

# Alternative Performance Measures Half-Year 2025



# Introduction

This Finance Report and other communications with investors and analysts include Alternative Performance Measures (APMs) that are not defined by IFRS (non-GAAP measures) but are used by the management to assess the financial and operational performance at a Business Platform and Group level. These supplementary financial measures should not be viewed in isolation or as alternatives to Lonza's consolidated financial position and financial results, which are reported in accordance with IFRS. Instead, the APMs are intended to provide a complementary perspective on Lonza's performance by isolating distorting effects like exchange rate fluctuations or one-time items. They are also intended to provide additional key performance indicators to complement the performance dashboard. The APMs in use may not correspond to performance measures with similar names in other companies. Every APM shown in the financial report relates to the performance of the current or the previous reporting year.

The APMs are structured in operational Performance Measures as well as Liquidity and Capital Measures.

The operational Performance Measures consist of the definition of the CORE concept, the derivation of EBITDA (CORE and non-CORE) and the disclosure of profitability measures at constant exchange rates. The Liquidity and Capital Measures consist of Net Debt and ratios based on Net Debt and Return on Invested Capital, as well as Operational Free Cash Flow.

The following table outlines which APMs are applied at a Business Platform level and respectively at a Group level.

Performance Measures	<b>Business Platform</b>	Group
Sales and sales growth at constant exchange rate		
CORE EBITDA / CORE EBITDA margin		
EBITDA	$\bigcirc$	
CORE EPS	$\bigcirc$	

Liquidity and Capital Measures	<b>Business Platform</b>	Group
Net Debt	$\bigcirc$	
Net Debt / CORE EBITDA ratio	$\bigcirc$	
Net Debt / Equity ratio	$\bigcirc$	
Return On Invested Capital (ROIC)	$\bigcirc$	
Operational Free Cash Flow (before and after acquisition)	$\bigcirc$	

# Performance Measures

## **CORE Results**

As exceptional items can differ significantly from year to year, Lonza excludes these exceptional effects from the reported IFRS results to determine the CORE results.

Disclosing CORE results of the Group's performance enhances the financial market's understanding because the CORE results enable better year-on-year comparisons. Furthermore, the Group uses CORE results in addition to IFRS as important factors when internally assessing the Group's performance.

Below non-exhaustive list provides examples of exceptional items that may be considered as CORE adjustments<sup>1</sup>:

- Restructuring and reorganizations,
- Environmental-related measures or events (related to historical environmental \_ issues only),
- Acquisition and divestitures,
- Business transformation initiatives,
- Impairments and reversal of related impairments (excluding impairments following contract termination, that are compensated by termination-related revenues).

The reconciliation of the IFRS result to the CORE result for the Half-Year 2025 and 2024 is as follows:

Million CHF	2025	2024
IFRS Profit	426	330
CORE adjustments		
Amortization of intangible assets from acquisitions	74	66
Restructuring costs, net	(7)	7
Environmental remediation expenses	13	25
Business transformation initiatives <sup>2</sup>	34	0
(Income) / expense resulting from acquisitions and divestitures	13	(1)
Impairments	0	12 <sup>3</sup>
Reversal of Impairment	(3)	(1)
Fair value adjustment on contingent consideration expense from acquisition of businesses	0	204
Impairment of loans to joint ventures	0	<b>78</b> ⁵
Tax effect <sup>6</sup>	(23)	(34)
CORE Profit	527	502
CORE Profit attributable to equity holders of the parent	527	501
CORE Earnings per share attributable to equity holders of the parent	7.52	7.03

In the context of the CORE definition, an "event" represents an individual business case that 1 might involve income/expenses across several fiscal years.

Costs related to "One Lonza" Business Transformation and Nexus (a global Business Process Transformation linked to a new ERP system for Lonza's CDMO business based on SAP S/4 2 HANA).

Impairments include various production assets in Indonesia. Fair value adjustment in relation to the acquisition of Synaffix in 2023. 3

Impairment on loans to Bacthera, also refer to note 7 of the Lonza Annual Report 2024. Group tax rate of 18.8% for 2025 and 16.5% for 2024.

<sup>5</sup> 6

# Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortization (EBITDA)

In line with the CORE adjustments, Lonza assesses operational performance based on CORE EBITDA, which can be reconciled in two steps:

Million CHF	2025	2024
Result from operating activities (EBIT)	617	534
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	290	225
Amortization of intangible assets	96	86
Inpairment and reversal of impairment on property, plant, equipment and intangibles	3	171
Earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation (EBITDA)	1,006	862

Million CHF	2025	2024
Earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation (EBITDA)	1,006	862
Restructuring costs, net	(7)	7
Environmental remediation expenses	13	25
Business transformation initiatives <sup>2</sup>	34	0
(Income) / expense resulting from acquisitions and divestitures	13	(1)
CORE EBITDA	1,059	893

1 Includes impairments primarily related to property, plant and equipment and intangibles in

Jakarta (ID) and other assets in Visp (CH) and Geleen (NL). Costs related to "One Lonza" Business Transformation and Nexus (a global Business Process Transformation linked to a new ERP system for Lonza's CDMO business based on SAP S/4 HANA). 2

## **Growth at Constant Exchange Rates**

Financial results at constant exchange rates are adjusted to eliminate the impact of changes in exchange rates between the reported and reference period – typically the prior year. This adjustment allows management to focus on operational results, without any distorting effect from changes in foreign currency exchange rates from one period to another.

Constant exchange rates are calculated by converting sales and CORE EBITDA of the current year at the exchange rate of the prior year. The resulting margins can therefore be compared with the reported profit margins of the prior year to understand fundamental business trends.

Million CHF	2025	2024	Change in %
Sales	3,576	3,057	17.0
Elimination of effects from hedging instruments <sup>1</sup>	(13)	3	
Sales excluding hedging effects	3,563	3,060	
Retranslation at prior year rates	79		
Sales at constant exchange rates	3,642		19.0
CORE EBITDA	1,059	893	18.6
Elimination of effects from hedging instruments <sup>1</sup>	(6)	2	
CORE EBITDA excluding hedging effects	1,053	895	
Retranslation at prior year rates	20		
CORE EBITDA at constant exchange rates	1,073		19.9
Margin in %	29.5		

### Integrated Biologics

Million CHF	2025	2024	Change in %
Sales	1,813	1,337	35.6
Retranslation at prior year rates	50		
Sales at constant exchange rates	1,863		39.3
CORE EBITDA	653	475	37.5
Retranslation at prior year rates	20		
CORE EBITDA at constant exchange rates	673		41.7
Margin in %	36.1		

### Advanced Synthesis

Million CHF	2025	2024	Change in %
Sales	677	575	17.7
Retranslation at prior year rates	3		
Sales at constant exchange rates	680		18.3
CORE EBITDA	273	192	42.2
Retranslation at prior year rates	(1)		
CORE EBITDA at constant exchange rates	272		41.7
Margin in %	40.0		

1 Impact from the hedging program on Sales (2025: CHF 13 million, 2024: CHF -3 million) and CORE EBITDA (2025: CHF 6 million, 2024: CHF -2 million) which is managed centrally by Corporate Treasury and therefore reported as part of Corporate.

### Specialized Modalities

Million CHF	2025	2024	Change in %
Sales	474	530	(10.6)
Retranslation at prior year rates	7		
Sales at constant exchange rates	481		(9.2)
CORE EBITDA	82	124	(33.9)
Retranslation at prior year rates	(3)		
CORE EBITDA at constant exchange rates	79		(36.3)
Margin in %	16.4		

# Capsules & Health Ingredients

Million CHF	2025	2024	Change in %
Sales	523	540	(3.1)
Retranslation at prior year rates	17		
Sales at constant exchange rates	540		0.0
CORE EBITDA	137	134	2.2
Retranslation at prior year rates	4		
CORE EBITDA at constant exchange rates	141		5.2
Margin in %	26.1		

#### Corporate

Million CHF	2025	2024
Sales	89	75
Elimination of effects from hedging instruments <sup>1</sup>	(13)	3
ales excluding hedging effects	76	78
Retranslation at prior year rates	2	
Sales at constant exchange rates	78	
CORE EBITDA	(86)	(32)
limination of effects from hedging instruments <sup>1</sup>	(6)	2
CORE EBITDA excluding hedging effects	(92)	(30)
Retranslation at prior year rates	0	
CORE EBITDA at constant exchange rates	(92)	

1 Impact from the hedging program on Sales (2025: CHF 13 million, 2024: CHF -3 million) and CORE EBITDA (2025: CHF 6 million, 2024: CHF -2 million) which is managed centrally by Corporate Treasury and therefore reported as part of Corporate.

# Liquidity and Capital Measures

# Net Debt, Net Debt / CORE EBITDA Ratio, Net Debt / Equity Ratio

Net debt represents the net level of financial debt contracted by the Group with external parties (e.g. bonds, term loans, private placements) after considering cash and investments readily convertible into cash. It is composed of the current and non-current financial debt, derivatives hedging financial debt and liquid assets, less cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments. Based on the determined total debt and net debt, Lonza uses further performance measures to demonstrate the relation between debt and profitability, as well as the ratio between debt and equity, to illustrate the gearing of the Group.

Million CHF	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	Change
Non-current debt	4,199	4,242	(43)
Current debt	415	468	(53)
Current debt classified as held for sale	0	0	0
Total debt	4,614	4,710	(96)
Loans and advances	(141)	(140)	(1)
Short-term investments	0	(600)	600
Cash and cash equivalents	(907)	(1,111)	204
Total cash & cash equivalents, short term investments and loans and advances	(1,048)	(1,851)	803
Net debt	3,566	2,859	707
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024	
Net debt / CORE EBITDA Ratio	1.7	1.5	
Net debt / Equity Ratio	0.4	0.3	

# **Return On Invested Capital (ROIC)**

Lonza defines the ROIC as Net Operating Profit After Tax (NOPAT) divided by the average invested capital of the Group. ROIC is the most appropriate measure to assess the capital efficiency as it discloses how the Group deploys capital to generate profits.

for the six-month period ended 30 June		
Million CHF	2025	2024
Result from operating activities (EBIT)	617	534
Share of result of associates / joint ventures	1	0
CORE adjustments		
Restructuring costs	(7)	7
Environmental remediation expenses	13	25
Business transformation initiatives <sup>1</sup>	34	0
(Income) / expense resulting from acquisition and divestitures	13	(1)
Impairments	0	12²
Reversal of Impairment	(3)	(1)
Net operating profit before taxes	668	576
Taxes <sup>3</sup>	(126)	(95)
Net operating profit after taxes (NOPAT)	542	481
Net operating profit after taxes (NOPAT), annualized <sup>4</sup>	1,085	962
Average invested capital	12,934	11,242
ROIC in %	8.4	8.6

Costs related to "One Lonza" Business Transformation and Nexus (a global Business Process Transformation linked to a new ERP system for Lonza's CDMO business based on SAP S/4 HANA).
Impairment related to property, plant and equipment and intangibles in Jakarta (ID).
Group tax rate of 18.8% for 2025 and 16.5% for 2024.
NOPAT for the six-month period ended 30 June multiplied by two to reflect a twelve-month period.

### Components of average invested capital for the six-months period ended 30 June

Million CHF	2025	2024
Intangible assets	1,934	2,023
Property, plant & equipment	8,595	6,935
Goodwill	3,343	2,841
Inventories	1,870	1,745
Trade receivables	1,115	1,017
Other operating receivables	424	327
Other assets	212	296
Trade payables	(467)	(415)
Other operating liabilities	(3,566)	(2,939)
Net current and deferred tax liabilities	(526)	(588)
Average invested capital	ge invested capital 12,934	

# **Operational Free Cash Flow (Before and After Acquisitions)**

Operational Free Cash Flow measures cash generated by the Group's business operations and represents the capability to pay dividends, repay providers of debt, or carry out acquisitions. Moreover, Lonza distinguishes the Operational Free Cash Flow before and after the effect of any acquisitions and disposals.

Components of Operational Free Cash Flow			
Million CHF	2025	2024	Change
Earnings before interest, taxes and depreciation (EBITDA)	1,006	862	144
Change in operating net working capital	(415)	(276)	(139)
Capital expenditures in tangible and intangible assets	(672)	(622)	(50)
Disposal of tangible and intangible assets	3	3	0
Change of other assets and liabilities	249	280	(31)
Change in provisions	(14)	23	(37)
Share-based payment costs	32	26	6
Operational free cash flow (before acquisitions / divestitures)	189	296	(107)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	(48)	0	(48)
Divestiture of subsidiaries	0	0	0
Operational free cash flow	141	296	(155)

### Upcoming Roadshows/Conferences:

24 July 2025 UBS, Zurich (CH)

**25 July 2025** BNP, London (UK)

28–29 July 2025 Bank of America, New York (US)

**30 – 31 July 2025** RBC, Toronto and Montreal (CA)

**2 September 2025** Kepler Cheuvreux, Stockholm (SW)

**3 September 2025** Danske/Baader, Copenhagen (DK)

**4 September 2025** ZKB, Dublin (IR)

9–10 September 2025 Morgan Stanley Global HC Conference, NY (US)

**16 September 2025** Bernstein, Paris (FR)

**23 September 2025** UBS Best of Switzerland (virtual)

### **Upcoming Announcements:**

**23 October 2025** Q3 2025 Qualitative Business Update

For publications and further information please contact:

### Lonza Group Ltd

Muenchensteinerstrasse 38 4002 Basel, Switzerland Tel + 41 61 316 81 11 www.lonza.com

Investor Relations investor.relations@lonza.com

Media

media@lonza.com

#### **Share Register**

c/o Computershare Schweiz AG P.O. Box 4601 Olten, Switzerland Tel + 41 62 205 77 00 Fax + 41 62 205 77 90 share.register@computershare.ch

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