## **ASIAN PAY TELEVISION TRUST**

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022



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# **REPORT SUMMARY**

### REPORT SUMMARY

### **KEY HIGHLIGHTS**

- Continued Broadband positive momentum growing subscriber base, higher ARPU and 10 consecutive quarters of Broadband revenue improvement in both S\$ and NT\$
- Broadband and Premium digital cable TV subscribers increased by c.8,000 and by c.9,000, respectively, during the
  quarter; steady increase over the past four years more than offset Basic cable TV churn; added c.12,000 net subscribers
  in the quarter, increasing total subscriber base to c.1,298,000
- Revenue and EBITDA at \$69.4 million<sup>1</sup> and \$41.2 million for the quarter, and \$286.0 million and \$168.7 million for the year; EBITDA margin 59.3% for the quarter and 59.0% for the year
- · Distribution of 0.25 cents per unit declared for the quarter
- Re-affirmed distribution guidance of 1.05 cents per unit for full year 2023 5% higher than 2022; distributions to be paid half-yearly, subject to no material changes in planning assumptions
- Made net debt repayments of \$62 million for the year; \$76 million to be set aside for repayments in 2023
- Refinanced Offshore Facilities on the same major terms; size of facilities to reduce by \$83.4 million upon financial close, due to accelerated debt repayments
- Approximately 93% of the outstanding Onshore Facilities are hedged through to 30 June 2025; as Onshore Facilities form 90% of the Group's total debts, the net exposure to rising interest rates is contained

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Asian Pay Television Trust ("APTT"<sup>2</sup>) reported revenue of \$69.4 million for the quarter and \$286.0 million for the full year ended 31 December 2022. Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA") and EBITDA margin stood at \$41.2 million and 59.3% for the quarter, and \$168.7 million and 59.0% for the year.

Foreign exchange contributed to a negative variance of 9.2% for the quarter and 3.7% for the year. In constant Taiwan dollars ("NT\$"), revenue increased by 0.3% for the quarter mainly due to higher contributions from Broadband, and decreased by 0.9% for the year mainly due to lower contributions from Basic cable TV.

Positive momentum for Broadband continued with improvements on all fronts – number of subscribers, ARPU³ and 10 consecutive quarters of revenue growth in both S\$ and NT\$. The strong performance validated the success of TBC's Broadband growth strategy. During the quarter, c.8,000 subscribers were added, alongside higher ARPU which improved by NT\$3 per month to NT\$382 per month. In NT\$, Broadband revenue, which includes revenue from data backhaul, increased by 14.1% for the quarter and 15.7% for the year.

Group	Quar	Quarter ended 31 December			Year ended 31 December		
Amounts in \$'000	2022	2021	Variance <sup>4</sup> (%)	2022	2021	Variance <sup>4</sup> (%)	
Revenue							
Basic cable TV	50,532	57,726	(12.5)	210,007	229,481	(8.5)	
Premium digital cable TV	2,745	3,126	(12.2)	11,607	12,806	(9.4)	
Broadband	16,148	15,393	4.9	64,350	57,458	12.0	
Total revenue	69,425	76,245	(8.9)	285,964	299,745	(4.6)	
Total operating expenses <sup>5</sup>	(28,275)	(29,948)	5.6	(117,287)	(116,640)	(0.6)	
EBITDA	41,150	46,297	(11.1)	168,677	183,105	(7.9)	
EBITDA margin	59.3%	60.7%		59.0%	61.1%		

All figures, unless otherwise stated, are presented in Singapore dollars ("\$").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> APTT refers to APTT and its subsidiaries taken as a whole.

<sup>3</sup> ARPU refers to Average Revenue Per User.

<sup>4</sup> A positive variance is favourable to the Group and a negative variance is unfavourable to the Group.

Operating expenses presented here exclude depreciation and amortisation expense, net foreign exchange gain/loss and mark to market movements on foreign exchange contracts appearing in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 16, in order to arrive at EBITDA and EBITDA margin presented here.

Together with the c.9,000 increase in Premium digital cable TV subscribers, TBC's total number of subscribers increased by net c.12,000 to c.1,298,000 as at 31 December 2022. The continued growth in Premium digital cable TV and Broadband subscribers over the past four years has consistently more than offset the churn in Basic cable TV.

Mr Brian McKinley, Chief Executive Officer of the Trustee-Manager said, "It is very encouraging to see that, in constant Taiwan dollars, revenue in the fourth quarter increased by 0.3% due to higher contributions from Broadband. Against a declining cable TV business which is taking place industry wide, Broadband will be the largest driver of long-term growth. Our aim is to gradually grow cash flows from Broadband to a level that more than offsets the decline in our Basic cable TV business. We will continue with our strategy of partnering mobile operators to target the broadband-only segment and offering higher speed plans at competitive prices to meet consumers' demand for more bandwidth and higher quality fixed-line broadband services."

### OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

TBC's<sup>6</sup> operational highlights for the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022 were as follows:

- Basic cable TV: Basic cable TV revenue of \$50.5 million for the quarter, which comprised subscription revenue of \$41.6 million and non-subscription revenue of \$8.9 million, was down 12.5% compared to the prior corresponding period ("pcp"). On a full year basis, Basic cable TV revenue of \$210.0 million, comprising subscription revenue of \$177.7 million and nonsubscription revenue of \$32.3 million, was down 8.5%. In constant NT\$, Basic cable TV revenue for the quarter and year decreased by 3.3% and 4.8%. The overall decline in Basic cable TV revenue was mainly due to lower subscription revenue resulting from the decline in the number of subscribers and lower ARPU, as well as lower non-subscription revenue. TBC's c.675,000 Basic cable TV RGUs<sup>7</sup> contributed an ARPU of NT\$462 per month in the quarter to access over 100 cable TV channels. Basic cable TV RGUs decreased by c.5,000 and ARPU was lower by NT\$4 per month compared to the previous quarter ended 30 September 2022 (RGUs: c.680,000; ARPU: NT\$466 per month). The decline in Basic cable TV RGUs was due to a number of factors including competition from aggressively priced IPTV, the growing popularity of online video, as well as expectations from consumers for discounts as they compare with the lower cable TV pricing outside of TBC's five franchise areas, particularly in the Taipei region. Non-subscription revenue comprised revenue from the leasing of television channels to third parties, the sale of airtime advertising and fees for the installation of set-top boxes. In constant NT\$, non-subscription revenue for the quarter was higher than the pcp mainly due to higher revenue generated from channel leasing, and for the year was lower than the pcp mainly due to lower revenue generated from channel leasing and airtime advertising sales. The leasing of television channels, which is mainly to third-party home shopping networks, will continue to face pressures from lower demand for home shopping and heightened competition from internet retailing. These trends will continue to impact channel leasing revenue.
- Premium digital cable TV: Premium digital cable TV revenue of \$2.7 million for the quarter was down 12.2% compared to the pcp. On a full year basis, Premium digital cable TV revenue of \$11.6 million was 9.4% lower. In constant NT\$, Premium digital cable TV revenue for the quarter and year decreased by 3.0% and 5.7%. Revenue was generated predominantly from TBC's c.308,000 Premium digital cable TV RGUs each contributing an ARPU of NT\$65 per month in the quarter for Premium digital cable TV packages and bundled DVR or DVR-only services. Premium digital cable TV RGUs increased by c.9,000 but ARPU was lower by NT\$3 per month compared to the previous quarter ended 30 September 2022 (RGUs: c.299,000; ARPU: NT\$68 per month) due to promotions and discounted bundled packages that were offered to generate new RGUs and to retain existing RGUs. Video piracy issues and aggressively priced IPTV have also impacted ARPU.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> TBC refers to Taiwan Broadband Communications Group.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> RGUs refer to Revenue Generating Units, another term for subscribers or subscriptions; the terms are used interchangeably.

Broadband: Despite strong competition from mobile operators offering inexpensive unlimited data plans, Broadband RGUs increased by c.8,000 during the quarter, alongside an NT\$3 per month improvement in ARPU. Broadband revenue, including revenue from data backhaul, was \$16.1 million for the guarter, an increase of 4.9% compared to the pcp. On a full year basis, Broadband revenue of \$64.4 million was 12.0% higher. In constant NT\$, Broadband revenue for the quarter and year increased by 14.1% and 15.7%. Broadband revenue was generated predominantly from TBC's c.315,000 Broadband RGUs each contributing an ARPU of NT\$382 per month in the quarter, which was NT\$3 per month higher than the previous quarter ended 30 September 2022 (RGUs: c.307,000; ARPU: NT\$379 per month). The growth in both Broadband subscribers and ARPU reflects the success of TBC's Broadband strategy to target the broadband-only segment, partner with mobile operators, as well as to offer higher speed plans at competitive prices to acquire new RGUs and re-contract existing ones.

Capital expenditure, comprising maintenance as well as network, broadband and other investments, increased 46.7% or \$3.0 million for the quarter, and 16.5% or \$4.9 million for the year. The increase was primarily to improve network speeds to futureproof the growing Broadband business and meet the demand for higher speed plans. As a percentage of revenue, capital expenditure is within industry norms at 13.5% for the guarter and 12.2% for the year. Moving forward, capital expenditure will continue to be within industry norms.

### DEBT MANAGEMENT

As at 31 December 2022, interest rate swaps have been entered into to hedge approximately 93% of the outstanding Onshore Facilities through to 30 June 2025, at an average fixed rate of 0.94% which is currently lower than the prevailing three-month Taipei Interbank Offered Rate ("TAIBOR"). As Onshore Facilities constitute approximately 90% of the Group's total outstanding debts, the net exposure to rising interest rates is contained.

As announced on 17 January 2023, the Trustee-Manager has signed the facility agreement to refinance its Offshore Facilities (10% of the Group's total outstanding debts) for a 30-month period, on the same major terms. The financial close is expected to be in July 2023, at the maturity of the existing Offshore Facilities. The refinanced Offshore Facilities, comprising a \$46.6 million term loan facility and a \$75 million revolving loan facility, is significantly lower than the current Offshore Facilities (\$125 million term loan facility and a \$80 million revolving loan facility).

Mr McKinley said, "The significant \$83.4 million reduction in offshore loans reflects the results of our debt management programme, where we have made accelerated debt repayments over the last two years, using cash generated from operations. In the next 12 months, we will set aside \$76 million for both onshore and offshore debt repayments. We aim to accelerate debt repayments to further save on interest costs. Over the long term, we aim to eliminate offshore debt, which is more expensive. As soon as we can, we hope to bring all our debt back onshore."

### OUTLOOK

Operationally, while the Trustee-Manager does not expect growth in Basic cable TV RGUs due to Taiwan's saturated cable TV market, it expects the number of Premium digital cable TV and Broadband RGUs to continue increasing in 2023. Total revenue will, however, be influenced by the ability to maintain ARPUs which will remain under pressure due to market dynamics. The decline in demand for home shopping and competition from internet retailing will continue to impact channel leasing revenue.

The Trustee-Manager is managing every expense line item very closely. Total operating expenses in 2023 are expected to be in line with 2022.

### DISTRIBUTIONS

The Board of Directors of the Trustee-Manager (the "Board") has declared an ordinary distribution of 0.25 cents per unit for the quarter ended 31 December 2022. The record date will be 17 March 2023 and the distribution will be paid on 24 March 2023.

The Board is re-affirming the distribution guidance for the year ending 31 December 2023. The distribution for the full year 2023 is expected to be 1.05 cents per unit, which is 5% higher than 2022, to be paid in half-yearly instalments of 0.525 cents per unit, subject to no material changes in planning assumptions.

### **IMPACT OF RISING INTEREST RATES**

### On Debt:

APTT's total outstanding debt comprises 90% Onshore Facilities and 10% Offshore Facilities. Approximately 93% of the outstanding Onshore Facilities are hedged through to 30 June 2025, while the Offshore Facilities are not hedged. This means that approximately 84% of APTT's total outstanding debt is protected against the risk of rising interest rates through to 2025.

The rising interest rates do have an impact on the cost of debt for the remaining 16% of total outstanding debt that remains unhedged. The Onshore Facilities are exposed to the floating interest rate of Taiwan's three-month TAIBOR, and the Offshore Facilities are currently exposed to the floating interest rate of the Singapore Interbank Offered Rate ("SIBOR"). While TAIBOR rates have not increased significantly over the last year, SIBOR rates increased substantially. Although interest rate risk is well managed with hedges on approximately 84% of APTT's total outstanding debt, total interest costs for 2023 are expected to be affected by the changes in TAIBOR and SIBOR rates on the remaining 16% of total outstanding debt that remains unhedged.

### On Intangible Assets:

The rising interest rates also affect the calculation of APTT's Weighted Average Cost of Capital ("WACC") used in the annual impairment assessment of goodwill, cable TV licences with indefinite useful lives and property, plant and equipment. The Trustee-Manager performs an assessment of the recoverable amount of the Cash Generating Unit ("CGU") using the Discounted Cash Flow ("DCF") method. The Group's cash flow forecasts, along with relevant market discount rates and average long-term growth rates, are used to derive the value-in-use of the Group's single CGU which supports the impairment assessment.

Due to rising interest rates, the WACC as at the end of the year has increased compared to 31 December 2021. The impairment assessment as at 31 December 2022, using the higher WACC, shows that the headroom between APTT's DCF value and book value has decreased compared to 31 December 2021. The headroom is still marginally positive, mainly due to healthy business assumptions and net cash flow forecasts. Therefore, no impairment has been recognised by the Group as at 31 December 2022.

If interest rates continue to stay elevated and the business environment continues to be challenging, combined with changes in other assumptions, e.g. a lower terminal growth rate, there is a possibility that this could result in an impairment loss on intangible assets in the future. Should an impairment loss on intangible assets be required, it would be recorded in the consolidated statement of profit or loss; there would be no change to distribution guidance. An impairment loss would be a non-cash item and would not impact the operations of the Group or its cash flows. The Trustee-Manager will make appropriate announcements, including a profit warning, if necessary, in the event of any material developments on the impairment assessment of intangible assets.

### **UPDATE ON LAWSUITS**

As announced on 2 November 2022, TBC has reached an agreement with the programming vendor and content agent in relation to the content costs to be paid to the programming vendor for 2020 and 2021. As a result of the settlement, no additional expenses will accrue to the Group from those already recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the years ended 31 December 2020 and 2021.

As per the agreement, TBC paid NT\$72 million (approximately \$3.2 million) to the programming vendor for 2020 and 2021 for full and final settlement of the lawsuits. TBC will completely offset the NT\$72 million payment to the programming vendor from the amount already withheld from the content agent.

### **IMPACT OF COVID-19**

TBC operates in a relatively defensive industry, providing cable TV and fixed-line broadband services to local households in its five closely clustered franchise areas in northern and central Taiwan. Given the subscription-based nature of its business, the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on TBC was limited.

TBC activated its Business Continuity Plan ("BCP") since the start of the virus outbreak in Taiwan. The BCP aims to protect the health and safety of all staff while minimising disruptions to its service delivery and overall operations. During the pandemic, TBC has adhered to all regulations and guidelines from government authorities related to the containment of the virus, including split team arrangements, safe-distancing, encouraging staff to work from home and embrace good personal hygiene. Likewise, the Trustee-Manager in Singapore activated its BCP plan and adhered to the relevant regulations in Singapore. Additional expenses incurred to implement COVID-19 related measures during the year ended 31 December 2022 were not material.

Taiwan's outlook remains uncertain as any downturn in other countries will invariably have an impact on Taiwan's exportdriven economy and GDP growth. A significant and prolonged deterioration in the national GDP, disposable income or overall economic conditions could in turn adversely affect TBC's ability to grow or maintain revenues, and its financial position.

The Trustee-Manager will continue to monitor developments of COVID-19 and their related impact on operations and exercise prudence, manage its operational and capital expenditure and strengthen APTT's debt management programme. A stronger balance sheet will provide APTT with the flexibility to navigate and compete more effectively in today's uncertain economic climate.

# PERFORMANCE REVIEW OF **ASIAN PAY TELEVISION TRUST**

### INTRODUCTION

### **ABOUT APTT**

Asian Pay Television Trust ("APTT" or the "Trust") is a business trust constituted on 30 April 2013 under the laws of the Republic of Singapore and registered under the Business Trusts Act 2004 ("BTA"). APTT is managed by APTT Management Pte. Limited (the "Trustee-Manager"). The Trustee-Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary of Dynami Vision Pte. Ltd. ("Dynami") which is a Singapore-incorporated company fully owned by Mr Lu Fang-Ming, the former Chairman of Asia Pacific Telecom Co., Ltd.

APTT was admitted to the Main Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") and was listed on the SGX-ST on 29 May 2013. APTT is the first listed business trust in Asia focused on pay-TV and broadband businesses. APTT has approximately 10,300 unitholders as at 31 December 2022, including retail investors and some of the world's foremost institutional investors.

APTT's investment mandate is to acquire controlling interests in and to own, operate and maintain mature, cash generative pay-TV and broadband businesses in Taiwan, Hong Kong, Japan and Singapore.

### **SOLE ASSET**

As at the date of this report, APTT's portfolio comprised its sole investment, Taiwan Broadband Communications Group ("TBC"). Established in 1999, TBC is a leading cable operator in Taiwan. TBC's vision is to provide seamless access to the most compelling and competitive suite of media and communication products and services in Taiwan.

TBC owns 100% of the advanced hybrid fibre coaxial cable network in its five closely clustered franchise areas in northern and central Taiwan with network coverage of more than 1.3 million homes. Through this network, TBC delivers Basic cable TV, Premium digital cable TV and high-speed fixed-line Broadband services to subscribers in these areas. TBC has close to 1.3 million RGUs across its subscriber base, providing them the choice from over 168 channels of exciting local and international content on its digital TV platforms and a full range of quality high-speed broadband access packages with speeds ranging up to 1 Gbps.

### DISTRIBUTION POLICY

Distributions will be declared and paid in Singapore dollars. Any proposed distributions by the Trust will be paid from its residual cash flows ("distributable free cash flows"). These cash flows are derived from dividends and principal and interest payments (net of applicable taxes and expenses) received by the Trust from the entities held within the Group. In addition, any other cash received by the Trust from the entities held within the Group also contribute towards distributable free cash flows.

The distributable free cash flows available to the Trust are after any cash required to: (i) pay the operating expenses of the Trust, including the Trustee-Manager's fees, (ii) repay principal amounts (including any premium or fee) under any debt or financing arrangement of the Trust, (iii) pay interest or any other financing expense on any debt or financing arrangement of the Trust, (iv) provide for the cash flow needs of the Trust or to ensure that the Trust has sufficient funds and/or financing resources to meet the short-term liquidity needs of the Trust and (v) provide for the cash needs of the Trust for capital expenditure purposes.

The Trust intends to distribute 100% of its distributable free cash flows.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, distributions are made on a quarterly basis, with the amount calculated for the threemonth period ending on 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December, and paid no later than 90 days after the end of each distribution period.

For distribution periods after 31 December 2022, distributions will be made on a half-yearly basis, with the amount calculated for the six-month period ending on 30 June and 31 December each year. The Trustee-Manager will pay the distribution no later than 92 days after the end of each distribution period.

### **TAXATION**

### **Taxation of the Trust**

The Trust is a business trust registered with the Monetary Authority of Singapore ("MAS") under the BTA. The Trust is liable to Singapore income tax on income accruing in or derived from Singapore (i.e. Singapore sourced income) and unless otherwise exempt, income derived from outside Singapore which is received or deemed to have been received in Singapore (i.e. foreign sourced income). Foreign sourced dividends received by the Trust would only be subject to Singapore income tax when received in Singapore or deemed received in Singapore, subject to certain exemptions. Subject to meeting certain stipulated conditions and reporting obligations, the Trust has obtained an exemption under Section 13(12) of the Income Tax Act 1947 ("Income Tax Act") on dividend income received by the Trust from the Bermuda holding companies after its listing on the SGX-ST. Specifically, the Trust will be exempt from tax on dividends from the Bermuda holding companies that originate from dividends and interest paid out of underlying profits from substantive cable and broadband business activities carried out in Taiwan.

### **Taxation of the unitholders**

Pursuant to Section 13(1)(zg) of the Income Tax Act, distributions by the Trust are tax-exempt and are therefore not subject to Singapore income tax in the hands of unitholders. The distributions are also not subject to Singapore withholding tax.

The tax exemption is given to all unitholders, regardless of their nationality, corporate identity or tax residence status. Unitholders are not entitled to tax credits for any taxes paid by the Trustee-Manager.

The Trust does not give tax advice and recommends that all unitholders obtain their own tax advice in relation to their ownership of APTT units and distribution payments.

### SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND OPERATING DATA

The selected financial information and operating data presented on the following pages support the distributions to unitholders and therefore are key financial and operating metrics that the Trustee-Manager focuses on to review the amount of distributions that will be paid to unitholders. Some of the selected financial information includes non-IFRS measures.

### Non-IFRS measures

EBITDA and EBITDA margin are supplemental financial measures of the Group's performance and liquidity and are not required by, or presented in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") or any other generally accepted accounting principles. Furthermore, EBITDA and EBITDA margin are not measures of financial performance or liquidity under IFRS or any other generally accepted accounting principles and should not be considered as alternatives to net income, operating income or any other performance measures derived in accordance with IFRS or any other generally accepted accounting principles. EBITDA and EBITDA margin may not reflect all of the financial and operating results and requirements of the Group. In particular, EBITDA and EBITDA margin do not reflect the Group's needs for capital expenditures, debt servicing or additional capital that may be required to replace assets that are fully depreciated or amortised. Other companies may calculate EBITDA and EBITDA margin differently, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures.

The Trustee-Manager believes that these supplemental financial measures facilitate operating performance comparisons for the Group from period to period by eliminating potential differences caused by variations in capital structures (affecting interest expense), tax positions (such as the impact on periods of changes in effective tax rates or net operating losses) and the age and book depreciation of tangible and intangible assets (affecting relative depreciation and amortisation expense). In particular, EBITDA eliminates the non-cash depreciation and amortisation expense that arises from the capital-intensive nature of the Group's businesses and intangible assets recognised in business combinations. The Trustee-Manager presents these supplemental financial measures because it believes these measures are frequently used by securities analysts and investors in evaluating similar issuers.

### SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Group <sup>1</sup>		Quarte	er ended 31 E	December	Yea	ar ended 31 [	December
Amounts in \$'000	Note <sup>2</sup>	2022	2021	Variance <sup>3</sup> (%)	2022	2021	Variance <sup>3</sup> (%)
Revenue							
Basic cable TV	22(i)	50,532	57,726	(12.5)	210,007	229,481	(8.5)
Premium digital cable TV	22(ii)	2,745	3,126	(12.2)	11,607	12,806	(9.4)
Broadband	22(iii)	16,148	15,393	4.9	64,350	57,458	12.0
Total revenue		69,425	76,245	(8.9)	285,964	299,745	(4.6)
Operating expenses <sup>4</sup>							
Broadcast and production cos	sts 23(i)	(13,004)	(14,980)	13.2	(55,628)	(57,566)	3.4
Staff costs	23(ii)	(6,049)	(6,658)	9.1	(25,822)	(28,088)	8.1
Trustee-Manager fees	23(iv)	(1,855)	(1,855)	-	(7,359)	(7,359)	-
Other operating expenses	23(vii)	(7,367)	(6,455)	(14.1)	(28,478)	(23,627)	(20.5)
Total operating expenses	_	(28,275)	(29,948)	5.6	(117,287)	(116,640)	(0.6)
EBITDA		41,150	46,297	(11.1)	168,677	183,105	(7.9)
EBITDA margin <sup>5</sup>		59.3%	60.7%	, ,	59.0%	61.1%	` ,
Profit after income tax <sup>6</sup>		8,198	545	>100	45,503	20,251	>100
Capital expenditure							
Maintenance		5,491	4,238	(29.6)	17,923	16,278	(10.1)
Network, broadband and other	er	3,916	2,174	(80.1)	16,973	13,686	(24.0)
Total capital expenditure	_	9,407	6,412	(46.7)	34,896	29,964	(16.5)
Maintenance capital expendit of revenue	ure as %	7.9	5.6		6.3	5.4	
Total capital expenditure as % revenue	% of	13.5	8.4		12.2	10.0	
Income tax paid, net of refund	ds	(1,563)	(4,055)	61.5	(11,011)	(10,066)	(9.4)
Interest and other finance cos	sts paid	(11,113)	(11,354)	2.1	(43,737)	(46,198)	5.3

Group refers to APTT and its subsidiaries taken as a whole.

The above selected financial information should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

A positive variance is favourable to the Group and a negative variance is unfavourable to the Group.

Operating expenses presented here exclude depreciation and amortisation expense, net foreign exchange gain/loss and mark to market movements on foreign exchange contracts appearing in the consolidated statement of profit or loss on page 16, in order to arrive at EBITDA and EBITDA margin presented here.

EBITDA margin is a non-IFRS financial measure and is calculated by dividing EBITDA by total revenue.

Profit after income tax is calculated in accordance with IFRS on page 16. Refer to page 24 for reconciliation of profit after income tax to EBITDA.

### **SELECTED OPERATING DATA**

Group		As at						
		2022			2021			
	31 December	30 September	30 June	31 March	31 December			
RGUs ('000)								
Basic cable TV	675	680	684	688	691			
Premium digital cable TV	308	299	289	281	273			
Broadband	315	307	298	289	282			

Group	Quarter ended								
		2022			2021				
	31 December	30 September	30 June	31 March	31 December				
ARPU <sup>1</sup> (NT\$ per month)									
Basic cable TV	462	466	469	472	476				
Premium digital cable TV	65	68	70	73	76				
Broadband	382	379	377	373	369				
AMCR <sup>2</sup> (%)									
Basic cable TV	(0.6)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.5)	(0.6)				
Premium digital cable TV	(0.8)	(0.8)	(0.8)	(0.7)	(1.0)				
Broadband	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.6)	(0.7)	(0.7)				

Average Revenue Per User ("ARPU") is calculated by dividing the subscription revenue for Basic cable TV or Premium digital cable TV or Broadband, as applicable, by the average number of RGUs for that service during the period.

Basic cable TV rates for 2023 across all five franchise areas have been maintained at the same rates as 2022. The table below sets out TBC's monthly Basic cable TV rates for its franchise areas from 2019 to 2023:

Franchise area					
Amounts in NT\$	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
South Taoyuan	510	510	510	510	510
Hsinchu County	570	570	570	570	570
North Miaoli	560	560	560	560	560
South Miaoli	560	560	560	560	560
Taichung City	550	550	550	550	550

Average Monthly Churn Rate ("AMCR") is calculated by dividing the total number of churned RGUs for a particular service during a period by the number of RGUs for that service as at the beginning of that period. The total number of churned RGUs for a particular service for a period is calculated by adding together all deactivated subscriptions, including deactivations caused by failure to make payments for that service from the billing system for the period.

### REVIEW OF SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION AND OPERATING DATA

### (i) Revenue

Total revenue for the quarter ended 31 December 2022 was \$69.4 million (31 December 2021: \$76.2 million) and for the year was \$286.0 million (31 December 2021: \$299.7 million). Total revenue for the quarter and year was 8.9% and 4.6% lower than the pcp; in constant NT\$, total revenue increased by 0.3% for the quarter mainly due to higher Broadband revenue and decreased by 0.9% for the year mainly due to lower basic cable TV subscription revenue resulting from a decline in the number of subscribers and lower ARPU, as well as lower revenue generated from channel leasing and airtime advertising sales. Foreign exchange contributed to a negative variance of 9.2% for the quarter and 3.7% for the year compared to the pcp. Total revenue was influenced by a number of factors, including the continued challenges in the economic and operating environment.

### (ii) Operating expenses

Total operating expenses of \$28.3 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2022 were 5.6% lower than the pcp (31 December 2021: \$29.9 million) mainly due to lower broadcast and production costs and staff costs. Total operating expenses of \$117.3 million for the year were 0.6% higher than the pcp (31 December 2021: \$116.6 million) mainly due to higher pole rental expenses.

### (iii) EBITDA and EBITDA Margin

EBITDA of \$41.2 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2022 was 11.1% lower than the pcp (31 December 2021: \$46.3 million). EBITDA margin for the quarter of 59.3% was lower than the pcp (31 December 2021: 60.7%).

EBITDA of \$168.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 was 7.9% lower than the pcp (31 December 2021: \$183.1 million). EBITDA margin for the year of 59.0% was lower than the pcp (31 December 2021: 61.1%).

### (iv) Capital expenditure

Total capital expenditure of \$9.4 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2022 was 46.7% higher than the pcp (31 December 2021: \$6.4 million). For the year, total capital expenditure of \$34.9 million was 16.5% higher than the pcp (31 December 2021: \$30.0 million). Total capital expenditure as a percentage of revenue was 13.5% for the quarter (31 December 2021: 8.4%) and 12.2% for the year (31 December 2021: 10.0%).

Total capital expenditure for the quarter and year was higher than the pcp primarily because of higher network investments to improve network speed so as to future proof TBC's network, support TBC's growing Broadband business and meet the demand for higher speed plans. The level of capital expenditure, which will be within industry norms, will be closely monitored to focus on areas that will have the best potential in generating growth and sustainability for the long term.

The deployment of fibre deeper into the network continues to be a key investment initiative as it will increase network capacity and speed to drive future growth. This investment is key to driving the Broadband business, positioning APTT to benefit from supporting mobile operators in their network rollouts and to pursue other opportunities for the long-term success of the Trust.

TBC's network is already providing data backhaul to a few mobile operators. With continued wireless network development, data backhaul through TBC's network is expected to add a meaningful income stream to its Broadband business within the next few years as mobile operators tap into TBC's superior network for their network rollouts.

Capital expenditure comprised the following:

- Maintenance capital expenditure to support TBC's existing infrastructure and business.
- Network, broadband and other capital expenditure include items related to expanding the fibre network such as cabling, additional equipment to upgrade the headends, backbone and fibre nodes, DOCSIS and GPON deployments for higher speed customers, high-speed broadband modems and cable line extensions for new buildings.

# **ASIAN PAY TELEVISION TRUST**

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE **QUARTER AND YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

## STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Financial statements of the Trust include the results and balances of the parent only, i.e. APTT. Financial statements of the Group include balances from all entities that are controlled by APTT. The material additional balances are in respect of TBC.

	_	Group as at 3	1 December		31 December
Amounts in \$'000	Note <sup>1</sup>	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited
Assets	HOLE	(Ollaudited)	(Addited)	(Onaddited)	(Addited
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	5	118,860	124,664	5,945	6,298
Trade and other receivables	6	13,180	16,089	-	
Derivative financial instruments	10	4,393	231	4,393	231
Contract costs	11	884	1,199	-	
Other assets	12	1,263	1,161	62	76
J. 13. 4555.6		138,580	143,344	10,400	6,605
Non-current assets	_	100,000	,	10,100	3,000
Investment in subsidiaries	7	-	_	1,387,351	1,387,351
Property, plant and equipment	8	234,274	292,493	-	1,007,001
Intangible assets	9	2,315,258	2,584,991	-	_
Derivative financial instruments	10	11,276	60	665	60
Contract costs	11	262	376	-	-
Other assets	12	1,263	1,308	7	2
J. 13. 4666.6		2,562,333	2,879,228	1,388,023	1,387,413
Total assets	_	2,700,913	3,022,572	1,398,423	1,394,018
Liabilities	_	_,,,,,,,,,	0,0=,0:=	.,000,120	1,00 1,010
Current liabilities					
Borrowings from financial institutions	13	72,974	58,395	-	<u>-</u>
Derivative financial instruments	10		111	-	111
Trade and other payables	14	51,269	53,510	3,710	3,710
Contract liabilities	15	32,907	37,351	-	5,7 10
Retirement benefit obligations	16	1,374	1,523	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Income tax payable	24	6,179	5,970	_	_
Other liabilities	18	23,637	24,091	298	230
Other habilities	_	188,340	180,951	4,008	4,051
Non-current liabilities	_	100,040	100,331	4,000	7,001
Borrowings from financial institutions	13	1,243,397	1,455,097	_	_
Derivative financial instruments	10	1,243,331	43	_	43
Retirement benefit obligations	16	3,720	9,142	_	
Deferred tax liabilities	17	102,348	107,194	_	_
Other liabilities	18	24,204	27,343	_	_
Other habilities	_	1,373,669	1,598,819		43
Total liabilities	_	1,562,009	1,779,770	4,008	4,094
Net assets	_	1,138,904	1,242,802	1,394,415	1,389,924
Equity	_	1,100,004	1,242,002	1,004,410	1,000,02-
Unitholders' funds	19	1,389,351	1,389,351	1,389,351	1,389,35
Reserves	20	92,687	220,247	1,000,001	1,000,00
Accumulated (deficit)/surplus	20	(345,252)	(369,203)	5,064	57
Equity attributable to unitholders of AP	тт	1,136,786	1,240,395	1,394,415	1,389,92
Non-controlling interests		2,118	2,407		1,000,32
Non controlling interests	Z1 _	۷,110	2,407	-	

The above statements of financial position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

Group	Quarter ended 31 December			Year ended 31 December			
Amounts in \$'000	Note <sup>1</sup>	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Unaudited)	Variance <sup>2</sup> (%)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	Variance <sup>2</sup> (%)
Revenue							
Basic cable TV	22(i)	50,532	57,726	(12.5)	210,007	229,481	(8.5)
Premium digital cable TV	22(ii)	2,745	3,126	(12.2)	11,607	12,806	(9.4)
Broadband	22(iii)	16,148	15,393	4.9	64,350	57,458	12.0
Total revenue		69,425	76,245	(8.9)	285,964	299,745	(4.6)
Operating expenses							
Broadcast and production costs	23(i)	(13,004)	(14,980)	13.2	(55,628)	(57,566)	3.4
Staff costs	23(ii)	(6,049)	(6,658)	9.1	(25,822)	(28,088)	8.1
Depreciation and amortisation expense <sup>3</sup>	23(iii)	(15,911)	(17,562)	9.4	(69,812)	(86,592)	19.4
Trustee-Manager fees	23(iv)	(1,855)	(1,855)	-	(7,359)	(7,359)	-
Net foreign exchange (loss)/gain <sup>4</sup>	23(v)	(1,942)	66	(>100)	(949)	682	(>100)
Mark to market gain/(loss) on derivative financial instruments <sup>5</sup>	23(vi)	2,263	391	>100	8,695	(11)	>100
Other operating expenses <sup>6</sup>	23(vii)	(7,367)	(6,455)	(14.1)	(28,478)	(23,627)	(20.5)
Total operating expenses		(43,865)	(47,053)	6.8	(179,353)	(202,561)	11.5
Operating profit		25,560	29,192	(12.4)	106,611	97,184	9.7
Amortisation of deferred arrangement fees <sup>7</sup>	23(viii)	(785)	(13,166)	94.0	(3,263)	(16,080)	79.7
Interest and other finance costs	23(ix)	(11,286)	(11,398)	1.0	(42,664)	(46,396)	8.0
Profit before income tax		13,489	4,628	>100	60,684	34,708	74.8
Income tax expense <sup>8</sup>	24	(5,291)	(4,083)	(29.6)	(15,181)	(14,457)	(5.0)
Profit after income tax		8,198	545	>100	45,503	20,251	>100
Profit after income tax attributable to:							
Unitholders of APTT		8,157	451	>100	45,253	19,913	>100
Non-controlling interests		41	94	(56.4)	250	338	(26.0)
Profit after income tax		8,198	545	>100	45,503	20,251	>100
Basic and diluted earnings per unit attributable to unitholders of APTT (cents) <sup>9</sup>	26	0.45	0.02		2.51	1.10	

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> A positive variance is favourable to the Group and a negative variance is unfavourable to the Group.

Decrease in depreciation and amortisation expense was mainly due to lower depreciation expense on network equipment and amortisation expense on programming rights compared to the pcp. Refer Note 23(iii) for more details.

Variance in net foreign exchange (loss)/gain is mainly due to translations at the subsidiary level which are not expected to be realised. Refer Note 23(v) for more details.

Variance in mark to market gain/(loss) on derivative financial instruments was due to exchange rate movements on foreign exchange contracts. Refer Note 23(vi) for more details.

Increase in other operating expenses during the quarter was mainly due to higher marketing and selling expenses and increase in other operating expenses during the year was mainly due to higher pole rental expenses. Refer Note 23(vii) for more details.

Decrease in amortisation of deferred arrangement fees was due to write-off of unamortised arrangement fee on the amendment of Onshore Facilities and Offshore Facilities during the previous year. Refer Note 23(viii) for more details.

Increase in income tax expense during the quarter was mainly due to higher deferred income tax expense and increase in income tax expense during the year was mainly due to higher current income tax expense. Refer Note 24 for more details.

Earnings per unit is calculated by dividing profit after income tax attributable to unitholders of APTT by the weighted average number of APTT units outstanding during the period.

## **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

Group	Quarte	r ended 31 De	cember	Year ended 31 December			
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Unaudited)	Variance <sup>1</sup> (%)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	Variance <sup>1</sup> (%)	
Profit after income tax	8,198	545	>100	45,503	20,251	>100	
Other comprehensive (loss)/income							
Items that will not subsequently be reclassified to	o profit or loss:						
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation	4,110	143	>100	4,110	143	>100	
	4,110	143	>100	4,110	143	>100	
Items that may subsequently be reclassified to p	rofit or loss:						
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(42,389)	(3,067)	(>100)	(144,441)	46,276	(>100)	
Movement on change in fair value of cash flow hedging financial instruments	905	171	>100	11,916	3,460	>100	
Deferred tax relating to items that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss	(181)	(234)	22.6	(2,383)	(892)	(>100)	
	(41,665)	(3,130)	(>100)	(134,908)	48,844	(>100)	
Other comprehensive (loss)/income, net of tax	(37,555)	(2,987)	(>100)	(130,798)	48,987	(>100)	
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	(29,357)	(2,442)	(>100)	(85,295)	69,238	(>100)	
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to	o:						
Unitholders of APTT	(29,398)	(2,536)	(>100)	(85,545)	68,900	(>100)	
Non-controlling interests	41	94	(56.4)	250	338	(26.0)	
Total comprehensive (loss)/income	(29,357)	(2,442)	(>100)	(85,295)	69,238	(>100)	

A positive variance is favourable to the Group and a negative variance is unfavourable to the Group.

The above consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

## STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Group (Unaudited) Amounts in \$'000	Unitholders' funds	Reserves	Accumulated deficit	Equity attributable to unitholders of APTT	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Balance as at 1 January 2022	1,389,351	220,247	(369,203)	1,240,395	2,407	1,242,802
Total comprehensive (loss)/income						
Profit after income tax	-	-	45,253	45,253	250	45,503
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	-	(130,798)	-	(130,798)	-	(130,798)
Total	-	(130,798)	45,253	(85,545)	250	(85,295)
Transactions with unitholders, recognised direct	ctly in equity					
Settlement of transactions with non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	(365)	(365)
Transfer to capital reserves	-	3,238	(3,238)	-	-	-
Distributions paid	-	-	(18,064)	(18,064)	(174)	(18,238)
Total	-	3,238	(21,302)	(18,064)	(539)	(18,603)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	1,389,351	92,687	(345,252)	1,136,786	2,118	1,138,904
Group (Unaudited)	Unitholders' funds	Reserves	Accumulated deficit	Equity attributable to unitholders of	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Amounts in \$'000		-	-	APTT		
Balance as at 1 October 2022	1,389,351	130,242	(348,893)	1,170,700	2,081	1,172,781
Total comprehensive (loss)/income						
Profit after income tax	-	-	8,157	8,157	41	8,198
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	-	(37,555)	-	(37,555)	-	(37,555)
Total	<u> </u>	(37,555)	8,157	(29,398)	41	(29,357)
Transactions with unitholders, recognised direct	ctly in equity					
Distributions paid	-	-	(4,516)	(4,516)	(4)	(4,520)
Total	-	-	(4,516)	(4,516)	(4)	(4,520)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	1,389,351	92,687	(345,252)	1,136,786	2,118	1,138,904

Group (Audited)	Unitholders' funds	Reserves	Accumulated deficit	Equity attributable to unitholders of	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Amounts in \$'000				APTT		
Balance as at 1 January 2021	1,389,351	166,927	(366,719)	1,189,559	2,334	1,191,893
Total comprehensive income						
Profit after income tax	-	-	19,913	19,913	338	20,251
Other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	48,987	-	48,987	-	48,987
Total	-	48,987	19,913	68,900	338	69,238
Transactions with unitholders, recognised directions	ctly in equity					
Settlement of transactions with non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	(115)	(115)
Transfer to capital reserves	-	4,333	(4,333)	-	-	-
Distributions paid	-	-	(18,064)	(18,064)	(150)	(18,214)
Total	-	4,333	(22,397)	(18,064)	(265)	(18,329)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	1,389,351	220,247	(369,203)	1,240,395	2,407	1,242,802
Group (Unaudited)	Unitholders' funds	Reserves	Accumulated deficit	Equity attributable to unitholders of	Non- controlling interests	Total equity
Amounts in \$'000				APTT	IIILETESIS	
Balance as at 1 October 2021	1,389,351	223,234	(365,138)	1,247,447	2,377	1,249,824
Total comprehensive (loss)/income						
Profit after income tax	-	-	451	451	94	545
Other comprehensive loss, net of tax	-	(2,987)	-	(2,987)	-	(2,987)
Total	-	(2,987)	451	(2,536)	94	(2,442)
Transactions with unitholders, recognised dire	ctly in equity					
Settlement of transactions with non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	(64)	(64)
Distributions paid	-	-	(4,516)	(4,516)	-	(4,516)
Total	-	-	(4,516)	(4,516)	(64)	(4,580)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	1,389,351	220,247	(369,203)	1,240,395	2,407	1,242,802

Trust (Unaudited)	Unitholders' funds	Accumulated surplus	Total equity
Amounts in \$'000			
Balance as at 1 January 2022	1,389,351	573	1,389,924
Total comprehensive income			
Profit after income tax	<del>-</del>	22,555	22,555
Total	-	22,555	22,555
Transactions with unitholders, recognised directly in equity			
Distributions paid	-	(18,064)	(18,064)
Total	-	(18,064)	(18,064)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	1,389,351	5,064	1,394,415
Trust (Unaudited)	Unitholders' funds	Accumulated surplus	Total equity
Amounts in \$'000			
Balance as at 1 October 2022	1,389,351	5,078	1,394,429
Total comprehensive income			
Profit after income tax	-	4,502	4,502
Total	-	4,502	4,502
Transactions with unitholders, recognised directly in equity			
Distributions paid	-	(4,516)	(4,516)
Total	-	(4,516)	(4,516)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	1,389,351	5,064	1,394,415

Trust (Audited)	Unitholders' funds	Accumulated (deficit)/surplus	Total equity
Amounts in \$'000			
Balance as at 1 January 2021	1,389,351	(2,988)	1,386,363
Total comprehensive income			
Profit after income tax	-	21,625	21,625
Total	-	21,625	21,625
Transactions with unitholders, recognised directly in equity			
Distributions paid	-	(18,064)	(18,064)
Total	-	(18,064)	(18,064)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	1,389,351	573	1,389,924
			•
Trust (Unaudited)	Unitholders' funds	Accumulated (deficit)/surplus	Total equity
Amounts in \$'000			
Balance as at 1 October 2021	1,389,351	(2,125)	1,387,226
Total comprehensive income			
Profit after income tax	-	7,214	7,214
Total	-	7,214	7,214
Transactions with unitholders, recognised directly in equity			
Distributions paid	-	(4,516)	(4,516)
Total	-	(4,516)	(4,516)
Balance as at 31 December 2021	1,389,351	573	1,389,924

## **DETAIL OF CHANGES IN UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS**

Trust	Quarter	ended 31 December	Year end	Year ended 31 December		
Number of units in '000	2022	2021	2022	2021		
At beginning and end of the quarter/year	1,806,355	1,806,355	1,806,355	1,806,355		

Trust	Quarter ende	d 31 December	Year ended 31 December		
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Unaudited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	
At beginning and end of the quarter/year	1,389,351	1,389,351	1,389,351	1,389,351	

There were no changes to unitholders' funds during the quarters and years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021.

With reference to paragraphs 1(d)(ii), 1(d)(iv) and 1(d)(v) of Appendix 7.2 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, the Trustee-Manager confirms that for the quarters and years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Trust did not have any convertible securities, treasury units or subsidiary holdings on issue.

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

Group	Quarter ended	d 31 December	Year ended 31 December		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Amounts in \$'000	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Audited)	
Operating activities Profit after income tax	8,198	545	45,503	20.251	
	0,190	545	45,503	20,251	
Adjustments for:	45.044	47.500	00.040	00 500	
Depreciation and amortisation expense	15,911	17,562	69,812	86,592	
Net foreign exchange loss/(gain)	1,547	(1,473)	3,634	(1,765)	
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	4	-	4	- (40)	
Gain on lease modification  Mark to market (gain)/loss on derivative financial	-	-	(2)	(18)	
instruments	(2,263)	(391)	(8,695)	11	
Amortisation of deferred arrangement fees	785	13,166	3,263	16,080	
Interest and other finance costs	11,286	11,398	42,664	46,396	
Income tax expense	5,291	4,083	15,181	14,457	
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	40,759	44,890	171,364	182,004	
Trade and other receivables	6,988	(1,477)	2,909	(1,660)	
Trade and other payables	4,513	14,559	(2,241)	29,960	
Contract costs	118	94	429	(107)	
Contract liabilities	(1,549)	1,224	(4,444)	3,402	
Retirement benefit obligations	(195)	(686)	(1,461)	(527)	
Other assets	1,237	341	(57)	14	
Other liabilities	3,277	3,227	(1,608)	1,114	
Cash generated from operations	55,148	62,172	164,891	214,200	
Income tax paid, net of refunds	(1,563)	(4,055)	(11,011)	(10,066)	
Interest paid on lease liabilities (Note 13)	(29)	(45)	(137)	(198)	
Net cash inflows from operating activities	53,556	58,072	153,743	203,936	
Investing activities					
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	(8,954)	(6,763)	(33,682)	(29,470)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	338	
Acquisition of intangible assets	(1,044)	(520)	(2,412)	(4,642)	
Net cash used in investing activities	(9,998)	(7,283)	(36,094)	(33,774)	
Financing activities					
Interest and other finance costs paid (Note 13)	(11,113)	(11,354)	(43,737)	(46,198)	
Borrowings from financial institutions (Note 13)	-	-	25,266	8,996	
Repayment of borrowings to financial institutions (Note 13)	(31,998)	(59,499)	(87,615)	(83,605)	
Settlement of lease liabilities (Note 13)	(583)	(674)	(2,538)	(2,639)	
Settlement of derivative financial instruments (Note 13)	1,791	(86)	3,774	(719)	
Settlement of transactions with non-controlling interests	-	(64)	(365)	(115)	
Distributions to non-controlling interests	(4)	· ,	(174)	(150)	
Distributions to unitholders	(4,516)	(4,516)	(18,064)	(18,064)	
Net cash used in financing activities	(46,423)	(76,193)	(123,453)	(142,494)	
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2,865)	(25,404)	(5,804)	27,668	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the quarter/year	121,725	150,068	124,664	96,996	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the quarter/year					

The above consolidated statement of cash flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

# **RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT AFTER INCOME TAX TO EBITDA**

Group	Quart	er ended 31 De	ecember	Year e	ended 31 Dece	ember
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Unaudited)	Variance <sup>1</sup> (%)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	Variance <sup>1</sup> (%)
Profit after income tax	8,198	545	>100	45,503	20,251	>100
Add: Depreciation and amortisation expense	15,911	17,562	9.4	69,812	86,592	19.4
Add: Net foreign exchange loss/(gain)	1,942	(66)	(>100)	949	(682)	(>100)
Add: Mark to market (gain)/loss on derivative financial instruments	(2,263)	(391)	>100	(8,695)	11	>100
Add: Amortisation of deferred arrangement fees	785	13,166	94.0	3,263	16,080	79.7
Add: Interest and other finance costs	11,286	11,398	1.0	42,664	46,396	8.0
Add: Income tax expense	5,291	4,083	(29.6)	15,181	14,457	(5.0)
EBITDA	41,150	46,297	(11.1)	168,677	183,105	(7.9)
EBITDA margin	59.3%	60.7%		59.0%	61.1%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A positive variance is favourable to the Group and a negative variance is unfavourable to the Group.

# **ASIAN PAY TELEVISION TRUST**

# **NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 1) GENERAL INFORMATION

Asian Pay Television Trust ("APTT" or the "Trust") is a business trust constituted on 30 April 2013 under the laws of the Republic of Singapore and registered under the Business Trusts Act 2004 ("BTA"). APTT is managed by APTT Management Pte. Limited (the "Trustee-Manager"). The Trustee-Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary of Dynami Vision Pte. Ltd. ("Dynami") which is a Singapore-incorporated company fully owned by Mr Lu Fang-Ming, the former Chairman of Asia Pacific Telecom Co., Ltd.

APTT was admitted to the Main Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") and was listed on the SGX-ST on 29 May 2013, when APTT also acquired the pay-TV and broadband businesses of Taiwan Broadband Communications Group ("TBC").

APTT's investment mandate is to acquire controlling interests in and to own, operate and maintain mature, cash generative pay-TV and broadband businesses in Taiwan, Hong Kong, Japan and Singapore.

This results announcement for the guarter and year ended 31 December 2022 was authorised for issue by the Board of Directors of the Trustee-Manager on 24 February 2023.

#### 2) **BASIS OF PREPARATION**

The financial statements for the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The Group has applied the same accounting policies and methods of computation in the preparation of the financial statements for the current year as specified in the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021, except for the adoption of new and revised IFRS (including its consequential amendments) and interpretations which are effective for the financial period beginning on or after 1 January 2022, as explained in Note 3.

The financial statements are presented in Singapore dollars ("\$"), rounded to the nearest thousand dollars unless otherwise stated.

#### 3) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

On 1 January 2022, the Group adopted all new and revised IFRS pronouncements that are relevant to its operations. The adoption of these new and revised IFRS pronouncements did not result in material changes to the Group's accounting policies and has no material effect on the amounts reported for the current or prior corresponding reporting periods. Accordingly, comparative financial information presented in this report has not been restated.

#### 4) CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES, ASSUMPTIONS AND JUDGMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS. The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the Trustee-Manager to exercise judgment in the process of applying the accounting estimates. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including reasonable expectations of future events.

The critical judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty made by the Trustee-Manager during the current year remain unchanged from the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021. The Trustee-Manager believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are reasonable. Actual results in the future, however, may differ from those reported.

### 5) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group as at	31 December	Trust as at 31	Trust as at 31 December		
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)		
Cash on hand	45	48	-	-		
Cash at bank	118,815	124,616	5,945	6,298		
Total	118,860	124,664	5,945	6,298		

Cash and cash equivalents at the Trust level decreased from \$6.3 million as at 31 December 2021 to \$5.9 million as at 31 December 2022. The decrease was primarily due to the payment of distributions to unitholders net of receipt of distributions from TBC during the year ended 31 December 2022.

Cash and cash equivalents at the Group level decreased from \$124.7 million as at 31 December 2021 to \$118.9 million as at 31 December 2022. The decrease was primarily due to the payment of distributions to unitholders, capital expenditure, interest payments and principal repayments during the year. Refer to the consolidated statement of cash flows on page 23 for more details. The Trustee-Manager will reserve approximately \$76 million for scheduled principal repayments on its onshore and offshore borrowing facilities in the next 12 months.

### 6) TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group as at 3	1 December	Trust as at 31 December		
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	
Trade receivables due from outside parties	13,180	16,121	-	-	
Less: Loss allowance	-	(32)	-	-	
Total	13,180	16,089	-	-	

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Trade and other receivables at the Group level decreased from \$16.1 million as at 31 December 2021 to \$13.2 million as at 31 December 2022 mainly due to decrease in the amounts due from trade debtors for channel leasing and airtime advertising.

### 7) INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

The Trust has invested in TBC through the acquisition of two Bermudian investment holding companies.

Held by the Trust	Principal activities	Country of	Equit	y holding as a	at 31 December		
		incorporation	%		\$	000	
Name of subsidiary			2022	2021	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	
APTT Holdings 1 Limited	Investment holding company	Bermuda	100	100	728,359	728,359	
APTT Holdings 2 Limited	Investment holding company	Bermuda	100	100	658,992	658,992	
Total					1,387,351	1,387,351	

The following entities were within the Group as at 31 December 2022:

Name of entity	Type	Principal activities	Country of incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest	Proportion of voting power held	Reporting date
APTT Holdings 1 Limited	Subsidiary	Investment holding company	Bermuda	100%	100%	31 December
APTT Holdings 2 Limited	Subsidiary	Investment holding company	Bermuda	100%	100%	31 December
Cable TV S.A.	Subsidiary	Investment holding company	Luxembourg	100%	100%	31 December
TBC Holdings B.V.	Subsidiary	Investment holding company	Netherlands	100%	100%	31 December
Harvest Cable Holdings B.V. <sup>1</sup>	Subsidiary	Investment holding company	Netherlands	15%	100%	31 December
Jie Guang Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investment holding company	Taiwan	100%	100%	31 December
Jia Guang Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investment holding company	Taiwan	77%	100%	31 December
Wo Jun Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	Investment holding company	Taiwan	59.3%	100%	31 December
Tai Luo Tze Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	Subsidiary	Investment holding company	Taiwan	11.6%	100%	31 December
Tau Luen Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	Subsidiary	Investment holding company	Taiwan	8.9%	100%	31 December
Taiwan Broadband Communications Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	A multisystem cable TV operator	Taiwan	59.3%	100%	31 December
Nan Taoyuan Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	A cable TV system operator	Taiwan	59.3%	100%	31 December
Best Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	A cable TV system operator	Taiwan	59.3%	100%	31 December
Shin Ho Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	A cable TV system operator	Taiwan	59.3%	100%	31 December
Chun Chien Cable TV Co., Ltd.	Subsidiary	A cable TV system operator	Taiwan	59.3%	99.9%	31 December
Chi Yuan Cable TV Co., Ltd. <sup>1</sup>	Subsidiary	A cable TV system operator	Taiwan	8.9%	100%	31 December

Although the Group effectively holds 15%, 11.6%, 8.9% and 8.9% interest in Harvest Cable Holdings B.V. ("Harvest Cable Holdings"), Tai Luo Tze Co., Ltd. ("Tai Luo Tze"), Tau Luen Co., Ltd. ("Tau Luen") and Chi Yuan Cable TV Co., Ltd. ("Chi Yuan") respectively, it has the ability to use its power to affect its returns from Harvest Cable Holdings, Tai Luo Tze, Tau Luen and Chi Yuan pursuant to a series of arrangements among the shareholders in these entities, and the Group receives substantially all of Harvest Cable Holdings', Tai Luo Tze's, Tau Luen's and Chi Yuan's economic interest. Accordingly, the Group regards Harvest Cable Holdings, Tai Luo Tze, Tau Luen and Chi Yuan as subsidiaries.

## 8) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

All items of property, plant and equipment ("PPE") are initially recorded at cost, subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The Group's PPE includes right-of-use assets.

The amounts recognised in the statements of financial position were determined as follows:

Total	247,828	9,407	-	(4)	(14,689)	(8,268)	234,274
	4,822	824	-	-	(597)	(165)	4,884
Transport equipment	1,667	-	-	-	(227)	(54)	1,386
Plant and equipment	25	-	-	-	(7)	(1)	17
Buildings	2,947	824	-	-	(297)	(105)	3,369
Land	183	-	-	-	(66)	(5)	112
Right-of-use assets							
	243,006	8,583		(4)	(14,092)	(8,103)	229,390
Assets under construction	6,486	7,479	(7,685)	-	(508)	(208)	5,564
Transport equipment	75	-	-	-	(8)	(3)	64
Plant and equipment	7,329	-	406	(4)	(924)	(239)	6,568
Network equipment	220,918	1,104	6,441	-	(12,384)	(7,369)	208,710
Leasehold improvements	617	-	11	-	(77)	(20)	531
Buildings	2,865	-	122	-	(191)	(96)	2,700
Land	4,716	-	705	-	-	(168)	5,253
Amounts in \$'000					•		
Carrying value (Unaudited)	1 October 2022		within PPE	write-offs	and impairment	exchange effect	31 December 2022
Group	As at	Additions	Transfer		Depreciation	Foreign	As at
Total	292,493	34,896		(29)	(64,747)	(28,339)	234,274
Tanoport oquipmont	6,820	1,215		(25)	(2,527)	(599)	4,884
Transport equipment	2,467	80	_	-	(956)	(205)	1,386
Plant and equipment	3,663	1,133	_	-	(28)	(303)	3,369
Buildings	3,863	1,135		(23)	(1,266)	(363)	3,369
Land	441			(25)	(277)	(27)	112
Right-of-use assets	200,073	33,681		(4)	(62,220)	(27,740)	229,390
Assets under construction	7,532 <b>285,673</b>	29,109	(29,849)	- (4)	(508)	(720)	5,564
Transport equipment	109	20.400	(20.040)	-	(36)	(9)	64 E 564
Plant and equipment	10,785	-	786	(4)	(4,098)	(901)	6,568
Network equipment	256,618	4,572	28,149	- (4)	(55,497)	(25,132)	208,710
Leasehold improvements	1,557	4 570	11	-	(943)	(94)	531
Buildings	3,989	-	198	-	(1,138)	(349)	2,700
Land	5,083	-	705	=	-	(535)	5,253
Amounts in \$'000							
(Unaudited)	2022		PPE		impairment	effect	2022
Carrying value	As at 1 January	Additions	Transfer within	Disposals/ write-offs	Depreciation and	Foreign exchange	As at 31 December

Group Carrying value (Audited)	As at 1 January 2021	Additions	Transfer within PPE	Disposals/ write-offs	Depreciation and impairment	Foreign exchange effect	As at 31 December 2021
Amounts in \$'000	-			-			
Land	4,918	-	-	-	-	165	5,083
Buildings	5,739	-	6	-	(1,921)	165	3,989
Leasehold improvements	2,843	-	92	-	(1,456)	78	1,557
Network equipment	280,656	1,772	28,960	(329)	(63,436)	8,995	256,618
Plant and equipment	15,356	=	212	(4)	(5,231)	452	10,785
Transport equipment	361	=	-	-	(260)	8	109
Assets under construction	9,839	27,688	(29,270)	-	(1,049)	324	7,532
	319,712	29,460	-	(333)	(73,353)	10,187	285,673
Right-of-use assets							
Land	492	259	-	(28)	(303)	21	441
Buildings	6,842	245	-	(2,068)	(1,322)	166	3,863
Plant and equipment	75	-	-	-	(29)	3	49
Transport equipment	3,369	-	-	-	(1,003)	101	2,467
	10,778	504	-	(2,096)	(2,657)	291	6,820
Total	330,490	29,964	-	(2,429)	(76,010)	10,478	292,493
Trust	As at	Additions	Transfer	Disposals/	Depreciation	Foreign	As at
Carrying value (Audited)	1 January 2021		within PPE	write-offs	and impairment	exchange effect	31 December 2021
Amounts in \$'000							

Trust Carrying value (Audited)	As at 1 January 2021	Additions	Transfer within PPE	Disposals/ write-offs	Depreciation and impairment	Foreign exchange effect	As at 31 December 2021
Amounts in \$'000							
Plant and equipment	2	-	-	-	(2)	-	-
Total	2	-	-	-	(2)	-	-

The Trust's PPE were fully depreciated during the previous year ended 31 December 2021, hence there was no movement during the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022.

As at 31 December 2022, the Group has pledged property, plant and equipment having carrying amounts of \$221.4 million (31 December 2021: \$272.6 million) to secure debt facilities granted to the Group (Note 13).

During the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022, the Group acquired property, plant and equipment with an aggregate cost of \$8.6 million (31 December 2021: \$6.4 million) and \$33.7 million (31 December 2021: \$29.5 million), of which \$3.4 million remained unpaid as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: \$3.8 million). In addition, property, plant and equipment with an aggregate cost of \$3.9 million, unpaid as at 30 September 2022, was paid during the quarter (31 December 2021: \$4.2 million) and property, plant and equipment with an aggregate cost of \$3.8 million, unpaid as at 31 December 2021, was paid during the year (31 December 2021: \$3.7 million).

### 9) INTANGIBLE ASSETS

### **Cable TV licences**

Costs incurred in acquiring cable TV licences are brought to account as intangible assets. The assets are assessed as having indefinite useful lives and therefore there is no amortisation charge booked against the carrying value. Consequently, no deferred tax liabilities have been provided on the temporary differences relating to the cable TV licences as at the acquisition date as it is deemed that recovery would be through a sale transaction, which the Trustee-Manager expects would not be subject to capital gains taxes.

### **Software**

Costs incurred in acquiring software are brought to account as intangible assets. Software is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life.

### **Programming rights**

Costs incurred in acquiring programming rights, with a broadcasting period of more than one year, are brought to account as intangible assets. Programming rights are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Amortisation is recognised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life.

### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on acquisition represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of the Group's share of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquiree. Goodwill is stated at cost less any impairment losses. Goodwill is allocated to cash-generating units ("CGU") and the Group tests goodwill for impairment annually or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill might be impaired.

The amounts recognised in the statements of financial position were determined as follows:

Group Carrying value	As at 1 January	Additions	Amortisation	Foreign exchange	As at 31 December
(Unaudited)	2022			effect	2022
Amounts in \$'000					
Cable TV licences	2,563,652	-	-	(265,055)	2,298,597
Software	4,043	2,392	(2,268)	(378)	3,789
Programming rights	8,818	-	(2,797)	(750)	5,271
Goodwill	8,478	-	-	(877)	7,601
Total	2,584,991	2,392	(5,065)	(267,060)	2,315,258
Group	As at	Additions	Amortisation	Foreign	As at
Carrying value (Unaudited)	1 October 2022			exchange effect	31 December 2022
Amounts in \$'000					
Cable TV licences	2,378,645	-	-	(80,048)	2,298,597
Software	3,309	1,153	(553)	(120)	3,789
Programming rights	6,136	-	(669)	(196)	5,271
Goodwill	7,866	-	-	(265)	7,601
Total	2,395,956	1,153	(1,222)	(80,629)	2,315,258

Group Carrying value (Audited) Amounts in \$'000	As at 1 January 2021	Additions	Amortisation	Foreign exchange effect	As at 31 December 2021
Cable TV licences	2,480,443	-	-	83,209	2,563,652
Software	4,034	2,088	(2,217)	138	4,043
Programming rights	16,797	-	(8,365)	386	8,818
Goodwill	8,202	-	-	276	8,478
Total	2,509,476	2,088	(10,582)	84,009	2,584,991

The Trust's intangible assets were fully amortised before the start of the previous year ended 31 December 2021, hence there was no movement during the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022 and the previous year ended 31 December 2021.

The value of cable TV licences and goodwill is allocated to the Group's single CGU which is principally engaged in the Basic cable TV, Premium digital cable TV and Broadband services in Taiwan. No impairment has been recognised by the Group as at 31 December 2022.

During the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022, the Group acquired intangible assets with an aggregate cost of \$1.2 million (31 December 2021: \$0.6 million) and \$2.4 million (31 December 2021: \$2.1 million), of which \$0.7 million remained unpaid as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: \$0.8 million). In addition, intangible assets with an aggregate cost of \$0.6 million, unpaid as at 30 September 2022 (30 September 2021: \$0.7 million), was paid during the quarter (31 December 2021: \$0.5 million) and intangible assets with an aggregate cost of \$0.8 million, unpaid as at 31 December 2021, was paid during the year (31 December 2021: \$3.3 million).

#### 10) DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (i) **Currency forwards**

The Group and Trust use foreign exchange contracts to manage their exposure to foreign exchange movements of NT\$ and US\$ estimated future cash flows from dividends and principal and interest payments received by the Trust from the entities held within the Group. The Group and Trust employ a 24-month rolling hedging programme that swaps from 25% of forecast cash flows receivable up to 24 months away, to 100% of cash flows on amounts receivable within three months.

As at 31 December 2022, the total notional amount of outstanding foreign exchange contracts to which the Group and Trust were committed to, is as follows:

	Group as at 31 December		Trust as at 31 December	
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)
Sell NT\$1,752 million (31 December 2021: NT\$1,540 million)	83,400	76,500	83,400	76,500
Total	83,400	76,500	83,400	76,500

As at 31 December 2022, mark to market movements, classified as current and non-current assets, on such contracts were \$4.4 million (31 December 2021: \$0.2 million) and \$0.7 million (31 December 2021: \$0.1 million); and classified as current and non-current liabilities, on such contracts were nil (31 December 2021: \$0.1 million) and nil (31 December 2021: \$0.04 million) respectively both at the Group and Trust level.

### (ii) Interest rate swaps

The Group uses interest rate swaps to manage its exposure to interest rate movements on its NT\$ denominated borrowings from financial institutions by swapping a portion of those borrowings from floating rate to fixed rate. All interest rate swap contracts exchanging floating rate interest amounts for fixed rate interest amounts are designated as cash flow hedges in order to reduce the Group's cash flow exposure resulting from variable interest rates on borrowings. The interest rate swaps and the interest payments on the loan occur simultaneously and the amount deferred in equity is recognised in profit or loss over the period that the floating rate interest payments on debt impact profit or loss.

Following the maturity of all 2018 interest rate swaps at 31 December 2021, new TAIBOR swaps were entered into during the year ended 31 December 2022. As at 31 December 2022, approximately 93% of the outstanding onshore facilities were hedged through to 30 June 2025. The average fixed rate on these swaps is 0.94%.

The fair value of the interest rate swaps with notional value of NT\$25.3 billion as at 31 December 2022 was estimated at \$10.6 million, which resulted in a derivative financial instrument non-current asset being recognised by the Group. This represents the mark to market unrealised gains between when the interest rate swaps were entered into during the year compared to the unfavourable market rate movements by 31 December 2022. These amounts were based on valuation techniques at the end of the reporting period. The aforementioned interest rate swaps qualify for hedge accounting. For the quarter ended 31 December 2022, the movement in the fair value of cash flow hedging interest rate derivatives resulted in a gain of \$0.9 million (31 December 2021: \$0.2 million), net of deferred tax expense amounting to \$0.2 million (31 December 2021: \$0.2 million), which resulted in a net gain of \$0.7 million (31 December 2022; the movement in the fair value of cash flow hedging interest rate derivatives resulted in a gain of \$11.9 million (31 December 2021: \$3.5 million), net of deferred tax expense amounting to \$2.4 million (31 December 2021: \$0.9 million), which resulted in a net gain of \$9.5 million (31 December 2021: \$2.6 million), being recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The following table gives information about how the fair values of derivative financial instruments are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used):

Financial assets/ liabilities Amounts in \$'000	Fair value as a 2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)	Significant unobservable input(s)
Foreign exchange contracts	Assets: Current - 4,393 Non-current - 665  Liabilities: Current - nil Non-current - nil	Assets: Current - 231 Non-current - 60  Liabilities: Current - 111 Non-current - 43	Level 2	The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the balance sheet date, with the resulting value discounted back to present value.	N/A
Interest rate swaps	Assets: Current - nil Non-current - 10,611 (designated for hedging)	Assets: Current - nil Non-current - nil (designated for hedging)	Level 2	Fair value of interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable yield curves.	N/A

#### **CONTRACT COSTS** 11)

	Group as at 3	Group as at 31 December		Trust as at 31 December	
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	
Current	884	1,199	-	-	
Non-current	262	376	-	-	
Total	1,146	1,575	-	-	

The contract costs represent sales incentives provided for contracting Broadband RGUs. These costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of such contracts.

### 12) **OTHER ASSETS**

	Group as at 3	31 December	Trust as at 31 December	
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)
Current				
Prepayments	812	1,007	28	39
Tax receivables	404	41	16	19
Refundable deposits	21	21	18	18
Other assets	26	92	-	-
Total	1,263	1,161	62	76
Non-current				
Refundable deposits	1,002	1,135	7	2
Other assets	261	173	-	-
Total	1,263	1,308	7	2
Total other assets	2,526	2,469	69	78

#### **BORROWINGS FROM FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS** 13)

Group	As at 31 December		
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	
Current portion	75,871	61,802	
Less: Unamortised arrangement fees	(2,897)	(3,407)	
	72,974	58,395	
Non-current portion	1,256,733	1,473,175	
Less: Unamortised arrangement fees	(13,336)	(18,078)	
	1,243,397	1,455,097	
Total current and non-current portion <sup>1</sup>	1,332,604	1,534,977	
Less: Total unamortised arrangement fees	(16,233)	(21,485)	
Total	1,316,371	1,513,492	

Comprised outstanding NT\$ denominated borrowings of NT\$27.4 billion (31 December 2021: NT\$28.0 billion) at the TBC level and S\$ denominated borrowings of S\$136.9 million (31 December 2021: S\$171.9 million) at the Bermuda holding companies' level.

The reduction in the total debt balance during the year is due mostly to net repayments of \$62 million and positive foreign exchange movements of \$135 million, partially offset by drawdowns of \$25 million for working capital purposes.

### **Onshore Facilities**

In December 2021, TBC extended the maturity date ("Onshore Amendment") of its NT\$ denominated seven-year facilities ("Onshore Facilities") by three years from November 2025 to November 2028. The size of available Onshore Facilities was reduced from NT\$31.0 billion to NT\$29.5 billion.

The Onshore Facilities are repayable in tranches by 2028 and are secured by certain land, buildings, network equipment and plant and equipment held by TBC (Note 8) as well as by pledges over shares in onshore entities of TBC and over the shares in TBC Holdings B.V. and Harvest Cable Holdings B.V. held by Cable TV S.A. The onshore affiliates of TBC are jointly liable under the debt facilities. As at 31 December 2022, the total carrying value of property, plant and equipment pledged for the Onshore Facilities was \$221.4 million (31 December 2021: \$272.6 million). In addition, guarantees in favour of lenders under the debt facilities are provided by TBC Holdings B.V. and Harvest Cable Holdings B.V.

The Onshore Facilities bear a floating interest rate of Taiwan's three-month Taipei Interbank Offered Rate ("TAIBOR") plus an interest margin of 1.1% to 2.1% (2021: 1.1% to 2.1%) per annum based on its leverage ratio. As discussed in Note 10(ii), the Group uses interest rate swaps to swap a significant portion of its borrowings from floating rate to fixed rate.

At inception, arrangement fees are recorded as unamortised arrangement fees. The fees are then amortised over the period of the debt facilities as an expense to the statement of profit or loss.

The Onshore Amendment did not include any break costs. Following the Onshore Amendment in 2021, there were changes to the principal repayment schedule and financial covenants of the Onshore Facilities which resulted in recording an extinguishment of the original Onshore Facilities and recognition of new Onshore Facilities. Accordingly, the unamortised arrangement fees of \$12.3 million associated with the Onshore Facilities as at the date of the Onshore Amendment were written off as amortisation of deferred arrangement fees in the statement of profit or loss during the previous year ended 31 December 2021.

## **Offshore Facilities**

Offshore facilities consist of a multicurrency term loan facility in an aggregate amount of \$125.0 million and a multicurrency revolving loan facility in an aggregate amount of \$80.0 million secured by APTT Holdings 1 Limited and APTT Holdings 2 Limited ("Offshore Facilities").

In March 2021, APTT extended the maturity date ("Offshore Amendment") of its existing Offshore Facilities to July 2023. The Offshore Amendment reached financial close on 18 March 2021. As a part of the Offshore Amendment, the size of the multicurrency revolving loan facility was reduced from \$125.0 million to \$80.0 million.

The Offshore Facilities are denominated in Singapore dollars and repayable in tranches by 2023. They are secured by a first priority pledge of all of the assets of APTT Holdings 1 Limited, APTT Holdings 2 Limited, Cable TV S.A. and APTT Management Pte. Limited, in its capacity as Trustee-Manager of APTT, including bank accounts and 100% of the total outstanding shares of APTT Holdings 1 Limited, APTT Holdings 2 Limited and Cable TV S.A.

As at 31 December 2022, the total carrying value of assets pledged for the Offshore Facilities was \$1,135 million (31 December 2021: \$1,134 million). In addition, guarantees in favour of lenders under the debt facilities are provided by APTT Management Pte. Limited, in its capacity as Trustee-Manager of APTT, and Cable TV S.A.

The Offshore Facilities bear a floating interest rate of Singapore Interbank Offered Rate ("SIBOR") plus an interest margin of 4.1% to 5.5% (2021: 4.1% to 5.5%) per annum based on the leverage ratio of the Group.

At inception, amendment fees are recorded as unamortised arrangement fees. The fees are then amortised over the period of the debt facilities as an expense to the statement of profit or loss.

The Offshore Amendment did not include any break costs. Following the Offshore Amendment in 2021, there were changes to the principal repayment schedule of the Offshore Facilities which resulted in recording an extinguishment of the original Offshore Facilities and recognition of new Offshore Facilities. Accordingly, the unamortised arrangement fees of \$0.3 million associated with the Offshore Facilities as at the date of the Offshore Amendment were written off as amortisation of deferred arrangement fees in the statement of profit or loss during the previous year ended 31 December 2021.

Subsequent to the year ended 31 December 2022, the Trustee-Manager announced on 17 January 2023 that it has signed the facility agreement to refinance its Offshore Facilities on the same major terms. The financial close is expected to be in July 2023, at the maturity of the existing Offshore Facilities. After including the impact of scheduled repayments until the financial close, the size of the refinanced facilities will be reduced to a \$46.6 million term loan facility and a \$75 million revolving loan facility on financial close.

## Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in the Group's liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes. Liabilities arising from financing activities are those for which cash flows were, or future cash flows will be, classified in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows as cash flows from financing activities.

Group	As at	Financing			Non-ca	sh changes			As at
Amounts in \$'000	1 January 2022	cash flows	Amortisation of deferred arrangement fees		Interest and other finance costs	Equity component of change in fair value of cash flow hedging financial instruments	Fair value adjustment	Foreign exchange movement	31 December 2022 (Unaudited)
Borrowings from	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
financial institutions (Note 13)	1,513,492	(62,349) <sup>1</sup>	3,263	-	-	-	-	(138,035)	1,316,371
Interest rate swaps (Note 10(ii))	-	-	-	-	-	(11,916)	-	1,305	(10,611)
Foreign exchange contracts (Note 10(i))	(137)	3,774	-	-	-	-	(8,695) <sup>2</sup>	-	(5,058)
Lease liabilities (Note 18)	6,810	(2,538)	-	1,188	-	-	-	(596)	4,864
Interest and other finance costs (Note 18)	3,190	(43,874) <sup>3</sup>	-	-	42,664	-	-	(5)	1,975
Total	1,523,355	(104,987)	3,263	1,188	42,664	(11,916)	(8,695)	(137,331)	1,307,541

The cash flows from borrowings from financial institutions make up the net amount of proceeds from borrowings and repayments of borrowings in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

The fair value adjustments of foreign exchange contracts during the year ended 31 December 2022 consists of \$4.9 million of unrealised gains from the mark to market movements (31 December 2021: \$0.7 million) and \$3.8 million of realised gains from settlement of foreign exchange contracts (31 December 2021: losses of \$0.7 million). The fair value adjustments of foreign exchange contracts during the quarter ended 31 December 2022 consists of \$0.5 million of unrealised gains from the mark to market movements (31 December 2021: \$0.5 million) and \$1.8 million of realised gains from settlement of foreign exchange contracts (31 December 2021: losses of \$0.1 million).

The cash flows from interest and other finance costs comprised interest and commitment and other fees paid on Group's debt facilities and interest paid on lease liabilities.

Group	As at	Financing			Non-ca	sh changes			As at
Amounts in \$'000	1 October 2022	cash flows	Amortisation of deferred arrangement fees	Lease liabilities, net		Equity component of change in fair value of cash flow hedging financial instruments	Fair value adjustment		31 December 2022 (Unaudited)
Borrowings from	-	-	-	-	-	motruments	-	-	-
financial institutions (Note 13)	1,389,205	(31,998) <sup>1</sup>	785	-	-	-	-	(41,621)	1,316,371
Interest rate swaps (Note 10(ii))	(10,057)	-	-	-	-	(905)	-	351	(10,611)
Foreign exchange contracts (Note 10(i))	(4,587)	1,791	-	-	-	-	$(2,263)^2$	1	(5,058)
Lease liabilities (Note 18)	4,786	(583)	-	825	-	-	-	(164)	4,864
Interest and other finance costs (Note 18)	1,564	(11,142) <sup>3</sup>	-	-	11,286	-	-	267	1,975
Total	1,380,911	(41,932)	785	825	11,286	(905)	(2,263)	(41,166)	1,307,541
		Financing							
Group	As at 1 January 2021	cash flows	Amortisation of deferred arrangement fees	Lease liabilities, net	Interest and other	Equity component of change in fair value of cash flow hedging financial	Fair value adjustment		As at 31 December 2021 (Audited)
Amounts in \$'000						instruments			
Borrowings from financial institutions (Note 13)	1,528,188	(74,609) <sup>1</sup>	16,080	-	-	-	-	43,833	1,513,492
Interest rate swaps (Note 10(ii))	4,374	-	-	-	-	(3,460)	-	(914)	-
Foreign exchange contracts (Note 10(i))	571	(719)	-	-	-	-	11	-	(137)
Lease liabilities (Note 18)	10,769	(2,639)	-	(1,610)	-	-	-	290	6,810
Interest and other		(46.206)3			46,396	-	-	1,602	3,190
finance costs (Note 18)	1,588	(46,396) <sup>3</sup>			40,000				

The cash flows from borrowings from financial institutions make up the net amount of proceeds from borrowings and repayments of borrowings in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

The fair value adjustments of foreign exchange contracts during the year ended 31 December 2022 consists of \$4.9 million of unrealised gains from the mark to market movements (31 December 2021: \$0.7 million) and \$3.8 million of realised gains from settlement of foreign exchange contracts (31 December 2021: losses of \$0.7 million). The fair value adjustments of foreign exchange contracts during the quarter ended 31 December 2022 consists of \$0.5 million of unrealised gains from the mark to market movements (31 December 2021: \$0.5 million) and \$1.8 million of realised gains from settlement of foreign exchange contracts (31 December 2021: losses of \$0.1 million).

The cash flows from interest and other finance costs comprised interest and commitment and other fees paid on Group's debt facilities and interest paid on lease liabilities.

#### TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES 14)

	Group as at 3	1 December	Trust as at 31 December		
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	
Trade payables due to outside parties	47,559	49,800	-	-	
Base fees payable to the Trustee-Manager	3,710	3,710	3,710	3,710	
Total	51,269	53,510	3,710	3,710	

The Group's trade and other payables as at 31 December 2022 of \$51.3 million (31 December 2021: \$53.5 million) comprised mainly broadcast and production costs payable of \$45.0 million (31 December 2021: \$46.9 million), other payables of \$2.6 million (31 December 2021: \$2.9 million) and base fees payable to the Trustee-Manager of \$3.7 million (31 December 2021: \$3.7 million).

The Trust's trade and other payables as at 31 December 2022 comprised mainly base fees payable to the Trustee-Manager of \$3.7 million (31 December 2021: \$3.7 million).

#### 15) CONTRACT LIABILITIES

Contract liabilities were \$32.9 million as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: \$37.4 million). These relate to considerations or collections received in advance to provide Basic cable TV, Premium digital cable TV and Broadband subscription services in future periods. Subscription fees are paid upfront as part of initial sales transactions whereas revenue is recognised over the period that services are provided to subscribers. A contract liability is therefore recognised for revenue relating to subscription services at the time of the initial sales transaction and is released over the subscription period.

There were no significant changes in the contract liability balances during the reporting period.

The amount of revenue recognised during the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022 which related to brought-forward contract liabilities as at the end of the previous year was \$0.3 million (31 December 2021: \$0.2 million) and \$37.3 million (31 December 2021: \$33.9 million).

#### RETIREMENT BENEFIT OBLIGATIONS 16)

The Group operates two retirement benefit arrangements for all employees in accordance with legislation in the country of employment: for eligible employees in Taiwan, a defined benefit plan and for all other employees, a defined contribution plan. The defined benefit plan provides benefits based on years of service and average salary in the six-month period before retirement. The defined contribution plan receives fixed contributions from the Group companies and the Group legal or constructive obligation is limited to these contributions. As at 31 December 2022, the Group's retirement benefit obligations, classified as current and non-current liabilities, were \$1.4 million (31 December 2021: \$1.5 million) and \$3.7 million (31 December 2021: \$9.1 million).

# 17) DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

The tax effects of temporary differences that give rise to deferred tax liabilities were as follows:

Group	As at 1 January	Recognised in profit or	Recognised	Foreign exchange	As at 31 December
(Unaudited)	2022	loss	comprehensive	effect	2022
Amounts in \$'000			income		
Impairment loss	(948)	-	-	98	(850)
Cash flow hedging reserves	-	<del>-</del>	2,383	(261)	2,122
Intangible assets that are partially deductible for tax purposes <sup>1</sup>	109,663	6,731	-	(11,726)	104,668
Undistributed earnings of subsidiaries	5,304	337	-	(513)	5,128
Arrangement fees	(6,287)	854	-	602	(4,831)
Carry forward of losses	(3,595)	(1,146)	-	387	(4,354)
Others	(8)	6	-	1	(1)
Unrealised exchange differences	3,065	(2,473)	-	(126)	466
Deferred tax liabilities, net	107,194	4,309	2,383	(11,538)	102,348
Group	As at	Recognised	Recognised	Foreign	As at
(Audited)	1 January 2021	in profit or loss	in other comprehensive	exchange effect	31 December 2021
Amounts in \$'000			income		
Impairment loss	(931)	14	-	(31)	(948)
Cash flow hedging reserves	(875)	-	892	(17)	-
Intangible assets that are partially deductible for tax purposes <sup>1</sup>	99,258	6,990	-	3,415	109,663
Undistributed earnings of subsidiaries	5,832	(680)	-	152	5,304
Arrangement fees	(4,888)	(1,251)	-	(148)	(6,287)
Carry forward of losses	(2,554)	(957)	-	(84)	(3,595)
Provisions	(684)	699	-	(15)	-
Others	(74)	68	-	(2)	(8)
Unrealised exchange differences	2,864	105	-	96	3,065
Deferred tax liabilities, net	97,948	4,988	892	3,366	107,194

Following the settlement principles agreed between the Group and the Taiwan tax authorities in 2014, deferred tax liabilities of \$104.7 million were recorded by the Group for the partial tax deductions in respect of the amortisation of intangible assets claimed by the Group as at 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: \$109.7 million).

#### 18) **OTHER LIABILITIES**

	Group as at 3	31 December	Trust as at 31 December		
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	
Current					
Accrued expenses	13,937	12,505	298	230	
Withholding tax payable	671	1,659	-	-	
Other tax payable	3,201	3,986	-	-	
Lease liabilities	1,974	2,477	-	-	
Interest and other finance costs payable	1,975	3,190	-	-	
Others	1,879	274	-	-	
Total	23,637	24,091	298	230	
Non-current					
Subscriber deposits	18,463	19,642	-	-	
Lease liabilities	2,890	4,333	-	-	
Others	2,851	3,368	-	-	
Total	24,204	27,343	-	-	
Total other liabilities	47,841	51,434	298	230	

#### 19) **UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS**

Group and Trust	As at 31 December						
	Numb	er of units	\$'000				
	2022	2021	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)			
Balance at the beginning and end of the year	1,806,354,850	1,806,354,850	1,389,351	1,389,351			

Ordinary units entitle the holder to participate in distributions and the proceeds on winding up of the Trust in proportion to the number of the units held.

On a show of hands every holder of ordinary units present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote, and upon a poll each unit is entitled to one vote.

# 20) RESERVES

Group	A	s at 31 December
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)
Foreign currency translation reserves	48,241	192,682
Retirement benefit obligations reserves	(7,608)	(11,718)
Cash flow hedging reserves <sup>1</sup>	9,533	-
Capital reserves <sup>2</sup>	42,521	39,283
Total	92,687	220,247

The Group's reserves comprised foreign currency translation reserves, cash flow hedging reserves, capital reserves and retirement benefit obligations reserves as follows:

Group (Unaudited)	Foreign currency	Cash flow hedging	Capital reserves	Retirement benefit	Total
	translation reserves	reserves		obligations reserves	
Amounts in \$'000	reserves			reserves	
Balance as at 1 January 2022	192,682	-	39,283	(11,718)	220,247
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(144,441)	-	-	-	(144,441)
Movement on change in fair value of cash flow hedging financial instruments:					
Interest rate swaps	-	11,916	-	-	11,916
Deferred tax relating to items that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss	-	(2,383)	-	-	(2,383)
Transfer from accumulated profits <sup>2</sup>	-	-	3,238	-	3,238
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	-	-	-	4,110	4,110
Balance as at 31 December 2022	48,241	9,533	42,521	(7,608)	92,687
Balance as at 1 October 2022	90,630	8,809	42,521	(11,718)	130,242
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	(42,389)	-	-	-	(42,389)
Movement on change in fair value of cash flow hedging financial instruments:					
Interest rate swaps	-	905	-	-	905
Deferred tax relating to items that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss	-	(181)	-	-	(181)
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	-	-	-	4,110	4,110
Balance as at 31 December 2022	48,241	9,533	42,521	(7,608)	92,687

The cash flow hedging reserves represent the cumulative effective portion of gains or losses arising on changes in fair value of hedging instruments entered into for cash flow hedges. The cumulative gains or losses arising on changes in fair value of the hedging instruments that are recognised and accumulated under the heading of cash flow hedging reserves will be reclassified to profit or loss only when the hedged transaction affects the profit or loss, or included as a basis adjustment to the non-financial hedged item, consistent with the Group's accounting policy.

As per articles of incorporation of Jie Guang Co., Ltd. and Tai Luo Tze Co., Ltd., the current year's earnings, after paying all taxes and offsetting prior years' operating losses, if any, should be appropriated and distributed 10% as capital reserve before dividend declaration.

Group (Audited) Amounts in \$'000	Foreign currency translation reserves	Cash flow hedging reserves	Capital reserves	Retirement benefit obligations reserves	Total
Balance as at 1 January 2021	146,406	(2,568)	34,950	(11,861)	166,927
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations	46,276	-	=	=	46,276
Movement on change in fair value of cash flow hedging financial instruments:					
Interest rate swaps	-	3,460	=	=	3,460
Deferred tax relating to items that may subsequently be reclassified to profit or loss	-	(892)	-	-	(892)
Transfer from accumulated profits <sup>1</sup>	-	-	4,333	=	4,333
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	-	-	-	143	143
Balance as at 31 December 2021	192,682	-	39,283	(11,718)	220,247

As per articles of incorporation of Jie Guang Co., Ltd. and Tai Luo Tze Co., Ltd., the current year's earnings, after paying all taxes and offsetting prior years' operating losses, if any, should be appropriated and distributed 10% as capital reserve before dividend declaration.

#### 21) **NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS**

In order to comply with Taiwan cable TV regulations regarding foreign ownership, the entities held within the Group have issued preferred shares to third parties in Taiwan and the Netherlands. Non-controlling interests represent the preferred shares issued to external investors and their interests in the net assets of the Group are identified separately from the Group's equity therein.

Group	As at 31 December		
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	
Balance at the beginning of the year	2,407	2,334	
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	250	338	
Settlement of transactions with non-controlling interests	(365)	(115)	
Distributions paid	(174)	(150)	
Balance at the end of the year	2,118	2,407	

# 22) REVENUE

Total revenue for the quarter ended 31 December 2022 was \$69.4 million (31 December 2021: \$76.2 million) and for the year was \$286.0 million (31 December 2021: \$299.7 million). Total revenue for the quarter and year was 8.9% and 4.6% lower than the pcp; in constant NT\$, total revenue for the quarter was 0.3% higher than pcp and for the year was 0.9% lower than the pcp. Foreign exchange contributed to a negative variance of 9.2% for the quarter and 3.7% for the year compared to the pcp. Total revenue was influenced by a number of factors, including the continued challenges in the economic and operating environment.

Total revenue comprised revenue generated from: (i) Basic cable TV, (ii) Premium digital cable TV and (iii) Broadband. An analysis of the revenue items is as follows:

## (i) Basic cable TV

Basic cable TV revenue of \$50.5 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2022 was down 12.5% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$57.7 million). In constant NT\$, Basic cable TV revenue was down 3.3%. This comprised subscription revenue of \$41.6 million (31 December 2021: \$48.2 million) and non-subscription revenue of \$8.9 million (31 December 2021: \$9.5 million). The decrease in Basic cable TV revenue in constant NT\$ was mainly due to lower subscription revenue as described below.

Basic cable TV revenue of \$210.0 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 was down 8.5% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$229.5 million). In constant NT\$, Basic cable TV revenue was down 4.8%. This comprised subscription revenue of \$177.7 million (31 December 2021: \$193.8 million) and non-subscription revenue of \$32.3 million (31 December 2021: \$35.6 million). The decrease in Basic cable TV revenue in constant NT\$ was mainly due to lower subscription and non-subscription revenue as described below.

Subscription revenue was generated from TBC's c.675,000 Basic cable TV RGUs each contributing an ARPU of NT\$462 per month in the quarter to access over 100 cable TV channels. Basic cable TV RGUs decreased by c.5,000 and ARPU was lower by NT\$4 per month compared to the previous quarter ended 30 September 2022 (RGUs: c.680,000; ARPU: NT\$466 per month). The decline in Basic cable TV RGUs was due to a number of factors including competition from aggressively priced IPTV, the growing popularity of online video, as well as expectations from consumers for discounts as they compare with the lower cable TV pricing outside of TBC's five franchise areas, particularly in the Taipei region. Subscription revenue for the quarter and year was lower than the pcp in constant NT\$ mainly due to a decline in the number of subscribers and lower ARPU.

Non-subscription revenue was 17.7% of Basic cable TV revenue for the quarter (31 December 2021: 16.5%) and 15.4% for the year (31 December 2021: 15.5%). This includes revenue from the leasing of television channels to third parties, the sale of airtime advertising and fees for the installation of set-top boxes. In constant NT\$, non-subscription revenue for the quarter was higher than the pcp mainly due to higher revenue generated from channel leasing, and for the year was lower than the pcp mainly due to lower revenue generated from channel leasing and airtime advertising sales. The leasing of television channels, which is mainly to third-party home shopping networks, continued to be affected by the lower demand for home shopping and heightened competition from internet retailing. These trends will continue to put pressure on channel leasing revenue.

## (ii) Premium digital cable TV

Premium digital cable TV revenue of \$2.7 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2022 was down 12.2% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$3.1 million). In constant NT\$, Premium digital cable TV revenue was down 3.0%. This comprised subscription revenue of \$2.6 million (31 December 2021: \$3.0 million) and non-subscription revenue of \$0.1 million (31 December 2021: \$0.1 million).

Premium digital cable TV revenue of \$11.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 was down 9.4% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$12.8 million). In constant NT\$, Premium digital cable TV revenue was down 5.7%. This comprised subscription revenue of \$11.1 million (31 December 2021: \$12.1 million) and non-subscription revenue of \$0.5 million (31 December 2021: \$0.7 million).

Subscription revenue was generated from TBC's c.308,000 Premium digital cable TV RGUs each contributing an ARPU of NT\$65 per month in the quarter for Premium digital cable TV packages and bundled DVR or DVR-only services. Premium digital cable TV RGUs increased by c.9,000 but ARPU was lower by NT\$3 per month compared to the previous quarter ended 30 September 2022 (RGUs: c.299,000; ARPU: NT\$68 per month) due to promotions and discounted bundled packages that were offered to generate new RGUs and to retain existing RGUs. Video piracy issues and aggressively priced IPTV have also impacted ARPU.

Non-subscription revenue predominantly comprised revenue from the sale of electronic programme guide data to other system operators.

#### (iii) **Broadband**

Despite strong competition from mobile operators offering inexpensive unlimited data, Broadband RGUs increased by c.8,000 during the quarter ended 31 December 2022, alongside an NT\$3 per month improvement in ARPU. Broadband revenue, including revenue from data backhaul, was \$16.1 million for the quarter, an increase of 4.9% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$15.4 million). In constant NT\$, Broadband revenue for the guarter was up 14.1%. This comprised subscription revenue of \$15.8 million (31 December 2021: \$15.0 million) and non-subscription revenue of \$0.4 million (31 December 2021: \$0.4 million).

Broadband revenue of \$64.4 million for the year ended 31 December 2022, which includes revenue from data backhaul, was up 12.0% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$57.5 million). In constant NT\$, Broadband revenue for the year was up 15.7%. This comprised subscription revenue of \$62.5 million (31 December 2021: \$55.3 million) and non-subscription revenue of \$1.8 million (31 December 2021: \$2.2 million).

Subscription revenue was generated from TBC's c.315,000 Broadband RGUs each contributing an ARPU of NT\$382 per month in the quarter for high-speed Broadband services, which was NT\$3 per month higher than the previous quarter ended 30 September 2022 (RGUs: c.307,000; ARPU: NT\$379 per month). The growth in both Broadband subscribers and ARPU reflects the success of TBC's Broadband strategy to target the broadband-only segment, partner with mobile operators, as well as to offer higher speed plans at competitive prices to acquire new RGUs and re-contract existing ones. Subscription revenue includes revenue from data backhaul services, where mobile operators lease a number of fibre circuits to provide data backhaul.

Non-subscription revenue predominantly comprised revenue from the provision of installation and other services.

## 23) REVIEW OF OPERATING EXPENSES

An analysis of the Group's expense items is as follows:

## (i) Broadcast and production costs

Broadcast and production costs of \$13.0 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2022, down 13.2% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$15.0 million); in constant NT\$, broadcast and production costs were down 4.0%. Foreign exchange contributed to a positive variance of 9.2% for the quarter compared to the pcp.

Broadcast and production costs were \$55.6 million for the year ended 31 December 2022, down 3.4% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$57.6 million); in constant NT\$, broadcast and production costs were up 0.3%. Foreign exchange contributed to a positive variance of 3.7% for the year compared to the pcp.

Broadcast and production costs comprised: (i) the cost of acquiring Basic cable TV and Premium digital cable TV content, (ii) the cost of acquiring bandwidth (which consists of the leasing of domestic and international bandwidth capacity from operators to support TBC's Broadband services) and (iii) costs for producing the Group's own programming.

## (ii) Staff costs

Staff costs were \$6.0 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2022, down 9.1% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$6.7 million) and \$25.8 million for the year, down 8.1% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$28.1 million). Staff costs for the quarter and year were lower compared to the pcp mainly due to lower staff costs in constant dollar terms, as described below.

Staff costs, which comprise direct employee costs and general and administrative employee costs including salaries, bonuses, long-term incentives and benefits, were lower in the quarter and year as a result of extra prudence and tighter cost management.

## (iii) Depreciation and amortisation expense

Depreciation and amortisation expense was \$15.9 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2022, down 9.4% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$17.6 million) and \$69.8 million for the year ended 31 December 2022, down 19.4% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$86.6 million). The decrease in depreciation and amortisation expense for the quarter and year was mainly due to lower depreciation expense on network equipment and amortisation expense on programming rights compared to the pcp. Refer Notes 8 and 9 for more details.

Depreciation and amortisation expense comprised depreciation and amortisation of the Group's capital expenditures in relation to network equipment, set-top boxes, other plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, programming rights and software. For the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022, depreciation for right-of-use assets was \$0.6 million (31 December 2021: \$0.7 million) and \$2.5 million (31 December 2021: \$2.7 million).

### (iv) Trustee-Manager fees

The Trustee-Manager is entitled to base fees and performance fees as specified under the Trust Deed.

The Trustee-Manager base fees were \$1.9 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: \$1.9 million) and \$7.4 million for the year (31 December 2021: \$7.4 million). There were no performance fees payable to the Trustee-Manager for the guarter and year ended 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: nil).

The base fees are payable semi-annually in arrears for every six months ending 30 June and 31 December of each year. Payment of the base fees, whether in the form of cash and/or units, shall be made out of the Trust property within 30 days of the last day of every six months (or such other period as may be determined by the Trustee-Manager at its discretion).

In accordance with the APTT Trust Deed, the Trustee-Manager fees are subject to an annual increment, measured by the percentage increase (if any) in the year-on-year Singapore Consumer Price Index ("CPI"). The Trustee-Manager fees in 2023

are subject to the 2022 CPI increase of 6.17%, amounting to \$464.5 thousand. The Trustee-Manager approved a credit of \$110.6 thousand, for the 2023 Trustee-Manager fees. This move underscores the Trustee-Manager's commitment to cost management and its direct contribution to it. Accordingly, the net fees for 2023 will increase by 4.7% to \$7.88 million.

#### (v) Net foreign exchange (loss)/gain

Net foreign exchange loss for the quarter ended 31 December 2022 was \$1.9 million (31 December 2021: gain of \$0.1 million) and for the year ended 31 December 2022 was \$0.9 million (31 December 2021: gain of \$0.7 million). Net foreign exchange loss for the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022 includes unrealised foreign exchange movements from translations at the subsidiary level which are not expected to be realised.

#### (vi) Mark to market gain/(loss) on derivative financial instruments

The Group uses foreign exchange contracts to manage its exposure to foreign exchange movements as discussed in Note 10(i). For the quarter ended 31 December 2022, the period end mark to market gain on foreign currency contracts was \$2.3 million (31 December 2021: \$0.4 million) and for the year, the period end mark to market gain on foreign currency contracts was \$8.7 million (31 December 2021: loss of \$0.01 million). Mark to market gain/(loss) on derivative financial instruments includes gain of \$1.8 million (31 December 2021: loss of \$0.1 million) and gain of \$3.8 million (31 December 2021: loss of \$0.7 million) on NT\$ foreign exchange contracts settled during the quarter and year.

#### (vii) Other operating expenses

Other operating expenses were \$7.4 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2022, up 14.1% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$6.5 million) mainly due to higher marketing and selling expenses and \$28.5 million for the year, up 20.5% compared to the pcp (31 December 2021: \$23.6 million) mainly due to higher pole rental expenses resulting from benefit of reversal of pole rental provisions in pcp.

A detailed breakdown of material items included in other operating expenses is provided in the table below:

Group	Quarter end	ded 31 December	Year ende	Year ended 31 December		
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Unaudited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)		
Lease rentals	(27)	(27)	(142)	(131)		
Pole rentals	(1,292)	(1,454)	(6,139)	(2,630)		
Legal and professional fees	(695)	(441)	(2,378)	(2,102)		
Non-recoverable GST/VAT	(742)	(1,009)	(3,333)	(3,627)		
Marketing and selling expenses	(1,606)	(1,114)	(5,608)	(4,986)		
General and administrative expenses	(1,187)	(1,017)	(4,684)	(4,471)		
Licence fees	(522)	(602)	(2,204)	(2,405)		
Repairs and maintenance	(375)	(329)	(1,440)	(1,389)		
Others	(921)	(462)	(2,550)	(1,886)		
Total	(7,367)	(6,455)	(28,478)	(23,627)		

Lease rentals for the quarter ended 31 December 2022 comprised short-term leases of nil (31 December 2021: less than \$0.01 million) and leases of low-value assets of \$0.03 million (31 December 2021: \$0.03 million). Lease rentals for the year ended 31 December 2022 comprised short-term leases of less than \$0.01 million (31 December 2021: less than \$0.01 million) and leases of low-value assets of \$0.1 million (31 December 2021: \$0.1 million).

## (viii) Amortisation of deferred arrangement fees

The Group pays financing fees to lenders when entering into debt facilities or refinance existing facilities. At inception, the financing fees are recorded as unamortised arrangement fees. The fees are amortised over the period of the debt facilities as an expense to the statement of profit or loss. Amortisation of deferred arrangement fees was \$0.8 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: \$13.2 million) and \$3.3 million for the year (31 December 2021: \$16.1 million). Amortisation of deferred arrangement fees for the quarter and year was lower due to write-off of unamortised arrangement fees of \$12.3 million as at the date of Onshore Amendment, associated with the Onshore Facilities and write-off of unamortised arrangement fees of \$0.3 million as at the date of Offshore Amendment, associated with the Offshore Facilities which were amended during the previous year ended 31 December 2021. Refer Note 13 for more details.

## (ix) Interest and other finance costs

Interest and other finance costs were \$11.3 million for the quarter ended 31 December 2022, 1.0% lower than the pcp (31 December 2021: \$11.4 million) and \$42.7 million for the year, 8.0% lower than the pcp (31 December 2021: \$46.4 million). These comprised interest expense and commitment and other fees on the Group's debt facilities. Interest and other finance costs for the quarter and year also include finance charges on lease liabilities of \$0.03 million (31 December 2021: \$0.04 million) and \$0.1 million (31 December 2021: \$0.2 million).

## 24) INCOME TAXES

The Group is subject to income tax in several jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in determining provisions for income tax, including a judgment on whether tax positions are probable of being sustained in income tax assessments. There are certain transactions and calculations for which the ultimate income tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for anticipated income tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final income tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, these differences will impact the income tax and deferred income tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

The Trustee-Manager evaluates positions taken in income tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable income tax regulations are subject to interpretation. The income tax liabilities are recognised when it is more likely than not that certain tax positions may be changed upon review by income tax authorities. The Group believes that the final tax outcome of these positions can differ from those initially recognised when reviews or audits by tax authorities of tax returns are completed. Benefits from tax positions are measured at the single best estimate of the most likely outcome. At each statement of financial position date, the tax positions are reviewed and to the extent that new information becomes available that causes the Trustee-Manager to change its judgment regarding the adequacy of existing income tax liabilities, these changes to income tax liabilities are duly recognised as income tax expense in the year in which the determination is made.

The Group is not required to and does not prepare a combined consolidated income tax return. The following information represents the combined income tax data of the combined consolidated entities.

Income tax expense recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss was as follows:

Group	Quarter end	ed 31 December	Year ended 31 December		
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Unaudited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	
Current income tax	(1,639)	(1,879)	(5,473)	(3,215)	
Deferred income tax	(2,684)	508	(4,309)	(4,988)	
Withholding tax	(968)	(2,568)	(6,345)	(7,453)	
(Under)/over provision of current tax in prior years <sup>1</sup>	-	(144)	946	1,199	
Total	(5,291)	(4,083)	(15,181)	(14,457)	

<sup>1 (</sup>Under)/over provision of current tax in prior years represents adjustments made to prior years' tax provisions in the current quarter and year to reflect the current position of tax provision related to those years based on tax assessment, or otherwise, and does not relate to the current quarter and year.

Provision for income tax and the reconciliation of income tax payable were as follows:

Group	As at 31 Decemb	
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)
Balance at the beginning of the year	5,970	6,109
Current income tax provision	5,473	3,215
Over provision of current tax in prior years	(946)	(1,199)
Income tax payment	(2,064)	(1,534)
Prepaid and withheld income tax	(1,614)	(780)
Foreign exchange effect	(640)	159
Balance at the end of the year	6,179	5,970

# 25) NET ASSET VALUE ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

	Group as at 31 December		Trust as at 31	1 December
	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)
Net asset value attributable to unitholders				
Total net asset value attributable to unitholders (\$'000)	1,136,786	1,240,395	1,394,415	1,389,924
Total number of units in issue used in calculation of net asset value per unit attributable to unitholders ('000)	1,806,355	1,806,355	1,806,355	1,806,355
Net asset value per unit attributable to unitholders (\$)	0.63	0.69	0.77	0.77

As at 31 December 2022, the Group had negative working capital of \$49.7 million (31 December 2021: \$37.6 million). This includes contract liabilities of \$32.0 million representing collections received in advance from subscribers, net of contract costs, which do not require any future cash outflow from the Group (31 December 2021: \$36.2 million).

After adjusting for this amount, the Group would have negative working capital of \$17.7 million (31 December 2021: \$1.5 million). As at 31 December 2022, the Group has committed undrawn debt facilities of \$80.4 million (31 December 2021: \$84.5 million) which can be drawn to address any shortfall in working capital requirements.

The Group believes that it has adequate working capital for its present requirements and that its existing debt facilities, together with cash and cash equivalents, will provide sufficient funds to satisfy its working capital requirements and anticipated capital expenditures and other payment obligations for the next 12 months, after taking into consideration the following factors:

- The Group has five cable TV system operators ("SOs") that serve approximately 675,000 cable TV RGUs as at 31 December 2022, with more than 168 channels of exciting local and international content on its digital TV platforms in Taiwan. The Group's system operators first obtained cable TV licences in 1999 and 2000 and they have most recently been renewed in 2020 and 2021. All five of TBC's cable TV licences will be due for renewal in 2029 or 2030. Hence, it is expected that the Group's core business, i.e. cable TV system operators and their related businesses, will continue generating sufficient and stable cash inflows. This is consistent with the positive operating cash flows generated by the Group of \$153.7 million for the year ended 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021: \$203.9 million);
- In view of the steady operating cash flows generated, successful refinancing history, good credibility over the past years
  and full compliance with the requirements as stipulated in the debt facilities, the Trustee-Manager is confident it can
  refinance such debt facilities when required; and
- The Trustee-Manager has carefully monitored and managed its cash flows. Management and operation reports are
  prepared and reviewed on a monthly basis and cash flow forecasts are prepared on a quarterly basis to project cash flow
  requirements of the Group using various general and operational assumptions.

#### **EARNINGS PER UNIT** 26)

Group	Quarter end	ed 31 December	Year ended 31 December	
	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Unaudited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)
Weighted average number of units in issue ('000)	1,806,355	1,806,355	1,806,355	1,806,355
Profit after income tax attributable to unitholders of APTT (\$'000)	8,157	451	45,253	19,913
Basic and diluted earnings per unit (cents)	0.45	0.02	2.51	1.10

#### 27) **DISTRIBUTIONS**

The Board of Directors of the Trustee-Manager has declared an ordinary distribution of 0.25 cents per unit for the quarter ended 31 December 2022.

	Quarter ended 31 December		
	2022	2021	
Ordinary distribution	0.25 cents per unit	0.25 cents per unit	
Announcement date	24 February 2023	25 February 2022	
Ex-distribution date	16 March 2023	17 March 2022	
Record date	17 March 2023	18 March 2022	
Date payable	24 March 2023	25 March 2022	

The Board is re-affirming the distribution guidance for the year ending 31 December 2023. The distribution for the full year 2023 is expected to be 1.05 cents per unit, to be paid in half-yearly instalments of 0.525 cents per unit, subject to no material changes in planning assumptions.

# Breakdown of total annual distribution

	Year ended	Year ended 31 December		
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)		
Ordinary	18,064 <sup>1</sup>	18,064 <sup>2</sup>		
Special	-	-		
Total	18,064	18,064		

Includes an amount of \$4.5 million which is expected to be paid on 24 March 2023.

Included an amount of \$4.5 million which was paid on 25 March 2022.

#### **Historical distributions**

The table below provides details of APTT's historical distributions:

Distribution period	Six months ended		Quarter ended			Total	
Distribution cents per unit	June	December	March	June	September	December	
2013	4.80 <sup>1</sup>	4.13					8.930
2014	4.12				2.00	2.13	8.250
2015			2.00	2.00	2.00	2.25	8.250
2016			1.625	1.625	1.625	1.625	6.500
2017			1.625	1.625	1.625	1.625	6.500
2018			1.625	1.625	1.625	0.30	5.175
2019			0.30	0.30	0.30	0.30	1.200
2020			0.30	0.25	0.25	0.25	1.050
2021			0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	1.000
2022			0.25	0.25	0.25	$0.25^{2}$	1.000
Total							47.855

The first distribution period was from the APTT listing date, 29 May 2013, to 30 June 2013 and included a non-recurring payment of 1.64 cents per unit as excess cash at TBC at the time of APTT's listing that was only available for distribution as part of the first APTT distribution payment.

These financial statements do not reflect the distribution for the quarter ended 31 December 2022, which will be accounted for in total equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the year ending 31 December 2023.

# 28) RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

### (i) The Trustee-Manager

The Trustee-Manager, APTT Management Pte. Limited, was incorporated in Singapore under the Singapore Companies Act on 17 April 2013. The Trustee-Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary of Dynami which is a Singapore-incorporated company fully owned by Mr Lu Fang-Ming, the former Chairman of Asia Pacific Telecom Co., Ltd.

The Trustee-Manager has the dual responsibility of safeguarding the interests of unitholders and managing the business conducted by APTT. The Trustee-Manager manages APTT's business with an objective of providing unitholders with stable and sustainable distributions.

The following transactions occurred between APTT and the Trustee-Manager during the quarter and year:

	Quarter ended	Quarter ended 31 December		Year ended 31 December	
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Unaudited)	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)	
Trustee-Manager fees	1,855	1,855	7,359	7,359	
Distributions paid	26	26	104	104	
Total	1,881	1,881	7,463	7,463	

The following significant balances remained outstanding between APTT and the Trustee-Manager at the end of the reporting period:

	As at 31 De	As at 31 December		
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Audited)		
Base fees payable to the Trustee-Manager	3,710	3,710		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> To be paid on 24 March 2023.

#### (ii) **Directors**

In December 2022, the TBC Group moved into a new office space, after entering into an office lease agreement ("Lease Agreement") with Araedis International Development Co., Ltd ("AIDC"). Mr Dai Yung Huei (Mr Dai"), who is a non-executive director of the Trustee-Manager, is deemed interested in the Lease Agreement. The new office is smaller in size and has a lower rental expense per square foot that the previous office space. The lease rental of \$11.4 thousand, attributable to the partial month of December 2022, was waived by Mr Dai and no lease rental was charged.

#### (iii) **Others**

For the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022, the Trustee-Manager recovered ancillary charges amounting to \$0.1 million (31 December 2021: \$0.1 million) and \$0.3 million (31 December 2021: \$0.3 million) from the Trust.

The Group has not obtained a general mandate from unitholders for Interested Person Transactions.

#### 29) **EFFECTS OF SEASONALITY**

There were no impacts on the Group's revenue arising from seasonality.

#### 30) FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL RISKS MANAGEMENT

There have been no changes in the financial risk management of the Group and the Group's overall capital risk management remained unchanged from the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021.

#### 31) **CONTINGENCIES**

- The Group has provided guarantees in favour of lenders under the Group's debt facilities as disclosed in Note 13. (i)
- (ii) As at previous year ended 31 December 2021, the Group had contingent liabilities in relation to the lawsuits filed by TBC's programming vendors. During the year ended 31 December 2022, TBC has reached an agreement with the programming vendors. As per the agreement, TBC paid NT\$72 million (approximately \$3.2 million) to the programming vendors for full and final settlement of the lawsuits. Following the payment, programming vendors withdrew all the lawsuits against TBC. As a result those contingent liabilities did not exist as at 31 December 2022. TBC offset the payment to programming vendor from the amount withheld from the content agent. As a result of the settlement, no additional expenses were accrued to the Group.

There were no contingent liabilities or contingent assets as at 31 December 2022 and 2021 both at the Group and Trust level, except as disclosed above.

#### 32) SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Group is principally engaged in providing cable TV and broadband services in Taiwan and therefore the Trustee-Manager considers that the Group operates in one single business and geographical segment.

#### **EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD** 33)

Subsequent to the year ended 31 December 2022, the Trustee-Manager announced on 17 January 2023 that it has signed the facility agreement to refinance its Offshore Facilities on the same major terms. The financial close is expected to be in July 2023, at the maturity of the existing Offshore Facilities.

# ADDITIONAL SGX-ST LISTING MANUAL DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

#### (i) Announcement of financial statements

Pursuant to Rule 705(1) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, the financial statements for the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022 have been disclosed within 60 days after the end of the relevant financial period.

### (ii) Disclosure of person occupying a managerial position

Pursuant to Rule 704(13) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, the Trustee-Manager confirms that for the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022 no person occupied managerial positions in the Trust or in any of its subsidiaries who were a relative of a director, chief executive officer and/or substantial unitholder.

## (iii) Segment information

The Group is principally engaged in providing cable TV and broadband services in Taiwan and therefore the Trustee-Manager considers that the Group operates in one single business and geographical segment.

## (iv) Confirmation on undertakings from directors and executive officers

Pursuant to Rule 720(1) of the SGX-ST Listing Manual, the Trustee-Manager confirms that the Trust has procured undertakings from all its Directors and Executive Officers in the form set out in Appendix 7.7.

## (v) Review of the provisions of non-audit services by the auditors

The Audit Committee has undertaken a review of non-audit services provided by the auditor and they would not, in the opinion of the Audit Committee, affect their independence.

## (vi) Review by independent auditor

The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 have not been audited or reviewed by the Group's auditors, Deloitte & Touche LLP, however they form the basis of the Financial Statements within the APTT 2022 Annual Report, which will be audited by Deloitte & Touche LLP and will be available publicly in due course.

## (vii) Basis of preparation

The Group has applied the same accounting policies and methods of computation in the preparation of the financial statements for the current year as specified in the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2021, except for the adoption of new and revised IFRS (including its consequential amendments) and interpretations which are effective for the financial period beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Refer Notes 2, 3 and 4 for more details.

## (viii) Functional and presentation currency

All figures, unless otherwise stated, are presented in Singapore dollars, which is APTT's functional and presentation currency.

### (ix) Rounding of amounts in the financial statements

Amounts in the interim financial statements have been rounded to the nearest thousand dollars, unless otherwise indicated.

## (x) Group accounting - subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including special purpose entities) over which control is achieved when the Trust (i) has power over the investee, (ii) is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and (iii) has the ability to use its power to affect its returns. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Trust obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Trust loses control of the subsidiary.

# (xi) Breakdown of Group's total revenue and profit after income tax before deducting non-controlling interests

	Yea	Year ended 31 December			
Amounts in \$'000	2022 (Unaudited)	2021 (Unaudited)	Variance <sup>1</sup> (%)		
Total revenue					
1 <sup>st</sup> half-year	145,360	148,041	(1.8)		
2 <sup>nd</sup> half-year	140,604	151,704	(7.3)		
	285,964	299,745	(4.6)		
Profit after income tax before deducting non-controlling interests					
1 <sup>st</sup> half-year	23,779	15,127	57.2		
2 <sup>nd</sup> half-year	21,724	5,124	>100		
	45,503	20,251	>100		

A positive variance is favourable to the Group and a negative variance is unfavourable to the Group.

## (xii) Forecast or prospect statement

All variances between forecasts or prospect statements ("Prospect Statement") made in previous results announcements, if any, and actual results have been explained in the report summary on pages 2 to 6 and throughout this report. The variances did not warrant that a profit warning or similar announcement be released.

# CONFIRMATION OF THE BOARD PURSUANT TO RULE 705(5) OF THE LISTING MANUAL

On behalf of the Board of Directors of APTT Management Pte. Limited, as Trustee-Manager of APTT, we, the undersigned hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge that nothing has come to the attention of the Board of Directors which may render the financial statements for the quarter and year ended 31 December 2022 to be false or misleading in any material aspect.

On behalf of the Board of Directors of APTT Management Pte. Limited (Company Registration No. 201310241D) As Trustee-Manager of Asian Pay Television Trust

**Yong Lum Sung** 

Chair and Independent Director

**Brian McKinley** 

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Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director

Singapore 24 February 2023

# DISCLAIMERS

Asian Pay Television Trust ("APTT") is a business trust registered under the Business Trusts Act 2004 and listed on the Main Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. APTT Management Pte. Limited is the trustee-manager of APTT (the "Trustee-Manager"). The Trustee-Manager is a wholly owned subsidiary of Dynami Vision Pte. Ltd. ("Dynami") which is a Singapore-incorporated company fully owned by Mr Lu Fang-Ming, the former Chairman of Asia Pacific Telecom Co., Ltd.

This report is not an offer or invitation for subscription or purchase of or a recommendation of securities in APTT. It does not take into account the investment objectives, financial situation and particular needs of the investor. Before making an investment in APTT, the investor or prospective investor should consider whether such an investment is appropriate to their particular investment needs, objectives and financial circumstances and consult an investment adviser if necessary.

Information, including forecast financial information, in this report should not be considered as a recommendation in relation to holding, purchasing or selling securities or other instruments in APTT. Due care and attention have been used in the preparation of forecast information. However, such information is based on certain assumptions and is subject to certain risks, contingencies and uncertainties, many of which are outside the control of APTT, which could cause actual results to vary materially from those that are forecasted and any such variation may be materially positive or negative. Past performance is not a reliable indication of future performance.

In particular, no representation or warranty is given as to the accuracy, likelihood of achievement or reasonableness of any forecasts, prospects or returns contained in the information. Such forecasts, prospects or returns are by their nature subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies. Each recipient of the information should make its own independent assessment of the information and take its own independent professional advice in relation to the information and any action taken on the basis of the information.

Investors should note that there are limitations on the rights of certain investors to own units in APTT under applicable Taiwan laws and regulations (the "Relevant Restrictions"). Such investors include individuals or certain corporate entities in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"), the Taiwan Government and political entities and other restricted entities and restricted persons (collectively, the "Restricted Persons"). Investors should note that the deed of trust constituting APTT dated 30 April 2013, as amended and restated by a First Amending and Restating Deed dated 28 April 2022 (the "Trust Deed") provides that the Trustee-Manager may, in the case of a breach of the Relevant Restrictions, take all steps and do all things as it may in its absolute discretion deem necessary to ensure that the Relevant Restrictions are complied with. In particular, the Trust Deed provides that the Trustee-Manager has the power to require the relevant Restricted Person to dispose of their units in APTT and, if such request is not complied with within 21 days after such request (or such shorter period as the Trustee-Manager shall consider reasonable), to arrange for the sale of the relevant units in APTT. The Trustee-Manager is not required to provide any reason for, and is not liable or responsible for any losses incurred as a result of, exercising such power under the Trust Deed. For further information, investors should refer to the prospectus dated 16 May 2013 issued by APTT and the Trust Deed.