

INNOVATIVE AND EFFECTIVE SOLUTIONS

ANNUAL REPORT 2023



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CORPORATE PROFILE

Kori Holdings Limited, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, Kori Construction (S) Pte. Ltd., Ming Shin Construction (S) Pte. Ltd. and Kori Construction (M) Sdn. Bhd., (collectively, the "Group") is principally engaged in providing civil/structural engineering and infrastructural construction services as a sub-contractor for commercial, industrial and public infrastructural construction projects. Its customers include local and overseas developers in the engineering construction industry. Its portfolio includes supplying and installing strutting and decking for large-scale MRT and expressway construction projects. The Group's businesses can be categorised into two main segments, namely, structural steelworks services and tunnelling services.



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CHAIRMAN'S **STATEMENT**



MR. HOOI YU KOH EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN AND CEO

DEAR SHAREHOLDERS

The government has announced a further delay to the North-South Corridor (NSC) development with the tunnel portion expected to be completed in 2029¹. The prolonged NSC development timeline has consequential impact on the timing of Kori Holdings' revenue recognition and also its profit from the NSC-related projects. In spite of this, I am pleased to report that the Group is still profitable.

Revenue derived from structural steel works segment comprises income from the provision of structural steel construction services ("Construction Services Income") and income from leasing of steel beams ("Lease Income"). For FY2023, revenue totalled \$\$16.8 million as compared to \$\$17.9 million for FY2022 with Lease Income of \$\$10.2 million (FY2022: \$\$13.1 million) and Construction Services Income of \$\$6.6 million (FY2022: \$\$4.8 million). The reduction of \$\$1.1 million in revenue from this segment was due to a two-year delay to the North-South Corridor projects. The delay resulted in a decrease in recognised lease revenue of \$\$2.9 million as compared to FY2022. However, this decrease was mitigated by an increase in service revenue of \$\$1.8 million due to the positive progress of ongoing projects.

The decline in revenue from Tunnelling Works in FY2023 as compared to FY2022 was largely attributed to a \$\$2.3 million reduction in contract sum during the final reassessment of the contract sum in 2023. As a result, it has the effect of lowering revenue to be recognised for FY2023 by applying the "input method". The progress of work on tunnelling project decreased in FY2023 as compared to FY2022.

The overall gross profit decreased by 24% from S\$6.8 million in FY2022 to S\$5.2 million in FY2023. Overall gross profit margin decreased from 35% in FY2022 to 29% in FY2023.

WORK IN PROGRESS

There was a total value of eight contracts amounted to \$\$133.5 million which were awarded between September 2020 and June 2021. The works are still in progress and none were completed in FY2023.

OUR EXPERTISE

Our expertise lies in structural steelworks, piling, ground support and stabilisation. The continual expansion of transport infrastructure and network in land-constrained Singapore requires an increased focus on underground development to minimise disruptions to traffic flow. In view of this, prospective construction projects will demand expertise in Earth Retaining or Stabilising Structures, Tunnels (using Tunnel Boring Machines) and Steel Decking Systems. We are, thus, well-equipped with our expertise and experience to address these challenges successfully through our established multi-technology solutions.

ENVIRONMENT

Countries are pledging to achieve net zero carbon emissions to weather climate change. Companies are also urged to play their part. For Kori Holdings, our business management and operations revolve around a core commitment to sustainability so as to create value for people and the planet. As a construction company, we maintain our commitment to steel reuse and recycling to optimise our carbon footprint. We also ensure strict environmental standards across our supply chain.

Land Transport Authority (last accessed 15 January 2024) https://www.lta.gov.sg/content/ltagov/en/upcoming_projects/road_commuter_facilities/north_south_corridor.html

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CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

Our steelworks fabrication occurs offsite in controlled and secure factory settings, leveraging design and fabrication systems to produce precision-engineered components while minimising waste. These steel struts, varying in size and length, adhere to diverse project requirements and specifications. The Group prioritises resource conservation and environmental stewardship by implementing practices that facilitate steel material reuse in subsequent projects post-dismantling. This strategic reuse approach has significantly bolstered our competitive edge within the industry, particularly amid recent global supply chain disruptions and fluctuating steel prices. Despite the higher cost associated with "green" steel procurement from Europe, the Group has initiated purchases to integrate environmentally sustainable materials into our inventory.

In FY2023, our steel fabrication processes consumed approximately 38,000 tonnes of steel. We achieved an impressive 98.9% reuse rate of our steel inventory across all projects, resulting in substantial cost and resource savings. This reuse rate surpasses the steel industrial material efficiency rate, currently at 97.65%².

SUSTAINABILITY AND INNOVATION

With a firm commitment to sustainability, the Group has strategically invested in various initiatives to promote environmental stewardship and responsible conduct. A primary focus area for Kori Holdings lies in environmental protection, where substantial resources have been allocated to mitigate its ecological footprint and advocate for sustainable practices. This encompasses adopting energy-efficient technologies, optimising waste management protocols, and integrating solar energy solutions. Through these concerted efforts, Kori Holdings endeavours to minimise its environmental impact and play an active role in combating the challenges posed by climate change on a broader scale.

SOCIAL AND GOVERNANCE

We uphold the importance of governance within the Environmental, Social, and Governance (ESG) framework to cultivate robust environments and social structures. Our organisation places governance at the forefront across all levels – from the Board of Directors to operational procedures. Led by independent non-executive directors, our Board and its committees, including audit, nomination, and remuneration committees, ensure unbiased oversight, promoting balanced decision-making and accountability.

LOOKING AHEAD

The outlook for the Singapore construction industry for 2024 is expected to remain stable. The Building and Construction Authority ("BCA") projected total construction demand to range between \$\$32 billion and \$\$38 billion in 2024, with the public sector expected to drive demand reaching \$\$18 billion to \$\$21 billion. Some of the major upcoming public sector projects slated for award in 2024 include the additional contracts for the Cross Island MRT Line (Phases 2) and infrastructure works for the future Changi Airport Terminal 5. The construction output is anticipated to increase in 2024, driven by consistent demand levels in recent years and the expected increase in 2024 demand³.

Given our established track record and strong technical expertise in past and ongoing similar infrastructure projects, we are confident of benefiting from the upcoming public sector projects. The prolonged North-South Corridor timeline has given us the flexibility to enter into new projects.

It is to be noted that escalating labour costs and related expenses such as accommodation for foreign workers pose challenges. We remain vigilant in monitoring operational constraints and are committed to implementing the necessary measures to mitigate their impact. It is important that the Group maintains close collaboration with its stakeholders, including customers, suppliers, financiers and others, to manage operational costs effectively. This is to ensure sufficient cash flows to sustain the operations as a going concern while executing the Business Continuity Plan.

We are proud that the successful adoption of our precast traffic diversion decking system in all of our existing projects involving traffic diversions reinforces its reliability and positive impact on productivity. The system is now poised for adoption in upcoming projects requiring traffic diversions.

DIVIDEND

No dividend has been recommended for FY2023 after taking into consideration the Group's cash flow requirements in the foreseeable future.

APPRECIATION

On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend my appreciation and gratitude to our customers, suppliers, business associates and bankers for their unwavering support. To the management and staff, thank you for your loyalty, dedication and commitment that have propelled the Group to where it is today. My appreciation also goes to my fellow directors on the board for their invaluable counsel and guidance during the past year.

Last but not least, I would like to thank our shareholders and investors for their continued support and confidence in the Group. As we are a construction company, we are doing our part in "Striving Towards A Sustainable Environment".

HOOI YU KOH

Executive Chairman and CEO

² Based on 2023 material efficiency performance data from Worldsteel Association.

Building and Construction Authority (last accessed 15 January 2024) https://www1.bca.gov.sg/about-us/news-and-publications/ mediareleases/2024/01/15/steady-demand-for-the-constructionsectorprojected-for-2024

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FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONS REVIEW

The Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 have been prepared in accordance with the Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)"). There are no new or amended Standards (effective from annual period beginning or on after 1 January 2023) which will result in any significant impact on the condensed interim financial statements.

The Group's revenue is organised into two main business segments:-

Segment 1 - Structural steel works; and

Segment 2 - Tunnelling works

STRUCTURAL STEEL WORKS

Revenue from this segment comprises income from the provision of structural steel construction services ("Construction Services Income") and income from leasing of steel beams ("Lease Income"). Construction Services Income is recognised over the period of the contracts by reference to the stage (or percentage) of completion as estimated by applying the "input method". Lease income is recognised on a time-proportion basis.

Revenue for FY2023 amounting to \$\$16.8 million (FY2022: \$\$17.9 million) comprises (i) Lease income of \$\$10.2 million (FY2022: \$\$13.1 million), and (ii) Construction Services Income of \$\$6.6 million (FY2022: \$\$4.8 million). The decrease of \$\$1.1 million in revenue from this segment was attributed to a two-year delay to the North-South Corridor projects. The delay resulted in a reduction in recognised lease revenue of \$\$2.9 million as compared to FY2022. This decrease was, however, mitigated by an increase in service revenue of \$\$1.8 million due to the positive progress of ongoing projects.

TUNNELLING WORKS

The reduction in Tunnelling Works Income compared with FY2022 was largely due to S\$2.3 million reduction in contract sum during the final reassessment of the contract sum in 2023. As a result, this has the effect of lowering the percentage of revenue to be recognised for FY2023 in accordance with the "input method". The progress of work on tunnelling projects in FY2023 also decreased as compared to FY2022.

COST OF SALES

The main portion of cost of sales is the provision of structural steel construction service which consists of labour and installation costs. The rise in costs within the Structural Steel Works segment is in line with the increased revenue from the provision of structural steel construction services. However, the cost of sales for the Tunnelling Works segment has decreased which is also in proportion to the decline in revenue for FY2023.



GROSS PROFIT MARGIN

The overall gross profit margin declined from 35% in FY2022 to 29% in FY2023 largely owing to the extension and delay of North-South Corridor projects which resulted in a reduction in lease revenue recognition.

OTHER INCOME

The 87% decline in other income compared to FY2022 was attributed to lower income from government grants, insurance claims and income from secondment of workers in FY2023.

ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Administrative expenses increased by 16% in FY2023 compared to FY2022. This was largely due to an increase in fixed assets being disposal and written off.

LOSS ALLOWANCE ON TRADE AND RETENTION RECEIVABLES, UNBILLED RECEIVABLES AND CONTRACT ASSETS

A total loss allowance of S\$827,000 was recognised in FY2023 comprising a S\$784,000 non-credit impaired allowance (FY2022: S\$1.5 million) against trade receivables and contract assets arising from ongoing projects for FY2023, as well as a credit-impaired allowance of S\$43,000 (FY2022: S\$790,000) relating to retention sums and contract assets. The loss allowance was higher in FY2022 as the Group took inflation into consideration for the first time in FY2022 when determining the general provision rate.

OTHER EXPENSES

The increase in other expenses was largely attributable to an increase in steel beams being written off during FY2023.

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FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONS REVIEW



INCOME TAX EXPENSE

Income tax expense amounting to S\$146,000 relates mainly to the estimated deferred tax arising from the temporary differences between the tax bases and the carrying amounts of the relevant assets and liabilities of the Group.

REVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE GROUP

ASSETS

Trade and other receivables increased by \$\$2.4 million in FY2023. This was mainly attributed to an increase in retention sums and unbilled receivables stemming from ongoing projects.

Contract assets decreased by \$\$198,000 as a result of the transfer of contract assets to trade receivables account, following an increase in progress bills certified during FY2023.

Capitalised contract costs reduced by \$\$82,000 due to continuous amortisation for ongoing projects.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The decrease of \$\$435,000 in property, plant and equipment was largely attributable to the depreciation of \$\$1.7 million as well as the disposal and writing off of steel beams, furniture and fittings, office equipment and right of use assets with an aggregated net book value of \$\$1.3 million in FY2023. This was offset by additional purchases of steel beams and an increase in right-of-use assets costing \$\$2.5 million in anticipation of ongoing project requirements for FY2023.

LIABILITIES

Trade and other payables decreased by \$\$813,000 due mainly to the Group repaying amounts owing to trade suppliers which were slightly offset by an increase in advance billings made to customers as a result of excess in progress billings over revenue recognised in respect of Lease Income during FY2023.

Contract liabilities increased by S\$1.7 million due to the excess of progress billings over the revenue in respect of Construction Services Income during FY2023.

Bank borrowings decreased by \$\$1.7 million compared with FY2022. This was largely due to the repayment of Fixed Advance Facility and bridging loan in FY2023.

REVIEW OF THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT OF THE GROUP

Net cash generated from operating activities amounting to \$\$60,000 includes operating cash flows before working capital changes of \$\$4.6 million which was, among others, augmented by the changes in contract liabilities and contract assets but substantially reduced by the changes in trade and other receivables and payables.

Net cash generated in investing activities amounted to \$\$112,000 largely due to proceeds from disposal of steel beams and other fixed assets amounted to \$\$217,000 and partially offset by payment for additions of steel beams and other fixed assets in FY2023.

Net cash used in financing activities amounted to \$\$938,000 was largely attributed to repayment of bank borrowings of \$\$1.7 million which was partially offset by the release of pledged fixed deposit of \$\$1.1 million in FY2023.

In view of the above, there was a cash outflow of S\$767,000 for FY2023.

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS





MR. HOOI YU KOH is our Executive Chairman and CEO since May 2018. He was appointed as a Director of our Company on 18 May 2012 and was last re-elected on 28 April 2023. Mr. Hooi first joined our Group in 1996 and has served as our CEO and Managing Director from October 2005 till May 2018. He is also the Executive Director of all the Group's subsidiaries. Mr. Hooi is responsible for evaluating new business opportunities, overseeing the business management and day-to-day operations of the Group.

Mr. Hooi has more than 20 years of experience in the civil/engineering construction industry. He was first employed with Mudajaya Construction Sdn. Bhd. as a design and planning engineer and a section head in 1995 and was responsible for the construction of Kapar Power Station Phase II in Malaysia till May 1996. Since June 1996, Mr. Hooi has been instrumental in the development and growth of our Group's business. In June 1996, he joined Kori Malaysia as a project manager and was in charge of managing all our projects in Malaysia till November 1999. From November 1999 to October 2005, he was in charge of managing all our projects in Singapore as a project manager of Kori Construction (S) Pte. Ltd. ("Kori Singapore"). He was subsequently promoted to Executive Director and CEO of Kori Singapore in 2005 and 2012 respectively.

Mr. Hooi has been a certified welding inspector certified by the American Welding Society since January 2005. Mr. Hooi graduated from University of Malaya with a Bachelor Degree in Engineering (Civil) (First Class Honours) in 1995 and was awarded the Mudajaya Scholarship Award and the Chan Sai Soo Award in September 1994 and August 1995 respectively. He is currently the Vice President of Singapore Welding Society.

MR. NG WAI KIT was appointed as our Company's Executive Director on 2 March 2018 and was last re-elected on 28 April 2022. Mr. Ng joined our Group in November 2005 as an engineering manager and was in charge of construction, design and technical matters of all projects in Singapore till May 2009 when he was promoted to Technical Controller of our Group. He is responsible for assisting in the business operations of the Group.

Mr. Ng has more than 20 years of experience in the civil/engineering construction industry. He was first employed with a Malaysia company, Arup Jururunding Sdn. Bhd. as a design engineer and was responsible for designing and supervising various civil engineering/construction projects in Malaysia and Hong Kong from August 1995 to September 1998. In September 1998, he joined SKM (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. as a civil engineer and was responsible for designing and supervising various civil engineering projects in Singapore and Malaysia till June 2000 when he was re-designated as a senior civil/geotechnical engineer of the same company in charge of designing, coordinating and supervising of both temporary and permanent works till December 2002. In December 2002, he was promoted to project manager and was responsible for the management of full structural construction works of the same company till November 2005.

Mr. Ng graduated from University of Malaya with a Bachelor degree in Engineering (Civil) (First Class Honours) in 1995 and National University of Singapore with a Master degree in Science (Civil Engineering).

BOARD OF DIRECTORS



MR. KUAN CHENG TUCK
LEAD INDEPENDET
DIRECTOR

MR. XU QUANQIANG was appointed as our Company's Non-Executive Non-Independent Director on 30 December 2022 and was last re-elected on 28 April 2023.

Mr. Xu is a director of LJHB Capital (S) Pte. Ltd., ("LJHB Capital"), who is the controlling shareholder of Keong Hong Holdings Limited ("KHHL"), and KHHL is a controlling shareholder of the Company. He is the Executive Director of KHHL. He also holds directorships in Forevertrust International (S) Pte. Ltd., Innotrust Pte. Ltd., PT Forevertrust International Indonesia and Wisestone Pte. Ltd. Apart from his directorship, he is the Chief Executive Officer of LJHB Holdings (S) Pte Ltd ("LJHB Holdings"), Continental Hope Singapore Industrial Development Pte. Ltd., Forevertrust International (S) Pte. Ltd. and Aitec International Pte. Ltd. Previously, he served as a director of BSI Group Singapore Pte Ltd ("BSI").

Prior to joining LJHB Holdings, Mr. Xu held senior leadership positions including Chief Executive Officer of Ronghua Group Pte Ltd, Regional General Manager of GIC Group Pte Ltd, Country General Manager of BSI, and Assistant Vice President (Sales) of TUV SUD PSB Pte Ltd.

Mr. Xu holds a Master of Business Administration degree from the University of South Australia. He is a Certified Property Manager awarded by the Institute of Real Estate Management (REM) USA and a Certified Commercial Investment Member of the CCIM Institute USA.

MR. KUAN CHENG TUCK is our Lead Independent Director and was appointed as a Director on 16 November 2012 and was last re-elected on 28 April 2023. He has also served as independent director of various companies listed on the SGX-ST.

Mr. Kuan has more than 20 years of experience in the fields of accounting, auditing as well as business and financial advisory. Mr. Kuan had worked with various international accounting firms in Singapore and Malaysia for some ten years prior to managing his own business consulting firm.

Mr. Kuan holds a Bachelor of Accountancy degree from the Nanyang Technological University of Singapore, a Bachelor of Laws (Honours) degree from the University of London and a Master of Laws (Corporate and Financial Services Law) degree from the National University of Singapore. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, United Kingdom, and a member of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants. He was also admitted to the Singapore Bar.

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS



MR. NICHOLAS PHILIP LAZARUS is our Independent Director and was appointed on 16 November 2012 and was last re-elected on 27 April 2021. He has more than 20 years of experience in the legal industry and specialises in civil litigation, corporate finance and construction adjudication. He first started his legal career as a legal assistant at W.T. Woon & Company in July 1998. In November 1999, he joined Chan Tan & Partners as a senior legal associate till August 2001. In September 2001, he returned to W.T. Woon & Company as a partner till September 2002. Thereafter, he

Mr. Lazarus graduated from the National University of Singapore with a Bachelor Degree in Law (LLB) in 1997. He also obtained the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants qualification from the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants in 1998.

joined Justicius Law Corporation as a director.

At present, Mr. Lazarus is also, among others, a Commissioner of Oaths and Notary Public recognised by the Singapore Academy of Law, a Construction Adjudicator in Singapore and Malaysia, an Arbitrator under the Singapore Institute of Arbitrators and Law Society of Singapore, an Associate Mediator recognised by the Singapore Mediation Centre and an Accredited Tax Advisor recognised by the Singapore Chartered Tax Professionals.



MR. LIM YEOK HUA is our Independent Director and was appointed on 16 November 2012. He was last re-elected on 28 April 2022. Previously, Mr. Lim served as an independent director of JLogo Holdings Limited, Tritech Group Limited and Alpha DX Group Limited (formerly known as Alpha Energy Holdings Limited).

Mr. Lim has been a fellow member of the Association of the Chartered Certified Accountants since 1985. He has more than 30 years of experience in the fields of accounting, auditing, as well as business and financial advisory. Mr. Lim presently runs his own management consultancy firm, namely Radians Consulting Pte Ltd. He is a fellow member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, United Kingdom, a member of the Singapore Institute of Directors and the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants.

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS



MS. ELIZABETH TOH GUEK LI is our Independent Director and was appointed to the Board on 1 April 2024. She has a number of years of experience in the legal industry, specialising in the area of building, construction and engineering disputes, commercial disputes and family disputes. She first started her legal career as a trainee at Justicius Law Corporation in 2015. In 2017, she joined thyssenkrupp, Asia Pacific Regional Headquarters (RHQ) as a Legal Counsel till 2019. She returned to Justicius Law Corporation as a senior associate in 2019 and she is currently a director of Justicius Law Corporation.

Ms. Toh was admitted to the Supreme Court of Singapore as an advocate and solicitor in 2015. She obtained a Bachelor of Law from the University of Leicester in 2013 and Master of Laws (International Corporate & Commercial Law) from the King's College London in 2019. She is a member of the Law Society of Singapore and the Singapore Academy of Law.



EXECUTIVE OFFICERS

MR. WONG CHI KONG

HEAD OF THE STEEL DIVISION

MR. WONG CHI KONG was appointed as the Head of the Steel Division on 15 March 2023 and is responsible for the management of all our Group's steel strutting, piling and decking projects. Mr. Wong first joined our Group as a Site Coordinator in 1998. In January 2014, he was promoted to the Site Manager. He is also the Director of our Group's wholly-owned subsidiaries, Kori Construction (S) Pte Ltd and Ming Shin Construction (S) Pte Ltd since May 2018.

Mr. Wong graduated with a Bachelor of Construction Management (Buildings) (Honours) from the University of Newcastle.

Mr. Wong also holds a Diploma in Construction Engineering from BCA Academy in 2013. He has been a Certified Welding Inspector certified by the American Welding Society since 2013. He has also successfully completed the required course of study and has obtained the Certification of Structural Steel Supervisor issued by the Singapore Structural Steel Society in 2014.

MR. CHOOKUL CHARUN

HEAD OF THE TUNNEL DIVISION

MR. CHOOKUL CHARUN is the Head of the Tunnel Division of our Group and has been responsible for the management of all our Group's tunnelling projects since January 2012.

Mr. Chookul was first employed with Nishimatsu Construction Co., Ltd. as a tunnel engineer and was responsible for the control, coordination and operation of tunnelling projects in Thailand from May 2001 to October 2003. In October 2003, he joined Boygues Thai Ltd. as a civil engineer and was responsible for coordinating and supervising infrastructure works in Thailand till December 2004. In August 2005, he joined Kori Singapore as a tunnel engineer and was responsible for the tunnelling operations of the Singapore MRT Circle Line project till December 2007 when he was promoted to a senior tunnel engineer in charge of the tunnelling operations of the Singapore MRT Downtown Line project and the Dubai Metro Red Line projects till late 2010. In December 2010, he was promoted to tunnel manager and was responsible for the Singapore MRT Downtown Line project till January 2012 when he was once again promoted to the Head of Tunnel Division in charge of all tunnelling projects of our Group.

Mr. Chookul graduated from King Mongkut's University of Technology Thonburi in Thailand in 2001 with a Bachelor degree in Engineering (Civil).

MS. JIA HONGYAN

FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

MS. JIA HONGYAN is our Financial Controller and was appointed on 22 October 2021. She is responsible for overseeing the accounting, treasury, budgeting and payroll matters of the Group. She has a number of years of working experience in real estate industry as well as audit firm.

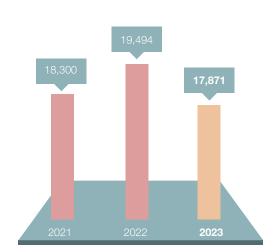
Ms. Jia graduated from HeNan University with a Bachelor degree of Accounting. She holds a Hons degree of applied accounting from Oxford Brooks University and Master Degree of Professional Accounting (Distinction) from University of London. She is a member of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, United Kingdom since 2017 and also a member of the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants since 2018.



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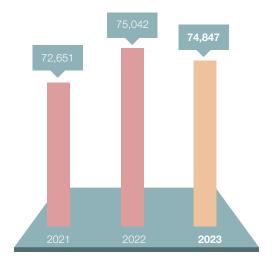
FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Revenue S\$'000

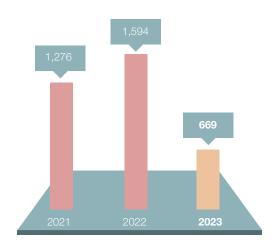


Profit Before Tax \$\$'000

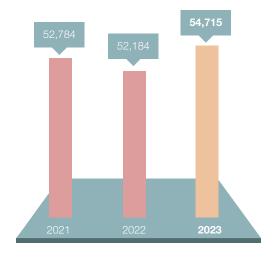
Total Assets S\$'000

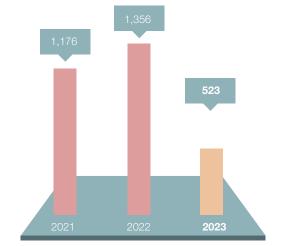


Shareholder Equity S\$'000

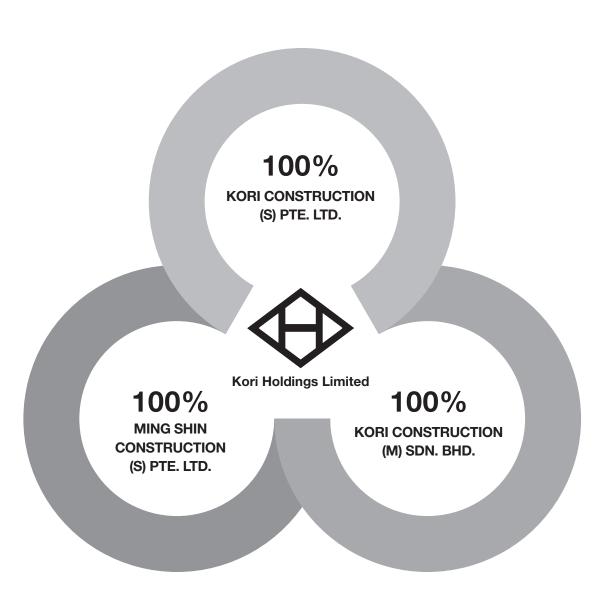


Profit After Tax S\$'000





GROUP STRUCTURE





GROUP INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

MR. HOOI YU KOH (Executive Chairman and CEO)

MR. NG WAI KIT (Executive Director)

MR. XU QUANQIANG (Non-Executive Non-Independent Director)

MR. KUAN CHENG TUCK (Lead Independent Director)

MR. NICHOLAS PHILIP LAZARUS (Independent Director)

MR. LIM YEOK HUA (Independent Director)

MS. ELIZABETH TOH GUEK LI (Independent Director)

AUDIT COMMITTEE

MR. KUAN CHENG TUCK (Chairman)

MR. NICHOLAS PHILIP LAZARUS

MR. LIM YEOK HUA

MS. ELIZABETH TOH GUEK LI

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

MR. NICHOLAS PHILIP LAZARUS (Chairman)

MR. KUAN CHENG TUCK

MR. LIM YEOK HUA

MS. ELIZABETH TOH GUEK LI

NOMINATING COMMITTEE

MR. LIM YEOK HUA (Chairman)

MR. KUAN CHENG TUCK

MR. NICHOLAS PHILIP LAZARUS

MS. ELIZABETH TOH GUEK LI

COMPANY SECRETARY

MS. YANG LIN

REGISTERED OFFICE

11 Sims Drive | #06-01 SCN Centre | Singapore 387385

Tel: 68443445 | Fax: 67499150

SPONSOR

PrimePartners Corporate Finance Pte. Ltd. 16 Collyer Quay | #10-00 Collyer Quay Centre Singapore 049318

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

BDO LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants 600 North Bridge Road | #23-01 Parkview Square | Singapore 188778

Partner-in-charge:

MR. LEE KUANG HON

(Appointed since the financial year ended 31 December 2021)

SHARE REGISTRAR

Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services (A Division of Tricor Singapore Pte. Ltd.) 9 Raffles Place | #26-01 Republic Plaza 1 | Singapore 048619

PRINCIPAL BANKERS

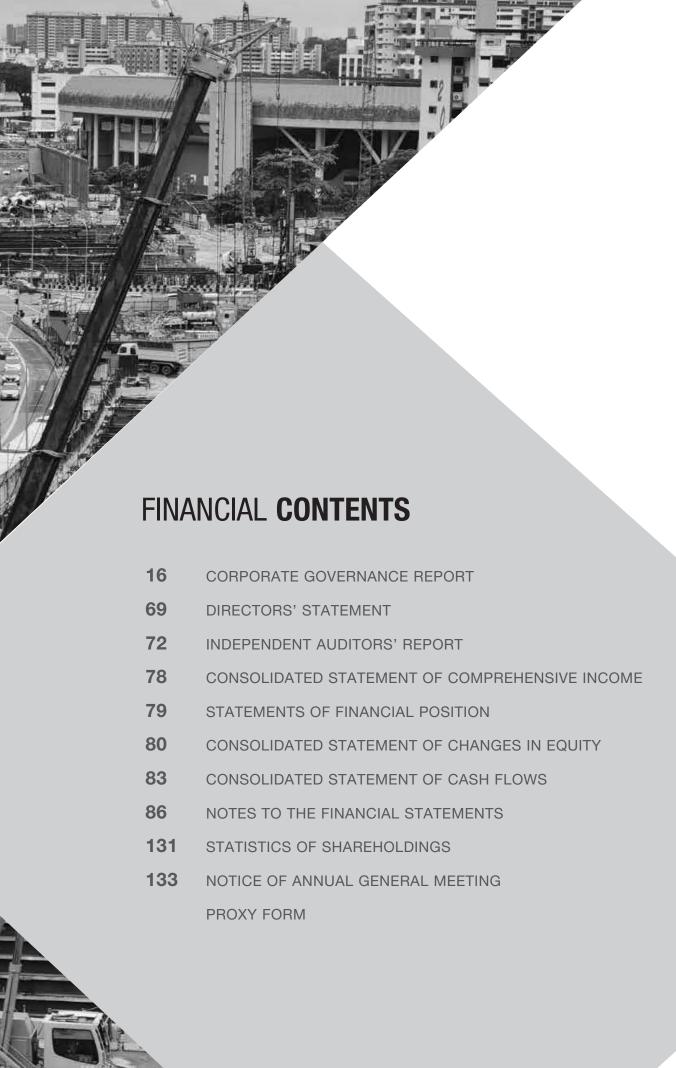
SINGAPORE

THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION LIMITED 21 Collyer Quay #08-01 HSBC Building Singapore 049320

DBS BANK LTD.

12 Marina Boulevard | Marina Bay Financial Centre |

Tower 3 | Singapore 018982



DISCLOSURE TABLE FOR COMPLIANCE TO THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND CATALIST RULES

The Board of Directors ("Board") of Kori Holdings Limited (the "Company" and together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") are committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance and place importance on its corporate governance processes and systems so as to ensure greater transparency, accountability and maximisation of long-term shareholder value.

This report outlines the Company's corporate governance practices in place during the financial year ended 31 December 2023 ("**FY2023**"), with specific reference made to the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance 2018 (Last Amended 11 January 2023) (the "**Code**"), its related practice guidance ("**PG**"), the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("**SGX-ST**") Listing Manual Section B: Rules of Catalist ("**Catalist Rules**"), as well as the disclosure guide developed by the SGX-ST in January 2015 (the "**Guide**"), where appropriate.

| | TABLE I - COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | |
| General | (a) Has the Company complied with all the principles and provisions of the Code? | The Company has complied with the principles, provisions as set out in the Code, where applicable. | | |
| | If not, please state the specific deviations and alternative corporate governance practices adopted by the Company in lieu of the recommendations in the Code. | Appropriate explanations have been provided in the relevant sections below where there are deviations from the Code. | | |
| | (b) In what respect do these alternative corporate governance practices achieve the objectives of the principles and conform to the guidelines of the Code? | Not applicable. The Company did not adopt any alternative corporate governance practices in FY2023. | | |

| TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | | | |
| BOARD MATTER | s | | | | | |
| THE BOARD'S C | ONDUCT OF AFFAIRS | | | | | |
| 1.1 4.2 6.2 | Board composition | As at date of tand comprises | this report, the Both the following: | oard has | seven (7) | member |
| 10.2 | | Composition | n of the Board | | position o | |
| | | Name of Director | Designation | AC ⁽¹⁾ | NC ⁽²⁾ | RC ⁽³⁾ |
| | | Mr. Hooi Yu Koh | Executive Chairman and CEO | _ | _ | _ |
| | Mr. Ng Wai Kit | Executive Director | _ | - | - | |
| | Mr. Kuan Cheng Tuck ⁽⁴⁾ | Lead Independent Director | Chairman | Member | Member | |
| | | Mr. Nicholas Philip Lazarus ⁽⁴⁾ | Independent Director | Member | Member | Chairmar |
| | | Mr. Lim Yeok Hua ⁽⁴⁾ | Independent Director | Member | Chairman | Member |
| | | Mr. Xu Quanqiang | Non-Executive Non-Independent Director | - | - | - |
| | | Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li ⁽⁵⁾ | Independent Director | Member | Member | Member |
| | | Chairman, are 2. The NC comp Chairman, are of the NC. 3. The RC comp Chairman, are 4. Mr. Kuan Chen cease as Direc Annual Genera | rises 4 non-executive independent. The Lead rises 4 non-executive | directors, a d Independer directors, a hilip Lazarus pon the cond | II of whom in the Director is the Director is the Director is the Director of | including th also member including the Yeok Hua were forthcomin |

| | TABLE I - COMPLIA | NCE WITH TH | E CODE | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|---|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's C | ompliance or Ex | xplanatio | n | | |
| | Role of Board | Subject to the approval of shareholders by way of resolutions at the forthcoming AGM, the composition Board and respective Board Committees will be re-composited as follows with effect from 29 April 2024, after the composition of the AGM: | | | | ions of the constituted | |
| | | Compositio | n of the Board | | position o | | |
| | | Name of Director | Designation | AC | NC | RC | |
| | Mr. Hooi Yu Koh | Executive Chairman and CEO | _ | - | - | | |
| | Mr. Ng Wai Kit | Executive Director | _ | _ | - | | |
| | | Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor | Lead Independent Director | Chairman | Member | Member | |
| | | Mr. Chua Ser Miang | Independent Director | Member | Chairman | Member | |
| | | Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li | Independent Director | Member | Member | Chairman | |
| | | Mr. Xu Quanqiang | Non-Executive Non-Independent Director | _ | - | - | |
| | | the best intere | ead and oversee the sts of the Group ard's principal fun | . In addit | ion to its | | |
| | | which are strategic periodic p and ensur | n matters in relate of significant nadirections and gublans and major in the that the necess to to meet its objections. | ature, incluidelines anvestment sary resour | uding dec and the ap as and div | cisions on oproval of estments, | |
| | | controls a | a framework of p and risk managem assessed and ma olders' interests a | nent strate naged, inc | egies whic cluding saf | h enables eguarding | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | |
| | | (c) Review key management personnel's performance; | | |
| | | (d) Ensure good corporate governance practices to protect the interests of shareholders; | | |
| | | (e) Oversee, through the NC, the appointments, re-election and resignation of Directors and key management personnel; | | |
| | | (f) Oversee, through the RC, the design and operation of an appropriate remuneration framework; | | |
| | | (g) Align the interests of the Board and Management with that of shareholders and balance the interests of all stakeholders; | | |
| | | (h) Oversee, through the AC, the quality and integrity of the accounting and financial reporting systems, disclosure controls and procedures and internal controls; and | | |
| | | (i) Ensure compliance with all laws and regulations as may be relevant to the business. | | |
| | Practices relating to conflict of interest | The Company has in place practices to address potential conflicts of interests. All Directors are required to notify the Company promptly of all conflicts of interest as soon as practicable as well as when required and refresh the required declarations annually. Directors are required to recuse themselves from all deliberations and decisions in relation to the matters in which he or she has a conflict of interest. | | |

| TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | |
| 1.2 | Directors' training and orientation (a) Are new Directors given formal training? If not, please explain why. | There was no new director appointed in FY2023. It is the Company's practice that any newly appointed Director will undergo an orientation programme where the Director would be briefed on the Group's history, strategic direction, governance practices, business and organisation structure as well as the expected duties and obligations of a director of a listed company, details of which are set out in a formal appointment letter provided to such newly appointed Director. To get a better understanding of the Group's business, the Director will also be given the opportunity to visit the Group's operational facilities, principal locations of operations and | |
| | (b) What are the types of information and training | In addition, as required under the Catalist Rules, a new Director who has no prior experience as a director of a company listed on the SGX-ST must undergo training as prescribed by the SGX-ST. Such training will be completed within one year of the appointment. The Company will also provide training for first-time directors in areas such as accounting, legal and industry-specific knowledge as appropriate. The Board values on-going professional development and recognises that it is important that all Directors receive regular | |
| | provided to (i) new Directors and (ii) existing Directors to keep them up-to-date? | training to serve effectively on and contribute to the Board. The Board has therefore established a policy on continuous professional development for Directors. To ensure Directors can fulfil their obligations and to continually improve the performance of the Board, all Directors are encouraged to undergo continuous professional development. Professional development may relate to a particular subject area, committee membership, or key developments in the Company's environment, provided by accredited training providers. Directors are encouraged to consult the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") if they consider that they personally, or the Board as a whole, would benefit from specific education or training on matters that fall within the responsibility of the Board or relate to the Company's business. Such training costs are borne by the Company. The Company would also arrange for the senior management to brief the Directors on the Group's business periodically. | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|---------------------|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | |
| | Training attended in FY2023 | Courses, conferences and existing Directors include | | ed by some of the |
| | | Table 1.2 - Training atte | ended by Director | s in FY2023 |
| | | Course Name | Course Organiser | Attendees |
| | | Understanding Code of Practice on Chief Executives' and Board of Directors' WSH Duties | SCAL Academy | Hooi Yu Koh |
| | | Applying the IFRS Sustainability Disclosure Standards | Sustainable Stock Exchanges and International Finance Corporation | Kuan Cheng Tuck |
| 1.3 | The Board continues to approve matters with responsibilities. Specifically, the Board has direct for decision-making in, amongst others, the formula corporate strategies and business plans; | | | |
| | | material acquisitions | and disposals; | |
| | | investments exceed | ing S\$2,000,000; | |
| | | major financing requ | uiring corporate gu | arantee; |
| | | • major contracts S\$50,000,000; | with third par | ties exceeding |
| | | share issuance, divident | dend release or ch | anges in capital; |
| | | budgets, financial resamble and audited financial | | its, annual reports |
| | | interested person tra | ansactions exceed | ing S\$100,000. |

| TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|--|----------|---------|---|---------|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or | · Explan | ation | | |
| 1.4 | Delegation to Board Committees | The Board delegated certain responsibilities to the Audi Committee (the "AC"), the Remuneration Committee (the "RC" and the Nominating Committee (the "NC") (collectively the "Board Committees"). Each of these Board Committees is formed with clear written defined terms of reference (setting out its composition, authority and duties). The composition of the Board Committees is set out in section 1.1 of Table I. | | | ne "RC") ectively, nmittees (setting position | |
| 1.5 | Attendance of Board and Board Committees | The Board meets on a half-yearly basis, and as and who circumstances require. In FY2023, the number of Board as Board Committee meetings held, and the attendance of earth Board member are shown below. | | | | ard and |
| | | | Board | AC | NC | RC |
| | | Number of Meetings Held | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | | Name of Director | Numbe | r of Me | etings A | ttended |
| | | Mr. Hooi Yu Koh | 2 | 2* | 1* | 1* |
| | | Mr. Ng Wai Kit | 2 | 2* | 1* | 1* |
| | | Mr. Kuan Cheng Tuck | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | | Mr. Nicholas Philip Lazarus | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | | Mr. Lim Yeok Hua | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| | | Mr. Xu Quanqiang | 2 | 2* | 1* | 1* |
| | | * By invitation. | | | | |
| | | The Company's Constitution through telephone and/or vice | | | tings to | be held |

| TABLE I - COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | |
| 1.6 | Access to information What types of information does the Company provide to Independent Directors to enable them to understand its business, the business and financial environment as well as the risks faced by the Company? How frequently is the information provided? | Directors are provided with complete and adequate information related to agenda items in a timely manner for them to make informed decisions and discharge their duties and responsibilities. Management provides the Board with key information that is complete, adequate and timely prior to meetings and whenever required. Management provides the Board with half-yearly management accounts, as well as relevant background or explanatory information relating to the matters that would be discussed at the Board meetings, prior to the scheduled meetings. All directors are also furnished with updates on the financial position and any material developments of the Group as and when necessary. Management recognises the importance of circulating information on a timely basis to ensure that the Board has adequate time to review the materials to facilitate a constructive and effective discussion during the scheduled meetings. As such, Management endeavours to circulate information at least one week prior to the meetings to allow sufficient time for review by the Directors. Management will also provide any additional material information that is requested by Directors or that is necessary to enable the Board to make a balanced and informed assessment of the Group's performance, position and prospects. | | |
| 1.7 | Change of company secretary Access to Management and company secretary and access to professional advice | The appointment and removal of the company secretary is a matter for the Board as a whole. Directors have separate and independent access to the Management and company secretary at all times. Individually or collectively, in order to execute their duties, Directors can obtain independent professional advice, where required, at the Company's expense. | | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | | |
| BOARD COMPOSI | TION AND GUIDANCE | | | | |
| 2.1 2.2 2.3 3.3 | Board composition Does the Company comply with the Code on the proportion of Independent Directors on the Board? If not, please state the reasons for the deviation and the remedial action taken by the Company. | As at the date of this report, the Board comprises seven (7) Directors, four (4) of whom are independent. Given that the Chairman is not independent, the Independent Directors make up the majority of the Board of the Company pursuant to Provision 2.2. The Company has complied with Rule 406(3)(c) of the Catalist Rules which requires the number of independent directors to comprise at least one-third of the Company's board at any time. | | | |
| | | Mr. Kuan Cheng Tuck had also been appointed as the Lead Independent Director of the Company and makes himself available to shareholders if they have concerns relating to matters that contact through the Chairman and CEO and/or the Financial Controller ("FC") has failed to resolve, or where such contact is inappropriate. | | | |
| | Lead Independent Director | The Lead Independent Director makes himself available to shareholders at the Company's general meetings and could be contacted at ac@kori.com.sg . The Lead Independent Director is also responsible for leading the meetings of independent directors and providing feedback to the Chairman on matters discussed at such meetings. | | | |
| | | Mr. Kuan will cease to be a Director of the Company upon the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM (by resignation) and subsequent to his resignation, he will relinquish his position as the Lead Independent Director. Subject to the approval of shareholders by way of ordinary resolutions at the forthcoming AGM, Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor will be appointed as Lead Independent Director of the Company with effect from 29 April 2024 after the conclusion of the AGM. He is available to shareholders at ac@kori.com.sg where they have concerns and for which contact through the normal channels of communication with the Management are inappropriate or inadequate. | | | |

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| | TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | |
| 2.1 2.4 4.4 | Independence assessment of Directors | The Board considers the existence of relationships or circumstances, including those identified by the Code and Catalist Rules, that are relevant to determine whether a Director is independent. In addition, the NC reviews the individual director's declaration in their assessment of independence. | | |
| | | The NC has reviewed and confirmed that the independence of the Independent Directors is in accordance with the Code, PG and Catalist Rules. The Independent Directors, and the incoming directors, being Mr. Chua Ser Miang and Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor, have also confirmed their independence in accordance with the Code, PG and Catalist Rules. | | |
| | | The Company has in place a policy whereby Directors must consult both the Chairman of the Board and the NC Chairman prior to accepting new director appointments. Directors must also immediately report any changes in their external appointments, including any corporate developments relating to their external appointments, which may affect their independence. This ensures that Directors continually meet the stringent requirements of independence under the Code and Catalist Rules. | | |
| | (a) Is there any Director who is deemed to be independent by the Board, notwithstanding the existence of a relationship as stated in the Code and Catalist Rules that would otherwise deem him not to be independent? If so, please identify the Director and specify the nature of such relationship. | There are no Directors who are deemed independent by the Board, notwithstanding the existence of a relationship as stated in the Code and Catalist Rules that would otherwise deem him not to be independent. | | |
| | (b) What are the Board's reasons for considering him independent? Please provide a detailed explanation. | | | |

| TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | |
| | Independent Directors serving beyond nine years Has any Independent Director served on the Board for more than nine years since the date of his first appointment? If so, please identify the Director. | In assessing the independence of the current independent directors, the NC adopts the definition of "independent director" as set out in Provision 2.1 of the Code as well as having regard to the Transitional Practice Note 3 of the Catalist Rules. The NC has conducted a rigorous review of their contributions to the Board to determine if they have maintained their independence. | | |
| | Identify the Director. | The Independent Directors have contributed significantly to the discussion on matters which include the strategic direction and corporate governance of the Group, expressed individual viewpoints, debated issues, sought clarification as they deemed necessary including direct access to the Management and objectively scrutinised the Management. Having gained in-depth understanding of the business, operating environment and direction of the Group, they provided the Group with much needed experience and knowledge of the building and construction industry and offered valuable advice. All have independent income source apart from the fees received from the Group. None of them has any relationship with the Company (save for their directorship), its related corporations, its substantial shareholders or its officers. Accordingly, the NC, with the concurrence of the Board, (with the respective directors concerned abstained from deliberating on their own independence), is satisfied that Mr. Kuan Cheng Tuck, Mr. Nicholas Philip Lazarus and Mr. Lim Yeok Hua (collectively the "Incumbent Independent Directors") have remained independent in their conduct, character and judgement and can continue to discharge their duties objectively with the utmost commitment to protecting and upholding the interests of the Company and all shareholders (not just the substantial shareholders), and found no evidence to indicate that the length of service has in any way affected their respective independence. | | |
| | | The Incumbent Independent Directors were first appointed to the Board in 2012 and have served on the Board beyond nine years from the date of their first appointment. Pursuant to Transitional Practice Note 3 of the Catalist Rules and the NC's assessment as above, the Incumbent Independent Directors shall remain independent until the forthcoming AGM which is scheduled to be held on 29 April 2024. Thereafter, the Incumbent Independent Directors will cease their directorships in anticipation of the 9-year tenure limit for IDs in order to facilitate board renewal upon the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM. | | |

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| | TABLE I - COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | | |
| | | Mr. Chua Ser Miang ("Mr. Chua") and Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor ("Mr. Lye") have been identified (the "Proposed Incoming IDs") and the respective proposed appointment ("Appointments") will be subject to the approval of shareholders by way of ordinary resolutions at the forthcoming AGM to be convened on 29 April 2024. Please refer to the Company's announcements dated 12 April 2024 and page 60 of this Annual Report for the details of the Appointments. | | | |
| | Board diversity (a) What is the Board's policy with regard to diversity in identifying director nominees? | The Board's policy in identifying director nominees is primarily to have an appropriate mix of members with complementary skills, core competencies and experience for the Group, regardless of gender. The Board is mindful that diversity is not specific to gender or certain personal attributes and would strive to ensure the diversity would enhance the long-term success of the Group. The objective of the policy is to avoid groupthink and foster constructive debate and ensure that composition is optimal to support the Group's needs in the short and long term. | | | |
| | | While the NC is aware of the merits of gender diversity to the Board composition, the NC notes that it is only one of the many aspects of diversity. | | | |
| | | While due consideration would be given to female representation on the Board, the NC will continue to make its selection of candidates based on objective criteria which it believes is in the best interest of the Company. The ultimate decision for new Board appointments will be based on merit and contribution that the selected candidates are expected to bring to the Board. | | | |
| | | The Company has adopted a Board Diversity Policy which sets out its approach to achieve diversity of the Board. Pursuant to the Board Diversity Policy, the NC will review the structure, size and composition (including the gender, age, culture, skills, knowledge and experience of the Board) at least annually and to assist the Board to review the required mix of skills, experience and other qualities which Non-Executive Directors should bring to the Board on an annual basis. | | | |

| | | INDEL I - COMIT LIF | NCE WITH THE CODE | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|---|--|--|---|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | rovisions | | | | |
| | | | Under the Board Diversity Police have one member with relevant endusinesses or industry; and one requalification in accounting or other policipline as may be determined by and/or beneficial to the Group. All a on merit of candidates, in the content due regard for the benefits of diversionand core values. The NC will consider the results recommendation for the appointment or the re-appointment of incumbers. | experience in member with professional bathe Board to be appointments wext of the skill ity on the Board of these execution of these executions. | the Group's professiona ackground or be necessary will be based and having ard, its needs |
| | (b) | Please state whether the current composition of the Board provides diversity on | | Board composition provides a diversity or ence, skills, experience and knowledge to the follows: | |
| | | each of the following – skills, | | | |
| | | experience, gender and | Table 2.4 – Diversity of the Boa | ard | |
| | | | Table 2.4 – Diversity of the Boa | Number of Directors | Proportion of Board (%) |
| | | experience, gender and knowledge of the Company, and elaborate with numerical | Table 2.4 – Diversity of the Boa | Number of | of Board |
| | | experience, gender and knowledge of the Company, and elaborate with numerical | | Number of | of Board |
| | | experience, gender and knowledge of the Company, and elaborate with numerical | Core Competencies | Number of Directors | of Board (%) |
| | | experience, gender and knowledge of the Company, and elaborate with numerical | Core Competencies - Accounting or finance | Number of Directors | of Board (%) |
| | | experience, gender and knowledge of the Company, and elaborate with numerical | Core Competencies - Accounting or finance - Business management - Legal or corporate | Number of Directors 4 5 | of Board (%) 57 71 |
| | | experience, gender and knowledge of the Company, and elaborate with numerical | Core Competencies - Accounting or finance - Business management - Legal or corporate governance - Relevant industry knowledge | Number of Directors 4 5 | of Board (%) 57 71 57 |
| | | experience, gender and knowledge of the Company, and elaborate with numerical | Core Competencies - Accounting or finance - Business management - Legal or corporate governance - Relevant industry knowledge or experience | Number of Directors 4 5 4 3 | of Board (%) 57 71 57 43 |
| | | experience, gender and knowledge of the Company, and elaborate with numerical | Core Competencies - Accounting or finance - Business management - Legal or corporate governance - Relevant industry knowledge or experience - Strategic planning experience - Customer based experience | Number of Directors 4 5 4 3 4 | of Board (%) 57 71 57 43 57 |
| | | experience, gender and knowledge of the Company, and elaborate with numerical | Core Competencies - Accounting or finance - Business management - Legal or corporate governance - Relevant industry knowledge or experience - Strategic planning experience - Customer based experience or knowledge | Number of Directors 4 5 4 3 4 | of Board (%) 57 71 57 43 57 |

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| | | TABLE I - COMPLIA | NCE WITH THE CODE | | |
|---|-----|---|---|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Cod | de and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Exp | lanation | |
| | | | Table 2.4 – Diversity of the Board | | |
| | | | | Number of Directors | Proportion of Board (%) |
| | | | Age Group | | |
| | | | - 70 - 79 | 1 | 14 |
| | | | - 60 - 69 | 0 | _ |
| | | | - 50 - 59 | 4 | 57 |
| | | | - 40 - 49 | 1 | 14 |
| | | | - 30 - 39 | 1 | 14 |
| | | | Independence | | |
| | | | Independent directors | 4 | 57 |
| | | | Non-Independent directors | 3 | 43 |
| | | | Directors' Citizenship | | T |
| | | | - Singapore Citizen | 6 | 86 |
| | | | Non-Singapore Citizen | 1 | 14 |
| | | | Independent Directors been v | vith the Com | pany |
| | | | - Less than 9 years | 1 | 25 |
| | | | - More than 9 years | 3 | 75 |
| | | | Accordingly, the NC and Board and has the appropriate mix of expecollectively possesses the necess effective functioning and informed | ertise and exp sary core com | perience, and opetencies for |
| | (c) | (c) What steps have the Board taken to achieve the balance and diversity necessary to maximise its effectiveness? • Annual review by the NC to assess if the e attributes and core competencies of the Boa complementary and enhance the efficacy of the and | | | the existing ne Board are |
| | | | Annual evaluation by the Dir other Directors possess, wit the range of expertise which | h a view to ι | ınderstanding |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIA | NCE | WITH THE CODE | |
|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Com | npany's Compliance o | r Explanation |
| | | The Company strives to achieve the following Board Diversit Targets: | | |
| | | Tar | gets | Progress |
| | | (1) | To bring in female representation on the Board. | With one female representation on the Board, this target has been achieved. |
| | | (2) | To have one member with relevant experience in the Group's businesses or industry | With three members with experience in the building and construction industry, this target has been achieved |
| | | (3) | To have one member with professional qualification in accounting or related financial management | The NC and the Board, are of the opinion that both Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor and Mr. Chua Ser Miang, have practical knowledge in accounting or financial management, and the relevant professional qualifications, this target has been achieved |
| | | to B that com in d Com | oard diversity practices the Board will monitor t petencies required by ecision-making and el mittees. | cknowledge that improvements are an on-going process and the diversity of skill set and core. Company to ensures diversity nable the formation of Board are set out in the "Board of |
| 2.5 | Meeting in the absence of the Management | Directors" section of this Annual Report. The Independent Directors, led by the Lead Independ Director, would communicate with each other from time time and meet in the absence of key management person to discuss concerns or matters such as the effectivene of Management. Feedback arising from such meetings discussions is provided to the Board, as appropriate. | | led by the Lead Independent te with each other from time to se of key management personnel tters such as the effectiveness arising from such meetings or |
| | | | FY2023, the Independence of key managemen | ent Directors met once in the t personnel. |

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| TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | | |
| CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER | | | | | |
| 3.1 3.2 | Role of Chairman and CEO | Mr. Hooi Yu Koh is the Executive Chairman and CEO of the Company. As the Chairman, Mr. Hooi leads the Board discussions, fostering constructive conditions that renders the Board effective. He facilitates effective contribution and promotes high standards of corporate governance. He also ensures that Board meetings are held, when necessary, sets the Board agenda and ensures that all Board members are provided with complete, adequate and timely information. The Chairman performs a significant leadership role by providing clear oversight and guidance to the management on strategy and | | | |
| | Relationship between Chairman and CEO | the drive to transform the Group's businesses. As the CEO of the Company, Mr. Hooi takes a leading role in developing the businesses of the Group and manages the day-to-day operations with the assistance of key management personnel. He proposes strategic proposals to the Board and implements decisions made by the Board. As aforementioned, Mr. Hooi assumes both the roles of the Chairman and CEO. The Company believes that a single | | | |
| | | leadership structure will facilitate the decision-making process in relation to business opportunities and operational matters. The Board is of the opinion that there is no need to separate the two roles after taking into consideration: Size and capabilities of the Board; Size and operations of the Group; and Safeguards currently in place (such as the requirement | | | |
| | | for the Board's approval for material transactions which exceed certain thresholds/the process of decision making by the Board is independent and based on collective decisions without any individual exercising any considerable concentration of power or influence) to ensure that decision-making by the Board is collective. | | | |
| | | The Lead Independent Director, provides leadership in situations where the Chairman is conflicted. He also makes himself available to shareholders when they have concerns for which contact through the normal channels of communication with the Chairman or Management are inappropriate or inadequate. Mr Kuan Cheng Tuck attended the annual general meeting held in FY2023 and made himself available to Shareholders. Upon Mr Kuan's resignation, and subsequent to Mr Victor Lye's appointment, Mr Lye will make himself available to shareholders. | | | |

| TABLE I - COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | |
| BOARD MEMBE | RSHIP | | | |
| 4 | Steps taken to progressively renew the Board composition | The NC is responsible for examining the size and composition of the Board and Board Committees. The composition of the Board and Board Committees is reviewed on an annual basis by the NC and the Board. | | |
| | | To meet the changing challenges in the industry and countries which the Group operates in, such reviews, which includes considering factors such as the expertise, skills and perspectives which the Board needs against the existing competencies would be done on a regular basis to ensure that the Board dynamics remain optimal. | | |
| | | Having considered the scope and nature of the Group's businesses and the requirements of the business and taking into account the reconstitution of the Board on the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM (details as set out above), the Board, in concurrence with the NC, believes that the current size and composition of the Board Committees following the said reconstitution effectively serve the Group and provide sufficient diversity without interfering with efficient decision-making. | | |
| 4.1 | Role of NC | The NC is guided by key terms of reference as follows: | | |
| | | (a) Reviewing of board succession plans for directors, in particular, the Chairman and CEO, as well as succession plans for key management personnel; | | |
| | | (b) Proposing objective processes and performance criteria for evaluation of the Board's performance as a whole which allows for comparison with industry peers and address how the Board has enhanced long-term shareholder value; | | |
| | | (c) Carrying out, at least annually, a formal assessment of the performance and effectiveness of the Board as a whole and its board committees and the contributions of individual Directors to the effectiveness of the Board, based on the process implemented by the Board; | | |

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| | TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | | |
| | | (d) Determining annually, and as and when circumstances require, whether a Director is independent, and providing its views to the Board in relation thereto for the Board's consideration; | | | |
| | | (e) Reviewing the independence of any director who has served on the Board for more than nine (9) years from the date of his first appointment; | | | |
| | | (f) Where a Director or proposed Director has multiple board representations, deciding whether the Director is able to and has been adequately carrying out his duties as a Director, taking into consideration the Director's number of listed company board representations and other principal commitments ¹ ; | | | |
| | | (g) Based on the results of the performance evaluation, providing its views and recommendations to the Board, including any appointment of new members; | | | |
| | | (h) Reviewing training and professional development programmes for the Board and its Directors; and | | | |
| | | (i) Making recommendations to the Board on matters relating to the appointment and re-appointment of Directors (including alternate directors, if any). | | | |
| | | 1 The term "principal commitments" shall include all commitments which involve significant time commitment such as full-time occupation, consultancy work, committee work, non-listed company board representations and directorships and involvement in non-profit organisations. Where a director sits on the boards of non-active related corporations, those appointments are not normally considered principal commitments. | | | |

| TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | | |
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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Com | npany's Compliance | or | Explanation |
| 4.3 | Selecting, Appointment and Re-appointment of Directors | Table 4.3(a) – Selection and Appointment of New Directors | | | |
| | Please describe the board | The | NC:- | | |
| | nomination process for the Company in the last financial year for (i) selecting and appointing new directors and (ii) re-electing incumbent directors. | 1. | Determine selection criteria | • | In consultation with the Board, identifies the current needs and inadequacies the Board requires to complement and strengthen the Board. Determines the role which competencies required for the new appointment after such consultation. |
| | | 2. | Candidate search | • | Considers candidates proposed by the Directors, key management personnel or substantial shareholders, and may engage external search consultants where necessary. |
| | | 3. | Assess shortlisted candidates | • | Meets and interviews the shortlisted candidates to assess their suitability, ensuring that the candidates are aware of the expectations and the level of commitment required of them. |
| | | 4. | Propose recommendations | • | Makes recommendations for Board's consideration and approval. |

| | TABLE I - COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | | | | |
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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | | | | | |
| | | Table 4.3(b) – Re-election of Incumbent Director | | | | | | |
| | | The NC:- | | | | | | |
| | | Assess incumbent director Assesses the performance of the director in accordance with the performance criteria set by the Board. | | | | | | |
| | | Considers the current need of the Board. | ds | | | | | |
| | | Propose re-election of director director | al, | | | | | |
| | | Additionally, in relation to the appointment of new independent directors or re-election of incumbent independent directors the NC would apply the pertinent rules and stipulations as out in the Code and Catalist Rules. After reviewing and considering the NC's recommendation | ors, set | | | | | |
| | | the Board would make the decision to appoint the ridirector and/or propose the re-election of the incumb director for shareholders' approval. | | | | | | |
| | | Pursuant to Regulation 117 of the Company's Constitution at least one-third of the Directors are required to retire rotation and submit themselves for re-election at each annual general meeting of the Company. The Company's Constitution and the Catalist Rules, provides that all Directors shall reby rotation at least once every three years and such retire Director shall be eligible for re-election. | by nual tion etire | | | | | |
| | | Pursuant to Regulation 122 of the Company's Constitution any person so appointed shall hold office only until next annual general meeting and shall then be eligible re-election but shall not be taken into account in determine the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at sumeeting. | the for ning | | | | | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | | |
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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | | | |
| | | Mr. Nicholas Philip Lazarus ("Mr. Nicholas"), Mr. Lim Yeok Hua ("Mr. Lim") and Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li ("Ms. Toh" are subjected to retirement at the forthcoming AGM pursuant to the provisions of the Constitution of the Company and/or Catalist Rules. As stated earlier in this report, Mr. Nicholas and Mr. Lim will not be seeking re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM and will accordingly retire at the forthcoming AGM. | | | | |
| | | Retirements | | | | |
| | | To facilitate the Board renewal process, Mr. Nicholas and Mr. Lim will not be seeking re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM and will accordingly retire at the forthcoming AGM. Consequently, Mr. Nicholas will cease to be the Chairman of the RC and member of AC and NC, and Mr. Lim will cease to be the Chairman of the NC and member of the AC and RC. Mr. Kuan Cheng Tuck will resign after the conclusion of the forthcoming AGM and consequently, will cease to be the Lead Independent Director of the Company, the Chairman of the AC and member of NC and RC. | | | | |
| | | <u>Appointments</u> | | | | |
| | | The NC has assessed independently the continued appointment of Ms. Toh and recommended her continued appointments to the Board, and the Board has endorsed her re-election by shareholders at the forthcoming AGM Ms. Toh has offered herself for re-election as Director of the Company. Ms. Toh will, upon re-election as a Director of the Company, remain as an Independent Director of the Company, a member of the AC and NC, and she will be appointed as the Chairman of the RC after the conclusion of the AGM. The Board considers Ms. Toh to be independent for the purposes of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rule. | | | | |
| | | Shareholders' approvals will be sought for the appointments of the Proposed Incoming IDs, i.e. Mr. Chua Ser Miang and Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor as Directors pursuan to Regulation 121 of the Company's Constitution at the forthcoming AGM. | | | | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | | |
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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | | | |
| | | Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor will, upon election as a Director of the Company, be appointed as the Lead Independent Director, the Chairman of the AC, and a member of the RC and NC. The Board considers Mr. Lye to be independent for the purposes of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rule. | | | | |
| | | Mr. Chua Ser Miang will, upon election as a Director of the Company, be appointed as an Independent Director, the Chairman of the NC, and a member of the AC and RC. The Board considers Mr. Chua to be independent for the purposes of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rule. | | | | |
| 4.5 | Assessment of Directors' duties | Assessment of the individual Directors' performance was based on the criteria set out in Section 5.1 of Table I. The following were used to assess the performance and consider competing time commitments of the Directors: | | | | |
| | | Declarations by each Director of their other listed company directorships and principal commitments; | | | | |
| | | Annual confirmations by each Director on his ability to devote sufficient time and attention to the Company's affairs, having regard to his other commitments; and | | | | |
| | | Assessment of the individual Directors' performance based on the criteria set out in the response to Provisions 5.1 and 5.2 below. | | | | |
| | Other listed company directorships and principal commitments of Directors | The NC had reviewed the time spent and attention given by each of the Directors to the Company's affairs, taking into account the multiple directorships and principal commitments of each of the Directors (if any) as set out below, and is satisfied that all Directors were able to diligently discharge their duties for FY2023. | | | | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIA | NCE WITH THE C | ODE | | | | | | |
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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation Table 4.5 – Other listed company directorships | | | | | | | |
| | | | er listed company d ommitments of Dire | - | | | | | |
| | | Name of Director | Principal Commitments | | | | | | |
| | | Mr. Hooi Yu Koh | Nil | Kori Construction (S) Pte. Ltd. | | | | | |
| | | Mr. Ng Wai Kit | Nil | Kori Construction (S) Pte. Ltd. | | | | | |
| | | Mr. Kuan Cheng Tuck | CNMC Goldmine Holdings Limited Karin Technology Holdings Limited Taka Jewellery Holdings Limited Hoe Leong Corporation Ltd. | KCT Consulting Pte. Ltd. | | | | | |
| | | Mr. Nicholas Philip Lazarus | Nil | Justicius Law Corporation | | | | | |
| | | Mr. Lim Yeok Hua | Nil | Radians Consulting Pte. Ltd. | | | | | |
| | | Mr. Xu Quanqiang | Keong Hong Holdings Limited | LJHB Capital (S) Pte Ltd LJHB Holdings (S) Pte Ltd LJHB USA Inc Forevertrust International (S) Pte Ltd Continental Hope Singapore Industrial Development Pte Ltd | | | | | |

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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | | | |
| | Multiple Directorships | The Board has set the maximum number of listed company board representations as 6. | | | | |
| | (a) What is the maximum number of listed company board representations that the Company has prescribed for its directors? What are the reasons for this number? | Having assessed the capacity of the Directors based on factors disclosed in Section 4.5(c) of Table I, the Board is of the view that this number would allow Directors to have increased exposure to different Boards and broaden their experience and knowledge on board matters, hence ultimately benefitting the Company. | | | | |
| | (b) If a maximum has not been determined, what are the reasons? | Not Applicable. | | | | |
| | (c) What are the specific considerations in deciding on the capacity of directors? | The specific considerations in assessing the capacity of Directors include: Expected and/or competing time commitments of Directors, including whether such commitment is a full-time or part-time employment capacity; Geographical location of Directors; Size and composition of the Board; Nature and scope of the Group's operations and size; and Capacity, complexity and expectations of the other listed directorships and principal commitments held. | | | | |
| PG 4 | Alternate Directors | Alternate directors will be appointed as and when the Board deems necessary. Circumstances which warrant such appointments may include health, age related concerns as well as Management succession plans. | | | | |
| | | The Company currently does not have any alternate directors. | | | | |

| TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | | | |
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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | | | |
| BOARD PERFORMA | NCE | | | | | |
| 5.1 | Performance Criteria | The NC is responsible for assessing the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and the Board Committees, and for assessing the contribution of the Chairman and each individual Director to the effectiveness of the Board. The NC has established a review process and proposed objective performance criteria set out in assessment forms and checklists which are approved by the Board. The NC assesses the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, and the respective Board Committees, by completing a Board Performance Evaluation Form, which takes into consideration factors such as the Board's structure, access to information, conduct of meetings, succession planning, risk management and internal controls, and the Board's relationship with the Management. The NC also assesses the Board's performance based on a set of financial performance indicators which includes share price performance. The NC assesses the individual Directors' performance by completing an Individual Director Self-Assessment Form, which takes into consideration factors such as commitment of time for meetings, level of participation and contribution at such meetings and the technical knowledge of the Directors. The NC would review the criteria periodically to ensure that the criteria is able to provide an accurate and effective performance assessment taking into consideration industry standards and the economic climate with the objective to enhance long term shareholders value, thereafter propose amendments if any, to the Board for approval. The NC did not propose any significant changes to the performance criteria for FY2023. | | | | |

| TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | | |
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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | | |
| 5.2 | Performance Review (a) What was the process upon which the Board reached the conclusion on its performance for the financial year? | The reviews of the performance of the Board, Board Committees and individual Directors are conducted by the NC annually and when the individual Director is due for re-election. For FY2023, the review process was as follows: 1. All Directors individually completed the Performance Evaluation Questionnaires for the Board and Board Committees, and the Individual Director Self-Assessment Form on the effectiveness of the Board, Board Committees and the individual Directors based on criteria as briefly described in Section 5.1; 2. The Company Secretary collated and submitted the questionnaire results to the NC Chairman in the form of a report; 3. The NC discussed the report, and in particular matters relating to Board composition, Board processes, risk management, succession planning and director development; and 4. The results of the performance review were deliberated during the NC meeting and tabled at the Board meeting for further discussion. All NC members have abstained from the voting or review process of any matters in connection with the assessment of his performance or re-appointment as a Director of the Company. No external facilitator was used in the evaluation process. | | | |
| | (b) Has the Board met its performance objectives? | The NC, having reviewed the overall performance of the Board in terms of its role and responsibilities and the conduct of its affairs for FY2023, is of the view that the performance of the Board as a whole has been satisfactory, and that the Board has met its performance objectives for FY2023. | | | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIA | NCE WITH THE CODE |
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| Principle/ Provisions | | |
| of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation |
| REMUNERATION MA | ATTERS | |
| DEVELOPING REMU | NERATION POLICIES | |
| 6.1 | Composition and Role of the RC | The RC is guided by key terms of reference which includes: |
| 0.0 | | (a) Reviewing and recommending to the Board, a general framework of remuneration for the Directors and key executives, which will be submitted for endorsement by the entire Board; |
| | | (b) Reviewing and recommending annually to the Board, the specific remuneration packages for each Director as well as for the key executives; |
| | | (c) Reviewing all aspects of remuneration, including but not limited to Directors' fees, salaries, allowances, bonuses, options, share-based incentives and awards and benefits-in-kind; |
| | | (d) Considering and approving termination payments, retirement payments, gratuities, ex-gratia payment, severance payments and other similar payments to each member of key management personnel; |
| | | (e) Reviewing and recommending to the Board the service contracts of the Executive Chairman and CEO and key management personnel and ensuring that such services contracts are fair and not excessively long or with onerous renewal/termination clauses; |
| | | (f) Generally, perform such other functions and duties as may be required by the relevant laws or provisions of the Catalist Rules and the Code (as may be amended from time to time). |
| | | The RC's review and recommendations cover all aspects including fees, salaries, allowance, bonuses, options, share-based incentives, awards and benefits-in-kind. |
| | | Each RC member will abstain from participating in the deliberations of and voting on any resolution in respect of his remuneration package or that of employees related to him. |

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| TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | | | | |
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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | | | |
| 6.4 | Engagement of Remuneration Consultants | No remuneration consultants were engaged by the Company in FY2023. | | | | |
| | | If necessary, the RC may seek expert advice inside and/or outside the Company on remuneration of all Directors. | | | | |
| LEVEL AND MIX | OF REMUNERATION | | | | | |
| DISCLOSURE O | N REMUNERATION | | | | | |
| 7.1 7.2 7.3 8.1 | Remuneration Policy | The Company's remuneration policy which covers all aspects of remuneration, including but not limited to directors' fees, salaries, allowances, benefits-in-kind, bonuses, options, share-based incentives and awards, is one that seeks to attract, retain and motivate talent to achieve the Company's business vision and create sustainable value for its stakeholders. The policy articulates to staff that total compensation has been linked to the achievement of organisational and individual performance objectives and benchmarked against relevant and comparative compensation in the market. | | | | |
| | "Claw-back" Provisions | There are no contractual provisions which allow the Company to reclaim incentives from the Executive Directors and key management personnel in exceptional circumstances of misstatement of financial results, or of misconduct resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Board is of the view that as the Group pays performance bonuses based on the actual performance of the Group and/or Company (and not on forward-looking results) as well as the actual performance of its Executive Directors and key management personnel, "claw-back" provisions in the service agreements may not be relevant or appropriate. Nonetheless, the Company shall consider the said contractual provisions to be included in future renewals of service contracts as recommended by the Code. Save as aforesaid, the Company reserves the rights to employ legal recourse should any Director and/or key management personnel wilfully and negligently engage in any misconduct. | | | | |

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| | Remuneration Structure for Executive Directors and key management personnel (a) Please describe how the remuneration received by Executive Directors and key management personnel has been determined by the performance criteria. | The annual review of the compensation is carried out by the RC to ensure that the remuneration of Executive Directors and key management personnel are commensurate with their performance, contribution, giving due regard to the financial and commercial health and business needs of the Group. The senior management proposes the compensation for the Executive Directors and key management personnel for the RC's review, which would thereafter be recommended for the Board's approval. The remuneration received by the Executive Directors and key management personnel takes into consideration his or her role, individual performance and contribution towards the overall performance of the Group for FY2023. Their remuneration is typically made up of fixed and variable compensations. The fixed compensation consists of an annual base salary, fixed allowance and annual wage supplement. The variable compensation is determined based on the level of achievement of corporate and individual performance objectives, for each individual role. | | | | |
| | Performance Criteria (b) What were the performance conditions used to determine their entitlement under the short term and long-term incentive schemes? | The performance conditions for determining incentive plans were chosen to motivate Executive Directors and key management personnel to work in alignment with the goals of all stakeholders are based on both qualitative criteria (such as leadership, people development, commitment, teamwork, current market and industry practices and macro-economic factors) and quantitative factors (such as profitability, number of contracts secured, amount of billings and relative financial performance of the Group to its industry peers). The Company does not have long-term incentive schemes. | | | | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIA | NCE WITH | THE CODE | | | | | |
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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company ³ | 's Complian | ce or I | Explan | ation | | |
| 7.2 | Remuneration Structure of Non-Executive Directors | | | | | | | al at a ew are posed w and rd and ng. |
| 8.1(a) | (a) Has the Company disclosed | | riate, consic ities. down for the r | ering emune | the e | ffort, tin | ne spen | t and |
| 8.1(b) | each Director's and the CEO's remuneration as well as a breakdown (in percentage or | CEO for FY2023 is as follows: Table 8.1(a) - Directors' and CEO's Remuneration | | | | | | |
| | (in percentage or dollar terms) into base/ fixed salary, variable or performance-related income/ | Name | Remuneration (S\$) | Salary (%) | Bonus (%) | Directors Fees (%) | Benefits- in-kind* (%) | Total (%) |
| | bonuses, benefits in kind, stock options granted, | Mr. Hooi Yu Koh | 404,644 | 90 | _ | _ | 10 | 100 |
| | share-based incentives and awards, and other long-term incentives? If not, what are | Mr. Ng Wai Kit | 198,564 | 100 | _ | - | - | 100 |
| | the reasons for not disclosing so? | Mr. Kuan Cheng Tuck | 48,000 | - | - | 100 | - | 100 |
| | | Mr. Nicholas Philip Lazarus | 43,000 | _ | _ | 100 | - | 100 |
| | | Mr. Lim Yeok Hua | 40,000 | _ | - | 100 | _ | 100 |
| | | Mr. Xu Quanqiang | - | _ | _ | 100 | - | 100 |
| | | There wer | in-kind includes n e no termina at may be gra) key manage | ation, anted t | retirem to the | nent, pos Directors | , the CE | · |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIA | NCE WITH THE CODE | | | | | | |
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| | (b) Has the Company disclosed each key management personnel's remuneration, in bands of \$\$250,000 or more in detail, as well as a breakdown (in percentage or dollar terms) into base/fixed salary, variable or performance-related income/bonuses, benefits in kind, stock options granted, | Given the size and nat Company has only idea personnel in FY2023. The breakdown for the management personnel for FY2023 is as follows Table 8.1(b) - Remun Management Person | key mana | anagement | | | | |
| | share-based incentives and awards, and other long-term | Name | Salary (%) | Bonus (%) | Benefits- in-kind (%) | Total | | |
| | incentives? If not, what are the reasons for not disclosing | Below S\$250,000 | | | | | | |
| | so? | Jia Hongyan | 100 | _ | _ | 100 | | |
| | | Lee Yeng Tat ⁽¹⁾ | 100 | _ | _ | 100 | | |
| | | Wong Chi Kong ⁽²⁾ | 100 | _ | _ | 100 | | |
| | | Chookul Charun | 100 | _ | _ | 100 | | |
| | (c) Please disclose the aggregate remuneration paid to the top five key management personnel (who are not Directors or the CEO). | Notes: 1. Mr. Lee Yeng Tat retired at 14 March 2023. 2. Mr. Wong Chi Kong was at The Group has four (4) not directors for FY20 the top four (4) key mai \$\$\$375,225. | key man 23. The | agement total rer | personnel n | 23. who are paid to | | |
| 8.2 | Related Employees Is there any employee who is an immediate family member of a Director or the CEO, and whose remuneration exceeds S\$100,000 during the last financial year? If so, please identify the employee and specify the relationship with the relevant Director or the CEO. | There was no employed shareholder, immediat shareholder, Director exceeded S\$100,000 in | e family or the | membe CEO wh | r of a sub | stantial | | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | |
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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | |
| 8.3 | Employee Share Schemes | The Company has no employee share scheme. | |
| ACCOUNTABILITY | AND AUDIT | | |
| RISK MANAGEMEN | T AND INTERNAL CONTROLS | | |
| 9 9.1 | Risk Governance by the Board | The Board, with the assistance of the AC, is responsible for the overall risk governance, risk management and internal control systems and framework of the Group. The Board has in place a system of internal controls within the Group to safeguard shareholders' interests and the Group's assets, and to manage risk. Having considered the Company's business operations as well as its existing internal control and risk management systems, the Board is of the view that a separate risk committee is not required for the time being. | |
| | Identification of the Group's risks | At least once a year, the Group undertakes a formal enterprise-wide review of the adequacy and effectiveness of its risk management and internal control systems, including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls. During this exercise, risk owners review and update the risks and controls for their respective areas. The result of this annual risk review is presented to the AC to ensure enterprise risks are appropriately identified and managed such that residual risks are acceptable given the operational nature of the business. For FY2023, the Board and AC has reviewed and is satisfied that the controls are adequate. | |
| | | Operational business risks are identified, addressed and reviewed on an ongoing basis by the Management. The Management then reports and updates the AC on a regular basis. For material risks which includes breaches in regulations or events that would potentially incur substantial damages/ loss, the Board has an internal escalation/practice in place, whereby the Board is notified of such major incidents to be able to provide oversight and advise the Management accordingly. | |
| | Management of risks | For FY2023, the Board and AC has reviewed the Group's enterprise risk management framework, detailed risks register and risk mitigating strategies that lies in the area of strategic risks, operational risks, financial risks, compliances risks and environmental risks. The risks shall be mitigated by way of improving project productivity to ensure the timely completion of job orders on hand and monitoring project financial indicators and outstanding settlements closely to ensure a healthy cash flow position to duly meet debt obligations and shareholders' expectations. | |

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| 9.2 | Confirmation of Internal Controls (a) In relation to the major risks faced by the Company, including financial, operational, compliance, information technology and sustainability, please state the bases for the Board's view on the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal controls and risk management systems. | The Board with the concurrence of the AC, is of the view that the Company's internal controls (including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls) and risk management systems were reasonably adequate and effective for FY2023. The bases for the Board's view are as follows: 1. Assurance has been received from the CEO and FC (refer to Section 9.2(b) of Table I); 2. An internal audit has been done by the IA and significant matters highlighted to the AC and key management personnel were appropriately addressed; 3. Key management personnel evaluates, monitors material risks and reports to the AC on a regular basis; 4. Discussions were held between the AC and auditors in the absence of the key management personnel to review and address any potential concerns; and 5. An enterprise risk management framework was established to identify, manage and mitigate significant risks. The system of internal controls and risk management policies established by the Company is designed to manage, rather than eliminate, the risk of failure in achieving the Company's strategic objectives. The Board notes that no system of internal controls and risk management can provide absolute assurance in this regard, or absolute assurance against the occurrence of material errors, poor judgment in decision making, human error, losses, fraud or other irregularities. | |

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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | |
| | (b) In respect of the past 12 months, has the Board received assurance from the CEO and the FC as well as the IA that: (i) the financial records have been properly maintained and the financial statements give true and fair view of the Company's operations and finances; and (ii) the Company's risk management and internal control systems are effective? If not, how does the Board assure itself of points (i) and (ii) above? | Yes, the Board has obtained such assurance from the CEO and FC in respect of FY2023. The Board had additionally relied on IA reports in respect of, amongst others, project management and accounts receivable management, issued to the Company as assurances that the Company's risk management and internal control systems are reasonably effective. These risks have been mitigated by way of strengthening the control of timely submission of payment claims. To the main contractors, performing the project progress assessment earlier and enhancing communication between all stakeholders and updating of the Group's policy on follow up process for collections. | | |
| 10.1 10.3 | Role of the AC | All members of the AC are Non-Executive Directors who are independent and do not have any management and business relationships with the Company or any substantial shareholder of the Company. None of the AC members was previous partner or director of the Company's external audit firm within a period of two years commencing on the date of his ceasing to be a partner of the external audit firm and none of the AC members holds any financial interest in the external audit firm. | | |
| | | The AC is guided by its key terms of reference, which includes: (a) Reviewing the significant financial reporting issues and judgements to ensure the integrity of the financial statements of the Company and any formal announcements relating to the Group's financial performance; (b) Reviewing and reporting to the Board at least annually the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's internal controls, including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls. Review of the Company's internal controls may be carried out with the | | |
| | | assistance of externally appointed professionals; (c) Reviewing the assurance from the CEO and the FC on the financial records and financial statements; | | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | |
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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | |
| | | (d) Reviewing the adequacy, effectiveness, independence, scope and results of the external audit and internal audit functions; | |
| | | (e) Reviewing the scope and results of the external audit, and the independence and objectivity of the EA; | |
| | | (f) Making recommendations to the Board on the proposals to the shareholders on the appointment, re-appointment and removal of the EA, and the remuneration and terms of engagement of the EA; | |
| | | (g) Reviewing the policy and arrangements for concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting or other matters to be safely raised, independently investigated and appropriately followed up on; | |
| | | (h) Review and approve transactions falling within the scope of Chapters 9 and 10 of the Catalist Rules (if any); | |
| | | (i) Reviewing any potential conflicts of interest. In particular, the AC will review and assess from time to time whether additional processes are required to be put in place to manage any material conflicts of interest between the Group and the Directors, CEO, controlling shareholders and/or their respective associates and propose, where appropriate, the relevant measures for the management of such conflicts; and | |
| | | (j) Generally, performing such other functions and duties as may be required by the relevant laws or provisions of the Catalist Rules and the Code (as may be amended from time to time). | |
| | | The Company has in place a whistle-blowing policy which has been communicated to all employees and is available on its website. The Company's staff and any other persons may, in confidence, raise concerns about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting or other matters by submitting a whistle blowing report through email to ac@kori.com.sg . | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | |
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| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | |
| | Whistle Blowing Policy | The AC is responsible for the oversight and monitoring of whistleblowing, and ensures independent investigation of the reported concern. If it deems appropriate, independent advisors will be engaged at the Group's expense. No whistle-blowing reports were received in FY2023. Should there be any whistle-blowing cases reported, such cases would be handled in accordance with the Company's whistle-blowing policy without fear of harassment and assurance their reports will be taken seriously. All complaints will be treated as confidential. | |
| | | The whistleblowers' identities will not be disclosed without prior consent (except where disclosure obligations are required under law and regulations). Where concerns are unable to be resolved without revealing the identity of the whistleblower (e.g. if their evidence is required in court), a dialogue will be entered into with the whistleblower as to whether and how to proceed. The AC and the Company commits to protect of the whistleblower against detrimental or unfair treatment. | |
| | | In the event that the report is about a Director, that Director will not be involved in the review and any decision making with respect to that report. The policy aims. To encourage reporting of such matters in good faith, with the confidence that any employees and any other persons making such reports will be treated fairly and be protected from reprisals. | |
| 10.2 | Qualification of the AC members | The Board considers Mr. Kuan, who has extensive and practical accounting and financial management knowledge and experience, is well qualified to chair the AC. Mr. Lim and Mr. Nicholas are also trained in accounting and financial management. | |
| | | The Board also considers Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor, who has relevant accounting or related financial management expertise and experience, is well qualified to chair the AC with effect from 29 April 2024, if appointed (after the conclusion of the AGM). The members of the current and reconstituted AC, collectively, have expertise or experience in accounting and related financial management and are qualified to discharge the AC's responsibilities. | |

| TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation |
| 10.4 | Internal Audit Function | The Company's internal audit function is outsourced to RSM Risk Advisory Pte Ltd ("RSM") that reports directly to the AC Chairman and administratively to the Management. The AC is responsible for the hiring, removal, evaluation and compensation of the accounting or auditing firm or corporation to which the internal audit function of the Company is outsourced. |
| | | The AC reviews and approves the internal audit plan to ensure the adequacy of the scope of audit. The internal audit plan complements that of the external auditors and together forms a robust risk-based audit approach to facilitate the AC's review of the adequacy and effectiveness of the Group's risk management and internal control systems. |
| | | The AC is satisfied that RSM is able to discharge its duties effectively as: |
| | | It is adequately qualified, given that Partner and the staff assigned to the internal audit of the Company are members of the Institute of Internal Auditors and it adheres to the Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing laid down in the International Professional Practices Framework issued by the Institute of Internal Auditors; |
| | | It is adequately resourced as there is a team of three (3) members assigned to the Company's internal audit, led by the partner, with audit experience in the real estate and construction industry; and |
| | | It has the appropriate standing in the Company, given, inter alia, its involvement in certain AC meetings and its unfettered access to all the Group's documents, records, properties and personnel, including direct access to the AC. |
| 10.5 | Met Auditors in Management's Absence | The AC has met with the IA and the EA once in the absence of key management personnel in FY2023. |

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| | TABLE I - COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | |
| SHAREHOLDER RI | GHTS AND ENGAGEMENT | | |
| SHAREHOLDER RI | GHTS AND CONDUCT OF GENERA | L MEETINGS | |
| 11.1 | Shareholders' Participation at General Meetings | Shareholders are entitled to attend the general meetings and are afforded the opportunity to participate effectively in and vote at general meetings. An independent polling agent is appointed by the Company for general meetings who will explain the rules, including the voting procedures, that govern the general meetings of shareholders. | |
| | Appointment of Proxies | The Company's Constitution allows a shareholder to appoint up to two (2) proxies to attend and vote in the shareholder's place at the general meetings. Registered shareholders who are unable to attend the general meetings are entitled to appoint up to two (2) proxies, unless the shareholder is a relevant intermediary (as defined in Section 181 of the Companies Act). A relevant intermediary may appoint more than two proxies to participate in shareholders' meetings, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise rights attached to a different share or shares held by such shareholder. | |
| 11.2 | Bundling of Resolutions | Resolutions requiring shareholders' approval are tabled separately for adoption at the Company's general meetings unless they are closely related and are more appropriately tabled together. Reasons and implications of why resolutions are bundled will be set out in the circulars sent out. | |
| 11.3 | Directors' Attendance | The Company requires all Directors (including the respective chairman of the Board Committees) to be present, either physically or virtually pursuant to meeting arrangement under the Order, at all general meetings, unless of exigencies. The EA is also required to be present to address shareholders' queries about the conduct of audit and the preparation and content of the independent auditor's report. All Directors attended the annual general meeting for FY2022 held on 28 April 2023. | |
| 11.4 | Absentia Voting | The Company's Constitution allows for absentia voting, including but not limited to the voting by mail, electronic mail or facsimile. | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation Minutes of general meetings which include substantial and relevant comments or queries from shareholders relating to the agenda of the meeting and responses from the Board and management will be published on SGXNET and the Company's corporate website within one (1) month after the AGM. | | |
| 11.5 | Publication of Minutes | | | |
| 11.6 | Dividend Policy (a) Does the Company have a dividend policy? | The Company does not have a fixed dividend policy. Nonetheless, key management personnel will review, inter alia, the Group's performance in the relevant financial period, projected capital needs and working capital requirements and make appropriate recommendations to the Board on dividend declaration. | | |
| | (b) Is the Company paying dividends for the financial year? If not, please explain why. | No dividend has been declared or recommended for FY2023 after taking into consideration the Group's future cash flow requirements in the foreseeable future. | | |
| ENGAGEMENT V | VITH SHAREHOLDERS | | | |
| 12.1 12.2 12.3 13.3 | Communication with Shareholders (a) Does the Company regularly communicate with shareholders and attend to their questions? How often does the Company meet with institutional and retail investors? (b) Is this done by a dedicated investor relations team (or equivalent)? If not, who performs this role? | The Company solicits feedback from and addresses the concerns of shareholders (including institutional and retail investors) via: • a dedicated investor relations team whose contact details can be found www.kori.com.sg ; • investor relations webpage at www.kori.com.sg/ir.html ; and • investor/analyst briefings. The Company held two investor briefings in FY2023 to meet with its institutional and retail investors. In FY2023, Management has also updated shareholders on the Company's performance via its announcements and press releases. The Company currently does not have an investor relations policy but considers advice from its continuing sponsor, corporate lawyers and professionals on appropriate disclosure requirements before announcing material information to shareholders. The Company will consider the appointment of a professional investor relations officer to manage the function should the need arises. | | |

| | TABLE I – COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Principle/ Provisions of the Code | Code and/or Guide Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | |
| | | Notwithstanding that the Company does not have a dedicated investor relations team or investor relations policy, Mr. Hooi Yu Koh, the Executive Chairman and CEO of the Company, is responsible for the Company's communication with shareholders. Shareholders and investors who have questions may reach out to Mr. Hooi at admin@kori.com.sg . | |
| | (c) How does the Company keep shareholders informed of corporate developments, apart from SGXNET announcements and the annual report? | Apart from the SGXNET announcements and its annual report, the Company updates shareholders on its corporate developments through its corporate website at www.kori.com.sg and its investor relations webpage at www.kori.com.sg/ir.html . All materials presented in general meetings are uploaded on the SGXNET. | |
| | | For enquires and all other matters, Shareholders and all other parties can contact the Company at 11 Sims Drive #06-01 SCN Centre Singapore 387385. | |
| MANAGING STAKE | HOLDERS RELATIONSHIP | | |
| ENGAGEMENT WITH | 1 STAKEHOLDERS | | |
| 13.1 13.2 | Stakeholders Management | The Company undertakes an annual review in identifying its material stakeholders. It assesses the material environmental, social and governance factors that affects the Group. | |
| | | Having assessed the stakeholders in terms of their impacts on the Company as well as the impact or potential impacts upon the stakeholders by the actions of the Company, it has identified the key stakeholders, the methods of engagement and addressed their concerns accordingly. | |
| | | The Company will publish its standalone FY2023 Sustainability Report no later than 30 April 2024 and the same will be uploaded on the Company's website as well as on SGXNET. | |

| TABLE II - COMPLIANCE WITH CATALIST RULES | | |
|---|--------------------------|--|
| Rule | Rule Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation |
| 711A and 711B | Sustainability Reporting | Under Practice Note 7F (Sustainability Reporting Guide) issued by the SGX-ST, the Board should determine the environmental, social and governance factors identified as material to the Group's business and ensure that they are monitored and managed. The Board has ultimate responsibility for the Company's sustainability reporting. |
| | | In defining the Company's sustainability reporting content, the Company will apply the principles of the Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) by considering the Group's activities, impact and substantive expectations and interests of its stakeholders. The Company will observe a total of four principles, namely materiality, stakeholder inclusiveness, sustainability index and completeness. For reporting quality, the Company will observe the principles of balance, comparability, accuracy, timeliness, clarity and reliability. |
| | | RSM conducted an internal control review of the sustainability reporting process in FY2023 for the Company, with a primary focus on the environment and corporate social responsibility. |
| | | FY2023 Sustainability Report will be on a "comply or explain" basis in accordance with Rule 711B and Practice Note 7F of the Catalist Rules. Corresponding to GRI's emphasis on materiality, the Sustainability Report will highlight the key economic, environmental, social and governance related initiatives carried out throughout the 12-month period, from 1 January 2023 to 31 December 2023. |
| | | The Group currently is not materially exposed to climate exposed to climate-related risks or opportunities due to the nature of its business and we will monitor any emerging climate-related risks or opportunities as the Group's business evolves. We are currently in the process of implementing mandatory climate reporting based on the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures ("TCFD"). We will report on our progress and will align our disclosure with the TCFD recommendations for our sustainability report in accordance with the timeline prescribed by SGX-ST. |

| | TABLE II - COMPLIANO | E WITH CATALIST RULES | S | |
|------------|--|--|---|--|
| Rule | Rule Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | |
| 1204(6)(A) | Non-audit fees | Table 1204(6)(A) – Fees Paid/Payable to the EA for FY2023 | | |
| | (a) Please provide a breakdown of the fees paid in total to the | | S\$ | % of total |
| | EA for audit and non-audit | Audit fees | 85,589 | 91.9 |
| | services for the financial year. | Non-Audit Fees | 7,554 | 8.1 |
| | | Total | 93,143 | 100 |
| 1204(6)(B) | Confirmation by AC (b) If the EA have supplied a substantial volume of non-audit services to the Company, please state the bases for the AC's view on the independence of the EA. | The non-audit services re substantial. | endered during FY | '2023 were not |
| 1204(6)(C) | Appointment of Auditors | The Company confirms its of the Catalist Rules. | compliance to Rul | les 712 and 715 |
| 1204(8) | Material Contracts | The Company had entered into a loan agreement with Mr. Hooi Yu Koh, the Executive Chairman and CEO, for a principal amount of S\$460,000, bearing an interest of 5% per annum, in FY2023. The loan is unsecured and with no fixed term of repayment. | | |
| | | The Company is the borro | ower and Mr. Hoc | i Yu Koh is the |
| | | During FY2022, the Combond agreement with LJH the controlling shareholder which is in turn a controlling a principal amount of S\$2,0 annum. Interest is payable on which it was issued ("IBond is five (5) years from | HB Capital (S) Pto of Keong Hong H g shareholder of the 200,000, bearing in annually in arrear lessue Date"). The | e Ltd ("LJHB"), oldings Limited, ne Company, for terest at 5% per rs from the date |
| | | The Company is the issuer (lender). | (borrower) and LJ | HB is the holder |
| | | Save for the above disc contracts entered into by of any Director, or control still subsisting at the end o entered into since the end | the Group involv ling shareholder, v f FY2023 or if not | ring the interest which are either then subsisting, |

| TABLE II - COMPLIANCE WITH CATALIST RULES | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Rule | Rule Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | |
| 1204(10) | Adequacy of Internal Controls | Please refer to the confirmation provided by the Board in Section 9.2 of Table I. | |
| 1204(10B) | Adequacy of Internal Audit Function | The AC is of the opinion that the internal audit function is independent, effective and adequately resourced. | |
| 1204(11) | Properties held for development/ sale/investment | Not applicable, as the Group does not hold any land or building for development, sale or investment. | |
| 1204(17) | Interested Person Transactions ("IPT") | The Group has procedures governing all IPTs to ensure that they are properly documented and reported on a timely manner to the AC and that they are carried out on normal commercial terms and are not prejudicial to the interests of the Company and its minority shareholders. The Company has inadvertently omitted the disclosure of an interested person transaction in the FY2023 unaudited financial results announcement which value at risk was \$\$100,000. The details of the IPT transacted during FY2023 is as set out in the table below. Save for as disclosed, there were no other IPTs entered into during FY2023 that was valued at \$\$100,000 or more. | |
| | | Name of interested person Nature of relationship Parson Nature of interested person Interested person Rations during the financial year under review (excluding transactions less than \$\$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920) Rationship Aggregate value of all interested person transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920) | |
| | | LJHB The relationship between the interest paid/ Company payable to LJHB and LJHB on convertible is described under the heading of "Material Contracts" in the preceding page. | |
| | | The Company does not have a general mandate from its shareholders for IPTs. | |

| TABLE II - COMPLIANCE WITH CATALIST RULES | | | | |
|---|-----------------------|--|--------------------------|--|
| Rule | Rule Description | Company's Compliance or Explanation | | |
| 1204(19) | Dealing in Securities | The Company has adopted an internal policy which prohibithe Directors and officers from dealing in the securities of the Company while in possession of price-sensitive information which is not available to the public. | | |
| | | The Company, its Directors and officers are also discourage from dealing in the Company's securities on short ter considerations and are prohibited from dealing in the Company's securities during the period beginning or month before the announcement of the Company's half-ye and full-year financial statements respectively, and endir on the date of the announcement of the relevant result The Company will also send a memorandum prior to the commencement of each window period as a reminder the Directors, officers, relevant employees and associates ensure that they comply with the Code. | | |
| 1204(21) | Non-sponsor Fees | The Company's Sponsor, PrimePartners Corporate Fina Pte. Ltd., has not rendered any non-sponsorship services the Company for FY2023. Accordingly, no non-sponsor f were paid to the Sponsor for FY2023. | s to | |
| 1204(22) | Use of Proceeds | The Company had on 21 September 2022 issued aggregated \$\$3,000,000 convertible bonds pursuant convertible bonds subscription agreements with the invest dated 14 August 2022. The Company has raised net proce of approximately \$\$2.845 million from issuance of convertible bonds. As at the date of this Annual Report, the proceeds have b fully utilised as follows: | totors eds the | |
| | | Amount Amount allocated utilised* Balan Use of Proceeds S\$'000 S\$'000 S\$'000 | | |
| | | General working capital | | |
| | | purposes 2,845 2,845 Nil | | |
| | | Total 2,845 2,845 Nil | | |
| | | Note: * The entire amount of S\$2,845,000 for general working capital has a utilised to acquire new steel materials in anticipation of its operational numbers as the Group expects an increase in work volume with the gradual of pandemic restrictions and the roll out of new public infrastructure was such as the MRT Cross Island Line projects. The proceeds were utilised in accordance with its intenduse. | eeds lifting vorks | |



ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REQUIRED IN RELATION TO A DIRECTOR SEEKING RE-ELECTION AND APPOINTMENT

Pursuant to Rule 720(5) of the Catalist Rules of the SGX-ST, the information relating to the Retiring Director and the Proposed as set out in Appendix 7F to the Catalist Rules of the SGX-ST is set out below:

| Name of Person | lame of Person Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li Mr. Chua Ser Miang | | Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor |
|---|---|--|--|
| Date of Appointment | 1 April 2024 | 29 April 2024 | 29 April 2024 |
| Date of Last Re-Appointment | N.A. | N.A. | N.A. |
| Age | 32 | 55 | 62 |
| Country of principal residence | Singapore | Singapore | Singapore |
| The Board's comments on this appointment (including rationale, selection criteria, board diversity consideration and the search and nomination process) | The Board has considered, among others, the recommendation of the NC and has reviewed and considered the qualification, working experiences, contribution, performance, attendance, preparedness, participation, candour and suitability of Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li for re-election as an Independent Director of the Company and concluded that Ms. Toh possesses the experience, expertise, knowledge and skills to continue to contribute towards the core competencies of the Board. The Board considers Ms. Toh to be independent for the purpose of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rules. | The Board has considered the recommendation of the NC and assessment of Mr. Chua Ser Miang's qualifications and experience, is of the view that Mr. Chua has the requisite experience and capability to assume the responsibilities of an Independent Director of the Company. The Board considers Mr. Chua to be independent for the purpose of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rules. | The Board has considered the recommendation of the NC and assessment of Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor's qualifications and experience, is of the view that Mr. Lye has the requisite experience and capability to assume the responsibilities of an Independent Director of the Company. The Board considers Mr. Lye to be independent for the purpose of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rules. |
| Whether appointment is executive, and if so, the area of responsibility | Non-Executive | Non-Executive | Non-Executive |
| Job Title (e.g. Lead ID, AC Chairman, AC Member etc.) | Independent Director, Chairman of the RC, member of AC and NC | Independent Director, Chairman of the NC, member of the AC and RC | Lead Independent Director, Chairman of the AC, member of the NC and RC |

| Name of Person | Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li | Mr. Chua Ser Miang | Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor |
|---|--|---|---|
| Academic qualifications | Advocate & Solicitor, Supreme Court of Singapore (Admitted in August 2015) | Master's degree in Global Finance and Banking, King's College London | Bachelor of Economics (First Class Honours), University of Adelaide |
| | Singapore Mediation Centre Accredited Mediator (2021 - Present) | Bachelor's degree in Business Administration, National University of Singapore | Chartered Financial Analyst |
| | Determinant under the IMDA Telecommunications & Subscription Television Dispute Resolution Scheme (2022 - 2023) | Chartered Financial Analyst Member of Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants | |
| | LLM International Corporate and Commercial Law King's College London | | |
| | Diploma in Translation & Interpretation (English & Mandarin Chinese) Singapore Chinese Chamber Institute of Business | | |
| | LLB Honours University of Leicester, United Kingdom | | |
| Working experience and occupation(s) during the past 10 years | 2019 to present – Senior Associate/Director of Justicius Law Corporation | November 2020 to present Director of Crowe Horwath Capital Pte Ltd | December 2017 to present Director and CEO of Pivot Fintech Pte. Ltd. |
| | 2017 to 2019 - Legal Counsel, Asia Pacific of thyssenkrupp, Asia Pacific Regional Headquarters | January 2013 to December 2020 – Director of Eastwin Capital Pte Ltd | 2016 to 2017 - Group Head of FWD Digital Financial Services |
| | (RHQ) 2015 to 2017 – Trainee/ Associate of Justicius Law Corporation | October 2013 to July 2014 Principal Consultant of Stamford Management Pte Ltd | 2014 to 2016 - CEO of Shenton Insurance Pte. Ltd. |
| Shareholding interest in the listed issuer and its subsidiaries | No | No | No |

| Name of Person | Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li | Mr. Chua Ser Miang | Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor |
|---|--|---|---|
| Any relationship (including immediate family relationships) with any existing director, existing executive director, the issuer and/or substantial shareholder of the listed issuer or of any of its principal subsidiaries | No | No | No |
| Conflict of interest (including any competing business) | No | No | No |
| Undertaking (in the format set out in Appendix 7H) under Rule 720(1) has been submitted to the listed issuer | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| | nas the same meaning as defined able for announcements of appoi | in the Code. intments pursuant to Listing Rule | 704(8) |
| Past (for the last 5 years) | Asia Pacific of thyssenkrupp, Asia Pacific Regional Headquarters (RHQ) | Eastwin Capital Pte Ltd Yamada Green Resources Ltd China Knowledge Data Technology Pte. Ltd. | Capital World Limited |
| Present | Justicius Law Corporation | VCPlus Limited Aoxin Q&M Dental Group Limited LS 2 Holdings Limited Acumen Research Laboratories Pte. Ltd. Acumen Diagnostics Pte. Ltd. | Pivot Fintech Pte. Ltd. Pivot Angel Investments Pte. Ltd. WMG Management Pte. Ltd. SG Carbonex Pte. Ltd. |

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| Name of Person | Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li | Mr. Chua Ser Miang | Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (a) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any bankruptcy law of any jurisdiction was filed against him or against a partnership of which he was a partner at the time when he was a partner or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a partner? | No | No | No |
| (b) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any law of any jurisdiction was filed against an entity (not being a partnership) of which he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive, at the time when he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity, for the winding up or dissolution of that entity or, where that entity is the trustee of a business trust, on the ground of insolvency? | No | No | No |
| (c) Whether there is any unsatisfied judgment | No | No | No |
| against him? | | | |

| Nar | ne of Person | Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li | Mr. Chua Ser Miang | Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor |
|-----|--|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (d) | Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving fraud or dishonesty which is punishable with imprisonment, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such purpose? | No | No | No |
| (e) | Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such breach? | No | No | No |

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| Nar | ne of Person | Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li | Mr. Chua Ser Miang | Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor |
|-----|--|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (f) | Whether at any time during the last 10 years, judgment has been entered against him in any civil proceedings in Singapore or elsewhere involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or a finding of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part, or he has been the subject of any civil proceedings (including any pending civil proceedings of which he is aware) involving an allegation of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part? | No | No | No |
| (g) | Whether he has ever been convicted in Singapore or elsewhere of any offence in connection with the formation or management of any entity or business trust? | No | No | No |
| (h) | Whether he has ever been disqualified from acting as a director or an equivalent person of any entity (including the trustee of a business trust), or from taking part directly or indirectly in the management of any entity or business trust? | No | No | No |

| Name of Person | Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li | Mr. Chua Ser Miang | Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor |
|---|---------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
| (i) Whether he has ever been the subject of any order, judgment or ruling of any court, tribunal or governmental body, permanently or temporarily enjoining him from engaging in any type of business practice or activity? | No | No | No |
| (i) Whether he has ever, to his knowledge, been concerned with the management of conduct, in Singapore or elsewhere, of the affairs of:— (i) any corporation which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing corporations in Singapore or elsewhere; or (ii) any entity (not being a corporation) which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing such entities in Singapore or elsewhere; or | No No | Yes, in relation to (j)(i). Mr. Chua Ser Miang served as an independent director of Yamada Green Resources Ltd ("Yamada") from September 2013 to March 2021. In September 2017, the then auditors, BDO LLP, made a report to the Ministry of Finance of Singapore relating to the group's financial records for FY2017. Deloitte & Touche Financial Advisory Services Pte Ltd was appointed to perform a review, and the key findings were announced on 1 April 2018. On 21 August 2018, Yamada announced that certain core assets had been disposed without bringing to the Board's attention and approval. The AC engaged Foo Kon Tan LLP to conduct an investigation, and the key findings were announced on 28 January 2019. On 30 September 2022, SGX reprimanded the former Executive Director of Yamada for breaches of certain listing rules arising from the disposal of its assets. As an independent director, Mr. Chua was not involved in the management or the operations of the company, and he was not a subject of the abovementioned investigations. No, in relation to (j)(ii), (iii) and (iv). | No No |

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| Name of Person | Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li | Mr. Chua Ser Miang | Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (iii) any business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing business trusts in Singapore or elsewhere; or | | | |
| (iv) any entity or business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, | | | |
| in connection with any matter occurring or arising during that period when he was so concerned with the entity or business trust? | | | |
| (k) Whether he has been the subject of any current or past investigation or disciplinary proceedings, or has been reprimanded or issued any warning, by the Monetary Authority of Singapore or any other regulatory authority, exchange, professional body or government agency, whether in Singapore or elsewhere? | No | No | No |

| Name of Person | Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li | Mr. Chua Ser Miang | Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor |
|--|--|---|--|
| Any prior experience as a dire | ctor of a listed company? | | |
| If yes, please provide details of prior experience. | Not applicable | Yes | Yes |
| If no, please state if the director has attended or will be attending training on the roles and responsibilities of a director of a listed issuer as prescribed by the Exchange. | Ms. Toh is nominated for re-election to the Board. Ms. Toh will attend the required courses within one year from her date of appointment. | Mr. Chua is currently a director in VCPlus Limited, Aoxin Q&M Dental Group Limited and LS 2 Holdings Limited, which are listed on SGX-ST. | Mr. Lye was an Independent Director for Capital World Limited which is listed on the Catalist of the SGX-ST. |
| Please provide details of relevant experience and the Nominating Committee's reasons for not requiring the director to undergo training as prescribed by the Exchange (if applicable). | | | |

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DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

The directors of Kori Holdings Limited (the "Company") present their statement to the members together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023.

1. Opinion of the directors

In the opinion of the Board of Directors,

- (a) the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company together with the notes thereon are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2023 and of the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group for the financial year then ended; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

2. Directors

The directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are as follows:

Hooi Yu Koh
Ng Wai Kit
Kuan Cheng Tuck
Nicholas Philip Lazarus
Lim Yeok Hua
Xu Quan Qiang
Elizabeth Toh Guek Li (Appointed on 1 April 2024)

3. Arrangements to enable directors to acquire shares or debentures

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose object is to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

4. Directors' interests in shares or debentures

The directors of the Company holding office at the end of the financial year had no interests in the shares or debentures of the Company and its related corporations as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 164 of the Singapore Companies Act 1967 (the "Act"), except as follows:

| | Direct Interest | | Deemed | l Interest |
|-------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Balance as at 1 January 2023 | Balance as at 31 December 2023 | Balance as at 1 January 2023 | Balance as at 31 December 2023 |
| | Number of or | dinary shares | Number of o | dinary shares |
| Company | | | | |
| Hooi Yu Koh | 18,939,100 | 18,939,100 | 14,924,000 | 14,924,000 |
| Ng Wai Kit | 10,000 | 10,000 | _ | _ |

By virtue of Section 7 of the Act, Hooi Yu Koh and Ng Wai Kit are deemed to have an interest in all the related corporations of the Company.

In accordance with the continuing listing requirements of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"), the directors of the Company state that, according to the Register of the Directors' Shareholdings, the directors' interests as at 21 January 2024 in the shares or debentures of the Company have not changed from those disclosed as at 31 December 2023.

5. Share options

There were no share options granted by the Company or its subsidiary corporations during the financial year.

There were no shares issued during the financial year by virtue of the exercise of options to take up unissued shares of the Company or its subsidiary corporations.

There were no unissued shares of the Company or its subsidiary corporations under options at the end of the financial year.

DIRECTORS' STATEMENT

6. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee comprises the following members who are all non-executive and independent directors. The members of the Audit Committee during the financial year and at the date of this statement are:

Kuan Cheng Tuck (Chairman) Nicholas Philip Lazarus Lim Yeok Hua Elizabeth Toh Guek Li

In accordance with Section 201B(5) of the Act, the Audit Committee has reviewed with the Company's internal auditors their audit plan and the scope and results of their internal audit procedures. It has also reviewed with the Company's independent auditors, BDO LLP, their audit plan, their evaluation of the system of internal accounting controls, their audit report on the accompanying financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 and the assistance given by the management of the Group to them. The accompanying financial statements as well as the independent auditors' report thereon have been reviewed by the Audit Committee prior to their submission to the Board of Directors.

The Audit Committee has full access to and has the co-operation of the management and has been given the resources required for it to discharge its function properly. It also has full discretion to invite any director and executive officer to attend its meetings. The external and internal auditors have unrestricted access to the audit committee.

The Audit Committee has recommended to the Board of Directors the re-appointment of BDO LLP as independent auditors of the Company, at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company.

7. Independent auditors

The independent auditors, BDO LLP, have expressed their willingness to accept re-appointment.

| On behalf of the Board of Directors | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| Hooi Yu Koh Director | Ng Wai Kit Director | |

Singapore 2 April 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF KORI HOLDINGS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Kori Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as set out on pages 78 to 130, which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023;
- the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group for the financial year then ended; and
- notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023 and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group for the financial year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA") *Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities* ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF KORI HOLDINGS LIMITED

KEY AUDIT MATTER (Continued)

AUDIT RESPONSE

1

Revenue recognition

The Group is principally engaged in providing civil/structural engineering and infrastructural construction services such as installation and dismantling services for structural steel works and supply of labour for tunnelling works ("Construction Services"). The Group is also required to supply steel beams, by way of lease arrangement with its customers as part of the contracts with its customers.

During the financial year ended 31 December 2023, the Group's revenue from Construction Services and rental of steel beams amounted to \$7,645,008 and \$10,225,593 respectively.

The Group has identified that the supply of steel beams as an operating lease and revenue is measured separately from those of Construction Services.

Revenue from the Group's Construction Services are recognised over time as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group as the project progresses. The Group applies the input method to determine the percentage-of-completion which is measured by total contract costs incurred to-date over total budgeted contract costs of the construction contracts as approved by management.

We have determined revenue recognition as a key audit matter due to the significant management judgement and estimates involved in determining the percentage-of-completion for Constructions Services and accounting for lease arrangements on supply of steel beams.

Refer to Notes 5 and 14 to the accompanying financial statements.

We performed the following audit procedures, amongst others:

- Evaluated the appropriateness of the Group's revenue recognition accounting policies;
- Selected significant construction contracts and obtained an understanding of the key terms of the contracts;
- Carried out tests of controls surrounding management's budgeted contract costs and revenue recognition process to estimate contract revenues, contract costs and profit margins;
- Obtained an understanding of the progress and status of the significant ongoing construction contracts through discussions with management and conducted site visits;
- Tested the costs-to-complete for significant ongoing construction contracts by evaluating the reasonableness of the total budgeted contract costs;
- Tested the labour costs charged for significant ongoing construction contracts against the timesheets of the construction contract employees, on sample basis. We also verified the existence of those employees by checking against payroll records; and
- Assessed the adequacy of the related disclosures in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF KORI HOLDINGS LIMITED

KEY AUDIT MATTER (Continued)

AUDIT RESPONSE

2

Loss allowance for trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets

As at 31 December 2023, the net carrying amounts of trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets aggregated to \$39,928,858 and represented approximately 94% of the Group's total current assets.

During the financial year, loss allowance of \$826,653 was recognised in profit or loss. In addition, the Group is exposed to significant concentration of credit risk in relation to its top 3 customers which contributed approximately 89% of the total trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets as at 31 December 2023.

Management estimates the lifetime expected credit losses by taking into account the historical payment trends, default payment information, credit profile of its customers and an assessment of both the current and forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the Group's customers, all of which involved significant judgement.

We have determined the assessment of loss allowance for trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets to be a key audit matter as it involved significant judgements and critical assumptions applied by management.

Refer to Notes 13, 14 and 30.1 to the accompanying financial statements.

We performed the following audit procedures, amongst others:

- Tested the trade receivables aging report used by management in its recoverability assessment;
- Reviewed collectability of trade receivables by obtaining evidence of receipts from the debtors on a sampling basis subsequent to the year-end;
- Assessed the reasonableness of management's loss allowance estimates by reviewing the information used to determine such judgements, including testing the reasonableness of historical default rate, checked the profile of its customers and evaluated the current and forward-looking information in determining the provision rates; and
- Assessed the adequacy of the related disclosures in the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF KORI HOLDINGS LIMITED

KEY AUDIT MATTER (Continued)

AUDIT RESPONSE

3

Recoverability of current income tax recoverable

As at 31 December 2023, the Group recorded current income tax recoverable of \$643,094 with respect to revised tax computations submitted to the tax authority. The recoverability is largely dependent on the tax authority accepting the Group's revised tax computations arising from the restatement of financial results in prior years.

During the financial year, a subsidiary of the Group was informed by the tax authority that the capital allowances previously disregarded could be claimed, subject to clarification on its adoption of SFRS(I) 15 and the adjustments thereof relating to the recognition of those qualifying assets in the prior financial years. Management continues to engage the tax authority, along with its independent tax advisor, to justify that the claims were appropriate in the prior financial years. Based on the advice received from the independent tax advisor, management has determined that the tax recoverable of \$643,094 recorded as at 31 December 2023 remains appropriate under the relevant income tax rule.

We have determined the income tax recoverable to be a key audit matter due to the significant judgement made by management and tax specialist in the recoverability assessment.

Refer to Note 9 to the accompanying financial statements.

We performed the following audit procedures, amongst others:

- Obtained and read the correspondences between the Group, independent tax advisor and tax authority;
- Held discussions with management to understand if there were any major developments subsequent to the receipt of the letter from the tax authority;
- Engage our internal tax specialist to evaluate the appropriateness of management's judgement, which is supported by the advice from independent tax advisor, under the relevant income tax rule; and
- Assessed the adequacy of the related disclosures in the financial statements.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF KORI HOLDINGS LIMITED

Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SFRS(I)s and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF KORI HOLDINGS LIMITED

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Lee Kuang Hon.

BDO LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Singapore 2 April 2024

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF **COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

| | Note | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
|---|------|--------------|--------------|
| Revenue | 5 | 17,870,601 | 19,494,462 |
| Cost of sales | | (12,639,539) | (12,671,556) |
| Gross profit | | 5,231,062 | 6,822,906 |
| Other items of income | | | |
| Interest income | 6 | 16,474 | 6,984 |
| Other income | 6 | 50,910 | 400,559 |
| Other items of expense | | | |
| Administrative and other expenses | | (3,525,134) | (3,051,600) |
| Loss allowance reversed/(made) | | | |
| - trade receivables | | 44,133 | (96,192) |
| - unbilled receivables | | (685,425) | (1,550,183) |
| - retention receivables | | (125,035) | (356,814) |
| - contract assets | | (60,326) | (311,073) |
| Finance costs | 7 | (277,644) | (270,412) |
| Profit before income tax | 8 | 669,015 | 1,594,175 |
| Income tax expense | 9 | (145,972) | (238,583) |
| Profit for the financial year, attributable to owners of the parent | | 523,043 | 1,355,592 |
| Other comprehensive income Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | | | |
| Foreign currency differences on translation of foreign operations | | 7,422 | 5,954 |
| Other comprehensive income, net of tax | | 7,422 | 5,954 |
| Total comprehensive income for the financial year, attributable to owners of the parent | | 530,465 | 1,361,546 |
| Earnings per share | | | |
| Basic | 10 | 0.53 cents | 1.37 cents |
| Diluted | 10 | 0.53 cents | 1.34 cents |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

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STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2023

| | | | Group | C | Company |
|---|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------|------------|
| | Note | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| | | | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 11 | 32,269,960 | 32,705,307 | - | - |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 12 | | - | 25,825,255 | 25,825,255 |
| Total non-current assets | | 32,269,960 | 32,705,307 | 25,825,255 | 25,825,255 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables | 13 | 35,799,174 | 33,381,447 | 4,314,747 | 4,145,701 |
| Contract assets | 14 | 4,348,990 | 4,546,423 | - | - |
| Capitalised contract costs | 14 | 184,042 | 266,106 | _ | _ |
| Prepayments | | 159,914 | 236,616 | 297 | 557 |
| Current income tax recoverable | | 643,094 | 643,094 | | - |
| Cash and bank balances | 15 | 427,037 | 691,046 | 14,281 | 39,088 |
| Fixed deposits | 15 | 1,014,786 | 2,572,206 | , - | , - |
| Total current assets | | 42,577,037 | 42,336,938 | 4,329,325 | 4,185,346 |
| | | | | | |
| Less: | | | | | |
| Current liabilities | 16 | 7 470 F20 | 0 402 002 | E20 E00 | 245 751 |
| Trade and other payables Contract liabilities | 16 14 | 7,670,530 | 8,483,083 | 529,599 | 265,751 |
| Lease liabilities | 1 4 17 | 6,961,395 | 5,242,284 | - | - |
| Bank borrowings | 18 | 188,601 764,950 | 202,520 1,749,914 | - | - |
| Current income tax payable | 10 | 704,930 | 5,863 | - | 5,863 |
| Total current liabilities | | 15,585,476 | 15,683,664 | 529,599 | 271,614 |
| Net current assets | | 26,991,561 | 26,653,274 | 3,799,726 | |
| Het Current assets | | 20,771,301 | 20,033,274 | 3,777,720 | 3,913,732 |
| Less: | | | | | |
| Non-current liabilities | | | | | |
| Lease liabilities | 17 | 114,499 | 158,037 | - | - |
| Bank borrowings | 18 | 388,287 | 1,153,152 | - | - |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 19 | 1,147,000 | 1,001,029 | 7,000 | 31,000 |
| Convertible bonds | 20 | 2,846,777 | 2,811,870 | 2,846,777 | 2,811,870 |
| Provisions | 21 | 50,000 | 50,000 | | |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 4,546,563 | 5,174,088 | 2,853,777 | 2,842,870 |
| Net assets | | 54,714,958 | 54,184,493 | 26,771,204 | 26,896,117 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| | | | Group | С | ompany |
|---|------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Note | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Equity | | | | | |
| Share capital | 22 | 32,290,650 | 32,290,650 | 32,290,650 | 32,290,650 |
| Merger reserve | 23 | (25,627,521) | (25,627,521) | - | - |
| Foreign currency translation account | 24 | (5,585) | (13,007) | - | - |
| Capital reserve | 25 | 39,012 | 39,012 | 39,012 | 39,012 |
| Retained earnings/(Accumulated losses) | 26 | 48,018,402 | 47,495,359 | (5,558,458) | (5,433,545) |
| Total equity attributable to owners of the parent | | 54,714,958 | 54,184,493 | 26,771,204 | 26,896,117 |

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| | | • | Attr | Attributable to owners of the parent | rs of the pare | nt | ↑ |
|--|------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|-----------------|
| Group | Note | Share capital | Merger reserve | Foreign currency translation account | Capital reserve | Retained | Total equity |
| | | ~ | ~ | φ. | s, | \$ | . |
| Balance at 1 January 2023 | | 32,290,650 | (25,627,521) | (13,007) | 39,012 | 47,495,359 | 54,184,493 |
| Profit for the financial year | | 1 | 1 | | | 523,043 | 523,043 |
| Other comprehensive income for the financial year: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations | 24 | • | • | 7,422 | | | 7,422 |
| Total comprehensive income for the financial year | l | • | • | 7,422 | • | 523,043 | 530,465 |
| Balance at 31 December 2023 | , II | 32,290,650 | (25,627,521) | (5,585) | 39,012 | 48,018,402 | 54,714,958 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| | | • | Attri | Attributable to owners of the parent | s of the parer | ± | ^ |
|--|------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Group | Note | Share capital \$ | Merger reserve \$ | Foreign currency translation account | Capital reserve \$ | Retained earnings \$ | Total equity \$ |
| Balance at 1 January 2022 | | 32,290,650 | (25,627,521) | (18,961) | • | 46,139,767 | 52,783,935 |
| Profit for the financial year | | | | | | 1,355,592 | 1,355,592 |
| Other comprehensive income for the financial year: Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations | 24 | • | | 5,954 | • | • | 5,954 |
| Total comprehensive income for the financial year | | • | • | 5,954 | • | 1,355,592 | 1,361,546 |
| Total transactions with owners, recognised directly in equity: Recognition of equity component of convertible bonds, representing total transactions with owners | 25 | • | • | • | 39,012 | • | 39,012 |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 | ' ' | 32,290,650 | (25,627,521) | (13,007) | 39,012 | 47,495,359 | 54,184,493 |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

| | Note | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
|---|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| Operating activities | | | |
| Profit before income tax | | 669,015 | 1,594,175 |
| Adjustments for: | | | |
| Amortisation of capitalised contract costs | 14 | 82,064 | 208,723 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment | 11 | 1,672,173 | 1,669,620 |
| Loss on disposal and write-off of property, plant and equipment | | 1,045,615 | 427,530 |
| Interest expense | | 279,499 | 273,286 |
| Interest income | | (16,474) | (6,984) |
| Loss allowance made/(reversed) | | | |
| - trade receivables | | (44,133) | 96,192 |
| - unbilled receivables | | 685,425 | 1,550,183 |
| - retention receivables | | 125,035 | 356,814 |
| - contract assets | | 60,326 | 311,073 |
| Unrealised exchange difference | _ | 9,982 | 47,196 |
| Operating cash flows before working capital changes | | 4,568,527 | 6,527,808 |
| Working capital changes: | | | |
| Trade and other receivables | | (3,184,054) | (9,398,136) |
| Contract assets | | 137,107 | 2,166,763 |
| Capitalised contract costs | | - | (13,999) |
| Trade and other payables | | (3,251,737) | 1,001,128 |
| Contract liabilities | | 1,719,111 | 1,455,921 |
| Prepayments | _ | 76,702 | 33,734 |
| Cash generated from operations | _ | 65,656 | 1,773,219 |
| Income tax paid | | (5,863) | (2,472) |
| Net cash from operating activities | - | 59,793 | 1,770,747 |
| Investing activities | | | |
| Interest received | | 16,474 | 6,984 |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | | 216,637 | 2,032,110 |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | 11 | (121,591) | (1,918,515) |
| Net cash from investing activities | | 111,520 | 120,579 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

| | Note | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
|---|------|-------------|-------------|
| Financing activities | | | |
| Release of/(addition) pledged fixed deposits | | 1,053,524 | (363) |
| Repayments of principal portion of lease liabilities | Α | (220,724) | (260,695) |
| Repayments of interest portion of lease liabilities | Α | (6,785) | (7,015) |
| Proceeds from bank borrowings | Α | - | 248,174 |
| Repayments of bank borrowings | Α | (1,749,829) | (4,448,450) |
| Proceeds from convertible bonds | Α | - | 3,000,000 |
| Payments for issuance of convertible bonds | Α | - | (159,210) |
| Proceeds of loan from a director | | 90,000 | 500,000 |
| Repayment of loan to a director | | (40,000) | (130,000) |
| Interest paid | _ | (63,749) | (192,542) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | - | (937,563) | (1,450,101) |
| Net change in cash and cash equivalents | | (766,250) | 441,225 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year | | 1,196,969 | 756,050 |
| Effects of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | _ | (1,655) | (306) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year | 15 | 429,064 | 1,196,969 |

Note A: Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

| | erty, ment lities 31.12.2023 | S | 163,267 303,100 | - 1,153,237 | - 2,846,777 | | Additions of property, plant and equipment under lease 131.12.2022 | | 309,569 360,557 | - 2,903,066 | - 2,811,870 |
|------------------|--|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|------------------------------|--|-----------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| Non-cash changes | Additions of property, plant and equipment under lease liabilities | | | | | Non-cash changes | Allocation to and capital reserve | \$ | | • | (39,012) |
| Non-cas | Accretion of interest | \$ | 6,785 | • | 34,907 | Non-cas | Accretion of interest | · | 7,015 | | 10,092 |
| | Cash flows | • | (227,509) | (1,749,829) | • | Foreign exchange differences | | | . (23,023) | | |
| | 023 | ۰ د | 360,557 | 990 | 870 | | Cach lows | • | (267,710) | (4,200,276) | 2,840,790 |
| | 1.1.2023 | | 360, | 2,903,066 | 2,811,870 | | 1 1 2022 | · • | 311,683 | 7,126,365 | |
| | | | Lease liabilities | Bank borrowings | Convertible bonds | | | | Lease liabilities | Bank borrowings | Convertible bonds |

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

1. General corporate information

Kori Holdings Limited is a public limited company, incorporated and domiciled in Singapore with its registered office and principal place of business at 11 Sims Drive, #06-01 SCN Centre, Singapore 387385. The Company's registration number is 201212407R. The Company is listed on the Catalist Board of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and management and administrative support to its subsidiary corporations.

The Group's ultimate controlling party is Mr Hooi Yu Koh.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 12 to the financial statements.

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the material policy information in the relevant notes to the financial statements and on a going concern basis as set out in Note 4 to the financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company are presented in Singapore dollar ("\$") which is the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with SFRS(I)s requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the Group's application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are summarised below and detailed disclosures are included in the respective notes to the financial statements.

Critical judgements applied:

- Leasing of steel beams (Note 5)
- Recoverability of income tax recoverable (Note 9)
- Potential income tax liability (Note 9)

Significant accounting estimates and assumptions used:

- Revenue recognition Estimation of total contract costs (Note 5)
- Estimation of useful life and residual value of steel beams (Note 11)
- Expected credit loss allowance (Note 30.1)

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

2. Basis of preparation of financial statements (Continued)

Changes in accounting policies

New standards, amendments and interpretations effective from 1 January 2023

On 1 January 2023, the Group adopted the new or amended SFRS(I) and interpretations to SFRS(I) that are mandatory for application for the financial year. The adoption of these standards did not result in significant changes to the Group's accounting policies and had no material impact to the Group's financial statements, except as disclosed below.

Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Disclosure of Accounting Policies and SFRS(I) Practice Statements 2

Management has followed the guidance to the amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1 and SFRS(I) Practice Statement 2 in determining which accounting policy information is material. For the preparation of financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023, the material accounting policy information have been included in the respective notes to the financial statements.

Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-12 Income taxes: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction

The amendments clarify whether the initial recognition exemption applies to certain transactions that result in both an asset and a liability being recognised simultaneously. The amendments introduce an additional criterion for the initial recognition exemption under paragraph 15 of SFRS(I) 1-12, whereby the exemption does not apply to the initial recognition of an asset or liability which at the time of transaction, gives rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The amendment should be applied to transaction that occur on or after the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented. Deferred tax assets should be recognised to the extent that it is probable that they can be utilised and deferred tax liabilities should be recognised at the beginning of the earliest comparative period for all deductible and taxable temporary differences associated with the Group's right-of-use assets and lease liability in the scope of SFRS(I) 16.

The Group has previously accounted for the deferred taxes on right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. Therefore, the amendments have no effect on the financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2023 and relevant disclosure is included in Note 19 to the financial statements.

New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective

There are a number of standards, amendments to standards and interpretations that are effective in future accounting periods and the Group has not decided to early adopt. The Group does not expect any of these standards upon adoption will have a material impact to the Group.

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3. Segment information

Management has determined the operating segments that are used to make strategic decisions.

During the financial years ended 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, the Group operated mainly in Singapore and all non-current assets were located in Singapore. Accordingly, an analysis of non-current assets and revenue of the Group by geographical distribution has not been presented.

The Group has two reportable segments being structural steel works and tunnelling works.

The structural steel segment provides services to design, purchase and fabricate reusable steel struts and steel beams for temporary strutting works in earth retaining or stabilising structures for excavation works and rental of steel beams.

The tunnelling segment supplies skilled personnel with the required technical expertise to provide macro-tunnelling works.

The Group's reportable segments are strategic business units that are organised based on their function and targeted customer groups. They are managed separately because each business unit requires different skill sets and marketing strategies.

Management monitors the operating results of the segments separately for the purpose of making decisions about resources to be allocated and of assessing performance. Segment performance is evaluated based on operation profit or loss which is similar to the accounting profit or loss.

Income taxes are managed by the management of the Group.

The accounting policies of the operating segments are the same of those described in the material accounting policies. There is no asymmetrical allocation to reportable segments. Management evaluates performance on the basis of profit or loss from operation before tax expense not including non-recurring gains and losses and foreign exchange gains or losses.

There is no change from prior periods in the measurement methods used to determine reported segment profit or loss.

The Group accounts for intersegment sales and transfer as if the sales or transfers were to third parties, which approximate market prices. These intersegment transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

Segment results include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise corporate assets, liabilities and expenses which are not directly attributable to a particular reportable segment above as they are not separately reported to the chief operating decision maker.

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NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3. Segment information (Continued)

| | Structural steel \$ | Tunnelling \$ | Unallocated | Total \$ |
|--|---------------------------|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 2023 | | | | |
| External revenue | 16,847,312 | 1,023,289 | - | 17,870,601 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Loss allowance reversed/(made) | (1,428,359) | (20,963) | (222,851) | (1,672,173) |
| - trade receivables | 32,386 | 11,747 | - | 44,133 |
| - unbilled receivables | (685,425) | - | - | (685,425) |
| retention receivables contract assets Loss on disposal and write-off of property, plant and equipment Segment profit/(loss) | (115,726) | (9,309) | - | (125,035) |
| | (60,207) | (119) | - | (60,326) |
| | (1,043,563) 4,127,716 | - (766,872) | (2,052) (2,430,659) | (1,045,615) 930,185 |
| Interest income | | | | 16,474 |
| Interest expenses | | | | (277,644) |
| Income tax expense | | | | (145,972) |
| Profit for the financial year | | | = | 523,043 |
| Reportable segment assets | 71,354,703 | 652,945 | 2,839,349 | 74,846,997 |
| Included in the segment assets: Additions to property, plant and equipment | 2,323,995 | _ | 175,990 | 2,499,985 |
| | 2,323,773 | | 173,770 | 2,177,703 |
| Reportable segment liabilities Deferred tax liabilities Total Group's liabilities | 10,819,549 | - | 8,165,490 _ | 18,985,039 1,147,000 20,132,039 |
| • | | | _ | |

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3. Segment information (Continued)

| | Structural steel \$ | Tunnelling \$ | Unallocated \$ | Total \$ |
|---|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|--|
| 2022 | | | | |
| External revenue | 17,933,014 | 1,561,448 | - | 19,494,462 |
| Depreciation of property, plant and equipment Loss allowance made | (1,273,053) | - | (396,567) | (1,669,620) |
| - trade receivables | (79,426) | (16,766) | - | (96,192) |
| - unbilled receivables | (1,550,183) | - | - | (1,550,183) |
| - retention receivables | (343,828) | (12,986) | - | (356,814) |
| - contract assets | (273,196) | (37,877) | - | (311,073) |
| Loss on disposal and write-off of property, plant and equipment Segment profit/(loss) | (401,138) 5,309,059 | - (1,201,553) | (26,392) (2,249,903) | (427,530) 1,857,603 |
| Interest income Interest expenses Income tax expense Profit for the financial year | | | _ | 6,984 (270,412) (238,583) 1,355,592 |
| Reportable segment assets | 67,928,106 | 2,261,349 | 4,852,790 | 75,042,245 |
| Included in the segment assets: Additions to property, plant and equipment | 1,130,974 | - | 359,569 | 1,490,543 |
| Reportable segment liabilities Current income tax payables Deferred tax liabilities Total Group's liabilities | 9,500,249 | - | 10,350,611 | 19,850,860 5,863 1,001,029 20,857,752 |

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NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

3. Segment information (Continued)

Geographical information

During the financial year ended 31 December 2023, the Group operated mainly in Singapore and revenue from external customers were generated in Singapore. Accordingly, an analysis of revenue from external customers of the Group by geographical distribution has not been presented.

Location of non-current assets

| | Singapore | Malaysia | Group |
|--------------------|------------|----------|------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| 2023 | | | |
| Non-current assets | 32,255,438 | 14,522 | 32,269,960 |
| | | | |
| 2022 | | | |
| Non-current assets | 32,689,264 | 16,043 | 32,705,307 |

Non-current assets are property, plant and equipment which includes right-of-use assets as presented in the statement of financial position of the Group.

Major customers

The revenues from 4 customers (2022: 5 customers) of the Group's structural steel and tunnelling segment and the details of customers which individually contributed 10 percent or more of the Group's revenue during the financial year were as follows:

| | | Group | | | |
|------------|------------|------------------|----|-----------|--|
| | Struc | Structural steel | | nelling | |
| | 2023 | 2023 2022 | | 2022 | |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Customer A | 5,327,804 | 6,427,527 | - | - | |
| Customer B | - | 2,564 | - | 1,561,448 | |
| Customer C | 1,928,299 | 2,692,587 | - | - | |
| Customer D | 3,800,687 | 3,552,800 | - | - | |
| Customer E | 3,564,824 | 2,692,548 | - | | |
| | 14,621,614 | 15,368,026 | - | 1,561,448 | |

4. Going concern

During the financial year, the Group recorded profit before tax of \$669,015 and generated positive cash flows from operating activities of \$59,793. As at 31 December 2023, although the Group had cash and cash equivalents of \$429,064, the Group had net current assets of \$26,991,561 which included unbilled receivables and contract assets of \$32,020,556 and \$4,348,990 respectively.

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

4. Going concern (Continued)

Notwithstanding the above, management has assessed that the use of going concern assumption to prepare the financial statements to be appropriate based on the following factors:

- (i) The Group has adequate funds to meet its debt obligations and working capital requirements based on a 18-months projected cash flows for the Group from 1 January 2024; and
- (ii) The Group has ongoing projects with the remaining total contract value of approximately \$135 million. The management estimates that there will be adequate cash inflows generated from these projects in next 18 months.

The Group and the Company actively manage their operating cash flows and availability of funds so as to ensure that its repayment and funding needs are met. Accordingly, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Group and the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due for the ensuing twelve months.

5. Revenue

Disaggregation of revenue

The Group has disaggregated revenue into the following categories:

| | | ctural steel ks segment | | nnelling s segment | | Total |
|-----------------------|------------|----------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Construction services | | | | | | |
| - Over time | 6,621,719 | 4,793,457 | 1,023,289 | 1,561,448 | 7,645,008 | 6,354,905 |
| Rental of steel beams | 10,225,593 | 13,139,557 | - | - | 10,225,593 | 13,139,557 |
| | 16,847,312 | 17,933,014 | 1,023,289 | 1,561,448 | 17,870,601 | 19,494,462 |

All revenues of the Group are generated within Singapore.

Material accounting policy information, critical judgements, and significant estimates

(a) Revenue from construction services

The Group recognises revenue from providing civil/structural engineering and infrastructural construction services such as installation and dismantling services for structural steel works and supply of labour for tunnelling works ("Construction Services") as a sub-contractor for commercial, industrial and public infrastructural construction projects.

Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in contracts with customers and excludes amount collected on behalf of third parties (i.e. sales related taxes).

The Group's Construction Services are segregated into the structural steel works and tunnelling segments which are under long-term contracts with customers. Such contracts are entered before the construction of the commercial, industrial or public infrastructural projects. The Group has assessed that these Construction Services contracts qualify for over time revenue recognition as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Group as the project progresses.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

5. Revenue (Continued)

Disaggregation of revenue (Continued)

Material accounting policy information, critical judgements, and significant estimates (Continued)

(a) Revenue from construction services (Continued)

The stage of completion is assessed by reference to the contract costs incurred till date in proportion to the total estimated contract costs of each contract as approved by management ("input method") and excludes goods or services for which the Group does not transfer control to its customers.

The Group becomes entitled to invoice customers for Construction Services based on acknowledgement of payment certification by the main contractors. The Group submits a progress claim on a monthly basis to the main contractor for assessment of work performed. The Group would have previously recognised a contract asset for any work performed. Any amount previously recognised as a contract asset is reclassified to trade receivables at the point at which it is invoiced to the customer. If the payment exceeds the revenue recognised to date under the input method then the Group recognises a contract liability for the difference. The period between the completion of the Construction Services and payment by the customer may exceed one financial year. For such contracts, there is no significant financing component present as the payment terms is an industry practice to protect the customer from the Group's failure to adequately complete some or all of its obligations under the contract. As a consequence, the Group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Estimates of revenue, costs or extent of progress towards completion are revised if circumstances change. Any resulting increases or decreases in estimated revenue or costs are reflected in the profit or loss in the period in which the circumstances that give rise to the revision become known by the Group.

Estimation of total contract costs

Significant assumptions are used to estimate the total contract costs which will affect the revenue recognised in profit or loss. In making these estimates, management has relied on past experiences and expertise of the Group's project specialist.

As at 31 December 2023, contract assets of \$4,348,990 (2022: \$4,546,423) and contract liabilities of \$6,961,395 (2022: \$5,242,284) were recognised based on the estimation of Group's work progress using input method. If total contract costs of ongoing contracts to be incurred had been higher or lower by 3% (2022: 4%) from management's estimates, the Group's revenue, and net of contract assets/contract liabilities would have been lower and higher by approximately \$1,215,000 and \$1,309,000 (2022: \$1,322,000 and \$1,432,000) respectively.

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

5. Revenue (Continued)

Disaggregation of revenue (Continued)

Material accounting policy information, critical judgements, and significant estimates (Continued)

(b) Rental income

Rental income from supply of steel beams (net of any incentives given to lessees) is recognised on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

Leasing of steel beams

For revenue from contracts with customer under the structural steel works segment, the Group has identified that the supply of steel beams as an operating lease and revenue is measured separately from Construction Services. This assessment requires the Group to consider whether (i) the fulfilment of the Construction Services is dependent on the use of steel beams; and (ii) the Constructions Services conveys a right to use the steel beams.

Upon considering the above factors, the Group has determined that its supply of steel beams embedded in the revenue from contract with customers for Construction Services constitute a leasing arrangement.

6. Other income

| | (| Group |
|---|--------|---------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Interest income | | |
| Financial assets measured at amortised cost | | |
| - Bank deposits | 16,474 | 6,984 |
| Other income Government grants | | |
| - Foreign worker levy waiver and rebate | | 212,100 |
| - Others | 11,885 | 43,508 |
| | 11,885 | 255,608 |
| Secondment of workers | - | 49,103 |
| Insurance claims | 4,468 | 75,450 |
| Foreign exchange gain, net | 24,126 | - |
| Others | 10,431 | 20,398 |
| | 50,910 | 400,559 |

Government grants in the previous financial year refers to foreign worker levy waiver and rebate announced by the Singapore Government to provide business employers who hire foreign workers and to ease the labour costs of such firms.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

7. Finance costs

| | Group | |
|---|---------|---------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Interest expenses: | | |
| - Lease liabilities (Note 17) | 6,785 | 7,015 |
| - Bank borrowings | 63,108 | 184,053 |
| - Convertible bonds | 182,853 | 53,653 |
| - Loan from a director | 26,753 | 24,725 |
| - Others | | 3,840 |
| | 279,499 | 273,286 |
| Less: Interest expense allocated to cost of sales line item | (1,855) | (2,874) |
| | 277,644 | 270,412 |

Finance costs are recognised on a time-proportion basis in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

8. Profit before income tax

In addition to the charges and credits disclosed elsewhere in the notes to the financial statements, the above includes the following charges:

| | G | iroup |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Cost of sales | | |
| Accommodation of construction workers | 345,452 | 351,275 |
| Amortisation of capitalised contract costs | 82,064 | 208,723 |
| Hiring of machinery | 1,329,891 | 1,326,463 |
| Subcontractors charges | 413,646 | 237,287 |
| Worksite expenses | 3,285,291 | 2,421,453 |
| Administrative and other expenses Audit fees paid/payable to the auditors | | |
| - auditors of the Company | 85,000 | 80,000 |
| - other auditors - network firms | - | 6,700 |
| - other auditors | 589 | - |
| Non-audit related services fees paid/payable to auditors* | | |
| - auditors of the Company | 7,200 | 13,700 |
| - other auditors - network firms | - | 1,800 |
| - other auditors | 354 | - |
| Foreign exchange loss, net | - | 162,106 |
| Hiring of equipment | 31,104 | 30,816 |
| Professional fees | 166,722 | 210,678 |
| Loss on disposal and write-off of property, plant and equipment | 1,045,615 | 427,530 |

^{*} The Group has not incurred any audit-related services fee paid/payable to the auditors of the Company and other auditors.

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

8. Profit before income tax (Continued)

The Group has certain leases for workers' accommodation, hiring of machinery and hiring of equipment with lease term of 12 months or less. The Group applies the "short-term lease" exemptions for these leases.

Expenses relating to short-term leases include the following items within profit before income tax:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Lease expenses on short-term leases | | |
| - Accommodation of construction workers | 345,452 | 351,275 |
| - Hiring of machinery | 1,329,891 | 1,326,463 |
| - Hiring of equipment | 31,104 | 30,816 |
| _ | 1,706,447 | 1,708,554 |

The Group has not incurred any lease expenses on low value assets.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets is recognised in the following line items of the Group's profit or loss:

| | Group | |
|-------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Cost of sales | 1,449,320 | 1,415,986 |
| Administrative expenses | 222,853 | 253,634 |
| | 1,672,173 | 1,669,620 |

Employee benefits expense is recognised in the following line items of the Group's profit or loss:

| | Group | |
|--|------------|------------|
| | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
| Cost of sales | | |
| - salaries, wages, bonuses and other short-term benefits | 5,136,770 | 5,859,696 |
| - employer's contribution to defined contribution plans Administrative expenses | 111,210 | 125,163 |
| - salaries, wages, bonuses and other short-term benefits | 1,198,950 | 1,188,550 |
| - employer's contribution to defined contribution plans | 131,569 | 126,529 |
| | 6,578,499 | 7,299,938 |

Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Group pays fixed contributions into the Singapore Central Provident Fund and has no legal and constructive obligation to pay further once the payments are made.

Employee benefits expense includes the remuneration of key management personnel as disclosed in Note 29 to the financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

9. Income tax expense

| | Group | |
|---|------------------|----------------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Current income tax | | |
| - current financial year | | 5,863 |
| Deferred tax - current financial year - under/(over) provision in prior financial years | 141,000 4,972 | 402,000 (169,280) |
| - under/(over) provision in prior infancial years | 145,972 | 232,720 |
| | 3,772 | 232,720 |
| Total income tax expense recognised in profit or loss | 145,972 | 238,583 |

Critical judgements and significant estimates

Recoverability of income tax recoverable

During the financial year, a subsidiary of the Group was informed by the tax authority that the capital allowances previously disregarded could be claimed, subject to the subsidiary satisfying the tax authority that there was no double claim on the cost of steel beams with respect to certain years of assessment ("Relevant YAs"), which arose from the adoption of SFRS(I) 15. The subsidiary continues to engage the tax authority and has been invited to present its case in May 2024, to satisfy the queries raised. Based on the advice from the independent tax advisor, management had determined that the amount of \$643,094 recorded as income tax recoverable as at 31 December 2023 remains appropriate under the relevant income tax rule.

Potential income tax liability

During the financial year, a subsidiary of the Group received a protective income tax assessment from the tax authority imposing an additional tax liability of \$678,800 for the Year of Assessment ("YA") 2019. The alleged additional tax liability stemmed from the exclusion of certain carried-forward capital allowances attributable to the Relevant YAs, which are currently under review by the tax authority. The subsidiary subsequently filed a notice of objection to the protective assessment. Based on the advice received from the independent tax advisor, management is of the view that the likelihood of settlement for the additional tax liability is not probable. As such, no provision for this alleged tax liability has been recognised as at 31 December 2023.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

9. Income tax expense (Continued)

The income tax expense varied from the amount of income tax expense determined by applying the Singapore income tax rate of 17% (2022: 17%) to profit before income tax as a result of the following differences:

| | Group | |
|---|----------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Profit before income tax | 669,015 | 1,594,175 |
| Tax calculated at Singapore statutory income tax rate of 17% (2022: 17%) Effects of: | 113,733 | 271,010 |
| - Singapore statutory stepped income exemption | - | (6,713) |
| - Different income tax rate in overseas operations | 3,172 | (23,619) |
| - Expenses not deductible for tax purposes | 13,380 | 72,318 |
| - Income not subject to tax | (23,319) | (2,626) |
| - Deferred tax assets not recognised | 44,065 | 53,346 |
| Under/(Over) provision of deferred tax liabilities in prior financial years | 4,972 | (169,280) |
| - Others | (10,031) | 44,147 |
| | 145,972 | 238,583 |
| Unrecognised deferred tax assets | | |
| | C | iroup |
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at beginning of financial year | 103,720 | 61,280 |
| Amount not recognised during the financial year | 44,065 | 53,346 |
| Revision amount on the prior years' timing differences | - | (23,779) |
| Currency translation adjustment | (5,089) | 12,873 |
| Balance at end of financial year | 142,696 | 103,720 |

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NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

9. Income tax expense (Continued)

Unrecognised deferred tax assets (Continued)

Unrecognised deferred tax assets are attributable to:

| | G | Group | |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2023 20 | 2023 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ | |
| Unabsorbed capital allowances | 1,178 | 1,250 | |
| Unutilised tax losses | 140,189 | 99,432 | |
| Provision for unutilised leaves | 1,329 | 3,038 | |
| | 142,696 | 103,720 | |

Included in unutilised tax losses are the following tax losses of Kori Construction (M) Sdn. Bhd. which are available for offset against future taxable income for a period of 10 years from the year of assessment ("YA") incurred:

| | | G | roup |
|---------------|----------------|--------|--------|
| Year incurred | Year of expiry | 2023 | 2022 |
| | | \$ | \$ |
| 2018 | 2028 | 40,462 | 42,927 |
| 2021 | 2031 | 18,966 | 20,121 |
| 2022 | 2032 | 14,737 | 15,635 |
| 2023 | 2033 | 9,142 | - |
| | | 83,307 | 78,683 |

These deferred tax assets have not been recognised as there is no certainty that there will be sufficient future taxable profits to offset against these future benefits. Accordingly, these deferred tax assets have not been recognised in the financial statements.

10. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit for the financial year attributable to owners of the parent by the actual number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year. As the Group has no dilutive potential ordinary shares, the diluted earnings per share is equivalent to basic earnings per share for the financial year.

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

10. Earnings per share (Continued)

(a) Basic earnings per share

| | | Group |
|---|------------|-------------|
| | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
| The calculation of basic earnings per share is based on the following data: | | |
| Profit attributable to owners of the parent | \$523,043 | \$1,355,592 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for basic earnings per share | 99,200,000 | 99,200,000 |
| a national minings per arm a | | , |
| Basic earnings per share | 0.53 cents | 1.37 cents |

(b) Diluted earnings per share

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, profit attributable to equity holders of the Company and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company's convertible bonds are the only dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Convertible bonds are assumed to have been converted into ordinary shares at issuance and the net profit is adjusted to eliminate the interest expense less the tax effect.

Diluted earnings per share for attributable to owners of the parent is calculated as follows:

| | | Group |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| The calculation of diluted earnings per share is based on the following data: | | |
| Profit attributable to owners of the parent | 523,043 | 1,355,592 |
| Add/(Less): | | |
| Interest expense on convertible bonds | 182,853 | 53,653 |
| Tax effect relating to interest expense on convertible bonds | (5,934) | (1,716) |
| Earnings used in diluted earnings per share | 699,962 | 1,407,529 |
| | | |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used | | |
| for basic earnings per share | 99,200,000 | 99,200,000 |
| Effect of convertible bonds | 18,750,000 | 5,496,575 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding used | | _ |
| for diluted earnings per share | 117,950,000 | 104,696,575 |
| | | |
| Diluted earnings per share* | 0.53 cents | 1.34 cents |
| | | |

^{*} For the financial year ended 31 December 2023, diluted earnings per share was the same as the basic earnings per share because the effect of potential ordinary shares to be issued upon conversion of the convertible bond was anti-dilutive as the diluted earnings per share was higher than the basic earnings per share.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | Leasehold land and building | Furniture and fittings \$ | Motor vehicles \$ | Office equipment \$ | Plant and machinery \$ | Office premises/ warehouse \$ | Steel beams \$ | Total \$ |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------|
| Group Cost | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2023 | 30,527 | 79,049 | 266,827 | 85,971 | 587,512 | 627,318 | 43,369,156 | 45,046,360 |
| Additions | • | 2,430 | 53,684 | 1,093 | 7,600 | 111,183 | 2,323,995 | 2,499,985 |
| Disposal and write-off | • | (71,928) | (49,471) | (5,733) | 1 | (267,745) | (2,009,764) | (2,404,641) |
| Currency translation adjustment | (1,753) | - | (788) | (38) | - | | | (2,579) |
| Balance at 31 December 2023 | 28,774 | 9,551 | 270,252 | 81,293 | 595,112 | 470,756 | 43,683,387 | 45,139,125 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2023 | 14,605 | 73,827 | 250,336 | 42,526 | 580,891 | 262,522 | 11,116,346 | 12,341,053 |
| Depreciation charged | 591 | 3,243 | 32,147 | 9,303 | 3,131 | 199,966 | 1,423,792 | 1,672,173 |
| Disposal and write-off | • | (71,323) | (49,471) | (5,733) | • | (264, 367) | (751,495) | (1,142,389) |
| Currency translation adjustment | (853) | - | (788) | (31) | - | - | - | (1,672) |
| Balance at 31 December 2023 | 14,343 | 5,747 | 232,224 | 46,065 | 584,022 | 198,121 | 11,788,643 | 12,869,165 |
| Carrying amount | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 31 December 2023 | 14,431 | 3,804 | 38,028 | 35,228 | 11,090 | 272,635 | 31,894,744 | 32,269,960 |

Property, plant and equipment

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

| | Leasehold land and building \$ | Furniture and fittings \$ | Motor vehicles \$ | Motor Office vehicles equipment \$ | Plant and machinery \$ | Office premises/ warehouse \$ | Steel beams \$ | Construction in progress \$ | Total \$ |
|---|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| Group | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2022 | 1,120,298 | 83,324 | 345,433 | 108,398 | 587,512 | 1,043,836 | 43,395,519 | 943,824 | 47,628,144 |
| Additions | 1 | i | | • | • | 359,569 | 1,130,974 | • | 1,490,543 |
| Disposal and write-off | (1,029,391) | (4,045) | (77,751) | (22,325) | • | (776,087) | (1,157,337) | (893,091) | (3,960,027) |
| Currency translation adjustment | (60,380) | (230) | (852) | (102) | • | • | • | (50,733) | (112,300) |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 | 30,527 | 79,049 | 266,827 | 85,971 | 587,512 | 627,318 | 43,369,156 | • | 45,046,360 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2022 | 198,404 | 68,760 | 312,453 | 55,657 | 579,047 | 791,195 | 791,195 10,178,105 | • | 12,183,621 |
| Depreciation charged | 3,786 | 8,042 | 16,489 | 8,766 | 1,844 | 247,414 | 1,383,279 | • | 1,669,620 |
| Disposal and write-off | (176,843) | (2,826) | (77,751) | (21,842) | • | (776,087) | (445,038) | • | (1,500,387) |
| Currency translation adjustment | (10,742) | (149) | (855) | (55) | - | - | - | - | (11,801) |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 | 14,605 | 73,827 | 250,336 | 42,526 | 580,891 | 262,522 | 11,116,346 | 1 | 12,341,053 |
| Carrying amount Balance at 31 December 2022 | 15,922 | 5,222 | 16,491 | 43,445 | 6,621 | 364,796 | 364,796 32,252,810 | | 32,705,307 |

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

11. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

(a) For the purpose of consolidated statement of cash flows, the additions to property, plant and equipment were financed as follows:

| | 2023 | 2022 |
|--|-------------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ |
| Additions during the financial year | 2,499,985 | 1,490,543 |
| Additions through lease arrangements | (164,867) | (309,569) |
| Additions through trade payables Cash payment for additions through trade payables | (2,323,997) | (962,296) |
| in the prior financial year | 110,470 | 1,699,837 |
| Cash payment to acquire plant and equipment | 121,591 | 1,918,515 |

Right-of-use of assets under leasing arrangements are presented together with the owned assets of the same class. Details of such leased assets are disclosed below and disclosures relating to lease arrangements are included under Note 17 to the financial statements.

Material accounting policy information and significant estimates

(b) All items of property, plant and equipment (excluding right-of-use assets) are initially recognised at cost. After initial recognition, property, plant and equipment (excluding right-of-use assets) are stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their depreciable amounts over their estimated useful lives on the following bases:

| Leasehold land and building | 50 |
|-----------------------------|---------|
| Furniture and fittings | 10 |
| Motor vehicles | 5 |
| Office equipment | 1 to 10 |
| Plant and machinery | 5 |
| Office premises/warehouse | 2 to 20 |
| Steel beams | 15 |

Years

Estimated useful life and residual value of steel beams

The costs of steel beams are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their estimate useful economic life. Management estimates the useful life of these steel beams to be 15 years. Changes in the expected level of usage could impact the estimated economic useful life and the residual value of these assets, therefore estimates of future depreciation charges could be revised if expectations differ from previous estimates. As at 31 December 2023, the Group's carrying amount of steel beams amounted to \$31,894,744 (2022: \$32,252,810).

If expected useful life of these assets from management's estimate had been higher or lower by 3 years from management's estimates, the Group's profit would have been higher and lower by approximately \$174,000 and \$693,000 (2022: \$341,000 and \$812,000) respectively.

During the financial year, the management has assessed the Group' residual value of its steel beams. The management is of the view that the residual value of \$500 per ton remain appropriate at the end of the reporting period.

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

11. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Right-of-use assets classified within property, plant and equipment

| | | Offic premise warehous | s/ M | otor icles equ | Office uipment \$ | Total \$ |
|---|---------------|------------------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Group | | | • | · | · | • |
| Cost | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2023 | | 623,48 | | ,471 | 24,740 | 697,700 |
| Additions Decognition of right of use | accets | 111,18 | | ,684 | - | 164,867 |
| Derecognition of right-of-use Balance at 31 December 202 | - | (263,92 470,75 | | ,471) ,684 | 24,740 | (313,391) 549,176 |
| Datance at 31 December 202 | _ | 470,73 | JL 33 | ,004 | 24,740 | 347,170 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2023 | | 260,52 | 26 32 | ,980 | 3,092 | 296,598 |
| Depreciation charged | | 199,91 | | ,147 | 2,474 | 234,532 |
| Derecognition of right-of-use | - | (262,32 | | ,471) | - | (311,791) |
| Balance at 31 December 202 | 3 | 198,11 | 17 15 | ,656 | 5,566 | 219,339 |
| Carrying amount | | | | | | |
| Balance at 31 December 202 | 3 | 272,63 | 35 38 | ,028 | 19,174 | 329,837 |
| batance at 31 December 202 | _ | 272,00 | 30 | ,020 | 17,17 | 327,037 |
| | | warehouse | | | Office equipment | Total |
| Group | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Group Cost | | | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2022 | 1,087,868 | 894,156 | 310,200 | 127,222 | 54,852 | 2,474,298 |
| Additions | - | 359,569 | - | - | - | 359,569 |
| Derecognition of right-of-use | (4, 020, 204) | | (240, 200) | (77.754) | (20.442) | (2.077.400) |
| assets Currency translation | (1,029,391) | (630,236) | (310,200) | (77,751) | (30,112) | (2,077,690) |
| adjustment | (58,477) | - | - | - | - | (58,477) |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 | | 623,489 | - | 49,471 | 24,740 | 697,700 |
| A | | | | | | |
| Accumulated depreciation Balance at 1 January 2022 | 183,537 | 643,542 | 310,200 | 94,242 | 12 27/ | 1,243,795 |
| Depreciation charged | 3,172 | 247,220 | 510,200 | 16,489 | 2,474 | 269,355 |
| Derecognition of right-of-use | | | | | • | |
| assets Currency translation | (176,843) | (630,236) | (310,200) | (77,751) | (11,656) | (1,206,686) |
| adjustment | (9,866) | - | - | - | - | (9,866) |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 | | 260,526 | - | 32,980 | 3,092 | 296,598 |
| | | | | | | |
| Carrying amount | | 2/2 0/2 | | 47 404 | 24 (42 | 404 402 |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 | - | 362,963 | - | 16,491 | 21,648 | 401,102 |

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

11. Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Right-of-use assets classified within property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Material accounting policy information

The right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of either the remaining lease term or the remaining useful life of the right-of-use assets on the following bases:

| | Years |
|---------------------------|--------|
| Leasehold land | 43 |
| Office premises/warehouse | 1 to 2 |
| Motor vehicles | 3 |
| Office equipment | 5 to 9 |
| Machinery | 3 |

The Group leases office premises/warehouse, office equipment (i.e. copier machine), machinery (i.e. crawler crane) and motor vehicles with fixed payments over the lease terms.

During the financial year, lease liabilities of machinery, office premises/warehouse and motor vehicles with cost of \$Nil (2022: \$310,200), \$263,920 (2022: \$630,236) and \$49,471 (2022: \$77,751) respectively and carrying amount nil were fully settled and derecognised.

12. Investments in subsidiaries

| | Co | ompany |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Unquoted equity shares, at cost | 27,069,780 | 27,069,780 |
| Allowance for impairment loss | (1,244,525) | (1,244,525) |
| | 25,825,255 | 25,825,255 |

The details of the subsidiaries are as follows:

| Name | Country of business/ incorporation | Principal activities | Proport owned interess 2023 % | rship |
|--|------------------------------------|--|---|-------|
| Kori Construction (S) Pte. Ltd. (1) | Singapore | Building construction and civil engineering work | 100 | 100 |
| Ming Shin Construction (S) Pte. Ltd. (1) | Singapore | Building construction and civil engineering work | 100 | 100 |
| Kori Construction (M) Sdn. Bhd. (2)(3) | Malaysia | Dormant | 100 | 100 |

⁽¹⁾ Audited by BDO LLP, Singapore

⁽²⁾ Audited by BDO PLT, Malaysia, a member firm of BDO International Limited in FY2022.

⁽³⁾ Audited by another firm of auditors, YYC & CO PLT in FY2023.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

12. Investments in subsidiaries (Continued)

Movement in the allowance for impairment loss are as follows:

| | Co | ompany |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at beginning of financial year | 1,244,525 | - |
| Impairment loss recognised during the financial year | | 1,244,525 |
| Balance at end of financial year | 1,244,525 | 1,244,525 |

As at 31 December 2022, management had carried out impairment assessment arising from indicators of impairment on its investments in subsidiaries. Management used the fair value less costs of disposal ("FVLCD") as a proxy for the recoverable amount. The review led to the impairment loss of \$1,244,525 recognised by the Company. The fair value measurement is categorised as level 3 in the fair hierarchy based on the inputs used.

13. Trade and other receivables

| | Group | | Co | mpany |
|--------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Trade receivables | | | | |
| - Third parties | 771,874 | 1,805,994 | - | - |
| Loss allowance (Note 30) | (52,488) | (96,621) | - | - |
| | 719,386 | 1,709,373 | - | - |
| Unbilled receivables | | | | |
| - Third parties | 34,356,820 | 30,856,798 | - | - |
| Loss allowance (Note 30) | (2,336,264) | (1,650,839) | - | - |
| | 32,020,556 | 29,205,959 | - | - |
| Retention receivables | | | | |
| - Third parties | 3,471,349 | 2,715,171 | - | - |
| Loss allowance (Note 30) | (631,423) | (506,388) | - | - |
| | 2,839,926 | 2,208,783 | - | - |
| Other receivables | | | | |
| - Subsidiaries | - | - | 4,314,747 | 4,145,701 |
| - Third parties | 2,030 | 55,018 | - | - |
| | 2,030 | 55,018 | 4,314,747 | 4,145,701 |
| Deposits | 217,276 | 202,314 | - | |
| | 35,799,174 | 33,381,447 | 4,314,747 | 4,145,701 |

The Group and the Company recognise trade receivables in the statements of financial position principally from the provision of goods and services to customers. They are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

13. Trade and other receivables (Continued)

Trade receivables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and generally on 30 to 60 days credit terms.

The unbilled receivables in respect of lease income from the supply of steel beams to customers refers to the right to consideration in exchange for services provided which is conditional upon future billing.

Retention receivables are due for settlement after more than 12 months. They have been classified as current assets because they are expected to be realised in the normal operating cycle of the Group.

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

Other receivables from third parties are unsecured and non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

The Group's and the Company's exposure to credit and currency risks and loss allowance for trade receivables, unbilled receivables and retention receivables are disclosed in Note 30.1.

The currency profiles of trade and other receivables as at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

| | Group | | Company | |
|------------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Singapore dollar | 35,793,525 | 33,321,534 | 4,297,892 | 4,128,846 |
| Ringgit Malaysia | 5,649 | 59,913 | 16,855 | 16,855 |
| | 35,799,174 | 33,381,447 | 4,314,747 | 4,145,701 |

14. Contract assets, contract liabilities and capitalised contract costs

| | Group | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 | |
| | \$ | \$ | |
| Contract assets | | | |
| Structural steel works | 6,155,861 | 4,892,758 | |
| Tunnelling works | 16,061 | 1,416,271 | |
| | 6,171,922 | 6,309,029 | |
| Loss allowance (Note 30) | (1,822,932) | (1,762,606) | |
| | 4,348,990 | 4,546,423 | |
| Contract liabilities | | | |
| Structural steel works | 6,961,395 | 5,242,284 | |
| | | | |
| Capitalised contract costs | 184,042 | 266,106 | |
| | - | | |

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

14. Contract assets, contract liabilities and capitalised contract costs (Continued)

a) Significant changes in contract assets and contract liabilities

| | Group | | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|----------------|
| | Contr | act assets | Contra | ct liabilities |
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at beginning of financial year | 4,546,423 | 7,024,259 | 5,242,284 | 3,786,363 |
| Cumulative catch-up adjustments | (986,879) | (1,547,530) | (88,069) | 21,571 |
| Contract assets reclassified to trade receivables | (4,184,876) | (6,831,608) | - | - |
| Excess of revenue recognised over cash (or rights to cash) | 5,034,648 | 6,212,375 | - | - |
| Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liabilities balance at the beginning of | , , | , , | (2.046.004) | (2 205 405) |
| financial year Cash received in advance of performance and not recognised as | - | - | (3,046,004) | (3,205,405) |
| revenue | - | - | 4,853,184 | 4,639,755 |
| Loss allowance recognised | (60,326) | (311,073) | - | |
| Balance at end of financial year | 4,348,990 | 4,546,423 | 6,961,395 | 5,242,284 |

Contract assets represent the Group's rights to consideration for work completed and transferred to customer which are conditioned upon future performance. These contract assets arise as the customer is invoiced based on payment certification as stated in Note 5 to the financial statements. Contract assets are transferred to trade receivables when the rights become unconditional.

The cumulative catch-up adjustments reflect the changes in measurement of progress and contract modifications as at the end of the respective periods.

During the financial year, the scopes of certain contracts were changed, which resulted in the cumulative catch-up adjustments of \$986,879 (2022: \$1,932,977) to revenue in the current year on revenue recognised in the previous years, and \$88,069 (2022: \$363,876) being revenue recognised in the current year but related to fulfilment of performance obligations in the previous years.

At each reporting date, the Group carried out a review of the recoverable amounts of its contract assets. During the financial year, the Group recognised a loss allowance on contract assets arising from contracts with customers amounting to \$1,822,932 (2022: \$1,762,606) (Note 30.1).

Contract liabilities mainly relate to the Group's obligation to transfer goods or services to customers for which the Group has received advances from customers for structural steel works. Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue as the Group fulfils its performance obligations under the contract. Contract liabilities are generally utilised within 12 months.

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

14. Contract assets, contract liabilities and capitalised contract costs (Continued)

b) Remaining performance obligations

Certain construction contracts have been entered into for which both:

- the original contractual period was greater than 12 months; and
- the Group's right to consideration does not correspond directly with the performance.

The amount of revenue that will be recognised in future periods on these contracts when those remaining performance obligations will be satisfied is analysed as follows:

| | Group | | |
|--|-------------|-------------|--|
| | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ | |
| Structural steel works | | | |
| Within one financial year | 19,408,621 | 24,351,604 | |
| After one financial year but within five financial years | 92,460,270 | 135,950,530 | |
| After five financial years | 22,996,750 | | |
| | 134,865,641 | 160,302,134 | |
| | | | |

c) Capitalised contract costs

| | G | roup |
|--|----------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Capitalised contract costs to fulfil contracts | | |
| Balance at beginning of financial year | 266,106 | 460,830 |
| Additions | - | 13,999 |
| Amortisation | (82,064) | (208,723) |
| Balance at end of financial year | 184,042 | 266,106 |
| | | |

The capitalised contract costs relate to preliminary costs incurred to fulfil a contract and are amortised over the contractual period, which generally ranged from 1 to 2 (2022: 1 to 3) years. This amortisation charged for the financial year had been included in "cost of sales" line item of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

Costs to fulfil contracts for the construction relate to costs incurred for labour costs used to fulfil the contracts. These costs are amortised to profit or loss as cost of sales on a basis consistent with the pattern of recognition of the associated revenue.

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

15. Cash and bank balances

| | (| Group | | Group Compan | | npany |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|--------------|--|-------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | | |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | | |
| Cash and bank balances | 427,037 | 691,046 | 14,281 | 39,088 | | |
| Fixed deposits | 1,014,786 | 2,572,206 | - | | | |
| | 1,441,823 | 3,263,252 | 14,281 | 39,088 | | |

For the purpose of presenting the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

| | (| Group |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Cash and bank balances (as above) | 1,441,823 | 3,263,252 |
| Less: Fixed deposits pledged (Note 18) | (1,012,759) | (2,066,283) |
| Cash and cash equivalents per consolidated statement of cash flows | 429,064 | 1,196,969 |

Fixed deposits mature on a period of 12 months (2022: varying between 1 to 12 months) from the reporting period. The effective interest rate on the fixed deposits is 2% (2022: 0.05% to 2.70%) per annum.

As at 31 December 2023, the fixed deposits of the Group were pledged to banks as security for banking facilities as disclosed in Note 18 to the financial statements.

The currency profiles of cash and bank balances as at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

| | Group | | Company | |
|------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|--------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Singapore dollar | 1,422,509 | 3,228,237 | 14,281 | 39,088 |
| Ringgit Malaysia | 19,314 | 35,015 | - | |
| | 1,441,823 | 3,263,252 | 14,281 | 39,088 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

16. Trade and other payables

| | Group | | Company | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Trade payables | | | | |
| - Third parties | 1,572,429 | 4,039,361 | - | - |
| Other payables | | | | |
| - Third parties | 589,087 | 399,990 | 199,247 | 111,381 |
| - Amount due to a director | 574,642 | 524,642 | - | - |
| | 1,163,729 | 924,632 | 199,247 | 111,381 |
| Goods and services tax payables, net | 212,102 | 137,780 | 1,783 | 9,258 |
| Advance billings to customers | 3,722,708 | 2,362,197 | - | - |
| Accrued operating expenses | 761,225 | 955,474 | 137,062 | 101,550 |
| Interest payable | | | | |
| - Third parties | 191,507 | 43,562 | 191,507 | 43,562 |
| - Amount due to a director | 46,830 | 20,077 | - | - |
| | 238,337 | 63,639 | 191,507 | 43,562 |
| | 7,670,530 | 8,483,083 | 529,599 | 265,751 |

Trade and other payables, excluding value added tax and deferred government grants, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, where applicable, using the effective interest method.

Trade payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and are generally on 30 to 90 days credit terms.

Advance billings to customers are for rental of steel beams in respect of future financial periods.

Non-trade payables to third parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand.

Non-trade payables due to a director is unsecured, with interest bearing of 5% per annum and repayable on demand.

The currency profiles of trade and other payables as at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

| | Group | | Group Com _[| |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|---------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Singapore dollar | 7,511,701 | 6,846,012 | 529,599 | 265,751 |
| United States dollar | 135,447 | 1,496,444 | - | - |
| Ringgit Malaysia | 23,382 | 140,627 | - | - |
| | 7,670,530 | 8,483,083 | 529,599 | 265,751 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

17. Lease liabilities

| | Office premises/ warehouse | Motor vehicles | Office equipment | Total |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Group | | | | |
| Balance at 1 January 2023 | 323,523 | 17,180 | 19,854 | 360,557 |
| Additions | 111,183 | 53,684 | - | 164,867 |
| Derecognition | (1,600) | - | - | (1,600) |
| Interest expense (Note 7) | 5,086 | 984 | 715 | 6,785 |
| Lease payments | | | | |
| - Principal portion | (182,914) | (32,516) | (5,294) | (220,724) |
| - Interest portion | (5,086) | (984) | (715) | (6,785) |
| Balance at 31 December 2023 | 250,192 | 38,348 | 14,560 | 303,100 |
| Balance at 1 January 2022 | 252,645 | 33,890 | 25,148 | 311,683 |
| Additions | 309,569 | - | - | 309,569 |
| Interest expense (Note 7) | 5,609 | 691 | 715 | 7,015 |
| Lease payments | | | | |
| - Principal portion | (238,691) | (16,710) | (5,294) | (260,695) |
| - Interest portion | (5,609) | (691) | (715) | (7,015) |
| Balance at 31 December 2022 | 323,523 | 17,180 | 19,854 | 360,557 |

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities of the Group at each reporting date are as follows:

| | Group | |
|--|---------|---------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Contractual undiscounted cash flows | | |
| - Not later than one financial year | 194,809 | 208,209 |
| - Between one and five financial years | 116,816 | 162,125 |
| | 311,625 | 370,334 |
| Less: Future finance charges | (8,525) | (9,777) |
| Present value of lease liabilities | 303,100 | 360,557 |
| Presented in statement of financial position | | |
| - Current | 188,601 | 202,520 |
| - Non-current | 114,499 | 158,037 |
| | 303,100 | 360,557 |

The lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date.

After initial recognition, lease liabilities are measured by increasing the carrying amounts to reflect interest on the lease liabilities, reducing the carrying amounts to reflect the lease payments made and remeasuring the carrying amounts to reflect any reassessment or lease modifications.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

17. Lease liabilities (Continued)

The corresponding right-of-use assets of the lease liabilities are presented as property, plant and equipment as disclosed in Note 11 to the financial statements.

As at 31 December 2023, the weighted average incremental borrowing rate applied was 3.02% (2022: 2.42%).

The Group's lease liabilities of \$14,560 (2022: \$37,034) are secured by the leased assets (Note 11), which will be repossessed by the lessors (legal owners) in the event of default in repayment by the Group.

Total cash outflow for all leases including short-term leases were \$1,933,956 (2022: \$1,976,264).

The currency profile of lease liabilities as at the end of the reporting period was Singapore dollar.

18. Bank borrowings

| | Group | |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Current | | |
| Secured | | |
| - Trade facilities | - | 1,000,000 |
| Unsecured | | |
| - Bridging loan | 764,950 | 749,914 |
| | 764,950 | 1,749,914 |
| Non-current | | |
| Unsecured | | |
| - Bridging loan | 388,287 | 1,153,152 |
| | 1,153,237 | 2,903,066 |

Bank borrowings are classified as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group's unutilised banking facilities were as follows:

| | | Group |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|
| | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
| Facilities unutilised | | 7,768,484 |

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

18. Bank borrowings (Continued)

(i) Trade facilities

The Group entered into trade facilities amounting to \$6,000,000 on 8 August 2014 which can be drawn down to facilitate and finance a subsidiary's purchases and subcontractors' invoices. As at the end of the reporting period, all outstanding borrowings were repaid (2022: \$1,000,000). Fixed advance facility was repayable on demand to the bank and bears interest at 4.25% (2022: 4.25%) per annum which is the bank's prevailing prime rate. As at the end of the financial year, the trade facilities have been fully repaid.

The weighted average effective interest rate for trade facilities is 4.25% (2022: 2.78%) per annum.

The trade facilities are secured by a corporate guarantee from the Company and fixed deposits pledged with financial institution (Note 15).

(ii) Bridging loan

The Group entered into a banking facility amounting to \$3,000,000 on 4 June 2020 which was drawn down by a subsidiary of the Company. The loan carries an interest at 2% (2022: 2%) per annum. The loan is supported by a corporate guarantee issued by the Company. The facility requires the Group to service a 12-month interest servicing period. After this period, the repayment is to be made via 48 monthly installments comprising monthly principal of \$62,500 plus interest from 24 July 2021 to 25 June 2025.

Management estimates that the carrying amounts of the Group's borrowings approximate their fair values as their fair value measurements adjusted using Singapore Overnight Rate Average ("SORA") market rates are not significantly different from their carrying amount. The fair values are within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

The currency profiles of bank borrowings as at the end of the reporting period was Singapore dollar.

19. Deferred tax

| | (| Group | Co | mpany |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 1,147,000 | 1,001,029 | 7,000 | 31,000 |

Movements in deferred tax position are as follows:

| | Group | |
|--|-------------|-------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Balance at beginning of financial year | (1,001,029) | (776,393) |
| Charged to profit or loss (Note 9) | (145,972) | (232,720) |
| Currency translation adjustment | 1 | 8,084 |
| Balance at end of financial year | (1,147,000) | (1,001,029) |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

19. Deferred tax (Continued)

Deferred tax liabilities are mainly attributable to temporary differences arising from accelerated tax depreciation.

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the Group and the movements during the financial year.

Deferred tax liabilities

| | Accelerated tax depreciation | Right-of-use asset | Total |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Group | | | |
| At 1 January 2022 | (912,885) | (55,449) | (968, 334) |
| Charge to profit or loss | (434,337) | (12,738) | (447,075) |
| Exchange differences | 11,672 | - | 11,672 |
| At 1 January 2023 | (1,335,550) | (68,187) | (1,403,737) |
| (Charge)/Credit to profit or loss | (309,085) | 12,115 | (296,970) |
| Exchange differences | 1 | = | 1 |
| At 31 December 2023 | (1,644,634) | (56,072) | (1,700,706) |

Deferred tax assets

| | Non-credit impaired allowance on receivables | Lease liabilities | Others | Total |
|-----------------------------------|---|----------------------|----------|---------|
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Group | | | | |
| At 1 January 2022 | 83,850 | 53,035 | 55,056 | 191,941 |
| Credit/(Charge) to profit or loss | 278,130 | 8,260 | (72,035) | 214,355 |
| Exchange differences | | - | (3,588) | (3,588) |
| At 1 January 2023 | 361,980 | 61,295 | (20,567) | 402,708 |
| Credit/(Charge) to profit or loss | 133,275 | (9,768) | 27,491 | 150,998 |
| At 31 December 2023 | 495,255 | 51,527 | 6,924 | 553,706 |

At the end of the financial year, the Company's deferred tax liabilities of \$7,000 (2022: \$31,000) was pertaining to deferred tax liabilities from temporary differences arising from convertible bonds of \$26,000 (2022: \$31,000) and deferred tax assets from unutilised tax losses of \$19,000 (2022: \$Nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

20. Convertible bonds

On 16 September 2022, the Company issued convertible bonds denominated in Singapore dollar with a nominal value of \$3,000,000. The convertible bonds carry an interest at 5% per annum. The bonds are due for repayment 5 years from the issue date at their nominal value of \$3,000,000 or may be converted into ordinary shares of the Company at the option of the holder at the conversion price of \$0.16.

Convertible bonds are regarded as compound instruments, consisting of a liability component and an equity component. The component parts of convertible bonds issued by the Company are classified separately as financial liabilities and equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement. A conversion feature that will be settled by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash for a fixed number of the Company's own equity instruments is an equity component.

The carrying amounts of the convertible bonds approximate fair value as the fair value measurements adjusted using market rates are not significantly different from their carrying amounts.

The fair value of the liability component is discounted using a market interest rate of 5.32% (equivalent to a non-convertible bond at the date of issue), and has an effective interest rate of 6.59%, after taking into account the related transaction costs. The residual amount, representing the value of the equity conversion component is included in capital reserve, net of deferred income taxes.

The carrying amount of the liability component of the convertible bonds as at end of the reporting period was derived as follows:

| | Group and Company | |
|--|--------------------------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Face value of convertible bonds at issuance | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 |
| Equity conversion component on initial recognition (Note 25) | (39,012) | (39,012) |
| Less: Transaction cost at issuance | (159,210) | (159,210) |
| Liability component on initial recognition | 2,801,778 | 2,801,778 |
| Accumulated amortisation of interest expense (Note 7) | 236,506 | 53,653 |
| Accumulated payments of interest | (191,507) | (43,561) |
| Liability component at end of financial year | 2,846,777 | 2,811,870 |

The equity component of \$39,012 (2022: \$39,012) has been credited to the equity reserves (Note 25).

21. Provisions

| | (| Group |
|--|------------|------------|
| | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
| Provision for costs of dismantlement, removal or restoration | 50,000 | 50,000 |

The above represents the estimated costs of dismantlement, removal or restoration of leased premises to its original conditions as stipulated in the terms and conditions of lease contracts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

22. Share capital

Group and Company

2023 2022 2023 2022 Number of ordinary shares \$ \$

Issued and fully-paid 99,200,000 99,200,000 32,290,650 32,290,650

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares have no par value and carry one vote per share without restriction.

23. Merger reserve

Business combination arising from transfers of interest in entities that are under common control are accounted for as if the acquisition had occurred at the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented or, if later, at the date that common control was established. For this purpose, comparatives are restated. The assets and liabilities acquired are recognised at the carrying amounts recognised previously and no adjustments are made to reflect the fair values or recognised any new assets or liabilities, including no goodwill is recognised as a result of the combination. The components of equity of the acquired entities are added to the same components within the Group's equity.

Merger reserve represents the difference between the consideration paid and the share capital of subsidiaries acquired under common control that are accounted for by applying the "pooling-of-interest" method.

24. Foreign currency translation account

Foreign currency translation account reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currency is different from that of the Group's presentation currency and is not distributable.

25. Capital reserve

The capital reserve represents the equity component of convertible bonds (Note 20).

26. Accumulated losses

Company

2023 2022

Accumulated losses (5,558,458) (5,433,545)

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NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

26. Accumulated losses (Continued)

Movement of accumulated losses of the Company is as follows:

| | Company | |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| | 2023 \$ | 2022 \$ |
| Balance at beginning of financial year | (, , , , | (4,216,045) |
| Total comprehensive income for the financial year | (124,913) | (1,217,500) |
| Balance at end of financial year | (5,558,458) | (5,433,545) |

27. Dividends

The Directors of the Company did not recommend any tax-exempt dividend to be paid in respect of the current financial year.

28. Commitments and contingent liabilities

28.1 Lease commitment (in the capacity of lessor)

The Group as a lessor

The Group has entered into operating leases on its steel beams. These non-cancellable leases have remaining lease terms of between one and six years. All leases include a clause to enable upward revision of the rental charge on an annual basis based on prevailing market conditions.

As at the end of the reporting period, future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operation leases were as follows:

| | | Group |
|--|------------|------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Within one financial year | 9,813,337 | 12,876,729 |
| After one year but within five financial years | 33,900,429 | 44,828,654 |
| After five financial years | 3,661,888 | - |
| | 47,375,654 | 57,705,383 |

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

28. Commitments and contingent liabilities (Continued)

28.2 Contingent liabilities

Financial guarantee contracts

The Company has issued corporate guarantees to banks for borrowings of certain subsidiaries and these guarantees qualify as financial guarantees because the Company is required to reimburse the banks if these subsidiaries breach any repayment term.

Financial guarantee contract liabilities are measured initially at their fair values, net of transaction costs. Financial guarantee contracts are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- a) premium received on initial recognition less the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of SFRS(I) 15; and
- b) the amount of loss provisions determined in accordance with SFRS(I) 9.

Corporate guarantees

As at 31 December 2023, the Company had given guarantees amounting to \$1,153,237 (2022: \$2,903,066) to certain banks in respect of banking facilities granted to a subsidiary. Such guarantees are in the form of a financial guarantee as they require the Company to reimburse the respective banks if the subsidiary to which the guarantees were extended fail to make principal or interest repayments when due in accordance with the terms of the borrowings.

The Company has considered the fair values of potential liability arising from the corporate guarantees extended to the banks for the financing facilities granted to the subsidiary ("borrowing subsidiary") is insignificant. The subsidiary is in a favourable net equity position and profitable, with no history of default in the repayment of such financing facilities.

29. Significant related party transactions

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following were significant related party transactions between the Group and the Company with their related parties during the financial year on terms agreed between the parties:

| | G | roup |
|---|---------|---------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| With director | | |
| Loan from a director | 90,000 | 500,000 |
| | Cor | mpany |
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| With subsidiaries | | |
| Management and admin fees charged to a subsidiary | 376,574 | 474,186 |
| Repayment from a subsidiary | 248,153 | 455,555 |

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

29. Significant related party transactions (Continued)

| | Group and Company | |
|--|-------------------|-----------|
| | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ |
| Balance with company in which director has significant influence | | |
| Convertible bonds | 1,897,900 | 1,874,500 |

At the end of the reporting period, the outstanding balances in respect of the above transactions are disclosed in Notes 13, 16 and 20 to the financial statements.

Compensation of key management personnel

Key management personnel are directors of the Company and subsidiaries and those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group, directly or indirectly.

The remuneration of key management personnel of the Group and the Company during the financial year was as follows:

| | Group | | Company | | |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|--|
| | 2023 2022 | | 2023 | 2022 | |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Salaries and other short-term benefits | | | | | |
| (other than fees) | 984,184 | 1,042,407 | - | - | |
| Employer's contribution to defined | | | | | |
| contribution plans | 93,957 | 97,279 | - | - | |
| Directors' fees | 131,000 | 131,000 | 131,000 | 131,000 | |
| Other benefits | 40,000 | 38,400 | - | | |
| | 1,249,141 | 1,309,086 | 131,000 | 131,000 | |

30. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management

The Group's and the Company's activities expose them to credit risk, market risk (including interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk) and liquidity risk. The Group's and the Company's overall risk management strategy seeks to minimise adverse effects from the volatility of financial markets on the Group's and the Company's financial performance.

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for setting the objectives and underlying principles of financial risk management for the Group and the Company. The Group's and the Company's managements then establish the detailed policies such as risk identification and measurement, exposure limits and hedging strategies, in accordance with the objectives and underlying principles approved by the Board of Directors.

There has been no change to the Group's and the Company's exposures to these financial risks or the manner in which they manage and measure these risks.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

30. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

30.1 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in a loss to the Group and the Company. The Group is mainly exposed to credit risk from credit sales. The Group and Company place their bank deposits with creditworthy institutions. The Group has adopted policies and procedures in extending credit terms to customers and in monitoring credit risk. Credit exposure is controlled by the counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by management.

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic, industry or geographic factors similarly affect group of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Group's and Company's total credit exposure.

As the Group and the Company do not hold any collateral, the maximum exposure to credit risk to each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that financial instruments presented in the respective statements of financial position, except for the financial guarantee issued by the Company to financial institutions for loans provided to subsidiaries.

Trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets

Significant estimates

Expected credit loss allowance

The Group applies the simplified approach, using a provision matrix, to measure the expected credit losses for trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets. To measure expected credit losses on a collective basis, trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets are grouped based on similar credit risk and aging.

Expected credit loss ("ECL") model is initially based on the Group's historical observed default rates. At each reporting date, the Group uses the historical default rate, checked the profile of its customers and calibrated the model to adjust historical credit loss rates based on current economic condition, adjusted with forward-looking information on macroeconomic factors affecting the Group's customers. The Group also evaluates ECL rates on credit impaired receivables separately at each reporting period.

Notwithstanding the above, the Group evaluates the expected credit loss on customers with significant increase in credit risk separately since initial recognition. The management has assigned probabilities to each scenario for respective customers based on the risk characteristic.

During the financial year, total loss allowance of \$826,653 (2022: \$2,314,262) was recognised in profit or loss. At the end of the financial year, the Group applies the expected credit loss rate of 6.8% (2022: 5.35%) for trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets by using a provision matrix.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company did not have any significant credit exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics except the Group has outstanding from 5 (2022: 4) counterparties which represent 100% (2022: 88%) of total trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contracts assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

30. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

30.1 Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets (Continued)

As at the reporting date, the lifetime expected loss allowance for the Group's trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets were as follows:

| | Group | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Gross carrying amount \$ | Non-credit impaired \$ | Credit Impaired \$ | Carrying amount \$ |
| 31 December 2023 | • | • | • | 4 |
| Trade receivables | | | | |
| Not past due | 764,289 | (51,972) | - | 712,317 |
| Past due but not impaired | | | | |
| - less than 1 month | 7,585 | (516) | - | 7,069 |
| | 771,874 | (52,488) | - | 719,386 |
| Unbilled receivables | 34,356,820 | (2,336,264) | - | 32,020,556 |
| | | | | |
| Retention receivables | 3,471,349 | (207,203) | (424,220) | 2,839,926 |
| Contract assets | 6,171,922 | (317,308) | (1,505,624) | 4,348,990 |
| | | (0.17,000) | (1)000,021, | 1,0 10,770 |
| 31 December 2022 | | | | |
| Trade receivables | | | | |
| Not past due | 1,743,862 | (93,297) | - | 1,650,565 |
| Past due but not impaired - less than 1 month | 40,652 | (2,175) | | 38,477 |
| - 1 to 3 months | 21,480 | (1,149) | - | 20,331 |
| T to 5 months | 1,805,994 | (96,621) | _ | 1,709,373 |
| | | (12)=1) | | 1,101,010 |
| Unbilled receivables | 30,856,798 | (1,650,839) | - | 29,205,959 |
| Retention receivables | 2,715,171 | (124,849) | (381,539) | 2,208,783 |
| Contract assets | 6,309,029 | (256,982) | (1,505,624) | 4,546,423 |
| J | 0,307,027 | (230,702) | (1,303,02-1) | 1,5 10,723 |

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

30. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

30.1 Credit risk (Continued)

Trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets (Continued)

Movements in the loss allowance on trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets are as follows:

| | | Group | |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| | Non-credit impaired \$ | Credit impaired \$ | Total \$ |
| 31 December 2023 | | | |
| Balance at beginning of financial year Loss allowance recognised during the | 2,129,291 | 1,887,163 | 4,016,454 |
| financial year | 783,972 | 42,681 | 826,653 |
| Balance at end of financial year | 2,913,263 | 1,929,844 | 4,843,107 |
| 31 December 2022 | | | |
| Balance at beginning of financial year Loss allowance recognised during the | 605,192 | 1,097,000 | 1,702,192 |
| financial year | 1,524,099 | 790,163 | 2,314,262 |
| Balance at end of financial year | 2,129,291 | 1,887,163 | 4,016,454 |

Trade receivables, unbilled receivables, retention receivables and contract assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery such as debtor is under liquidation. When receivables were written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity in order to recover the receivables due. If the receivables are subsequently recovered, such recovery is recognised in profit or loss as "other income".

Credit-impaired balances during the financial year were mainly contributed by two customers (2022: one customer) where the Group had difficulty in recovering the amounts which were overdue way beyond the credit term granted.

Other receivables including amount due from subsidiaries

For amounts due from subsidiaries, management has taken into account information that it has available internally about these subsidiaries' past, current and expected operating performance and cash flow position. Management monitors and assess at each reporting date on whether there is any indicator of significant increase in credit risk on the amount due from the respective subsidiaries, by reviewing their financial performance and results. The risk of default is considered to be minimal as these subsidiaries have sufficient liquid assets and cash to repay their debts. There is no significant increase in credit risk as at 31 December 2023. Therefore, amount due from subsidiaries are subject to immaterial credit loss.

For other receivables, management monitors and assess at each reporting date on any indicator of significant increase in credit risk on these other receivables. As at 31 December 2023, there is no indication that credit risk on these receivables have increased significantly hence, these receivables are measured at 12-month expected credit loss model and subject to immaterial credit loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

30. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

30.1 Credit risk (Continued)

Financial guarantee contracts

In addition, the Company are exposed to credit risk in relation to financial guarantees given to banks on subsidiaries' borrowings. The Company's maximum exposure is the maximum amount the Company could have to pay if the guarantee is called on. As at 31 December 2023, subsidiaries borrowings of approximately \$1,153,237 (2022: \$2,903,066) was guaranteed by the Company. For the financial guarantee issued, the Company has assessed that the subsidiary has sufficient financial capabilities to meet its contractual cash flows obligation in the near future hence, does not expect any material loss allowance under 12-month expected credit loss model.

Cash and bank balances

The cash and bank balances as at the end of the reporting period were held with the financial institutions with the following credit ratings:

| | | Group | | Cor | mpany |
|---------------------|---------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------|-----------------------|
| | Rating | Bank balance \$ | Short-term deposits \$ | Rating | Bank balance \$ |
| 31 December 2023 | | | | | • |
| International banks | AA/A | 407,319 | 1,014,786 | AA/A | 14,271 |
| International banks | BAA/BBB | 19,314 | | | |
| | | 426,633 | 1,014,786 | | 14,271 |
| | | | | | |
| 31 December 2022 | | | | | |
| International banks | AA/A | 654,366 | 2,572,206 | AA/A | 39,078 |
| International banks | BAA/BBB | 35,015 | | | |
| | | 689,381 | 2,572,206 | | 39,078 |

The credit ratings above are derived from Moody's ratings. Management monitors the credit ratings of counterparties regularly. Impairment of cash and bank balances has been measured based on 12-month expected credit loss model. At the reporting date, the Group and Company did not expect any credit losses from non-performance by the counterparties.

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

30. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

30.2 Market risk

Market risk arises from the Group's use of interest bearing, tradable and foreign currency financial instruments. It is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates (currency risk) and interest rates (interest rate risk).

(i) Foreign exchange risk management

Currency risk arises from transactions denominated in currency other than the functional currency of the entities within the Group. The currencies that give rise to this risk are primarily United States dollar.

It is not the Group's policy to take speculative positions in foreign currency.

At the end of the reporting period, the carrying amounts of monetary assets and monetary liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the entities within the Group were as follows:

| | | Assets | L | iabilities |
|----------------------|------|--------|---------|------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| United States dollar | - | - | 135,447 | 1,496,444 |

Exposure to foreign currency risk is monitored on an ongoing basis in accordance with the Group's risk management policies to ensure that the net exposure is at an acceptable level.

The Group's exposure to foreign currency risk is insignificant as the business is operated in Singapore and transactions are mainly denominated in Singapore dollar, which is the functional currency of the Company. Hence, foreign currency sensitivity analysis has not been presented.

(ii) <u>Interest rate risk management</u>

The Group and the Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as the interest rate applied and implicit in bridging loan, convertible bonds and amount due to a director are fixed on the date of inception. Further, the cash and bank balances are subject to insignificant interest rate exposure and hence, interest rate risk sensitivity analysis has not been presented.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

30. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

30.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk in which the Group and the Company encounter difficulties in meeting their short-term obligations. Liquidity risks are managed by matching the payment and receipt cycle.

The Group and the Company actively manage their operating cash flows so as to finance the Group's and the Company's operations. As part of their overall prudent liquidity management, the Group and the Company minimise liquidity risk by ensuring the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities from financial institutions and maintain sufficient levels of cash to meet their working capital requirement. At 31 December 2023, the Group has no available undrawn committed borrowing facilities (2022: \$7,768,484) in respect of which all conditions precedent had been met.

Contractual maturity analysis

The following table details the Group's and the Company's remaining contractual maturity for their non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on undiscounted cash flows of financial instruments based on the earlier of the contractual date or when the Group and the Company are expected to pay.

| | Within one financial year \$ | After one financial year but within five financial years | Total \$ |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Group | • | | - |
| 31 December 2023 | | | |
| Non-interest bearing | | | |
| - Trade and other payables ⁽¹⁾ | 3,161,078 | - | 3,161,078 |
| Interest bearing | | | |
| - Amount due to a director | 603,374 | - | 603,374 |
| - Bank borrowings | 781,032 | 390,543 | 1,171,575 |
| - Lease liabilities | 194,809 | 116,816 | 311,625 |
| - Convertible bonds | 150,000 | 3,450,000 | 3,600,000 |
| | 4,890,293 | 3,957,359 | 8,847,652 |
| 31 December 2022 Non-interest bearing | | | |
| Trade and other payables⁽¹⁾ Interest bearing | 5,458,464 | - | 5,458,464 |
| - Amount due to a director | 550,874 | - | 550,874 |
| - Bank borrowings | 1,823,293 | 1,156,254 | 2,979,547 |
| - Lease liabilities | 208,209 | 162,125 | 370,334 |
| - Convertible bonds | 150,000 | 3,600,000 | 3,750,000 |
| | 8,190,840 | 4,918,379 | 13,109,219 |

NOTES TO THE **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

30. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

30.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

Contractual maturity analysis (Continued)

| | Within one | After one financial year but within five | |
|---|------------|---|-----------|
| | financial | financial | |
| | year | years | Total |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Company | | | |
| 31 December 2023 | | | |
| Non-interest bearing | | | |
| - Trade and other payables ⁽¹⁾ | 527,816 | - | 527,816 |
| Interest Bearing | | | |
| - Convertible bonds | 150,000 | 3,450,000 | 3,600,000 |
| | 677,816 | 3,450,000 | 4,127,816 |
| | | | |
| Financial corporate guarantee | 1,153,237 | - | 1,153,237 |
| | | | _ |
| 31 December 2022 | | | |
| Non-interest bearing | | | |
| - Trade and other payables ⁽¹⁾ | 256,493 | _ | 256,493 |
| Interest Bearing | , | | |
| - Convertible bonds | 150,000 | 3,600,000 | 3,750,000 |
| | 406,493 | 3,600,000 | 4,006,493 |
| | | 3,000,000 | .,, .,. |
| Financial corporate guarantee | 2,903,066 | - | 2,903,066 |
| bo. a.o Jan. a | | | =,,,,,,,, |

⁽¹⁾ Excludes goods and services tax and advance billings to customers.

The disclosed amounts for the financial guarantee contracts represent the maximum amount of issued financial guarantees in the earliest period for which the guarantees could be called upon in the contracted maturity analysis. The corporate guarantees were provided to banks for subsidiary's banking facilities utilised as at the end of financial year. The Company has assessed that the subsidiary has sufficient financial capabilities to meet its contracted cash flows obligation in the near future and hence the Company does not expect any liabilities to arise from the guarantee.

The Group's operations are financed mainly through equity, bank borrowings, convertible bonds and lease arrangements. Adequate lines of credits are maintained to ensure the necessary liquidity is available when required.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

30. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

30.4 Capital management policies and objectives

The Group and the Company manage their capital to ensure that the Group and the Company are able to continue as going concern, to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to maximise shareholders' value and to ensure that all externally imposed capital requirements are complied with.

The management constantly reviews the capital structure to ensure the Group and the Company are able to service any debt obligations (include principal repayment and interests) based on their operating cash flows. The Group's and the Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2022.

The management monitors capital based on gearing ratio. The gearing ratio is calculated as net debt divided by equity attributable to owners of the parent plus net debt. The Group and the Company include within net debt, trade and other payables, lease liabilities, convertible bonds and bank borrowings less cash and bank balances. Equity attributable to owners of the parent consists of share capital, foreign currency translation reserve, merger reserve and retained earnings/net of accumulated losses.

The Group is in compliance with all borrowings covenants, including debt service ratio and gross debts to earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ratio imposed by the financial institutions for the financial years ended 31 December 2023 and 2022.

| | Group C | | Co | ompany | |
|---|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Trade and other payables | 7,670,530 | 8,483,083 | 529,599 | 265,751 | |
| Lease liabilities | 303,100 | 360,557 | - | - | |
| Bank borrowings | 1,153,237 | 2,903,066 | - | - | |
| Convertible bonds | 2,846,777 | 2,811,870 | 2,846,777 | 2,811,870 | |
| Less: | | | | | |
| Cash and bank balances | (427,037) | (691,046) | (14,281) | (39,088) | |
| Fixed deposits | (1,014,786) | (2,572,206) | - | - | |
| Net debt | 10,531,821 | 11,295,324 | 3,362,095 | 3,038,533 | |
| Equity attributable to owners of the parent | 54,714,958 | 54,184,493 | 26,771,204 | 26,896,117 | |
| Total capital | 65,246,779 | 65,479,817 | 30,133,299 | 29,934,650 | |
| | | | | | |
| Gearing ratio (%) | 16 | 17 | 11 | 10 | |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

30. Financial instruments, financial risks and capital management (Continued)

30.5 Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's current financial assets and current financial liabilities approximate their respective fair values as at the end of the reporting period due to the relative short-term maturity of these financial instruments. The fair value of the non-current borrowings is disclosed in Note 18 to the financial statements.

The following table sets out the financial instruments as at the end of the reporting period:

| | | Group (| | Company | |
|--|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| Financial assets, at amortised cost | | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables ⁽¹⁾ | 3,778,618 | 4,175,488 | 4,314,747 | 4,145,701 | |
| Cash and bank balances | 427,037 | 691,046 | 14,281 | 39,088 | |
| Fixed deposits | 1,014,786 | 2,572,206 | - | | |
| <u>-</u> | 5,220,441 | 7,438,740 | 4,329,028 | 4,184,789 | |
| Financial liabilities, at amortised cost | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables(2) | 3,735,720 | 5,983,106 | 527,816 | 256,493 | |
| Bank borrowings | 1,153,237 | 2,903,066 | - | - | |
| Lease liabilities | 303,100 | 360,557 | - | - | |
| Convertible bonds | 2,846,777 | 2,811,870 | 2,846,777 | 2,811,870 | |
| | 8,038,834 | 12,058,599 | 3,374,593 | 3,068,363 | |

⁽¹⁾ Excludes unbilled receivables.

⁽²⁾ Excludes goods and services tax and advance billings to customers.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2023

31. Offsetting arrangements

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group currently has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

| | Group | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------------|--|
| | Related amo | unts set off in the ba | alance sheet | |
| | Gross amounts | Offset amounts | Net amounts | |
| | \$ | \$ | \$ | |
| 2023 | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables | | | | |
| - Trade receivables | 788,405 | (69,019) | 719,386 | |
| - Unbilled receivables | 34,304,983 | (2,284,427) | 32,020,556 | |
| - Retention receivables | 3,358,926 | (519,000) | 2,839,926 | |
| Contract assets | 15,343,877 | (10,994,887) | 4,348,990 | |
| Trade and other payables | | | | |
| - Trade payables | (1,618,773) | 46,344 | (1,572,429) | |
| - Advance billings to customers | (15,762,985) | 12,040,277 | (3,722,708) | |
| - Advance payments from customers | (1,780,712) | 1,780,712 | - | |
| Total | 34,633,721 | - | 34,633,721 | |
| 2022 | | | | |
| Trade and other receivables | | | | |
| - Trade receivables | 1,810,856 | (101,483) | 1,709,373 | |
| - Unbilled receivables | 31,162,149 | (1,956,190) | 29,205,959 | |
| - Retention receivables | 2,727,783 | (519,000) | 2,208,783 | |
| Contract assets | 15,618,284 | (11,071,861) | 4,546,423 | |
| Trade and other payables | | | | |
| - Trade payables | (4,054,099) | 14,738 | (4,039,361) | |
| - Advance billings to customers | (13,788,233) | 11,426,036 | (2,362,197) | |
| - Advance payments from customers | (2,207,760) | 2,207,760 | - | |
| Total | 31,268,980 | - | 31,268,980 | |

32. Authorisation of financial statements

The statement of financial position of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 were authorised for issue in accordance with a Directors' resolution dated 2 April 2024.

STATISTICS OF **SHAREHOLDINGS**

AS AT 28 MARCH 2024

Issued and paid-up capital: \$\$33,669,650Number of issued shares: 99,200,000Class of shares: Ordinary shares

Number of treasury shares : Nil Number of subsidiary holdings : Nil

Voting rights : 1 vote for each ordinary share

DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS BY SIZE OF SHAREHOLDINGS AS AT 28 MARCH 2024

| | No. of | | No. of | |
|-----------------------|--------------|--------|------------|--------|
| Size of Shareholdings | Shareholders | % | Shares | % |
| 1 – 99 | 0 | 0.00 | 0 | 0.00 |
| 1,00 – 1,000 | 10 | 8.70 | 3,700 | 0.00 |
| 1,001 - 10,000 | 29 | 25.22 | 166,500 | 0.17 |
| 10,001 - 1,000,000 | 62 | 53.91 | 7,356,300 | 7.42 |
| 1,000,001 and above | 14 | 12.17 | 91,673,500 | 92.41 |
| Total | 115 | 100.00 | 99,200,000 | 100.00 |

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 28 MARCH 2024

| | | Direct | | Deemed | | Total | |
|---|----------------------------------|------------|-------|---------------|-------|------------|-------|
| | Name of Substantial Shareholders | Interest | % | Interest | % | Interest | % |
| 1 | Hooi Yu Koh | 18,939,100 | 19.09 | 14,924,000(1) | 15.04 | 33,863,100 | 34.13 |
| 2 | Keong Hong Holdings Limited | 15,000,000 | 15.12 | _ | - | 15,000,000 | 15.12 |
| 3 | Foo Tiang Ann | _ | _ | 10,972,500(2) | 11.06 | 10,972,500 | 11.06 |
| 4 | Kori Nobuaki | 6,592,000 | 6.65 | _ | - | 6,592,000 | 6.65 |

Note:

SHARES HELD BY PUBLIC

Based on the information provided to the Company as at 28 March 2024, approximately 33.03% of the issued shares of the Company was held in the hands of the public as defined in the Listing Manual Section B: Rules of Catalist of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "Catalist Rules"). Accordingly, Rule 723 of the Catalist Rules has been complied with.

⁽¹⁾ The deemed interest in 14,924,000 shares are held through BNP Paribas Nominees Singapore Pte. Ltd.

⁽²⁾ The deemed interest in shares are held as follows:- (i) 1,150,300 shares are through Hong Leong Finance Nominees Pte Ltd; (ii) 3,115,800 shares are through Philip Securities Singapore Pte Ltd; (iii) 1,830,000 shares are through CGS-CIMB Securities (Singapore) Pte Ltd; and (iv) 4,876,400 shares are through KGI Securities (Singapore) Pte. Ltd.

STATISTICS OF **SHAREHOLDINGS**

AS AT 28 MARCH 2024

LIST OF 20 LARGEST REGISTERED SHAREHOLDERS AS AT 28 MARCH 2024

| | | No. of | |
|-----|---|------------|-------|
| No. | Name | Shares | % |
| 1 | HOOI YU KOH | 18,939,100 | 19.09 |
| 2 | KEONG HONG HOLDINGS LIMITED | 15,000,000 | 15.12 |
| 3 | BNP PARIBAS NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD | 14,924,000 | 15.04 |
| 4 | PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD | 7,125,200 | 7.18 |
| 5 | UOB KAY HIAN PTE LTD | 6,651,800 | 6.71 |
| 6 | KORI NOBUAKI | 6,592,000 | 6.65 |
| 7 | HONG LEONG FINANCE NOMINEES PTE LTD | 6,507,000 | 6.56 |
| 8 | KGI SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD | 5,622,400 | 5.67 |
| 9 | TAN TIN NAM | 2,442,000 | 2.46 |
| 10 | CGS-CIMB SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD | 2,150,400 | 2.17 |
| 11 | LAU ENG TIONG | 1,843,900 | 1.86 |
| 12 | SIA LING SING | 1,472,000 | 1.48 |
| 13 | TAN SUAN DAO | 1,390,700 | 1.40 |
| 14 | DBS NOMINEES PTE LTD | 1,013,000 | 1.02 |
| 15 | OW YEOW BUNG | 889,000 | 0.90 |
| 16 | TAN LEE CHING (CHEN LIZHEN) | 615,000 | 0.62 |
| 17 | LIM VOON NNA @ LIM BOON NAA | 495,000 | 0.50 |
| 18 | TEOU KEM ENG @ TEOU KIM ENG | 400,000 | 0.40 |
| 19 | TAN LEE WAH | 350,000 | 0.35 |
| 20 | LEO TING PING RONALD | 300,000 | 0.30 |
| | Total: | 94,722,500 | 95.48 |

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**") of Kori Holdings Limited (the "**Company**") will be held at Carnation Room, Level 3, Singapore Polytechnic Graduates' Guild, 1010 Dover Road, Singapore 139658, on Monday, 29 April 2024 at 10.00 a.m., for the following purposes:

AS ORDINARY BUSINESS

- 1. To receive and adopt the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended (**Resolution 1**) 31 December 2023 and the Directors' Statement together with the Auditors' Report.
- 2. To note the retirements of Mr. Lim Yeok Hua and Mr. Nicholas Philip Lazarus, who are retiring as Directors of the Company pursuant to Regulation 117 of the Company's Constitution. (See Explanatory Note (i)(a))
- 3. To note the resignation of Mr. Kuan Cheng Tuck as Director of the Company. (See Explanatory Note (i)(b))
- 4. To re-elect Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li, who is retiring pursuant to Regulation 117 of the Company's Constitution and who, being eligible, offered herself for re-election.

 (See Explanatory Note (ii))
- 5. To approve the payment of Directors' fees of up to S\$161,000 for the financial year ending (Resolution 3) 31 December 2024, to be paid quarterly in arrears (FY2023: S\$145,000).
- 6. To re-appoint Messrs BDO LLP, as the Auditors of the Company to hold office until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration. (Resolution 4)
- 7. To transact any other ordinary business which may properly be transacted at an annual general meeting.

AS SPECIAL BUSINESS

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions, with or without modifications:

- 8. That Mr. Chua Ser Miang be is hereby appointed as Director of the Company Pursuant to (Resolution 5) Regulation 122 of the Company's Constitution. (See Explanatory Note (iii))
- That Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor be is hereby appointed as Director of the Company (Resolution 6)
 Pursuant to Regulation 122 of the Company's Constitution.
 (See Explanatory Note (iv))

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

10. GENERAL MANDATE TO ISSUE SHARES OR CONVERTIBLE SECURITIES

(Resolution 7)

That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act 1967 ("Companies Act") and Rule 806 of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") Listing Manual (Section B: Rules of Catalist) ("Catalist Rules") and notwithstanding the provisions of the Constitution of the Company, authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company (the "Directors") to:

- (a) (i) allot and issue shares in the capital of the Company (whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise); and/or
 - (ii) make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "instruments") that might or would require shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) options, warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible into shares,

at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit; and

(b) (notwithstanding that the authority conferred by this Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue shares in pursuance of any instrument made or granted by the Directors while this Resolution was in force.

provided that:

- (i) the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to this Resolution (including shares to be issued in pursuance of the Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) does not exceed one hundred per cent. (100%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings of the Company) (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (ii) below), of which the aggregate number of shares to be issued other than on a pro-rata basis to existing shareholders of the Company (including shares to be issued in pursuance of the Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) does not exceed fifty per cent. (50%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings of the Company) (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (ii) below);
- (ii) for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of shares that may be issued under sub-paragraph (i) above, the percentage of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings of the Company) shall be calculated based on the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings of the Company) at the time of the passing of this Resolution, after adjusting for:
 - (1) new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities;

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

- (2) (where applicable) new shares arising from exercise of share options or vesting of share awards which are outstanding or subsisting at the time of passing of this Resolution, provided the options or awards were granted in compliance with Part VIII of Chapter 8 of the Catalist Rules; and
- (3) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of Shares;

any adjustments made in accordance with (b)(ii)(1) or (b)(ii)(2) above are only to be made in respect of new shares arising from convertible securities, share options or share awards which were issued and outstanding or subsisting at the time this Resolution is passed;

- (iii) in exercising the authority conferred by this Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Catalist Rules for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST), the Companies Act, and the Constitution for the time being of the Company; and
- (iv) unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, the authority conferred by this Resolution shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next annual general meeting of the Company or the date by which the next annual general meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier.

(See Explanatory Note (v))

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Hooi Yu Koh

Executive Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

12 April 2024 Singapore

Explanatory Notes:

(i) (a) Mr. Lim Yeok Hua ("**Mr. Lim**") and Mr. Nicholas Philip Lazarus ("**Mr. Nicholas**") are subject to retirements pursuant to Regulation 117 of the Company's Constitution and do not wish to seek re-election in anticipation of the 9-years tenure limit for independent director in order to facilitate the process of board renewal.

Mr. Lim shall be retiring at the conclusion of this AGM and stepping down as an Independent Director of the Company, the Chairman of the Nominating Committee ("**NC**") and member of the Audit Committee ("**AC**") and Remuneration Committee ("**RC**").

- Mr. Nicholas shall be retiring at the conclusion of this AGM and stepping down as an Independent Director of the Company, the Chairman of the RC, and member of the AC and NC.
- (b) Mr. Kuan Cheng Tuck will resign as Director of the Company and step down as the Lead Independent Director of the Company, the Chairman of the AC, and member of the NC and RC at the conclusion of this AGM in anticipation of the 9-years tenure limit for independent director in order to facilitate the process of board renewal.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

(ii) Ms. Elizabeth Toh Guek Li ("**Ms. Toh**"), upon re-election as Director of the Company, will remain as an Independent Director of the Company, a member of the AC and NC and will be appointed as the Chairman of the RC after the conclusion of the AGM. The Board considers Ms. Toh to be independent for the purposes of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rules.

Ms. Toh does not have any relationship, including immediate family relationship, with other Directors, the Company or its substantial shareholders.

(iii) Ordinary Resolution 5 is to appoint Mr. Chua Ser Miang ("Mr. Chua") as Director of the Company. The Board considers Mr. Chua to be independent for the purpose of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rules.

Further details of Mr. Chua's appointment as Independent Director of the Company pursuant to Rule 704(6) of the Listing Manual Section B: Rules of Catalist of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited was set out in the Company's announcement dated 12 April 2024.

Mr. Chua will, upon the passing of Ordinary Resolution 5, shall be appointed as an Independent Director of the Company, the Chairman of the NC and member of the AC and RC.

Mr. Chua does not have any relationship, including immediate family relationship, with other Directors, the Company or its substantial shareholders.

(iv) Ordinary Resolution 6 is to appoint Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor ("**Mr. Lye**") as Director of the Company. The Board considers Mr. Lye to be independent for the purpose of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rules.

Further details of Mr. Lye's appointment as Independent Director of the Company pursuant to Rule 704(6) of the Listing Manual Section B: Rules of Catalist of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited was set out in the Company's announcement dated 12 April 2024.

Mr. Lye will, upon the passing of Ordinary Resolution 6, shall be appointed as the Lead Independent Director of the Company, the Chairman of the AC and member of the NC and RC.

Mr. Lye does not have any relationship, including immediate family relationship, with other Directors, the Company or its substantial shareholders.

(v) The Ordinary Resolution 7 proposed in item 10 above, if passed, is to empower the Directors to issue shares in the capital of the Company and/or instruments (as defined above). The aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to this Resolution 7 (including shares to be issued in pursuance of instruments made or granted) shall not exceed one hundred per cent. (100%) of the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings of the Company, with a sub-limit of fifty per cent. (50%) for shares issued other than on a pro-rata basis (including shares to be issued in pursuance of instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) to shareholders with registered addresses in Singapore. For the purpose of determining the aggregate number of shares that may be issued, the percentage of the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares of the Company will be calculated based on the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings of the Company at the time of the passing of this Resolution 7, after adjusting for (i) new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities; (ii) new shares arising from exercise of share options or vesting of share awards outstanding or subsisting at the time of the passing of this Resolution 7, provided the options or awards were granted in compliance with Part VIII of Chapter 8 of the Catalist Rules; and (iii) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of shares.

IMPORTANT NOTICE FOR SHAREHOLDERS:

 The Company's AGM is being convened, and will be held, in a wholly physical format, at Carnation Room, Level 3, Singapore Polytechnic Graduates' Guild, 1010 Dover Road, Singapore 139658, on Monday, 29 April 2024 at 10.00 a.m.. There will be no option for members to participate in the AGM virtually.

The Annual Report, Notice of AGM, the accompanying proxy form and the request form for printed copy of the FY2023 Annual Report ("Request Form") will be made available on the Company's website at https://www.kori.com.sg and on the SGXNet at https://www.kori.com.sg and on the SGXNet at https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements. A member will need an internet browser and PDF reader to view these documents.

Printed copies of this Notice of AGM, the accompanying proxy form and the Request Form will be sent to members via post.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

- Members (including Central Provident Fund ("CPF") Investment Scheme members ("CPF Investors") and/or Supplementary Retirement Scheme investors ("SRS Investors")) may participate in the AGM by:
 - a. attending the AGM in person;
 - b. raising questions at the AGM or submitting questions in advance of the AGM; and/or
 - c. voting at the AGM (i) themselves personally; or (ii) through their duly appointed proxy(ies).

CPF Investors and SRS Investors who wish to appoint the Chairman of the AGM (and not third-party proxy(ies)) as proxy should approach their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their votes by 10.00 a.m. on 17 April 2024, being seven (7) working days prior to the date of the AGM.

Please bring along your NRIC/passport so as to enable the Company to verify your identity. Members are requested to arrive early to facilitate the registration process.

- 3. Members are encouraged to submit questions relating to the resolution to be tabled for approval at the AGM in advance in the following manner:
 - (a) if submitted by post, to the Company's office at 11 Sims Drive #06-01 SCN Centre Singapore 387385, attention to Kori AGM; or
 - (b) If submitted electronically, by email to admin@kori.com.sg.

All questions for the AGM must be submitted by 10.00 a.m. on 20 April 2024.

After the cut-off time for the submission of questions, any subsequent clarifications sought or follow-up questions will be addressed at the AGM.

Members will need to identify themselves when posing questions by email or by post by providing the following details:

- the member's full name (for individuals)/company name (for corporations) as it appears on his/her/its CDP/CPF/SRS share records;
- the member's NRIC/Passport/UEN number;
- the member's contact number and email address; and
- the manner in which the member holds his/her/its Shares in the Company (e.g. via CDP, CPF or SRS).

The Company will endeavour to address all substantial and relevant questions submitted in advance of the AGM by publishing the responses to such questions on SGXNet and the Company's website at https://www.kori.com.sg, by 10.00 a.m. on 24 April 2024 (being not less than forty-eight (48) hours prior to the closing date and time for the lodgment of the proxy forms).

Where substantial relevant questions submitted by Shareholders are unable to be addressed prior to the AGM, the Company will address them during the AGM. The Company shall only address relevant and substantial questions (as may be determined by the Company in its sole discretion) received. The Company will publish the minutes of the AGM on SGXNET and the Company's website at https://www.kori.com.sg within one (1) month from the date of the AGM. The minutes would include the responses to the substantial and relevant questions addressed at the AGM.

4. A member who is not a Relevant Intermediary (as defined in Section 181 of the Companies Act) is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM. A member of the Company which is a corporation is entitled to appoint its authorised representative or proxy to vote on its behalf. Where such member appoints two (2) proxies, the proportion of his/her/its shareholding to be represented by each proxy shall be specified. If no proportion is specified, the Company shall be entitled to treat the first named proxy as representing the entire number of shares entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register and any second named proxy as an alternate to the first named.

A member who is a Relevant Intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two (2) proxies to attend, speak and vote at the AGM, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such member. Where such member appoints more than two (2) proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the form of proxy.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

"Relevant Intermediary" has the meaning prescribed to it in Section 181 of the Companies Act:

- a. a banking corporation licensed under the Banking Act 1970 or a wholly-owned subsidiary of such a banking corporation, whose business includes the provision of nominee services and who holds shares in that capacity;
- b. a person holding a capital markets services licence holder to provide custodial services under the Securities and Futures Act 2001 and who holds shares in that capacity; or
- c. the CPF Board established by the CPF Act 1953, in respect of shares purchased under the subsidiary legislation made under that Act providing for the making of investments from the contributions and interest standing to the credit of members of the CPF, if the Board holds those shares in the capacity of an intermediary pursuant to or in accordance with the subsidiary legislation.

A member can appoint the Chairman of the AGM as his/her/its proxy but this is not mandatory.

If a member wishes to appoint the Chairman of the AGM as proxy, such member (whether individual or corporate) must give specific instructions as to voting for, voting against, or abstentions from voting on, each resolution in the instrument appointing the Chairman of the AGM as proxy. If no specific direction is given as to voting or abstentions from voting in respect of a resolution in the form of proxy, the appointment of the Chairman of the AGM as proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.

- 5. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 6. The instrument appointing proxy/proxies, together with the power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed (if applicable) or a notarial certified copy thereof, must be deposited:
 - a) if sent personally or by post, be received by Kori Holdings Limited c/o Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services, at 9 Raffles Place #26-01 Republic Plaza 1 Singapore 048619; or
 - b) if submitted electronically, be received by Kori Holdings Limited c/o Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services, by email at sg.is.proxy@sg.tricorglobal.com (e.g. a clear scanned signed form in PDF),

in either case, by 10.00 a.m. on 26 April 2024 (being not less than seventy-two (72) hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM) (or at any adjournment thereof) and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

Members of the Company are encouraged to submit completed proxy forms electronically via email.

- 7. The instrument appointing a proxy or proxies must be under the hand of the appointor or on his/her attorney duly authorised in writing. Where the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its common seal or under the hand of its attorney or duly authorised officer, failing which the instrument of proxy may be treated as invalid. Where the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is executed by an attorney on behalf of the appointor, the letter or the power of attorney or a duly certified true copy thereof must be lodged with this proxy form, failing which the instrument of proxy may be treated as invalid.
- 8. The Company shall be entitled to reject the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies if it is incomplete, improperly completed, illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies (such as in the case where the appointor submits more than one instrument appointing a proxy or proxies).
- 9. In the case of a member whose shares are entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register (as defined in Section 81SF of the Securities and Futures Act 2001), the Company may reject any instrument of proxy lodged if such member, being the appointer, is not shown to have any shares entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register as at seventy-two (72) hours before the time set for holding the AGM, as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.

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NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Personal data privacy:

"Personal data" in this Notice of AGM has the same meaning as "personal data" in the Personal Data Protection Act 2012, which includes your name, address and NRIC/Passport number.

Where a member of the Company submits an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to attend, speak and vote at the AGM and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company (i) consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the purpose of the processing and administration by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of proxies and representatives appointed for the AGM (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, proxy lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines (collectively, the "Purposes"); (ii) warrants that where the member discloses the personal data of the member's proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) to the Company (or its agents or service providers), the member has obtained the prior consent of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the collection, use and disclosure by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the personal data of such proxy(ies) and/or representative(s) for the Purposes; and (iii) agrees that the member will indemnify the Company in respect of any penalties, liabilities, claims, demands, losses and damages as a result of the member's breach of warranty.

Photographic, sound and/or video recordings of the AGM may be made by the Company for record keeping and to ensure the accuracy of the minutes to be prepared in respect of the AGM. Accordingly, the personal data of a member of the Company (such as his name, his presence at the AGM and any questions he may raise or any motions he may propose/second) may be recorded by the Company for such purpose.



(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) (Company Registration No.: 201212407R)

PROXY FORM - ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

(Please see notes overleaf before completing this Form)

IMPORTANT:

- 1. For investors who have used their Central Provident Fund ("CPF") and/or Supplementary Retirement Scheme ("SRS") monies to buy shares in the Company, this proxy form is not valid for use and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes if used or purported to be used by them.
- CPF and/or SRS investors are requested to contact their respective Agent Banks at least seven (7) working days before the AGM to specify voting instructions and to ensure that their votes are submitted.

| | | | | Proportion of Shareholdings | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| NAME | | ADDRESS | NRIC or Passport No | No. | of Shares | % | |
| and/or | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Proportion of Shareholdings | | |
| | NAME | ADDRESS | NRIC or Passport No | No. | of Shares | % | |
| | | | | | | | |
| ne pro Il resc if you in the state of the st | xy will vote or abstain from lutions put to the vote at the wish your proxy to cast all tively, please indicate the nuin the "Abstain" box providenthe "Abstain" box in respeed if it on the resolution if no volution in the absence of specific resolution will be treated as | is given or in the event of any other voting at his/her discretion. e AGM shall be decided by way of payour votes "For" or "Against" a resoluted and the payour votes as appropriate. If you way and alternatively, please indicate the cot of that resolution. In any other case of the interestion in respect of the resolution invalid.) | oll. ution, please tick (\) ir vish your proxy to abst- number of shares that e, the proxy/proxies ma any other matter arisin | n the "For" ain from voi your proxy ny vote or al g at the AG e Chairman | or "Against" ting on a reso is directed to bstain as the SM and at an n of the AGM | box provideo olution, pleas o abstain fro proxy/proxie y adjournmen as your prox | |
| No. | Ordinary Resolutions | | | For | Against | Abstain | |
| 1. | To receive and adopt the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2023 and the Directors' Statement together with the Auditor's Report | | | | | | |
| 2. | ' | Toh Guek Li as a Director of the Company | | | | | |
| 3. | To approve the payment | oprove the payment of Directors' fees of up to S\$161,000 for the financial ending 31 December 2024, to be paid quarterly in arrears | | | | | |
| 4. | i ' ' | rs BDO LLP as Auditor of the Company and to authorise the remuneration | | | | | |
| | Directors to fix their remu | neration | | | | | |

| * Delete as appropriate. | | |
|---|--|---------------|
| D. I. III. | Total Number of Shares in: (a) CDP Register | No. of shares |
| Dated this day of 2024 | | |
| | (b) Register of Members | |
| Signature(s) of Member(s) or Common Seal of Corporate Shareholder | | |



5.

6.

7.

To appoint Mr. Chua Ser Miang as a Director of the Company

To authorise the Directors to allot and issue new shares

To appoint Mr. Lye Thiam Fatt Joseph Victor as a Director of the Company

NOTES TO PROXY FORM:

- 1. A member should insert the total number of shares held. If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register (as defined in Section 81SF of the Securities and Futures Act 2001), he/she/it should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares registered in his/her/its name in the Register of Members of the Company, he/she/it should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register and shares registered in his/her/its name in the Register of Members of the Company, he/she/it should insert the aggregate number of shares. If no number is inserted, this form of proxy will be deemed to relate to all the shares held by the member of the Company.
- 2. A member who is not a Relevant Intermediary (as defined in Section 181 of the Companies Act 1967) is entitled to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM. A member of the Company which is a corporation is entitled to appoint its authorised representative or proxy to vote on its behalf. Where such member appoints two (2) proxies, the proportion of his/her/its shareholding to be represented by each proxy shall be specified. If no proportion is specified, the Company shall be entitled to treat the first named proxy as representing the entire number of shares entered against his/her/its name in the Depository Register and any second named proxy as an alternate to the first named.
- 3. A member who is a Relevant Intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two (2) proxies to attend, speak and vote at the AGM but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such member. Where such member appoints more than two (2) proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the form of proxy.

"Relevant Intermediary" has the meaning prescribed to it in Section 181 of the Companies Act 1967:

- a banking corporation licensed under the Banking Act 1970, or a wholly-owned subsidiary of such a banking corporation, whose business includes the provision of nominee services and who holds shares in that capacity;
- b. a person holding a capital markets services licence holder to provide custodial services under the Securities and Futures Act 2001 and who holds shares in that capacity; or
- c. the CPF Board established by the CPF Act 1953, in respect of shares purchased under the subsidiary legislation made under that Act providing for the making of investments from the contributions and interest standing to the credit of members of the CPF, if the Board holds those shares in the capacity of an intermediary pursuant to or in accordance with the subsidiary legislation.

The proxy need not be a member of the Company. Please note that if any of your shareholdings are not specified in the list provided by the Relevant Intermediary to the Company, the Company has the sole discretion to disallow the participation of the said proxy at the AGM.

A member can appoint the Chairman of the AGM as his/her/its proxy but this is not mandatory.

If a member wishes to appoint the Chairman of the AGM as proxy, such member (whether individual or corporate) must give specific instructions as to voting for, voting against, or abstentions from voting on, each resolution in the instrument appointing the Chairman of the AGM as proxy. If no specific direction is given as to voting or abstentions from voting in respect of a resolution in the form of proxy, the appointment of the Chairman of the AGM as proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.

- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy or proxies must be executed under the hand of the appointor or of his/her/its attorney duly authorized in writing. Where the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. Where the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies is executed by an attorney on behalf of the appointor, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must be lodged with the instrument, failing which the instrument of proxy may be treated as invalid.
- 5. The instrument appointing a proxy or proxies, together with the power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed (if applicable) or a notarial certified copy thereof, must be deposited in the following manner:
 - a. if sent personally or by post, be received by Kori Holdings Limited c/o Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services, at 9 Raffles Place #26-01 Republic Plaza 1 Singapore 048619; or
 - b. if submitted electronically, be received by Kori Holdings Limited c/o Tricor Barbinder Share Registration Services, by email at sg.is.proxy@sg.tricorglobal.com, (e.g. a clear scanned signed form in PDF),

in either case, by 10.00 a.m. on 26 April 2024 (being not less than seventy-two (72) hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM) and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

Members of the Company are strongly encouraged to submit completed proxy forms electronically via email.

- 6. Please indicate with a tick [√] in the spaces provided whether you wish your vote(s) to be for or against the Resolution(s) or to abstain from voting. In the absence of specific directions, the proxy/proxies will vote or abstain as he/she/they may think fit, as he/she/they will on any other matter arising at the meeting.
- 7. The Company shall be entitled to reject the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies if it is incomplete, improperly completed or illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies.
- 8. Completion and return of the Proxy Form by a member will not prevent him/her/it from attending, speaking and voting at the AGM if he/she/it so wishes. The appointment of the proxy(ies) for the AGM will be deemed to be revoked if the member attends the AGM in person and in such event, the Company reserves the right to refuse to admit any person or persons appointed under the relevant instrument appointing a proxy(ies) to the AGM.
- 9. An investor who buys shares using CPF monies ("CPF Investor") and/or SRS monies ("SRS Investor") (as may be applicable) should not make use of this Proxy Form and should instead approach their respective Relevant Intermediary as soon as possible to specify voting instructions. CPF Investors/SRS Investors who wish to vote should approach their respective CPF Agent Bank/SRS Operator at least seven (7) working days before the AGM (i.e. by 17 April 2024), to ensure that their votes are submitted.
- 10. In the case of members of the Company whose shares are entered against their names in the Depository Register, the Company may reject any instrument appointing a proxy or proxies lodged if such members are not shown to have shares entered against their names in the Depository Register seventy-two (72) hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.

Personal data privacy:

By submitting an instrument appointing a proxy(ies) and/or representative(s), the member accepts and agrees to the personal data privacy terms set out in the Notice of AGM dated 12 April 2024.







(COMPANY REGISTRATION NO.: 201212407R) (INCORPORATED IN THE REPUBLIC OF SINGAPORE ON 18 MAY 2012)

