













GS HOLDINGS LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT 2021





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	PROXY FORM

The annual report has been prepared by the Company and its contents have been reviewed by the Company's sponsor, UOB Kay Hian Private Limited (the "**Sponsor**") for compliance with the relevant rules of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("**SGX-ST**") Listing Manual Section B: Rules of Catalist.

The annual report has not been examined or approved by the SGX-ST and the SGX-ST assumes no responsibility for the contents of the annual report, including the accuracy, completeness or correctness of any of the information, statements or opinions made or reports contained in this annual report.

The contact person for the Sponsor is Mr Lance Tan, Senior Vice President, at 8 Anthony Road, #01-01, Singapore 229957, telephone (65) 6590 6881.

## **CORPORATE PROFILE**











**GS Holdings Limited** ("**GS Holdings**" or the "**Company**" and together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**"), has a diversified business model with an aim to create continuous streams of income.

GS Holdings was listed on the Catalist Board of the SGX-ST on 18 January 2016.

Initially, the Group was principally involved in the business of providing end-to-end cleaning services for Singapore's food and beverage ("F&B") industry with a focus on centralised commercial dishware washing services. The Group ceased its dishware washing services following the disposal of the loss-making dishware washing business which was completed in mid-January 2020.

Since 2019, the Group ventured into the following 2 new businesses with the aim of diversifying our business model and creating additional streams of income:

- (1) F&B business
- (2) Branding, Operation and Procurement Services

### **OUR BUSINESS**

#### 1) F&B BUSINESS

Through our wholly-owned subsidiaries, Hao Kou Wei Pte. Ltd., Rasa Sayang Village Pte. Ltd. and Sing Swee Kee Pte. Ltd. (formerly known as Chicken Supremo Pte Ltd), the Group is in the business of operating and managing food courts, coffee shops and eating houses.

Currently, the Group operates six F&B establishments which include two food courts/coffeeshops, a chicken rice restaurant under the "Sing Swee Kee" brand name, two chicken rice stalls in food courts and one halal chicken rice brand in a food court.

Stalls operated by Hao Kou Wei within these F&B establishments:

- Drinks
- Seafood
- · Chicken rice
- Western food

In addition to operating F&B establishments, the Group is also involved in developing and managing new and existing F&B brands, concepts and franchises. With an experienced team in branding and franchising to spearhead new growth opportunities in Singapore and Asia, the Group has entered into a franchise agreement to launch its halal chicken rice brand, RASA CHICKEN by SING SWEE KEE, in Brunei in November 2019 and Qatar in September 2021.

To further expand its F&B business presence, the Group has entered into a joint venture arrangement on Sing Global Brands Pte. Ltd. and established Sing Zhong Brands Management Pte. Ltd., which are primarily in the business of developing, franchising and management of various F&B brands, primarily for the Chinese and other overseas markets.







### **OUR BUSINESS**

#### 2) BRANDING, OPERATION AND PROCUREMENT ("BOP") SERVICES

Through the Company's 80%-owned subsidiary, Wish Hospitality Holdings Private Limited, the Group provides BOP services to its clients in China, particularly to companies that are in the F&B and health-care industry.

The BOP business offers client a comprehensive and integrated solution to their business needs and entails, among others, services relating to:

- (i) branding management,
- (ii) operational support,
- (iii) central procurement,
- (iv) recruitment, customised training and development of human resource.

The BOP services provided by the Group offer a one-stop solution to setting up and management of F&B outlets, the healthy lifestyle centres and/or the healthcare-related industry in the People's Republic of China ("PRC"). By using our services, our clients can focus on growing their brands and revenue, while outsourcing the administrative, marketing, operation and procurement tasks to the Group.

The Group commenced the BOP services business in the second quarter of 2019 following the entering into BOP service agreements with 14 BOP outlets in the PRC. However, due to commercial reasons, mainly because the businesses of these outlets have been negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the strict restrictive measures taken by the PRC government in curbing the spread of the COVID-19 virus, all the BOP service agreements and health management service agreements with the 14 BOP outlets have been terminated during the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

## CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE



**DEAR SHAREHOLDERS** 

On behalf of the Board of Directors of GS Holdings Limited ("**GS Holdings**" or the "**Company**" and together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**") and the Chief Executive Officer, it is my pleasure to present to you GS Holdings' Annual Report for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 ("**FY2021**").

For most part of FY2021, our F&B business in Singapore and BOP business in the PRC continued to be adversely impacted by the unfortunate and unexpected outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic which started since early 2020 and its on-going effects till today. In FY2021, even though the Singapore government has lifted some of the COVID-19 restrictive measures imposed in FY2020, the Group's F&B business performance was still adversely affected by the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic. In order to minimise losses suffered by our F&B division, the Group has decided to slow down the F&B operations in certain outlets during FY2021 in order to focus on potential outlets, resulting in lower F&B revenue in FY2021. Nevertheless, in the second half of FY2021, the Group has taken several measures to improve the performance of our F&B business and for expansion purposes, such as:– (i) opening of more F&B outlets in food courts and eating places with good locations and (ii) entering into joint venture agreements with experienced F&B partners.

On our BOP business, I have mentioned in my last year's message that our BOP customers closed their business for most part of the first half of FY2020 due to the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic. They re-opened their business on or around mid-May 2020 but were experiencing slow business for most part of the second half of FY2020. There was not much improvement in the first half of FY2021 due to the on-going COVID-19 negative impact and the strict restrictive measures taken by the PRC government in curbing the spread of the COVID-19 virus. As a result, their business expansion plans were adversely affected, and

## CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

they have no choice but to implement major costcutting measures and revamp their business model in order to survive and adapt to the changing PRC business environment. Therefore, they decided to terminate all the BOP service agreements and health management service agreements with us in July and August 2021.

As a result of the above, the Group reported a significant decrease in both revenue and earnings for FY2021 as compared to the revenue and earnings of FY2020. Revenue decreased by approximately \$\$7.62 million from \$\$13.58 million in FY2020 to \$\$5.96 million in FY2021, while net profit decreased significantly from approximately \$\$1.73 million in FY2020 to a net loss of approximately \$\$1.74 million, which includes a full allowance for impairment losses of \$\$7.48 million made on trade receivables relating to the BOP business. The details are discussed in the Operations and Financial Review section.

#### **POST PANDEMIC GROWTH**

As the COVID-19 pandemic situation in Singapore and around the world continues to improve since the beginning of 2022, the Group plans to relaunch expansion plans which the Group had deferred since 2020 with the outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic.

One potential exciting expansion plan that may be implemented in the second half of FY2022 is the commencement of a plant-based meat business. We are thrilled to have signed a Memorandum of Understanding (" $\mathbf{MOU}$ ") with Ants Innovate Pte. Ltd. ("Ants Innovate") on 9 May 2022, with respect to collaborating with them in the production and supply of plant-based and cell-based meat products. A definitive agreement is expected to be finalised and entered into by both parties within 6 months from the date of the MOU. Based on preliminary discussions with Ants Innovate, the Group may commence the supply of some raw materials (which is not within the scope of the MOU) in the third quarter of FY2022. By collaborating with Ants Innovate, our Group can be distinguished from other F&B companies for being

more environmental-friendly as the production of plant-based and cell-based meat products has a lesser carbon footprint and is more sustainable with lower land and water-use requirements. In addition, the increasing global demand for plant-based meat products will be key to the collaboration with Ants Innovate as it will concurrently open up new opportunities and highlight the Group's current developed and/or established F&B brands.

Other than the above, the Group will continue to pursue expansion plans through the opening up of more F&B outlets in key locations, strategic development of new F&B brands, concepts and the selling of franchise rights locally and overseas.

There are other business opportunities which the Group is currently exploring and evaluating. The Group will make announcement(s) at an appropriate time as and when the commercial terms of each or any of these business opportunities are finalised.

#### **DIVIDENDS**

In view of the losses incurred by the Company and the Group during the year, the Board has not recommended any dividend for FY2021.

#### A NOTE OF APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to take this opportunity to thank all valued customers and business partners for their unwavering support and trust. I would also like to thank our management and all staff for their hard work and commitment, as well as my fellow Board members for their valuable advice and guidance.

To our shareholders, thank you for your trust and confidence in GS Holdings, and we look forward to your continued support as we prepare for post COVID-19 pandemic growth.

#### **ZHANG RONGXUAN**

Non-Independent and Non-Executive Chairman

### **OPERATIONS & FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

# (A) CONTINUING OPERATIONS REVENUE

Revenue decreased by approximately \$\$7.62 million from \$\$13.58 million in FY2020 to \$\$5.96 million in FY2021. The decrease is mainly due to reversal of BOP service fee income amounting to RMB16.1 million (approximately \$\$3.32 million) earned from the BOP outlets in the first 6-month period of FY2021 in FY2021 to comply with the revenue recognition criteria under SFRS(I) 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers. This is due to uncertainty in the collection of amounts outstanding from the BOP outlets.

Revenue for our F&B business in FY2021 was relatively consistent with the revenue for our F&B business in FY2020, with a slight decrease by approximately \$\$0.25 million from \$\$6.21 million in FY2020 to \$\$5.96 million in FY2021. The decrease is mainly due to reduction in royalty income, sales in F&B and rental income from food stalls earned by \$\$0.11 million, \$\$0.05 million and \$\$0.09 million respectively. Although we managed to secure an additional franchisee in FY2021, the franchise fee earned is lower as compared to the franchise fee charged to the previous franchisee after due consideration of several commercial factors. As part of the Group's strategies in reviewing loss making entities, the Group has decided to slow down the F&B operation in certain outlets during FY2021 in order to focus on potential outlets, resulted in lower F&B revenue in FY2021. Decrease in rental income earned from food stalls is mainly due to lower stall rental fee earned from tenants and longer time taken in looking for replacement of tenants due to prolonged impact from COVID-19 pandemic.

#### **COST OF SALES AND GROSS PROFIT**

The main components in the cost of sales are F&B cost, personnel expenses, utilities and amortisation of right-of-use assets, amounting to approximately \$\$2.08 million, \$\$2.11 million, \$\$0.37 million and \$\$0.83 million respectively for the current financial year. Overall, cost of sales decreased by approximately \$\$262,000 or 4%, mainly due to cost saving measures undertaken by the Group which resulted in lower personnel expenses, utilities





and rental expenses incurred during the year. The decrease is also due to lower subcontractors' expenses incurred following the termination of all BOP service agreements and health management service agreement during the year.

Gross profit margin decreased significantly in FY2021, mainly due to the reversal BOP service fee income in FY2021 as discussed earlier.

#### **OTHER INCOME**

Other income decreased by approximately \$\$0.39 million from \$\$1.26 million in FY2020 to \$\$0.87 in FY2021, mainly due to lower receipt of government grants and rental rebates from landlords in the current financial year as compared to these other income received in the previous financial year.

#### **NET IMPAIRMENT LOSS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS**

Net impairment loss on financial assets increased by \$\$6.98 million, mainly due to the allowance for impairment losses made on trade receivables relating to the BOP business.

### **OPERATIONS & FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### **ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES**

Administrative expenses decreased by approximately \$\$1.52 million, mainly due to the absence of stock option expenses in FY2021 (FY2020: \$\$1.2 million) and lower impairment loss on other receivables by \$\$0.50 million. The decrease is partially offset by the increase in fair value loss on investment property amounting to \$\$0.25 million.

#### **FINANCE COSTS**

Finance costs decreased by approximately \$\$73,000, mainly due to progressive repayment of bank loans and lease liabilities during the year.

#### (B) DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Discontinued operations relate to GreatSolutions Pte. Ltd. ("**GreatSolutions**") and its subsidiary, GS Hospitality Services Pte. Ltd. ("**GHS**"), GS Cleaning Services Pte. Ltd. ("**GCS**"), and GS Equipment Supply Pte. Ltd. ("**GES**"), in FY2020. The disposal of GreatSolutions and its subsidiary was completed on 14 January 2020 while the disposal of GCS and GES was completed on 15 July 2020.

In accordance with SFRS(I) 5 Non-Current Assets Held-for-Sale and Discontinued Operations, the results of GreatSolutions and its subsidiary, GCS and GES have been presented separately on the consolidated income statement as Discontinued Operations in FY2020.

#### **FINANCIAL POSITION**

#### **NON-CURRENT ASSETS**

Property, plant and equipment ("PPE") increased by \$\$0.15 million from \$\$1.75 million as at 31 December 2020 to \$\$1.90 million as at 31 December 2021, mainly due to acquisition of PPE and recognition of right-of-use assets by the Group amounting to approximately \$\$89,000 and \$\$988,000 respectively, offset by PPE depreciation charge of \$\$105,000 and amortisation of right-of-use assets of \$\$824,000 during the year.

Investment properties decreased by \$\$0.88 million, mainly due to fair value loss during the year based on the latest valuation report by an independent and qualified valuer. The professional valuer holds a recognised and relevant professional

qualification and has recent experience in the location and category of the investment properties being valued.

Intangible assets decreased by \$\$40,000, mainly due to the amortisation during the year amounting to \$\$62,000 and partially offset by the acquisition of intangible assets amounting to \$\$22,000.

#### **CURRENT ASSETS**

Trade and other receivables decreased by \$\$7.04 million. Decrease of trade receivables by \$\$24.77 million, mainly due to impairment loss of \$\$7.48 million being provided on outstanding BOP service fee and receipt of an amount of RMB100 million (equivalent to approximately \$\$21.21 million) for full settlement of outstanding BOP service fee billed in FY2019 and partial outstanding service fee billed in FY2020.

The increase in other receivables by \$\$17.73 million, is mainly due to reclassification of RMB100 million (equivalent to approximately \$\$21.21 million) from cash and bank balances to other receivables as discussed in Note 17 of the financial statements. The increase in other receivables is partially offset by the settlement of final tranche of purchase consideration owing from GreatSolutions' purchaser amounting to \$\$0.60 million during the year.

There was a reclassification of performance deposits receivable from the BOP outlets amounting to RMB14.00 million (equivalent to approximately \$\$2.97 million) from other receivables to trade receivables during the year upon termination of the BOP service agreements.

Cash and cash equivalent increased by \$\$432,000 during the year. Reasons for the increase are provided below under the Cash Flows section.

#### **NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES**

Non-current loans and borrowings decreased by \$\$260,000, mainly due to progressive repayment of bank loans and lease liabilities during the year. The decrease was partially offset by recognition of lease liabilities and proceeds from new loans during the financial year.

### **OPERATIONS & FINANCIAL REVIEW**

#### **CURRENT LIABILITIES**

Trade and other payables increased by \$\$210,000, mainly due to additional provision for professional fees during the year.

Tax payables increased by \$\$257,000, mainly due to the translation difference during the year.

Current loans and borrowings increased by \$\$797,000, mainly due to recognition of lease liabilities and proceeds from new loans during the year. The increase was partially offset by progressive repayment of bank loans and lease liabilities during the financial year.

#### **EQUITY**

Overall, the Group's total equity decreased by \$\$8.36 million from \$\$31.76 million as at 31 December 2020 to \$\$23.40 million as at 31 December 2021. The decrease was mainly due to the net loss of \$\$10.42 million incurred during the year, partially offset by currency translation differences arising from consolidation of \$\$1.04 million and issuance of new shares amounting to \$\$1.02 million.

#### **CASH FLOWS**

Overall, the Group reported a net increase in cash and cash equivalents of \$\$0.43 million from \$\$5.61 million as at 31 December 2020 to \$\$6.04 million as at 31 December 2021.

The increase was mainly due to the following items:

- (a) Net cash generated from investing activities amounting to \$\$0.46 million.
- (b) Proceeds from bank loans amounting to \$\$2.30 million.
- (c) Proceeds from issuance of new shares amounting to \$\$1.02 million.

The above increase was partially offset by the cash flow used in the following items:

- (a) Repayment of bank loans and lease liabilities amounting to \$\$2.75 million.
- (b) Interest payment amounting to \$\$0.19 million.

#### **OPERATION PERFORMANCE**

#### F&B business

The Group's F&B companies are currently all operating in Singapore. As at 31 December 2021, the Group has seven F&B establishments which include two food courts/coffeeshops, a halal eating house, a famous chicken rice restaurant and three chicken rice food stalls under the "Sing Swee Kee" brand name. During the financial year, there were three chicken rice food stalls which opened in various food courts. Subsequent to the financial year, the halal eating house has been closed.

In FY2021, the Group's F&B business performance was generally still being affected negatively by the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic even though our Singapore government has lifted some of the COVID-19 restrictive measures imposed in FY2020. Nevertheless, the Group has taken several measures during the year to improve the performance of our F&B business and for expansion purposes, such as:-

- (a) Opening of more F&B outlets in food courts and eating places with good location; and
- (b) Entering into joint venture agreements with experienced F&B partners.

As our Singapore government has opened our borders to allow more tourists and visitors from other countries to come to Singapore, coupled with the above measures that the Group has taken, we are cautiously optimistic that our F&B division could perform better in the financial year ending 31 December 2022.

#### **BOP** service business

As announced by the Group on 31 March 2021, 29 July 2021, and 15 August 2021, all the BOP service agreements and health management service agreements with the 14 BOP outlets have been terminated during the year due to commercial reasons, mainly because the businesses of these outlets have been negatively affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the strict restrictive measures taken by the PRC government in curbing the spread of the COVID-19 virus.



Mr Zhang was appointed to our Board on 3 September 2019. He is currently the President, Chief Executive and Director of Jufeel International Group. Mr Zhang is also a director and sole shareholder of Henan Jufeel Technology Group Co. Ltd. ("Henan Jufeel"). The principal activity of Henan Jufeel relates to the development and sale of aloe vera related-health products and beverages. Mr Zhang established China's largest aloe vera planting base in Hainan province and is regarded in China as an expert in the aloe vera industry. Mr Zhang is also an executive director with Luk Hing Entertainment Group Holdings Limited (listed on GEM Board of Hong Kong Exchanges).

Mr Zhang holds a Doctor of Business Administration degree from the Business Institute of Pennsylvania, USA and a Bachelor Degree in accountancy and auditing from the Wuhan University. Mr Zhang is also an undergraduate from the School of Chinese Medical of Nanjing University and he is currently an honorary professor at the School of Pharmaceutical and Life Sciences of Changzhou University, People's Republic of China.



CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr Pang Pok was appointed to the Board on 19 September 2014. He was last re-elected as a Director at the Annual General Meeting on 25 June 2020. Mr Pang Pok is responsible for the Group's overall management, including overseeing its operations, setting directions for new growth areas and developing business strategies. Mr Pang brings with him over 20 years of experience in the F&B industry and has led the expansion and innovation of our business and operations. He has been instrumental in our Group's growth, having founded four out of the five of our Group's companies in 2012, and having served since 1999 as a director on the board of Hawkerway Pte. Ltd.

Mr Pang was awarded the Public Service Medal by the Singapore President's Office in 2011 and the Long Service Award by the People's Association in 2013. He also serves as Vice President of the Hainan Business Club, Honorary Deputy Treasurer of the Yuying Secondary School Management Committee, Vice Chairman of the Qinghai Association (Singapore) and Vice President of the Guang Wu Club.



Mr Chong Eng Wee is our Non-Executive and Lead Independent Director and was appointed to our Board on 10 January 2019. He chairs our Nominating Committee and is a member of our Audit and Risks and Remuneration Committees.

Mr Chong is the Managing Director and heads the Corporate & Capital Markets Practice at Chevalier Law LLC. He is admitted as an Advocate and Solicitor in Singapore, Solicitor of the High Court of Hong Kong, Lawyer of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, Australia, and a Barrister and Solicitor of the High Court of New Zealand.

Prior to founding Chevalier Law LLC, he was a Partner and Head of Corporate at Kennedys Legal Solutions, a joint law venture between Kennedys Law LLP and Legal Solutions LLC. He was also previously the Deputy Head of both the Capital Markets & International China practices of another firm and the Representative for the Shanghai Representative Office of another joint law venture firm.

His areas of practice include capital markets, mergers and acquisitions, private equity, China ("PRC"), banking and finance, corporate and commercial contracts, regulatory compliance, and corporate governance. He has advised issuers, issue managers, underwriters and placement agents, private equity funds, multinational corporations, high net-worth individuals and small and medium enterprises on transactions including initial public offerings ("IPO"), pre-IPO investment, dual listings, reverse takeovers, public takeovers, rights and warrants issues, placement, local and cross border acquisitions and disposals of shares and assets, downstream investment by private equity funds, joint ventures, and corporate restructuring. He has also acted in various cross border transactions with PRC elements, and frequently advises issuers on their regulatory compliance and corporate governance issues. He was ranked as Singapore's Top 40 Most Influential Lawyers aged 40 and under by Singapore Business Review (2015).

Other than his directorship at GS Holdings Limited, Mr Chong is currently the lead independent and non-executive director at Heatec Jietong Holdings Limited (listed on the SGX-ST Catalist Board) and independent and non-executive director of OEL (Holdings) Limited (listed on the SGX-ST Catalist Board). He is also the Company Secretary for China Vanadium Titano-Magnetite Mining Company Limited (listed on the Mainboard of Hong Kong Stock Exchange), LHN Limited (listed on the SGX-ST Catalist Board and the Mainboard of Hong Kong Stock Exchange and LHN Logistics Limited (listed on the SGX-ST Catalist Board), and Joint Company Secretary for Sincap Group Limited (listed on the SGX-ST Catalist Board).



Lim Kee Way Irwin is our Independent Director and was appointed to our Board on 3 May 2019. He is currently the Operating Partner and Chief Financial Officer of Novo Tellus Capital Partners, a private equity firm, focusing on industrial and technology investments. Mr Lim is concurrently the chief financial officer of Novo Tellus Alpha Acquisition ("NTAA"), a SPAC company listed on the mainboard of SGX. Mr Lim also serves as a lead independent director, chairman of the audit committee and member of the nominating committee and remuneration committee for MS Holdings Ltd., which is listed on the Catalist Board of the SGX. Mr Lim is also a director with Inflexion Ventures Private Ltd and a non-executive director with Novoflex Group.

Mr Lim began his career in 1990 as a senior development officer with the Economic Development Board of Singapore. In 1993, he joined Technomic International Inc., a United States headquartered consulting firm specialising in market penetration and investment strategies, initially as an associate and was promoted to senior associate in 1995. Subsequently in 1996, Mr Lim joined Transpac Capital Pte Ltd, a venture capital and private equity firm, as a senior investment manager, responsible for investment and portfolio management in the Asia Region.

In 2000, he joined Murray Johnstone Private Equity as associate director, and later in the same year joined Asiavest Partners, TCW/YFY (S) Private Ltd. as executive director where he headed the firm's investment in the South East Asia region.

Mr Lim joined United Test and Assembly Center Ltd in 2003, as the group vice-president of corporate development, where he helped spearhead the listing of the company in 2004. He subsequently assumed the role of group chief financial officer from 2007 to 2013 where he was responsible for the M&A as well as the financial, treasury, legal, corporate communications and investor relations functions of the group.

Mr Lim holds a Master of Science in Management from the Imperial College, University of London, and a Bachelor of Science in Industrial Engineering from Columbia University in the city of New York.



Mr Chan Chun Kit was appointed as an independent non-executive Director of our Board on 3 May 2019. Mr Chan is a certified public accountant with over 14 years' experience in financial reporting, financial management, corporate governance and audit in several listed companies and professional firm.

Mr Chan is currently a corporate financial consultant for various listed and private entities. Before that, he was the chief financial officer of Sino Grandness Food Industry Group Limited in 2020, listed on the Mainboard of Singapore Stock Exchange (Stock Code: T4B) and is responsible for strategies and tactics planning, implementation, long-range forecasting and control of finance activities. Prior to joining Sino Grandness, he held finance in-charge positions in two other listed companies on the Mainboard of Singapore Stock Exchange for 9 years. From 2018 and 2020, he was the regional financial controller of KTL Global Limited (Stock Code: EB7) and between 2011 to 2018, he has been the chief financial officer and company secretary at China Flexible Packaging Holdings Limited (Stock Code: CFLX). Aside to these positions in these listed companies, he was also engaged as the financial and IPO consultant by several Hong Kong and PRC based companies including Gold Bless International Invest Limited, Country Dragon Group Limited and Hong Kong Carbon Assets Management Limited during the period from 2012 to 2018. Mr Chan began his career by working in an international audit firm as an auditor in 2006 and held supervisory auditing position when he left in 2011.

Mr Chan previously served as an Independent Non-Executive Director (also acting as Audit Committee Chairman) of Universe Printshop Holdings Limited, listed on the GEM Board of Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 8448) from 2017 to 2022. He was also the Independent Non-Executive Director (also the Audit Committee Chairman) of (i) Hua Han Health Industry Holdings Limited, listed on the Mainboard of Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 0587) from 2017 to 2018, (ii) Shenzhen Mingwah Aohan High Technology Corporation Limited listed, listed on the GEM Board of Hong Kong Stock Exchange (Stock Code: 8301) from 2020 to 2021, and; (iii) Raffles Financial Group Limited, listed on the Canadian Securities Exchange from 2020 to 2021.

Mr Chan is a Certified Public Accountant and a member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He is also a Chartered Governance Professional and Chartered Company Secretary, as well as members of The Hong Kong Chartered Governance Institute. He is also a member of the Singapore Institute of Directors. He graduated from the Hong Kong Polytechnic University with a Master's Degree in Corporate Governance and a Bachelor Degree in Accountancy.

Mr. Zhang Rongxuan is the Director seeking re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company to be convened on 19 July 2022 ("AGM") (the "Retiring Director").

Pursuant to Rule 720(5) of the Listing Manual Section B: Rules of Catalist of the SGX-ST, the information relating to the Retiring Director as set out in Appendix 7F to the Listing Manual Section B: Rules of Catalist of the SGX-ST is as follows:

	MR. ZHANG RONGXUAN		
Date of Appointment	3 September 2019		
Date of last re-appointment	25 June 2020		
Age	56		
Country of principal residence	China		
The Board's comments on this appointment (including rationale, selection criteria, board diversity considerations, and the search and nomination process)	The Board of Directors of the Company has considered, among others, the recommendation of the Nominating Committee and has reviewed and considered the contribution and performance, attendance, preparedness, participation, candour and suitability of Mr. Zhang Rongxuan for re-appointment as Non-Independent and Non-Executive Chairman of the Company. The Board has reviewed and concluded that Mr. Zhang Rongxuan possesses the experience, expertise, knowledge and skills to contribute towards the core competencies of the Board.		
Whether appointment is executive, and if so, the area of responsibility	Non-Executive		
Job Title (e.g.) Lead ID, AC Chairman, AC Member etc.)	Non-Independent and Non-Executive Chairman of the Company.		
Professional qualifications	Bachelor Degree in accountancy and auditing from Wuhan University  Doctor of Business Administration degree from the Business Institute of Pennsylvania, USA		
Working experience and occupation(s) during the past 10 years	August 2016 to Present: Chairman of Suzho Yihuotong E-Business Co., Ltd.  September 2012 to Present: Chairman of Hainan Zhongchen Bioengineering Co., Ltd.  August 2011 to Present: Chairman of Kaifeng Jufeel Biological Technology Co., Ltd.		

	MR. ZHANG RONGXUAN		
Shareholding interest in the listed issuer and its subsidiaries	No		
Any relationship (including immediate family relationships) with any existing director, existing executive officer, the issuer and/or substantial shareholder of the listed issuer or of any of its principal subsidiaries.	There are several material contracts entered between the Group and Mr Zhang which were still subsisting at the end of FY2021 in relation to (i) Master Distribution Rights Agreement; (ii) agreements in respect of the appointment of Kaifeng Jufeel as authorised representative; (iii) guarantee agreements; and (iv) agreements in connection with the transfer of the Listed Shares. Please refer to pages 90 to 95 of this Annual Report for further information.		
Conflict of Interest (including any competing business)	No		
Undertaking (in the format set out in Appendix 7H) under Rule 720(1) has been submitted to the listed issuer	Yes		
Other Principal Commitments Including Directorships	Shanghai Jufeel Industrial Co., Ltd.		
Past (for the last 5 years)	2. Henan Longxuan Nano Biological Co., Ltd.		
Present	Within the Group		
	1. Wish Hospitality Holdings Private Limited		
	2. PMAS International Pte. Ltd.		
	Outside the Group		
	Kaifeng Jufeel Biological Technology Co., Ltd.		
	2. Hainan Zhongchen Bioengineering Co., Ltd.		
	3. Suzhou Yihuotong E-Business Co., Ltd.		
	4. Yunnan Weixin Internet Financial Transaction Service Co., Ltd.		
	5. Henan Jufeel Industry Co., Ltd.		
	6. Kaifeng Ivanjin Biotechnology Co., Ltd.		
	7. Henan Jufeel Technology Group Co., Ltd.		
	8. Luk Hing Entertainment Group Holdings Limited		

#### MR. ZHANG RONGXUAN

Disclose the following matters concerning an appointment of director, chief executive officer, chief financial officer, chief operating officer, general manager or other officer of equivalent rank. If the answer to any question is "ves", full details must be given.

ans	wer to any question is "yes", full details must b	e given.
a)	Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or petition under any bankruptcy law of any jurisdiction was filed against him or against a partnership of which he was a partner at the time when he was a partner or any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a partner?	No
b)	Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any law of any jurisdiction was filed against an entity (not being a partnership) of which he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive, at the time when he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity, for the winding up or dissolution of that entity or whether that entity is the trustee of a business trust, that business trust, on the group of insolvency?	No
c)	Whether there is any unsatisfied judgement against him?	No
d)	Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving fraud or dishonesty which is punishable with imprisonment, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such purpose?	No
e)	Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such breach?	No

		MR. ZHANG RONGXUAN
f)	Whether at any time during the last 10 years, judgement has been entered against him in any civil proceedings in Singapore or elsewhere involving a breach of any law of regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or a finding of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part, or he has been the subject of any civil proceedings (including any pending civil proceedings of which he is aware) involving an allegation of fraud, misrepresentation of dishonesty on his part?	No
g)	Whether he has ever been convicted in Singapore or elsewhere of any offence in connection with the formation or management of any entity or business trust?	No
h)	Whether he has ever been disqualified from acting as a director or an equivalent person of any entity (including the trustee of a business trust), or from taking part directly or indirectly in the management of any entity or business trust?	No
i)	Whether he has ever been the subject of any order, judgment or ruling of any court, tribunal or governmental body, permanently or temporarily enjoining him from engaging in any type of business practice or activity?	No
j)	Whether he has ever, to his knowledge, been concerned with the management or conduct, in Singapore or elsewhere, of the affairs of:-  i. any corporation which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing corporations in Singapore or elsewhere; or	No
	ii. any entity (not being a corporation) which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing such entities in Singapore or elsewhere; or	

			MR. ZHANG RONGXUAN
	iii.	any business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing business trusts in Singapore or elsewhere; or	
	iv.	any entity or business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere	
	aris	connection with any matter occurring or ing during that period when he was so cerned with the entity or business trust?	
k)	or por his	ether he has been the subject of any current past investigation or disciplinary proceedings, as been reprimanded or issued any warning, the Monetary Authority of Singapore or other regulatory authority, exchange, fessional body or government agency, ether in Singapore or elsewhere?	No

## **KEY MANAGEMENT**







Mr Chong first joined the Group in March 2018 as the Financial Controller and was promoted to Chief Financial Officer in March 2019. He is responsible for all the financial and accounting functions and corporate matters of the Company and the Group.

Mr Chong has more than 25 years of working experience gained in different industries with various corporations and public listed companies in Singapore and overseas. Mr Chong graduated with a Bachelor of Accountancy degree.

Ms Pang joined the Group as Special Projects Manager in 2015 and was promoted to Director of Operations in June 2018.

As Director of Operations, Ms Pang is responsible for the overall planning, operations management and business development of our Group's food and beverages business. Ms Pang has previous experience in the food and beverage industry, managing a chain of food kiosks.

Ms Pang graduated with a Bachelor of Social Sciences from National University of Singapore and holds a Masters of Social Sciences in Professional Counselling from Swinburne of Technology Australia.

Mr Fu is the Group's General Manager (BOP) and he is responsible for managing the operations team and overseeing the daily operations of Wish Hospitality's business activities in China. In addition, Mr Fu's role include planning, management and formulating policies in the area of branding, operations, procurement, recruitment and training to better serve our customers and meet their business objectives.

Before joining the Company, Mr. Fu operated several other China-based businesses in health care, security, electrical appliances, beverages and other industries. Mr. Fu has also a wealth of experience in managing large scale operations, business negotiations, long term market planning, developing sales networks, and strategic positioning through media.

Mr Fu graduated with a Master of Business Administration degree from the Malaysian University of Science and Technology.

## CORPORATE INFORMATION

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

#### **ZHANG RONGXUAN**

Non-Independent and Non-Executive Chairman

#### **PANG POK**

Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer

#### **CHONG ENG WEE**

Lead Independent Director

#### LIM KEE WAY IRWIN

Independent Director

#### **CHAN CHUN KIT**

Independent Director

#### **AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE**

LIM KEE WAY IRWIN (Chairman) **CHONG ENG WEE CHAN CHUN KIT** 

#### NOMINATING COMMITTEE

**CHONG ENG WEE** (Chairman) LIM KEE WAY IRWIN CHAN CHUN KIT

#### **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

**CHAN CHUN KIT** (Chairman) **LIM KEE WAY IRWIN CHONG ENG WEE** 

#### **COMPANY SECRETARY**

**LEE YI HAN** 

#### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

680 Upper Thomson Road #02-01 Singapore 787103

#### PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS

680 Upper Thomson Road #02-01 Singapore 787103

#### SHARE REGISTRAR AND SHARE PRINCIPAL BANKERS TRANSFER OFFICE

#### IN.CORP CORPORATE SERVICES PTE. LTD.

30 Cecil Street #19-08 Prudential Tower Singapore 049712

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**

#### **MOORE STEPHENS LLP**

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants 10 Anson Road #29-15 International Plaza Singapore 079903

#### Partner-in-charge: Mr Ng Chiou Gee Willy

(Date of appointment: Since financial year ended 31 December 2021)

#### **DBS BANK LTD.**

12 Marina Boulevard Tower 3 Marina Bay Financial Centre Singapore 018982

#### **UNITED OVERSEAS BANK** LIMITED

80 Raffles Place UOB Plaza Singapore 048624

#### **SPONSOR**

#### **UOB KAY HIAN PRIVATE LIMITED**

8 Anthony Road #01-01 Singapore 229957

## DISCLOSURE TABLE FOR ANNUAL REPORT IN COMPLIANCE TO THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 2018 AND THE CATALIST RULES

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of GS Holdings Limited (the "Company" and together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance and places importance on its corporate governance processes and systems so as to ensure greater transparency, accountability and maximisation of long-term shareholder value.

This corporate governance report, set out in tabular form, outlines the Company's corporate governance structures and practices that were in place during the financial year ended 31 December 2021 ("**FY2021**"), with specific reference made to the principles and provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance issued in August 2018 (the "Code").

The Board and the Management of the Company (the "Management") have taken steps to align the corporate governance framework of the Company with the principles of the Code, and where there are deviations from the provisions in the Code, appropriate explanations are provided.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
BOARD MATT	ERS	
The Board's	Conduct of Affairs	
Principle 1	The company is headed by an effective Board which is collectively responsible and works with Management for the long-term success of the company.	The Company is headed by an effective Board, which is collectively responsible and works with the Management for the long-term success of the Company. Please refer to Provisions 1.1 to 1.7 below for more details and instances of the Company's compliance with this principle.

Provisions/ Principles/				
Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation		
Provision 1.1	Directors are fiduciaries who act objectively in the best interests of the company	of the Company as at the date of this statement are:  Table 1.1 - Composition of the Board(1)		
	and hold Management accountable for			
	performance. The Board puts	Name of Director	Designation	
	in place a code of conduct and ethics, sets appropriate	Pang Pok	Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director	
	tone-from-the-top and desired organisational culture, and ensures proper accountability	Zhang Rongxuan	Non-Independent and Non-Executive Chairman	
	within the company. Directors	Chong Eng Wee	Lead Independent Director	
	facing conflicts of interest recuse themselves from	Lim Kee Way Irwin	Independent Director	
	discussions and decisions	Chan Chun Kit <sup>(2)</sup>	Independent Director	
		Non-Independent I 11 February 2021.  (2) Mr. Chan Chun Kit as an Independent Meeting. He will stel the Remuneration C Audit and Risk Com	eng resigned as a Non-Executive and Director of the Company with effect from will not be seeking re-election and will retire Director at the close of the Annual General of down from his position as the Chairman of Committee and as a member of each of the mittee and Nominating Committee.	
		the Company, with the fundamental principle to ac in the best interests of the Company. In addition to it statutory duties, the Board's principle functions are:  (a) supervising the overall management of the		
		the Group's co and direction;	ffairs of the Group and approving proporate and strategic objectives	
		adequacy of ir financial report	e process for evaluating the nternal control, risk management, ing and compliance;	
			performance of Management and cession planning for Management;	

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		(d) setting the Company's value and standards, and ensure that obligations to shareholders of the Company (" <b>Shareholders</b> ") and other stakeholders are understood and met; and
		(e) providing overall corporate governance of the Company.
		All Directors exercise due diligence and independent judgment in dealing with the business affairs of the Group and are obliged to act in good faith and to make objective decisions in the interests of the Group.
		All Directors are required to disclose their business interests and any potential or actual conflicts of interest that they are aware of, or as soon as such conflicts become apparent. In any situation that involves a conflict of interest between any Director and the Company, such Director shall recuse himself or herself from participating in any discussion and decision on the matter.

Provisions/ Principles/		
Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 1.2	Directors understand the company's business as well as their directorship duties (including their roles as executive, non-executive and independent directors). Directors are provided with opportunities to develop and maintain their skills and	The Company ensures that incoming new Directors are provided with a formal letter of appointment setting out their duties and obligations. They are given guidance and orientation, including onsite visits to get them familiarised with the Group's businesses, organisation structure, corporate strategies and policies and corporate governance practices upon their appointment and to facilitate the effective discharge of their individual duties.
	knowledge at the company's expense. The induction, training and development provided to new and existing directors are disclosed in the company's annual report.	New Directors who do not have prior experience as a director of a public listed company in Singapore will attend training courses organised by the Singapore Institute of Directors ("SID") or other training institutions in areas such as accounting, legal and industry-specific knowledge, where appropriate, in connection with their duties and at the Company's expense. No new Director has been appointed to the Board in FY2021.
		Directors are updated regularly on any new developments or changes in applicable regulatory, legal and accounting frameworks that are of relevance to the Group during Board meetings or via electronic mail, and through participation in training courses, seminars and workshops at the Company's expense.
		New releases issued by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST") and Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA") which are relevant to the Directors are circulated to the Board. Directors are also informed of upcoming conferences and seminars relevant to their roles as directors of the Company.
		The Board is briefed by the External Auditors (the "EA") on recent changes and amendments to the accounting standards, including amendments to the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards, and receives regulatory updates from time to time.
		The Chief Executive Officer (the "CEO") updates the Board at each meeting on the business and strategic developments of the Group.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation		
Provision 1.3	The Board decides on matters that require its approval and clearly communicates this	Matters that require the Board's approval, as decided by the Board, include, amongst others, the following:		
	to Management in writing.  Matters requiring board	(a) approval of the Group's strategic objectives;		
	approval are disclosed in the company's annual report.	<ul><li>(b) changes relating to the Group's capital structure, including reduction of capital, share issues and share buy backs;</li></ul>		
		<ul><li>(c) major changes to the Group's corporate structure, including, but not limited to acquisitions and disposals;</li></ul>		
		(d) approval of the interim and full year's results announcements and release of annual reports;		
		<ul> <li>(e) approval of the dividend policy, declaration of the interim dividend and recommendation of the final dividend;</li> </ul>		
		(f) approval of material investments, divestments or capital expenditure;		
		(g) approval of resolutions and corresponding documentation to be put forward to Shareholders at a general meeting, including approval of all circulars, prospectuses, etc; and		
		(h) any decision likely to have a material impact on the Group from any perspective, including, but not limited to, financial, operational, strategic or reputational matters.		

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Co	mpany's Comp	oliance or Exp	lanation
Provision 1.4	Board committees, including Executive Committees (if any), are formed with clear written terms of reference setting out their compositions, authorities and duties, including reporting back to the Board. The names of the committee members, the terms of reference, any delegation of the Board's	Board Committees, namely the Audit and Risk Committee (the "ARC"), the Remuneration Committee (the "RC"), and the Nominating Committee (the "NC") (collectively, the "Board Committees") have been constituted to assist the Board in the discharge of its responsibilities and each report back to the Board. The duties, authorities and responsibilities of each committee are set out in their respective terms of reference, which are reviewed on a regular basis to ensure their continued relevance.  The composition of each Board Committee is as follows:			
	authority to make decisions,	Table 1.4 -	Composition of Bo	ard Committees(1)	
	and a summary of each		ARC	NC	RC
	committee's activities, are	Chairman	Lim Kee Way Irwin	Chong Eng Wee	Chan Chun Kit <sup>(2)</sup>
	disclosed in the company's annual report.	Member	Chan Chun Kit <sup>(2)</sup>	Chan Chun Kit <sup>(2)</sup>	Chong Eng Wee
		Member	Chong Eng Wee	Lim Kee Way Irwin	Lim Kee Way Irwin
		<ul> <li>Note: <ol> <li>Mr. Liu Changsheng, who was previously a member of the ARC, the NC and the RC, resigned as Non-Executive and Non-Independent Director of the Company with effect from 11 February 2021.</li> <li>Mr. Chan Chun Kit will not be seeking re-election and will retire as an Independent Director at the close of the annual general meeting to be held on 19 July 2022 (the "AGM"). He will step down from his position as the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and as a member of each of the Audit and Risk Committee and Nominating Committee.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>			
		the AGM members the minin endeavou but in ar Informatic terms of redelegatio	to be held on in each of the anum number of the variety of the total the variety on the ARC, reference, summent to them by the can be found	19 July 2022, ARC, RC and Not three. The Cancy within thater than three RC, and NC, thates of their active Board of its desired.	the number of C will fall below Company shall wo (2) months e (3) months. Their respective ctivities and any ecision-making ent sections of

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Coi	mpan	y's C	ompli	ance	or Ex	planc	ıtion	
Provision 1.5	Directors attend and actively participate in Board and board committee meetings. The number of such meetings and each individual director's attendances at such meetings are disclosed in the company's annual report. Directors with multiple board representations ensure that sufficient time and attention are given to the affairs of each company.	The Board required the which may allows for communication not possib. Board can board and through of the Board and through of the Board and through advisories of Board of attendance as follows.	pany mee cation le, time le al Boar roular all mer all amid and Boar amid and Boar ee of e	dress e. 's co tings equip ely co chieve d Con ting re t four neans mmur st the pard C	any onstitute to be communited through the control of the control	ition e held . Whe nication cough ees mo ions. times video on, in D-19 p	(the distribution of the distribution with a phonoment of the distribution of the dist	"Con ugh a nysica h men ronic i o mak (2021 erenc with g mic. I	int mastitutation of the numbers of	atters  tion") visua ting is of the s. The cisions  erson other umber and the
		Table 1.5 - Attendance of Directors at Company Meetings								
			Во	ard	A	RC	N	С	R	С
		Name of Director	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended
		Zhang Rongxuan	4	3	4	-	1	-	1	-
		Pang Pok	4	4	4	-	1	-	1	-
		Chong Eng Wee	4	3	4	4	1	0	1	0
		Chan Chun Kit	4	4	4	4	1	1	1	1
			4	4	4	4	1	1	1	1

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 1.6	Management provides directors with complete, adequate and timely information prior to meetings and on an on-going basis to enable them to make informed decisions and discharge their duties and responsibilities.	Provision of information on an on-going basis  Management provides the Board with relevant, complete, adequate and accurate information in a timely manner relating to matters to be brought before the Board on an on-going basis. Management ensures that the Company Secretary is provided with the relevant board papers to be circulated to the Board from time to time or to be submitted at Board meetings. Board papers adhere to a standard format which includes background information, issues for deliberation, and risk mitigation measures.  Provision of information prior to meetings  To give Directors sufficient time to prepare for Board and Board Committee meetings, the agenda and board papers are circulated by the Company Secretary to the Board at least one week before the relevant meeting. Directors can access these materials via their personal computers, laptops, smartphones and other mobile devices prior to, during and after meetings. Hard copies of these materials are also distributed to the Directors at the meetings. Members of Management who prepared the Board papers and can provide additional insight into matters at hand would be present at the relevant meeting.  At the Board meetings, the Management provides the Board with quarterly reports on the Group's financial and business performance, and such explanation and information as the Board may require, to enable the Board to make a balanced and informed assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects. The Board is also apprised of any significant developments
		on business initiatives, industry developments and regulatory updates.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 1.7	Directors have separate and independent access to Management, the company secretary, and external advisers (where necessary) at the company's expense. The appointment and removal of the company secretary is a decision of the Board as a whole.	Mr. Chong Eng Wee, the Lead Independent Director, is the managing director of Chevalier Law LLC, which provides corporate secretarial services on a retainer basis and certain legal services to the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the Directors, whether individually or collectively, require independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties, the Company Secretary may assist in appointing a professional advisor to render the advice and keep the Board informed of such advice. The cost of obtaining such professional advice will be borne by the Company. The Directors have non-restricted access to Management.  The appointment and the removal of the Company Secretary is subject to the approval of the Board as a whole. As announced by the Company on 22 November 2021 and as decided collectively by the Board, Ms Lee Yi Han was appointed as the Company Secretary in place of Ms Ong Le Jing with effect on and from
Roard Comp	osition and Guidance	22 November 2021.
Principle 2	The Board has an appropriate	The Board considers that it has an appropriate level of
Timopie z	level of independence and diversity of thought and background in its composition to enable it to make decisions in the best interests of the company.	independence and diversity of thought and background in its composition to enable it to make decisions in the best interests of the Company. Please refer to Provisions 2.1 to 2.5 below for more details and instances of the Company's compliance with such principle.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 2.1	An "independent" director is one who is independent in conduct, character and judgement, and has no relationship with the company, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders or its officers that could interfere, or be reasonably perceived to interfere, with the exercise of the director's independent business judgement in the best interests of the company.	The Board consists of five (5) members, four (4) of whom are Non-Executive Directors, and of the four (4) Non-executive Directors, three (3) of them are Independent Directors.  As such, the majority of the Board consists of Non-Executive Directors, and more than half of the Board consists of Independent Directors. Notwithstanding the foregoing, as Mr. Chan Chun Kit is retiring and will not be seeking re-election at the AGM to be held on 19 July 2022, to ensure that Independent Directors continue to make up a majority of the Board, the Company shall endeavour to appoint a new Independent Director as soon as practicable. Please refer to Provision 4.4 below for more information on the NC's determination of the independence of the Independent Directors.
Provision 2.2	Independent directors make up a majority of the Board where the Chairman is not independent.	In view that Mr. Zhang Rongxuan, the Chairman of the Board, is not an independent director, the Board comprises a majority of three (3) Independent Directors (out of a five (5) member Board) who are Independent Directors. However, as Mr. Chan Chun Kit will be retiring and will not be seeking re-election at the AGM to be held on 19 July 2022, to ensure that Independent Directors continue to make up a majority of the Board, the Company shall endeavour to appoint a new Independent Director as soon as practicable.
Provision 2.3	Non-executive directors make up a majority of the Board.	The Board consists of a majority of four (4) Non-Executive Directors (out of a five (5) member Board).

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 2.4	The Board and board committees are of an appropriate size, and comprise directors who as a group provide the appropriate balance and mix of skills, knowledge, experience, and other aspects of diversity such as gender and age, so as to avoid groupthink and foster constructive debate.	The Board has adopted the following steps to maintain or enhance its balance and diversity:  (a) Annual review by the NC to assess if the existing attributes and core competencies of the Board are complementary to enhance the efficacy of the Board; and  (b) Annual evaluation by the Directors of the skill sets the other Directors possess, with a view to understand the range of expertise which is lacking
	The board diversity policy and progress made towards implementing the board diversity policy, including objectives, are disclosed in the company's annual report.	by the Board.  The NC will consider the results of the above review and evaluation in its recommendation for the appointment of new directors and/or the re-appointment of incumbent Directors.
		Taking into account the nature and scope of the Group's business, in concurrence with the NC, the Board believes that the current size of the Board and Board Committees is appropriate and that the composition of the Board and Board Committees (as set out in Tables 1.1 and 1.4 above) provide sufficient diversity without interfering with efficient decision making.
		The Board's primary consideration in identifying Directors' nominees is to have an appropriate mix of members with core competencies such as accounting and finance, business acumen, management experience, industry knowledge, strategic planning experience, customer-based knowledge, familiarity with regulatory requirements and knowledge of risk management.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation			
		The current Board composit skills, experience and knowl follows:		-	
		Table 2.4 - Balance and Di	versity of the	Board	
			Number of Directors	Proportion of Board (%)	
		Core Competencies			
		- Accounting or finance	2	40	
		- Business management	5	100	
		- Legal or corporate governance	3	60	
		- Relevant industry knowledge or experience	3	60	
		- Strategic planning experience	5	100	
		- Customer based experience or knowledge	2	40	
		Gender			
		- Male	5	100	
		- Female	0	0	

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 2.5	Non-executive directors and/ or independent directors, led by the independent Chairman or other independent director as appropriate, meet regularly without the presence of Management. The chairman of such meetings provides feedback to the Board and/	The Non-Executive Directors discuss and/or meet as often as is needed, based on the Group's needs from time to time, without the presence of the Management to discuss matters such as the Group's financial performance, corporate governance initiatives, board processes, succession planning as well as leadership development and the remuneration of the Executive Directors.
	or Chairman as appropriate.	The Non-Executive Directors had held periodic conference calls and/or meetings in the absence of key management personnel in FY2021. In FY2021, such meetings were conducted through means of video conference or other forms of telecommunication.
Chairman ar	nd Chief Executive Officer	
Principle 3	There is a clear division of responsibilities between the leadership of the Board and Management, and no one individual has unfettered powers of decision-making.	The Board is of the view that there is a clear division of responsibilities between the leadership of the Board and the Management, and no one individual has unfettered powers of decision-making. Please refer to Provisions 3.1 to 3.3 below for more details and instances of the Company's compliance with such principle.
Provision 3.1	The Chairman and the CEO are separate persons to ensure an appropriate balance of power, increased accountability, and greater capacity of the Board for independent decision making.	Mr. Pang Pok is the Executive Director and CEO of the Company, and Mr. Zhang Rongxuan is the Non-Executive Chairman of the Company. Accordingly, in FY2021, the position of Chairman and the CEO were held by two separate persons in order to maintain effective checks and balances. This promotes greater accountability from Management and allows the Board to exercise its independence in its oversight of and deliberations with Management.

Provisions/					
Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation			
Provision 3.2	The Board establishes and sets out in writing the division of responsibilities between the Chairman and the CEO.	There is a clear separation of the roles and responsibilities between the Chairman and the CEO. The Non-Executive Chairman, Mr. Zhang Rongxuan, provides strategic advice and guidance and taps on his network and connections in facilitating the growth of the Group's business. The CEO and Executive Director, Mr. Pang Pok, is responsible for the Group's overall management, including overseeing the Group's operations, setting directions for new growth areas and developing business strategies. The Chairman and CEO are not related.			
Provision 3.3	The Board has a lead independent director to provide leadership in situations where the Chairman is conflicted, and especially when the Chairman is not independent. The lead independent director is available to shareholders where they have concerns and for which contact through the normal channels of communication with the Chairman or Management are inappropriate or inadequate.	Mr. Chong Eng Wee is the Lead Independent Director of the Company. As the Lead Independent Director, he is available to the Shareholders where they have concerns relating to matters which contact through normal channels via the Chairman, CEO or the Management has failed to resolve or for which such contact is inappropriate or inadequate, as well as at any general meeting of the Company (in the event such general meeting is to be held physically).			
Board Memb	Board Membership				
Principle 4	The Board has a formal and transparent process for the appointment and reappointment of directors, taking into account the need for progressive renewal of the Board.	The Board is of the view that it has a formal and transparent process for the appointment and reappointment of Directors, taking into account the need for progressive renewal of the Board. Please refer to Provisions 4.1 to 4.5 below for more details and instances of the Company's compliance with such principle.			

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
	Code Description  The Board establishes a NC to make recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to:  (a) the review of succession plans for directors, in particular the appointment and/or replacement of the Chairman, the CEO and key management personnel;  (b) the process and criteria for evaluation of the performance of the Board, its board committees and directors;  (c) the review of training and professional development for the Board and its directors; and  (d) the appointment and re-appointment of directors (including alternate directors, if any).	Company's Compliance or Explanation  The Board has established the NC, which holds at least one (1) meeting in each financial year.  The NC is guided by the key terms of reference as follows:  (a) making recommendations to the Board on relevant matters relating to:  i. the review of succession plans for directors, CEO and key management personnel;  ii. the process and criteria for evaluation of the performance of the Board, its Board Committees and directors;  iii. the review of training and professional development programmes for the Board to keep the Board apprised of relevant new laws, regulations and changing commercial risks;  iv. the appointment of directors. The NC shall (a) consider candidates from a wide range of background, (b) evaluate the candidates against objective criteria in relation to the needs of the Board, whether the candidate(s) will add diversity to the Board and whether they are likely to have adequate time to discharge their duties, (c) consider the composition and progressive renewal of the Board or Board Committees, and (d) if necessary, appoint an independent third party to source and screen candidates; and  v. the removal, re-appointment, or re-election of directors in accordance with the Company's
		Constitution, taking into account the director's performance, commitment and his or her ability to continue contributing to the Board;

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description		Company's Compliance or Explanation
		(b)	review on an annual basis, and as and when circumstances require, whether a director of the Company is independent having regard to the circumstances set forth in Rule 406(3)(d) of the Catalist Rules and Provision 2.1 of the Code and any other salient factors;
		(c)	decide if a director is able to and has been adequately carrying his duties as a Director of the Company. In respect of any director with multiple board representations, the NC will review and assess whether or not such director is able to and has been adequately carrying out his duties as a director of the Company, having regard to the competing time commitments that are faced by the director when serving on multiple boards and discharging his duties towards other principal commitments; and
		(d)	if an external facilitator has been used in assessing the effectiveness of the Board, its Board Committees and individual directors, the NC is to ensure that existing relationships, if any, between the Company and its appointed facilitator will not affect the independence and objectivity of the facilitator.
Provision 4.2	The NC comprises at least three directors, the majority		rently, the NC comprises of three (3) Directors, all of om are Independent Directors, as follows:
	of whom, including the NC Chairman, are independent. The lead independent director, if any, is a member of the NC.	(a)	Mr. Chong Eng Wee (Lead Independent Director);
		(b)	Mr. Chan Chun Kit (Independent Director); and
	of the NC.	, ,	Mr. Lim Kee Way Irwin (Independent Director).
			chairman of the NC is Mr. Chong Eng Wee, who is Lead Independent Director.
		the mer of t	riew of the retirement of Mr. Chan Chun Kit at AGM to be held on 19 July 2022, the number of mbers in the NC will fall below the minimum number hree. The Company shall endeavour to fill the ancy within two (2) months but in any event not later in three (3) months.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description		Company's Cor	npliance or Explanation	
Provision 4.3 The company discloses the process for the selection, appointment and reappointment of directors to the Board, including the criteria used to identify and evaluate potential new directors and channels used in searching for appropriate candidates in the company's annual report.	' '	Table 4.3(a) - Process for the Selection and Appointment of New Directors			
	1.	Determination of selection criteria	The NC, in consultation with the Board, would identify the current needs of the Board in terms of expertise and skills that are required in the context of the strengths and weaknesses of the existing Board to complement and strengthen the Board.		
		2.	Search for suitable candidates	The NC would consider candidates proposed by the Directors, key management personnel or substantial Shareholders and may engage external search consultants where necessary.	
		3.	Assessment of shortlisted candidates	The NC would meet and interview the shortlisted candidates to assess their suitability.	
		4.	Appointment of director	The NC would recommend the selected candidate to the Board for consideration and approval. The Board is also advised by the Sponsor on the appointment of directors as required under Catalist Rule 226(2)(d).	

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	1 1		mpliance or Explanation  cess for the Re-election of
		1.	Assessment of directors	<ul> <li>The NC would assess the contributions and performance of the Directors in accordance with the performance criteria set by the Board; and</li> <li>The NC would also review the range of expertise, skills and attributes of current Board members and consider the current needs of the Board.</li> </ul>
		2.	Re-appointment of directors	Subject to the NC's satisfactory assessment, the NC would recommend the proposed re-appointment of the relevant Director to the Board for its consideration and approval.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		All Directors submit themselves for re-nomination and re-appointment at regular intervals of at least once every three years. Article 113 of the Company's Constitution provides that one-third of the Directors (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not lesser than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation and be eligible for re-election at the Company's Annual General Meeting ("AGM"). According to Article 113, Mr. Zhang Rongxuan and Mr. Chan Chun Kit will be retiring at the Company's forthcoming AGM. Notwithstanding that both Mr. Zhang Rongxuan and Mr. Chan Chun Kit are eligible for re-election, only Mr. Zhang Rongxuan will be seeking re-election at the forthcoming AGM.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		• In making the recommendation for the re-appointment of Mr. Zhang Rongxuan, the NC had considered, among others, his overall performance and contribution to the Board, as well as his level of participation in discussions, with reference to the results of the assessment of his performance. Further, the NC is of the view that Mr. Zhang Rongxuan possesses the experience, expertise, knowledge and skills to contribute effectively towards the core competencies and the diversity in skills and experience of the Board. Please refer to pages 13 to pages 17 of this Annual Report for more information relating to Mr. Zhang Rongxuan, including his professional qualifications and working experience.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Rules	Code Description	Mr. Zhang Rongxuan will, upon re-election as a Director, remain as the Non-Independent and Non-Executive Chairman.  The key information of the Directors are set out on pages 9 to 12 of this Annual Report. The shareholdings of the individual Directors of the Company are set out on page 111 of this Annual
		Report. None of the Directors holds shares in the subsidiaries of the Company. The Director who is seeking re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM to be held on 19 July 2022 are stated in the Notice of AGM set out on pages 226 to 233
		of this Annual Report.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 4.4	The NC determines annually, and as and when circumstances require, if a director is independent, having regard to the circumstances set forth in Provision 2.1. Directors disclose their relationships with the company, its related corporations, its substantial shareholders or its officers, if any, which may affect their independence, to the Board. If the Board, having taken into account the views of the NC, determines that such directors are independent notwithstanding the existence of such relationships, the company discloses the relationships and its reasons in its annual report.	The independence of each Director is assessed and reviewed annually by the NC in accordance with a criterion based on the guidelines stated in the Code, in particular, the NC undertakes rigorous review on the continued independence of any Independent Director who has served for more than nine (9) years from the date of their first appointment. Further, the Company will comply with Catalist Rule 406(3)(d)(iii), which came into effect on 1 January 2022, by ensuring that the continued appointment of any Independent Director who has been a Director for an aggregate period of more than nine (9) years will be sought and approved in separate resolutions by (a) all Shareholders, and (b) Shareholders, excluding the Directors and the CEO of the Company, and associates of such Directors and the CEO. Currently, none of the Independent Directors on the Board has served for a period exceeding nine years from the date of his first appointment.  The Board considers an "Independent" Director as one who has no relationship with the Company, its related corporations, its 5% Shareholders or its officers that could interfere or be reasonably perceived to interfere, with the exercise of the Director's independent business judgment with a view to the best interests of the Company.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		The Independent Directors, Mr. Chong Eng Wee, Mr. Lim Kee Way Irwin and Mr. Chan Chun Kit have confirmed their independence in accordance with the Code. The NC considers Mr. Chong Eng Wee, who is the managing director of Chevalier Law LLC, to be independent, notwithstanding the relationship between the Company and Chevalier Law LLC in respect of the provision of corporate secretarial services on a retainer basis and certain legal services by Chevalier Law LLC to the Company. The total fees, including ad-hoc services for FY2021 and aggregated over any financial year payable from the Company to Chevalier Law LLC did not exceed \$\$200,000, pursuant to Practice Guidance 2 of the Code.
		The Independent Directors do not have any relationship as stated in the Code that would otherwise deem any of them not to be independent.
		For the reasons above, the Board, having taken into account and concurring with the views of the NC, has determined that the Independent Directors remained independent in character and judgment and that there were no relationships or circumstances which are likely to affect, or could appear to affect, the Independent Directors' judgement.

Provisions/ Principles/		
Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 4.5	The NC ensures that new directors are aware of their duties and obligations. The NC also decides if a director is able to and has been adequately carrying out his or her duties as a director of the company. The company discloses in its annual report the listed company directorships and principal commitment of each director, and where a director holds a significant number of such directorships and commitments, it provides the NC's and Board's reasoned assessment of the ability of the director to diligently discharge his or her duties.	The NC is of the view that the effectiveness of each of the Directors is best assessed by a qualitative assessment of the Director's contributions, after taking into account his other listed company board directorships and other principal commitments, and not guided by a numerical limit. Where a Director has multiple board representations, the NC will evaluate whether or not the Director is able to carry out and has been adequately carrying out his/her duties as a Director of the Company, taking into consideration time and resources allocated to the affairs of the Company. The NC is of the view that all the Directors are able to devote themselves to the Company's affairs, notwithstanding their other commitments.  The Board also notes that as at the date of this report, none of the Directors holds more than three (3) board representations in listed companies. The considerations in assessing the capacity of Directors include the following:  (a) Expected and/or competing time commitments of Directors;  (b) Geographical location of Directors;  (c) Size and composition of the Board; and  (d) Nature and scope of the Group's operations and size.  The NC has reviewed the time spent and attention given by each of the Directors to the Company's affairs, taking into account the multiple directorships and other principal commitments of each of the Directors (if any), and is satisfied that all Directors have discharged their duties adequately for FY2021.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Comp	any's Compliance or	Explanation
<b>Board Perfor</b>	mance			
Principle 5	The Board undertakes a formal annual assessment of its effectiveness as a whole, and that of each of its board committees and individual directors.	of its effective committees Provisions 5.1	s undertaken a forma eness as a whole, an and individual Direct to 5.2 below for more c any's compliance with	d each of its board ors. Please refer to details and instances
Provision 5.1 The NC recommends for the Board's approval the objective performance criteria and process for the evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, and of each board committee separately, as well as the contribution by the Chairman	as recomme Board, to be of the Board and for asse and Chairma financial year	elow sets out the pended by the NC and relied upon to evaluate as a whole and its essing the contribution to the effectiveness or ending 31 December	d approved by the ate the effectiveness Board Committees, n by each Director of the Board for the	
	and each individual director to the Board.	Performance	Board and	Individual
		Qualitative	<ol> <li>Size and composition</li> <li>Conduct of Meetings</li> <li>Access to information</li> <li>Board processes and accountability</li> <li>Strategic planning</li> <li>Risk management and Internal Control</li> <li>CEO Performance/ Succession Planning</li> <li>Compensation</li> <li>Communication</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Commitment of time</li> <li>Candor</li> <li>Participation</li> <li>Knowledge and abilities</li> <li>Teamwork</li> <li>Independence</li> <li>Overall effectiveness</li> </ol>
		Quantitative	with Shareholders  1. Measuring and monitoring performance 2. Financial Reporting	Attendance at     Board and Board     Committees     meetings

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 5.2	The company discloses in its annual report how the assessments of the Board, its board committees and each director have been conducted, including the identity of any external facilitator and its connection, if any, with the company or any of its directors.	The NC conducts an annual assessment to evaluate the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, its Board Committees and the contribution of each individual Director to the effectiveness of the Board. In this regard, the Directors are required to complete evaluation questionnaires in respect of their individual performance, the effectiveness and performance of the Board as a whole and of each board committee (which such Director is a member of). The NC then reviews the results of the foregoing evaluation questionnaires and identifies any areas for improvement.  The Board has not engaged any external facilitator to conduct an assessment of the performance of the Board, the Board Committees and each individual Director. Where relevant and when the need arises, the NC will consider such an engagement.
REMUNERATIO	ON MATTERS	
Procedures f	or Developing Remuneration P	Policies
Principle 6	The Board has a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on director and executive remuneration, and for fixing the remuneration packages of individual directors and key management personnel. No director is involved in deciding his or her own remuneration.	The Board is of the view that it has a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on the remuneration of Directors and executives and for fixing the remuneration packages of individual Directors and key management personnel. No Director is involved in deciding his own remuneration. Please refer to Provisions 6.1 to 6.4 below for more details and instances of the Company's compliance with such principle.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 6.1	The Board establishes a Remuneration Committee to review and make	The Board has established the RC, which is guided by key terms of reference as follows:
	recommendations to the Board on:	(a) to review and recommend to the Board a general framework of remuneration for the directors and key management personnel;
	(a) a framework of remuneration for the Board and key management personnel; and	(b) to monitor the level and structure of remuneration for directors and key management personnel relative to the internal and external peers and competitors;
	(b) the specific remuneration packages for each director as well as for the key management personnel.	(c) to review the on-going appropriateness and relevance of the Company's remuneration policy and other benefit programs including the terms of renewal for those executive directors whose current employment contracts will expire or have expired;
		(d) to review and recommend to the Board the specific remuneration packages and services contracts for each director and key management personnel (including directors' fees, salaries, allowances, bonuses, options, benefits-in-kind, payments, retirement rights, stock options, share-based incentives, severance packages and service contracts) having regard to the executive remuneration policies of the Company;
		(e) to review the Company's obligations arising in the event of termination of the executive directors' and key management personnel's contracts of service, to ensure that such contracts of service contain fair and reasonable termination clauses which are not overly generous;

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description		Company's Compliance or Explanation
		(f)	to seek expert advice inside the Company and/or outside professional advice on remuneration practices, and the RC is to ensure that existing relationships, if any, between the Company and its appointed consultants will not affect the independence and objectivity of the consultants;
		(9)	to review the remuneration of employees who are related to any of the directors or any substantial Shareholder of the Company to ensure that their remuneration packages are in line with the staff remuneration guideline and commensurate with their respective job scopes and level of responsibilities; and
		(h)	to review the design of all long-term and short-term incentive plans.
Provision 6.2	The RC comprises at least three directors. All members		RC comprises of three (3) Directors, all of whom are ependent Directors, as follows:
	of the RC are non-executive directors, the majority of whom, including the RC	(a)	Mr. Chong Eng Wee (Lead Independent Director);
	Chairman, are independent.	(b)	Mr. Chan Chun Kit (Independent Director); and
		(c)	Mr. Lim Kee Way Irwin (Independent Director).
		an I Mr. 2022 the endo but Boar	chairman of the RC is Mr. Chan Chun Kit, who is independent Director. In view of the retirement of Chan Chun Kit at the AGM to be held on 19 July 2, the number of members in the RC will fall below minimum number of three. The Company shall eavour to fill the vacancy within two (2) months in any event not later than three (3) months. The rd shall also appoint a new RC chairman as soon practicable.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 6.3	The RC considers all aspects of remuneration, including termination terms, to ensure they are fair.	The RC reviews the Company's obligations arising in the event of termination under the contracts of service of the Executive Directors and key management personnel to ensure that such contracts of service contain fair and reasonable termination clauses which are not overly generous; and if necessary, will seek expert advice from within the Company and/or external professional advice on the remuneration of all Directors and to ensure that existing relationships, if any, between the Company and its appointed consultants will not affect the independence and objectivity of the consultants.
Provision 6.4	The company discloses the engagement of any remuneration consultants and their independence in the company's annual report.	No remuneration consultants were engaged by the Company in FY2021.
Level and Mi	x of Remuneration	
Principle 7	The level and structure of remuneration of the Board and key management personnel are appropriate and proportionate to the sustained performance and value creation of the company, taking into account the strategic objectives of the company.	The Board is of the view that the level and structure of remuneration of the Board and key management personnel is appropriate and proportionate to the sustained performance and value creation of the Company, taking into account the strategic objectives of the Company. Please refer to Provisions 7.1 to 7.3 below for more details and instances of the Company's compliance with such principle.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
_	Code Description  A significant and appropriate proportion of executive directors' and key management personnel's remuneration is structured so as to link rewards to corporate and individual performance. Performance-related remuneration is aligned with the interests of shareholders and other stakeholders and promotes the long-term success of the company.	Company's Compliance or Explanation  In determining the level of remuneration, the RC undertakes the following:  (a) give due consideration to the Code's principles and guidance notes on the level and mix of remuneration, to ensure that the level of remuneration is appropriate to attract, retain and motivate the Directors to run the Company successfully;  (b) ensure that a proportion of the remuneration is linked to corporate and individual performance; and  (c) design remuneration packages in such a manner as to align the interests of the Executive Directors and key management personnel with those of Shareholders.  An annual review is carried out by the RC to ensure that the remuneration of the Executive Director and
		key management personnel is commensurate with the Company's and their respective performances, giving due regard to the financial and commercial health and business needs of the Group. The performance of the CEO is reviewed periodically by the RC and the Board. The Company also has a remuneration policy in place. Please refer to Provision 8.1 for more details on the Group's remuneration policy.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 7.2	The remuneration of non-executive directors is appropriate to the level of contribution, taking into account factors such as effort, time spent, and responsibilities.	The Board recommends directors' fees for approval by the Shareholders at the AGM of the Company. The Board concurred with the RC that the proposed directors' fees, including that of the Non-Executive Directors, for the year ending 31 December 2022 is appropriate and that all the Directors receive directors' fees in accordance with their level of contribution, taking into account factors such as effort and time spent for serving on the Board and Board Committees (if any), as well as the responsibilities and obligations of the Directors. Each of the Directors will receive his directors' fees in cash.  The Company recognises the need to pay competitive fees to attract, motivate and retain directors without
		being excessive to the extent that their independence might be compromised.
Provision 7.3	Remuneration is appropriate to attract, retain and motivate the directors to provide good stewardship of the company and key management personnel to successfully manage the company for the long term.	To enhance its remuneration so as to attract, retain and motivate the Directors to provide good stewardship of the Company and key management personnel, the Company has adopted long-term incentive schemes, including the GS Holdings Employee Share Option Scheme (the "GS Holdings ESOS" or the "Scheme") and the GS Holdings Performance Share Plan (the "GS Holdings PSP" or the "Plan") since 17 December 2015.
		The GS Holdings ESOS serves as a long-term incentive scheme for the Directors and employees of the Company. The GS Holdings PSP serves to increase the Company's flexibility and effectiveness in its continuing efforts to reward, retain and motivate employees to improve their performance and to align the interests of Directors with the interests of Shareholders. Both the GS Holdings ESOS and GS Holdings PSP are administered by the RC.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Disclosure of	n Remuneration	
Principle 8	The company is transparent on its remuneration policies, level and mix of remuneration, the procedure for setting remuneration, and the relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation.	The Company is transparent on its remuneration policies, level and mix of remuneration, the procedure for setting remuneration, and the relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation. Please refer to Provisions 8.1 to 8.3 below for more details and instances of the Company's compliance with such principle.
Provision 8.1	The company discloses in its annual report the policy and criteria for setting remuneration, as well as names, amounts and breakdown of remuneration of:	The Company's remuneration policy is one that seeks to attract, retain and motivate employees to achieve long-term growth and prosperity for the Company, and to create value for the Shareholders. The Company believes in aligning its level and structure of remuneration with the interests of Shareholders to promote the long-term success of the Company. To initiate this, the GS Holdings ESOS and GS Holdings PSP have been adopted to link rewards to eligible employees and Directors, especially key executives, based on corporate and individual performance and align their interests with those of Shareholders. The remuneration received by the Executive Directors and key management personnel takes into consideration his or her individual performance and contribution towards the overall performance of the Group for FY2021. Their remuneration is made up of fixed and variable compensations. The fixed compensation consists of an annual base salary, fixed allowance and annual wage supplement. The variable compensation is determined based on the level of achievement of corporate and individual performance objectives.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules		Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation								
	(a)	each individual director and the CEO; and		The breakdown for the remuneration of the individual Directors for FY2021 is as follows:				lual			
			Table 8.1(a) - Dire	ctors' Remunera	ition						
			Name	Remuneration Band(1)		Bonus (%)	Benefits-in-	Directors Fees (%)	Consultancy Fees (%)	Share Incentives Scheme (%)	Total
			Zhang Rongxuan	A	-	-	-	100	-	-	100
			Pang Pok	А	100	-	-	-	-	-	100
			Chong Eng Wee	А	-	-	-	100	-	-	100
			Chan Chun Kit	А	-	-	-	100	-	-	100
			Lim Kee Way Irwin	А	-	-	-	100	-	-	100
			Liu Changsheng <sup>(2)</sup>	А	-	-	-	6	94	-	100
			(2) Mr. Li	intages closure ctor, the would be many has an bands and friend mit and mit at may ard corn lieu of the Genent poion paid	gsheigsheid die de la contraction de la contract	ndustriction of the color of th	resigned of the Constry produced was amount and is a discipled with the construction of the construction o	ractice vanta nt of to its ironm remunan Stoens iron, ironent, othe Cas fi FY2 a (5) F	Non-Exe y on 11 F e and ges ir remun e view busine ent. In ineration \$250,0 sure tro n comp post-er Director eriod to	analyse analyse analyse are related that so the analyse and existence any even of each of another analyse and analyse are analyse are analyse are are are are are are are are are ar	sing tion of uch crest ent, ach da a ency with

Provisions/ Principles/									
Rules		Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation						
	(b)	at least the top five key management personnel (who are not directors or the CEO) in bands no wider than \$\$250,000 and in aggregate the	The breakdo top five (5) k Directors or t	tey manag he CEO) fo	jemer or FY2	nt per 021 is	rsonnel ( as follov	who are	
		total remuneration	Name	Remuneration Band <sup>(5)</sup>	Salary (%)	Bonus (%)	Benefits-in- kind (%)	incentive scheme	Total (%)
		paid to these key	Chong Paw Long	А	100	-	-	-	100
		management personnel	Pang Yiling Eliss <sup>(1)</sup>	А	100	-	-	-	100
			Ang Siew Kiock <sup>(2)</sup>	А	100	-	-	-	100
			Lam Chee Seng <sup>(3)</sup>	А	100	-	-	-	100
			Fu Wenxing <sup>(4)</sup>	А	100	-	-	-	100
			daughter (2) Ms. Ang 3 personnel, being the Kiock is a the CEO a (3) Mr. Lam C key execut resigned a be an exe 30 April 20 (4) Mr. Fu We Hospitality of the Gro (5) Remunera	enxing was a Holdings Privup on 3 July 2 tion Bands: ompensation and the amount personner closure won the highly termination and person the person the highly termination and person the highly termination and person the person the highly the h	he CEC ras applicative subsidical archological archibitation archibit	o and Epointed directory, on der and r. inted on pany coof the Company and the	executive D d as a ker r of Hao Ko 1 July 2011 d the wife of us General on 14 Febru Company of uny with effor general m nd as an E 6250,000 po ctice an ages in re neration npany is udicial to ve environ for the for	irector.  y manage ou Wei Pto 9. Ms. An of Mr. Par  Manager ary 2020. and will ce ect on an  anager of executive  er annum  d anal lation to of eacl of the o its bus onment.  employ regoing e stan	ement e. Ltd., g Siew ng Pok, and a He has ease to d from of Wish Officer  .  ysing o the h key view siness .  ment g key dard

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	C	ompany's (	Complia	ince or	Explanatio	on
Provision 8.2 The company discloses the names and remuneration of employees who are substantial shareholders of the company, or are immediate family members of a director, the CEO or a substantial shareholder of the company, and whose remuneration exceeds \$\$100,000 during the year,	of the G Compar or the C whose r FY2021.	provided for roup who way, or an immediate or substantial share	as a sub nediate to antial Sh n exceed neration cholders	estantial family m arehold ds S\$100 n of Em	Sharehold ember of a er of the Co 0,000 in re	er of the in Director company, aspect of the are iny, or	
		immediate family members of a Director, substantial Shareholder of the Company					
	S\$100,000 during the year, in bands no wider than S\$100,000, in its annual report.  The disclosure states clearly the employee's relationship with the relevant director or the CEO or substantial	Name		Salary (%)	Bonus	Benefits- in-kind/ Share incentive scheme (%)	Total
	shareholder.	\$\$100,000 - \$\$199,999					
		Pang Y	lling Eliss <sup>(1)</sup>	100	-	-	100
		Ang Sie	w Kiock <sup>(2)</sup>	100	-	_	100
	and Dire (2) Ms. Pte Sha	Pang Yiling Elis is the daughte ctor of the Com Ang Siew Kioc Ltd, a subsidian reholder of the CEO and an Exc	er of Mr. F pany. k is the ex ry of the C Company	Pang Pok,  xecutive company.  and wife	the CEO and director of Ha Ms Ang is a of Mr. Pang F	d Executive o Kou Wei substantial	

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 8.3	The company discloses in its annual report all forms of remuneration and other payments and benefits, paid by the company and its subsidiaries to directors and key management personnel of the company. It also discloses details of employee share schemes.	The Company has adopted the GS Holdings ESOS and the GS Holdings PSP. The Scheme and the Plan provides eligible participants with an opportunity to participate in the equity of the Company and to motivate them towards better performance through increased dedication and loyalty. The Scheme and the Plan form an integral component of the Company's compensation plan and are designed to primarily reward and retain Directors and employees whose services are vital to the growth and performance of the Company and/or Group. The Scheme and the Plan are currently administered by the RC in accordance with the rules of the Scheme and the Plan, respectively. Information on the Plan is disclosed in the Directors' Statements on pages 112 to 114 of this Annual Report.  Save as disclosed in Table 8.1(a) and Table 8.1(b) above, there are no other forms of remuneration and other payments and benefits paid by the Group to Directors and/or key management personnel of the Company.
ACCOUNTAB	ILITY AND AUDIT	
Risk Manage	ment and Internal Controls	
Principle 9	The Board is responsible for the governance of risk and ensures that Management maintains a sound system of risk management and internal controls, to safeguard the interests of the company and its shareholders.	The Board is responsible for the governance of risk and ensures that Management maintains a sound system of risk management and internal controls, to safeguard the interests of the company and its Shareholders. Please refer to Provisions 9.1 to 9.2 below for more details and instances of the Company's compliance with such principle.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 9.1	The Board determines the nature and extent of the significant risks which the company is willing to take in achieving its strategic objectives and value creation. The Board sets up a Board Risk Committee to specifically address this, if appropriate.	The Board has not set up a specific Board Risk Committee, but for the purposes of risk management and internal controls, is assisted by the ARC. Together, the Board and the ARC oversee the Management in the area of risk management and internal control systems, and determine the Company's risk appetite and tolerance level. The Board and the ARC regularly review and improve the Company's business and operational activities to identify areas of significant risks and the risk exposure and tolerance ratings thereto, as well as considering relevant mitigating control measures.  In addition, Management highlights to and discusses salient risk management matters (if any) with the Board on a quarterly basis. The Company's risk management framework and internal control system covers financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks.
Provision 9.2	The Board requires and discloses in the company's annual report that it has received assurance from:  (a) the CEO and the CFO that the financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's operations and finances; and	The Board has received assurance from the CEO and the Chief Financial Officer of the Company (the "CFO") that:  (a) the Group's financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements for the period under review give a true and fair view of the Group's operations and finances; and  (b) the system of risk management and internal controls in place within the Group is adequate and effective in addressing the risks which the Group considers relevant and material to its business operations.
	(b) the CEO and other key management personnel who are responsible, regarding the adequacy and effectiveness of the company's risk management and internal control systems.	The key management personnel have obtained similar assurances from the respective heads of operational and corporate departments in the Group on the risk management and internal control systems within their respective scope to support their assurance statement to the Board.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description		Company's Compliance or Explanation
General	The Board's annual review of the internal controls and risk management systems	nee Boa Con the ARC that out Auc its e	mentioned in Provision 9.1 above, in assessing the ad to establish a separate risk committee to assist the ard in carrying out its responsibility of overseeing the impany's risk management framework and policies, Board, following discussions with the members of the C (previously named the Audit Committee), resolved at the function of the risk committee is best carried by the ARC with the assistance of the Internal ditors (the "IA") and in this connection in line with enhanced role, the Audit Committee was renamed ARC in 2017.
		the mar fina	ing FY2021, the following were performed to review adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's risk nagement and internal control systems, including incial, operational, compliance and information annology controls:
		(a)	Board Committee meetings were held with the key management personnel to discuss and review the financial and operational (including compliance issues) performance of the Group. Internal control issues, where applicable, were discussed and addressed during such meetings;
		(b)	An internal audit was performed by the IA, and significant internal control matters were highlighted to the CFO and key management personnel and appropriately addressed. The results of the internal audit were presented and approved by the ARC;
		(c)	An external audit was performed by the EA and control gaps in financial controls were highlighted to the CFO and key management personnel and appropriately addressed. The controls gaps were presented and reviewed by the ARC;
		(d)	Discussions were held between the ARC, IA and EA in the absence of the key management personnel to address any potential concerns; and

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		(e) Key management personnel regularly evaluates, monitors and reports to the ARC on material risks and a set of risk registers is maintained, updated and presented to the ARC annually.
		The Board has also received assurances from the CEO and CFO as set out in Provision 9.2 above.
		Based on the internal controls established and maintained by the Group, work performed by the IA and EA, and reviews performed by Management and the various Board Committees, the Board, with the concurrence of the ARC, is of the opinion that subject to the ongoing independent review of the Group's branding, operations and procurement ("BOP") business, the internal controls and risk management systems, addressing financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks, were adequate and effective for FY2021 after considering the needs of the Group in its current business development.
		However, the ARC and the Board wish to highlight the following:
		(1) Relevant Encumbrance
		As disclosed by the Company on 13 June 2021, the Board (save for Mr. Zhang Rongxuan ("Mr. Zhang"), the Company's Non-Executive Chairman) was not aware of the existing encumbrance over the amount of RMB100 million (the "Relevant Encumbrance") which had been received in the bank account of Wish Health Management (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. ("Wish Shanghai") as payment of the outstanding service fees for FY2019 and partial payment of outstanding service fees for FY2020. The Relevant Encumbrance was arranged by Mr. Zhang and Mr. Liu Changsheng ("Mr. Liu"), a consultant of the Group and a director and legal representative of Wish Shanghai and Wish Hospitality Holdings Private Limited ("Wish"). Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcements dated 13 June 2021 and 17 June 2021 for more information on Mr. Zhang's reasons for not notifying the Board earlier of the Relevant Encumbrance.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		In response, the ARC and the Board had directed Mr. Zhang to, in the future, promptly notify the Board of any matter or development in relation to the collection of Outstanding Service Fee as and when any new information is received and/or a new decision is to be taken. Further, in view of the various issues noted since the Group's diversification into the BOP business, the ARC has instructed the Company to engage a suitably qualified and experienced independent party to carry out an independent review of the Group's BOP business (the "Independent Reviewer"), notwithstanding that the BOP business has since ceased with the termination of the relevant BOP agreements and health management service agreements with all 14 secured outlets. Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcements dated 19 July 2021 and 20 August 2021 in respect of, among others, the appointment of Deloitte & Touche Financial Advisory Services Pte Ltd as the Independent Reviewer.
		In addition, as announced by the Company on 2 November 2021 and 31 December 2021, due to the extended delay in procuring the release and discharge of the Relevant Encumbrance and after having considered legal advice rendered by PRC counsel in relation to the enforcement of the relevant guarantees provided by Mr. Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel Biotechnology Co., Ltd. ("Kaifeng Jufeel"), the Company has entered into an agreement with Mr. Zhang and Truth Assets Management (S) Pte. Ltd. ("TAM") on 31 December 2021 (the "Agreement"), pursuant to which Mr. Zhang is to procure the transfer(s) of such listed shares (being shares of a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange with an aggregate value of RMB100 million) (the "Listed Shares") to the Company within three (3) months from the date of the Agreement. Thereafter, TAM will, for a period of 6 months from the date of the Agreement or such other extended period as may be agreed by the Company and TAM, assist the Company with the disposal or sale of such Listed Shares which have been transferred to the Company.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		Other than the entry into the Agreement, the following additional steps will also be taken depending on the amount of proceeds received by the Company from such sale of the Listed Shares:  (a) if the proceeds from such sale of the Listed Shares is insufficient to cover the sum of RMB100 million, Mr. Zhang shall guarantee to pay the outstanding balance pursuant to a new personal guarantee to be provided by Mr. Zhang in favour of Wish; and (b) if the Company and/or other Group Company receives RMB100 million in full from such sale of the Listed Shares, the Company will work with Kaifeng Jufeel to procure the return of the RMB100 million (subject to the Relevant Encumbrance) received by Wish Shanghai to the third party which Kaifeng Jufeel had previously secured the loan from.
		As further announced by the Company on 1 April 2022, the Board, in consultation with the Audit and Risk Committee, agreed to extend the deadline for (a) Mr. Zhang to transfer (or procure the transfer of) the Listed Shares to the Company from the original deadline of 31 March 2022 to 31 May 2022, and (b) the guarantors (being Mr. Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel) to procure the release and discharge of the Relevant Encumbrance by 31 May 2022, on the basis that there will be no further extension of the deadline after 31 May 2022 and taking into consideration among others the following:
		(a) that Mr Zhang has undertaken to transfer (or procure the transfer(s) of) such number of Listed Shares, the aggregate value of which, when aggregated with previous Listed Shares which have been transferred to the Company pursuant to the Agreement, is at least RMB50 million, to the Company by 30 April 2022;

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		(b) the new guarantee entered into by the guarantors (being Kaifeng Jufeel and Mr Zhang) to among others procure or guarantee the release and discharge of the Relevant Encumbrance and the transfers of the Listed Shares in accordance with the Agreement (as may be further amended and supplemented); and
		(c) the written confirmation/undertaking given by Mr Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel that until and unless the Listed Shares in the aggregate value of RMB100 million have been transferred to the Company (or such other Group Company as may be identified by the Company), save in respect of cash necessary to fund its working capital requirements, Kaifeng Jufeel shall not transfer, sell or dispose any asset or undertake any steps in connection with any such transfer, sale or disposal without the Company's prior written consent.
		In view of the Board's agreement to extend the deadline from 31 March 2022 to 31 May 2022 for Mr Zhang to transfer (or procure the transfer of) such Listed Shares, the Company has entered into a supplemental agreement with TAM and Mr Zhang in connection with the Agreement to extend the deadline for the transfer of the Listed Shares to 31 May 2022 and the foregoing service term to 31 December 2022. In addition, the guarantors (being Mr. Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel) have entered into a guarantee agreement dated 1 April 2022 (the "1 April Guarantee") in favour of Wish and Wish Shanghai to procure (a) the complete release and discharge of the Relevant Encumbrance over the relevant bank account of Wish Shanghai by 31 May 2022, or (b) the transfer of the relevant Listed Shares by 31 May 2022. In the event that the aggregate of the amount received by the Company and/or any Group Company pursuant to the foregoing is insufficient to cover the sum of RMB100 million, the guarantors guarantee to pay to Wish and/or Wish Shanghai the outstanding balance.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		As announced by the Company on 9 May 2022, save for the receipt of 5,000,000 Listed Shares as confirmed by the Company's appointed licensed brokering firm, the Company has not received any confirmation on the receipt of any additional Listed Shares. In the interests of facilitating the resolution of the matter and given that the guarantors (being Mr Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel) have also entered into the 1 April Guarantee in favour of Wish and Wish Shanghai, the Board, in consultation with the Audit and Risk Committee, has noted the explanation provided by Mr Zhang and has agreed for Mr Zhang to transfer (or procure the transfer(s) of) such number of Listed Shares, the aggregate value of which, when aggregated with previous Listed Shares which have been transferred to the Company pursuant to the Agreement, is at least RMB100 million, to the Company (or such other Group Company as may be identified by the Company) by the deadline of 31 May 2022. In this regard, the Board will closely monitor the status and progress of the transfer(s) and will work closely with Mr Zhang to ensure that he transfers and/or procures the transfer(s) of the Listed Shares by the agreed deadline of 31 May 2022.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		Notwithstanding the foregoing, as announced by the Company on 5 June 2022 (which was subsequently replaced on 6 June 2022), Mr Zhang remained unable to travel to Hong Kong to undertake the necessary arrangements and/or actions for the transfer(s) of additional Listed Shares due to travel restrictions in the PRC and Hong Kong because of the ongoing COVID-19 situation in the PRC and Hong Kong. However, Mr Zhang has informed the Board that he has earmarked certain funds and is expected to transfer (or procure the transfer(s) of) of 100,000,000 Listed Shares to the Company by 15 June 2022 and an additional 100,000,000 to 200,000,000 Listed Shares by the first week of July 2022. To assure the Board of his commitment to resolve the matter, Mr Zhang has agreed to pay to the Company the sum of HKD 1 million by 15 June 2022. Mr Zhang has also agreed that in the event that the aggregate value of all Listed Shares received by the Company and/or any Group Company as at 31 July 2022 is less than RMB 100 million, Mr Zhang shall undertake to pay to the Company any shortfall in the amount by way of monthly instalment of \$\$1,000,000 for a period of twelve (12) months commencing from the first week of August 2022. Each monthly instalment is to be satisfied (a) in the form of cash payment or (b) transfer(s) of such number of Listed Shares to the Company (with aggregate value at time of transfer being \$\$1,000,000) or (c) a combination of (a) and (b) (where value of Listed Shares at time of transfer must be \$\$1,000,000 when combined with the cash payment made for that instalment). In the event that the aggregate value of such Listed Shares and monthly instalments received by the Company is insufficient to cover the sum of RMB 100 million, Mr Zhang shall pay to the Company the outstanding balance together with the final monthly instalment.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		In view of the extended delay in transferring (or procuring the transfer(s) of) the Listed Shares to the Company, the Company, in consultation with the ARC, had sought legal advice on the rights of the Company and/or its Group Company in respect of the 1 April Guarantee and/or appropriate legal recourse which may be taken by the Company (or any of the relevant Group Company). Based on legal advice obtained from the Company's PRC lawyers, the Board (save for Mr Zhang) is of the view that the proposal made by Mr. Zhang as detailed above will, as compared to enforcement of the 1 April Guarantee, better facilitate the resolution of the matter as it is likely to be faster and less costly.
		As at the date of this report, the Company has not received the sum of HKD 1 million or the 100,000,000 Listed Shares pursuant to the foregoing agreement.
		Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcements dated 13 June 2021, 17 June 2021, 1 July 2021, 19 July 2021, 18 August 2021, 30 September 2021, 2 November 2021, 31 December 2021, 1 April 2022, 9 May 2022, 5 June 2022, 6 June 2022 and the relevant announcements referred to therein for more information on the Relevant Encumbrance, the Agreement and the arrangement relating to the Listed Shares.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description		Company's Compliance or Explanation
		(2)	Authorised signatories of Relevant Bank Account
			As announced by the Company on 17 June 2021, the Company has implemented certain internal control measures in respect of Wish Shanghai's bank account in which the RMB100 million is kept (the "Relevant Bank Account"). However, the ARC noted that as at the date of this report, Mr. Liu remains as the only authorised signatory to the Relevant Bank Account.
			In response, the ARC and the Board had proposed the following actions to improve the Group's internal controls and risk management:
			(a) upon the release of the Relevant Encumbrance, to undertake necessary steps to transfer a part of or the full amount of the Outstanding Service Fees of RMB100 million collected, from the Relevant Bank Account to the other existing Bank Account of Wish Shanghai, where authorised signatories for all transactions to be approved via the bank token are the CFO and Mr. Liu, in order to minimise the amount held in the Relevant Bank Account;
			(b) for the CEO and/or the CFO to travel to the PRC to take the necessary administrative steps to be added as authorised signatories of the Relevant Bank Account once travel restrictions have eased and for Mr. Pang Pok to be added as an authorised signatory for the other existing bank account of Wish Shanghai. In this regard, the Company is exploring the possibility of the CEO and/or CFO travelling to the PRC to undertake the foregoing steps, as well as to collect the second bank token; and

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		(c) to request the Company's internal auditors to review the relevant internal control measures in respect of the Relevant Bank Account and to review payment transactions of the Relevant Bank Account to ascertain that all payments made have been duly and properly authorised in accordance with the Company's approved payments policies and procedures.
		Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcements dated 13 June 2021 and 17 June 2021 for more information on the internal control measures that the Company has considered undertaking in respect of the Relevant Bank Account.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		In addition, as announced by the Company on 22 April 2022, pursuant to Mr. Liu's removal as director, legal representative, and authorised bank signatory of Wish Shanghai sometime on or around September 2021, the Company immediately designated Mr. Zhang to replace Mr. Liu's positions and responsibilities. The Board had consulted its PRC lawyers on the steps and procedure to effect the changes of removing Mr. Liu as a director, legal representative, authorised signatory and bank token holder of the PRC bank accounts of Wish Shanghai under the relevant PRC laws, regulations and requirements and was advised that the process of replacing the authorised signatory and bank token holder has to involve the relevant person(s) to be physically present at the relevant banks to effect such changes. At the material time, the directors who were not based or residing in the PRC were unable to travel to PRC due to the COVID-19 travel restrictions. Therefore, the Board resolved to appoint Mr. Zhang, being the only PRC based director of the Group to effect such changes physically in PRC. However, Mr. Zhang represented to the Board on various occasions that he was unable to travel to Shanghai, PRC, to execute the relevant documents to effect the aforesaid changes due to the ongoing COVID-19 travel restrictions and personal health-related issues. Accordingly, the Board agreed to appoint Mr. Pang to travel to Shanghai, PRC, in place of Mr. Zhang. With the rejection of Mr. Pang's application for an invitation letter to travel to Shanghai, PRC and the severity of the COVID-19 situation in the PRC, Mr. Liu remains as the only authorised signatory to the Relevant Bank Account.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		Notwithstanding the foregoing, as announced by the Company on 10 May 2022, the Company is closely monitoring the COVID-19 situation in the PRC and will undertake the necessary arrangements and/or actions for Mr. Pang (or any other designated representative) to travel to Shanghai, PRC, to effect the changes as soon as possible after travel restrictions have been lifted.
		Although the Board acknowledges that it is responsible for the overall internal control framework, it also recognises that no cost-effective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. A system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives. It can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.
Audit Comm	ittee	
Principle 10	The Board has an Audit Committee which discharges its duties objectively.	The Board has established the ARC in compliance with Principle 10. Please refer to Provisions 10.1 to 10.5 below for more details and instances of the Company's compliance with such principle.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
_	Code Description  The duties of the AC include:  (a) reviewing the significant financial reporting issues and judgements so as to ensure the integrity of the financial statements of the company and any announcements relating to the company's financial performance;  (b) reviewing at least annually the adequacy and effectiveness of the company's internal controls and risk management systems;  (c) reviewing the assurance	Company's Compliance or Explanation  The ARC was tasked by the Board to assist the Board in carrying out its responsibility of overseeing the Company's risk management framework and policies.  The duties and roles of the ARC are guided by the following key terms of reference:  (a) assist the Board in the discharge of its responsibilities on financial reporting matters;  (b) review the adequacy, effectiveness, independence, scope and results of the external audit and the Company's internal audit function;  (c) review the interim and annual financial statements and results announcements before submission to the Board for approval, focusing on changes in accounting policies and practices, major risk areas, significant adjustments resulting from the audit, compliance with financial reporting standards as
	from the CEO and the CFO on the financial records and financial statements;  (d) m a k i n g recommendations to the Board on: (i) the proposals to the shareholders on the appointment and removal of external auditors; and (ii) the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors;	well as compliance with the Catalist Rules and any other statutory/regulatory requirements;  (d) review and report to the Board at least annually on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls;

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description		Company's Compliance or Explanation
	(e) reviewing the adequacy, e f f e c t i v e n e s s , independence, scope and results of the external audit and the company's internal audit	(e)	commission an independent audit on internal controls and risk management systems, at the Company's expense, for its assurance, or where the ARC is not satisfied with the system of internal controls and risk management;
	function; and	(f)	review the assurance provided by the CEO and CFO that the financial records have been properly
	(f) reviewing the policy and arrangements for concerns about possible improprieties in financial		maintained, and that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's operations and finances;
	reporting or other matters to be safely raised, independently investigated and appropriately followed up on. The company		review disclosures in the annual report relating to the adequacy and effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems, including assurances received from the CEO and CFO, and concurrence received from the ARC;
	publicly discloses, and clearly communicates to employees, the existence of a whistle-blowing policy and procedures for raising	(h)	assist the Board in providing oversight in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management framework and internal control system, including action to mitigate the risks identified where possible;
	such concerns.	(i)	review and discuss with the EA any suspected fraud or irregularity, or suspected infringement of any relevant laws, rules or regulations, which has or is likely to have a material impact on the Group's operating results or financial position, and to commission an investigation on the aforesaid matters, if necessary;

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description		Company's Compliance or Explanation
		(j)	make recommendations to the Board on the proposals to the Shareholders on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the EA, and the remuneration and terms of engagement of the EA;
		(k)	review significant financial reporting issues and judgments with the CFO and the EA so as to ensure the integrity of the financial statements of the Group and any formal announcements relating to the Group's financial performance before their submission to the Board;
		(1)	review and report to the Board at least annually the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and risk management systems;
		(m)	review the policy and arrangements for concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting or other matters to be safely raised, independently investigated and appropriately followed up on;
		(n)	review and approve transactions falling within the scope of Chapter 9 and Chapter 10 of the Catalist Rules (if any);
		(0)	review any potential conflicts of interest;
		(p)	review and approve all hedging policies and instruments (if any) to be implemented by the Group;
		(q)	undertake such other reviews and/or matters as may be requested by the Board and reporting to the Board on its findings;
		(r)	oversee the establishment and operation of the whistleblowing process in the Company; and

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compli	ance or Explanation
		<ul> <li>(s) generally, to undertake such other functions and duties as may be required by any law, rules and regulations which include the Catalist Rules.</li> <li>The Company implemented a whistle-blowing policy which sets out the procedures for a whistle-blowe to make a report to the Company on misconduc or wrongdoing relating to the issuer and its officers including improprieties in financial reporting or othe matters.</li> <li>The Company's staff may, and any other persons may, in confidence, raise concerns about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting or othe matters by submitting a whistle-blowing report directly to the ARC Chairman at the email address as follows:-</li> </ul>	
		Name	Email Address
		Lim Kee Way Irwin	irwinlim@yahoo.com
		have access to the whistle ensure that all information confidentially and the idwill be protected from reparesult of reporting their good faith, even if they tue mployee raises his or her whistle-blowing policy, he	and independent directors e-blowing reports. This is to n received will be treated entity of all whistleblowers orisal or unfair treatment as genuine concerns made in rn out to be mistaken. If an genuine concern under the or she will not be at risk of fer from retaliatory action or sult.
	The ARC reviews all whistle-blowing complaints, at each ARC meeting to ensure independent, the investigations and appropriate follow-up action. appropriate, an independent third party mappointed to assist in the investigation. The ARC to the Board any issues/concerns received by it ensuing Board meeting.		sure independent, thorough iate follow-up action. Where ident third party may be exestigation. The ARC reports
		There was no reported incomblowing for FY2021.	cident pertaining to whistle-

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		Notwithstanding the above, the ARC noted the following:
		1. the Company's former independent auditors, Baker Tilly TFW LLP ("Baker Tilly"), had included a disclaimer of opinion (the "Disclaimer Opinion") in their Independent Auditor Report dated 14 July 2021 issued to the Company in relation to the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 ("FY2020"). In view of the various issues noted since the Group's diversification into the BOP business, the ARC has instructed the Company to engage a suitably qualified and experienced independent party to carry out an independent review of the Group's BOP business. Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcements dated 19 July 2021 and 20 August 2021 in respect of, among others, the Disclaimer Opinion and the appointment of Deloitte & Touche Financial Advisory Services Pte Ltd as the Independent Reviewer in respect of the foregoing;
		2. Wish's former independent auditors, Baker Tilly, had also included a disclaimer of opinion in their Independent Auditor Report dated 16 September 2021 issued to Wish in relation to its audited financial statements for FY2020, and of the appropriateness of going concern assumption of Wish. The ARC understands that the disclaimer of opinion in respect of the appropriateness of going concern assumption in Wish has no material impact on the Group as the audited consolidated financial statements of the Group was in net assets position of approximately \$\$31.8 million as of 31 December 2020. Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcement dated 16 September 2021 in respect of the foregoing;

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explo	anation
		The Company had received a 5 October 2021 from the Comm Department (the "CAD") and the Authority of Singapore pursuant of the Criminal Procedure Code 2012 Revised Edition) and Section 6 Force Act (Chapter 235) requiring to provide certain information and relation to an investigation into an the Securities and Futures Act (Cham'Investigation"). Mr. Pang Pok, the Executive Director and CEO, also interview with CAD to assist in the Investigations, Directors and employees the subjects of the Investigation, and been no requests made for any Demember of Management to surrent documentation. Shareholders may announcement dated 6 October 2 information on the Investigation; and the Company's current independent Adated 30 June 2022 in relation to consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 De Please refer to the announcement auditors.	nercial Affairs he Monetary to Section 20 (Chapter 68, 4 of the Police the Company documents in offence under pter 289) (the e Company's attended an estigation. The Company, its is are currently at there have irector or any der their travely refer to the 2021 for more defent auditors, a disclaimer auditor Report to the audited of the Group cember 2021. dated 4 July in the matters

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 10.2	The AC comprises at least three directors, all of whom are non-executive and the majority of whom, including the AC Chairman, are independent. At least two members, including the AC Chairman, have recent and relevant accounting or related financial management expertise or experience.	The ARC comprises of three (3) Directors, all of whom are Independent Directors, as follows:  (a) Mr. Chong Eng Wee (Lead Independent Director);  (b) Mr. Chan Chun Kit (Independent Director); and  (c) Mr. Lim Kee Way Irwin (Independent Director).  The chairman of the ARC is Mr. Lim Kee Way Irwin, who is an Independent Director. At least two of the ARC members, being the Chairman Mr. Lim Kee Way Irwin and Mr. Chan Chun Kit, have recent and relevant accounting or related financial management expertise and/or experience. In view of the retirement of Mr. Chan Chun Kit at the AGM to be held on 19 July 2022, the number of members in the ARC will fall below the minimum number of three and there will also be less than two ARC members with recent and relevant accounting or related financial management expertise and/or experience. The Company shall endeavour to fill the vacancy within two (2) months but in any event not later than three (3) months. The Board shall also ensure that the foregoing vacancy is filled by a director who has recent and relevant accounting or related financial management expertise and/or experience.
Provision 10.3	The AC does not comprise former partners or directors of the company's existing auditing firm or auditing corporation: (a) within a period of two years commencing on the date of their ceasing to be a partner of the auditing firm or director of the auditing corporation; and in any case, (b) for as long as they have any financial interest in the auditing firm or auditing corporation.	None of the members of the ARC (a) is a former partner or director of the Company's existing auditing firm or auditing corporation within the previous two years or (b) hold any financial interest in the auditing firm or auditing corporation.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 10.4	The primary reporting line of the internal audit function is to the AC, which also decides on the appointment, termination and remuneration of the head of the internal audit function. The internal audit function has unfettered	The Company's internal audit function is outsourced to an independent and established international auditing firm, BDO LLP, which reports directly to the ARC (which decides on the appointment, termination and remuneration of the IA). The ARC reviews and approves the internal audit plan to ensure the adequacy of the scope of the audit.
	access to all the company's documents, records, properties and personnel, including the AC, and has appropriate standing within the company.	The outsourced internal audit team is headed by a partner who has more than 25 years of experience in audit and advisory services and is a Chartered Accountant of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants and Certified Internal Auditor of the Institute of Internal Auditors. The ARC is satisfied that the outsourced internal audit function is adequately staffed by suitably qualified and experienced professionals. The IA have unrestricted access to the ARC.
Provision 10.5	The AC meets with the external auditors, and with the internal auditors, in each case without the presence of Management, at least annually.	The ARC has met with the EA and IA in the absence of key management personnel to review any matter that might be raised in FY2021 as required.
General	ARC's annual review of the independence/ re-appointment of the EA.	The ARC reviews the independence of the EA annually. The ARC has conducted an annual review of the non-audit services provided by the EA as part of the ARC's assessment of the EA's independence.
		The Company did not propose any resolution for the re-appointment of Baker Tilly as the EA of the Company for FY2021 at the previous AGM of the Company held on 29 July 2021 as Baker Tilly had on 14 July 2021 expressed their intention not to seek re-appointment at the AGM held on 29 July 2021.
		At the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 27 October 2021, the Shareholders of the Company had approved the appointment of Moore Stephens LLP ("Moore Stephens"), as the EA of the Company in place of Baker Tilly, to hold office until the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compl	iance or Exp	lanation
		Pursuant to the annual review undertaken by the ARC of the non-audit services provided by Moore Stephens as part of the ARC's assessment of the EA's independence, the ARC is satisfied that the nature and extent of such services would not prejudice the independence and objectivity of Moore Stephens and is satisfied with Moore Stephens's confirmation of their independence. The ARC has recommended to the Board the re-appointment of Moore Stephens as the EA of the Company in respect of the financial year ending 31 December 2022. The aggregate amount of audit fees paid/payable to each of Baker Tilly and Moore Stephens in FY2021 are as follows:		
		Table 10.5 - Fees Paid/ Fees Paid/Payable to B		
			S\$	% of total
		Audit fees	10,000	24
		Non-audit fees		
		- Tax compliance	20,900	52
		- Sustainability report	10,000	24
		Total	40,900	100
		Fees Paid/Payable to M	oore Stephen	s <sup>(2)</sup> for FY2021
			S\$	% of total
		Audit fees	138,000	100
		Non-audit fees	_	_
		Total	138,000	100
		Notes:  (1) Baker Tilly had on 14 July 2 seek re-appointment as the on 29 July 2021.  (2) The appointment of Mooi Company in place of Baker Company held on 27 Octol	EA of the Compa re Stephens as t Tilly was approve	ny at the AGM held he new EA of the

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
General	What are the ARC's activities or the measures it has taken to keep abreast of changes to accounting standards and issues which have a direct impact on financial statements?	The ARC keeps abreast of relevant changes to accounting standards and other issues through attendance at relevant seminars or talks, articles and news circulated by the management and updates by the EA and IA at ARC meetings.
STAKEHOLDE	R RIGHTS AND ENGAGEMENT	
Shareholders	' Rights and Conduct of Gene	ral Meetings
Principle 11	The company treats all shareholders fairly and equitably in order to enable them to exercise shareholders' rights and have the opportunity to communicate their views on matters affecting the company. The company gives shareholders a balanced and understandable assessment of its performance, position and prospects.	The Company has complied with Principle 11. Please refer to Provisions 11.1 to 11.6 below for more details and instances of the Company's compliance with such principle.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 11.1	The company provides shareholders with the opportunity to participate effectively in and vote at general meetings of shareholders and informs them of the rules governing general meetings of shareholders.	Effective participation at meetings  The Company's corporate governance practices promote fair and equitable treatment to all Shareholders. To facilitate Shareholders' ownership rights, the Company ensures that all material information is disclosed on a comprehensive, accurate and ongoing basis via SGXNET, as well as through the AGM, especially information pertaining to the Company's business development and financial performance, which could have a material impact on the price or value of its shares, so as to enable Shareholders to make informed decisions in respect of their investments in the Company, particularly during general meetings. The Company's AGM held on 29 July 2021 and EGM held on 27 October 2021 in FY2021 were conducted through live webcast in light of the COVID-19 pandemic, pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020 and guidance from ACRA, the Monetary Authority of Singapore, and/or SGX-ST on the conduct of general meetings.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		Shareholders are informed of general meetings through reports or circulars published on SGXNET and the corporate website of the Company and the Company's announcements via SGXNET on a timely basis. In order to provide ample time for the Shareholders to review the matters to be discussed in the meetings, the notice of general meetings, together with the Annual Report, is published on SGXNET at least 14 days (if no special resolution) before the scheduled meeting date. All registered Shareholders are invited to attend and participate actively in the general meetings and are given the opportunity to seek clarification or question the Group's strategic direction, business, operations, performance and proposed resolutions to be debated and decided upon. For the Company's AGM held on 29 July 2021 and EGM held on 27 October 2021, Shareholders were encouraged to submit any queries in relation to any meeting agenda item as set out in the respective notices to the Company through email prior to the meeting.
		Voting at meetings
		All Shareholders are entitled to vote in accordance with the established voting rules and procedures. All resolutions are put to vote by poll, and the results of the poll voting on each resolution tabled at general meeting, including the number of votes cast for and against each resolution and the respective percentages, are announced after each general meeting via SGXNET. In FY2021, there was no physical voting conducted in the meetings, and all votes were counted on the basis of the proxy forms submitted prior to such meetings.
		Informing Shareholders of general meeting rules
		In FY2021, the rules governing general meetings of Shareholders, including the voting process, were explained to Shareholders in the respective notice of meeting.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's	s Compli	ance or E	xplanati	on
Provision 11.2	The company tables separate resolutions at general meetings of shareholders on each substantially separate issue unless the issues are interdependent and linked so as to form one significant proposal. Where the resolutions are "bundled", the company explains the reasons and material implications in the notice of meeting.	Resolutions submit separate and not each other, unles linked so as to for the resolutions are the reasons and separate resolution express their view each resolution se on each resolution their vote on an in	bundled of street is the issue or one steet on steet one steet on steet one steet on steet o	or made in es are in significan d, the Con implication Shareho ercise the Information	nter-conditerdepend the proposed mpany wons. The tolders the eir voting on is also	litional on dent and al. Where ill explain abling of e right to rights on provided
Provision 11.3	All directors attend general meetings of shareholders, and the external auditors are also present to address shareholders' queries about the conduct of audit and the preparation and content of the auditors' report. Directors' attendance at such meetings held during the financial year is disclosed in the company's annual report.	respective chairman of the Board Committee present at all general meetings of Shareholder in the event of exigencies. For FY2021, all Direct about the EA were present at general meetings held webcast. The Company was also prepared to EA's response on any Shareholders' queries a conduct of audit and the preparation and contents of the auditors' report, in the event such querical year submitted ahead of the general meetings.		es) to be ers, unless ctors and id via live seek the about the content of ries were		
		Table 11.3 - Attendance of Directors at General Meetings				
			Special	dinary/ General eting		General eting
		Name of Director	No. of Meetings Held	No. of Meetings Attended	No. of Meeting Held	No. of Meeting Attended
		Pang Pok	1	1	1	1
		Chan Chun Kit	1	1	1	1
		Chong Eng Wee	1	1	1	1
		Lim Kee Way Irwin	1	1	1	1
		Zhang Rongxuan	1	1	1	1

Provisions/ Principles/		
Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision  The company's Constitution  (or other constitutive documents) allow for absentia voting at general meetings of shareholders.	As the authentication of Shareholders' identification information and other related security issues still remain a concern, the Group has decided, for the time being, not to implement voting in absentia by mail, email or fax. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Shareholders may appoint up to two proxies to attend and vote on their behalf. Pursuant to the introduction of the multiple proxies regime under the Companies Act, Shareholders who are relevant intermediaries includes corporations holding licenses in providing nominee and custodial services, and the Central Provident Fund Board which purchases shares on behalf of the Central Provident Fund investors, are allowed to appoint more than two proxies to attend, speak and vote at general meetings, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by the relevant Shareholder.	
		For FY2021, in light of the COVID-19 pandemic, there was no physical voting conducted in the meetings, and all votes were counted on the basis of the proxy forms submitted prior to such meetings. Shareholders (including members who were relevant intermediaries) entitled to vote at such meetings and who wished to exercise their voting rights at the meetings were able to appoint the Chairman of the meeting as their proxy to vote on his/her/its behalf at the meeting according to their specific instructions.  The Company had put in place measures to allow for the submission of proxy forms by Shareholders either in hard copy form at the registered office of the Company, or electronically by mail, in accordance with

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 11.5	The company publishes minutes of general meetings of shareholders on its corporate website as soon as practicable. The minutes record substantial and relevant comments or queries from shareholders relating to the agenda of the general meeting, and responses from the Board and Management.	The proceedings of the general meetings are properly recorded, including all comments and/or queries from Shareholders relating to the agenda of the meeting and responses from the Board and Management to such comments and/or queries. All minutes of general meetings will be posted on the Company's website as soon as practicable. The Company also ensures that all material information relating to the Group is disclosed in an accurate and timely manner through publication on SGXNET and is made available to everyone, including Shareholders.
Provision 11.6	The company has a dividend policy and communicates it to shareholders.	The Company does not have a fixed dividend policy.  Nonetheless, in considering dividend declaration, the  Company will take into account the following factors:
		(a) Group's financial position, results of operations and cash flow;
		(b) ability of the subsidiaries to make dividends payments to the Company;
		(c) expected working capital requirements to support Group's future growth;
		(d) actual and projected financial performance;
		<ul> <li>(e) general economic conditions and such other external factors that the Directors believe to have an impact on the business operations of the Group; and</li> </ul>
		(f) any other factors deemed relevant by the Directors at the material time.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Engagement	with Shareholders	
Principle 12	The company communicates regularly with its shareholders and facilitates the participation of shareholders during general meetings and other dialogues to allow shareholders to communicate their views on various matters affecting the company.	The Company is of the view that it has communicated regularly with its Shareholders and facilitated the participation of Shareholders during general meetings and other dialogues to allow Shareholders to communicate their views on various matters affecting the Company, in accordance with Principle 12. Please refer to Provisions 12.1 to 12.3 below for more details and instances of the Company's compliance with such principle.
Provision 12.1	The company provides avenues for communication between the Board and all shareholders, and discloses in its annual report the steps taken to solicit and understand the views of shareholders.	Information will first be disseminated through SGXNET and, where relevant, followed by news releases on the Company's website such as to ensure periodic communication with the Shareholders throughout the financial year. The Company will also make announcements from time to time to update investors and Shareholders on developments that are of interest to them. The Company strives to supply Shareholders with reliable and timely information so as to strengthen the relationship with its Shareholders based on trust and accessibility. The Board also encourages Shareholders' participation at the AGMs as explained in Provision 11.1 above.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
Provision 12.2	The company has in place an investor relations policy which allows for an ongoing exchange of views so as to actively engage and promote regular, effective and fair communication with shareholders.	The Company does not have an investor relation policy in place. Nonetheless, the Board's policy is that all Shareholders should be informed simultaneously in an accurate and comprehensive manner regarding all material developments that impact the Group via SGXNET on an immediate basis, in line with the Group's disclosure obligations pursuant to the Catalist Rules and the Companies Act. There is no dedicated investor relations team in place as the Board was of the view that the current communication channels are sufficient and cost-effective. The Company's investor relations function is led by the CFO, who has the strategic management responsibility to integrate finance, accounting, corporate communication to enable effective communication between the Company and all Shareholders, stakeholders, analysts and media. The Company has also engaged a public relations firm, 8PR Asia, which assists the Company in releasing press releases and other market communications from time to time and on an ad-hoc basis.
Provision 12.3	The company's investor relations policy sets out the mechanism through which shareholders may contact the company with questions and through which the company may respond to such questions.	Apart from announcements released on SGXNET and its annual report, the Company updates Shareholders on its corporate developments through its corporate website. The Company has procedures in place for responding to investors' queries.

Provisions/ Principles/ Rules	Code Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
	STAKEHOLDER RELATIONSHIPS	
Principle 13	The Board adopts an inclusive approach by considering and balancing the needs and interests of material stakeholders, as part of its overall responsibility to ensure that the best interests of the company are served.	The Board is of the view that it has adopted an inclusive approach by considering and balancing the needs and interests of material stakeholders, so as to ensure that the best interests of the Company are served. Please refer to Provisions 13.1 to 13.3 below for more details and instances of the Company's compliance with such principle.
Provision 13.1	The company has arrangements in place to identify and engage with its material stakeholder groups and to manage its relationships with such groups.	The Company takes a strategic and pragmatic approach in managing stakeholders' expectations to support its long-term strategy. A sustainability governance structure and framework was put in place to identify, engage with, and manage material environment, social and governance factors which are important to stakeholders and to the Group.
Provision 13.2	The company discloses in its annual report its strategy and key areas of focus in relation to the management of stakeholder relationships during the reporting period.	More information on the Group's material stakeholders, sustainability efforts (including its strategy and key areas of focus), and performance in this regard have been disclosed in the sustainability report for FY2021 published on a standalone basis on 31 May 2022.
Provision 13.3	The company maintains a current corporate website to communicate and engage with stakeholders.	The Company maintains its corporate website at <a href="https://gsholdings.com.sg">https://gsholdings.com.sg</a> to communicate and engage with stakeholders.

COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE CATALIST RULES		
Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
707(1)	Holding of AGM	Delay in holding of AGM for FY2021
		The Company is in breach of Rule 707(1) of the Catalist Rules as it was unable to hold its AGM within four months from the end of its financial year.
		As announced by the Company on 25 March 2022, in view of the appointment of Mr. Pang Pok by the Board, in place of Mr. Zhang, to travel to Shanghai, PRC, to execute the necessary documents to be appointed as legal representative and authorised bank signatory of Wish Shanghai (as he is already a director of Wish Shanghai), so that the relevant information and documents, which include the signed audit confirmation, can be furnished to the Company's Auditors for the completion of the audit of the Group's FY2021 financial statements, the Company had submitted concurrent applications to the SGX-ST and ACRA for an extension of time of ninety (90) days to hold its AGM for FY2021 from the deadline of 30 April 2022 to 29 July 2022 (the "Extension Application"). As announced by the Company on 5 April 2022, the Company had obtained approval from ACRA in respect of the Extension Application.

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		Notwithstanding the foregoing, as announced by the Company on 22 April 2022, the relevant authority in Shanghai, PRC, had rejected Mr. Pang Pok's application for an invitation letter to travel to Shanghai, PRC. The Company understood from its PRC lawyers that the relevant authority was unreachable and the PRC lawyers were therefore unable to verify the reason for the aforesaid rejection. In view of the COVID-19 outbreak and lockdown situation then in Shanghai, PRC, there was uncertainty as to whether or when Mr. Pang Pok would be able to obtain the relevant approval to travel to Shanghai, PRC, and whether it would be possible for Mr. Pang Pok to properly attend to all relevant formalities and complete documentation so as to effect his appointment as legal representative and authorised bank signatory of Wish Shanghai in a timely manner. Accordingly, the Company, via its Sponsor, withdrew the Extension Application so as not to unduly delay the completion of the audit of the Group's FY2021 financial statements and holding of the Company on 13 May
		2022 and 5 June 2022, the Company's auditors were unable to complete the audit of the Group's financial statements for FY2021 by the fourth week of May 2022 and were unable to provide the Company with a definitive date and/or period for the completion of the audit as they were still in the process of auditing and finalising the Group's financial statements for FY2021.
		The Company's auditors were only able to finalise and complete the audit of the Group's financial statements for FY2021 on 30 June 2022 as they required additional time to seek clarification from the management in respect of various audit issues identified by them and/or resolve such issues.

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcements dated 25 March 2022, 5 April 2022, 22 April 2022, 13 May 2022, 5 June 2022 and 6 June 2022 for more information on the Extension Application and updates on the holding of the Company's AGM for FY2021.
711A, and 711B	Sustainability Reporting	The sustainability report for financial year ended 31 December 2021 has been published on a standalone basis on 31 May 2022.
712, 715 or 716	Appointment and change of auditors	At the AGM of the Company held on 29 July 2021, the Company did not propose any resolution for the rpppointment of its external auditor in respect of FY2021, as Baker Tilly, who had been the auditor of the Company and its Singapore-incorporated subsidiaries since the listing of the Company in 2016 had on 14 July 2021 expressed their intention not to seek re-appointment at the AGM held on 29 July 2021.
		The Board, in consultation with the ARC, having considered the needs of the Group, together with various factors such as the fee proposal and credentials of the proposed audit team, nominated and recommended Moore Stephens to replace Baker Tilly as the auditors of the Company and the Group. There were no changes in the scope of the audit with the change in auditors.
		The appointment of Moore Stephens was approved at the EGM of the Company held on 27 October 2021. The Company confirms its compliance with Catalist Rules 712 and 715 in respect of the change of auditor and the appointment of Moore Stephens.
720(6)	Directors' training on sustainability matters	All directors of the Company will attend training on sustainability matters in FY2022.

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
1204(8)	Material contracts	Master Distributions Rights Agreement
		In respect of material contracts, which were still subsisting at the end of FY2021, Raffles Brands Pte. Ltd. ("Raffles Brands"), being an indirect subsidiary of the Company, had entered into a master distribution rights agreement with Kaifeng Jufeel. Mr. Zhang, who is the Non-Executive and Non-Independent Chairman of the Company, holds 49% equity interest in Kaifeng Jufeel, with the remaining 51% equity interests held by Henan Jufeel Technology Co., Ltd. ("Henan Jufeel"), and Henan Jufeel is in turn 90% owned by Mr. Zhang. Mr. Zhang is also the legal representative of Kaifeng Jufeel. In addition, as announced by the Company on 8 June 2021, Raffles Brands, Kaifeng Jufeel and PMAS International Pte. Ltd. ("PMAS"), being a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, has entered into a deed of novation dated 8 June 2021, pursuant to which Raffles Brands shall transfer all its rights, obligations and liabilities under the master distribution rights agreement to PMAS, and PMAS shall be bound to the terms of the master distribution rights agreement from the date thereof, as though it had originally been named as a party thereto. Please refer to the announcements dated 29 January 2021, 8 June 2021 and 14 June 2021 for more information on the foregoing master distribution rights agreement. As announced on 19 July 2021, the distribution business is currently put on hold. The Group has not commenced any activities under the foregoing distribution business as this is conditional upon the Company having obtained all relevant approvals from its Shareholders, including approval from Shareholders for the expansion and diversification of the Group's business to include the foregoing distribution business.

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		Agreements in respect of the appointment of Kaifeng Jufeel as authorised representative
		In January 2021, Wish and the Company had entered into certain agreements with Kaifeng Jufeel in connection with the appointment of Kaifeng Jufeel as the authorised representative to collect outstanding BOP service fees for FY2019 from 14 BOP service outlets to which Wish has provided BOP services, and to transfer all collected outstanding service fees to the relevant bank account of Wish Shanghai within 90 days from 22 January 2021 (being the date of the performance guarantee agreement) or such extended time as the Group may consent to. Such agreements include securities and undertakings provided by Kaifeng Jufeel and Mr. Zhang in favour of the Group. Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcements dated, among others, 2 October 2020, 26 January 2021, 27 April 2021 and 29 April 2021 for more information on the aforesaid arrangement.
		Guarantee Agreements
		In connection with the Relevant Encumbrance, guarantee agreements in favour of Wish were executed by Kaifeng Jufeel and Mr. Zhang (collectively, the "Guarantors") on 18 August 2021. Such guarantee agreements provided that the Guarantors shall guarantee and procure the complete release and discharge of the Relevant Encumbrance over the relevant bank account of Wish Shanghai by the initial deadline of 30 September 2021, which was subsequently extended. Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcement dated 18 August 2021 in respect of the

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		Agreements in connection with the transfer of the Listed Shares
		The Company has entered into an agreement with Mr. Zhang and Truth Assets Management (S) Pte. Ltd. ("TAM") on 31 December 2021, pursuant to which Mr. Zhang is to procure the transfer(s) of certain Listed Shares to the Company within three (3) months from the date of such agreement. The foregoing agreement was entered into due to the extended delay in procuring the release and discharge of the Relevant Encumbrance. Following the Company's receipt of such Listed Shares, TAM will assist the Company with the disposal or sale of such Listed Shares for a period of six (6) months from the date of the Agreement or such other extended period as may be agreed by the Company and TAM.
		In view of the Board's agreement to extend the deadline from 31 March 2022 to 31 May 2022 for Mr Zhang to transfer (or procure the transfer of) such Listed Shares, the Company has entered into a supplemental agreement with TAM and Mr Zhang in connection with the Agreement to extend the deadline for the transfer of the Listed Shares to 31 May 2022 and the foregoing service term to 31 December 2022. In addition, the guarantors (being Mr. Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel) have entered into a guarantee agreement dated 1 April 2022 in favour of Wish and Wish Shanghai to procure (a) the complete release and discharge of the Relevant Encumbrance over the relevant bank account of Wish Shanghai by 31 May 2022, or (b) the transfer of the relevant Listed Shares by 31 May 2022. In the event that the aggregate of the amount received by the Company and/or any Group Company pursuant to the foregoing is insufficient to cover the sum of RMB100 million, the guarantors guarantee to pay to Wish and/or Wish Shanghai the outstanding balance.

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		As announced by the Company on 9 May 2022, save for the receipt of 5,000,000 Listed Shares as confirmed by the Company's appointed licensed brokering firm, the Company has not received any confirmation on the receipt of any additional Listed Shares. In the interests of facilitating the resolution of the matter and given that the guarantors (being Mr Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel) have also entered into the 1 April Guarantee in favour of Wish and Wish Shanghai, the Board, in consultation with the Audit and Risk Committee, has noted the explanation provided by Mr Zhang and has agreed for Mr Zhang to transfer (or procure the transfer(s) of) such number of Listed Shares, the aggregate value of which, when aggregated with previous Listed Shares which have been transferred to the Company pursuant to the Agreement, is at least RMB 100 million, to the Company (or such other Group Company as may be identified by the Company) by the deadline of 31 May 2022. In this regard, the Board will closely monitor the status and progress of the transfer(s) and will work closely with Mr Zhang to ensure that he transfers and/or procures the transfer(s) of the Listed Shares by the agreed deadline of 31 May 2022.

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		Notwithstanding the foregoing, as announced by the Company on 5 June 2022 (which was subsequently replaced on 6 June 2022), Mr Zhang remained unable to travel to Hong Kong to undertake the necessary arrangements and/or actions for the transfer(s) of additional Listed Shares due to travel restrictions in the PRC and Hong Kong because of the ongoing COVID-19 situation in the PRC and Hong Kong. However, Mr Zhang has informed the Board that he has earmarked certain funds and is expected to transfer (or procure the transfer(s) of) of 100,000,000 Listed Shares to the Company by 15 June 2022 and an additional 100,000,000 to 200,000,000 Listed Shares by the first week of July 2022. To assure the Board of his commitment to resolve the matter, Mr Zhang has agreed to pay to the Company the sum of HKD 1 million by 15 June 2022. Mr Zhang has also agreed that in the event that the aggregate value of all Listed Shares received by the Company and/or any Group Company as at 31 July 2022 is less than RMB100 million, Mr Zhang shall undertake to pay to the Company any shortfall in the amount by way of monthly instalment of \$\$1,000,000 for a period of twelve (12) months commencing from the first week of August 2022. Each monthly instalment is to be satisfied (a) in the form of cash payment or (b) transfer(s) of such number of Listed Shares to the Company (with aggregate value at time of transfer being \$\$1,000,000 or (c) a combination of (a) and (b) (where value of Listed Shares at time of transfer must be \$\$1,000,000 when combined with the cash payment made for that instalment). In the event that the aggregate value of such Listed Shares and monthly instalments received by the Company is insufficient to cover the sum of RMB 100 million, Mr Zhang shall pay to the Company the outstanding balance together with the final monthly instalment.

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		In view of the extended delay in transferring (or procuring the transfer(s) of) the Listed Shares to the Company, the Company, in consultation with the ARC, had sought legal advice on the rights of the Company and/or its Group Company in respect of the 1 April Guarantee and/or appropriate legal recourse which may be taken by the Company (or any of the relevant Group Company). Based on legal advice obtained from the Company's PRC lawyers, the Board (save for Mr Zhang) is of the view that the proposal made by Mr. Zhang as detailed above will, as compared to enforcement of the 1 April Guarantee, better facilitate the resolution of the matter as it is likely to be faster and less costly.
		As at the date of this report, the Company has not received the sum of HKD 1 million or the 100,000,000 Listed Shares pursuant to the foregoing agreement.
		Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcements dated 30 September 2021, 2 November 2021, 31 December 2021,1 April 2022, 9 May 2022, 5 June 2022, 6 June 2022 and the relevant announcements referred to therein for more information on the foregoing agreement and the arrangement relating to the Listed Shares.
		Save as otherwise disclosed above and in the section titled "Interested Person Transactions" and elsewhere in the consolidated financial statements of the Group, there were no material contracts entered into by the Group involving the interest of the CEO, any Director, or controlling shareholder, which are either still subsisting at the end of FY2021 or if not then subsisting, entered into since the end of the previous financial year.

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
1204(10)	Confirmation of adequacy of internal controls	Subject to the findings of the ongoing independent review on the BOP business, the Board and the ARC are of the opinion that the internal controls are effective and adequate to address the financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks based on the following:
		(a) internal controls and the risk management system established by the Company;
		(b) work performed by the IA and EA;
		(c) assurance from the CEO and CFO;
		(d) assurance from the CEO and key management personnel; and
		(e) reviews done by the various Board Committees and key management personnel.
		However, as explained in Principle 9 above, the ARC and the Board wish to highlight the following:
		(1) Relevant Encumbrance
		As disclosed by the Company on 13 June 2021, the Board was not aware of Relevant Encumbrance over the amount of RMB100 million, which had been received in the bank account of Wish Shanghai as payment of the outstanding service fees for FY2019 and partial payment of outstanding service fees for FY2020. The Relevant Encumbrance was arranged by Mr. Zhang and Mr. Liu, a consultant to the Group and a director and legal representative of Wish Shanghai and Wish. Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcements dated 13 June 2021 and 17 June 2021 for more information on Mr. Zhang's reasons for not notifying the Board earlier of the Relevant Encumbrance.

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation		
		In response, the ARC and the Board had directed Mr. Zhang to, in the future, promptly notify the Board of any matter or development in relation to the collection of Outstanding Service Fee as and when any new information is received and/or a new decision is to be taken. Further, in view of the various issues noted since the Group's diversification into the BOP business, the ARC has instructed the Company to engage a suitably qualified and experienced independent party to carry out an independent review of the Group's BOP business, notwithstanding that the BOP business has since ceased with the termination of the relevant BOP agreement and health management service agreements with all 14 secured outlets. Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcements dated 19 July 2021 and 20 August 2021 in respect of, among others, the appointment of Deloitte & Touche Financial Advisory Services Pte Ltd as the Independent Reviewer.		
		In addition, as announced by the Company on 2 November 2021 and 31 December 2021, due to the extended delay in procuring the release and discharge of the Relevant Encumbrance and after having considered legal advice rendered by PRC counsel in relation to the enforcement of the relevant guarantees provided by Mr. Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel, the Company has entered into the Agreement with Mr. Zhang and TAM on 31 December 2021, pursuant to which Mr. Zhang is to procure the transfer(s) of such Listed Shares to the Company within three (3) months from the date of the Agreement. Thereafter, TAM will, for a period of 6 months from the date of the Agreement or such other extended period as may be agreed by the Company and TAM, assist the Company with the disposal or sale of such Listed Shares which have been transferred to the Company.		

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation			
		Other than the entry into the Agreement, the following additional steps will also be taken depending on the amount of proceeds received by the Company from such sale of the Listed Shares:  (a) if the proceeds from such sale of the Listed Shares is insufficient to cover the sum of RMB100 million, Mr. Zhang shall guarantee to pay the outstanding balance pursuant to a new personal guarantee to be provided by Mr. Zhang in favour of Wish; and (b) if the Company and/or other Group Company receives RMB100 million in full from such sale of the Listed Shares, the Company will work with Kaifeng Jufeel to procure the return of the RMB100 million (subject to the Relevant Encumbrance) received by Wish Shanghai to the third party which Kaifeng Jufeel had previously secured the loan from.			
		As further announced by the Company on 1 April 2022, the Board, in consultation with the Audit and Risk Committee, agreed to extend the deadline for (a) Mr. Zhang to transfer (or procure the transfer of) the Listed Shares to the Company from the original deadline of 31 March 2022 to 31 May 2022, and (b) the guarantors (being Mr. Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel) to procure the release and discharge of the Relevant Encumbrance by 31 May 2022, on the basis that there will be no further extension of the deadline after 31 May 2022 and taking into consideration among others the following:			
		(a) that Mr Zhang has undertaken to transfer (or procure the transfer(s) of) such number of Listed Shares, the aggregate value of which, when aggregated with previous Listed Shares which have been transferred to the Company pursuant to the Agreement, is at least RMB50 million, to the Company by 30 April 2022;			

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation		
		(b) the new guarantee entered into by the guarantors (being Kaifeng Jufeel and MQhang) to among others procure or guarantee the release and discharge of the Relevant Encumbrance and the transfers of the Listed Shares in accordance with the Agreement (as may be further amended and supplemented); and		
		(c) the written confirmation/undertaking given by Mr Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel that until and unless the Listed Shares in the aggregate value of RMB100 million have been transferred to the Company (or such other Group Company as may be identified by the Company), save in respect of cash necessary to fund its working capital requirements, Kaifeng Jufeel shall not transfer, sell or dispose any asset or undertake any steps in connection with any such transfer, sale or disposal without the Company's prior written consent.		
		In view of the Board's agreement to extend the deadline from 31 March 2022 to 31 May 2022 for Mr Zhang to transfer (or procure the transfer of) such Listed Shares, the Company has entered into a supplemental agreement with TAM and Mr Zhang in connection with the Agreement to extend the deadline for the transfer of the Listed Shares to 31 May 2022 and the foregoing service term to 31 December 2022. In addition, the guarantors (being Mr. Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel) have entered into a guarantee agreement dated 1 April 2022 in favour of Wish and Wish Shanghai to procure (a) the complete release and discharge of the Relevant Encumbrance over the relevant bank account of Wish Shanghai by 31 May 2022, or (b) the transfer of the relevant Listed Shares by 31 May 2022. In the event that the aggregate of the amount received by the Company and/or any Group Company pursuant to the foregoing is insufficient to cover the sum of RMB100 million, the guarantors guarantee to pay to Wish and/or Wish Shanghai the outstanding balance.		

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation		
		As announced by the Company on 9 May 2022, save for the receipt of 5,000,000 Listed Shares as confirmed by the Company's appointed licensed brokering firm, the Company has not received any confirmation on the receipt of any additional Listed Shares. In the interests of facilitating the resolution of the matter and given that the guarantors (being Mr Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel) have also entered into the 1 April Guarantee in favour of Wish and Wish Shanghai, the Board, in consultation with the Audit and Risk Committee, has noted the explanation provided by Mr Zhang and has agreed for Mr Zhang to transfer (or procure the transfer(s) of) such number of Listed Shares, the aggregate value of which, when aggregated with previous Listed Shares which have been transferred to the Company pursuant to the Agreement, is at least RMB100 million, to the Company (or such other Group Company as may be identified by the Company) by the deadline of 31 May 2022. In this regard, the Board will closely monitor the status and progress of the transfer(s) and will work closely with Mr Zhang to ensure that he transfers and/or procures the transfer(s) of the Listed Shares by the agreed deadline of 31 May 2022.		

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		Notwithstanding the foregoing, as announced by the Company on 5 June 2022 (which was subsequently replaced on 6 June 2022). Mr Zhang remained unable to travel to Hong Kong to undertake the necessary arrangements and/or actions for the transfer(s) of additional Listed Shares due to travel restrictions in the PRC and Hong Kong because of the ongoing COVID-19 situation in the PRC and Hong Kong. However, Mr Zhang has informed the Board that he has earmarked certain funds and is expected to transfer (or procure the transfer(s) of) of 100,000,000 Listed Shares to the Company by 15 June 2022 and an additional 100,000,000 to 200,000,000 Listed Shares by the first week of July 2022. To assure the Board of his commitment to resolve the matter, Mr Zhang has agreed to pay to the Company the sum of HKD1 million by 15 June 2022. Mr Zhang has also agreed that in the event that the aggregate value of all Listed Shares received by the Company and/or any Group Company as at 31 July 2022 is less than RMB100 million, Mr Zhang shall undertake to pay to the Company any shortfall in the amount by way of monthly instalment of \$\$1,000,000 for a period of twelve (12) months commencing from the first week of August 2022. Each monthly instalment is to be satisfied (a) in the form of cash payment or (b) transfer(s) of such number of Listed Shares to the Company (with aggregate value at time of transfer being \$\$1,000,000) or (c) a combination of (a) and (b) (where value of Listed Shares at time of transfer must be \$\$1,000,000 when combined with the cash payment made for that instalment). In the event that the aggregate value of such Listed Shares and monthly instalments received by the Company is insufficient to cover the sum of RMB100 million, Mr Zhang shall pay to the Company the outstanding balance together with the final monthly instalment.

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation		
		In view of the extended delay in transferring (or procuring the transfer(s) of) the Listed Shares to the Company, the Company, in consultation with the ARC, had sought legal advice on the rights of the Company and/or its Group Company in respect of the 1 April Guarantee and/or appropriate legal recourse which may be taken by the Company (or any of the relevant Group Company). Based on legal advice obtained from the Company's PRC lawyers, the Board (save for Mr Zhang) is of the view that the proposal made by Mr. Zhang as detailed above will, as compared to enforcement of the 1 April Guarantee, better facilitate the resolution of the matter as it is likely to be faster and less costly.		
		As at the date of this report, the Company has not received the sum of HKD1 million or the 100,000,000 Listed Shares pursuant to the foregoing agreement.		
		Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcements dated 13 June 2021, 17 June 2021, 1 July 2021, 19 July 2021, 18 August 2021, 30 September 2021, 2 November 2021, 31 December 2021, 1 April 2022, 9 May 2022, 5 June 2022, 6 June 2022 and the relevant announcements referred to therein for more information on the Relevant Encumbrance, the Agreement and the arrangement relating to the Listed Shares.		

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation				
		(2) Authorised signatories of Relevant Bank Account				
		As announced by the Company on 17 June 2021, the Company has implemented certain internal control measures in respect of the Relevant Bank Account, being Wish Shanghai's bank account in which the RMB100 million is kept. However, the ARC noted that as at the date of this report, Mr. Liu remains as the only authorised signatory to the Relevant Bank Account.				
		In response, the ARC and the Board had proposed the following actions to improve the Group's internal controls and risk management:				
		(a) upon the release of the Relevant Encumbrance, to undertake necessary steps to transfer a part of or the full amount of the Outstanding Service Fees of RMB100 million collected, from the Relevant Bank Account to the other existing Bank Account of Wish Shanghai, where authorised signatories for all transactions to be approved via the bank token are the CFO and Mr. Liu, in order to minimise the amount held in the Relevant Bank Account;				

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		(b) for the CEO and/or the CFO to travel to the PRC to take the necessary administrative steps to be added as authorised signatories of the Relevant Bank Account once travel restrictions have eased and for Mr. Pang Pok to be added as an authorised signatory for the other existing bank account of Wish Shanghai. In this regard, the Company is exploring the possibility of the CEO and/or CFO travelling to the PRC to undertake the foregoing steps, as well as to collect the second bank token; and
		(c) to request the Company's internal auditors to review the relevant internal control measures in respect of the Relevant Bank Account and to review payment transactions of the Relevant Bank Account to ascertain that all payments made have been duly and properly authorised in accordance with the Company's approved payments policies and procedures.
		Shareholders may refer to the Company's announcements dated 13 June 2021 and 17 June 2021 for more information on the internal control measures that the Company has considered undertaking in respect of the Relevant Bank Account.

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		In addition, as announced by the Company on 22 April 2022, pursuant to Mr. Liu's removal as director, legal representative, and authorised bank signatory of Wish Shanghai sometime on or around September 2021, the Company immediately designated Mr. Zhang to replace Mr. Liu's positions and responsibilities. The Board had consulted its PRC lawyers on the steps and procedure to effect the changes of removing Mr. Liu as a director, legal representative, authorised signatory and bank token holder of the PRC bank accounts of Wish Shanghai under the relevant PRC laws, regulations and requirements and was advised that the process of replacing the authorised signatory and bank token holder has to involve the relevant person(s) to be physically present at the relevant banks to effect such changes. At the material time, the directors who were not based or residing in PRC were unable to travel to PRC due to the COVID-19 travel restrictions. Therefore, the Board resolved to appoint Mr. Zhang, being the only PRC based director of the Group to effect such changes physically in PRC. However, Mr. Zhang represented to the Board on various occasions that he was unable to travel to Shanghai, PRC, to execute the relevant documents to effect the aforesaid changes due to the ongoing COVID-19 travel restrictions and personal health-related issues. Accordingly, the Board agreed to appoint Mr. Pang to travel to Shanghai, PRC, in place of Mr. Zhang. With the rejection of Mr. Pang's application for an invitation letter to travel to Shanghai, PRC and the severity of the COVID-19 situation in the PRC, Mr. Liu remains as the only authorised signatory to the Relevant Bank Account.
		Notwithstanding the foregoing, as announced by the Company on 10 May 2022, the Company is closely monitoring the COVID-19 situation in the PRC and will undertake the necessary arrangements and/or actions for Mr. Pang (or any other designated representative) to travel to Shanghai, PRC, to effect the changes as soon as possible after travel restrictions have been lifted.

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation			
		Although the Board acknowledges that it is responsible for the overall internal control framework, it also recognises that no cost-effective internal control system will preclude all errors and irregularities. A system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives. It can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.			
1204(10C)	ARC's comment on Internal Audit Function	the internal of that the internal adequately r	The ARC assesses the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal audit function annually and is of the view that the internal audit function is independent, effective, adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the company.		
1204(16)	Information in respect of any employee share option (or share incentive) Scheme	The information required by Catalist Rules 1204(16) and 851 are set out in pages 112 to 114 of this Annual Report below.			
1204(17)	Interested persons transaction ("IPT")	The Group has procedures governing all IPTs to ensure that they are properly documented and reported in timely manner to the ARC and that they are carried on normal commercial terms and are not prejudic to the interests of the Company and its minor Shareholders.  The Group does not have a general mandate from Shareholders for IPT.			
		Table 1204(17)			
		Aggregate value of all IPTs during the financial year under review (excluding transactions less than \$\$100,000 and transactions conducted Interested Nature of Person relationship pursuant to Rule 920)			
				\$\$'000	
		Pang Pok	Note (1)	1,188	
		Koufu Group Note (2) 836 Limited			
		Total		2,024	
		Wei Pte. Lt and Execu amount of to renew fo be agreed agreemen terms are s	d. ("HKW") v tive Director of \$\$33,000 for or another three d between HR t is for a periosupported by	enancy agreement entered by Hao Kou with Mr. Pang Pok, the Company's CEO on 21 December 2021 at a monthly lease a period of three years, with an option see years but subject to such rent as may KW and Mr. Pang Pok. As the tenancy and not exceeding three (3) years and the an independent valuation, it falls within alle 916(1) of the Catalist Rules.	

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		(2) Rasa Sayang Village Pte. Ltd. and HKW are wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company and both wholly owned subsidiaries have signed two letters of offer with Koufu Group Limited ("Koufu") in FY2021. The total value at risk of the two leases is estimated at \$\$836,000 after taking into account variable components.  At the time of entering into the letters of offer, Jun Yuan Holdings Pte. Ltd. ("Jun Yuan Holdings") was the controlling shareholder of Koufu, holding 428,048,800 shares (representing 77.18% direct interest) in Koufu. Mr Pang Lim holds 50.0% of the shares in Jun Yuan Holdings. Pursuant to Section 4 of the Securities and Futures Act ("SFA"), Mr Pang Lim is deemed to have an interest in the 428,048,800 shares held by Jun Yuan Holdings in Koufu.  Mr Pang Lim is the brother of Mr Pang Pok, the Company's CEO and Executive Director. As such, Koufu, Mr Pang Pok and Mr Pang Lim are deemed as the same interested person as defined under Chapter 9 of the Catalist Rules.
1204(19)	Dealing in securities	The Company has adopted an internal policy which prohibits the Company, its Directors and officers from dealing in the securities of the Company while in possession of price-sensitive information.
		The Company, its Directors and officers, are also discouraged from dealing in the Company's securities on short term considerations and are prohibited from dealing in the Company's securities during the period beginning one month before the announcement of the Company's interim and full-year financial statements, respectively, and ending on the date of the announcement of the relevant results.
		Notwithstanding the foregoing, as disclosed in the Form 1 (Notification Form for Director/Chief Executive Officer in respect of Interests in Securities) released on 4 March 2021, Mr. Pang Pok, the Executive Director and CEO, had instructed his banker at UOB Nominees Private Limited to transfer the 50,000,000 shares in the issued capital of the Company held via UOB Nominees Private Limited to the CDP account registered in his own name on 3 February 2021 ("Transfer"). Mr. Pang Pok was only aware on 3 March 2021 that the Transfer was completed on 3 February 2021. Notwithstanding the foregoing, there is no change in the aggregate interest in shares held by Mr. Pang Pok arising from the Transfer.
1204(21)	Non-sponsor fees	No non-sponsor fees were paid to the Company's Sponsor, UOB Kay Hian Private Limited, for FY2021.

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Rule	Rule Description		Compan	y's Comp	liance or	Explanat	ion
1204(22)	Use of proceeds	(A) <u>Placement</u>					
		mpany to mpany to ng, which Company ly \$\$4.74 fer to the December 25 March July 2019, gust 2020, ular of the he Annual by 2021 for					
			Use of Net Proceeds	Amount allocated pursuant to the re-allocation on 19 February 2021 (\$\$'000)	Amount unutilised as at 14 August 2021 (\$\$'000)	Amount utilised since the last update on 14 August 2021 till the date of this report (\$\$'000)	Amount unutilised as at the date of this report (\$\$'000)
			Acquisition of companies and/or assets in the food and beverage business	1,880	-	-	-
			General working capital	2,562	340	340(1)	-
			Capital expenditure for dishwashing business	300	-	-	-

# **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

Catalist Rule	Rule Description	Company's Compliance or Explanation
		(B) <u>Convertible Loan</u>
		The Company refers to the Company's announcement dated 17 December 2018 on the entry into a convertible loan agreement for an aggregate amount of RMB68 million (or approximately \$\$13.6 million) and announcement dated 19 June 2020 on the entry into a supplemental agreement to vary certain terms of the convertible loan agreement. As at the date of this report, there has been no disbursement of the convertible loan.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The directors present their statement to the members of GS Holdings Limited (the "Company") together with the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021.

In the opinion of the directors:

- (a) the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group for the year then ended; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis after taking into consideration the availability of banking facilities and a letter of commitment from the controlling shareholder of the Group for loans of up to \$\$1 million that can be drawn down by the Group over a period of 2 years, if required, which will enable the Group to pay its debts as and when they fall due and that the Group will continue to generate adequate cash flows from its operations for the foreseeable future, as disclosed in Note 2(a) to the financial statements.

#### 1 Directors

The directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are:

Zhang Rongxuan Non-independent and Non-executive Chairman
Pang Pok Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

Chong Eng Wee Lead Independent Director
Lim Kee Way Irwin Independent Director
Chan Chun Kit Independent Director

#### 2 Arrangements to Enable Directors to Acquire Shares or Debentures

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate except as disclosed in Notes 4 and 5 of this statement.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 3 Directors' Interests in Shares or Debentures

According to the register of directors' shareholdings kept by the Company under section 164 of the Singapore Companies Act 1967 (the "Act"), the directors of the Company who held office at the end of the financial year had no interests in the shares or debentures of the Company and its related corporations except as stated below.

		Direct interest			Deemed interes	st
	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at
Name of director	1.1.2021	31.12.2021	21.1.2022	1.1.2021	31.12.2021	21.1.2022
The Company						
Number of						
ordinary shares						
Pang Pok	2,079,705	16,079,705	16,079,705	<b>95,000,000</b> <sup>(1)</sup>	<b>65,000,000</b> <sup>(2)</sup>	55,660,000(3)

- (1) As at 1.1.2021, Mr Pang Pok is deemed to have interest in the 50,000,000 and 40,000,000 ordinary shares held through UOB Nominees Private Limited and BMO Private Bank, respectively, in the Company. In addition, by virtue of Section 164(15) of the Act, Mr Pang Pok is deemed to have an interest in 5,000,000 ordinary shares held by his spouse in the Company.
- (2) As at 31.12.2021, Mr Pang Pok is deemed to have interest in the 60,000,000 ordinary shares held through Bank of Singapore Limited in the Company. In addition, by virtue of Section 164(15) of the Act, Mr Pang Pok is deemed to have an interest in 5,000,000 ordinary shares held by his spouse in the Company.
- (3) As at 21.1.2022, Mr Pang Pok is deemed to have interest in the 50,660,000 ordinary shares held through Bank of Singapore Limited in the Company. In addition, by virtue of Section 164(15) of the Act, Mr Pang Pok is deemed to have an interest in 5,000,000 ordinary shares held by his spouse in the Company.

Mr Pang Pok, by virtue of Section 7 of the Act, is deemed to have interest in the shares held by the Company in its wholly owned subsidiaries.

Mr Pang Pok, by virtue of his interest not less than 20% of the issued share capital of the Company, is deemed to have an interest in the shares held by the Company in the following subsidiaries that are not wholly owned by the Group:

	As at	As at	As at
	1.1.2021	31.12.2021	21.1.2022
Subsidiaries			
Number of ordinary shares			
Wish Hospitality Holdings Private Limited	400	400	400
Sing Global Brands Pte. Ltd.	10,200	50,000	50,000
Raffles Brands Pte. Ltd.	51	51	51



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 4 Share Options

The GS Holdings Employee Share Option Scheme (the "GS Holdings ESOS") as well as a performance share plan known as the GS Holdings Performance Share Plan (the "GS Holdings PSP") were first approved and adopted by the members of the Company at the shareholders' meeting held on 17 December 2015. The GS Holdings ESOS and GS Holdings PSP were renewed in the annual general meeting of the Company held on 29 July 2021.

The GS Holdings ESOS and GS Holdings PSP are administered by the Remuneration Committee comprising three directors, Chan Chun Kit, Chong Eng Wee and Lim Kee Way Irwin. The Chairman of the Remuneration Committee is Chan Chun Kit. A member of the Remuneration Committee who is also a participant of the GS Holdings ESOS and GS Holdings PSP will not be involved in its deliberation in respect of options/awards granted or to be granted to him.

#### **GS Holdings ESOS**

Information on the GS Holdings ESOS is summarised below.

- (a) The exercise price of the options is determined by Market Price equal to the average of the last dealt prices for a Share on the Official List of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") for the five (5) consecutive market days immediately preceding the date on which an offer to grant an option is made or at a discount to the Market Price (subject to a maximum discount of 20%).
- (b) The options vest 12 months after the grant date and expire one year after vesting date unless cancelled or lapsed prior to that date.

The options outstanding at the end of the financial year, details of the options granted under the scheme on the unissued shares of the Company, are as follows:

Date of grant of option	Exercise price per share	Options outstanding as at 1.1.2021	Options exercised	Options cancelled/	Options outstanding as at 31.12.2021	Exercisable period
25.9.2019	\$\$0.418	3,300,000	-	(3,300,000)	-	25.9.2020 to 24.9.2021
6.1.2020	\$\$0.735	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000	6.1.2021 to 5.1.2022
		5,300,000		(3,300,000)	2,000,000	

Except as disclosed, there were no unissued shares of the Company or its subsidiaries under options granted by the Company or its subsidiaries as at the end of the financial year.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 4 Share Options (Continued)

GS Holdings ESOS (Continued)

The details of the movement of the share options awarded since commencement of the GS Holdings ESOS (aggregate) are as follows:

GS Holdings ESOS participants	Aggregate share options granted since commencement of GS Holdings ESOS to 31 December 2021	Aggregate share options cancelled/ lapsed	Aggregate share options outstanding as at 31 December 2021
Former director	600,000	(600,000)	-
Existing directors -			
Chong Eng Wee	500,000	(500,000)	-
Chan Chun Kit	500,000	(500,000)	-
Lim Kee Way Irwin	500,000	(500,000)	-
Zhang Rongxuan	600,000	(600,000)	-
Pang Pok	1,400,000	-	1,400,000
Key executives of the Group	1,200,000	(600,000)	600,000
Total	5,300,000	(3,300,000)	2,000,000

The outstanding options represents approximately 1.06% of the Company's total number of issued shares as at 31 December 2021, which have subsequently lapsed on 5 January 2022.

#### GS Holdings PSP

The GS Holdings PSP contemplates the award of fully paid shares free of charge to participants after pre-determined performance or service conditions are accomplished. Awards granted under the GS Holdings PSP will be principally performance-based, incorporating an element of stretched targets for senior executives and significantly stretched targets for key senior management and non-executive directors aimed at delivering long-term shareholder value.

The extension of the GS Holdings PSP to executive directors and employees of the Group, including those who are controlling shareholders and their associates and non-executive directors (including our independent directors) of the Group allows the Group to have a fair and equitable system to reward directors and employees who have made and who continue to make significant contributions to the long-term growth of the Group.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 4 Share Options (Continued)

GS Holdings PSP (Continued)

The GS Holdings PSP shall continue in operation for a maximum period of 10 years commencing on the date on which the GS Holdings PSP is adopted, provided that the GS Holdings PSP may continue beyond the above stipulated period with the approval of the shareholders by ordinary resolution in general meeting and of any relevant authorities which may then be required.

The total number of shares which may be issued or transferred pursuant to the awards granted under the GS Holdings PSP, when added to (i) the number of shares issued or issuable and/or transferred or transferrable in respect of all awards granted thereunder; and (ii) all shares issued or issuable and/or transferred or transferrable under any other share incentive schemes adopted by the Company for the time being in force, shall not exceed 15% of the total issued share capital of the Company on the day preceding the relevant award date.

The details of the movement of the performance shares awarded since commencement of the GS Holdings PSP (aggregate) are as follows:

	Aggregate performance	Aggregate performance	
	share awards granted since	share awards vested since	Aggregate performance
	of GS Holdings PSP to	of GS Holdings PSP to	share awards outstanding as at
	31 December	31 December	31 December
GS Holdings PSP participants	2021	2021	2021
Former directors	126,000	126,000	-
Existing director – Pang Pok	125,000	125,000	-
Key executives of the Group	302,000	302,000	
Total	553,000	553,000	

During the financial year ended 31 December 2021, no performance share awards were issued pursuant to the GS Holdings PSP.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 5 Warrants

On 22 April 2019, the Company had issued 35,000,000 warrants to Alto Vencap Pte. Ltd. pursuant to the placement introducer agreement and convertible loan introducer agreement, each warrant carrying the right to subscribe for one (1) ordinary share in the capital of the Company at the exercise price of \$\$0.18 per share pursuant to the Proposed Warrants Issue.

On 26 June 2019, the Company had issued 11,764,705 free warrants to Mr Pang Pok ("**Director**") as part of the loan capitalisation of an amount due to the Director in 2019, each warrant carrying the right to subscribe for one (1) ordinary share in the capital of the Company at the exercise price of \$\$0.255 per share pursuant to the Proposed Warrants Issue.

The details of the movement of warrants during the financial year are as follows:

Date of issue	Exercise price per share	Warrants outstanding as at 1.1.2021	Warrants exercised	Warrants cancelled/	Warrants outstanding as at 31.12.2021	Exercisable period
22.4.2019	\$\$0.18	35,000,000	-	(35,000,000)	-	22.4.2019 to 21.4.2021
26.6.2019	S\$0.255	11,764,705	(4,000,000)	(7,764,705)		26.6.2019 to 25.6.2021
		46,764,705	(4,000,000)	(42,764,705)		

There are no outstanding warrants as at 31 December 2021.

#### 6 Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee ("ARC") comprises the following independent directors at the date of this statement:

Lim Kee Way Irwin (Chairman)
Chong Eng Wee
Chan Chun Kit

The ARC carried out its functions in accordance with Section 201B(5) of the Act, the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") Listing Manual (the "Catalist Rules") and the Code of Corporate Governance and assists the Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") in the execution of its corporate governance responsibilities within its established terms of reference.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 6 Audit and Risk Committee (Continued)

The ARC performs the following functions:

- (a) assist the Board in the discharge of its responsibilities on financial reporting matters;
- (b) review the adequacy, effectiveness, independence, scope and results of the external audit and the Company's internal audit function;
- (c) review the interim and annual financial statements and results announcements before submission to the Board for approval, focusing on changes in accounting policies and practices, major risk areas, significant adjustments resulting from the audit, compliance with financial reporting standards as well as compliance with the Catalist Rules and any other statutory/regulatory requirements;
- (d) review and report to the Board at least annually on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems, including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls;
- (e) commission an independent audit on internal controls and risk management systems, at the Company's expense, for its assurance, or where the ARC is not satisfied with the system of internal controls and risk management;
- (f) review the assurance provided by the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") that the financial records have been properly maintained, and that the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's operations and finances;
- (g) review disclosures in the annual report relating to the adequacy and effectiveness of risk management and internal control systems, including assurances received from the CEO and CFO, and concurrence received from the ARC;
- (h) assist the Board in providing oversight in the design, implementation and monitoring of the risk management framework and internal control system, including action to mitigate the risks identified where possible;
- review and discuss with the external auditor any suspected fraud or irregularity, or suspected infringement of any relevant laws, rules or regulations, which has or is likely to have a material impact on the Group's operating results or financial position, and to commission an investigation on the aforesaid matters, if necessary;
- (j) make recommendations to the Board on the proposals to the shareholders on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the external auditors, and the remuneration and terms of engagement of the external auditors;

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### **6** Audit and Risk Committee (Continued)

The ARC performs the following functions: (Continued)

- (k) review significant financial reporting issues and judgments with the CFO and the external auditors so as to ensure the integrity of the financial statements of the Group and any formal announcements relating to the Group's financial performance before their submission to the Board;
- (I) review and report to the Board at least annually the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's internal controls and risk management systems;
- (m) review the policy and arrangements for concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting or other matters to be safely raised, independently investigated and appropriately followed up on;
- (n) review and approve transactions falling within the scope of Chapter 9 and Chapter 10 of the Catalist Rules (if any);
- (o) review any potential conflicts of interest;
- (p) review and approve all hedging policies and instruments (if any) to be implemented by the Group;
- (q) undertake such other reviews and/or matters as may be requested by the Board and reporting to the Board on its findings;
- (r) oversee the establishment and operation of the whistleblowing process in the Company; and
- (s) generally, to undertake such other functions and duties as may be required by any law, rules and regulations which include the Catalist Rules.

The ARC is satisfied with the independence and objectivity of the external auditors and has recommended to the Board of Directors that the auditors, Moore Stephens LLP, be nominated for re-appointment as auditors at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company.

Further details regarding the ARC are disclosed in the Report on Corporate Governance included in the Company's Annual Report.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

7	Inc	le	pe	nd	ent	Δu	ditors
		$\sim$	$\sim$			~~	allo 13

The independent auditors, Moore Stephens LLP, have expressed their willingness to accept re-appointment as auditors.

On behalf of the Board of Directors,	
Pang Pok	Chong Eng Wee
Director	Director
Singapore	

Singapore 30 June 2022

TO THE MEMBERS OF GS HOLDINGS LIMITED

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Disclaimer of Opinion

- We were engaged to audit the financial statements of GS Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.
- We do not express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company. Because of the significance of the matters described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these financial statements.

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

#### 3 Opening Balances

The financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 were audited by another firm of auditors who expressed a disclaimer opinion on those financial statements in their report dated 14 July 2021. The basis of disclaimer of opinion on the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 is disclosed in Note 37 to the financial statements.

In view of the matters described in the basis of disclaimer of opinion paragraphs on the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020, we were unable to determine whether the opening balances as at 1 January 2021 are fairly stated.

Since the opening balances as at 1 January 2021 are entered into the determination of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2021, we were unable to determine whether adjustments, if any, might have been found to be necessary in respect of the consolidated financial statements of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021.

Our opinion on the current financial year's consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company is also modified because of the possible effects of these matters on the comparability of the current year's figures and the corresponding figures.



TO THE MEMBERS OF GS HOLDINGS LIMITED

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion (Continued)

#### 4 Reclassification and Recoverability of Amount Due from Mr Zhang

As set out in Note 17(b) to the financial statements, included in the Group's other receivables is an amount of RMB100,000,000 (equivalent to \$\$21,210,000) as at 31 December 2021 which is receivable from Mr Zhang Rongxuan ("Mr. Zhang"), the Company's non-independent and non-executive Chairman and Director.

As disclosed in Note 17(b) to the financial statements, the amount of RMB100,000,000 was previously recorded as cash and bank balances but was reclassified to other receivables as amount due from Mr. Zhang at the reporting date. However, we were unable to carry out our audit procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence as to the appropriateness of this reclassification. We were also unable to ascertain the recoverability of the aforesaid amount due from Mr Zhang. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to the amount due from Mr Zhang of RMB100,000,000 (equivalent to \$\$21,210,0000) as at 31 December 2021 were necessary.

#### 5 Existence and Quantum of Bank Balance Held in the People's Republic of China ("PRC")

As disclosed in Note 18(a) to the financial statements, the Group is unable to ascertain the bank balance amount of RMB20,451,0000 (equivalent to \$\$4,338,000) held in Bank of China in the PRC due to management's inability to obtain the relevant bank statements. We are also unable to arrange for bank confirmation for the aforesaid bank balance amount. Consequently, we were unable to carry out our audit procedures to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to ascertain the existence and the quantum of the bank balance amount of RMB20,451,0000 (equivalent to \$\$4,338,000) held in Bank of China in the PRC, and related information that may require disclosures in the financial statements as at 31 December 2021.

#### 6 Impairment Assessment of Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

As set out in Notes 12 and 13 to the financial statements, the Group has property, plant and equipment of \$\$1,901,000 (including right-of-use assets of \$\$1,725,000) and intangible assets of \$\$4,689,000 (including goodwill of \$\$4,373,000) (collectively the "Non-financial Assets"), which are attributable to the food and beverages segment. As disclosed in Notes 12 and 13 to the financial statements, management has estimated the recoverable amount of these Non-financial Assets based on value-in-use calculations and assessed that no allowance for impairment loss is necessary.

However, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence with respect to the cash flow projections used and the key estimates and assumptions applied in the value-in-use calculations to arrive at the recoverable amount of the Non-financial Assets. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any impairment of the property, plant and equipment and intangible assets of \$\$1,901,000 and \$\$4,689,000, respectively, as at 31 December 2021 were necessary.

TO THE MEMBERS OF GS HOLDINGS LIMITED

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion (Continued)

#### 7 Impairment Assessment of Investments in Subsidiaries and Amounts Due from Subsidiaries

As set out in Notes 14 and 17 to the financial statements, the Company has investments in subsidiaries of \$\$9,112,000 and amounts due from subsidiaries of \$\$2,272,000 (net of allowance for impairment loss of \$\$304,000) as at 31 December 2021. As disclosed in Note 14 to the financial statements, management has estimated the recoverable amount of the investments in subsidiaries based on value-in-use calculations and assessed that no allowance for impairment loss is necessary. As disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements, management has assessed the amounts due from subsidiaries to have low credit risk and no further allowance for impairment loss is necessary.

However, we were unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence with respect to the cash flow projections used and the key estimates and assumptions applied in the value-in-use calculations to arrive at the recoverable amount of the investments in subsidiaries. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any impairment of the investments in subsidiaries of \$\$9,112,000 as at 31 December 2021 was necessary.

We were also unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to support management's assessment on the recoverability of the amounts due from subsidiaries. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any further impairment of the amounts due from subsidiaries of \$\$2,272,000 as at 31 December 2021 was necessary.

#### 8 <u>Independent Review</u>

As disclosed in Note 33 to the financial statements, the Company has engaged an independent party (the "Independent Reviewer") to carry out an independent review of the Group's branding, operations and procurement ("BOP") business (the "Independent Review") in view of the disclaimer of opinion issued by the independent auditors on the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 and the various issues noted since the Group's diversification into the BOP business. The Independent Review is ongoing as at the date of our report.

Accordingly, we are unable to determine whether any findings may be reported by the Independent Reviewer which may require adjustments and/or additional disclosure or other consequential effect in respect of current and prior years financial statements.



TO THE MEMBERS OF GS HOLDINGS LIMITED

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion (Continued)

#### 9 Going Concern Assumption

We draw attention to Note 2(a) to the financial statements which indicates that for the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the Group reported a net loss of \$\$10,420,000 and a total comprehensive loss of \$\$9,383,000 and the Group has net cash used in operating activities of \$\$404,000. Notwithstanding this, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company, these financial statements can be prepared on a going concern basis as the Group has adequate resources, including the availability of banking facilities and a letter of commitment from the controlling shareholder of the Group for loans of up to \$\$1 million that can be drawn down by the Group over a period of 2 years, if required, which will enable the Group to pay its debts as and when they fall due and that the Group will continue to generate adequate cash flows from its operations for the foreseeable future. Further, the Group is taking certain corporate actions, amongst others, expanding its business presence across high-growth end markets within Asia with new food and beverage brands, concepts and franchises to drive new growth, while diversifying the Group's revenue base and generating new cash flows.

However, due to the uncertainties surrounding the outcome of matters highlighted in paragraphs 3 to 8 above which may require further adjustments to the financial statements, we were unable to conclude on the appropriateness of the going concern assumption used in the preparation of the financial statements.

In the event the Group is unable to continue as a going concern, the Group and the Company may be unable to discharge their liabilities in the normal course of business and adjustments may have to be made to reflect the situation that assets may need to be realised other than in the normal course of business and at amounts which could differ significantly from the amounts at which they are recorded in the statement of financial position. In addition, the Group and the Company may have to provide for further liabilities that might arise, and to reclassify non-current assets and non-current liabilities where applicable as current assets and current liabilities respectively. No such adjustments have been made to these financial statements.

Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Companies Act 1967 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s"), and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from authorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

TO THE MEMBERS OF GS HOLDINGS LIMITED

Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements (Continued)

- In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
- 12 The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

- Our responsibility is to conduct an audit of the Group's financial statements in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing and to issue an auditor's report. However, because of the matters described in the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" section of our report, we were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these financial statements.
- We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA") Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- In our opinion, except for the matters as described in paragraphs 3 to 9 under the "Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion" section of our report, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.
- The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr Ng Chiou Gee Willy.

#### **Moore Stephens LLP**

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Singapore 30 June 2022



# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF **COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		Gro	up
	Note	2021	2020
		\$\$'000	S\$'000
Continuing operations			
Revenue	4	5,964	13,583
Cost of sales		(5,973)	(6,235)
Gross (loss)/profit		(9)	7,348
Other income	5	874	1,258
Administrative expenses		(3,628)	(5,147)
Net impairment loss on financial assets	28(a)	(7,481)	(505)
Finance costs	6	(194)	(267)
(Loss)/Profit before income tax	7	(10,438)	2,687
Income tax	9	18	(1,174)
(Loss)/Profit for the year from continuing operations Discontinued operations		(10,420)	1,513
Profit for the year from discontinued operations	10		216
Total (loss)/profit for the year		(10,420)	1,729
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:  Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Currency translation differences arising on consolidation  Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:  Currency translation differences arising on consolidation		790	584
attributed to non-controlling interests		247	145
Other comprehensive income for the year		1,037	729
Total comprehensive (loss)/income for the year		(9,383)	2,458
Total (loss)/profit for the year attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		(8,859)	657
Non-controlling interests		(1,561)	1,072
		(10,420)	1,729
(Loss)/Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company relates to:			
(Loss)/Profit from continuing operations, net of tax		(8,859)	441
Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax		_	216
		(8,859)	657
(Loss)/Profit attributable to non-controlling interests relates to:			
(Loss)/Profit from continuing operations, net of tax		(1,561)	1,072

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF **COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		Gro	up
	Note	2021	2020
		\$\$'000	S\$'000
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to:			
Equity holders of the Company		(8,069)	1,241
Non-controlling interests		(1,314)	1,217
		(9,383)	2,458
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to equity holders of the Company relates to:  Total comprehensive (loss)/income from continuing operations,			
net of tax		(8,069)	1,025
Total comprehensive income from discontinued operations,			
net of tax			216
		(8,069)	1,241
Total comprehensive (loss)/income attributable to non-controlling interests of the Company relates to:  Total comprehensive (loss)/income from continuing operations, net of tax		(1,314)	1,217
(Loss)/Earnings per share for (loss)/profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (cents per share)  From continuing and discontinued operations  Basic	11	(4.74)	0.36
		(4.74)	
Diluted		(4.74)	0.28
From continuing operations Basic		(4.74)	0.24
Diluted		(4.74)	0.19
From discontinued operations Basic		_	0.12
Diluted		_	0.09



# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

Note         2021 S\$'000         2020 S\$'000         2021 S\$'000         2020 S\$'000           Non-current assets         12         1,901         1,753         10         5           Intangible assets         13         4,689         4,729         -         -         -           Investments in subsidiaries         14         -         -         9,112         9,012           Investment properties         15         2,170         3,050         -         -         -           Total non-current assets         8,760         9,532         9,122         9,017           Current assets         16         56         45         -         -           Inventories         16         56         45         -         -           Trade and other receivables         17         21,702         28,743         2,329         2,696           Cash and cash equivalents         18         6,036         5,604         102         151           Total current assets         27,794         34,392         2,431         2,847
Non-current assets           Property, plant and equipment         12         1,901         1,753         10         5           Intangible assets         13         4,689         4,729         -         -         -           Investments in subsidiaries         14         -         -         9,112         9,012           Investment properties         15         2,170         3,050         -         -         -           Total non-current assets         8,760         9,532         9,122         9,017           Current assets         16         56         45         -         -           Inventories         16         56         45         -         -           Trade and other receivables         17         21,702         28,743         2,329         2,696           Cash and cash equivalents         18         6,036         5,604         102         151
Property, plant and equipment Interpretation       12       1,901       1,753       10       5         Intangible assets       13       4,689       4,729       -       -       -         Investments in subsidiaries       14       -       -       9,112       9,012         Investment properties       15       2,170       3,050       -       -       -         Total non-current assets       8,760       9,532       9,122       9,017         Current assets         Inventories       16       56       45       -       -         Trade and other receivables       17       21,702       28,743       2,329       2,696         Cash and cash equivalents       18       6,036       5,604       102       151
Intangible assets       13       4,689       4,729       -       -         Investments in subsidiaries       14       -       -       9,112       9,012         Investment properties       15       2,170       3,050       -       -       -         Total non-current assets       8,760       9,532       9,122       9,017         Current assets         Inventories       16       56       45       -       -         Trade and other receivables       17       21,702       28,743       2,329       2,696         Cash and cash equivalents       18       6,036       5,604       102       151
Investments in subsidiaries       14       -       -       9,112       9,012         Investment properties       15       2,170       3,050       -       -       -         Total non-current assets       8,760       9,532       9,122       9,017         Current assets       9,017       9,017       9,017       9,017         Current assets       16       56       45       -       -       -         Inventories       16       56       45       -       -       -         Trade and other receivables       17       21,702       28,743       2,329       2,696         Cash and cash equivalents       18       6,036       5,604       102       151
Investment properties         15         2,170         3,050         -         -         -           Total non-current assets         8,760         9,532         9,122         9,017           Current assets         Inventories         16         56         45         -         -         -           Trade and other receivables         17         21,702         28,743         2,329         2,696           Cash and cash equivalents         18         6,036         5,604         102         151
Total non-current assets         8,760         9,532         9,122         9,017           Current assets         Inventories         16         56         45         -         -         -           Trade and other receivables         17         21,702         28,743         2,329         2,696           Cash and cash equivalents         18         6,036         5,604         102         151
Current assets         16         56         45         -         -           Inventories         17         21,702         28,743         2,329         2,696           Cash and cash equivalents         18         6,036         5,604         102         151
Inventories         16         56         45         -         -           Trade and other receivables         17         21,702         28,743         2,329         2,696           Cash and cash equivalents         18         6,036         5,604         102         151
Trade and other receivables       17       21,702       28,743       2,329       2,696         Cash and cash equivalents       18       6,036       5,604       102       151
Cash and cash equivalents         18         6,036         5,604         102         151
· — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —
Total ourrent assets 27 704 34 300 2 421 2 847
27,774 04,072 <b>2,431</b> 2,047
Total assets         36,554         43,924         11,553         11,864
Non-current liabilities
Loans and borrowings 19 <b>3,087</b> 3,347
Deferred tax liabilities         20         48         58         -         -
Total non-current liabilities 3,135 3,405
Current liabilities
Trade and other payables 21 <b>2,495</b> 2,285 <b>682</b> 395
Loans and borrowings 19 <b>1,913</b> 1,116
Income tax payable <b>5,614</b> 5,357
Total current liabilities         10,022         8,758         682         395
Total liabilities         13,157         12,163         682         395
Net assets         23,397         31,761         10,871         11,469
Equity
Share capital 22 <b>21,488</b> 20,469 <b>21,488</b> 20,469
Reserves 23 <b>(3,681)</b> 8 <b>687</b> 5,126
Retained earnings/(accumulated
losses) <b>2,220</b> 6,600 <b>(11,304)</b> (14,126)
Equity attributable to equity
<b>holders of the Company 20,027</b> 27,077 <b>10,871</b> 11,469
Non-controlling interests <b>3,370</b> 4,684
Total equity         23,397         31,761         10,871         11,469

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

								Total equity attributable		
	i	Share		Currency	;	Asset		to equity	Non-	
	Share	options	Warrants	translation	Merger	revaluation	Retained	holders of the	controlling	Total
	\$\$`000	000,\$S	\$\$,000	\$\$,000 \$\$	8\$,000	8\$,000	\$\$,000	\$\$`000	\$\$,000	\$\$`000 \$\$
Group										
As at January 2021	20,469	1,244	3,882	534	(8,571)	2,919	9,600	27,077	4,684	31,761
Loss for the year	'	•	•	٠	•	•	(8,859)	(8,859)	(1,561)	(10,420)
Other comprehensive										
income										
Currency translation										
differences arising										
on consolidation	٠	•	1	790	•	1	1	790	247	1,037
Total comprehensive										
income/(loss) for the										
VEGI	1		•	790	١	٠	(8.859)	(8.069)	(1.314)	(6.383)
non-controlling										
interest in a subsidiary										
(Note 14(c))	٠	•	1	1	•	•	*	*	*	ı
Strike off of a subsidiary										
(Note 23(d))	•	•	•	1	(40)	•	40	•	•	•
Issuance of shares										
pursuant to exercise of										
warrants (Note $22(\alpha)$ )	1,020	•	1	•	•	•	•	1,020	•	1,020
Share issue expense	€	٠	1	•	•	1	1	3	1	E
Expired share options										
not exercised										
(Note 24(a)(i))	•	(222)	•	•	•	•	257	•	•	•
Expired warrants not										
exercised										
(Note 24(b)(i))	1	1	(3,882)	1	1	1	3,882	1	1	•
As at 31 December 2021	21,488	687	•	1,324	(8,611)	2,919	2,220	20,027	3,370	23,397
					,					

Amount below \$\$1,000

The accompanying notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

								Total equity attributable		
	Share	Share options	Warrants	<b>Currency</b> translation	Merger	Asset	Retained	to equity holders of the	Non- controlling	Total
	capital S\$'000	s\$'000	s\$'000	s\$'000	s\$'000	s\$'000	earnings S\$'000	S\$'000	interests S\$'000	equity S\$'000
Group As at January 2020	20,469	49	3,882	(20)	(6,071)	2,919	5,293	26,491	4,767	31,258
Profit for the year	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	657	657	1,072	1,729
Other comprehensive										
income										
Currency translation										
differences arising on										
consolidation	1	1	1	584	1	1	1	584	145	729
Total comprehensive										
income for the year	1	ı	ı	584	ı	ı	657	1,241	1,217	2,458
Issuance of share options	1	1,195	1	1	1	1	ı	1,195	ı	1,195
Disposal of subsidiaries										
(Note 23(d))	1	ı	ı	ı	(2,500)	ı	2,500	ı	ı	ı
Dividend paid (Note 27)	1	ı	1	1	1	1	(1,850)	(1,850)	(1,300)	(3,150)
As at 31 December 2020	20,469	1,244	3,882	534	(8,571)	2,919	9,600	27,077	4,684	31,761

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE FINANCIAL ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

	Gro	up
	2021 \$\$'000	2020 \$\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities		
(Loss)/Profit before tax from continuing operations	(10,438)	2,687
Profit before tax from discontinued operations		216
Adjustments for:	(10,438)	2,903
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	929	936
Amortisation of intangible assets	62	197
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	(1)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	-	(255)
Interest expense	194	267
Net impairment loss of financial assets Fair value loss on investment properties	7,481 880	505 635
Share-based payments	-	1,195
Rent concessions from lessor	_	(311)
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(125)	17
Operating cash flows before working capital changes Changes in working capital:	(1,017)	6,088
Inventories	(11)	10
Receivables	368	(4,484)
Payables Currency translation adjustments	190 45	954 3
Cash (used in)/generated from operations Income tax refunded/(paid)	(425) 21	2,571 (10)
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities	(404)	2,561
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(89)	(73)
Purchase of intangible assets	(22)	_ (E)
Purchase of investment property  Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	-	(5) 10
Receipt of consideration receivable for disposal of subsidiaries	570	-
Deferred cash payment for acquisition of subsidiary	-	(400)
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries, net of cash paid		450
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities  Cash flows from financing activities	459	(18)
Interest paid	(194)	(267)
Proceeds from issuance of new shares	1,020	_
Proceeds from bank loans	2,300	2,300
Repayment of bank loans	(1,937)	(1,462)
Repayment of lease liabilities	(816)	(517)
Dividend paid to equity holders of the Company Dividend paid to non-controlling interests		(1,850) (800)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities	373	(2,596)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year	428 5,606	(53) 5,626
Effects of foreign currency translation changes on cash and cash equivalents	2	33
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year (Note 18)	6,036	5,606



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements.

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

GS Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") is a public limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Singapore and is listed on the Catalist of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("**SGX-ST**").

The Company's registered office and principal place of business is at 680 Upper Thomson Road, #02-01, Singapore 787103.

The principal activity of the Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 14.

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Companies Act 1967 and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)"). The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except as disclosed in the accounting policies below.

#### Going concern assumption

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the Group reported a net loss of \$\$10,420,000 (2020: net profit of \$\$1,729,000) and a total comprehensive loss of \$\$9,383,000 (2020: total comprehensive income of \$\$2,458,000) and the Group has net cash used in operating activities of \$\$404,000 (2020: net cash generated from operating activities of \$\$2,561,000). Notwithstanding this, in the opinion of the Board of Directors of the Company, these financial statements can be prepared on a going concern basis as the Group has adequate resources, including the availability of banking facilities and a letter of commitment from the controlling shareholder of the Group for loans of up to \$\$1 million that can be drawn down by the Group over a period of 2 years, if required, which will enable the Group to pay its debts as and when they fall due and that the Group will continue to generate adequate cash flows from its operations for the foreseeable future. Further, the Group is taking certain corporate actions, amongst others, expanding the its business presence across high-growth end markets within Asia with new food and beverage brands, concepts and franchises to drive new growth, while diversifying the Group's revenue base and generating new cash flows.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Basis of Preparation (Continued)

#### Adoption of new and revised standards

The accounting policies adopted are consistent with those of the previous financial year except that on 1 January 2021, the Group has adopted all the new and revised standards that are relevant to the Group and are mandatory for application for the current financial year.

The adoption of these new and revised standards did not result in substantial changes to the Group's accounting policies and had no material effect on the disclosures or amounts reported in these financial statements.

#### New and revised standards issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the Group has not adopted the following new and revised standards that have been issued and are relevant to the Group but not yet effective:

Description	Effective for annual periods beginning on or after
Amendments to SFRS(I) 16 COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021	1 April 2021
Amendments to SFRS(I) 3 Business Combinations Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-16 Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets: Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1 Presentation of Financial Statements and SFRS(I) Practice Statement 2 Making Materiality Judgements	1 January 2023
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors: Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-12 Income Taxes: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023

The directors of the Company do not expect that the adoption of these new and revised standards above will have a material impact on the financial statements in the period of initial application.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Basis of Consolidation

#### Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above. When the Company has less than a majority of the voting rights of an investee, it has power over the investee when the voting rights are sufficient to give it the practical ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee unilaterally.

Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries and businesses, represents the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previously-held equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the fair value of the investee's identifiable net assets acquired. Goodwill on acquisitions of subsidiaries is initially measured at cost. Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment loss. Gains and losses on the disposal of subsidiaries, include the carrying amount of goodwill relating to the subsidiary sold.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations when the acquired set of activities and assets meets the definition of a business and control is transferred to the Group. In determining whether an integrated set of activities and assets is a business, the Group assesses whether the set of assets and activities acquired includes, at a minimum, an input and substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create output. A business can exist without including all of the inputs and processes needed to create output. The Group has an option to apply a 'fair value concentration test' that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business. The concentration test can be applied on a transaction-by-transaction basis. The optional concentration test is met if substantially all of the fair value of the gross assets acquired is concentrated in a single identifiable asset or group of similar identifiable assets. If the test is met, the set of activities and assets is determined not to be a business and no further assessment is needed. If the test is not met, or if the Group elects not to apply the test, a detailed assessment must be performed applying the normal requirements in SFRS(I) 3 Business Combinations.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **(b)** Basis of Consolidation (Continued)

Subsidiaries (Continued)

The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognised any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in profit or loss. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously-held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired as in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in profit or loss.

Inter-company transactions, balances and authorised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment indicator of the transferred assets. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the Group's accounting policies.

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals of interests in subsidiaries to non-controlling interests without loss of control are also recorded in equity.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Basis of Consolidation (Continued)

Subsidiaries (Continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it:

- derecognises the assets (including any goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary at their carrying amounts at the date when control is lost;
- derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest (including any components of other comprehensive income attributable to them);
- recognises the fair value of the consideration received;
- recognises the fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value;
- re-classifies the Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate; and
- recognises any resulting difference in profit or loss.

#### (c) Investments in Subsidiaries

Investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses in the statement of financial position of the Company.

On disposal of investments in subsidiaries, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments are recognised in profit or loss.

#### (d) Revenue Recognition

Franchise fee and royalty income

Franchise fee is generally recognised upon the transfer of pre-opening services to franchisees. Pre-opening services comprise delivery of recipe and operating manual, consultation and advice concerning site selection criteria, store design and layout, initial training to key employees, training materials, supply or assist on equipment and other materials that are separate from the license. These services provide distinct value to the franchisees, including business and industry insight and knowledge that transfers value apart from the license. Revenue associated with pre-opening services are recognised upon completion of the related performance obligations, generally when the store is opened.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (d) Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Franchise fee and royalty income (Continued)

The Group grants franchise license to its customer in return receive royalty income. Royalty income are recognised over time based on a percentage of monthly reported sales. The Group also authorised revenue from continuing supports such as sales of products and provides limited off-site support services to its customers. These continuing fees are recognised at a point-in-time when the products are delivered or when the support services are provided.

#### Sale of food and beverages

The Group sells food and beverage directly to customers at the food outlets. Revenue is recognised when control of the food and beverages has transferred and all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied, being at the point the food and beverage have been served or upon delivery to the customer at the food outlets. The amount of revenue recognised is based on the transaction price, which comprises the contractual price, net of sales discounts and refunds. Payment of the transaction price is either due immediately at the point the customer purchases the products or upon initial recognition of revenue, a receivable is recognised as the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due. No element of financing is deemed present.

#### Provision of management consultancy services

The Group provides management consultancy services with relation to Branding, Operations and Procurement ("BOP") services to its customers and earns management consultancy services based on the agreements entered upon. Consultancy services include providing training and delivery service at all outlets, managing customer-experience and relationship management matters and evaluate the performance of each outlet and the related executives. The Group also helps in central buying of all related food and beverages products for outlets, designing and establishing a central procurement for all outlets, assisting outlets to match agents on procurement and logistic arrangement, and service procurement's operation and provide improvement recommendation. BOP services are recognised as performance obligation satisfied over time with measure of progress based on service report acknowledged by customers on the work performed that directly corresponds to the value of the Group's performance completed to date.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (d) Revenue Recognition (Continued)

Provision of management consultancy services (Continued)

The Group will bill its customers at the start of every quarter in accordance to the billing terms in the agreement and customers are required to pay within the first three working days of the corresponding quarter. No element of financing is deemed present.

Contract liabilities relate to advance consideration received from customers and billings in excess of revenue recognised to-date. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue as and when the Group satisfies the performance obligations under its contracts.

Rental income from foodstalls

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### Service income

Service income such as water and electricity usage, dishwashing services and other miscellaneous charges is recognised as a performance obligation satisfied over time. Revenue is recognised when the services are rendered as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's services. No element of financing is deemed present.

Rendering of dishwashing and automated cleaning services - discontinued operations

The Group had provided dishwashing services and automated cleaning services and solutions. Such services were recognised as a performance obligation satisfied over time. Revenue is recognised when the services are rendered as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group's cleaning services.

The Group will bill customer on monthly basis in accordance to the billing terms in the sales contract and customers are required to pay within 15-60 days from the invoice date. No element of financing was deemed present. Revenue was recorded based on the contracted price in the sales invoice and sales contract. A receivable (financial asset) is recognised on monthly basis when the cleaning services are rendered over time and the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before payment is due.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (e) Government Grants

Grants from the government are recognised as a receivable at their fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received. Government grants receivable are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants relating to expenses are shown separately under other income in profit or loss.

Government grants relating to assets are deducted against the carrying amount of the assets.

#### (f) Foreign Currencies

#### Functional and presentation currency

The individual financial statements of each entity in the Group are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("functional currency").

The Company's functional currency is Singapore Dollar ("\$\$"), which reflects the economic substance of the underlying events and circumstances of the Company. For the purposes of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each entity in the Group are expressed in \$\$, which is the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements. All values are round to the nearest thousand ("\$\$'000") except when otherwise indicated.

#### Transactions and balances

In preparing the financial statements of each individual entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency ("foreign currencies") are recognised at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date.

Currency translation differences resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the closing rates at the reporting date are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (f) Foreign Currencies (Continued)

Translation of Group entities' financial statements

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the Group's presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rates at the reporting date;
- Income and expenses are translated at average exchange rates (unless the average
  is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on
  the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated using the
  exchange rates at the dates of the transactions); and
- All resulting exchange differences are recognised in the currency translation reserve within equity.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations (including monetary items that, in substance, form part of the net investment in foreign entities), and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to the currency translation reserve.

On disposal of a foreign group entity, the cumulative amount of the currency translation reserve relating to that particular foreign entity is reclassified from equity and recognised in profit or loss when the gain or loss on disposal is recognised.

#### (g) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing costs that are not directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (h) Employee Benefits

#### Defined contribution plans

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Group pays fixed contributions into separate entities such as the Central Provident Fund, and will have no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions once the contributions have been paid. Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

#### Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the reporting date.

#### Equity-settled share options scheme

Directors and employees of the Group receive remuneration in the form of share options as consideration for services rendered. The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value of the options granted on the date of the grant. This cost is recognised in profit or loss, with a corresponding increase in the share option reserve, over the vesting period. Non-market vesting conditions are included in the estimation of the number of shares under options that are expected to become exercisable on the vesting date. At each reporting date, the Group revises its estimates of the number of shares under options that are expected to become exercisable on the vesting date and authorised the impact of the revision of the estimates in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to the share option reserve over the remaining vesting period.

When the options are exercised, the proceeds received (net of transaction costs) and the related balance previously recognised in the share option reserve are credited to share capital account if new ordinary shares are issued. Upon expiry of the options, the balance in the share option reserve is transferred to retained earnings.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (i) Income Tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

Current income tax for current and prior periods is recognised at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. The Group periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions, where appropriate, on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognised to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilise the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (i) Income Tax (Continued)

#### Deferred tax (Continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset utilised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The Group utilised a previously unutilised deferred tax asset to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

#### Current and deferred tax for the period

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the current and deferred tax are also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where the current and deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is taken into account in the accounting for the business combination.

#### (j) Property, Plant and Equipment

#### Measurement

All items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

The cost includes its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Dismantlement, removal or restoration costs are included as part of the cost if the obligation for dismantlement, removal or restoration is incurred as a consequence of acquiring or using the property, plant and equipment.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### (j) Property, Plant and Equipment (Continued)

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost of the assets less their residual values over their useful lives, using the straight-line method.

The following useful lives are used in the calculation of depreciation:

	Years
Vehicles	1 - 10
Machineries and equipment	3 - 6
Furniture and fittings	3
Renovation	3 - 10
Foodstalls	1 - 5
Workspace	2

The carrying amounts of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable.

The residual value, useful life and depreciation method are reviewed at each financial year and adjusted as appropriate at each reporting date. The effects of any revision are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

#### <u>Subsequent expenditure</u>

Subsequent expenditure related to property, plant and equipment that has been recognised is added to the carrying amount of the asset only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance expenses are recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

#### Disposal

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

The gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (k) Intangible Assets

#### Goodwill

Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and whenever there is indication that the goodwill may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing of goodwill, goodwill is allocated, from the acquisition date, to each of the Group's cash-generating-units ("**CGUs**") or groups of CGUs, that are expected to benefit from synergies arising from the business combination.

An impairment loss is recognised when the carrying amount of a CGU, including the goodwill, exceeds the recoverable amount of the CGU. The recoverable amount of a CGU is the higher of the CGU's fair value less cost of disposal and value-in-use.

The total impairment loss of a CGU is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of goodwill allocated to the CGU and then to the other assets of the CGU pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the CGU.

An impairment loss on goodwill is recognised in profit or loss and is not reversed in a subsequent period.

Where goodwill forms part of a CGU and part of the operation within that CGU is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation.

### Computer software

Computer software acquired are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Direct expenditure, which enhances or extends the performance of computer software beyond its original specifications and which can be reliably measured, is recognised as a capital improvement and added to the original cost of the software. Costs associated with maintaining computer software are recognised as an expense as incurred.

Computer software are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. These costs are amortised using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life of 3 years.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (k) Intangible Assets (Continued)

### Other intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. These intangible assets are recognised separately from goodwill and are initially measured at their fair values as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangible assets are not capitalised and the expenditure is charged to profit or loss in the financial year in which the expenditure is incurred.

Intangible assets with a finite useful life are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at each reporting date. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates. The amortisation expense on intangible asset with a finite useful life is recognised in profit or loss in the expense category consistent with the function of the intangible asset.

Intangible assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any objective evidence or indication that these assets may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment testing, the recoverable amount (i.e. the higher of the fair value less cost of disposal and the value-in-use) is determined on an individual asset basis unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets. If this is the case, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

The estimated useful lives of other intangible assets are as follows:

	Years
Brand name	20
Favourable lease agreements	3
Customer relationship	2 - 3

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (I) Investment Properties

Investment properties are properties that are held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, and/or right-of-use asset that are held to earn rental income or for long-term capital appreciation or both, rather than for use in the supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, or in the ordinary course of business.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost and subsequently carried at fair value, determined annually by independent professional valuers on the highest-and-best-use basis. Changes in fair values are recognised in profit or loss.

Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the investment property. Investment properties are subject to renovations or improvements at regular intervals. The cost of major renovations and improvements is capitalised as additions and the carrying amounts of the replaced components are written off to profit or loss. The cost of maintenance, repairs and minor improvement is charged to profit or loss when incurred.

On disposal of an investment property, the difference between the disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.

### (m) Impairment of Non-financial Assets Excluding Goodwill

Other non-financial assets are tested for impairment whenever there is any objective evidence or indication that these assets may be impaired.

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any), on an individual asset.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (m) Impairment of Non-financial Assets Excluding Goodwill (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount.

The difference between the carrying amount and recoverable amount is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss.

An assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

### (n) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realiseable value. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses. Allowance is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective inventories.

## (o) Financial Assets

#### Classification

Financial assets that are debt instruments are classified into categories based on the Group's business model for managing them and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

The Group classifies its financial assets at amortised cost. Financial assets measured at amortised cost ("AC") comprise of assets that are held within a business model whose objective is to hold those assets for collection of contractual cash flows, and those contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.

## Initial measurement

Trade receivables that do not contain a significant financing component are initially recognised at their transaction price. Other financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (o) Financial Assets (Continued)

### Subsequent measurement

These financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless they are part of a designated hedging relationship. Impairment losses and reversals, interest income, and foreign exchange gains and losses (except where designated as a hedging instrument) on such assets are recognised in profit and loss. Interest income is based on the effective interest method which allocates interest income over the life of the financial asset based on an effective interest rate that discounts estimated future cash receipts to its gross carrying amount.

## **Impairment**

At each reporting date, the Group assesses expected credit losses ("**ECL**") on the following financial instruments:

- · Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at AC; and
- Financial guarantee contracts.

ECL is a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured at the present value of all shortfalls between the cash flows due to the Group in accordance with contractual terms, and the cash flows that the Group actually expects to receive. ECL is discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset. The Group records allowances on financial assets based on either the:

- 12-month ECL representing the ECL that results from default events that are possible
  within the 12 months after the reporting date (or the expected life of the instrument if
  shorter); or
- Lifetime ECL representing the ECL that results from all possible default events over the expected life of the contract.

Simplified approach - Trade receivables and contract assets

For all trade receivables and contract assets, the Group adopts a simplified approach whereby an allowance for lifetime ECL is assessed upon initial recognition. The Group estimates lifetime ECL using a provision matrix based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for various factors including debtor-specific factors, forward-looking information such as industry and economic forecasts, and others as appropriate.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (o) Financial Assets (Continued)

Impairment (Continued)

General approach - All other financial instruments on which ECL assessment is required

For all other financial instruments on which ECL is assessed, an allowance for 12-month ECL is recorded upon initial recognition. The allowance is increased to lifetime ECL if the credit risk at each reporting date has increased significantly as compared to the credit risk at initial recognition. In assessing whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group considers all reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort including both historical credit experience and forward-looking information.

The Group regards the following as events of default:

- events that make it unlikely for the borrower to repay in full unless the Group undertakes
  actions to recover the asset (e.g. by exercising rights over collaterals or other credit
  enhancements); or
- the financial instrument has become overdue in excess of 90 days.

Credit-impaired financial instruments

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether a financial instrument on which ECL assessment is required has become credit-impaired. This is the case when one or more events have occurred that are considered to be detrimental to the estimated future cash flows of the instrument. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower;
- a breach of contract such as a default or past due event;
- other lenders granting concessions (such as loan restructurings) to the borrower due to economic or contractual reasons, that would not have been considered in the absence of the borrower's financial difficulty;
- increasing likelihood that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- the disappearance of an active market for the borrower's securities due to financial difficulties.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (o) Financial Assets (Continued)

Impairment (Continued)

Credit-impaired financial instruments (Continued)

For credit-impaired financial assets, interest income is determined by applying the effective interest rate to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the ECL allowance).

Write-off policy

The Group writes off a financial asset when there is information indicating that the counterparty is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, such as when the counterparty has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings. Financial assets written off may still be subject to enforcement activities under the Group's recovery procedures, taking into account legal advice where appropriate. Any recoveries made are recognised in the profit and loss.

### Recognition and derecognition

Financial assets are recognised when, and only when the Group becomes a party to its contractual provisions. All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on trade-date, which is the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the financial asset.

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Group recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Group retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Group continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset that is a debt instrument, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit and loss.



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### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (p) Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of presentation in the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits with financial institutions which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are presented as current borrowings on the statement of financial position.

### (q) Financial Liabilities

#### Financial liabilities

The Group recognises financial liabilities on its consolidated statement of financial position when, and only when, the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial liability. All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value (net of transaction costs) and subsequently carried at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Borrowings are presented as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

## Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they have expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been derecognised and the consideration paid and payable (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.

## (r) Offsetting of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the statements of financial position, when and only when, there is a currently enforceable legal right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the financial assets and settle the financial liabilities simultaneously.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (s) Leases

### When the Group is the lessee

At the inception of the contract, the Group assesses if the contract contains a lease. A contract contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. Reassessment is only required when the terms and conditions of the contract are changed.

The Group recognises right-of-use assets and lease liabilities at the date which the underlying assets become available for use. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement dates, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of restoration costs, less any lease incentives received. Any initial direct costs that would not have been incurred if the lease had not been obtained are added to the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets.

Right-of-use assets are subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property, plant and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use assets are periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the corresponding lease liabilities. The Group presents its right-of-use assets (except for those which meets the definition of an investment property) in "Property, plant and equipment" and lease liabilities in "Loans and borrowings" in the consolidated statement of financial position. Right-of-use assets which meet the definition of an investment property are presented within "Investment properties" and accounted for in accordance with Note 2(I).

The initial measurement of lease liabilities is measured at the present value of the lease payments discounted using the implicit rate in the lease, if the rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivables;
- variable lease payments that are based on an index or rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees;



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### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (s) Leases (Continued)

When the Group is the lessee (Continued)

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following: (Continued)

- the exercise price of a purchase option if is reasonably certain to exercise the option;
   and
- payment of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising that option.

For contracts that contain both lease and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease and non-lease components. The Group has elected not to separate lease and non-lease components for property leases; instead, these are accounted for as one single lease component.

Lease liabilities are measured at amortised cost, and are remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from changes in an index or rate;
- there is a change in the Group's assessment of whether it will exercise lease extension and termination options;
- there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a modification to the lease term.

When lease liabilities are remeasured, corresponding adjustments are made against the right-of-use assets. If the carrying amounts of the right-of-use assets have been reduced to zero, the adjustments are recorded in profit or loss.

Variable lease payments that are based on an index or a rate are included in the measurement of the corresponding right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. Other variable lease payments are recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group applies the exemption for all short-term leases (up to 12 months) and low-value assets on a lease-by-lease basis. All lease payments associated with these leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (s) Leases (Continued)

When the Group is the lessor

Lessor - operating leases

Leases of investment properties where the Group retains substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership are classified as operating leases. Rental income from operating leases (net of any incentives given to the lessees) is recognised in income on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred by the Group in negotiating and arranging operating leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased assets and recognised as an expense in profit or loss over the lease term on the same basis as the lease income. Contingent rents are recognised as income in profit or loss when earned.

### (t) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

## (u) Financial Guarantees

Financial guarantees in the separate financial statements

The Company has issued corporate guarantees to banks for bank loans of its subsidiaries. These guarantees are financial guarantees as they require the Company to reimburse the banks if the subsidiaries fail to make principal or interest payments when due in accordance with the terms of the bank borrowings. Intra-group transactions are eliminated on consolidation.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (u) Financial Guarantees (Continued)

Financial guarantees in the separate financial statements (Continued)

Financial guarantees are measured initially at their fair values plus transaction costs and subsequently measured at the higher of:

- the amount initially recognised less, where appropriate, cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of SFRS(I) 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers; and
- the amount of loss allowance determined in accordance with expected credit loss model under SFRS(I) 9 Financial Instruments.

### (v) Share Capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of new ordinary shares are charged to equity.

### (w) Dividends

Interim dividends are recorded during the financial year in which they are declared payable. Final dividends are recorded in the Group's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders.

## (x) Share-based Payments

Non-employee of the Group receives warrants to purchase ordinary shares as consideration for introductory services rendered. The cost of these equity-settled transactions with non-employee is measured by reference to the fair value of the service received when the fair value of service received cannot be reliably estimated, the Group measures the service received by reference to the fair value of the equity instrument granted, measured at the date when the counterparty renders service. This cost is recognised as expense in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income or as incremental cost against financial asset or liability in the statements of financial position with a corresponding increase in the warrants reserve. No remeasurement is required at each reporting date.

When the warrants are subscribed, the proceeds received (net of transaction costs) and the related balance previously recognised in warrants reserve are credited to share capital account if new ordinary shares are issued. Upon expiry of the options, the balance in the warrants reserve is transferred to retained earnings.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## (y) Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with other components of the Group. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Group's chief operating decision maker for making decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

### (z) Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as assets held for sale and stated at the lower of carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell if their carrying amount is recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. Any impairment loss on initial classification and subsequent measurement is recognised as an expense. Any subsequent increase in fair value less costs to sell (not exceeding the accumulated impairment loss that has been previously recognised) is recognised in profit or loss.

The assets are not depreciated or amortised while they are classified as held for sale.

A discontinued operation is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of, or that is classified as held for sale and:

- represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations; or
- is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations; or
- is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale, if earlier. When an operation is classified as a discontinued operation, the comparative consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is re-presented as if the operation had been discontinued from the start of the comparative year.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### (aa) Related Parties

A related party is defined as follows:

A related party is a person or entity that is related to the entity that is preparing its financial statements (in this Standard referred to as the "**reporting entity**").

- a. A person or a close member of that person's family is related to a reporting entity if that person:
  - i. has control or joint control over the reporting entity;
  - ii. has significant influence over the reporting entity; or
  - iii. is a member of the key management personnel of the reporting entity or of a parent of the reporting entity.
- b. An entity is related to a reporting entity if any of the following conditions applies:
  - i. the entity and the reporting entity are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
  - ii. one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
  - iii. both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
  - iv. one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
  - v. the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the reporting entity or an entity related to the reporting entity. If the reporting entity is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the reporting entity;
  - vi. the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a);
  - vii. a person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity); or
  - viii. the entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity.

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#### 3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2 above, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

### (a) Critical judgements in applying the accounting policies

Other than the going concern assumption disclosed in Note 2(a), management is of the opinion that in the preparation of the financial statements there were no critical judgements made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

### (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty

### Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses whether there are any indicators of impairment for all non-financial assets at each reporting date. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually and at other times when such indicators exist. Other non-financial assets are tested for impairment when there are indicators that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. An impairment exists when the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value-in-use.

When value-in-use calculations are undertaken, management is required to estimate the expected future cash flows from the asset or cash-generating unit and a suitable discount rate, in order to determine the present value of those cash flows.

The carrying amounts of the Group's property, plant and equipment and intangible assets at the reporting date and details of the impairment assessment of the Group's property, plant and equipment and intangible assets are disclosed in Notes 12 and 13. The carrying amount of the Company's investments in subsidiaries at the reporting date and details of the impairment assessment of the Company's investments in subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 14.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

## (b) Key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

### Valuation of investment properties

The Group's investment properties are stated at fair values based on the valuation performed by independent firm of professional valuers. In determining fair values, the valuers have based their valuation on methods of valuation which involves certain estimates, including comparison with sale transactions of similar properties and expected future income stream to be achieved from the properties. The carrying amount and details of the Group's investment properties at the reporting date and the valuation methodologies including the significant inputs used in the valuation are disclosed in Note 15.

### Estimated credit loss ("ECL") allowance

When measuring ECL allowance, the Group uses reasonable and supportable forward-looking information, which is based on assumptions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Loss given default is an estimate of the loss arising on default. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due and those that the lender would expect to receive, taking into account cash flows from collateral and integral credit enhancements.

Probability of default constitutes a key input in measuring ECL allowance. Probability of default is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon, the calculation of which includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.

As the calculation of ECL allowance on trade and other receivables is subject to assumptions and forecasts, any changes to these estimations will affect the amounts of ECL allowance recognised and the carrying amounts of trade receivables. The carrying amount of trade and other receivables at the reporting date is disclosed in Note 17 and details of the ECL allowance on trade and other receivables are disclosed in Note 28(a).

#### Shared-based payments

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees and non-employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transaction requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. The estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 24.

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### 4 REVENUE

The table provides a disaggregation disclosure of the Group's revenue by primary major customer types and timing of revenue recognition.

	fee ro inc	yalty for	ale of od and verages \$'000	Ren inco from t sta \$\$'0	me food S Ils i	Service ncome S\$'000	Total \$\$'000
Group Continuing operations 2021 Primary geographical n	narkets						
Singapore Brunei		24	4,962 27	50	19 -	415	5,886 51
Qatar		27	_		_	_	27
			4,989	50		415	5,964
Timing of revenue reco	anition						
At a point in time	911111011	35	4,989		_	_	5,024
Over time		16		50	9	415	940
		51	4,989	50	19	415	5,964
	Franchise fee and royalty income	Sale of food and beverages	Provision manager consulta service	nent	Rental income from food	Service	
	<b>S\$'000</b>	\$\$'000	\$\$'00		stalls S\$'000	s\$'000	Total _\$\$'000
Group Continuing operations 2020 Primary geographical markets	<u>\$\$'000</u>	_					
Continuing operations 2020 Primary geographical		_					
Continuing operations 2020 Primary geographical markets Singapore People's Republic of China	- -	<u>\$\$'000</u>	\$\$'000		\$\$'000	\$\$'000	6,026 7,373
Continuing operations 2020 Primary geographical markets Singapore People's Republic of	- - 184	<u>\$\$'000</u>	\$\$'000	_	\$\$'000	\$\$'000	<b>\$\$'000</b> 6,026
Continuing operations 2020 Primary geographical markets Singapore People's Republic of China	- -	<u>\$\$'000</u>	\$\$'000 7,	_	\$\$'000	\$\$'000	6,026 7,373
Continuing operations 2020 Primary geographical markets Singapore People's Republic of China Brunei  Timing of revenue recognition	- - 184 184	5,014 - - 5,014	\$\$'000 7,	- 373 -	\$\$'000 597 - -	<b>\$\$'000</b> 415	6,026 7,373 184 13,583
Continuing operations 2020 Primary geographical markets Singapore People's Republic of China Brunei  Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time	- - 184 184	<b>\$\$'000</b> 5,014  -	7, 7,	- 373 - 373	\$\$'000 597 - - 597	415 - - 415	6,026 7,373 184 13,583
Continuing operations 2020 Primary geographical markets Singapore People's Republic of China Brunei  Timing of revenue recognition	- - 184 184	5,014 - - 5,014	7, 7, 7,	- 373 -	\$\$'000 597 - -	<b>\$\$'000</b> 415	6,026 7,373 184 13,583



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 5 OTHER INCOME

	Group	
	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Continuing operations		
Job support scheme (" <b>JSS</b> ") grant	406	651
Rental income	31	23
Rental rebate	159	-
Rental concessions from lessors	-	311
Other government grants	142	244
Others	136	29
	874	1,258

## 6 FINANCE COSTS

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$\$'000	\$\$'000
Continuing operations		
Interest expenses		
- bank loans	80	122
- lease liabilities	114	145
	194	267

## 7 (LOSS)/PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX

	Group	
	2021	2020
	<b>S\$'000</b>	S\$′000
(Loss)/Profit before tax from continuing operations is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Audit fee paid/payable to the auditors of the Company		
- current year	138	117
- under provision of prior year	1	3
Fees for non-audit services paid/payable to the auditor of		
the Company	-	26
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 12)	929	930
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 13)	62	195
Fair value loss on investment properties (Note 15)	880	635
Staff costs (Note 8)	3,518	4,713
Casual labour	6	2
Subcontractor expenses	104	253
Rental expense – short term leases (Note 31(a))	103	415
Realised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(3)	3
Unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/loss	(125)	17

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 8 STAFF COSTS

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$\$'000	\$\$'000
Continuing operations		
Salaries, bonuses and other benefits	3,084	3,061
Contribution to defined contribution plans	434	457
Share-based payments		1,195
	3,518	4,713

## 9 INCOME TAX

	Group	
	2021	
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Continuing operations		
Current year income tax provision	-	1,207
Over provision in respect of previous year	(8)	
	(8)	1,207
Deferred tax (Note 20)	(10)	(33)
	(18)	1,174

The income tax on the results of the financial year differs from the amount of income tax determined by applying the Singapore statutory income tax rate is due to the following factors:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	<b>S\$'000</b>	S\$'000
(Loss)/Profit before tax from:		
- continuing operations	(10,438)	2,687
- discontinued operations		216
	(10,438)	2,903
Tax calculated at a tax rate of 17% (2020: 17%)	(1,774)	494
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,402	745
Income not subject to tax	(87)	(127)
Deferred tax asset not recognised	449	62
Overprovision in respect of prior years	(8)	
	(18)	1,174



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 9 INCOME TAX (CONTINUED)

At 31 December 2021, the Group has unutilised tax losses of approximately \$\$3,032,000 (2020: \$\$390,000) and other deductible temporary differences of \$\$83,000 (2020: \$\$83,000) that are available for carry forward to offset against future taxable profit subject to agreement by the tax authority and compliance with relevant provisions of the Singapore Income Tax Act. The potential deferred tax assets amounting to approximately \$\$529,600 (2020: \$\$80,400) have not been recognised in the financial statements as it is not probable that future taxable profit will be sufficient to allow the related tax benefits to be utilised. The unutilised tax losses do not expire under current tax legislation.

Tax losses of entities of the Group in the People's Republic of China are insignificant.

#### 10 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND DISPOSAL GROUP CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Group had completed the disposal of GreatSolutions Pte. Ltd., GS Hospitality Services Pte. Ltd., GS Cleaning Services Pte. Ltd. and GS Equipment Supply Pte. Ltd. (collectively, the "**Disposal Group**"), which had previously contributed to the cleaning services segment. Accordingly, the results from the Disposal Group were presented separately on the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income as "Discontinued operations".

The results of the Disposal Group for the previous financial year were analysed as follows:

	Group
	2020
	S\$'000
Revenue	1,086
Cost of sales	(1,274)
Gross loss	(188)
Other income (a)	305
Administrative expenses	(156)
Loss before and after tax from discontinued operations (b)	(39)

The profit for the year from discontinued operations for the previous financial year was analysed as follows:

	Group
	2020
	S\$'000
Loss from discontinued operations	(39)
Gain on disposal of the Disposal Group	255
Profit for the year from discontinued operations	216

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## 10 DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND DISPOSAL GROUP CLASSIFIED AS HELD FOR SALE (CONTINUED)

The impact of the discontinued operations on the cash flows of the Group was as follows:

		<b>Group</b> 2020 _S\$'000
Operating cash flows, representing	g total cash inflows	10
(a) Other income		
		Group
		2020
		\$\$'000
Government grants		305
Other income		*
		305

<sup>\*</sup> Amount below \$\$1,000

## (b) Loss before and after tax from discontinued operations

Loss before and after tax from discontinued operations is arrived at after charging:

	Group
	2020
	S\$'000
Audit fee paid/payable to other auditors	5
Fees for non-audit services paid/payable to the auditors of the Company	3
Amortisation of intangible assets (Note 13)	2
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (Note 12)	6
Staff costs	1,361
Subcontractor expenses	33

## (c) Staff costs

	Group
	2020
	S\$'000
Salaries and bonuses	1,173
Contribution to defined contribution plans	188
	1,361



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## 11 (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted (loss)/earnings per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company is based on the following data:

			Gre	oup		
	Continued operations		Discontinue	d operations	To	al
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
(Loss)/Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (\$\$'000)	(8,859)	441		216	(8,859)	657
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for basic earnings						
per share Adjustments for:	187,031,616	184,993,260	187,031,616	184,993,260	187,031,616	184,993,260
- GS Holdings ESOS	_	5,300,000	_	5,300,000	-	5,300,000
- Warrants	-	46,764,705	-	46,764,705	-	46,764,705
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for diluted earnings per share	187,031,616	237,057,965	187,031,616	237,057,965	187,031,616	237,057,965
Basic (loss)/earnings per share (cents per share)	(4.74)	0.24		0.12	(4.74)	0.36
Diluted (loss)/earnings per share (cents per share)	(4.74)	0.19	_	0.09	(4.74)	0.28
201 011010)	(-1.7-4)				(-1.7-4)	

For the purpose of calculating diluted (loss)/earnings per share, (loss)/profit attributable to equity holders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. As at 31 December 2021, the Group's potential ordinary shares comprised GS Holdings Employee Share Option Scheme ("GS Holdings ESOS") (2020: GS Holdings ESOS and Warrants).

As at 31 December 2021, diluted loss per share is the same as basic loss per share as the outstanding share options granted to the employees under the GS Holdings ESOS have not been included in the calculation given that they are anti-dilutive.

As at 31 December 2020, the weighted average number of shares on issue had been adjusted as if all dilutive share options and warrants were exercised. The number of shares that could have been issued upon the exercise of all dilutive share options and warrants less the number of shares that could have been issued at fair value (determined as the Company's average share price for the financial year) for the same total proceeds was added to the denominator as the number of shares issued for no consideration.

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## 12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Vehicles \$\$'000	Machineries and equipment \$\$'000	Furniture and fittings \$\$'000	Renovation \$\$'000	Foodstalls \$\$'000	Workspace \$\$'000	Total S\$'000
Group							
2021							
<i>Cost</i> As at 1.1.2021	97	55	48	109	3,136	108	3,553
Additions	10	62	40 15	2	988	-	3,553 1,077
As at 31.12.2021	107	117	63	111	4,124	108	4,630
Accumulated							
depreciation As at 1.1.2021 Depreciation charge to - continuing operations	26	27	18	46	1,683	-	1,800
(Note 7)	27	31	11	36	774	50	929
As at 31.12.2021	53	58	29	82	2,457	50	2,729
Net carrying amount As at 31.12.2021	54	59	34	29	1,667	58	1,901
	Vehicles \$\$'000	Machineries and equipment \$\$'000	Furniture and fittings \$\$'000	Renovation S\$'000	Foodstalls S\$'000	Workspace \$\$'000	Total S\$'000
Group							
2020 Cost							
As at 1.1.2020	97	161	722	68	3,136	_	4,184
Additions	-	8	24	41	-	108	181
Disposals	-	(16)	-*	-	-	-	(16)
Disposals of subsidiaries (Note 14(d))		(20)	(110)	_	_	_	(157)
Written off	_	(39) (59)	(118) (580)	_	_	_	(157) (639)
As at 31.12.2020	97	55	48	109	3,136	108	3,553
Accumulated							
depreciation As at 1.1.2020 Depreciation charge to	7	110	698	14	837	-	1,666
<ul><li>continuing operations (Note 7)</li><li>discontinued</li></ul>	19	22	11	32	846	-	930
operations			4				4
(Note 10(b)) Disposals	_	(7)	6 -*	_	_	_	6 (7)
Disposals of subsidiaries	_	(/)	_	_	_	_	(/)
(Note 14(d))	_	(39)	(117)	_	_	_	(156)
Written off		(59)	(580)				(639)
As at 31.12.2020	26	27	18	46	1,683		1,800
Net carrying amount As at 31.12.2020	71	28	30	63	1,453	108	1,753

<sup>\*</sup> Amount below \$\$1,000



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

	Furniture and fittings \$\$'000
Company	
2021	
Cost	5
As at 1.1.2021	10
Additions	15
As at 31.12.2021	
Accumulated depreciation	-*
As at 1.1.2021	5
Depreciation charge	5
As at 31.12.2021	
Net carrying amount	10
As at 31.12.2021	
2020	
Cost	
As at 1.1.2020	-
Additions	5
As at 31.12.2020	5
Accumulated depreciation	
As at 1.1.2020	-
Depreciation charge	*
As at 31.12.2020	*
Net carrying amount	
As at 31.12.2020	5

<sup>\*</sup> Amount below \$\$1,000

(a) Included in property, plant and equipment are right-of-use assets for foodstalls and workspace with an aggregate carrying amount of \$\$1,725,000 (2020: \$\$1,561,000) (Note 31(a)).

## (b) Non-cash transactions

	Group		
	2021 \$\$'000	2020 \$\$'000	
Aggregate cost of property, plant and equipment acquired Less: Acquired under lease arrangement (Note 19)	1,077 (988)	181 (108)	
Net cash outflow for purchase of property, plant and equipment	89	73	

Group

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 12 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

### (c) Impairment assessment

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's property, plant and equipment were assessed for impairment given the losses arising from operations. The recoverable amounts of the Group's property, plant and equipment were determined based on value-in-use calculations in conjunction with the impairment assessment of intangible assets as disclosed in Note 13(b).

Based on the above assessment, no allowance for impairment loss was recognised for the Group's property, plant and equipment as at 31 December 2021.

### 13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Oit	up
	2021	2020
	<b>S\$'000</b>	S\$'000
Goodwill arising on business combination	4,373	4,373
Other intangible assets (a)	316	356
	4,689	4,729

### (a) Other intangible assets

	Brand name S\$'000	Favourable lease agreements \$\$'000	Customer relationship \$\$'000	Computer software \$\$'000	Total S\$'000
Group Cost					
As at 1.1.2020	340	73	502	13	928
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 14(d))	_			(13)	(13)
As at 31.12.2020	340	73	502	_	915
Additions	_			22	22
As at 31.12.2021	340	73	502	22	937
Accumulated amortisation As at 1.1.2020 Amortisation charge to continuing operations	9	1	354	2	366
(Note 7)	17	40	138	-	195
- discontinued operations (Note 10(b)) Disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	-	2	2
(Note 14(d))				(4)	(4)
As at 31.12.2020 Amortisation charge to	26	41	492	_	559
<ul> <li>continuing operations</li> </ul>	16	32	10	4	62
As at 31.12.2021	42	73	502	4	621
Net carrying amount As at 31.12.2020	314	32	10		356
As at 31.12.2021	298	_	-	18	316



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

### (b) Impairment assessment

Goodwill and intangible assets acquired through business combination have been allocated to the individual cash-generating units ("CGUs"), which is attributable to the food and beverages segment, for impairment testing at the reporting date as follows:

	Gro	oup
	Hao Kou	Sing
	Wei Group	<b>Swee Kee</b>
	CGU	CGU
	S\$'000	\$\$'000
2021		
Goodwill	3,905	468
Intangible assets		
- Brand name	-	298
- Favourable lease agreements	-	-
- Customer relationship		
2020		
Goodwill	3,905	468
Intangible assets		
- Brand name	_	314
- Favourable lease agreements	32	_
– Customer relationship	10	

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs are determined from value-in-use calculations derived from the most recent financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. Revenue growth for the next five years was projected taking into account the average growth levels experienced over the past five years and the estimated sales volume and price growth for the next five years.

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### 13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

### **(b)** Impairment assessment (Continued)

The key assumptions for the value-in-use calculations are those regarding the budgeted revenue growth rate, budgeted gross margin, terminal growth rate and discount rate as follows:

	Group		
	Hao Kou	Sing	
	Wei Group	<b>Swee Kee</b>	
	CGU	CGU	
2021			
Budgeted revenue growth rate <sup>(1)</sup>	29	30	
Budgeted gross margin <sup>(2)</sup>	10	20-24	
Terminal growth rate <sup>(3)</sup>	2.1	2.1	
Discount rate <sup>(4)</sup>	10.84	10.43	
2020			
Budgeted revenue growth rate <sup>(1)</sup>	4	3	
Budgeted gross margin <sup>(2)</sup>	14-18	22	
Terminal growth rate <sup>(3)</sup>	2	2	
Discount rate <sup>(4)</sup>	10.84	10.84	

<sup>(1)</sup> Estimated average annual growth rate for the next five-year period.

Budgeted revenue growth rate is based on past performance and management's assessment of future trends and development in the relevant markets. Budgeted gross margin is based on past performance. Terminal growth rate does not exceed the average long-term growth rate for the relevant markets. Discount rate reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGUs.

Based on the above assessment, no allowance for impairment is recognised for the Group's intangible assets as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup> Budgeted gross margin for the next five-year period.

Terminal growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the five-year period.

<sup>(4)</sup> Discount rate applied to cash flow projections.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 13 INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

## (b) Impairment assessment (Continued)

### Sensitivity analysis

Hao Kou Wei Group CGU

Management believes that the change in the estimated recoverable amounts from any reasonably possible changes in any of the above key assumptions would not cause the recoverable amounts to be materially lower than the carrying amount of the CGU.

Sing Swee Kee CGU

Management believes that the change in the estimated recoverable amounts from any reasonably possible changes in any of the above key assumptions would not cause the recoverable amounts to be materially lower than the carrying amount of the CGU.

## 14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Company	
	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Unquoted equity shares, at cost		
As at 1 January	9,122	9,122
Incorporation of a subsidiary during the year	100	-
Strike off of a subsidiary during the year	(110)	
As at 31 December	9,112	9,122
Less: Allowance for impairment		
As at 1 January	(110)	(110)
Strike off during the year	110	
As at 31 December		(110)
Net carrying amount		
As at 31 December	9,112	9,012

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## 14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

## (a) Details of the subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

	Principal place			up's e equity
	of business/			rest
	country of		2021	2020
Name of subsidiaries	incorporation	Principal activities	<u>%</u>	%
Held by the Company				
Hawkerway Pte Ltd*	Singapore	Letting and operating of food courts, coffee shops and eating house	100	100
Wish Hospitality Holdings Private Limited*	People's Republic of China/ Singapore	Provision of branding, operations and procurement services	80	80
GS Stewarding Services Pte. Ltd. <sup>(1)</sup>	Singapore	Installation of dishwashing machines and other equipment and mechanical engineering works and repair, servicing and maintenance of dishwashing machines and other equipment	-	100
PMAS International Pte. Ltd. <sup>(2)</sup>	Singapore	Dormant	100	-
PMAS International Trading (Hainan) Co., Ltd. <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	People's Republic of China	Dormant	100	-
Held through Hawkerway F	Pte. Ltd.			
Hao Kou Wei Pte. Ltd.*	Singapore	Letting and operating of self-owned or leased food court, coffee shop and eating houses	100	100



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## 14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Details of the subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows: (Continued)

	Principal place of business/ country of		effectiv	up's e equity rest 2020
Name of subsidiaries	incorporation	Principal activities	%	%
Held through Hao Kou Wei Hao Kou Wei Food Group Pte. Ltd.*	Pte. Ltd. Singapore	Operating of self-owned or leased food court, coffee shop and eating houses and provision of consultancy and management services in relation to food and beverage industry	100	100
Sing Global Brands Pte. Ltd.* <sup>(4)</sup>	Singapore	Developing, franchising and management of various food and beverage brands, including the central procurement of contractors, equipment, payment systems, supplies, services, utensils etc	50	51
Hao Kou Wei (Shanghai) Food and Beverage Management Co. Ltd. <sup>(3)</sup>	People's Republic of China	Dormant	100	100
Raffles Coffee Pte. Ltd.*	Singapore	Operating of cafes and coffee houses and also to provide management consultancy services	100	100
Rasa Sayang Village Pte. Ltd.*	Singapore	Letting and operating of self-owned or leased food court, coffee shop and eating houses	100	100

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## 14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

(a) Details of the subsidiaries at the end of the reporting period are as follows: (Continued)

	Principal place of business/			up's e equity rest
	country of		2021	2020
Name of subsidiaries	incorporation	Principal activities	<u>%</u>	%
Held through Hao Kou Wei	Pte. Ltd. (Continue	ed)		
Sing Swee Kee Pte. Ltd.*	Singapore	Operation of a restaurant trading under the name "Sing Swee Kee" Chicken Rice Restaurant	100	100
Sing Zhong Brands Management Pte. Ltd. <sup>(2)</sup>	Singapore	Operating of self-owned or leased food court, coffee shop and eating houses and provision of consultancy and management services in relation to food and beverage industry	100	-
Held through Wish Hospital	lity Holdinas Private	Limited		
Wish Health Management (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. <sup>(3)</sup>	People's Republic of China	Dormant	80	80
Held through Raffles Coffee	e Pte. Ltd.			
Raffles Brands Pte. Ltd.*	Singapore	Dormant	51	51
Held through Raffles Brand Raffles Brands Management (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. <sup>(3)</sup>	s Pte. Ltd. People's Republic of China	Dormant	51	51

- \* Audited by Moore Stephens LLP.
- (1) Strike off during the financial year and the impact is insignificant to the Group.
- (2) Incorporated during the financial year.
- (3) Not required to be audited under the laws of incorporation.
- (4) The shareholding proportion is 50:50 but management has assessed the Group controls the entity by virtual of the Chairman of the Board of Directors/Shareholders' Meetings shall be at all times, be appointed by the Group, shall be entitled to have and/or exercise casting vote in respect of matters and/or resolutions which cannot be approved and/or passed pursuant to a simple majority of votes pursuant to the terms of the Joint Venture Agreement.



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### 14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

### (b) Incorporation of subsidiaries

#### 2021

During the financial year, the Company incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary, PMAS International Pte. Ltd., in Singapore with a registered issued share capital of \$\$100,000 which has not been paid as at 31 December 2021.

During the financial year, the Company incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary, PMAS International Trading (Hainan) Co., Ltd., in the People's Republic of China with a registered capital of US\$1 million which has not been paid as at 31 December 2021.

During the financial year, Hao Kou Wei Pte. Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary, Sing Zhong Brands Management Pte. Ltd., in Singapore with a registered issued share capital of \$\$10,000 which has not been paid as at 31 December 2021.

## 2020

During the financial year, Hao Kou Wei Pte. Ltd., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, had incorporated a 51% subsidiary, Sing Global Brands Pte. Ltd., in Singapore with a registered issued share capital of \$\$20,000 which has not been paid as at 31 December 2020.

### (c) Change in interests without a change in control

During the financial year ended 31 December 2021, Hao Kou Wei Pte. Ltd. ("**HKW**"), a wholly owned subsidiary of the Group, acquired the 49% shareholdings from the non-controlling interest in Sing Global Brands Pte. Ltd. ("**Sing Global**"), comprising 9,800 ordinary shares for a consideration of \$\$9,800. The impact arising on acquisition of the 49% shareholdings from the non-controlling interest without a change in control is insignificant to the Group.

Following the acquisition of the 49% shareholding from the non-controlling interest, the Group entered into JV agreement with a JV Partner pursuant to which the JV Partner shall acquire 50% of the Sing Global's existing issued share capital, being and comprising 10,000 ordinary shares at a consideration of \$\$10,000 such that upon completion of the transfer of existing ordinary shares, the shareholding proportion of the Sing Global shall be as follows:

	No. of ordinary shares	Percentage of entire issued share capital
HKW	10,000	50%
JV Partner	10,000	50%
Total	20,000	100%

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### 14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

## (c) Change in interests without a change in control (Continued)

After the acquisition of existing shares by the JV Partner and the subscription for 40,000 subscription shares at \$\$40,000 by each of the parties, the issued and paid-up share capital of Sing Global shall increase from \$\$20,000 comprising 20,000 ordinary shares to \$\$100,000 comprising 100,000 ordinary shares such that upon completion of the subscription of newly issued ordinary shares, the shareholding proportion of Sing Global shall be as follows:

	No. of ordinary shares	Percentage of entire issued share capital
HKW	50,000	50%
JV Partner	50,000	50%
Total	100,000	100%

The changes in interest without a change in control were immaterial to the Group as Sing Global has no significant assets and/or liabilities.

## (d) Disposal of subsidiaries

GreatSolutions Pte. Ltd. and its subsidiary, GS Hospitality Services Pte. Ltd.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Company had completed the disposal of its entire shareholding interest in GreatSolutions Pte. Ltd. and its subsidiary, GS Hospitality Services Pte. Ltd., for a cash consideration of \$\$2,000,000 (see outstanding consideration receivable in Note 17(c)).

The followings are the financial effects of the disposal of the said subsidiaries:

	<b>Group</b> 2020\$\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	10,923
Trade and other receivables	1,784
Cash and cash equivalents	431
Borrowings	(6,417)
Trade and other payables	(2,254)
Borrowings	(2,677)
Net assets derecognised	1,790
Cash consideration	2,000
Net assets derecognised	(1,790)
Gain on disposal	210



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## 14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

## (d) Disposal of subsidiaries (Continued)

GreatSolutions Pte. Ltd. and its subsidiary, GS Hospitality Services Pte. Ltd. (Continued)

The followings are the financial effects of the disposal of the said subsidiaries: (Continued)

	Group
	2020
	S\$'000
Cash consideration	2,000
Less: Consideration receivable	(1,100)
Less: Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	(431)
Net cash inflow arising on disposal	469

GS Cleaning Services Pte. Ltd.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Group had completed the disposal of its entire shareholding interest in GS Cleaning Services Pte. Ltd. for a total cash consideration of \$\$1.

The followings are the financial effects of disposal of the said subsidiary:

	Group
	2020
	S\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	1
Trade and other receivables	362
Cash and cash equivalents	9
Trade and other payables	(348)
Amount due to related company	(57)
Net liabilities derecognised	(33)
Cash consideration	_*
Net liabilities derecognised	33
Gain on disposal	33
Cash consideration	_*
Less: Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	(9)
Net cash outflow arising on disposal	(9)

<sup>\*</sup> Amount below \$\$1,000

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

## (d) Disposal of subsidiaries (Continued)

GS Equipment Supply Pte. Ltd.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Group had completed the disposal of its entire shareholding interest in GS Equipment Supply Pte. Ltd. for a total cash consideration of \$\$1.

The followings are the financial effects of disposal of the said subsidiary:

	Group
	2020
	S\$'000
Intangible assets	9
Trade and other receivables	3
Inventories	12
Amount due from related company	85
Cash and cash equivalents	10
Trade and other payables	(90)
Amount due to related companies	(41)
Net liabilities derecognised	(12)
Cash consideration	_*
Net liabilities derecognised	12
Gain on disposal	12
Cash consideration	_*
Less: Cash and cash equivalents disposed of	(10)
Net cash outflow arising on disposal	(10)

<sup>\*</sup> Amount below \$\$1,000

### (e) Impairment assessment

As at 31 December 2021, the Company's investments in subsidiaries were assessed for impairment given the losses arising from operations and/or weak financial positions. The recoverable amounts of the Company's investments in subsidiaries were determined based on value-in-use calculations in conjunction with the impairment assessment of intangible assets as disclosed in Note 13(b).

Based on the above assessment, no allowance for impairment loss was recognised for the Company's investments in subsidiaries as at 31 December 2021.



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## 14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

# (f) Summarised financial information of subsidiary with material non-controlling interests ("NCI")

The Group has the following subsidiary that has NCI that is considered by management to be material to the Group:

	Principal place of	Ownership	
business/Countr		interests	
Name of subsidiary	of incorporation	held by NCI	
Wish Hospitality Holdings Private Limited	People's Republic	20%	
	of China/Singapore		

The above NCI attributed approximately 99% (2020: 100%) of the total accumulated non-controlling interests as at 31 December 2021.

The followings are the financial information of the Group's subsidiary with NCI that are considered by management to be material to the Group:

Summarised statement of financial position

(Loss)/Profit allocated to NCI

	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Current assets	25,639	31,742
Current liabilities	(8,929)	(8,323)
Net assets	16,710	23,419
Net assets attributable to NCI	3,342	4,684
Summarised statement of comprehensive income		
	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Revenue	-	7,373
(Loss)/Profit before tax	(7,701)	6,569
Income tax	-	(1,206)
(Loss)/Profit after tax and total comprehensive income	(7,701)	5,363

1,072

(1,540)

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#### 14 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

# (f) Summarised financial information of subsidiary with material non-controlling interests ("NCI") (Continued)

The followings are the financial information of the Group's subsidiary with NCI that are considered by management to be material to the Group: (Continued)

Summarised statement of cash flows

	2021 \$\$'000	2020 S\$'000
Cash flows used in operating activities	(17)	(676)
Cash flows from investing activities	-	_
Cash flows used in financing activities	-	(4,096)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(17)	(4,772)
Dividends		
	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$′000
Dividends paid/payable to NCI	-	1,300

### 15 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Group	
	2021	2020
	<b>S\$'000</b>	S\$'000
As at 1 January	3,050	3,680
Additions	-	5
Fair value loss recognised in profit or loss (Note 7)	(880)	(635)
As at 31 December	2,170	3,050



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### 15 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

The following amounts are recognised in profit or loss:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$′000
Rental income	31	23
Direct operating expenses arising from investment property that		
generated rental income	71	5

Investment properties held by the Group are as follows:

<b>Properties</b>	Description	Location	<b>Existing use</b>	Tenure
Property 1	A single-storey eating house with mezzanine office	16A Sungei Kadut Way, Singapore 728794	Commercial	Leasehold 23 years
Property 2	A ramp-up factory unit	7 Mandai Link #03-40 Mandai Connection Singapore 728653	Commercial	Leasehold 30 years

### Property 1

The Investment Method of valuation was adopted based on the present worth of the expected future income stream in the form of the estimated net profit rental value and capitalised at an appropriate investment yield. This fair value measurement is recognised under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

#### Property 2

The Direct Comparison Method of valuation was adopted whereby sale transactions of comparable properties have been taken into consideration with regards to the location, tenure, age, size, floor level, design, layout, condition and standard of finishes amongst other factors. This fair value measurement is recognised under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Further details on the fair value of the Group's investment properties are disclosed in Note 29(b).

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#### 15 INVESTMENT PROPERTIES (CONTINUED)

The following table shows the significant unobservable inputs used in the valuation methods:

Description	Fair value	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Range
2021 Property 1	1,720,000	Investment method	Discount rate <sup>(1)</sup> Rental growth rate <sup>(2)</sup>	0% Nil
Property 2	450,000	Direct comparison method	Price per square metre <sup>(2)</sup>	\$\$2,866
<u>2020</u> Property 1	2,600,000	Investment method	Discount rate <sup>(1)</sup> Rental growth rate <sup>(2)</sup>	3.24% Nil
Property 2	450,000	Direct comparison method	Price per square metre <sup>(2)</sup>	S\$2,866

<sup>(1)</sup> Any significant isolated increases/(decreases) in the significant unobservable input would result in a significantly (lower)/higher fair value measurement.

Investment property pledged as security

As at 31 December 2021, an investment property with a carrying amount of \$450,000 (2020: Investment properties with aggregate carrying amounts of \$3,050,000) is mortgaged to secure bank loans for the Group (Note 19).

#### **16 INVENTORIES**

Gro	Group	
2021	2020	
<b>\$\$'000</b>	S\$'000	
56	45	
	2021 \$\$'000	

The cost of inventories sold included in cost of sales amounted to \$2,077,000 (2020: \$2,053,000) during the financial year.

Any significant isolated increases/(decreases) in the significant unobservable input would result in a significantly higher/(lower) fair value measurement.

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#### 17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Trade receivables				
- BOP service fees (a)	7,608	24,666	-	_
- third parties	80	181	-	_
- subsidiaries				17
	7,688	24,847	_	17
Less: Allowance for impairment loss (Note 28(a))				
- BOP service fees	(7,608)	-	-	-
- third parties	(25)	(25)	-	_
	55	24,822	-	17
Other receivables				
<ul> <li>BOP performance deposits</li> </ul>	-	2,834	-	_
- third parties	118	1,122	30	1,100
- subsidiaries	-	-	2,576	2,030
- due from Mr Zhang (b)	21,210			
	21,328	3,956	2,606	3,130
Less: Allowance for impairment loss (Note 28(a))				
- third parties	(1)	(500)	-	(500)
- subsidiaries	-	_	(304)	_
	21,327	3,456	2,302	2,630
Grant receivables	-	149	-	_
Deposits	196	251	-	24
GST receivables	71	5	4	5
Prepayments	53	60	23	20
	21,702	28,743	2,329	2,696

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing with credit period of 0 to 30 days term.

The non-trade amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest-free, and repayable on demand in cash. Management has assessed the amounts due from subsidiaries to have low credit risk, and accordingly, no further allowance for impairment loss is necessary as at 31 December 2021.

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#### 17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Outstanding BOP service fees

Included in the Group's trade and other receivables are outstanding service fees for the provision of management consulting services from 14 Branding, Operations and Procurement ("BOP") outlets in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") amounting to \$\$7,608,000 (RMB35,867,000) (2020: \$\$24,666,000 (RMB121,867,000)) and performance deposits due from the BOP outlets of NiI (2020: \$\$2,834,000 (RMB14,000,000)) as at 31 December 2021.

The details of the movement of the outstanding BOP service fees during the financial year are as follows:

	Group			
	Renminbi		S\$ equi	valent
	2021	<b>2021</b> 2020		2020
	RMB'000	RMB'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Trade receivables - BOP service				
fees				
As at 1 January	121,867	112,000	24,666	21,918
BOP service fees rendered				
during the year	24,062	36,667	5,019	7,374
BOP service fees reversed				
during the year*	(24,062)	_	(5,019)	_
Late payment interest charged				
during the year	335	-	70	_
Late payment interest reversed				
during the year*	(335)	_	(70)	_
Receipt of BOP service fees				
during the year	-	(20,800)	-	(4,210)
Receipt of BOP service fees				
under encumbrance				
(see Note 18)	(100,000)	_	(21,210)	_
Performance deposit				
reclassified from other				
receivables	14,000	_	2,970	-
Performance deposit payable				
to BOP outlets	-	(6,000)	-	(1,214)
Currency realignment			1,182	798
As at 31 December	35,867	121,867	7,608	24,666

<sup>\*</sup> The revenue from BOP service fees rendered during the financial year and the corresponding trade receivable amounts was reversed as management assessed that these revenues, including the late payment interest charged, do not meet the recognition criteria in accordance with SFRS(I) 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, as it is not probable that the Group will be able to collect the trade receivable amounts for the revenue recognised during the year.



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#### 17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Outstanding BOP service fees (Continued)

All the 14 BOP outlets have already terminated the BOP service agreements and health management service agreements with the Group during the financial year mainly because the businesses of these outlets have been adversely affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.

In view of the above, the directors of the Company and management made an assessment on the recoverability of the outstanding BOP service fees, and accordingly, a full allowance for impairment loss was recognised for the outstanding BOP service fees of \$\$7,608,000 as at 31 December 2021. Notwithstanding this, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the aforesaid outstanding BOP service fees due. Where recoveries are made, a reversal of the relevant allowance for impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### (b) Amount due from Mr Zhang

Included in the Group's other receivables is an amount of RMB100,000,000 (equivalent to \$\$21,210,000) as at 31 December 2021 which is receivable from Mr Zhang Rongxuan ("Mr. Zhang"), the Company's non-independent and non-executive Chairman and Director. The aforesaid amount was reclassified from cash and bank balances to other receivables at the reporting date (Note 18).

Basis for the initial classification of the RMB100 million in cash and bank balances and subsequent reclassification to other receivables at the reporting date

On 26 January 2021, pursuant to a deed of appointment and undertaking, Kaifeng Jufeel Bio-Technology Co., Ltd. ("**Kaifeng Jufeel**") was appointed as an authorised representative to collect the outstanding BOP service fees for and on behalf of the Group.

On 27 April 2021, Kaifeng Jufeel notified Wish Hospitality Holdings Private Limited ("Wish") that it had received outstanding BOP service fees amounting to RMB100,000,000 (the "RMB100 million"). The RMB100 million was transferred to one of the bank accounts of Wish Health Management (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. ("Wish Shanghai") ("Bank Account") in the People's Republic of China and such receipt was verified by management (and subsequently verified by the Company's auditors at that time (the "Previous Auditors")).

Accordingly, the RMB100 million was deemed as receipt of payments from Wish's customers for the outstanding BOP service fees and therefore management had classified the RMB100 million as cash and bank balances. However, it was subsequently discovered by the Previous Auditors (while in the process of confirming and verifying the receipt of the RMB100 million) that there was an existing encumbrance on the RMB100 million.

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#### 17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Amount due from Mr Zhang (Continued)

Basis for the initial classification of the RMB100 million in cash and bank balances and subsequent reclassification to other receivables at the reporting date (Continued)

Notwithstanding that the RMB100 million was encumbered, management continued to classify the RMB100 million as cash and bank balances taking into consideration the followings: (a) As verified by the Previous Auditors, the RMB100 million was deposited in the Bank Account save for the existence of the encumbrance and steps were taken to procure the release and discharge of the relevant encumbrance; and (b) In addition, the Company obtained guarantees from Mr. Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel in order to mitigate (to the extent possible) any potential adverse implications arising from the encumbrance.

Both Mr. Zhang and Kaifeng Jufeel (the "Guarantors") had also executed a guarantee agreement on 18 August 2021 in favour of Wish which provides that (a) the Guarantors shall guarantee and procure the complete release and discharge of the relevant encumbrance over the Bank Account by 30 September 2021; and (b) if the relevant encumbrance is not completely released and discharged by 30 September 2021, the Guarantors shall be liable to pay and guarantee payment to the Company (or any Group Company as elected by the Company) of such outstanding BOP service fees in the sum of RMB100 million, for the same amount which has been duly received and in the Bank Account.

As at 31 December 2021, the encumbrance on the RMB100 million has yet to be discharged. In the interests of facilitating the resolution of the RMB100 million encumbrance matter, Mr. Zhang entered into an agreement with the Company on 31 December 2021 for Mr Zhang to transfer (or procure the transfer(s)) of such number of Listed Shares (being shares of a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange) with an aggregate value of RMB100 million to the Company by 31 March 2022. The Company has also engaged a registered fund management company to assist with and manage the disposal or sale of the Listed Shares.

In view of the foregoing developments, in particular the aforesaid arrangement between Mr Zhang and the Company, and given that the RMB100 million in the Bank Account remains encumbered for the foreseeable future, the RMB100 million was therefore reclassified to other receivables as amount due from Mr. Zhang as at 31 December 2021. As at the date of these financial statements, Mr Zhang has transferred 5,000,000 Listed Shares worth approximately RMB752,000 (equivalent to \$\$156,000) to the Company's appointed licensed brokering firm. Further updates on the arrangement relating to transfer (or procure the transfer(s)) of the Listed Shares are set out in Note 35(c).



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#### 17 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Outstanding consideration receivable

Included in the Company's other receivables – third parties is the outstanding consideration receivable from the disposal of its entire shareholding interest in GreatSolutions Pte. Ltd. and its subsidiary, GS Hospitality Services Pte. Ltd., as at 31 December 2021 amounting to \$\$30,000 (2020: \$\$1,100,000).

An allowance for impairment loss of \$\$500,000 had been recognised for the outstanding consideration receivable in the previous financial year ended 31 December 2020, as a reduction of the final tranche of the consideration by \$\$500,000, in view of the request from the purchaser as the business acquired were badly affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.

As at 31 December 2021, the foregoing allowance for impairment loss of \$\$500,000 has been written off and the Company received the net outstanding consideration receivable of \$30,000 subsequent to the financial year end.

#### 18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group	
	2021 \$\$'000	2020 S\$'000
Cash and bank balances Less: Bank overdrafts (Note 19)	6,036	5,604 2
Cash and cash equivalents per consolidated statement of cash flows	6,036	5,606
	Com	pany
	2021 \$\$'000	2020 \$\$'000
Cash and bank balances	102	151

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#### 18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Bank balances held in bank accounts in the People's Republic of China ("PRC")

As at 31 December 2021, included in the Group's cash and bank balances were RMB120,451,000 (equivalent to \$\$25,548,000) (2020: RMB20,996,000 (equivalent to \$\$4,250,000) of bank balances, including the RMB100 million (equivalent to \$\$21,210,000) reclassified as other receivables, held in two bank accounts in the PRC as follows:

	Group				
	Renn	ninbi	S\$ equ	ivalent	
	As at	As at	As at	As at	
	31 December	31 December	31 December	31 December	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	RMB'000	RMB'000	<b>S\$'000</b>	S\$'000	
Wish Health Management (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. ("Wish Shanghai")					
Cash at bank – Bank of China* Cash at bank – Guangfa Bank under encumbrance (see below)*	20,451	20,996	4,338 21,210	4,250	
Cash at bank held in PRC bank accounts Cash at bank – Guangfa bank – RMB100 million reclassified as other	120,451	20,996	25,548	4,250	
receivables (see below)	(100,000)		(21,210)		
	20,451	20,996	4,338	4,250	

<sup>\*</sup> The Group is unable to ascertain these bank balances held in the two bank accounts in the PRC due to management's inability to obtain the relevant bank statements of Wish Shanghai from the former director who is the legal representative and authorised bank signatory of Wish Shanghai.

As disclosed in Note 17(b), the Group had received outstanding BOP service fees amounted to RMB100 million and the RMB100 million was transferred to one of the bank accounts of Wish Health Management (Shanghai) Co. Ltd. ("Wish Shanghai") ("Bank Account") in the PRC and such receipt was verified by management (and subsequently verified by the Company's auditors at that time (the "Previous Auditors")).



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#### 18 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

(a) Bank balances held in bank accounts in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") (Continued)

Accordingly, the RMB100 million was deemed as receipt of payments from Wish's customers for the outstanding BOP service fees and therefore management had classified the RMB100 million as cash and bank balances. However, it was subsequently discovered by the Previous Auditors (while in the process of confirming and verifying the receipt of the RMB100 million) that there was an existing encumbrance on the RMB100 million.

The Group has taken steps to procure the release and discharge of the relevant encumbrance and obtained guarantees from Mr Zhang Rongxuan ("Mr. Zhang"), the Company's non-independent and non-executive Chairman and Director, and Kaifeng Jufeel Bio-Technology Co., Ltd. ("Kaifeng Jufeel"), the appointed authorised representative to collect the outstanding BOP service fees for and on behalf of the Group, in order to mitigate (to the extent possible) any potential adverse implications arising from the encumbrance.

However, the encumbrance on the RMB100 million has yet to be discharged as at 31 December 2021. In the interests of facilitating the resolution of the encumbrance matter, Mr. Zhang entered into an agreement with the Company on 31 December 2021 for Mr. Zhang to transfer (or procure the transfer(s)) of such number of Listed Shares (being shares of a company listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange) with an aggregate value of RMB100 million to the Company.

In view of the foregoing developments, in particular the aforesaid agreement between Mr Zhang and the Company, given that the RMB100 million remains encumbered for the foreseeable future, the RMB100 million was reclassified to other receivables as amount due from Mr. Zhang (Note 17(b)) as at 31 December 2021.

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#### 19 LOANS AND BORROWINGS

			Gro	oup
			2021	2020
		Maturity	<b>S</b> \$'000	S\$'000
Non-current				
Bank loans:				
Loan A -	3-month Singapore Interbank Offered Rate ("SIBOR") plus 3.00% per annum ("p.a")	2020 - 2022	-	7
Loan B -	3-month SIBOR plus 3.00% p.a.	2020 - 2028	218	256
Loan F -	Higher of 3-month Swap Offer Rate (" <b>SOR</b> ") or 3.00% p.a. over 3-month Costs of Funds (" <b>COF</b> ")	2024	148	229
Loan G -	Higher of 3-month SOR or 3.00% p.a. over 3-month COF	2024	162	257
Loan H -	Higher of 3-month SOR or 3.00% p.a. over 3-month COF	2020 - 2036	175	255
Loan I -	Fixed at 2.50% p.a.	2020 - 2025	854	1,172
Loan J -	Fixed at 3% p.a.	2021 - 2023	383	
			1,940	2,176
Lease liabilit	ies		1,147	1,171
			3,087	3,347
Current				
Current Bank loans:				
Loan A -	3-month SIBOR plus 3.00% p.a.		_	43
Loan B -	3-month SIBOR plus 3.00% p.a.		35	31
Loan D -	Bank installment loan board rate (9%) plus		_	19
	1.50% p.a.			
Loan E -	Bank installment loan board rate (9%) minus 2.25% p.a.		-	36
Loan F -	Higher of 3-month SOR or 3.00% p.a. over 3-month COF		80	79
Loan G -	Higher of 3-month SOR or 3.00% p.a. over 3-month COF		92	87
Loan H -	Higher of 3-month SOR or 3.00% p.a. over 3-month COF		80	77
Loan I -	Fixed at 2.50% p.a.		316	129
Loan J -	Fixed at 3% p.a.		497	
			1,100	501
Lease liabilit	ies		813	617
			1,913	1,118
Bank overdro	afts – Prevailing prime lending rate plus 1.00%			(2)
			1,913	1,116
Total loans o	and borrowings		5,000	4,463

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#### 19 LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

The loans and borrowings of the Group are secured by:

- (i) legal mortgage over the Group's investment property (Note 15);
- (ii) assignment of rental proceeds and all rights of the tenancy agreements;
- (iii) corporate guarantees from the Company;
- (iv) personal guarantee from a director of the Company; and
- (v) all monies guarantee.

The carrying amounts of the loans and borrowings approximate their respective fair values either due to their short-term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are repriced to market interest rates on or near the financial statements date or that they are fixed rate instruments and non-current loans and borrowings whose fair values approximates its carrying amounts computed based on cash flows discounted at market borrowing rate for similar financial liabilities as there were no significant changes for the interest rates available to the Group at the financial statements date. This fair value measurement is categorised under Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities:

	Bank loans	Lease liabilities	Total
	<b>S\$'000</b>	S\$'000	\$\$'000
2021			
As at 1 January 2021	2,677	1,788	4,465
Changes from financing cash flows:			
- Proceeds	2,300	-	2,300
- Repayments	(1,937)	(816)	(2,753)
- Interest paid	(80)	(114)	(194)
Non-cash changes:			
- Interest expense	80	114	194
- New leases		988	988
As at 31 December 2021	3,040	1,960	5,000
2020			
As at 1 January 2020	1,839	2,508	4,347
Changes from financing cash flows:			
- Proceeds	2,300	_	2,300
- Repayments	(1,462)	(517)	(1,979)
- Interest paid	(122)	(145)	(267)
Non-cash changes:			
- Interest expense	122	145	267
- New leases	-	108	108
- Rent concessions from lessors		(311)	(311)
As at 31 December 2020	2,677	1,788	4,465

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#### 19 LOANS AND BORROWINGS (CONTINUED)

#### Convertible loan

On 17 December 2018, the Company had entered into a convertible loan agreement with third parties allowing the Company to loan up to an aggregate principal amount of RMB68,000,000 (approximately \$\$13,600,000). During the financial year ended 31 December 2019, the Company had drawn down total proceeds of RMB8,033,000 (approximately \$\$1,607,000). As at 31 December 2019, the Company had repaid the aforesaid drawn down convertible loan in full.

On 19 June 2020, the Company entered into a supplemental agreement with the third parties to vary certain terms of the convertible loan agreement to loan up to \$\$13,600,000. The loan facility under this supplemental agreement shall be valid until 18 June 2023. Each lender shall have the right to convert all or in parts the loans which have been disbursed by the lenders but excluding accrued interest into fully paid new shares. The maximum number of conversion shares that may be issued to the lenders is 75,555,554 shares. All payments by the Company in respect of a loan to the relevant lender including any interest shall be made in Singapore Dollar unless the lender exercises its conversion right in respect of the loan. The loan bears interest at a rate of 5% per annum and will be payable by the Company in arrears to the lender 3 years from the loan disbursement date.

There is no draw down of the convertible loan during and as at 31 December 2021 and 2020.

#### 20 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$\$'000	S\$′000
Non-current		
Deferred tax liabilities – brand name	48	58

The movements in the deferred tax account are as follows:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	<b>S\$'000</b>	S\$'000
As at 1 January	58	91
Credited to profit or loss (Note 9)	(10)	(33)
As at 31 December	48	58

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#### 21 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Gre	oup	Com	pany
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Trade payables				
- third parties	253	229	-	_
Other payables				
- third parties	274	466	69	64
- subsidiaries	-	_	386	132
- director	78	34	44	_
- dividend payable to non-controlling				
interest	500	500	-	_
Deposit received				
- third parties	60	61	4	4
Accrued salaries, bonuses and				
director fees	610	410	104	92
Accrued expenses	575	361	75	103
Deferred grants	-	160	-	_
Deferred income	24	_	-	_
GST payables	121	64	_	_
	2,495	2,285	682	395

Trade payables are non-interest bearing with credit period of 0 to 30 days term.

The amounts due to subsidiaries, director and non-controlling interest are non-trade, unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand in cash.

### 22 SHARE CAPITAL

		Group/	Company	
	202	21	202	20
	No. of		No. of	
	ordinary		ordinary	
	shares	S\$'000	shares	S\$'000
Issued and fully paid:				
As at 1 January	184,993,260	20,469	184,993,260	20,469
Issuance of ordinary shares				
pursuant to exercise of				
warrants (a)	4,000,000	1,020	-	_
Share issue expense		(1)		
As at 31 December	188,993,260	21,488	184,993,260	20,469

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#### 22 SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares have no par value and carry one vote per share without restriction.

#### (a) Exercise of warrants

The Company issued 4,000,000 ordinary shares pursuant to the exercise of 4,000,000 warrants (Note 24(b)) at the exercise price of \$\$0.255 for each new ordinary shares during the financial year. The newly issued shares rank pari passu in all respects with the previously issued ordinary shares of the Company.

#### 23 RESERVES

	Gro	oup	Com	pany
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Share options reserve (a)	687	1,244	687	1,244
Warrants reserve (b)	-	3,882	-	3,882
Currency translation reserve (c)	1,324	534	-	-
Merger reserve (d)	(8,611)	(8,571)	-	-
Asset revaluation reserve (e)	2,919	2,919		
	(3,681)	8	687	5,126

Movements of reserves during the financial year are set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group.

#### (a) Share options reserve

The share options reserve represents the fair value of share options granted to employees of the Group under the share options scheme. Further information about the equity-settled share options scheme is disclosed in Note 24(a).

### (b) Warrants reserve

The warrants reserve represents the fair value of the warrants issued in 2019. These warrants have expired during the financial year, and accordingly, the balance in the warrants reserve was transferred to retained earnings (Note 24(b)).



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#### 23 RESERVES (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Currency translation reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve represents the accumulated exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of the Group's foreign operations whose functional currencies are different from that of the Group's presentation currency.

#### (d) Merger reserve

Merger reserve represents the difference between the amount of the share capital of the subsidiaries at the date on which they were acquired by the Group and the amount of the share capital issued as consideration for the acquisition. On disposal or strike off of these subsidiaries, the balance in the merger reserve relating to the subsidiary disposed is transferred to retained earnings.

#### (e) Asset revaluation reserve

Asset revaluation reserve represents the difference between the carrying amount and the fair value recognised when the Group transferred a leasehold property from property, plant and equipment to investment property in 2014.

#### 24 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

#### (a) Equity-settled share options scheme

Share options were granted to certain employees and directors of the Company under the GS Holdings Employee Share Option Scheme ("**GS Holdings ESOS**") adopted on 17 December 2015.

The scheme is administered by the Remuneration Committee. Options are exercisable at a price based on the average of the last dealt prices for the shares of the Company on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited for the five consecutive trading days preceding the date of grant. The Remuneration Committee may at its discretion fix the exercise price at a discount not exceeding 20% to the above price. The vesting period is one year. Options are forfeited if the employees or directors leave the Group before the options vest.

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#### 24 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Equity-settled share options scheme (Continued)

Details of the share options outstanding are as follows:

	Group and Company			
	202	21	20	20
		Weighted		Weighted
		average		average
	Number	exercise	Number	exercise
	of share	price	of share	price
	options	<b>S</b> \$	options	S\$
Outstanding at the beginning				
of year (i)	5,300,000	0.538	3,300,000	0.418
Granted during the year	-	-	2,000,000	0.735
Cancelled/Lapsed during				
the year (ii)	(3,300,000)	0.418		_
Outstanding at the end of year	2,000,000		5,300,000	
Exercisable at the end of year	2,000,000		5,300,000	

The options outstanding at the end of the financial year have a weighted average remaining contractual life of less than 1 year (2020: 1.75 years).

- (i) Out of the aggregate 5,3000,000 share options granted, 3,300,000 of the share options were granted on 25 September 2019 and the estimated fair value of the share options granted to directors and key executive on that day was \$\$0.169 and \$\$0.167, respectively. The remaining 2,000,000 share options were granted on 6 January 2020 and the estimated fair value of the share options granted to directors and key executive on that day was \$\$0.3477.
- (ii) Out of the aggregate 5,300,000 share options granted, 3,300,000 share options have lapsed on 24 September 2021 and the balance amount of \$\$557,000 in the share options reserve was transferred to retained earnings. The remaining outstanding 2,000,000 share options represents approximately 1.06% of the Company's total number of issued shares as at 31 December 2021 (2020: 5,300,000 share options represented approximately 2.86% of the Company's total number of issued shares), which have subsequently lapsed on 5 January 2022.



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#### 24 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Equity-settled share options scheme (Continued)

The fair value for share options granted in 2020 was calculated using the Black-Scholes pricing model. The inputs into the model were as follows:

	2020
Weighted average share price	\$\$0.730
Weighted average exercise price	\$\$0.735
Expected volatility	108.90%
Expected life	2 years
Risk-free rate	1.70%

Expected volatility was determined by calculating the historical volatility of the Company's share price over the previous three years. The expected life used in the model has been adjusted, based on management's best estimate, for the effects of non-transferability, exercise restrictions and behavioral considerations.

The Group/Company recognised share-based payments expense of Nil (2020: \$\$1,195,000) related to equity-settled share options scheme during the financial year.

#### (b) Warrants to purchase ordinary shares

- (i) During the financial year ended 31 December 2019, the Company had issued warrants to purchase 35,000,000 ordinary shares of the Company at an exercise price of \$\$0.18 per share as compensation for services provided by introducer for share placement and convertible loan. These warrants have expired during the current financial year, and accordingly, the balance amount of \$\$3,882,000 in the warrants reserve was transferred to retained earnings.
- (ii) During the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Company had issued free warrants to purchase 11,764,705 ordinary shares of the Company at an exercise price of \$\$0.255 per share as part of the loan capitalisation of the amount due to the director. The director has exercised 4,000,000 warrants at the exercise price of \$\$0.255 for each new ordinary shares (Note 22(a)) and the balance of 7,764,705 warrants have expired during the current financial year.

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#### 25 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

#### (a) Registered capital which has not been paid

The followings are subsidiaries incorporated by the Group whose registered capital has not been paid as at 31 December 2021 and 2020:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	′000	′000
Held by the Company		
PMAS International Pte. Ltd.	S\$100	-
PMAS International Trading (Hainan) Co., Ltd.	US\$1,000	_
Held by Hao Kou Wei Pte. Ltd.		
Hao Kou Wei (Shanghai) Food and Beverage		
Management Co. Ltd.	US\$1,000	US\$1,000
Sing Zhong Brands Management Pte. Ltd.	<b>S\$10</b>	_
Held by Wish Hospitality Holdings Private Limited		
Wish Health Management (Shanghai) Co. Ltd.	US\$1,000	US\$1,000
Held by Raffles Brand Pte. Ltd.		
Raffles Brands Management (Shanghai) Co. Ltd.	US\$100	US\$100

As at the date of these financial statements, none of the above subsidiaries' registered capital has been paid.

### (b) Entry into letter of intent

As set out in the Company's announcement dated 28 December 2021, a letter of intent (the "Letter of Intent") was entered into between the Group's wholly owned subsidiary, Sing Zhong Brands Management Pte. Ltd. ("Sing Zhong Brands Management") and a third party, Action Culture Pte. Ltd. ("Action Culture"), a company incorporated in Singapore, with the aim of establishing 10 China's food and beverage ("F&B") brands and 10 Singapore F&B brands, which will be sold as franchise in Asian countries including but not limited to the People's Republic of China and Singapore. All 20 F&B brands developed will be owned and registered as the intellectual properties of Sing Zhong Brands Management.

Pursuant to the Letter of Intent, both parties have agreed, among others, that the fees payable to Action Culture will be via the issuance of new ordinary shares in the Company based on certain performance targets agreed upon.

At the date of these financial statements, there are no further material updates and developments in respect of the Letter of Intent and entry into the definitive agreement with Action Culture.



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#### 25 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

#### (c) Corporate guarantees

The Company provided corporate guarantees to banks for the banking facilities granted to the subsidiaries of the Group at the end of the reporting period:

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$'000	\$\$'000	S\$′000
Corporate guarantees issued				
Subsidiaries	-	_	3,216	5,203
Disposed subsidiary		9,174		9,174
		9,174	3,216	14,377

In addition, as disclosed in Note 15, the Group's investment properties were pledged as securities for bank loans drawn down by the disposed subsidiary for the previous financial year. The financial guarantees issued and investment properties pledged as securities for the disposed subsidiary's bank borrowings had been discharged subsequent to the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

These corporate guarantees issued are subject to the impairment requirements of SFRS(I) 9 Financial Instruments. The directors of the Company do not expect credit loss exposure arising from these corporate guarantees in view of the bank loans of the subsidiaries are secured by a first party legal charge over one of the investment properties of the Group.

### **26 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

(a) In addition to the information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following related party transactions took place between the Group and related parties, who are not members of the Group, during the financial year on terms agreed by the parties concerned:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	<b>S\$'000</b>	S\$'000
With related parties		
Rental expenses	93	-
With controlling shareholder of the Company		
Rental expense	313	290
With directors of the Company		
Provision of consultancy services	95	115

Related parties comprise mainly companies which are controlled by close family member of the Group's controlling shareholder.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 26 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

#### (b) Key management personnel compensation

	Group		
	2021	2020	
	S\$'000	S\$'000	
Directors' fees	182	225	
Salaries and bonuses	683	749	
Contributions to defined contribution plans	48	70	
Share-based payments		1,195	
	913	2,239	
Comprised:			
Directors of the Company	435	1,721	
Key executives of the Group	478	518	
	913	2,239	

As at 31 December 2021, the outstanding share options for directors and key executives are 1,400,000 (2020: 4,100,000) and 600,000 (2020: 1,200,000), respectively.

#### **27 DIVIDENDS**

	Group	
	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Ordinary dividend paid		
Interim tax exempt one-tier dividend of 1 cent per ordinary share		
paid in respect of the half year ended 30 June 2020		1,850

#### 28 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### (a) Financial risk management

The Group is exposed to financial risks arising from its operations and the use of financial instruments. The key financial risks include foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The policies for managing each of these risks are summarised below. The Board of Directors of the Company review and agree policies and procedures for the management of these risks.

There has been no change to the Group's exposure to these financial risks or the manner in which the Group manages and measures financial risk.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 28 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### (a) Financial risk management (Continued)

Foreign currency risk

The Group has currency exposures arising from transactions and assets and liabilities that are denominated in currencies other than the respective functional currencies of the entities in the Group. The foreign currency in which the Group's currency risk arises is Renminbi ("RMB"). The Group does not hedge against foreign exchange exposure as the currency risk is not expected to be significant.

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has the following financial assets and financial liabilities denominated in the foreign currency based on information provided to key management:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Financial assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	14	29
Financial liabilities		
Trade and other payables	(2,926)	(2,640)
Net financial liabilities denominated in foreign currency	(2,912)	(2,611)

Sensitivity analysis for foreign currency risk

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the RMB exchange rate against the Singapore Dollar ("SGD") 5% (2020: 5%), with all other variables held constant, of the Group's (loss)/profit after tax:

	Group		
	Increase/(decrease) in (loss)/profit after tax		
	2021	2020	
	\$\$'000	S\$'000	
RMB/SGD			
- strengthened	121	108	
- weakened	(121)	(108)	

The Company has no significant exposure to foreign currency risk.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 28 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Financial risk management (Continued)

Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk arises primarily from its loans and borrowings. Loans and borrowings at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk (i.e. the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates). Loans and borrowings at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk (i.e. the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market rates). The Group's policy is to obtain most favourable interest rate available whenever the Group obtains additional financing through bank loans and borrowings. The interest rates and terms of maturity and repayment of loans and borrowings of the Group are disclosed in Note 19. The Group does not utilise derivatives to mitigate its interest rate risk.

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing financial assets, the Group's income is substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

A fundamental financial industry reform of interest rate benchmarks is being undertaken globally including the cessation and replacement of interbank offered rates ("IBORSs") with alternative nearly risk-free rates (referred to as "interest rate benchmark reform"). The Group's interest rate risk that is directly affected by the interest rate benchmark reform predominantly comprises its variable rate borrowings. As at 31 December 2021, the Group has variable rate borrowings that are indexed to SIBOR and SOR as disclosed in Note 19.

Sensitivity analysis for interest rate risk

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for loans and borrowings at the end of reporting period and the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting period in the case of loans and borrowings that have floating rates.

The Group's loans and borrowings at variable rates on which effective hedges have not been entered into, are denominated mainly in Singapore Dollar ("**SGD**"). If the SGD interest rates increase/decrease by 50 (2020: 50) basis points with all other variables including tax rate being held constant, the (loss)/profit after tax of the Group will be higher/lower (2020: lower/higher) by \$\$13,000 (2020: \$\$11,000).

#### Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. For trade receivables, the Group adopts the policy of dealing only with customers of appropriate credit history, and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate to mitigate credit risk. For other financial assets, the Group adopts the policy of dealing only with high credit quality counterparties.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 28 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Financial risk management (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Maximum exposure and concentration of credit risk

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk except that the Group's trade receivables comprise 14 debtors (2020: 14 debtors) that represented 99% (2020: 99%) of the total trade receivables.

As the Group and the Company do not hold any collateral, the maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying amount of each class of financial instruments presented on the statement of financial position and the amounts relating to corporate guarantees given by the Company for the banking facilities granted to the subsidiaries of the Group at the end of the reporting period as disclosed in Note 25(c).

The credit risk for trade receivables based on the information provided by key management is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	<b>S\$'000</b>	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
By geographical areas				
Singapore	43	73	-	17
Brunei	12	83	-	_
People's Republic of China		24,666		
	55	24,822		17

The following sets out the Group's internal credit evaluation practices and basis for recognition and measurement of expected credit losses ("**ECL**"):

Description of evaluation of financial assets	Basis for recognition and measurement of ECL
Debtors has a low risk of default and does not have any past due amount	12-month ECL
Contractual payments are more than 30 days past due or where there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired
Contractual payments are more than 90 days past due or there is evidence of credit impairment	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired
There is evidence indicating that the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovery of payments such as when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings	Write-off

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 28 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Financial risk management (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial asset as at the date of initial recognition. In making this assessment, the Group considers both quantitative and qualitative information that is reasonable and supportable, based on historical experience, that is available without undue cost or effort.

In particular, the Group considers the historical and current payment patterns of the debtors when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- an actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results/key financial performance ratios of the debtor; and
- an actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.

Regardless of the evaluation of the above factors, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

The Group also assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if the financial asset has a low risk of default; if the debtor has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the debtor to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 28 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Financial risk management (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Definition of default

The Group considers a debtor is in default when information developed internally or obtained from external sources indicated that the debtor is unlikely to pay its creditors. Based on historical experience, it indicates that receivables that meet this criteria is generally not recoverable.

Irrespective of the above analysis, the Group considers that default has occurred when a financial asset is more than 90 days past due unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information to demonstrate that a more lagging default criterion is more appropriate.

#### Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred such as evidence that the borrower is in significant financial difficulty, there is a breach of contract such as default or past due event; there is information that it is becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; or the purchase or origination of a financial asset at a deep discount that reflects the incurred credit losses.

Estimation techniques and significant assumptions

There has been no change in the estimation techniques or significant assumptions made during the current financial year for recognition and measurement of credit loss allowances.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 28 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### (a) Financial risk management (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Estimation techniques and significant assumptions (Continued)

The details of the movement of credit loss allowance during the financial year are as follows:

	Trade receivables \$\$'000	Other receivables \$\$'000	Total \$\$'000
Group			
As at 1 January 2020 Loss allowance measured Lifetime ECL	20	-	20
- Credit-impaired	5	500	505
As at 31 December 2020 Loss allowance measured: Lifetime ECL	25	500	525
- Credit-impaired	7,480	1	7,481
- Written off	-	(500)	(500)
Currency realignment	128		128
As at 31 December 2021	7,633	1	7,634
Company			
As at 1 January 2020	280	202	482
Waiver of amount due from disposed group Loss allowance measured: Lifetime ECL	(280)	(202)	(482)
- Credit-impaired		500	500
As at 31 December 2020 Loss allowance measured: Lifetime ECL	-	500	500
- Credit-impaired	_	304	304
- Written off		(500)	(500)
As at 31 December 2021	_	304	304



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 28 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Financial risk management (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables

The Group has applied the simplified approach by using a provision matrix to measure the lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables.

The Group estimates the expected credit loss rates for each category of past due status of the debtors based on historical credit loss experience adjusted as appropriate to reflect current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions with consideration on the ability of the customers to settle the receivables.

Other receivables - third party

The Group has applied the 12-month ECL approach for the expected credit loss model to measure the credit loss allowance on the other receivables – third party. The Group has taken into account the historical default experience and concluded that there has been significant increase in the credit risk.

Other receivables - due from Mr Zhang

The Group has assessed the other receivables – due from Mr Zhang (Note 17(b)) to have low credit risk, and accordingly, the expected credit loss is insignificant.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets include other receivables (excluding prepayments, grant receivables and GST receivables) and cash and cash equivalents which the expected credit loss is insignificant.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 28 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### (a) Financial risk management (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Credit quality

The table below details the credit quality of the Group's/Company's financial assets:

		Gross carrying amount \$\$'000	Loss allowance \$\$'000	Net carrying amount \$\$'000
<b>Group</b> 2021				
Trade receivables arising from BOP arrangement	Lifetime ECL	7,608	(7,608)	-
Trade receivables - others	Lifetime ECL	80	(25)	55
Other receivables - third party	12-month ECL – significant increase in credit risk	118	(1)	117
Other receivables - due from Mr Zhang	12-month ECL	21,210	-	21,210
Other receivables (excluding prepayments, grant receivables and GST receivables)	12-month ECL	196	-	196
Cash and cash equivalents	N.A exposure limited	6,036		6,036
2020				
Trade and other receivables arising from BOP arrangement	Lifetime ECL	27,500	-	27,500
Trade receivables - others	Lifetime ECL	181	(25)	156
Other receivables - third party	12-month ECL – significant increase in credit risk	1,122	(500)	622
Other receivables (excluding prepayments, grant receivables and GST receivables)	12-month ECL	251	-	251
Cash and cash equivalents	N.A exposure limited	5,604	_	5,604



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 28 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

### (a) Financial risk management (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

Credit quality (Continued)

The table below details the credit quality of the Group's/Company's financial assets: (Continued)

		Gross carrying amount \$\$'000	Loss allowance \$\$'000	Net carrying amount \$\$'000
Company				
2021				
Other receivables - subsidiaries	Lifetime ECL – significant increase in credit risk	2,576	(304)	2,272
Other receivables - third party	12-month ECL – significant increase in credit risk	30	-	30
Cash and cash equivalents	N.A exposure limited	102		102
2020				
Trade receivables - subsidiaries	Lifetime ECL	17	-	17
Other receivables - third party	12-month ECL – significant increase in credit risk	1,100	(500)	600
Other receivables - subsidiaries	12-month ECL	2,030	-	2,030
Other receivables (excluding prepayments, grant receivables and GST receivables)	12-month ECL	24	-	24
Cash and cash equivalents	N.A exposure limited	151		151

The Group's/Company's credit risk exposure for cash and cash equivalents are insignificant as at 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 28 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Financial risk management (Continued)

Credit risk (Continued)

#### Financial guarantees

The Group/Company has issued financial guarantees to banks for banking facilities granted to the subsidiaries of the Group. These financial guarantees are subject to the impairment requirements of SFRS(I) 9 Financial Instruments. The Group/Company has assessed that the subsidiaries have the financial capability to meet the contractual cash flow obligations. In addition, the banking facilities are secured by the Group's investment properties and personal guarantee from a director of the Company. Hence, the Group/Company does not expect significant credit losses arising from these financial guarantees.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Group's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of stand-by credit facilities.

The Group and the Company manages the liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash to enable them to meet their normal operating commitments and having an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

Further details on the Group's/Company's going concern are disclosed in Note 2(a).

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Group's/Company's financial liabilities at the reporting date based on contractual undiscounted repayment obligations.

	1 year	1 to	Over	
	or less	5 years	5 years	Total
	\$\$'000	<b>S\$'000</b>	S\$'000	\$'000
Group				
2021				
Trade payables	253	-	-	253
Other payables	2,037	-	-	2,034
Bank loans	1,176	1,974	66	3,216
Lease liabilities	869	1,214	-	2,083
Financial guarantees*				_
	4,335	3,188	66	7,586

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 28 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### (a) Financial risk management (Continued)

Liquidity risk (Continued)

	1 year	1 to	Over	
	or less	5 years	5 years	Total
	\$\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	\$'000
Group				
2020				
Trade payables	229	_	_	229
Other payables	1,771	_	_	1,771
Bank loans	555	2,191	113	2,859
Lease liabilities	718	1,285	6	2,009
Financial guarantees*	5,600			5,600
	8,873	3,476	119	12,468
Company				
2021				
Other payables	678	_	_	678
Financial guarantees*	3,216			3,216
	3,894			3,894
2020				
Other payables	391	_	_	391
Financial guarantees*	9,103			9,103
	9,494	_	_	9,494

<sup>\*</sup> At the reporting date, the maximum exposure of the Company in respect of the intra-group financial guarantees (Note 25) based on the amount of banking facilities drawn down by the subsidiaries and former subsidiaries of the Group are \$\$3,216,000 (2020: \$3,503,000) and Nil (2020: \$\$5,600,000), respectively.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 29 FAIR VALUES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

#### (a) Fair value hierarchy

The tables below analyse the fair value measurements by the levels in the fair value hierarchy based on the inputs to the valuation techniques. The different levels are defined as follows:

- (i) Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities:
- (ii) Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices);
- (iii) Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

There has been no transfer between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the financial years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.

#### (b) Fair value measurements of assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value

The following table presents the level of fair value hierarchy for each class of assets and liabilities measured at fair value at the end of the reporting date:

	Level 1 \$\$'000	Level 2 \$\$'000	Level 3 \$\$'000	Total S\$'000
Group				
Recurring fair value				
measurements				
2021				
Non-financial assets:				
Investment properties (Note 15)	-	-	2,170	2,170
2020				
Non-financial assets:				
Investment properties (Note 15)			3,050	3,050

Management is responsible for selecting and engaging valuation experts that possesses the relevant credentials and knowledge for the valuation of the investment properties. The professional valuer holds a recognised and relevant professional qualification and has recent experience in the location and category of the investment properties being valued.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 29 FAIR VALUES OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

# (b) Fair value measurements of assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value (Continued)

For valuation performed by the professional valuer, management reviews the appropriateness of the valuation methodologies and assumptions adopted. In determining the fair value of the investment properties, the valuation of the investment properties is based on comparable market transactions of similar properties and the estimated future income stream to be achieved from the properties.

### (c) Movements in Level 3 assets and liabilities measured at fair value

The following table shows a reconciliation from the beginning balances to the ending balances for Level 3 fair value measurements:

	Investment properties	
	<b>2021</b> 20	
	S\$'000	S\$'000
As at 1 January	3,050	3,680
Additions	-	5
Fair value loss recognised in profit or loss	(880)	(635)
As at 31 December	2,170	3,050

#### (d) Determination of fair values

Loans and borrowings

The basis of determining the fair value of loans and borrowings for disclosure at the end of the reporting period is disclosed in Note 19.

Other financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amounts of the Group's/Company's current financial assets and current financial liabilities approximate their fair values due to their short-term maturity.

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beverages ("F&B"); branding, operations and procurement ("BOP") services; investment holdings under continuing operations The Group is organised into business units based on its services for management purposes. The reportable segments are food and

for making decisions about allocation.  The segment information provided to 1		esources and	assessment of the reportable	nof resources and assessment of performances of each segment.  management for the reportable segments are as follows:	of each segme	of resources and assessment of performances of each segment.  management for the reportable segments are as follows:	) ) ) ) ) )
	F&B	Services	Investment Holdings	Eliminations	Continuing Operations	Discontinued Operations	Total
2021 Segment revenue							
Sales to external customers	5,964	٠	٠	1	5,964	1	5,964
Intersegment sales	က	1	1	(3)	1	1	•
Total revenue	5,967	1	1	(3)	5,964	1	5,964
Segment loss	(354)	(7,787)	(2,297)		(10,438)	•	(10,438)
Significant non-cash items: Depreciation of property,							
plant and equipment	868	•	31	1	929	•	929
Net impairment losses on							
financial assets	•	7,481	ı	1	7,481	1	7,481
Amortisation of intangible	;				1		1
assets	62	ı	ı	ı	62	•	62
Fair value loss on investment							
properties	•	1	088	•	088	•	088
Segment assets	8,376	25,632	2,546	1	36,554	1	36,554
Segment assets includes additions to property,							
plant and equipment	1,057	•	20	•	1,077	•	1,077
Segment liabilities	(5,693)	(6,791)	(673)	1	13,157	1	13,157

SEGMENT INFORMATION



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

The segment information provided to management for the reportable segments are as follows: (Continued)

	F&B \$\$'000	Services	Investment Holdings \$\$'000	Eliminations \$\$'000	Continuing Operations \$\$'000	Discontinued Operations \$\$'000	Total S\$'000
2020 Segment revenue							
Sales to external customers	6,210	7,373	I	ı	13,583	1,086	14,669
Intersegment sales	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Total revenue	6,210	7,373	1	ı	13,583	1,086	14,669
Segment (loss)/profit	(526)	6,546	(3,333)	ı	2,687	216	2,903
Significant non-cash items:							
Depreciation of property,							
plant and equipment	910	ı	20	ı	930	9	936
Net impairment losses on							
financial assets	2	I	200	I	202	I	202
Gain on disposal of							
property, plant and							
equipment	(1)	I	I	I	(1)	I	(1)
Amortisation of intangible							
assets	195	I	1	I	195	2	197
Fair value loss on							
investment properties	I	I	635	I	635	I	635
Share options expense	ı	I	1,195	I	1,195	I	1,195
Segment assets	8,044	31,786	4,094	1	43,924	1	43,924
Segment assets includes additions to property,							
plant and equipment	176	I	2	I	181	ı	181
Segment liabilities	(5,066)	(6,365)	(732)	1	(12,163)	1	(12,163)

SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 30 SEGMENT INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

## Segment results

Performance of each segment is evaluated based on segment profit or loss which is measured differently from the net profit or loss before tax in the consolidated financial statements.

## Segment assets

The amounts provided to the management with respect to total assets are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial statements. Management monitors the assets attributable to each segment for the purposes of monitoring segment performance and for allocating resources between segments. All assets are allocated to reportable segments.

# Segment liabilities

The amounts provided to the management with respect to total liabilities are measured in a manner consistent with that of the financial statements. All liabilities are allocated to the reportable segments based on the operations of the segments.

## Geographical information

Revenue and non-current assets information based on geographical location of customers and assets respectively are as follows:

	Revenue		Non-current assets	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000	S\$'000
Continuing operations				
Singapore	5,886	6,026	8,760	9,532
People's Republic of China	-	7,373	-	
Brunei	51	184	-	_
Qatar	27			
	5,964	13,583	8,760	9,532
Discontinued operations				
Singapore		1,086		
	5,964	14,669	8,760	9,532

## Major customers

There is no single (2020: no single) external customer which amounted to 10% (2020: 10%) or more of the Group's revenue for the financial years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 31 LEASES

## (a) The Group as a lessee:

Nature of the Group's leasing activities

- (i) The Group has entered into operating lease on its investment properties. The right-of-use asset is classified as investment properties in Note 15.
- (ii) The Group leases foodstalls from non-related parties. The leases have an average tenure of between 1-5 years.
- (iii) In addition, the Group leases foodstalls with contractual terms of less than 1 year. These leases are short-term. The Group has elected not to recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

The maturity analysis of the lease liabilities is disclosed in Note 28(a).

	Group	
	2021	2020
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Classified within property, plant and equipment (Note 12(a))		
Foodstalls and workspace	1,725	1,561
Additions to right-of-use assets	988	108

Amounts recognised in profit or loss:

	Gro	oup
	2021	2020
	<b>S\$'000</b>	\$\$'000
Depreciation charge for the financial year (Note 12)		
Foodstalls and workspace	824	846
Lease expense/(income) not included in the		
measurement of lease liabilities		
Lease expense - short term leases (Note 7)	103	415
Rent concessions from lessors (Note 5)	_	(311)
Rental rebate (Note 5)	(159)	
	(56)	104
Interest expense on lease liabilities (Note 6)	114	145

Total cash flows for the Group's leases amounted to \$\$1,033,000 (2020: \$\$1,388,000).

As at 31 December 2021, the Group is committed to \$\$103,000 (2020: \$\$415,000) of short-term leases.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 31 LEASES (CONTINUED)

## (b) The Group as a lessor

Nature of the Group's leasing activities - Group as a lessor

The Group leased out its foodstalls to third parties for monthly lease payments. The lease is classified as an operating lease because the risk and rewards incidental to ownership of the assets are not substantially transferred.

Rental income from foodstalls and investment properties are disclosed in Notes 4 and 15, respectively.

Maturity analysis of lease payments – the Group as a lessor

Undiscounted lease payments from the operating leases to be received after the reporting date are as follows:

	Group	
	2021	
	S\$'000	S\$'000
Less than one year	501	331
One to two years	93	167
	594	498

## 32 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to maximise shareholders' value. In order to maintain or achieve an optimal capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividend payment, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, buy back issued shares, obtain new borrowings or sell assets to reduce borrowings.

The capital of the Group consists of share capital and retained earnings/accumulated losses and the Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2020.

The Group monitors capital based on gearing ratio of loans and borrowings to shareholders' funds which is defined as equity attributable to owners of the parent.

	Group	
	2021	2020
	<b>\$\$'000</b>	S\$′000
Interest-bearing liabilities	3,040	2,677
Equity attributable to owners of the parents	20,027	27,077
Gearing ratio (times)	0.15	0.10



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 33 APPOINTMENT OF THE INDEPENDENT REVIEWER

As set out in the Company's announcement on 20 August 2021, the Audit and Risk Committee (the "ARC") has instructed the Company to engage a suitably qualified and experienced independent party (the "Independent Reviewer") to carry out an independent review of the Group's BOP business (the "Independent Review") in view of the disclaimer of opinion issued by the independent auditors on the audited financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 and the various issues noted since the Group's diversification into the BOP business.

Although the BOP business has since ceased with the termination of the BOP Agreements and Health Management Service agreements with all 14 Secured Outlets during the financial year, the Company is still proceeding with the Independent Review as the ARC is of the view that it remains pertinent to seek independent insight into the difficulties pertaining to the BOP business model and recommendations, if any. This may assist the Group to better execute future business strategies and/or implement additional internal control measures as deemed necessary.

Deloitte & Touche Financial Advisory Services Pte Ltd has been engaged as the Independent Reviewer and the Independent Review is ongoing as at the date of these financial statements.

# 34 ASSISTANCE WITH INVESTIGATION

As set out in the Company's announcement dated 6 October 2021, the Company has received a letter dated 5 October 2021 from the Commercial Affairs Department ("CAD") and the Monetary Authority of Singapore ("MAS") pursuant to Section 20 of the Criminal Procedure Code (Chapter 68, 2012 Revised Edition) and Section 64 of the Police Force Act (Chapter 235) requiring the Company to provide certain information and documents in relation to an investigation into an offence under the Securities and Futures Act (Chapter 289) ("Investigation"). Mr. Pang Pok, the Company's Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer also attended an interview with CAD to assist in the Investigation.

The Company, its subsidiaries, directors and employees are not currently the subject of the Investigation and there have been no requests made for any director or management to surrender their travel documentation. The Company has handed over all requested information/documents to the relevant CAD officer and the directors of the Company (the "Board") and management will extend their full cooperation to CAD and MAS to assist with the Investigation.

The Board and management do not expect the Group's business and operations to be affected nor there to be any material impact on the Group's financials arising from the Investigation. As at the date of these financial statements, there are no further material developments on the matter.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 35 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

## (a) Disposal of investment property

The Group has on 18 January 2022 entered into an option to purchase with third party purchasers to dispose of one of the investment properties with a carrying amount of \$\$450,000 as at 31 December 2021 for a sale consideration of \$\$460,000. The purchasers have since on 7 February 2022 exercised the option to purchase and the disposal of investment property has been completed on 4 April 2022.

# (b) Entry into a non-binding memorandum of understanding

The Group's wholly owned subsidiary, Sing Zhong Brands Management Pte. Ltd. (\*Sing Zhong Brands Management") has on 28 January 2022 entered into a non-binding memorandum of understanding (the \*MOU") with a third party, 深圳市龙巢餐饮管理有限公司 (\*深圳市龙巢餐饮 or \*Long Chao Shenzhen"), a company incorporated in the People's Republic of China.

This MOU establishes the understanding between Sing Zhong Brands Management and Long Chao Shenzhen in respect of obligations to be fulfilled in the furtherance of the mutual goal of developing new franchisees for the food and beverage ("F&B") brands that are owned by Sing Zhong Brands Management and Long Chao Shenzhen.

At the date of these financial statements, there are no further material updates and developments in respect of the MOU and entry into the definitive agreement with Long Chao Shenzhen.

# (c) Updates on arrangement relating to transfer (or procure the transfer(s)) of the Listed Shares

On 1 April 2022, the Company agreed to extend the deadline for Mr Zhang to transfer (or procure the transfer(s) of) the Listed Shares to the Company from the original deadline of 31 March 2022 to 31 May 2022 with Mr Zhang's undertaking to transfer (or procure the transfer(s)) of such number of Listed Shares, the aggregate value of which, when aggregated with previous Listed Shares of 5,000,000 which have been transferred to the Company's appointed licenses brokering firm as disclosed in Note 17(b), is at least RMB50,000,000, to the Company by 30 April 2022.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 35 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (CONTINUED)

# (c) Updates on arrangement relating to transfer (or procure the transfer(s)) of the Listed Shares (Continued)

As at 31 May 2021, save for the aforesaid receipt of 5,000,000 Listed Shares by the Company's appointed licensed brokering firm, the Company has not received any confirmation on the receipt of any additional Listed Shares. In view of the foregoing, on 5 June 2022, the Company announced that Mr Zhang has agreed to pay to the Company the sum of HKD1,000,000 by 15 June 2022. Mr Zhang has also agreed that in the event that the aggregate value of all Listed Shares received by the Company as at 31 July 2022 is less than RMB100 million, Mr Zhang shall undertake to pay to the Company any shortfall in the amount by way of monthly installment of \$\$1,000,000 for a period of twelve (12) months commencing from the first week of August 2022. Each monthly installment is to be satisfied:

- (i) in the form of cash payment; or
- (ii) transfer(s) of such number of Listed Shares to the Company (with aggregate value at time of transfer being \$\$1,000,000); or
- (iii) a combination of the above (where value of Listed Shares at time of transfer must be \$\$1,000,000 when combined with the cash payment made for that instalment).

In the event that the aggregate value of such Listed Shares and monthly instalments received by the Company is insufficient to cover the sum of RMB100 million, Mr Zhang shall pay to the Company the outstanding balance together with the final monthly installment.

As at the date of these financial statements, the sum of HKD1,000,000 to be paid by Mr Zhang to the Company by 15 June 2022 has not been received.

# (d) Incorporation of a wholly owned subsidiary and entry into the MOU

The Company has on 28 April 2022 incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary, GS Innovative Food Pte. Ltd. ("GS Innovative"), in Singapore with an initial issued and paid-up share capital of S\$10,000 comprising 10,000 ordinary shares to undertake the business of planting, production and distribution of plant-based meat products which includes (i) food processing and manufacturing and (ii) trading and distribution of food and beverage products.

GS Innovative has on 9 May 2022 entered into a memorandum of understanding (the "MOU") with a third party, Ants Innovate Pte. Ltd. in respect of their cooperation in the production and supply of plant-based and cell-based meat products. Subject to the satisfactory completion of certain matters set out in the MOU, the parties have agreed to commit towards entering into a definitive agreement within six (6) months from the date of the MOU.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 36 IMPACT OF COVID-19 PANDEMIC

In March 2020, the World Health Organisation had declared the COVID-19 outbreak a pandemic. The spread of COVID-19 has created a high level of uncertainty to the near-term global economic prospects and caused disruptions to various businesses. The Group has taken precautionary measures to deal with the COVID-19 outbreak in accordance with guidelines provided by the authorities in the respective countries in which the Group operates.

Management is of the opinion that the COVID-19 pandemic has an impact on the Group's operations and financial performance. Management is closely monitoring the Group's businesses and has taken certain measures to deal with the impact including managing the Group's liquidity and/or to conserve cash flow. As the global COVID-19 situation remains very fluid at the date of these financial statements, the Group is currently unable to estimate the financial impact to the Group's financial performance for 2022, if any. Notwithstanding this, management has determined that the COVID-19 pandemic has not created a material uncertainty that casts doubt on the Group's/Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Further details on the Group's/Company's going concern are disclosed in Note 2(a).

# 37 DISCLAIMER OPINION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

The financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2020 were audited by another firm of auditors who expressed a disclaimer opinion on those financial statements in their report dated 14 July 2021. Below is the extract of the basis for disclaimer opinion.

### Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion

Revenue recognition and trade and other receivables arising from Branding, Operations and Procurement ("BOP") services

During the financial year, the Group recognised revenue of \$7,373,000 (RMB36,667,000) arising from BOP services. As at 31 December 2020, the Group's trade and other receivables arising from BOP services amounted to \$27,500,000 (RMB135,868,000).

Subsequent to the financial year ended 31 December 2020, the Company announced that certain BOP outlets have in January 2021 and February 2021 recently moved their operations entirely to an online platform. The Company also announced that the Group received an amount of \$20,470,000 (RMB100,000,000) which management represented was for the repayment of the Group's outstanding trade and other receivables arising from BOP services. In the process of confirming with the bank on this receipt, we were made aware that there is an existing encumbrance on the amount of RMB100,000,000.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 37 DISCLAIMER OPINION ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 (CONTINUED)

Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion (Continued)

We are unable to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence and supporting documentation to satisfy ourselves or carry out alternative procedures to conclude whether the amount received of \$20,470,000 (RMB100,000,000) represents collections from the Group's customers for the trade and other receivables outstanding at 31 December 2020. We are also unable to satisfy ourselves as to whether there would be any implications arising from the encumbrance on the \$20,470,000 (RMB100,000,000) including any potential recourse to the Group with respect to the receipt. Accordingly, we are unable to conclude whether any allowance for expected credit losses are required for the Group's trade and other receivables arising from BOP services amounted to \$27,500,000 (RMB135,868,000) as at 31 December 2020.

We are unable to conclude whether the BOP services contracts meet the criteria in accordance to SFRS(I) 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, that it is probable that the Group will be able to collect an amount of consideration in exchange of services, for revenue recognised during the financial year. We are also unable to satisfy ourselves that certain BOP outlets have only moved their operations entirely to an online platform in 2021 and not during 2020 and that such a move of operations will have no impact to revenue recognised by the Group from the BOP services contracts for the financial year ended 31 December 2020, in view that the Group's revenue recognised from BOP services relates to agreements signed with customers for BOP services provided to customers operating out of physical outlets. Accordingly, we are not able to determine if any adjustments are required to the revenue recognised during the financial year ended 31 December 2020.

Consequently, we are unable to determine whether any adjustments to the accompanying consolidated financial statements might be necessary in respect of these matters.

## 38 AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR ISSUE

The financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company on 30 June 2022.

# SHAREHOLDERS' STATISTICS

AS AT 21 JUNE 2022

### **CLASS OF SHARES**

**Ordinary Shares** 

# **NUMBER OF SHARES**

188,993,260

### **NUMBER OF ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS**

The number of ordinary shareholders as at 21 June 2022 is 282.

## **VOTING RIGHTS**

1 vote for each Ordinary Share held

### TREASURY SHARES

Nil

## **SUBSIDIARY HOLDINGS**

Nil

## SHAREHOLDINGS HELD IN HANDS OF PUBLIC

Based on information provided and to the best knowledge of the Directors, approximately 42.68 % of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) in the capital of the Company are held in the hands of the public as at 21 June 2022. Rule 723 of the Listing Manual (Section B: Rules of Catalist) of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited has therefore been complied with.

# **DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 21 JUNE 2022**

# **DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDERS**

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SIZE OF SHAREHOLDINGS	SHAREHOLDERS	%	NO. OF SHARES	%
1 – 99	1	0.36	50	0.00
100 – 1,000	33	11.70	27,500	0.01
1,001 – 10,000	74	26.24	465,600	0.25
10,001 - 1,000,000	157	55.67	25,819,650	13.66
1,000,001 AND ABOVE	17	6.03	162,680,460	86.08
TOTAL	282	100	188,993,260	100

# SHAREHOLDERS' STATISTICS

AS AT 21 JUNE 2022

### **SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 21 JUNE 2022**

Substantial Shareholder	Shareholdings registered in the name of the substantial shareholder	Shareholdings in which the substantial shareholder are deemed to be interested	Total	Percentage of Issued Shares
Pang Pok <sup>(1)</sup>	16,079,705	55,660,000	71,739,705	37.96
Ang Siew Kiock <sup>(2)</sup>	5,000,000	66,739,705	71,739,705	37.96
Marvel Earn Limited	18,655,555	_	18,655,655	9.87
Zhang Liying <sup>(3)</sup>	_	18,655,555	18,655,555	9.87
In Nany Sing Charlie <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	4,456,700	19,185,955	23,642,655	12.51
Raffles Financial Pte. Ltd.(4)	_	18,655,555	18,655,555	9.87
Raffles Financial Group Limited <sup>(4)</sup>	-	18,655,555	18,655,555	9.87
Liu Changsheng <sup>(4)</sup>	-	18,655,555	18,655,555	9.87

#### Notes:

- (1) Mr. Pang Pok holds 16,079,705 Shares directly and is deemed interested in 50,660,000 Shares held through Bank of Singapore Limited and 5,000,000 Shares held by his wife, Ms. Ang Siew Kiock.
- (2) Ms. Ang Siew Kiock is deemed to be interested in the 66,739,705 Shares held directly and indirectly by her spouse, Mr. Pang Pok.
- (3) Pursuant to an instrument of transfer dated 1 October 2021, Raffles Financial Pte. Ltd. transferred 100% shares in the issued share capital of Marvel Earn Limited held by Raffles Financial Pte. Ltd. to Ms. Zhang Liying. Accordingly, Ms. Zhang Liying has become the sole shareholder of Marvel Earn Limited. By virtue of sections 4(4) and 4(5) of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 (the "SFA"), Ms. Zhang Liying is deemed to be interested in the 18,655,555 Shares held by Marvel Earn Limited.
- (4) Pursuant to a directors' resolution in writing dated 1 April 2021, Marvel Earn Limited declared an interim dividend of \$\$8,954,667 to its sole shareholder, Raffles Financial Pte. Ltd., to be paid by way of a transfer of the 18,655,555 Shares held by Marvel Earn Limited to Raffles Financial Pte. Ltd.. As the share transfer has not been effected as at the date of this statistics, Marvel Earn Limited remains as the registered shareholder of the 18,655,555 Shares. By virtue of section 4(7)(b) of the SFA, Raffles Financial Pte. Ltd. has a right and deemed interest to the 18,655,555 Shares notwithstanding that the transfer of the 18,655,555 Shares has not been effected. Raffles Financial Group Limited is the sole shareholder of Raffles Financial Pte. Ltd. By virtue of section 4(4) and 4(5) of the SFA, Raffles Financial Group Limited is deemed to be interested in 18,655,555 Shares held by Marvel Earn Limited. Mr. Liu Changsheng and Dr. In Nany Sing Charlie are shareholders of Raffles Financial Group Limited, each holding 31.9% of the shares in Raffles Financial Group Limited. Accordingly, by virtue of section 4(4) and 4(5) of the SFA, each of Mr. Liu Changsheng and Dr. In Nany Sing Charlie is deemed to be interested in 18,655,555 Shares held by Marvel Earn Limited, which Raffles Financial Pte. Ltd. and Raffles Financial Group Limited are deemed to be interested in.
- (5) Dr. In Nany Sing Charlie is deemed to be interested in the 530,400 shares held through Maybank Kim Eng Securities Pte. Ltd. and 18,655,555 Shares held by Marvel Earn Limited.

# SHAREHOLDERS' STATISTICS

AS AT 21 JUNE 2022

# **TOP 20 SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 21 JUNE 2022**

NO.	NAME	NO. OF SHARES	%
1	CITIBANK NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD	57,660,300	30.51
2	IFAST FINANCIAL PTE. LTD.	22,487,400	11.90
3	MARVEL EARN LIMITED	18,655,555	9.87
4	PANG POK	16,079,705	8.51
5	PANG JIE LONG	9,000,000	4.76
6	CHEW KEA KOON	5,643,100	2.99
7	ANG SIEW KIOCK	5,000,000	2.65
8	IN NANY SING CHARLIE	4,456,700	2.36
9	KEK YEW LENG @KEK BOON LEONG	3,786,300	2.00
10	PANG LIM	3,615,600	1.91
11	TAN POK MIN	3,600,000	1.90
12	UNITED OVERSEAS BANK NOMINEES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	3,079,300	1.63
13	KOH KIM SENG	2,650,000	1.40
14	WU YONGQIANG	2,191,500	1.16
15	LIM HEAN NERNG	1,956,200	1.04
16	MAYBANK SECURITIES PTE. LTD.	1,523,800	0.81
17	AU SWEE LING	1,295,000	0.69
18	CHEW KOK CHIANG (ZHUO GUOJIANG)	998,500	0.53
19	LOW CHIN YEW	891,900	0.47
20	CHONG PAW LONG	889,300	0.47
	TOTAL	165,460,160	87.56



## **GS HOLDINGS LIMITED**

(the "**Company**") (Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) Company Registration No. 201427862D

## **NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting of the Company will be convened and held by way of live webcast on Tuesday, 19 July 2022 at 2.00 p.m. to transact the following businesses:

## **AS ORDINARY BUSINESS**

 To receive and adopt the Directors' Statements and the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 together with the Auditors' Report therein.

2. To re-elect Mr. Zhang Rongxuan as Director who is retiring pursuant to Article 113 Resolution 2 of the Company's Constitution.

[See Explanatory Note (i)]

**3.** To note the retirement of Mr. Chan Chun Kit as Director pursuant to Article 113 of the Company's Constitution.

[See Explanatory Note (ii)]

4. To approve the payment of directors' fees of \$\$178,000 for the financial year ending 31 December 2022, to be paid quarterly in arrears (FY2021: \$\$182,063).

**5.** To re-appoint Messrs Moore Stephens LLP as Auditors of the Company and to **Resolution 4** authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

### AS SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following as Ordinary Resolutions, with or without modifications:-

# 6. ORDINARY RESOLUTION - AUTHORITY TO ALLOT AND ISSUE SHARES AND Resolution 5 CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES

"That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore (the "Companies Act") and Rule 806 of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") Section B: Rules of Catalist (the "Catalist Rules") and Constitution of the Company, authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to:

(a) (i) allot and issue shares in the capital of the Company (the "**Shares**") whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or

(ii) make or grant offers, agreements, or options (collectively, the "Instruments") that might or would require Shares to be issued or other transferable rights to subscribe for or purchase shares, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible or exchangeable into Shares,

at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit; and

- (b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by this Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue:
  - (i) additional instruments as adjustments in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Instruments made or granted by the Directors while this Resolution was in force; and
  - (ii) Shares in pursuance of any Instruments made or granted by the directors while this Resolution was in force or such additional Instruments in (b)(i) above,

# provided that:

- (1) the aggregate number of Shares to be issued pursuant to this Resolution (including Shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) shall not exceed one hundred per cent. (100%) of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) below) or such other limit as may be prescribed by the Catalist Rules as at the date of this Resolution is passed, of which the aggregate number of Shares to be issued other than on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders of the Company (including shares to be issued in pursuance of the Instruments, made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) shall not exceed fifty per cent. (50%) of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) below) or any such other limit as may be prescribed by the Catalist Rules as at the date of this Resolution is passed;
- (2) (subject to such manner of calculation and adjustments as may be prescribed by the SGX-ST) for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of Shares that may be issued under sub-paragraph (1) above, the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) shall be calculated based on the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) at the time of the passing of this Resolution, after adjusting for:-



- (a) new Shares arising from the conversion or exercise of convertible securities;
- (b) new Shares arising from the exercising of share options or vesting of share awards outstanding and/or subsisting at the time this Resolution is passed; provided that the share options or share awards (as the case may be) were granted in compliance with Part VIII of Chapter 8 of the Catalist Rules; and
- (c) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of Shares;
- (3) in exercising the authority conferred by this Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Catalist Rules for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST), all applicable legal requirements under the Companies Act, and otherwise, the Constitution for the time being of the Company; and
- (4) (unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting) such authority conferred by this Resolution shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company or the date by which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier."

[See Explanatory Note (iii)]

# 7. ORDINARY RESOLUTION - AUTHORITY TO GRANT OPTIONS AND ISSUE SHARES UNDER THE GS HOLDINGS EMPLOYEE SHARE OPTION SCHEME

**Resolution 6** 

"That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act, authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to:

- (i) offer and grant options (the "Options") from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the GS Holdings Employee Share Option Scheme (the "GS Holdings ESOS"); and
- (ii) allot and issue from time to time such number of Shares in the capital of the Company as may be required to be issued pursuant to the exercise of options granted under the GS Holdings ESOS,

provided always that the aggregate number of Shares to be issued and issuable pursuant to the GS Holdings ESOS, GS Holdings PSP and any other share based incentive schemes of the Company, shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any), on the day immediately preceding the date on which an offer to grant an Option is made and that the grant of Options can be made at any time and from time to time."

[See Explanatory Note (iv)]

# 8. ORDINARY RESOLUTION - AUTHORITY TO ALLOT AND ISSUE SHARES UNDER THE Resolution 7 GS HOLDINGS PERFORMANCE SHARE PLAN

"That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act, authority be and is hereby given to the Directors to:

- offer and grant awards (the "Awards") from time to time in accordance with the provisions of the GS Holdings Performance Share Plan (the "GS Holdings PSP"); and
- (ii) allot and issue from time to time such number of Shares as may be required to be issued pursuant to the vesting of Awards granted under the GS Holdings PSP,

provided always that the aggregate number of Shares to be issued and issuable pursuant to the GS Holdings ESOS, GS Holdings PSP and any other share based incentive schemes of the Company, shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) on the day immediately preceding the date on which an Award is granted."

[See Explanatory Note (v)]

### 9. ORDINARY RESOLUTION - RENEWAL OF SHARE BUYBACK MANDATE

**Resolution 8** 

"That: -

- (a) for the purposes of the Companies Act, and such other regulations as may for the time being be applicable, approval be and is hereby given for the exercise by the Directors of all the powers of the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire Shares of the Company not exceeding in aggregate the Maximum Percentage, at such price(s) as may be determined by the Directors from time to time up to the Maximum Price, whether by way of:
  - (i) a Market Purchase; or
  - (ii) an Off-Market Purchase,

on the terms set out in the Appendix to this notice and in accordance with all other laws and regulations as may for the time being be applicable (the "Share Buyback Mandate");

(b) any Share that is purchased or otherwise acquired by the Company pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate shall, at the discretion of the Directors, either be cancelled or held in treasury and dealt with in accordance with the Companies Act;



- (c) the authority conferred on the Directors pursuant to the Share Buyback Mandate may be exercised by the Directors at any time and from time to time during the period commencing from the date of the passing of this Ordinary Resolution and expiring on the earliest of:
  - (i) the date on which the next AGM of the Company is held or required by law or the constitution of the Company to be held;
  - (ii) the date on which the authority conferred by the Share Buyback Mandate is revoked or varied by the Shareholders in a general meeting; and
  - (iii) the date on which Share Buybacks are carried out to the fullest extent as authorised under the Share Buyback Mandate; and
- (d) the Directors of the Company and each of them be and is hereby authorised to do such acts and things (including without limitation, to execute all documents as may be required, to approve any amendments, alterations or modifications to any documents, and to sign, file and/or submit any notices, forms and documents with or to the relevant authorities) as they and/or he may consider necessary, desirable or expedient to give effect to the adoption of the Share Buyback Mandate and/or authorised by this Ordinary Resolution."

[See Explanatory Note (vi)]

## **Any Other Business**

**10.** To transact any other business which may properly be transacted at an annual general meeting.

On Behalf of the Board

Pang Pok
Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director

4 July 2022

### **Explanatory Notes:**

- (i) Mr. Zhang Rongxuan will, upon re-election as Director of the Company, remain as the Non-Independent and Non-Executive Chairman of the Company. Detailed information on Mr. Zhang Rongxuan is found under the "Board of Directors" section in the Company's Annual Report.
- (ii) Mr. Chan Chun Kit will not be seeking re-election and will retire as an Independent Director at the close of the Annual General Meeting. Mr. Chan Chun Kit will step down from his position as the Chairman of the Remuneration Committee and as a member of each of the Audit and Risk Committee and Nominating Committee. In view of the retirement of Mr. Chan Chun Kit, the number of members in each of the ARC, RC and NC will fall below the minimum number of three. The Company shall endeavor to fill the vacancy within two (2) months but in any event not later than three (3) months.
- (iii) Resolution 5, if passed, will empower the Directors from the date of this annual general meeting until the date of the next annual general meeting or the date by which the next general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held or such authority is varied or revoked by the Company in a general meeting, whichever is the earlier, to allot and issue shares, make of grant instruments convertible into shares and to issue shares pursuant to such instruments. The aggregate number of share (including shares to be made in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) which the Directors may allot and issue, shall not exceed, in total, one hundred per cent. (100%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) of the Company, of which the total number of shares issued other than on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders of the Company, shall not exceed fifty per cent. (50%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) of the Company.
- (iv) Resolution 6, if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company, to offer and grant options under the GS Holdings ESOS and to allot and issue shares pursuant to the exercise of such options under the GS Holdings ESOS, provided that the aggregate number of Shares to be issued and issuable pursuant to the GS Holdings ESOS, GS Holdings PSP and any other share based incentive schemes of the Company shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) in the capital of the Company from time to time.
- (v) Resolution 7, if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company, to allot and issue Shares pursuant to the vesting of Awards under the GS Holdings PSP, provided that the aggregate number of Shares to be issued and issuable pursuant to the GS Holdings ESOS, GS Holdings PSP and any other share based incentive schemes of the Company shall not exceed fifteen percent (15%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) in the capital of the Company from time to time.
- (vi) Resolution 8, if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company, to purchase or otherwise acquire its issued Shares, on the terms of the Share Buyback Mandate. This authority will continue to be in force until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company or the expiration of the period within which the next annual general meeting is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier, unless the authority is previously revoked or varied at a general meeting. Please refer to the appendix to this notice (the "Appendix") dated 4 July 2022 for further details.

### **IMPORTANT:**

### HOLDING OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING THROUGH ELECTRONIC MEANS

# 1. Participation in the AGM via live webcast

In view of the ongoing COVID-19 situation, the AGM is being convened, and will be held by way of electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. The Company will not accept any physical attendance by shareholders.

The following steps are taken to allow shareholders to participate in the AGM:

- (a) the Company will provide for the AGM to be shown by live webcast ("Live Webcast"), by way of (i) audio and video feed, or (ii) audio feed only, as shareholders may elect at their discretion;
- (b) shareholders who wish to participate in the AGM via Live Webcast must register their details on the Company's pre-registration website at https://globalmeeting.bigbangdesign.co/gsholdings2022/ by 2.00 p.m. on Sunday, 17 July 2022 ("Registration Deadline") for the Company to verify their status as shareholders;



- (c) corporate shareholders must also submit a copy of the Corporate Representative Certificate to the Company at <a href="mailto:info@gsholdings.com.sg">info@gsholdings.com.sg</a>, in addition to the registration procedures as set out in paragraph (b) above, by the Registration Deadline, for verification purpose;
- (d) verified shareholders will receive an email by 2.00 p.m. on 18 July 2022 containing instructions to access the Live Webcast. Shareholders must not forward the link or their log-in details to third persons who are not shareholders and who are not entitled to attend the AGM proceedings;
- (e) shareholders who do not receive an email by 2.00 p.m. on 18 July 2022 but have registered by the Registration Deadline should email to: <a href="mailto:info@gsholdings.com.sg">info@gsholdings.com.sg</a> for assistance, with the following details included: (i) shareholder's full name; (ii) NRIC/FIN/Passport no. (if the shareholder is an individual) or the Company Registration No. (if the shareholder is a corporation); and (iii) manner in which the shares are held (e.g. via Central Depository/scrip/Supplementary Retirement Scheme (\*SRS\*)), for verification purposes;
- (f) shareholders, whose shares are not held under SRS and are registered under Depository Agents ("DAs"), must also contact their respective DAs to indicate their interest in order for their DAs to make the necessary arrangements for them to participate in the Live Webcast.

## 2. Submission of Questions prior to the AGM

Shareholders who have any questions in relation to any agenda item of this notice, shall send their queries to the Company in advance, by 5.00 p.m., Tuesday, 12 July 2022, via email to <a href="info@gsholdings.com.sg">info@gsholdings.com.sg</a>. Shareholders will not be able to speak and/or raise questions during the Live Webcast, and therefore it is important for shareholders who wish to ask questions to submit such questions in advance of the AGM. The Company will respond to substantial and relevant queries from shareholders prior to the AGM through publication on SGXNET.

## 3. Submission of Proxy Forms to Vote

A shareholder will not be able to vote through the Live Webcast, and voting is only through submission of proxy form. If a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the AGM, he/she/it must appoint the Chairman of the AGM as his/her/its proxy to vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM. In appointing the Chairman of the AGM as proxy, a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in the proxy form, failing which the appointment of the Chairman of the AGM as proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.

A member of the Company (including a Relevant Intermediary (as defined below)) entitled to vote at the AGM must appoint Chairman of the AGM to act as proxy and direct the vote at the AGM in his/her stead. The Chairman of the AGM, as proxy, need not be a member of the Company.

The accompanying proxy form for the AGM may be accessed from the SGX website at www.sgx.com.

The instrument appointing Chairman of the AGM as proxy, duly executed, must be submitted in hard copy form or electronically via email:

- (a) If submitted by post, to be deposited at the registered office of the Company at 680 Upper Thomson Road #02-01 Singapore 787103; or
- (b) If submitted electronically, be submitted via email to the Company, at info@gsholdings.com.sg,

not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for the holding of the AGM.

In view of the current COVID-19 situation and the related safe distancing measures which may make it difficult for members to submit completed Proxy Forms by post, members are strongly encouraged to submit completed Proxy Forms electronically via email.

The instrument appointing the Chairman of the AGM as proxy must be under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing and where such instrument is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its common seal or under the hand of its attorney or a duly authorised officer. Where an instrument appointing Chairman of the AGM as proxy is signed on behalf of the appointer by an attorney, the power of attorney (or other authority) or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.

Members who hold shares under the Supplementary Retirement Scheme ("SRS Investors") and who wish to appoint the Chairman of the AGM as their proxy should approach their SRS Operators to submit their votes at least seven (7) working days before the AGM.

#### A "Relevant Intermediary" is:

- (a) a banking corporation licensed under the Banking Act 1970 or a wholly-owned subsidiary of such a banking corporation, whose business includes the provision of nominee services and who holds shares in that capacity; or
- (b) a person holding a capital markets services licence to provide custodial services for securities under the Securities and Futures Act 2001 and who holds shares in that capacity; or
- (c) the Central Provident Fund Board established by the Central Provident Fund Act 1953, in respect of shares purchased under the subsidiary legislation made under that Act providing for the making of investments from the contributions and interest standing to the credit of members of the Central Provident Fund, if the Board holds those shares in the capacity of an intermediary pursuant to or in accordance with that subsidiary legislation.

### **FY2021 ANNUAL REPORT**

The FY2021 Annual Report of the Company has been uploaded on the SGX website on 4 July 2022 at the URL: https://www.sgx.com/

## **APPENDIX DATED 4 JULY 2022**

The Appendix has been uploaded on the SGX website on 4 July 2022 at the URL: https://www.sgx.com/

# PERSONAL DATA PRIVACY

By submitting an instrument appointing the Chairman of the AGM as proxy to attend, speak and vote at the AGM and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the purpose of the processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the appointment of the Chairman as proxy for the AGM and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM, and in order for the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines.



# **GS HOLDINGS LIMITED**

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) Company Registration No. 201427862D

### **ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING**

## **PROXY FORM**

#### **IMPORTANT**

- The Annual General Meeting ("AGM" or "Meeting") is being convened, and will be held, by electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020.
- 2. Alternative arrangements relating to, among others, attendance, submission of questions in advance and/or voting by proxy at the AGM are set out in the Notice of AGM dated 4 July 2022 which has been uploaded on SGXNet and the Company's website on the same day.
- 3. A shareholder will not be able to attend the AGM in person. If a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the AGM, he/she/it must appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM. In appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in the form of proxy, failing which the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.
- 4. For Supplementary Retirement Scheme investors ("SRS Investors"), who wish to appoint the Chairman of the AGM as their proxy, they should approach their SRS Operators to submit their votes at least seven (7) working days before the AGM.
- 5. By submitting an instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, the shareholder accepts and agrees to the personal data privacy terms set out in the Notice of AGM dated 4 July 2022.
- 6. Please read the notes overleaf which contain instructions on, inter alia, the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as a shareholder's proxy to vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM.

/We*.	(Name)	(NRIC/P	assport No./	Compan	y Registration No
of _					(Address
Annua	a member/members of <b>GS HOLDINGS LIMITED</b> (the "all <b>General Meeting</b> as my/our* proxy to attend, speak company to be held through live-webcast on Tuesday,	and vote for n	ne/us* on m	ny/our* b	
oropos other r	direct the Chairman of the Meeting to vote for, against sed at the AGM as indicated hereunder. If no specific d matter arising at the AGM and at any adjournment thereoxy yy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.	direction as to	voting is gi	ven or in	the event of an
olease are dir	indicate your vote "For", "Against" or "Abstain" with an indicate the number of votes as appropriate. If you metecting your proxy not to vote on that resolution on a poquired majority on a poll.	ark the absta	ain box for a	particul	ar resolution, yo
No.	Resolutions Relating To:		For	Again	st Abstain
1	Adoption of the Directors' Statements and the Audite Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 20 with the Auditors' Report therein				
2	Re-election of Mr. Zhang Rongxuan as a Director of the	Company			
3	Approval of directors' fees of \$\$178,000 for the financial y 31 December 2022, to be paid quarterly in arrears	year ending			
4	Re-appointment of Messrs Moore Stephens LLP as aud authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration	itors and to			
5	Authority to allot and issue shares and convertible pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act 1967 of				
6	Authority to grant options and issue shares under the C Employees' Share Option Scheme	GS Holdings			
7	Authority to allot and issue shares under the G Performance Share Plan	S Holdings			
8	Renewal of Share Buyback Mandate				
* Delet	e whichever not applicable.				
Dated	this day of 2022			1	
		Total num	ber of Shai	res in:	No. of Shares
		1			
		(a) Deposi	tory Registe	r	



Signature(s) of Member(s) and/or Common Seal of Corporate Member

### **NOTES:-**

- 1. Please insert the total number of Shares held by you. If you have Shares entered against your name in the Depository Register (as defined in Section 81SF of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore), you should insert that number of Shares. If you have Shares registered in your name in the Register of Members, you should insert that number of Shares. If you have Shares entered against your name in the Depository Register and Shares registered in your name in the Register of Members, you should insert the aggregate number of Shares entered against your name in the Depository Register and registered in your name in the Register of Members. If no number is inserted, the instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy shall be deemed to relate to all the Shares held by you.
- 2. A shareholder will not be able to vote through the live webcast stream and voting is only through submission of proxy form. If a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the AGM, he/she/it must appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM. In appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, a shareholder (whether individual or corporate) should give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in the proxy form, failing which the appointment of the Chairman of the AGM as proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.
- 3. A member of the Company (including a Relevant Intermediary (as defined below)) entitled to vote at the Meeting must appoint Chairman of the Meeting to act as proxy and direct the vote at the Meeting in his/her stead. The Chairman of the Meeting, as proxy, need not be a member of the Company.
- 4. The instrument appointing Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, duly executed, must be submitted in hard copy form or electronically via email:
  - (a) If submitted by post, to be deposited at the registered office of the Company at 680 Upper Thomson Road #02-01 Singapore 787103; or
  - (b) If submitted electronically, be submitted via email to the Company, at <a href="mailto:info@gsholdings.com.sg">info@gsholdings.com.sg</a>,

not less than forty-eight (48) hours before the time appointed for the holding of the AGM.

A shareholder who wishes to submit an instrument of proxy must first download, complete and sign the proxy form, before submitting it by post to the address provided above, or scanning and sending it by email to the email address provided above.

In view of the current COVID-19 situation and the related safe distancing measures which may make it difficult for members to submit completed Proxy Forms by post, shareholders are strongly encouraged to submit completed Proxy Forms electronically via email.

- 5. The instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy must be under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing and where such instrument is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its common seal or under the hand of its attorney or a duly authorised officer. Where an instrument appointing Chairman of the Meeting as proxy is signed on behalf of the appointer by an attorney, the power of attorney (or other authority) or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.
- 6. A corporation which is a member may authorise by resolution of its directors or other governing body such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at the Meeting, in accordance with its Constitution and Section 179 of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore, and the person so authorised shall upon production of a copy of such resolution certified by a director of the corporation to be a true copy, be entitled to exercise the powers on behalf of the corporation so represented as the corporation could exercise in person if it were an individual.
- 7. For SRS Investors who wish to appoint the Chairman of the AGM as their proxy, they should approach their SRS Operators to submit their votes at least seven (7) working days before the AGM.

### A "Relevant Intermediary" is:

- (a) a banking corporation licensed under the Banking Act 1970 of Singapore or a wholly-owned subsidiary of such a banking corporation, whose business includes the provision of nominee services and who holds shares in that capacity; or
- (b) a person holding a capital markets services licence to provide custodial services for securities under the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore and who holds shares in that capacity; or
- (c) the Central Provident Fund Board established by the Central Provident Fund Act 1953 of Singapore, in respect of shares purchased under the subsidiary legislation made under that Act providing for the making of investments from the contributions and interest standing to the credit of members of the Central Provident Fund, if the Board holds those shares in the capacity of an intermediary pursuant to or in accordance with that subsidiary legislation.

## PERSONAL DATA PRIVACY

By submitting an instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy to attend, speak and vote at the Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the purpose of the processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the appointment of the Chairman as proxy for the AGM and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM, and in order for the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines.

### GENERAL

The Company shall be entitled to reject the instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy if it is incomplete, improperly completed or illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy (including any related attachment) (such as in the case where the appointor submits more than one instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy). In addition, in the case of shares entered in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy lodged if the shareholder being the appointor, is not shown to have shares entered against his name in the Depository Register as at seventy-two (72) hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM, as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.



# **GS HOLDINGS LIMITED**

(Incorporated in Singapore on 19 September 2014) (Company Registration Number: 201427862D) 680 Upper Thomson Road, #02-01, Singapore 787103 www.gsholdings.com.sg