanding for the whole year. The sensitivity analysis assumes an instantaneous 100 basis point (2022: 100 basis point) change in the interest rates from the end of the financial year, with all variables held constant.

If the interest rates increase by 100 basis point (2022: 100 basis point), loss before tax of the Group will increase by:

|                 | Gro<br>Loss bef |        |
|-----------------|-----------------|--------|
|                 | 2023            | 2022   |
|                 | RM'000          | RM'000 |
| Bank borrowings | 1,421           | 1,675  |

A 100 basis point (2022: 100 basis point) decrease in the interest rates would have an equal but opposite effect to the Group.

#### 31.4 Liquidity risk

The Group and the Company actively manage their operating cash flows and the availability of funding so as to ensure that all repayment and funding needs are met. As part of their overall prudent liquidity management, the Group and the Company maintain sufficient levels of cash and cash equivalents and by ensuring the availability of funding through adequate amount of credit facilities from financial institutions to meet their working capital requirements.

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial instruments. The table has been drawn up based on undiscounted cash flows of financial instruments based on the earlier of the contractual date or when the Group is expected to pay. The table includes both interest and principal cash flows.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 31. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

#### 31.4 Liquidity risk (Continued)

|                   |               | Less    |        |         | More   |         |
|-------------------|---------------|---------|--------|---------|--------|---------|
|                   | Effective     | than 1  | 1 to 2 | 2 to 5  | than 5 |         |
|                   | interest rate | year    | years  | years   | years  | Total   |
| -                 | %             | RM'000  | RM'000 | RM'000  | RM'000 | RM'000  |
| Group             |               |         |        |         |        |         |
| 2023              |               |         |        |         |        |         |
| Bank borrowings   | 2.00 – 7.75   | 113,349 | 19,399 | 34,705  | 9,621  | 177,074 |
| Lease liabilities | 0.88 - 6.98   | 31,511  | 28,863 | 47,334  | 63,442 | 171,150 |
| Trade and other   |               |         |        |         |        |         |
| payables**        | -             | 111,567 | 9,000  | -       | -      | 120,567 |
|                   |               | 256,427 | 57,262 | 82,039  | 73,063 | 468,791 |
|                   |               |         |        |         |        |         |
| 2022              |               |         |        |         |        |         |
| Bank borrowings   | 2.07 – 7.75   | 93,128  | 24,744 | 58,216  | 34,801 | 210,889 |
| Lease liabilities | 1.71 – 6.98   | 31,268  | 28,265 | 54,945  | 61,925 | 176,403 |
| Trade and other   |               |         |        |         |        |         |
| payables**        | -             | 100,924 | -      | -       | -      | 100,924 |
|                   |               | 225,320 | 53,009 | 113,161 | 96,726 | 488,216 |

<sup>\*\*</sup> Excludes SST payables and contract liabilities.

The repayment terms of the bank borrowings and lease liabilities are disclosed in Notes 15 and 16 to the financial statements.

|                          | Effective interest rate | Less than<br>1 year | 1 to 2<br>years | Total  |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--------|
|                          | %                       | RM'000              | RM'000          | RM'000 |
| Company                  |                         |                     |                 |        |
| 2023                     |                         |                     |                 |        |
| Trade and other payables | -                       | 26,207              | 9,000           | 35,207 |
| 2022                     |                         |                     |                 |        |
| Trade and other payables |                         | 37,187              | -               | 37,187 |

As at 30 September 2023, the Company provided financial guarantees to the banks for bank borrowings and hire purchase liabilities of certain subsidiaries which amounted to RM159,738,000 (2022: RM192,941,000). These bank borrowings represent the maximum amount that the guarantees could be called within one financial year should the subsidiaries default on repayment.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 31. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

#### 31.5 Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

Fair value hierarchy

The Group categorises fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that is dependent on the valuation inputs used as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities that the Group can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are determined using the other observable inputs such as quoted prices for similar asset/liability in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar asset/liability in non-active markets or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

There have been no changes in the valuation techniques of the various classes of financial instruments during the financial year except for investment properties as disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

(i) Financial instruments that are not carried at fair value and whose carrying amounts are a reasonable approximation of fair value.

The carrying amounts of current financial assets and financial liabilities, such as trade and other receivables, trade and other payables, bank borrowings are reasonable approximation of fair value, either due to their short-term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates on or near the end of the financial year.

The carrying amounts of the non-current bank borrowings approximate their fair values due to floating rates or frequent re-pricing.

#### (ii) Equity investment at FVOCI

Quoted equity securities (Level 1): The fair value is determined by reference to the exchange quoted market bid prices at the close of business at the end of the financial year.

As at 30 September 2023, the Group has 10.44% (2022: 10.44%) investment in Yamada Green Resources Limited, a Company listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 31. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

#### 31.5 Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities (Continued)

Determination of fair value

The following tables set out the financial instruments carried at fair value and their carrying amounts are as shown in the statements of financial position.

|                             |      | Fair val          | ue of financial   | instruments ca    | rried at fair va | alue                         |
|-----------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------------------|
|                             | Note | Level 1<br>RM'000 | Level 2<br>RM'000 | Level 3<br>RM'000 | Total<br>RM′000  | Carrying<br>amount<br>RM'000 |
| 2023                        |      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                              |
| Group                       |      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                              |
| Financial assets            |      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                              |
| - Financial assets at FVOCI | 7    | 7,622             | -                 | -                 | 7,622            | 7,622                        |
|                             |      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                              |
| Company                     |      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                              |
| Financial assets            |      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                              |
| - Financial assets at FVOCI | 7    | 7,622             | -                 | -                 | 7,622            | 7,622                        |
| 2022                        |      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                              |
| Group                       |      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                              |
| Financial assets            |      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                              |
| - Financial assets at FVOCI | 7    | 9,862             | -                 | -                 | 9,862            | 9,862                        |
| Company                     |      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                              |
| Financial assets            |      |                   |                   |                   |                  |                              |
| - Financial assets at FVOCI | 7    | 9,597             | -                 | -                 | 9,597            | 9,597                        |

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 31. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

#### 31.6 Categories of financial instruments

The following table sets out the financial instruments as at the end of the financial year:

|   | Gro     | oup     | Com    | pany   |
|---|---------|---------|--------|--------|
|   | 2023    | 2022    | 2023   | 2022   |
|   | RM'000  | RM'000  | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Financial assets                                      |         |         |        |        |
| Trade and other receivables*                          | 58,787  | 64,327  | 68,244 | 43,300 |
| Fixed deposits  | 1,906   | 615     | -      | -      |
| Cash and bank balances                                | 16,422  | 16,145  | 1,520  | 1,259  |
| Financial assets at amortised cost                    | 77,115  | 81,087  | 69,764 | 44,559 |
|   |         |         |        |        |
| Financial assets at FVOCI                             | 7,622   | 9,862   | 7,622  | 9,597  |
|   |         |         |        |        |
| Total financial assets                                | 84,737  | 90,949  | 77,386 | 54,156 |
| Financial liabilities                                 |         |         |        |        |
| Trade and other payables**                            | 120,567 | 100,924 | 35,207 | 37,187 |
| Bank borrowings                                       | 159,204 | 186,762 | -      | -      |
| Lease liabilities                                     | 122,420 | 129,191 | -      | -      |
| Financial liabilities at amortised cost, representing |         |         |        |        |
| total financial liabilities                           | 402,191 | 416,877 | 35,207 | 37,187 |

<sup>\*</sup> Excludes SST receivables, prepayments, advances to suppliers and tax recoverable.

#### 31.7 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

During the current financial year there are no major offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities at Company level and Group level.

#### 31.8 Capital management policies and objectives

The Group and the Company manage their capital to ensure that the Group and the Company are able to continue as a going concern and maintain an optimal capital structure so as to maximise shareholders' values.

The capital structure of the Group consists of debt and equity attributable to equity holders of the Company, comprising issued share capital, reserves and net of accumulated losses as shown in the statements of financial position.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Excludes SST payables and contract liabilities.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

#### 31. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

#### 31.8 Capital management policies and objectives (Continued)

The Company may purchase its own shares from the market and the timing of these purchases depends on market prices. Buy and sell decisions are made on a specific transaction basis by the management. The Company does not have a defined buy-back plan.

The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged since the previous financial year.

Management constantly reviews the capital structure to ensure the Group and the Company are able to service all debt obligations (include principal repayment and interests) based on its operating cash flows.

The Group are subject to externally imposed capital requirements for the financial years ended 30 September 2023 and 2022, which are financial covenants as disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements. The Group is in compliance with these financial covenants and undertakings except as disclosed in Note 15 to the financial statements.

The gearing ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as bank borrowings plus leases liabilities plus amount due to Directors and a third party less fixed deposits and cash and bank balances. Total capital is calculated as equity plus net debt.

|               | Gro     | oup     |
|---------------|---------|---------|
|               | 2023    | 2022    |
|               | RM'000  | RM'000  |
|               |         |         |
| Net debt      | 279,127 | 317,681 |
| Total equity  | 154,380 | 158,732 |
| Total capital | 433,507 | 476,413 |
| Gearing ratio | 64.4%   | 66.7%   |

#### 32. Events subsequent to the reporting date

The Group has no other significant event subsequent to 30 September 2023 except for the completion of the Proposed Disposals on 26 October 2023 as disclosed in Note 13 to the financial statements.

#### 33. Authorisation of financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Group, the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended 30 September 2023 were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on 15 December 2023.

## STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 8 DECEMBER 2023

Issued and fully paid-up capital: \$\$78,845,551.268Number of ordinary shares in issue: 304,423,353Class of shares: Ordinary shareVoting rights: One vote per share

Number of Treasury Shares held : 242,000 Number of ordinary shares excluding Treasury Shares : 304,181,353Percentage of Treasury Shares :  $0.08\%^{(1)}$ 

#### Note:

(1) Calculated based on 304,181,353 voting shares as at 8 December 2023.

#### **VOTING RIGHTS**

Shareholder's voting rights are set out in Regulation 65 of the Company's Constitution.

Every Member present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every share which he holds or represents.

#### **SHAREHOLDINGS HELD IN HANDS OF PUBLIC**

Rule 723 of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") requires that at least 10% of the equity securities (excluding preference shares and convertible equity securities) of a listed company in a class that is listed are at all times held by the public.

Based on the information provided and to the best knowledge of the Directors, approximately 19.5% of the issued ordinary shares of the Company are held in the hands of the public as at 8 December 2023 and therefore Rule 723 of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST is complied with.

#### **DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS**

| Size of Shareholdings | No. of shareholders | %      | No. of Shares | %      |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--------|---------------|--------|
| 1 – 99                | 21                  | 2.20   | 1,101         | 0.00   |
| 100 – 1,000           | 165                 | 17.31  | 93,093        | 0.03   |
| 1,001 – 10,000        | 453                 | 47.54  | 2,055,068     | 0.68   |
| 10,001 – 1,000,000    | 293                 | 30.75  | 19,571,334    | 6.43   |
| 1,000,001 and above   | 21                  | 2.20   | 282,460,757   | 92.86  |
| TOTAL                 | 953                 | 100.00 | 304,181,353   | 100.00 |

#### STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

AS AT 8 DECEMBER 2023

#### **TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS**

| No. | Name   | No. of Shares | %     |
|-----|--|---------------|-------|
| 1.  | GOI SENG HUI                                     | 61,926,877    | 20.36 |
| 2.  | MAYBANK SECURITIES PTE. LTD.                     | 46,518,913    | 15.29 |
| 3.  | HSBC (SINGAPORE) NOMINEES PTE LTD                | 33,832,599    | 11.12 |
| 4.  | TEE YIH JIA FOOD MANUFACTURING PTE LTD           | 29,123,680    | 9.57  |
| 5.  | CITIBANK NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD              | 23,438,100    | 7.71  |
| 6.  | BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE. LTD.         | 15,567,474    | 5.12  |
| 7.  | KWAN HOI CHEE DEBORAH CONNIE                     | 15,335,985    | 5.04  |
| 8.  | RICHARD LEE KENG CHIAN                           | 15,335,985    | 5.04  |
| 9.  | UOB KAY HIAN PRIVATE LIMITED                     | 10,313,760    | 3.39  |
| 10. | KWONG YUEN SENG                                  | 7,071,444     | 2.32  |
| 11. | TIGER BROKERS (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.              | 3,605,100     | 1.19  |
| 12. | PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD                       | 3,548,480     | 1.17  |
| 13. | DBS NOMINEES (PRIVATE) LIMITED                   | 3,474,660     | 1.14  |
| 14. | JAYA J B TAN                                     | 2,830,000     | 0.93  |
| 15. | HEW MARGARET WYE YOONG OR HEW LEONARD YOKE LEONG | 2,000,000     | 0.66  |
| 16. | TAY HOCK SOON                                    | 1,760,700     | 0.58  |
| 17. | SOME YEW PEW                                     | 1,689,200     | 0.56  |
| 18. | PHANG MAH THIANG                                 | 1,611,000     | 0.53  |
| 19. | CGS-CIMB SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.        | 1,224,220     | 0.40  |
| 20. | KE WENG SEONG                                    | 1,190,140     | 0.39  |
|     | TOTAL  | 281,398,317   | 92.51 |

#### **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS**

(as recorded in the Register of Substantial Shareholders)

|   | Direct     |                  | Deemed                    |                  | Total      |                  |
|---|------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|------------|------------------|
| Name                                      | Interest   | % <sup>(1)</sup> | Interest                  | % <sup>(1)</sup> | Interest   | % <sup>(1)</sup> |
| Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui                 | 61,926,877 | 20.36            | 29,123,680 <sup>(2)</sup> | 9.57             | 91,050,557 | 29.93            |
| Datoʻ Jaya J B Tan                        | 72,363,449 | 23.79            | 1,326,960 <sup>(3)</sup>  | 0.44             | 73,690,409 | 24.23            |
| Richard Lee Keng Chian                    | 15,335,985 | 5.04             | 15,335,985 <sup>(4)</sup> | 5.04             | 30,671,970 | 10.08            |
| Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah<br>Connie          | 15,335,985 | 5.04             | 15,335,985 <sup>(5)</sup> | 5.04             | 30,671,970 | 10.08            |
| Tee Yih Jia Food<br>Manufacturing Pte Ltd | 29,123,680 | 9.57             | -                         | -                | 29,123,680 | 9.57             |
| Cheng Chih Kwong@ Thie Tji<br>Koang       | 23,300,000 | 7.66             | 35,400 <sup>(6)</sup>     | 0.01             | 23,335,400 | 7.67             |

#### Notes:

- (1) The percentage of shares is computed based on 304,181,353 shares, being the total number of issued shares of the Company (excluding treasury shares) as at 8 December 2023.
- Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui is deemed interested in shares held by Tee Yih Jia Food Manufacturing Pte Ltd by virtue of Section 7 of the Companies Act.
- Dato' Jaya J B Tan is deemed interested in the shares held by his spouse by virtue of Section 7 of the Companies Act.
- 4) Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian is deemed interested in the shares held by his spouse by virtue of Section 7 of the Companies Act.
- Ms Kwan Hoi Chee, Deborah Connie is deemed interested in the shares held by her spouse by virtue of Section 7 of the Companies Act.
- (6) Mr Cheng Chih Kwong @ Thie Tji Koang is deemed interested in the shares held by Meridian Atlantic Limited, a company incorporated in British Virgin Islands and jointly owned by Mr Cheng and his wife, Seet Chye Har Helen.

udgement and is always acting in the work experience and suitability of Mr Teo Chee Seng for re-election as Independent Director of the Company. The Board has concluded that Mr the best interest of the Company Company has considered, among the Nominating Committee and in Board and Board Committees discussions and decision making Code of Corporate Governance 2018 and remains objective and independence contained in the his independence and objective others, the recommendation of expertise, knowledge and skills manner without compromising to contribute towards the core competencies of the Board. Mr Teo has fulfilled the criteria of independent in expressing his views and contributes actively process. He engages with the The Board of Directors of the has reviewed and considered Member of Audit Committee Teo Chee Seng possesses the Management in an effective Bachelor of Law (Hons), The Chairman of Remuneration qualifications, experience, Chairman of Nominating University of Singapore ndependent Director Mr Teo Chee Seng **Jon-Executive** 3 August 2004 11 March 2021 Committee Singapore 69 knowledge and skills to contribute towards the core competencies of has reviewed and considered the possess the experience, expertise, Company has considered, among participation, candour and suitability of Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui for re-appointment as Non-Executive Vice-Chairman that Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui the Nominating Committee and others, the recommendation of contribution and performance, of the Company. The Board have reviewed and concluded The Board of Directors of the **Non-Executive Vice Chairman** Member of Audit Committee Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui Singapore University of Technology & Design (2021) attendance, preparedness, Member of Remuneration Honorary Doctorate from Member of Nominating 9 January 2013 11 March 2021 Non-Executive Committee Committee Singapore he Board. 7 experience, expertise, knowledge work experience and suitability of Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian for the Nominating Committee and has reviewed and considered the Executive. Mr Richard Lee is responsible for the development and execution of business Diploma in Business Administration, Company has considered, among Thames Business School, Singapore re-election as Executive Director and skills to contribute towards others, the recommendation of and Chief Executive Officer of the Company. The Board has The Board of Directors of the Lee Keng Chian possesses the the core competencies of the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer strategies and plans for the Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian concluded that Mr Richard 1 August 2023 Singapore Group 22 Economics), University of East Ánglia University of East Anglia Bachelor of Arts (Honours) in Economics, University of East Anglia the Nominating Committee and has reviewed and considered the work experience and suitability of Dr Tan Khee Giap for re-election as Independent Director of the Company. The Board has concluded that Dr Tan Khee Giap possesses the experience, expertise, knowledge and skills to contribute towards the Company has considered, among others, the recommendation of core competencies of the Board. Doctor of Philosophy (Monetary The Board of Directors of the Master of Arts (Economics), Independent Director Dr Tan Khee Giap 1 August 2023 Non-Executive Singapore 99 appointment (including rationale, selection criteria, and the search and nomination process) executive, and if so, the area of responsibility Country of principal residence The Board's comments on this Date of last re-appointment Job Title (e.g. Lead ID, AC Chairman, AC Member etc.) Professional qualifications Whether appointment is Date of Appointment Details Age

Pursuant to Rule 720(6) of the Listing Rules of the SGX-ST ("Listing Rules"), the following is the information relating to the Directors seeking re-election

as Directors as set out in Appendix 7.4.1 of the Listing Rules:

| Details  | Dr Tan Khee Giap  | Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian  | Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui   | Mr Teo Chee Seng   |
|--|---|--|---|--|
| Working experience and occupation(s) during the past 10 years  | Associate Professor of Public Policy<br>Lee Kuan Yew School of Public Policy<br>National University of Singapore<br>Chairman of Singapore National<br>Committee for Pacific Economic<br>Cooperation | Chief Executive Officer, Aalst<br>Chocolate Pte Ltd  | Executive Chairman of Tee Yih Jia Food Manufacturing Pte Ltd since 1977, GSH Corporation Ltd, PSC Corporation Ltd and Tat Seng Packaging Group Ltd.  Investments across a range of listed and private entities in numerous industries, such as food and beverage, consumer essentials, recycling, distribution and logistics. | Legal Consultant<br>Corporate Adviser  |
| Shareholding interest in the listed issuer and its subsidiaries  |   | Direct interest – 15,335,985 ordinary shares Deemed interest – 15,335,985 ordinary shares  | Direct interest – 61,926,877 ordinary shares Deemed interest – 29,123,680 ordinary shares   | Direct interest – 30,000 ordinary shares   |
| Any relationship (including immediate family relationships) with any existing executive officer, the issuer and/or substantial shareholder of the listed issuer or of any of its principal subsidiaries. | No  | Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian and his wife, Ms Kwan Hoi Chee Deborah Connie (Alternate Director to Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian and Chief Improvement Officer) are substantial shareholders of the Company. | Director and substantial shareholder of Tee Yih Jia Food Manufacturing Pte Ltd, a substantial shareholder of the Company.   | No   |
| Conflict of Interest (including any competing business)  | No  | No   | No  | No   |
| Undertaking (in the format set<br>out in Appendix 7.7) under Rule<br>720(1) has been submitted to the<br>listed issuer   | Yes   | Yes  | Yes   | Yes  |
| Other Principal Commitments Including Directorships  | ding Directorships  |  |   |  |
| Past Directorships (for last 5 years)  | Directorships:  • Amcorp Global Limited  • Chengdu Rural Commercial Bank Co. Ltd  • Lian Beng Group Ltd   | Directorships: • Aalst Chocolate Pte Ltd   | Directorships:  Super Group Ltd  Pujian Ryushobo Food Co. Ltd  Plaza Ventures Pte Ltd  Singapore University of Technology and Design  Tan Kah Kee Foundation  TYJ Holdings (HK) Ltd  Yangzhou Junhe Property Development Co. Ltd  | Directorships:  Lasseters International Holdings Limited  Lasseters International Pte Ltd  UOA Development Bhd |

| Details               | Dr Tan Khee Giap  | Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian   | Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui   | Mr Teo Chee Seng  |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|
| Present Directorships | Envictus International Holdings     Limited     BeadTalk Group Limited     Boustead Singapore Limited     Ascent Bridge Limited | Directorships:  • Envictus International Holdings Limited  • Foodlever Inc Pte Ltd  • Foodlever International Pte Ltd  • Agrivana International Pte Ltd | Listed Companies  • Envictus International Holdings Limited • GSH Corporation Limited • JB Foods Ltd • PSC Corporation Ltd • Tung Lok Restaurants (2000) • Ltd • Tat Seng Packaging Group Ltd • Private Limited Company • Acelink Logistics Pte Ltd • China World Agents Limited • China World Agents Limited • Chinatown Food Corporation • Pet Ltd • Desaru Property Development Sdn Bhd • Fujian Guanhui Food • Enterprise Co Ltd • Fujian Mingwei Food • Fujian Mingwei Food • Fujian Mingwei Food • Fujian Mingwei Food • Hydrex International Pte Ltd • Hydrex International Pte Ltd • Junhe Investment Pte Ltd • Wainfield Holdings Limited • Mainfield Holdings Pte Ltd • Wainfield Holdings Pte Ltd • New Straits Holdings Pte Ltd • New Straits Holdings Pte Ltd • Oregold Pte Ltd • New Straits Holdings Pte Ltd • Ritz Properties Sdn Bhd • Ritz Properties Sdn Bhd • Ritz Properties Sdn Bhd • Tay Grourmet Cuisine Pte Ltd • Twin Investment Pte Ltd • Twin Lugen Pte Ltd • Twin Lugen Pte Ltd • Twin Lugen Pte Ltd | Directorships:  • Envictus International Holdings Limited  • Envictus Brands Pte Ltd  • UOA REIT  • United Overseas Australia Ltd  • Soilbuild Construction Group Ltd |

| Details                                       | Dr Tan Khee Giap | Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian | Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui  | Mr Teo Chee Seng |
|---|------------------|---------------------------|--|------------------|
| Present Directorships (Continued)             |                  |                           | Group of Companies of GSH Corporation Limited (Malaysia)  • Advanced Prestige Sdn Bhd  • Altheim International Limited • City View Ventures Sdn Bhd • Investasia Sdn.Bhd • Linyi Properties Sdn Bhd • Mainfield Holdings Limited • Mainfield Holdings Limited • Main Holdings Pte Ltd • Rainbow Properties Sdn Bhd • Sutera Harbour Golf & Country Club Berhad • Sutera Harbour Resort Sdn Bhd • Sutera Harbour Golf & Country Club Berhad • Sutera Harbour Golf & Country Club Berhad • Sutera Harbour Resort Sdn Bhd • Sutera Harbour Group Sdn • The Little Shop Sdn Bhd • The Little Shop Sdn Bhd • The Little Shop Sdn Bhd  |                  |
| Major Appointments (other than Directorships) |                  |                           | Vice Chairman of Envictus International Holdings Limited     Vice-Chairman of JB Foods Limited     Justice of Peace     Singapore's Non-Resident Ambassador to the Federative Republic of Brazil     Enterprise 50 Club's Honorary Past President     Regional Representative for Fuzhou City and Fujian Province     Senior Consultant to Su-Tong Science & Technology Park     Honorary Chairman of Ulu Pandan Citizens Consultative     Committee     Honorary Chairman of Ulu Pandan Citizens Consultative     Honorary Chairman of Ulu Pandan Citizens Consultative     Committee     Honorary Chairman of Ulu Pandan Citizens Consultative     Honorary Chairman of Ulu Pandan Citizens Consultative     Committee     Honorary Chairman of Dunman High School Advisory     Committee     Honorary President for Kong     Hwa School Alumni     Patron for Singapore     University of Technology     and Design-Advancement     Committee |                  |

| Details       | SI   | Dr Tan Khee Giap  | Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian                         | Datuk Dr Sam Goi Sena Hui   | Mr Teo Chee Sena              |
|---------------|--|---|---|---|-------------------------------|
| Majo<br>Direc | Major Appointments (other than Directorships) (Continued)  |   |   | Honorary Chairman for Nanyang Gwee Clan Association     Honorary Chairman for Sian Chay Medical Institution     Committee Member of Tan Kah Kee Foundation     Council Member for Singapore-Zhejiang Economic and Trade Council     Council Member for Singapore-Jiangsu Cooperation     Council Member for Singapore-Liangsu Cooperation     Council Member for Singapore-Tianjin Economic and Trade Council     Council Member for Singapore-Tianjin Economic Council     Council Member for Singapore-Shandong Business Council Member for Singapore-Shandong Business     Council Member for NTUC Club     Management |                               |
| Disck         | ose the following matters conc<br>alent rank. If the answer to an  | Disclose the following matters concerning an appointment of director, chief execu<br>equivalent rank. If the answer to any question is "yes", full details must be given. | f executive officer, chief financial of<br>given. | f director, chief executive officer, chief financial officer, chief operating officer, general manager or other officer of<br>Jetails must be given.  | I manager or other officer of |
| a)            | Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any bankruptcy law of any jurisdiction was filed against him or against a partnership of which he was a partner at the time when he was a partner or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a partner?  | No  | No  | No  | No                            |
| (q            | Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any law of any jurisdiction was filled against an entity (not being a partnership) of which he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive, at the time when he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity or at any time within or a key executive of that entity or be a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity, for the winding up or dissolution of that entity, for the winding up or dissolution of that entity is the trustee of a business trust, that business trust, on the ground of insolvency? | ON  | OZ  | No.   | No                            |

| Dotaile        | 17   | Dy Tan Khoo Gian | Mr Dichard Look on a China | Datuk Dr Sam Goi Sona Hui | Mr Too Choo Song |
|----------------|--|------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| <u> </u>       | Whether there is any unsatisfied judgment against him?   | ON               | OZ                         | ON                        | ON               |
| ਰ              | Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving fraud or dishonesty which is punishable with imprisonment, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such purpose?   | ON               | ON                         | ON.                       | ON.              |
| <del>Q</del>   | Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such breach?   | No               | ON                         | No                        | No.              |
| th contract of | Whether at any time during the last 10 years, judgment has been entered against him in any civil proceedings in Singapore or elsewhere involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or a finding of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part, or he has been the subject of any civil proceedings (including any pending civil proceedings of which he is aware) involving an allegation of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part? | No               | ON                         | No                        | ON               |
| (b             | Whether he has ever been convicted in Singapore or elsewhere of any offence in connection with the formation or management of any entity or business trust?  | No               | ON                         | No                        | No               |

| 500                       |  |   |   |   |  |   |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|---|
| Mr Teo Chee Seng          |  | °N  |   | <u>0</u>  | °Z   | °Z  |
| Datuk Dr Sam Goi Song Hui | ON   | No  |   | ON  | ON   | ON  |
| Mr Bichard Lee Keng Chian | ON   | No  |   | ° Z   | ON   | O <sub>N</sub>  |
| Or Tan Khee Gian          | NO<br>No   | No  |   | O <sub>N</sub>  | ON.  | NO  |
| 2                         | Whether he has ever been disqualified from acting as a director or an equivalent person of any entity (including the trustee of a business trust), or from taking part directly or indirectly in the management of any entity or business trust? | Whether he has ever been the subject of any order, judgment or ruling of any court, tribunal or governmental body, permanently or temporarily enjoining him from engaging in any type of business practice or activity? | Whether he has ever, to his knowledge, been concerned with the management or conduct, in Singapore or elsewhere, of the affairs of: | i. any corporation which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing corporations in Singapore or elsewhere; or | ii. any entity (not being<br>a corporation) which<br>has been investigated<br>for a breach of any<br>law or regulatory<br>requirement<br>governing such<br>entities in Singapore<br>or elsewhere; or | iii. any business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing business trusts in Singapore or elsewhere: or |
| Details                   | <u>e</u>   | <u> </u>  | Ú.  |   |  |   |

| Details  | Dr Tan Khee Giap | Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian | Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui | Mr Teo Chee Seng |
|--|------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|
| j) Whether he has ever,<br>to his knowledge, been<br>concerned with the<br>management or conduct, in<br>Singapore or elsewhere, of<br>the affairs of:  |                  |                           |                           |                  |
| iv. any entity or business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere  | ON               | ON                        | O <sub>N</sub>            | O <sub>N</sub>   |
| in connection with any matter<br>occurring or arising during that<br>period when he was so concerned<br>with the entity or business trust?   |                  |                           |                           |                  |
| k) Whether he has been the subject of any current or past investigation or disciplinary proceedings, or has been reprimanded or issued any warning, by the Monetary Authority of Singapore or any other regulatory authority, exchange, professional body or government agency, whether in Singapore or elsewhere? | ON               | ° N                       | ON                        | ON.              |

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the Annual General Meeting (the "AGM") of Envictus International Holdings Limited (the "Company") will be held at Orchid Ballroom, Basement 1, Holiday Inn Singapore Orchard City Centre, 11 Cavenagh Road, Singapore 229616 on Friday, 26 January 2024 at 10.00 a.m. to transact the following business:-

#### **AS ORDINARY BUSINESS**

To receive and adopt the Directors' Statement and Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 30 September 2023 together with the Auditors' Report thereon.

(Resolution 1)

To re-elect Dr Tan Khee Giap who is retiring pursuant to Regulation 97 of the Constitution of the Company and being eligible, offers himself for re-election. [See explanatory note (a)]

(Resolution 2)

To re-elect Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian who is retiring pursuant to Regulation 97 of the Constitution of the Company and being eligible, offers himself for re-election. [See explanatory note (b)]

(Resolution 3)

To re-elect Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui who is retiring pursuant to Regulation 91 of the Constitution of the Company and being eligible, offers himself for re-election. [See explanatory note (c)]

(Resolution 4)

To re-elect Mr Teo Chee Seng who is retiring pursuant to Regulation 91 of the Constitution of the Company and being eligible, offers himself for re-election. [See explanatory note (d)]

(Resolution 5)

6. To approve the payment of Directors' fees of \$\$307,788 for the financial year ended 30 September 2023 (FY2022: S\$305,000).

(Resolution 6)

To re-appoint Messrs BDO LLP as the Auditors of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

(Resolution 7)

To transact any other ordinary business which may properly be transacted at an Annual General Meeting.

#### **AS SPECIAL BUSINESS**

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following as Ordinary Resolution, with or without modifications:-

#### **ORDINARY RESOLUTION - AUTHORITY TO ISSUE SHARES** 9.

(Resolution 8)

"THAT pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore and Rule 806 of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"), the Directors of the Company be authorised and empowered to:

- (a) issue shares in the Company ("shares") whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or
  - make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively "Instruments") that might or would require shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) options, warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible into shares,

at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors of the Company may in their absolute discretion deem fit; and

- (b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by this Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue shares in pursuance of any instruments made or granted by the Directors of the Company while this Resolution was in force, provided that:
  - (i) the aggregate number of shares (including shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) to be issued pursuant to this Resolution does not exceed fifty per centum (50%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) in the capital of the Company (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (ii) below), of which the aggregate number of shares to be issued other than on a pro-rata basis to shareholders of the Company does not exceed twenty per centum (20%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) in the capital of the Company (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (ii) below).
  - (ii) (subject to such calculation as may be prescribed by SGX-ST), for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of shares that may be issued in under sub-paragraph (i) above, the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) in the capital of the Company at the time of passing this Resolution, after adjusting for:-
    - (a) new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities;
    - (b) new shares arising from the exercising share options or vesting of shares awards which are outstanding or subsisting at the time of the passing of this Resolution; and
    - (c) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of shares.

Adjustments in accordance with (ii)(a) above are only to be made in respect of new shares arising from convertible securities, share options or share awards which were issued and outstanding or subsisting at the time of passing of this Resolution.

- (iii) in exercising the authority conferred by this Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Listing Manual of SGX-ST for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST) and the Constitution for the time being of the Company; and
- (iv) unless revoked or varied by the Company in a general meeting, such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier."

  [See explanatory note (e)]

#### BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

S Surenthiraraj @ S Suressh Kok Mor Keat Company Secretaries

Singapore 5 January 2024

#### **Explanatory Notes**

- (a) **Resolution 2** Dr Tan Khee Giap, will upon re-election as a Director, remain as Independent Director of the Company. He will be considered independent for the purpose of Rule 704(8) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST.
- (b) **Resolution 3** Mr Richard Lee Keng Chian, will upon re-election as a Director, remain as the Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

- (c) Resolution 4 Datuk Dr Sam Goi Seng Hui, will upon re-election as a Director, remain as the Non-Executive Vice Chairman of the Company and members of the Audit Committee, Nominating Committee and Remuneration Committee.
- (d) **Resolution 5** Mr Teo Chee Seng, will upon re-election as a Director of the Company, remain as a Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and the Nominating Committee and a member of the Audit Committee. He will be considered independent for the purpose of 704(8) of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST.
- (e) **Resolution 8** if passed, will enable the Directors to issue shares in the Company up to 50% of the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings in the capital of the Company (in the case of issuance other than on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders, such aggregate number of shares not to exceed 20% of the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings in the capital of the Company) for such purposes as they consider to be in the interests of the Company.

#### Notes:

- 1. The AGM will be held in a wholly physical format at the venue, date and time stated above. There will be no option for members to participate virtually.
- 2. Printed copies of the Company's annual report for the financial year ended 30 September 2023 (save for this Notice of AGM and the accompanying proxy form for the AGM) will not be sent to members of the Company. Instead, such documents will be made available to members of the Company solely by electronic means via publication on (i) SGXNet at the URL <a href="https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements">https://www.envictus-intl.com</a>. Members may request for printed copies of these documents by completing and submitting the Request Form accompanying the printed copies of this Notice and the proxy form sent by post to members, by 19 January 2024.
- 3. Members of the Company may submit questions related to the resolutions to be tabled for approval for the AGM in advance of the AGM within seven (7) calendar days from the date of the Notice of AGM (i.e. no later than 10.00 a.m. on 12 January 2024) through email to <a href="mailto:AGMquestions@envictus-intl.com">AGMquestions@envictus-intl.com</a> and provide the following particulars for verification purpose:
  - (a) Full name as it appears on his/her/its CDP and/or CPF/SRS share records;
  - (b) NRIC/Passport/UEN number;
  - (c) Contact number and email address; and
  - (d) The manner in which you hold shares in the Company (e.g. via CDP and/or CPF/SRS).
- 4. The Company will endeavor to address all substantial and relevant questions received from members and publish its response on SGXNet and the Company's website by 20 January 2024, being not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the closing date and time for the lodgement of the proxy form. Where substantially similar questions are received, the Company may consolidate such questions and consequently not all questions may be individually addressed. The Company will address any subsequent clarifications sought or substantial and relevant follow-up questions received after 10.00 a.m. on 12 January 2024 which have not already been addressed prior to the AGM, at the AGM itself. For substantial questions addressed during the AGM, the responses to such questions will be included in the minutes of the AGM, which will be published on the Company's corporate website and SGXNet within one (1) month after the AGM.
- 5. A member (other than a Relevant Intermediary (as defined below)) entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 6. If a member wishes to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, such member (whether individual or corporate) must give specific instructions as to voting for, voting against or abstentions from voting on each resolution in the instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy. If no specific direction as to voting is given or in the event of any other matter arising at the Meeting and at any adjournment thereof, the Chairman of the Meeting will vote at his discretion.

- 7. Pursuant to Section 181 of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore, any member who is a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two proxies to attend and vote at the AGM. Relevant intermediary is either:
  - a banking corporation licensed under the Banking Act 1970 of Singapore or a wholly-owned subsidiary of such
    a banking corporation, whose business includes the provision of nominee services and who holds shares in that
    capacity;
  - (ii) a person holding a capital markets services licence to provide custodial services for securities under the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore and who holds shares in that capacity; or
  - (iii) the Central Provident Fund ("CPF") Board established by the Central Provident Fund Act 1953 of Singapore (the "CPF Act"), in respect of shares purchased under the subsidiary legislation made under the CPF Act providing for the making of investments from the contributions and interest standing to the credit of members of the CPF, if the CPF Board holds those shares in the capacity of an intermediary pursuant to or in accordance with that subsidiary legislation.
- 8. The instrument appointing a proxy must be submitted in the following manner not less than 72 hours before the time appointed for the AGM, that is latest by 10.00 a.m. on 23 January 2024:
  - (i) if the physical Proxy Form is sent personally or by post, the Proxy Form must be deposited at, or be posted to and received at, the office of the Company's Share Registrar, Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte Ltd at 1 Harbourfront Avenue, Keppel Bay Tower #14-07, Singapore 098632; or
  - (ii) if submitted by email, the Proxy Form must be received by the Company at proxyform@envictus-intl.com.
- 9. CPFIS/SRS investors may:
  - (a) vote at the AGM if they are appointed as proxies by their respective CPF Agent Banks/SRS Operators and should contact their respective CPF Agent Banks/SRS Operators if they have any queries regarding their appointment as proxies; or
  - (b) appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy to vote on their behalf at the AGM, in which case they should approach their CPF Agent Banks/SRS Operators to submit their votes.

in either case, not later than 10.00 a.m. on 17 January 2024, being seven (7) working days before the date of the AGM.

#### **Personal Data Privacy:**

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend, speak and vote at the AGM and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents) for the purpose of the processing and administration by the Company (or its agents) of proxies and representatives appointed for the AGM (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "Purposes"), (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the Purposes, and (iii) agrees that the member will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of warranty.

#### **ENVICTUS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED**

Company Registration No. 200313131Z (Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore)

## **PROXY FORM** ANNUAL **GENERAL MEETING**

#### **IMPORTANT:**

- The Annual General Meeting ("AGM") will be held, in a wholly physical format, at Orchid Ballroom, Basement 1, Holiday Inn Singapore Orchard City Centre, 11 Cavenagh Road, Singapore 229616 on Friday, 26 January 2024 at 10.00 a.m. There will be no option for shareholders to participate virtually.
- 2. The Notice of AGM, with its accompanying proxy form, the Company's Annual Report 2023 has been made available to the members by electronic means via publication on the Company's website at the URL <a href="https://www.envictus-intl.com">https://www.envictus-intl.com</a> as well as on the SGXNet at the URL <a href="https://www.sgx.com/">https://www.sgx.com/</a> securities/company-announcements.
  Please read the notes overleaf which contain instructions on, inter alia, the appointment of a
- 3. proxy(ies).

  This proxy form is not valid for use and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes if used or
- 4. purported to be used by CPFIS/SRS investors who hold shares through CPF Agent Banks/SRS Operators. CPFIS/SRS investors:
  - may vote at the AGM if they are appointed as proxies by their respective CPF Agent Banks/SRS Operators and should contact their respective CPF Agent Banks/SRS Operators if they have any queries regarding their appointment as proxies; or may appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy to vote on their behalf at the AGM, in
  - which case they should approach their CPF Agent Banks/SRS Operators to submit their votes.

|   |  | In either case, not later than 10.00 date of the AGM.  | a.m. on 17 January  | / 2024, Dein                     | g seven (7) wo                               | iking days before the                                       |
|---|--|--|---|----------------------------------|--|---|
| I/We.   |  |  |   |                                  |  |   |
| of  |  |  |   |                                  |  |   |
|   |  | NTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED  | (the "Company   | "), hereby                       | y appoint:                                   |   |
|   | Name   | Address  | NRIC/Pass<br>Numbe  | sport<br>er                      | Proportion                                   | of Shareholdings<br>(%)                                     |
|   |  |  |   |                                  |  |   |
| and/  | or (delete as appropriate)   |  |   |                                  |  |   |
|   |  |  |   |                                  |  |   |
| any a<br>indica<br>adjou<br>boxes                         | djournment thereof. I/We direct mated hereunder. If no specific direct rnment thereof, the proxy/proxies the Chairman of the AGM shall be  | entre, 11 Cavenagh Road, Singapore y/our proxy/proxies to vote for, aga ion as to voting is given or in the ewill vote or abstain from voting at my/our proxy to vote, for or againstalf at the AGM and at any adjournm  | inst or abstain vent of any oth his/their discretthe Resolution | the Resoluter matter tion. If no | utions propo<br>arising at to<br>person is r | osed at the AGM a<br>he AGM and at an<br>named in the above |
| No.   | Resolutions relating to:   |  |   | No.                              | of Votes                                     |   |
|   | -  |  | For*  | Aç                               | gainst*                                      | Abstain*  |
|   | Adoption of Directors' Statement,  |  |   |                                  |  |   |
| 1   | Additor 3 Report for the illiancial ye   | ar ended 30 September 2023.  |   |                                  |  |   |
| 2   | Re-election of Dr Tan Khee Giap as a   |  |   |                                  |  |   |
|   |  | Director.  |   |                                  |  |   |
| 2   | Re-election of Dr Tan Khee Giap as a   | Director. Chian as a Director.   |   |                                  |  |   |
| 2   | Re-election of Dr Tan Khee Giap as a<br>Re-election of Mr Richard Lee Keng   | Director.  Chian as a Director.  ng Hui as a Director.   |   |                                  |  |   |
| 2<br>3<br>4   | Re-election of Dr Tan Khee Giap as a<br>Re-election of Mr Richard Lee Keng<br>Re-election of Datuk Dr Sam Goi Ser  | Chian as a Director.  In Director.   |   |                                  |  |   |
| 2<br>3<br>4<br>5  | Re-election of Dr Tan Khee Giap as a<br>Re-election of Mr Richard Lee Keng<br>Re-election of Datuk Dr Sam Goi Ser<br>Re-election of Mr Teo Chee Seng as<br>Approval of payment of Directors' for   | Director.  Chian as a Director.  Ing Hui as a Director.  a Director.  Sees of \$\$307,788 in respect of the 2023.  |   |                                  |  |   |
| 2<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>6                                     | Re-election of Dr Tan Khee Giap as a<br>Re-election of Mr Richard Lee Keng<br>Re-election of Datuk Dr Sam Goi Ser<br>Re-election of Mr Teo Chee Seng as<br>Approval of payment of Directors' for<br>financial year ended 30 September 2<br>Re-appointment of Messrs BDO LLP  | Director.  Chian as a Director.  Ing Hui as a Director |   |                                  |  |   |
| 2<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>6<br>7<br>8<br>* Voti<br>prov<br>reso | Re-election of Dr Tan Khee Giap as a Re-election of Mr Richard Lee Keng Re-election of Datuk Dr Sam Goi Ser Re-election of Mr Teo Chee Seng as Approval of payment of Directors' for financial year ended 30 September 2 Re-appointment of Messrs BDO LLP Directors to fix their remuneration. Authority to allot and issue new shaing will be conducted by poll. If you wish  | chian as a Director.  Chian as a Director.  Ing Hui as a Director.  a Director.  Sees of \$\$307,788 in respect of the 2023.  as auditors and to authorise the compared to exercise all your votes "For" or "Again number of votes "For" or "Against" each to vote on that resolution.   | nst" the relevant<br>h resolution. If yo                        | resolution,<br>u mark "x'        | please mark '<br>" in the absta              | "x" in the relevant bo                                      |
| 2<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>6<br>7<br>8<br>* Voti<br>prov<br>reso | Re-election of Dr Tan Khee Giap as a Re-election of Mr Richard Lee Keng Re-election of Datuk Dr Sam Goi Ser Re-election of Mr Teo Chee Seng as Approval of payment of Directors' for financial year ended 30 September 2 Re-appointment of Messrs BDO LLP Directors to fix their remuneration. Authority to allot and issue new shaling will be conducted by poll. If you wish yided. Alternatively, please indicate the flution, you are directing your proxy not | chian as a Director.  Chian as a Director.  Ing Hui as a Director.  a Director.  Sees of \$\$307,788 in respect of the 2023.  as auditors and to authorise the compared to exercise all your votes "For" or "Again number of votes "For" or "Against" each to vote on that resolution.   | nst" the relevant<br>h resolution. If yo                        | resolution,<br>u mark "x"        | please mark '<br>" in the absta              | "x" in the relevant boin box for a particula                |
| 2<br>3<br>4<br>5<br>6<br>7<br>8<br>* Voti<br>prov<br>reso | Re-election of Dr Tan Khee Giap as a Re-election of Mr Richard Lee Keng Re-election of Datuk Dr Sam Goi Ser Re-election of Mr Teo Chee Seng as Approval of payment of Directors' for financial year ended 30 September 2 Re-appointment of Messrs BDO LLP Directors to fix their remuneration. Authority to allot and issue new shaling will be conducted by poll. If you wish yided. Alternatively, please indicate the flution, you are directing your proxy not | chian as a Director.  Chian as a Director.  Ing Hui as a Director.  a Director.  Sees of \$\$307,788 in respect of the 2023.  as auditors and to authorise the compared to exercise all your votes "For" or "Again number of votes "For" or "Against" each to vote on that resolution.   | nst" the relevant<br>h resolution. If yo                        | ou mark "x                       | please mark ' " in the absta                 | in box for a particula                                      |

Common Seal of Corporate Shareholder

#### Notes:

- 1. If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register (maintained by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited), he should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares registered in his name in the Register of Members (maintained by or on behalf of the Company), he should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register and shares registered in his name in the Register of Members, he should insert the aggregate number. If no number is inserted, this form of proxy will be deemed to relate to all the shares held by the member.
- 2. Pursuant to Section 181 of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore, any member who is a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two proxies to attend and vote at the AGM. Relevant intermediary is either:
  - (a) a banking corporation licensed under the Banking Act 1970 of Singapore or a wholly-owned subsidiary of such a banking corporation, whose business includes the provision of nominee services and who holds shares in that capacity;
  - (b) a person holding a capital markets services licence to provide custodial services for securities under the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore and who holds shares in that capacity; or
  - (c) the Central Provident Fund ("CPF") Board established by the Central Provident Fund Act 1953 of Singapore (the "CPF Act"), in respect of shares purchased under the subsidiary legislation made under the CPF Act providing for the making of investments from the contributions and interest standing to the credit of members of the CPF, if the CPF Board holds those shares in the capacity of an intermediary pursuant to or in accordance with that subsidiary legislation.

#### CPFIS/SRS investors may:

- (a) vote at the AGM if they are appointed as proxies by their respective CPF Agent Banks/SRS Operators and should contact their respective CPF Agent Banks/SRS Operators if they have any queries regarding their appointment as proxies; or
- (b) appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy to vote on their behalf at the AGM, in which case they should approach their CPF Agent Banks/SRS Operators to submit their votes.

in either case, not later than 10.00 a.m. on 17 January 2024, being seven (7) working days before the date of the AGM.

- 3. A member of the Company who is not a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint not more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote in his stead at the AGM. Such proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy must be submitted in the following manner not less than 72 hours before the time appointed for the AGM, that is latest by 10.00 a.m. on 23 January 2024:
  - (i) if the physical Proxy Form is sent personally or by post, the Proxy Form must be deposited at, or be posted to and received at, the office of the Company's Share Registrar, Boardroom Corporate & Advisory Services Pte Ltd at 1 Harbourfront Avenue, Keppel Bay Tower #14-07, Singapore 098632; or
  - (ii) if submitted by email, the Proxy Form must be received by the Company at <a href="mailto:proxyform@envictus-intl.com">proxyform@envictus-intl.com</a>.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy(ies) must be under the hand of the appointer or his attorney duly authorised in writing. Where the instrument appointing a proxy(ies) is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its common seal or under the hand of its authorised officer(s) or its attorney duly authorised.
- 6. The Company shall be entitled to reject the Proxy Form if it is incomplete or illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the Proxy Form (including any related attachment) (such as in the case where the appointor submits more than one instrument appointing the Chairman of the AGM as proxy). In addition, in the case of ordinary shares entered in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any Proxy Form lodged if the member, being the appointor, is not shown to have ordinary shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM, as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.

#### **Personal Data Privacy:**

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend, speak and vote at the AGM and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents) for the purpose of the processing and administration by the Company (or its agents) of proxies and representatives appointed for the AGM (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "Purposes"), (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the Purposes, and (iii) agrees that the member will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of warranty.



## www.envictus-intl.com

### **ENVICTUS INTERNATIONAL HOLDINGS LIMITED**

SGX Centre II, #17-01, 4 Shenton Way, Singapore 068807 Tel: (65) 6535 0550 Fax: (65) 6538 0877