





UOB Group Financial Updates

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Group Chief Financial Officer

For the First Half / Second Quarter Ended 30 June 2025

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Key Highlights

- Second quarter 2025 net profit at \$1.3 billion, 10% lower QoQ and 6% lower YoY
- Net interest income eased, as net interest margin declined nine basis points from last quarter to 1.91% due to lower asset yields amid falling benchmark rates
- Net fee income decreased to \$636 million from last quarter's record high. Wealth fees were affected by a cautious approach amid macro uncertainties
- Trading and investment income softened 11% QoQ from lower trading and liquidity management activities. Customer-related treasury income sustained momentum, backed by demand for hedging solutions
- Stable NPL ratio at 1.6%. Maintained prudent pre-emptive allowance reserves with total credit costs at 32bps
- Robust capital and funding positions with CET1 ratio at 15.3% post dividend payout and NSFR at 118%



Net profit after tax

\$1.3b - 10% QoQ - 6% YoY

Net Interest Margin

1.91% - 0.09%pt QoQ - 0.14%pt YoY

Fee Income

\$636m - 8% QoQ + 3% YoY

Trading & Investment Income

\$414m - 11% QoQ + 4% YoY

NPL ratio

1.6% unchanged QoQ + 0.1%pt YoY

CET 1 ratio

15.3% - 0.2%pt QoQ + 1.9%pt YoY

1H25 net profit at \$2.8 billion

Growth in operating profit offset by pre-emptive credit provisioning



	1H25 \$m	1H24 \$m	YoY +/(-)%	2Q25 \$m	1Q25 \$m	QoQ +/(-)%	2Q24 \$m	YoY +/(-)%
Net interest income	4,745	4,763	(0)	2,336	2,409	(3)	2,401	(3)
Net fee income	1,330	1,198	11	636	694	(8)	618	3
Other non-interest income	1,047	1,038	1	493	554	(11)	457	8
Total income	7,121	6,998	2	3,465	3,657	(5)	3,476	(0)
Less: Total expenses	3,095	3,105	(0)	1,535	1,559	(2)	1,534	0
Operating profit	4,027	3,894	3	1,929	2,097	(8)	1,941	(1)
Less: Amortisation of intangible assets Less: Allowance for credit and other	16	13	21	9	7	27	7	39
losses	569	395	44	279	290	(4)	232	20
Add: Associates & Joint Ventures	19	56	(67)	(3)	22	(>100)	31	(>100)
Net profit	2,828	2,912	(3)	1,338	1,490	(10)	1,425	(6)

Group Retail





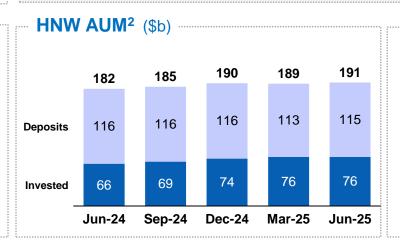
Selected income statement data

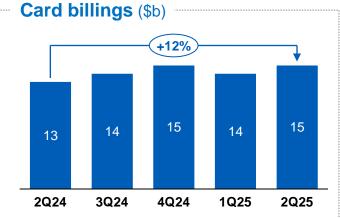
	1H25	1H24	YoY
	\$m	\$m	%
Income	2,592	2,695	(4)
Lending, Deposits ¹	1,556	1,759	(12)
Wealth	619	540	15
Credit Cards	416	395	5
Expenses	1,367	1,488	(8)
Operating Profit	1,225	1,207	1
Allowance for credit and other losses	127	216	(41)
Profit before Tax	1,084	977	11

Highlights

- PBT rose as one-off expenses and credit cost pressures from operational merger in Thailand have abated
- Strategic priorities of CASA, cards and wealth delivered results, offsetting income headwinds of lower rates and competition
- Retail deposits crossed \$200b, with sound CASA growth on strong customer value proposition
- Double-digit wealth income growth backed by conversion of deposits into invested AUM; net new money stable at \$3b for 2Q25
- Robust card billing growth across ASEAN franchise, driven by strategic partnerships and enhanced rewards offering. Customer grew 4% YoY to 8.4m

Key metrics 1H25 1H24 YoY % Cost / Income ratio 52.7% 55.2% (2.5) pt Total credit costs 40 bps (18) bps 22 bps **RoRWA** 4.9% 4.9% Gross Customer Loans (\$b) 115 108 6 Customer Deposits (\$b) 204 195 of which CASA (\$b) 116 98 18





^{1.} Includes Others

^{2.} Refers to Privilege Banking and Private Bank

Group Wholesale Banking



Selected income statement data

Transaction Banking 1,596 1,863 (14	1H25	YoY	1H24
Transaction Banking 1,596 1,863 (14	\$m	%	\$m
	ne <u>3,254</u>	5 (5)	3,415
. 1	nsaction Banking 1,596	3 (14)	1,863
Loans ¹ 1,092 1,092 0	ns ¹ 1,092	2 0	1,092
Investment Banking 254 190 34	estment Banking 254	0 34	190
Customer Treasury 311 270 15	stomer Treasury 311	0 15	270
Expenses <u>874</u> <u>835</u> <u>5</u>	nses <u>874</u>	5	835
Operating Profit 2,379 2,580 (8	ating Profit 2,379	(8)	2,580
Allowance for credit and other losses1679281	ance for credit and other losses167	2 81	92
Profit before Tax 2,192 2,484 (12)	before Tax 2,192	4 (12)	2,484

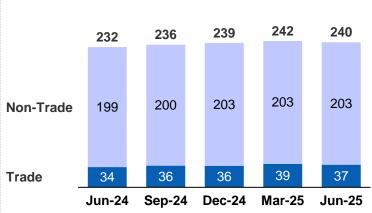
Highlights

- PBT impacted by exogenous factors like lower benchmark rates and keen competition for quality assets, while allowance rose from a low base
- Amid tariff uncertainties, close to 50% of GWB income generated from Transaction Banking – underpinned by an enlarged CASA base and 12% trade loan growth – while customer treasury activities also picked up
- Investment Banking delivered record fees in 1H25
- Steady income contribution from non-real estate sectors at 69%, while crossborder income mix stayed stable at 26%

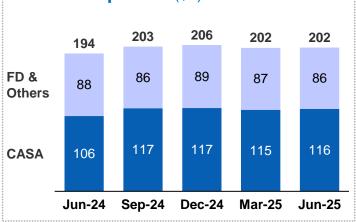
Key metrics

They meaned			
	1H25	1H24	YoY
			%
Cost / Income ratio	26.9%	24.4%	2.5 pt
Total credit costs	15 bps	9 bps	6 bps
RoRWA	1.8%	1.9%	(0.1) pt
Total Gross Loans ² (\$b)	240	232	3
Total Deposits ² (\$b)	202	194	4

Total Gross Loans² (\$b)



Total Deposits² (\$b)



- 1. Includes Others
- 2. Includes Banks and Non-Banks

Global Markets Continue to deliver strong customer flows



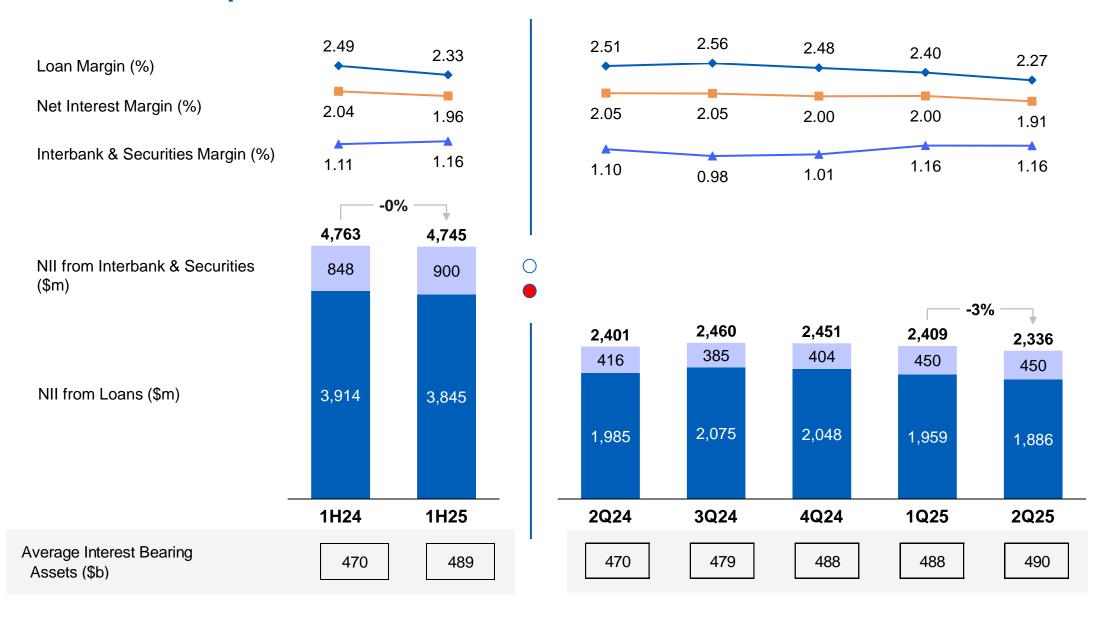


^{1.} Reflects income from treasury products offered to Group Retail and Group Wholesale Banking segments

^{2.} Total Assets excluding derivative-related assets

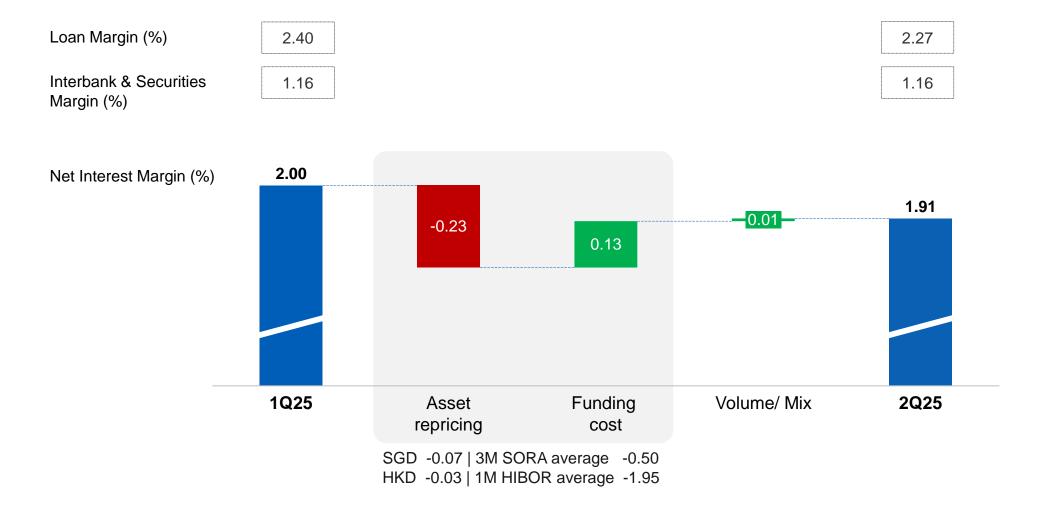
Net interest income moderated as asset growth cushioned effects of sharp decline in benchmark rates





Net interest margin eased on asset repricing mitigated by improved funding and balance sheet management

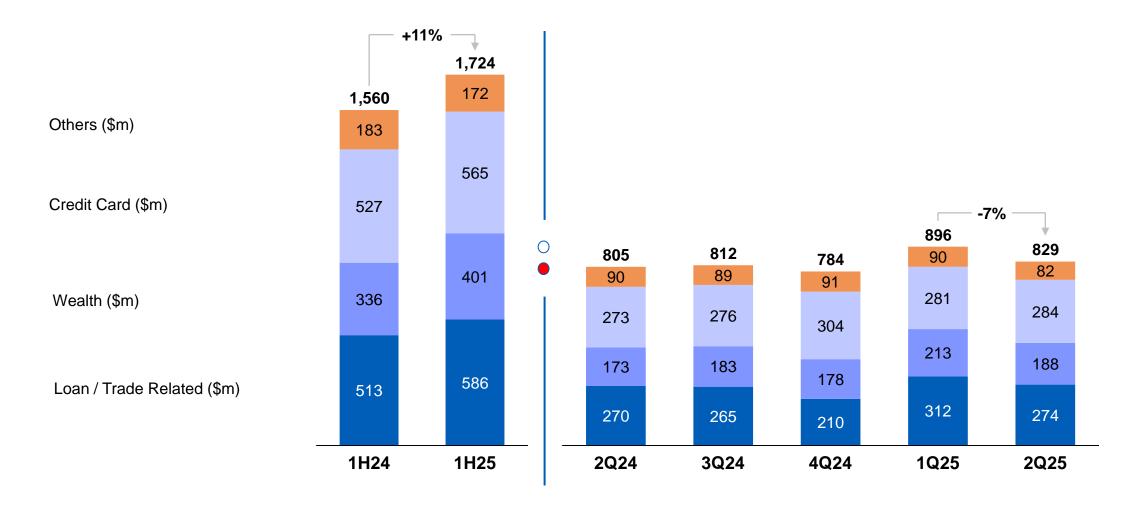




2Q25 fee income declined from last quarter's record high, Wealth fees affected by cautious approach amid macro uncertainties



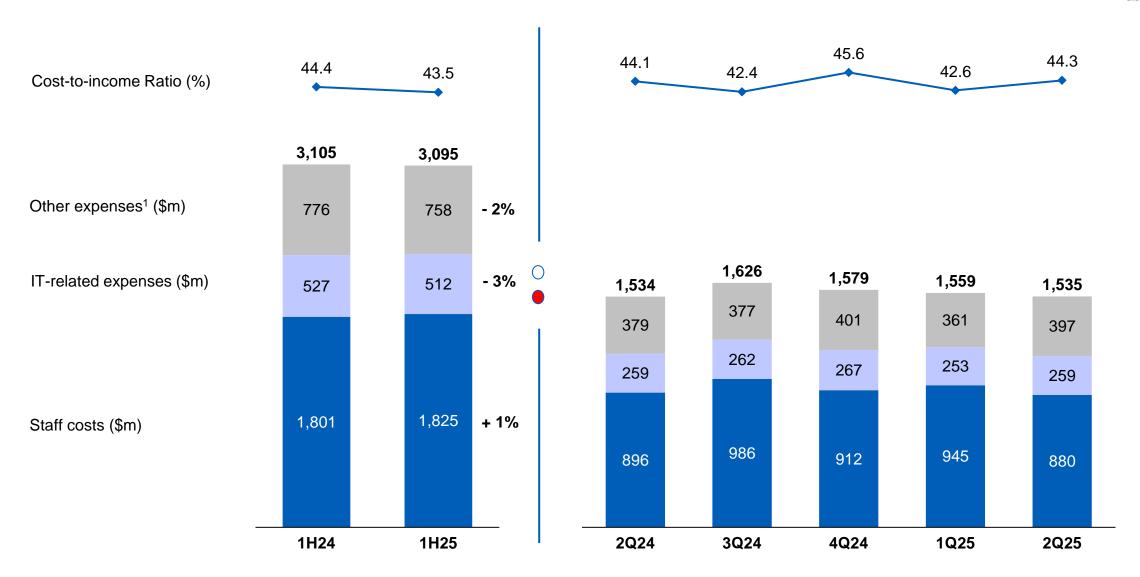




Note: Above fees are gross of expenses, unless stated otherwise

Total expenses declined on tighter cost discipline



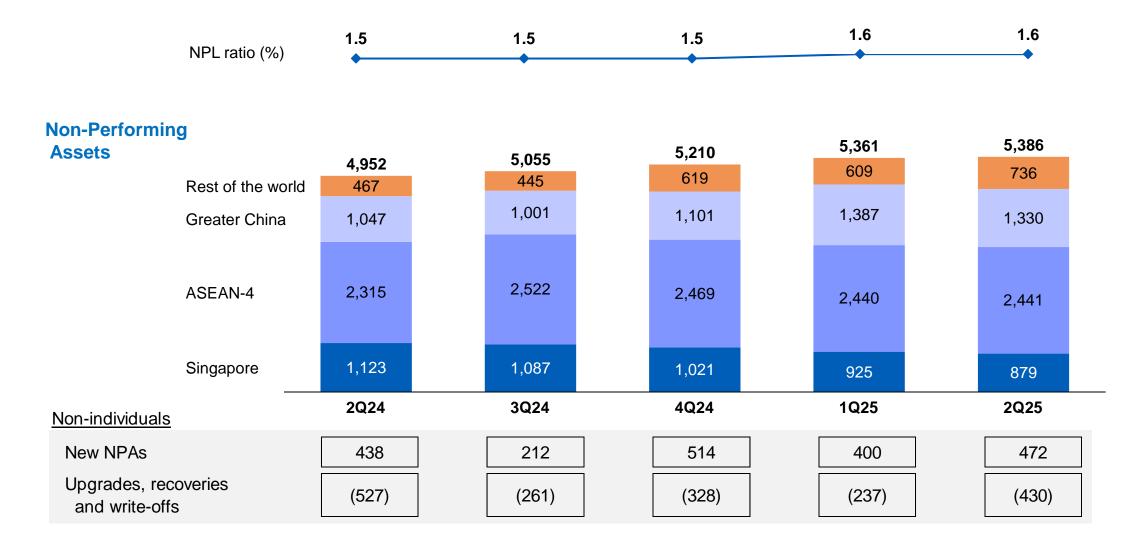


^{1.} Includes revenue-related, occupancy-related and other expenses

Stable NPL ratio at 1.6% and new NPAs within expectation



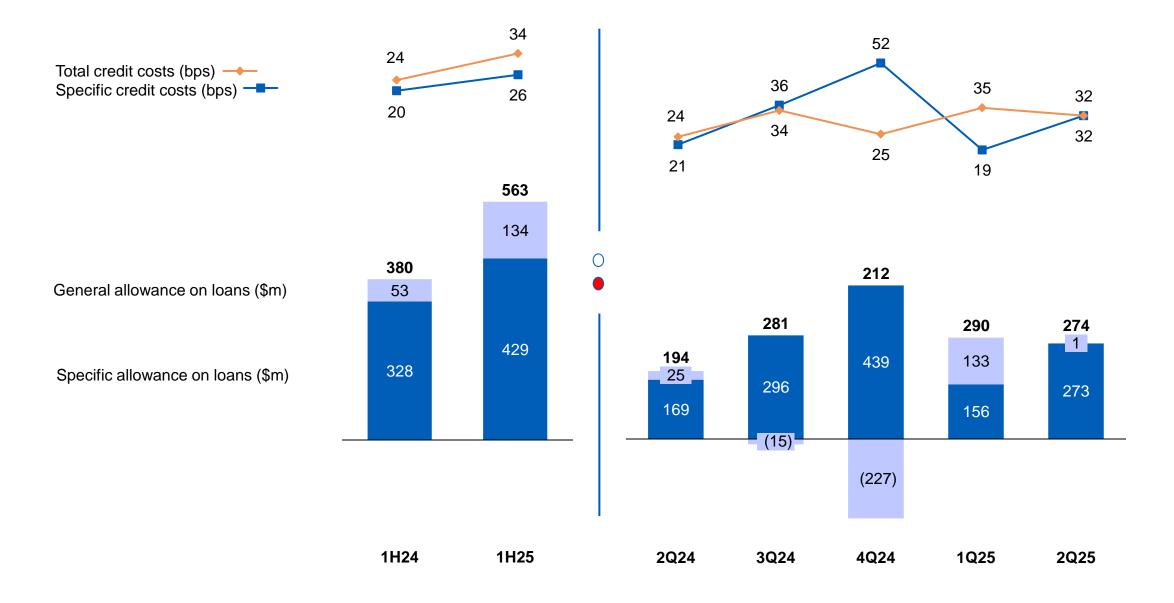




Specific allowance increased, mitigated by pre-emptive provisions



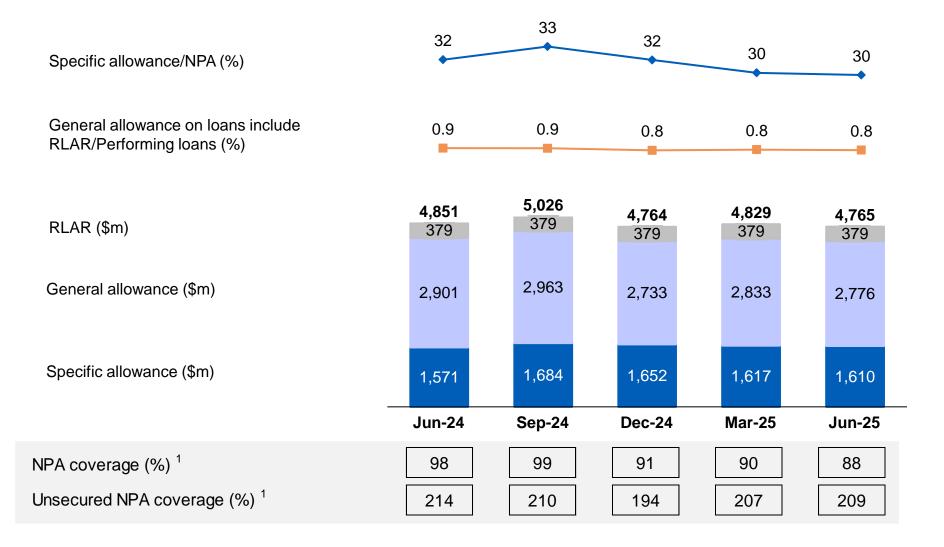




Provision coverage maintained at prudent levels





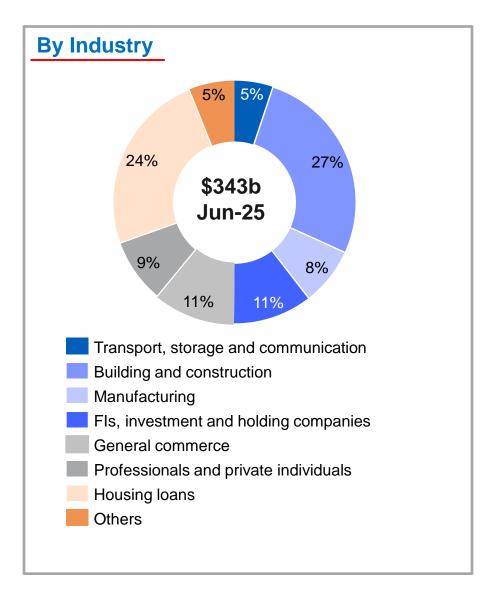


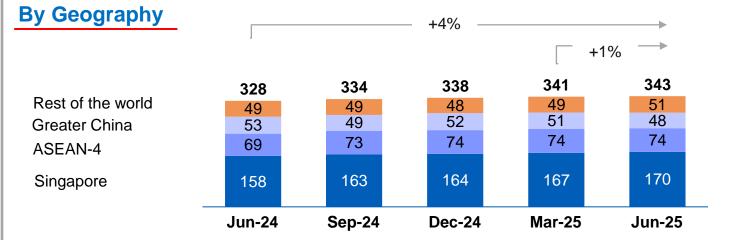
^{1.} Includes RLAR (Regulatory loss allowance reserve) as part of total allowance

Loans growth of 4% YoY and 1% QoQ, mainly from corporates and mortgages in Singapore

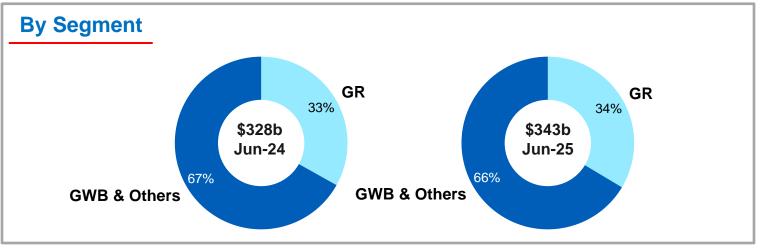








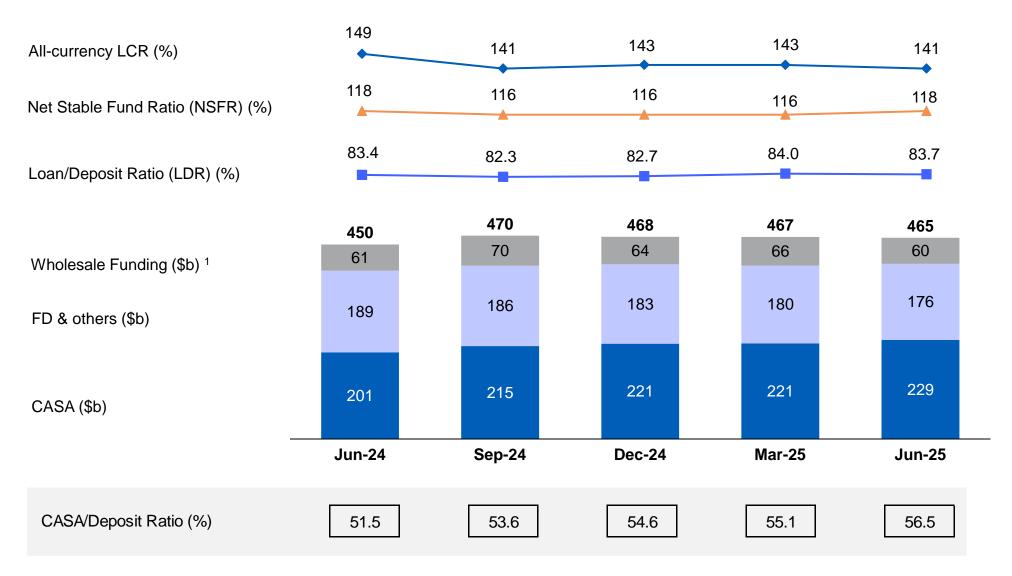
Note: Loans are classified based on where credit risks reside, represented by country of incorporation/operation for nonindividuals and residence for individuals.



Healthy liquidity and funding base with continued CASA growth



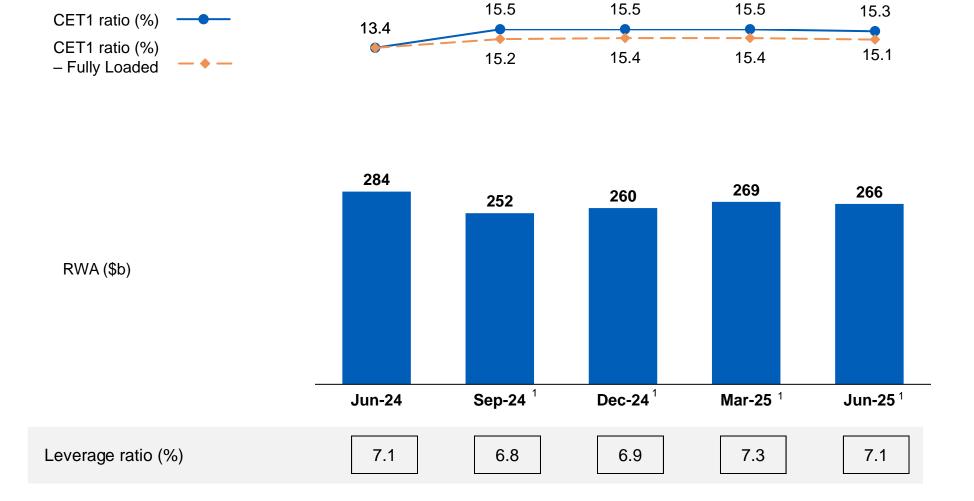




^{1.} Comprising debt issuances, perpetual capital securities and interbank liabilities

Robust CET1 ratio at 15.3% following capital returns to shareholders

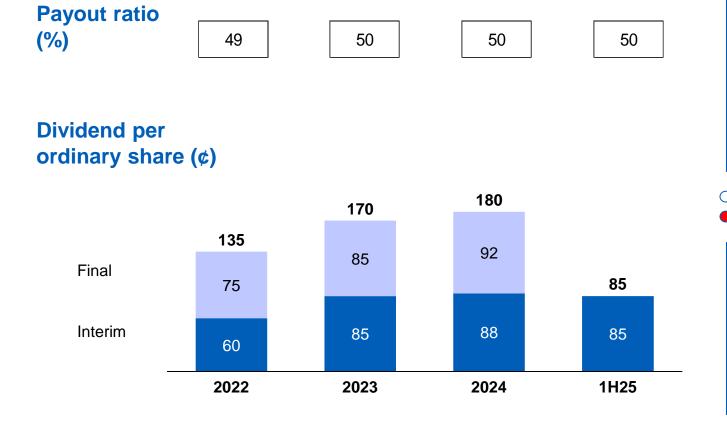




^{1.} Based on MAS Notice 637 issued on 20 September 2023, with effect from 1 July 2024

Delivering long-term and sustainable returns







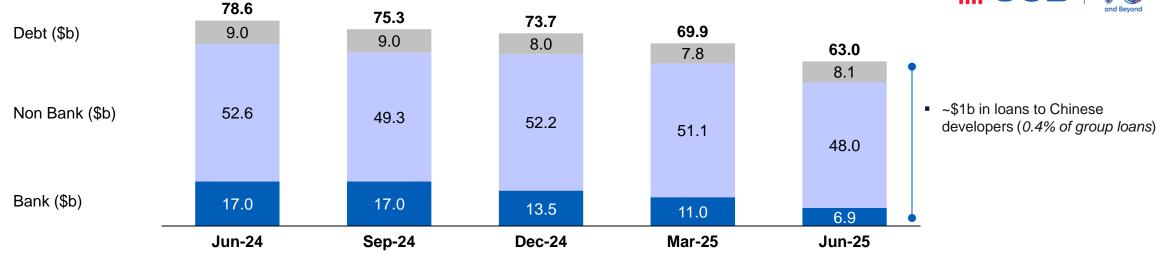


Appendix

- Exposure to Greater China
- Exposure to Commercial Real Estate Office

Exposure to Greater China





Mainland China

Bank exposure (\$4.7b)

- ~25% of total exposure to Mainland China, with top 5 domestic banks and 3 policy banks accounting for ~75% of total bank exposure
- ~100% with <1 year tenor; trade accounts for ~15% of total bank exposure

Non-bank exposure (\$10.8b)

- Client base include top-tier state-owned enterprises, large local corporates and foreign investment enterprises
- ~65% denominated in RMB and ~65% with <1 year tenor
- NPL ratio at 3.4%

Hong Kong SAR

Bank exposure (\$0.6b)

~90% are to foreign banks

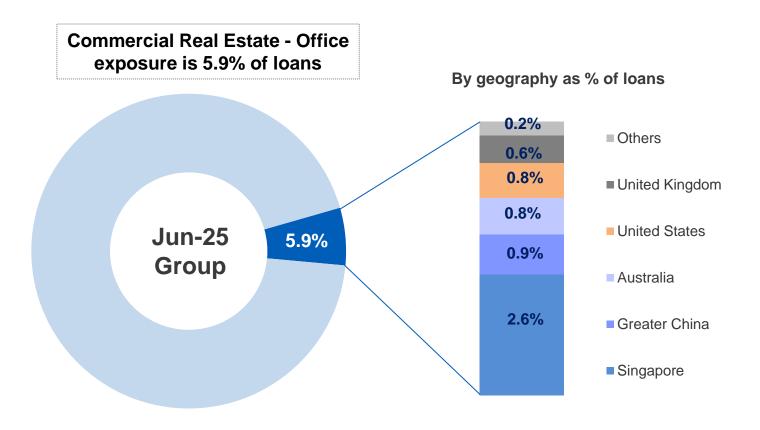
Non-bank exposure (\$34.0b)

- Exposure mainly to corporate and institutional clients
- ~70% with <1 year tenor
- NPL ratio at 2.8%

Exposure to Commercial Real Estate - Office



- Almost half of office exposure is in Singapore
- Overseas exposure backed by strong sponsors
- Largely secured by class-A office properties
- Average LTV around 50%



Thank You

