## **Supplemental Listing Document**

If you are in any doubt as to any aspect of this document, you should consult your stockbroker or other registered dealer in securities, bank manager, solicitor, accountant or other professional adviser.

Application has been made to the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "SGX-ST") for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates (as defined below). The SGX-ST assumes no responsibility for the correctness of any statements made or opinions or reports expressed in this document, makes no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaims any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this document. Admission to the Official List of the SGX-ST is not to be taken as an indication of the merits of SG Issuer, Société Générale, the Certificates, or the Company (as defined below).

# 2,000,000 European Style Structured Certificates (Discount Certificates) relating to the ordinary shares of Alibaba Group Holding Limited issued by SG Issuer (Incorporated in Luxembourg with limited liability) unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Société Générale

# Issue Price: S\$1.00 per Certificate

This document is published for the purpose of obtaining a listing of all the above certificates (the "**Certificates**") to be issued by SG Issuer (the "**Issuer**") unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Société Générale (the "**Guarantor**"), and is supplemental to and should be read in conjunction with a base listing document dated 16 June 2023 including such further base listing documents as may be issued from time to time (the "**Base Listing Document**"), as supplemented by an addendum to the Base Listing Document dated 28 July 2023 (the "**Addendum**"), for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Certificates. Information relating to the Company (as defined below) is contained in this document.

This document does not constitute or form part of any offer, or invitation, to subscribe for or to sell, or solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or to purchase, Certificates or other securities of the Issuer, nor is it calculated to invite, nor does it permit the making of, offers by the public to subscribe for or purchase for cash or other consideration the Certificates or other securities of the Issuer.

Restrictions have been imposed on offers and sales of the Certificates and on distributions of documents relating thereto in Singapore, Hong Kong, the European Economic Area, the United Kingdom and the United States (see "Placing and Sale" contained herein).

The Issuer is obliged to deliver the cash settlement amount (if any) under the terms and conditions of the Certificates upon the termination or expiry, as the case may be. No deposit liability or debt obligation is created of any kind by the issue of the Certificates. The Certificates are not a deposit or other obligation of the Issuer or any other Societe Generale group entity.

The Certificates are structured products issued in the form of a call warrant and are therefore complex products, subject to fluctuation in value. The Certificates are subject to investment risks, including the possible loss of the entire amount invested. Any losses will be borne by you directly. Accordingly, the Certificates are not an alternative to simpler products such as a fixed deposit or plain vanilla bond.

The Certificates are complex products. You should exercise caution in relation to them. Investors are warned that the price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise and holders may sustain a total loss of their investment. The price of the Certificates also depends on the supply and demand for the Certificates in the market and the price at which the Certificates is trading at any time may differ from the underlying valuation of the Certificates because of market inefficiencies. It is not possible to predict the secondary market for the Certificates. Although the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may from time to time purchase the Certificates or sell additional Certificates on the market, the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may only benefit from a partial participation in the positive performance of the Underlying Stock. The potential payout, and therefore the potential profits which may be realised by investing in the Certificates is capped at **the sum of (i) 100% of the Notional Amount (as defined below) of the Certificates and (ii) the Distribution(s)**.

The Certificates are classified as capital markets products other than prescribed capital markets products<sup>1</sup> and Specified Investment Products (SIPs)<sup>2</sup>, and may only be sold to retail investors with enhanced safeguards, including an assessment of such investors' investment knowledge or experience. All investors need to be SIP-qualified in order to invest in the Certificates. The Certificates are generally not suitable for vulnerable investors. The Certificates are for investors who are willing to accept the risk of substantial losses up to a total loss of their investment, possibly within a relatively short timeframe. Certificate holders should also have sufficient understanding of the Certificates. They should possess either a high level of financial markets knowledge or sufficient product and investment experience to properly evaluate and assess the Certificates' structure, associated risks, valuation, costs and expected returns.

The Certificates constitute general unsecured obligations of the Issuer (in the case of any substitution of the Issuer in accordance with the Conditions of the Certificates, the Substituted Obligor as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) and of no other person, and the guarantee dated 16 June 2023 (the "**Guarantee**") and entered into by the Guarantor constitutes direct unconditional unsecured senior preferred obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person, and if you purchase the Certificates, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person.

Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates will commence on or about 15 November 2023.

The Issuer and the Guarantor have entered into a Master Agency Agreement dated 22 April 2022 (the "**Master Agency Agreement**") and, under the Master Agency Agreement, the Guarantor will be acting as the "**Placing Agent**" for the Certificates and undertakes to reasonably endeavour to procure placees for the Certificates. The Placing Agent may enter into sub-placing agreements with financial institutions in Singapore (the "**Sub-Placing Agents**") relating to distributing the Certificates to

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> As defined in the Securities and Futures (Capital Markets Products) Regulations 2018.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> As defined in the MAS Notice SFA 04-N12: Notice on the Sale of Investment Products and MAS Notice FAA-N16: Notice on Recommendations on Investment Products.

retail investors during the Launch Date (as defined below) and the Expected Listing Date (as defined below).

As of the date hereof, the Guarantor's long term credit rating by S&P Global Ratings is A, and by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is A1.

The Issuer is regulated by the Luxembourg Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier on a consolidated basis and the Guarantor is regulated by, *inter alia*, the Autorité des Marchés Financiers, the Autorité de Contrôle Prudentiel et de Résolution and the European Central Bank.

14 November 2023

Subject as set out below, the Issuer and the Guarantor accept full responsibility for the accuracy of the information contained in this document, the Base Listing Document and the Addendum in relation to themselves and the Certificates. To the best of the knowledge and belief of the Issuer and the Guarantor (each of which has taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case), the information contained in this document, the Base Listing Document and the Addendum for which they accept responsibility (subject as set out below in respect of the information contained herein with regard to the Company) is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information. The information with regard to the Company as set out herein is extracted from publicly available information. The Issuer and the Guarantor accept responsibility only for the accurate reproduction of such information. No further or other responsibility or liability in respect of such information is accepted by the Issuer and the Guarantor.

No person has been authorised to give any information or to make any representation other than those contained in this document in connection with the offering of the Certificates, and, if given or made, such information or representations must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer or the Guarantor. Neither the delivery of this document nor any sale made hereunder shall under any circumstances create any implication that there has been no change in the affairs of the Issuer, the Guarantor or their respective subsidiaries and associates since the date hereof.

This document does not constitute an offer or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer or the Guarantor to purchase or subscribe for any of the Certificates. The distribution of this document and the offering of the Certificates may, in certain jurisdictions, be restricted by law. The Issuer and the Guarantor require persons into whose possession this document comes to inform themselves of and observe all such restrictions. In particular, the Certificates and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended or any state securities law, and trading in the Certificates has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") under the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended and the Issuer has not been and will not be registered as an investment company under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or regulatory authority or any other United States, French or other regulatory authority has approved or disapproved of the Certificates or the Guarantee or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Accordingly, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold, traded, pledged, exercised, redeemed, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, nor may any U.S. person at any time trade, own, hold or maintain a position in the Certificates or any interests therein. In addition, in the absence of relief from the CFTC, offers, sales, re-sales, trades, pledges, exercises, redemptions, transfers or deliveries of Certificates, or interests therein, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, may constitute a violation of United States law governing commodities trading and commodity pools. Consequently, any offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery made, directly or indirectly, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person will not be recognised. A further description of certain restrictions on offering and sale of the Certificates and distribution of this document is given in the section headed "Placing and Sale" contained herein.

The SGX-ST has made no assessment of, nor taken any responsibility for, the financial soundness of the Issuer or the Guarantor or the merits of investing in the Certificates, nor have they verified the accuracy or the truthfulness of statements made or opinions expressed in this document.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates may repurchase Certificates at any time on or after the date of issue and any Certificates so repurchased may be offered from time to time in one or more transactions in the over-the-counter market or otherwise at prevailing market prices or in negotiated transactions, at the discretion of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their affiliates. Investors should not therefore make any assumption as to the number of Certificates in issue at any time.

References in this document to the "**Conditions**" shall mean references to the Terms and Conditions of the European Style Structured Certificates contained in the Addendum. Terms not defined herein shall have the meanings ascribed thereto in the Conditions.

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## **RISK FACTORS**

The following are risk factors relating to the Certificates:

- (a) investment in Certificates involves substantial risks including market risk, liquidity risk, and the risk that the Issuer and/or the Guarantor will be unable to satisfy its/their obligations under the Certificates. Investors should ensure that they understand the nature of all these risks before making a decision to invest in the Certificates. You should consider carefully whether Certificates are suitable for you in light of your experience, objectives, financial position and other relevant circumstances. Certificates are not suitable for investors;
- (b) the Certificates constitute general unsecured obligations of the Issuer (in the case of any substitution of the Issuer in accordance with the Conditions of the Certificates, the Substituted Obligor as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) and of no other person, and the Guarantee constitutes direct unconditional unsecured senior preferred obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person. In particular, it should be noted that the Issuer issues a large number of financial instruments, including Certificates, on a global basis and, at any given time, the financial instruments outstanding may be substantial. If you purchase the Certificates, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor and have no rights under the Certificates against any other person;
- (c) since the Certificates relate to the price of the Underlying Stock (as defined below), certain events relating to the Underlying Stock may cause adverse movements in the value and the price of the Underlying Stock, as a result of which, the Certificate Holders (as defined in the Conditions of the Certificates) may sustain a significant loss of their investment if the price of the Underlying Stock has fallen sharply on the Expiry Date. In some extreme circumstances, the Certificate Holders may even sustain a total loss of their investment;
- (d) due to their nature, the Certificates can be volatile instruments and may be subject to considerable fluctuations in value. The price of the Certificates may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise due to, including but not limited to, the price and volatility of the Underlying Stock, dividends and interest rate, the time remaining to expiry, the currency exchange rates and the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor, and investors may sustain a total loss of their investment.

Investors should note that they may only benefit from a partial participation in the positive performance of the Underlying Stock. The potential payout, and therefore the potential profits which may be realised by investing in the Certificates is capped at the sum of (i) 100% of the Notional Amount of the Certificates (as defined below) and (ii) the Distribution(s);

- (e) if, whilst any of the Certificates remain unexercised, trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or halted on the relevant stock exchange, trading in the Certificates may be suspended for a similar period. In the event that a Distribution is payable and the announcement announcing such Distribution is not published on SGXNet by 8:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Business Day immediately following the corresponding Observation Date of such Distribution (if such Observation Date does not fall on the Valuation Date), the trading in the Certificates may be suspended until the publication of such announcement on SGXNet;
- (f) as indicated in the Conditions of the Certificates and herein, a Certificate Holder must tender a specified number of Certificates at any one time in order to exercise. Thus, Certificate Holders with fewer than the specified minimum number of Certificates in a particular series will either

have to sell their Certificates or purchase additional Certificates, incurring transactions costs in each case, in order to realise their investment;

- (g) Physical Settlement (as defined below) is subject to various conditions, including, without limitation, valid Election Notice (as defined below) for an integral multiple of a Physical Delivery Lot (as defined below) being delivered to the Physical Delivery Agent (as defined below) within the prescribed time frame by the Onboarded Investors (as defined below), Physical Settlement Authorisation (as defined below) being delivered to the Issuer within the prescribed time frame by the Physical Delivery Agent and Occurrence of Physical Settlement Event (as defined below);
- (h) all matters relating to Onboarding (as defined below) are subject to the sole and absolute discretion of the Physical Delivery Agent. Onboarding will not complete and the Other Investors will not be entitled to deliver the Election Notice to the Physical Delivery Agent if, among others:
  - (i) the Physical Delivery Agent rejects the Other Investor's application to open an account with it for whatsoever reason;
  - by the Onboarding Completion Date (as defined below), the Physical Delivery Agent does not establish business relations with the Other Investor for any reason;
  - (iii) the requisite requirements prescribed by the Physical Delivery Agent for the delivery of the Physical Settlement Stock (as defined below) (including, without limitation, the deposit of the relevant Certificates into the securities account designated by the Physical Delivery Agent by the Onboarding Completion Date) have not been fulfilled; or
  - (iv) the delivery of the Physical Settlement Stock to the Other Investor may infringe any applicable law, regulation or rule or necessitate compliance with conditions or requirements which the Physical Delivery Agent, in its absolute discretion, determines to be onerous or impracticable by reason of costs, delay or otherwise;
- (i) the Physical Delivery Agent may determine that no Physical Settlement Authorisation (as defined below) shall be delivered in respect of the Certificates for which a valid Election Notice has been received. Upon receipt of a valid Election Notice, the Physical Delivery Agent may determine that no Physical Settlement Authorisation shall be delivered in respect of such Certificates if the delivery of the Physical Settlement Stock to the Onboarded Investors (as defined below) may infringe any applicable law, regulation or rule or necessitate compliance with conditions or requirements which the Physical Delivery Agent, in its absolute discretion, determines to be onerous or impracticable by reason of costs, delay or otherwise;
- (j) the Issuer may determine that the Certificates in respect of which a Physical Settlement Authorisation has been provided shall not be physically settled. Upon the occurrence of a Physical Settlement Event (as defined below), the Issuer is entitled (but not obliged) to physically settle in accordance with the Conditions those Certificates in respect of which it has received a Physical Settlement Authorisation. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Issuer may determine that the Certificates in respect of which a Physical Settlement Authorisation has been provided shall not be physically settled where:
  - (i) no Physical Settlement Event has occurred; and/or
  - the delivery of the Physical Settlement Stock to the Physical Delivery Agents and/or the Onboarded Investors may infringe any applicable law, regulation or rule or necessitate compliance with conditions or requirements which the Issuer, in its absolute discretion, determines to be onerous or impracticable by reason of costs, delay or otherwise;

- (k) If the Physical Settlement is applicable, Onboarded Investors will only be able to receive the Physical Settlement Stock after the Physical Delivery Agent's receipt of the same from the Issuer on the Physical Settlement Date (as defined below), and it will always be later than the date when Onboarded Investors could receive the Cash Settlement Amount if the Certificates are cash settled. When the Onboarded Investors will receive the Physical Settlement Stock and the Cash Residual Amount (as defined below) from the Physical Delivery Agent would be subject to the agreements or arrangements between the Physical Delivery Agent and the Onboarded Investors. Please consult your selected Physical Delivery Agent for further details;
- (I) If the Physical Settlement is applicable, Onboarded Investors may receive the Physical Settlement Stock and be exposed to the market risk of holding the Underlying Stock after the Valuation Date. Please note that the value of the Physical Settlement Stock after the Valuation Date together with the Cash Residual Amount may be less than the Cash Settlement Amount which Onboarded Investors could receive if the Certificates are cash settled;
- (m) investors should note that in the event of there being a Market Disruption Event (as defined in the Conditions) determination or payment of the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined below) and the Distribution(s) (as defined below) may be delayed, all as more fully described in the Conditions;
- (n) investors should note that, in the event of there being a Settlement Disruption Event (as defined in the Conditions), physical delivery of the Physical Settlement Stock may be delayed, as more fully described in the Conditions. Investors should also note that in the event the Issuer determines to physically settle the relevant Certificates, upon occurrence of a Settlement Disruption Event, the Issuer retains the discretion to cash settle the relevant Certificates in the circumstances described in the Conditions;
- (o) certain events relating to the Underlying Stock require or, as the case may be, permit the Issuer to make certain adjustments or amendments to the Conditions. Investors may refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Structured Certificates (Discount Certificates)" section of this document for examples and illustrations of adjustments that may be made to the terms of the Certificates due to certain corporate actions on the Underlying Stock;
- (p) the Certificates are only exercisable on the Expiry Date (as defined below) and may not be exercised by Certificate Holders prior to such Expiry Date. Accordingly, if on the Expiry Date the Cash Settlement Amount is zero and no Distribution is payable, a Certificate Holder will lose the value of his investment;
- (q) investors should note that there may be an exchange rate risk relating to the Certificates where the Closing Price is converted from a foreign currency into Singapore Dollars when determining the Physical Settlement Stock and the Cash Residual Amount.

Exchange rates between currencies are determined by forces of supply and demand in the foreign exchange markets. These forces are, in turn, affected by factors such as international balances of payments and other economic and financial conditions, government intervention in currency markets and currency trading speculation. Fluctuations in foreign exchange rates, foreign political and economic developments, and the imposition of exchange controls or other foreign governmental laws or restrictions applicable to such investments may affect the foreign currency market price and the exchange rate-adjusted equivalent price of the Certificates. Fluctuations in the exchange rate of any one currency may be offset by fluctuations in the exchange rate of other relevant currencies;

(r) certain events may, pursuant to the terms and conditions of the Certificates, trigger (i) the implementation of methods of adjustment or (ii) the early termination of the Certificates. The

Issuer will give the investors reasonable notice of any early termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of the Certificate less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. The performance of this commitment shall depend on (i) general market conditions and (ii) the liquidity conditions of the underlying instrument(s) and, as the case may be, of any other hedging transactions. Investors should note that the amount repaid by the Issuer may be less than the amount initially invested. Investors may refer to the Condition 13 for more information;

- (s) there is no assurance that an active trading market for the Certificates will sustain throughout the life of the Certificates, or if it does sustain, it may be due to market making on the part of the Designated Market Maker. The Issuer acting through its Designated Market Maker may be the only market participant buying and selling the Certificates. Therefore, the secondary market for the Certificates may be limited and you may not be able to realise the value of the Certificates. Do note that the bid-ask spread increases with illiquidity;
- (t) in the ordinary course of their business, including without limitation, in connection with the Issuer or its appointed designated market maker's market making activities, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may have a position or interest in the Underlying Stock, and may effect transactions for their own account or for the account of their customers and hold long or short positions in the Underlying Stock. In addition, in connection with the offering of any Certificates, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into one or more hedging transactions with respect to the Underlying Stock. In connection with such hedging or market-making activities or with respect to proprietary or other trading activities by the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into transactions in the Underlying Stock where conflicts of interest may arise, and/or which may affect the market price, liquidity or value of the Certificates and which may affect the interests of Certificate Holders, and investors consent to the Issuer, Guarantor and any of their respective subsidiaries and affiliates entering into such transactions.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and their affiliates act or may act in different capacities in relation to the issue of the Certificates, including without limitation:

- (A) the Issuer is the issuer of the Certificates;
- (B) Societe Generale acts as designated market maker for the Certificates, and as master placement agent for the Certificates;
- (C) Societe Generale may at its sole and absolute discretion enter into contracts with other sub-placing agents for the physical delivery of underlying shares; and
- (D) Societe Generale, Singapore Branch is authorized to distribute and market the Certificates.

For the avoidance of doubt and as an independent stipulation, investors agree to each of the Issuer, the Guarantor and its affiliates providing different services and/or performing different roles in relation to the issuance, offer and/or dealing in the Certificates. Each investor acknowledges and agrees that the provision of such services or the undertaking of such roles may not always be consistent with the interests of the investors.

Each investor agrees that subject to mandatory applicable law which cannot be derogated from, no implied duties or obligations shall be imposed on the Issuer, the Guarantor and their affiliates under the Certificates, and in connection with or as a result of the investor's subscription or purchase of the Certificates.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and their affiliates may (i) receive benefits, fees, spreads, mark-ups and/or profits as a result of their multiple roles as issuer, guarantor, custodian, calculation agent, designated market maker, master placing agent, hedging party, entering into forward and other derivative contracts, and/or distributor (whether in the nature of a fiduciary, similar or additional duty or relationship or otherwise) and (ii) pay fees and commissions, and/or provide rebates, benefits or discounted prices to sub-placing agents, and each investor fully consents to (i) each of the Issuer, the Guarantor and their affiliates acting in such capacities, taking on such roles, and entering into such transactions, (ii) each of the Issuer, the Guarantor and their affiliates not being liable to notify nor to account for, and each of them, retaining such benefits, fees, spreads, mark-ups and/or profits for their own account, (iii) each of the Issuer, the Guarantor and their affiliates not being liable to notify nor to account for, and each of them, paying fees and commissions and/or providing rebates, benefits and discounted prices to sub-placing agents and (iv) each of the sub-placing agents retaining such fees, commissions, rebates, benefits and/or discounted prices. Each investor acknowledges and agrees that none of the Issuer, the Guarantor and their affiliates acts as fiduciary to any investor nor assumes any such obligations, and that none of the Issuer, the Guarantor and their affiliates is obliged to notify, and is liable to account to, any investor or any other person for (and each investor or such other person shall not be entitled to ask for) disclosure of the fact or the amount of, any benefits, fees, spreads, mark-ups and/or profits resulting from any of the aforementioned roles, other than is already disclosed in this document. Each investor agrees that it will have no claim against the Issuer, the Guarantor and their affiliates for, and it consents to, (i) the receipt, acceptance and retention by the Issuer, the Guarantor and their affiliates of, such benefits, fees, spreads, markups and/or profits arising from any such multiple roles, and (ii) the payment by the Issuer, the Guarantor and their affiliates to, and the receipt, acceptance and retention by, the sub-placing agent of fees, commissions, rebates, benefits and/or discounted prices.

Subject to mandatory applicable laws which cannot be derogated from, regulations and listing rules, the Guarantor and its affiliates may enter into off-exchange transactions in the capacity of Certificate Holder at their discretion to sell the Certificates at a price which may be different from the price of the Certificates quoted on the SGX-ST by the Guarantor in its capacity of the designated market maker;

(u) various potential and actual conflicts of interest may arise from the overall activities of the Issuer, the Guarantor and/or any of their subsidiaries and affiliates.

The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates are diversified financial institutions with relationships in countries around the world. These entities engage in a wide range of commercial and investment banking, brokerage, funds management, hedging transactions and investment and other activities for their own account or the account of others. In addition, the Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates, in connection with their other business activities, may possess or acquire material information about the Underlying Stock. Such activities and information may involve or otherwise affect issuers of the Underlying Stock in a manner that may cause consequences adverse to the Certificate Holders or otherwise create conflicts of interests in connection with the issue of Certificates by the Issuer. Such actions and conflicts may include, without limitation, the exercise of voting power, the purchase and sale of securities, financial advisory relationships and exercise of creditor rights. The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates have no obligation to

disclose such information about the Underlying Stock or such activities. The Issuer, the Guarantor and any of their subsidiaries and affiliates and their officers and directors may engage in any such activities without regard to the issue of Certificates by the Issuer or the effect that such activities may directly or indirectly have on any Certificate;

(v) legal considerations which may restrict the possibility of certain investments:

Some investors' investment activities are subject to specific laws and regulations or laws and regulations currently being considered by various authorities. All potential investors must consult their own legal advisers to check whether and to what extent (i) they can legally purchase the Certificates (ii) the Certificates can be used as collateral security for various forms of borrowing (iii) if other restrictions apply to the purchase of Certificates or their use as collateral security. Financial institutions must consult their legal advisers or regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of the Certificates under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules;

- (w) the credit rating of the Guarantor is an assessment of its ability to pay obligations, including those on the Certificates. Consequently, actual or anticipated declines in the credit rating of the Guarantor may affect the market value of the Certificates;
- (x) the Certificates are linked to the Underlying Stock and subject to the risk that the price of the Underlying Stock may decline. The following is a list of some of the significant risks associated with the Underlying Stock:
  - Historical performance of the Underlying Stock does not give an indication of future performance of the Underlying Stock. It is impossible to predict whether the price of the Underlying Stock will fall or rise over the term of the Certificates; and
  - The price of the Underlying Stock may be affected by the economic, financial and political events in one or more jurisdictions, including the stock exchange(s) or quotation system(s) on which the Underlying Stock may be traded;
- (y) two or more risk factors may simultaneously have an effect on the value of a Certificate such that the effect of any individual risk factor may not be predicted. No assurance can be given as to the effect any combination of risk factors may have on the value of a Certificate;
- (z) as the Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("**CDP**"):
  - (i) investors should note that no definitive certificate will be issued in relation to the Certificates;
  - (ii) there will be no register of Certificate Holders and each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates by way of interest (to the extent of such number) in the global warrant certificate in respect of those Certificates represented thereby shall be treated as the holder of such number of Certificates;
  - (iii) investors will need to rely on any statements received from their brokers/custodians as evidence of their interest in the Certificates; and
  - (iv) notices to such Certificate Holders will be published on the web-site of the SGX-ST. Investors will need to check the web-site of the SGX-ST regularly and/or rely on their brokers/custodians to obtain such notices;
- (aa) the US Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act ("**FATCA**") withholding risk:

FATCA generally imposes a 30 per cent. withholding tax on certain U.S.-source payments to certain non-US persons that do provide certification of their compliance with IRS rules to disclose the identity of their US owners and account holders (if any) or establish a basis for exemption for such disclosure. The Issuer or an investor's broker or custodian may be subject to FATCA and, as a result, may be required to obtain certification from investors that they have complied with FATCA disclosure requirements or have established a basis for exemption from FATCA. If an investor does not provide the Issuer or the relevant broker or custodian with such certification, the Issuer and the Guarantor or other withholding agent could be required to withhold U.S. tax on U.S.-source income (if any) paid pursuant to the Certificates. In certain cases, the Issuer or the relevant broker or custodian could be required to close an account of an investor who does not comply with the FATCA certification procedures.

FATCA IS PARTICULARLY COMPLEX. EACH INVESTOR SHOULD CONSULT ITS OWN TAX ADVISER TO OBTAIN A MORE DETAILED EXPLANATION OF FATCA AND TO DETERMINE HOW THIS LEGISLATION MIGHT AFFECT EACH INVESTOR IN ITS PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES;

#### (bb) U.S. withholding tax

The Issuer has determined that this Certificate is not linked to U.S. Underlying Equities within the meaning of applicable regulations under Section 871(m) of the United States Internal Revenue Code, as discussed in the accompanying Base Listing Document under "TAXATION—TAXATION IN THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA—Section 871(m) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986." Accordingly, the Issuer expects that Section 871(m) will not apply to the Certificates. Such determination is not binding on the IRS, and the IRS may disagree with this determination. Section 871(m) is complex and its application may depend on a Certificate Holder's particular circumstances. Certificate Holders should consult with their own tax advisers regarding the potential application of Section 871(m) to the Certificates; and

#### (cc) risk factors relating to the BRRD

French and Luxembourg law and European legislation regarding the resolution of financial institutions may require the write-down or conversion to equity of the Certificates or other resolution measures if the Issuer or the Guarantor is deemed to meet the conditions for resolution.

Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of the European Union dated 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (the "**BRRD**") entered into force on 2 July 2014. The BRRD, as amended, has been implemented into Luxembourg law by, among others, the Luxembourg act dated 18 December 2015 on the failure of credit institutions and certain investment firms, as amended (the "**BRR Act 2015**"). Under the BRR Act 2015, the competent authority is the Luxembourg financial sector supervisory authority (*Commission de surveillance du secteur financier*, the CSSF) and the resolution authority is the CSSF acting as resolution council (*conseil de résolution*).

In April 2023, the EU Commission released a proposal to amend, in particular, the BRRD according to which senior preferred debt instruments would no longer rank pari passu with any non covered non preferred deposits of the Issuer; instead, senior preferred debt instruments would rank junior in right of payment to the claims of all depositors.

This proposal will be discussed and amended by the European Parliament and the European Council before being final and applicable. If the Commission proposal was adopted as is, there may be an increased risk of an investor in senior preferred debt instruments losing all or some

of their investment in the context of the exercise of the Bail-in Power. The proposal may also lead to a rating downgrade for senior preferred debt instruments.

Moreover, Regulation (EU) No. 806/2014 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 July 2014 establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a Single Resolution Mechanism ("**SRM**") and a Single Resolution Framework (the "**SRM Regulation**") has established a centralised power of resolution entrusted to a Single Resolution Board (the "**SRB**") in cooperation with the national resolution authorities.

Since November 2014, the European Central Bank ("**ECB**") has taken over the prudential supervision of significant credit institutions in the member states of the Eurozone under the Single Supervisory Mechanism ("**SSM**"). In addition, the SRM has been put in place to ensure that the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms across the Eurozone is harmonised. As mentioned above, the SRM is managed by the SRB. Under Article 5(1) of the SRM Regulation, the SRM has been granted those responsibilities and powers granted to the EU Member States' resolution authorities under the BRRD for those credit institutions and certain investment firms subject to direct supervision by the ECB. The ability of the SRB to exercise these powers came into force at the beginning of 2016.

Societe Generale has been, and continues to be, designated as a significant supervised entity for the purposes of Article 49(1) of Regulation (EU) No 468/2014 of the ECB of 16 April 2014 establishing the framework for cooperation within the SSM between the ECB and national competent authorities and with national designated authorities (the "SSM Regulation") and is consequently subject to the direct supervision of the ECB in the context of the SSM. This means that Societe Generale and SG Issuer (being covered by the consolidated prudential supervision of Societe Generale) are also subject to the SRM which came into force in 2015. The SRM Regulation mirrors the BRRD and, to a large part, refers to the BRRD so that the SRB is able to apply the same powers that would otherwise be available to the relevant national resolution authority.

The stated aim of the BRRD and the SRM Regulation is to provide for the establishment of an EU-wide framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms. The regime provided for by the BRRD is, among other things, stated to be needed to provide the resolution authority designated by each EU Member State (the "**Resolution Authority**") with a credible set of tools to intervene sufficiently early and quickly in an unsound or failing institution so as to ensure the continuity of the institution's critical financial and economic functions while minimising the impact of an institution's failure on the economy and financial system (including taxpayers' exposure to losses).

In accordance with the provisions of the SRM Regulation, when applicable, the SRB, has replaced the national resolution authorities designated under the BRRD with respect to all aspects relating to the decision-making process and the national resolution authorities designated under the BRRD continue to carry out activities relating to the implementation of resolution schemes adopted by the SRB. The provisions relating to the cooperation between the SRB and the national resolution authorities for the preparation of the institutions' resolution plans have applied since 1 January 2015 and the SRM has been fully operational since 1 January 2016.

The SRB is the Resolution Authority for the Issuer and the Guarantor.

The powers provided to the Resolution Authority in the BRRD and the SRM Regulation include write-down/conversion powers to ensure that capital instruments (including subordinated debt

instruments) and eligible liabilities (including senior debt instruments if junior instruments prove insufficient to absorb all losses) absorb losses of the issuing institution that is subject to resolution in accordance with a set order of priority (the "**Bail-in Power**"). The conditions for resolution under the SRM Regulation are deemed to be met when: (i) the Resolution Authority determines that the institution is failing or is likely to fail, (ii) there is no reasonable prospect that any measure other than a resolution measure would prevent the failure within a reasonable timeframe, and (iii) a resolution measure is necessary for the achievement of the resolution objectives (in particular, ensuring the continuity of critical functions, avoiding a significant adverse effect on the financial system, protecting public funds by minimizing reliance on extraordinary public financial support, and protecting client funds and assets) and winding up of the institution under normal insolvency proceedings would not meet those resolution objectives to the same extent.

The Resolution Authority could also, independently of a resolution measure or in combination with a resolution measure, fully or partially write-down or convert capital instruments (including subordinated debt instruments) into equity when it determines that the institution or its group will no longer be viable unless such write-down or conversion power is exercised or when the institution requires extraordinary public financial support (except when extraordinary public financial support is provided in Article 10 of the SRM Regulation). The terms and conditions of the Certificates contain provisions giving effect to the Bail-in Power in the context of resolution and write-down or conversion of capital instruments at the point of non-viability.

The Bail-in Power could result in the full (i.e., to zero) or partial write-down or conversion of the Certificates into ordinary shares or other instruments of ownership, or the variation of the terms of the Certificates (for example, the maturity and/or interest payable may be altered and/or a temporary suspension of payments may be ordered). Extraordinary public financial support should only be used as a last resort after having assessed and applied, to the maximum extent practicable, the resolution measures. No support will be available until a minimum amount of contribution to loss absorption and recapitalization of 8% of total liabilities including own funds has been made by shareholders, holders of capital instruments and other eligible liabilities through write-down, conversion or otherwise.

In addition to the Bail-in Power, the BRRD provides the Resolution Authority with broader powers to implement other resolution measures with respect to institutions that meet the conditions for resolution, which may include (without limitation) the sale of the institution's business, the creation of a bridge institution, the separation of assets, the replacement or substitution of the institution as obligor in respect of debt instruments, modifications to the terms of debt instruments (including altering the maturity and/or the amount of interest payable and/or imposing a temporary suspension on payments), removing management, appointing an interim administrator, and discontinuing the listing and admission to trading of financial instruments.

Before taking a resolution measure, including implementing the Bail-in Power, or exercising the power to write down or convert relevant capital instruments, the Resolution Authority must ensure that a fair, prudent and realistic valuation of the assets and liabilities of the institution is carried out by a person independent from any public authority.

The BRRD, the BRR Act 2015 and the SRM Regulation however also state that, under exceptional circumstances, if the bail-in instrument is applied, the SRB, in cooperation with the CSSF, may completely or partially exclude certain liabilities from the application of the impairment or conversion powers under certain conditions.

Since 1 January 2016, EU credit institutions (such as Societe Generale) and certain investment firms have to meet, at all times, a minimum requirement for own funds and eligible liabilities

("**MREL**") pursuant to Article 12 of the SRM Regulation. The MREL, which is expressed as a percentage of the total liabilities and own funds of the institution, aims at preventing institutions from structuring their liabilities in a manner that impedes the effectiveness of the Bail-in Power in order to facilitate resolution.

The regime has evolved as a result of the changes adopted by the EU legislators. On 7 June 2019, as part of the contemplated amendments to the so-called "EU Banking Package", the following legislative texts were published in the Official Journal of the EU 14 May 2019:

- Directive (EU) 2019/879 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the BRRD as regards the loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity of credit institutions and investment firms ("**BRRD II**"); and
- Regulation (EU) 2019/877 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 May 2019 amending the SRM Regulation as regards the loss-absorbing and recapitalisation capacity ("**TLAC**") of credit institutions and investment firms (the "**SRM II Regulation**" and, together with the BRRD II, the "**EU Banking Package Reforms**").

The EU Banking Package Reforms introduced, among other things, the TLAC standard as implemented by the Financial Stability Board's TLAC Term Sheet ("**FSB TLAC Term Sheet**"), by adapting, among other things, the existing regime relating to the specific MREL with aim of reducing risks in the banking sector and further reinforcing institutions' ability to withstand potential shocks will strengthen the banking union and reduce risks in the financial system.

The TLAC has been implemented in accordance with the FSB TLAC Term Sheet, which impose a level of "Minimum TLAC" that will be determined individually for each global systemically important bank ("**G-SIB**"), such as Societe Generale, in an amount at least equal to (i) 16%, plus applicable buffers, of risk weight assets since January 1, 2022 and 18%, plus applicable buffers, thereafter and (ii) 6% of the Basel III leverage ratio denominator since January 1, 2022 and 6.75% thereafter (each of which could be extended by additional firm-specific requirements).

Regulation (EU) No 575/2013 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 26 June 2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms (the "**CRR**"), as amended by Regulation (EU) 2019/876 as regards the leverage ratio, the net stable funding ratio, requirements for own funds and eligible liabilities, counterparty credit risk, market risk, exposures to central counterparties, exposures to collective investment undertakings, large exposures, reporting and disclosure requirements (the "**CRR II**"), EU G-SIBs, such as Societe Generale, have to comply with TLAC requirements, on top of the MREL requirements, since the entry into force of the CRR II. As such, G-SIBs, such as Societe Generale have to comply with both the TLAC and MREL requirements.

Consequently, the criteria for MREL-eligible liabilities have been closely aligned with the criteria for TLAC-eligible liabilities under CRR II, but subject to the complementary adjustments and requirements introduced in the BRRD II. In particular, certain debt instruments with an embedded derivative component, such as certain structured notes, will be eligible, subject to certain conditions, to meet MREL requirements to the extent that they have a fixed or increasing principal amount repayable at maturity that is known in advance with only an additional return permitted to be linked to that derivative component and dependent on the performance of a reference asset.

The level of capital and eligible liabilities required under MREL is set by the SRB for Societe Generale on an individual and/or consolidated basis based on certain criteria including systemic importance and may also be set for SG Issuer. Eligible liabilities may be senior or subordinated,

provided, among other requirements, that they have a remaining term of at least one year and, they recognise contractually the Resolution Authority's power to write down or convert the liabilities governed by non-EU law.

The scope of liabilities used to meet MREL includes, in principle, all liabilities resulting from claims arising from ordinary unsecured creditors (non-subordinated liabilities) unless they do not meet specific eligibility criteria set out in BRRD, as amended by BRRD II. To enhance the resolvability of institutions and entities through an effective use of the bail-in tool, the SRB should be able to require that MREL be met with own funds and other subordinated liabilities. in particular where there are clear indications that bailed-in creditors are likely to bear losses in resolution that would exceed the losses that they would incur under normal insolvency proceedings. Moreover the SRB should assess the need to require institutions and entities to meet the MREL with own funds and other subordinated liabilities where the amount of liabilities excluded from the application of the bail- in tool reaches a certain threshold within a class of liabilities that includes MREL-eligible liabilities. Any subordination of debt instruments requested by the SRB for the MREL shall be without prejudice to the possibility to partly meet the TLAC requirements with non-subordinated debt instruments in accordance with the CRR, as amended by the CRR II, as permitted by the TLAC standard. Specific requirements apply to resolution groups with assets above EUR 100 billion (top-tier banks, including Societe Generale).

# TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE CERTIFICATES

The following are the terms and conditions of the Certificates and should be read in conjunction with, and are qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document, the Base Listing Document and the Addendum.

The Conditions are set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Structured Certificates" in the Addendum. For the purposes of the Conditions, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Certificates:	2,000,000 European Style Structured Certificates (Discount Certificates) relating to the ordinary shares of Alibaba Group Holding Limited traded in HKD (the " <b>Underlying Stock</b> ")
ISIN:	LU2517571357
Company:	Alibaba Group Holding Limited (RIC: 9988.HK)
Underlying Price <sup>3</sup> and Source:	The Initial Price (Bloomberg)
Issue Price:	SGD 1.00
Initial Price:	HKD 82.1500, being the closing price of the Underlying Stock on the Strike Date
Strike Price:	HKD 78.0425, being 95% of the Initial Price
Closing Price:	The closing price of the Underlying Stock on the Valuation Date
Notional Amount per Certificate:	SGD 1.00
Distribution Barrier:	HKD 41.0750, being 50% of the Initial Price
Сар:	100%
Launch Date:	1 November 2023
Strike Date:	9 November 2023
Issue/Initial Settlement/Closing Date:	14 November 2023
Distribution Amount:	SGD 0.075, which is the Notional Amount per Certificate x 7.5%.
	(The aggregate maximum Distribution being 15% per annum.)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> These figures are calculated as at, and based on information available to the Issuer on or about the Strike Date. The Issuer is not obliged, and undertakes no responsibility to any person, to update or inform any person of any changes to the figures after the Strike Date.

Expected Listing Date:	15 November 2023
Last Trading Date:	The date falling 5 Business Days immediately preceding the Expiry Date, currently being 10 May 2024.
Expiry Date:	17 May 2024 (if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the Expiry Date shall fall on the immediately following Business Day, and if the Valuation Date falls after the Business Day immediately preceding the Expiry Date, the Expiry Date shall fall on the Business Day immediately following the Valuation Date).
Board Lot:	100 Certificates
Valuation Date:	16 May 2024 or if such day is not an Exchange Business Day, the immediately following Exchange Business Day, and subject to adjustment of the Valuation Date upon the occurrence of Market Disruption Events as set out in the Conditions of the Certificates.
Cash Settlement Date and Physical Settlement Date:	<b>Cash Settlement Date</b> : No later than 3 Business Days following the Expiry Date, currently being 23 May 2024.
	<b>Physical Settlement Date</b> : No later than the Exchange Business Day immediately following the day on which the Issuer receives the Physical Settlement Amount from the Physical Delivery Agent, currently expected to be 4 Business Days following the Expiry Date being 24 May 2024.
Observation Date:	The Valuation Date, being 16 May 2024 (if such day is not an Exchange Business Day, the immediately following Exchange Business Day, and subject to adjustment of the Observation Date upon the occurrence of Market Disruption Events as set out in the Conditions of the Certificates).
Exercise:	The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive.
	If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day. In such a case:
	<ul> <li>(i) if and to the extent the Cash Settlement applies, the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(d(i)(A)) of the Conditions; and</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>(ii) if and to the extent the Physical Settlement applies, the Physical Settlement Stock together with the Cash Residual Amount (if any) shall be delivered and paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(d(i)(B)) of the Conditions.</li> </ul>
	In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero or negative, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment (other than the Distribution(s) (if applicable and if any)) from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.
Settlement Method:	Cash Settlement: unless the Issuer physically settles the Certificates in accordance with the Conditions, all the Certificates will be cash settled in accordance with the Conditions.
	Physical Settlement: if a Physical Settlement Event occurs, the Issuer shall be entitled to physically settle the Certificates deposited in the securities accounts designated by the Physical Delivery Agents, in respect of which the Physical Delivery Agents have delivered to the Issuer the Physical Settlement Authorisation by 6:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on 13 May 2024.
Election Notice:	An " <b>Election Notice</b> " is a duly completed and irrevocable election notice (copies of which can be obtained from the Physical Delivery Agents) pursuant to which the Onboarded Investor directs a Physical Delivery Agent to deliver the Physical Settlement Authorisation in respect of the relevant Certificates to the Issuer. The Election Notice shall specify the number of Certificates in respect of which the Onboarded Investor directs the Physical Delivery Agent to deliver the Physical Settlement Authorisation, which shall be an integral multiple of a Physical Delivery Lot.
	The Election Notice shall be delivered to the Physical Delivery Agents on or before the Election Notice Date.
	The " <b>Physical Settlement Authorisation</b> " refers to the authorisation to physically settle the relevant Certificates upon occurrence of a Physical Settlement Event.
	A " <b>Physical Settlement Event</b> " is deemed to have occurred if the Closing Price is lower than the Strike Price.
Physical Delivery Agents:	United Overseas Bank Limited, at 80 Raffles Place, UOB Plaza, Singapore 048624;
	UOB Kay Hian Private Limited, at 8 Anthony Road #01-01 Singapore 229957,

and any other Physical Delivery Agent listed out on the Issuer's website at <u>https://certificates.societegenerale.com</u>, who shall be the Certificate Holders appearing in the records maintained by CDP for the Certificates specified in the valid Election Notices to be delivered to them.

Election Notice Date: The latest date for the delivery of the Election Notice to a Physical Delivery Agent, currently being 9 May 2024.

Onboarding: Only the Onboarded Investors who complete the Onboarding by no later than the Onboarding Completion Date are entitled to issue the Election Notice in accordance with the Conditions. Investors other than the Onboarded Investors (the "**Other Investors**"), being the Certificate Holders who hold the Certificates in their direct securities accounts with CDP and investors who hold the Certificates through nominees other than the Physical Delivery Agents, may through completing the Onboarding by no later than the Onboarding Completion Date to become the Onboarded Investors to become entitled to issue the Election Notice.

"**Onboarding**" refers to (a) submission of an application to the Physical Delivery Agent to open an account with it by no later than the Onboarding Application Date and (b) transferring, or procuring the transfer of, the relevant Certificates to the Physical Delivery Agent by no later than the Onboarding Completion Date such that the relevant Certificates will be held through the Physical Delivery Agent. All the matters relating to Onboarding are subject to the sole and absolute discretion of the Physical Delivery Agent.

An "**Onboarded Investor**" refers to an investor who maintains an account with the Physical Delivery Agent and hold the Certificates through the Physical Delivery Agent.

"**Onboarding Application Date**" refers to latest date for the Other Investors to submit an application to the Physical Delivery Agent to open an account with it, currently being 16 April 2024.

"**Onboarding Completion Date**" refers to latest date for the Other Investors to complete the Onboarding to become the Onboarded Investors to become entitled to issue an Election Notice, currently being 2 May 2024.

Physical Delivery Lot: 10,000 Certificates

Exercise Amount:A number of Certificates in respect of which a valid Election Notice<br/>has been submitted by an Onboarded Investor. The Exercise Amount<br/>shall be an integral multiple of a Physical Delivery Lot.

Cash Settlement Amount: In respect of each Certificate, an amount denominated in the Settlement Currency equal to:

Notional Amount per Certificate x Min(Cap ; Closing Price/Strike Price).

Please refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Structured Certificates (Discount Certificates)" section of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Cash Settlement Amount.

Physical Settlement Stock: In respect of a Physical Delivery Lot of the Certificates to which the Physical Settlement is applicable, the number of the Underlying Stock to be delivered by the Issuer by the Physical Settlement Date to a Physical Delivery Agent<sup>4</sup> and equal to (a) the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) multiplied by the Physical Delivery Lot; (b) divided by the Closing Price multiplied by the Exchange Rate, rounded down to the nearest integer number of the Underlying Stock.

> "Exchange Rate" refers to the rate for the conversion of the Underlying Stock Currency to SGD based on Bloomberg page BFIX rate as at 4:00pm (Hong Kong Time) on the Valuation Date. If Bloomberg service ceases to display such information or if such information is not available on such page at such time, the Exchange Rate shall be the rate as determined by the Issuer by reference to such source(s) as the Issuer may reasonably determine to be appropriate at or around such a time.

- Cash Residual Amount: In respect of a Physical Delivery Lot of the Certificates to which the Physical Settlement is applicable, an amount in the Settlement Currency to be paid by the Issuer by the Cash Settlement Date to the Physical Delivery Agent<sup>4</sup> equal to the value of (a) the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) multiplied by the Physical Delivery Lot; less (b) the Physical Settlement Stock multiplied by the Closing Price multiplied by the Exchange Rate (the "**Physical Settlement Amount**").
- Distribution: In respect of each Certificate, shall be the Distribution Amount per Observation Date payable in the Settlement Currency to holders of the Certificates appearing in the records maintained by CDP as at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the fifth Business Day following such Observation Date (if such Observation Date does not fall on the Valuation Date) or on the second Business Day following the Valuation Date (if such Observation Date falls on the Valuation Date) (subject to change by the Issuer on giving notice to investors via SGXNet) on the Distribution Payment Date, if on such Observation

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> When the Onboarded Investors will receive the Physical Settlement Stock and the Cash Residual Amount from the Physical Delivery Agent would be subject to the agreements or arrangements between the Physical Delivery Agent and the Onboarded Investors.

Date, the closing price of the Underlying Stock is higher than or equal to the Distribution Barrier.

"**Distribution Payment Date**" of a Distribution refers to (i) a day which is not later than 7 Business Days following the corresponding Observation Date of such Distribution (if such Observation Date does not fall on the Valuation Date) or (ii) the Cash Settlement Date (if such Observation Date falls on the Valuation Date). In the event that the announcement announcing such Distribution is not published on SGXNet by 8 a.m. on the Business Day immediately following the corresponding Observation Date of such Distribution (if such Observation Date does not fall on the Valuation Date), the Distribution Payment Date of such Distribution shall be a day which is not later than 7 Business Days following the publication of such announcement on SGXNet.

Please refer to the "Information relating to the European Style Structured Certificates (Discount Certificates)" section of this document for examples and illustrations of the calculation of the Distribution.

Underlying Stock Currency: Hong Kong Dollar ("HKD")

Settlement Currency: Singapore Dollar ("SGD")

Exercise Expenses: Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates (including the processing fee charged by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP")).

Relevant Stock Exchange for The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "**SGX-ST**") the Certificates:

Relevant Stock Exchange for The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("**HKEX**") the Underlying Stock:

CDP

Business Day and ExchangeA "Business Day" is a day on which the SGX-ST is open for dealingsBusiness Day:in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for<br/>business in Singapore.

An **"Exchange Business Day**" is a day on which HKEX is open for dealings in Hong Kong during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Hong Kong.

Warrant Agent:

Sub-Placing Agent: United Overseas Bank Limited and UOB Kay Hian Private Limited

Clearing System: CDP

Fees and Charges: Normal transaction and brokerage fees shall apply to the trading of the Certificates on the SGX-ST. Investors should note that they may be required to pay stamp taxes or other documentary charges in accordance with the laws and practices of the country where the Certificates are transferred. Investors who are in any doubt as to their tax position should consult their own independent tax advisers. In addition, investors should be aware that tax regulations and their application by the relevant taxation authorities change from time to time. Accordingly, it is not possible to predict the precise tax treatment which will apply at any given time.

A distribution fee of up to 2% of the investors' investment amount in the Certificates may be paid by the Issuer or one of its affiliates to the Sub-Placing Agent.

As at the Issue Date, the maximum amount of commercial margin that the Issuer can apply is 2% of the Notional Amount of Certificate.

Investors may also refer to the lssuer's web-site at https://certificates.societegenerale.com/ to observe the dailv theoretical price of the Certificates from the Business Day after the Strike Date of the Certificates.

Investors will be required to pay the Exercise Expenses.

In the case of Physical Settlement, investors will be required to pay all charges incurred in connection with the purchase and transfer of the Underlying Stock, and all the expenses payable by the seller and transferor of the Underlying Stock, including without limitation, any applicable depository charges, transaction or exercise charges imposed by the relevant clearance system, stamp duty, clearing fees, agent's expenses, scrip fees, levies, registration charges and other expenses payable on or in respect of or in connection with such purchase and transfer of the Underlying Stock.

Investors should further note that in the determination of the quoted price of secondary market transactions for any Certificates, such prices may contain or embed transaction costs, fees or charges incurred or charged by the Issuer or its affiliates in relation to any arrangement for hedging, operational and administrative purposes, and any profit margins. The Conditions set out in the section headed "Terms and Conditions of the European Style Structured Certificates" in the Addendum are set out below. This section is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document which shall, to the extent so specified or to the extent inconsistent with the relevant Conditions set out below, replace or modify the relevant Conditions for the purpose of the Certificates.

# TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE EUROPEAN STYLE STRUCTURED CERTIFICATES

# 1. Form, Status and Guarantee, Transfer and Title

- (a) *Form*. The Certificates (which expression shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include any further certificates issued pursuant to Condition 11) are issued subject to and with the benefit of:-
  - (i) a master instrument by way of deed poll (the "Master Instrument") dated 16 June 2023, made by SG Issuer (the "Issuer") and Société Générale (the "Guarantor"); and
  - (ii) a warrant agent agreement (the "Master Warrant Agent Agreement" or "Warrant Agent Agreement") dated any time before or on the Closing Date, made between the Issuer and the Warrant Agent for the Certificates.

Copies of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement are available for inspection at the specified office of the Warrant Agent.

The Certificate Holders are entitled to the benefit of, are bound by and are deemed to have notice of all the provisions of the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

(b) Status and Guarantee. The Certificates constitute direct, general and unsecured obligations of the Issuer and rank, and will rank, equally among themselves and pari passu with all other present and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer (save for statutorily preferred exceptions) and, in particular, the Certificates will not be secured by the Underlying Stock. If the Cash Settlement Amount (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) is positive, the Certificate Holders will receive the Cash Settlement Amount or, in lieu of the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount, the Physical Settlement Stock (as defined below) together with the Cash Residual Amount (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) (if any), as the case may be, in accordance with these Conditions.

The due and punctual payment of any amounts due by the Issuer in respect of the Certificates issued by the Issuer is unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by the Guarantor as provided in the Guarantee (each such amount payable under the Guarantee, a "**Guarantee Obligation**").

The Guarantee Obligations will constitute direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor ranking as senior preferred obligations as provided for in Article L. 613-30-3 I 3° of the French Code *Monétaire et Financier* (the "**Code**").

Such Guarantee Obligations rank and will rank equally and rateably without any preference or priority among themselves and:

- (i) *pari passu* with all other direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Guarantor outstanding as of the date of the entry into force of the law no. 2016-1691 (the "Law") on 11 December 2016;
- (ii) *pari passu* with all other present or future direct, unconditional, unsecured and senior preferred obligations (as provided for in Article L. 613-30-3 I 3° of the Code) of the Guarantor issued after the date of the entry into force of the Law on 11 December 2016;
- (iii) junior to all present or future claims of the Guarantor benefiting from the statutorily preferred exceptions; and
- (iv) senior to all present and future senior non-preferred obligations (as provided for in Article L.613-30-3 I 4° of the Code) of the Guarantor.

In the event of the failure of the Issuer to promptly perform its obligations to any Certificate Holder under the terms of the Certificates, such Certificate Holder may, but is not obliged to, give written notice to the Guarantor at Société Générale, Tour Société Générale, 75886 Paris Cedex 18, France marked for the attention of SEGL/JUR/OMF - Market Transactions & Financing.

- (c) Transfer. The Certificates are represented by a global warrant certificate ("Global Warrant") which will be deposited with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited ("CDP"). Certificates in definitive form will not be issued. Transfers of Certificates may be effected only in Board Lots or integral multiples thereof. All transactions in (including transfers of) Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records maintained by CDP.
- (d) Title. Each person who is for the time being shown in the records maintained by CDP as entitled to a particular number of Certificates shall be treated by the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Warrant Agent as the holder and absolute owner of such number of Certificates, notwithstanding any notice to the contrary. The expression "Certificate Holder" shall be construed accordingly.
- (e) *Bail-In*. By the acquisition of Certificates, each Certificate Holder (which, for the purposes of this Condition, includes any current or future holder of a beneficial interest in the Certificates) acknowledges, accepts, consents and agrees:
  - to be bound by the effect of the exercise of the Bail-In Power (as defined below) by the Relevant Resolution Authority (as defined below) on the Issuer's liabilities under the Certificates, which may include and result in any of the following, or some combination thereof:
    - (A) the reduction of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due (as defined below), on a permanent basis;
    - (B) the conversion of all, or a portion, of the Amounts Due into shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person (and the issue to the Certificate Holder of such shares, securities or obligations), including by means of an amendment, modification or variation of the Conditions of the Certificates, in which case the Certificate Holder agrees to accept in lieu of its rights under the Certificates any such shares, other securities or other obligations of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person;

- (C) the cancellation of the Certificates; and/or
- (D) the amendment or alteration of the expiration of the Certificates or amendment of the amounts payable on the Certificates, or the date on which the amounts become payable, including by suspending payment for a temporary period; and

that terms of the Certificates are subject to, and may be varied, if necessary, to give effect to the exercise of the Bail-In Power by the Relevant Resolution Authority or the regulator,

#### (the "Statutory Bail-In");

- (ii) if the Relevant Resolution Authority exercises its Bail-In Power on liabilities of the Guarantor, pursuant to Article L.613-30-3-I-3 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (the "Code"):
  - (A) ranking:
    - junior to liabilities of the Guarantor benefitting from statutorily preferred exceptions pursuant to Article L.613-30-3-I 1° and 2 of the Code;
    - (2) pari passu with liabilities of the Guarantor as defined in Article
       L.613-30-3-I-3 of the Code; and
    - senior to liabilities of the Guarantor as defined in Article L.613-30-3-I-4 of the Code; and
  - (B) which are not *titres non structurés* as defined under Article R.613-28 of the Code, and
  - (C) which are not or are no longer eligible to be taken into account for the purposes of the MREL (as defined below) ratio of the Guarantor

and such exercise of the Bail-In Power results in the write-down or cancellation of all, or a portion of, the principal amount of, or the outstanding amount payable in respect of, and/or interest on, such liabilities, and/or the conversion of all, or a portion, of the principal amount of, or the outstanding amount payable in respect of, or interest on, such liabilities into shares or other securities or other obligations of the Guarantor or another person, including by means of variation to their terms and conditions in order to give effect to such exercise of Bail-In Power, then the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates will be limited to (i) payment of the amount as reduced or cancelled that would be recoverable by the Certificate Holders and/or (ii) the delivery or the payment of value of the shares or other securities or other obligations of the Guarantor or another person that would be paid or delivered to the Certificate Holders as if, in either case, the Certificates had been directly issued by the Guarantor itself and any Amount Due under the Certificates had accordingly been directly subject to the exercise of the Bail-In Power (the "**Contractual Bail-in**").

No repayment or payment of the Amounts Due will become due and payable or be paid after the exercise of the Statutory Bail-In with respect to the Issuer or the Guarantor unless, at the time such repayment or payment, respectively, is scheduled to become due, such repayment or payment would be permitted to be made by the Issuer or the Guarantor under the applicable laws and regulations in effect in France or Luxembourg and the European Union applicable to the Issuer or the Guarantor or other members of its group.

No repayment or payment of the Amounts Due will become due and payable or be paid under the Certificates issued by SG Issuer after implementation of the Contractual Bailin.

Upon the exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or upon implementation of the Contractual Bailin with respect to the Certificates, the Issuer or the Guarantor will provide a written notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable regarding such exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or implementation of the Contractual Bail-in. Any delay or failure by the Issuer or the Guarantor to give notice shall not affect the validity and enforceability of the Statutory Bail-in or Contractual Bail-in nor the effects on the Certificates described above.

Neither a cancellation of the Certificates, a reduction, in part or in full, of the Amounts Due, the conversion thereof into another security or obligation of the Issuer or the Guarantor or another person, as a result of the exercise of the Statutory Bail-in or the implementation of the Contractual Bail-in with respect to the Certificates will be an event of default or otherwise constitute non-performance of a contractual obligation, or entitle the Certificate Holder to any remedies (including equitable remedies) which are hereby expressly waived.

The matters set forth in this Condition shall be exhaustive on the foregoing matters to the exclusion of any other agreements, arrangements or understandings between the Issuer, the Guarantor and each Certificate Holder. No expenses necessary for the procedures under this Condition, including, but not limited to, those incurred by the Issuer and the Guarantor, shall be borne by any Certificate Holder.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Amounts Due" means any amounts due by the Issuer under the Certificates.

"**Bail-In Power**" means any statutory cancellation, write-down and/or conversion power existing from time to time under any laws, regulations, rules or requirements relating to the resolution of banks, banking group companies, credit institutions and/or investment firms, including but not limited to any such laws, regulations, rules or requirements that are implemented, adopted or enacted within the context of a European Union directive or regulation of the European Parliament and of the Council establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms, or any other applicable laws or regulations, as amended, or otherwise, pursuant to which obligations of a bank, banking group company, credit institution or investment firm or any of its affiliates can be reduced, cancelled, varied or otherwise modified in any way and/or converted into shares or other securities or obligations of the obligor or any other person.

"**MREL**" means the Minimum Requirement for own funds and Eligible Liabilities as defined in Directive 2014/59/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 15 May 2014 establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (as amended from time to time).

"**Relevant Resolution Authority**" means any authority with the ability to exercise the Bail-in Power on Societe Generale or SG Issuer as the case may be.

# 2. Certificate Rights and Exercise Expenses

(a) Certificate Rights. Every Certificate entitles each Certificate Holder to (i) (in the event the Cash Settlement Amount is positive) the Cash Settlement Amount or, in lieu of the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount, the Physical Settlement Stock together with the Cash Residual Amount (if any), as the case may be, upon due exercise and on compliance with Condition 4 and (ii) Distribution(s) (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) (if applicable and if any), in the manner set out in Condition 4.

"Physical Settlement Stock" refers to, in respect of a Physical Delivery Lot (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) of the Certificates to which the Physical Settlement (as defined below) is applicable, the number of the Underlying Stock to be delivered by the Issuer by the Physical Settlement Date (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) to a Physical Delivery Agent (as specified in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) and equal to (a) the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) multiplied by the Physical Delivery Lot; (b) divided by the Closing Price (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) multiplied by the Exchange Rate (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document), rounded down to the nearest integer number of the Underlying Stock.

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on the Valuation Date (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document), any Observation Date (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) (if applicable) or any Knock-in Observation Date (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) (if applicable), a Market Disruption Event (as defined below) has occurred, then the Valuation Date, such Observation Date or such Knock-in Observation Date shall be postponed until the first succeeding Exchange Business Day (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) on which there is no Market Disruption Event, unless there is a Market Disruption Event on each of the five Exchange Business Days immediately following the original date that, but for the Market Disruption Event, would have been a Valuation Date, an Observation Date or a Knock-in Observation Date. In that case:-

- that fifth Exchange Business Day shall be deemed to be the Valuation Date, the Observation Date or the Knock-in Observation Date notwithstanding the Market Disruption Event; and
- (ii) the Issuer shall determine the closing price on the basis of its good faith estimate of the bid price that would have prevailed on that fifth Exchange Business Day but for the Market Disruption Event.

"Market Disruption Event" means the occurrence or existence on the Valuation Date, any Observation Date or any Knock-in Observation Date of (i) any suspension of trading in the Underlying Stock on the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock requested by the Company if that suspension is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, (ii) any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading in the Underlying Stock (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the Relevant Stock Exchange or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) on the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock if that suspension or limitation is, in the determination of the Issuer, material, or (iii) the closing of the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock or a disruption to trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock if that disruption is, in the determination of the Issuer, material as a result of the occurrence of any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion or terrorism.

- (b) Exercise Expenses. Certificate Holders will be required to pay all charges which are incurred in respect of the exercise of the Certificates (the "Exercise Expenses"). An amount equivalent to the Exercise Expenses will be deducted by the Issuer from the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount in accordance with Condition 4. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Certificate Holders shall account to the Issuer on demand for any Exercise Expenses to the extent that they were not or could not be deducted from the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount prior to the date of payment of the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount prior to the date of payment of the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 4.
- (c) *No Rights*. The purchase of Certificates does not confer on the Certificate Holders any right (whether in respect of voting, dividend or other distributions in respect of the Underlying Stock or otherwise) which the holder of an Underlying Stock may have.

# 3. Expiry Date

Unless automatically exercised in accordance with **Condition 4(c)**, the Certificates shall be deemed to expire at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or the Early Expiry Date, as the case may be, or if the Expiry Date or the Early Expiry Date, as the case may be, is not a Business Day (as defined below), the immediately following Business Day.

## 4. Exercise of Certificates

- (a) Exercise. Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or the Early Expiry Date, as the case may be, or if the Expiry Date or the Early Expiry Date, as the case may be, is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day, in accordance with Condition 4(c).
- (b) Cash / Physical Settlement.
  - (i) Cash Settlement. Unless the Issuer physically settles the Certificates in accordance with these Conditions, all the Certificates will be cash settled (the "Cash Settlement") in accordance with Condition 4(c)(i). The Certificates may only be exercised and cash settled in Board Lots or integral multiples thereof.
  - (ii) *Physical Settlement* 
    - (I) Issuer's discretion. If a Physical Settlement Event (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) occurs, the Issuer shall be entitled (but not obliged) to physically settle the Certificates deposited in the securities accounts designated by the Physical Delivery Agents, in respect of which the Physical Delivery Agents have delivered to the Issuer an authorisation of physical settlement (the "Physical Settlement Authorisation"), in accordance with Condition 4(c)(ii) (the "Physical Settlement").

Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, the Issuer may determine that the Certificates in respect of which a Physical Settlement Authorisation has been provided shall not be physically settled where:

(A) no Physical Settlement Event has occurred; and/or

(B) the delivery of the Physical Settlement Stock to the Physical Delivery Agents and/or the Onboarded Investors may infringe any applicable law, regulation or rule or necessitate compliance with conditions or requirements which the Issuer, in its absolute discretion, determines to be onerous or impracticable by reason of costs, delay or otherwise.

For the avoidance of doubt, in the event the Issuer determines that the relevant Certificates shall not be physically settled, such Certificates shall be cash settled in accordance with **Condition 4(c)(i)**.

(II) Pre-Condition to issuing the Election Notice. Only the Onboarded Investors (as defined below) who complete the Onboarding (as defined below) by no later than the Onboarding Completion Date are entitled to issue the Election Notice in accordance with Condition 4(b)(ii)(III) below.

> To issue an Election Notice, investors other than the Onboarded Investors (the "**Other Investors**"), being the Certificate Holders who hold the Certificates in their direct securities accounts with CDP and investors who hold the Certificates through nominees other than the Physical Delivery Agents, are required to:

- (A) by no later than the Onboarding Application Date, submit an application to the Physical Delivery Agent to open an account with it; and
- (B) transfer, or procure the transfer of, the relevant Certificates to the Physical Delivery Agent such that the relevant Certificates are held through the Physical Delivery Agent by no later than the Onboarding Completion Date,

(the foregoing, the "Onboarding").

For the avoidance of doubt, the Physical Delivery Agent has sole and absolute discretion to determine all matters relating to Onboarding. Onboarding will not complete and the Other Investors will not be entitled to deliver the Election Notice to the Physical Delivery Agent if, among others:

- (1) the Physical Delivery Agent rejects the Other Investor's application to open an account with it for whatsoever reason;
- (2) by the Onboarding Completion Date, the Physical Delivery Agent does not establish business relations with the Other Investor for any reason;
- (3) the requisite requirements prescribed by the Physical Delivery Agent for the delivery of the Physical Settlement Stock (including, without limitation, the deposit of the relevant Certificates into the securities account designated by the Physical Delivery Agent by the Onboarding Completion Date) have not been fulfilled; or

- (4) the delivery of the Physical Settlement Stock to the Other Investors may infringe any applicable law, regulation or rule or necessitate compliance with conditions or requirements which the Physical Delivery Agent, in its absolute discretion, determines to be onerous or impracticable by reason of costs, delay or otherwise.
- (III) Election Notice. Investors who maintain an account with the Physical Delivery Agent and hold the Certificates through the Physical Delivery Agents (the "Onboarded Investors") may, by delivering an irrevocable Election Notice (as defined in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) to a Physical Delivery Agent on or before the Election Notice Date (as specified in the relevant Supplemental Listing Document) in respect of the Exercise Amount of the Certificates, direct the Physical Delivery Agent to deliver to the Issuer the Physical Settlement Authorisation in respect of such Certificates.

No Election Notice shall be accepted after the Election Notice Date and the Certificates in respect of which no valid Election Notice has been received shall be cash settled in accordance with **Condition 4(c)(i)**.

The Election Notice shall:

- (A) declare and confirm that the Onboarded Investor:
  - has complied with all requirements prescribed by the Physical Delivery Agent for the purposes of facilitating the Physical Settlement; and;
  - directs the Physical Delivery Agent to deliver to the Issuer the Physical Settlement Authorisation in respect of the relevant Certificates;
- (B) specify the name and contact details of the Onboarded Investor and the Exercise Amount in respect of which the Physical Delivery Agent is entitled to deliver the Physical Settlement Authorisation;
- (C) acknowledge and agree that unless otherwise approved in writing by the Physical Delivery Agent, the Onboarded Investor shall not be entitled to transfer or otherwise deal with the Certificates in respect of which the Election Notice is given with effect from the date of the Election Notice up to the Expiry Date;
- (D) declare and confirm that the Onboarded Investor's receipt of the Physical Settlement Stock and the Cash Residual Amount (if any) will not infringe any applicable law, regulation or rule; and
- (E) declare that the information set out in the Election Notice is correct and authorise the Issuer, the Physical Delivery Agent and CDP to act and rely on such information.

Any determination as to whether an Election Notice is duly completed, validly delivered and in proper form shall be made by the Physical Delivery Agent in its sole and absolute discretion and shall be conclusive and binding on the Onboarded Investor. Without limiting the generality of the Physical Delivery Agent's discretion, the Physical Delivery Agent may regard any Election Notice invalid if (i) the person issuing the Election Notice is not an Onboarded Investor, (ii) the number of Certificates credited to the Onboarded Investor's securities sub-account with the Physical Delivery Agent is less than the Exercise Amount, (iii) any information, confirmation or declaration in the Election Notice is found to be untrue or incorrect or (iv) the submission of the Election Notice is not performed in compliance with these Conditions. The Physical Delivery Agent shall be authorised and entitled, in its sole and absolute discretion, to reject any Election Notice which it deems to be incomplete, invalid or not in proper form and any such rejected Election Notice shall be null and void. If such Election Notice is subsequently corrected to the satisfaction of the Physical Delivery Agent, it shall be deemed to be a new Election Notice submitted at the time such correction was delivered to the Physical Delivery Agent. For the avoidance of doubt, the Physical Delivery Agent also reserves the right to treat any Election Notice which is incomplete, invalid or not in proper form as valid.

Upon receipt of a valid Election Notice, the Physical Delivery Agent shall deliver to the Issuer the Physical Settlement Authorisation in respect of such Certificates unless the delivery of the Physical Settlement Stock to the Onboarded Investors may infringe any applicable law, regulation or rule or necessitate compliance with conditions or requirements which the Physical Delivery Agent, in its absolute discretion, determines to be onerous or impracticable by reason of costs, delay or otherwise.

(c) Automatic Exercise. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive.

If the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or the Early Expiry Date, as the case may be, or if the Expiry Date or the Early Expiry Date, as the case may be, is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day. In such a case:

- (i) if and to the extent the Cash Settlement applies, the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(d(i)(A)) below; and
- (ii) if and to the extent the Physical Settlement applies, the Physical Settlement Stock together with the Cash Residual Amount (if any) shall be delivered and paid in the manner set out in **Condition 4(d(i)(B))** below.

In the event the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero or negative, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or the Early Expiry Date, as the case may be, or if

the Expiry Date or the Early Expiry Date, as the case may be, is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment (other than the Distribution(s) (if applicable and if any)) from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.

- (d) Settlement.
  - In respect of Certificates which are automatically exercised in accordance with Condition 4(c):
    - (A) If and to the extent the Cash Settlement applies, the Issuer will pay to the relevant Certificate Holder appearing in the records maintained by CDP a cash amount per Certificate equal to the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (if any) in the Settlement Currency. The aggregate Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) shall be despatched as soon as practicable and no later than three Business Days following the Expiry Date or two Business Days following the Early Expiry Date, as the case may be (the "Cash Settlement Date") (subject to extension upon the occurrence of a Cyber-attack Disruption Event (as defined below)), by way of crossed cheque or other payment in immediately available funds drawn in favour of the Certificate Holder only (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, the first-named Certificate Holder) appearing in the records maintained by CDP.

If the Issuer determines, in its sole discretion, that on any Business Day during the period of three Business Days following the Expiry Date or two Business Days following the Early Expiry Date a Cyber-attack Disruption Event has occurred, such Business Day shall be postponed to the next Business Day on which the Issuer determines that the Cyber-attack Disruption Event is no longer subsisting and such period shall be extended accordingly, provided that the Issuer and/or the Guarantor shall make their best endeavours to implement remedies as soon as reasonably practicable to eliminate the impact of the Cyber-attack Disruption Event on its/their payment obligations under the Certificates and/or the Guarantee.

"Cyber-attack Disruption Event" means the occurrence or existence of any malicious action or attempt initiated to steal, expose, alter, disable or destroy information through unauthorised access to, or maintenance or use of, the Computer Systems of the Issuer, the Guarantor, their respective affiliates (the "SG Group"), their IT service providers, by (and without limitation) the use of malware, ransomware, phishing, denial or disruption of service or cryptojacking or any unauthorized entry, removal, reproduction, transmission, deletion, disclosure or modification preventing the Issuer and/or the Guarantor to perform their obligations under the Certificates, and notwithstanding the implementation of processes, required, as the case may be, by the laws and regulations applicable to the Issuer, the Guarantor and their affiliates, or their IT service providers to improve their resilience to these actions and attempts.

"**Computer System**" means all the computer resources including, in particular: hardware, software packages, software, databases and peripherals, equipment, networks, electronic installations for storing computer data, including Data. The Computer System shall be understood

to be that which (i) belongs to the SG Group and/or (ii) is rented, operated or legally held by the SG Group under a contract with the holder of the rights to the said system and/or (iii) is operated on behalf of the SG Group by a third party within the scope of a contractual relationship and/or (iv) is made available to the SG Group under a contract within the framework of a shared system (in particular cloud computing).

"**Data**" means any digital information, stored or used by the Computer System, including confidential data.

(B) If and to the extent the Physical Settlement applies, subject as provided below in the case of a Settlement Disruption Event (as defined below), with respect to each Physical Delivery Lot comprised in the Exercise Amount, the Issuer will no later than the Physical Settlement Date and the Cash Settlement Date respectively, deliver and pay, or procure the delivery and payment of, the Physical Settlement Stock and the Cash Residual Amount (if any) to the Physical Delivery Agent.

The delivery and payment of the Physical Settlement Stock and the Cash Residual Amount (if any) by the Issuer to the Physical Delivery Agent in accordance with these Conditions shall represent full and final discharge of the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, and in no event shall any person who has delivered the Election Notice to the Physical Delivery Agent in respect of the Certificates to which the Physical Settlement applies have any claim and demand against the Issuer.

If a Settlement Disruption Event exists on any Exchange Business Day from and including the Expiry Date to and including the Physical Settlement Date, the Physical Settlement Date shall be postponed by the number of Exchange Business Days for which there has been a Settlement Disruption Event unless a Settlement Disruption Event prevents settlement on each of the seven Exchange Business Days immediately following the original date that, but for the Settlement Disruption Event, would have been a Physical Settlement Date. In that case: (i) if the Underlying Stock can be delivered in any other commercially reasonable manner on the seventh Exchange Business Day immediately following the original Physical Settlement Date then they shall so be delivered; and (ii) if the Underlying Stock cannot be delivered in any other commercially reasonable manner. the Issuer may in its sole and absolute discretion determine that (A) the Physical Settlement Date shall be postponed until settlement can reasonably be effected under this Condition or in any other commercially reasonable manner or (B) the Underlying Stock shall be sold in such manner and at such prices as the Issuer determines to be appropriate in its absolute discretion and the net proceeds of such sale (less all costs and expenses) shall be paid to the relevant Certificate Holders no later than five Business Days following such determination.

"Settlement Disruption Event" means a Cyber-attack Disruption Event or an event beyond the control of the Issuer as a result of which (A) it is unable to deliver the Underlying Stock owing to the suspension of, or a material limitation on, trading in or settlement of the Underlying Stock or a general suspension of, or a material limitation on, trading on the Relevant Stock Exchange or (B) otherwise a transfer of the Underlying Stock cannot be effected through the relevant settlement system.

If, as a result of a Settlement Disruption Event, (A) it is not possible for the Issuer to deliver or procure the delivery of the Underlying Stock to the relevant Certificate Holders, all as set out above, on or before the original Physical Settlement Date or (B) the Issuer determines that the relevant Certificates shall be cash settled, the Issuer shall procure that the relevant Certificate Holders are notified (in accordance with Condition 9) of the postponement of the Physical Settlement Date or the cash settlement of the relevant Certificates, as the case may be.

- (ii) In respect of Certificates under which there is any Distribution payable, the Issuer will pay to the relevant Certificate Holder the Distribution(s) in the Settlement Currency. The aggregate Distribution shall be despatched on the relevant Distribution Payment Date or on or before the Cash Settlement Date, as the case may be, by way of crossed cheque or other payment in immediately available funds drawn in favour of the Certificate Holder only (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, the first-named Certificate Holder) appearing in the records maintained by CDP.
- (iii) Any payment made pursuant to this Condition 4((i) and Condition 4(ii) shall be delivered at the risk and expense of the Certificate Holder and posted to the Certificate Holder's address appearing in the records maintained by CDP (or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, to the address of the first-named Certificate Holder appearing in the records maintained by CDP). If the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount is equal to or less than the determined Exercise Expenses and no Distribution is payable, no amount is payable.
- (e) CDP not liable. CDP shall not be liable to any Certificate Holder, any Onboarded Investor or any Other Investor with respect to any action taken or omitted to be taken by the Issuer, the Physical Delivery Agents and/or the Warrant Agent in connection with the exercise of the Certificates or otherwise pursuant to or in connection with these Conditions.
- (f) Business Day. In these Conditions, a "Business Day" shall be a day on which the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") is open for dealings in Singapore during its normal trading hours and banks are open for business in Singapore.

## 5. Warrant Agent

- (a) Warrant Agent. The Issuer reserves the right, subject to the appointment of a successor, at any time to vary or terminate the appointment of the Warrant Agent and to appoint another Warrant Agent provided that it will at all times maintain a Warrant Agent which, so long as the Certificates are listed on the SGX-ST, shall be in Singapore. Notice of any such termination or appointment and of any change in the specified office of the Warrant Agent will be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.
- (b) Agent of Issuer. The Warrant Agent will be acting as agent of the Issuer and will not assume any obligation or duty to or any relationship of agency or trust for the Certificate Holders. All determinations and calculations by the Warrant Agent under these Conditions shall (save in the case of manifest error) be final and binding on the Issuer and the Certificate Holders.

# 6. Adjustments

- (a) Potential Adjustment Event. Following the declaration by a Company of the terms of any Potential Adjustment Event (as defined below), the Issuer will determine whether such Potential Adjustment Event has a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock and, if so, will (i) make the corresponding adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate to account for that dilutive or concentrative or other effect, and (ii) determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment by reference to the adjustment in respect of such Potential Adjustment Event made by an exchange on which options or futures contracts on the Underlying Stock are traded.
- (b) *Definitions*. "Potential Adjustment Event" means any of the following:
  - a subdivision, consolidation, reclassification or other restructuring of the Underlying Stock (excluding a Merger Event) or a free distribution or dividend of any such Underlying Stock to existing holders by way of bonus, capitalisation or similar issue;
  - (ii) a distribution or dividend to existing holders of the Underlying Stock of (1) such Underlying Stock, or (2) other share capital or securities granting the right to payment of dividends and/or the proceeds of liquidation of the Company equally or proportionately with such payments to holders of such Underlying Stock, or (3) share capital or other securities of another issuer acquired by the Company as a result of a "spin-off" or other similar transaction, or (4) any other type of securities, rights or warrants or other assets, in any case for payment (in cash or otherwise) at less than the prevailing market price as determined by the Issuer;
  - (iii) an extraordinary dividend;
  - (iv) a call by the Company in respect of the Underlying Stock that is not fully paid;
  - (v) a repurchase by the Company of the Underlying Stock whether out of profits or capital and whether the consideration for such repurchase is cash, securities or otherwise;
  - (vi) with respect to a Company an event that results in any shareholder rights pursuant to a shareholder rights agreement or other plan or arrangement of the type commonly referred to as a "poison pill" being distributed, or becoming separated from shares of common stock or other shares of the capital stock of such Company (provided that any adjustment effected as a result of such an event shall be readjusted upon any redemption of such rights); or
  - (vii) any other event that may have, in the opinion of the Issuer, a dilutive or concentrative or other effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock.
- (c) Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation and Insolvency. If a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency occurs in relation to the Underlying Stock, the Issuer may take any action described below:
  - (i) determine the appropriate adjustment, if any, to be made to any one or more of the Conditions to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, and determine the effective date of that adjustment. The Issuer may, but need not, determine the appropriate adjustment

by reference to the adjustment in respect of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency made by an options exchange to options on the Underlying Stock traded on that options exchange;

- (ii) cancel the Certificates by giving notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. If the Certificates are so cancelled, the Issuer will pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such Certificate Holder which amount shall be the fair market value of a Certificate taking into account the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, less the cost to the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9; or
- (iii) following any adjustment to the settlement terms of options on the Underlying Stock on such exchange(s) or trading system(s) or quotation system(s) as the Issuer in its reasonable discretion shall select (the "**Option Reference Source**") make a corresponding adjustment to any one or more of the Conditions, which adjustment will be effective as of the date determined by the Issuer to be the effective date of the corresponding adjustment made by the Option Reference Source. If options on the Underlying Stock are not traded on the Option Reference Source, the Issuer will make such adjustment, if any, to any one or more of the Conditions as the Issuer determines appropriate, with reference to the rules and precedents (if any) set by the Option Reference Source, to account for the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, that in the determination of the Issuer would have given rise to an adjustment by the Option Reference Source if such options were so traded.

Once the Issuer determines that its proposed course of action is in connection with a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, it shall give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 stating the occurrence of the Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency, as the case may be, giving details thereof and the action proposed to be taken in relation thereto. Certificate Holders should be aware that due to the nature of such events, the Issuer will not make an immediate determination of its proposed course of action or adjustment upon the announcement or occurrence of a Merger Event, Tender Offer, Nationalisation or Insolvency.

(d) Definitions. "Insolvency" means that by reason of the voluntary or involuntary liquidation, bankruptcy, insolvency, dissolution or winding-up of or any analogous proceeding affecting a Company (i) all the Underlying Stock of that Company is required to be transferred to a trustee, liquidator or other similar official or (ii) holders of the Underlying Stock of that Company become legally prohibited from transferring them, "Merger Date" means the closing date of a Merger Event or, where a closing date cannot be determined under the local law applicable to such Merger Event, such other date as determined by the Issuer. "Merger Event" means, in respect of the Underlying Stock, any (i) reclassification or change of such Underlying Stock that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all of such Underlying Stock outstanding to another entity or person, (ii) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of a Company with or into another entity or person (other than a consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange in which such Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in reclassification or change of all of such Underlying Stock outstanding), (iii) takeover offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person to purchase or otherwise obtain 100 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock of the Company that results in a transfer of or an irrevocable commitment to transfer all such Underlying Stock (other than such Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity or person), or (iv) consolidation, amalgamation, merger or binding share exchange of the Company or its subsidiaries with or into another entity in which the Company is the continuing entity and which does not result in a reclassification or change of all such Underlying Stock outstanding but results in the outstanding Underlying Stock (other than Underlying Stock owned or controlled by such other entity) immediately prior to such event collectively representing less than 50 per cent. of the outstanding Underlying Stock immediately following such event, in each case if the Merger Date is on or before the Valuation Date. "Nationalisation" means that all the Underlying Stock or all or substantially all of the assets of a Company are nationalised, expropriated or are otherwise required to be transferred to any governmental agency, authority, entity or instrumentality thereof. "Tender Offer" means a takeover offer, tender offer, exchange offer, solicitation, proposal or other event by any entity or person that results in such entity or person purchasing, or otherwise obtaining or having the right to obtain, by conversion or other means, greater than 10 per cent. and less than 100 per cent, of the outstanding voting shares of the Company, as determined by the Issuer, based upon the making of filings with governmental or self-regulatory agencies or such other information as the Issuer deems relevant.

- (e) Other Adjustments. Except as provided in this Condition 6 and Conditions 10 and 12, adjustments will not be made in any other circumstances, subject to the right reserved by the Issuer (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to make such adjustments and amendments as it believes appropriate in circumstances where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion (and notwithstanding any prior adjustment made pursuant to the above) should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such adjustment or, as the case may be, amendment provided that such adjustment or, as the case may be, amendment provided that such adjustment or, as the Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such adjustment or amendment in any particular jurisdiction).
- (f) Notice of Adjustments. All determinations made by the Issuer pursuant hereto will be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders. The Issuer will give, or procure that there is given, notice as soon as practicable of any adjustment and of the date from which such adjustment is effective by publication in accordance with Condition 9. For the avoidance of doubt, no notice will be given if the Issuer determines that adjustments will not be made.

# 7. Purchases

The Issuer, the Guarantor or any of their respective subsidiaries may at any time purchase Certificates at any price in the open market or by tender or by private treaty. Any Certificates so purchased may be held or resold or surrendered for cancellation.

#### 8. Meetings of Certificate Holders; Modification

(a) Meetings of Certificate Holders. The Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement contains provisions for convening meetings of the Certificate Holders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution (as defined in the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement) of a modification of the provisions of the Certificates or of the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement.

At least 21 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the meeting is held) specifying the date, time and place of the meeting shall be given to the Certificate Holders.

Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer or by Certificate Holders holding not less than ten per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised. The quorum at any such meeting for passing an Extraordinary Resolution will be two or more persons holding or representing not less than 25 per cent. of the Certificates for the time being remaining unexercised, or at any adjourned meeting, two or more persons being or representing Certificate Holders whatever the number of Certificates so held or represented.

A resolution will be an Extraordinary Resolution when it has been passed at a duly convened meeting by not less than three-quarters of the votes cast by such Certificate Holders who, being entitled to do so, vote in person or by proxy.

An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Certificate Holders shall be binding on all the Certificate Holders, whether or not they are present at the meeting. Resolutions can be passed in writing if passed unanimously.

(b) Modification. The Issuer may, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, effect (i) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is not materially prejudicial to the interests of the Certificate Holders or (ii) any modification of the provisions of the Certificates or the Master Instrument which is of a formal, minor or technical nature, which is made to correct an obvious error or which is necessary in order to comply with mandatory provisions of Singapore law. Any such modification shall be binding on the Certificate Holders and shall be notified to them by the Warrant Agent before the date such modification becomes effective or as soon as practicable thereafter in accordance with Condition 9.

# 9. Notices

- (a) Documents. All cheques and other documents required or permitted by these Conditions to be sent to a Certificate Holder or to which a Certificate Holder is entitled or which the Issuer shall have agreed to deliver to a Certificate Holder may be delivered by hand or sent by post addressed to the Certificate Holder at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP or, in the case of joint Certificate Holders, addressed to the joint holder first named at his address appearing in the records maintained by CDP, and airmail post shall be used if that address is not in Singapore. All documents delivered or sent in accordance with this paragraph shall be delivered or sent at the risk of the relevant Certificate Holder.
- (b) Notices. All notices to Certificate Holders will be validly given if published in English on the web-site of the SGX-ST. Such notices shall be deemed to have been given on the date of the first such publication. If publication on the web-site of the SGX-ST is not practicable, notice will be given in such other manner as the Issuer may determine. The Issuer shall, at least five weeks prior to the expiry of any Certificate, give notice of the date of expiry of such Certificate in the manner prescribed above.

# 10. Liquidation

In the event of a liquidation or dissolution of the Company or the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, all unexercised Certificates will lapse and shall cease to be valid for any purpose, in the case of voluntary liquidation, on the effective date of the relevant resolution and, in the case of an involuntary liquidation or dissolution, on the date of the relevant court order or, in the case of the appointment of a liquidator (including a provisional liquidator) or receiver or judicial manager or trustee or administrator or analogous person under Singapore or other applicable law in respect of the whole or substantially the whole of its undertaking, property or assets, on the date when such appointment is effective but subject (in any such case) to any contrary mandatory requirement of law. In the event of the voluntary liquidation of the Company, the Issuer shall make such adjustments or amendments as it reasonably believes are appropriate in the circumstances.

#### 11. Further Issues

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time, without the consent of the Certificate Holders, to create and issue further certificates so as to form a single series with the Certificates, subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.

#### 12. Delisting

- (a) Delisting. If at any time, the Underlying Stock ceases to be listed on the Relevant Stock Exchange, the Issuer shall give effect to these Conditions in such manner and make such adjustments and amendments to the rights attaching to the Certificates as it shall, in its absolute discretion, consider appropriate to ensure, so far as it is reasonably able to do so, that the interests of the Certificate Holders generally are not materially prejudiced as a consequence of such delisting (without considering the individual circumstances of any Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences that may result in any particular jurisdiction).
- (b) Issuer's Determination. The Issuer shall determine, in its absolute discretion, any adjustment or amendment and its determination shall be conclusive and binding on the Certificate Holders save in the case of manifest error. Notice of any adjustments or amendments shall be given to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9 as soon as practicable after they are determined.

# 13. Early Termination

(a) Early Termination for Illegality and Force Majeure, etc. If the Issuer determines that a Regulatory Event (as defined below) has occurred and, for reasons beyond its control, the performance of its obligations under the Certificates has become illegal or impractical in whole or in part for any reason, or the Issuer determines that, for reasons beyond its control, it is no longer legal or practical for it to maintain its hedging arrangements with respect to the Certificates for any reason, the Issuer may in its discretion and without obligation terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(d).

Should any one or more of the provisions contained in the Conditions be or become invalid, the validity of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected thereby.

For the purposes of this Condition:

**"Regulatory Event**" means, following the occurrence of a Change in Law (as defined below) with respect to the Issuer and/or Société Générale as Guarantor or in any other

capacity (including without limitation as hedging counterparty of the Issuer, market maker of the Certificates or direct or indirect shareholder or sponsor of the Issuer) or any of its affiliates involved in the issuer of the Certificates (hereafter the "Relevant Affiliates" and each of the Issuer, Société Générale and the Relevant Affiliates, a "Relevant Entity") that, after the Certificates have been issued, (i) any Relevant Entity would incur a materially increased (as compared with circumstances existing prior to such event) amount of tax, duty, liability, penalty, expense, fee, cost or regulatory capital charge however defined or collateral requirements for performing its obligations under the Certificates or hedging the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, including, without limitation, due to clearing requirements of, or the absence of, clearing of the transactions entered into in connection with the issue of, or hedging the Issuer's obligation under, the Certificates, (ii) it is or will become for any Relevant Entity impracticable, impossible (in each case, after using commercially reasonable efforts), unlawful, illegal or otherwise prohibited or contrary, in whole or in part, under any law, regulation, rule, judgement, order or directive of any governmental, administrative or judicial authority, or power, applicable to such Relevant Entity (a) to hold, acquire, issue, reissue, substitute, maintain, settle, or as the case may be, guarantee, the Certificates, (b) to acquire, hold, sponsor or dispose of any asset(s) (or any interest thereof) of any other transaction(s) such Relevant Entity may use in connection with the issue of the Certificates or to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates, (c) to perform obligations in connection with, the Certificates or any contractual arrangement entered into between the Issuer and Société Générale or any Relevant Affiliate (including without limitation to hedge the Issuer's obligations under the Certificates) or (d) to hold, acquire, maintain, increase, substitute or redeem all or a substantial part of its direct or indirect shareholding in the Issuer's capital or the capital of any Relevant Affiliate or to directly or indirectly sponsor the Issuer or any Relevant Affiliate, or (iii) there is or may be a material adverse effect on a Relevant Entity in connection with the issue of the Certificates.

"Change in law" means (i) the adoption, enactment, promulgation, execution or ratification of any applicable new law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) after the Certificates have been issued, (ii) the implementation or application of any applicable law, regulation or rule (including, without limitation, any applicable tax law, regulation or rule) already in force when the Certificates have been issued but in respect of which the manner of its implementation or application or rule existing when the Certificates are issued, or the change in the interpretation or application or rule, by any competent court, tribunal, regulatory authority or any other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any additional or alternative court, tribunal, authority or entity, to that existing when the Certificates are issued).

(b) *Early Termination for Holding Limit Event*. The Issuer may in its discretion and without obligation terminate the Certificates early in accordance with Condition 13(d) where a Holding Limit Event (as defined below) occurs.

For the purposes of this Condition:

"Holding Limit Event" means, assuming the investor is the Issuer and/or any of its affiliates, the Issuer together with its affiliates, in aggregate hold, an interest in the Underlying Stock, constituting or likely to constitute (directly or indirectly) ownership,

control or the power to vote a percentage of any class of voting securities of the Underlying Stock, of the Underlying Stock in excess of a percentage permitted or advisable, as determined by the Issuer, for the purpose of its compliance with the Bank Holding Company Act of 1956 as amended by Section 619 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (the Volcker Rule), including any requests, regulations, rules, guidelines or directives made by the relevant governmental authority under, or issued by the relevant governmental authority in connection with, such statutes.

- (c) Early Termination for other reasons. The Issuer reserves the right (such right to be exercised in the Issuer's sole and unfettered discretion and without any obligation whatsoever) to terminate the Certificates in accordance with Condition 13(d) where an event or events occur which it believes in its sole discretion should, in the context of the issue of the Certificates and the obligations of the Issuer, give rise to such termination provided that such termination (i) is considered by the Issuer not to be materially prejudicial to the interests of Certificate Holders generally (without considering the circumstances of any individual Certificate Holder or the tax or other consequences of such termination in any particular jurisdiction); or (ii) is otherwise considered by the Issuer to be appropriate and such termination is approved by the SGX-ST.
- (d) Termination. If the Issuer terminates the Certificates early, then the Issuer will give notice to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9. The Issuer will, if and to the extent permitted by applicable law, pay an amount to each Certificate Holder in respect of each Certificate held by such holder equal to the fair market value of a Certificate notwithstanding such illegality, impracticality or the relevant event less the cost to the Issuer of unwinding any underlying related hedging arrangements, all as determined by the Issuer in its sole and absolute discretion. Payment will be made in such manner as shall be notified to the Certificate Holders in accordance with Condition 9.

#### 14. Substitution of the Issuer

The Issuer may be replaced by the Guarantor or any subsidiary of the Guarantor as principal obligor in respect of the Certificates without the consent of the relevant Certificate Holders. If the Issuer determines that it shall be replaced by the Guarantor or any subsidiary of the Guarantor (the "**Substituted Obligor**"), it shall give at least 90 days' notice (exclusive of the day on which the notice is given and of the day on which the substitution is effected) specifying the date of the substitution, in accordance with Condition 9, to the Certificate Holders of such event and, immediately on the expiry of such notice, the Substituted Obligor shall become the principal obligor in place of the Issuer and the Certificate Holders shall thereupon cease to have any rights or claims whatsoever against the Issuer.

Upon any such substitution, all references to the Issuer in the Conditions and all agreements relating to the Certificates will be to the Substituted Obligor and the Certificates will be modified as required, and the Certificate Holders will be notified of the modified terms and conditions of such Certificates in accordance with Condition 9.

For the purposes of this Condition, it is expressly agreed that by subscribing to, acquiring or otherwise purchasing or holding the Certificates, the Certificate Holders are expressly deemed to have consented to the substitution of the Issuer by the Substituted Obligor and to the release of the Issuer from any and all obligations in respect of the Certificates and all agreements relating thereto and are expressly deemed to have accepted such substitution and the consequences thereof.

#### 15. Governing Law

The Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law. The Issuer and

the Guarantor and each Certificate Holder (by its purchase of the Certificates) shall be deemed to have submitted for all purposes in connection with the Certificates, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the courts of Singapore. The Guarantee shall be governed by and construed in accordance with Singapore law.

# 16. Prescription

Claims against the Issuer for payment of any amount in respect of the Certificates will become void unless made within six years of the Expiry Date or the Early Expiry Date, as the case may be, and, thereafter, any sums payable in respect of such Certificates shall be forfeited and shall revert to the Issuer.

# 17. Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 2001 of Singapore

Unless otherwise provided in the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement, a person who is not a party to any contracts made pursuant to the Global Warrant, the Master Instrument and the Master Warrant Agent Agreement or Warrant Agent Agreement has no rights under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 2001 of Singapore to enforce any terms of such contracts. Except as expressly provided herein, the consent of any third party is not required for any subsequent agreement by the parties hereto to amend or vary (including any release or compromise of any liability) or terminate such contracts.

# SUMMARY OF THE ISSUE

The following is a summary of the issue and should be read in conjunction with, and is qualified by reference to, the other information set out in this document, the Base Listing Document and the Addendum. Terms used in this Summary are defined in the Conditions.

Issuer:	SG Issuer		
Company:	Alibaba Group Holding Limited		
The Certificates:	European Style Structured Certificates (Discount Certificates) relating to the Underlying Stock		
Number:	2,000,000 Certificates		
Form:	The Certificates will be issued subject to, and with the benefit of, a master instrument by way of deed poll dated 16 June 2023 (the " <b>Master Instrument</b> ") and executed by the Issuer and the Guarantor and a master warrant agent agreement dated 29 May 2017 (the " <b>Master Warrant Agent Agreement</b> ") and made between the Issuer, the Guarantor and the Warrant Agent (as amended and/or supplemented from time to time).		
Cash Settlement Amount:	In respect of each Certificate, an amount denominated in the Settlement Currency equal to:		
	Notional Amount per Certificate x Min(Cap ; Closing Price/Strike Price).		
Physical Settlement Stock:	In respect of a Physical Delivery Lot of the Certificates to which the Physical Settlement is applicable, the number of the Underlying Stock to be delivered by the Issuer by the Physical Settlement Date to a Physical Delivery Agent <sup>4</sup> and equal to (a) the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) multiplied by the Physical Delivery Lot; (b) divided by the Closing Price multiplied by the Exchange Rate, rounded down to the nearest integer number of the Underlying Stock.		
Cash Residual Amount:	In respect of a Physical Delivery Lot of the Certificates to which the Physical Settlement is applicable, an amount in the Settlement Currency to be paid by the Issuer by the Cash Settlement Date to the Physical Delivery Agent <sup>4</sup> equal to the value of (a) the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercises Expenses) multiplied by the Physical Delivery Lot; less (b) the Physical Settlement Stock multiplied by the Closing Price multiplied by the Exchange Rate		

Distribution:	In respect of each Certificate, shall be the Distribution Amount per Observation Date payable in the Settlement Currency to holders of the Certificates appearing in the records maintained by CDP as at 5:00 p.m. (Singapore time) on the fifth Business Day following such Observation Date (if such Observation Date does not fall on the Valuation Date) or on the second Business Day following the Valuation Date (if such Observation Date falls on the Valuation Date) (subject to change by the Issuer on giving notice to investors via SGXNet) on the Distribution Payment Date, if on such Observation Date, the closing price of the Underlying Stock is higher than or equal to the Distribution Barrier		
Denominations:	Certificates are represented by a global warrant in respect of all the Certificates.		
Exercise:	The Certificates may only be exercised on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day, in a Board Lot or integral multiples thereof. Certificate Holders shall not be required to deliver an exercise notice. Exercise of Certificates shall be determined by whether the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive.		
	If the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is positive, all Certificates shall be deemed to have been automatically exercised at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day. In such a case:		
	<ul> <li>(i) if and to the extent the Cash Settlement applies, the aggregate Cash Settlement Amount less the Exercise Expenses in respect of the Certificates shall be paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(d(i)(A)) of the Conditions; and</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>(ii) if and to the extent the Physical Settlement applies, the Physical Settlement Stock together with the Cash Residual Amount (if any) shall be delivered and paid in the manner set out in Condition 4(d(i)(B)) of the Conditions.</li> </ul>		
	In the event the Cash Settlement Amount (less any Exercise Expenses) is zero or negative, all Certificates shall be deemed to have expired at 10:00 a.m. (Singapore time) on the Expiry Date or if the Expiry Date is not a Business Day, the immediately following Business Day, and Certificate Holders shall not be entitled to receive any payment (other than the Distribution(s) (if applicable and if any)) from the Issuer in respect of the Certificates.		
Exercise and Trading Currency:	SGD		
Board Lot:	100 Certificates		

Transfers of Certificates:	Certificates may only be transferred in Board Lots (or integral multiples thereof). All transfers in Certificates, in the open market or otherwise, must be effected through a securities account with CDP. Title will pass upon registration of the transfer in the records of CDP.
Listing:	Application has been made to the SGX-ST for permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates and the SGX-ST has agreed in principle to grant permission to deal in and for quotation of the Certificates. Issue of the Certificates is conditional on such listing being granted. It is expected that dealings in the Certificates on the SGX-ST will commence on or about 15 November 2023.
Governing Law:	The laws of Singapore
Warrant Agent:	The Central Depository (Pte) Limited 11 North Buona Vista Drive #06-07 The Metropolis Tower 2 Singapore 138589
Further Issues:	Further issues which will form a single series with the Certificates will be permitted, subject to the approval of the SGX-ST.

The above summary is qualified in its entirety by reference to the detailed information appearing elsewhere in this document, the Base Listing Document and the Addendum.

# INFORMATION RELATING TO THE EUROPEAN STYLE STRUCTURED CERTIFICATES (DISCOUNT CERTIFICATES)

# What are European Style Structured Certificates (Discount Certificates)?

The Certificates are the equity linked certificates, which are in the form of call warrants, that may allow you to benefit from Distribution(s) as well as an increase in the price of the Underlying Stock via payment of the Cash Settlement Amount and the Distribution(s). The Cash Settlement Amount will be subject to the Cap which shall not be less than 100%. If and to the extent the Physical Settlement is applicable, investors of the relevant Certificates are also looking to hold the Underlying Stock after the expiry of the relevant Certificates.

The Certificates are only suitable for investors who believe that the price of the Underlying Stock will remain flat or rise only slightly during the term of the Certificates and are seeking potential Distribution(s), and should be only considered for investment purposes over the term of the Certificates.

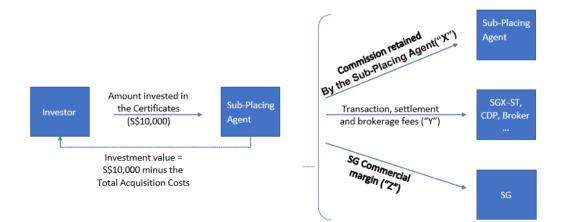
# Illustration of acquisition costs

Assuming that an investor purchases 10,000 Certificates at the Issue Price of S\$1.00 per Certificate, and that such investor acquires the Certificates through the distribution service of a Sub-Placing Agent of the Certificates:

- A distribution fee ("**X**") may be retained by the Sub-Placing Agent
- The investor may incur certain transaction, settlement and brokerage fees, similar to fees that the investor would pay for other transactions on the SGX-ST ("Y");
- Société Générale ("SG") would retain a commercial margin when hedging the Certificates ("Z").

# (X+Y+Z being the "Total Acquisition Costs").

As such, the investment value of the Certificates immediately after investment in the Certificates, which would be equal to S\$10,000 minus the Total Acquisition Costs, will be lower than the amount paid by the investor to purchase the Certificates and for an investor to secure a profit, the increase in market value of the Certificates has to exceed the Total Acquisition Costs.



# Hypothetical example to illustrate when can investors get back their investment and what (if any) do investors get back?

# Illustration on the potential payout of the Certificates under different conditions

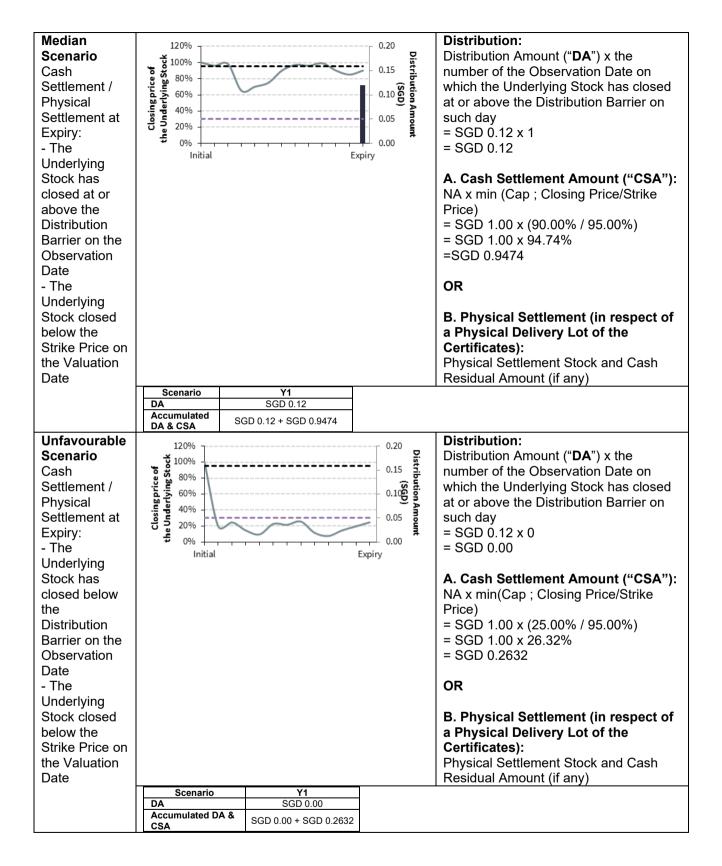
The figures used in this example are given for purely indicative purposes, the objective is to describe the mechanism of the product. It is no guarantee as to future returns and has no contractual value.

The below Scenario Analysis aims to illustrate the potential payout of the Certificates under different conditions:

# **Assumptions:**

- Notional Amount ("NA") per Certificate = SGD 1.00
- Tenor = 12 months.
- Frequency of Observation Date & Distribution Payment Date is annual.
- Distribution Barrier = 30% of the Initial Price.
- Strike Price = 95% of the Initial Price.
- Potential Distribution Amount per Distribution Payment Date = SGD 0.12 per Certificate.
- Cap = 100%

Scenario	Illustrative payout diagram         Closing price of the Underlying          Strike         Distribution	Total payout (per Certificate)
Favourable Scenario Cash Settlement at Expiry: - The Underlying Stock has closed at or above the Distribution Barrier on the Observation Date	<b>Usering</b> <b>120%</b> 0.15 0.10 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.00 0.05 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.05 0.00 0.05 0.00 0.05	Distribution: Distribution Amount ("DA") x the number of the Observation Date on which the Underlying Stock has closed at or above the Distribution Barrier on such day = SGD 0.12 x 1 = SGD 0.12 Cash Settlement Amount ("CSA"): NA x min (Cap ; Closing Price/Strike Price) = SGD 1.00 x 100% = SGD 1.00
- The Underlying Stock closed at or above the Strike Price on the Valuation Date	ScenarioY1DASGD 0.12AccumulatedSGD 0.12 + SGD 1.00DA& CSASGD 0.12 + SGD 1.00	

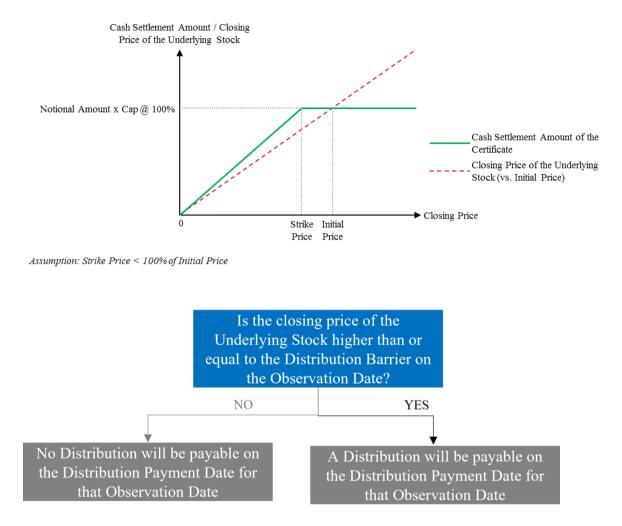


Total return of direct investment in the Underlying Stock = Notional Amount x (Closing Price of the Underlying Stock at expiry / Initial Price of the Underlying Stock -1)

The fees and charges are not included in the above payout illustration.

#### Illustration on the payout mechanism of the Certificates at expiry

The figures used in this example are given for purely indicative purposes, the objective is to describe the mechanism of the product. It is no guarantee as to future returns and has no contractual value.



The below aims to illustrate the payout mechanism of the Certificates at expiry:

# Examples and illustrations of adjustments due to certain corporate actions

#### The examples are purely hypothetical and provided for indicative purposes only.

In the case of any corporate action on the Underlying Stock, the Issuer will, as soon as reasonably practical after it becomes aware of such event, determine whether such corporate action has a dilutive or concentrative effect on the theoretical value of the Underlying Stock, and if so, will (a) calculate the corresponding adjustment, if any, to be made to the elements relating to the Underlying Stock which are used to determine any settlement or payment terms under the Certificates and/or adjust at its discretion any other terms of the Certificates as it determines appropriate to preserve the economic equivalent of the obligations of the Issuer under the Certificates and (b) determine the effective date of such adjustment.

The examples below are provided for indicative purposes and the Issuer may determine that the formulas below are not appropriate and may apply different formulas instead.

For the purpose of these illustrations, "Adjustable Parameter" means the Strike Price and the Distribution Barrier.

# **Rights Issues**

#### **Treatment**

If and whenever the Company shall, by way of Rights (as defined below), offer new Underlying Stock(s) for subscription at a fixed subscription price to the holders of existing Underlying Stocks pro rata to existing holdings (a "**Rights Offer**"), the Adjustable Parameters shall be adjusted to take effect on the Exchange Business Day on which trading in the shares becomes ex-entitlement ("**Rights Issue Adjustment Date**") in accordance with the following formula:

Adjustable Parameter after Rights Offer =  $\frac{\text{Adjustable Parameter before Rights Offer}}{\text{Adjustment Factor}}$ 

Where :

Adjustment Factor = 
$$\frac{1 + M}{1 + (R/S) \times M}$$

Adjustable Parameter after Rights Offer	value of the Adjustable Parameter with effect from Rights Issue Adjustment Date
Adjustable Parameter before Rights Offer	value of the Adjustable Parameter prior to the Rights Offer
S:	Cum-Rights Share price being the closing price of an existing Underlying Stock on the last Exchange Business Day on which the Underlying Stock is traded on a cum-rights basis
R:	Subscription price per new Underlying Stock specified in the Rights Offer plus an amount equal to any dividends or other benefits foregone to exercise the Rights
M:	Number of new Underlying Stock(s) (whether a whole or a fraction) per existing Underlying Stock each holder thereof is entitled to subscribe

"**Rights**" means the right(s) attached to each existing Underlying Stock or needed to acquire one new Underlying Stock (as the case may be) which are given to the holders of existing Underlying Stocks to subscribe at a fixed subscription price for new Underlying Stocks pursuant to the Rights Offer (whether by the exercise of one Right, a part of a Right or an aggregate number of Rights).

# Numerical illustration

Assuming that there is a rights issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, with a right to receive 1 new Underlying Stock for every 2 existing Underlying Stocks, for a subscription price of \$40.

R = \$40

M = 0.5 (i.e. 1 new Underlying Stock for every 2 existing Underlying Stocks)

Adjustment Factor = 
$$\frac{1+0.5}{1+\frac{\$40}{\$100}\times0.5} = 1.25$$

The adjustments to the Adjustable Parameters are as follows:

Adjustable Parameter	Adjustable Parameter before Rights Offer	Adjustable Parameter after Rights Offer
Strike Price	\$95	\$95 / 1.25 = \$76
Distribution Barrier	\$30	\$30 / 1.25 = \$24

# **Bonus Issues**

# <u>Treatment</u>

If and whenever the Company shall make an issue of Underlying Stocks credited as fully paid to the holders of Underlying Stocks generally by way of capitalisation of profits or reserves (other than pursuant to a scrip dividend or similar scheme for the time being operated by the Company or otherwise in lieu of a cash dividend and without any payment or other consideration being made or given by such holders) (a "**Bonus Issue**"), the Adjustable Parameters shall be adjusted on the Exchange Business Day on which trading in the Underlying Stocks becomes ex-entitlement ("**Bonus Issue Adjustment Date**") in accordance with the following formula:

Where :

Adjustment Factor = 1 + N

Adjustable Parameter after Bonus Issue	value of the Adjustable Parameter with effect from Bonus Issue Adjustment Date
Adjustable Parameter before Bonus Issue	value of the Adjustable Parameter prior to the Bonus Issue
N:	Number of additional Underlying Stocks (whether a whole or a fraction) received by a holder of Underlying Stocks for each Underlying Stock held prior to the Bonus Issue

# Numerical illustration

Assuming that there is a bonus issue with respect to the Underlying Stock, where shareholders receive 1 bonus Underlying Stock for 5 existing Underlying Stocks:

N = 0.2 (i.e. 1 bonus Underlying Stock for 5 existing Underlying Stocks)

Adjustment Factor = 1 + 0.2 = 1.2

The adjustments to the Adjustable Parameters are as follows:

Adjustable Parameter	Adjustable Parameter before Bonus Issue	Adjustable Parameter after Bonus Issue
Strike Price	\$95	\$95 / 1.20 = \$79.1667
Distribution Barrier	\$30	\$30 / 1.20 = \$25

# Subdivisions and Consolidation

# <u>Treatment</u>

If and whenever the Company shall subdivide its Underlying Stocks or any class of its outstanding share capital comprised of the Underlying Stocks into a greater number of Underlying Stocks (a "**Subdivision**") or consolidate the Underlying Stocks or any class of its outstanding share capital comprised of the Underlying Stocks into a smaller number of shares (a "**Consolidation**"), then:

- (a) in the case of a Subdivision, the Adjustable Parameters (which shall be rounded to the nearest 0.0001) will be decreased in the same ratio as the Subdivision; and
- (b) in the case of a Consolidation, the Adjustable Parameters (which shall be rounded to the nearest 0.0001) will be increased in the same ratio as the Consolidation,

in each case on the day on which the Subdivision or Consolidation shall have taken effect.

# Numerical illustration

Assuming that the Underlying Stock is subject to a 2 to 1 share Consolidation (i.e. 1 Underlying Stock cancelled for every 2 existing Underlying Stocks).

The adjustments to the Adjustable Parameters are as follows:

Adjustable Parameter	Adjustable Parameter before Consolidation	Adjustable Parameter after Consolidation
Strike Price	\$95	\$95 x 2 = \$190
Distribution Barrier	\$30	\$30 x 2 = \$60

# **Cash Distribution**

# <u>Treatment</u>

No adjustment will be made for an ordinary cash dividend (whether or not it is offered with a scrip alternative) ("**Ordinary Dividend**"). For any other forms of cash distribution ("**Cash Distribution**") announced by the Company, such as a cash bonus, special dividend or extraordinary dividend, no adjustment will be made unless the value of the Cash Distribution accounts for 2 percent or more of the Underlying Stock's closing price on the day of announcement by the Company.

If and whenever the Company shall make a Cash Distribution credited as fully paid to the holders of Underlying Stocks generally, the Adjustable Parameters shall be adjusted to take effect on the Exchange Business Day on which trading in the Underlying Stocks becomes ex-entitlement ("**Cash Distribution Adjustment Date**") in accordance with the following formula:

Adjustable Parameter after	Cash Distribution = $\frac{\text{Adjustable Parameter before Cash Distribution}}{\text{Adjustment Factor}}$	
Where :		
	Adjustment Factor = $\frac{S - OD}{S - OD - CD}$	
Adjustable Parameter after Cash Distribution	value of the Adjustable Parameter with effect from Cash Distribution Adjustment Date	
Adjustable Parameter before Cash Distribution	value of the Adjustable Parameter prior to the Cash Distribution	
S:	The closing price of the existing Underlying Stock on the Exchange Business Day immediately preceding the Cash Distribution Adjustment Date	
CD:	The amount of Cash Distribution per Underlying Stock	
OD:	The amount of Ordinary Dividend per Underlying Stock, provided that the Ordinary Dividend and the Cash Distribution shall have the same ex-entitlement date. For the avoidance of doubt, the OD shall be deemed to be zero if the ex-entitlement dates of the relevant Ordinary Dividend and Cash Distribution are different	

# Numerical illustration

Assuming that there is an extraordinary dividend of \$20 (net of taxes) paid in respect of each Underlying Stock:

S = \$100

CD = \$20

OD = \$0

Adjustment Factor = 
$$\frac{\$100 - \$0}{\$100 - \$0 - \$20} = 1.25$$

The adjustments to the Adjustable Parameters are as follows:

Adjustable Parameter	Adjustable Parameter before Cash Distribution	Adjustable Parameter after Cash Distribution
Strike Price	\$95	\$95 / 1.25 = \$76
Distribution Barrier	\$30	\$30 / 1.25 = \$24

# INFORMATION RELATING TO THE COMPANY

All information contained in this document regarding the Company, including, without limitation, its financial information, is derived from publicly available information which appears on the web-site of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited (the "**HKExCL**") at http://www.hkex.com.hk and/or the Company's web-site at <u>http://www.alibabagroup.com/</u>. The Issuer has not independently verified any of such information.

Alibaba Group Holding Limited (the "**Company**") provides technology infrastructure and marketing platforms. The Company operates through seven segments. China Commerce segment includes China retail commerce businesses such as Taobao, Tmall and Freshippo, among others, and wholesale business. International Commerce segment includes international retail and wholesale commerce businesses such as Lazada and AliExpress. Local Consumer Services segment includes location-based businesses such as Ele.me, Amap, Fliggy and others. Cainiao segment includes domestic and international one-stop-shop logistics services and supply chain management solutions. Cloud segment provides public and hybrid cloud services like Alibaba Cloud and DingTalk for domestic and foreign enterprises. Digital Media and Entertainment segment includes Youku, Quark and Alibaba Pictures, other content and distribution platforms and online games business. Innovation Initiatives and Others segment include Damo Academy, Tmall Genie and others.

The information set out in Appendix I of this document relates to the unaudited results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the three months ended 30 June 2023 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company dated 10 August 2023 in relation to the same. Further information relating to the Company may be located on the web-site of the HKExCL at http://www.hkex.com.hk.

# INFORMATION RELATING TO THE DESIGNATED MARKET MAKER

Société Générale has been appointed the designated market maker ("**DMM**") for the Certificates. The DMM will provide competitive buy and sell quotes for the Certificates continuously during the trading hours of the SGX-ST on the following basis:

(a)	Maximum bid and offer spread	:	10 ticks or S\$0.20 whichever is greater
(b)	Minimum quantity subject to bid and offer spread	:	10,000 Certificates
(c)	Last Trading Day for Market Making	:	The date falling 5 Business Days immediately preceding the Expiry Date

In addition, the DMM may not provide a quotation in the following circumstances:

- (i) during the pre-market opening and five minutes following the opening of the SGX-ST on any trading day;
- (ii) if the Certificates are valueless (where the Issuer's bid price is below the minimum bid size for such securities as prescribed by the SGX-ST);
- (iii) before the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has opened and after the Relevant Stock Exchange for the Underlying Stock has closed on any trading day;
- (iv) when trading in the Underlying Stock is suspended or limited in a material way for any reason, for the avoidance of doubt, the DMM is not obliged to provide quotations for the Certificates at any time when the Underlying Stock is not negotiated/traded for any reason;
- (v) where the Certificates are suspended from trading for any reason;
- (vi) market disruption events, including, without limitation, any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading (including but not limited to unforeseen circumstances such as by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the SGX-ST or any act of God, war, riot, public disorder, explosion, terrorism or otherwise) in the Underlying Stock;
- (vii) where the Issuer or the DMM faces technical problems affecting the ability of the DMM to provide bids and offer quotations;
- (viii) where the ability of the Issuer to source a hedge or unwind an existing hedge, as determined by the Issuer in good faith, is materially affected by the prevailing market conditions, and the Issuer informs the SGX-ST of its inability to do so as soon as practicable;
- (ix) in cases where the Issuer has no Certificates to sell, then the DMM will only provide the bid price;
- (x) if the stock market experiences exceptional price movement and volatility; and
- (xi) when it is a public holiday in Singapore and/or Hong Kong and/or the SGX-ST and/or the HKEX are not open for dealings.

The last trading day on which the DMM will provide competitive quotations for the Certificates would be the fifth Business Day immediately preceding the Expiry Date.

# SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION RELATING TO THE ISSUER

The information set out in Appendix II of this document is a reproduction of the Issuer's condensed interim financial statements as at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2023.

# SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION RELATING TO THE GUARANTOR

The information set out in Appendix III of this document is a reproduction of the press release dated 3 November 2023 containing the Guarantor's consolidated financial results for the third quarter ended 30 September 2023.

# SUPPLEMENTAL GENERAL INFORMATION

The information set out herein is supplemental to, and should be read in conjunction with, the information set out on page 108 of the Base Listing Document, and the Addendum.

- 1. Save as disclosed in this document and the Base Listing Document (as amended and supplemented by the Addendum), neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor is involved in any legal or arbitration proceedings (including any proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer or the Guarantor is aware) which may have or have had in the previous 12 months a significant effect on the financial position of the Issuer or the Guarantor in the context of the issuance of the Certificates.
- 2. Settlement of trades done on a normal "ready basis" on the SGX-ST generally take place on the second Business Day following the transaction. Dealing in the Certificates will take place in Board Lots in Singapore dollars. For further details on the transfer of Certificates and their exercise, please refer to the section headed "Summary of the Issue" above.
- 3. It is not the current intention of the Issuer to apply for a listing of the Certificates on any stock exchange other than the SGX-ST.
- 4. Save as disclosed in the Base Listing Document, the Addendum and herein, there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of the Issuer since 30 June 2023 or the Guarantor since 30 September 2023, in the context of the issuance of Certificates hereunder.
- 5. The following contracts, relating to the issue of the Certificates, have been or will be entered into by the Issuer and/or the Guarantor and may be material to the issue of the Certificates:
  - (a) the Guarantee;
  - (b) the Master Instrument; and
  - (c) the Master Warrant Agent Agreement.

None of the directors of the Issuer and the Guarantor has any direct or indirect interest in any of the above contracts.

6. The reports of the Auditors of the Issuer and the Guarantor were not prepared exclusively for incorporation into this document.

The Auditors of the Issuer and the Guarantor have no shareholding in the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries, nor do they have the right (whether legally enforceable or not) to subscribe for or to nominate persons to subscribe for securities of the Issuer or the Guarantor or any of its subsidiaries.

- 7. The Certificates are not fully covered by the Underlying Stock held by Issuer or a trustee for and on behalf of the Issuer. The Issuer has appropriate risk management capabilities to manage the issue of the Certificates.
- 8. Société Générale, Singapore Branch, currently of 8 Marina Boulevard, #12-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1, Singapore 018981, has been authorised to accept, on behalf of the Issuer and the Guarantor, service of process and any other notices required to be served on the Issuer or the Guarantor. Any notices required to be served on the Issuer or the Guarantor should be sent to Société Générale at the above address for the attention of Société Générale Legal Department.

- 9. Copies of the following documents may be inspected during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays, Sundays and holidays excepted) at the offices of Société Générale, Singapore Branch at 8 Marina Boulevard, #12-01 Marina Bay Financial Centre Tower 1, Singapore 018981, during the period of 14 days from the date of this document:
  - (a) the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Issuer and the Constitutional Documents of the Guarantor;
  - (b) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Issuer;
  - (c) the latest financial reports (including the notes thereto) of the Guarantor;
  - (d) the Base Listing Document (which can also be viewed at: <u>https://www.sgx.com/securities/prospectus-circulars-offer-documents</u>);
  - (e) the Addendum;
  - (f) this document; and
  - (g) the Guarantee.

#### PLACING AND SALE

#### General

No action has been or will be taken by the Issuer that would permit a public offering of the Certificates or possession or distribution of any offering material in relation to the Certificates in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. No offers, sales or deliveries of any Certificates, or distribution of any offering material relating to the Certificates may be made in or from any jurisdiction except in circumstances which will result in compliance with any applicable laws or regulations and will not impose any obligation on the Issuer.

Each Certificate Holder undertakes that it will inform any subsequent purchaser of the terms and conditions of the Certificates and all such subsequent purchasers as may purchase such securities from time to time shall deemed to be a Certificate Holder for the purposes of the Certificates and shall be bound by the terms and conditions of the Certificates.

#### Singapore

This document has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this document and any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of Certificates may not be circulated or distributed, nor may Certificates be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to persons in Singapore other than pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any applicable provision of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore.

#### Hong Kong

Each dealer has represented and agreed, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates and each other purchaser will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell in Hong Kong, by means of any document, any Certificates (except for Certificates which are a "structured product" as defined in the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap.571) of Hong Kong ("SFO")) other than (i) to "professional investors" as defined in the SFO and any rules made under the SFO; or (ii) in other circumstances which do not result in the document being a "prospectus", as defined in the Companies (Winding Up and Miscellaneous Provisions) Ordinance (Cap. 32) of Hong Kong ("CWUMPO") or which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the CWUMPO; and
- (b) it has not issued or had in its possession for the purposes of issue, and will not issue or have in its possession for the purposes of issue, whether in Hong Kong or elsewhere, any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the Certificates, which is directed at, or the contents of which are likely to be accessed or read by, the public of Hong Kong (except if permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong) other than with respect to Certificates which are or are intended to be disposed of only to persons outside Hong Kong or only to "professional investors" as defined in the SFO and any rules made under the SFO.

#### European Economic Area

Each dealer represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell, or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering as contemplated by this document to any retail investor in the European Economic Area.

For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression "retail investor" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
  - (i) a retail client as defined in point (11) of Article 4(1) of Directive 2014/65/EU (as amended, "**MiFID II**"); or
  - a customer within the meaning of Directive (EU) 2016/97 (as amended, the Insurance Distribution Directive), where that customer would not qualify as a professional client as defined in point (10) of Article 4(1) of MiFID II; or
  - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 (as amended and superseded, the Prospectus Regulation); and
- (b) the expression "**offer**" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates.

# **United Kingdom**

Each dealer represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered, sold or otherwise made available and will not offer, sell or otherwise make available any Certificates which are the subject of the offering as contemplated by this document to any retail investor in the United Kingdom. For the purposes of this provision:

- (a) the expression "retail investor" means a person who is one (or more) of the following:
  - a retail client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2 of Regulation (EU) No 2017/565 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the European Union (Withdrawal) Act 2018 ("EUWA"); or
  - (ii) a customer within the meaning of the provisions of the Financial Services and Markets Act, as amended (the "FSMA") and any rules or regulations made under the FSMA to implement Directive (EU) 2016/97, where that customer would not qualify as a professional client, as defined in point (8) of Article 2(1) of Regulation (EU) No 600/2014 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; or
  - (iii) not a qualified investor as defined in Article 2 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 as it forms part of domestic law by virtue of the EUWA; and
- (b) the expression an "offer" includes the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Certificates to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe for the Certificates.

Each dealer further represents and agrees, and each further dealer appointed in respect of the Certificates will be required to further represent and agree, that:

(a) in respect to Certificates having a maturity of less than one year: (i) it is a person whose ordinary activities involve it in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of its business; and (ii) it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell any Certificates other than to persons whose ordinary activities involve them in acquiring, holding, managing or disposing of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses or who it is reasonable to expect will acquire, hold, manage or dispose of investments (as principal or agent) for the purposes of their businesses where the issue of the Certificates would otherwise constitute a contravention of Section 19 of the FSMA by the Issuer;

- (b) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Certificates in circumstances in which section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer or the Guarantor; and
- (c) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Certificates in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

#### **United States**

The Certificates and the Guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act") or any state securities law, and trading in the Certificates has not been approved by the United States Commodity Futures Trading Commission (the "CFTC") under the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the "Commodity Exchange Act") and the Issuer has not been and will not be registered as an investment company under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder. None of the Securities and Exchange Commission, any state securities commission or regulatory authority or any other United States, French or other regulatory authority has approved or disapproved of the Certificates or the Guarantee or passed upon the accuracy or adequacy of this document. Accordingly, Certificates, or interests therein, may not at any time be offered, sold, resold, traded, pledged, exercised, redeemed, transferred or delivered, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, nor may any U.S. person at any time trade, own, hold or maintain a position in the Certificates or any interests therein. In addition, in the absence of relief from the CFTC, offers, sales, re-sales, trades, pledges, exercises, redemptions, transfers or deliveries of Certificates, or interests therein, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons, may constitute a violation of United States law governing commodities trading and commodity pools. Consequently, any offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redemption, transfer or delivery made, directly or indirectly, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, a U.S. person will not be recognised.

Each dealer has represented and agreed, and each further dealer will be required to represent and agree, that it has not and will not at any time offer, sell, resell, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, Certificates in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any such U.S. person. Any person purchasing Certificates of any tranches must agree with the relevant dealer or the seller of such Certificates that (i) it is not a U.S. Person, (ii) it will not at any time offer, sell, resell, trade, pledge, exercise, redeem, transfer or deliver, directly or indirectly, any Certificates in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person or to others for offer, sale, resale, trade, pledge, exercise, redeemption, transfer or delivery, directly or indirectly, in the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, any U.S. person, and (iii) it is not purchasing any Certificates, directly or indirectly, in the United States or for the account or benefit of any U.S. person.

Exercise or otherwise redemption of Certificates will be conditional upon certification that each person exercising or otherwise redeeming a Certificate is not a U.S. person or in the United States and that the Certificate is not being exercised or otherwise redeemed on behalf of a U.S. person. No payment will be made to accounts of holders of the Certificates located in the United States.

As used in the preceding paragraphs, the term "**United States**" includes the territories, the possessions and all other areas subject to the jurisdiction of the United States of America, and the term "**U.S. person**" means any person who is (i) a U.S. person as defined under Regulation S under the

Securities Act, (ii) a U.S. person as defined in paragraph 7701(a)(30) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, or (iii) a person who comes within any definition of U.S. person for the purposes of the United States Commodity Exchange Act of 1936, as amended (the "**CEA**") or any rules thereunder of the CFTC (the "**CFTC Rules**"), guidance or order proposed or issued under the CEA (for the avoidance of doubt, any person who is not a "Non-United States person" defined under CFTC Rule 4.7(a)(1)(iv), but excluding, for purposes of subsection (D) thereof, the exception for qualified eligible persons who are not "Non-United States persons", shall be considered a U.S. person).

# **APPENDIX I**

# REPRODUCTION OF THE UNAUDITED RESULTS FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2023 OF ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARIES

The information set out below is a reproduction of the unaudited results of the Company and its subsidiaries for the three months ended 30 June 2023 and has been extracted and reproduced from an announcement by the Company dated 10 August 2023 in relation to the same.

Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "**Hong Kong Stock Exchange**") take no responsibility for the contents of this announcement, make no representation as to its accuracy or completeness and expressly disclaim any liability whatsoever for any loss howsoever arising from or in reliance upon the whole or any part of the contents of this announcement.

We have one class of shares, and each holder of our shares is entitled to one vote per share. As the Alibaba Partnership's director nomination rights are categorized as a weighted voting rights structure (the "**WVR structure**") under the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange, we are deemed as a company with a WVR structure. Shareholders and prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in a company with a WVR structure. Our American depositary shares, each representing eight of our shares, are listed on the New York Stock Exchange in the United States under the symbol BABA.



# ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE JUNE QUARTER 2023 RESULTS

We hereby announce our unaudited results for the three months ended June 30, 2023 ("**June Quarter 2023**"). The June Quarter 2023 unaudited results announcement is available for viewing on the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange at <u>www.hkexnews.hk</u> and our website at <u>www.alibabagroup.com</u>.

By order of the Board Alibaba Group Holding Limited Kevin Jinwei ZHANG Secretary

Hong Kong, August 10, 2023

As at the date of this announcement, our board of directors comprises Mr. Daniel Yong ZHANG as the chairman, Mr. Joseph C. TSAI, Mr. J. Michael EVANS and Ms. Maggie Wei WU as directors, and Mr. Jerry YANG, Ms. Wan Ling MARTELLO, Mr. Weijian SHAN, Ms. Irene Yun-Lien LEE, Mr. Albert Kong Ping NG and Mr. Kabir MISRA as independent directors.



# Alibaba Group Announces June Quarter 2023 Results

**Hangzhou, China, August 10, 2023** – Alibaba Group Holding Limited (NYSE: BABA and HKEX: 9988 (HKD Counter) and 89988 (RMB Counter), "Alibaba" or "Alibaba Group") today announced its financial results for the quarter ended June 30, 2023.

"Alibaba delivered a solid quarter as we continue to execute our Reorganization, which is beginning to unleash new energy across our businesses," said Daniel Zhang, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of Alibaba Group. "Through this self-driven transformation, we aim to catalyze innovation, promote vitality in our organization and enable businesses to focus on long-term growth. We look forward to positive impacts on our business, including strengthening competitiveness, sustainable growth and shareholder value creation."

"Due to the strong business momentum and our focus on operating efficiency across businesses, we achieved robust financial performance in the past quarter. Revenue and adjusted EBITA increased 14% and 32% year-on-year, respectively, due to improvements across all business segments," said Toby Xu, Chief Financial Officer of Alibaba Group. "We repurchased US\$3.1 billion worth of ADSs this quarter, which is supported by our continuous generation of strong free cash flow. Our strong free cash flow and balance sheet put us in an excellent position to strengthen our competitiveness and capture new opportunities."

# **BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS**

# In the quarter ended June 30, 2023:

- Revenue was RMB234,156 million (US\$32,292 million), an increase of 14% year-over-year.
- Income from operations was RMB42,490 million (US\$5,860 million), an increase of 70% yearover-year. Excluding the reversal of share-based compensation expense of RMB6,901 million (US\$952 million) as discussed in "June Quarter Other Financial Results" below, income from operations would have increased by 43% year-over-year. Adjusted EBITA, a non-GAAP measurement, increased 32% year-over-year to RMB45,371 million (US\$6,257 million).
- Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders was RMB34,332 million (US\$4,735 million) and net income was RMB33,000 million (US\$4,551 million). Non-GAAP net income was RMB44,922 million (US\$6,195 million), an increase of 48% year-over-year, mainly due to an increase in adjusted EBITA and an increase in share of results of equity method investees.
- Diluted earnings per ADS was RMB13.30 (US\$1.83) and diluted earnings per share was RMB1.66 (US\$0.23 or HK\$1.80). Non-GAAP diluted earnings per ADS was RMB17.37 (US\$2.40), an increase of 48% year-over-year and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share was RMB2.17 (US\$0.30 or HK\$2.35), an increase of 48% year-over-year.
- Net cash provided by operating activities was RMB45,306 million (US\$6,248 million), an increase of 34% compared to RMB33,869 million in the same quarter of 2022. Free cash flow, a non-GAAP measurement of liquidity, was RMB39,089 million (US\$5,391 million), an increase of 76% compared to RMB22,173 million in the same quarter of 2022.

# **BUSINESS AND STRATEGIC UPDATES**

Starting from the quarter ended June 30, 2023, we have implemented a new organizational and governance structure, under which we are a holding company of six major business groups and various other businesses, with each business operating with a high degree of independence (the "Reorganization"). The six major business groups are:

- Taobao and Tmall Group, which includes Taobao, Tmall, Xianyu, 1688.com and other businesses;
- Alibaba International Digital Commerce Group, which includes Lazada, AliExpress, Trendyol, Alibaba.com and other businesses;
- Local Services Group, which mainly includes the "To-Home" business of Ele.me and the "To-Destination" business of Amap;
- Cainiao Smart Logistics Network Limited;
- Cloud Intelligence Group, which includes Alibaba Cloud, DingTalk and other businesses; and
- Digital Media and Entertainment Group, which includes Youku, Damai and Alibaba Pictures.

Our other businesses include Sun Art, Freshippo, Alibaba Health, Lingxi Games, Intime, Intelligent Information Platform (which mainly consists of UCWeb and Quark businesses), Fliggy and other businesses. Accordingly, our segment reporting has been updated to reflect how our chief operating decision maker ("CODM") reviews information under this new structure.

# **Taobao and Tmall Group**

Our Taobao and Tmall Group's strategy is to put users first, build a prosperous ecosystem and realize technology-driven innovation. Taobao app is at the core of this strategy as we build mindshare as a one-stop destination for consumption and daily life needs serving the largest number of users. In fiscal year 2024, we remain focused on improving the customer value proposition of the Taobao app by (i) increasing media content that strengthens consumer engagement, (ii) enhancing price competitiveness through effective targeting and introduction of new marketing features and (iii) catering to consumers' time-sensitive needs for high-frequency everyday necessities through our neighborhood businesses.

For the month ended June 30, 2023, Taobao app grew average daily active users (DAU) by 6.5% year-overyear, resulting from effective user acquisition programs and improving retention of Taobao app users during the quarter. Importantly, the improvements in user acquisition and retention supported a successful 6.18 Shopping Festival that generated solid growth in order volume and average order value. The 6.18 Shopping Festival enjoyed increasing purchasing demands from a broader range of consumers, including 88VIP members. During the festival, spending by 88VIP members grew double digits, while the number of paying subscribers also recorded strong growth. The 6.18 Shopping Festival also gained strong support from existing and new merchants offering rich assortment of price competitive products as well as creators introducing new interactive content.

Xianyu (闲鱼), a fun community and marketplace, continues to grow strongly with DAU up 18% year-overyear during the quarter ended June 30, 2023. Through Xianyu, users can find a rich variety of secondhand, recycled, for-rent and vintage products as well as interest-based content.

# Alibaba International Digital Commerce Group

Alibaba International Digital Commerce Group ("AIDC") operates various retail and wholesale platforms to empower brands, merchants and SMEs to serve global buyers and consumers through wide product selection

and differentiated customer experiences. During the June quarter, the combined order growth of AIDC's retail businesses was around 25% year-over-year, driven by solid performance from all major retail platforms.

AliExpress delivered robust order growth driven by growth of transacting users and enhanced consumer experience. During the quarter, AliExpress' *Choice* continued to upgrade consumer experience with price competitiveness and improved service standards, through supply chain optimization and parcel consolidation in key strategic countries. These convenient services enhanced consumer experience and significantly improved AliExpress' user retention rate and purchase frequency.

Lazada recorded double-digit order growth year-over-year during the quarter. Lazada continued to improve monetization rate by offering more value-added services to merchants. As a result of improving monetization and operating efficiency, Lazada's unit economics continued to improve compared to the same period last year.

Trendyol continued to deliver strong order growth driven by growth in both its e-commerce and local consumer services businesses. Through robust revenue growth and continuing improvement in operating efficiency, for the first time, Trendyol achieved positive operating results during the quarter.

# Local Services Group

For the quarter ended June 30, 2023, revenue from Local Services Group grew 30% year-over-year to RMB14,450 million (US\$1,993 million), driven by strong revenue growth in both Ele.me and Amap businesses. During this quarter, order growth of Local Services Group exceeded 35% year-over-year. Annual active consumers of Local Services Group for the twelve months ended June 30, 2023 continued to grow quarter over quarter, due to more efficient acquisition and retention of consumers as well as increasing user demand. For this quarter, its losses continued to narrow driven by improving overall business scale and efficiency.

# То-Ноте

During this quarter, Ele.me experienced GMV growth year-over-year, primarily due to strong order growth that benefited from improving consumer demand, increasing number of active merchants and improving delivery capacity. Ele.me continues to focus on diversifying the availability of quality items from non-restaurant categories. During this quarter, Ele.me increased its supply of consumer electronics by onboarding authorized Apple franchise stores and Suning.com offline stores. For the quarter ended June 30, 2023, Ele.me's unit economics per order continued to be positive and order density continued to improve. As a result, Ele.me's losses continued to narrow year-over-year.

# **To-Destination**

For the quarter ended June 30, 2023, order growth of Amap increased rapidly year-over-year, due to its new position and additional capabilities as a comprehensive "To-Destination" service platform, as well as due to the strong recovery in commuting and travel demand. During the Labor Day holiday in May 2023, Amap achieved over 200 million peak daily active users, the highest number of daily active users compared to Labor Day holidays in previous years, as the Chinese economy experienced strong recovery in travel demand.

# Cainiao Smart Logistics Network Limited

For the quarter ended June 30, 2023, revenue from Cainiao grew 34% year-over-year to RMB23,164 million (US\$3,194 million), primarily driven by the increase of revenue from international fulfillment solution services as well as domestic consumer logistics services. Contribution to revenue growth came from external customers as well as Alibaba-consolidated businesses.

Cainiao has a global end-to-end logistics network at scale that uses its proprietary technology to optimize efficiencies across first-mile pick-up, line haul, overseas distribution, and last-mile delivery. During the quarter, Cainiao supported merchants on AliExpress' *Choice* by offering services with lower costs and faster delivery, including the recently-launched flagship service of "5-Day Global Delivery." In June 2023, Cainiao commenced operation of three new international sorting centers, bringing the number of overseas sorting centers in operation to 18.

In China, Cainiao continues to expand its value-added services to enhance consumer experience. During the quarter, Cainiao prioritized the development of fulfillment services, offering "Half-Day Delivery" and "Next-Day Delivery" in key strategic cities. Consumers can enjoy time-guaranteed doorstep delivery services.

# **Cloud Intelligence Group**

For the quarter ended June 30, 2023, total revenue from Cloud Intelligence Group, which consists of revenue from customers within and beyond our ecosystem, was RMB25,123 million (US\$3,465 million), a growth of 4% year-over-year.

# Alibaba Cloud

During this quarter, from a product perspective, the year-over-year revenue growth of Alibaba Cloud excluding revenue from Alibaba-consolidated businesses was driven by storage, networks and AI computing related products, partly offset by the normalization of CDN demand compared to the same period last year. From a customer base perspective, the growth was driven by revenue from the financial services, education, electric power, and automobile industries, partly offset by our proactive efforts to manage revenue from project-based cloud services.

Alibaba Cloud has been committed to the research and development of core technologies of cloud computing, big data and AI, as well as promoting customer adoption of cloud computing and AI services. With rapid development in AI-generated content, we made the following progress in building a model community, research and development in our large language models and supporting industry development during this quarter:

- AI Community: ModelScope (魔搭), our open-source platform providing a large number of machinelearning and deep learning models, tools and services, hosted over 1,000 AI models and received in aggregate over 45 million downloads as of July 2023. The platform is one of China's leading online community for open-source model resources and allows developers to train and experiment with the models by leveraging Alibaba Cloud's AI computing capabilities.
- Generative AI: Alibaba Cloud announced a series of new features for our generative AI model. Since unveiling Tongyi Qianwen (通义千问) in April 2023, Alibaba Cloud upgraded its audio transcription platform Tingwu (听悟) with AI-powered meeting analysis capability. In July, Alibaba Cloud launched its generative AI text-to-image model Tongyi Wanxiang (通义万相).
- AI for Science: During this quarter, Fudan University and Alibaba Cloud jointly launched one of the largest cloud-based scientific research and intelligent computing platforms for universities in China. Leveraging our AI infrastructure and services, Alibaba Cloud supports scientific research to improve efficiency and reduce cost, and promotes the development and adoption of large language models in scientific research.

Additionally, in June 2023, Forrester released its report "The Forrester Wave™: Functions-As-A-Service Platforms, Q2 2023." Alibaba Cloud received the highest score possible in 26 out of 40 criteria with its product capabilities of Function Compute, and was placed in the Leaders category for service providers globally.

# DingTalk

DingTalk, our intelligent collaboration workplace and application development platform, offers new ways of working, sharing and collaboration for modern enterprises and organizations. During this quarter, DingTalk integrated the capabilities of Tongyi Qianwen and offered beta testing access to enterprise customers. DingTalk will further help customers and ecosystem partners to unlock the potential of AI capabilities.

# **Digital Media and Entertainment Group**

During the quarter ended June 30, 2023, revenue of Digital Media and Entertainment Group was RMB5,381 million (US\$742 million), reflecting growth in our online entertainment business and strong recovery of offline entertainment business.

During the quarter, Youku's total subscription revenue grew 5% year-over-year, primarily driven by increasing ARPU as well as benefiting from high-quality original content. Till the End of the Moon (长月烬 明), exclusive in China on Youku, ranked No. 1 in terms of viewership among all TV series broadcasted on online video platforms in China during the quarter.

Damai, a leading online ticketing platform for live events in China, saw strong revenue recovery, driven by increasing demand for offline entertainment events, which grew rapidly compared to the same period last year.

For the quarter ended June 30, 2023, revenue from Alibaba Pictures' movie and online platform business grew strongly year-over-year due to the launch of several blockbusters and robust China box office demands. Lost in the Stars (消失的她), a movie for which Alibaba Pictures is a co-producer and the leading promoter and distributor, was the top performer in terms of box office in China during the quarter.

# **Updates on ESG Initiatives**

In July, we published our 2023 Environmental, Social and Governance Report. The report provides updates on our seven key ESG strategic dimensions, including progress and performance in key initiatives such as our carbon neutrality pledges. The full version of the report is available on our official website.

In fiscal year 2023, we achieved solid reduction in operational greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and 2) and value chain emission intensity (Scope 3). We also made significant progress in driving a total of 22.907 million MtCO<sub>2</sub>e of emission reduction across our business ecosystem, roughly equivalent to the total annual greenhouse gas emissions of one million average households in China. Our Low-carbon Friendly Program brings together 1.91 million products from 409 brands. Through our Carbon88 ledger platform, 187 million consumers have participated in our Scope 3+ emission reduction efforts.

# Share Repurchases

During the quarter ended June 30, 2023, we repurchased 35.6 million ADSs (the equivalent of 284.4 million ordinary shares) for US\$3.1 billion under our share repurchase program. As of June 30, 2023, we had 20.4 billion ordinary shares (the equivalent of 2.5 billion ADSs) outstanding, a reduction of 136.8 million ordinary shares (the equivalent of 17.1 million ADSs) from last quarter, and US\$16.3 billion remained under the current share buyback program authorized by the Board, which is effective through March 2025.

# **Other Updates**

# Ant Group Share Repurchase

In July 2023, the Company received notice from Ant Group of a shareholder meeting to approve, among other things, a proposal to repurchase from all of its shareholders up to 7.6% of Ant Group's equity interest, with a repurchase price that implies the equity value of Ant Group at RMB567.1 billion. The shares

repurchased will be allocated to employee incentive plans of Ant Group. Given Ant Group continues to be an important strategic partner to our various businesses, we have decided and announced on July 23, 2023 to not sell any shares to Ant Group under its proposed share repurchase. As of the date of this results announcement, the completion of these transactions is still pending.

## Appointment of Independent Auditor

With the approval of our audit committee and board of directors, we have appointed PricewaterhouseCoopers Zhong Tian LLP and PricewaterhouseCoopers as our auditors for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2024 for U.S. financial reporting and Hong Kong financial reporting purposes, respectively. Previously, our auditor for both U.S. financial reporting and Hong Kong financial reporting purposes was PricewaterhouseCoopers.

## JUNE QUARTER SUMMARY FINANCIAL RESULTS

	Three n	e 30,		
	2022	2023		
	RMB	RMB	US\$	YoY % Change
	(in millions	, except percentag	es and per shar	e amounts)
Revenue	205,555	234,156	32,292	14%
Income from operations Operating margin	24,943 12%	42,490 18%	5,860	70% <sup>(2)</sup>
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup> Adjusted EBITDA margin <sup>(1)</sup>	41,114 20%	52,052 22%	7,178	27% <sup>(3)</sup>
Adjusted EBITA <sup>(1)</sup> Adjusted EBITA margin <sup>(1)</sup>	34,419 17%	45,371 19%	6,257	32% <sup>(3)</sup>
Net income Net income attributable to ordinary	20,298	33,000	4,551	63% <sup>(4)</sup>
shareholders	22,739	34,332	4,735	51% <sup>(4)</sup>
Non-GAAP net income <sup>(1)</sup>	30,252	44,922	6,195	48% <sup>(3)</sup>
Diluted earnings per share <sup>(5)</sup> Diluted earnings per ADS <sup>(5)</sup>	1.06 8.51	1.66 13.30	0.23 1.83	56% <sup>(4) (6)</sup> 56% <sup>(4) (6)</sup>
Non-GAAP diluted earnings per share <sup>(1) (5)</sup>	1.47	2.17	0.30	48% <sup>(3) (6)</sup>
Non-GAAP diluted earnings per ADS <sup>(1) (5)</sup>	11.73	17.37	2.40	48% <sup>(3) (6)</sup>

(1) See the sections entitled "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and "Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures to the Nearest Comparable U.S. GAAP Measures" for more information about the non-GAAP measures referred to within this results announcement.

(2) Excluding the reversal of share-based compensation expense of RMB6,901 million (US\$952 million) as discussed in "June Quarter Other Financial Results" below, our income from operations would have increased by 43% year-over-year, primarily contributed by revenue growth and increase in operating efficiency. Please refer to "June Quarter Other Financial Results" section below for details.

(3) The year-over-year increases were primarily contributed by the revenue growth and the increase in operating efficiency.

(4) The year-over-year increases were primarily attributable to the increase in income from operations and the increase in share of results of equity method investees, partly offset by the net losses arising from the decreases in market prices of our equity investments in publicly-traded companies, compared to net gains from these investments in the same quarter last year.

(5) Each ADS represents eight ordinary shares.

(6) The year-over-year percentages as stated are calculated based on the exact amount and there may be minor differences from the year-over-year percentages calculated based on the RMB amounts after rounding.

# JUNE QUARTER SEGMENT RESULTS

Revenue for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB234,156 million (US\$32,292 million), an increase of 14% year-over-year compared to RMB205,555 million in the same quarter of 2022.

Starting from the quarter ended June 30, 2023, our segment reporting has been updated to reflect our Reorganization and how our CODM reviews information under our new structure. Under our updated segment reporting, segment revenue and segment adjusted EBITA are presented before consolidation adjustments, which primarily relate to inter-segment adjustments, if any.

The following table sets forth a breakdown of our revenue by segment for the periods indicated<sup>(1)</sup>:

	Three months ended June 30,			
	2022	2022 2023		
	RMB	RMB	US\$	YoY % Change
	(in 1	millions, except pe	rcentages)	
Taobao and Tmall Group: China commerce retail				
- Customer management	72,425	79,661	10,986	10%
- Direct sales and others <sup>(2)</sup>	24,998	30,167	4,160	21%
	97,423	109,828	15,146	13%
China commerce wholesale	5,094	5,125	707	1%
Total Taobao and Tmall Group	102,517	114,953	15,853	12%
Alibaba International Digital Commerce Group:				
International commerce retail	10,742	17,138	2,364	60%
International commerce wholesale	4,979	4,985	687	0%
Total Alibaba International Digital Commerce Group	15,721	22,123	3,051	41%
Local Services Group	11,131	14,450	1,993	30%
Cainiao Smart Logistics Network Limited	17,292	23,164	3,194	34%
Cloud Intelligence Group	24,127	25,123	3,465	4%
Digital Media and Entertainment Group	3,966	5,381	742	36%
All others <sup>(3)</sup>	45,152	45,541	6,280	1%
Total segment revenue	219,906	250,735	34,578	14%
Unallocated	193	249	34	
Consolidation adjustments <sup>(4)</sup>	(14,544)	(16,828)	(2,320)	
Consolidated revenue	205,555	234,156	32,292	14%

(1) Starting from the quarter ended June 30, 2023, our segment reporting has been updated to reflect our Reorganization. Our CODM started to review information under a new reporting structure, and segment reporting has been updated to conform to this change. Comparative figures were reclassified to conform to this presentation.

(2) Direct sales and others revenue under Taobao and Tmall Group primarily represents our direct sales businesses, comprising mainly Tmall Supermarket and Tmall Global, where revenue and cost of inventory are recorded on a gross basis.

(3) All others include Sun Art, Freshippo, Alibaba Health, Lingxi Games, Intime, Intelligent Information Platform (which mainly consists of UCWeb and Quark businesses), Fliggy and other businesses. The majority of revenue within all others consist of direct sales revenue, which is recorded on a gross basis.

(4) Consolidation adjustments primarily relate to inter-segment adjustments.

The following table sets forth a breakdown of our adjusted EBITA by segment for the periods indicated<sup>(1)</sup>:

	Three m			
	2022	202	3	
	RMB	RMB	US\$	YoY % Change <sup>(5)</sup>
	(ir	millions, except	percentages)	
Taobao and Tmall Group	45,219	49,319	6,801	9%
Alibaba International Digital Commerce				
Group	(1,380)	(420)	(58)	70%
Local Services Group	(2,834)	(1,982)	(273)	30%
Cainiao Smart Logistics Network Limited	(185)	877	121	N/A
Cloud Intelligence Group	188	387	53	106%
Digital Media and Entertainment Group	(907)	63	9	N/A
All others <sup>(2)</sup>	(2,275)	(1,204)	(166)	47%
Total segment adjusted EBITA	37,826	47,040	6,487	24%
Unallocated <sup>(3)</sup>	(2,901)	(1,463)	(202)	
Consolidation adjustments <sup>(4)</sup>	(506)	(206)	(28)	
Consolidated adjusted EBITA	34,419	45,371	6,257	32%
Less: Share-based compensation expense	(6,725)	1,629	225	
Less: Amortization of intangible assets	(2,751)	(2,479)	(342)	
Less: Impairment of goodwill		(2,031)	(280)	
Income from operations	24,943	42,490	5,860	70%

 Starting from the quarter ended June 30, 2023, our segment reporting has been updated to reflect our Reorganization. Our CODM started to review information under a new reporting structure, and segment reporting has been updated to conform to this change. Comparative figures were reclassified to conform to this presentation.

- (2) All others include Sun Art, Freshippo, Alibaba Health, Lingxi Games, Intime, Intelligent Information Platform (which mainly consists of UCWeb and Quark businesses), Fliggy and other businesses.
- (3) Unallocated primarily relate to certain costs incurred by corporate functions and other miscellaneous items that are not allocated to individual segments.
- (4) Consolidation adjustments primarily relate to inter-segment adjustments.
- (5) For a more intuitive presentation, widening of loss in YoY% is shown in terms of negative growth rate, and narrowing of loss in YoY% is shown in terms of positive growth rate.

# **Taobao and Tmall Group**

## (i) Segment revenue

# • China Commerce Retail Business

Revenue from our China commerce retail business in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB109,828 million (US\$15,146 million), an increase of 13% compared to RMB97,423 million in the same quarter of 2022.

Customer management revenue increased by 10% year-over-year, primarily due to the increase in merchant's willingness to invest in advertising and increase in online physical goods GMV generated on Taobao and Tmall, excluding unpaid order. The growth also reflected a successful 6.18 Shopping Festival that generated solid growth in order volume and average order value.

Direct sales and others revenue under China commerce retail business in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB30,167 million (US\$4,160 million), an increase of 21% compared to RMB24,998 million in the same quarter of 2022, primarily due to strong sales driven by the consumer electronics category.

# • China Commerce Wholesale Business

Revenue from our China commerce wholesale business in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB5,125 million (US\$707 million), an increase of 1% compared to RMB5,094 million in the same quarter of 2022.

## (ii) Segment adjusted EBITA

Taobao and Tmall Group adjusted EBITA increased by 9% to RMB49,319 million (US\$6,801 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, compared to RMB45,219 million in the same quarter of 2022. The increase was primarily due to the increase in profit from customer management service and narrowing losses in certain businesses.

# Alibaba International Digital Commerce Group

## (i) Segment revenue

# • International Commerce Retail Business

Revenue from our International commerce retail business in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB17,138 million (US\$2,364 million), an increase of 60% compared to RMB10,742 million in the same quarter of 2022. The increase was primarily due to strong combined order growth of retail businesses driven by solid performance of all major retail platforms, and improvements in monetization. Because certain of our international businesses generate revenue in local currencies while our reporting currency is Renminbi, AIDC's revenue is affected by exchange rate fluctuations.

# • International Commerce Wholesale Business

Revenue from our International commerce wholesale business in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB4,985 million (US\$687 million), which remained stable compared to RMB4,979 million in the same quarter of 2022.

# (ii) Segment adjusted EBITA

Alibaba International Digital Commerce Group adjusted EBITA was a loss of RMB420 million (US\$58 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, compared to a loss of RMB1,380 million in the same quarter of 2022. Losses significantly narrowed year-over-year primarily because of improved margins of Trendyol and Lazada, partly offset by the increase in investments in new business, such as Miravia, and AliExpress. Trendyol continued to deliver strong order growth in both of its e-commerce and local consumer services businesses. Through robust revenue growth and continuing improvement in operating efficiency, for the first time, Trendyol achieved positive operating results during the quarter. The reduced loss from Lazada is primarily due to improvement in monetization.

# **Local Services Group**

# (i) Segment revenue

Revenue from Local Services Group was RMB14,450 million (US\$1,993 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, an increase of 30% compared to RMB11,131 million in the same quarter of 2022, primarily due to robust GMV growth of Ele.me and the rapid order growth of Amap.

## (ii) Segment adjusted EBITA

Local Services Group adjusted EBITA was a loss of RMB1,982 million (US\$273 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, compared to a loss of RMB2,834 million in the same quarter of 2022, reflecting the continued narrowing of losses driven by Ele.me's order growth and positive unit economics per order, as well as rapid order growth of Amap driven by market demand.

## **Cainiao Smart Logistics Network Limited**

## (i) Segment revenue

Revenue from Cainiao Smart Network Logistics Limited was RMB23,164 million (US\$3,194 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, increased by 34% compared to RMB17,292 million in the same quarter of 2022, primarily contributed by the increase in revenue from international fulfillment solution services and domestic consumer logistics services.

## (ii) Segment adjusted EBITA

Cainiao Smart Logistics Network Limited adjusted EBITA was a profit of RMB877 million (US\$121 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, compared to a loss of RMB185 million in the same quarter of 2022. Profitability turned positive year-over-year primarily because of improved operating results from international fulfillment solution services and domestic consumer logistics services.

## **Cloud Intelligence Group**

## (i) Segment revenue

Revenue from Cloud Intelligence Group was RMB25,123 million (US\$3,465 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, increased by 4% compared to RMB24,127 million in the same quarter of 2022. Year-over-year revenue growth was mainly driven by Alibaba-consolidated businesses and customers within financial services, education, electric power, and automobile industries, partly offset by our proactive efforts to manage revenue from project-based cloud services.

# (ii) Segment adjusted EBITA

Cloud Intelligence Group adjusted EBITA increased by 106% to RMB387 million (US\$53 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, compared to RMB188 million in the same quarter of 2022, primarily due to reduced colocation and bandwidth costs of DingTalk as a result of normalization of usage as compared to the same quarter last year.

# **Digital Media and Entertainment Group**

## (i) Segment revenue

Revenue from Digital Media and Entertainment Group was RMB5,381 million (US\$742 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, an increase of 36% compared to RMB3,966 million in the same quarter of 2022, primarily driven by growth in our online entertainment business and strong recovery of offline entertainment business.

# (ii) Segment adjusted EBITA

Digital Media and Entertainment Group adjusted EBITA in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was a profit of RMB63 million (US\$9 million), compared to a loss of RMB907 million in the same quarter

of 2022. The improved adjusted EBITA was mainly due to the increase in revenue from Alibaba Pictures and Damai.

# All Others

## (i) Segment revenue

Revenue from all others segment was RMB45,541 million (US\$6,280 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, which increased slightly by 1% compared to RMB45,152 million in the same quarter of 2022, primarily due to the revenue growth contributed by Alibaba Health, Fliggy, Freshippo and Intelligent Information Platform, partly offset by the decrease in revenue from Sun Art due to decrease in ticket size resulted from the decrease in consumer stockpiling behavior compared to the same quarter last year.

## (ii) Segment adjusted EBITA

Adjusted EBITA from all others segment in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was a loss of RMB1,204 million (US\$166 million), compared to a loss of RMB2,275 million in the same quarter of 2022, primarily due to improved operating results from Freshippo, Lingxi Games and Fliggy.

# JUNE QUARTER OTHER FINANCIAL RESULTS

# **Costs and Expenses**

The following tables set forth a breakdown of our costs and expenses, share-based compensation expense and costs and expenses excluding share-based compensation expense by function for the periods indicated.

	Three months ended June 30,					
	20	22		2023		% of Revenue
	RMB	% of	RMB	US\$	% of	YoY
	KNID	Revenue			Revenue	change
Costs and expanses		(in n	nillions, excep	ot percentag	ges)	
<b>Costs and expenses:</b> Cost of revenue	129,657	63%	142,347	19,631	61%	(2)%
Product development expenses	129,037	7%	142,347	19,031	4%	$(2)^{70}$ (3)%
Sales and marketing expenses	25,578	12%	27,047	3,730	12%	0%
General and administrative	23,378	1270	27,047	5,750	1270	070
expenses	8,433	4%	7,297	1,006	3%	(1)%
Amortization of intangible assets	2,751	470 2%	2,479	342	370 1%	(1)/0 (1)%
Impairment of goodwill	2,731	270	2,479	280	1%	1%
	100 (12	88%				
Total costs and expenses	180,612	88%	191,666	26,432	82%	(6)%
Shawa hazad as managettan						
Share-based compensation						
expense:	1 (12	1%	(207)	(12)	0%	(1)0/
Cost of revenue	1,613	1% 2%	(307)	(42)	0%	(1)%
Product development expenses	2,987 900	2% 0%	(242)	(34)	0% 0%	(2)% 0%
Sales and marketing expenses General and administrative	900	0%	(125)	(17)	0%	0%
	1 225	00/	(055)	(122)	(1)0/	(1)0/
expenses	1,225	0%	(955)	(132)	(1)%	(1)%
Total share-based compensation						
expense	6,725	3%	(1,629)	(225)	(1)%	(4)%
Costs and expenses excluding						
share-based compensation						
expense:	120.044	(20)	140 (54	10 (72	(10/	(1)0/
Cost of revenue	128,044	62%	142,654	19,673	61%	(1)%
Product development expenses	11,206	5%	10,707	1,477	4%	(1)%
Sales and marketing expenses	24,678	12%	27,172	3,747	12%	0%
General and administrative		10 /	0.0.50	1 1 2 0	10 (	0.0 (
expenses	7,208	4%	8,252	1,138	4%	0%
Amortization of intangible assets	2,751	2%	2,479	342	1%	(1)%
Impairment of goodwill			2,031	280	1%	1%
Total costs and expenses excluding						
share-based compensation						
expense	173,887	85%	193,295	26,657	83%	(2)%

**Cost of revenue** – Cost of revenue in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB142,347 million (US\$19,631 million), or 61% of revenue, compared to RMB129,657 million, or 63% of revenue, in the same quarter of 2022. Without the effect of share-based compensation expense, cost of revenue as a percentage of revenue would have decreased from 62% in the quarter ended June 30, 2022 to 61% in the quarter ended June 30, 2023.

**Product development expenses** – Product development expenses in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 were RMB10,465 million (US\$1,443 million), or 4% of revenue, compared to RMB14,193 million, or 7% of

revenue, in the same quarter of 2022. Without the effect of share-based compensation expense, product development expenses as a percentage of revenue would have decreased from 5% in the quarter ended June 30, 2022 to 4% in the quarter ended June 30, 2023.

**Sales and marketing expenses** – Sales and marketing expenses in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 were RMB27,047 million (US\$3,730 million), or 12% of revenue, compared to RMB25,578 million, or 12% of revenue, in the same quarter of 2022. Without the effect of share-based compensation expense, sales and marketing expenses as a percentage of revenue would have remained stable at 12% in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2022.

**General and administrative expenses** – General and administrative expenses in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 were RMB7,297 million (US\$1,006 million), or 3% of revenue, compared to RMB8,433 million, or 4% of revenue, in the same quarter of 2022. Without the effect of share-based compensation expense, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenue would have remained stable at 4% in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 compared to the quarter ended June 30, 2022.

**Share-based compensation expense** – Total share-based compensation expense included in the cost and expense items above in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was a net reversal of RMB1,629 million (US\$225 million), compared to an expense of RMB6,725 million in the same quarter of 2022.

The following table sets forth our analysis of share-based compensation expense for the quarters indicated by type of share-based awards:

	Three months ended June 30,					
	20	)22		2023		% Change
		% of			% of	
	RMB	Revenue	RMB	US\$	Revenue	YoY
		(in r	nillions, exc	ept percei	ntages)	
By type of awards:						
Alibaba Group share-based						
awards <sup>(1)</sup>	5,615	2%	4,267	588	2%	(24)%
Ant Group share-based awards <sup>(2)</sup>	25	0%	(6,834)	(942)	(3)%	N/A
Others <sup>(3)</sup>	1,085	1%	938	129	0%	(14)%
Total share-based compensation expense	6,725	3%	(1,629)	(225)	(1)%	N/A

(1) This represents Alibaba Group share-based awards granted to our employees.

(2) This represents Ant Group share-based awards granted to our employees, which is subject to mark-to-market accounting treatment.

(3) This represents share-based awards of our subsidiaries.

Share-based compensation expense related to Alibaba Group share-based awards decreased in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 compared to the same quarter of 2022. This decrease was primarily due to the general decrease in the average fair market value of the awards granted.

Share-based compensation expense related to Ant Group reflected a reversal of share-based compensation expense of RMB6,901 million (US\$952 million) for the quarter ended June 30, 2023. This is the result of a mark-to-market adjustment during the quarter relating to Ant Group share-based awards granted to our employees because of a decrease in the value of Ant Group.

We expect that our share-based compensation expense will continue to be affected by changes in the fair value of the underlying awards and the quantity of awards we grant in the future.

**Amortization of intangible assets** – Amortization of intangible assets in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB2,479 million (US\$342 million), a decrease of 10% from RMB2,751 million in the same quarter of 2022.

**Impairment of goodwill** – Impairment of goodwill of RMB2,031 million (US\$280 million) was recorded in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 because the carrying value of a reporting unit within all others segment exceeded its fair value.

# Income from operations and operating margin

Income from operations in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB42,490 million (US\$5,860 million), or 18% of revenue, an increase of 70% compared to RMB24,943 million, or 12% of revenue, in the same quarter of 2022, primarily contributed by revenue growth, increase in operating efficiency and the reversal of share-based compensation expense of RMB6,901 million (US\$952 million) related to the mark-to-market adjustment during the quarter relating to Ant Group share-based awards granted to our employees. We excluded share-based compensation expense from our non-GAAP measurements. Excluding the reversal of share-based compensation expense, our income from operations would have increased by 43% year-over-year, from RMB24,943 million in the quarter ended June 30, 2022 to RMB35,589 million (US\$4,908 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023.

# Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITA

Adjusted EBITDA increased 27% year-over-year to RMB52,052 million (US\$7,178 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, compared to RMB41,114 million in the same quarter of 2022. Adjusted EBITA increased 32% year-over-year to RMB45,371 million (US\$6,257 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, compared to RMB34,419 million in the same quarter of 2022. The year-over-year increase was primarily contributed by revenue growth and increase in operating efficiency. A reconciliation of net income to adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITA is included at the end of this results announcement.

# Adjusted EBITA by segments

Adjusted EBITA by segments as well as a reconciliation of income from operations to adjusted EBITA are set forth in the section entitled "June Quarter Segment Results" above.

# Interest and investment income, net

Interest and investment income, net in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was a loss of RMB5,898 million (US\$814 million), compared to a gain of RMB5,369 million in the same quarter of 2022, primarily due to net losses arising from decreases in market prices of our equity investments in publicly-traded companies, compared to net gains from these investments in the same quarter last year.

The above-mentioned gains and losses were excluded from our non-GAAP net income.

# Other income, net

Other income, net in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB1,364 million (US\$188 million), compared to RMB109 million in the same quarter of 2022. The year-over-year increase was primarily due to the decrease in net exchange losses arising from exchange rate fluctuation between Renminbi and U.S. dollar.

## Income tax expenses

Income tax expenses in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 were RMB6,022 million (US\$830 million), compared to RMB5,399 million in the same quarter of 2022.

Excluding share-based compensation expense, revaluation and disposal gains/losses of investments, impairment of goodwill and investments, as well as the deferred tax effects on basis differences arising from our equity method investees, our effective tax rate would have been 17% in the quarter ended June 30, 2023.

## Share of results of equity method investees

Share of results of equity method investees in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was a profit of RMB2,850 million (US\$393 million), compared to a loss of RMB3,480 million in the same quarter of 2022. The following table sets forth a breakdown of share of results of equity method investees for the periods indicated.

	Three months ended June 30,			
	2022	2023		
	RMB	RMB	US\$	
	(i	n millions)		
Share of profit (loss) of equity method investees				
- Ant Group	3,717	4,364	602	
- Others	(2,613)	(502)	(69)	
Impairment loss	(3,563)	(12)	(2)	
Others <sup>(1)</sup>	(1,021)	(1,000)	(138)	
Total	(3,480)	2,850	393	

(1) "Others" mainly include basis differences arising from equity method investees, share-based compensation expense related to share-based awards granted to employees of our equity method investees, as well as gain or loss arising from the deemed disposal of the equity method investees.

We record our share of results of all equity method investees one quarter in arrears. The decrease in share of net losses of other equity method investees was mainly due to the overall improvement in financial performance of certain of our equity method investees. In July 2023, PRC regulators announced a RMB7.07 billion fine on Ant Group, which was not reflected in our share of results of Ant Group for the quarter ended June 30, 2023 and will be reflected in our share of results of Ant Group in the quarter which Ant Group reports to us its results reflecting the fine.

# Net income and Non-GAAP net income

Our net income in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB33,000 million (US\$4,551 million), an increase of 63% compared to RMB20,298 million in the same quarter of 2022. The year-over-year increase was primarily attributable to the increase in income from operations and the increase in share of results of equity method investees, partly offset by the net losses arising from the decreases in market prices of our equity investments in publicly-traded companies, compared to net gains from these investments in the same quarter last year.

Excluding share-based compensation expense, revaluation and disposal gains/losses of investments, impairment of goodwill and investments and certain other items, non-GAAP net income in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB44,922 million (US\$6,195 million), an increase of 48% compared to RMB30,252 million in the same quarter of 2022. A reconciliation of net income to non-GAAP net income is included at the end of this results announcement.

# Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders

Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB34,332 million (US\$4,735 million), an increase of 51% compared to RMB22,739 million in the same quarter of 2022. The year-over-year increase was primarily attributable to increase in net income as mentioned above.

# Diluted earnings per ADS/share and non-GAAP diluted earnings per ADS/share

Diluted earnings per ADS in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB13.30 (US\$1.83), compared to RMB8.51 in the same quarter in 2022. Excluding share-based compensation expense, revaluation and disposal gains/losses of investments, impairment of goodwill and investments and certain other items, non-GAAP diluted earnings per ADS in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB17.37 (US\$2.40), an increase of 48% compared to RMB11.73 in the same quarter of 2022.

Diluted earnings per share in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB1.66 (US\$0.23 or HK\$1.80), compared to RMB1.06 in the same quarter of 2022. Excluding share-based compensation expense, revaluation and disposal gains/losses of investments, impairment of goodwill and investments and certain other items, non-GAAP diluted earnings per share in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB2.17 (US\$0.30 or HK\$2.35), an increase of 48% compared to RMB1.47 in the same quarter of 2022.

A reconciliation of diluted earnings per ADS/share to non-GAAP diluted earnings per ADS/share is included at the end of this results announcement. Each ADS represents eight ordinary shares.

# Cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and other treasury investments

As of June 30, 2023, cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and other treasury investments included in equity securities and other investments on the consolidated balance sheets, were RMB584,695 million (US\$80,633 million), compared to RMB560,314 million as of March 31, 2023. Other treasury investments mainly comprise of investments in fixed deposits and certificates of deposits with original maturities over one year for treasury purposes. The increase in cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments and other treasury investments during the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was primarily due to free cash flow generated from operations of RMB39,089 million (US\$5,391 million), and effect of exchange rate changes of RMB12,148 million (US\$1,675 million) mainly due to the appreciation of the U.S. dollar against Renminbi, partly offset by cash used in repurchase of ordinary shares of RMB22,151 million (US\$3,055 million) and repayment of unsecured senior notes of US\$700 million.

# Net cash provided by operating activities and free cash flow

Net cash provided by operating activities in the quarter ended June 30, 2023 was RMB45,306 million (US\$6,248 million), an increase of 34% compared to RMB33,869 million in the same quarter of 2022. Free cash flow, a non-GAAP measurement of liquidity, was RMB39,089 million (US\$5,391 million) in the quarter ended June 30, 2023, an increase of 76% compared to RMB22,173 million in the same quarter of 2022. The year-over-year increase reflected an increase in profitability and a decrease in capital expenditure. A reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to free cash flow is included at the end of this results announcement.

# Net cash provided by investing activities

During the quarter ended June 30, 2023, net cash provided by investing activities of RMB12,595 million (US\$1,737 million) primarily reflected a decrease in short-term investments by RMB49,393 million (US\$6,812 million) and cash inflow of RMB5,363 million (US\$739 million) from disposal of investments. These cash inflows were partly offset by (i) an increase in other treasury investments by RMB32,597 million (US\$4,495 million), (ii) capital expenditures of RMB6,927 million (US\$955 million) and (iii) cash outflow of RMB2,707 million (US\$373 million) for investment and acquisition activities.

# Net cash used in financing activities

During the quarter ended June 30, 2023, net cash used in financing activities of RMB24,636 million (US\$3,397 million) primarily reflected cash used in repurchase of ordinary shares of RMB22,151 million (US\$3,055 million) and repayment of unsecured senior notes of US\$700 million.

# **Employees**

As of June 30, 2023, we had a total of 228,675 employees, compared to 235,216 as of March 31, 2023.

# WEBCAST AND CONFERENCE CALL INFORMATION

Alibaba Group's management will hold a conference call to discuss the financial results at 7:30 a.m. U.S. Eastern Time (7:30 p.m. Hong Kong Time) on Thursday, August 10, 2023.

All participants must pre-register to join this conference call using the Participant Registration link below: English: https://s1.c-conf.com/diamondpass/10032058-6wh8r.html Chinese: https://s1.c-conf.com/diamondpass/10032059-05pqda.html

Upon registration, each participant will receive details for the conference call, including dial-in numbers, conference call passcode and a unique access PIN. To join the conference, please dial the number provided, enter the passcode followed by your PIN, and you will join the conference.

A live webcast of the earnings conference call can be accessed at https://www.alibabagroup.com/en-US/ir-financial-reports-quarterly-results. An archived webcast will be available through the same link following the call. A replay of the conference call will be available for one week from the date of the conference (Dial-in number: +1 855 883 1031; English conference PIN 10032058; Chinese conference PIN 10032059).

Please visit Alibaba Group's Investor Relations website at https://www.alibabagroup.com/en-US/investor-relations on August 10, 2023 to view the earnings release and accompanying slides prior to the conference call.

# ABOUT ALIBABA GROUP

Alibaba Group's mission is to make it easy to do business anywhere. The company aims to build the future infrastructure of commerce. It envisions that its customers will meet, work and live at Alibaba, and that it will be a good company that lasts for 102 years.

# **Investor Relations Contact**

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# **EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION**

This results announcement contains translations of certain Renminbi ("RMB") amounts into U.S. dollars ("US\$") and Hong Kong dollars ("HK\$") for the convenience of the reader. Unless otherwise stated, all translations of RMB into US\$ were made at RMB7.2513 to US\$1.00, the exchange rate on June 30, 2023 as set forth in the H.10 statistical release of the Federal Reserve Board, and all translations of RMB into HK\$ were made at RMB0.92198 to HK\$1.00, the middle rate on June 30, 2023 as published by the People's Bank of China. The percentages stated in this announcement are calculated based on the RMB amounts and there may be minor differences due to rounding.

# SAFE HARBOR STATEMENTS

This announcement contains forward-looking statements. These statements are made under the "safe harbor" provisions of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements can be identified by terminology such as "may," "will," "expect," "anticipate," "future," "aim," "estimate," "intend," "seek," "plan," "believe," "potential," "continue," "ongoing," "target," "guidance," "is/are likely to" and similar statements. In addition, statements that are not historical facts, including statements about Alibaba Group's new organizational and governance structure, Alibaba's strategies and business plans, Alibaba's beliefs, expectations and guidance regarding the growth of its business and its revenue, the business outlook and quotations from management in this announcement, as well as Alibaba's strategic and operational plans, are or contain forward-looking statements. Alibaba may also make forward-looking statements in its periodic reports to the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), in announcements made on the website of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Hong Kong Stock Exchange"), in press releases and other written materials and in oral statements made by its officers, directors or employees to third parties. Forward-looking statements involve inherent risks and uncertainties. A number of factors could cause actual results to differ materially from those contained in any forwardlooking statement. These factors include but are not limited to the following: Alibaba's corporate structure, including the VIE structure it uses to operate certain businesses in the PRC; the implementation of Alibaba Group's new organizational and governance structure and the execution of spin-off or capital raising plans of its subsidiaries; Alibaba's ability to maintain the trusted status of its ecosystem; Alibaba's ability to compete, innovate and maintain or grow its revenue or business, including expanding its international and cross-border businesses and operations and managing a large and complex organization; risks associated with sustained investments in Alibaba's businesses; fluctuations in general economic and business conditions in China and globally; uncertainties arising from competition among countries and geopolitical tensions, including protectionist or national security policies and export control, economic or trade sanctions; risks associated with Alibaba's acquisitions, investments and alliances; uncertainties and risks associated with a broad range of complex laws and regulations (including in the areas of data security and privacy protection, anti-monopoly and anti-unfair competition, content regulation, consumer protection and regulation of Internet platforms) in the PRC and globally; cybersecurity risks; impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic and assumptions underlying or related to any of the foregoing. Further information regarding these and other risks is included in Alibaba's filings with the SEC and announcements on the website of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. All information provided in this results announcement is as of the date of this results announcement and are based on assumptions that we believe to be reasonable as of this date, and Alibaba does not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statement, except as required under applicable law.

# NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

To supplement our consolidated financial statements, which are prepared and presented in accordance with GAAP, we use the following non-GAAP financial measures: for our consolidated results, adjusted EBITDA (including adjusted EBITDA margin), adjusted EBITA (including adjusted EBITA margin), non-GAAP net income, non-GAAP diluted earnings per share/ADS and free cash flow. For more information on these non-GAAP financial measures, please refer to the table captioned "Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures to the Nearest Comparable U.S. GAAP Measures" in this results announcement.

We believe that adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITA, non-GAAP net income and non-GAAP diluted earnings per share/ADS help identify underlying trends in our business that could otherwise be distorted by the effect of certain income or expenses that we include in income from operations, net income and diluted earnings per share/ADS. We believe that these non-GAAP measures provide useful information about our core operating results, enhance the overall understanding of our past performance and future prospects and allow for greater visibility with respect to key metrics used by our management in its financial and operational decision-making. We present three different income measures, namely adjusted EBITDA,

adjusted EBITA and non-GAAP net income in order to provide more information and greater transparency to investors about our operating results.

We consider free cash flow to be a liquidity measure that provides useful information to management and investors about the amount of cash generated by our business that can be used for strategic corporate transactions, including investing in our new business initiatives, making strategic investments and acquisitions and strengthening our balance sheet.

Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITA, non-GAAP net income, non-GAAP diluted earnings per share/ADS and free cash flow should not be considered in isolation or construed as an alternative to income from operations, net income, diluted earnings per share/ADS, cash flows or any other measure of performance or as an indicator of our operating performance. These non-GAAP financial measures presented here do not have standardized meanings prescribed by U.S. GAAP and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies. Other companies may calculate similarly titled measures differently, limiting their usefulness as comparative measures to our data.

Adjusted EBITDA represents net income before (i) interest and investment income, net, interest expense, other income, net, income tax expenses and share of results of equity method investees (ii) certain non-cash expenses, consisting of share-based compensation expense, amortization of intangible assets, impairment of goodwill, depreciation and impairment of property and equipment, and operating lease cost relating to land use rights, which we do not believe are reflective of our core operating performance during the periods presented.

Adjusted EBITA represents net income before (i) interest and investment income, net, interest expense, other income, net, income tax expenses and share of results of equity method investees, (ii) certain non-cash expenses, consisting of share-based compensation expense, amortization of intangible assets and impairment of goodwill, which we do not believe are reflective of our core operating performance during the periods presented.

**Non-GAAP net income** represents net income before share-based compensation expense, amortization of intangible assets, impairment of goodwill and investments, gain or loss on deemed disposals/disposals/revaluation of investments and others, as adjusted for the tax effects.

**Non-GAAP diluted earnings per share** represents non-GAAP net income attributable to ordinary shareholders divided by the weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares for computing non-GAAP diluted earnings per share on a diluted basis. **Non-GAAP diluted earnings per ADS** represents non-GAAP diluted earnings per share after adjusting for the ordinary share-to-ADS ratio.

**Free cash flow** represents net cash provided by operating activities as presented in our consolidated cash flow statement less purchases of property and equipment (excluding acquisition of land use rights and construction in progress relating to office campuses) and intangible assets (excluding those acquired through acquisitions), as well as adjustments to exclude from net cash provided by operating activities the buyer protection fund deposits from merchants on our marketplaces. We deduct certain items of cash flows from investing activities in order to provide greater transparency into cash flow from our revenue-generating business operations. We exclude "acquisition of land use rights and construction in progress relating to office campuses are used by us for corporate and administrative purposes and are not directly related to our revenue-generating business operations. We also exclude buyer protection fund deposits from merchants on our marketplaces because these deposits are restricted for the purpose of compensating buyers for claims against merchants.

The table captioned "Reconciliations of Non-GAAP Measures to the Nearest Comparable U.S. GAAP Measures" in this results announcement have more details on the non-GAAP financial measures that are most directly comparable to GAAP financial measures and the related reconciliations between these financial measures.

## ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LIMITED UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS

UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENTS	Three m	Three months ended June 30,		
	2022	2023	3	
	RMB	RMB	US\$	
	(in millions	, except per sh	are data)	
Revenue	205,555	234,156	32,292	
Cost of revenue	(129,657)	(142,347)	(19,631)	
Product development expenses	(14,193)	(10,465)	(1,443)	
Sales and marketing expenses	(25,578)	(27,047)	(3,730)	
General and administrative expenses	(8,433)	(7,297)	(1,006)	
Amortization of intangible assets	(2,751)	(2,479)	(342)	
Impairment of goodwill		(2,031)	(280)	
Income from operations	24,943	42,490	5,860	
Interest and investment income, net	5,369	(5,898)	(814)	
Interest expense	(1,244)	(1,784)	(246)	
Other income, net	109	1,364	188	
Income before income tax and share				
of results of equity method	29,177	36,172	4,988	
investees		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Income tax expenses	(5,399)	(6,022)	(830)	
Share of results of equity method investees	(3,480)	2,850	393	
Net income	20,298	33,000	4,551	
Net loss attributable to noncontrolling interests	2,361	1,242	171	
Net income attributable to Alibaba Group Holding Limited	22,659	34,242	4,722	
Accretion of mezzanine equity	80	90	13	
Net income attributable to ordinary				
shareholders	22,739	34,332	4,735	
Earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders <sup>(1)</sup>				
Basic	1.07	1.68	0.23	
Diluted	1.06	1.66	0.23	
Earnings per ADS attributable to ordinary shareholders <sup>(1)</sup>				
Basic	8.54	13.40	1.85	
Diluted	8.51	13.30	1.83	
Weighted average number of shares used in calculating earnings per ordinary share (million shares) <sup>(1)</sup>				
Basic	21,299	20,493		
Diluted	21,384	20,608		

(1) Each ADS represents eight ordinary shares.

# ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LIMITED UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	As of March 31,	As of June 30,		
	2023	2023		
	RMB	RMB	US\$	
		(in millions)		
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	193,086	226,405	31,223	
Short-term investments	326,492	283,953	39,159	
Restricted cash and escrow receivables	36,424	40,689	5,611	
Equity securities and other investments	4,892	34,071	4,699	
Prepayments, receivables and other assets	137,072	145,317	20,040	
Total current assets	697,966	730,435	100,732	
Equity securities and other investments	245,737	239,528	33,032	
Prepayments, receivables and other assets	110,926	107,706	14,853	
Investment in equity method investees	207,380	212,132	29,254	
Property and equipment, net	176,031	175,859	24,252	
Intangible assets, net	46,913	44,560	6,145	
Goodwill	268,091	266,584	36,764	
Total assets	1,753,044	1,776,804	245,032	
Liabilities, Mezzanine Equity and Shareholders'				
Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Current bank borrowings	7,466	8,236	1,136	
Current unsecured senior notes	4,800	,	, 	
Income tax payable	12,543	8,510	1,174	
Accrued expenses, accounts payable and other	)	- )	, .	
liabilities	275,950	279,351	38,524	
Merchant deposits	13,297	13,141	1,812	
Deferred revenue and customer advances	71,295	71,001	9,791	
Total current liabilities	385,351	380,239	52,437	

# ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LIMITED UNAUDITED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (CONTINUED)

	As of March 31,	As of Jun	ie 30,
	2023	2023	
	RMB	RMB	US\$
		(in millions)	
Deferred revenue	3,560	3,676	507
Deferred tax liabilities	61,745	57,763	7,966
Non-current bank borrowings	52,023	54,697	7,543
Non-current unsecured senior notes	97,065	102,610	14,151
Other liabilities	30,379	30,778	4,244
Total liabilities	630,123	629,763	86,848
Commitments and contingencies			
Mezzanine equity	9,858	9,960	1,373
Shareholders' equity:			
Ordinary shares	1	1	—
Additional paid-in capital	416,880	408,347	56,314
Treasury shares at cost	(28,763)	(28,562)	(3,939)
Subscription receivables	(49)	(52)	(7)
Statutory reserves	12,977	13,286	1,833
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(10,417)	2,846	392
Retained earnings	599,028	617,638	85,176
Total shareholders' equity	989,657	1,013,504	139,769
Noncontrolling interests	123,406	123,577	17,042
Total equity	1,113,063	1,137,081	156,811
Total liabilities, mezzanine equity and equity	1,753,044	1,776,804	245,032

# ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LIMITED UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Three months ended June 30,		
	2022	20	23
	RMB	RMB	US\$
		(in millions)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	33,869	45,306	6,248
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities	(27,607)	12,595	1,737
Net cash used in financing activities	(21,022)	(24,636)	(3,397)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and escrow receivables	3,326	4,319	595
(Decrease) Increase in cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and escrow receivables Cash and cash equivalents, restricted	(11,434)	37,584	5,183
cash and eash equivalents, restricted cash and escrow receivables at beginning of period	227,353	229,510	31,651
Cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and escrow receivables at end of period	215,919	267,094	36,834

# ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LIMITED RECONCILIATIONS OF NON-GAAP MEASURES TO THE NEAREST COMPARABLE U.S. GAAP MEASURES

The table below sets forth a reconciliation of our net income to adjusted EBITA and adjusted EBITDA for the periods indicated:

	Three	Three months ended June 30,			
	2022	202	3		
	RMB	RMB	US\$		
		(in millions)			
Net income	20,298	33,000	4,551		
Adjustments to reconcile net					
income to adjusted EBITA and					
adjusted EBITDA:					
Interest and investment					
income, net	(5,369)	5,898	814		
Interest expense	1,244	1,784	246		
Other income, net	(109)	(1,364)	(188)		
Income tax expenses	5,399	6,022	830		
Share of results of equity					
method investees	3,480	(2,850)	(393)		
Income from operations	24,943	42,490	5,860		
Share-based compensation					
expense	6,725	(1,629)	(225)		
Amortization of intangible					
assets	2,751	2,479	342		
Impairment of goodwill		2,031	280		
Adjusted EBITA	34,419	45,371	6,257		
Depreciation and impairment		*	,		
of property and equipment,					
and operating lease cost					
relating to land use rights	6,695	6,681	921		
Adjusted EBITDA	41,114	52,052	7,178		

## ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LIMITED RECONCILIATIONS OF NON-GAAP MEASURES TO THE NEAREST COMPARABLE U.S. GAAP MEASURES (CONTINUED)

The table below sets forth a reconciliation of our net income to non-GAAP net income for the periods indicated:

	Three months ended June 30,		
	2022         2023           RMB         RMB         USS		
		(in millions)	
Net income	20,298	33,000	4,551
Adjustments to reconcile net	,	,	,
income to non-GAAP net			
income:			
Share-based compensation			
expense	6,725	(1,629)	(225)
Amortization of intangible			
assets	2,751	2,479	342
Impairment of goodwill and			
investments	3,114	4,269	589
(Gain) Loss on deemed			
disposals/disposals/			
revaluation of investments		0.020	1.0.16
and others	(1,712)	9,038	1,246
Tax effects <sup>(1)</sup>	(924)	(2,235)	(308)
Non-GAAP net income	30,252	44,922	6,195

(1) Tax effects primarily comprises tax effects relating to share-based compensation expense, amortization of intangible assets and certain gains and losses from investments, and others.

## ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LIMITED RECONCILIATIONS OF NON-GAAP MEASURES TO THE NEAREST COMPARABLE U.S. GAAP MEASURES (CONTINUED)

The table below sets forth a reconciliation of our diluted earnings per share/ADS to non-GAAP diluted earnings per share/ADS for the periods indicated:

	Three n	Three months ended June 30,		
	2022	202.	2023	
	RMB	RMB	US\$	
	(in million	millions, except per share data)		
Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders – basic	22,739	34,332	4,735	
Dilution effect on earnings arising from share-based awards operated by equity method	22,139	54,552	4,755	
investees and subsidiaries Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders –		(68)	(10)	
diluted Non-GAAP adjustments to net income attributable to	22,739	34,264	4,725	
ordinary shareholders <sup>(1)</sup>	8,616	10,471	1,444	
Non-GAAP net income attributable to ordinary shareholders for computing non-GAAP diluted earnings per share/ADS	31,355	44,735	6,169	
Weighted average number of shares on a diluted basis for computing non-GAAP diluted earnings per share/ADS (million shares) <sup>(2)</sup>	21,384	20,608		
Diluted earnings per share <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	1.06	1.66	0.23	
Non-GAAP diluted earnings per share <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	1.47	2.17	0.30	
Diluted earnings per ADS <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	8.51	13.30	1.83	
Non-GAAP diluted earnings per ADS <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	11.73	17.37	2.40	

<sup>(1)</sup> See the table above for the reconciliation of net income to non-GAAP net income for more information of these non-GAAP adjustments.

(2) Each ADS represents eight ordinary shares.

- (3) Diluted earnings per share is derived from dividing net income attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares, on a diluted basis. Diluted earnings per ADS is derived from the diluted earnings per share after adjusting for the ordinary share-to-ADS ratio.
- (4) Non-GAAP diluted earnings per share is derived from dividing non-GAAP net income attributable to ordinary shareholders by the weighted average number of outstanding ordinary shares for computing non-GAAP diluted earnings per share, on a diluted basis. Non-GAAP diluted earnings per ADS is derived from the non-GAAP diluted earnings per share after adjusting for the ordinary share-to-ADS ratio.

# ALIBABA GROUP HOLDING LIMITED RECONCILIATIONS OF NON-GAAP MEASURES TO THE NEAREST COMPARABLE U.S. GAAP MEASURES (CONTINUED)

The table below sets forth a reconciliation of net cash provided by operating activities to free cash flow for the periods indicated:

	Three	e months ended June 30,		
	2022	2022 2023		
	RMB	RMB	US\$	
Net cash provided by		(in millions)		
operating activities	33,869	45,306	6,248	
Less: Purchase of property and				
equipment (excluding land				
use rights and construction in				
progress relating to office				
campuses)	(11,110)	(6,007)	(828)	
Less: Purchase of intangible				
assets (excluding those				
acquired through				
acquisitions)	(22)			
Less: Changes in the				
buyer protection fund	(5(A))	(210)	( <b>20</b> )	
deposits	(564)	(210)	(29)	
Free cash flow	22,173	39,089	5,391	

#### APPENDIX II

## REPRODUCTION OF THE ISSUER'S CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT AND FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2023

The information set out below is a reproduction of the Issuer's condensed interim financial statements as at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2023.

SG Issuer

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Société Anonyme

Condensed interim financial statements, Report of the Executive Board and Corporate Governance Statement and Report of the Réviseur d'entreprises agréé on review of the condensed interim financial statements

As at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2023

15 avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg R.C.S. Luxembourg: B121.363

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### **Executive Board Members**

As at 30 June 2023

# **EXECUTIVE BOARD MEMBERS**

#### Chairman:

#### Mr Yves CACCLIN

Employee of Société Générale Luxembourg 15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg

### Members:

#### Mr Thierry BODSON

Employee of Société Générale Luxembourg 15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg

### Mr François CARALP

Employee of Société Générale Tour Société Générale, 17, cours Valmy, F-92987 Paris-La Défense 7, France

### Mr Alexandre GALLICHE (until 13 January 2023)

Employee of Société Générale Luxembourg 15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg

### Mr Julien BOUCHAT (since 13 January 2023)

Employee of Société Générale Luxembourg 15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg

#### Mr Pascal JACOB (until 28 April 2023)

Employee of Société Générale Luxembourg 15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg

## Mr Youenn LE BRIS (since 28 April 2023)

Employee of Société Générale Luxembourg 15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg

#### **Mr Laurent SIMONET**

Employee of Société Générale Tour Société Générale, 17, cours Valmy, F-92987 Paris-La Défense 7, France

## Mrs Estelle STEPHAN JASPARD

Employee of Société Générale Tour Société Générale, 17, cours Valmy, F-92987 Paris-La Défense 7, France

## **Supervisory Board Members**

As at 30 June 2023

## SUPERVISORY BOARD MEMBERS

Chairman:

#### Mr Laurent WEIL Employee of Société Générale Tour Société Générale, 17, cours Valmy, F-92987 Paris-La Défense 7, France

#### Vice-president:

## Mr Olivier BLANC (until 28 April 2023)

Employee of Société Générale Luxembourg 15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg

### Members:

## Mr Olivier BLANC (until 28 April 2023)

Employee of Société Générale Luxembourg 15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg

**Mr Angelo BONETTI** Employee of Société Générale Tour Société Générale, 17, cours Valmy, F-92987 Paris - La Défense 7, France

Mr Gregory CLAUDY Independent Director 225A, rue du Burgknapp, B-6717 Heinstert, Belgium

## Mr Emanuele MAIOCCHI

Employee of Société Générale Luxembourg 15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg

## Audit Committee Members

As at 30 June 2023

# **AUDIT COMMITTEE MEMBERS**

#### Chairman:

## Mr Gregory CLAUDY

Independent Director 225A, rue du Burgknapp, B-6717 Heinstert, Belgium

#### Members:

**Mr Olivier BLANC (until 28 April 2023)** Employee of Société Générale Luxembourg 15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg

## Mr Emanuele MAIOCCHI

Employee of Société Générale Luxembourg 15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg

#### Management and administration

As at 30 June 2023

## **MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION**

Issuer SG Issuer 15 avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg Guarantor (if applicable, as specified in the Final Terms) Société Générale 29, boulevard Haussmann, F-75009 Paris, France

### Arranger and Dealer

Société Générale Tour Société Générale, 17, cours Valmy, F-92987 Paris - La Défense 7, France

#### Security Trustee and Security Agent Trustee

The Bank of New York Mellon Corporate Trustee Services Limited One Canada Square, London E14 5AL, United Kingdom

#### **Collateral Custodian**

The Bank of New York Mellon S.A., Luxembourg Branch Vertigo Building, Polaris, 2-4, rue Eugène Ruppert, L-2453 Luxembourg, Luxembourg

#### **Collateral Monitoring Agent**

The Bank of New York Mellon London Branch One Canada Square, London E14 5AL, United Kingdom

Custodian Agent, Issuing and Paying Agent, Registrar, Exchange Agent and Transfer Agent Société Générale Luxembourg

15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg, Luxembourg

#### **Paying Agents**

Société Générale 29, boulevard Haussmann, F-75009 Paris, France & Société Générale, New York Branch 1221, avenue of the Americas, New York NY 10020, United States of America

#### Warrant Agent

Société Générale Luxembourg 15, avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg, Luxembourg

#### Legal advisers and Réviseur d'entreprises agréé

As at 30 June 2023

# LEGAL ADVISERS AND RÉVISEUR D'ENTREPRISES AGRÉÉ

#### Legal advisers

<u>To the Arranger as to English, French and U.S. laws</u> Allen & Overy LLP 52, avenue Hoche, CS 90005, 75379 Paris Cedex 08, France

<u>To the Trustee as to English Law</u> Allen & Overy LLP 1 Bishops Square, London E1 6AD, United Kingdom

<u>To the Arranger as to Luxembourg Law</u> Allen & Overy Luxembourg 5, avenue John F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg, Luxembourg

**Independent Auditor (Réviseur d'entreprises agréé)** Ernst & Young S.A. 35E, avenue John F. Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg, Luxembourg

#### Report of the Executive Board and Corporate Governance Statement

As at 30 June 2023

# <u>REPORT OF THE EXECUTIVE BOARD AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE</u> <u>STATEMENT</u>

The Directors of SG Issuer (the "Company" or "SGIS") (each a « Director », collectively the « Executive Board ») present the condensed interim financial statements and the Report of the Executive Board and Corporate Governance Statement of the Company for the period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023.

#### 1. ACTIVITIES AND REVIEW OF THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE BUSINESS

The purpose of SG Issuer is to issue Notes and Warrants with all types of underlyings including, without restriction, Shares, Index, Interest Rate, Dividend, Credit Risk, Foreign Exchange, Commodities, Funds, Warrants, allowing investors to access to the full pricing capabilities of Société Générale, which proposes an extensive range of investment strategies linked to these various asset classes.

Notes and Warrants issued by the Company can be sold in either Private Placements or Public Offerings. Notes are mainly Debt Securities, Bonds, and Certificates. Issuing proceeds raised by the sale of the Notes will be transferred to Société Générale S.A. ("Société Générale") through a Fully Funded Swap ("FFS"), which perfectly hedges SGIS for the full issue size.

Warrants are financial products like Turbos, inline Warrants, daily Leverage Certificates, which aim to replicate the same financial exposure as buying (Call) or selling (Put) an asset such as a share or an index, at a predetermined price (strike price) on a predetermined date (expiry) and to offer different pay-off or exposures to investors.

Payments in respect of the Notes and Warrants issued by the Company are unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Société Générale.

On request of investors, the Company can issue Collateralised Notes or Warrants (respectively "secured Notes" or "secured Warrants") in order to propose an additional layer of protection to investors in case of default of Société Générale.

Notes and Warrants issuances are governed by the programs prepared by Société Générale.

The main programs for Notes are (i) the Debt Instruments Issuance Program, the Base Prospectus of which has been updated and approved by the CSSF on 31 May 2023 and (ii) the "Programme d'Emission de Titres de Créance", the Base Prospectus of which has been updated and approved by the CSSF on 12 June 2023. Similarly, the main program for Warrants is the Warrants Issuance Program, for which the last updates have been approved by the CSSF on 26 June 2023.

In addition, (i) the German law Dual Language Debt Instruments Issuance Program has been updated and approved by the CSSF on 12 June 2023 and (ii) the Dual Language Leveraged and Tracking Products Issuance Program has been updated and approved by the CSSF on 3 July 2023.

The UK Securities Issuance Program has been approved by the CSSF on 31 May 2023 and the Swiss Securities Issuance Program on 3 July 2023 by the SIX Exchange Regulation Ltd.

The newly created German Debt Instruments Issuance Program was approved by the CSSF on 9 November 2022.

The state of business of the Company at the closing of the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 is adequately presented in the interim financial statements published hereby.

#### Report of the Executive Board and Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

During the six-month period ended 30 June 2023, 8 312 new Notes were issued (among which 37 new secured Notes) and 1 755 new Warrants were issued<sup>1</sup>. The net loss for the period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023 amounts to KEUR 243.

The Company did not exercise any research and development activity, does not have any branch, and did not acquire any own shares.

# 2. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The risks associated with the investment in the Notes or Warrants depend on several factors. Such factors will vary depending on the characteristics of the Notes or Warrants issued, in particular depending on the underlying type, the maturity, the secured / unsecured status of the Notes or Warrants, the interest rates incurred, the volatility of the underlying.

For each Note, the Company systematically hedges its position by contracting a FFS with Société Générale, with strictly identical characteristics. Also, for each Warrant, the Company systematically hedges its position by contracting an option with Société Générale, with strictly identical characteristics.

The legal documentation and the derivative instruments have been put in place in order to make sure that the assets match the liabilities at any time. Therefore, no market risk is supported by the Company. The risk management in relation to the Notes and Warrants is also described in Note 10 hereafter.

### 3. FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS AND PERSPECTIVES

Following the acquisition by the Société Générale Group (SG Group) of the listed warrants activities from Commerzbank, Société Générale decided to centralize the new warrants issuances into another vehicle of the SG Group. The Company will however pursue its warrants issuances activity on the Asian markets.

#### 4. INFORMATION ON LITIGATIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, SG Issuer, as the Issuer of Notes linked to the credit risk of a French corporate, and Société Générale, as the Guarantor, were brought before the Courts of Paris (alongside other French financial institutions) by end investors to obtain compensation for the financial loss they suffered on their investment in these securities. The French corporate was the subject of a "safeguard procedure", which constitutes a credit event under the terms of the Notes which had a strong impact on the value of the Notes. These investors rely on unfounded allegations according to which SG Issuer and Société Générale were aware of the difficulties of the French corporate when setting up and marketing these Notes and that in doing so, they failed to meet their regulatory obligations (to act in an honest, fair and professional manner, to provide information on the product risks and to determine the suitability of the Notes for retail investors).

On 27 July 2021, the Company received a new letter from end investors in order to obtain compensation for the financial loss they suffered on their investment in securities issued by the Company. This letter relates to the same litigation described above.

For this litigation, along with any other litigation relating to securities issued by SG Issuer, SG Issuer is entitled to an indemnification by Société Générale in respect of any sum due by SG Issuer regarding potential damages or attorneys' fees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The number of issued Notes and Warrants does not take into account the issuances which have been issued and cancelled during the same financial period.

# Report of the Executive Board and Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

# 5. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There are no subsequent event at the report issuance date since June 30th 2023.

### 6. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

The Executive Board of the Company is committed to maintaining the standards of corporate governance enforced at the level of the European Union and at level of the Société Générale Group. This statement describes the Company's governance principles and practices.

In compliance with its status, the Company is governed by an Executive Board and supervised by a dedicated Supervisory Board.

#### 6.1. Executive board

The Executive Board supervises and controls the management and operations of the Company and is responsible for the Company system of risk management and internal control.

The Executive Board meetings are held on demand several times during the year.

The Board has quorum when more than half of its members are present. An opinion supported by more than half of the members present becomes a decision.

Key tasks of the Executive Board:

- Ensures that the supervision of accounting is organised and monitored appropriately;
- Reviews and approves the Company's financial statements and condensed interim financial statements;
- Supervises and controls operative management.

# Report of the Executive Board and Corporate Governance Statement (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

# 6.2. Supervisory board

The Supervisory Board ensures permanently and by all necessary means the control of the management of the Company carried out by the Executive Board. However, this supervision has to be translated in no way by an intervention in the management of the Company. The Supervisory Board can mandate advisory committees comprised of members of the Supervisory Board and/or of other non-members to lead different missions. The Supervisory Board can confer power or mandates permanently or temporary to these advisory committees. These advisory committees cannot have the effect of restricting the powers of the Executive Board.

# 6.3. Audit committee

The mission of the Audit Committee is to monitor the issues related to the preparation and control of accounting and financial information, to monitor the independence of the statutory auditors, as well as to monitor the efficiency of the internal control, measurement, supervision and risk control systems related to the accounting and financial processes. If needed, it gives recommendations and its opinion to the Supervisory Board.

An Audit Committee took place on 25 April 2023, during which the financial statements for the financial period ended 31 December 2022 and the external audit results were presented. At least one member of the committee must be independent, which is the case of the Chairman of the Company's Audit Committee.

# 6.4. Internal audit

The Internal Audit of both Société Générale Luxembourg S.A. ("SG Luxembourg") and Société Générale Group support the Company's Executive Board in overseeing the Company's activities and securing its operations by carrying out internal audits and providing consultative assistance. The objective of Internal Audit is to add value by making recommendations designed to improve the Company's functioning. Internal Audit is an independent function and its activities are based on international professional internal audit standards and rules of ethics.

The central task of Internal Audit is to audit the functioning of SG Issuer on a regular basis and evaluate its internal controls, risk management, and administrative function. The areas to be audited are determined by the projected financial and operational risks concerned. Internal Audit can also carry out special assignments at the request of management.

Internal Audit does not have any direct authority over the activities it reviews.

# 6.5. Controls framework

First level of controls is related to the execution of the procedures, guidelines and instructions established to ensure the proper and efficient functioning of the Company. They are executed by the involved teams in charge of the production.

A second level of control is ensured by SG Luxembourg: Outsourced Essential Services ("OES") supervision (ensured by the Corporate department), Market Risk and Operational Risk (ensured by the Risk department), "Level 2 permanent control" activity (monitoring and assessment of the level 1 permanent control system)."

The Chief Financial Officer of the Company ensures the completeness of the procedural framework.

#### Report of the Executive Board and Corporate Governance Statement (continued) As at 30 June 2023

#### 6.6. New products committee

All the new activities and businesses of the Company are analysed and authorised by a dedicated New Products Committee (NPC). All involved departments within SG Luxembourg are represented (operations, finance, risk, accounting standards, etc...) to assess the impact for the Company.

#### 6.7. Service level agreements

The Company and several of its service providers are subsidiaries of the Société Générale Group and therefore benefit from the Group's internal control systems.

Service Level Agreements ("SLAs") were signed by the Company with SG Luxembourg and with Société Générale. The SLAs govern the relations between the entities as well as their respective obligations. The services supplied by SG Luxembourg and Société Générale are listed in the appendices of the agreements (mainly General services, legal services, business continuity management services and financial services from SG Luxembourg and operational services – Middle Office and Back Office – from Société Générale). In particular, the calculation of the remuneration related to the issuance of the Notes is delegated to Société Générale Paris Middle office within the framework of the SLA.

Luxembourg, 29 September 2023 For the Executive Board

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Yves CACCLIN Chairman of the Executive Board

Thlerry BODSON Member of the Executive Board

#### Global Statement for the condensed interim financial statements

As at 30 June 2023

To the best of our knowledge, the condensed interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as adopted by the European Union and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of SG Issuer as at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2023. The condensed interim financial statements comprise the interim statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023, the interim statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income, the interim statement of changes in equity and the interim statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

To the best of our knowledge, the report of the Executive Board and Corporate Governance Statement includes a fair review of the development and performance of the Company, and a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that the Company faces.

Luxembourg, 29 September 2023

Yves CACCLIN

Chairman of the Executive Board

Thierry BODSON Member of the Executive Board



Ernst & Young Société anonyme

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#### Report of the Réviseur d'entreprises agréé on review of the condensed interim financial statements

To the Shareholders of SG Issuer S.A. 15 avenue Emile Reuter, L-2420 Luxembourg

#### Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim financial statements of SG Issuer S.A. as at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2023, which comprise the interim statement of financial position as at 30 June 2023 and the related interim statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income, the interim statement of changes in equity, the interim statement of cash flows for the six-month period then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and explanatory notes. The Executive Board is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these condensed interim financial statements in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* as adopted by the European Union ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these condensed interim financial statements based on our review.

#### Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity." A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

Ernst & Young Société anonyme Cabinet de révision agréé

Dorian Rigaud

Luxembourg, 29 September 2023

#### Condensed interim financial statements As at 30 June 2023

# Interim statement of financial position

			('000 EUR)	('000 EUR)
		Note	30.06.2023	31.12.2022
Cash	and cash equivalents	3, 10.4, 10.5	22 529	36 176
Fina	ncial assets at fair value through profit or loss			
	Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	4.1, 10.4, 10.5	49 931 054	38 757 924
	Trading derivatives	4.1, 10.4, 10.5	76 499	1 025 209
Loan	ns and receivables	5	50 084	50 023
Othe	er assets	-	354 695	343 495
Tota	Il assets		50 434 861	40 212 827
	ncial liabilities at amortised cost	4.3, 10.4, 10.5	65 736	70 585
Fina -	ncial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss Designated at fair value through profit or loss	4.2, 10.4, 10.5	49 930 005	38 754 129
	Trading derivatives	4.2, 9, 10.4, 10.5	76 429	1 025 105
Othe	er liabilities		360 733	360 231
Tax	liabilities	6	0	201
Tota	l liabilities		50 432 903	40 210 251
Shar	re capital	7.1	2000	2 000
Shar	re premium	7.1	-	
Lega	al reserve	7.2.1	200	200
Othe	er reserves	7.2.2	1	(214)
Prof	it for the financial period/year		(243)	590
Tota	al equity	19 <u></u>	1 958	2 576
Tota	al equity and liabilities	8	50 434 861	40 212 827

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

#### Condensed interim financial statements (continued) As at 30 June 2023

# Interim statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income

		('000 EUR)	('000 EUR)
	Note	1 <sup>st</sup> half of 2023	1 <sup>st</sup> half of 2022
Interest income		1 185	66
Commission income	8	23 668	18 456
Net gains from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss			127
Total revenues	_	24 853	18 649
Interest expenses		(18 123)	(10 470)
Net result from financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		(147)	
Personnel expenses		(109)	(136)
Other operating expenses		(6 717)	(7 656)
Total expenses		(25 096)	(18 262)
Cost of risk	5	0	1
Profit before tax	-	(243)	388
Income tax	6	0	(98)
Profit for the financial period	60.0 50 -	(243)	290
Total comprehensive income for the period	200	(243)	290

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

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#### Condensed interim financial statements (continued) As at 30 June 2023

#### Interim statement of changes in equity

	('000 EUR)	('000 EUR)	('000 EUR)	('000 EUR)	('000 EUR)	('000 EUR)	('000 EUR)
	Share capital	Share premium	Legal reserve	Other reserves	Total reserves	Profit for the financial year/period	Total equity
As at 31 December 2021	2 000	•	200	1	201	(215)	1 986
Allocation of the result of the previous year before dividend distribution		9 <del>4</del>				215	215
Allocation to loss brought forward		17	5. <b>7</b> .0	(215)	(215)	15	(215)
Capital increase / Allocation to the share premium account (Note 7.1)	12	28 244		12 14	1990 (BAN)		28 244
Dividend paid (Note 7.1)				9 <del>1</del>	33 <del>4</del>	<u>-</u>	5 <b>-</b> 5
Reimbursement of the share premium (Note 7.1)	5 <del>.</del> 5	(28 244)	(7)	5		.5	(28 244)
Profit and other comprehensive income for the period from 1 January 2022 to 30 June 2022			8 <del>7</del> 9			290	290
As at 30 June 2022	2 000		200	(214)	(14)	290	2 276
Profit and other comprehensive income for the period from 1 July 2022 to 31 December 2022	( <b>.</b>	-	5 <b>-</b> 6			300	300
As at 31 December 2022	2 000	-	200	(214)	(14)	590	2 576
Allocation of the result of the previous year before dividend distribution	23 <b>-</b> 11	÷				-	92
Allocation to loss brought forward	(**)		2.5	590	590	(590)	•
Capital increase / Allocation to the share premium account (Note 7.1)	-	22 050	1.52	ē	5	10 . S	22 050
Dividend paid (Note 7.1)	222	¥	122	(375)	(375)	(375)	(375)
Reimbursement of the share premium (Note 7.1)		(22 050)					(22 050)
Profit and other comprehensive income for the period from 1 January 2023 to 30 June 2023				÷		(243)	(243)
As at 30 June 2023	2 000	2	200	1	201	(243)	1 958

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

#### Condensed interim financial statements (continued) As at 30 June 2023

#### Interim statement of cash flows

	Notes	('000 EUR) 1 <sup>st</sup> half of 2023	('000 EUR) 1 <sup>st</sup> half of 2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit for the financial period		(243)	290
Net (increase)/decrease in financial assets	4.1	(4 674 261)	(10 618 051)
Net increase/(decrease) in financial liabilities	4.2	5 043 084	10 592 495
(Increase)/decrease in other assets		(11 200)	17 365
Increase/(decrease) in tax liabilities and other liabilities		501	(11 499)
Taxes paid	7	(201)	
Non-cash adjustments:			
Net change in fair value and foreign exchange difference	4.1, 4.2	(348 899)	34 798
Change in cost of risk	5	0	(1)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	8 778	15 397
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Payment of capital surplus*	7.1	(22 050)	(28 244)
Dividend paid		(375)	-
NET CASH FLOWS FROM/(USED IN) FINANCING ACTIVITIES	_	(22 425)	(28 244)
Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the period	3	36 176	36 384
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(13 647)	(12 847)
Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the period		22 529	23 537
Additional information on operational cash flows from interest and dividends			
Interest paid		23 609	28 309
Interest received		1 184	66
Dividend received		-	1

\* KEUR 22 050 for the period ended 30 June 2023 (and KEUR 28 244 for the period ended 30 June 2022) represent the share premium reimbursed by the Company to the shareholder (refer to Note 7.1).

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed interim financial statements.

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements

As at 30 June 2023

#### NOTE 1 - CORPORATE INFORMATION

SG Issuer (hereafter the "Company" or "SGIS") is a Luxembourg company incorporated on 16 November 2006 as a public limited liability company (Société Anonyme) for an unlimited period.

Since April 2013, the Company's corporate objects are to issue debt securities, bonds, certificates, warrants and any other debt securities or acknowledgements of debts or financial securities, whether or not accompanied by guarantees, with any type of underlying security, including, without limitation, company stock, any other capital security or security other than capital, index, currency, exchange rate, interest rate, dividend, credit risk, fund unit, investment company stock, term deposit, life assurance contract, loan, merchandise, term contract, option, warrant or option coupons, allocated or unallocated precious metals, unit of account, basket or any other factor or any other type of underlying securities and any combination of the latter.

To that effect, the Company may purchase, hold, dispose of, lend, loan or resell, by any means, including in particular the use of trusts, in trust or repurchase, any type of assets whatever their names and forms and whether or not accompanied by guarantees, in particular financial instruments (financial securities - stocks, fund units, bonds, certificates, warrants - or financial contracts - swaps, options or other) or any other debt securities, acknowledgements of debts or capital securities, receive or issue monetary loans (including loans convertible into shares of the Company) - within the group of companies to which the Company belongs - and to supply guarantees in any form (actual guarantees such as pledges, securities, mortgages or other - personal guarantees or any other form of guarantee) for their own account, for the account of the group of companies to which the Company belongs or on behalf of third parties.

The Company's financial year begins on 1 January and ends on 31 December each year.

The Company's capital is divided into 50 010 shares, of which 49 910 are held by SG Luxembourg and 100 are held by Société Générale.

The accounts of the Company are included in the consolidated accounts of Société Générale S.A. (hereafter "Société Générale" or the "parent Company"), which is the largest body of undertakings of which the Company forms а part as а subsidiary undertaking, and whose head-office is located at 29, boulevard Haussmann, 75009 Paris, France.

# Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

#### **NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### 2.1. Basis of preparation

#### 2.1.1 Statement of compliance

The condensed interim financial statements as at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" as adopted by the European Union and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). The condensed interim financial statements as at and for the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 were approved and authorised for issue by the Supervisory Board on 30 September 2023.

The condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements as at 31 December 2022.

#### 2.1.2 Basis of measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities linked to the activity of the Company are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

#### 2.1.3 Functional and presentation currency

These condensed interim financial statements are prepared in Euro ("EUR"), which is the Company's functional currency and the currency of its share capital. Unless stated otherwise, the amounts in the condensed interim financial statements are expressed in thousands of EUR (KEUR). The value "0" indicates the presence of a number, which is rounded to zero, while "-" represents the value nil.

#### 2.1.4 Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of the Company's condensed interim financial statements requires the Executive Board to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of figures recorded in the statement of profit and loss, on the unrealised or deferred gains and losses, on the valuation of assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position, and on information disclosed in the notes to the condensed interim financial statements.

In order to make these assumptions and estimates, the Executive Board uses information available at the date of preparation of the condensed interim financial statements and can exercise its judgment. By nature, valuations based on estimates include risks and uncertainties relating to their occurrence in the future. Consequently, actual future results may differ from these estimates and may then have a significant impact on the condensed interim financial statements.

Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods. In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, the Executive Board has made the following judgments and assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments may change due to circumstances beyond Company's control and are reflected in the assumptions if and when they occur. Items with the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the condensed interim financial statements with substantial Executive Board judgment and/or estimates are listed below with respect to judgments/estimates involved.

# Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

The use of significant estimates and judgment mainly concerns the following topics:

- Fair value in the interim statement of financial position of financial instruments not quoted in an active market which are classified as financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (see Notes 4.1 and 4.2);
- The amount of impairment and provisions for credit risk related to financial assets measured at amortised cost (see Note 5);
- The analysis of the contractual cash flow characteristics of financial assets (see Note 2.3.3.1).

#### 2.1.5 Segment reporting

No dedicated management reporting information is presented for SGIS to a chief decision maker; only the annual financial statements and the condensed interim financial statements are presented to the Executive Board of SGIS in analysing the performance of the Company. The Company has only one geographical area related to its revenue, which is France.

The business of the Company is not seasonal. Therefore, the additional disclosure of financial information for the twelve months up to the end of the interim period and comparative information for the prior twelve-month period, encouraged in IAS 34.21, are not necessary and not provided.

#### 2.2. New accounting standards

- 2.2.1 New accounting standards applicable as at 1 January 2023
- 2.2.1.1. IFRS 17 "insurance contracts" amendments to IFRS 17 published as at 25 June 2020 and amendments to IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 published as at 9 December 2021.

#### Issued by the IASB on 18 May 2017, amended on 25 June 2020 and 9 December 2021

IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts", issued on 18 May 2017 and modified by the 25 June 2020 and 9 December 2021 Amendments, replaces IFRS 4 "Insurance Contracts" which allowed, in particular, insurance contracts to be recognised using methods set out by the local accounting regulations.

The Company does not have any significant impact from this new standard as it does not have any insurance activity

2.2.1.2. Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting policies"

The aim of these amendments is to help companies improve the materiality of the information on accounting policies disclosed in the notes to the financial statements and the usefulness of that information to investors and financial statement users.

The Company takes into account these amendments for the preparation of its interim condensed financial statements.

### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

2.2.1.3. Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of an Accounting estimate"

These amendments aim to facilitate the distinction between changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates.

The Company takes into account these amendments for the preparation of its interim condensed financial statements.

2.2.1.4. Amendments to IAS 12 "Income tax – Deferred tax for assets and liabilities related to the same transaction"

These amendments clarify and narrow the scope of the exemption of not recognize deferred tax during the initial recognition of an asset and a liability, offered by IAS 12. Therefore, lease contracts and decommissioning obligations for which companies record both assets and liabilities are excluded and they will have now to book deferred taxes.

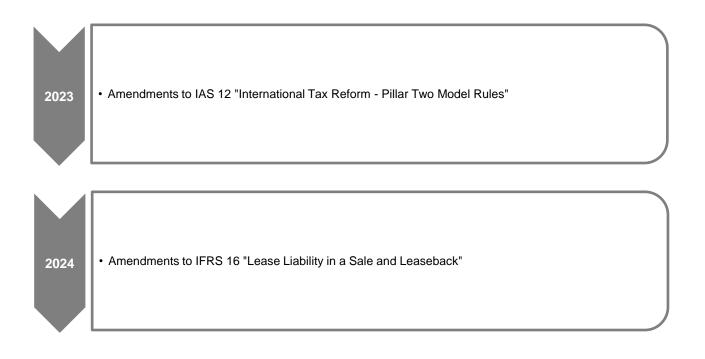
The objective of these amendments is to reduce the heterogeneity in the recognition of deferred tax relating to leases and decommissioning obligations.

This amendment has no effect on the Company interim condensed financial statements.

2.2.2 Accounting standards, amendments or interpretations to be applied by the Company in the future

IASB publishes accounting standards, amendments and interpretations, some of which have not been adopted by the European Union as at 30 June 2023. They are required to be applied from annual periods beginning on 1 January 2023 at the earliest or on the date of their adoption by the European Union. They have not been applied by the Company as at 30 June 2023.

These standards are expected to be applied according to the following schedule:



### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

2.2.2.1. Amendments to IAS 12 "International Tax Reform - Pillar Two Model Rules"

#### Issued by the IASB on 23 May 2023

These amendments introduce a mandatory and temporary exception to the recognition of the deferred taxes related to the supplementary taxation arising from the OECD Pillar 2 rules. This exception is accompanied by specific disclosure requirements in the annual accounts. However, it is not required to disclose this specific information in the 2023 interim accounts. Subject to their adoption by the European Union expected by the end of the year, these amendments would apply retrospectively to fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2023. Société Générale Group is monitoring the approval of these amendments and has set up a project structure to identify impacts and comply with the new accounting requirements of these amendments in relation to the OECD's "Pillar Two Model rules" international tax reform.

At this stage, the Company does not expect any significant impact from these amendments.

2.2.2.2. Amendments to IFRS 16 "Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback"

Adopted by IASB on 22 September 2022

These amendments clarify the subsequent assessment of sale and leaseback transactions when the initial transfer of the property, plant or equipment meets the criteria of IFRS 15 "Revenue from contracts with customers" for recognition as a sale.

As the Company has no lease transaction, these amendments have no impact on the Company's condensed interim financial statements.

#### 2.3. Summary of significant accounting policies

2.3.1 Foreign currency transactions

The Company maintains its books in EUR, which is the currency of the capital.

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into EUR at the exchange rates ruling at the reporting date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation and realised exchange gains and losses are recognised in the interim statement of profit and loss and other comprehensive income in the caption Net gains on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss and Interest Expenses.

Revenues and expenses in foreign currencies are translated into EUR at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions.

The most important foreign currency positions for the Company are USD, JPY, GBP, HKD and CHF. The following foreign exchange rates were used:

	USD	JPY	GBP	HKD	CHF
30.06.2023	1.0866	157.16	0.85828	8.5157	0.9788
31.12.2022	1.0666	140.66	0.8869	8.3163	0.9847
30.06.2022	1.0387	141.54	0.8582	8.1493	0.9960

#### 2.3.2 Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise only cash repayable on demand.

Cash and cash equivalents in the Company are subject to impairment under IFRS 9 and are presented net of impairment (cf. Note 2.3.3.3).

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

- 2.3.3 Financial instruments
- 2.3.3.1. Classification of financial instruments

#### **Classification of financial assets**

Financial assets are classified under IFRS 9 based on the characteristics of their contractual cash flows and on how they are managed (business models).

For the debt instruments held, SGIS has defined its business model as "held to collect" for the FFS, for Cash and cash equivalents and for Loans and receivables. These assets are acquired in order to collect the contractual cash-flows attached to the assets. No sale has been made in the past years and no sale is anticipated in the future.

The FFS are economically assimilated to loans with embedded derivatives (the swap embedded in the FFS). These types of financial assets comply with the IFRS definition of debt instruments (fixed maturity, coupon calculated as a rate, no right nor interest/control in an entity). As these financial assets of SGIS contain embedded derivatives that modify the cash flows of the entire contract, the contract does not pass the Solely Payments of Principles and Interest (or "SPPI") test and consequently these financial assets are mandatorily measured at Fair Value through Profit and Loss ("FVTPL").

Cash and cash equivalents and Loans and receivables are SPPI compliant and are thus measured at amortised cost. Cash and cash equivalents and Loans and receivables are subject to impairment under IFRS 9 and are presented net of impairment.

The Options held, covering the Warrants issued, are Trading derivatives and thus measured at FVTPL.

Purchases and sales of financial assets recorded under Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised in the statement of financial position at the delivery-settlement date. Changes in fair value between the trade and settlement dates are recorded in the income statement or booked to shareholders' equity depending on the accounting category of the relevant financial assets. Loans and receivables are recorded in statement of financial position on the date they are paid or at the maturity date for invoiced services. The trade date is the date on which the contractual commitment becomes binding and irrevocable for the Company.

#### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are classified into one of the following two categories:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:

These are financial liabilities held for trading purposes, which by default include derivative financial liabilities not qualifying as hedging instruments and non-derivative financial liabilities designated by the Company upon initial recognition to be carried at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with the fair value option.

The Company has designated at fair value through profit or loss the notes issued because mirror transactions (FFS) that are used to hedge those notes are measured mandatorily at fair value through profit and loss and thus reduce the accounting mismatch.

- Financial liabilities at amortised cost:

These include the other non-derivative financial liabilities and are measured at amortised cost.

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

#### 2.3.3.2. Valuation of financial instruments

#### Definition of fair value

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In the absence of observable prices for identical assets or liabilities, the fair value of financial instruments is determined using another measurement technique that maximises the use of observable market input based on assumptions that market operators would use to set the price of the instrument in question.

#### Fair value hierarchy

The fair values of financial instruments include accrued interest as applicable.

For information purposes, in the notes to the condensed interim financial statements, the fair value of financial instruments is classified using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used according to the following levels:

# Level 1 (L1): instruments valued on the basis of quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 1 instruments carried at fair value on the statement of financial position include in particular shares listed in an active market, government or corporate bonds priced directly by external brokers/dealers, derivatives traded on organised markets (futures, options), and units of funds (including UCITS) whose net asset value is available on the statement of financial position date.

A financial instrument is considered as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and if they reflect actual and regular market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Determining whether a market is inactive requires the use of indicators such as a sharp decline in trading volume and the level of activity in the market, a sharp disparity in prices over time and among the various above-mentioned market participants, or the fact that the latest transactions conducted on an arm's length basis did not take place recently enough.

Where a financial instrument is traded in several markets to which the Company has immediate access, its fair value is represented by the market price at which volumes and activity levels are highest for the instrument in question.

Transactions resulting from involuntary liquidations or distressed sales are usually not taken into account to determine the market price.

# Level 2 (L2): instruments valued using inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)

These are instruments measured using a financial model based on observable market inputs. Prices published by an external source derived from the valuation of similar instruments are considered as data derived from prices.

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

Level 2 instruments include in particular non derivative financial instruments carried at fair value on the statement of financial position that are not directly quoted or do not have a quoted price on a sufficiently active market (e.g. corporate bonds, repos transactions, mortgage-backed securities, units of funds), and firm derivatives and options traded over-the-counter: interest rate swaps, caps, floors, swaptions, equity options, index options, foreign exchange options, commodity options and credit derivatives. The maturities of these instruments are linked to ranges of terms commonly traded in the market, and the instruments themselves can be simple or offer a more complex remuneration profile (e.g. barrier options, products with multiple underlying instruments), with said complexity remaining limited however. The valuation techniques used in this category are based on common methods shared by the main market participants.

# Level 3 (L3): instruments valued using inputs that are not based on observable market data (referred to as unobservable inputs)

Level 3 instruments carried at fair value on the statement of financial position are predominantly instruments for which the sales margin is not immediately recognised in profit or loss.

Accordingly, Level 3 financial instruments include derivatives with longer maturities than those usually traded and/or with specifically tailored return profiles. Similarly, debt measured at fair value is classified as Level 3 where the valuation of the associated embedded derivatives is also based on unobservable inputs.

The main L3 complex derivatives are:

- Equity derivatives: options with long maturities and/or incorporating bespoke remuneration mechanisms. These instruments are sensitive to market inputs (volatility, dividend rates, correlations, etc.). In the absence of market depth and an objective approach made possible by regularly observed prices, their valuation is based on proprietary methods (e.g. extrapolation from observable data, historical analysis). Hybrid equity instruments (i.e. having at least one non-equity underlying instrument) are also classified as L3 insofar as correlations between the different underlyings are generally unobservable;
- Interest rate derivatives: long-term and/or exotic options, products sensitive to correlation between different interest rates, different exchange rates, or between interest rates and exchange rates, for example for quanto products (in which the instrument is settled in a currency different from the currency of the underlying); they are liable to be classified as L3 because the valuation inputs are unobservable due to the liquidity of the correlated pair and the residual maturity of the transactions (e.g. exchange rate correlations are deemed unobservable for the USD/JPY);
- Credit derivatives: L3 credit derivatives mainly include baskets of instruments exposed to time to default correlation ("N to default" products in which the buyer of the hedge is compensated as of the N<sup>th</sup> default, which are exposed to the credit quality of the issuers comprising the basket and to their correlation, or CDO Bespoke products, which are Collateralised Debt Obligations created specifically for a group of investors and structured according to their needs), as well as products subject to credit spread volatility;
- Commodity derivatives: this category includes products involving unobservable volatility or correlation inputs (i.e. options on commodity swaps or instruments based on baskets of underlyings).

At the level of the SG Group, valuation models are determined in order to fully embed the impact of IFRS 13 as described above and use appropriate parameters and methodologies in order to determine L3 instruments valuation. Counterparty credit risk estimates relies on Credit Value Adjustments (CVA) and Debit Value Adjustments (DVA) calculations.

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

Different calculation methods can exist regarding the CVA-DVA / OCA (Own Credit Adjustment) impact calculation: derived from the yield discounting methodology, other from the Monte-Carlo EPE/ENE (Expected Positive / Negative Exposure). The methodology for calculation of CVA-DVA (OCA not applicable to the Company) applied to SGIS (the same as the Société Générale Group) is the yield discounting methodology.

The valuation methods used by the Company to establish the fair value of financial instruments are detailed below.

The fair values of financial instruments include accrued interest as applicable.

- For Unsecured Notes and Fully Funded Swaps

The fair value for both the unsecured Notes (liabilities) and the Fully Funded Swap (FFS) (assets) is calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows with the risk-free curve. To take the credit adjustment into account, the risk-free curve is adjusted with Société Générale Group's credit spread curve. A dedicated process has been implemented using Société Générale Group and SGIS operational teams' input. This process is fully functional, constantly monitored as of today.

- For Secured and Repack Notes

Secured Notes are Notes which are collateralised with assets deposited on segregated or pooled accounts with external custodian (The Bank of New York Mellon S.A., Luxembourg Branch, hereafter "BNY Mellon Luxembourg") and pledged in favor of the Note holders.

Repack Notes are Notes which allow investors to calibrate the funding yield of their structure by selecting a bond (the "Reference Bond") issued by a third-party issuer (the "Reference Bond Issuer").

The collateral assets are composed of eligible securities.

Should Société Générale default, the pledge on the assets is to be enforced; the Notes holders are exposed to credit risk of the collateral (external securities). Therefore, as Société Générale and SGIS are mere risk pass-through, the credit risk premium (external bonds issuers) shall not be adjusted with Société Générale credit spread. Thus, no additional credit adjustment is needed for the secured Notes.

The fair value of the Secured Notes, of the Repack Notes and of the associated FFS is computed, for each accounting period, by discounting the expected future cash flows by a composite Repo rate curve.

- For Warrants and Options

For financial instruments recognised at fair value in the interim statement of financial position, fair value is determined primarily on the basis of the prices quoted in an active market. These prices can be adjusted if none are available on the interim statement of financial position date or if the clearing value does not reflect transaction prices.

However, especially due to the varied characteristics of financial instruments traded over-the-counter on the financial markets, a large number of financial products traded by the Company does not have quoted prices in the markets.

The base models may not fully capture all factors relevant to the valuation of SGIS on these financial instruments such as credit risk (CVA), own credit (DVA) and/or funding costs (Funding Valuation Adjustment or "FVA"). Therefore, SGIS applies various techniques (from the Group) to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value.

# Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

The revaluation differences attributable to the Company's credit risk are thus determined using valuation models which take into account the most recent financing terms and conditions on the markets along with the residual maturity of the related liabilities.

- For secured notes issued by the Company, as investors are not exposed to the Company's risk, no own credit risk should impact the fair value of the instruments and as such, no adjustment has to be calculated.
- For unsecured notes, investors are not contractually exposed to the Company's credit risk but to Société Générale Group's own credit risk.

SGIS valuation models therefore reflect the absence of credit risk, and structured bonds are not impacted by Own Credit Adjustments within the entity.

#### Deferred margin related to main unobservable inputs

The Company does not apply deferred margin related to its main unobservable inputs as margin on Notes and Warrants issued are offset by a similar margin on Fully Funded Swaps and Options purchased.

#### 2.3.3.3. Impairments and provisions

Some financial assets involve credit risk which exposes the Company to a potential loss if the counterparties were to be unable to respect their financial commitments. The Company is remunerated for bearing this risk by a portion of the contractual interest that it receives on those assets; this is known as the credit margin.

This potential loss, or expected credit loss, is recognised in profit or loss without waiting for the occurrence of a default event on a specific counterparty.

For loans and receivables measured at amortised cost or, if any, fair value through other comprehensive income, the expected credit loss, as assessed by the Company, is recognised in profit or loss. In the interim statement of financial position, this potential loss is recognised as an impairment that reduces the carrying amount of assets measured at amortised cost. Impairments are written-back in case of a subsequent decrease of credit risk. No significant impairment is recognized on cash and cash equivalents. The Company does not have loan commitments or financial guarantees contracts.

#### Impairment and provisions for credit risk

To determine the amount of impairment or loss allowances to be recorded at each reporting date, these exposures are classified into one of three categories based on the increase in credit risk observed since initial recognition. An impairment or loss allowance shall be recognised for the exposures in each category as follows:

- Exposures classified in Stage 1: At the initial recognition date, the exposures are systematically classified in Stage 1, unless they are underperforming/credit-impaired on acquisition. Stage 1 exposures are impaired for the amount of credit losses that the Company expects to incur within 12 months (12- month expected credit losses), based on past data and the current situation;
- Exposures classified in Stage 2: To identify Stage 2 exposures, the significant increase in credit risk is assessed by the Company, taking into account the counterparty's credit risk rating, the magnitude of the change in the counterparty's credit rating and the existence of payments of more than 30 days;
- Exposures classified in Stage 3 (doubtful outstandings): The Company determines whether or not there is objective evidence of impairment (default event).

Stage 2 and 3 exposures are impaired for the amount of credit losses that the Company expects to incur over the life of the exposures (lifetime expected credit losses), taking into consideration past data, the present situation and reasonable forecast changes in economic conditions, and relevant macroeconomic factors through to maturity.

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

#### **Impairments / Reversal of impairments**

Impairments / Reversal of impairments include net reversals of impairment and loss allowances for credit risk, losses on irrecoverable loans and amounts recovered on amortised receivables.

#### 2.3.3.4. Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

A financial asset and a financial liability are offset and the net amount presented on the interim statement of financial position when the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle the asset and liability on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legal right to set off the recognised amounts must be enforceable in all circumstances, in both the normal course of business and in the event of default of one of the counterparties.

The financial instruments issued by the Company are subscribed by the investors through Société Générale as a lead manager during the issuance period and as a market maker for a secondary market. The instruments which are unsold are held by Société Générale.

The treatment is applied based on IAS 32 paragraph 42: "A financial asset and a financial liability shall be offset and the net amount presented in the interim statement of financial position when, and only when, an entity:

- a. Currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts; and
- b. Intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously."

In December 2014, a cash netting clause was added in the legal framework with Société Générale Personne Morale and the Company consequently acquired a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amount with the same counterparty (Société Générale). The assets (the Fully Funded Swaps) and the liabilities (the Notes) are settled (and intended to be settled) simultaneously.

In June 2017, the Company added a new cash netting clause in the legal framework with Société Générale Personne Morale and the Company consequently acquired a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amount with the same counterparty (Société Générale). The assets (OTC Options) and the liabilities (the Warrants) are settled (and intended to be settled) simultaneously.

In application of IAS 32 - Offsetting a financial asset and a financial liability, the Company proceeds to the accounting netting of the non-sold amounts. The impact of the off-setting for the non-sold Notes and the corresponding Fully Funded Swaps and impact of the off-setting for the non-sold Warrants and the corresponding options are described in Note 4.1 and Note 4.2.

#### 2.3.4 Other assets and other liabilities

Settlement accounts for trades are included in other assets or other liabilities and are presented separately in distinctive captions on assets or liabilities side.

#### 2.3.5 Shareholders' equity

Equity are the resources contributed to the Company by external shareholders as capital, as well as the cumulative and undistributed results (retained earnings).

The statement "Changes in Shareholders' Equity" presents the various changes that affect the components of equity over the reporting period.

#### 2.3.6 Interest income and expense

Interest is recognized as expense or income over the life of the financing service granted or received, proportionally to the principal amount outstanding.

Interest income and expense are recorded in the statement of profit and loss under Interest and similar income and Interest and similar expense for all financial instruments measured using the effective interest method (instruments at amortised cost and debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income).

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

The effective interest rate is taken to be the rate used to net discount future cash inflows and outflows over the expected life of the instrument in order to establish the net book value of the financial asset or liability. The calculation of this rate considers the future cash flows estimated on the basis of the contractual provisions of the financial instrument without taking account of possible future credit losses and also includes commissions paid or received between the parties where these may be assimilated to interest, directly linked transaction costs, and all types of premiums and discounts.

Where a financial asset is classified in Stage 3 for impairment, subsequent interest income is measured at the effective interest rate applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset with an offsetting entry equal to the outstanding financial asset before impairment.

#### 2.3.7 Fee income and expense

Fee income and Fee expense combine fees on services rendered and received, as well as fees on pledge security granted that cannot be assimilated to interest. Fees that can be assimilated to interest are integrated into the effective interest rate on the associated financial instrument and are recorded under Interest income and Interest expenses.

The Company recognizes fee income or expense for an amount equivalent to the remuneration for the service provided and depending on the progress transferring control of these services:

- Fees for ongoing services, such as custody fees and administration costs are recognized as income over the life of the service;
- Fees for one-off services, such as issuance and listing fees are recognized as income when the service is provided.

The possible mismatch between the payment date of the service provided and the date of execution of the service gives assets and liabilities depending on the type of contract and mismatch which are recognized under Other Assets and Other Liabilities. For example: supplier contracts generate trade payables, accrued expenses or prepaid expenses.

Income related to the issuance of Notes and Warrants falls under the scope of IFRS 15 and as such, is considered separately as income generated by two services when the Company performs its activities:

- The issuing fee, which is recognized upfront for the initiation and the structuration of the issuance;
- Account and security servicing fee during the lifecycle of the security.

#### 2.3.8 Other operating expenses

The Company records operating expenses according to the type of services to which they refer.

Other operating expenses mainly include lease payments, building maintenance and other costs, travel and business expenses, outsourcing and advisory fees and marketing and advertising expenses.

#### 2.3.9 Income tax

Income tax includes current taxes and deferred taxes:

- Current taxes correspond to the amount of taxes due (or refundable) as calculated according to the taxable profit base for the reporting period;
- Deferred taxes correspond to the amount of taxes resulting from past transactions and that will be payable (or refundable) in a future reporting period.

#### 2.3.9.1. Current tax

Current tax is based on the taxable profit and determined in accordance with the rules established by the local taxation authorities, upon which income taxes are payable. This tax expense also includes net allowances for tax adjustments pertaining to income tax.

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

Tax credits arising in respect of interest from loans and income from securities are recorded in the relevant interest account as they are applied in settlement of income taxes for the year. The related tax charge is included under Income tax in the statement of profit and loss

#### 2.3.9.2. Deferred tax

Deferred taxes are recognized whenever the Company identifies a temporary difference between the accounting base and tax base for assets and liabilities that will affect future tax payments or from tax loss carried forward.

The amount is based on the tax rate enacted or substantively enacted which is expected to apply when the asset is realized or the liability settled. These deferred taxes are adjusted in the event of changes to tax rates. This amount is not discounted to present value. The Company off-sets its deferred tax assets against liabilities as there is both legal right to offset its current tax assets and liabilities and it is the Company's intention to settle on a net basis.

#### 2.3.9.3. Other commitments linked to secured Notes

In relation to each Serie of Secured Notes, in order to secure its obligations in respect of such Notes, the Company enters into a pledge agreement which is governed by the Luxembourg act dated 5 August 2005 on financial collateral arrangements, as amended. Under each pledge agreement, the Company grants first ranking security over the Collateral Assets contained in one or more accounts held by the Company with BNY Mellon Luxembourg (or such other custodian or account bank as is specified in the applicable Final Terms, pursuant to the terms of a custodian agreement between, inter alia, the Company and the collateral custodian).

The security granted under each pledge agreement is granted either in favour of:

- (i) in the case of English Law Notes, The Bank of New York Mellon Corporate Trustee Services Limited or such other security trustee as is specified in the applicable Final Terms as security trustee on behalf of itself and the relevant Noteholders and the other relevant Secured Parties (as defined in the Additional Terms and Conditions for Secured Notes) or,
- (ii) in the case of French Law Notes, directly in favour of the relevant Noteholders and the other relevant Secured Parties as represented by The Bank of New York Mellon Corporate Trustee Services Limited or such other security agent as is specified in the applicable Final Terms as security agent.

Following the occurrence of a Secured Note Acceleration Event (as defined in the Additional Terms and Conditions for Secured Notes), all Noteholders whose Notes have become immediately due and payable is first entitled to claim for any outstanding amounts due to them under the terms of the Guarantee. If neither the Issuer nor the Guarantor (pursuant to the terms of the Guarantee) has paid all amounts due to Noteholders within a period of 3 Collateral Business Days following the occurrence of a Secured Note Acceleration Event, Noteholders may send a notice in writing to the Security Trustee (in the case of English Law Notes) or the Security Agent (in the case of French Law Notes) requesting that the relevant Pledge Agreement be enforced in accordance with the terms of the Base Prospectus.

The Company borrows the securities to be pledged from Société Générale Group. In accordance with IFRS 9, the borrowing of the securities to be pledged by the Company is not assimilated to the transfer of assets and thus does not result in recognition in the interim statement of financial position. The risks and rewards associated to the securities remain in Société Générale Group and as such are not presented in the Company's interim statement of financial position.

The pledged securities are accounted as an off balance-sheet commitment "Securities pledged". The committed amount is re-measured at each closing to reflect the value of the securities pledged.

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

#### 2.4. GEOPOLITICAL CRISES AND MACROECONOMIC CONTEXT

The restrictions related to the Covid-19 pandemics in Mainland China ended during the first quarter 2023 which renewed optimism about economic activity for the year. However, the conflict in Ukraine still causes great uncertainty heightened by tensions in the banking sector in the U.S.A. and in Europe. Economic policies are clearly restrictive. Focusing on the containment of inflation, central banks tightened monetary policies, in particular with rapid and significant increases in interest rates. In the euro area:

- the slowdown in economic activity observed during the first half of 2023 should continue during the rest of the year with a modest rebound in 2024-2025;
- inflation would remain high in 2023 to drop down to around 3% in 2024 and fall back to the target in the mid-term.

The monetary tightening imposed by the ECB should soften from the end of 2023 on.

In this context, the Société Générale Group updated the macroeconomic scenarios chosen for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements and maintained some adjustments applied to its models to determine the credit risk adjustments (expected credit losses) in the preparation of its condensed interim financial statements.

#### NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents amount to KEUR 22 529 as at 30 June 2023 (31 December 2022: KEUR 36 176) and are mainly composed of cash held with SG Luxembourg and Société Générale.

As at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022, this caption only contains cash that is repayable on demand.

#### NOTE 4 – FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### 4.1. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

	<b>30.06.2023</b> ('000 EUR)	<b>31.12.2022</b> ('000 EUR)
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
<ul> <li>Mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss (Fully Funded Swaps)</li> </ul>	49 931 054	38 757 924
- Trading derivatives (Options)	76 499	1 025 209
Total	50 007 553	39 783 133

As at 30 June 2023, financial assets mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss (Fully Funded Swaps) amount to KEUR 49 931 054 (31 December 2022: KEUR 38 757 924) and replicate all the Notes issued by the Company (see Note 4.2). Differences between Fully Funded Swaps and Notes arise due to late settlements.

As at 30 June 2023, Trading derivatives (Options) amount to KEUR 76 499 (31 December 2022: KEUR 1 025 209) and replicate all the Warrants issued by the Company (see Note 4.2). Differences between Options and Warrants arise due to late settlements.

As at 30 June 2023, the impact of the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities (decrease in the balance sheet) is KEUR 25 871 520 for the non-sold Notes and the corresponding Fully Funded Swaps (31 December 2022: KEUR 28 592 180) and KEUR 4 887 790 for the non-sold Warrants and the corresponding Options (31 December 2022: KEUR 4 462 437) (see Note 4.2).

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

The movements in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were as follows:

	('000 EUR) Mandatorily at fair	('000 EUR)	('000 EUR)
	value through profit or loss	Trading derivatives	Total
As at 1 January 2023	38 757 924	1 025 209	39 783 133
Acquisition	20 680 868	2 093 641	22 774 509
Maturity/Disposal/Liquidation/Cancellation	(15 972 391)	(2 127 917)	(18 100 308)
Change in fair value and foreign exchange difference	3 743 993	(490 616)	3 253 377
Offsetting of Assets and Liabilities (Change)	2 720 660	(423 818)	2 296 842
As at 30 June 2023	49 931 054	76 499	50 007 553

	('000 EUR) Mandatorily at	('000 EUR)	('000 EUR)
	fair value through profit or loss	Trading derivatives	Total
As at 1 January 2022	40 322 401	714 838	41 037 239
Acquisition	40 385 254	35 456 241	75 841 495
Maturity/Disposal/Liquidation/Cancellation	(42 593 531)	(36 732 528)	(79 326 059)
Change in fair value and foreign exchange difference	(5 675 247)	1 475 158	(4 200 089)
Offsetting of Assets and Liabilities (Change)	6 319 047	111 500	6 430 547
As at 31 December 2022	38 757 924	1 025 209	39 783 133

#### 4.2. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	30.06.2023 ('000 EUR)	31.12.2022 ('000 EUR)
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
<ul> <li>Designated at fair value through profit or loss (Notes)</li> </ul>	49 930 005	38 754 129
<ul> <li>Trading derivatives (Warrants)</li> </ul>	76 429	1 025 105
Total	50 006 434	39 779 234

As at 30 June 2023, the Company has issued secured and unsecured Notes for a total amount of KEUR 49 930 005 (31 December 2021: KEUR 38 754 129):

- 22 370 unsecured Notes were issued (stock) for a total amount of KEUR 45 059 895 (31 December 2022: 21 324 unsecured Notes were issued (stock) for a total amount of KEUR 34 578 193);
- 401 secured Notes were issued (stock) for a total amount of KEUR 4 870 110 (31 December 2022: 514 secured Notes were issued (stock) for a total amount of KEUR 4 171 467).

In addition to the guarantee on first demand granted by Société Générale on unsecured and secured Notes, subscribers of the secured Notes issued by the Company benefit from additional collateral assets securing the payment due under the Notes terms, structured in form of a pledge governed by Luxembourg Law. This pledge may only be enforced following a default of the Company or Société Générale in its role of Guarantor.

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

Pledged collateral assets are deposited on an account held in the name of the Company with an authorised custodian not belonging to the Société Générale Group and are pledged in favour of the Notes holders.

As at 30 June 2023, securities deposited at BNY Mellon Luxembourg as collateral for secured issuances amount to KEUR 5 543 641 (31 December 2022: KEUR 5 280 150).

As at 30 June 2023, the Company also issued Warrants for a total amount of KEUR 76 429 (31 December 2022: KEUR 1 025 105). Refer to Note 9 for further details on Off-balance sheet items related to the Warrants activity.

As at 30 June 2023, the impact of the offsetting (decrease in the balance sheet) is KEUR 25 871 520 for the non-sold Notes and the corresponding Fully Funded Swaps (31 December 2022: KEUR 28 592 180) and KEUR 4 887 790 for the non-sold Warrants and the corresponding Options (31 December 2022: KEUR 4 462 437) (see Note 4.1).

The movements in financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss were as follows:

	('000 EUR) Designated at fair	('000 EUR)	('000 EUR)
	value through profit or loss	Trading derivatives	Total
As at 1 January 2023	38 754 129	1 025 105	39 779 234
Acquisition	21 032 691	2 093 571	23 126 262
Cancelled/Liquidation/Maturity Disposal	(15 972 464)	(2 115 587)	(18 100 381)
Change in fair value and foreign exchange difference	3 394 989	(502 842)	2 904 477
Offsetting of Assets and Liabilities (Change)	2 720 660	(423 818)	2 296 842
As at 30 June 2023	49 930 005	76 429	50 006 434
	('000 EUR) Designated at fair	('000 EUR)	('000 EUR)
	value through profit or loss	Trading derivatives	Total
As at 1 January 2022	40 323 850	714 854	41 038 704
Acquisition	40 391 104	35 350 594	75 741 697
Cancelled/Liquidation/Maturity Disposal	(42 594 180)	(37 050 667)	(79 644 846)
Change in fair value and foreign exchange difference	(5 685 692)	1 898 824	(3 786 868)
Offsetting of Assets and Liabilities (Change)	6 319 047	111 500	6 430 547
As at 31 December 2022	38 754 129	1 025 105	39 779 234

#### 4.3. Financial liabilities at amortised cost

As at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022, financial liabilities at amortised cost are mainly composed of a convertible bond of KEUR 48 000 issued by the Company and fully subscribed by SG Luxembourg, with maturity in 2024. Conversion may occur each year.

On this convertible bond, the Company pays to SG Luxembourg both variable interests calculated on Euribor 3M plus a margin of 0.34% (total rate of 3.355% as at 30 June 2023) and activity related interests. Activity related interests mean an amount equal to 100% of the activity related profit generated by the Company.

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

The convertible bond maturity shall be automatically extended by successive periods of one year, unless either the Issuer or the Holder has exercised its right to terminate the bond on the scheduled maturity date. The conversion option belongs to the Holder.

#### NOTE 5 – LOANS AND RECEIVABLES

As at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022, loans and receivables only consist in term deposits with SG Luxembourg, which represent the reinvestment of the Company's share capital, reserves and other available funds.

As at 31 December 2022, expected credit losses calculated on loans and receivables in accordance with IFRS 9 amounted to KEUR (1). As at 30 June 2023, the diminution of the expected credit losses resulted in a reversal of the IFRS9 impairment amounting to KEUR 1, as presented in the Caption reversal of Cost of Risk in the Statements of Profit and Loss.

#### NOTE 6 – TAXATION

The Company is liable for all taxes applicable to Luxembourg commercial companies.

Since 2007, the Company has been part of a tax integration group led by SG Luxembourg with regard to Net Worth Tax and Income Tax, as authorised by the article 164 bis LIR and has concluded a Tax Sharing Agreement (the "Agreement") with SG Luxembourg. Under the Agreement, the Company pays to SG Luxembourg, with respect to each financial year, an amount equal to the tax which would be levied on the profits of the Company in the absence of any tax consolidation with the Parent.

The rate of current tax applied as of 30 June 2023 is 25.09% (30 June 2022: 24.94%). The current tax rate includes the corporate tax and the municipal tax.

For the period ended 30 June 2023, tax expenses amount to KEUR 0 (30 June 2022: KEUR 98).

#### NOTE 7 – SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

#### 7.1. Share capital and Share premium

On 30 November 2020, 100 shares were sold by SG Luxembourg to Société Générale for a total amount of EUR 4 000. SG Luxembourg still held 49 907 shares amounting to EUR 1 996 280 for which it waived its entire voting rights. As at 31 December 2022, the subscribed and fully paid share capital amounted to EUR 2 000 360, divided into 50 009 shares with nominal value of EUR 40 each.

By resolution adopted on 13 January 2023, the Executive Board decided to increase the capital of the Company from EUR 2 000 360 to EUR 2 000 400 by the issue of a new share with a nominal value of EUR 40, subscribed by SG Luxembourg. In the context of the capital increase, the 2022 activity related interests amounting to KEUR 22 050 have been allocated to the Share premium. It was then paid to the shareholders in June 2023.

As at 30 June 2023, the subscribed and fully paid share capital is EUR 2 000 400, divided into 50 010 shares with nominal value of EUR 40 each.

The Company manages its capital to ensure it will be able to continue as a going concern. The capital amount may be increased, subject to the approval of the Shareholders, if the Company's activity evolves, incurring specific additional risks.

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

#### 7.2. Reserves

#### 7.2.1 Legal reserve

In accordance with the Luxembourg law, the Company is required to allocate a minimum of 5% of its annual net profit to a Legal reserve until this reserve equals 10% of the subscribed share capital. This reserve may not be distributed.

As at 30 June 2023, the legal reserve amounts to KEUR 200 (31 December 2022: KEUR 200).

#### 7.2.2 Other reserves

Since 2013, the Company is fiscally integrated in its parent company SG Luxembourg. SG Luxembourg constitutes the Net Wealth Tax reserve for the Company. As a consequence, no Net Wealth Tax reserve has been constituted by the Company since 2013.

During the first half of 2023, a dividend of KEUR 375 has been paid leading to a residual amount of KEUR 1 (31 December 2022: KEUR 375)

#### NOTE 8 – COMMISSION INCOME

Commission income can be broken down as follows:

	30.06.2023 ('000 EUR)	30.06.2022
	(000 2011)	('000 EUR)
Issuing upfront fees on Notes	20 381	14 367
Servicing fees on Notes	2 847	3 484
Commission on Warrants	440	605
Total	23 668	18 456

As at 30 June 2023, KEUR 3 699 are retained as deferred income under the caption "other liabilities" (30 June 2022: KEUR 3 956).

#### NOTE 9 – OFF-BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 June 2023, financial instruments to be issued (commitment taken before 30 June 2023 with value date after 30 June 2023) amount to KEUR 3 302 045 (31 December 2022: KEUR 3 383 129).

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued) As at 30 June 2023

#### Warrants issuance summary

The Warrants issued as at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022 break down as follows:

					30 June 2023		<b>31</b> D	ecember 2022		
Warrant Type	Category of Underlying	Type of Underlying	Option Type	Quantity	Notional ('000 EUR)	Fair Value ('000 EUR)	Quantity	Notional ('000 EUR)	Fair Value ('000 EUR)	
Basket Warrant	Basket	Index	Call	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Commodity		Mutual Fund	Put	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Future Warrant	Future	Commodity Future	Call	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Warrant		commonly Future	Put	1	54 000	0	1	10 501	6 350	
		Bruts	Call	-	-	-	6	502 194	-	
		_	Bruts	Put	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Commodity N	Commodity Future	Call	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Commodity		Index	Call	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Warrant		Mutual Fund	Call	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Mataan ana	Put	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Precious metals	Call	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			Put	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Future Contract	Call	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Currency Warrant	Currency	Currency	Currency	Call	-	-	-	-	-	-
Warrant	currency	currency	Put	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Bruts	Call	-	-	-	-	-	-	
			Put	6	5 895	40	-	-	-	
		Mutual fund	Call	3	159 815	14	5		14	
		Ordinary Share	Call	829	11 490 243	22 700	802		269 708	
Equity	Equity	ordinary online	Put	404	5 676 731	4 603	341	4 466 777	142 467	
Warrant		Own Share	Call				-	-	-	
			Put	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		Preference	Call	-	-	-	-	Notional ('000 EUR)         Fair Value ('00 EU           -         -           -         -           10 501         6 3!           502 194         -           -         -	-	
			Put	-	-	-	-	-	-	
		REIT	Call	-	-	-	1	32 817	13	

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued) As at 30 June 2023

			30 June 2023			31 December 2022				
Warrant Type	Category of Underlying	Type of Underlying	Option Type	Quantity	Notional ('000 EUR)	Fair Value ('000 EUR)	Quantity	Notional ('000 EUR)	Fair Value ('000 EUR)	
Real Estate Investment	Real Estate Investment	Real Estate Investment Trust	Call	3	80 097	0	-	-	-	
Trust	Trust		Put	-	-	-	-	-	-	
la des Marsant	Index	Index	Call	395	13 050 086	28 021	417	13 301 522	531 574	
Index Warrant			Put	290	12 091 727	16 123	250	9 706 138	69 953	
	Fund		Mutual Fund	Call	-	-	-	5	165 377	12
Fund Warrant		Mutual Fund	Put	1	31 303	1	-	-	-	
				Fund	Call	14	104 401	4 927	16	194 050
Total Call			Call	1 244	24 884 643	55 663	1 252	21 525 553	806 335	
Total Put			Put	702	17 859 657	20 766	592	14 183 416	218 770	
Total Warrants				1 946	42 744 300	76 429	1 844	35 708 969	1 025 105	

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

#### NOTE 10 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company and several of its service providers are subsidiaries of the Société Générale Group and therefore benefit from Société Générale's internal control systems.

For any further information on the risks relating to the Group, investors and/or Noteholders should refer to the "Risk and Capital Adequacy" section of the Registration Document (https://www.societegenerale.com).

#### 10.1. Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates, securities prices, and foreign exchange rates will affect the Company's income or the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters.

The Company issues Notes and Warrants. The Notes are systematically hedged with Fully Funded Swaps concluded with Société Générale, with strictly identical characteristics. In the same way, the Warrants issued are hedged with Options concluded with Société Générale, with strictly identical characteristics.

The risks associated with the investment in the Notes and Warrants depend on several factors. Such factors vary depending on the characteristics of the Notes and Warrants issued, in particular depending on the underlying, the maturity of the Notes, the secured / unsecured status of the Notes, the interest rates incurred, the volatility of the underlying, etc. The main risks in relation to investments in Notes and Warrants issued by the Company are described in the Base Prospectus under the section "Risk Factor".

Because of its structure (perfect match between the assets and the liabilities), the impact of an immediate change of a market parameter would have no consequence on the net profit of the Company.

The Company is also exposed to structural interest rate risk, namely through the following transactions: reinvestment of available equity by participating interests or loans to the Company's treasury (SG Luxembourg) with hedged interest rate risk (fixed rate contracted with SG Luxembourg). The structural interest rate risk is monitored via the sensitivity of the economic value of the positions measured through modified duration.

Modified duration is calculated based on the change in the net present value of positions subsequent to a 1% change in the rate curve. Exposure monitoring is based on the determination of modified duration over the short (up to one year), medium (one to five years) and long (more than five years) term.

#### 10.2. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a third party will not be able to meet its contractual obligation.

The Company only contracts financial instruments with its parent companies, SG Luxembourg and Société Générale. Therefore, the credit risk of the Company is limited to the credit risk on SG Luxembourg and Société Générale. Should this situation evolve, specific limits would be proposed to limit the credit risk incurred.

As at 30 June 2023 and 31 December 2022, no financial assets were past due. An Expected Credit Loss is calculated on deposits, amounting to KEUR (1) as of 30 June 2023 following a reversal of impairment of KEUR 1 on the period (see note 5).

All the Notes and Warrants issued by the Company benefit from a guarantee provided by Société Générale, meaning that payments in respect of the instruments issued by the Company are unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by Société Générale (the Guarantor).

As at 30 June 2023, the rating of Société Générale is: A- from Fitch Ratings, A from R&I, A from Standard & Poor's and A1 from Moody's.

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

#### 10.3. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates may adversely affect the value of the assets and liabilities of the Company. Due to the financial instruments contracted by the Company with Société Générale to hedge the financial instruments issued, the Company is not significantly exposed to interest rate risk.

#### 10.4. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may be unable to meet the payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due.

The Company does not face any liquidity risk thanks to the perfect replication between the contractual obligations of:

- i) The financial instruments issued by the Company; and
- ii) The financial assets held for hedging by the Company.

As at 30 June 2023, analysis per remaining maturities is as follows:

30.06.2023 - EUR' 000	< 3 months	From 3 months to 1 year	From 1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	22 529	-	-	-	22 529
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss					
<ul> <li>Mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss</li> </ul>	2 626 138	6 717 835	18 057 325	22 529 755	49 931 054
<ul> <li>Trading derivatives</li> </ul>	9 343	30 486	36 670	0	76 499
Loans and receivables	-	48 284	800	1 000	50 084
Other assets	354 695	-	-	-	354 695
Total assets	3 012 705	6 796 605	18 094 796	22 530 755	50 434 861
Financial liabilities at amortised cost Financial liabilities at fair value	447	65 289	-	-	65 736
through profit or loss					
<ul> <li>Designated at fair value through profit or loss</li> </ul>	2 593 131	6 721 495	18 094 796	22 557 562	49 930 005
- Trading derivatives	9 273	30 486	36 670	-	76 429
Other liabilities	360 733	-	-	-	360 733
Tax liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	2 963 584	6 817 270	18 094 488	22 557 5627	50 432 903

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

As at 31 December 2022, analysis per remaining maturities is as follows:

31.12.2022 - EUR' 000	< 3 months	From 3 months to 1 year	From 1 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	36 176	-	-	-	36 176
Financial assets at fair value					
through profit or loss					
<ul> <li>Mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss</li> </ul>	3 359 065	5 269 282	16 320 598	13 808 979	38 757 924
- Trading derivatives	441 726	357 417	226 066	-	1 025 209
Loans and receivables	48 023	200	800	1 000	50 023
Other assets	343 495	-	-	-	343 495
Total assets	4 228 485	5 626 899	16 547 464	13 809 979	40 212 827
Financial liabilities at amortised	517	70 068	-	-	70 585
cost	011	10 000			10000
Financial liabilities at fair value					
through profit or loss					
- Designated at fair value	3 360 079	5 220 409	16 334 968	13 838 673	38 754 129
through profit or loss	444.004	057 447	000.007		4 005 405
- Trading derivatives	441 621	357 417	226 067	-	1 025 105
Other liabilities	360 231	-	-	-	360 231
Tax liabilities	-	201	-	-	201
Total liabilities	4 162 448	5 648 095	16 561 035	13 838 673	40 210 251

#### 10.5. Fair Value measurement

According to the fair value hierarchy established by IFRS 13, Level 3 (L3) comprises products valued using inputs that are not based on observable market data (referred to as unobservable inputs).

For these products, fair value is determined using models based on valuation techniques commonly used by market participants to measure financial instruments, such as discounted future cash flows for Notes or the Black & Scholes formula for certain options and using valuation parameters that reflect current market conditions as at the interim statement of financial position date. These valuation models are validated independently by the experts from the Market Risk Department of the Group's Risk Division.

Furthermore, the parameters used in the valuation models, whether derived from observable market data or not, are checked by the Finance Division of Société Générale, in accordance with the methodologies defined by the Market Risk Department.

The Notes and the related Fully Funded Swaps are classified as Level 3 when the valuation of the associated embedded derivatives (underlyings of the Notes) is also based on unobservable market data.

On each element of an identified list of unobservable parameters, it comes to determining the uncertainty of marking, and cross sensitivities with this uncertainty for a confidence interval of the value of the positions.

In parallel, marking the levels of each of these parameters is collected and reported in the Note.

The methods for determining the level of uncertainty, as well as calculating the confidence interval from sensibilities depend on each parameter.

Transfers from Level 2 to Level 3 are determined at the end of each month and occur in case of a modification within a parameter (e.g. no longer linked to the deal, modification of the observability rule of the parameter).

# Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

10.5.1 Estimates of Level 3 instruments and other most significant unobservable inputs as at 30 June 2023 (by type of underlyings)

Type of underlyings	Assets In KEUR	Liabilities In KEUR	Main products	Valuation techniques used	Significant unobservable inputs	Range of inputs Min & Max
Equity / Funds		17 359	Derivatives on funds, equities or baskets of stocks derivatives on funds, equities or baskets of stocks		Equity volatilities	[3.2% ; 196.2%]
				Variaus antion	Equity dividends	[0.0% ; 15.9%]
	17 359			Various option models on funds, equities or baskets on stocks	Unobservable correlations	[-72.4% ; 99.9%]
					Hedge funds volatilities	[7.6% ; 7.6%]
					Mutual fund volatilities	[5.4% ; 27.8%]
Rates, Forex and others	4 467	4 467	Hybrid forex / interest rate or credit / interest rate derivatives	Hybrid forex interest rate or credit interest rate option pricing models	Correlations	[-67.0% ; 90.0%]
			Forex derivatives	Forex option pricing models	Forex volatilities	[1.0% ; 47.0%]
			Interest rate derivatives whose notional is indexed on the prepayment behaviour on European collateral pools	Prepayement modeling	Constant prepayment rates	[0.0% ; 20.0%]
			Inflation instruments and derivatives	Inflation pricing models	Inflation correlations	[72.0% ; 90.0%]
Credit	3 844	3 844	Collateralised Debt Obligations and index tranches	Recovery and base correlation projection models	Time to default correlations	[0% ; 100%]
					Recovery rate variance for single name underlyings	[0% ; 100%]
			Other credit derivatives	Credit default models	Time to default correlations	[0% ; 100%]
					Quanto correlations	[-50% ; 40%]
					Unobservable credit spreads	[0 bps ; 1 000 bps]
Commodity	0	0	Derivatives on commodities baskets	Option models on commodities	Commodities correlations	NA NA
Total	25 670	25 670				

Unobservable inputs add a degree of uncertainty in the valuation of Level 3 instruments. However, by its very nature, and considering mirror transactions are concluded with Société Générale to hedge the financial liabilities issued by the Company, the Company has no market risk exposure. The impact of an immediate change in an unobservable parameter would have no consequence on the net profit or net equity of the Company.

Moreover, changes in an unobservable parameter would have by underlying a mirror effect on both assets and liabilities.

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

10.5.2. Carrying amounts and fair values of assets and liabilities not measured at fair value in the interim statement of financial position

30.06.2023 - EUR' 000	Carrying amount	Fair value
Cash and cash equivalents	22 529	22 529
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss	49 931 054	49 931 054
- Trading derivatives	76 499	76 499
Loans and receivables *	50 084	49 956
Other assets	354 695	354 695
Total	50 434 861	50 434 733
Financial liabilities at amortised cost * Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	65 736	65 856
<ul> <li>Designated at fair value through profit or loss</li> </ul>	49 930 005	49 930 005
- Trading derivatives	76 429	76 429
Other liabilities	360 733	360 733
Tax liabilities	0	0
Total	50 432 903	50 433 023

31.12.2022 - EUR' 000	Carrying amount	Fair value
Cash and cash equivalents	36 176	36 176
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		
- Mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss	38 757 924	38 757 924
- Trading derivatives	1 025 209	1 025 209
Loans and receivables *	50 023	49 873
Other assets	343 495	343 495
Total assets	40 212 827	40 212 677
Financial liabilities at amortised cost *	70 585	70 602
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		
- Designated at fair value through profit or loss	38 754 129	38 754 128
- Trading derivatives	1 025 105	1 025 105
Other liabilities	360 231	360 232
Tax liabilities	201	201
Total	40 210 251	40 210 268

\* For Loans and receivables and Financial liabilities at amortised cost, the fair values are calculated by discounting the expected future cash flows under a EUR risk free curve adjusted with Société Générale Group credit spread curve (EUR swap curve from Bloomberg and Société Générale credit spread curve provided by Risk department Paris).

Determining fair value is dependent on many factors and can be an estimate of what value may be obtained in the open market at any point in time.

# Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

10.5.3. The fair value hierarchy of IFRS 13

As at 30 June 2023, the Company determined the fair values of its financial instruments on the basis of the following hierarchy:

30.06.2023 - EUR' 000	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
- Mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss	-	24 281 795	25 649 259	49 931 054
Commodities instruments	-	-	-	-
Credit derivatives/securities	-	410 987	3 558 385	3 969 372
Equity and index securities	-	21 348 983	17 342 822	38 691 804
Foreign exchange instruments/securities	-	629 228	265 348	894 576
Interest rate instruments/securities	-	1 772 178	4 201 827	5 974 004
Other financial instruments	-	120 420	280 877	401 297
- Trading derivatives	-	55 794	20 705	76 499
Equity and Index instruments	-	55 720	15 852	71 572
Foreign exchange instruments / securities	-	-	-	-
Other financial instruments	-	74	4 853	4 927
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
- Designated at fair value through profit or loss	-	24 280 746	25 649 259	49 930 005
Commodities instruments	-	-	-	-
Credit derivatives/securities	-	410 899	3 558 385	3 939 284
Equity and index securities	-	21 309 232	17 342 822	38 652 054
Foreign exchange instruments / securities	-	628 460	265 348	893 808
Interest rate instruments/securities	-	1 812 008	4 201 827	6 013 835
Other financial instruments	-	120 146	280 877	401 023
- Trading derivatives	-	55 724	20 705	76 429
Equity and Index instruments	-	55 651	15 852	71 502
Foreign exchange instruments / securities	-	-	-	-
Other financial instruments	-	74	4 853	4 927

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued) As at 30 June 2023

As at 31 December 2022, the Company determined the fair values of its financial instruments on the basis of the following hierarchy:

31.12.2022 - EUR' 000		Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
- Mandatorily at fair value through profit or loss	-	13 596 360	25 161 564	38 757 924
Commodities instruments	-	30 733	-	30 733
Credit derivatives/securities	-	803 553	3 465 041	4 268 594
Equity and index securities	-	8 793 626	17 551 097	26 344 723
Foreign exchange instruments/securities	-	629 111	259 004	888 115
Interest rate instruments/securities	-	3 212 257	3 643 974	6 856 231
Other financial instruments	-	127 080	242 448	369 528
- Trading derivatives	-	1 000 904	24 306	1 025 209
Equity and Index instruments	-	994 397	17 630	1 012 027
Foreign exchange instruments / securities	-	-	-	-
Other financial instruments	-	6 507	6 676	13 182
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
- Designated at fair value through profit or loss	-	13 592 564	25 161 564	38 754 129
Commodities instruments	-	30 733	-	30 733
Credit derivatives/securities	-	803 734	3 465 041	4 268 775
Equity and index securities	-	8 791 638	17 551 097	26 342 735
Foreign exchange instruments/securities	-	629 220	259 004	888 224
Interest rate instruments/securities	-	3 210 159	3 643 974	6 854 133
Other financial instrument	-	127 080	242 448	369 529
- Trading derivatives	-	1 000 799	24 306	1 025 105
Equity and Index instruments	-	994 292	17 630	1 011 922
Foreign exchange instruments / securities	-	-	-	-
Other financial instruments	-	6 507	6 676	13 183

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued) As at 30 June 2023

The following table describes the variation in Level 3 by financial instruments (in KEUR):

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	Balance at 01.01.2023	Acquisitions	Change in fair value	Reimbursements	Transfers from L2 to L3	Transfers from L3 to L2	Offsetting of the assets and liabilities	Balance at 30.06.2023
Designated at fair value through profit or loss	25 161 564	11 992 570	2 447 363	(13 323 238)	145 982	(5 003 890)	4 228 908	25 649 259
Equity and index instruments	17 551 097	9 104 262	2 257 546	(11 673 729)	60 523	(4 822 574)	4 865 697	17 342 822
Commodities securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit derivatives	3 465 041	678 023	68 287	(743 370)	86 290	(155 809)	159 924	3 558 385
Foreign exchange instruments	259 003	41 472	(41 092)	(35 324)	1 003	(10 992)	51 276	265 348
Interest rate instruments	3 643 975	2 045 665	177 396	(806 368)	(1 834)	(4 127)	(852 879)	4 201 827
Other financial instruments	242 448	123 148	(14 774)	(64 447)	-	(10 388)	4 890	280 877
Trading derivatives	24 306	-	(1 408)	(3 720)	333	-	1 194	20 705
Equity and index instruments	17 630	-	(1 520)	(1 495)	333	-	904	15 852
Other financial instruments	6 676	-	112	(2 225)	-	-	290	4 853

The variations in Level 3 financial assets are similar.

#### Transfers from Level 3 to Level 2

The consensus data provided by external counterparties are considered observable if the underlying market is liquid and if the prices provided are confirmed by actual transactions. For high maturities these consensus data are not observable. This is the case for the implied volatility used for the valuation of options with maturities of more than five years. However, when the residual maturity of the instrument falls below five years its fair value becomes sensitive to observable parameters.

#### Transfers from Level 2 to Level 3

Transfers from Level 2 to Level 3 can occur in case of a modification within a parameter (no longer linked to the deal modification of the observability rule of the parameter etc...).

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued) As at 30 June 2023

10.5.4. The fair value hierarchy of notes issued in RUB

As at 30 June 2023 the Company has issued 181 Notes in ruble (RUB) for a total amount of KEUR 51 015 (as at 31 December 2022 195 notes for a total amount of KEUR 47 006)

The following table describes the variation of the notes issued in RUB by financial instruments (in KEUR):

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	Balance at 01.01.2023	Acquisitions	Change in fair value	Reimbursements	Offsetting of the assets and liabilities	Balance at 30.06.2023
Designated at fair value through profit or loss	47 006	-	(5 783)	363	9 429	51 015
Equity and index instruments	44 694	-	(5 517)	1 210	9 256	49 643
Credit derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange instruments	408	-	-	(545)	137	-
Interest rate instruments	900	-	-	(900)	-	-
Other financial instruments	1 004	-	(266)	598	36	1 372

#### Notes to the condensed interim financial statements (continued)

As at 30 June 2023

#### 10.6. Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss or fraud caused by defects or failures in internal procedures or systems human error or external events including IT risk and management risk. Particular attention is paid to compliance risk which receives enhanced monitoring.

The Company participates in the effort to strengthen the management and monitoring of operational risk led by the Société Générale Group. This effort is guided by the Operational Risk Department which reports to the Société Générale Group Risk Department and is relayed by different Group operational risk monitoring units responsible for implementing the policies and directives issued by the Société Générale Group and monitoring and controlling operational risks.

The monitoring arrangement mainly relies on four processes supervised by the operational risk departments: periodic risk and control self-assessment (RCSA) collecting internal data on losses due to operational errors with exhaustive real-time reporting of incidents pattern analyses and permanent control system.

These procedures are supplemented by a crisis management unit and a business continuity plan.

#### NOTE 11 – INFORMATION ON LITIGATIONS

During the year ended 31 December 2020, SG Issuer, as the Issuer of Notes linked to the credit risk of a French corporate, and Société Générale, as the Guarantor, were brought before the Courts of Paris (alongside other French financial institutions) by end investors to obtain compensation for the financial loss they suffered on their investment in these securities. The French corporate was the subject of a "safeguard procedure", which constitutes a credit event under the terms of the Notes which had a strong impact on the value of the Notes. These investors rely on unfounded allegations according to which SG Issuer and Société Générale were aware of the difficulties of the French corporate when setting up and marketing these Notes and that in doing so, they failed to meet their regulatory obligations (to act in an honest, fair and professional manner, to provide information on the product risks and to determine the suitability of the Notes for retail investors).

On 27 July 2021, the Company received a new letter from end investors in order to obtain compensation for the financial loss they suffered on their investment in securities issued by the Company. This letter relates to the same litigation described above.

For this litigation, along with any other litigation relating to securities issued by SG Issuer, SG Issuer is entitled to an indemnification by Société Générale in respect of any sum due by SG Issuer regarding potential damages or attorneys' fees.

#### NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There was no subsequent event which could have a significant impact on the condensed interim financial information as at 30 June 2023.

#### APPENDIX III

# REPRODUCTION OF THE PRESS RELEASE DATED 3 NOVEMBER 2023 CONTAINING THE GUARANTOR'S CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL RESULTS FOR THE THIRD QUARTER ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2023

The information set out below is a reproduction of the press release dated 3 November 2023 containing the Guarantor's consolidated financial results for the third quarter ended 30 September 2023.



# **RESULTS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2023**

#### Press release

Paris, 3 November 2023

The results are for the first time published and commented under the reported view, as announced during the Capital Markets Day

# **QUARTERLY RESULTS**

**Quarterly revenues of EUR 6.2 billion**, down by -6.2% vs. Q3 22, mainly as a result of the peak of the impact of short-term hedges on the net interest income reached in Q3 23 in French retail

**Cost-to-income ratio at 70.4% in Q3 23**, with operating expenses increasing by less than +1% vs. Q3 22, at constant perimeter

Low cost of risk at 21 basis points in Q3 23, now on expected to be below 20 basis points for FY 2023

**Exceptional net income impact of EUR -610m**<sup>1</sup> due to the goodwill impairment of the African, Mediterranean basin and Overseas activities and Equipment Finance activities for a total amount of around EUR -340 million, and also, the booking of a provision for Deferred Tax Assets for a total of around EUR -270 million

Group net income of EUR 295 million (EUR 905 million excluding exceptional items<sup>1</sup>)

**Reported ROTE at 3.8%** (6.0% excluding exceptional items<sup>1</sup>)

## 9M 23 RESULTS

Revenues of EUR 19.1 billion Cost-to-income ratio at 72.4%<sup>2</sup>, 68.9% excluding contribution to the Single Resolution Fund Cost of risk at 15 basis points Group net income of EUR 2.1 billion, vs. EUR 755 million in 9M-22 Reported ROTE at 5.0%<sup>2</sup>, vs. 1.0% in 9M-22

# **BALANCE SHEET AND LIQUIDITY PROFILE**

CET 1 ratio of 13.3%<sup>3</sup> at end-Q3 23, around 350 basis points above the regulatory requirement Liquidity Coverage Ratio at 147% at end-Q3 23 Stable deposit base vs. Q2 23 Provision for distribution of EUR 1.33<sup>4</sup> per share, at end-September 2023

## **MAJOR MILESTONES ACHIEVED**

**Record quarter for client acquisition at BoursoBank**, with 412,000 new clients **Creation of the brand Ayvens**, following the completion of the LeasePlan acquisition by ALD **Completion of the 2022 share buy-backs** for a total of around EUR 440 million

#### Slawomir Krupa, the Group's Chief Executive Officer, commented:

"This quarter was marked by a good commercial performance in most businesses, limited increase in operating expenses and a low cost of risk. Global Banking and Investor Solutions notably posted stable revenues compared to a high level last year, and International Retail Banking maintained a solid performance. The Group's net result was penalized by the negative effect of short-term hedges on net interest income in French retail, the impact of which peaked in Q3 23. It also includes, as announced during our Capital Markets Day, exceptional accounting items, with no impact on the capital ratio, or on shareholder distribution. Finally, in line with previous quarters, the balance sheet is very solid with a CET 1 ratio of 13.3%, up 20 basis points, and a robust liquidity profile."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Non-cash items with no impact on 2023 shareholder distribution

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cost-to-income ratio based on reported figures (vs. underlying previously), cost-to-income ratio and ROTE at 69.8% and 6.5% respectively excluding the contribution to the Single Resolution Fund

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Phased-in ratio, pro-forma including Q3-23 results

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Based on a pay-out ratio of 50% of the Group net income, at the high-end of the 40%-50% payout ratio, as per regulation, restated from noncash items and after deduction of interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes

Note: 2022 figures restated in compliance with IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 for insurance entities, and in accordance with changes in performance reporting mentioned in appendix 3

# **1. GROUP CONSOLIDATED RESULTS**

In EURm	Q3 23	Q3 22	Cha	ange	9M 23	9M 22	Cha	ange
Net banking income	6,189	6,600	-6.2%	-9.2%*	19,147	20,544	-6.8%	-7.4%*
Operating expenses	(4,360)	(4,083)	+6.8%	+2.0%*	(13,858)	(13,539)	+2.4%	+0.9%*
Gross operating income	1,829	2,517	-27.3%	-27.5%*	5,289	7,005	-24.5%	-23.7%*
Net cost of risk	(316)	(456)	-30.7%	-33.1%*	(664)	(1,234)	-46.2%	-37.4%*
Operating income	1,513	2,061	-26.6%	-26.2%*	4,625	5,771	-19.9%	-21.3%*
Net profits or losses from other assets	6	4	+50.0%	+50.2%*	(92)	(3,286)	+97.2%	+97.2%*
Impairment losses on goodwill	(338)	0	n/s	n/s	(338)	0	n/s	n/s
Income tax	(624)	(369)	+69.1%	+69.1%*	(1,377)	(1,029)	+33.8%	+30.7%*
Net income	563	1,700	-66.9%	-67.1%*	2,836	1,464	+93.7%	+87.4%*
O.w. non-controlling interests	268	255	+5.1%	+2.5%*	773	709	+9.0%	+6.3%*
Reported Group net income	295	1,445	-79.6%	-79.5%*	2,063	755	x 2.7	x 2.6*
ROE	0.9%	9.5%			3.6%	0.9%		
ROTE	3.8%	10.8%			5.0%	1.0%		
Cost to income	70.4%	61.9%			72.4%	65.9%		

Asterisks\* in the document refer to data at constant perimeter and exchange rate

Societe Generale's Board of Directors, which met on 2 November 2023 under the chairmanship of Lorenzo Bini Smaghi, examined the Societe Generale Group's results for Q3 23 and for the first nine months of 2023.

# Net banking income

**Net banking income decreased in Q3 23 by -6.2% (-9.2%\*) vs. Q3 22** largely due to the decline in the net interest income in French Retail, Private Banking and Insurance, and to negative revenue in the Corporate Centre (in particular, impacts from the unwinding of hedges on TLTRO operations and other volatile items).

Revenues recorded by French Retail, Private Banking and Insurance decreased by -16.4% vs. Q3 22 owing to the decline in the net interest income which continues to be impacted by short-term hedges that were taken until 2022. Insurance's revenues climbed by +11% vs. Q3 22.

Global Banking & Investor Solutions recorded lower revenues, down by a slight -0.4% in Q3 23 vs. a very good Q3 22, thanks to sustained level of activity. Global Markets & Investor Services posted solid revenues compared with a strong reference point in Q3 22 (-1.7%), driven by robust commercial activity in equity derivatives and a good performance in fixed income activities. Financing & Advisory activities posted a robust performance, with increased revenues in the asset finance platform. The securitisation and natural resources finance activities also turned in a solid performance. Investment banking activities rebounded during the quarter, particularly in the acquisition finance segment and for primary bond market activities. Global Transaction & Payment Services' activities continued to grow on back of high interest rates.

International Retail, Mobility and Leasing Services' revenues climbed by +12.0% (-0.8%\*) vs. Q3 22, in particular following the integration of LeasePlan by ALD.

Corporate Centre recorded revenues of EUR -231m in Q3 23 which included around EUR -63 million euros due to the unwinding of hedges on TLTRO operations, in addition to impacts from the change in fair value of the swaps used for the replacement of equity stakes in subsidiaries.

Over 9M 23, net banking income decreased by -6.8% vs. 9M 22.

## **Operating expenses**

## In Q3 23, operating expenses came to EUR 4,360 million, up by +6.8% vs. Q3 22.

They include around EUR 230 million for the integration of LeasePlan's activities in ALD excluding transformation charges, and EUR 145 million in transformation costs. At constant perimeter, operating expenses are increasing by less than +1% vs. Q3 22.

**Over 9M 23,** operating expenses totalled EUR 13,858 million, up by +2.4% vs. 9M 22.

They include EUR 339 million for the integration of LeasePlan's activities in ALD, excluding transformation charges and EUR 627 million in transformation costs.

The cost-to-income ratio came to 72.4% in 9M 23 (68.9% excluding the contribution to the Single Resolution Fund.

# Cost of risk

**The cost of risk for Q3 23 was moderate at 21 basis points**, i.e., EUR 316 million. It breaks down into a provision on non-performing loans of EUR 419 million (28 basis points) and a reversal of provision on performing loans for EUR -103 million (around -7 basis points). The Group now estimates that the cost of risk for FY 2023 will be lower than 20 basis points.

At end-September 2023, the Group's provisions on performing loans amounted to EUR 3,612 million.

The non-performing loans ratio amounted to 2.9%<sup>1</sup> at 30 September 2023. The gross coverage ratio on stood at 46%<sup>2</sup> at 30 September 2023 (80% after taking into account guarantees and collateral).

At 30 September 2023, the Group sharply reduced its offshore exposure to Russia to around EUR 1.0 billion of EAD (Exposure at Default) compared with EUR 1.6 billion at 30 June 2023 (-38%). The maximum risk exposure on this portfolio is estimated at around EUR 0.3 billion before provision. Total provisions stands at EUR 0.2 billion. The onshore residual exposure is very limited at around EUR 15 million and relates to the integration of LeasePlan activities in Russia.

# Group net income

Group net income stood at EUR 295 million in Q3 23, i.e., a Return on Tangible Equity (ROTE) of 3.8%.

It was negatively impacted by EUR -610m of exceptional items, which include on the one hand, the goodwill impairment of the African, Mediterranean basin and Overseas activities and Equipment Finance activities for a total of around EUR -340 million, and on the other hand, the booking of a provision for Deferred Tax Assets of around EUR -270 million.

Group net income for 9M 23 came to EUR 2,063 million, i.e., a reported ROTE of 5.0%; and of 6.5% excluding the contribution to the Single Resolution Fund contribution.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Ratio calculated according to EBA methodology published on 16 July 2019

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Ratio of S3 provisions to gross book value of NPL before netting of guarantees and collateral

# Accelerating the decarbonisation of our businesses with new targets

Société Générale is committed to a process of aligning its financing with trajectories compatible with the objectives of carbon neutrality in 2050, starting with the most CO2-emitting activities, as defined by the Net Zero Banking Alliance (NZBA).

The Group has set new targets, announced for the most at the Capital Markets Day on 18 September 2023:

- Accelerate the reduction of upstream Oil & Gas exposure, reaching -80% by 2030 vs. 2019, with an intermediary 2025 step of -50% (vs. the previous commitment of -20%);
- Stop providing<sup>1</sup> financial products and services dedicated to upstream Oil & Gas greenfield projects;
- Phase-out exposure<sup>2</sup> on upstream Oil & Gas private pure players and reinforce engagement with energy sector clients, particularly on their climate strategy;
- New target on Oil & Gas financed GHG emissions of -70% by 2030 vs. 2019<sup>3</sup>;
- New Automotive sector<sup>4</sup> target of -51% carbon emission intensity by 2030 vs. 2021;
- New Steel sector target for an alignment score of 0 by 2030, based on the Sustainable Steel Principles for the 1.5°C scenarios of the IEA<sup>5</sup> and MPP<sup>6</sup>;
- New Cement sector target of -20% carbon emission intensity by 2030 vs. 2022.

## Investing in innovation and developing partnerships to generate more impact

- Launch of a EUR 1 billion transition new investment fund. The fund's objective is to support clients on energy transition, green technologies, nature-based solutions and impact-driven opportunities which support the UN's Sustainable Development Goals;
- Create an independent scientific advisory board composed of experts covering climate, nature, social issues and sustainable development that will enrich the Group's ESG reflections, bringing long-term perspectives and scientific views;
- Explore new areas of cooperation with the International Finance Corporation (IFC), a member of the World Bank Group, in sustainable finance projects.

## Being a responsible employer of choice

• The Group is seeking to further strengthen its commitment to gender diversity, allocating EUR 100 million to reduce the pay gap and targeting more than 35% of women in senior leadership roles by 2026.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Effective from 1 January 2024. The new sectoral policy detailing the terms is available on Societe Generale's web page.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Effective from 1 January 2024.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Oil and Gas absolute financed GHG Emissions on scope 1, 2 and 3 end use covering the broad value chain from upstream, midstream to downstream.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Concerning the credit exposure to car manufacturers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> International Energy Agency.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Mission Possible Partnership's Technology Moratorium.

# 2. THE GROUP'S FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

Group **shareholders' equity** totalled EUR 68.1 billion at 30 September 2023 (vs. EUR 67.0 billion at 31 December 2022). Net asset value per share was EUR 71.6 and tangible net asset value per share was EUR 62.1.

The consolidated balance sheet totalled EUR 1,599 billion at 30 September 2023 vs. EUR 1,485 billion at 31 December 2022. The total funded balance sheet (see Methodology note 9) stood at EUR 967 billion vs. EUR 930 billion at 31 December 2022. The net amount of customer loan outstandings totalled EUR 497 billion vs. EUR 516 billion 31 December 2022. At the same time, customer deposits amounted to EUR 612 billion, up around 3% vs. 31 December 2022.

At 30 September 2023, the parent company had issued EUR 46.5 billion of medium/long-term debt, having an average maturity of 4.9 years and an average spread of 78 basis points (over 6-month midswaps, excluding subordinated debt). The subsidiaries had issued EUR 3.9 billion. In all, the Group has issued a total of EUR 50.4 billion in medium/long-term debt.

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) was well above regulatory requirements at 147% at end-September 2023 (155% on average in Q3), vs. 141% at end-December 2022. At the same time, the Net Stable Funding Ratio (NSFR) stood at 117% at end-September 2023 vs. 114% at end-December 2022.

The Group's **risk-weighted assets** (RWA) were down vs. end of June 2023, at EUR 384.2 billion at 30 September 2023 according to CRR2/CRD5 rules. Risk-weighted assets in respect of credit risk account for 84.4% of the total, i.e., EUR 324.2 billion, up by 7.8% vs. 31 December 2022.

At 30 September 2023, the Group's **Common Equity Tier 1** ratio<sup>(1)</sup> stood at 13.3%, or around 350 basis points above the regulatory requirement of 9.76%. The Group's Common Tier 1 ratio (CET 1) at 30 September 2023 includes an +6 basis-point impact from the phasing of IFRS 9. Excluding this impact, the fully-loaded ratio amounts to 13.2%. At end-September 2023, the Tier 1 ratio stood at 15.9% while the total capital ratio amounted to 18.6%, above the respective regulatory requirements of 11.66% and 14.20%.

The leverage ratio stood at 4.2% at 30 September 2023, above the regulatory requirement of 3.5%.

With a RWA level of 32.5% and leverage exposure of 8.5% at end-September 2023, the Group's TLAC ratio is significantly above the respective Financial Stability Board requirements for 2023 of 22.1% and 6.75%. Likewise, MREL-eligible outstandings, which stood at 34.0% of RWA and 8.9% of leverage exposure at end-September 2023, are also far above the respective regulatory requirements of 25.7% and 5.91%.

The Group is rated by four rating agencies: (i) FitchRatings - long-term rating "A-", positive outlook, senior preferred debt rating "A", short-term rating "F1", (ii) Moody's - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A1", stable outlook, short-term rating "P-1", (iii) R&I - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook and (iv) S&P Global Ratings - long-term rating (senior preferred debt) "A", stable outlook, short-term rating "A-1".

<sup>(1)</sup> Pro forma including Q3 23 results

# 3. FRENCH RETAIL BANKING, PRIVATE BANKING AND INSURANCE

In EURm	Q3 23	Q3 22	Change	9M 23	9M 22	Change
Net banking income	1,883	2,253	-16.4%	6,070	6,931	-12.4%
Net banking income excl. PEL/CEL	1,877	2,200	-14.7%	6,070	6,784	-10.5%
Operating expenses	(1,591)	(1,635)	-2.7%	(5,036)	(5,090)	-1.1%
Gross operating income	292	618	-52.8%	1,034	1,841	-43.8%
Net cost of risk	(144)	(196)	-26.5%	(342)	(264)	+29.5%
Operating income	148	422	-64.9%	692	1,577	-56.1%
Net profits or losses from other assets	0	3	-100.0%	3	6	-50.0%
Reported Group net income	110	317	-65.3%	518	1,177	-56.0%
RONE	2.8%	7.9%		4.5%	10.1%	_
Cost to income	84.5%	72.6%		83.0%	73.4%	

#### SG network, Private Banking and Insurance

Average loan outstandings contracted by -4% on the Q3 22 level to EUR 204 billion. Loan outstandings to corporate and professional clients excluding government-guaranteed PGE loans rose by +1% vs. Q3 22 and were driven by short-term credits. Home loan outstandings contracted by -5% vs. Q3 22 owing to the Group's strict lending policy implemented since mid-2022.

Average outstanding balance sheet deposits of SG network clients declined by -5% vs. Q3 22 to EUR 238 billion (shift from sight deposits to interest-bearing deposits).

As a result, the average loan/deposit ratio came to 86% in Q3 23.

**Private Banking** activities cover Private Banking activities in and outside of France. Assets under management totalled EUR 143 billion in Q3 23. Private Banking's net asset inflows amounted to EUR 0.6 billion at Q3 23. Net banking income for the quarter stood at EUR 367 million, up +5.2% vs. Q3 22 (EUR 1,115 million for 9M 23, up +4.7% vs. 9M 22).

**Insurance,** which covers activities in and outside of France, has been consolidated in the French Retail Banking, Private Banking and Insurance core business as of this quarter.

Life insurance outstandings stood at EUR 132 billion at end-September 2023. The unit-linked share accounted for 37% at a high level, and was up 2.7 points vs. the end-September 2022 level. Gross life insurance inflows amounted to EUR 2.6 billion in Q3 23.

Protection insurance premiums were by +4% vs. Q3 22, with solid commercial momentum in property and casualty premiums (+9% vs. Q3 22).

## BoursoBank

BoursoBank is riding high on its new ambition, having registered 412,000 new clients, which is a quarterly record, and with a stable profile. Totally, it acquired 838,000 new clients over the first nine months of 2023. The leading online bank in France reached 5.4 million clients at the end of September 2023, with a low churn rate<sup>1</sup>, which is decreasing and lower than the market's.

Assets under management continue to rise at a consistent pace by vintage.

Average loan outstandings dipped by -4.3% on the Q3 22 level to EUR 15 billion. Home loan production gradually picked up over the quarter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Bain & Company study 2022

Average outstanding savings including deposits and financial savings were +20.5% higher vs. Q3 22 at EUR 55 billion. Deposits outstanding rose strongly by +24% vs. Q3 22 on back of robust collection over the quarter (EUR 1.4 million), notably on interest-bearing products. Life insurance outstandings increased by +9.5% vs. Q3 22, with the unit-linked share accounting for 43%. Net inflows were slightly positive over the quarter.

BoursoBank strengthened its day-to-day banking, posting a +25% rise in number of transactions vs. Q3 22 and a record number of credit card operations.

# Net banking income

**In Q3 23,** revenues totalled EUR 1,877 million, down -15% vs. Q3 22, excluding PEL/CEL. Net interest income excluding PEL/CEL contracted by -27% vs. Q3 22, mainly due to the impact of the short-term hedges on the NII, the higher interest rate on regulated savings schemes, the consequences of the usury rate and the end of the TLTRO programme. Fee income decreased by -2% relative to Q3 22.

**Over 9M 23,** revenues totalled EUR 6,070 million, down by -11% vs. 9M 22, excluding PEL/CEL. The net interest income excluding PEL/CEL was down by -21% vs. 9M 22. Fee income rose slightly by +0.4% relative to 9M 22.

Based on latest assumptions consistent with the current economic environment, the forecast of the net interest income of French retail banking, Private Banking and Insurance is expected to decrease by more than 20% in 2023 vs. 2022. In 2024, based on the latest budget assumptions, the NII of the French retail banking, Private Banking and Insurance is expected to be at a level higher or equal to the 2022 amount.

# **Operating expenses**

**In Q3 23,** operating expenses came to EUR 1,591 million (-2.7% vs. Q3 22) including EUR 46 million in restructuring costs. The cost-to-income ratio stood at 84.5% for Q3 23.

**Over 9M 23,** operating expenses totalled EUR 5,036 million (-1.1% vs. 9M 22). The cost-to-income ratio stood at 83.0%.

# **Cost of risk**

**In Q3 23,** the cost of risk amounted to EUR 144 million or 24 basis points, which was slightly higher than in Q2 23 (18 basis points).

**Over 9M 23,** the commercial cost of risk totalled EUR 342 million or 18 basis points vs. 14 basis points in 9M 22.

# **Group net income**

**In Q3 23,** Group net income came to EUR 110 million, down -65.0% vs. Q3 22. RONE stood at 2.8% in Q3 23.

**Over 9M 23,** Group net income totalled EUR 518 million, down -56% vs. 9M 22. RONE stood at 4.5% in 9M 23.

# 4. GLOBAL BANKING & INVESTOR SOLUTIONS

In EUR m	Q3 23	Q3 22	Var	riation	9M 23	9M 22	Var	iation
Net banking income	2,309	2,318	-0.4%	+2.1%*	7,455	7,649	-2.5%	-1.4%*
Operating expenses	(1,479)	(1,470)	+0.6%	+3.4%*	(5,188)	(5,281)	-1.8%	-0.8%*
Gross operating income	830	848	-2.1%	-0.1%*	2,267	2,368	-4.3%	-2.8%*
Net cost of risk	(13)	(80)	-83.8%	-83.2%*	9	(343)	n/s	n/s
Operating income	817	768	+6.4%	+8.4%*	2,276	2,025	+12.4%	+14.3%*
Reported Group net income	647	601	+7.7%	+9.6%*	1,813	1,598	+13.4%	+15.4%*
RONE	16.9%	14.7%			15.6%	13.4%		
Cost to income	64.1%	63.4%			69.6%	69.0%		

# Net banking income

**Global Banking & Investor Solutions** delivered a good performance in the third quarter, posting revenues of EUR 2,309 million, stable in comparison to a strong Q3 22.

**Over the first nine months of the year**, revenues are slightly down by -2.5% vs. 9M 22 (EUR 7,455 million vs. EUR 7,649 million).

**Global Markets & Investor Services** recorded revenues of EUR 1,482 million in Q3 23, which was a minor -1.7% decrease in comparison to a high reference point in Q3 22. Over 9M 23, revenues stood at EUR 4,940 million, a -5.4% decrease vs. 9M 22.

**Global Markets** turned in a solid performance with revenues of EUR 1,314 million, down -2.4% vs. Q3 22, which was a record third quarter result<sup>(1)</sup>. Over 9M 23, revenues decreased by -5.7% vs. 9M 22 to EUR 4,383 million.

**The Equities business** posted a very solid performance overall, recording revenues of EUR 800 million for Q3 23, which was a minor -1.0% decrease vs. a very high Q3 22, on back of a broadly robust commercial activity notably driven by strong momentum in investment solutions despite less conducive market conditions than in Q3 22, notably in the flow and financing businesses. Over 9M 23, revenues decreased by -8.4% vs. 9M 22 to EUR 2,431 million.

**Fixed income and Currencies** recorded a solid performance, notably on back of investment solutions on rates despite a less favourable market environment, particularly for flow businesses. In Q3 23, revenues decreased by -4.6% vs. Q3 22 to EUR 514 million. Over 9M 23, revenues dipped slightly by -2.0% vs. 9M 22 to EUR 1,952 million.

**Securities Services'** revenues were up by +4.3% over the quarter to EUR 168 million. Excluding the impact of the valuation of various equity participations, business activity decreased by -4.0% compared with Q3 22. Over 9M 23, revenues fell by -3.1% vs. 9M 22, but rose by +2.9% excluding these participations. Assets under Custody and Assets under Administration amounted to EUR 4,671 billion and EUR 577 billion, respectively.

**The Financing and Advisory business** posted a record Q3 performance, with revenues of EUR 827 million, up by +2.1% vs. Q3 22. Over 9M 23, revenues came to EUR 2,515 million, up by +3.6% vs. 9M 22.

The Global Banking & Advisory business turned in a solid performance. Revenues decreased by -2.7% vs. Q3 22. Business benefited notably from the solid activity in Asset-Backed Products. Investment Banking

<sup>(1)</sup> At comparable business model in the post Global Financial Crisis (GFC) regulatory regime

also reaped the benefit of good commercial momentum that was driven by robust activity in acquisition finance and continued strong performance in debt capital markets activities. Meanwhile, the Asset Finance and Natural Resources platforms had a sustained commercial performance over the quarter. Over the first nine months of the year, business contracted by -4.1% vs. 9M 22.

Global Transaction and Payment Services recorded strong revenue growth of +18.3% vs. Q3 22, reaping the dual benefit of high interest rates and increased fee income. Over 9M 23, revenues advanced strongly by +35.3% vs. 9M 22.

# **Operating expenses**

**Operating expenses for the quarter totalled EUR 1,479 million, including EUR 41 million in transformation charges**, up by a slight +0.6% vs. Q3 22, reflecting the tight rein on costs despite the inflationary backdrop. Accordingly, the cost-to-income ratio came to 64.1% in Q3 23.

**Over 9M 23,** operating expenses contracted by -1.8% vs. 9M 22. The cost-to-income ratio for 9M 23 consequently came to 69.6%. Excluding the contribution to the Single Resolution Fund (SRF), the ratio was 63.1%.

# Cost of risk

**In Q3 23,** the cost of risk remained at very low 3 basis points (or EUR 13 million) vs. -7 basis points in Q2 23.

Over 9M 23, the cost of risk stood at -1 basis points vs. 26 basis points in 9M 22.

# **Group net income**

Group net income came to **EUR 647 million**, up by +7.7%. For the first nine months of the year, it rose by a sharp +13.4% to EUR 1,813 million.

Global Banking and Investor Solutions again reported **strong RONE of 16.9% for the quarter**. Over the first nine months of the year, **reported RONE came to 15.6% and 18.8% excluding the contribution to the SRF**.

Q3 23	Q3 22	Cha	inge	9M 23	9M 22	Cha	inge
2,228	1,990	+12.0%	-0.8%*	6,492	6,028	+7.7%	+4.6%*
(1,237)	(920)	+34.5%	+9.0%*	(3,479)	(2,940)	+18.3%	+10.5%*
991	1,070	-7.4%	-9.2%*	3,013	3,088	-2.4%	-1.0%*
(175)	(150)	+16.7%	+8.4%*	(349)	(572)	-39.0%	-10.7%*
816	920	-11.3%	-12.1%*	2,664	2,516	+5.9%	+0.3%*
1	2	-50.0%	-50.0%*	0	12	-100.0%	-100.0%*
377	511	-26.2%	-26.0%*	1,325	1,395	-5.0%	-11.0%*
14.9%	22.2%			18.6%	18.9%		
55.5%	46.2%			53.6%	48.8%		
	2,228 (1,237) 991 (175) 816 1 3777 14.9%	2,228     1,990       (1,237)     (920)       991     1,070       (175)     (150)       816     920       1     2       377     511       14.9%     22.2%	2,228       1,990       +12.0%         (1,237)       (920)       +34.5%         991       1,070       -7.4%         (175)       (150)       +16.7%         816       920       -11.3%         1       2       -50.0%         377       511       -26.2%         14.9%       22.2%	2,228         1,990         +12.0%         -0.8%*           (1,237)         (920)         +34.5%         +9.0%*           991         1,070         -7.4%         -9.2%*           (175)         (150)         +16.7%         +8.4%*           816         920         -11.3%         -12.1%*           1         2         -50.0%         -50.0%*           377         511         -26.2%         -26.0%*           14.9%         22.2%         -         -	2,228         1,990         +12.0%         -0.8%*         6,492           (1,237)         (920)         +34.5%         +9.0%*         (3,479)           991         1,070         -7.4%         -9.2%*         3,013           (175)         (150)         +16.7%         +8.4%*         (349)           816         920         -11.3%         -12.1%*         2,664           1         2         -50.0%         -50.0%*         0           3777         511         -26.2%         -26.0%*         1,325           14.9%         22.2%	2,228       1,990       +12.0%       -0.8%*       6,492       6,028         (1,237)       (920)       +34.5%       +9.0%*       (3,479)       (2,940)         991       1,070       -7.4%       -9.2%*       3,013       3,088         (175)       (150)       +16.7%       +8.4%*       (349)       (572)         816       920       -11.3%       -12.1%*       2,664       2,516         1       2       -50.0%       -50.0%*       0       12         3777       511       -26.2%       -26.0%*       1,325       1,395         14.9%       22.2%	2,228       1,990       +12.0%       -0.8%*       6,492       6,028       +7.7%         (1,237)       (920)       +34.5%       +9.0%*       (3,479)       (2,940)       +18.3%         991       1,070       -7.4%       -9.2%*       3,013       3,088       -2.4%         (175)       (150)       +16.7%       +8.4%*       (349)       (572)       -39.0%         816       920       -11.3%       -12.1%*       2,664       2,516       +5.9%         1       2       -50.0%       -50.0%*       0       12       -100.0%         3777       511       -26.2%       -26.0%*       1,325       1,395       -5.0%         14.9%       22.2%

# 5. INTERNATIONAL RETAIL BANKING, MOBILITY AND LEASING SERVICES

**International Retail Banking's** outstanding loans rose by +5.0% vs. Q3 22 to EUR 66.3 billion. Outstanding deposits increased by +3.5% vs. Q3 22 to EUR 81.6 billion.

In Europe, outstanding loans were up + 5.2% vs. end-September 2022 to EUR 41.4 billion, with +4.2% vs. Q3 22 in the Czech Republic and +12.5% vs. Q3 22 in Romania. Outstanding deposits grew across all segments in the two countries, by +3.5% vs. Q3 22 to EUR 54.2 billion.

In Africa, Mediterranean Basin and French Overseas Territories, outstanding loans (EUR 25 billion in Q3 23) and outstanding deposits (EUR 27.4 billion in Q3 23) grew respectively by +3.7% and +3.4% vs. Q3 22. Commercial performances were particularly robust in sub-Saharan Africa, which posted loan outstandings growth of +12.7% vs. Q3 22 and deposit outstandings of +5.8% vs. Q3 22.

**Mobility and Leasing Services** also showed strong momentum. Earning assets grew by +14.1% to EUR 50.2 billion at end-September 2023 vs. EUR 44.0 billion at end-September 2022. Growth was driven by the increase in car values.

Consumer Finance loan outstandings rose by +2.9% vs. Q3 22 to EUR 24 billion at end-September 2023. Equipment Finance posted leasing ouststandings of EUR 15 billion in Q3 23, up by + 3.7% vs. Q3 22 on back of robust new production.

# Net banking income

In Q3 23, net banking income amounted to EUR 2,228 million, up by +12% vs. Q3 22.

**Over 9M 23,** revenues grew by +7.7% vs. 9M 22 to EUR 6,492 million.

**International Retail Banking's** net banking income was robust during the quarter, posting a steady growth of +2.8% vs. Q3 22 to EUR 1,044 million in Q3 23. Over the first nine months of 2023, net banking income was stable vs. 9M 22 at EUR 3,124 million.

Revenues in Europe were down in the third quarter to EUR 506 million (-4.5% vs. Q3 22). Momentum in Romania remained solid (+8.0% vs. Q3 22), while NII in Czech Republic, which remains high vs. past years, is down compared to a high level in Q3 22.

Net banking income for the Africa, Mediterranean Basin and French Overseas Territories business unit reported a strong increase of +10.7% vs. Q3 22 to EUR 538 million in Q3 23.

**Mobility and Leasing Services** recorded net banking income growth of +21.6% vs. Q3 22 to EUR 1,184 million. Boosted by the integration of LeasePlan, Ayvens posted a +37.2% increase, with stable margin

revenues on leasing contracts and services (excluding reduction in depreciation costs and non-operating items). Regarding Used Car Sales (UCS) net result (including the negative impact of reduction in depreciation costs), it is normalising to an average of EUR 1,033 per unit vs EUR 3,014 in Q3 22. Excluding this reduction impact in depreciation costs, UCS results per unit would have been EUR 2,346 in Q3 23 vs. EUR 3,607 in Q3 22.

In Q3 23, the contribution of LeasePlan's revenues was around EUR 300 million, impacted by negative Marked-to-Market of hedging portfolio (EUR -82m) and consolidation adjustments on UCS and depreciation costs (EUR ~-150m in total).

Consumer Finance posted lower net banking income, notably owing to the impact of the usury rate in France.

**Over 9M 23,** Mobility and Leasing Services recorded net banking income of EUR 3,368 million, up by +16.6% vs. 9M 22.

# **Operating expenses**

**In Q3 23,** operating expenses increased by +34.5% vs. Q3 22 to EUR 1,237 million (+9%\*), impacted by LeasePlan expenses excluding transformation charges, for around EUR 230 million, and by around EUR 45 million in restructuring costs related to the integration. The cost-to-income ratio stood at 55.5% in Q3 23.

**Over 9M 23,** operating expenses came to EUR 3,479 million, up by 18.3% vs. 9M 22 (+10.5%\*).

Amid an inflationary backdrop, **International Retail Banking** posted a +7.4% increase in operating expenses during the quarter vs. Q3 22 to EUR 567 million.

Operating expenses for **Mobility and Leasing Services** came to EUR 670 million, which was a +70.9% increase vs. Q3 22. At constant scope and exchange rates, these expenses rose by +9%\* vs. Q3 22.

## **Cost of risk**

In Q3 23, the cost of risk fell to 43 basis points (or EUR 175 million) vs. 47 basis points in Q3 22.

Over 9M 23, the cost of risk stood at 32 basis points vs. 56 basis points in 9M 22.

## **Group net income**

**In Q3 23,** Group net income came to EUR 377 million, down -26.2% vs. Q3 22. RONE stood at 14.9% in Q3 23. RONE was 17.2% for International Retail Banking and 13.3% for Mobility and Leasing Services in Q3 23.

**Over 9M 23,** Group net income totalled EUR 1,325 million, down -5% vs. 9M 22, while RONE stood at 18.6%. RONE for International Retail Banking was 17.3%, and 19.8% for Mobility and Leasing Services.

# 6. CORPORATE CENTRE

In EURm	Q3 23	Q3 22	9M 23	9M 22
Net banking income	(231)	39	(870)	(64)
Operating expenses	(53)	(58)	(155)	(228)
Gross operating income	(284)	(19)	(1,025)	(292)
Net cost of risk	16	(30)	18	(55)
Net profits or losses from other assets	4	(1)	(96)	(3,304)
Impairment losses on goodwill	(338)	-	(338)	-
Income tax	(211)	121	(80)	391
Reported Group net income	(839)	16	(1,593)	(3,415)

Corporate Centre includes:

- the property management of the Group's head office,
- the Group's equity portfolio,
- the Treasury function for the Group,
- certain costs related to cross-functional projects, as well as several costs incurred by the Group that are not re-invoiced to the businesses.

**Corporate Centre's net banking income totalled EUR -231 million** in Q3 23 vs. EUR +39 million in Q3 22. It notably included the negative impact from the unwinding of hedges on TLTRO operations for around EUR -0.1 billion at Q3 23 (approximately EUR -0.3 billion in 2023) and the negative impact from the change in market value of replacement swaps of the equity stakes in subsidiaries.

# **Operating expenses totalled EUR -53 million** in Q2 23 vs. EUR -58 million in Q3 22.

Moreover, the Group recorded goodwill impairment on the Africa, Mediterranean Basin and French Overseas Territories activities and on Equipment Finance activities for a total amount of around EUR 340 million<sup>1</sup>, and booked a provision for deferred tax assets of around EUR 270 million<sup>1</sup>.

**The Corporate Centre's contribution to Group net income totalled EUR -839 million in Q3 23** vs. EUR +16 million in Q3 22.

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 1}$  Non-cash items with no impact on 2023 shareholder distribution

# 7. 2023 AND 2024 FINANCIAL CALENDAR

2023 and 2024 financial communications calendar

8 February 2024	Fourth quarter and full year 2023 results
3 May 2024	First quarter 2024 results
01 August 2024	Second quarter and half year 2024 results

The Alternative Performance Measures, notably the notions of net banking income for the pillars, operating expenses, IFRIC 21 adjustment, cost of risk in basis points, ROE, ROTE, RONE, net assets, tangible net assets, and the amounts serving as a basis for the different restatements carried out (in particular the transition from published data to underlying data) are presented in the methodology notes, as are the principles for the presentation of prudential ratios.

This document contains forward-looking statements relating to the targets and strategies of the Societe Generale Group.

These forward-looking statements are based on a series of assumptions, both general and specific, in particular the application of accounting principles and methods in accordance with IFRS (International Financial Reporting Standards) as adopted in the European Union, as well as the application of existing prudential regulations.

These forward-looking statements have also been developed from scenarios based on a number of economic assumptions in the context of a given competitive and regulatory environment. The Group may be unable to: - anticipate all the risks, uncertainties or other factors likely to affect its business and to appraise their potential

consequences;
evaluate the extent to which the occurrence of a risk or a combination of risks could cause actual results to differ materially from those provided in this document and the related presentation.

Therefore, although Societe Generale believes that these statements are based on reasonable assumptions, these forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including matters not yet known to it or its management or not currently considered material, and there can be no assurance that anticipated events will occur or that the objectives set out will actually be achieved. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from the results anticipated in the forward-looking statements include, among others, overall trends in general economic activity and in Societe Generale's markets in particular, regulatory and prudential changes, and the success of Societe Generale's strategic, operating and financial initiatives.

More detailed information on the potential risks that could affect Societe Generale's financial results can be found in the section "Risk Factors" in our Universal Registration Document filed with the French Autorité des Marchés Financiers (which is available on https://investors.societegenerale.com/en).

Investors are advised to take into account factors of uncertainty and risk likely to impact the operations of the Group when considering the information contained in such forward-looking statements. Other than as required by applicable law, Societe Generale does not undertake any obligation to update or revise any forward-looking information or statements. Unless otherwise specified, the sources for the business rankings and market positions are internal.

# 8. APPENDIX 1: FINANCIAL DATA

# **GROUP NET INCOME BY CORE BUSINESS**

In EURm	Q3 23	Q3 22	Variation	9M 23	9M 22	Variation
French Retail, Private Banking and Insurance	110	317	-65.3%	518	1,177	-56.0%
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	647	601	+7.7%	1,813	1,598	+13.4%
International Retail, Mobility and Leasing Services	377	511	-26.2%	1,325	1,395	-5.0%
Core Businesses	1,134	1,429	-20.6%	3,656	4,170	-12.3%
Corporate Centre	(839)	16	n/s	(1,593)	(3,415)	+53.4%
Group	295	1,445	-79.6%	2,063	755	x 2.7

#### **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

In EUR m	30.09.2023	31.12.2022 R
Cash, due from central banks	234,004	207,013
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	490,511	427,151
Hedging derivatives	32,050	32,971
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	89,527	92,960
Securities at amortised cost	27,468	26,143
Due from banks at amortised cost	87,404	68,171
Customer loans at amortised cost	487,788	506,635
Revaluation differences on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk	(2,389)	(2,262)
Insurance and reinsurance contracts assets	487	353
Tax assets	4,302	4,484
Other assets	82,243	82,315
Non-current assets held for sale	1,591	1,081
Investments accounted for using the equity method	208	146
Tangible and intangible fixed assets	59,006	33,958
Goodwill	5,247	3,781
Total	1,599,447	1,484,900

In EUR m	30.09.2023	31.12.2022 R
Due to central banks	10,828	8,361
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	391,803	304,175
Hedging derivatives	45,062	46,164
Debt securities issued	154,010	133,176
Due to banks	118,564	133,011
Customer deposits	543,919	530,764
Revaluation differences on portfolios hedged against interest rate risk	(9,248)	(9,659)
Tax liabilities	2,436	1,645
Other liabilities	105,466	107,315
Non-current liabilities held for sale	1,583	220
Insurance contracts related liabilities	137,621	135,875
Provisions	4,322	4,579
Subordinated debts	14,824	15,948
Total liabilities	1,521,190	1,411,574
Shareholder's equity	-	-
Shareholders' equity, Group share	-	-
Issued common stocks and capital reserves	21,110	21,248
Other equity instruments	10,136	9,136
Retained earnings	34,393	34,479
Net income	2,063	1,825
Sub-total	67,702	66,688
Unrealised or deferred capital gains and losses	375	282
Sub-total equity, Group share	68,077	66,970
Non-controlling interests	10,180	6,356
Total equity	78,257	73,326
Total	1,599,447	1,484,900

# 9. APPENDIX 2: METHODOLOGY

**1** –The financial information presented for the third quarter and nine months 2023 was examined by the Board of Directors on November 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2023 and has been prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted in the European Union and applicable at that date. This information has not been audited

# 2 - Net banking income

The pillars' net banking income is defined on page 41 of Societe Generale's 2023 Universal Registration Document. The terms "Revenues" or "Net Banking Income" are used interchangeably. They provide a normalised measure of each pillar's net banking income taking into account the normative capital mobilised for its activity.

# 3 - Operating expenses

Operating expenses correspond to the "Operating Expenses" as presented in notes 5 and 8.2 to the Group's consolidated financial statements as at December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2022. The term "costs" is also used to refer to Operating Expenses. The Cost/Income Ratio is defined on page 41 of Societe Generale's 2023 Universal Registration Document.

# 4 - Cost of risk in basis points, coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings

The cost of risk is defined on pages 42 and 691 of Societe Generale's 2023 Universal Registration Document. This indicator makes it possible to assess the level of risk of each of the pillars as a percentage of balance sheet loan commitments, including operating leases.

In EURm		Q3 23	Q3 22	9M 23	9M 22
	Net Cost Of Risk	144	196	342	264
French Retail, Private Banking and Insurance	Gross loan Outstandings	243,740	246,467	248,757	244,941
insurdice	Cost of Risk in bp	24	32	18	14
	Net Cost Of Risk	13	80	(9)	343
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	Gross loan Outstandings	167,057	190,678	170,165	179,454
	Cost of Risk in bp	3	17	(1)	26
International Banking, Mobility and Leasing Solutions	Net Cost Of Risk	175	150	349	572
	Gross loan Outstandings	162,873	127,594	145,227	136,405
	Cost of Risk in bp	43	47	32	56
Corporate Centre	Net Cost Of Risk	(16)	30	(18)	55
	Gross loan Outstandings	22,681	15,924	19,364	15,093
	Cost of Risk in bp	(31)	75	(13)	49
Societe Generale Group	Net Cost Of Risk	316	456	664	1,234
	Gross loan Outstandings	596,350	580,663	583,512	575,893
	Cost of Risk in bp	21	31	15	29

The **gross coverage ratio for doubtful outstandings** is calculated as the ratio of provisions recognised in respect of the credit risk to gross outstandings identified as in default within the meaning of the regulations, without taking account of any guarantees provided. This coverage ratio measures the maximum residual risk associated with outstandings in default ("doubtful").

## 5 - ROE, ROTE, RONE

The notions of ROE (Return on Equity) and ROTE (Return on Tangible Equity), as well as their calculation methodology, are specified on page 43 of Societe Generale's 2023 Universal Registration Document. This measure makes it possible to assess Societe Generale's return on equity and return on tangible equity. RONE (Return on Normative Equity) determines the return on average normative equity allocated to the Group's businesses, according to the principles presented on page 43 of Societe Generale's 2023 Universal Registration Document.

Group net income used for the ratio numerator is book Group net income adjusted for "interest net of tax payable on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes, interest paid to holders of deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisations" and "unrealised gains/losses booked under shareholders' equity, excluding conversion reserves" (see methodology note No. 9). For ROTE, income is also restated for goodwill impairment.

Details of the corrections made to book equity in order to calculate ROE and ROTE for the period are given in the table below:

ROTE calculation: calculation methodology				
End of period (in EURm)	Q3 23	Q3 22	9M 23	9M 22
Shareholders' equity Group share	68,077	66,835	68,077	66,835
Deeply subordinated and undated subordinated notes	(11,054)	(9,350)	(11,054)	(9,350)
Interest payable to holders of deeply & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisation $^{\left( 1\right) }$	(102)	(80)	(102)	(80)
OCI excluding conversion reserves	853	844	853	844
Distribution provision <sup>(2)</sup>	(1,059)	(1,916)	(1,059)	(1,916)
Distribution N-1 to be paid	-	(334)	-	(334)
ROE equity end-of-period	56,715	56,000	56,715	56,000
Average ROE equity	56,572	55,400	56,326	55,058
Average Goodwill <sup>(3)</sup>	(4,279)	(3,667)	(3,991)	(3,646)
Average Intangible Assets	(3,390)	(2,720)	(3,128)	(2,726)
Average ROTE equity	48,903	49,013	49,207	48,686
Group net Income	295	1,445	2,063	755
Interest paid and payable to holders of deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisation	(165)	(126)	(544)	(404)
Cancellation of goodwill impairment	338	1	338	3
Adjusted Group net Income	468	1,320	1,858	354
ROTE	3.8%	10.8%	5.0%	1.0%

#### **ROTE calculation: calculation methodology**

## RONE calculation: Average capital allocated to Core Businesses (in EURm)

In EURm	Q3 23	Q3 22	Change	9M 23	9M 22	Change
French Retail , Private Banking and Insurance	15,898	16,104	-1.3%	15,488	15,500	-0.1%
Global Banking and Investor Solutions	15,324	16,346	-6.3%	15,486	15,865	-2.4%
International Retail, Mobility and Leasing Services	10,136	9,191	+10.3%	9,505	9,816	-3.2%
Core Businesses	41,358	41,641	-0.7%	40,479	41,181	-1.7%
Corporate Centre	15,214	13,759	+10.6%	15,847	13,877	+14.2%
Group	56,572	55,400	+2.1%	56,326	55,058	+2.3%

2022 figures restated in compliance with IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 for insurance entities.

<sup>(1)</sup> Interest net of tax (2) The dividend to be paid is calculated based on a pay-out ratio of 50% of the Group net income restated from non-cash items and after deduction of deeply subordinated notes and on undated subordinated notes, (3) Excluding goodwill arising from non-controlling interests.

# 6 - Net assets and tangible net assets

Net assets and tangible net assets are defined in the methodology, page 45 of the Group's 2023 Universal Registration Document. The items used to calculate them are presented below:

End of period (in EURm)	9M 23	H1 23	2022
Shareholders' equity Group share	68,077	68,007	66,970
Deeply subordinated and undated subordinated notes	(11,054)	(10,815)	(10,017)
Interest of deeply & undated subordinated notes, issue premium amortisation $^{\!(1)}$	(102)	(28)	(24)
Book value of own shares in trading portfolio	86	134	67
Net Asset Value	57,007	57,298	56,996
Goodwill <sup>(2)</sup>	(4,128)	(4,429)	(3,652)
Intangible Assets	(3,423)	(3,356)	(2,875)
Net Tangible Asset Value	49,456	49,513	50,469
Number of shares used to calculate NAPS <sup>(3)</sup>	796,242	801,471	801,147
Net Asset Value per Share	71.6	71.5	71.1
Net Tangible Asset Value per Share	62.1	61.8	63.0

2022 figures restated in compliance with IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 for insurance entities.

<sup>(1)</sup> Interest net of tax, (2) Excluding goodwill arising from non-controlling interests, (3) The number of shares considered is the number of ordinary shares outstanding at end of period, excluding treasury shares and buybacks, but including the trading shares held by the Group (expressed in thousand of shares)

# 7 - Calculation of Earnings Per Share (EPS)

The EPS published by Societe Generale is calculated according to the rules defined by the IAS 33 standard (see page 44 of Societe Generale's 2023 Universal Registration Document). The corrections made to Group net income in order to calculate EPS correspond to the restatements carried out for the calculation of ROE and ROTE. As specified on page 45 of Societe Generale's 2023 Universal Registration Document, the Group also publishes EPS adjusted for the impact of non-economic and exceptional items presented in methodology note No. 5 (underlying EPS).

Average number of shares (thousands) 9M 23 H1 23 2022 **Existing shares** 821,765 822,101 845,478 Deductions Shares allocated to cover stock option plans and free shares awarded to staff 6,845 6,252 6,818 Other own shares and treasury shares 14,864 13,892 16,788 Number of shares used to calculate EPS<sup>(1)</sup> 800,083 801,363 822,437 Group net Income (in EUR m) 2,063 1,768 1,825 Interest on deeply subordinated notes and undated subordinated notes (in EUR m) (379) (596) (544) Adjusted Group net income (in EUR m) 1,520 1,230 1,390 EPS (in EUR) 1.90 1.73 1.50

The calculation of Earnings Per Share is described in the following table:

**8** - The Societe Generale Group's Common Equity Tier 1 capital is calculated in accordance with applicable CRR2/CRD5 rules. The fully loaded solvency ratios are presented pro forma for current earnings, net of dividends, for the current financial year, unless specified otherwise. When there is reference to phased-in ratios, these do not include the earnings for the current financial year, unless specified otherwise. The leverage ratio is also calculated according to applicable CRR2/CRD5 rules including the phased-in following the same rationale as solvency ratios.

# 9 - Funded balance sheet, loan to deposit ratio

The **funded balance sheet** is based on the Group financial statements. It is obtained in two steps:

• A first step aiming at reclassifying the items of the financial statements into aggregates allowing for a more economic reading of the balance sheet. Main reclassifications:

Insurance: grouping of the accounting items related to insurance within a single aggregate in both assets and liabilities.

Customer loans: include outstanding loans with customers (net of provisions and write-downs, including net lease financing outstanding and transactions at fair value through profit and loss); excludes financial assets reclassified under loans and receivables in accordance with the conditions stipulated by IFRS 9 (these positions have been reclassified in their original lines).

Wholesale funding:

Includes interbank liabilities and debt securities issued.

Financing transactions have been allocated to medium/long-term resources and short-term resources based on the maturity of outstanding, more or less than one year.

Reclassification under customer deposits of the share of issues placed by French Retail Banking networks (recorded in medium/long-term financing), and certain transactions carried out with counterparties equivalent to customer deposits (previously included in short term financing).

<sup>(1)</sup> The number of shares considered is the average number of ordinary shares of the period, excluding treasury shares and buybacks, but including the trading shares held by the Group.

Deduction from customer deposits and reintegration into short-term financing of certain transactions equivalent to market resources.

- A second step aiming at excluding the contribution of insurance subsidiaries, and netting derivatives, repurchase agreements, securities borrowing/lending, accruals and "due to central banks".

The Group **loan/deposit ratio** is determined as the division of the customer loans by customer deposits as presented in the funded balance sheet.

NB (1) The sum of values contained in the tables and analyses may differ slightly from the total reported due to rounding rules.

(2) All the information on the results for the period (notably: press release, downloadable data, presentation slides and supplement) is available on Societe Generale's website www.societegenerale.com in the "Investor" section.

# 10. APPENDIX 3: PRESS RELEASE DATED NOVEMBER 2<sup>ND</sup> 2023 -PUBLICATION OF THE NEW QUARTERLY RESULTS SERIES

# Press release

Paris, 2 November 2023,

# Societe Generale today reports new quarterly series reflecting changes in the presentation of the Group's financial performance as announced on the Capital Markets Day on 18 September 2023.

During the Capital Markets Day on 18 September 2023, the Group announced several changes in the financial reporting of the Group and its businesses:

- Insurance business will from now on be integrated into French retail, forming the French Retail Banking, Private Banking and Insurance business.
- The Consumer Finance business in Europe has been transferred to Mobility and Leasing Services in International Retail Banking, Mobility and Leasing Services.
- Transformation charges, previously accounted for at the Corporate Centre, will from now on be directly borne by the businesses.
- Normative return of businesses is now based on a 12% capital allocation vs. 11% previously

The historical quarterly series have been restated in accordance with these changes in governance and financial reporting.

None of the above items has any impact on the Group's financial results.

2022 quarterly series are restated accordingly and are available on Societe Generale's website (The data of this press release have not been audited.)

#### Societe Generale

Societe Generale is a top tier European Bank with 117,000 employees serving 25 million clients in more than 60 countries across the world. We have been supporting the development of our economies for nearly 160 years, providing our corporate, institutional, and individual clients with a wide array of value-added advisory and financial solutions. Our long-lasting and trusted relationships with the clients, our cutting-edge expertise, our unique innovation, our ESG capabilities and leading franchises are part of our DNA and serve our most essential objective - to deliver sustainable value creation for all our stakeholders.

The Group runs three complementary sets of businesses, embedding ESG offerings for all its clients:

- French Retail, Private Banking and Insurance, with leading retail bank SG and insurance franchise, premium private banking services, and the leading digital Bank BoursoBank.
- Global Banking and Investor Solutions, a top tier wholesale bank offering tailored-made solutions with distinctive global leadership in Equity Derivatives, Structured Finance and ESG.
- International Retail, Mobility & Leasing Services, comprising well-established universal banks (in Czech Republic, Romania and several African countries), Ayvens (the new ALD I LeasePlan brand), a global player in sustainable mobility, as well as specialized financing activities.

Committed to building together with its clients a better and sustainable future, Societe Generale aims to be a leading partner in the environmental transition and sustainability overall. The Group is included in the principal socially responsible investment indices: DJSI (Europe), FTSE4Good (Global and Europe), Bloomberg Gender-Equality Index, Refinitiv Diversity and Inclusion Index, Euronext Vigeo (Europe and Eurozone), STOXX Global ESG Leaders indexes, and the MSCI Low Carbon Leaders Index (World and Europe).

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