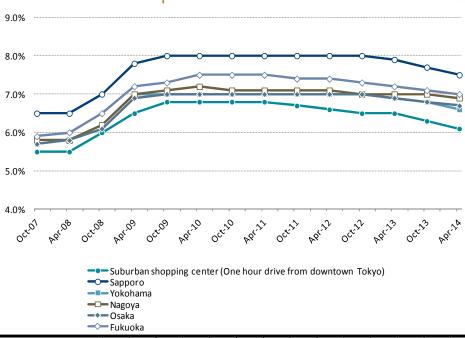
Retail Cap Rate Trends

BEST COMPANIES

Suburban Retail Cap Rate Trends

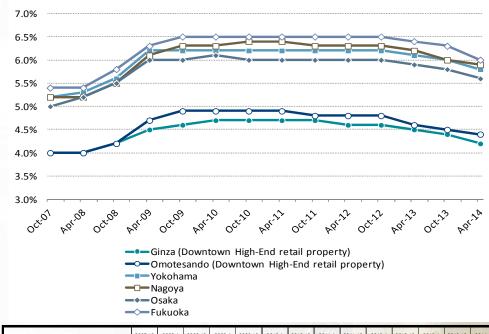


	2007.10	2008.4	2008.10	2009.4	2009.10	2010.4	2010.10	2011.4	2011.10	2012.4	2012.10	2013.4	2013.10	2014.4
Suburban shopping center (One hour drive from downtown Tokyo)	5.5%	5.5%	6.0%	6.5%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.8%	6.7%	6.6%	6.5%	6.5%	6.3%	6.1%
Sapporo	6.5%	6.5%	7.0%	7.8%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	8.0%	7.9%	7.7%	7.5%
Yokohama	5.7%	5.8%	6.2%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	6.9%	6.8%	6.6%
Nagoya	5.8%	5.8%	6.2%	7.0%	7.1%	7.2%	7.1%	7.1%	7.1%	7.1%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	6.9%
Osaka	5.7%	5.8%	6.1%	6.9%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	7.0%	6.9%	6.8%	6.7%
Fukuoka	5.9%	6.0%	6.5%	7.2%	7.3%	7.5%	7.5%	7.5%	7.4%	7.4%	7.3%	7.2%	7.1%	7.0%



Expected cap rates of suburban shopping centers located one hour drive from Tokyo have shown compression by 70bps to 6.1% compared to the highest point in April 2011 of 6.8%

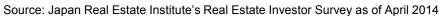
Prime Retail Cap Rate Trends



	2007.10	2008.4	2008.10	2009.4	2009.10	2010.4	2010.10	2011.4	2011.10	2012.4	2012.10	2013.4	2013.10	2014.4
Ginza (Downtown High-End retail property)	4.0%	4.0%	4.2%	4.5%	4.6%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	4.7%	4.6%	4.6%	4.5%	4.4%	4.2%
Omotesando (Downtown High-End retail property)	4.0%	4.0%	4.2%	4.7%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.9%	4.8%	4.8%	4.8%	4.6%	4.5%	4.4%
Yokohama	5.2%	5.3%	5.6%	6.2%	6.2%	6.2%	6.2%	6.2%	6.2%	6.2%	6.2%	6.1%	6.0%	5.8%
Nagoya	5.2%	5.2%	5.5%	6.1%	6.3%	6.3%	6.4%	6.4%	6.3%	6.3%	6.3%	6.2%	6.0%	5.9%
Osaka	5.0%	5.2%	5.5%	6.0%	6.0%	6.1%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	5.9%	5.8%	5.6%
Fukuoka	5.4%	5.4%	5.8%	6.3%	6.5%	6.5%	6.5%	6.5%	6.5%	6.5%	6.5%	6.4%	6.3%	6.0%



Osaka's expected cap rate has recently compressed by 30bps to 5.6% compared to just 12 months ago in April 2013



Significant Retail deals across Japan



Property Name	Town/ City	Purchaser	Vendor	Price (JPY Billion)	NOI Cap Rate (%)	Closing Date
Yodobashi Camera Multimedia Kichijoji	Kichijoji, Tokyo	United Urban Investment (REIT)	Kichijoji YCM Funding	28.0	5.2	Mar 2013
Kawasaki Lefront	Kawasaki, Kanagawa	Japan Retail Fund Investment (REIT)	MJ Retail Investments One	30.0	6.2	Oct 2013
G Building Shinsaibashi 03	Shinsaibashisuji, Osaka	Japan Retail Fund Investment (REIT)	Unique Osaka LLC (RREEF)	22.3	4.3	Oct 2013
Aeon Lake Town Mori (40%)	Koshigaya, Saitama	Aeon REIT Investment (REIT)	Aeon Retail	21.1	5.6	Nov 2013
Kobe Kyu Kyoryuchi 25 Bankan (includes hotel)	Kobe, Hyogo	Activia Properties (REIT)	SPC of Tokyu Land	21.3	4.8	Dec 2013

Source: DTZ Research



Growth Strategy





Key Elements of Strategy



The Trustee-Manager's key objectives are to deliver a competitive return on investment to unitholders of CRT through regular and growing distributions, and long term capital value growth of CRT's portfolio of assets.



Disciplined Capital and Risk Management Strategy

- Optimizing the debt / equity mix used to finance acquisitions
- Leverage Sponsor's relationships to secure attractive debt financing rates
- Diversify funding sources to support regional expansion opportunities
- Manage foreign exchange risk through appropriate hedging techniques



Acquisition Growth Strategy Supported by ROFRs From Strategic Partners

- Voluntary ROFRs provided by Strategic Partners over their future retail real estate assets located in Asia Pacific ex-Japan
- Evaluate opportunities based on yield threshold, occupancy, tenant diversification, geographical diversification and other factors



Japan Acquisition Growth Strategy Supported by Agreements with Third Party Vendors

- Growth of core Japan portfolio through selective acquisitions
 - Immediately visible pipeline of 2 completed properties in Japan based on agreements signed with third party vendors
 - Leveraging the Sponsor's and Strategic Partners' existing business relationships to identify further acquisitions in Japan



Portfolio Growth via a Prudent and Disciplined Development Strategy

- Development projects to be undertaken after giving due consideration to growth potential, mitigation of construction & leasing risks and short term dilution of yield
- Voluntarily undertaken development cap of up to 20% of Trust Property



Asset Enhancement Strategies to Increase Profitability and Value in Japan

- Asset refurbishment and enhancement projects
- Prudent control of property expenses
- Active leasing and marketing of any vacancies and expiring leases
- Optimization of tenant mix



Platform for Sustainable Growth



Potential Income Upside From Existing Assets



Expecting positive rental reversions upon lease expiry



Optimization of tenant mix through active property management



Potential for growth from asset enhancement

Additional Debt Headroom of ~JPY12.3bn at 31 Mar 2014(1)



Pipeline from Strategic Partners



Japan pipeline from third-party vendors



ROFR from the Croesus Group

Organic Growth
Potential

Growth from Development Assets

Acquisition
Pipeline from
ROFRs

Acquisition
Pipeline from
Sponsor Network

Upside from Development Assets



Undertake development projects considering growth potential and mitigation of construction and leasing risks



Voluntarily undertaken development limit of up to 20% of Trust Property

Strong Existing Business Relationships



Leverage Sponsor's business relationships and industry knowledge to identify acquisition opportunities



Initial Portfolio sourced directly from vendors without any intermediary fees (~3% of purchase consideration in Japan)



Organic Growth Potential



The Trustee-Manager will seek to actively manage CRT's property portfolio to generate organic growth and maximize asset returns, while maintaining resilient recurring income to CRT.

1 Growth in Variable Rent

- Among the Properties, Croesus Shinsaibashi, Luz Omori and Mallage Shobu, have leases with variable rent components
- As of 31 March 2014⁽¹⁾41.8% of monthly gross rental income of the Portfolio had a variable rent component
- Of total variable rent, the variable portion is 15.3% and 26.5% is guaranteed minimum base rent. Therefore, pure fixed rent constitutes 84.7% of total portfolio gross rental income

2 Asset Enhancement Initiatives

Mallage Shobu

- Renovation work associated with tenant replacements
- Significant movement in the tenant composition, with 148 of 242 leases expiring in Nov-14
 - Rental reversion upon lease expiry, since most of the expiring leases were entered into in 2008 with lease terms favoring the lessees, given market conditions at the time
 - Attract strategic anchor tenants to further enhance the overall growth
 - Recent additions of new tenants such as Arnold Palmer, Emoda, New Style and SUUMO; currently in negotiations with other high quality tenants





Strong Acquisition Growth Opportunities



CRT has in place a visible pipeline of retail malls in Japan from the Strategic Partners and agreements with third party vendors.

Retail properties in Japan

• 2 completed properties (Mallage Saga and Forecast Kyoto Kawaramachi) from third party vendors

Other growth opportunities

- Daiwa House and Marubeni have provided CRT with ROFRs over any sale of future predominately retail
 real estate assets located in the Asia-Pacific region ex-Japan, with Marubeni's ROFR extending to current
 assets as well
- The ROFR with Marubeni also covers two retail development projects in China









Owned by Marubeni



⁽¹⁾ Marubeni owns 25% of the intermediate holding company which in turns owns 100% of the Shenyang Retail Project.

Financial Overview





Financial Highlights – 10 May to 31 March 2014



	10 M	ay to 31 March	2014 (1)	1 Jan to 31 March 2014			
	Actual	Forecast (2)	Variance %	Actual	Forecast (2)	Variance %	
Income Available for Distribution (¥'000)	2,472,314	2,301,859	7.4%	619,785	576,946	7.4%	
Available Distribution Per Unit (Singapore cents)	7.00	6.50	7.7%	1.76	1.63	8.0%	
Historical Annualised DPU (Singapore cents)	7.84(3)	7.41					
Historical Annualised Distribution Yield(4) @ S\$0.930 per unit (IPO Price & Closing Price on 9 May 2014)	8.4%	8.0%					

- (1) The acquisition of the Portfolio of CRT was completed on 10 May 2013, which was the day CRT was officially listed on the SGX-ST.
- (2) The forecast figures are extracted from the announcement dated 27 February 2014 in relation to the acquisition of the Additional Portfolio, subject to the bases and assumptions stated therein, and pro-rated using the actual number of days attributable to the respective reporting period, except for non-recurring items such as unrealized fair value gains, their related deferred tax expenses, prepaid property tax and a part of finance cost which are not proportionally prorated.
- (3) The historical annualised DPU is calculated by dividing the available DPU for the period from 10 May 2013 to 31 March 2014 by 326 days and multiplying the result by 365 days (the "Historical Annualised DPU"). The annualised DPU is for illustrative purposes only and should not be construed as a representation of the future DPU in FY2014 or a forecast of the future DPU.
- (4) The annualised distribution yield is calculated by dividing the Historical Annualised DPU by the respective unit price (in Singapore cents). The annualised distribution yield is for illustrative purposes only and should not be construed as a representation of the future distribution yield in FY2014 or a forecast of the future distribution yield.



Income Available for Distribution Exceeds Forecast by 7.4%



	YTD -	10 May to 31 March	า 2014	Q3 - 1 Jan to 31 March 2014			
(JPY"000)	Actual	Forecast (5)	Variance %	Actual	Forecast (5)	Variance %	
Gross Revenue	4,676,803	4,603,929	1.6%	1,391,654	1,341,658	3.7%	
Less: Property Operating Expenses	(1,667,754)	(1,754,188)	(4.9)%	(457,921)	(510,367)	(10.3)%	
Net Property Income	3,009,049	2,849,741	5.6%	933,733	831,291	12.3%	
Trustee Manager's Fees (1)	(417,501)	(408,865)	2.1%	(130,567)	(120,282)	8.6%	
Finance Costs	(474,945)	(477,873)	(0.6)%	(185,836)	(187,695)	(1.0)%	
Other Trust Expenses (4)	(135,514)	(119,826)	13.1%	(86,456)	(36,753)	135%	
Total Trust Income and Expenses	1,981,089	1,843,177	7.5%	530,874	486,561	9.1%	
Net Change in Fair Value of Investment Properties/ Financial Instruments (2)	1,855,082	1,683,585	10.2%	329,407	411,941	(20.0)%	
Income Tax Expenses (4)	(874,429)	(591,847)	47.7%	(243,211)	(154,082)	57.8%	
Profit after Tax	2,961,742	2,934,915	0.9%	617,070	744,420	(17.1)%	
Distribution Adjustments (3)	(489,428)	(633,056)	(22.7)%	2,715	(167,474)	102%	
Income Available for Distribution to Unitholders	2,472,314	2,301,859	7.4%	619,785	576,946	7.4%	

⁽¹⁾ Includes Japan Asset Manager's fees.

⁽⁵⁾ The forecast figures are extracted from the announcement dated 27 February 2014 in relation to the acquisition of the Additional Portfolio, subject to the bases and assumptions stated therein, and pro-rated using the actual number of days attributable to the respective reporting period, except for non-recurring items such as unrealized fair value gains, their related deferred tax expenses, prepaid property tax and a part of finance cost which are not proportionally prorated.



⁽²⁾ Net sum between the fair value gain on investment properties arose from unrealized gain on revaluation of the investment properties of the Group and the fair value loss on financial instruments arose from mark to market of forward foreign exchange contracts (in accordance with FRS 39) used to hedge distribution for the financial periods from Listing Date to 30 June 2014 and 1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015.

⁽³⁾ Adjustments include Trustee-Manager's fees paid/ payable in units, amortization of upfront costs, amortization of prepaid property tax, fair value gains on investment properties net of tax, fair value losses on financial instruments, and others.

⁽⁴⁾ Reclassification of JPY5,343,000 of business scale taxes from the forecasted income tax expenses to forecasted other trust expenses were made to be consistent with the actual accounts.

Healthy Balance Sheet



(JPY"000)	Actual as of 31 December 2013	Actual as of 31 March 2014
Investment Properties	52,954,221	67,917,027
Other Non-current Assets	1,577,990	2,285,771
Current Assets	5,996,587	5,534,720
Total Assets	60,528,798	75,737,518
Loans and Borrowings (long-term)	24,012,719	40,152,436
Other Non-current Liabilities	2,637,308	3,603,701
Current Liabilities	2,115,981	1,468,068
Net Assets	31,762,790	30,513,313
Number of Units Issued and to be issued (1)	428,698,000	430,038,000
Net Asset Value per Unit (JPY)	74.09	70.95

⁽¹⁾ The number of units issued and to be issued as of 31 March 2014 consists of a) the number of units in issue as at 31 March 2014 of 428,698,000; and b) the estimated number of units to be issued to the Trustee-Manager as partial satisfaction of Trustee-Manager's fees payable for the period from 1 January 2014 to 31 March 2014 of 1,340,000.**

^{**} As provided for in the trust deed dated 7 May 2012 constituting CRT (the "Trust Deed"), the price of the units issued shall be computed based on the volume weighted average price of a unit for the period of ten business days immediately preceding the relevant business day of the issue of such units. Therefore, the actual number of units to be issued may deviate from the above illustrative number of units.



Key Financial Indicators



	Actual as of 31 December 2013	Actual as of 31 March 2014
Gearing Ratio	41.8%	53.5%
Interest Coverage Ratio	5.9 times	5.2 times
% of Debt Hedged	100%	100%
Average All-In Cost of Debt ₍₁₎	1.59%	2.15%
Debt Maturity	4.4 years	4.0 years
Additional Debt Headroom ₍₂₎	JPY27.5 billion	JPY12.3 billion

⁽¹⁾ Cost of debt excluding professional and other fees incurred during the transaction.



⁽²⁾ Calculated based on a leverage limit of 60.0%.

Media Coverage





Coverage in Singapore

ASIA'S COMPANIES

Croesus buys two malls to increase exposure to Tokyo as prospects improve

he Olympic Games in Tokyo isn't until 2020, but Jeremy Yong and the team behind Croesus Retail Trust (CRT) are owner is well-placed to reap the bene-

compression. We believe this is due, in part, to the Olympics," says Yong, co-owner of Croesus Merchants International, CRT's sponsor. Capitalisation or cap rates typically fall when prop erty values go up, indicating rising demand.

up much faster after our IPO. We had to adapt quickly," he says. This eventually led to CRT sealing agreements to buy two malls in Tokyo, marking its maiden acquisition since its listlion (\$176.3 million) for Luz Omori in Ota and NIS Wave I in Tachikawa City. Located close to train stations, both malls are part of four properties in Japan that CRT has the right of first refusal to acquire. The transaction is ex-pected to be completed by end-March, bringing the number of malls in its portfolio to six

By **LEE MEIXIAN**

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CROESUS Retail Trust,

which listed in May last

Croesus Retail Trust's Q3

The rental reversions range from 30% to 50%." In a sign that tenants are willing to pay more, he notes that two outlets in Mallage Shobu agreed late last year to have their fents raised by up to 80%, "It's possibly an indication of

Adjusting tenant mix, leases

Plans are also underway to change CRI's tenint mix in Mailage Shobu to attract more shop-pers. Most of the current tenants belong to notes, which pay an annual coupon of 31, 2014, 8 per cent higher mese names. The idea is to introduce in-

With the two new malls, their contribs Year, posted a third-quarwill slip to 33%. The rest of the lease year, be fixed-term agreements, which give ter distribution per unit

In all, CRT is expected to end up with a (DPU) of 1.76 cents for the resultant and visible income stream. "It's) resilient portfolio. That's the key streng three months ended March were snapped up by institutional invest than its forecast 1.63 cents.

acquisition of high-quality assets for Croesus Retail Trust," it said.

The Reit receives its distributable income in Japanese yen but pays out distributions in Singapore dollars semi-annually. It hedges its distributions to minimise its exposure to fluctuations in exchange rates.

MONEY

SATURDAY, MAY17, 2014

He added that Japan is a "diffi-

cult market to penetrate" but its

network - five of six in its man-

agement team are Japanese, and

Japan's Daiwa House Industry and

Marubeni Corporation are its stra-

of privately negotiated deals, rath-

While CRT's counter has fallen

er than having to rely on auctions.

from its IPO high of \$1.145, Mr

continue to do well, which he

hopes the market will recognise

Yong said he felt operations will

tegic partners - affords it a flow

DPU beats own forecast

THE STRAITS TIMES

Croesus trust eyeing two more malls



Mr Yong does not see the Croesus

It sees growth opportunities in Japan with asset values falling significantly

By RENNIE WHANG

THE Japan-focused Croesus Retail Trust (CRT) is stepping up its growth strategy a year after its initial public offering (IPO).

In March, it acquired two new malls, bringing the total to six and expanding net lettable area by about 9 per cent, and the portfo lio value by about 28.3 per cent to

67.8 billion yen (S\$834 million). Mr Jeremy Yong, non-executive director of the trustee manager, told The Straits Times that two more assets are on the cards.

CRT has first right of refusal to acquire a mall in Kvoto, and anoth er in Saga, Kyushu. "We want to do it at an appropriate time. But if we can close something this year. we would love to," said Mr Yong, who is also group managing director of CRT sponsor Croesus Mer-

CRT announced its third-quarter results on Thursday with distribution per unit of 1.76 cents, 8 per cent higher than forecast.

It came on the back of a net property income of 933.7 million yen, 12.3 per cent more than fore-

cast, and a gross revenue of 1.39 billion yen. It is the third straight quarter that CRT has outperformed for ecasts, Mr Yong said, adding: "We've come a long way since our May 10 listing."

He said CRT will not venture out of Japan for the medium term, "at least a few years from initial public offering", adding: "CRT is built for the long term. If there are compelling opportunities outside of Japan in the future, if it's n the interest of shareholders, we have a duty to consider it."

Opportunities in the next half a "Rental reversions are good, (with percentages) ranging from the mid-teens to high 20s and it decade are in Japan, with many asset values having fallen significanty since the bubble years, Mr should drive earnings up. If we Yong said. "Under Abenomics, we continue to do accretive acquisiare seeing wages and corporate tions, distribution will be up. If Janan moves in the direction which ve feel it is moving, capital values and net asset values will go up. Mr Yong said he did not see

CRT being overly affected by the Japanese consumption tax hike which kicked in on April 1, given the trust's suburban mall exposure of 65 per cent and that its tenants mainly sell day-to-day

"There might be temporary disruptions to retail sales. But Singapore went through it, every coun-try goes through it... National retall sales may come off a little in April and perhaps May, but it should nick up again

CRT units closed up 1.5 cents to 95 cents yesterday m wren nie@sph.com.sg



Singapore Result Snapshot Croesus Retail Trust

Bloomberg: CRT SP | Reuters: CROE.Si

Refer to important disclosures at the end of this report

DBS Group Research . Equity

16 May 2014

BUY S\$0.935 STI: 3.272.49

Price Target: 12-Month 5\$ 1.05

Analyst LOCK Mun Yee +65 6682 3715 munyee@dbs.com

Result Summary					
FY Jun (JPY m)	3Q 2014	3Q 2013	2Q 2014	yoy chg	qoq ch
P&L Items					
Sales	1,391.7	NA	1,286.9	N/A	8.
Net Property Inc	933.7	NA	805.9	N/A	15.
Net Income Aft Tax	617.1	NA	743.4	nm	(17.0
Net Inc avail, for Dist. Other Data (%)	619.8	N/A	713.0	nm	(13.1
Net Prop Inc Margin	67.1	N/A	62.6		
Dist. Payout Ratio	100.0	N/A	100.0		

Delivering good results

- · Higher tenant sales, better cost management and contributions from new assets boosted earnings ahead of projections
- Strong organic growth potential and visible acquisition pipeline to drive earnings
- Maintain Buy, TP \$\$1.05

Ahead of projections, CRT reported 3014 revenue of JPY1.39bn, 4% above prospectus forecast due to tenant sales growth of 3-5% (ahead of the consumption tax increase on 1 Apr 14) and maiden contribution from the 2 recently acquired assets - Luz Omori and NIS Wave 1. NPI came in 12% better than projected at JPY933.7m. thanks to improved cost management and lower utility expenses. Distribution income was 7.4% higher than prospectus forecast at JPY619.8m, translating to a DPU of 1.76Scts

Media Coverage in Japan

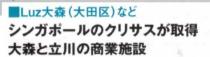


日本の商業施設を組入れる唯一のSGX上場投信「クリサス・リテール・トラスト」が2物件を新規取得

2013年5月、REITに類似したビジネストラストという信託型のヴィークルでシンガポール証券取引所(SGX)に上場した、日本の商業施設を中心に投資するクリサス・リテール・トラスト(Croesus Retail Trust、以下CRT)は14年3月、「Luz大森」(東京都大田区)と「NIS Wave I」(東京都立川市)を取得した。

Luz大森は、CRTの戦略的パートナーとしてCRT運営会社に出資している丸紅から、NIS Wave IはCRT保有





シンガポールのCroesus Retail Trust (CRT) は2014年3月、SPCを通じて大森と立川の商業施設を取得した。価格は合計142億5000万円だ。

大田区大森北1丁目にあるLuz大森の取得価格は34億5000万円。売り主はCRTの運営に参加する丸紅のSPC。物件はJR大森駅から徒歩5分の場所にある。地上8階地下2階建て、延べ床面積1万3295m²、賃貸可能床面積9285m²の規模で、2011年に竣工した。2013年12月末時点の稼働率は97.2%。CRTは2014年3月~6月の純収益を7139万円と想定。利回りは6.2%となる。



The state of the s

左――「Luz大森」13年12月末時点の稼働 縮は97.2%

右上— 「NIS Wave I」13年12月末時点

右下——佐藤潔氏

立川市曙町のNIS WAVE.Iは108億円で取得した。 地上8階地下3階建て、延べ床面積1万534m²、賃貸可能 床面積7141m²の規模。2007年に竣工した。満室稼働で、 想定純収益は2億1739万円、利回りは6.0%だ。

(物件データは売買事例一覧をご覧ください)





Luz大森 (写真: Croesus Retail Trust)



FinanceAsia ASIA'S BEST COMPANIES

MONEY | B21

Japan may see another property price boom

'Asset inflation' in stock prices has returned, property prices may follow suit

By ANTHONY ROWLEY

A 74 billion yen (S\$906.1 milion) property deal in one of Tokyo's prime districts has sparked speculation that a property price boom may be brewing again in major Japanese cities after some 25 years of continuing price de-clines following the collapse of Japan's bubble economy af-

While attention continues to be focused on whether the Bank of Japan can succeed in turning 15 years of declining prices into a 2 per cent annual increase in consumer prices. es has reared back and property prices may be about to fol-

Building, reported at the Building, reported at the "If that is where we are to buy the 20-storey, weekend by Reuters quoting headed, and nothing indi- 41-year-old Kokusai Akasaka

and low loan to deposit ratios, and qualitative easing there is an ocean of ultra cheap liquidity new available for investors," Mr Courtis not-

"With little of that so far many years - by more than 10 flowing into the real economy - similar to the US and EU experience of quanto easing, and to Japan's experience in the late 1990s and after - that means that there is a tsunami of funds which has now started to flow into asset markets both in Japan, and from Japan to world markets.

"With cap (capitalisation) rates low, real estate in central Tokyo looks like one of the best games in town, and in Japanese real estate prices. Is this a new bubble? Not yet. but the market is now building good momentum."

The BOJ is now embarked on a quantitative easing (quanto) programme three times more aggressive in GDP-rela-The plan by Osaka-based tive terms than those pursued house builder Sekisui House by the US Federal Reserve unto buy the Kokusai Akasaka til recently, Mr Courtis noted.

"If that is where we are

As reported also in BT this

month, land prices in some

major Japanese cities rose

per cent in parts of Tokyo - as

though government officials

reject the idea that an asset bubble is building up.

in major metropolitan areas

of Tokyo, Osaka and Nagoya

rose on average by 0.5 per

cial land prices went up by an

average of 1.6 per cent - the

first upticks in six years, ac-

cording to the Ministry of

Land, Infrastructure, Trans-

economy period from 1985 to

1990, land prices rocketed so

During Japan's bubble

port and Tourism.

Prices of residential land

a result of the BOJ's easing, al-

Japan Property Hunger

Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Pushes to Broker Sales as Demand Surges

By ATSUKO FUKASE

TOKYO-The top executive of Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank said he is making a stronger push to broker real-estate deals with Asian in vestors as Japan's improving economy has snarked a resurrence in interest in the country's property

22 Friday - Sunday, February 28 - March 2, 2014

His effort comes as Japan's realestate industry has benefited from Prime Minister Shinzo Abe's economic and monetary policies, known as Abenomics. The Bank of Japan has expanded its purchases of shares in Japanese real-estate investment trusts, or REITs.

The country's biggest trust bank by assets is now taking advantage of its expertise as a real-estate broker to meet a growing investment appe tite for condominiums and office buildings, Hitoshi Tsunekage, the president of Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank, said in an interview. "We held several seminars in

far that the grounds of the Im-perial Palace in Tokyo briefly Singapore, Taiwan and South Korea became worth as much as the for prospective investors last year. entire state of California, Pricand we've seen great interest from es then collapsed back to them in a wide range of properties pre-bubble levels over a perifrom offices through apartments," Mr. Tsunekage said. Sekisni House has agreed

On the Rise

The transaction amount for Japanese commercial real-estate deals doubled last year



The Well Street Janeiral

Land prices in Japan's major cities continued to rise in the final three months of 2013, according to govern ment data released Tuesday. Prices of commercial properties rose in the biggest metropolitan areas, while residential prices also showed gains.

The land ministry's quarterly survey found that prices rose in 122 urban locations out of the 150 sur veyed, mainly in Tokyo, Osaka and

As the Bank of Japan buys up various financial assets, including Japanese REITs, land prices in Japa nese major cities have surged for the first time in five years. The Tokyo Stock Exchange REIT index which consists of more than 40 realestate investment trusts, rose above 1.500 in late December for the first time since June 2008.

MARKETS

According to Jones Lang La-Salle, a real-estate services company, the transaction amount for Jananese commercial real-estate deals doubled in 2013 to Y4 trillion (\$39 billion) from Y2 trillion That was the biggest figure since 2008.

"Abenomics has been effectively boosting investors' sentiment," Yasuo Nakashima, chief executive officer for LaSalle Investment Management in Japan, said at a new: conference on Feb. 20. "We've seen asset-price inflation in the Japanese real-estate market in the past 14 months, helped by the country's monetary easing," Mr. Nakashima said, though he added that similar trends have been seen in the U.S and U.K. in the past few years.

U.K. real-estate firm Grosvenor Ltd. listed 20 rooms in a luxury

Ascendas on track

FRIDAY APRIL 2014

to beefing up presence in Japan

Trust raises \$50m to partly fund Osaka acquisition



THE STRAITS TIMES

PROPERTY firm Ascendas Hospitality Trust is a sten closer to boosting its presence in Ispan's fas per cent of Ascendas Hospitality's portfolio, with its remaining assets spread out over Australia, Sin-gapore and China. This "diversification strategy", according to Mr

Tan, is important "because different countries wi have different cycle of the economy and the tour-This, perhaps, will go some way to ride out any



Visitors enjoying the view from the observation deck at the Abeno Harukas building in Osaka. Tourism in Japan has picked up, with the number of foreign visitors crossing the 10 million mark tast year for the first time.

A22 WORLD

THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 2014

THE STRAITS TIMES

Land prices rise in Japan's 3 largest cities

Tokyo, Osaka and

Ascott Reit buys Japan property for 6.3b yen

Yield-accretive acquisition is trust's second property in Fukuoka

ASCOTT Residence Trust (Ascott million: Reit) has signed a deal to purchase rental housing property In-rights issue was to "increase Asfor 6.3 billion yen (S\$78.4 mil-

and ArcResidential Japan Invest-

The Ascott Limited, a Capita- ious asset enhancement plans". 2006. Ascott Reit's manager, Ascott Residence Trust Managewned by The Ascott Limited.

It is also its second acquisition since its rights issue last December, which raised around \$253.7 At the time, it had said the

fini Garden in Fukuoka, Japan, cott Reit's debt headroom through a reduction of its borrow ings, hence enhancing Ascott Re-The 389-unit property was ac- it's ability to pursue potential acquired from The Ascott Limited quisitions in an efficient manner and uplifting its competitive positioning in the market through var

Land unit, set up Ascott Reit in It had added that the rights issue would also improve its credit profile and financial flexibility, so that it can negotiate and secure INFINI GARDEN debt facilities for future acquisi- Ascott Reit said the 389-unit property, which is a 25-minute drive to the CBD and offers two to four bedroom tions on more competitive terms. apartments, will enhance its income stability as the property is under a master lease to a third party



Bloombera

Goldman to Expand Japan REIT to 60 Billion Yen as Demand Rises

Goldman Sachs Group Inc. (GS) plans to expand its private real estate investment trust in Japan to 60 billion yen (\$583 million) by the end of March amid rising demand to invest in the nation's real estate market.

The REIT will acquire two office buildings in Tokyo and Fukuoka, on the southern island of Kyushu, said Hiroyasu Kaizuka, head of the real estate investment department at Goldman Sachs Asset Management Co. in Tokyo. The REIT, which started in August 2012 with 30 billion yen, plans to add about 4 billion yen of properties by the end of June, he said.

Goldman Sachs, the first non-Japanese company to start a private REIT, is targeting 100 billion yen of properties in three years from inception Property transactions in Japan may rise as much as 30 percent to about 5 trillion yen this year from 4 trillion yen in 2013, according to an estimate by brokerage Jones Lang LaSalle Inc. (JLL)

Bloomberg

Japan Beyond Tokyo Luring BlackRock With Overseas Money

BlackRock Inc. (BLK), the world's biggest money manager, is helping to drive a revival in Japan's property market as investors bet Prime Minister Shinzo Abe's plan to sustain economic growth will boost real estate returns.

BlackRock is looking for investments outside of Tokyo this year as it seeks higher yields, said John Saunders, managing director and head of Asian real estate. Japan real estate investment trusts, or J-REITs, acquired properties worth 2.23 trillion yen (\$21.6 billion) in 2013, almost triple the previous year, after raising a record amount of cash from equity sales, according to the Association for Real Estate Securitization.



Events Calendar



2014 EVENTS (Tentative and Subject to Change)	
28 August	Q4 and Full Year Financial Results ending 30 June 2014
29 October	FY2014 Annual General Meeting
12 November	Q1 Results ending 30 September 2014



Thank You

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