PAN HONG HOLDINGS GROUP LIMITED

(Incorporated in Bermuda) (Co. Reg. No: 37749)

MINUTES OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

PLACE	:	Via "Live" webcast	
DATE	:	Wednesday, 29 July 2020	
TIME	:	10.00 a.m.	
PRESENT	:	As set out in the webcast attendance records maintained by the Company	
IN ATTENDANCE	:	As set out in the webcast attendance records maintained by the Company	
CHAIRMAN	:	Mr Wong Sum	
CHAIRMAN OF MEETING		Mr Sim Wee Leong	

INTRODUCTION

Mr Sim Wee Leong, the Lead Independent Director, was appointed as the Chairman of the Meeting. He welcomed the shareholders and all those who are present at the Company's Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**" or "**Meeting**").

Pursuant to the Additional Guidance on the Conduct of General Meetings During Elevated Safe Distancing Period and checklist jointly issued by the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority, the Monetary Authority of Singapore and Singapore Exchange Regulation on 13 April 2020 ("**Guidance**"), which is based on the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020 (as amended), the AGM of the Company will be held by way of electronic means and members of the Company will not be allowed to attend the AGM in person.

QUORUM

Pursuant to the Guidance, the share transfer agent of the Company, B.A.C.S. Private Limited, had verified that at least 2 shareholders of the Company had attended the Meeting via live webcast. As a quorum of at least 2 shareholders were electronically present at the Meeting, Mr Sim declared the Meeting open and introduced the Directors, Management and Auditors present. The Group Financial Controller and Joint Company Secretary, Joint External Auditors, BDO Limited and BDO LLP, and the other Joint Company Secretary were also present via the live webcast.

NOTICE

The Notice convening the AGM and the addendum dated 13 July 2020 in relation to the proposed renewal of share purchase mandate (the "**Addendum**") had been circulated to the shareholders within the statutory period. With the consents of the shareholders, the Notice convening the AGM was taken as read.

VOTING BY WAY OF POLL

As the live webcast would not provide for online voting, it was noted that a shareholders who wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the Meeting should have appointed the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM at least 48 hours before the Meeting. In appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, such shareholder (whether individual or corporate) must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in the instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, failing which the appointment would be treated as invalid.

Shareholders who hold their shares through relevant intermediaries (including CPFIS Members or SRS investors) and who wish to exercise their votes by appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy should have approached their respective relevant intermediaries (including their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Approved Banks) to submit their voting instructions at least 7 working days prior to the date of the Meeting.

The Meeting was informed that the Chairman of the Meeting had been appointed as a proxy by the shareholders and he would be voting in accordance with their instructions. The Chairman of the Meeting had demanded for a poll in accordance with By-Laws 65 of the Company's Bye-Laws, which also complies with the requirement of the listing manual of Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("**SGX-ST**") that all listed companies would have to conduct voting by poll for all general meetings.

The Chairman of the Meeting informed the shareholders that B.A.C.S Private Limited and Finova BPO Pte. Ltd. had been appointed as Polling Agent and Scrutineer respectively. The Scrutineer had checked the validity of the proxy forms received and prepared a report on the poll results which would be announced after each motion has been formally proposed at the Meeting.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

The Meeting noted that the Company had addressed the substantial and relevant questions submitted by shareholders no later than 10.00 a.m. on 26 July 2020 in an announcement released to the SGX-ST via the SGXNET on 28 July 2020. A copy of the Q&A Summary is annexed to these minutes as <u>Appendix I</u>.

The Chairman of the Meeting then proceeded with the agenda of the Meeting.

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REPORTS OF DIRECTORS AND INDEPENDENT JOINT AUDITORS – RESOLUTION 1

The meeting proceeded to receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 and the Independent Joint Auditors' Report thereon.

Following the proposal of the motion for Resolution 1 by the Chairman of the Meeting, the following results of the poll verified by the Scrutineer:

	Votes	%
No. of shares for:	335,960,694	100.00
No. of shares against:	0	0.00

Based on the results of the poll, the Chairman of the Meeting declared the motion carried and it was RESOLVED:

"THAT the Directors' Statement and Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 together with the Auditors' Report be received and adopted."

FINAL DIVIDEND – RESOLUTION 2

The Directors had recommended the payment of a final dividend of 1.5 Singapore cents per ordinary share (tax not applicable) for the financial year ended 31 March 2020. If approved, the dividend would be paid on 28 August 2020 to shareholders whose names appear on the Company's Register of Members as at 14 August 2020.

Following the proposal of the motion for Resolution 2 by the Chairman of the Meeting, the following results of the poll verified by the Scrutineer:

	Votes	%
No. of shares for:	335,960,694	100.00
No. of shares against:	0	0.00

Based on the results of the poll, the Chairman of the Meeting declared the motion carried and it was RESOLVED:

"That the payment of a final dividend of S\$0.015 per ordinary share (tax not applicable) for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 be approved."

RE-ELECTION OF MR WONG SUM – RESOLUTION 3

Resolution 3 is to re-elect Mr Wong Sum as a Director of the Company.

The meeting was informed that Mr Wong Sum was retiring pursuant to Bye-law 85(6) of the Company's Bye-laws, had consented to continue in office.

Following the proposal of the motion for Resolution 3 by the Chairman of the Meeting, the following results of the poll verified by the Scrutineer:

	Votes	%
No. of shares for:	335,930,194	99.99
No. of shares against:	30,500	0.01

Based on the results of the poll, the Chairman of the Meeting declared the motion carried and it was RESOLVED:

"THAT Mr Wong Sum be and is hereby re-elected a Director of the Company."

DIRECTORS' FEES – RESOLUTION 4

The Board had recommended the payment of Directors' fees of S\$127,050 for the financial year ending 31 March 2021, to be paid quarterly in arrears.

Following the proposal of the motion for Resolution 4 by the Chairman of the Meeting, the following results of the poll verified by the Scrutineer:

	Votes	%
No. of shares for:	335,960,694	100.00
No. of shares against:	0	0.00

Based on the results of the poll, the Chairman of the Meeting declared the motion carried and it was RESOLVED:

"THAT the Directors' fees of S\$127,050 for the financial year ending 31 March 2021 payable quarterly in arrears, be approved."

RE-APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS – RESOLUTION 5

The meeting was informed that the retiring auditors, Messrs BDO Limited, Certified Public Accountants, Hong Kong and Messrs BDO LLP, Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants, Singapore, had expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Following the proposal of the motion for Resolution 5 by the Chairman of the Meeting, the following results of the poll verified by the Scrutineer:

	Votes	%
No. of shares for:	335,960,694	100.00
No. of shares against:	0	0.00

Based on the results of the poll, the Chairman of the Meeting declared the motion carried and it was RESOLVED:

"THAT Messrs BDO Limited, Certified Public Accountants, Hong Kong and Messrs BDO LLP, Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants, Singapore, be and are hereby reappointed as Auditors of the Company at a remuneration to be determined by the Directors."

ANY OTHER BUSINESS

As no notice of any other ordinary business was received by the Secretary, the AGM proceeded to deal with the special business of the meeting.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

SHARE ISSUE MANDATE – RESOLUTION 6

Resolution 6 is to authorise the Directors to allot and issue shares pursuant to Rule 806 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual.

The meeting noted the text of the resolution set out under item 7 in the Notice of AGM on pages 126 and 127 of the Annual Report.

Following the proposal of the motion for Resolution 6 by the Chairman of the Meeting, the following results of the poll verified by the Scrutineer:

	Votes	%
No. of shares for:	334,723,494	99.63
No. of shares against:	1,237,200	0.37

Based on the results of the poll, the Chairman of the Meeting declared the motion carried and it was RESOLVED:

"THAT pursuant to Rule 806 of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"), authority be given to the Directors of the Company to issue shares ("Shares") whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise, and/or make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "Instruments") that might or would require Shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible into Shares at any time and upon such terms and conditions and to such persons as the Directors may, in their absolute discretion, deem fit provided that:

- (a) the aggregate number of Shares (including Shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) does not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) in the capital of the Company at the time of the passing of this Resolution, of which the aggregate number of Shares and convertible securities to be issued other than on a pro rata basis to all shareholders of the Company shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) in the capital of the Company;
- (b) for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of Shares that may be issued under subparagraph (a) above, the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) shall be based on the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) of the Company as at the date of the passing of this Resolution, after adjusting for:
 - (i) new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of convertible securities;
 - (ii) new shares arising from exercising share options or vesting of Share awards which were issued and outstanding or subsisting at the time of the passing of this Resolution, provided the options or awards were granted in compliance with Part VIII of Chapter 8 of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST; and
 - (iii) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of shares;

- (c) in exercising the authority conferred by this Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST) and the Bye-Laws for the time being of the Company; and
- (d) that such authority shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, continue in force (i) until the conclusion of the Company's next Annual General Meeting or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is earlier or (ii) in the case of shares to be issued in accordance with the terms of convertible securities issued, made or granted pursuant to this Resolution, until the issuance of such shares in accordance with the terms of such convertible securities."

THE PROPOSED RENEWAL OF SHARE PURCHASE MANDATE – RESOLUTION 7

Resolution 7 is to seek Shareholders' approval of the proposed renewal of the Share Purchase Mandate.

The meeting noted that the text of the resolution is set out under item 8 in the Notice of AGM on pages 127 and 128 of the Annual Report. The rationale, authority and limitation, sources of funds to be used included the amount of financing and the financial effects of the purchase or acquisition of Shares by the Company pursuant to the Share Purchase Mandate were set out in greater details in the Addendum.

Following the proposal of the motion for Resolution 7 by the Chairman of the Meeting, the following results of the poll verified by the Scrutineer:

	Votes	%
No. of shares for:	335,960,694	100.00
No. of shares against:	0	0.00

Based on the results of the poll, the Chairman of the Meeting declared the motion carried and it was RESOLVED:

"THAT:

- (a) the Company be and is hereby authorised to purchase or otherwise acquire issued and paid up Shares not exceeding in aggregate the Maximum Limit (as hereinafter defined), at such price or prices as may be determined by the Directors from time to time up to the Maximum Price (as hereinafter defined), whether by way of:-
 - (i) on-market purchases (each an "**On-Market Share Purchase**") on the SGX-ST; and/or
 - (ii) off-market purchases (each an "Off-Market Share Purchase") effected in accordance with any equal access scheme(s) as may be determined or formulated by the Directors as they may consider fit, which scheme(s) shall satisfy all the conditions prescribed by the Companies Act (Chapter 50) of Singapore, as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, and otherwise in accordance with all other laws and regulations and rules of the SGX-ST as may for the time being be

applicable, and the exercise by the Directors of all the powers of the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire Shares in the foregoing manner be and is hereby authorised and approved generally and unconditionally (the "Share Purchase Mandate");

- (b) unless varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting, the authority conferred on the Directors pursuant to the Share Purchase Mandate may be exercised by the Directors at any time and from time to time during the period commencing from the date of the passing of this Ordinary Resolution, and expiring on the earliest of:-
 - (i) the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company; or
 - (ii) the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required to be held; or
 - (iii) the date on which the purchase of Shares by the Company pursuant to the Share Purchase Mandate is carried out to the full extent mandated (the "**Relevant Period**").
- (c) in this Ordinary Resolution:-

"Maximum Limit" means 10% of the total number of issued and paid-up ordinary shares of the Company as at the date of the passing of this Ordinary Resolution (excluding any treasury shares that may be held by the Company from time to time and subsidiary holdings); and

"**Maximum Price**" in relation to a Share to be purchased or acquired, means the purchase price (excluding brokerage, stamp duties, commission, applicable goods and services tax and other related expenses) not exceeding:-

- (i) in the case of an On-Market Share Purchase, 105% of the Average Closing Price; and
- (ii) in the case of an Off-Market Share Purchase, 120% of the Average Closing Price,

where:-

"Average Closing Price" means the average of the closing market prices of the Shares over the last five (5) Market Days ("Market Day" being a day on which the SGX-ST is open for securities trading), on which transactions in the Shares were recorded, before the day on which the On-Market Share Purchase was made or as the case may be, the day of making of the offer for an Off-Market Share Purchase, and deemed to be adjusted for any corporate action that occurs during the relevant five (5) Market Day period and the day on which the purchases are made; and "day of making of the offer" means the day on which the Company makes an offer for the purchase or acquisition of Shares from Shareholders, stating the purchase price (which shall not be more than the Maximum Price calculated on the foregoing basis) for each Share and the relevant terms of the equal access scheme for effecting the Off-Market Share Purchase; and

(d) the Directors and each of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) as they/he/she may consider necessary, desirable, expedient, incidental or in the interests of the Company to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this Ordinary Resolution."

CONCLUSION

There being no other business to transact, the Chairman of the Meeting declared the AGM of the Company closed at 10.20 a.m.

Confirmed as True Record of Proceedings Held

Sim Wee Leong Chairman of the Meeting



RESPONSES TO QUESTIONS FROM SHAREHOLDERS ON THE COMPANY'S ANNUAL REPORT FOR FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

The Board of Directors ("**Board**") of Pan Hong Holdings Group Limited (the "**Company**" and together with its subsidiaries, the "**Group**"), refers to questions raised by shareholders no later than 10.00 a.m. on 26 July 2020 in relation to the Company's annual report for the financial year ended 31 March 2020 ("**Annual Report 2020**").

The questions raised by shareholders and the Company's corresponding responses are set out below:

Results for the year ended 31 March 2020 ("FY2020"):

Q1. Can the company do a presentation for the investors for FY2020 results and business?

Company's response to Q1

Please refer to the Company's FY2020 Annual Report. It includes the Chairman's statement which provides an overview of the performance of the Company during the financial year while financial details are provided in the financial statements.

Property Projects

- Q2. What is the forward development in the next 3-5 years?
- Q3. As a Singaporean, I am not familiar with the location of Huzhou Delong and Huzhou Fenghuang projects. Please help to provide the addresses of the 2 respective projects. It would be even better if you can provide URLs pointing to the locations on Baidu or Gaode maps.
- Q4. Will be company be launching Huzhou Delong and Huzhou Fenghuang in 2020?
- Q5. Can the company give a project update on Huzhou Delong and Huzhou Fenghuang?
- Q6. How long does it take the projects (Huzhou Delong and Huzhou Fenghuang) to complete construction?

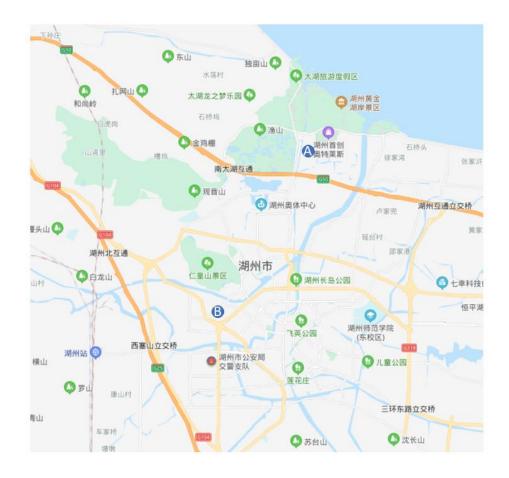
Company's response to Q2 to Q6

The Company has 2 reserve projects for future development, including the Huzhou Delong Project and Huzhou Fenghuang Project, which an update is summarized below:

	Huzhou Delong Project	Huzhou Fenghuang Project
Location	Taihu Meidong (太湖梅东), Huzhou, Zhejiang Province, the PRC – Marked as "A" in below map	Feng Huang West District (凤 凰西區), Huzhou, Zhejiang Province, the PRC – Marked as "B" in below map
Nature of land use right	Residential	Residential
Gross Floor Area ("GFA")	65,412 sq.m.	65,020 sq.m.
Current stage	Under planning	Under planning
Estimated launch date*	First Quarter 2021	Second Quarter 2021
Estimated completion date*	First Quarter 2024	Second Quarter 2024

*subject to actual progress

Please refer to the map below for an illustration of the locations:



The Group is actively sourcing other prospective projects and would make further announcement when there is substantial development.

Q7. For the Huzhou Delong Project, what is the expected revenue from this project on 100% sale and when is completion scheduled?

Company's response to Q7

Huzhou Delong Project is still under planning stage and the Group would not be able to provide a revenue forecast. Estimated completion date could be referred to above response.

Q8. For Pan Hong Run Yuan Phase 2, after FY2020, how much of the revenue from this project is still not sold or not booked?

Company's response to Q8

As at 31 March 2020, the Group has recognised the revenue of the residential properties of Pan Hong Run Yuan Phase 2 which 99% of the total units have been sold.

Q9. For the Pan Hong Run He project, what is the upfront deposit % collected from the pre-sale buyers?

Company's response to Q9

The minimum down payment for the Pan Hong Run He project is 30% of the property unit sale price.

Q10. For Pan Hong Run He, on 100% sale, the revenue to be booked is about RMB1,500 million. With project completion expected in Q3 CY2020, approx how much of this revenue will be booked in FY2021 and FY2022? / Will the full presales of 1303.2 RMB be fully recognised in this FY? (If not, roughly how much of it (%) will be recognised in 2020 and how much in 2021?)

Company's response to Q10

The Company is not able to provide a revenue/profit forecast on Pan Hong Run He.

Q11. In Huzhou, what is the minimum stage of construction (eg. foundation, topping out) before the pre-sale permit can be approved? In the context of apartments and landed properties respectively.

Company's response to Q11

In Huzhou, in normal circumstances developers can apply for pre-sales permit when the foundation work has been completed.

Q12. As of mid-July 2020, what is the total pre sales value and GFA achieved for the Pan Hong Run He project? What is the range of the transacted prices?

Company's response to Q12

As at 30 June 2020, the pre-sale value was around RMB1,342 million representing a GFA of 145,200 square metre, with an average selling price of RMB9,240 per square metre after tax.

Q13. What is the average commission percentage paid to property agents for sales?

Company's response to Q13

The average commission paid to property agents for sales is approximately 5% of the property unit sale price.

Q14. "As at 31 March 2020, the building ownership certificates of certain investment properties of the Group with carrying amounts of approximately RMB32,227,000 (2019: RMB190,000) have not yet been obtained. In the opinion of the independent PRC legal advisors of the Group, the Group is entitled to obtain the building ownership certificates without legal impediment and is entitled to lawfully and validly use the investment properties during the year."

Can the company identify this particular investment property and explain the delay in receiving the building certificate?

Company's response to Q14

This is a commercial unit of the Pan Hong Run Yuan project, which is constructed and owned by the Group. The Group intends to hold it for capital appreciation and is currently leasing out the property to earn rental income. As the Group is entitled to obtain the building ownership certificates without legal impediment and is entitled to lawfully and validly use the investment properties, the Group would arrange to obtain the building ownership certificates when necessary, an example is when there is an attractive offer and the Group decides to sell.

Q15. What kind of property investments is the company looking at for rental income and business opportunities to diversify as mentioned in the Chairman's Statement (Pg 8. Annual Report)? Could the company give shareholders some insight?

Company's response to Q15

The principal businesses of the Company are property development and sale of residential and commercial properties. The Company would consider property and diversification investments when the Directors found such opportunities profitable and matching to the Group's expertise and risk profile. For example, investing properties in Huzhou would be a good choice as the Group is familiar with the local market and prospects.

Land Appreciation Tax ("LAT")

Q16. Can the company give a simple explanation on how the LAT is calculated? At which stage of the property development will the LAT be assessed?

Company's response to Q16

LAT is levied at progressive rates ranging from 30% to 60% on the appreciation of land value, being the proceeds from sales of properties less deductible expenditures including cost and land use rights, borrowing costs, business tax and all property development expenditures. The tax is incurred upon transfer of property ownership.

Q17. What is the current LAT provisioned on the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020?

Company's response to Q17

Since both LAT and Enterprise Income Tax are income taxes which are based on taxable profits, the sum of both tax liabilities is booked as current tax liabilities on the Group's consolidated statement of financial position under the International Financial Reporting Standard ("IFRS"). The balance was RMB61,786,000 as at 31 March 2020.

Q18. At which stage of the project development does our Company provide for the LAT?

Company's response to Q18

The tax is incurred upon transfer of property ownership.

Q19. When will this LAT expected to be paid?

Company's response to Q19

LAT is pre-paid during pre-sale stage of property projects at a certain percentage of sales proceeds and the final LAT amount and remaining tax payable are determined after the property projects are substantially sold.

Property Management

Q20. How much GFA (if any) of completed property does our Company have under property management?

Company's response to Q20

The Group does not engage in the business of property management.

Q21. How much revenue (if any) does our Company have from the property management business?

Company's response to Q21

Not applicable as the Group does not engage in the business of property management.

Impact of COVID-19 and Flooding in PRC

Q22. In the midst of COVID-19 and global trade wars, how would Pan Hong be affected? Moving forward, what will the foreseeable impact on the company's P&L and dividend? What is the management strategy to navigate crisis to achieve sustainable profitability?

Company's response to Q22

The coronavirus ("COVID-19") outbreak in the PRC adversely affected the country's property market and economic activities in early 2020. The Group's property pre-sales also recorded a slowdown during the period from February 2020 to March 2020.

However, although the global COVID-19 pandemic has worsened, it is encouraging to note that the number of newly confirmed cases has been decreasing in the People's Republic of China ("PRC") since March 2020, as the country has brought the situation under control.

With the progressive lifting of lockdown measures in most PRC cities, economic activities in the country have started to resume. The PRC's property market has been showing signs of rallying since April 2020, with the Group's property pre-sales trending upward.

For the impact of global trade war, as the Company has a low gearing ratio and its property projects' target customers are local buyers from second-to-third-tier cities in the PRC, the impact of global trade war is expected to be manageable.

Thus, the management does not expect material adverse impact on the Group's profit and loss and dividend at this stage.

Q23. Have the floods impacted any of property projects? In terms of damage to property, pre-sales, delay in project completion and construction cost respectively.

Company's response to Q23

The Group's properties and construction schedules are not impacted by the floods as they are not located in the affected locations.

Pan Hong vs Sino Harbour

Q24. Both Pan Hong and its sister company Sino Harbour are (1) in property development in China; and (2) diversifying into the biotechnology sector. Why have 2 listed entities pursuing similar strategy? How are decisions taken in terms of which company bid for a piece of land, or which investment to make?

Company's response to Q24

Sino Harbour Holdings Group Limited ("Sino Harbour") was a subsidiary of the Company until the completion of the distribution in specie exercise on 29 March 2018. Upon completion of the said exercise, Sino Harbour and its subsidiaries ("Sino Harbour Group"), and the Group are no longer companies within the same group. We wish to highlight that the composition of Sino Harbour's Board of Directors and the Company's Board are distinct, and they have been making decisions independent of each other based on the objective assessment of profitability and prospect of each investment opportunity.

Properties Held for Investment (Pg 121 of Annual Report)

Q25. What is the rental income generated by 4 respective properties?

Company's response to Q25

As stated on page 86 of the Annual Report, the rental income generated by the 4 respective properties is RMB1,194,000.

Q26. Is our Company actively trying to divest these properties?

Company's response to Q26

The Group intends to hold them for capital appreciation and is currently leasing out the properties to earn rental income. The Company is not actively trying to divest these properties.

Zhejiang Gene Stem Cell Biotech 浙江金時代生物技術有限公司 (Pg 98 of Annual Report)

Q27. Can the Board give any update on the progress of the investment? Has the company generated sales, turned profitable or been cash flow positive?

Company's response to Q27

Zhejiang Gene Stem Cell Biotech Company Limited ("**ZSCB**") is carrying out stem cell storage service and technical service business and is cooperating with some local hospitals in Zhegjiang Province to provide such services. ZSCB had generated sales, profit and positive operating cashflow in last financial year.

To clarify, as the Group only invests in 16.6% of equity interest of ZSCB, therefore the profit and loss, assets and liabilities and cashflows of ZSCB would not be consolidated to the Company's consolidated financial statements. Instead, the Group accounts for investment in ZSCB under financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Loan to Sino Harbour (SH) Hangzhou Ganglian

Q28. Are the interest expenses paid by the Hangzhou Ganglian deductible from their Enterprise Income Tax and Land Appreciation Tax assessments respectively?

Company's response to Q28

Generally, interest expense from Enterprise Income Tax is deductible when relevant conditions are fulfilled while interest expense from Land Appreciation Tax is deductible under other development costs when relevant conditions are fulfilled. For the avoidance of doubt, Hangzhou Ganglian is a subsidiary of Sino Harbour and not a company within the Group.

<u>Taxes - Effect of withholding income tax on distributable profits of the Group's PRC</u> <u>subsidiaries (Note 9 to Accounts, Pg 88)</u>

Q29. Does the company provide for withholding tax on the entire distributable profit for the year, or only on the portion it earmarks for distribution/actually distributed?

Company's response to Q29

The Group would have to bear a 5% withholding income tax when distributing profit of the Group's PRC subsidiaries to offshore holding companies. The Company only provides for withholding tax when a distribution of profit from the PRC subsidiaries is made.

No distribution of the Group's PRC subsidiaries was made during FY2020 and the Group did not provide for any withholding tax during the year.

Strategic Review

Q30. Many Pan Hong shareholders are also shareholders of Sino Harbour shareholders. Can the Board consider a merger with a single listing in HKEX where listed PRC property developers are relatively better appreciated?

Company's response to Q30

In terms of the current overall market appetite, there is no guarantee that a property developer would be better appreciated when listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. For example, some large-scale listed property developers could be valued up to around 2 times of price-to-book ratio while a number of small-to-medium-scale listed property developers could only be valued at below 0.5 times (or even lower) of price-to-book ratio. There would be significant transaction costs associated with such proposed merger, if any. Nonetheless, in reviewing the Group's strategic direction, the Board would take into consideration the interests of the Group and its shareholders.

Dividends/ Share Price

- Q31. Does the Company have a dividend policy? / Given that Pan Hong has negligible borrowings, will the Board commit to a dividend policy of paying out at least 50% of profits in each of the forward financial year as dividends to shareholders?
- Q32. The share price has plummeted quite a fair bit over the years, are any plans for the management plan to improve it? And how?

Company's response to Q31 and Q32

The Board of Directors has been focusing on driving the Group's performance and growth of the Group's property development business and create values to shareholders through paying out dividends.

However, the Company does not have a policy on payments of dividends. The form, frequency and amount of dividends declared each year will take into consideration the Group's profit growth, cash position, positive cash flow generated from operations, projected capital requirements for business growth and other factors as the Board may deem appropriate. The Company endeavours to pay dividend and where dividends are not paid, the Company will disclose its reason(s) accordingly.

For FY2020, the Board has recommended the payment of a final dividend of S\$0.015 per share (tax not applicable), which is equivalent to a dividend yield of around 14% using the closed share price as at 24 July 2020, subject to the Shareholders' approval at the forthcoming AGM to be held on 29 July 2020.

By Order of the Board

Wong Sum Executive Chairman

28 July 2020