



Mapletree Logistics Trust
2Q FY26/27 Financial Results
28 October 2026

Disclaimer

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Agenda

- 1 2Q FY26/27 Key Highlights
- 2 Financials & Capital Management
- 3 Portfolio Update
- 4 Active Portfolio Rejuvenation
- 5 Sustainability
- 6 Outlook

2Q FY26/27 Key Highlights



2Q FY26/27 Key Highlights

- Resilient operations, disciplined capital recycling and prudent capital management strengthen portfolio and support value creation for Unitholders

Resilient Financial Performance	Healthy Operating Metrics	Prudent Capital Management	Active Portfolio Rejuvenation & Strategic Initiatives
Gross Revenue⁽¹⁾ S\$180.0m +1.4% y-o-y	Portfolio Occupancy⁽²⁾ 96.4% 1Q FY26/27: 96.4%	Aggregate Leverage^(2,3) 37.5% 1Q FY26/27: 40.5%	Capital Management - S\$400m 3.5% perpetual securities issuance to replace existing higher-rate perpetual securities - Maiden CNY500m (~S\$95.2m)⁽⁴⁾ 2.1% offshore RMB bond to diversify funding sources
Net Property Income (NPI)⁽¹⁾ S\$154.8m +1.0% y-o-y	Portfolio Rental Reversion⁽¹⁾ +2.1% (+4.2% ex China) 1Q FY26/27: +0.9% (+2.3% ex China)	Debt hedged into fixed rates⁽²⁾ 90% 1Q FY26/27: 82%	Portfolio Rejuvenation - Strengthen market-leading position in Singapore with S\$141m Changi South redevelopment - Executed ~S\$243m divestments at 3.1% premium above valuation, advancing capital recycling - Deferred Sponsor's call option at 201 Keppel Road preserves future divestment flexibility
Distribution per Unit (DPU)⁽¹⁾ 1.816 cents +0.1% y-o-y	WALE (by NLA)⁽²⁾ 2.5 years 1Q FY26/27: 2.5 years	Average Cost of Debt⁽¹⁾ 2.7% 1Q FY26/27: 2.6%	
		Income hedged for next 12 months⁽²⁾ 74% 1Q FY26/27: 75%	

Notes:

1. For the 3-month period ended 30 September 2026.

2. As at 30 September 2026.

3. Proceeds from the S\$400 million perpetual securities issued in August 2026 were temporarily deployed to repay debt, ahead of the planned redemption of an existing S\$400 million perpetual securities issuance in November 2026. Assuming no timing difference between the two transactions, pro forma gearing as at 30 September 2026 would be 40.4%.

4. Based on the exchange rate of S\$1.00 = CNY5.25.

Financials & Capital Management



Mapletree Pioneer Logistics Hub, Singapore

2Q FY26/27 vs 2Q FY25/26 (Year-on-Year)

■ Resilient operating performance supported stable DPU despite higher perpetual securities distributions

S\$'000	2Q FY26/27 ¹ 3 mths ended 30 Sep 2026	2Q FY25/26 ² 3 mths ended 30 Sep 2025	Y-o-Y change (%)
Gross Revenue	180,000	177,471	1.4
Property Expenses	(25,215)	(24,163)	4.4
Net Property Income (NPI)	154,785	153,308	1.0
Borrowing Costs	(38,588)	(38,222)	1.0
Amount Distributable	100,952	98,165	2.8
- To Perp Securities holders	7,624	5,706	33.6
- To Unitholders	93,328	92,459	0.9
Available DPU (cents)	1.816	1.815	0.1
Total issued units at end of period (million)	5,139	5,094	0.9

- Gross revenue was higher mainly due to:
 - Mapletree Joo Koon Logistics Hub (MJKLH), India acquisition, organic growth mainly in Singapore, currency appreciation (mainly RMB and AUD partly offset by JPY depreciation)
 - partly offset by absence of revenue from divestments
- Property expenses increased mainly due to higher property taxes partially offset by absence of property expenses from divested properties
- Borrowing costs increased due to:
 - interest incurred on incremental borrowings to fund India acquisition, capital expenditures and land premium on extension of land lease, and higher rates for JPY loans and replacement hedges
 - partially offset by lower base rates on unhedged SGD borrowings, and interest savings from temporary repayment of loans with perpetual securities and divestment proceeds
- Amount distributable to perpetual securities holders increased following the issuance of S\$400m perpetual securities in August 2026, ahead of planned redemption of an existing S\$400m perpetual securities issuance in November 2026

Notes:

1. 2Q FY26/27 started with 175 properties and ended with 172 properties.
2. 2Q FY25/26 started with 178 properties and ended with 175 properties.

1H FY26/27 vs 1H FY25/26 (Year-on-Year)

■ Resilient operating performance underpinned stable distributions

S\$'000	1H FY26/27 ¹ 6 mths ended 30 Sep 2026	1H FY25/26 ² 6 mths ended 30 Sep 2025	Y-o-Y change (%)
Gross Revenue	358,892	354,869	1.1
Property Expenses	(47,689)	(48,150)	(1.0)
Net Property Income (NPI)	311,203	306,719	1.5
Borrowing Costs	(76,862)	(77,578)	(0.9)
Amount Distributable	199,577	195,774	1.9
- To Perp Securities holders	13,269	11,351	16.9
- To Unitholders	186,308	184,423	1.0
Available DPU (cents)	3.632	3.627	0.1
Total issued units at end of period (million)	5,139	5,094	0.9

- Gross revenue was higher mainly due to:
 - Mapletree Joo Koon Logistics Hub (MJKLH), India acquisition and organic growth mainly in Singapore and South Korea
 - partly offset by absence of contribution from divestments and currency weakness (mainly JPY and KRW, partly offset by the appreciation of RMB, AUD and MYR)
- Property expenses decreased mainly due to absence of property expenses from divested properties partially offset by higher property taxes
- Borrowing costs decreased due to:
 - lower base rates on unhedged SGD borrowings, and interest savings from temporary repayment of loans with perpetual securities and divestment proceeds
 - partially offset by interest incurred on incremental borrowings to fund India acquisition, capital expenditures and land premium on extension of land lease, and higher rates for JPY loans and replacement hedges
- Amount distributable to perpetual securities holders increased following the issuance of S\$400m perpetual securities in August 2026, ahead of planned redemption of an existing S\$400m perpetual securities issuance in November 2026

Notes:

1. 1H FY26/27 started with 175 properties and ended with 172 properties.
2. 1H FY25/26 started with 180 properties and ended with 175 properties.

2Q FY26/27 vs 1Q FY26/27 (Quarter-on-Quarter)

■ Resilient performance with stable DPU

S\$'000	2Q FY26/27 ¹ 3 mths ended 30 Sep 2026	1Q FY26/27 ² 3 mths ended 30 Jun 2026	Q-o-Q change (%)
Gross Revenue	180,000	178,892	0.6
Property Expenses	(25,215)	(22,474)	12.2
Net Property Income (NPI)	154,785	156,418	(1.0)
Borrowing Costs	(38,588)	(38,274)	0.8
Amount Distributable	100,952	98,625	2.4
- To Perp Securities holders	7,624	5,645	35.1
- To Unitholders	93,328	92,980	0.4
Available DPU (cents)	1.816	1.816	-
Total issued units at end of period (million)	5,139	5,120	0.4

- Gross revenue increased mainly due to:
 - organic growth from existing portfolio mainly in Singapore
 - appreciation of RMB and KRW
- Property expenses increased mainly due to higher property taxes and absence of one-time adjustments to utilities expenses
- Borrowing costs increased mainly due to:
 - interest incurred on incremental borrowings to fund capital expenditures and higher base rates for SGD unhedged loans and JPY loans
 - partially offset by interest savings from temporary repayment of loans with perpetual securities proceeds
- Amount distributable to perpetual securities holders increased following the issuance of S\$400m perpetual securities in August 2026, ahead of planned redemption of an existing S\$400m perpetual securities issuance in November 2026

Notes:

1. 2Q FY26/27 started with 175 and ended with 172 properties.
2. 1Q FY26/27 started and ended with 175 properties.

Healthy Balance Sheet and Prudent Capital Management

Financial flexibility remains intact, supporting proactive portfolio rejuvenation

	As at 30 Sep 2026	As at 30 Jun 2026
Investment Properties (S\$m)	13,095 ¹	13,109
Total Assets (S\$m)	13,841	13,763
Total Debt (S\$m)	5,125	5,515
Total Liabilities (S\$m)	6,311	6,686
Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders (S\$m)	6,524	6,473
NAV / NTA Per Unit ²	S\$1.27	S\$1.26
Aggregate Leverage Ratio ^{3,4}	37.5%	40.5%
Weighted Average Borrowing Cost	2.7%	2.6%
Average Debt Duration (years)	3.4	3.5
Interest Cover Ratio (ICR) ⁵	2.9x	2.9x
ICR Sensitivity:		
• 10% decrease in EBITDA	2.6x	2.7x
• 100bps increase in weighted average interest rate	2.2x	2.2x
MLT Credit Rating	Fitch BBB+ (with stable outlook)	Fitch BBB+ (with stable outlook)

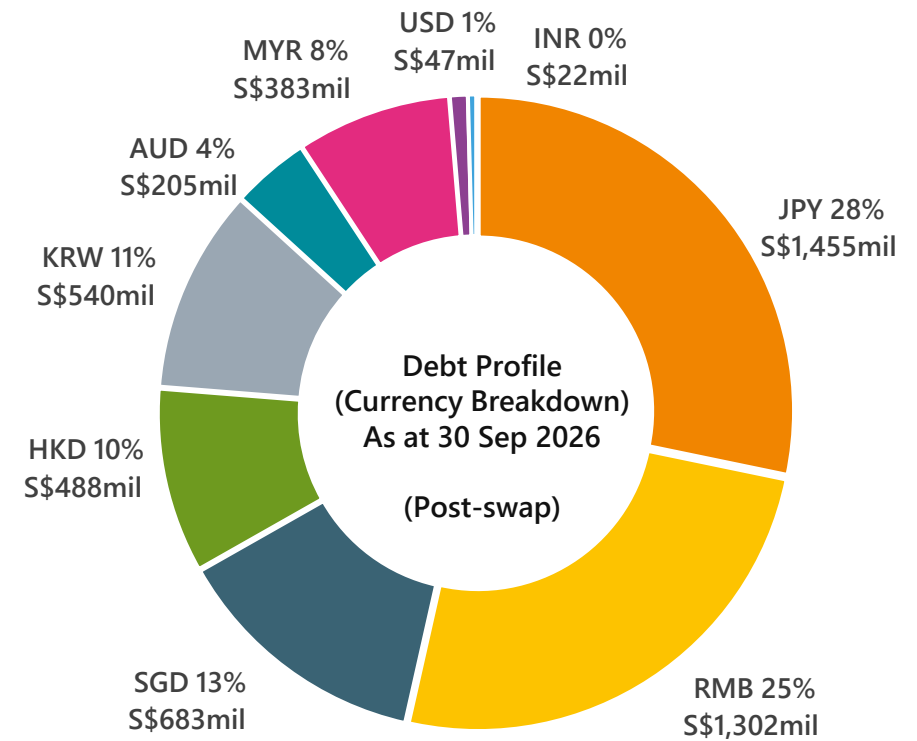
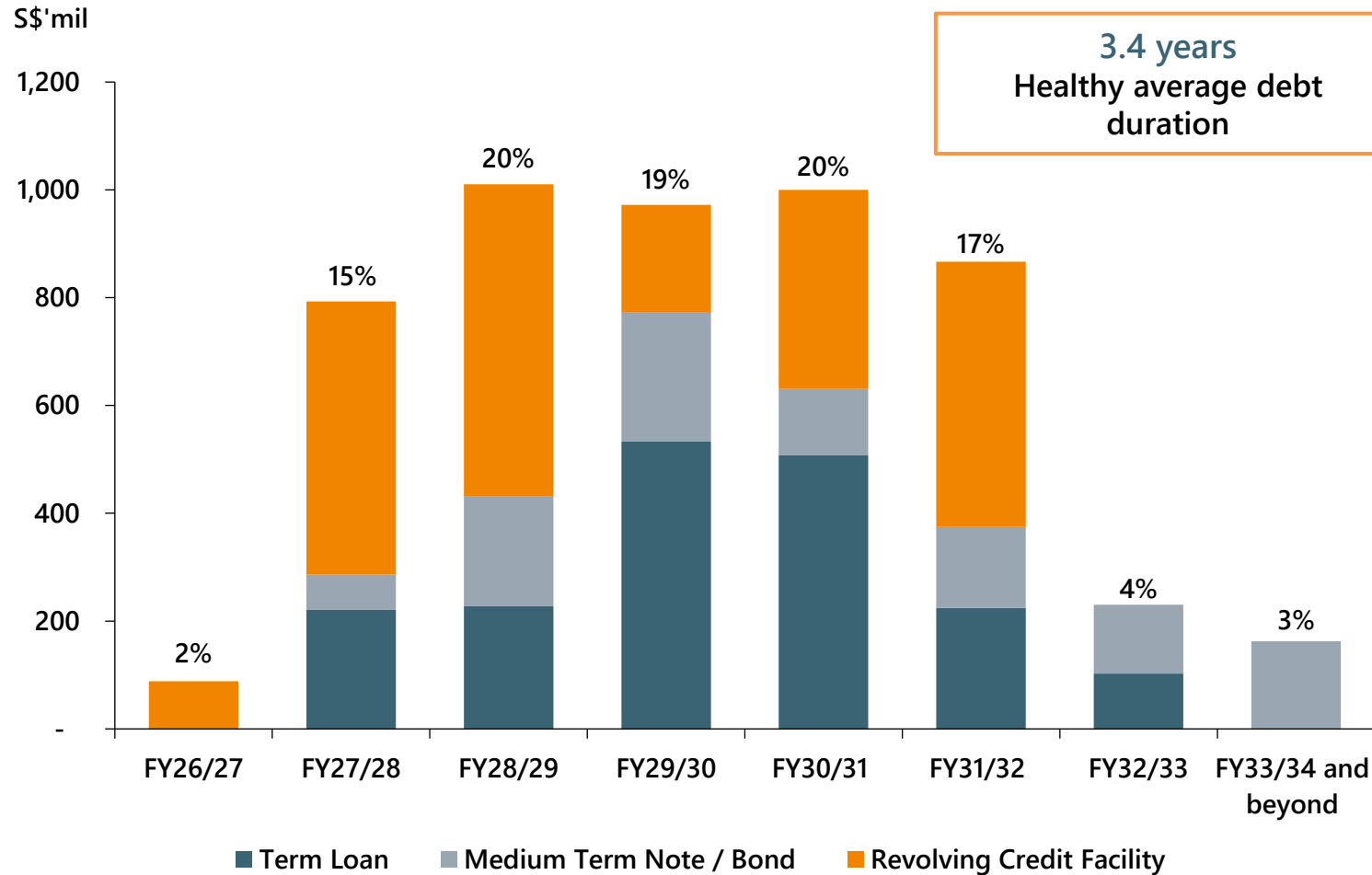
- Net debt decreased by S\$389m q-o-q mainly due to:
 - temporary loan repayment with proceeds from perpetual securities issuance
 - partially offset by higher net translated loans attributable to stronger JPY against SGD
- Aggregate leverage ratio declined to 37.5% as proceeds from the August 2026 S\$400m perpetual securities were used to repay debt ahead of the November 2026 perpetual securities redemption. Pro forma gearing would otherwise have been 40.4%
- Weighted average borrowing cost for 2Q FY26/27 increased slightly to 2.7%
- FY26/27 average borrowing cost expected to be 2.7%–2.8%

Notes:

- Includes investment properties held for sale.
- NTA per Unit was the same as NAV per Unit as there were no intangible assets as at the Condensed Interim Statements of Financial Position dates.
- As per Property Funds Guidelines, the aggregate leverage includes lease liabilities that are entered into in the ordinary course of MLT's business on or after 1 April 2019 in accordance to the Monetary Authority of Singapore guidance
- Total debt (including perpetual securities) to net asset value ratio and total debt (including perpetual securities) less cash and cash equivalent to net asset value ratio as at 30 September 2026 were 81.2% and 81.0% respectively.
- The Interest Cover Ratio is based on trailing 12 months financial results (including perpetual securities distribution), in accordance with the guideline provided by the Monetary Authority of Singapore with effect from 28 November 2024.

Well-Staggered Debt Maturity Profile

- Ample liquidity with available committed credit facilities of S\$1,152 million to refinance debt due in FY26/27

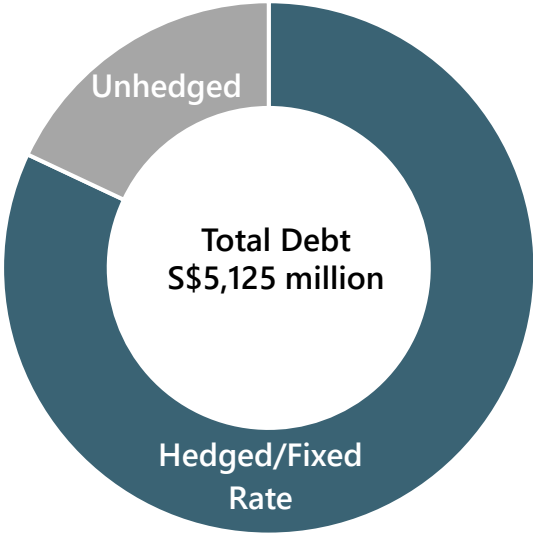


Proactive Interest Rate and Forex Risk Management

- Disciplined, multi-year hedging strategy mitigates impact of rising interest rates and currency volatility
- High proportion of fixed-rate debt moderates near-term impact of higher rates

Interest Rate Risk Management

- 90% of total debt is hedged or drawn in fixed rates
- Every potential 25 bps increase in base rates¹ may result in ~S\$0.3m decrease in distributable income or -0.01 cents in DPU² per quarter



Hedged/Fixed Rate ³	90%
Unhedged ³	10%
SGD	7%
JPY	3%

Forex Risk Management

~74%
of amount distributable in the next 12 months hedged into / derived in SGD



Hedged	74%
Unhedged	26%

Notes:

1. Base rate denotes SGD SORA and JPY DTIBOR/TORF/TONA.

2. Based on 5,139 million units as at 30 September 2026.

3. Proceeds from the S\$400 million perpetual securities issued in August 2026 were temporarily deployed to repay debt, ahead of the intended redemption of an existing S\$400 million perpetual securities issuance in November 2026. Assuming no timing difference between the two transactions, pro forma hedged/fixed rate debt will be 83% and unhedged debt will be 17%.

Distribution Details

2Q FY26/27 Distribution	
Distribution Period	1 July 2026 - 30 September 2026
Distribution Amount	1.816 cents per unit
Ex-Date	4 November 2026, 9am
Record Date	5 November 2026, 5pm
Distribution Payment Date	17 December 2026

Portfolio Update

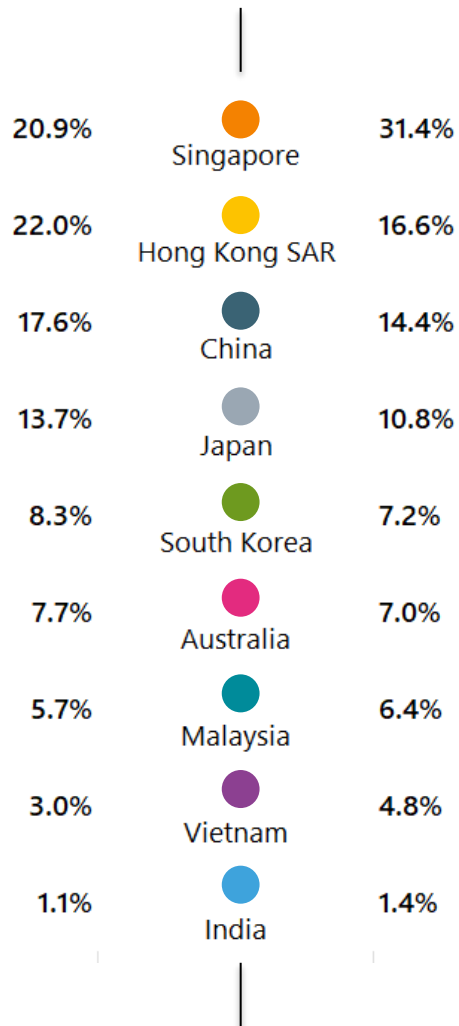
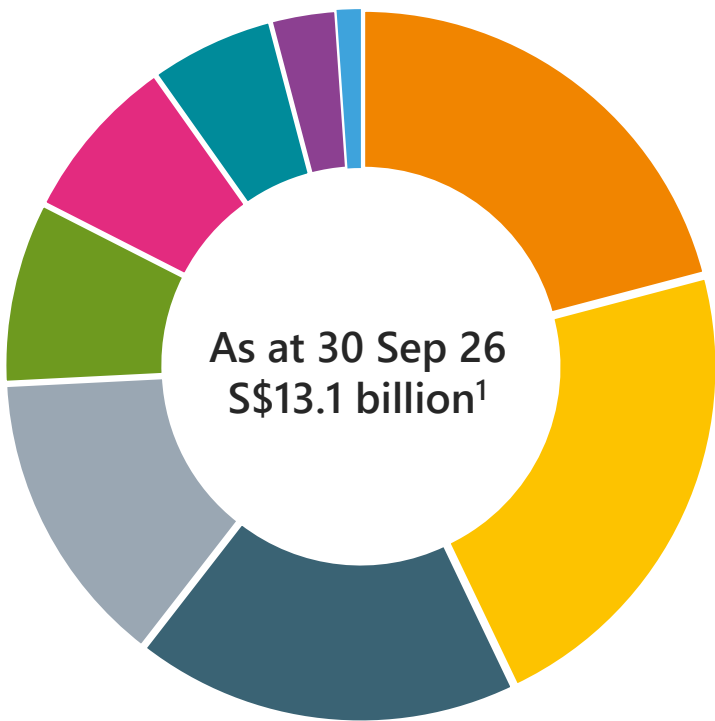


Mapletree (Yuyao) Logistics Park II, China

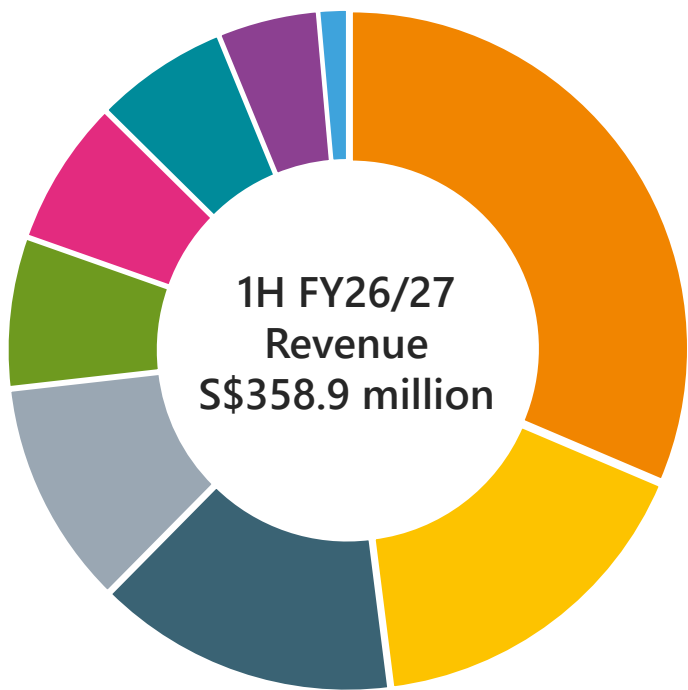
Geographical Diversification Enhances Portfolio Resilience

- ~70% of MLT's portfolio (AUM and revenue) is anchored by developed markets, providing a stable earnings foundation while maintaining exposure to faster-growing emerging markets

PORTFOLIO VALUE (AUM)



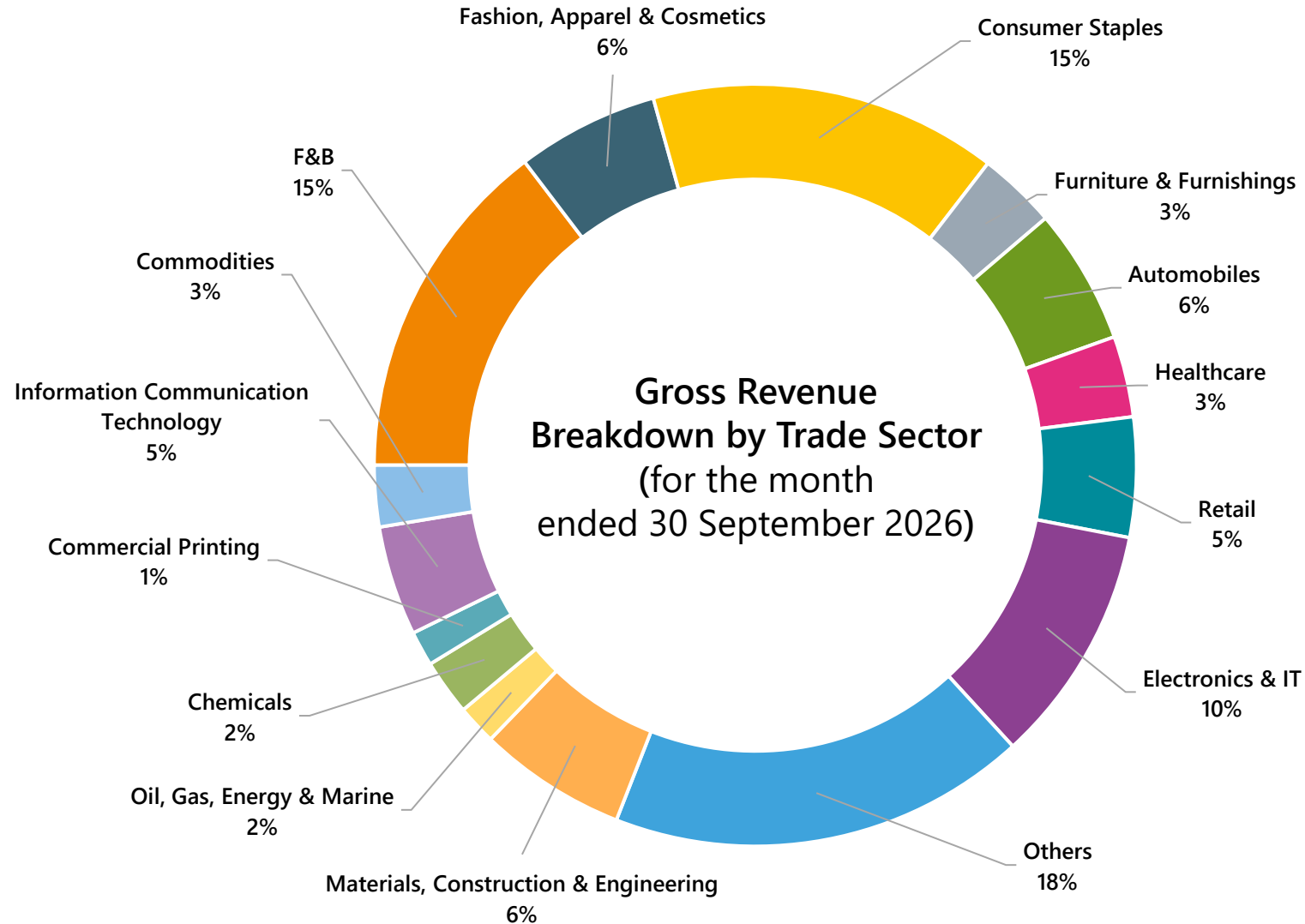
REVENUE CONTRIBUTION



Note:
1. Includes the right-of-use assets with the adoption of SFRS(I)16 and held for sale assets.

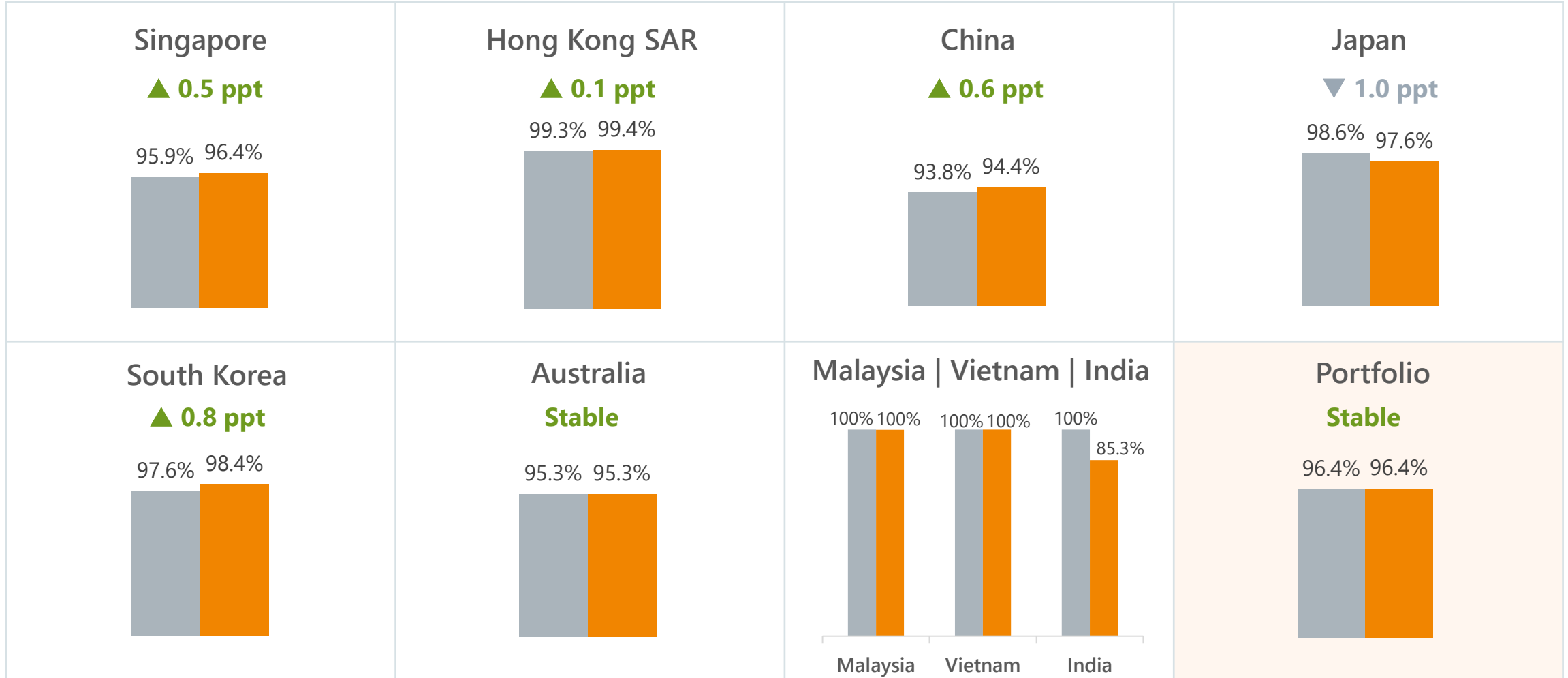
Diversified Tenant Base Anchored by Domestic Consumption

- Diversified tenant base of 985 customers who are mainly engaged in handling consumer-related goods
- Around 85% of MLT's revenue is derived from tenants serving domestic distribution, with the balance 15% catering to exports



Healthy Occupancy Reflects Resilient Leasing Demand

- High portfolio occupancy of 96.4% reflecting healthy demand across portfolio
- China occupancy improved to 94.4% amid continued challenging market conditions
- India occupancy decreased due to transitional downtime, with occupancy expected to backfill in 3Q FY26/27



Portfolio Rental Reversions

MARKET UPDATE¹

2.1% Portfolio 2Q FY26/27 4.2% Portfolio ex. China 2Q FY26/27 -1.7% China vs -3.0% in 2QFY25/26		
Market	2Q FY26/27	1Q FY26/27
Singapore	5.3%	4.1%
Hong Kong SAR	0.5%	0.1%
China	-1.7%	-1.8%
Japan	1.8%	3.8%
South Korea	6.3%	3.0%
Australia	NA	NA
Malaysia	2.8%	3.0%
Vietnam	5.3%	4.7%
India	3.3%	3.2%
Portfolio	2.1%	0.9%
Portfolio ex. China	4.2%	2.3%

- Singapore**
Strong demand for quality premises and limited new multi-tenanted supply could support rental growth in 2027
- Hong Kong SAR**
Positive net absorption reduced market vacancy to 9.5%, with rental declines expected to moderate in the latter half of the year
- China**
New supply remained concentrated in South and North China, where rents continued to decline; rents posted early signs of stabilisation in West and Central China; rental declines moderated in East China as supply pressures eased
- Japan**
Healthy leasing demand supported declining vacancies and rental growth in Greater Tokyo and Osaka, while overall leasing activity in Greater Nagoya remained subdued
- South Korea**
Leasing demand remained resilient amid lower new supply in 2026, supporting rental growth and stabilising vacancy
- Australia**
Occupier demand has stayed resilient amid increasing economic uncertainty, with rising inflation remaining a downside risk
- Malaysia, Vietnam, India**
Malaysia: Demand recovery drove positive net absorption, though new supply lifted vacancy and kept rents stable
Vietnam: Strong net absorption outpaced new supply, supporting lower vacancy
India: Demand for quality logistics space continued to support rental growth and occupancy across Mumbai, Delhi and Pune

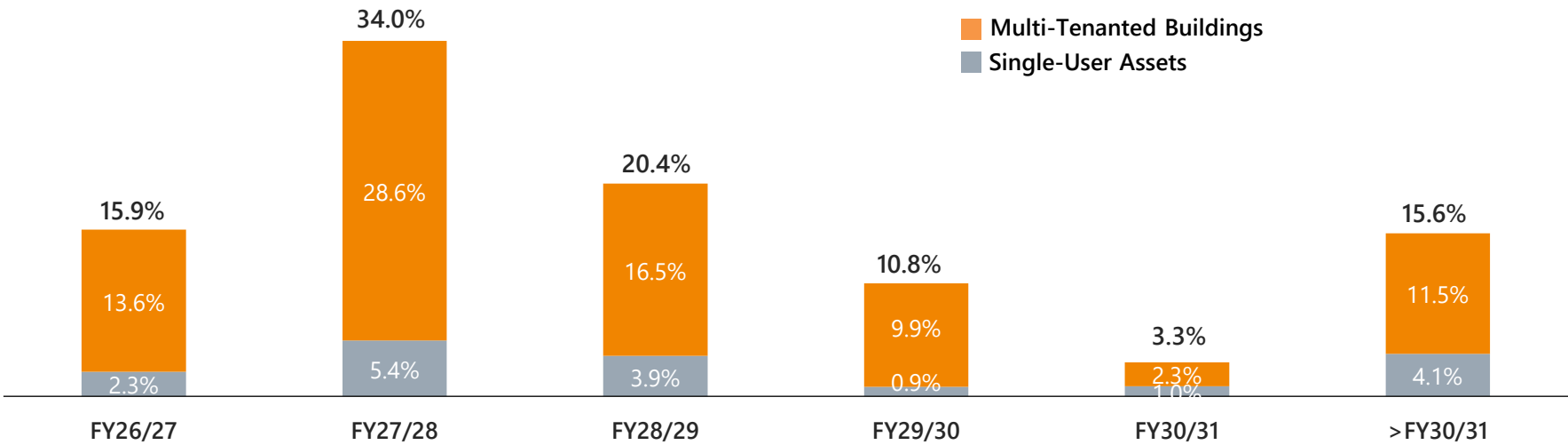
¹ JLL 2Q 2026 Report.

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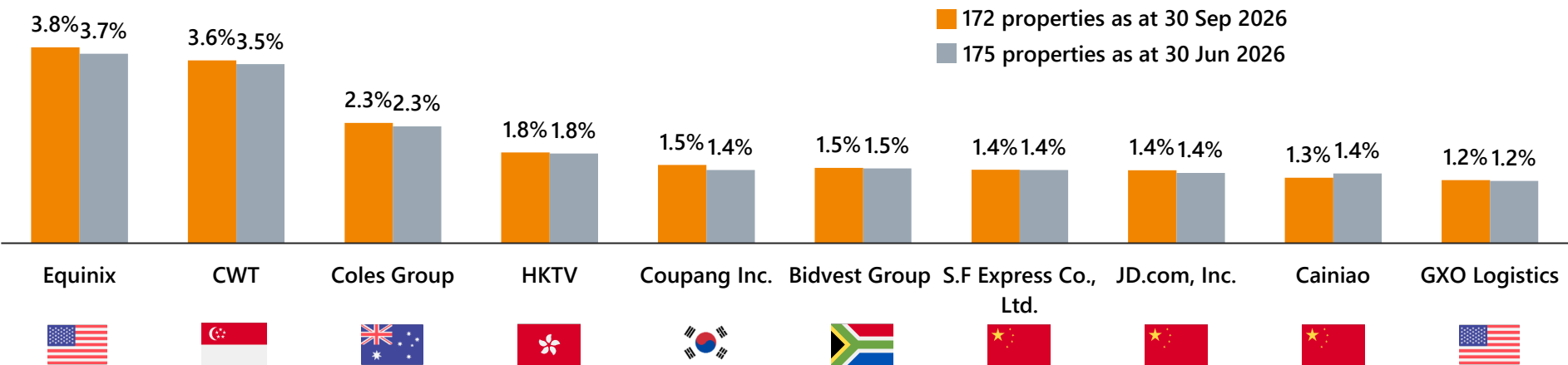
Diversified Tenant Base Supports Income Resilience

- Low tenant concentration and a well-staggered lease expiry profile provide visibility of income and reduce renewal risk

Well-Spread Lease Expiry Profile (by NLA)¹



Top 10 Tenants by Gross Revenue



2.5 years
weighted average
lease expiry (by NLA)



~19.9%
of total gross
revenue by top 10
tenants



985 tenants
mainly serving
consumer-related
sectors

Note:
1. As at 30 September 2026.

Active Portfolio Rejuvenation



Reinforcing MLT's Market-leading Position in Singapore

- Changi South redevelopment advances MLT's Singapore growth and portfolio rejuvenation strategy
- Singapore remains MLT's largest core market (>30% of gross revenue), anchoring portfolio performance

ARTIST'S IMPRESSION



MLT's first modern ramp-up logistics facility in eastern Singapore

- Transforms two mature assets into a modern 5-storey ramp-up logistics facility, increasing gross floor area by 34% to 499,666 sf
 - Well-connected to Changi Airport, major expressways and regional distribution networks
 - Capitalises on healthy demand and limited supply of modern logistics space in Changi South
- Designed for sustainability and resilience
 - Targets Green Mark Super Low Energy certification
 - On-site renewable energy and climate resilience features
- Estimated total development cost of ~S\$141m
- Construction expected to commence in 1Q 2027 and complete in 2Q 2029

FY26/27 Divestments YTD

- Divestments totalling ~S\$243 million have been executed in FY26/27, at an average 3.1% premium to valuation



Property	Mapletree (Wuxi) Logistics Park, China ¹	Mapletree Wuxi New District Logistics Park, China ¹	39 Changi South Avenue 2, Singapore	365 Fitzgerald Road, Derrimut, Victoria, Australia	Mapletree Northwest Logistics Park (Phase 1 and 2), China	Two Strata Units at Grantech Centre, Hong Kong SAR
Buyer	RMB Fund	RMB Fund	Third Party	Third Party	Third Party	Third Party
NLA/GLA (sqm)	45,084	122,403	6,129	16,114	40,944	357
Agreed Property Value	RMB180.0m	RMB544.0m	S\$16.6m	AUD28.0m	RMB323.0m	HKD15.2m
Valuation	RMB169.0m ^{2,3}	RMB541.0m ^{2,3}	S\$13.8m ⁵	AUD27.0m ⁶	RMB323.0m ⁷	HKD13.0m ⁸
	RMB168.0m ^{2,4}	RMB536.0m ^{2,4}				
Divestment Premium to Average Valuation	6.8%	1.0%	20.3%	3.7%	-	16.7%
Completion Date	Jan 2027	Jan 2027	5 Oct 2026	23 Oct 2026	3Q FY27/28	3Q FY26/27

Notes:

- As at 30 September 2026, the economic interests in the PRC entities had been transferred to the RMB Fund.
- To ensure that the transaction is carried out on an arm's length basis, two independent valuations were obtained from Jones Lang LaSalle Corporate Appraisal and Advisory Limited ("Jones Lang LaSalle") and Colliers Appraisal & Advisory Services Co., Ltd ("Colliers"), who were appointed by HSBC Institutional Trust Services (Singapore) Limited (the "Trustee") and the Manager respectively.
- Valuation conducted by Jones Lang LaSalle as at 31 March 2026, using the income capitalisation and discounted cash flow appraisal methods.
- Valuation conducted by Colliers as at 31 March 2026, using the income capitalisation and discounted cash flow appraisal methods.
- Based on independent valuation as at 31 March 2026 by Savills Valuation and Professional Services (S) Pte Ltd using the discounted cash flow and income capitalisation methods.
- Based on independent valuation as at 31 March 2026 by Knight Frank Valuation & Advisory Victoria using the income capitalization and discounted cash flow methods.
- Based on independent valuation as at 31 March 2026 by Jones Lang LaSalle Corporate Appraisal and Advisory Limited using the income capitalisation and discounted cash flow methods.
- Based on independent valuation as at 31 March 2026 by Jones Lang LaSalle Limited using the income capitalisation and discounted cash flow methods.

MLT's Portfolio at a Glance

As at 30 Sep 2026	
Assets Under Management (S\$ billion)	13.1
WALE (by NLA) (years)	2.5
Net Lettable Area (million sqm)	8.0
Occupancy Rate (%)	96.4
Number of Tenants	985
Number of Properties	172
Number of Properties – By Country	
Singapore	43 ¹
Hong Kong SAR	9
China	40 ²
Japan	22
South Korea	20
Australia	13
Malaysia	9
Vietnam	12
India	4

Notes:

1. Excludes 37 Penjuru Lane, Singapore, following its return to JTC on 15 August 2026 upon expiry of the land lease.
2. Two wholly-owned subsidiaries of MLT have entered into equity purchase agreements to divest their 100.0% equity interests in the two PRC entities holding Mapletree (Wuxi) Logistics Park and Mapletree Wuxi New District Logistics Park, to the RMB Fund led by MLT's sponsor, Mapletree Investments Pte Ltd. As at 30 September 2026, the economic interests in the PRC entities had been transferred to the RMB Fund. The divestment is expected to complete by Jan 2027.

Sustainability



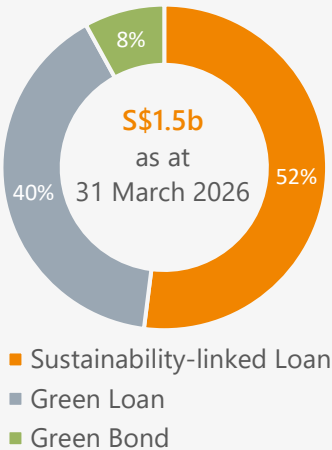
Rooftop solar panels at Mapletree Joo Koon Logistics Hub, Singapore

Advancing Our Green Agenda

- MLT is committed to achieving carbon neutrality for Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2030, in line with Mapletree Group’s long-term target of net zero emissions by 2050

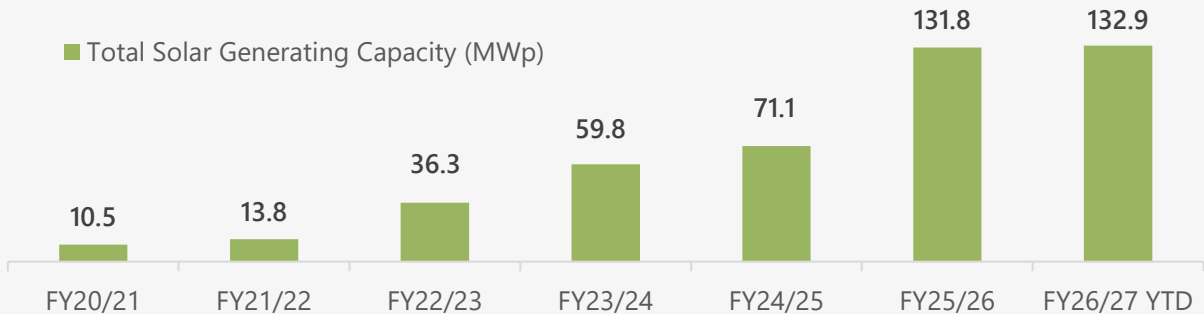
Growing Green Financing Supports Sustainability Initiatives

- Green and sustainable financing totalled **S\$1.5 billion** (~28% of total borrowings)¹



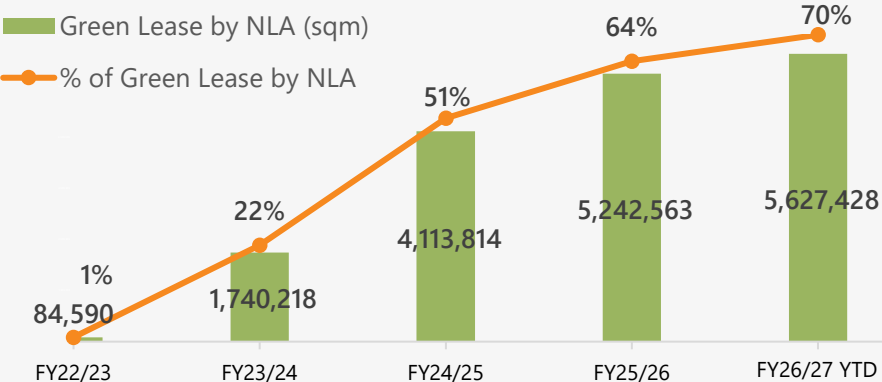
Advancing Towards 150 MWp Solar Capacity by 2030

- Three new solar projects were completed, bringing total solar capacity to **132.9 MWp**



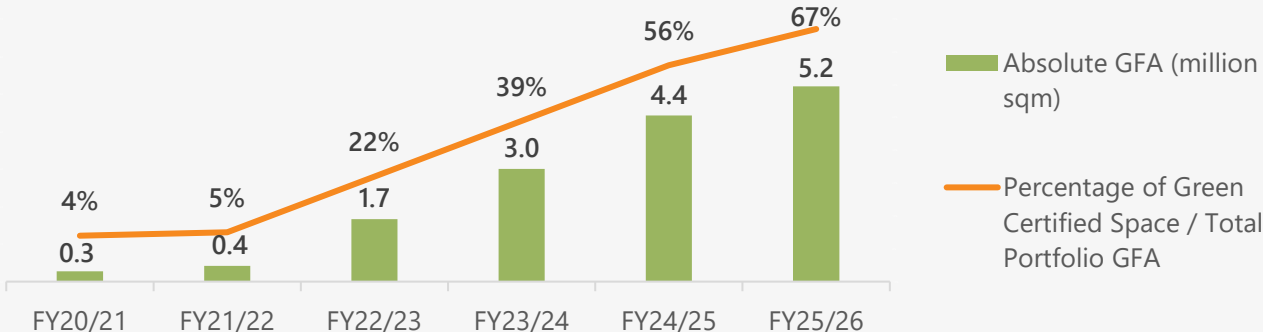
Growing Green Lease Adoption

- Green leases accounted for **70%²** of MLT’s portfolio by NLA in FY26/27 YTD, up from 64% in FY25/26



Expanding Green Certifications Across the Portfolio

- 79 assets covering **5.2 million sqm** of portfolio are green certified, representing **67%** of MLT’s portfolio GFA



Notes:
1. As at 31 March 2026.
2. As at 30 September 2026, green leases accounted for 73% of occupied area portfolio-wide.

Outlook

maple^{tree}
logistics



Mapletree Logistics Hub Tsing Yi, Hong Kong SAR

Outlook

Operating Environment

- Global economic outlook remains uncertain amid higher-for-longer interest rates
- Currency volatility and elevated borrowing costs are expected to remain headwinds
- A broader macroeconomic slowdown could moderate demand for logistics space

Resilient Portfolio

- Leasing demand remains broadly stable, supported by MLT's geographically diversified portfolio
- Developed markets account for over 70% of portfolio value and revenue
- Around 85% of revenue is derived from tenants serving domestic consumption

Management Priorities

- Sustain healthy occupancy, rental stability and cost efficiency
- Portfolio rejuvenation to continue through selective divestments, redevelopments and acquisitions
- Mitigate currency and interest rate risks through prudent capital management

Appendix



Portfolio Rejuvenation Strategy

■ Focused approach to deliver Sustainable Long-Term Value

Accretive Acquisitions

- ✓ Strengthen MLT's portfolio with acquisitions of high quality, modern logistics assets
- ✓ Maintain a balanced portfolio, with 65–70% in developed markets anchored by Singapore, and 30–35% in emerging growth markets
- ✓ Visible pipeline of assets from Sponsor in India, Vietnam, Malaysia and Australia

Selective Divestments

- ✓ Identified ~S\$1bn of properties for divestment – about half from China and Hong Kong SAR
 - Completed over S\$500m divestments to-date
- ✓ Re-invest proceeds into modern logistics assets offering higher growth potential
 - Grade A warehouse in Mumbai, India (March 2026)
 - Joo Koon redevelopment project in Singapore (completed in May 2025)

Strategic Asset Enhancements

- ✓ Unlock value and drive organic growth through redevelopment of existing properties into modern logistics space
- ✓ Ongoing redevelopment project in Subang, Malaysia is awaiting land amalgamation
- ✓ Announced Changi South redevelopment

Complemented by



Active Asset Management



Prudent Capital & Risk Management



High Quality Portfolio



Diversified & Strong Tenant Base



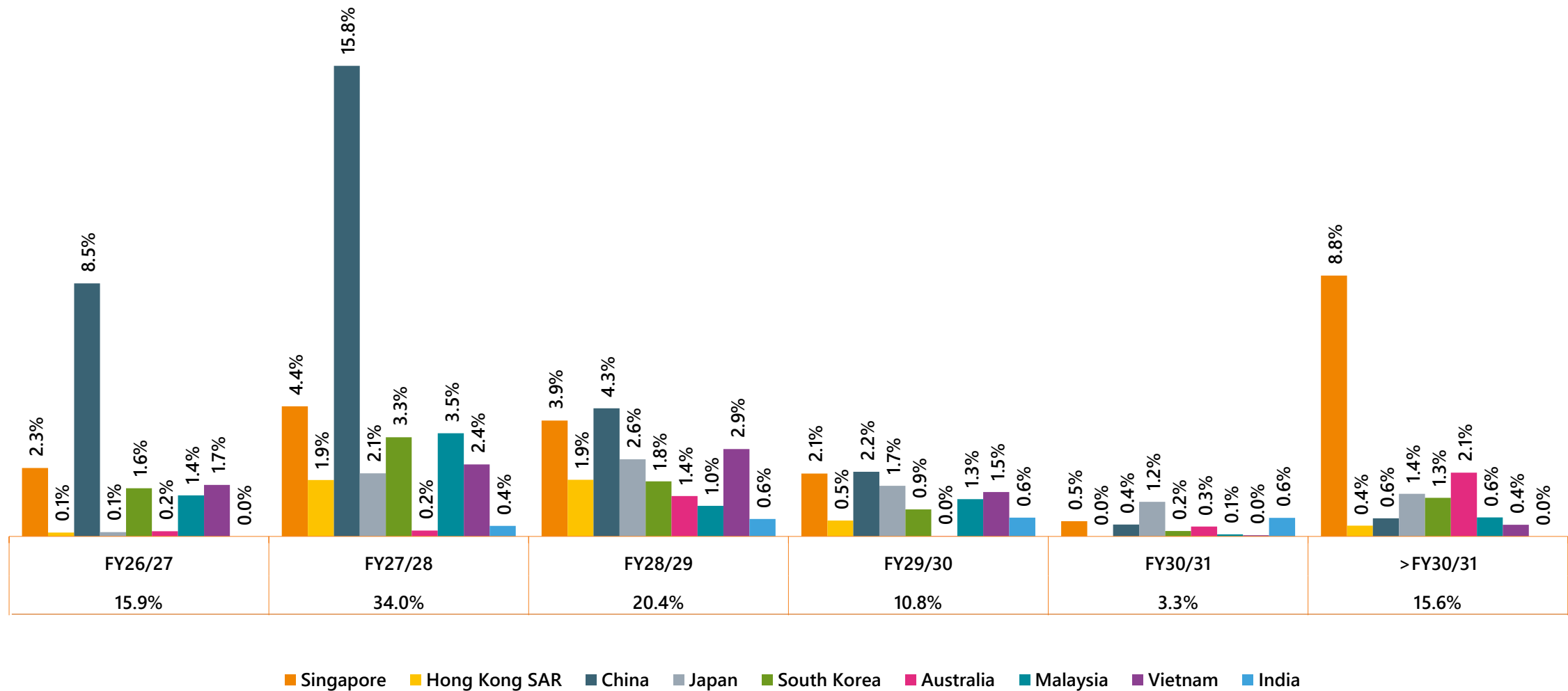
Healthy Financials

MIPL's Logistics Development Projects in Asia Pacific

Completed Projects		
Country	Project Locations	Estimated GFA (sqm)
China	North region – Jilin, Liaoning, Shandong	2,691,433
	South region – Fujian	
	East region – Anhui, Jiangsu, Zhejiang, Shanghai	
	West region – Chongqing, Sichuan, Yunnan	
	Central region – Henan, Hubei, Hunan	
Vietnam	Binh Duong, Hung Yen, Bac Giang	435,253
Australia	Brisbane	111,971
India	Pune, Bangalore	233,243
Total		3,471,900

Projects Underway		
Country	Project Locations	Estimated GFA (sqm)
Malaysia	Shah Alam, Bukit Raja	676,270
Australia	Brisbane, New South Wales	90,000
India	Chennai, Tamil Nadu	326,257
Vietnam	Bac Ninh	110,477
Hong Kong	Tsing Yi	227,836
Total		1,430,840

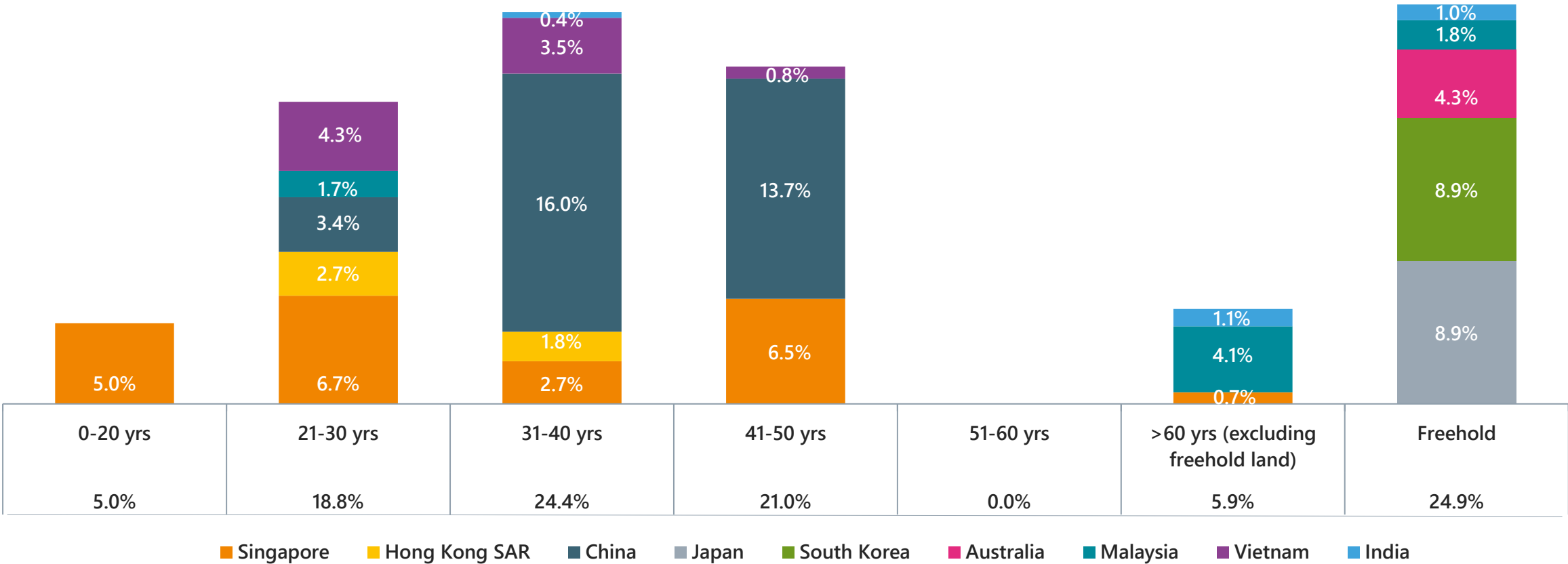
Lease Expiry Profile (by NLA) by Geography¹



Note:
1. As at 30 September 2026.

Remaining Years to Expiry of Underlying Land Lease (by NLA)¹

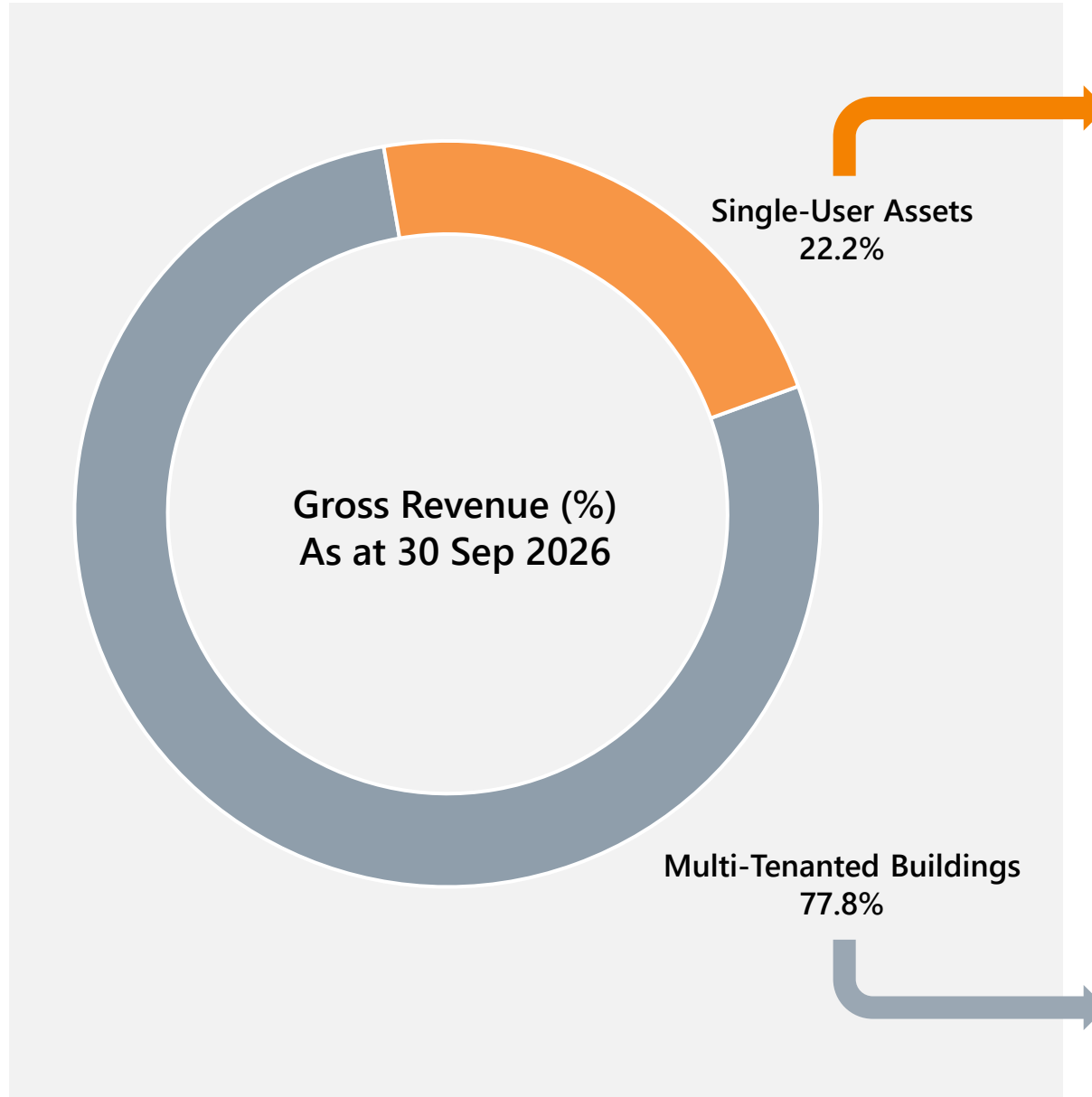
- Weighted average lease term to expiry of underlying leasehold land (excluding freehold land): 36.7 years



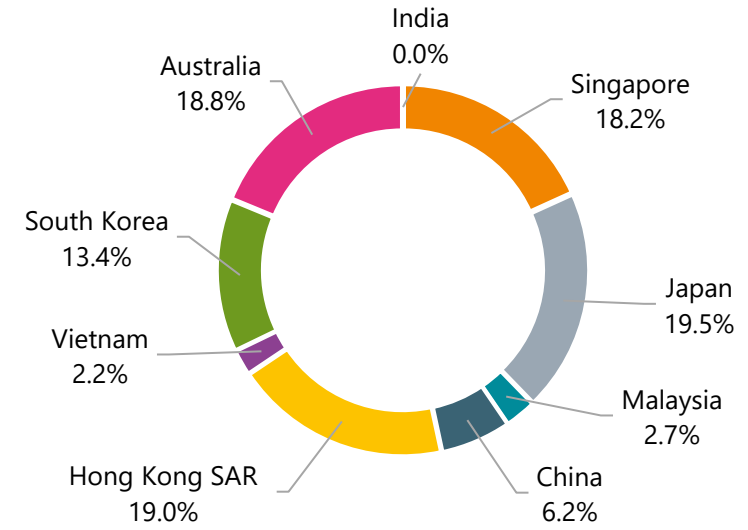
Remaining Land Lease	≤30 years		31-60 years		>60 years		Freehold
% of Portfolio (by NLA)	23.8% (55 assets)		45.4% (50 assets)		5.9% (9 assets)		24.9% (58 assets)

Note:
1. As at 30 September 2026.

Single-User Assets vs. Multi-Tenanted Buildings



SUA Revenue Contribution by Geography



MTB Revenue Contribution by Geography

