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This annual report has been prepared by the Company and its contents have been reviewed by the Company's Sponsor, RHT Capital Pte. Ltd. ("Sponsor") for compliance with the relevant rules of the SGX-ST.

This annual report has not been examined or approved by the SGX-ST and the SGX-ST assumes no responsibility for the contents of this annual report, including the correctness of any of the statements or opinions made or reports contained in this annual report.

The contact person for the Sponsor is Mr Khong Choun Mun, Registered Professional, RHT Capital Pte. Ltd., 6 Raffles Quay, #24-02, Singapore 048580, sponsor@rhtgoc.com.

## CORPORATE PROFILE

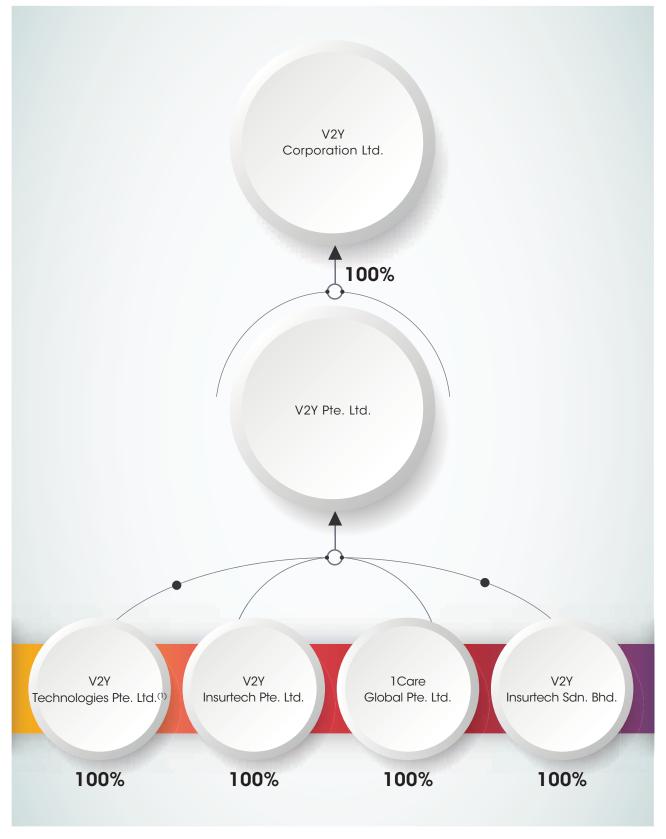


The Company was incorporated in Singapore on 28 June 2017, in accordance with the Companies Act as a private limited company under the name of "Synagie Corporation Pte. Ltd.". The Company was subsequently renamed to "Synagie Corporation Ltd." on 27 June 2018 in connection with its conversion into a public company limited by shares upon its initial public offering on 8 August 2018. On 12 November 2020, the Company's name was changed to V2Y Corporation Ltd.

On 5 November 2020, the Company had completed the sale of its E-Commerce and E-Logistics business segment (the "Disposal Group") and accordingly financial results of the Disposal Group were classified as discontinued operations. Please refer to announcements made on 5 August 2020, 4 September 2020, 28 September 2020 and 5 November 2020 for further information.

The Insurtech business segment provides third party administration and value-added services to help our brand partners in the computer, communication and consumer electronics sector manage and execute their extended warranty and accidental damage protection programmes. Leveraging on its technology platform and ecosystem, the Group is looking to expand its Insurtech business by extending existing offerings and new products to its brand partners, channel partners and end consumers.

# CORPORATE **STRUCTURE**



# CHAIRMAN'S **MESSAGE**



## CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

As with all new businesses that are retransforming their business in a globally sluggish economy amidst the Covid-19 background, slow revenue growth is inevitable. We will continue to create substantial value by extending existing offerings and new products to our brand partners, channel partners and end consumers.

### Dear Shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board") of V2Y Corporation Ltd., it is my honour to present you with the annual report for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 ("FY2021").

The Covid-19 pandemic has shown us many downsides that were less evident to the outside world and impacted many businesses around the world. Undoubtedly, the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic has necessitated a new approach to the way we all work.

At a time of such global uncertainty, we believe an important role of business is to seek solutions and re-create opportunities. By growing and sustaining a financially strong and responsible business over the long-term, guided by a clear purpose, we can make a positive and significant impact not just to our customers and employees, but to the economy and society as well.

In FY2020, we entered into a sales and purchase agreement to dispose of our previous E-commerce and E-logistics business segments. Since the disposal of these business segments, the Group has diligently re-directed all focus to our main business segment under V2Y Corporation Ltd. – Insurtech.

This business segment was mainly to provide third party administration and value-added services to help our Brand Partners in the computer, communication and consumer electronics sector manage and execute their extended warranty and accidental damage protection programmes. Our clients in the Insurtech Business mainly include manufacturers, distributors and retailers of laptops, digital tablets and mobile phones.

With the Singapore government announcing an approach geared towards a Resilient Singapore that lives with Covid-19, we expect that demand for laptops, digital tablets and mobile phones will continue to rise as businesses and schools adapt themselves to conduct work activities and online learning remotely and virtually from home.

## CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

Nevertheless, as with all new businesses that are retransforming their business in a globally sluggish economy amidst the Covid-19 background, we are aware that slow revenue growth is inevitable.

This is evident in the Group's overall revenue from its Insurtech business segment which had decreased by 38.4% or \$\$0.7 million, from \$\$1.8 million in FY2020 to \$\$1.1 million in FY2021. This revenue decrease is mainly attributable to global chip shortage and rising costs expected in 2022, which led to slower renewal and contract sign up by customers as they become more cautious in their spending.

The Group's cost of sales for the FY2021 had also decreased by 47.9% or \$\$0.6 million, from \$\$1.3 million in FY2020 to \$\$0.7 million due to the decrease in revenue.

Leveraging on our technology platform and ecosystem, the Group aims to expand its Insurtech business by extending existing offerings and new products to our brand partners, channel partners and end consumers.

As of 31 December 2021, the Group had launched its direct business-to-consumer mobile screen protection coverage and is collaborating with schools and clubs to increase its outreach and awareness. The Group is also in discussion with its suppliers to extend the range of its product offerings in Singapore. With the high Covid-19 vaccination and booster rates in Singapore, the Group's view on the long-term outlook of the industry and retail sector remains positive.

This new business strategy has demonstrated the value of our solutions and is extremely important to our success and a core element of our business model. In addition, understanding stakeholders' views also forms a huge part of our decision-making processes. Such understanding is crucial in driving progress towards the achievement of our aims, objectives and strategy.

To ensure the Group's solid foundation, the Board spent a significant proportion of its time examining and strengthening this business strategy and our processes throughout the Group during the past year. You can be assured that your Board has a strong foundation of governance at its core as we continue to steer a path to success for the Group.

In closing and on behalf of the Board, I would like to convey my most heartfelt thanks to all employees and shareholders for their unwavering support as well as Mr. Anna Thurai (Executive Director for Insurtech segment) who has left the Group in March 2022 for his wonderful contribution and dedication.

To continue creating substantial value for all parties, the Group remain focus on its Insurtech business and will continue to explore opportunities in the coming year to expand and improve its performance. Thank you once again, and I look forward to reporting on our progress as we continue to chart our course through these unusual times.

## CEO'S MESSAGE

The key to securing the future in the face of intense competition is we mustn't be complacent. We must continue to forge new strategic partnerships so as to expand our offerings and develop the Group into a one-stop solution provider.

On behalf of the Board and Management, I am pleased to present the V2Y Corporation Ltd. annual report for FY2021.

I have shared in my statement last year how the Covid-19 pandemic has severely disrupted global economic activity and led to both demand and supply side shocks to the global economy. As a result of this disruption, the Group now diligently conducts its business by adapting to new norms. Across the board, business schedules and procedures have also been adjusted and modified procedures in compliance with Singapore's pandemic regulations.

The external environment is constantly evolving and businesses must be prepared to respond. It is no coincidence that the key to maintaining a successful and sustainable business lies in being able to respond promptly to the demands of their markets and, specifically, serving the needs of their customers.

### **Performance Review**

The global chip shortage and rising inflation had severely impacted many industries, including those of the Group's main customers. The overall inflation in Singapore for December 2021 had edged up to 4% on a year-on-year basis, reaching a nine year high. Slowdown in contracts renewals and new contracts sign up by customers were specifically observed during FY2021. This resulted in the Group experiencing a decrease in revenue from its Insurtech business.

The Group's gross profit for the FY2021 decreased by 11.0% or \$\$0.1 million, from \$\$0.5 million in FY2020 to \$\$0.4 million in FY2021. This decrease in gross profit is mainly due to the decrease in revenue generated.

However, despite the challenges faced, the Group's gross profit margin made significant improvements in FY2021 from 25.7% in FY2020 to 37.1%. The improvement was mainly due to decrease in headcount costs for the Group's operations support team and increase in higher profit margin contracts.

### **Key Developments**

The Group remained focused on its Insurtech business in FY2021. In our customer-facing business, we are determined to build upon our legacy and establish a strong platform for the long term.

Our long-term purpose is to provide products and services that not only satisfy the changing needs of our customers but also help them transit comfortably to the new norm. The Group has the potential to achieve this. To ensure excellent long-term outcomes, we must first secure the short term – by continuing to explore opportunities to expand and improve our overall business performance.

To achieve this, we need to embrace our strengths and the challenges of the global economy standstill and pandemic issues, as well as contribute in areas where we can make a real difference. The Board took this opportunity to stand back and

## CEO'S MESSAGE

review the business and probe areas where we felt there were particular challenges. These efforts paid off with positive, forward-looking results.

During the year, we had began a direct business-to-consumer mobile screen protection coverage program. Our employees worked doubly hard with schools and clubs to increase their outreach and awareness. Discussions with suppliers to extend our range of product offerings in Singapore were also well underway.

I am also pleased to announce that the Group had issued a non-binding letter of offer ("LOO") to a renowned insurance company in Singapore ("Seller") for a proposed acquisition by the Company of all or a substantial percentage of the Seller's general insurance business portfolio ("Proposed Acquisition") on February 22, 2022. The Seller is in the business of selling general insurance products including motor vehicle, travel and personal accident insurance, through online and traditional distribution channels, with many years of operating history in Singapore.

Additionally, this potential Proposed Acquisition is in line with the Group's corporate strategy to expand its Insurtech business and enable the Company to pursue opportunities and growth in this sector. Further announcements will be made upon the execution of Definitive Agreements as well as material updates and developments.

A placement of an aggregate of 47,990,000 ordinary shares in the capital of the company ("placement shares") at the issue price of \$\$0.0417 per share was also proposed to be allocated by the Company to its various subscribers on 23 February 2022. On 14 March 2022, the Company had announced that the placement shares had been issued and had successfully raised a total of \$\$2.0 million in capital.

#### **Corporate Social Responsibility**

Enriching lives and strengthening societal bonds in our communities, especially the young, the untapped talents, those with special needs and the underprivileged are fundamental to our business philosophy. The Group donates to the UOB Heartbeat Program which aims to create sustainable good for more caring and inclusive societies through corporate philanthropy, stakeholder partnerships and employee participation.

#### **Future Outlook**

The Covid-19 pandemic will continue to impact the global economy and affect market and customer expansion. As noted, providing solutions that benefit the business is an important element of our overall strategy.

The key to securing the future in the face of intense competition is we mustn't be complacent. We must continue to forge new strategic partnerships so as to expand our offerings and develop the Group into a one-stop solution provider. We have gained new customers and partners, secured new contracts, and are ready to expand into new territories. I am pleased with the solid goals and flexible strategies we have currently established for our business. I am also confident that the Group is well positioned to meet the challenges of 2022 and generate sustainable long-term growth, which should in turn drive shareholder returns.

Meanwhile, we will continue to ensure efficient use of manpower. We will also oversee the performance of our business segment closely, to ensure that the Group prudently executes its strategy with financial discipline and integrity.

## **In Appreciation**

I would like to take this opportunity to express my gratitude to the Board of Directors, customers, business associates and shareholders for their contribution and giving us their staunch faith during this trying economy. May we scale to greater heights in the coming years!

# FINANCIAL REVIEW

## CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

#### Revenue

The Group's revenue from its Insurtech business segment decreased by 55.5% or \$\$0.6 million, from \$\$1.0 million in 2H2020 to \$\$0.4 million in 2H2021. The Group's revenue for the FY2021 had also decreased by 38.4% or \$\$0.7 million, from \$\$1.8 million in FY2020 to \$\$1.1 million in FY2021. Due to the global chip shortage and rising costs expected in 2022, customers are more cautious in their spending. As a result, this led to a decrease in revenue due to the slower renewal and contract sign up by customers.

Cost of sales decreased by 62.1% or \$\$0.4 million, from \$\$0.6 million in 2H2020 to \$\$0.2 million in 2H2021. The Group's cost of sales for the FY2021 had also decreased by 47.9% or \$\$0.6 million, from \$\$1.3 million in FY2020 to \$\$0.7 million mainly due to the decrease in revenue.

## Gross profit and gross profit margin

The Group's gross profit decreased by 42.9% or \$\$0.1 million, from \$\$0.3 million in 2H2020 to \$\$0.2 million in 2H2021. The Group's gross profit for the FY2021 decreased by 11.0% or \$\$0.1 million, from \$\$0.5 million in FY2020 to \$\$0.4 million in FY2021. The decrease in gross profit is mainly due to the decrease in revenue generated.

The Group's gross profit margin improved for 2H2021 and FY2021 respectively, from 34.4% in 2H2020 to 44.1% in 2H2021 and from 25.7% in FY2020 to 37.1% in FY2021. The improvement was mainly due to decrease in headcount costs for operations support team and increase in the contribution of higher profit margin contracts.

### Other income

Other income decreased by 21.1% in 2H2021 and by 24.8% in FY2021 as compared to 2H2020 and FY2020 respectively. The decrease was mainly due to a one-off cost savings of \$\$0.2 million in FY2020, where the Group had successfully negotiated with

its supplier to reduce on the premium charged. The decrease was partly offset by a claim from government which the Group had successfully obtained during FY2021.

### Distribution and selling costs

There had been no significant differences in distribution and selling costs incurred during FY2021 and FY2020.

#### **Administrative expenses**

Administrative expenses decreased by 80.0% or \$\\$3.5 million to \$\\$0.9 million in 2H2021 as compared to \$\\$4.4 million in 2H2020. Administrative expenses had also decreased by 66.7% or \$\\$3.9 million to \$\\$1.9 million in FY2021 as compared to \$\\$5.8 million in FY2020.

The decrease in administrative expenses was mainly due to the disposal of the e-Commerce and e-Logistics segments, which was completed on 5 November 2020. With the completion, the executive directors had resigned which led to the reduction in payroll costs in FY2021. The overall payroll costs had decreased by \$\$3.5 million in FY2021, of which \$\$2.8 million relates to a one-off performance bonus paid to the former executive directors in accordance with the respective service agreements.

### Other operating expenses

The Group's other operating expenses had decreased by \$\$0.3 million mainly due to the impairment loss on goodwill of \$\$0.6 million, partly offset against fair value adjustment for a deferred revenue contract of \$\$0.2 million in FY2020.

### **Finance costs**

There had been no significant differences in finance costs incurred for 2H2021 and 2H2020, and FY2021 and FY2020.

#### Income tax credit

Income tax credit arise from the unwinding of deferred tax liabilities associated with the acquisition of Insurtech Subsidiary.

## FINANCIAL REVIEW

#### Loss from continuing operations

The loss for the 2H2021 decreased by \$\$3.0 million, from a loss of \$\$4.1 million in 2H2020 to \$\$1.1 million in 2H2021. The decrease in loss for the period was mainly due to the decrease in administrative expenses of \$\$3.5 million.

The loss for the FY2021 decreased by \$\$3.3 million, from a loss of \$\$5.1 million in FY2020 to \$\$1.8 million in FY2021. The decrease in loss for FY2021 was mainly due to the decrease in administrative expenses of \$\$3.9 million, partly offset by increase in other operating expenses of \$\$0.4 million, decrease in other income of \$\$0.1 million and decrease in income tax credit of \$\$0.1 million.

### **Profit from discontinued operations**

The profit from discontinued operations of \$\$61.8 million in FY2020 was mainly due to the profit generated from the e-Commerce and e-Logistics business segments, as well as the gain from the disposal of the e-Commerce and e-Logistics business segments which was completed on 5 November 2020.

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

#### **Current assets**

The Group's current assets decreased from \$\$2.6 million as at 31 December 2020 to \$\$2.0 million as at 31 December 2021, mainly attributed to decrease in cash and cash equivalents and trade and other receivables of \$\$0.4 million and \$\$0.3 million respectively.

## Non-current assets

The Group's non-current assets comprise plant and equipment, intangible assets, goodwill, and right-of-use assets. Non-current assets decreased from \$\$2.0 million as at 31 December 2020 to \$\$0.9 million as at 31 December 2021 mainly due to the impairment loss on goodwill, depreciation and amortisation of the plant and equipment and intangible assets.



### **Current liabilities**

The Group's current liabilities decreased from \$\$1.6 million as at 31 December 2020 to \$\$1.4 million as at 31 December 2021. This was mainly due to decrease in trade and other payables and provisions of \$\$0.2 million and \$\$0.1 million respectively. The decrease was partly offset by an increase in deferred revenue of \$\$0.1 million and bank borrowings of \$\$0.1 million.

Deferred revenue relates to service billings for the Insurtech business segment which is recognised over the service period.

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## FINANCIAL REVIEW



### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

The Group used \$\$0.8 million in its operating activities in FY2021 as compared to \$\$0.2 million in FY2020, mainly due to negative operating cash flows before movement in working capital of \$\$0.9 million, adjusted for net working capital inflows of \$\$0.1 million.

The net working capital inflows were due to decrease of trade and other receivables of \$\$0.2 million, partly offset by an decrease in trade and other payables of \$\$0.1 million.

Net cash used in investing activities mainly comprise of purchase of plant and equipment had decreased due to the disposal of the e-Commerce and e-Logistics segments that was completed on 5 November 2020.

Net cash inflow from financing activities of \$\$0.4 million in FY2021 mainly due to proceeds from bank borrowings of \$\$0.5 million, partly offset by the repayment in bank borrowings and principal portion of lease liabilities totaling \$\$0.1 million.

### Non-current liabilities

The Group's non-current liabilities increased from \$\$0.2 million as at 31 December 2020 to \$\$0.4 million as at 31 December 2021. The increase was mainly due to the bank borrowings of \$\$0.3 million.

### **Equity**

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's equity of \$\$1.1 million includes mainly issued and full paid-up share capital of \$\$1.0 million, other reserve of \$\$0.8 million and accumulated losses of \$\$0.8 million.

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**



LIM CHUAN POH
(NON-EXECUTIVE AND INDEPENDENT CHAIRMAN)

Mr Lim Chuan Poh graduated in 1978 with a Bachelor of Arts (Hons) in Engineering Science from Balliol College, Oxford University. He obtained his MSc in 1988 from Imperial College of Science & Technology on a Commonwealth Scholarship. Mr Lim spent more than 20 years in the Singapore Civil Service from 1980. Amongst his various appointments, Mr Lim was posted to the then Telecommunications Authority of Singapore (TAS) in 1994 and appointed as the Deputy Secretary of the Ministry of Communications in 1996. He was conferred the Public Administration Medal (Silver) at the 1996 National Day Awards by the Singapore government. Mr Lim left the Civil Service in 1998 to join Singapore Telecommunications Ltd ("SingTel") as Chief Executive (Fixed Lines & Internet Business). Thereafter, he held several key management positions including Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), SingTel Mobile and CEO, International Business. He retired from SingTel in 2010. Currently, Mr Lim serves in various non-executive and advisory roles with organizations such as Nokia and SP Tel.



# MR ONG SHEN CHIEH (WANG SHENGJIE) (CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR)

Mr Ong Shen Chieh (Wang Shengjie) holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Real Estate from the National University of Singapore. He has extensive experience in the sectors of corporate finance, private equity and mergers and acquisitions. Mr Ong founded Sakal Investments Limited, a private equity investment firm, in March 2016. He is currently also serving as a non-executive and independent director of Eindec Corporation Limited, a company listed on the Catalist Board of the SGX-ST.

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**



CHUE EN YAW
(NON-EXECUTIVE AND INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR)

Mr Chue En Yaw graduated from Nanyang Technological University with a Bachelor of Accountancy and is a Chartered Accountant and a CFA Charterholder. Mr Chue started his career at Arthur Andersen LLP as Staff Accountant in 1997 and was thereafter promoted to Senior in 1999. Between 2000 and 2008, he was the Director, Head of Fund Operations of JAFCO Investment (Asia Pacific) Ltd. From 2008 to 2010, he served as an Associate Director, Private Equity in the Principal Finance Department of Standard Chartered Bank. Mr Chue subsequently joined Temasek International Pte. Ltd. in 2010 where he was a Director, Private Equity Fund Investments until 2017. In 2018, Mr Chue joined Azalea Investment Management Pte. Ltd. as its Managing Director, Head of Private Equity Funds and in April 2021, he was promoted to as its Chief Investment Officer.



BOEY SOUK-TANN
(NON-EXECUTIVE AND INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR)

Ms Boey Souk-Tann obtained her Law Degree from the National University of Singapore in year 1992 and was called to the Singapore Bar in 1993. She is also admitted on the Roll of Solicitors of England and Wales in a non-practising capacity. Ms Boey specialises in banking, corporate and real estate matters and has close to 20 years of experience as both in-house and private legal practitioner. Ms Boey started her career with the Legal Service where she served with the Ministry of National Development as legal officer, and then with the Attorney-General Chambers as State Counsel. Thereafter, Ms Boey joined Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited as its in-house legal counsel, covering legal and operational aspects of audit, operations, regulatory compliance and corporate banking. In 1999, Ms Boey joined Khattar Wong & Partners dealing in banking, finance and property matters and in 2011, she joined LegalStandard LLP as a partner where she specialises in corporate, banking and real estate matters. With effect from 1 April 2022, Souk-Tann joined LegalWorks Law Corporation as a director specialising in banking, corporate and real estate matters.

## **EXECUTIVE OFFICERS**



CAI JINGREN, JOHN (GROUP FINANCIAL CONTROLLER)

Mr Cai Jingren John is in charge of overseeing all aspects of finance and accounting functions within our Group. He graduated from SIM University of London in 2008 with a Bachelor of Science degree in Business and is a Chartered Accountant. Mr Cai started his career at Deloitte & Touche LLP ("Deloitte") as an Audit Associate. He was responsible for audits of local listed companies and multi-national corporations. He left Deloitte in 2013 and joined Oxley Holdings Limited as the Finance Manager where he supported the CFO and oversaw all aspects of finance and accounting functions within the group. In 2015, he left Oxley Holdings Limited and joined KTL Global Limited as the Financial Controller. In 2019, he joined our Group as its Group Financial Controller and oversees the finance, accounting and administration functions of the Group.

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## CORPORATE INFORMATION

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

LIM CHUAN POH

(Non-Executive and Independent Chairman)

ONG SHEN CHIEH (WANG SHENGJIE)

(Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer)

**CHUE EN YAW** 

(Non-Executive and Independent Director)

**BOEY SOUK-TANN** 

(Non-Executive and Independent Director)

#### **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

CHUE EN YAW (Chairman) LIM CHUAN POH BOEY SOUK-TANN

#### NOMINATING COMMITTEE

BOEY SOUK-TANN (Chairman) LIM CHUAN POH CHUE EN YAW

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

LIM CHUAN POH (Chairman) BOEY SOUK-TANN CHUE EN YAW

### **COMPANY SECRETARIES**

CAI JINGREN, JOHN LIM KOK MENG

### **REGISTERED OFFICE**

38 Jalan Pemimpin #05-03 M38 Singapore 577178 Tel: (65) 6745 1668

### **SHARE REGISTRAR**

IN.CORP CORPORATE SERVICES PTE. LTD.

30 Cecil Street #19-08 Prudential Tower Singapore 049712

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR**

**BDO LLP** 

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants 600 North Bridge Road #23-01 Parkview Square Singapore 188778

### **PARTNER-IN-CHARGE**

Yeo Siok Yong (Appointed since financial year ended 31 December 2020)

## PRINCIPAL BANKERS

UNITED OVERSEAS BANK LIMITED

### **CONTINUING SPONSOR**

RHT CAPITAL PTE. LTD.

6 Raffles Quay #24-02

Singapore 048580

Registered Professional: Mr Khong Choun Mun

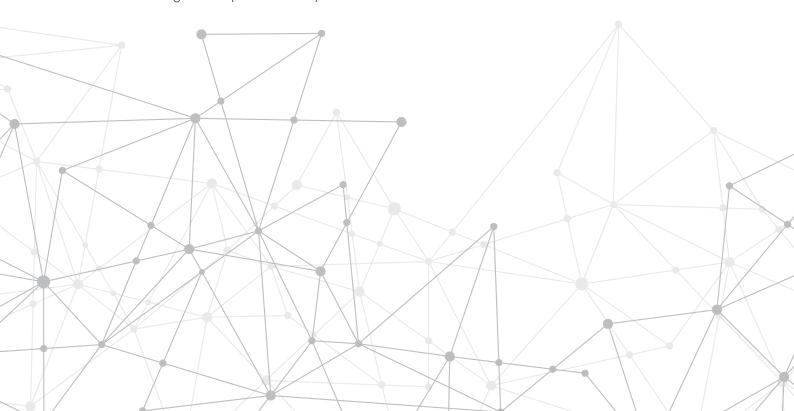
## **BOARD'S STATEMENT**

Dear Stakeholders,

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of V2Y Corporation Limited ("V2Y" or "Company", and together with its subsidiaries, the "Group" and "we") is pleased to present the sustainability report for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 ("FY2021"). The Board has overall responsibility for sustainability and incorporates environmental, social and governance ("ESG") factors in the formulation of our corporate strategy. They review, approve V2Y's key material ESG factors and provide oversight to the senior management in the implementation of sustainability efforts across all business units. These issues identified from ESG factors are monitored by senior management.

As the COVID-19 pandemic still imposes a major impact on the economic landscape, coupled with rising inflation and global chip shortage, many industries including those of the Group's main customers are under the hit of these factors. The Group had experienced decrease in revenue from Insurtech business segment due to slowdown in contracts renewal and new contracts sign up by customers. With the crowd control measures imposed by the Singapore government, there were less retail customers which contributed to lower revenue for the Group's mobile phone screen protection program. However, the Group's view on the long-term outlook of the industry and retail sector remains positive.

The Group is optimistic on the recovery in the retail sector with the ongoing COVID-19 vaccination in Singapore. It is estimated that the number of installed personal computers and tablets will increase post-COVID. As such, the Group remains positive that with the increases in demand for personal computers and tablets, it will likely create more opportunities for the Group's Insurtech business segment. The Group will launch its direct business-to-consumer mobile phone screen protection coverage, known as Device Care Essential, through e-Commerce channel to reach out to more customers. In addition, the Company also captures the opportunities during this period and explores the possibilities on customer diversification, such as sourcing of new products like pet insurance and COVID-19 related insurance.



A sustainable culture is the ultimate goal of the Group, as such, while we strive to achieve continuing growth and profitability for the sustainable environment, we also perceive corporate sustainability as our commitment to creation of long term value for our shareholders, environment and society through innovation and overall operational excellence. We have taken environment conservation initiatives by encouraging waste reducing practices through 3Rs (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) awareness in our workplace to minimise our carbon footprint. Through our Insurtech business in which we provide third-party administration services for our multinational customers as well as individual consumers in the computer, communications and consumer electronics sector, it is at the core sustainable nature as our services enable the extension of life of products.

We also emphasise the importance of responsibility for health, safety and well-being throughout the Group to ensure the working environment are always safe and conducive. One of our core business objectives is to carry out our activities responsibly and with integrity. Our people are expected to behave in an honest and ethical manner in accordance with our policies, business rules and guidelines.

The Group understands that responsible corporate behaviour not only contributes to broad-based future benefits for the community and environment but can also enhance opportunities for business success for the Group. Therefore, our mission as a responsible corporate citizen is to ensure high standards of governance across our business to promote responsible business practices, manage environmental impacts, and meet the social needs of the community in which we operate. We sincerely thank all our dedicated staff and stakeholders for their belief in us and for their unwavering support and effort in helping us towards a more sustainable future throughout this unprecedented period.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Ong Shen Chieh (Wang Shengjie) Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer V2Y Corporation Ltd.



## ABOUT THIS REPORT

## Scope of the report

The Group's sustainability report has been produced in accordance with the Global Reporting Initiatives ("GRI") Standards: Core option covering our performance from 1 January 2021 to 31 December 2021 with the primary focus on environmental, social and governance ("ESG") and economic aspects as well as initiatives undertaken that had impacted the material ESG factors. Unless otherwise stated, the objective, approach, performance and targets of the sustainability topics shall cover the Group's Insurtech business in Singapore.

## **Reporting Framework**

This Sustainability Report has been prepared in compliance with Rule 711B of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") Catalist Rules and with reference to the internationally recognised Global Reporting Initiative ("GRI") Standards – Core Option.

## **Report Content and Quality**

This Sustainability Report aims to provide stakeholders with an overview of the Group's initiatives and strategies in relation to sustainability issues. Through this, we aim to address the key concerns and issues of our stakeholders. To ensure the quality of the content in this Sustainability Report, we have applied GRI's principles of accuracy, balance, clarity, comparability, reliability and timeliness. All the data presented in this Sustainability Report are presented in internationally accepted measurement units. Financial figures are presented in Singapore Dollars unless otherwise stated. The report and data have been internally reviewed by management.

### **Availability**

This Sustainability Report is only available in PDF format and can be downloaded from the SGXNet and on the Company's website https://v2y.si/investor\_relations/.

As part of our ongoing efforts in improving the coverage of our sustainability practices, we welcome stakeholders to submit their questions or feedback on any aspect of our sustainability performance to Sustain@V2Y.si.

## ORGANISATIONAL PROFILE

V2Y Corporation Ltd. is listed on the Singapore Stock Exchange Catalist Board and the Group is focusing on its Insurtech business providing third-party administration services for our multinational customers in the computer, communications and consumer electronics sector in more than 12 countries in Asia. We have over ten years of experience in providing regional third-party administration solutions for extended warranty and accidental damage protection services, and after-sales support and call centre services. Our customers include Fortune 500 companies in the computer, communication and consumer electronics or 3C sector. We have provided services to our corporate customers from countries across Asia including Singapore, India, Hong Kong and Malaysia.

## Our products are:





- Provides Repair or Replacement options. Covers the repair and replacement of original parts and components in the event of mechanical and/or electrical breakdown.
- The term for Extended Care Service Plan will only begin upon expiry of the original standard manufacturer's warranty.



#### **Smart Care Plus**

- Provides coverage in the event of Accidental and/or Liquid Damages
- Provides Extended Warranty upon expiry of the original standard manufacturer's warranty.
- Provides Repair or Replacement options. Covers the repair and replacement of original parts and components in the event of mechanical and/or electrical breakdown.



### **Replacement Care**

- · Replacement Care is designed to minimise 'Repair Time'.
- Provides Replacement option. In the event the new product fails to operate due to mechanical and/or electrical breakdown, a new replacement will be offered in lieu of the product being repaired.
- The term for Replacement Care Service Plan will only begin upon expiry of the original standard manufacturer's warranty.



## **Device Care**

 Device Care is a care plan to cover the damage costs to the devices, primarily the consumer's phone. The coverage supplements the phone's manufacturer warranty and enable the phone user to use their devices with a peace of mind.

### Our supply chain

We adopt sustainable supply chain by ensuring our core values are integrated through the Group's supply chain into the life cycle of the Group's products and services. As such, we have stringent requirements for quality and therefore engage reputable service providers (i.e. insurers) who abide by global environmental, social and governance standards.

We routinely conduct due diligence on insurers for the assessment of compliance with required licence and industry standards. Additionally, we continue to source responsibly for partners who share and promote a sustainable future and actively engage them in strategic partnerships. Frequent discussions and meetings are held with our service providers or insurers for experience sharing and improvement opportunities within our supply chain.

## **OUR SUSTAINABILITY STATEMENT**

### **Our Vision**

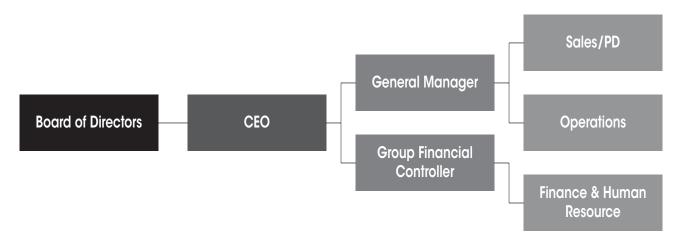
To create sustainable commerce and champion positive change.

### **Our Mission**

To partner our customers through adding values to their products and creating exceptional post-sales service experience, to achieve profitability and to create a sustainable business together.

## **OUR SUSTAINABILITY MANAGEMENT**

A Sustainability Management Committee ("SRMC") which comprises of Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), the Group Financial Controller as well as the respective department heads and middle management team is established to review the Company's sustainability and corporate social responsibility goals as well as to monitor the Company's performance and progress in achieving the goals and the undertaking of the materiality assessment. The SRMC is led by the Board of Directors who drives the sustainability agenda and considered sustainability issues as part of its strategic formulation. The Board is operationally supported by the CEO and he is assisted by Group Financial Controller and General Manager, who works with the respective Department Heads and middle management team, as set out below.



Our Board reviews the ESG factors identified as material to our business and considers stakeholder priorities in setting goals and targets for the Group. Performance is closely monitored and reviewed by the Board on a regular basis. The Board also provides ongoing guidance to Management on effective implementation and monitoring of the relevant sustainability related initiatives and indicators.

## STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT

Stakeholder engagement and responding to their feedback and needs are V2Y's way of doing business and ensuring long-term success. We determine the material topics based on their materiality to our business and our stakeholders. There are several groups of stakeholders with whom we engage regularly through many different platforms. The stakeholders' feedback and suggestions help adjust our strategy and operate in a transparent and accountable manner. The following table summarises our key stakeholders, engagement channels and key areas of concern.

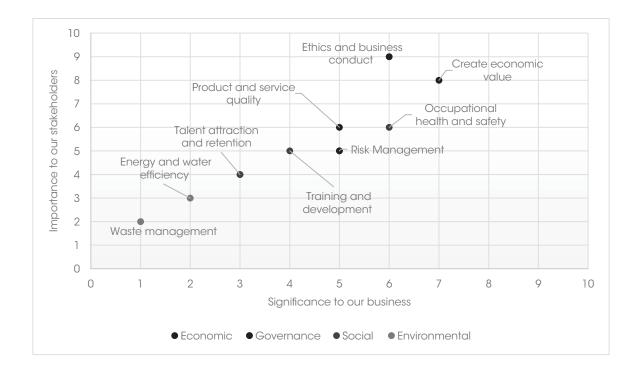
Stakeholder	Engagement channels	Frequency	Key areas of concern
Employees	Code of Conduct and Group's policies which are included in the Staff Handbook and made available to employees during orientation	On-going	<ul> <li>Fair and transparent employment practices in the workplace;</li> <li>Work environment safety and welfare; and</li> <li>COVID-19 Safe Management Measures at workplace</li> </ul>
	Performance appraisal	Annual	<ul> <li>Areas of improvement;</li> <li>Good merit-based compensation system; and</li> <li>Creation of effective development plan</li> </ul>
	Training and development	Ad-hoc	<ul> <li>Professional knowledge and compliance;</li> <li>Career progression; and</li> <li>Learning and growth opportunities</li> </ul>
Insurers	V2Y's network (e.g. writer and broker) through online meeting and calls	On-going	<ul> <li>Establishing and maintaining strong business relationships with accredited insurers; and</li> <li>Prompt payment cycles</li> </ul>
End Users (B2B – Corporate Customers and B2C – Direct Customer)	Feedback	Annual	Timely and quality customer service
Shareholders	Annual report and sustainability report	Annual	<ul> <li>Financial performance and position;</li> <li>Business strategy and outlook; and</li> <li>Sustainability of business</li> </ul>
	Announcements on SGXNet	Ad-hoc	Timeliness, completeness, transparent and accuracy of announcements
	Media releases	Ad-hoc	Timeliness, completeness, transparent and accuracy of media releases
Regulators	Correspondence and meetings with government agencies and statutory bodies, participation on industry and local councils collaborations	Ad-hoc	<ul><li>Regulatory compliance</li><li>Good governance</li><li>Safety at work</li></ul>
Community	Sustainability report	Annual	<ul> <li>Corporate social conduct;</li> <li>Safe and sustainable environment; and</li> <li>Public health and communicable diseases.</li> </ul>

## MATERIALITY ASSESSMENT

Materiality assessments are one of the most important steps in sustainability reporting. They help the Group identify material issues which matters the most to the Group's business and stakeholders. Our sustainability approach is designed based on the feedback and concerns raised by the stakeholders. Management then assesses factors which have significant impacts on the economy, environment, society and governance. Material sustainability matters were plotted on a materiality matrix and each issue was then prioritised on a scale of '1 to 10' as shown in the table below. This matrix shows their relative position according to the degree of stakeholder interest and potential business impact.

The materiality matrix formalises our approach to reporting and prioritises our responsible business efforts towards economy, environment, society and governance. Based on our review in FY2021, the materiality matrix is deemed current and relevant to both the businesses and the external environment. Creating economic value has been our priority and significance to our stakeholders in building a business with sustainable growth. Conversely, waste management and energy and water efficiency are considered as less material to our stakeholder and the Group as our business nature generates less environmental footprint. Nevertheless, we are taking reasonable steps to minimise energy consumption as well as waste management despite our direct ecological footprint is relatively small.

After understanding and evaluating the feedback from our stakeholders, we have summarised their main concerns into nine factors which should be prioritised by the Group. Going forward, we will continually re-evaluate and review these topics and their performance to ensure they remain relevant in the business environment.



## **MATERIAL TOPICS**

Topic	Why is this material for us and stakeholders	How we are addressing the issue
Economic Aspect		
Creating economic value	We are committed to delivering long- term value for our shareholders and other stakeholders, by striving to achieve long-term profitability.	
Product and service quality	excellent customer service are our top priorities. We are committed to building a reputation for quality and meeting our customers' expectations.	and innovate further. We value the feedback from our customers and we will continue to provide them with quality product and customer service.
Environmental Aspect		
Waste management	of protecting the environment by promoting environmentally friendly practices within the Group.  Despite our minimal waste creation, we are committed to adhering to our	our 3Rs (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) awareness and education initiatives are already in progress.  We have also reduced the usage of physical screen crack card and have it replaced by electronic/online submission. This is to reduce plastic
Energy and water efficiency	conservation efforts and reduce water	In the workplace, employees have developed a culture of reducing electricity and water usage. Our employees are encouraged to set power save mode for desktops and notebooks, and to switch off airconditioning and lights during lunch time and after office hours.  We are committed to understanding and reducing operational water footprint, advocating an effective water consumption policy and encouraging our employees on water saving habits

Topic	Why is this material for us and stakeholders	How we are addressing the issue
Social Aspect		
Talent attraction and retention	Our Group endeavours to ensure attractive remuneration packages are offered to recruit and retain talents. The remuneration packages include all staff welfare and benefits prescribed by the local authorities, applicable labour laws and regulations. This enables us to maintain our competitive edge and expand in the market.	equal opportunities in terms of equitable remuneration, promotion and career development in order to retain existing talents and as well as to
Occupational health and safety	and well-being of our employees are the foundations of our success. We believe that keeping our people safe is our top responsibility as a company. It is one of the core values for us,	safety within the Group. Safety training courses which help address the major sources of known risk are conducted
Training and development	employees is crucial to our success. We constantly provide learning and development opportunities for our people to better themselves through	arises, so that they can execute their roles and responsibilities efficiently.

#### Topic Why is this material for us and How we are addressing the issue stakeholders **Governance Aspect** Ethics and business We always emphasise high standards of The Board of Directors of the Group conduct recognises the importance of corporate corporate governance, accountability, professionalism, and integrity as governance and is committed we believe that good corporate to maintaining high standards to governance is key to ensuring the safeguard the interests of the Group's sustainability of our business. We shareholders as well as enhance acknowledge that appropriate people, corporate value and accountability. processes and structures are crucial to direct and manage the business and The Group has formulated a Code of Conduct ("Code") which sets out the guidelines and practices, and is affairs of the Group in order to build a sound corporate governance. made available to all employees. All our employees including management are expected to understand, internalise and abide by it. In our formalised Code of Business Ethics and Conduct policy, we have established zero tolerance towards corruption and fraud. In addition, we have implemented a whistleblowing policy in keeping with our commitment to the highest level of corporate governance. Employees can report workplace misconduct or any suspected wrongdoings to the Audit Committee Chairman in good faith and confidentially. We are committed to storing and protecting our customers' data in a safe and secure manner. Hence, we have put in place processes to protect our stakeholders' personal data through the privacy policy and our compliance with the Personal Data Protection Act 2012 as well as Personal Data Protection (Amendment) Act An annual enterprise risk management exercise is carried out by the Risk management Enterprise risk management helps an organisation in assessing the business environment as well as identifying management. We constantly evaluate potential risks and opportunities for its the potential risks, as well as closely sustainability. monitor the status, effectiveness of risks mitigation measures and strategy implementation to report to the Board. At V2Y, we value risk management in formulation of the Group's strategic objectives. The enterprise In addition, we seek new opportunities risk management exercise enables and leverage on them in order to maintain the sustainable growth of the us to identify the risks as well as seize potential opportunities for our Group. sustainable environment. As our operations involve the collection of large volume of customer's personal data, management of risks and threats is important to ensure that we comply

with the regulations and our customers' data are protected and secure.

## **ECONOMIC**

## Objective

Our aims are to innovate our Insurtech business through the use of technology innovation and create affordable insurance experiences that is unlike the traditional insurance, as well as create long-term economic value for our stakeholders.

## **Approach**

### (a) Creating Economic Value

With the COVID-19 pandemic continuing to evolve and disrupt the global economy, the operating environment for FY2021 remained uncertain and challenging. Nevertheless, we are committed to delivering long-term value for our shareholders and other stakeholders, by striving to achieve long-term profitability and adopt strategies through the following:

### Innovating Insurtech business model

Our Insurtech business provides third-party administration and value-added services to help our brand partners in the computer, communication and consumer electronics sectors manage and execute their extended warranty and accidental damage protection programmes. Leveraging on our technology platform and ecosystem, the Group is looking to expand its Insurtech business by extending existing offerings and exploring new products to its brand partners, channel partners and end consumers.

Our customers in the Insurtech Business mainly include manufacturers, distributors and retailers of laptops, digital tablets and mobile phones, which include Fortune 500 companies in computer, communication and consumer electronics or 3C sector. We have provided services to our corporate customers from countries across Asia including Singapore, India, Hong Kong and Malaysia.



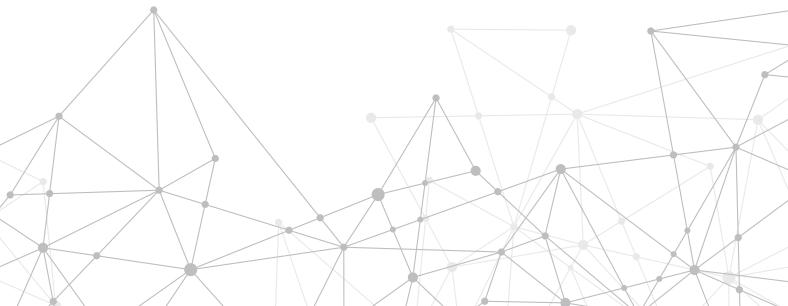
We serve as an administrative intermediary between our corporate customers and the insurance partners by reducing the administrative burden borne by both parties. We enable the extended warranty value chain by allowing manufacturers and retailers to outsource vital processes for their extended warranty programmes. Our products are Smart Care, Smart Care Plus, Extended Care, Replacement Care and we have recently launched two new products, Device Care and Device Shield. Device Care is a 12-month coverage for costs of repairing damage to the phone screen. If the phone screen is damaged, there will be zero excess and all repairs are done at the brand's authorised repair centres. More details on our products are available at "https://v2y.si/products/"and "https://devicecare.com.sg/".

With rising global affluence and a strong automation trend driving the increasing global demand for electronic devices, the global Insurtech market is projected to grow. During the year in review, the Group experienced some short-term impacts on our Insurtech business brought about by a slowdown in renewal of contracts by customers due to the uncertainty during the pandemic period. This could be shown from a downtick of 38.4% in our revenue FY2021 (S\$1.09 million) as compared to FY2020 (S\$1.77 million). We anticipate that demand for laptops, digital tablets and mobile phones will increase as businesses and schools are adapting to new norms, modifying in-person interactions for more activities to be conducted remotely and virtually in the form of work from home and online learning. The Group remains focused on its Insurtech business and will continue to explore opportunities to expand and improve its business performance planning for new products through internal.

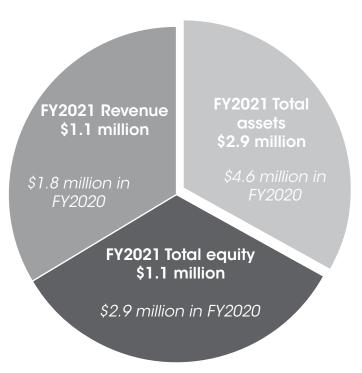
Going forward, we expect our Insurtech business to benefit from this trend. As such, we are confident that such trends will bring about sustainable positive growth for our Insurtech business in 2022.

#### (b) Product and Customer Service Quality

Providing quality product and excellent customer service are our top priorities. We are committed to building a reputation for quality and meeting our customer's expectations. By providing the best product and excellent services that meet or exceed our customer expectations, it will lead to customer satisfaction, and this would build a sustainable business relationship with them. We appreciate the feedback from our customers as it serves as a tool for us to improve and to innovate further. Based on our record, we have received a total of 5 positive feedback from the customers and the outlet partners in FY2021. In this matter, we have formed a dedicated Operation Team and Claim Specialist to address our customers' queries and feedback. In addition, we have established key performance indicators for our customer service staff to monitor response rate to customers' concerns and feedback.



Our Group's performance



Economic Performance in FY2021		
FY2021 Target	Performance Update	
To continue launching more innovative insurance products	Designed difference type of insurance products to attract existing/new customers. Managed to launch two new products, Device Care and Device Shield.	
To increase customer base for existing and newly launched products	Expanded customer range to B2C, and sell products directly through online platform.	
Economic Target for FY2022		
FY2022 Target	Action plan	
To expand our range of insurance products	We are sourcing and venturing into pet insurance and COVID insurance.	
To improve or maintain financial performance	To explore more business opportunities and enhance our product and customer service quality.	

## **ENVIRONMENTAL**

## Objective

We are dedicated to being an environmentally aware and socially responsible corporation through integration of eco-friendly practices in our corporate strategies and decisions to minimise our environmental footprint.

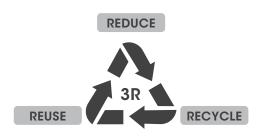
## Approach

With global warming on the increase, climate change across the world and natural resources enduring more strain than ever, it is increasingly important for companies to take their environmental performance seriously, including us. Apart from economic and social considerations, environmental sustainability is always one of our principles to be upheld. While we generally do not generate any major environmental concerns, the Group is conscious of complying with all applicable environmental laws, guidelines and regulations and it is our commitment to reduce waste and conserve natural resources.

## (a) Waste Management

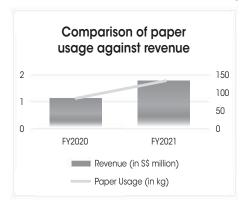
As a responsible corporation, we have been focusing on the importance of protecting the environment by promoting environment-friendly practices in the Group. Our waste reducing practices through our 3Rs (Reduce, Reuse and Recycle) awareness and education initiatives are already in progress. The major waste created by our daily operations is paper.

Despite our minimal waste creation, we are committed to adhering to our national vision towards a Zero Waste Nation and a Leading Green Economy by exploring ways to integrate the value of 3Rs in our daily operations, such as reducing the usage of papers. We have always been encouraging our people to adopt electronic means of sharing and storing documents, and to reduce printing and photocopying by using double-sided printing and recycled paper. Furthermore, we have implemented



a paperless operating environment by issuing e-invoices and e-statements to our customers as well as encouraging e-payment in our daily operations.

To achieve our objective in reducing the usage of paper, we monitor paper consumption as well. In



FY2021, we consumed 133.5kg of paper as compared to 38.5kg of paper in FY2020. The Group revenue had decreased from \$\$1.8 million in FY2020 to \$\$1.1 million in FY2021. The increment is largely due to more operational activities in FY2021 compared to FY2020. Such activities include the Group increase in marketing activities and program launch in its effort to acquire more projects. In addition, the Group had begun to resume partial work from office and as a result more printing carried out. Despite the increase in paper usage in FY2021, it is still relatively lower than FY2019 where 250kg of paper were consumed.

Besides our effort in reducing paper usage, we also recycle used toner cartridges and encourage our staff to use recyclable items to reduce plastic waste, such as carrying a reusable lunchbox and cutlery, reusable bottle and paper bag.

Our efforts in overall waste management have been made possible with the support and cooperation of everyone in the Group. We will continue to explore ways to extend our commitment to creating a paperless operating environment and a sustainable corporation.

## (b) Energy and Water Efficiency

The Group seeks to maximise energy conservation efforts and reduce water wastage to achieve our goal of reducing our environmental footprint. In the workplace, the employees have developed a culture of reducing electricity and water usage. Our employees are encouraged to set power save mode for desktops and notebooks as well as switch off air-conditioning and lights during lunch time and after office hours. By minimising energy consumption, we can lower our operational cost and reduce our carbon footprint. Moreover, to minimise energy usage, energy-saving lightbulbs are used whenever possible throughout our operations, and we turn off lights when they are not needed. The Group is continuously looking for ways to improve energy efficiency in business operations.

Water is a limited resource, as the world continues to advance and the global population continues to grow, an increasing strain is being placed on the supply of clean water. As such, water conservation is therefore an area that our Group is working on, both improving the water efficiency as well as educating our employees in water saving methods such as to stop a running water tap.

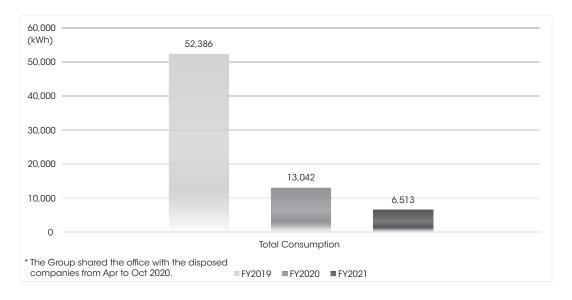


### Our Performance

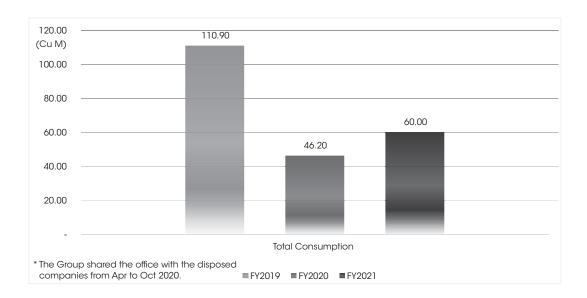
In FY2021, all environmental laws and regulations in the jurisdictions we operate in were adhered to and there were no fines or penalties incurred related to any non-compliance with environmental laws and regulations.

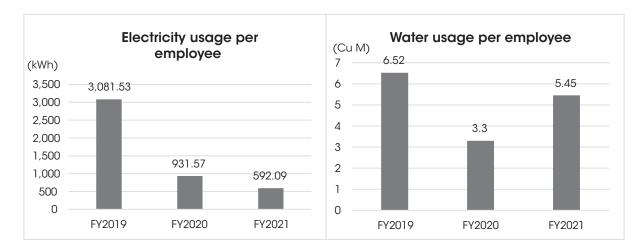


Our electricity consumption for office in 2019, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:



Our water consumption for office in 2019, 2020 and 2021 was as follows:





<sup>#</sup> Based on total number of 17 employees in FY2019, 14 employees in FY2020 and 11 employees in FY2021.

In comparison to FY2020 performance, our electricity usage at our office had reduced from 13,042 kWh to 6,513 kWh, mainly as a result of us shifting to a smaller office in April 2020. As for our water usage, there was an increase of usage from 46 Cu M in FY2020 to 60 Cu M in FY2021 mainly due to increase in cleaning and sanitisation of the office during the COVID-19 period.

Environmental Performance in FY2021			
FY2021 Target	Performance Update		
	There were no fines and penalties incurred for non-compliance to the environmental law and regulations.		
Continue to improve electricity and water efficiency.	Reduced electricity usage from 13,042kWh in FY2020 to 6,513kWh in FY2021 with approximately 104% of reduction.  Water efficiency target was not hit as a result from increment of 12% in water usage in FY2021 as compared against FY2020.		
Environmental T	Environmental Target for FY2022		
FY2022 Target	Action plan		
Continuously maintain zero fines and penalties incurred for non-compliance to the environmental law and regulations.	Adhere to the environmental laws and regulations as set by the authorities.		
	Educate our people on the importance of energy conservation and ways to reduce electricity usage.		

## SOCIAL

## Objective

Corporate citizenship is a core component of our corporate responsibility strategy. The Group's professional ethics and integrity are always upheld when carrying out business operations.

## **Approach**

Our team is made up of people with vast experience and strong industry background. We proactively provide opportunities for growth and development for talents in the organisation, through targeted development plans and succession planning. To ensure our long-term sustainability, we continuously invest time and effort in recruiting, upskilling, engaging and rewarding talents/employees.

#### (a) Talent Attraction and Retention

### Competitive and equitable remuneration

Our Group endeavours to ensure attractive remuneration packages are offered to recruit and retain talents. The remuneration packages include all staff welfare and benefits prescribed by the local authorities, applicable labour laws and regulations. This enables us to maintain our competitive edge and expand in the market.

We appreciate that employing the right people with necessary skills and talents that match the Group's culture and structure can be a challenge, and hence value our existing employees' efforts and loyalty. We provide all our employees with opportunities in terms of equitable remuneration, promotion and career development to enhance our Group's employee retention mechanisms and talent attraction ability. A formal and systematic performance appraisal is carried out to ensure that performance expectations, results as well as feedback are clearly discussed. Expectations for the following year are also clearly communicated to the employees during the appraisal.

An annual salary review is performed for all employees based on the results of performance appraisals and employees are rewarded according to their performance. This motivates our employee to perform better at work as they are rewarded based on a fair merit-based compensation system. Besides that, we review our salary range structure on a periodic basis to ensure that we comply with manpower regulations while remaining competitive.

### Employee benefits and welfare

We value and promote our employees' well-being and work-life balance. As such, all our employees are given flexible working schedules where they are allowed to vary their daily work start and end times to suit their work and personal commitments. We believe that giving our employees the freedom to work on flexible hours boosts employee satisfaction and also increases productivity.

In addition, we also adopt all benefits and welfare practices which conform to the manpower legislations, such as outpatient/dental expenses reimbursement, travel expenses claim, entertainment expenses reimbursement for managerial levels, parental leave and stock ownership.

### Human rights and freedom of association

We respect the principles of freedom of association, the rights to collective bargaining, non-discrimination and harassment, meritocratic and progressive human resource practices, and advocate the elimination of forced or child labour. All employees under the Group are entitled to practise freedom of association within the regulatory limits of jurisdiction.

### Diversity

At V2Y, we believe discrimination hinders people from living up to their full potential, and creates inequality, less stable and prosperous societies. Talent is diverse by nature and we aim to build a diverse workforce by offering the same opportunities and career progression to our employees as well as governance bodies regardless of age, gender, race and nationality.

We recognise the value of a diverse workforce in providing different perspectives and fostering innovative thinking to solve business challenges. As such, we consistently promote a working culture that values differences to achieve better business results. We recruit employees based on their skills, experience and ability to perform the job as opposed to their background. We strongly believe that diversity and non-discrimination are important for long-term sustainability of our business.

In addition, we believe in diversity and values the benefits that diversity can bring to our Board. We have our Board members comprised of talented and dedicated directors with a diverse mix of skills, expertise, gender, age and independence.

## (b) Occupational Health and Safety

The Group recognises that the safety and well-being of our employees is the foundation of our success. Hence, we strive to provide a safe and healthy environment for our employees and to ensure safe practices in all aspects of our business operations. It is not only a core value for us, but is also part of the expectation from our employees, their families and the community.

We always emphasise a "Safety First" culture in the Group. Continuous training and coaching are important components to encourage a culture of safety within the Group. Safety training which helps address the major sources of known risk are conducted for our employees. We conduct scheduled safety drills such as fire and evacuation, as well as falling ill on-site, to ensure that employees are well-trained to handle emergency situations. Besides that, inspection of firefighting equipment is carried out on a regular basis to ensure workplace safety. We are constantly reviewing our policies and management systems on Occupational Health and Safety to check that they are effective, appropriate and can be continually used in the organisation.

Amid the outbreak of COVID-19 pandemic, the Company has put in place safety measures that are aligned with the Singapore Government's advisories. To minimise the risk of infection, we allow our employees to work from home on a scheduled arrangement and we split our employees into teams according to the Singapore Government's requirements for safe management measures of 50% employees being allowed to return to the office. Furthermore, we have also put in place enhanced cleaning regimes, reminders to employees on keeping protective masks on at all times and other safe workplace protocols to ensure that our employees are protected from the risks of the virus infection. In addition, we continue to encourage meetings to be conducted virtually to minimise the need for physical meetings and business travels.

All our employees are covered under basic medical insurance and benefits programme, which insure them against any injury or illness that requires medical, surgical or hospital treatment, sustained in the course of employment. We also provide health medical cards to our employees to take care of their physical well-being. We are committed in making Occupational Safety and Health ingrained into our organisational culture and behaviour.

#### (c) Training and Development

We strongly believe that cultivating our employees is crucial to our success. We constantly provide learning and development opportunities for our people to better themselves through internal courses or on-the-job training. We invest in our employees through various professional development opportunities and training programme such as Excel Advance, Insurance Continuing Professional Development, Continuing Professional Education ("CPE") under Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants ("ISCA") and Certified Data Analyst to develop their skillset and equip them with the necessary knowledge for career advancement. On-the-job training and guidance are also provided to the employees as the need arises, so that they can execute their roles and responsibilities efficiently. We believe that with training and development, our people will be equipped with the skills and knowledge to remain relevant and competitive in the industry.

In FY2021, we sent 6 employees to attend the following training and development programmes held by reputable training organisations as follows:

Course Programme	Training service provider	Number of employees
Advance Excel Course	Itel Learning System (S) Pte Ltd	3
Insurance training	General Insurance Association of Singapore	1
Finance and Account CDP	ISCA	1
Certified Data Analyst	JCube Institute	1

We are pleased to report that in FY2021, we managed to clock over 193 hours in training and development which is an average of 17.5 training hours per employee as compared to only 2.3 hours per employee in FY2020.

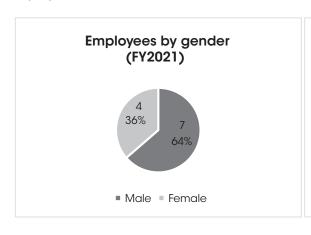
We understand that consistent and ongoing training and development is important to maintaining a competitive, skilled, productive and motivated workforce. Employee career development and performance management are established based on merits and skill sets required towards the organisation objectives through objective settings and regular performance reviews. We continue to review and improve our career development and performance review process in light of the changing business and operation environment.

We recognise that training requirements vary depending on the levels of management responsibilities, and our training programmes cover a variety of areas catering for employees with different job scopes and skillsets requirements. By having an annual performance appraisal, we can identify the gaps and needs of each employee and develop a more suitable training plan for our people. With proper training plans, we can then invest in the right training and development programmes for our employees.

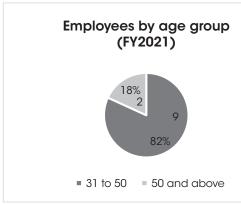
#### **Our Performance**

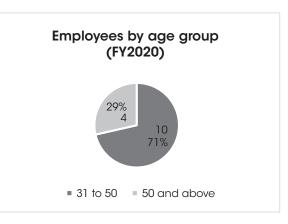
In FY2021, there were no incidents of severe or fatal workplace injuries. We fully complied with manpower regulations and there were no reported incidents of child labour, forced or compulsory labour and discrimination in the reporting year.

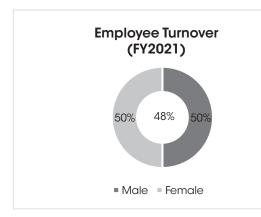
Our employee statistics are as follows:

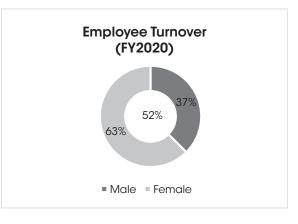






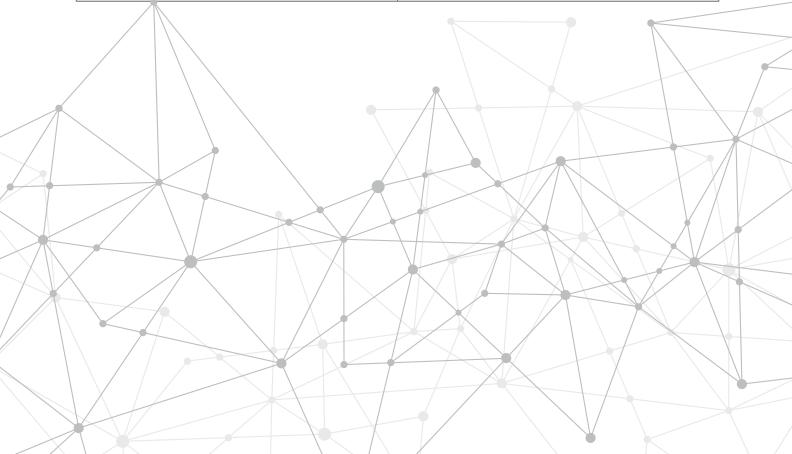






In FY2021, there was no new employees and 3 employees resigned. 7 (64%) employees are male, and 4 (36%) employees are female. Most of our employees are aged between 31 to 50 years old which is 82% of our manpower. Employee turnover rate had been decreased from 52% in FY2020 to 48% in FY2021 due to our enhanced employee retention mechanism such as dental benefit for the employees, more flexible working arrangement for the employees, organising company lunch gathering, etc.

Social Performance in FY2021			
FY2021 Target	Performance Update		
To continue providing training and development courses for employees	Managed to clock over 193 hours in training and development which is an average of 17.5 training hours per employee.		
To maintain zero workplace incidents reported	There was no workplace incident reported.		
Social Target for FY2022			
FY2022 Target	Action Plan		
	To build a training plan for each employee and to		
program for each level of employee	source for relevant external training. To include key vendors who provide e-commerce/ marketing training, insurance and other relevant course in the training programme.		



#### GOVERNANCE

#### Objective

We seek to establish our corporate image based on ethical business conduct and our commitment to transparency and accountability to stakeholders.

#### **Approach**

(a) Corporate Governance, Business Ethics and Anti-Corruption

At V2Y, we always emphasise high standards of corporate governance, accountability, professionalism, and integrity as we believe that good corporate governance is key to ensuring the sustainability of our business.

In line with our priorities to deliver sustainable growth to our stakeholders, the Board of Directors of the Group is committed to maintaining a system of effective compliance and governance regimes to ensure accountability and transparency in carrying out our business activities and sustainability efforts. We conduct our business in a ethical and efficient manner whilst adhering to the principles and guidelines of the Singapore Code of Corporate Governance 2018 and other applicable laws and regulations.

The key activities and business strategies of the Group are reviewed and evaluated by our Board at least twice a year. Sustainability matters are incorporated into the Group's strategy formulations.

Key information of our Directors is available in the "Board of Directors" section of our Annual Report pages 12 to 13.

Our business is conducted through the application of ethical business practices and to build trust and confidence among our stakeholders and investors. The Group has formulated a Code of Conduct ("Code") which sets out the guidelines and practices that our employees, including management, are expected to understand, internalise and abide by. The Code is in our Staff Handbook which is made available to the employees during their orientation and a copy of it is available in HR Portal (Whyze System) for the employees' reading.

#### Anti-corruption

Corruption of any kind is not tolerated in V2Y. In our formalised Code of Business Ethics and Conduct policy, which is made available to all employees, we have established zero tolerance towards corruption and fraud. When it comes to business ethics, we hold ourselves to the highest standards by fighting against any kind of bribery and corruption. We will review and investigate any alleged acts of corruption and bribery are reported. Formal disciplinary proceedings will be initiated for any unethical conduct or malpractice relating to corruption or fraud. Our employees are expected to uphold high ethical standards in accordance with our Code of Business Ethics and Conduct.



#### Whistleblowing

V2Y has implemented a whistleblowing policy, and employees can report workplace misconduct or any suspected wrongdoings to the Audit Committee Chairman in good faith and confidentially. The Audit Committee Chairman escalates whistle-blower reports received to the Board during the Board meetings. The Audit Committee can also conduct independent inquiries into any complaints and take necessary action in response to the findings. V2Y is dedicated to open communication to ensure that all issues are handled honestly and appropriately. We view any harassment or victimisation (including informal pressures) towards the whistle-blower seriously and will take appropriate action to protect those who raise concerns in good faith.



#### Data protection and information confidentiality

We view data protection and information confidentiality seriously as we routinely collect large amounts of customers' data due to the nature of our business. We aim to maintain impeccable data privacy and security to deliver sustainable growth and to protect our customers' interests.

Customers' data is collected upon registration for product warranty activation or purchase of any of our services. We understand the concerns of our customers in terms of data protection and collect minimal levels of customers' personal data.



To ensure sustainability of our business, we have established our privacy policy on our corporate website to show our transparency and accountability to our stakeholders. This would eventually build the trust of our customers when we collect and store their data. Our privacy policy covers the following aspects of data protection:

- Explains the types of information we collect;
- When was the consent given for our collection of personal data;
- How do we retain and use personal data;
- When do we disclose personal data;
- Importance of providing us accurate and complete personal data;
- Opt-out procedure; and
- Queries in relation to our privacy policy.

We have additionally put in place reasonable security measures to protect personal data such as password protection, encryption, locked and restricted access to authorised personnel on a need-to-know basis, and retaining personal data not longer than necessary to fulfil the legal and business purposes of collection.

We are committed to protecting our stakeholders' personal data and respecting their privacy and fully comply with the Personal Data Protection Act 2012.

#### (b) Enterprise Risk Management

Enterprise risk management is the method and process to manage risks and seize opportunities to achieve the Group's objectives. At V2Y, we value risk management in formulation of the Group's strategic objectives.

As our operations fundamentally deal with risk management and reduction for our customers, management of organisational risks and threats is important to ensure that we comply with the regulations and our customers' data are protected.

Annually, we review our enterprise risk management programme to ensure that we evaluate new risks that arise as we expand our business. We will continue to monitor our enterprise risk management programme to ensure that the risks remain within our risk appetite and mitigated to the best of our ability.

#### **Our Performance**

Through our corporate governance and anti-corruption programme, we have established a good corporate culture within the Group. During FY2021, there was no incident of employee dismissal or disciplinary case for corruption or fraud. In addition, no whistle-blowing reports were received in relation to bribery and corruption in our business dealings, dishonest practices or other improprieties in the workplace.

In FY2021, we have complied with listing requirements and legal regulations and there were no fines or penalties levied on us for non-compliance.

Governance Performance in FY2021			
FY2021 Target	Performance Update		
Zero incidents of bribery or corruptions	Achieved. There was no reported incident of bribery or corruption.		
Zero incidents of non-compliance	Achieved. There was no reported case for non-compliance or breaches.		
Zero complaints received relating to breaches of customer privacy	Achieved. There were no complaints received relating to breaches of customer privacy.		
Governance Target for FY2022			
FY2022 Target	Action plan		
Continue to maintain zero incidents of bribery or corruptions	To continue our zero tolerance towards bribery and corruptions.		
Continue to maintain zero incidents of non-compliance	To continue our zero tolerance towards non-compliance or breaches.		
Continue to maintain zero complaints received relating to breaches of customer privacy	To continue putting our effort and commitment towards protecting our customers' personal data with zero complaints received relating to breaches of customer privacy.		

# GRI CONTENT **INDEX**

GRI Standards	Disclosure No.	Disclosure Title	Page Reference and Reasons for Omission, if applicable
1. Organisational	102-1	Name of the organization	Page 16
profile	102-2	Activities, brands, products, and services	Page 19
	102-3	Location of headquarters	Page 18
	102-4	Location of operations	Page 18
	102-5	Ownership and legal form	Page 18
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	102-7	Scale of the organization	Page 18
	102-8	Information on employees and other workers	Pages 33 - 37
	102-9	Supply chain	Page 19
	102-10	Significant changes to the organization and its supply chain	Page 19
	102-11	Precautionary Principle or approach	Page 21
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2. Strategy	102-14	Statement from senior decision- maker	Pages 16 - 17
3. Ethics and integrity	102-16	Values, principles, standards, and norms of behaviour	Page 20
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5. Stakeholder	102-40	List of stakeholder groups	Page 21
engagement	102-41	Collective bargaining agreements	Not applicable
	102-42	Identifying and selecting stakeholders	Page 21
	102-43	Approach to stakeholder engagement	Page 21
	102-44	Key topics and concerns raised	Page 21

# GRI CONTENT **INDEX**

GRI Standards	Disclosure No.	Disclosure Title	Page Reference and Reasons for Omission, if applicable
6. Reporting practice	102-45	Entities included in the consolidated financial statements	AR 2021 - Corporate Structure
	102-46	Defining report content and topic Boundaries	Page 18
	102-47	List of material topics	Page 23
	102-50	Reporting period	Page 18
	102-51	Date of most recent report	27 April 2021
	102-52	Reporting cycle	Annual
	102-53	Contact point for questions regarding the report	Page 18
	102-54	Claims of reporting in accordance with the GRI Standards	Page 18
	102-55	GRI content index	Pages 42 - 44
	102-56	External assurance	No external assurance sought for this sustainability report
GRI 201: Economic Performance	201-1	Direct economic value generated and distributed	Pages 26 – 28 AR 2021 – Consolidated Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
GRI 205: Anti-Corruption	205-2	Communication and training about anti-corruption policies and procedures	Page 39
	205-3	Confirmed incidents of corruption and actions taken	Page 39
GRI 302: Energy	302-1	Energy consumption within the organisation	Pages 29 - 32
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# GRI CONTENT **INDEX**

GRI Standards	Disclosure No.	Disclosure Title	Page Reference and Reasons for Omission, if applicable
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	401-2	Benefits provided to full-time employees that are not provided to temporary or part-time employees	Pages 33 - 37
GRI 403: Occupational Health and Safety	403-5	Worker training on occupational health and safety	Pages 33 – 37
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GRI 418: Customer Privacy	418-01	Substantiated complaints concerning breaches of customer privacy and losses of customer data	Pages 39 - 40

The Board of Directors (the "Board" or the "Directors") and the management team ("Management") of V2Y Corporation Ltd. (the "Company" and together with its subsidiaries, the "Group") are committed to maintaining a high level of corporate governance to promote greater transparency and safeguard the interests of shareholders, employees, and other stakeholders as well as to promote investors' confidence.

In accordance with Rule 710 of the Listing Manual – Section B: Rules of the Catalist (the "Catalist Rules"), this Corporate Governance report (the "Report") outlines the Company's corporate governance structures and practices that were in place during the financial year ended 31 December 2021 ("FY2021"), with specific reference made to the principles of the Code of Governance 2018 (the "Code"), to protect and enhance the interests and value of its shareholders.

The Company believes that it has substantially complied with the principles and guidelines as set out in the Code where appropriate. Appropriate explanations have been provided in the relevant sections below where there are deviations from the Code.

#### I. BOARD MATTERS

#### PRINCIPLE 1: THE BOARD'S CONDUCT OF ITS AFFAIRS

The Company is headed by an effective Board which is collectively responsible and works with Management for the long-term success of the Company.

The Board's principal roles include promoting long-term shareholder value, setting the strategic direction and establishing goals for Management of the Company and its subsidiaries as well as ensuring proper observance of corporate governance practices. This includes setting the appropriate code of conduct and ethics as well as putting in place the desired organisational culture and tone, and to ensure proper accountability within the Group. In this regard, the Board oversees the business affairs of the Group and works with Management to achieve these goals for the Group.

Provision 1.1 of the Code

The Board has put in place policies and procedures for dealing with conflict of interest. Where a Director faces a conflict of interest, he or she would recuse himself or herself from discussions and refrain from deciding on the issues of conflict. All Directors objectively discharge their duties and responsibilities as fiduciaries and make decisions in the best interest of the Group at all times.

To ensure that the Directors are able to consistently develop and maintain their skills and knowledge, the Company encourages its Directors to attend courses and seminars. The Company relies on and encourages its Directors to regularly update themselves on, *inter alia*, new laws, regulations and changing commercial risks in the industry. Accordingly, information on courses or seminars in relation to the roles and responsibilities as a director of a public listed company as well as revisions to laws or regulations (which are applicable to the Company) are disseminated to Directors.

Provision 1.2 of the Code

The Company also has in place orientation programmes for newly-appointed Directors to ensure that they are familiar with the Group's structure, the Group's business, and its operations. New Director(s) will be expected to undergo orientation with the Company which includes meeting with the Chairman and/or the Executive Director(s) for an introduction to the business of the Company. Newly appointed Directors are encouraged to attend formal courses to familiarise themselves with the regulatory environment in Singapore and the roles and responsibilities as a director of a listed company.

In addition to this, the Company will arrange for new Directors, who do not have prior experience as a director of a public listed company in Singapore, to attend training courses organized by the Singapore Institute of Directors ("SID") or other training institutions in areas such as accounting, legal and industry-specific knowledge, where appropriate, in connection with their duties.

Further to this, the external auditors will also brief the members of the Audit Committee on the developments in accounting standards (where applicable) during the Audit Committee meetings whilst the Company Secretary periodically updates the Board on any changes in the regulatory environment in Singapore as well as those pertaining to the roles and responsibilities of a director of a listed company.

In addition to statutory duties and responsibilities, the Board's duties, including the key matters to be approved by the Board are set out as follows:

Provision 1.3 of the Code

- (a) reviewing and approving key business and financial strategies (taking into consideration sustainability issues) and objectives of the Group;
- (b) reviewing and approving major corporate and/or financial restructuring and/or share issuance;
- (c) reviewing and approving annual budgets of the Group, major transactions, including acquisitions, divestments, investments and capital expenditure;
- (d) reviewing and approving the annual report and audited financial statements;
- (e) reviewing and approving half yearly and full year annual results announcements;
- (f) approving the nomination of Board members and the appointment of key management personnel;
- (g) reviewing the performance of Management;
- (h) providing guidance to the Management;
- (i) ensuring that the necessary financial and human resources are in place for the Group to meet its objectives;

- (j) ensuring that the Group has adequate internal controls, risk management, financial reporting and compliance as well as evaluating the same;
- (k) ensuring the Group's compliance with laws, regulations, policies, directives and guidelines;
- (I) establishing and maintaining the Company's values and standards and ensuring obligations to shareholders and others are understood and met;
- (m) establishing and maintaining an ethical corporate culture that is reflective of the Company's values, standards, policies and practices and encouraging adherence to the Group's internal code of conduct;
- (n) overseeing risk management strategies of the Group; and
- (o) ensuring accurate, adequate and timely reporting to, and communication with shareholders and other key stakeholder groups.

To ensure smooth operations, facilitate decision-making and ensure proper controls, the Board has delegated some of its powers to its committees and Management. In particular, the Board has set up three committees to assist it in effectively discharging its duties. These three committees are the Audit Committee ("AC"), Nominating Committee ("NC"), and Remuneration Committee ("RC") (collectively, the "Board Committees").

Provision 1.4 of the Code

Each of the Board Committees is given specific responsibilities and they are empowered by the Board to deal with matters within the limits of authority set out in their respective terms of reference, which are reviewed on a regular basis by the Board. The AC is responsible for undertaking an independent review of the effectiveness of the financial reporting process and internal control systems of the Company and if required, to make the necessary recommendations to strengthen the necessary processes and controls to the Board. The NC is responsible for reviewing and making the appropriate recommendations to the Board on all board appointments and re-appointments while the RC is responsible for establishing and implementing a framework for remuneration of directors and key management personnel. Accordingly, the Board Committees facilitate the Board's oversight of the Group.

For the purposes of optimising operational efficiency, the Board has delegated the day-to-day operations to Management while reserving key matters (such as corporate restructuring, mergers and acquisitions, investments, acquisitions and disposals of assets, major corporate policies on key areas of operations, the release of the Group's half yearly and annual results, interested person transactions of a material nature, and declaration of interim dividends and proposal of final dividends) for the Board's approval.

Management, in conducting the day-to-day operations of the Group, will be guided by the internal guidelines (such as the approval limits for various expenditures, banking and treasury approval limits and authorised signatories as well as a Compliance Reporting Policy) that clearly set out the matters which must be approved by the Board. In addition, the Board is free to request further clarification and information from Management on all matters within their purview.

Notwithstanding the above delegation of authority by the Board, the ultimate responsibility on all matters lies with the Board.

Generally, the Board convenes scheduled meetings at least twice a year, and *ad-hoc* meetings will be arranged when required (for example to consider proposed corporate actions by the Company or to review corporate action documents). If the Directors are unable to physically attend the Board meetings, such meetings may be conducted via telephone conference, video conference, audio visual or by means of a similar communication equipment where all the Directors participating in the meeting are able to hear each other. In addition, decisions of the Board and/or the Board Committees may also be obtained through circular resolutions.

Provision 1.5 of the Code

Directors' attendance at the Board and the Board Committee meetings during FY2021 are as follows:

Name of Director	Board	Audit	Nominating	Remuneration	
Number of Meetings held					
	4	4	1	1	
Number of Meetings attended					
Lim Chuan Poh	4	4	1	1	
Chue En Yaw	4	4	1	1	
Ong Shen Chieh (Wang Shengjie)	4	4*	1*	1*	
Boey Souk-Tann	4	4	1	1	

<sup>\*</sup> Attendance by invitation

To enable the Directors to better understand the Group's business as well as for them to discharge their respective duties, Management provides regular business updates to the Directors during board meetings. In addition, in order to ensure that each Director is able to contribute in a meaningful manner during Board meetings, Management provides the members of the Board with relevant background information and documents relating to the items of business to be discussed at each Board meeting, such as copies of disclosure documents, budgets, forecasts and internal financial statements, before the meetings.

Provision 1.6 of the Code

Key information relating to the Company's operations and finances are also circulated to the Board via email in a timely manner so that the Directors may monitor the Company's performance as well as the Management's fulfilment of goals and objectives set by the Board.

Further to the above, the Directors are also regularly briefed by the Management on the business activities of the Company as they are responsible for the Company's strategic directions as well as its corporate practices. Accordingly, such briefings by Management ensure that the Directors are kept updated on the day-to-day implementation of such strategic directions and corporate practices.

Complementing the existing orientation programme and periodic updates on the developments in accounting standards and any changes in the regulatory environment in Singapore as well as those pertaining to the roles and responsibilities of a director of a public listed company set out above, the Directors also have separate and independent access to the Management of the Company, including the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), and Group Financial Controller ("Group FC") as well as the Company Secretary of the Company.

Provision 1.7 of the Code

The Company Secretary and/or representatives from the Company Secretary's office attends all meetings of the Board and the Board Committees and prepares the minutes of such meetings. The minutes of such meetings are then circulated to the Board and the Board Committees, as the case may be. The Company Secretary also advises the Board on governance matters and ensures that the procedures for such meetings are in accordance with the Company's Constitution and terms of reference, and that all applicable rules and regulations (including the requirements of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore (the "Companies Act") and the Catalist Rules) are complied with.

Further to the above, the Company Secretary helps to facilitate communications within the Board and the Board Committees and between Management and the Directors. The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary is a matter for the Board as a whole. The Company allows Directors to take independent professional advice on matters affecting the Company, and such costs will be borne by the Company. In addition, Directors have, at all times, unrestricted access to the Company's records and information, Management and the Company Secretary.

#### PRINCIPLE 2: BOARD COMPOSITION AND GUIDANCE

The Board has an appropriate level of independence and diversity of thought and background in its composition to enable it to make decisions in the best interests of the Company.

Presently, the Board comprises the following Directors:

Provision 2.1 of the Code

Name of Directors	Designation
Lim Chuan Poh	Non-Executive and Independent Chairman
Ong Shen Chieh (Wang Shengjie)	Executive Director and CEO
Chue En Yaw	Non-Executive and Independent Director
Boey Souk-Tann	Non-Executive and Independent Director

Further information about the profiles of the Directors are set out on pages 12 to 13 of this Annual Report.

The independence of each of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors is reviewed annually and as and when circumstances require, by the NC, based on the guidelines set forth in the Code as well as Rule 406(3)(d) of the Catalist Rules (collectively, the "Independence Criteria") to ensure that the Board consists of persons who, together, will provide core competencies and independent business judgements and perspectives necessary to meet the Company's objectives. In this regard, after conducting a review, the NC is satisfied that there are no relationships identified by the Code which would deem any of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors not to be independent.

The Chairman of the Board has been assessed by the NC to be independent and as such, there is no requirement for independent directors to make up a majority of the Board.

Provision 2.2 of the Code

Notwithstanding the above, the Company endeavours to maintain a strong and independent element on the Board. The Board currently comprises four (4) members, of whom three (3) are Non-Executive and Independent Directors and one (1) is an Executive Director. In addition, each of the Board Committees is chaired by a Non-Executive and Independent Director which further strengthens the independence element on the Board.

Provision 2.3 of the Code

In light of the foregoing, the Board and the NC are of the view that the Board can exercise independent judgement on corporate affairs and that no one individual or group(s) of individuals dominates any decision-making process.

The Board, through the NC, reviews the size and composition of the Board on an annual basis to ensure that the size and composition of the Board is conducive for the purposes of effective discussion and decision-making. Based on these requirements, the NC and the Board are of the opinion that, for FY2021, its current board size and composition is reasonably effective and efficient considering the nature, scope and size of the Group's business operations.

Provision 2.4 of the Code

The Company has in place a Board Diversity Policy, which endorses the principle that its Board should have a balance of skill, knowledge, experience and diversity of perspectives appropriate to the Group's business to promote the inclusion of different perspectives and ideas. The composition of the Board is reviewed on an annual basis by the NC to ensure that the Board has an appropriate mix of expertise, skill, knowledge, experience and gender diversity, and collectively possesses the necessary core competencies required for the purposes of ensuring that it is able to function effectively and to make informed decisions for the Company.

The NC is of the view that the Board possesses adequate core competencies in areas such as accounting, finance or legal, business or management experience, industry knowledge, strategic planning experience and experience or knowledge that are relevant to the direction of the expansion of the Group. The current Board comprises one (1) female Director and three (3) male Directors with an age group ranging from 45 to 67 years old.

The Non-Executive and Independent Directors participate actively in Board meetings and provide, amongst other things, strategic guidelines to the Company based on their professional knowledge and experience. They also constructively challenge and help develop directions on strategy and review the performance of the Management in the implementation of the agreed strategies and goals.

Provision 2.5 of the Code

Where necessary, the Non-Executive and Independent Directors discuss or meet to deliberate on the Group's affairs amongst themselves without the presence of the Executive Director(s) and the Management. Feedback will also be provided to the Executive Director(s) and Management after such discussions or meetings.

#### PRINCIPLE 3: CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

There is a clear division of responsibilities between the leadership of the Board and Management, and no one individual has unfettered powers of decision-making.

The positions of the Chairman of the Board and CEO are separately held by two (2) persons. In this regard, the Chairman of the Board is a Non-Executive and Independent Director. The separation of the two (2) roles has been undertaken for the purposes of maintaining an appropriate balance of power on the Board as well as to maintain effective checks and balances. In addition, the separation of the two (2) roles also promotes greater accountability from Management as the Board is able to exercise its independence in its oversight of and deliberations with Management.

Provision 3.1 of the Code

In light of the separation of the two (2) roles, there is a clear division of the responsibilities between the Chairman of the Board and the CEO.

Provision 3.2 of the Code

The Chairman of the Board is responsible for the overall management of the Board and has the following responsibilities:

- leading the Board, ensuring its effectiveness in all aspects of its role, and setting out its agenda;
- (b) ensuring that the Directors receive complete, adequate, accurate, timely and clear information:
- (c) critiquing key proposals by Management before they are presented to the Board;
- (d) ensuring effective communication with shareholders;
- (e) encouraging constructive relations between the Board and Management;
- (f) facilitating the effective contribution of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors towards the Company;
- (g) encouraging constructive relations between the Executive Directors and Non-Executive and Independent Directors; and
- (h) promoting high standards of corporate governance.

The CEO has full executive responsibilities over the business direction and operational decisions in the day-to-day management of the Group. In this regard, the CEO's responsibilities pertaining to the Board include the following:

- (a) scheduling meetings that enable the Board to perform its duties responsibly;
- (b) preparing meeting agendas in consultation with the Non-Executive and Independent Chairman;
- (c) ensuring quality, quantity and timeliness of the flow of information between the Management and the Board; and
- (d) assisting to ensure compliance with the Company's guidelines on corporate governance.

The Chairman of the Board and CEO are not immediate family members.

Provision 3.3 of the Code

Given that the roles of the Chairman and CEO are separate and the Chairman is independent, no lead independent director is required to be appointed.

#### PRINCIPLE 4: BOARD MEMBERSHIP

The Board has a formal and transparent process for the appointment and re-appointment of directors, taking into account the need for progressive renewal of the Board.

The Company has established the NC which is guided by the terms of reference that has been approved by the Board. In this regard, the NC is responsible for the following:

Provision 4.1 of the Code

- (a) making recommendations to the Board on all board appointments, including re-nominations, through a formal and transparent process which takes into account the director's contribution and performance (for example, attendance, preparedness, participation and candour);
- (b) determining annually whether or not a director is independent based on the Independence Criteria;
- (c) in respect of a director who has multiple board representations in various companies, deciding whether or not such director is able to and has been adequately carrying out his/her duties as director, having regard to the competing time commitments that are faced when serving on multiple boards;
- (d) reviewing and approving any new employment of related persons and the proposed terms of their employment;
- reviewing the directors' mix of skills, experience, core competencies and knowledge
  of the Company and its subsidiaries that our Board requires to function competently
  and efficiently;
- (f) reviewing succession plans for the Executive Directors and the key management personnel;
- (g) reviewing the training and professional development programs for the Board;
- (h) determining and recommending to the Board the maximum number of listed company board representations which any director may hold and disclosing this in the Company's annual report; and
- (i) deciding how the Board's performance is to be evaluated and proposing objective performance criteria, subject to the Board's approval, which address how the Board has enhanced long term shareholders' value. The Board will also implement a process to be proposed by the Board Committees for assessing the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and for assessing the contribution of each individual director to the effectiveness of the Board (if applicable).

The NC comprises three (3) members all of whom, including its Chairman, are Non-Executive and Independent Directors. The members of the NC are:

Provision 4.2 of the Code

(a) Boey Souk-Tann (Chairman) Non-Executive and Independent Director

(b) Lim Chuan Poh Non-Executive and Independent Director

(c) Chue En Yaw Non-Executive and Independent Director

In the event that there is a need to change the structure of the Board, the Chairman of the Board or the membership of the Board Committees, the NC will review the proposed changes and will make the appropriate recommendations to the Board. In addition, the NC is also responsible for ensuring that the membership of the Board is refreshed progressively and in a systematic manner, to avoid losing institutional knowledge.

Provision 4.3 of the Code

The NC also reviews the succession plans for the key management personnel as it recognises the importance of succession planning. Accordingly, in order to ensure that there is a progressive and systematic renewal of the Board and key management personnel, it has put in place an internal process for succession planning for the Chairman, Directors, the CEO and the key management personnel. In this regard, the NC will, in consultation with the Board and the Company's professional advisors, examine the existing strengths, and capabilities of the existing Board and the key management personnel. In addition, the NC will also consider the contributions (such as the skills, knowledge and experience) of the existing Directors and the key management personnel as well as taking into account the future needs of the Company. Through this process, the NC, together with the Board, will seek candidates, either through recommendations made by existing Directors or through the Company's professional advisors, who are able to contribute to the Company. Once the appropriate candidates have been identified, at least two (2) members of the NC will conduct interviews with the potential new Director or key management personnel before recommending their appointments to the Board for approval. If the proposed appointments are approved by the Board, announcements relating to their appointment will subsequently be released via SGXNet.

With regard to the retirement and re-election of Directors at every Annual General Meeting ("AGM"), the Company's Constitution provides that all Directors are to submit themselves for re-nomination and re-election at least once every three (3) years and at least one-third of the Directors are to retire from office by rotation. If new directors are appointed during the year, they would be subject to retirement and re-election at the forthcoming AGM of the Company. The NC is responsible for the nomination of retiring Directors for re-election. In determining the nomination of a Director for re-election, the NC takes into account the composition and progressive renewal of the Board, and the competency, performance and contribution of the Director including his/her attendance, preparedness and participation at Board and Board Committees meetings. A Director's time and effort accorded to the Company's business and affairs will also be considered.

Pursuant to Regulation 108(1) of the Company's Constitution, Mr Chue En Yaw and Ms Boey Souk-Tann will retire at the forthcoming AGM (collectively, the "Retiring Directors"). In this regard, after assessing the contributions of the Retiring Directors, the Board has accepted the NC's recommendation that the Retiring Directors, who have each given their consent for re-nomination and re-election at the forthcoming AGM of the Company, be put forth for re-nomination and re-election.

Information, as set out in Appendix 7F of the Catalist Rules, relating to the Retiring Directors who are retiring and offering themselves for re-election at the upcoming AGM can be found in the "Disclosure of Information on Directors Seeking Re-Election" on pages 159 to 165 of the Annual Report.

Further to this, the NC is also tasked with assessing the independence of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors. This review is done annually, and as and when the circumstances require. Annually, each of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors is required to complete a Director's Independence Checklist (the "Independence Checklist") to confirm his/her independence. The Independence Checklist is drawn up based on the Independence Criteria. Thereafter, the NC reviews the Independence Checklist completed by each of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors and assesses their independence prior to recommending its assessment to the Board. The Non-Executive and Independent Directors have confirmed their independence in accordance with the Independence Criteria for FY2021. The Board, after taking into account the views of the NC and having considered the confirmations of independence provided by each of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors, is of the view that Mr Lim Chuan Poh, Mr Chue En Yaw, and Ms Boey Souk-Tann are independent.

Provision 4.4 of the Code

To ensure that new Directors are aware of their duties and obligations, a formal letter of appointment explaining their duties and obligations as Director is provided to every new Director upon appointment. The formal letter of appointment sets out the time commitment required of the Director and the Director's roles and responsibilities, including disclosure requirements and best practices relating to dealings in securities under applicable laws and regulations.

Provision 4.5 of the Code

As the ability to commit time and attention to the Group's affairs is essential for the individual Director's contribution and performance, the NC has considered the number of listed directorships each of its Directors can hold after taking into consideration factors such as the expected and/or competing time commitments of the Directors, the size and composition of the Board as well as the nature and scope of the Group's operations and size. However, based on the Directors' contributions at meetings of the Board and the Board Committees as well as their time commitment to the affairs of the Company, the Board believes that at present, it would not be meaningful to define the maximum limit on the number of listed company board representations and other principal commitments which any Director may hold, and has instead tasked the NC to review if a Director with multiple board representations is devoting sufficient time and attention to the affairs of the Company.

After conducting the annual reviews, the NC is satisfied that the current Directors have been able to devote adequate time and attention to the affairs of the Company and that they are able to satisfy their duties as Directors of the Company. In addition, for FY2021, the Company does not have any alternate directors. Notwithstanding this, the NC would, from time to time, continue to review the number of board representations and other principal commitments of each Director to ensure that the Directors are able to continue to meet the demands of the Group and to discharge their duties adequately.

A list of directorships of the Directors of the Board in listed companies, the principal commitments of each Director, as well as their interests in the Company and related corporations (if any) as at the date of this Annual Report is set out below:

	Directorship in Listed Company			Shareholding in the Company and related corporations	
Name of Directors	Present	Past Preceding three years	Principal Commitments	Direct	Indirect
Lim Chuan Poh	V2Y Corporation Ltd.	Nil	Director of SPTel Pte. Ltd. (formerly known as SP Telecommunications Pte. Ltd.)	Nil	Nil
Ong Shen Chieh (Wang Shengjie)	V2Y Corporation Ltd.  Eindec Corporation Limited	P99 Holdings Limited  Elec & Eltek International Company Limited  Kakiko Group Limited (Listed on HKSE)	Executive Director and CEO of V2Y Corporation Ltd.      Non-Executive and Independent Director of Eindec Corporation Limited      Managing Director of Sakal Investments Limited      Director of Sakal Capital Pte. Ltd. (formerly known as Husk Life Pte. Ltd.)	Nil	Nil
Chue En Yaw	V2Y Corporation Ltd.	Nil	Chief Investment Officer, Azalea Investment Management Pte. Ltd.	1,481,481 ordinary shares	Nil
Boey Souk- Tann	V2Y Corporation Ltd.	Nil	Director, LegalWorks Law Corporation	Nil	Nil

#### PRINCIPLE 5: BOARD PERFORMANCE

The Board undertakes a formal annual assessment of its effectiveness as a whole, and that of each of its Board Committees and individual directors.

The Board has in place a process, which is carried out by the NC, for assessing the effectiveness of the Board and its Board Committees as a whole as well as the contribution made by each individual Director.

Provision 5.1 of the Code

In assessing the performance and effectiveness of the Board and its Board Committees, the NC takes into account, among other factors, the Board Committees' and the Board's ability to work with the senior management of the Company, the discussions and due deliberations of the Board and the Board Committees, and whether objectives and targets set at the commencement of the relevant financial years have been met.

In assessing the performance and effectiveness of the Directors in fulfilling their duties, the NC takes into account, *inter alia*, the Director's qualifications in relation to general commercial knowledge, specific industry experience, political and social knowledge of the countries that the Group operates in, attendance at Board and/or the Board Committees meetings in person or via teleconference, availability at all reasonable times and the degree of participation at Board and Board Committees meetings, quality of interventions or difference of opinion expressed, and any special contributions. The NC also considers whether the Director has a reasonable understanding of the Company's business and the industry, the Director's working relationship with the other members of the Board, as well as feedback from other Directors.

For the avoidance of doubt, reviews of each individual Board member's performance and effectiveness, as well as the performance and effectiveness of the Board and the Board Committees are undertaken on a continuous basis by the NC with inputs from the various Board members.

For FY2021, the Board had implemented a formal assessment process to be carried out by the NC. This formal assessment process entails the completion of a board assessment form and Board Committee assessment forms by the Board members and Board Committee members respectively, in which they will assess the Board and the Board Committee against the factors set out in the paragraph above. In addition, the Board has also adopted a peer evaluation process and as part of this peer evaluation process, individual Directors will complete an assessment form in which individual Directors will be assessed against the factors set out in the paragraph above.

Provision 5.2 of the Code

Once the Board, the Board Committees and the individual Directors' assessment forms have been completed, the Company Secretary will assist the NC to tabulate the results for the purposes of facilitating the discussions by the NC.

For the avoidance of doubt, each member of the NC abstains from voting on any resolution in respect of the assessment of his/her own performance or re-nomination as Director.

After evaluation, the NC has considered the performance and effectiveness of each individual Director, the Board as a whole and the Board Committees to be satisfactory in respect of FY2021.

No external facilitator was engaged in FY2021. If required, the NC has full authority to engage an external facilitator to assist with the evaluation process.

#### II. REMUNERATION MATTERS

#### PRINCIPLE 6: PROCEDURES FOR DEVELOPING REMUNERATION POLICIES

The Board has a formal and transparent procedure for developing policies on director and executive remuneration, and for fixing the remuneration packages of individual directors and key management personnel. No director is involved in deciding his or her own remuneration.

The Company has established the RC which is guided by the terms of reference approved by the Board. In this regard, the primary function of the RC is to advise the Board on compensation matters. The RC establishes remuneration policies that are in line with the Group's business strategies and risk policies as well as long-term interests of the Group and its shareholders, with a view to ensuring remuneration packages are sufficiently competitive to attract, retain and motivate Directors and the key management personnel with the appropriate experience and expertise.

Provision 6.1 of the Code

The responsibilities and principal functions of the RC, as set out in its terms of reference, include the following:

- (a) recommending to the Board a framework of remuneration for the directors and executive officers, and determining specific remuneration packages for each executive director and any CEO (or executive of equivalent rank), if a CEO is not an executive director, such recommendations to be submitted for endorsement by the entire Board and should cover all aspects of remuneration, including but not limited to director's fees, salaries, allowances, bonuses, the contingent awards of shares in the Company granted or which may be granted pursuant to its performance share plan, the options to be issued under the Company's employee share option scheme and benefits in kind;
- (b) in the case of service contracts for any director or executive officer, considering what compensation commitments the directors' or executive officers' contracts of service, if any, would entail in the event of early termination with a view to be fair and avoid rewarding poor performance; and
- (c) in respect of any long-term incentive schemes including share schemes as may be implemented, considering whether any director should be eligible for benefits under such long-term incentive schemes.

As part of its review, the RC will take into consideration the salary and employment conditions of similar roles within the same industry and in comparable companies, as well as the Group's relative performance and the performance of the CEO and key management personnel. This remuneration framework is recommended by the RC to the Board to ensure that the structure is competitive and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate the Executive Director(s) and the key management personnel to run the Company successfully in order to maximise shareholder value.

The RC comprises three (3) members all of whom, including its Chairman, are Non-Executive and Independent Directors. The members of the RC are:

Provision 6.2 of the Code

(a) Lim Chuan Poh (Chairman) Non-Executive and Independent Director

(b) Chue En Yaw Non-Executive and Independent Director

(c) Boey Souk-Tann Non-Executive and Independent Director

There is a formal and transparent procedure for fixing the remuneration packages of the Directors. No individual Director is involved in deciding his/her own remuneration. In addition, each member of the RC abstains from making any recommendation on or voting on any resolution in respect of his/her own Director's fees payable to them, except for providing information and documents specifically requested by the RC to assist it in its deliberations. Further to this, with regard to the remuneration of other key management personnel, the RC reviews proposals which are made by the Executive Director(s). The remuneration policy for the key management personnel is guided by the National Wage Council guidelines, and takes into consideration the Company's performance, long-term interest and risk policies, as well as the responsibilities and performance of individual key management personnel. The latter is measured by goals and objectives set for each key management executive in congruence with the Company's overall goals and objectives.

The RC will also review the terms and conditions of the respective service agreements of the Executive Director(s) as well as the key management personnel before their respective execution. In the course of such review, the RC will consider, in particular, the Group's obligations arising in the event of termination of any of the Executive Director(s) and the key management personnel. This is to ensure that the service agreements contain fair and reasonable termination clauses and are not overly generous so as to avoid rewarding poor performance. In this regard, the RC has reviewed the terms of the service agreement for the Executive Director and they are of the view that the Executive Director has a service agreement which contains fair and reasonable termination clauses and this service agreement is in line with market practices and is not overly generous.

Provision 6.3 of the Code

If necessary, the RC is entitled to seek professional advice from external remuneration consultants on remuneration of the Directors and key management personnel. In the event that the RC decides that such professional advice is required, it will ensure that existing relationships, if any, between the Company and its appointed remuneration consultants will not affect the independence and objectivity of the remuneration consultants.

Provision 6.4 of the Code

The Company has not appointed any remuneration consultants for FY2021.

#### PRINCIPLE 7: LEVEL AND MIX OF REMUNERATION

The level and structure of remuneration of the Board and key management personnel are appropriate and proportionate to the sustained performance and value creation of the company, taking into account the strategic objectives of the company.

The Company has a remuneration policy for the Executive Director(s) and the key management personnel, which comprises a fixed component and a variable component. The fixed and variable components are in the form of a base salary and a variable bonus (which is inclusive of bonuses and other benefits) respectively. The variable bonus also takes into account the performance of the Group and the performance of the Executive Director(s) and the key management personnel respectively, as well as market rates.

Provision 7.1 of the Code

The performance-related elements of remuneration are designed to align the interests of the Executive Director(s) and the key management personnel with those of the Company's shareholders and link rewards to corporate and individual performance. In structuring the compensation framework, the Company also takes into account its risk policies, the need for the compensation to be symmetric with the risk outcomes and the time horizon of such risks.

Some of the performance-related elements of remuneration that the RC has at its disposal are the V2Y Employee Share Option Scheme (formerly known as the Synagie Employee Share Option Scheme) ("V2Y ESOS") and the V2Y Performance Share Plan (formerly known as the Synagie Performance Share Plan) ("V2Y PSP"), which were approved by the Company's shareholders by way of members' resolution in writing on 25 July 2018. The V2Y ESOS and V2Y PSP are administered by the RC and these performance-related elements of remuneration have been designed to align the interests of Directors, key management personnel and staff with those of shareholders and to link their rewards to corporate and individual performances. These schemes provide an additional tool for the Company to reward, retain and motivate a core group of Directors, key management personnel and employees so as to build sustainable businesses in the long term.

Details of the V2Y ESOS and the V2Y PSP can be found on pages 79 to 82 of the Annual Report in the Directors' Statement. In FY2021, no share awards were granted to any employees and Directors under the V2Y PSP. No share options were granted to any employees and Directors under the V2Y ESOS in FY2021.

With regard to the remuneration of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors, the Non-Executive and Independent Directors receive basic directors' fees and additional fees for serving as a Chair of any of the Board Committees. For the avoidance of doubt, the Executive Director(s) do not receive directors' fees.

Provision 7.2 of the Code

The RC, in assessing the remuneration of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors, will take into account factors such as time spent and the responsibilities of the Non-Executive and Independent Directors, the current market circumstances, long-term interests and risk policies of the Company, and the need to attract directors of experience and standing. The Non-Executive and Independent Directors' fees are also compared against market standards to ensure that they are in line with market norms and to ensure that their independence is not compromised. In addition, payment of Directors' fees is subject to approval by the shareholders at the AGM of the Company.

As stated in Principle 6 above, the RC has established remuneration policies that are in line with the Group's business strategies and risk policies as well as long-term interests of the Group and its shareholders, with a view to ensuring remuneration packages are sufficiently competitive to attract, retain and motivate Directors and the key management personnel with the appropriate experience and expertise.

Provision 7.3 of the Code

#### PRINCIPLE 8: DISCLOSURE ON REMUNERATION

The Company is transparent on its remuneration policies, level and mix of remuneration, the procedure for setting remuneration, and the relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation.

The remuneration framework is based on policies which are aligned with the interests of shareholders and to support the Group's business with the aim of retaining key capabilities, provide sound and structured funding of remuneration in ensuring affordability and sustainable value creation. Competitive remuneration packages are offered to attract and retain experienced individuals. The remuneration policies, the procedures for setting remuneration and the relationships between remuneration, performance and value creation are described in Principles 6 and 7 above.

Provision 8.1 of the Code

Details of remuneration for the Directors and key management personnel in FY2021 are set out in the table below. Disclosure of the same is also made in Note 33 to the financial statements.

	Salary, allowance and bonus %	Directors'	Other Benefits <sup>(1)</sup>	Total %
Executive Director(s)				
Between \$\$200,001 - \$\$300,000				
Ong Shen Chieh (Wang Shengjie)	100	_	_	100
Non-Executive and Independent Directors				
\$\$100,000 and below				
Lim Chuan Poh	_	100	_	100
Chue En Yaw	_	100	_	100
Boey Souk-Tann	_	100	_	100
Key management personnel				
Between \$\$100,001 - \$\$200,000				
Cai Jingren John	100	_	_	100
Anna Thurai s/o Alagappan <sup>(2)</sup>	100	_	_	100

#### Notes:

- (1) Other benefits, where applicable, include granting of share options under the V2Y ESOS and granting of awards under the V2Y PSP.
- (2) Mr Anna Thurai s/o Alagappan resigned as an Executive Director of the Insurtech Business Segment with effect from 6 March 2022.

The Company believes that disclosures in relation to the aggregate remuneration of the respective Directors and key management personnel may be prejudicial to its business interests given the highly competitive and niche industry that it is operating in. Accordingly, in order to prevent competitors from knowing salaries offered by the Company to its Directors and the key management personnel, the Company has instead disclosed the remuneration for its Directors and the key management personnel in percentage terms and in bands of \$\$100,000 (with a breakdown of the components in percentage).

There were no employees who are substantial shareholders of the Company, or who are immediate family members of a director, CEO or a substantial shareholder of the Company, and whose remuneration exceeded \$\$100,000 during FY2021.

Provision 8.2 of the Code

Further to the above, the Company confirms that in FY2021 there were no termination, retirement and post-employment benefits granted to the Directors and key management personnel.

Provision 8.3 of the Code

Notwithstanding this, certain key management personnel were issued shares under the V2Y PSP as a recognition of their performances as well as for the purposes of retaining their services. In this regard, in accordance with the rules of the PSP, none of the key management personnel that received shares issued under the V2Y PSP received 5% or more of the total number of shares available under the V2Y PSP.

#### III. ACCOUNTABILITY AND AUDIT

#### PRINCIPLE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Board is responsible for the governance of risk and ensures that Management maintains a sound system of risk management and internal controls, to safeguard the interests of the Company and its shareholders.

The Board is responsible for the Group's overall internal controls framework and the AC is responsible for ensuring that Management complies with the Company's risk management framework and policies. In this regard, the Board, through the AC, ensures that the Management regularly reviews and improves the Group's internal controls and implements effective risk management policies to control and mitigate any identified areas of significant business and operational risks so as to safeguard shareholders' interest and the Company's assets. The internal controls in place will address the compliance, financial, information technology, operational risks and the objectives of these controls are to provide reasonable assurance that there are no material financial misstatements or material loss, that there is maintenance of proper accounting records, that financial information is reliable and that assets are safeguarded.

Provision 9.1 of the Code

Having considered the Company's business operations and taking into account its nature, scope and scale, as well as the existing internal controls and risk management systems, the Board is of the view that a separate risk committee is not required for the time being. Notwithstanding this, the Board recognises that all risk management and internal controls systems contain inherent limitations and that no internal controls system will preclude all errors and irregularities, as the system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risks of failure to achieve business objectives, and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against misstatements or losses.

Further to this, the Board also notes that there is no risk management and internal controls system that could provide absolute assurance in this regard, or absolute assurance against the occurrence of material errors, poor judgement in decision-making, human error, losses, fraud or other irregularities.

The Board has received assurance from the CEO and Group FC that the financial records of the Group for FY2021 have been properly maintained and the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Group's operations and finances. In addition, the CEO and key management personnel have also given assurance to the Board that the risk management and internal controls systems are adequate and effective in addressing the financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks.

Provision 9.2 of the Code

#### PRINCIPLE 10: AUDIT COMMITTEE

#### The Board has an Audit Committee which discharges its duties objectively.

The Company has established the AC which is guided by the terms of reference that has been approved by the Board. The primary function of the AC is to assist the Board in discharging its responsibility to safeguard the assets of the Company, maintain adequate accounting records, as well as to develop and maintain effective systems of internal controls, with the overall objective of ensuring that the Management creates and maintains an adequate and effective control environment in the Company. In this regard, the responsibilities of the AC include the following:

Provision 10.1 of the Code

- (a) reviewing the audit plan, the audit report, the management letter and the Management's response with the external auditors;
- (b) reviewing the internal audit plan and the evaluation of the adequacy of the Company's internal controls and accounting system with the internal auditors before submission of the results of such review to the Board for approval prior to the incorporation of such results in the annual report;
- (c) reviewing the financial statements and financial results before submission to the Board for approval, focusing in particular, on changes in accounting policies and practices, major risk areas, significant adjustments resulting from the audit, the going concern statement, compliance with accounting standards as well as compliance with any stock exchange and statutory/regulatory requirements;
- (d) reviewing the internal controls procedures and ensuring co-ordination between the external auditors and Management, reviewing the assistance given by Management to the auditors, and discussing problems and concerns, if any, arising from the interim and final audits, and any matters which the external or internal auditors may wish to discuss (in the absence of Management where necessary);
- (e) reviewing and discussing with the external auditors any suspected fraud or irregularity, or suspected infringement of any relevant laws, rules or regulations, which has or is likely to have a material impact on the Group's operating results or financial position, and Management's response;

- (f) reviewing annually the scope and results of the external audit and its cost effectiveness and the nature and extent of non-audit services (if any) to the Company as well as the independence and objectivity of the external auditors;
- (g) reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal controls systems (including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls) and to report to the Board annually;
- (h) reviewing the scope and results of the internal audit procedures including the effectiveness of the internal audit functions and ensuring that such function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within the Company;
- (i) reviewing and approving interested person transactions and reviewing procedures thereof:
- reviewing arrangements by which the staff may, in confidence, raise concerns about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting and ensuring that arrangements are in place for the independent investigations of such matter and for appropriate follow-up;
- (k) reviewing potential conflicts of interest (if any) and setting out a framework to resolve or mitigate any potential conflicts of interests;
- (I) conducting periodic review of foreign exchange transactions and hedging policies (if any) undertaken by the Group;
- (m) considering the appointment or re-appointment of the external auditors and matters relating to resignation or dismissal of the auditors;
- (n) reviewing the Group's compliance with such functions and duties as may be required under the relevant statutes or the Catalist Rules, as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, including such amendments made thereto from time to time;
- (o) undertaking such other reviews and projects as may be requested by the Board and reporting to the Board its findings from time to time on matters arising and requiring the attention of the Board Committees;
- overseeing the design and implementation of the overall risk management systems and internal controls systems (including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls);
- (q) reviewing at least annually the Group's key financial risk areas, with a view to providing an independent oversight on the Group's financial reporting, the outcome of such review to be disclosed in the annual report of the Company or, where the findings are material, to announce such material findings immediately via SGXNet; and

(r) generally undertaking such other functions and duties as may be required by statute or the Catalist Rules, and by such amendments made thereto from time to time.

The Board has delegated to the AC the authority to investigate any matter within its terms of reference. The AC has full access to and the cooperation of Management. It has full discretion to invite any Director or executive officer, including any director from any subsidiary within the Group, to attend its meetings and has various resources, including external consultants, to enable it to discharge its responsibilities adequately. The auditors, both internal and external, have unrestricted access to the AC.

The AC has full access to and the co-operation of Management as well as reasonable resources to enable it to discharge its functions properly. The AC meetings are held with both external auditors and internal auditors (if required) and by invitation, any Director and representatives from Management.

Further to this, to assist the AC in discharging its duties, the external auditors also brief the AC members on the developments in accounting standards (where applicable) during AC meetings to keep the AC members abreast of changes to the accounting standards and issues which may impact the financial statements.

In the review of the financial statements, the AC had discussed with Management the accounting principles that were applied and its judgement of items that might affect the integrity of the financial statements. In this regard, the following significant matters were discussed with Management and the external auditors and were reviewed by the AC:

#### **Key Audit Matter**

#### How the AC address the matter

Impairment of goodwill and customer relationships

Please refer to page 85 of the Annual Report for further information.

The external auditors, BDO LLP (**\*BDO**"), had discussed with the AC on the procedures that were performed which included, amongst others:

- Discussed with management and evaluated reasonableness of the key assumptions made by management in preparing the discounted cash flows taking into consideration the current economic and business environment, including performing analytical procedures and comparing revenue growth rates against historical performance and industry outlook, as appropriate;
- Engaged our internal valuation specialist to evaluate reasonableness of the discount rate used; and
- Assessed the adequacy of the disclosure in the financial statements with respect to the impairment assessment.

Key Audit Matter	How the AC address the matter
Going Concern	The AC discussed with BDO on their procedures, which included, amongst
Please refer to page 86 of the Annual Report for further information.	others:
	<ul> <li>Discussed and evaluated management's assessment of the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as going concern and justification that the going concern assumption is appropriate;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Checked on the relevant correspondences and traced the receipt of proceeds on the share placement;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Reviewed management's strategic business plan, cash flow projections and performed sensitivity analysis along with the assumptions made; and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Reviewed the adequacy of the presentation and disclosure of going concern in the financial statements.</li> </ul>

As part of the annual review on the independence and objectivity of the external auditors, the AC will review the performance of the external auditors and the volume of non-audit services provided by them. In this regard, BDO, an audit firm registered with the Singapore Accounting & Corporate Regulatory Authority, was re-appointed as the Company's external auditors on 22 April 2021 and for FY2021, BDO has only provided audit services to the Group. In this regard, the amount of fees that were paid to BDO for audit services for FY2021 was \$\$77,500. BDO was also appointed to audit the accounts of the Company's Singapore subsidiaries for FY2021. In addition, BDO PLT, a member of BDO International Limited, had also been appointed as the auditors of the Company's Malaysian incorporated indirect subsidiary. The Company has therefore acted in compliance with Rule 712 and Rule 715 of the Catalist Rules.

The AC, having reviewed the independence and objectivity of BDO as required under Section 206(1A) of the Companies Act, is satisfied that the independence and objectivity of the external auditors are not affected.

Further to this, after taking into account the resources and experience of BDO and the audit engagement partner assigned to the audit, BDO's other audit engagements, the size and complexity of the audit as well as the number and experience of the staff assigned by BDO for the audit, the Board and the AC are of the view that BDO is able to meet its audit obligations and as such, the AC has recommended to the Board that BDO be nominated for re-appointment as the auditor of the Company at the forthcoming AGM.

The AC comprises three (3) members all of whom, including its Chairman, are Non-Executive and Independent Directors. The members of the AC are:

Provision 10.2 of the Code

(a) Chue En Yaw (Chairman) Non-Executive and Independent Director

(b) Lim Chuan Poh Non-Executive and Independent Director

(c) Boey Souk-Tann Non-Executive and Independent Director

The AC as a whole has many years of experience in senior management positions and relevant accounting or related financial management expertise or experience. The Board is of the view that collectively, the AC members, having accounting and related financial management expertise and experience, are appropriately qualified to discharge their responsibilities.

None of the committee members of the AC are former partners or directors of the Company's existing audit firm:

Provision 10.3 of the Code

- (a) within a period of two (2) years commencing on the date of their ceasing to be a partner of the audit firm; and
- (b) for as long as they have any financial interest in the auditing firm.

The Board recognises that it is the Board's responsibility to maintain a system of internal controls processes to safeguard shareholders' investments and the Group's business and assets. In this regard, taking into consideration the risks which the Group is exposed to, the likelihood of occurrence of such risks, the costs of implementing the corresponding controls and the environmental and social interactions within the communities in which the Group operates, the AC has also set in place certain internal controls policies and procedures (for example, setting approval limits for various expenditures and having different bank signatories), risk management practices and sustainability practices. These internal controls are subjected to periodic review and testing in order to ensure that the control mechanisms in place are working in the intended manner for which it is designed for.

Provision 10.4 of the Code

While the importance of effective internal controls cannot be discounted, the Board also recognised that, due to the size of the Group, it is not cost-effective to have an internal audit function and team within the organisational setup. Accordingly, for FY2021, the Company had appointed Baker Tilly Consultancy (Singapore) Pte. Ltd. ("BTC"), a suitably appointed qualified firm of accountants which meets the standards set by internationally recognised professional bodies including the Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing set by the Institute of Internal Auditors, to conduct internal controls reviews over selected processes/sub-processes of the Group. In assessing the engagement of the internal auditors, the AC has considered factors such as the resources of the internal auditors and the independence of the internal auditors from the activities that it audits. In terms of reporting, the internal auditors report functionally to the AC and administratively to the CEO and the Group FC. For the avoidance of doubt, the internal auditors are independent of Management.

The internal auditors' activities are guided by its global internal auditing methodology which is in line with the Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing set by The Institute of Internal Auditors. In addition, in order to ensure that the internal auditors are able to discharge the internal audit function effectively, the AC ensures that Management provides good support to the internal auditors and provides them with access to documents, records, properties, and personnel when requested in order for the internal auditors to carry out their function accordingly. The AC also reviews and approves the internal auditor's scope of work (which covers key aspects of the Group's internal controls established to address financial, operational, compliance and information technology risks) for the purposes of ensuring the adequacy of the internal audit function. In the event that non-compliance and internal control weaknesses are highlighted during the internal audit, the appropriate recommendations to address these issues will be reported to the AC as part of the review of the Group's internal controls system.

Further to the internal audit work done by the internal auditors, the Company also has in place whistleblowing policies by which staff may, in confidence, raise concerns either verbally or in writing (via email) about possible improprieties in matters of financial reporting, misconduct or wrongdoing relating to the Company and its officers, or other matters within the Company to the members of the AC directly. The AC is responsible for oversight and monitoring of whistleblowing. The Group is committed to a high standard of ethical conduct and adopts a zero-tolerance approach to fraud. The Group will treat all information received confidentially and protect the identity and the interest of all whistle-blowers. These whistleblowing policies are part of the internal controls mechanisms put in place by the Group and the objectives of the whistleblowing policies are to ensure that arrangements are in place for independent investigations of such matters and for appropriate follow-up action to be taken. Copies of the whistleblowing policies have been circulated to the employees and are also available at the Company's registered office. There were no whistle-blowing reports received in FY2021.

Accordingly, based on the internal controls established and maintained by the Group, work performed by the internal and external auditors and reviews performed by Management, the AC, and the Board, the Board, with the concurrence of the AC, is of the opinion that the Group's internal controls (including financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls) and risk management systems were adequate and effective for FY2021.

This is further supported by the assurances that the Board and the AC had received from the CEO and the Group FC that:

- (a) the financial records of the Group have been properly maintained and the financial statements for FY2021 give a true and fair view of the Group's operations and finances; and
- (b) the risk management system and internal controls in place within the Group are adequate and effective in addressing the key financial, operational and compliance risks in the Group.

The AC meets with the internal and external auditors separately, at least once a year, without the presence of the Management, to review any matter that might be raised. These meetings enable the auditors to raise any issues in the course of their work directly to the AC. Individual members of the AC also engage the internal and external auditors separately in *ad hoc* meetings.

Provision 10.5 of the Code

### IV. SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS AND ENGAGEMENT

### PRINCIPLE 11: SHAREHOLDER RIGHTS AND CONDUCT OF GENERAL MEETINGS

The Company treats all shareholders fairly and equitably in order to enable them to exercise shareholders' rights and have the opportunity to communicate their views on matters affecting the Company. The Company gives shareholders a balanced and understandable assessment of its performance, position and prospects.

The Company is committed to treating all of its shareholders fairly and equitably and to facilitate the exercise of shareholders' rights. In this regard, the Board also regards the general meetings as opportunities to communicate directly with the shareholders and encourages greater shareholder participation. During these general meetings, shareholders are able to engage the Board and Management on the Group's business activities, financial performance and other business-related matters.

Provision 11.1 of the Code

To facilitate participation by shareholders, all general meetings of the Company are held in Singapore. Shareholders have the opportunity to participate effectively in and to vote at general meetings of the Company. As such, the shareholders are encouraged to attend general meetings of the Company to gain a better understanding of the Group's businesses and be informed of the Group's strategic goals and objectives. Notices of general meetings are dispatched to the shareholders in accordance with the relevant provisions set out in the Companies Act and the Company's Constitution.

Resolutions are passed through a process of voting and shareholders are entitled to vote in accordance with established voting rules and procedures. In this regard, shareholders of the Company are informed of the rules, including voting procedures that govern general meetings of shareholders.

The Company's Constitution states that shareholders of the Company are allowed to vote in person and allows shareholders, who are unable to attend the general meetings in person, to appoint not more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote in his/her place at the general meetings via proxy forms submitted in advance (i.e. not less than seventy-two (72) hours before the time appointed for holding the general meeting). The proxy form is sent with the notice of general meetings to all shareholders.

The Company wishes to highlight that the above description is the Company's usual practice when there are no pandemic risks arising from COVID-19 and when the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020 (the "Order") is not in operation.

For the last two (2) annual general meetings held by the Company on 28 May 2020 and 22 April 2021 as well as the past two (2) extraordinary general meetings held by the Company on 28 September 2020 and 29 December 2020, these meetings had been conducted by the Company via electronic means. Accordingly, shareholders who wished to exercise their voting rights had been required to appoint the Chairman of the respective meetings as their proxy to attend and vote on their behalf at the respective meetings.

As physical attendance for the last two (2) annual general meetings held by the Company on 28 May 2020 and 22 April 2021 as well as the two (2) extraordinary general meetings held by the Company on 28 September 2020 and 29 December 2020 were not practicable due to the COVID-19 situation, the Company had instead informed shareholders that they were to submit their questions in advance of the respective meetings and that the Company would address their questions either prior to the respective meetings or during the respective meetings itself.

These measures are in accordance with the Order and the Guidance on the Conduct of General Meetings Amid Evolving COVID-19 Situation issued by the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority, the Monetary Authority of Singapore and the Singapore Exchange Regulation which was issued on 13 April 2020, and as updated from time to time (the "Guidance Note").

Separate resolutions on each distinct issue are tabled at general meetings and voting on each resolution by poll is carried out systematically with proper recording of votes cast and the resolution passed. "Bundling" of resolutions is kept to a minimum and is done only where the resolutions are interdependent so as to form one (1) significant proposal and only where the reasons and material implications justifying the same are explained. In compliance with Rule 730A(2) of the Catalist Rules, resolutions tabled at general meetings of shareholders will be put to vote by poll, using polling slips, the procedures of which will be explained by the appointed scrutineer(s) at the general meetings of shareholders.

Provision 11.2 of the Code

General meetings of the Company are chaired by the Non-Executive and Independent Chairman and are also attended by other Directors, Management, the external auditors, the Company Secretary and if necessary, the internal auditors.

Provision 11.3 of the Code

At all general meetings, shareholders are given the opportunity to air their views and to ask the Chairman, the individual Directors and the Chairmen of the Board Committees questions regarding the Company. The external auditors are also present to assist the Board in addressing any shareholders' questions on the conduct of audit and the preparation of the auditors' report, if necessary.

For FY2021, all Directors were present at the last annual general meeting held on 22 April 2021.

If shareholders are not able to attend these meetings, they can appoint up to two (2) proxies to attend and vote in their place. The Company does not provide for absentia voting methods such as by mail, email, or fax due to concerns as to the integrity of such information and authentication of the identity of shareholders voting by such means.

Provision 11.4 of the Code

A member who is a relevant intermediary is entitled to appoint more than two (2) proxies to attend and vote at the AGM, but each proxy must be appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by such member. Where such member appoints more than two (2) proxies, the number and class of shares in relation to which each proxy has been appointed shall be specified in the instrument appointing a proxy or proxies. "Relevant intermediary" has the meaning ascribed to it in Section 181 of the Companies Act.

As mentioned in the paragraphs above, due to COVID-19, shareholders who wished to exercise their voting rights had been required to appoint the Chairman of the respective meetings as their proxy to attend and vote on their behalf at the respective meetings. This was done in reliance on the Order as well as the Guidance Note.

The forthcoming AGM will similarly also be held by electronic means pursuant to the Order as well as the Guidance Note. Accordingly, shareholders who wish to exercise their voting rights must appoint the Chairman of the AGM as their proxy to attend and vote on their behalf at the forthcoming AGM.

The Company Secretary and/or representatives from the Company Secretary's office prepares the minutes of general meetings that include relevant comments or queries from shareholders relating to the agenda of the meeting, and responses from the Board and Management. The minutes of such meetings are then circulated to the Board for approval. The Company does not publish the minutes on its corporate website but instead makes the minutes available to shareholders upon request. In this regard, the Company is of the view that this is consistent with the intent of Principle 11 as this would achieve the same effect of treating all shareholders fairly and equitably and giving shareholders a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects.

Provision 11.5 of the Code

Notwithstanding the above, as the Company had held its last two (2) annual general meetings on 28 May 2020 and 22 April 2021 as well as the Company's two (2) extraordinary general meetings on 28 September 2020 and 29 December 2020 in accordance with the Order and the Guidance Note, minutes of these meetings had been published within one (1) month after the respective meetings on SGXNet and the Company's corporate website.

For the forthcoming AGM, the Company will be complying with the Order and the Guidance Note and as such, it will be publishing minutes of the forthcoming AGM on SGXNet and the Company's corporate website. The minutes will record substantial and relevant comments or queries from shareholders relating to the agenda of the general meeting, and responses from the Board and Management.

The Company does not have a fixed dividend policy. The form, frequency and amount of dividends will depend on the Company's earnings, general financial condition, results of operations, capital requirements, cash flow, general business conditions, development plans and other factors as the Directors may deem appropriate. Any pay-out of dividends would be clearly communicated to shareholders via announcements released on SGXNet.

Provision 11.6 of the Code

## PRINCIPLE 12: ENGAGEMENT WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The company communicates regularly with its shareholders and facilitates the participation of shareholders during general meetings and other dialogues to allow shareholders to communicate their views on various matters affecting the company.

The Board values dialogue with shareholders and believes in regular, effective and fair communication with them and is committed to hearing shareholders' views and addressing their concerns where possible. Accordingly, it is the Board's policy that all shareholders should be equally and informed in a timely manner of all major developments that impact the Group. In this regard, information is communicated to shareholders on a timely basis via SGXNet through, *inter alia*:

Provision 12.1 of the Code

- (a) annual reports that are issued to all shareholders;
- (b) half-yearly financial results containing a summary of the financial information and affairs of the Group;
- (c) timely announcements and disclosures made pursuant to the Catalist Rules;
- (d) notices of general meetings; and

(e) circulars or letters to shareholders to provide the shareholders with more information on transactions which require shareholders' approval.

The Group monitors the dissemination of material information to ensure that it is made publicly available on a timely and non-selective basis. Half-yearly and full-year results as well as the annual report are announced or issued within the mandatory period.

The Board does not practise selective disclosure and adheres to the continuous disclosure obligations of the Company pursuant to the Catalist Rules as well as its policy set out above. All disclosures will be made on a timely basis through SGXNet. Accordingly, the Group issues announcements and news releases on an immediate basis when required under the Catalist Rules. Where an immediate announcement is not possible, the announcement is made as soon as possible to ensure that the stakeholders and the public have fair access to the information.

The Company's corporate website and its announcements made via SGXNet are the key resource of information for shareholders. It contains a wealth of investor-related information of the Company, which includes, amongst others, profiles of the Directors and key management personnel of the Company, the unaudited financial results of the Company, and annual reports of the Company.

Provision 12.2 of the Code

While the Company does not have a formal written investor relations policy, all shareholders are encouraged to contact the Company with any queries or concerns. The contact details of the Company can be found on the corporate website to facilitate dialogue and queries from shareholders. Accordingly, this is in line with the objectives of the provision 12.2 of the Code which is to allow for an ongoing exchange of views so as to actively engage and promote regular, effective and fair communication with shareholders.

While the Company does not have a formal investors' relations policy, shareholders can provide feedback to the Company via email to the electronic mail address or via mail to the registered office address. Calls and emails requesting information are generally attended to promptly, taking into consideration the fact that key management personnel may need to consult with the Board or any of the Company's relevant advisors before communicating or disseminating certain information.

Provision 12.3 of the Code

## PRINCIPLE 13: ENGAGEMENT WITH STAKEHOLDERS

The Board adopts an inclusive approach by considering and balancing the needs and interests of material stakeholders, as part of its overall responsibility to ensure that the best interests of the company are served.

The Group has arrangements in place to identify and engage with its material stakeholder groups and to manage its relationship with such groups. The Group identifies stakeholders as groups that have an impact, or have the potential to be impacted by the Group's business, as well as external organisations that have expertise in aspects that the Group considers material. The feedback the Group receives from stakeholders helps to determine the Group's material topics and identify focus areas. Stakeholders of the Company include, but are not limited to, customers, employees, suppliers and subcontractors, community and shareholders and investors.

Provision 13.1 of the Code

The Company's strategy and key focus areas in relation to the management of stakeholder relationships during the year will also be set out in the Company's sustainability report which will be set out on pages 16 to 44 of this Annual Report.

Provision 13.2 of the Code

In addition, the Company also engages with its shareholders via its website at https://v2y.si/investor\_relations/.

Provision 13.3 of the Code

## **DEALING WITH THE COMPANY'S SECURITIES**

Pursuant to Rule 1204(19) of the Catalist Rules, the Company has adopted an internal policy on dealings in the Company's securities to provide guidance to its Directors and officers with regard to dealings in the Company's securities.

The Company, its Directors and officers are prohibited from dealing in the Company's securities during the period commencing one (1) month before the announcement of the Company's half-year and full-year financial statements and ending on the date of announcement of the relevant results. In addition, both Directors and employees are prohibited from dealing in securities of the Company while in possession of price-sensitive information of the Group. Notifications of the 'closed window' periods are sent to all Directors and officers concerned.

The Directors are also required to notify the Company of any dealings in the Company's securities within two (2) days of the transaction and to submit an annual confirmation on their compliance with the internal policy. In addition, the Company, its Directors and officers are discouraged from dealing in the Company's securities on short-term considerations. The Board confirms that as at the date of this Report, the Company has complied with Rule 1204(19) of the Catalist Rules.

## **MATERIAL CONTRACTS**

Save for the service agreement between the Company and the Executive Director, there were no material contracts entered into by the Company or any of its subsidiaries involving the interest of the CEO, any Director, or controlling Shareholder, either still subsisting at the end of FY2021 or if not then subsisting, entered into since the end of the previous financial year.

#### INTERESTED PERSON TRANSACTIONS

To ensure compliance with the relevant rules under Chapter 9 of the Catalist Rules on interested person transactions, the Company has established internal controls procedures to ensure that any interested person transaction proposed to be entered into is regularly reviewed by the Board and the AC and if so, to ensure that the Company complies with the requisite rules under Chapter 9 of the Catalist Rules.

If the Company does enter into an interested party transaction, and a potential conflict of interest arises, the Director concerned will abstain from any discussions and will also refrain from exercising any influence over other members of the Board.

The Group does not have a general mandate from shareholders for interested person transactions pursuant to Rule 920 of the Catalist Rules. The Company confirms that there were no interested person transactions entered into by the Group for FY2021.

#### **NON-SPONSOR FEES**

The Company is under the SGX-ST Catalist sponsor-supervised regime. RHT Capital Pte. Ltd. ("RHTC") is the existing continuing sponsor of the Company.

With reference to Rule 1204(21) of the Catalist Rules, there were no non-sponsor fees paid to RHTC in FY2021.

The Directors of V2Y Corporation Ltd. (the "Company") present their statement to the members together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021 and the statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2021.

### 1. Opinion of the Directors

In the opinion of the Board of Directors,

- (a) the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and the statement of changes in equity of the Company together with the notes thereon are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 December 2021, and of the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and changes in equity of the Company for the financial year then ended; and
- (b) at the date of this statement, as disclosed in the Note 3.1 to the financial statements, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

## 2. Directors

The Directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are as follows:

Lim Chuan Poh Ong Shen Chieh (Wang Shengjie) Chue En Yaw Boey Souk-Tann

# 3. Arrangements to enable Directors to acquire shares or debentures

Neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose object was to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, except as disclosed in paragraph 5 below.

#### 4. Directors' interests in shares or debentures

The Directors of the Company holding office at the end of the financial year had no interests in the shares or debentures of the Company and its related corporations as recorded in the Register of Directors' Shareholdings kept by the Company under Section 164 of the Singapore Companies Act 1967 (the "Act"), except as follows:

Name of Directors and companies	Shareholdings registered			
in which interests are held	in name of Direct	for or nominee		
	At beginning of year	At end of year		
Company:				
V2Y Corporation Ltd.				
(No. of ordinary shares)				
Chue En Yaw	1,481,481	1,481,481		

In accordance with the continuing listing requirements of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"), the Directors of the Company state that, according to the Register of the Directors' Shareholdings, the Directors' interests as at 21 January 2022 in the shares or debentures of the Company have not changed from those disclosed as at 31 December 2021.

## 5. Share options

The V2Y Employee Share Option Scheme ("V2Y ESOS")

The Company implemented V2Y ESOS in accordance with the scheme approved by shareholders on 25 July 2018 and is subjected to annual approval by the shareholders at the annual general meeting. The objectives of V2Y ESOS are as follows:

- (a) to motivate participants to optimise their performance standards and efficiency and to maintain a high level of contribution to the Group;
- (b) to retain key employees and directors whose contributions are essential to the long-term growth and profitability of the Group;
- (c) to instil loyalty to, and a stronger identification by participants with the long-term prosperity of, the Group;
- (d) to attract potential employees with relevant skills to contribute to the Group and to create value for the shareholders; and
- (e) to align the interests of participants with the interests of the shareholders.

# 5. Share options (Continued)

The V2Y Employee Share Option Scheme ("V2Y ESOS") (Continued)

V2Y ESOS is administered by the Remuneration Committee whose members are:

Lim Chuan Poh (Chairman) Chue En Yaw Boey Souk-Tann

Terms of V2Y ESOS:

- (a) A one year vesting period is required commencing from the first date of grant if offer price is not at a discount; a two years vesting period is required commencing from the first date of grant if offer price is at a discount.
- (b) The subscription price is based on the price equal to the average of the last dealt prices of an ordinary share in the capital of the Company for the five consecutive trading days immediately preceding the date of grant of the option, rounded up to the nearest whole cent in the event of fractional prices.
- (c) The options may be exercised in whole or in part at any time by a participant after the first anniversary from the date of grant. Such option shall be exercised before the tenth anniversary of the date of grant, or such earlier date may be determined by the Committee.
- (d) The unvested options shall lapse upon the employee ceasing to be employed by the Company or its subsidiaries.

Options to take up unissued shares

During the financial year, no options to take up unissued shares of the Company or any corporation in the Group were granted.

Options exercised

During the financial year, there were no shares of the Company or any corporation in the Group issued by virtue of the exercise of an option to take up unissued shares.

Unissued shares under options

At the end of the financial year, there were no unissued shares of the Company or any corporation in the Group under option.

### 6. Share awards

The V2Y Performance Share Plan ("V2Y PSP")

The Company implemented V2Y PSP in accordance with the performance share scheme approved by shareholders on 25 July 2018 and is subjected to annual approval by the shareholders at the annual general meeting. The purpose of V2Y PSP are as follows:

- (a) to attract potential employees with relevant skills to contribute to the Group and to create value for shareholders:
- (b) to instil loyalty to, and a stronger identification by the participants with the long-term prosperity of the Group;
- (c) to motivate the participants to optimise their performance standards and efficiency and to maintain a high level of contribution to the Group;
- (d) to align the interests of the participants with the interests of the shareholders;
- (e) to give recognition to the contributions made by the participants to the success of the Group; and
- (f) to retain key employees of the Group whose contributions are essential to the long-term prosperity of the Group.

V2Y PSP is administered by the Remuneration Committee whose members are:

Lim Chuan Poh (Chairman) Chue En Yaw Boey Souk-Tann

An executive or non-executive director of any member of the Group or a full-time employee of any member of the Group ("Eligible Person") who is selected by the Remuneration Committee is eligible to participate in the V2Y PSP. The awards represent the right of an Eligible Person to receive fully paid shares free of charge, upon the participant satisfying the criteria set out in the V2Y PSP and upon satisfying such conditions as may be imposed. The number of shares to be granted to an Eligible Person shall be determined at the absolute discretion of the Remuneration Committee, which shall consider criteria such as individual performance, length of services, achievements of past performance targets, ability to value-add to the Group's performance and development and overall enhancement to shareholder values, and the extent of effort with which the performance conditions as determined by the Remuneration Committee may be achieved within the performance period.

## 6. Share awards (Continued)

The V2Y Performance Share Plan ("V2Y PSP") (Continued)

Each award to be granted to an Eligible Person who is a non-executive director of any member of the Group shall not exceed 10% of the total number of shares available for grant of awards under the V2Y PSP. The total number of shares which may be issued and/or issuable pursuant to awards granted under the V2Y PSP on any date shall not exceed 15% of the issued shares of the Company (excluding any shares held in treasury) from time to time. The V2Y PSP shall continue to be in force at the discretion of the Remuneration Committee, subject to a maximum period of 10 years, commencing from adoption date, provided always that the V2Y PSP may continue beyond the stipulated period with the approval of the Company's shareholders by ordinary resolution in general meeting and of any relevant authorities which may then be required.

During the financial year, there were no shares of the Company or any corporation in the Group issued and awarded to employees who are eligible to participate in the V2Y PSP.

#### 7. Audit committee

The audit committee of the Company, consisting of all Non-Executive and Independent Directors, is chaired by Mr Chue En Yaw, and includes Mr Lim Chuan Poh and Ms Boey Souk-Tann. The audit committee has met 3 times since the last Annual General Meeting (AGM) till the date of this report and has carried out its functions in accordance with Section 201B(5), including reviewing the following, where relevant, with the executive Directors and external and internal auditors of the Company:

- (a) the audit plans of the internal and external auditors and the results of the auditors' examination and evaluation of the Group's systems of internal accounting controls;
- (b) the Company's and the Group's financial and operating results and accounting policies;
- (c) the statement of financial position and the statement of changes in equity of the Company and the consolidated financial statements of the Group and external auditor's report on those financial statements before their submission to the Directors of the Company;
- (d) the half-yearly and full-year announcements as well as the related press releases on the results and financial position of the Company and the Group;
- (e) the co-operation and assistance given by the management to the Company's internal and external auditor; and
- (f) the re-appointment of the internal and external auditor of the Company.

# 7. Audit committee (Continued)

The audit committee has full access to and has the co-operation of the management and has been given the resources required for it to discharge its function properly. It also has full discretion to invite any Director and executive officer to attend its meetings. The external and internal auditors have unrestricted access to the audit committee.

The audit committee has recommended to the Directors the nomination of BDO LLP for re-appointment as external auditors of the Group at the forthcoming AGM of the Company.

# 8. Independent auditor

The independent auditor, BDO LLP, has expressed its willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Ong Shen Chieh (Wang Shengjie)
Director

**Lim Chuan Poh**Director

Singapore 18 March 2022

TO THE MEMBERS OF V2Y CORPORATION LTD.

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

## **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of V2Y Corporation Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as set out on pages 90 to 156, which comprise:

- the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group and the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021;
- the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity, and consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group and the statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year then ended; and
- notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and the statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1967 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2021, and of its consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and the changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended on that date.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA") Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

TO THE MEMBERS OF V2Y CORPORATION LTD.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### **KEY AUDIT MATTER**

#### **AUDIT RESPONSE**

# Impairment of goodwill and customer relationships

As at 31 December 2021, the Group's goodwill and customer relationships amounted to \$0.3 million and \$0.5 million respectively.

In accordance with SFRS(I) 1-36 Impairment of Assets, the Group is required to test goodwill for impairment annually, or more frequently if there are indicators that these assets may be impaired. Customer relationships are tested for impairment when there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

For the purpose of impairment assessment, management prepared discounted cash flows forecasts for the cash generating unit to determine if any impairment is required. Based on management's assessment, an impairment loss on goodwill of \$0.6 million was recognised during the financial year.

We have determined the impairment assessment of goodwill and customer relationships as a key audit matter as the impairment assessment involved significant judgements and estimates with regard to the key assumptions on the future market conditions, growth rates and discount rates used in the discounted cash flow forecasts prepared by management.

Refer to Notes 2.9, 2.10, 10 and 11 of the accompanying financial statements.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- Discussed with management and evaluated reasonableness of the key assumptions made by management in preparing the discounted cash flows taking into consideration the current economic and business environment, including performing analytical procedures and comparing revenue growth rates against historical performance and industry outlook, as appropriate;
- Engaged our internal valuation specialist to evaluate reasonableness of the discount rate used; and
- Assessed the adequacy of the disclosure in the financial statements with respect to the impairment assessment.

# TO THE MEMBERS OF V2Y CORPORATION LTD.

## **KEY AUDIT MATTER**

#### **AUDIT RESPONSE**

## 2 Going Concern

The Group reported net loss from continuing operations and net cash outflows from its operating activities during the financial year ended 31 December 2021 of approximately \$1,793,000 and \$765,000.

Due to the slowdown in both renewal of contracts by existing customers and signing of contracts with new customers, these will inadvertently result in uncertainties relating to the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

Management assessed that there is no material uncertainty related to these conditions on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern based on the Group's cash flow forecast prepared by management up to 31 March 2023.

Based on the assessment, the Group has adequate liquidity to finance the working capital requirements of the Group, considering the cash and cash equivalents of the Group of \$1,624,000 as at 31 December 2021 and cash inflows arising from the allotment of new ordinary shares subsequent to year-end as disclosed in Note 36.(i) to the financial statements.

We focused on this area as key audit matter as significant judgements made by management in determining the availability of cash flows which will affect the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

Refer to Notes 3.1 and 36.(i) of the accompanying financial statements.

Our procedures included, amongst others:

- Discussed and evaluated management's assessment of the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as going concern and justification that the going concern assumption is appropriate;
- Checked on the relevant correspondences and traced the receipt of proceeds on the share placement;
- Reviewed management's strategic business plan, cash flow projections and performed sensitivity analysis along with the assumptions made; and
- Reviewed the adequacy of the presentation and disclosure of going concern in the financial statements.

TO THE MEMBERS OF V2Y CORPORATION LTD.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SFRS(I)s, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

TO THE MEMBERS OF V2Y CORPORATION LTD.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
  evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
  detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
  as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
  of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
  the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
  events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements.
   We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



TO THE MEMBERS OF V2Y CORPORATION LTD.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (Continued)

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Yeo Siok Yong.

## **BDO LLP**

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Singapore 18 March 2022

# STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

		Gro	up	Com	pany
	Note	2021	2020	2021	2020
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
ASSETS					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	4	1,624	1,978	562	1,871
Trade and other receivables	5	331	590	800	314
Deferred service costs	6	84	51	-	_
Inventories	7				
Total current assets		2,039	2,619	1,362	2,185
Non-current assets					
Plant and equipment	8	25	37	24	35
Right-of-use assets	9	38	78	24	60
Goodwill	10	329	971	-	_
Intangible assets	11	515	903	-	_
Investment in subsidiaries	12			1,300	1,300
Total non-current assets		907	1,989	1,348	1,395
Total assets		2,946	4,608	2,710	3,580
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	13	1,116	1,281	239	579
Bank borrowing	14	96	-	-	_
Provisions	15	-	147	-	_
Deferred service revenue	16	199	96	-	_
Lease liabilities	17	26	39	24	37
Total current liabilities		1,437	1,563	263	616
Non-current liabilities					
Bank borrowing	14	348	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	17	13	39	-	24
Deferred tax liabilities	18	87	152		
Total non-current liabilities		448	191		24
Capital and reserves					
Share capital	19	1,027	1,027	1,027	1,027
Capital contribution pending					
allotment	20	-	-	-	_
Merger reserve	21		_	_	_
Other reserve	22	792	792	792	792
Translation reserve		*	_	-	_
(Accumulated losses)/		/750\	1.025	/00	1 101
Retained earnings		(758)	1,035	628	1,121
Total equity		1,061	2,854	2,447	2,940
Total liabilities and equity		2,946	4,608	2,710	3,580

<sup>\*</sup> denotes less than \$1,000

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Gro	up
	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Revenue	23	1,089	1,769
Cost of sales		(685)	(1,315)
Gross profit		404	454
Other items of income			
Other income	24	327	435
Other items of expense			
Distribution costs		(2)	(1)
Administrative expenses		(1,932)	(5,810)
Other operating expenses	25	(645)	(299)
Finance costs	26	(10)	(5)
Loss before income tax from continuing operations	27	(1,858)	(5,226)
Income tax credit	28	65	124
Loss from continuing operations		(1,793)	(5,102)
Profit from discontinued operations, net of tax	29		61,754
(Loss)/Profit for the financial year		(1,793)	56,652
Other comprehensive income:  Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss  Exchange differences arising from translation of foreign operations		*	*
Other comprehensive income for the financial year, net of tax		*	*
Total comprehensive income for the financial year		(1,793)	56,652

<sup>\*</sup> denotes less than \$1,000

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF **PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

		Grou	ıp
	Note	2021	2020
		\$'000	\$'000
(Loss)/Profit attributable to:			
Owners of the parent			
<ul> <li>Loss from continuing operations</li> </ul>		(1,793)	(5,102)
<ul> <li>Profit from discontinued operations</li> </ul>			61,754
		(1,793)	56,652
Total comprehensive income attributable			
to owners of the parent		(1,793)	56,652
Loss per share from continuing operations attributable to owners of the Company			
Basic and diluted (cents)	30	(0.59)	(1.67)
(Loss)/Earnings per share from discontinued operations attributable to owners of the Company			
Basic and diluted (cents)	30		20.22

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

			Retained earnings/		
	Share capital \$'000	Other reserve \$'000	(Accumulated losses) \$'000	Translation reserve \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Group					
Balance at 1 January 2021 Continuing operations Loss for the financial year, representing total comprehensive income for	1,027	792	1,035	-	2,854
the year			(1,793)	*	(1,793)
Balance at 31 December 2021	1,027	792	(758)	*	1,061

<sup>\*</sup> denotes less than \$1,000

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

	Share capital \$'000	Capital contribution pending allotment \$'000	Merger reserve \$'000	Other reserve \$'000	Translation reserve \$'000	Retained earnings/ (Accumulated losses) \$'000	Total equity attributable to owners \$'000	Non- controlling interests \$'000	Total equity \$'000
Group Balance at 1 January 2020 Continuina operations	24,147	3,828	(8,261)	792	(34)	(15,910)	4,562	м	4,565
Loss for the financial year, representing total comprehensive income for the year <b>Discontinued operations</b> Profit for the financial	I	ı	ı	ı	ı	(5,102)	(5,102)	ı	(5,102)
year, representing total comprehensive income for the year	I	I	I	1	I	61,754	61,754	I	61,754
Total Transaction with owners, recognised directly in equity	I	I	I	I	I	56,652	56,652	I	56,652
Issuance of performance shares awards (Note 19) Reclassification of capital contribution pursuant	154	1	1	ı	1	1	154	1	154
to rights issue exercise (Note 19) Reclassification of	3,972	(3,972)	I	1	1	1	I	ı	I
expenses Dividends (Note 31)	(144)	144	1 1	1 1	1 1	_ (31,446)	(31,446)	1 1	(31,446)
Capital reduction (Note 19) Disposal of subsidiaries	(27,102)	I	I	I	1 7	I	(27,102)	1 (	(27,102)
Reclassification of merger reserve from e-commerce	1	I	۱ ۲۷ α	ı	40	- (140 %)	40	(6)	<u></u>
Total	(23,120)	(3,828)	8,261	ı	34	(39,707)	(58,360)	(3)	(58,363)
Balance at 31 December 2020	1,027	1	1	792	1	1,035	2,854	1	2,854

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

		Capital			
		contribution			
	Share	pending	Other	Retained	
	capital	allotment	reserve	earnings	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Company					
Balance at 1 January 2021	1,027	-	792	1,121	2,940
Loss for the year, representing					
total comprehensive income					
for the year				(493)	(493)
Balance at 31 December 2021	1,027		792	628	2,447
Balance at 1 January 2020	24,147	3,828	792	(2,769)	25,998
Profit for the year, representing					
total comprehensive income					
for the year	-	_	_	35,336	35,336
Transactions with owners,					
recognised directly in equity					
Issuance of performance shares					
awards (Note 19)	154	-	_	-	154
Reclassification of capital					
contribution pursuant to rights					
issue exercise (Note 19)	3,972	(3,972)	_	_	-
Reclassification of capitalisation					
of listing expenses	(144)	144	_	_	_
Capital reduction (Note 19)	(27,102)	_	_	_	(27,102)
Dividends (Note 31)				(31,446)	(31,446)
Total	(23,120)	(3,828)		(31,446)	(58,394)
Balance at 31 December 2020	1,027		792	1,121	2,940

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Gro	oup
	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Operating activities			
Loss before income tax from continuing operations		(1,858)	(5,226)
Profit before income tax from discontinued operations			61,754
(Loss)/Profit before income tax		(1,858)	56,528
Adjustments for:			
Amortisation of intangible assets	27	385	507
Reversal of impairment loss on financial assets,			
subject to ECL	5	-	(54)
Allowance for inventories obsolescence	25	-	318
Bad debts written off	25	-	122
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	27	40	174
Depreciation of plant and equipment	27	16	165
Interest expense	26	10	14
Inventories written off	25	-	496
Intangible assets written off	25	3	10
Impairment loss on intangible assets	11	-	36
Impairment loss on goodwill	10	642	-
Gain on lease modifications	24	-	(4)
Interest income	24	-	(3)
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	12	-	(59,409)
Share-based payment expenses		-	112
Reversal of provisions no longer required	15	(147)	-
Unrealised exchange gain		(16)	
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital		(925)	(988)
Trade and other receivables		233	1,088
Inventories		-	(2,132)
Trade and other payables		(73)	1,811
Cash used in operations, representing the net cash used in			
operating activities		(765)	(221)

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

		Gro	oup
	Note	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Investing activities			
Purchase of plant and equipment	8	(4)	(254)
Expenditure on intangible assets	11	-	(368)
Net proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	12	-	50,602
Interest received			3
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities		(4)	49,983
Financing activities			
Capital reduction	19	-	(20,781)
Dividends paid	31	-	(28,410)
Proceeds from bank borrowing		500	_
Repayment of bank borrowing		(56)	_
Repayment of principal portion of lease liabilities	17	(39)	(173)
Restricted funds		-	150
Interest paid		(10)	(14)
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities		395	(49,228)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(374)	534
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1,978	1,444
Effect of exchange rate changes on the balance of cash held in			
foreign currencies		20	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		1,624	1,978

# Note A: Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

The table below details changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both cash and non-cash changes.

			Non-cash	
			changes	
At beginning			Accrued	At end
of year	<b>Proceeds</b>	Repayment	interest	of year
\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
	500	(63)	7	444
	of year \$'000	of year Proceeds \$'000 \$'000	of year Proceeds Repayment \$'000 \$'000 \$'000	At beginning of year \$'000 \$'000 \$'000 Changes Accrued interest \$'000 \$'000 \$'000

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 1. GENERAL

V2Y Corporation Ltd. (the "Company") (Registration No. 201717972D) is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Singapore with its principal place of business and registered office at 38 Jalan Pemimpin, #05-03 M38, Singapore 577178. The Company is listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST").

The principal activity of the Company is that of investment holding. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 12 to the financial statements.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 were authorised for issue in accordance with a Directors' resolution dated 18 March 2022.

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") under the historical cost convention, except as disclosed in the accounting policies below and on a going concern basis as referred to in Note 3.1 to the financial statements.

The individual financial statements of each entity within the Group are measured and presented in the currency of primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). The consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are presented in Singapore dollar ("\$") which is the functional currency of the Company and the presentation currency for the consolidated financial statements and all values presented are rounded to the nearest thousand ("\$")000") as indicated.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with SFRS(I)s requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the Group's application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ from those estimates. The areas where such judgements or estimates have significant effect on the financial statements are disclosed in Note 3 to the financial statements.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

Changes in accounting policies

New standards, amendments and interpretations effective from 1 January 2021

The standards, amendments to standards, and interpretations, issued by Accounting Standards Council Singapore ("ASC") that will apply for the first time by the Group are not expected to impact the Group as they are either not relevant to the Group's business activities or require accounting which is consistent with the Group's current accounting policies.

New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, the following SFRS(I)s were issued but not yet effective, and have not been adopted early in these financial statements:

		Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
Amendments to SFRS(I) 3	: Reference to the Conceptual Framework	1 January 2022
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-16	: Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use	1 January 2022
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-37	: Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract	1 January 2022
Various	Annual Improvements to SFRS(I)s 2018-2020  - Amendment to SFRS(I) 1: Subsidiary as a First-Time Adopter	1 January 2022
	<ul> <li>Amendment to SFRS(I) 9: Fees in the `10 per cent' Test for Derecognition of Financial Liabilities</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Amendment to IE SFRS(I) 16: Lease Incentives</li> <li>Amendment to SFRS(I) 1-41: Taxation in Fair Value Measurement</li> </ul>	
SFRS(I) 17	: Insurance Contracts	1 January 2023
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1	: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current	1 January 2023
Various	: Disclosure of Accounting Policies	1 January 2023
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-8	: Definition of Accounting Estimates	1 January 2023
Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-12	: Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction	1 January 2023
Amendments to SFRS(I) 17	: Initial Application of SFRS(I) 17 and SFRS(I) 9 - Comparative Information	To be determined
Amendments to SFRS(I) 10 and SFRS(I) 1-28	: Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture	To be determined

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

Changes in accounting policies (Continued)

New standards, amendments and interpretations issued but not yet effective (Continued)

Consequential amendments were also made to various standards as a result of these new or revised standards.

Management anticipates that the adoption of the above SFRS(I)s in future periods, if applicable, will not have a material impact on the financial statements of the Group and the Company in the period of their initial adoption.

#### 2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries. Subsidiaries are entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an investee if the Group has power over the investee, exposure to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and the ability to use its power to affect those variable returns. Control is reassessed whenever facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in any of these elements of control.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which the Group obtains control over the investee and cease from consolidation when the control is lost. Control is reassessed whenever the facts and circumstances indicate that there may be a change in the elements of control.

All intra-group balances and transactions and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides an impairment indicator of the transferred asset.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same financial year as that of the Company, using consistent accounting policies. Where necessary, accounting policies of subsidiaries are changed to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the separate financial statements of the Company, investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost, less any accumulated impairment loss that has been recognised in profit or loss.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.2 Basis of consolidation (Continued)

## Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests represents the equity in subsidiaries which is not attributable directly or indirectly to the equity owners of the parent. They are shown separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of financial position. Total comprehensive income is attributed to non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions (i.e. transactions with owners). The carrying amounts of the Group's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the parent.

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it derecognises the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest. The profit or loss on disposal is calculated as the difference between (i) the aggregate of the fair value of the consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest and (ii) the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interests. Amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are accounted for (i.e. reclassified to profit or loss or transferred directly to retained earnings) in the same manner as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. The fair value of any investments retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition for subsequent accounting under SFRS(I) 9 or, when applicable, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.

## 2.3 Business combinations

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred for the acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values, at the date of exchange, of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition-related costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Consideration transferred also includes any contingent consideration measured at the fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes in fair value of contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognised in profit or loss.

The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under SFRS(I) 3 are recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.3 Business combinations (Continued)

Where a business combination is achieved in stages, the Group's previously held interests in the acquired entity are remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date (i.e. the date the Group attains control) and the resulting gain or loss, if any, is recognised in profit or loss. Amounts arising from interests in the acquiree prior to the acquisition date that have previously been recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss, where such treatment would be appropriate if that interest were disposed of.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognised as an asset at the acquisition date and initially measured at the excess of the sum of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest (if any) in the entity over net acquisition-date fair value amounts of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed.

Goodwill is initially recognised at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

## 2.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statements of financial position comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments which are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

## 2.5 Financial instruments

The Group recognises a financial asset or a financial liability in its statements of financial position when, and only when, the Group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

## Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets depending on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets as well as the contractual terms of the cash flows of the financial asset. The Group shall reclassify its affected financial assets when and only when the Group changes its business model for managing these financial assets. Other than financial assets in a qualifying hedging relationship, the Group's accounting policy for each category is as follows:

## Amortised cost

These assets arise principally from the provision of goods and services to customers (e.g. trade receivables), but also incorporate other types of financial assets where the objective is to hold these assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest. They are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition or issue, and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less provision for impairment. Interest income from these financial assets is included in interest income using the effective interest rate method.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.5 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Amortised cost (Continued)

Impairment provisions for trade receivables are recognised based on the simplified approach within SFRS(I) 9 using the lifetime expected credit losses. During this process, the probability of the non-payment of the trade receivables is assessed. This probability is then multiplied by the amount of the expected loss arising from default to determine the lifetime expected credit loss for the trade receivables. For trade receivables, which are reported net, such provisions are recorded in a separate provision account with the loss being recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. On confirmation that the trade receivable will not be collectable, the gross carrying value of the asset is written off against the associated provision.

Impairment provisions for other receivables are recognised based on a forward-looking expected credit loss model. The methodology used to determine the amount of the provision is based on whether at each reporting date, there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of the financial asset. For those where the credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition of the financial asset, twelve month expected credit losses along with gross interest income are recognised. For those for which credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime expected credit losses along with the gross interest income are recognised. For those that are determined to be credit impaired, lifetime expected credit losses along with interest income on a net basis are recognised.

The Group's and the Company's financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise trade and other receivables (excluding goods and service tax receivables, prepayments and government grant receivables) and cash and cash equivalents in the statements of financial position.

Significant increase in credit risk

In assessing whether the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group compares the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the reporting date with the risk of a default occurring on the financial instrument as at the date of initial recognition.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.5 Financial instruments (Continued)

Financial assets (Continued)

Amortised cost (Continued)

Significant increase in credit risk (Continued)

In particular, the following information is taken into account when assessing whether credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition:

- Existing or forecast adverse changes in business, financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations;
- An actual or expected significant deterioration in the operating results of the debtor;
- Significant increases in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same debtor; and
- An actual or expected significant adverse change in the regulatory, economic, or technological environment of the debtor that results in a significant decrease in the debtor's ability to meet its debt obligations.

Irrespective of the outcome of the above assessment, the Group presumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition when contractual payments are more than 60 days past due, unless the Group has reasonable and supportable information that demonstrates otherwise.

Despite the aforegoing, the Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition if the financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. A financial instrument is determined to have low credit risk if (i) the financial instrument has a low risk of default, (ii) the borrower has a strong capacity to meet its contractual cash flow obligations in the near term and (iii) adverse changes in economic and business conditions in the longer term may, but will not necessarily, reduce the ability of the borrower to fulfil its contractual cash flow obligations.

The Group regularly monitors the effectiveness of the criteria used to identify whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and revises them as appropriate to ensure that the criteria are capable of identifying significant increase in credit risk before the amount becomes past due.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.5 Financial instruments (Continued)

# Financial assets (Continued)

## Credit-impaired financial assets

A financial asset is credit-impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes observable data about the following events:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or the borrower;
- A breach of contract, such as default or past due events;
- The lenders of the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, having granted to the borrower a concession(s) that the lender(s) would not otherwise consider;
- It is becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties.

# Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

## Financial liabilities and equity instruments

# Classification as debt or equity

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

# Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Group after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. The Group classifies ordinary shares as equity instruments.

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.5 Financial instruments (Continued)

# Financial liabilities and equity instruments (Continued)

#### Financial liabilities

The Group classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost.

## Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables (excluding goods and service tax payables and deferred government grant) are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, where applicable, using the effective interest method.

## **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing bank loans are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are presented as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of financial year, in which case they are presented as non-current liabilities.

## Financial guarantee contracts

The Company has issued corporate guarantees to banks for borrowings of a subsidiary and these guarantees qualify as financial guarantees because the Company is required to reimburse the banks if the subsidiary breaches any repayment term.

Financial guarantee contract liabilities are measured initially at their fair values, net of transaction costs. Financial guarantee contracts are subsequently measured at the higher of:

- a) premium received on initial recognition less the cumulative amount of income recognised in accordance with the principles of SFRS(I) 15; and
- b) the amount of loss allowance determined in accordance with SFRS(I) 9.

## Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Group derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Group's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount and the consideration paid is recognised in profit or loss.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.5 Financial instruments (Continued)

### Offsetting arrangements

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 2.6 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs comprise costs of purchase and other costs in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is calculated using the weighted average method. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution. Where necessary, allowance is made for obsolete, slow-moving and defective inventories to adjust the carrying amount of those inventories to the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### 2.7 Plant and equipment

All items of plant and equipment are initially recognised at cost. The cost includes its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management. Dismantlement, removal or restoration costs are included as part of the cost if the obligation for dismantlement, removal or restoration is incurred as a consequence of acquiring or using the plant and equipment.

Subsequent expenditure on an item of plant and equipment is added to the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance expenses are recognised in profit or loss when incurred.

Plant and equipment are subsequently carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method so as to allocate the depreciable amounts of the plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives, on the following bases:

Computers

Furniture and fittings

Office equipment

Renovation

3 years

3 years

3 years

3 years

The carrying values of plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.



FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.7 Plant and equipment (Continued)

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted as appropriate, at the end of each financial year.

An item of plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

The gain or loss arising on disposal or retirement of an item of plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Fully depreciated assets still in use are retained in the financial statements.

#### 2.8 Leases

Group as lessee

All leases are accounted for by recognising a right-of-use asset and a lease liability except for:

- leases of low value assets; and
- leases with a duration of twelve months or less.

The payments for leases of low value assets and short-term leases are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

# Initial measurement

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the contractual payments due to the lessor over the lease term, with the discount rate determined by reference to the rate inherent in the lease unless this is not readily determinable, in which case the Group's incremental borrowing rate on commencement of the lease is used.

Variable lease payments are only included in the measurement of the lease liability if it is depending on an index or rate. In such cases, the initial measurement of the lease liability assumes the variable element will remain unchanged throughout the lease term. Other variable lease payments are expensed in the period to which they relate.



## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## 2.8 Leases (Continued)

Group as lessee (Continued)

Initial measurement (Continued)

On initial recognition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities also includes:

- amounts expected to be payable under any residual value guarantee;
- the exercise price of any purchase option granted in favour of the Group if it is reasonably certain to assess that option; and
- any penalties payables for terminating the lease, if the term of the lease has been estimated on the basis of termination option being exercised.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at the amount of lease liabilities, reduced by any lease incentives received and increased for:

- lease payments made at or before commencement of the lease;
- initial direct costs incurred; and
- the amount of any provision recognised where the Group is contractually required to dismantle, remove or restore the leased asset.

The Group and the Company present the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities separately from other assets and other liabilities in the statements of financial position.

# Subsequent measurement

Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, any accumulated impairment loss and, if applicable, adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. The right-of-use assets under cost model are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of either the remaining lease term or the remaining useful life of the right-of-use assets. If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise the purchase option, the right-of-use assets are depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset.

## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.8 Leases (Continued)

Group as lessee (Continued)

Subsequent measurement (Continued)

The right-of-use assets are depreciated based on the following bases:

	Years
Office premises	2
Office equipment	3 – 5
Motor vehicles	2

The carrying amount of right-of-use assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the right-of-use assets may be impaired. The accounting policy on impairment is as described in Note 2.11 to the financial statements.

Subsequent to initial measurement, lease liabilities are adjusted to reflect interest charged at a constant periodic rate over the remaining lease liabilities, lease payment made and if applicable, account for any remeasurement due to reassessment or lease modifications.

After the commencement date, interest on the lease liabilities are recognised in profit or loss, unless the costs are eligible for capitalisation in accordance with other applicable standards.

When the Group revises its estimate of any lease term (i.e. probability of extension or termination option being exercised), it adjusts the carrying amount of the lease liability to reflect the payments over the revised term. The carrying amount of lease liabilities is similarly revised when the variable element of the future lease payment dependent on a rate or index is revised. In both cases, an equivalent adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets. If the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero and there is a further reduction in the measurement of lease liabilities, the remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognised directly in profit or loss.

When the Group renegotiates the contractual terms of a lease with the lessor, the accounting treatment depends on the nature of the modification:

- If the renegotiation results in one or more additional assets being leased for an amount commensurate with the standalone price for the additional right-of-use obtained, the modification is accounted for as a separate lease in accordance with the above policy;
- In all other cases where the renegotiation increases the scope of the lease (i.e. extension
  to the lease term, or one or more additional assets being leased), the lease liability is
  remeasured using the discount rate applicable on the modification date, with the right-of-use
  asset being adjusted by the same amount;



#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

# 2.8 Leases (Continued)

Group as lessee (Continued)

Subsequent measurement (Continued)

If the renegotiation results in a decrease in scope of the lease, both the carrying amount of the lease liability and right-of-use asset are reduced by the same proportion to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease with any difference being recognised in profit or loss. The lease liability is then further adjusted to ensure its carrying amount reflects the amount of the renegotiated payments over the renegotiated term, with the modified lease payments discounted at the rate applicable on the modification date. The right-of-use asset is adjusted by the same amount.

For lease contracts that convey a right to use an identified asset and require services to be provided by the lessor, the Group has elected to account for the entire contract as a lease. The Group does not allocate any amount of contractual payments to, and account separately for, any services provided by the lessor as part of the contract.

### 2.9 Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of a subsidiary or business represents the excess of the consideration transferred (see Note 2.3), the amount of any non-controlling interests in the acquiree and the acquisition date fair value of any previously held equity interest in the acquiree over the acquisition date fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the subsidiary recognised at the date of acquisition.

Goodwill on subsidiary is recognised separately as intangible assets. Goodwill is initially recognised at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in a subsequent period.

On disposal of a subsidiary or the relevant cash generating unit, the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.10 Intangible assets

#### Software development costs

Software development costs which are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Software development costs are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

#### Software

Acquired software is initially capitalised at cost which includes purchase price (net of discounts and rebates) and other directly attributable costs of preparing the software for its intended use. Direct expenditure which enhances or extends the performance of computer software beyond its specifications and which can be reliably measured is added to the original cost of the software. Software is reported as cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives of three to five years. The estimated useful life and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

#### Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination are identified and recognised separately from goodwill. The cost of such intangible assets is their fair value at the acquisition date.

Subsequent to initial recognition, intangible assets acquired in a business combination are reported at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, on the same basis as intangible assets acquired separately.

The intangible assets pertain to customer relationships acquired through business combinations. These intangible assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over their useful lives. Management has assessed the appropriate useful lives to be five years. The estimated useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed at the end of each annual reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

# 2.11 Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding goodwill)

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## 2.11 Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding goodwill) (Continued)

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 2.12 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Group will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows.

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, the receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as finance expense.

Changes in the estimated timing or amount of the expenditure or discount rate are recognised in profit or loss when the changes arise.

#### 2.13 Share-based payments

The Group issues equity-settled share-based payments to certain employees of the Company.

Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at fair value of equity instruments at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled shared-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the Group's estimate of the number of equity instruments that will eventually vest. At the end of each reporting period, the Group revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognised in profit or loss such that the cumulative expenses reflect the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the equity-settled employee benefits reserve.



### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.14 Dividends

Dividends to the Company's equity holders are recognised when the dividends are declared and approved for payment.

#### 2.15 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised when a performance obligation is satisfied. Revenue is measured based on consideration of which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised good or services to a customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (i.e. sales related taxes). The consideration promised in the contracts with customers may include fixed amount, variable amounts or both. Most of the Group's revenue is derived from fixed price contracts and therefore, the amount of revenue earned for each contract is determined by reference to those fixed prices.

<u>Insurtech – rendering of warranty and other support services, including the related administration</u> services in handling and processing of warranty and other claims

The Group provides a series of warranty support services. Such performance obligations are recognised as a performance obligation over time. Revenue is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of service. Management has assessed that the revenue recognition method is an appropriate measure of progress towards complete satisfaction of these performance obligations under SFRS(I) 15.

# Insurtech - Commission income

The Group receives commission income for acting as a corporate agent for insurance provider. The income is recognised upon submission of the insured information to the insurance provider. The Group is acting as an agent in the arrangement, and amounts collected should be recognised as a net amount of commission.

Revenue relating to the commission income is recognised when the commission is earned after the insurance provider undertakes the insured customer. This represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional as only the passage of time is required before payment is due.

### E-Commerce - sale of Body, Beauty, Baby ("BBB") products on online channels

The Group is involved in the selling of BBB products on online channels. Revenue from the sale of BBB products is recognised when control of the goods has transferred, being when the goods have been shipped to the customer's location (delivery). A receivable is recognised by the Group when the goods are delivered to the customer as this represents the point in time at which the right to consideration becomes unconditional, as only the passage of time required before payment is due.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.15 Revenue recognition (Continued)

E-Commerce – sale of Body, Beauty, Baby ("BBB") products on online channels (Continued)

Under the Group's standard contract terms, customers have a right of return within 14 days. At the point of sale, a refund liability and a corresponding adjustment to revenue are recognised for those products expected to be returned. At the same time, the Group has a right to recover the product when customers exercise their right of return so consequently recognises a right to returned goods asset and a corresponding adjustment to the cost of inventories recognised in profit or loss. The Group uses its accumulated historical experience to estimate the number of returns on a portfolio level using the expected value method. It is considered highly probable that a significant reversal in the cumulative revenue recognised will not occur given the consistent level of returns over previous years.

### E-Commerce - rendering of marketing support services

The Group provides a series of marketing support services. Such performance obligations are recognised as a performance obligation over time. Revenue is recognised for these services over the contract period. Management has assessed that the revenue recognition method is an appropriate measure of progress towards complete satisfaction of these performance obligations under SFRS(I) 15.

# E-Logistics - rendering of warehouse and logistics handling services

The Group provides a series of warehouse handling services – (1) Inbound deliveries; (2) Storage; (3) Order processing; (4) Pick, Pack and Quality Control; and (5) Outbound deliveries. The various warehouse handling services are individually considered to be a distinct service as it is both regularly supplied by the Group to other customers on a stand-alone basis and is available for customers from other providers in the market. Transaction price are allocated to the individual warehouse handling services based on its stand-alone selling price of these services.

Revenue relating to the warehouse handling services is recognised over time. Management has assessed that the revenue recognition method is an appropriate measure of progress towards complete satisfaction of these performance obligations under SFRS(I) 15.

#### Interest income

Interest income is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.16 Government grants

Government grants are recognised as a receivable at their fair value when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all the attached conditions.

Government grants received and receivable are recognised as income over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants relating to expenses are shown separately as other income.

#### 2.17 Employee benefits

## Defined contribution plans

Payments to defined contribution plans are charged as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed. Defined contribution plans are post-employment benefit plans under which the Group pays fixed contributions into state-managed retirement benefit schemes, such as the Singapore Central Provident Fund, and has no legal and constructive obligation to pay further once the payments are made.

#### Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. A provision is made for the estimated undiscounted liability for annual leave expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of reporting period as a result of services rendered by employees up to the end of the reporting period.

# 2.18 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Borrowing costs on general borrowings are capitalised by applying a capitalisation rate to construction or development expenditures that are financed by general borrowings. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred using the effective interest method.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.19 Income tax

Income tax expense comprise current tax expense and deferred tax expense.

#### Current income tax

Current income tax expense is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for a period. Current income tax liabilities for the current and prior periods shall be measured at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and interpretation to applicable tax laws in the countries where the Group operates, that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Management evaluates its income tax provisions on periodical basis.

Current income tax expenses are recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on all temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases of asset and liabilities, except when the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or other assets and liabilities that is not a business combination and affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the timing of reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates expected to apply for the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rate and tax law that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects to recover or settle its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.



### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## 2.19 Income tax (Continued)

Deferred tax (Continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except when it relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, in which case the tax is also recognised either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, or where it arises from the initial accounting for a business combination. Deferred tax arising from a business combination, is taken into account in calculating goodwill on acquisition.

#### Sales tax

Revenue, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales tax except:

- when the sales taxation that is incurred on purchase of assets or services is not recoverable
  from the taxation authorities, in which case the sales tax is recognised as part of cost of
  acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statements of financial position.

# 2.20 Discontinued operations

A discontinued operation is a component of an entity that either has been disposed of, or is classified as held for sale, and

- (a) represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations;
- (b) is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line or geographical area of operations; or
- (c) is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

#### 2.21 Foreign currency transactions and translation

In preparing the financial statements of the individual entities, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency are recorded at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing as of the end of the reporting period. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.



### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### 2.21 Foreign currency transactions and translation (Continued)

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on retranslation of monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items carried at fair value are included in profit or loss for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. For such non-monetary items, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised directly in equity.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations (including comparatives) are expressed in Singapore dollar using exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period. Income and expense items (including comparatives) are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuated significantly during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions are used. Exchange differences arising, are recognised initially in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the Group's translation reserve.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign entities (including monetary items that, in substance, form part of the net investment in foreign entities), and of borrowings and other currency instruments designated as hedges of such investments, are taken to the translation reserve.

On disposal of a foreign operation, the accumulated translation reserve relating to that operation is reclassified to profit or loss.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the closing rate.

## 2.22 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the chief executive officer who makes strategic decisions.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, which are described in Note 2 to the financial statements, management made judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that were not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions were based on historical experience and other factors that were considered to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates

These estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

## 3.1 Critical judgements in applying the entity's accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, apart from those involving estimations (Note 3.2) that management has made in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies and which have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

#### Going concern

The Group incurred a net loss of \$1,793,000 and negative cash flow from operating activities of \$765,000 for the financial year ended 31 December 2021. As of that date and the date of financial statements authorised for issue, the Group has yet to secure and renew contracts with its major customers.

The Directors are of the view that there are no material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and these financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis due to the following:

- (a) the Group will be able to generate sufficient cash flows from its operations to pay its liabilities as and when they fall due;
- (b) management intends to manage cashflow of the subsidiaries on overall Group basis, where necessary;
- (c) management is actively pursuing new business opportunities and expand its business within local and international market: and
- (d) subsequent to the year end, the Group entered into placement agreements with third party individuals to issue and allot new ordinary shares, and portion of the proceeds will be utilised to finance its working capital, as disclosed in Note 36(i) of the financial statements.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY (CONTINUED)

# 3.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are discussed below.

#### Impairment review of goodwill and intangible assets

The Group reviews goodwill and intangible assets for impairment annually. As at 31 December 2021, the net carrying amounts of goodwill and intangible assets were \$329,000 and \$515,000 (2020: \$971,000 and \$903,000) respectively. An impairment loss of \$642,000 (2020: \$Nil) on goodwill was recognised during the financial year.

The management required to estimate the future market conditions, including future contract revenue, discount rate and terminal growth rate in the key inputs used in the discounted cash flow forecasts to determine the recoverable amounts for goodwill and intangible assets, and the amount of any impairment required. The key assumptions used by management are disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

The carrying amounts of goodwill and intangible assets as at 31 December 2021 are disclosed in Notes 10 and 11 to the financial statements.

# Allowance for impairment loss of trade and other receivables

The Group determines expected credit losses on trade receivables from third parties based on credit loss model. In determining the expected credit losses for trade receivables, management categorised the trade debtors based on their historical credit loss pattern, adjusted for general economic conditions and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date, including time value of money where appropriate. For non-trade receivables, management considers the performance, financial capability as well as payment profile of these non-trade receivables in order to determine the appropriate stage of expected credit loss for these receivables. Probability or risk of default is then being estimated by considering future conditions.

Notwithstanding the above, the Group evaluates the ECL on customers in financial difficulties separately. The carrying amounts of the Group's and the Company's trade and other receivables as at 31 December 2021 are disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

#### Allowance for impairment loss in investment in subsidiaries

At the end of each financial year, an assessment is made on whether there is indication that the investment in subsidiaries is impaired. Where such indications exist, the recoverable amount is determined based on higher of fair value less cost of disposal and value-in-use of the subsidiary by forecasting the expected future cash flows for a period up to 5 years, using a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value of those cash flows. The key assumptions are disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements. The Company's carrying amount of investment in subsidiaries as at 31 December 2021 are disclosed in Note 12 to the financial statements.

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cash at bank	1,624	1,978	562	1,871

The currency profiles of the Group's and Company's cash and bank balances at each reporting date are as follows:

	Group		Comp	any
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Singapore dollar	312	1,194	78	1,124
United States dollar	1,312	784	484	747
	1,624	1,978	562	1,871

# 5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Gro	up	Company	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Trade receivables				
- Third parties	17	513	-	_
Less: Loss allowance				
	17	513	-	_
Other receivables				
- Third parties	243	9	3	8
- A subsidiary	-	_	784	292
Deposits	38	40	8	9
Goods and service tax receivables	21	-	-	-
Prepayments	12	7	5	2
Government grant receivables		21		3
Total trade and other receivables <i>Less:</i>	331	590	800	314
Goods and service tax receivables	(21)	-	-	_
Prepayments	(12)	(7)	(5)	(2)
Government grant receivables <i>Add:</i>	-	(21)	-	(3)
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 4)	1,624	1,978	562	1,871
Financial assets carried at				
amortised cost	1,922	2,540	1,357	2,180

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### 5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Trade receivables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and generally on 30 (2020: 30) days' credit terms. They are recognised at their original invoice amounts which represent their fair values on initial recognition. The Group assesses the potential customer's credit quality and determines credit limits to be allowed before accepting any new customer. Credit limits granted to customers are reviewed regularly.

Other receivables from the third parties and a subsidiary are unsecured, non-interest bearing, repayable on demand and are expected to be settled in cash. There is no allowance for doubtful debts arising from these outstanding balances as the expected credit loss is not material.

Deposits mainly relate to deposits made for the rental of office premise and utilities.

In 2020, the government grant receivables relate to Jobs Support Scheme ("JSS") announced by the Singapore Government to provide wage support to employers to help them retain their local employees during this period of economic uncertainty.

#### Analysis of trade receivables

Loss allowance for trade receivables is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. The ECL on trade receivables are estimated by reference to past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for factors that are specific to the debtors, general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecast direction of conditions at the reporting date. There is no loss allowance provided during the financial year as the amount is insignificant.

A trade receivable is written off when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery, e.g. when the debtor has been placed under liquidation or has entered into bankruptcy proceedings, or when the trade receivables are over two years past due, whichever occurs earlier. The Group has bad debts written off amounting to \$NiI (2020: \$122,000) as of 31 December 2021.

The following table details the risk profile of trade receivables from contracts with customers based on the Group's historical credit loss experience based on the past due status of the debtors, adjusted as appropriate to reflect current conditions and estimate of future economic conditions. As the Group's historical credit loss experience does not show significantly different loss patterns for different customer segments, the provision for loss allowance based on past due status is not further distinguished between the Group's different customer base.



## 5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Analysis of trade receivables (Continued)

			Group		
		Trade receivables - days past due			
	Not past due \$'000	1 to 30 days \$'000	31 to 60 days \$'000	> 60 days \$'000	Total \$'000
2021					
Expected loss rate	-	-	-	-	-
Estimated total gross carrying					
amount at default	16	1	-	-	17
Lifetime ECL	-	-	-	-	
					17
2020					
Expected loss rate	-	_	-	_	-
Estimated total gross carrying					
amount at default	466	5	41	1	513
Lifetime ECL	-	-	-	-	
					513

Group

The table below shows the movement in lifetime ECL that has been recognised for trade receivables in accordance with the simplified approach set out in SFRS(I) 9:

	Lifetime ECL -	
	credit ir	mpaired
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Group		
At 1 January	-	421
Change in loss allowance due to new trade receivables originated,		
net of those derecognised due to settlement	-	(54)
Disposal of subsidiaries		(367)
At 31 December	-	_

#### Analysis of non-trade receivables

For purpose of impairment assessment, the non-trade receivables are considered to have low credit risk. The non-trade receivables are measured at 12-month ECL and subject to immaterial credit loss.

For amount due from a subsidiary, management has taken into account information that it has available internally about the subsidiary's past, current and expected operating performance and cash flow position. Management monitors and assesses at each reporting period on any indicator of significant increase in credit risk on amount due from the subsidiary, by considering the performance and any default in external debts.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

#### Analysis of non-trade receivables (Continued)

Management has measured the loss allowance at lifetime ECL (2020: 12-month ECL). Management determines the amount due from a subsidiary is subject to immaterial credit loss.

The currency profiles of the Group's and Company's trade and other receivables (excluding Goods and service tax receivables, prepayments, and government grant receivables) at each reporting date are as follows:

	Gre	Group		pany
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Singapore dollar	62	97	795	309
United States dollar	236	464	-	-
Malaysian ringgit		1		
	298	562	795	309

# 6. DEFERRED SERVICE COSTS

Costs relating to warranty services is recognised over time although the Group pays up-front in full for these services. These costs are amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of warranty services.

# 7. INVENTORIES

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Cost of inventories included in cost of sales of		
discontinued operations		26,689

Movement in the allowance for inventory obsolescence:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
At 1 January	-	(316)
Allowance written off	-	302
Allowance recognised in profit or loss (Note 25)	-	(318)
Disposal of subsidiaries		332
At 31 December		

In prior year, the Group has written off approximately \$496,000 of its inventories. The inventories written off is recognised under "other operating expenses" in line item of profit or loss.

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## 8. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Computers \$'000	Furniture and fittings \$'000	Office equipment \$'000	Renovation \$'000	Total \$'000
Group					
Cost					
At 1 January 2021	4	6	_	32	42
Additions	2	1		1	4
At 31 December 2021	6	7		33	46
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January 2021	3	-	-	2	5
Depreciation	3	2		11	16
At 31 December 2021	6	2		13	21
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2021		5		20	25
Cost					
At 1 January 2020	233	86	76	190	585
Additions	151	28	15	60	254
Disposal of subsidiaries					
(Note 12)	(375)	(87)	(85)	(167)	(714)
Disposals	(9)	(21)	(6)	(51)	(87)
Translation difference	4				4
At 31 December 2020	4	6		32	42
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January 2020	85	39	51	108	283
Depreciation	78	24	15	48	165
Disposal of subsidiaries					
(Note 12)	(154)	(55)	(62)	(131)	(402)
Disposals	(6)	(8)	(4)	(23)	(41)
At 31 December 2020	3			2	5
Carrying amount At 31 December 2020	1	6	_	30	37

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 8. PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)

	Computers \$'000	Furniture and fittings \$'000	Office equipment \$'000	Renovation \$'000	Total \$'000
Company					
Cost		_			
At 1 January 2021	- *	5	-	32	37
Additions		1		1	2
At 31 December 2021	*	6		33	39
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January 2021	-	-	-	2	2
Depreciation	*	2		11	13
At 31 December 2021	*	2		13	15
Carrying amount At 31 December 2021		4		20	24
Cost					
At 1 January 2020	5	19	6	51	81
Additions	2	7	-	32	41
Disposals	(7)	(21)	(6)	(51)	(85)
At 31 December 2020		5		32	37
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 January 2020	2	3	2	10	17
Depreciation	2	5	2	15	24
Disposals	(4)	(8)	(4)	(23)	(39)
At 31 December 2020				2	2
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2020		5		30	35

<sup>\*</sup> denotes less than \$1,000

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 9. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

	Office premises \$'000	Office equipment \$'000	Motor vehicles \$'000	Total \$'000
Group				
Cost				
At 1 January 2021	189	18	-	207
Written off	(119)			(119)
At 31 December 2021	70	18		88
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 January 2021	129	-	-	129
Depreciation	36	4	-	40
Written off	(119)			(119)
At 31 December 2021	46	4		50
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2021	24	14		38
Cost				
At 1 January 2020	433	7	64	504
Additions	101	18	-	119
Lease modification	(179)	-	-	(179)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 12)	(166)	(7)	(64)	(237)
At 31 December 2020	189	18		207
Accumulated depreciation				
At 1 January 2020	172	2	33	207
Depreciation	144	3	27	174
Lease modification	(105)	_	-	(105)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 12)	(82)	(5)	(60)	(147)
At 31 December 2020	129			129
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2020	60	18	_	78

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 9. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Office premises \$'000
Company	
Cost	
At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	69
Accumulated depreciation	
At 1 January 2021	9
Depreciation	36
At 31 December 2021	45
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2021	24
Cost	
At 1 January 2020	144
Additions	69
Lease modification	(144)
At 31 December 2020	69
Accumulated depreciation	
At 1 January 2020	32
Depreciation	43
Lease modification	(66)
At 31 December 2020	9
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2020	60

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 10. GOODWILL

	Group \$'000
Cost At 1 January 2021 and 31 December 2021	2,171
Accumulated impairment loss At 1 January 2021 Impairment loss At 31 December 2021	1,200 642 1,842
Carrying amount At 31 December 2021	329
Cost At 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	2,171
Accumulated impairment loss At 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	1,200
Carrying amount At 31 December 2020	971

Goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated, at acquisition, to the CGU that are expected to benefit from the business combination. The carrying amount of goodwill has been allocated to the Insurtech CGU, arising from the acquisition of Insurtech Subsidiary.

The Group tests goodwill annually for impairment or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill might be impaired. The recoverable amount of the CGU is determined from value in use calculations. The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the future contract revenue, discount rate and terminal growth rate. Management estimates discount rate using pre-tax rate that reflect current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the CGU. The growth rates are based on industry growth forecasts and expectations of future changes in the market.

The key assumptions for the value in use calculations are those regarding the revenue growth rate, terminal growth rate and discount rate at each reporting date as follow:-

	Group and Company	
	2021	2020
Revenue growth rate	14.0%	13.0%
Terminal growth rate	1.0%	1.0%
Discount rate	10.2%	9.5%

The global chips shortage coupled with rising inflation has impacted many industries including Group's main customers. During the year, the Group has made an impairment loss of approximately \$642,000 (2020: \$NiI) to the CGU. The carrying amount of CGU was determined to be higher than its recoverable amount of approximately \$882,000 based on management's review. The impairment loss was recognised in respect of goodwill recognised in the CGU and included in "other operating expenses" in line item of profit or loss.

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Software			
	under		Customer	
	development	Software	relationships	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Group				
Cost				
At 1 January 2021	-	117	1,916	2,033
Written off		(17)		(17)
At 31 December 2021		100	1,916	2,016
Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss				
At 1 January 2021	-	109	1,021	1,130
Amortisation	-	2	383	385
Written off		(14)		(14)
At 31 December 2021		97	1,404	1,501
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2021		3	512	515
Cost				
At 1 January 2020	220	856	1,916	2,992
Additions	333	35	-	368
Written off	_	(18)	-	(18)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 12)	(553)	(756)		(1,309)
At 31 December 2020		117	1,916	2,033
Accumulated amortisation and impairment loss				
At 1 January 2020	-	468	638	1,106
Amortisation	_	124	383	507
Impairment loss	-	36	-	36
Written off	-	(8)	-	(8)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 12)		(511)		(511)
At 31 December 2020		109	1,021	1,130
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2020		8	895	903

The amortisation of customer relationships is included in the administrative expenses line item in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The group tests intangible assets for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication of impairment.

The recoverable amounts of the intangible assets have been determined based on value in use calculations using cash flow projections from financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period and projection to terminal year. The key assumptions for the value in use calculation are those regarding the revenue growth rate, terminal growth rate and discount rates during the financial year.

## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 11. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Based on the cashflow forecast prepared, there was no impairment required for intangible assets for financial year ended 31 December 2021. See Note 10 to financial statements for assumptions over impairment assessment performed.

For financial year ended 31 December 2020, the management assessed that the possibility for the subsidiary to generate future operating profit and cash inflow from the contracts is remote and hence an impairment loss of \$36,000 was recognised in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### 12. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES

	Comp	Company	
	2021	2020	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Unquoted equity shares, at cost	1,300	1,300	

#### Disposal of subsidiaries

On 5 August 2020, the Company entered into a sale and purchase agreement ("SPA") with Synagistics Pte. Ltd. (the "Purchaser"), and Metadrome Ltd, as a guarantor to the Company, pursuant to which the Company agreed to sell, and the Purchaser agreed to purchase the e-commerce business upon the terms and subject to the conditions of the SPA, for an aggregate consideration of \$61,679,000 (the "Consideration").

The disposal involved the disposal of the entire e-commerce, e-commerce enabler and logistics business (including the technology and business solutions in relation to the foregoing) carried on by the Group including the legal and/or beneficial ownership in the following subsidiaries:

- (a) 100% of the issued share capital of BTFL Pte. Ltd.;
- (b) 100% of the issued share capital of Synagie Sdn. Bhd.;
- (c) 100% of the contributed capital of Synagie (Vietnam) Company Limited.;
- (d) 48.9% of the issued share capital of Synagie (Thailand) Ltd.;
- (e) legal and beneficial ownership over 99.9% of the issued share capital of Synagie Inc., and beneficial ownership over five 5 common shares held by five individual nominee shareholders, representing less than 0.1% of the issued share capital of Synagie Inc.;
- (f) 100% of the issued share capital of Synagie Hong Kong Limited; and
- (g) 99.6% of the issued share capital of PT Synagie Ecommerce Indonesia.

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 12. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

# Disposal of subsidiaries (Continued)

Upon completion, the Group lost its control in the e-commerce business on 5 November 2020 and the financial performance of e-commerce business for the period from 1 January 2020 to 5 November 2020 are therefore presented as discontinued operations. (Note 29)

The carrying amount of net assets arising from the disposal were as follows:

	5 November 2020 \$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	671
Trade and other receivables	5,990
Inventories	3,416
Plant and equipment	312
Right-of-use assets	90
Intangible assets	798
Total assets	11,277
Trade and other payables	10,287
Lease liabilities	92
Total liabilities	10,379
Net assets derecognised	898

## Gain on disposal of subsidiaries

	2020 \$'000
Cash proceeds	52,322
Promissory notes <sup>1</sup>	9,357
Less:	
Net assets derecognised	(898)
Non-controlling interest	3
Reclassification of foreign currency translation reserve	(34)
Costs directly attributable to the disposal	(1,341)
	59,409

<sup>1</sup> Pursuant to the terms of the SPA, a portion of the Consideration, being an amount of \$9,357,000, was paid by the Purchaser to the Company by way of assignment of an interest-bearing promissory note in the principal amount of \$9,357,000 issued by Metadrome Ltd, at an interest of 0.3% per annum.

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

# 12. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (CONTINUED)

# Gain on disposal of subsidiaries (Continued)

Effect of disposal on the consolidated statement of cash flows:

	\$'000
Cash proceeds from the disposal	52,322
Cash and cash equivalents of subsidiaries derecognised	(671)
Cash payments of costs directly attributable to the disposal	(1,049)
Net cash inflow	50,602

Country of

2020

Details of the Company's subsidiaries are as follows:

		incorporation and principal place of		
Name of subsidiary	Principal activities	business	Ownersh 2021 %	ip interest 2020 %
Held by the Company V2Y Pte. Ltd. <sup>(1)</sup>	Investment holding.	Singapore	100	100
Held by V2Y Pte. Ltd.				
1Care Global Pte. Ltd.(1)	Other information technology and computer service activities and general wholesale trade (including general importers and exporters).	Singapore	100	100
V2Y Insurtech Pte. Ltd.(1)	Other information technology and computer service activities.	Singapore	100	100
Held by V2Y Pte. Ltd.				
V2Y Technologies Pte. Ltd. <sup>(3)</sup>	Dormant	Singapore	100	100
V2Y Insurtech Sdn. Bhd. (2)	Other information technology and computer service activities.	Malaysia	100	100

<sup>(1)</sup> Audited by BDO LLP, Singapore

<sup>(2)</sup> Audited by BDO PLT, Malaysia, a member firm of BDO International Limited

<sup>(3)</sup> In the process of being strike off



#### 13. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	Group		Company	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Trade payables				
- Third parties	364	423	-	_
Other payables				
- Third parties	327	167	15	116
Accruals	398	602	224	415
Goods and services tax payables	24	61	-	43
Deferred government grant	3	28		5
Total trade and other payables Add:	1,116	1,281	239	579
Lease liabilities (Note 17)	39	78	24	61
Bank borrowing (Note 14) Less:	444	-	-	-
Goods and services tax payables	(24)	(61)	-	(43)
Deferred government grant	(3)	(28)		(5)
Financial liabilities carried at amortised cost	1,572	1,270	263	592

Trade payables are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable within the normal trade credit terms of 30 to 60 (2020: 30 to 60) days.

Other payables due to third parties are unsecured, non-interest bearing, repayable on demand and are expected to be settled in cash.

Deferred government grant relates to Enterprise Singapore Grant announced by the Singapore Government to provide support to employers to help them adopt IT solutions and equipment to enhance business processes during this period of economic uncertainty. In 2020, deferred government grant is in respect of Job Support Scheme details of which are disclosed in Note 5 to the financial statements.

The currency profiles of the Group's and Company's trade and other payables (excluding goods and services tax payables and deferred government grant) at each reporting date are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Singapore dollar	426	642	203	322
United States dollar	661	529	36	190
Malaysian ringgit	-	2	-	-
Thai baht	2	19		19
	1,089	1,192	239	531



#### 14. BANK BORROWING

	Gro	Group	
	2021	2020	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Temporary bridging loan			
Non-current	348	_	
Current	96		
	444		

During the financial year ended 31 December 2021, the Group applied for a 5-year temporary bridging loan under the Enterprise Financing Scheme in order to support its working capital.

The temporary bridging loan is repayable within 60 months from the date of first drawn down date and the interest are fixed at 2.5% per annum.

The bank borrowing of the Group is supported by corporate guarantee provided by the Company.

As at the end of the reporting period, the Group had facilities as follows:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Facilities granted	500	_
Facilities utilised	500	

C+0...

The currency profile of the borrowing of the Group is Singapore dollar.

#### 15. PROVISIONS

	Group			
	2021	2021 20	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000		
At 1 January	147	147		
Provision reversed	(147)			
At 31 December		147		

Provision for warranty was made only for those contracts for which warranty for defects is provided for agreed period. The provision for warranty is based on estimates made from historical warranty data associated with similar completed contracts. The provision for warranty was reversed upon expiry of the agreed warranty period during the year.

# 16. DEFERRED SERVICE REVENUE

Revenue relating to warranty services is recognised over time although the customer pays up-front in full for these services. A contract liability is recognised for revenue relating to the warranty services at the time of the initial sales transaction and is amortised over the service period. Deferred service revenue as at the end of each reporting period is expected to be utilised over the next 1 to 3 years.

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#### 17. LEASE LIABILITIES

	Gro	oup	Com	pany
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Cost				
At 1 January	78	302	61	113
Additions	-	119	-	69
Interest expense (Note 26)	3	11	2	5
Lease modifications	-	(78)	-	(78)
Lease payments				
- Principal portion	(39)	(173)	(37)	(43)
- Interest portion	(3)	(11)	(2)	(5)
Disposal of subsidiaries (Note 12)		(92)		
At 31 December	39	78	24	61

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities of the Group and Company at the end of reporting date are as follows:

	Gro	oup	Com	pany
	2021	2020	2021	2020
-	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Contractual undiscounted cash flows				
- Not later than a year	28	42	24	39
- After one year but within five years	14	42		25
	42	84	24	64
Less: Future interest expense	(3)	(6)	*	(3)
Present value of lease liabilities	39	78	24	61
Presented in statements of financial position				
- Current	26	39	24	37
- Non-current	13	39		24
	39	78	24	61

<sup>\*</sup> denotes less than \$1,000

The Group and Company lease office premises and equipment. The lease payments are fixed. As at 31 December 2021, the incremental borrowing rate applied in the lease was 5.00% (2020: 5.00%).

The currency profiles of the Group's and Company's lease liabilities at each reporting date are Singapore dollar.

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 18. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES

Deferred tax liabilities arose from fair value adjustment on intangible assets – customer relationships and deferred service revenue in relation to the acquisition of a subsidiary on 20 April 2018.

	Intangible assets – customer relationships \$'000	Deferred service revenue \$'000	Total \$'000
Group			
At 1 January 2021	152	-	152
Credit to profit or loss for the year (Note 28)	(65)		(65)
At 31 December 2021	87		87
At 1 January 2020	217	59	276
Credit to profit or loss for the year (Note 28)	(65)	(59)	(124)
At 31 December 2020	152		152

# 19. SHARE CAPITAL

	Group and Company	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Issued and paid up:		
At 1 January	1,027	24,147
Issuance of performance shares <sup>(1)</sup>	-	154
New shares issued pursuant to right issue <sup>(2)</sup>	-	3,972
Shares issue expenses capitalised in equity	-	(144)
Capital reduction <sup>(3)</sup>		(27,102)
At 31 December	1,027	1,027

<sup>(1)</sup> In financial year 2020, the Company allotted and issued an aggregate of 1,414,216 new shares in share capital of the Company pursuant to the V2Y Performance Share Plan.

<sup>(2)</sup> On 2 January 2020, the Company allotted and issued an aggregate of 39,715,003 new shares in share capital of the Company pursuant to the pursuant to right issue. (Note 20)

<sup>(3)</sup> On 24 November 2020, the Company received approval by the High Court of the Republic of Singapore for the capital reduction exercise. An aggregate amount of approximately \$27,102,000 based on \$0.0886 for each share, was returned to shareholders pursuant to the capital reduction. The cash paid to shareholders were partly offset with promissory note amounting to \$6,321,000 and cash payment amounting to \$20,781,000 was paid to shareholders.

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

### 19. SHARE CAPITAL (CONTINUED)

# **Number of ordinary shares**

	Group and Company	
	2021	2020
	000	,000
Issued and paid up:		
At 1 January	305,896	264,767
Issuance of performance shares <sup>(1)</sup>	-	1,414
New shares issued pursuant to right issue <sup>(2)</sup>		39,715
At 31 December	305,896	305,896

#### 20. CAPITAL CONTRIBUTION PENDING ALLOTMENT

The capital contribution pending allotment represented right issue of 39,715,003 right shares in the share capital of the Company at a consideration less right issues related expenses of \$3,828,000. The issuance of the rights was on 5 December 2019 and was fully subscribed and paid on 26 December 2019. The capital allotment was carried out on 2 January 2020 and was completed on 6 January 2020.

#### 21. MERGER RESERVE

Merger reserve arose from the restructuring exercise which involved related parties under common control and represents the difference between the consideration paid by the Company and the equity of the subsidiary acquired under common control that are accounted for by applying the "pooling-of-interest" method. With the completion of disposal of e-commerce business segment on 5 November 2020, the merger reserve was reclassified to retained earnings.

# 22. OTHER RESERVE

This represents the excess of the Convertible Notes reserve and principal amount of the Convertible Notes upon conversion to share capital of the Company recognised in prior financial years.

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 23. REVENUE

The Group derives its revenue from the transfer of goods and services over time and at a point in time in the following major product lines. This is consistent with the revenue information that is disclosed for each reportable segment under SFRS(I) 8 Operating Segments.

A disaggregation of the Group's revenue for the year, is as follows:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Continuing operations Insurtech:		
- Sale of warranty support services recognised over time	1,087	1,717
- Commission income recognised at a point in time	2	52
	1,089	1,769
Discontinued operations		
E-commerce:		
- Sale of products on online channels recognised at a point in time	-	40,975
- Marketing support fees recognised over time	-	5,522
E-logistics:		
- Warehouse and logistics support fees recognised over time		1,482
	_	47,979

## 24. OTHER INCOME

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Continuing operations		
Waiver of warranty service cost from insurer	-	174
Government grants	207	223
Gain on foreign exchange	19	_
Gain on lease modifications	-	4
Interest income	*	3
Others	101	31
	327	435
Discontinued operations		
Reversal of impairment loss of financial assets, subject to ECL	-	54
Government grants	_	507
Others		16
		577

<sup>\*</sup> denotes less than \$1,000

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL **STATEMENTS** 

## 25. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Continuing operations		
Impairment loss on goodwill	642	_
Impairment loss on intangible assets	-	36
Inventories written off	-	18
Intangible assets written off	3	-
Reversal of deferred service revenue	-	234
Net foreign exchange loss	-	6
Others		5
	645	299
Discontinued operations		
Allowance for inventory obsolescence	-	318
Bad debts written off	-	122
Inventories written off	-	478
Net foreign exchange loss	-	191
Intangible assets written off	-	10
Others		28
		1,147

# 26. FINANCE COSTS

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Continuing operations		
Interest on lease liabilities	3	5
Interest on bank borrowings	7	
	10	5
Discontinued operations		
Interest on lease liabilities	-	6
Interest expense		3
		9

# FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 27. LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX

In addition to the charges and credits disclosed elsewhere in the notes to the statement of profit or loss, the above includes the following charges:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Continuing operations		
Audit fees to auditor of the Company	77	83
Amortisation of intangible assets	385	420
Director fees	172	173
Depreciation of plant and equipment	16	26
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	40	75
Employee benefit expenses:		
- Staff costs (including director's remuneration) <sup>(1)</sup>	919	4,325
- Issuance of performance shares	-	18
- Employer's contribution to defined contribution plans	116	150
Discontinued operations		
Audit fees to auditor of the Company	-	60
Audit fees to other auditor	-	74
Amortisation of intangible assets	-	87
Depreciation of plant and equipment	-	139
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	-	99
Employee benefit expenses:		
<ul> <li>Staff costs (including director's remuneration)<sup>(1)</sup></li> </ul>	-	4,702
- Issuance of performance shares	-	136
- Employer's contribution to defined contribution plans		425

<sup>(1)</sup> Employee compensation relating to key management personnel is disclosed in Note 33 to the financial statements.

#### 28. INCOME TAX CREDIT

	Group	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
Deferred tax:		
- Credit to profit or loss	65	124
Total income tax credit recognised in profit or loss	65	124

## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 28. INCOME TAX CREDIT (CONTINUED)

Income tax credit is attributable to:

	Group		
	2021	2020	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Continuing operations	65	124	
Discontinued operations			
	65	124	

The income tax credit varied from the amount of income tax credit determined by applying the applicable income tax rate of 17% (2020: 17%) to (loss)/profit before income tax as a result of the following differences:

	Group	
	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000
Loss before income tax from continuing operations	(1,858)	(5,226)
Profit before income tax from discontinued operations		61,754
(Loss)/Profit before income tax	(1,858)	56,528
Income tax calculated at 17%	(316)	9,610
Non-deductible expenses	129	339
Non-taxable income	(61)	(10,130)
Effect of unutilised tax losses and other temporary differences not		
recognised as deferred tax assets	183	735
Utilisation of unrecognised deferred tax assets	-	(691)
Effect of different tax rates of overseas subsidiary		13
Income tax credit	(65)	(124)

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has unabsorbed tax losses of approximately \$6,012,000 (2020: \$4,904,000) available for offsetting against future taxable income. The unrecorded deferred tax benefits arising from unutilised tax losses and other temporary differences amounted to approximately \$1,022,000 and \$1,000 (2020: \$834,000 and \$6,000) respectively.

The unrecognised deferred tax assets relating to certain entities have not been recognised as there is no certainty that there will be sufficient future taxable profits to realise these future benefits. Accordingly, the deferred tax assets have not been recognised in the financial statements in accordance with the accounting policy in Note 2.19 to the financial statements.

## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 29. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

Arising from the disposal of subsidiaries (Note 12), the financial performance of the discontinued operations have been presented separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as this segment represents a major line of business that has been disposed of. Comparative figures have been restated to reflect the discontinued operations in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The results of the discontinued operations are as follows:

	Period from 1 January 2020 to 5 November 2020 \$'000
Revenue (Note 23)	47,979
Cost of sales	(32,058)
Gross profit	15,921
Other income (Note 24)	577
Distribution costs	(1,815)
Administrative expenses	(11,182)
Other operating expenses (Note 25)	(1,147)
Finance costs (Note 26)	(9)
Profit from discontinued operations	2,345
Income tax expense (Note 28)	
Profit after income tax	2,345
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries (Note 12)	59,409
Profit from discontinued operations	61,754

The effect of the discontinued operations are as follows:

	1 January 2020 to 5 November 2020 \$'000
Cash flows generated from operating activities	530
Cash flows used in investing activities	(615)
Cash flows used in financing activities	(72)
Net cash outflows	(157)

Period from

## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 30. (LOSS)/EARNINGS PER SHARE

The calculation of the basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to the ordinary owners of the Company is based on the following data:

	Continuing operations	2021 Discontinued operations	Total	Continuing operations	2020 Discontinued operations	Total
(Loss)/Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company (\$'000)	(1,793)		(1,793)	(5,102)	61,754	56,652
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for basic and diluted earnings	205 205 000		205 005 000	205 252 444	205 252 44/	205 252 44/
per share	305,895,908		305,895,908	305,353,446	305,353,446	305,353,446
Basic and diluted (cents per share)	(0.59)		(0.59)	(1.67)	20.22	18.55

The dilutive (loss)/earnings per share were computed for the relevant periods are the same as the basis (loss)/earnings per share as the Group does not have any dilutive options for the relevant period.

#### 31. DIVIDENDS

	2021 \$′000	2020 \$'000
Final tax-exempt dividends of \$0.1028 per ordinary share in respect		
of the financial year ended 31 December 2020		31,446

In 2020, the amount of dividends declared amounted to \$3,036,000 was being offset against promissory note issued by Metadrome Ltd. The remaining amount of \$28,410,000 was paid to shareholders in cash.

## 32. COMMITMENTS

## Capital commitments

As at 31 December 2021, the Group has capital commitment amounting to \$60,000 (2020: \$60,000) for the software development.

## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 33. SIGNIFICANT RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the financial year, in addition to those related party information disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group and Company entered into the following transactions with related parties at rates and terms agreed between the parties:

	Group		Company	
	2021 2020		2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Related parties				
Proceeds from the disposal of				
subsidiaries <sup>(1)</sup>	-	61,679	-	61,679
Promissory note issued by <sup>(2)</sup>	-	9,357	-	9,357
Interest charged by <sup>(2)</sup>		3		3

<sup>(1)</sup> As at the date of the SPA, Synagistics Pte. Ltd. is wholly owned by Metadrome Ltd(2).

## Compensation of directors and key management personnel

The remuneration of the Directors and key management personnel of the Group during the financial year are as follows:

	Group		
	2021	2020	
	\$'000	\$'000	
Continuing operations			
Short-term benefits	521	3,780	
Post-employment benefits	37	74	
Directors fees	172	173	
Share-based payments		4	
	730	4,031	
Discontinued operations			
Short-term benefits	-	386	
Post-employment benefits	-	35	
Share-based payments		24	
		445	

<sup>(2)</sup> Mr Lee Shieh-Peen, Clement, the former Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, is the sole beneficial owner of Metadrome Ltd.

## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 34. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

For purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance, the Group's chief operating decision makers have focused on the business operating units which in turn are segregated based on the type of goods and services supplied. This forms the basis of identifying the segments of the Group under SFRS(I) 8 Operating segments as follows:

Operating segments are aggregated into a single reportable operating segment if they have similar economic characteristics, such as long-term average gross margins, and are similar in respect of nature of services and process, type of customers, and if applicable, the nature of the regulatory environment.

The Group has three reportable operating segments:

•	E-Commerce	-	providing brand partners in transforming the traditional business models into an online model.
•	E-Logistics	-	providing brand partners with e-commerce fulfilment solutions and online to offline ("O2O") fulfilment solutions.
•	Insurtech	-	providing third party administration and value-added services to brand partners in the computer, communication and consumer electronic sector, manage and execute their extended warranty and accidental damage protection programs.

Investment holding - relates to investment holding company.

		Investment	
	Insurtech	holding	Total
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
2021			
Revenue			
Segment revenue	1,089		1,089
Results			
Segment results	(655)	(875)	(1,530)
Other income			327
Other operating expenses			(645)
Finance costs			(10)
Loss before income tax from continuing operations			(1,858)
Income tax credit			65
Loss after tax from continuing operations			(1,793)

## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 34. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

		Insurt \$'00	ech h	estment olding \$'000	Total \$'000
Other material non-cash items  Amortisation of intangible assets Depreciation of right-of-use assets Depreciation of plant and equipm Impairment loss on goodwill Intangible assets written off		64	4	- 36 13 -	385 40 16 642 3
Additions to non-current assets: Plant and equipment			2	2	4
	E-Commerce \$'000	E-Logistics \$'000	Insurtech \$'000	Investment holding \$'000	Total \$'000
2020					
Revenue					
Segment revenue			1,769		1,769
Results					
Segment results	_		(907)	(4,450)	(5,357)
Other income Other operating expenses Finance costs					435 (299) (5)
Loss before income tax from continuing operations					(5,226)
Income tax credit					124
Loss after tax from continuing operations  Profit for the year from discontinued					(5,102)
operations, net of tax					61,754
Profit for the year					56,652
Other material non-cash items  Amortisation of intangible assets	87	-	420	-	507
Depreciation of right-of-use assets  Depreciation of plant and equipment	99 139	_	32 2	43 24	174 165
Impairment loss on intangible assets	-	_	36	_	36
Intangible assets written off	10	_	-	_	10
Inventories written off	478	_	18		496
Additions to non-current assets:					
Plant and equipment	213	-	-	41	254
Right-of-use-assets	32	-	18	69	119
Intangible assets	359		9		368

## FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 34. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

	Insurtech \$'000	Investment holding \$'000	Total \$'000
2021 Assets and liabilities Segment assets	2,320	626	2,946
Segment liabilities	1,646	239	1,885
2020 Assets and liabilities Segment assets	2,620	1,988	4,608
Segment liabilities	966	788	1,754

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Group's accounting policies described in Note 2. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision makers for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

## Geographical information

The Group's revenue from external customers and information about its segment assets by geographical location are detailed below:

	Revenue		Non-current assets	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Continuing operations				
Singapore	1,089	1,769	907	1,989
Discontinued operations				
Singapore	-	39,156	-	_
Malaysia	-	4,003	-	_
Vietnam	-	1,181	-	-
Philippines	-	2,764	-	-
Indonesia	-	336	-	_
Thailand		539		
	_	47,979	-	-

## Major customer information

The Group's revenue derived from one customer (2020: one customer) who individually accounted for 77% (2020: 10%) or more of the Group's revenue amounted to \$841,000 (2020: \$1,327,000).

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

#### 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's and the Company's activities expose them to financial risks (including credit risk, foreign currency risk and liquidity risk) arising in the ordinary course of business. The Group's and the Company's overall risk management strategy seeks to minimise adverse effects from the volatility of financial markets in the Group's and the Company's financial performance.

The Board of Directors is responsible for setting the objectives and underlying principles of financial risk management for the Group and the Company. The management then establishes the detailed policies such as risk identification and measurement, exposure limits and hedging strategies, in accordance with the objectives and underlying principles approved by the Board of Directors.

There has been no change to the Group's and the Company's exposures to these financial risks or the manner in which they manage and measure the risk. The Group and the Company do not hold or issue derivative financial instruments for trading purposes, if any, in interest rates and foreign exchange rates.

#### 35.1 Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. As at 31 December 2021, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure to discharge an obligation by the counterparties arises from the carrying amounts of the respective recognised financial assets as stated in the statements of financial position; and

The Group develops and maintains its credit risk gradings to categorise exposures according to their degree of risk of default. The Group uses its trading records to rate its major customers and other debtors. The Group does not hold collateral to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk with exposure spread over a large number of counterparties and customers.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Credit risk also arises from cash and cash equivalents with a bank. The Group and the Company held cash and cash equivalents of \$1,624,000 and \$562,000 (2020: \$1,978,000 and \$1,871,000) respectively as at 31 December 2021. The cash and cash equivalents are held with banks and financial institutions, which are rated Aa1 (2020: Aa1). Impairment on cash and cash equivalents balances has been measured on the 12-month expected loss basis and reflects the short maturities of the exposures. Management considers that its cash and cash equivalents balances have low credit risk based on the external credit ratings of the counterparty.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## 35.1 Credit risk (Continued)

Financial guarantee contracts

The Company is exposed to credit risk in relation to financial guarantees given to banks on subsidiary's borrowings. The Company's maximum exposure is the maximum amount the Company could have to pay if the guarantee is called on. As at 31 December 2021, a subsidiary's borrowings of \$444,000 (2020: \$Nil) was guaranteed by the Company. For the financial guarantee issued, the Company have assessed that the subsidiary has sufficient financial capabilities to meet its contractual cash flows obligation in the near future hence, does not expect any material loss allowance under 12-month expected credit loss model.

Trade and other receivables

The Group's current credit risk grading framework comprises the following categories:

Category	Description	Basis for recognising ECL
Performing	The counterparty has a low risk of default and does not have any past-due amounts.	12-month ECL
Doubtful	Amount is >30 days past due or there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition.	Lifetime ECL – not credit-impaired
In default	Amount is >120 days past due or there is evidence indicating the asset is credit-impaired.	Lifetime ECL – credit-impaired
Write-off	There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Group has no realistic prospect of recovery.	Amount is written off

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## 35.1 Credit risk (Continued)

Trade and other receivables (Continued)

The tables below detail the credit quality of the Group's trade and other receivables, as well as maximum exposure to credit risk by credit risk rating grades:

Group	Note	Internal credit rating	12-month or lifetime ECL	Gross carrying amount \$'000	Loss allowance \$'000	Net carrying amount \$'000
2021						
Trade receivables	5	(i)	Lifetime ECL (simplified approach)	17	-	17
Other receivables	5	Performing	12-month ECL	243	-	243
Deposits	5	Performing	12-month ECL	38		38
2020						
Trade receivables	5	(i)	Lifetime ECL (simplified approach)	513	-	513
Other receivables	5	Performing	12-month ECL	9	-	9
Deposits	5	Performing	12-month ECL	40		40
Company 2021						
Amount due from a subsidiary	5	(ii)	Lifetime ECL	784	-	784
Other receivables	5	Performing	12-month ECL	3	-	3
Deposits	5	Performing	12-month ECL	8		8
2020						
Amount due from a subsidiary		Performing	12-month ECL	292	-	292
Other receivables	5	Performing	12-month ECL	8	-	8
Deposits	5	Performing	12-month ECL	9		9

<sup>(</sup>i) For trade receivables, the Group has applied the simplified approach in SFRS(I) 9 to measure the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the expected credit losses on these items based on historical credit loss experience based on the past due status of the debtors, adjusted as appropriate to reflect current conditions and estimates of future economic conditions. Note 5 includes further details on the loss allowance for these receivables.

As the Group and the Company do not hold any collateral, the maximum exposure to credit risk to each class of financial instruments is the carrying amount of that financial instruments presented in the consolidated statement of financial position, except for the financial guarantee issued to banks for subsidiary's borrowings.

<sup>(</sup>ii) For amount due from a subsidiary, the Group has measured the loss allowance at lifetime ECL. The Group determines the expected credit losses on these items based on the financial performance and results. Note 5 includes further details on the loss allowances for amount due from a subsidiary.



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### 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### 35.2 Foreign currency risk

The Group's foreign currency exposures arise mainly from the exchange rate movements of the United States dollar against Singapore dollar.

At the end of the reporting period, carrying amounts of significant monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the respective group entities' functional currencies are as follows:

	Gro	oup	Comp	any
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
<b>Assets</b> United States dollar	1,548	1,248	484	747
<b>Liabilities</b> United States dollar	661	529	36	190

The following table details the sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in the relevant foreign currencies against the functional currency of each group entity. 10% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusted their translation at the period end for a 10% range in foreign currency rates. If the relevant foreign currency strengthens by 10% against the functional currency of each Group's entity, profit/(loss) after tax will increase/(decrease) by:

	Gro	Group		Company	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
United States dollar	89	72	45	56	

### 35.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the risk in which the Group and the Company encounter difficulties in meeting their short-term obligations. Liquidity risk is managed by matching the payment and receipt cycle.

The Group and the Company actively manage their operating cash flows so as to ensure that all repayment needs are met. As part of overall prudent liquidity management, the Group and the Company maintain sufficient levels of cash to meet working capital requirements.

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

## 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## 35.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

Contractual maturity analysis

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities. The table has been drawn up based on undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earlier of the contractual date or when the Group is expected to pay. The table includes both expected interest and principal cash flows.

	Weighted		After	
	average effective	Repayable on demand or	one year but within	
	interest rate	within 1 year	5 years	Total
	%	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Group				
2021				
Trade and other payables	-	1,089	-	1,089
Borrowings	2.50	106	364	470
Lease liabilities	5.00	28	14	42
Total undiscounted financial liabilities		1,223	378	1,601
2020				
Trade and other payables	_	1,192	_	1,192
Lease liabilities	5.00	42	42	84
Total undiscounted financial liabilities		1,234	42	1,276
Company				
2021				
Trade and other payables	-	239	-	239
Lease liabilities	5.00	24	-	24
Financial guarantee contracts*	2.50	106	364	470
Total undiscounted financial liabilities		369	364	733
2020			<del></del>	
Trade and other payables	-	531	-	531
Lease liabilities	5.00	39	25	64
Total undiscounted financial liabilities		570	25	595

<sup>\*</sup> This represents the maximum exposure of the Company in relation to corporate guarantees provided to banks for a subsidiary's borrowings, without taking into consideration of the collaterals held. However, based on management's assessment, it is not probable that the counterparties to these financial guarantee contracts will claim under the contracts.

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## 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

### 35.4 Capital risk management policies and objectives

The Group and the Company manage its capital so as to ensure that the Group and the Company are able to continue as going concern and to maintain an optimal capital structure so as to maximise shareholders' value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Group's and the Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from the previous financial year.

The capital structure of the Group comprises only of issued share capital and reserves as disclosed in the consolidated statement of changes in equity of the Group.

The Group and the Company are not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements for the financial years ended 31 December 2021 and 31 December 2020.

#### 35.5 Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

Fair value hierarchy

The Group and the Company classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value by the valuation method. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Fair values of financial instruments that are not carried at fair value

The carrying amounts of the current financial assets and current financial liabilities that are not carried at fair value approximate their respective fair values as at each reporting date due to the relatively short-term maturity of these financial instruments.

The carrying amount of non-current bank borrowing approximates its fair value because it is charged at the market lending rate for similar types of lending or borrowing at the end of the reporting period.

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## 35. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, FINANCIAL RISKS AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

## 35.6 Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The Company has entered into master netting agreements with its subsidiaries. Financial assets and liabilities subject to offsetting, master netting agreements are presented below.

## Related amounts set off in the statement of financial position

	Gross amount - financial assets \$'000	Gross amount – financial liabilities \$'000	Net amount – presented in financial statement \$'000
2021			
Company			
Other receivables – subsidiaries	785	1	784
2020			
Company			
Other receivables – subsidiaries	4,307	4,015	292

### **36. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

- (i) On 14 March 2022, the Company had allotted and issued an aggregate of 47,990,000 new ordinary shares at a price of \$0.0417 per share (the "Allotment"), representing an increase in the share capital of approximately \$2,000,000. As part of the Allotment, 47,990,000 warrants were issued to the owners for each of the new ordinary shares subscribed, at a ratio of one warrant to one new ordinary share at no consideration. The warrant has an exercise price of \$0.0417 and will expire in 2 years from the date of issuance. There is no cash repayment or share issuance upon the expiration of the warrants.
- (ii) On 22 February 2022, the Company has issued a non-binding letter of offer to a renowned insurance company in Singapore for a proposed acquisition by the Company with the purchase consideration intended to be approximately \$20,000,000 for all or a substantial percentage of the seller's general insurance business portfolio.

## STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

## AS AT 14 MARCH 2022

Class of shares : Ordinary shares Number of shares (excluding treasury shares) : 353,885,908

Voting rights : One vote per share

Number of treasury shares and percentage : Nil Number of subsidiary holdings held and percentage : Nil

## **DISTRIBUTION OF SHAREHOLDINGS**

	NO. OF		NO. OF	
SIZE OF SHAREHOLDINGS	SHAREHOLDERS	%	SHARES	%
1 - 99	16	1.54	1,015	0.00
100 – 1,000	107	10.27	82,929	0.02
1,001 - 10,000	245	23.51	1,528,859	0.43
10,001 - 1,000,000	625	59.98	90,537,878	25.59
1,000,001 AND ABOVE	49	4.70	261,735,227	73.96
TOTAL	1,042	100.00	353,885,908	100.00

## TWENTY LARGEST SHAREHOLDERS

		NO. OF	
NO.	NAME	SHARES	%
1	UOB KAY HIAN PRIVATE LIMITED	44,515,909	12.58
2	METADROME LTD	31,032,030	8.77
3	MAYBANK SECURITIES PTE. LTD.	15,883,093	4.49
4	TAI LAI FUN CINDY	14,898,250	4.21
5	EUGENE TEO	11,250,000	3.18
6	ZANETTA LEE YUE (ZANETTA LI YU)	10,592,190	2.99
7	TAI HO YAN	9,056,250	2.56
8	STF INVESTMENTS LTD	8,800,000	2.49
9	CAI SONGHAN	8,719,290	2.46
10	CHUA SONG RU @ CAI SONGRU	7,919,290	2.24
11	TOH XIN YI	6,350,000	1.79
12	VINCENT SIM TECK LENG	6,350,000	1.79
13	DBS NOMINEES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	5,569,816	1.57
14	JACK INVESTMENT PTE LTD	4,890,000	1.38
15	OCBC SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED	4,724,700	1.34
16	PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD	4,183,060	1.18
17	CGS-CIMB SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.	3,842,307	1.09
18	HENG SIEW ENG	3,720,700	1.05
19	STEPHANIE ER HUI YIN	3,630,000	1.03
20	DAVID TAN YEW WENG	3,330,165	0.94
	TOTAL	209,257,050	59.13

## STATISTICS OF SHAREHOLDINGS

## AS AT 14 MARCH 2022

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

(As recorded in the Register of Substantial Shareholders)

	Direct	Shareholding	Deemed	Shareholding
	Interest	<b>%</b> <sup>(1)(2)</sup>	interest	<b>%</b> <sup>(1)(2)</sup>
Metadrome Ltd <sup>(3)</sup>	31,032,030	8.77	40,341,639(4)	11.40
Lee Shieh-Peen Clement(3)	_	-	71,373,669	20.17

#### Notes:

- (1) Calculated based on 353,885,908 shares as at 14 March 2022.
- (2) Rounded to the nearest two decimal places.
- (3) Mr Lee Shieh-Peen Clement is the sole beneficial owner of Metadrome Ltd. Accordingly, Mr Lee Shieh-Peen Clement is deemed interested in the Shares held by Metadrome Ltd by virtue of Section 7 of the Companies Act.
- (4) Metadrome Ltd is deemed to be interested in 40,341,639 Shares of the Company held in its custodian account maintained with UOB Kay Hian Pte. Ltd.

#### PERCENTAGE OF SHAREHOLDING IN PUBLIC'S HANDS

As at 14 March 2022, approximately 270,401,871 Shares, representing approximately 76.41% of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares), are in the hands of the public. Accordingly, the Company has complied with Rule 723 of the Catalist Rules which requires at least 10.0% of the total number of issued shares excluding treasury shares (excluding preference shares and convertible equity securities) to be held in the hands of the public.

Mr Chue En Yaw and Ms Boey Souk-Tann are the Directors seeking re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting of the Company to be convened on 21 April 2022 ("AGM") (collectively, the "Retiring Directors" and each a "Retiring Director").

Pursuant to Rule 720(5) of the Listing Manual Section B: Rules of the Catalist of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited (the "Catalist Rules"), the following is the information relating to the Retiring Directors as set out in Appendix 7F to the Catalist Rules: –

Name	Chue En Yaw	Boey Souk-Tann
Date of Appointment	28 June 2018	9 December 2020
Date of last re-appointment	23 April 2019	22 April 2021
Age	49	52
Country of principal residence	Singapore	Singapore
The Board's comments on this appointment (including rationale, selection criteria, board diversity considerations, and the search and nomination process)	The Board of Directors of the Company has considered, among others, the recommendation of the NC and has reviewed and considered the qualification, work experience and suitability of Mr Chue En Yaw for re-appointment as a Non-Executive and Independent Director of the Company.  The Board has reviewed and concluded that Mr Chue En Yaw possesses the experience, expertise, knowledge and skills to contribute towards the core competencies of the Board. Accordingly, the Board has recommended the re-election of Mr Chue En Yaw for re-appointment as a Non-Executive and Independent Director of the Company.	The Board of Directors of the Company has considered, among others, the recommendation of the NC and has reviewed and considered the qualifications, work experiences and suitability of Ms Boey Souk-Tann for re-appointment as a Non-Executive and Independent Director of the Company.  The Board has reviewed and concluded that Ms Boey Souk-Tann possesses the experience, expertise, knowledge and skills to contribute towards the core competencies of the Board. Accordingly, the Board has recommended the re-election of Ms Boey Souk-Tann as a Non-Executive and Independent Director of the Company.
Whether appointment is executive, and if so, the area of responsibility	Non-Executive	Non-Executive

Name	Chue En Yaw	Boey Souk-Tann
Job Title (e.g. Lead ID, AC Chairman, AC Member etc.)	Non-Executive and Independent Director, Chairman of the Audit Committee, Member of both the Remuneration Committee and the Nominating Committee.	Non-Executive and Independent Director, Chairman of the Nominating Committee, Member of both the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee.
Professional qualifications	<ul> <li>Bachelor of Accountancy (Hons) degree, Nanyang Technological University; and</li> <li>Chartered Accountant, Chartered Financial Analyst</li> </ul>	LLB (Hons), National University of Singapore
Working experience and occupation(s) during the past 10 years	<ul> <li>From year 2010 to 2017: Director, Private Equity Fund Investments, Temasek International Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>From year 2018 to March 2021: Managing Director, Head of Private Equity Funds, Azalea Investment Management Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>From June 2018 to Present: Non-Executive and Independent Director of V2Y Corporation Ltd.</li> <li>From April 2021 to Present: Chief Investment Officer, Azalea Investment Management Pte. Ltd.</li> </ul>	From December 2020 to present:     Non-Executive and Independent     Director of V2Y Corporation Ltd.      From 2011 to March 2022:     Partner, LegalStandard LLP      From April 2022 to present:     Director, LegalWorks Law     Corporation
Shareholding interest in the listed issuer and its subsidiaries	1,484,481 ordinary shares in the Company	No
Any relationship (including immediate family relationships) with any existing director, existing executive officer, the issuer and/or substantial shareholder of the listed issuer or any of its principal subsidiaries	No	No

Name	Chue En Yaw	Boey Souk-Tann
Conflict of Interest (including any competing business)	No	No
Undertaking (in the format set out in Appendix 7H) under Rule 720(1) has been submitted to the listed issuer	Yes	Yes
Other Principal Commitments* Including Directorships*  * "Principal Commitments" has the same meaning as defined in the Code.  # These fields are not applicable for announcements of appointments pursuant to Listing Rule 704(8)		
Past (for the last 5 years)	N.A.	N.A.
Present	<ul> <li>V2Y Corporation Ltd</li> <li>AsterG Holdings Pte. Ltd. (f.k.a. AltriumOne Assets I Pte. Ltd.)</li> <li>Astrea Capital V Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>AsterFive Assets I Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>AsterFive Assets II Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>Altrium PE Fund I</li> <li>AltriumOne Assets Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>Astrea Capital Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>Astrea I Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>Astrea I Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>Astrea Capital Holdings Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>Astrea Capital IV Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>AsterZ Pte. Ltd.</li> <li>Altrium Private Equity Fund I GP Limited</li> </ul>	V2Y Corporation Ltd.     LegalWorks Law Corporation

Name	Chue En Yaw	Boey Souk-Tann
	Astrea Capital VI Pte. Ltd.	
	AsterSix Assets I Pte. Ltd.	
	AltriumTwo Assets Pte. Ltd.	
	Altrium PE Fund II	
	Astrea VI Pte. Ltd.	
	Altrium PE Fund II GP Ltd.	
	Altrium Impact Assets I Pte. Ltd.	
	Altrium Co-Invest Assets I	
	Pte. Ltd	
	Astreat 7 Pte. Ltd.	
	Astrea Capital 7 Pte. Ltd.	
	Astrea 7 Pte. Ltd.	
	AsterSeven Assets I Pte. Ltd.	
	Altrium Sustainability Fund I	
	GP Ltd.	
	Altrium Co-Invest Fund I GP Ltd.	
	Azalea Investment	
	Management Pte. Ltd.	
	AsterThree Assets I Pte. Ltd.	
	AsterThree Assets II Pte. Ltd.	
	AsterFour Assets I Pte. Ltd.	
	AsterFour Assets II Pte. Ltd.	
	AstreaT Pte. Ltd.	
	Astreat VI Pte. Ltd.	
	AltriumTwo Assets II Pte. Ltd.	
	Altrium Growth Assets Pte. Ltd.	

Disclose the following matters concerning an	appointment of director, cl	nief executive officer, chief
financial officer, chief operating officer, gene	ral manager or other office	er of equivalent rank. If the
answer to any question is "yes", full details m	nust be given.	

answ	er to any question is "yes", full details m	ust be given.	
(a)	Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any bankruptcy law of any jurisdiction was filed against him or against a partnership of which he was a partner at the time when he was a partner or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a partner?	No	No
(b)	Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any law of any jurisdiction was filed against an entity (not being a partnership) of which he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive, at the time when he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity, for the winding up or dissolution of that entity or, where that entity is the trustee of a business trust, that business trust, on the ground of insolvency?	No	No
(c)	Whether there is any unsatisfied judgment against him	No	No
(d)	Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving fraud or dishonesty which is punishable with imprisonment, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such purpose?	No	No

**DIRECTORS SEEKING RE-ELECTION** 

## DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ON

(e)	Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such breach?	No	No
(f)	Whether at any time during the last 10 years, judgment has been entered against him in any civil proceedings in Singapore or elsewhere involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or a finding of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part, or he has been the subject of any civil proceedings (including any pending civil proceedings of which he is aware) involving an allegation of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on her part?	No	No
(g)	Whether he has ever been convicted in Singapore or elsewhere of any offence in connection with the formation or management of any entity or business trust?	No	No
(h)	Whether he has ever been disqualified from acting as a director or an equivalent person of any entity (including the trustee of a business trust), or from taking part directly or indirectly in the management of any entity or business trust?	No	No
(i)	Whether he has ever been the subject of any order, judgment or ruling of any court, tribunal or governmental body, permanently or temporarily enjoining her from engaging in any type of business practice or activity?	No	No

## V2Y CORPORATION LTD. ANNUAL REPORT 2021

(j)	been concerned with the management or conduct, in Singapore or elsewhere, of the affairs of –			
			No	No
	ii.	any entity (not being a corporation) which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing such entities in Singapore or elsewhere; or	No	No
	iii.	any business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing business trusts in Singapore or elsewhere; or	No	No
	iv.	any entity or business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, in connection with any matter occurring or arising during that period when he was so concerned with the entity or business trust?	No	No
(k)	any disci reprii the M any a	ther he has been the subject of current or past investigation or plinary proceedings, or has been manded or issued any warning, by Monetary Authority of Singapore or other regulatory authority, exchange, essional body or government agency, ther in Singapore or elsewhere?	No	No

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## NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

## **V2Y CORPORATION LTD.**

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) (Company Registration No. 201717972D)

This Notice has been made available on SGXNet and the Company's website via the following link: http://www.v2y.si/investor\_relations. A printed copy of this Notice will NOT be despatched to members.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the Annual General Meeting ("**AGM**") of V2Y Corporation Ltd. (the "**Company**") will be held by way of electronic means on Thursday, 21 April 2022 at 3.00 p.m. to transact the following business:

### **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

transacted at an AGM.

Ordinary Resolution 1	To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 and the Directors' Statement and the Auditors' Report thereon.	1.
Ordinary Resolution 2	To approve the payment of Directors' fees in the amount of \$\$172,000.00 for the financial year ending 31 December 2022, to be paid quarterly in arrears (FY2021: \$\$172,000.00).	2.
	To re-elect Mr Chue En Yaw pursuant to Regulation 108(1) of the	3.
Ordinary Resolution 3	Company's Constitution.  [See Explanatory Note (i)]	
	To re-elect Ms Boey Souk-Tann pursuant to Regulation 108(1) of the Company's Constitution.	4.
Ordinary Resolution 4	[See Explanatory Note (ii)]	
Ordinary Resolution 5	To re-appoint Messrs BDO LLP as Auditors of the Company for the financial year ending 31 December 2022 and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.	5.
	To transact any other ordinary business which may properly be	6.

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS**

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions, with or without any modifications:

7. Authority to issue shares in the capital of the Company pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act 1967 ("Companies Act") and Rule 806 of the Listing Manual – Section B: Rules of the Catalist of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") ("Catalist Rules")

That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act and Rule 806 of the Catalist Rules, the Directors of the Company be authorised and empowered to:

- (a) (i) issue shares in the Company ("**shares**") whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or
  - (ii) make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "Instruments") that might or would require shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation or issue of (as well as adjustments to) options, warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible into shares,

at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors of the Company may in their absolute discretion deem fit;

- (b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by this Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue shares in pursuance of any Instruments made or granted by the Directors of the Company while this Resolution was in force, provided always that:
  - (i) the aggregate number of shares (including shares to be issued pursuant to this Resolution) shall not exceed 100% of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) in the capital of the Company (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (ii) below), of which the aggregate number of shares to be issued other than on a pro-rata basis to shareholders of the Company shall not exceed 50% of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) in the capital of the Company (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (ii) below);

- (ii) (subject to such calculation and adjustments as may be prescribed by the SGX-ST) for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of shares that may be issued under sub-paragraph (i) above, the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) shall be based on the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares) in the capital of the Company at the time of the passing of this Resolution, after adjusting for:
  - (A) new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities;
  - (B) new shares arising from exercising share options or vesting of share awards, provided that the share options or awards were granted in compliance with Part VIII of Chapter 8 of the Catalist Rules; and
  - (C) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of shares.
- (c) in exercising the authority conferred by this Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Catalist Rules for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST) and the Constitution of the Company; and
- (d) unless revoked or varied by the Company in a general meeting, such authority shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier.

[See Explanatory Note (iii)]

Ordinary Resolution 6

8. Authority to issue shares under the V2Y Employee Share Option Scheme (formerly known as the Synagie Employee Share Option Scheme) ("V2Y ESOS")

That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act, the Directors of the Company be authorised and empowered to offer and grant options under the prevailing V2Y ESOS and to allot and issue from time to time such number of shares in the capital of the Company as may be required to be issued pursuant to the exercise of options granted by the Company under the V2Y ESOS, whether granted during the subsistence of this authority or otherwise, provided always that the aggregate number of additional ordinary shares to be issued pursuant to the V2Y ESOS and V2Y Performance Share Plan shall not exceed fifteen per centum (15%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) in the capital of the Company from time to time and that such authority shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in a general meeting, continue in force until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company or the date by which the next AGM of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is earlier.

[See Explanatory Note (iv)]

Ordinary Resolution 7

 Authority to issue shares under the V2Y Performance Share Plan (formerly known as the Synagie Performance Share Plan) ("V2Y PSP")

That pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act, the Directors of the Company be authorised and empowered to offer and grant share awards under the V2Y PSP and to allot and issue from time to time such number of shares in the capital of the Company as may be required to be issued pursuant to the vesting of share awards under the V2Y PSP, whether granted during the subsistence of this authority or otherwise, provided always that the aggregate number of additional ordinary shares to be issued pursuant to the V2Y PSP and V2Y ESOS shall not exceed fifteen per centum (15%) of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) in the capital of the Company from time to time and that such authority shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in a general meeting, continue in force until the conclusion of the next AGM of the Company or the date by which the next AGM of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is earlier.

[See Explanatory Note (iv)]

Ordinary Resolution 8

By Order of the Board

ONG SHEN CHIEH (WANG SHENGJIE)

Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer Singapore 6 April 2022

#### **Explanatory Notes:**

- (i) Mr Chue En Yaw will, upon re-election as a Director of the Company, remain as a Non-Executive and Independent Director, Chairman of Audit Committee, as well as a member of the Remuneration Committee and Nominating Committee. The Nominating Committee and the Board considers Mr Chue En Yaw to be independent for the purposes of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rules. Please refer to "Disclosure of Information on Directors Seeking Re-Election" section of the Annual Report for the detailed information required under Rule 720(5) of the Catalist Rules.
- (ii) Ms Boey Souk-Tann will, upon re-election as a Director of the Company, remain as a Non-Executive and Independent Director, Chairman of Nominating Committee, as well as a member of the Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee. The Nominating Committee and the Board considers Ms Boey Souk-Tann to be independent for the purposes of Rule 704(7) of the Catalist Rules. Please refer to "Disclosure of Information on Directors Seeking Re-Election" section of the Annual Report for the detailed information required under Rule 720(5) of the Catalist Rules.
- (iii) Ordinary Resolution 6 above, if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company from the date of this Annual General Meeting until the date of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held or such authority is varied or revoked by the Company in a general meeting, whichever is the earlier, to issue shares, make or grant Instruments convertible into shares and to issue shares pursuant to such Instruments, up to a number not exceeding, in total, 100% of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings), of which up to 50% may be issued other than on a pro rata basis to Shareholders.
  - For the purposes of determining the aggregate number of shares that may be issued, the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) will be calculated based on the total number of issued shares in the capital of the Company (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings, if any) at the time this Ordinary Resolution 6 is passed after adjusting for new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities or share options or vesting of share awards which are outstanding or subsisting at the time when this Ordinary Resolution 6 is passed and any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of Shares.
- (iv) Ordinary Resolutions 7 and 8, if passed, will empower the Directors of the Company from the date of this Annual General Meeting until the date of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company, or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held or such authority is varied or revoked by the Company in a general meeting, whichever is the earlier, to allot and issue shares pursuant to the exercise of Options and vesting of Awards under the V2Y ESOS and V2Y PSP, provided that the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to the V2Y ESOS and V2Y PSP, when aggregated with the number of shares issued and issuable or transferred and to be transferred under any other share based incentive schemes of the Company shall not exceed 15% of the total number of issued shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) of the Company from time to time.

#### Notes:

- i. The AGM will be held by way of electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. Printed copies of this Notice of AGM will not be sent to members. Instead, this Notice of AGM will be published on the Company's website at http://www.v2y.si/investor\_relations and the SGXNet.
- iii. The proceedings of the AGM will be broadcasted "live" through an audio-and-video webcast and an audio-only feed. Members and investors holding shares in the Company through Relevant Intermediaries (as defined in Section 181 of the Companies Act 1967 of Singapore) ("Investors") (including investors holding shares through the Supplementary Retirement Scheme ("SRS Investors")) who wish to follow the proceedings through a "live" audio-and-video webcast via their mobile phones, tablets or computers or listen to the proceedings through a "live" audio feed via telephone must pre-register at http://V2YAGMFY2021.availeasemgdwebinar.com no later than 3.00 p.m. on 18 April 2022 (the "Registration Cut-Off Time"). Following verification, an email containing instructions on how to access the "live" audio-and-video webcast and "live" audio feed of the proceedings of the AGM will be sent to authenticated members and Investors. Members and Investors who do not receive any email by 10.00 a.m. on 20 April 2022, but have registered by the Registration Cut-Off Time, should contact the Company by email at AGMFY2021@v2y.si. Investors holding shares through Relevant Intermediaries must also contact their respective Relevant Intermediaries as soon as possible to indicate their interest in order for the Relevant Intermediaries to make the necessary arrangements for them to participate in the "live" broadcast of the AGM.
- iii. In view of the current COVID-19 situation and in light of the advisories issued by the relevant authorities in Singapore as well as the related safe distancing measures in Singapore, members and Investors will not be able to attend the AGM in person.

- iv. Members and Investors will not be able to vote online on the resolutions to be tabled for approval at the AGM. A member (whether individual or corporate) must appoint the Chairman of the AGM (the "Chairman") as his/her/its proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM if such member wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the AGM. The Chairman, as proxy, need not be a member of the Company. The instrument for the appointment of proxy ("proxy form") may be accessed at the Company's website via the following link: http://www.v2y.si/investor\_relations or the SGXNet. Where a member (whether individual or corporate) appoints the Chairman as his/her/its proxy, he/she/it must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in respect of the resolutions in the proxy form, failing which the appointment of the Chairman as proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.
- v. The proxy form is not valid for use by Investors and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes if used or purported to be used by them. An Investor who wishes to vote should instead approach his/her Relevant Intermediary as soon as possible to specify his/her voting instructions. A SRS Investor who wishes to vote should approach his/her SRS Operator at least 7 working days before the date of the AGM to submit his/her voting instructions. This is so as to allow sufficient time for the respective Relevant Intermediaries to in turn submit a proxy form to appoint the Chairman to vote on their behalf.
- vi. The proxy form must be submitted to the Company in the following manner:
  - (i) if submitted by post, be lodged with the Company's Share Registrar, In.Corp Corporate Services Pte. Ltd., at 30 Cecil Street, #19-08 Prudential Tower, Singapore 049712; or
  - (ii) if submitted electronically, be submitted via email to AGMFY2021@v2y.si,

in either case, not less than 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM.

A member who wishes to submit the proxy form must first download, complete and sign the proxy form, before submitting it by post to the address provided above, or before scanning and sending it by email to the email address provided above. In view of the current COVID-19 situation and in light of the advisories issued by the relevant authorities as well as the related safe distancing measures in Singapore, members are strongly encouraged to submit completed proxy forms electronically via email.

- vii. In the case of members of the Company whose Shares are entered against their names in the Depository Register (as defined in Part 3AA of the Securities and Futures Act 2001 of Singapore), the Company may reject any proxy form lodged if such members are not shown to have Shares entered against their names in the Depository Register, as at 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.
- viii. Members and Investors will not be able to ask questions "live" during the broadcast of the AGM. All members and Investors may submit questions relating to the business of the AGM no later than 5.00 p.m. on 13 April 2022:
  - (i) via the pre-registration website at http://V2YAGMFY2021.availeasemgdwebinar.com; or
  - (ii) by email to the Company at AGMFY2021@v2y.si.

The Company will endeavour to answer all substantial and relevant questions received from shareholders by the above-stated timeline, after trading hours on 14 April 2022. Any relevant and substantial questions received after 13 April 2022 prior to the AGM shall be addressed during the AGM. The Company will publish the minutes of the AGM on SGXNet and the Company's website within one (1) month after the date of AGM.

ix. All documents (including the Annual Report, proxy form, and this Notice of AGM) or information relating to the AGM have been, or will be, published on SGXNet and the Company's website which can be accessed via the following link: http://www.v2y.si/investor\_relations. Printed copies of the documents will not be despatched to members and Investors. Members and Investors are advised to check SGXNet and/or the Company's website regularly for updates.

## Personal Data Privacy:

By submitting the proxy form appointing the Chairman to attend, speak and vote at the AGM and/or any adjournment thereof, a member consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the purpose of the processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the appointment of the Chairman as proxy for the AGM (including any adjournment thereof), and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the AGM (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, regulations and/or guidelines.



#### V2Y CORPORATION LTD.

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) (Company Registration No. 201717972D)

#### **PROXY FORM** ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

A printed copy of this proxy form will NOT be despatched to members of the Company

- The AGM will be held by way of electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. Printed copies of the Notice of AGM and this Proxy Form will not be sent to members. Instead, the Notice of AGM and this Proxy Form will not be sent to members by electronic means via publication on the Company's website via the following link: http://www.v2y.si/investor\_relations and the SGXNet.

  Alternative arrangements relating to attendance at the AGM via electronic means (including arrangements by which the AGM can be electronically accessed via "live" audio-and-video webcast or "live" audio-only stream), submission of questions to the Chairman of the AGM in advance of the AGM, addressing of substantial and relevant questions at the AGM and voting by appointing the Chairman of the AGM as proxy at the AGM, are set out in the Notice of AGM and the accompanying Company's announcement dated 6 April 2022. This announcement may be accessed at the Company's website via the following link: http://www.v2y.si/investor\_relations and the SGXNet.
- In view of the current COVID-19 situation and the advisories issued by the relevant authorities as well as the related safe distancing measures in Singapore, members and Investors will not be able to attend the AGM in person. Members and Investors
- Personal Data Privacy: By submitting this proxy form, a member of the Company accepts and agrees to the personal data terms set out in the Notice of AGM dated 6 April 2022.
- Please read the notes overleaf which contain instructions on, inter alia, the appointment of the Chairman as a member's proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM.

*I/We	(Name)	(NRIC/Passport/Company Registration Number*)
	/our* proxy to vote for me/us*	pany"), hereby appoint the Chairman of the Annual on my/our* behalf at the AGM to be held by way of t any adjournment thereof.

I/We\* direct my/our\* proxy to vote for or against, or to abstain from voting on the resolutions to be proposed at the AGM as indicated hereunder. If no specific direction as to voting is given, the appointment of proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid at the AGM and at any adjournment thereof.

NOTE: The Chairman of the AGM will be exercising his right under Regulation 81(2) of the Constitution of the Company to demand a poll in respect of the resolutions to be put to the vote at the AGM and at any adjournment thereof. Accordingly, the resolutions at the AGM will be voted on by way of a poll.

Resc	olutions relating to:	For**	Against* *	Abstain**
Ordi	nary Business			
1.	Adoption of the Directors' Statement and the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 and the Auditors' Report thereon			
2.	Approval of Directors' fees amounting to \$\$172,000.00 for financial year ending 31 December 2022, to be paid quarterly in arrears			
3.	Re-election of Mr Chue En Yaw who is retiring by rotation pursuant to Article 108(1) of the Company's Constitution			
4.	Re-election of Ms Boey Souk-Tann who is retiring by rotation pursuant to Article 108(1) of the Company's Constitution			
5.	Re-appointment of BDO LLP as Auditors of the Company for the financial year ending 31 December 2022 and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration			
Spec	cial Business			
6.	Authority to allot and issue new shares			
7.	Authority to issue shares under the V2Y Employee Share Option Scheme			
8.	Authority to issue shares under the V2Y Performance Share Plan			

- Delete accordingly
- If you wish to exercise all your votes "For", "Against" or "Abstain" from voting on the resolutions, please indicate with a "\" within the box provided. Alternatively, please indicate the number of votes as appropriate. If you mark the abstain box for a particular resolution, you are directing your proxy not to vote on that resolution on a poll and your votes will not be counted in computing the required majority on a poll. In the absence of specific directions, the appointment of the Chairman of the AGM as your proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.

Dated this	day of	2022				
			Tota	I number of Shares in:	No. of Shares	
			(a)	CDP Register		
			(b)	Register of Members		



#### Notes:

- Please insert the total number of Shares held by you. If you only have Shares entered against your name in the Depository Register (as defined in Section 81SF of the Securities and Futures Act 2001), you should insert that number of Shares. If you only have Shares registered in your name in the Register of Members, you should insert that number of Shares. However, if you have Shares entered against your name in the Depository Register and Shares registered in your name in the Register of Members, you should insert the aggregate number of Shares entered against your name in the Depository Register and registered in your name in the Register of Members. If no number is inserted, the proxy form shall be deemed to relate to all the Shares held by you (in both the Register of Members and the Depository Register).
- 2. In view of the current COVID-19 situation and in light of the advisories issued by the relevant authorities in Singapore as well as the related safe distancing measures in Singapore, members and Investors will not be able to attend the AGM in person. Members and Investors will also not be able to vote online on the resolutions to be tabled for approval at the AGM. If a member (whether individual or corporate) wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the AGM, he/she/it must appoint the Chairman of the AGM (the "Chairman") as his/her/its proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the AGM. The Chairman, as proxy, need not be a member of the Company. This proxy form may be accessed at the Company's website via the following link: http://www.v2y.si/investor\_relations and the SGXNet. Where a member (whether individual or corporate) appoints the Chairman as his/her/its proxy, he/she/it must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in respect of the resolutions in the proxy form, failing which the appointment of the Chairman as proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.
- 3. This proxy form is not valid for use by Investors and shall be ineffective for all intents and purposes if used or purported to be used by them. An Investor who wishes to vote should instead approach his/her Relevant Intermediary\* as soon as possible to specify his/her voting instructions. A SRS Investor who wishes to vote should approach his/her SRS Operator at least 7 working days before the date of the AGM to submit his/her vote.
- 4. The proxy form must be submitted to the Company in the following manner:
  - (a) if submitted by post, be lodged with the Company's Share Registrar, In.Corp Corporate Services Pte. Ltd., at 30 Cecil Street, #19-08, Prudential Tower, Singapore 049712; or
  - (b) if submitted electronically, be submitted via email to AGMFY2021@v2y.si,

in either case, not less than 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM.

A member who wishes to submit the proxy form must first download, complete and sign the proxy form, before submitting it by post to the address provided above, or before scanning and sending it by email to the email address provided above.

In view of the current COVID-19 situation and in light of the advisories issued by the relevant authorities as well as the related safe distancing measures in Singapore, members are strongly encouraged to submit completed proxy forms electronically via email.

- 5. The proxy form must be under the hand of the appointor or of his attorney duly authorised in writing. Where the proxy form is executed by a corporation, it must be executed either under its seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. Where a proxy form is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the proxy form, failing which the proxy form may be treated as invalid.
- 6. The Company shall be entitled to reject the proxy form if it is incomplete, improperly completed or illegible or where the true intentions of the appointor are not ascertainable from the instructions of the appointor specified in the proxy form. In addition, in the case of members of the Company whose Shares are entered against their names in the Depository Register, the Company shall be entitled to reject any proxy form lodged if such members are not shown to have Shares entered against their names in the Depository Register as at 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the AGM as certified by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited to the Company.
- \* A Relevant Intermediary means:
  - (a) a banking corporation licensed under the Banking Act 1970 or a wholly-owned subsidiary of such a banking corporation, whose business includes the provision of nominee services and who holds shares in that capacity;
  - (b) a person holding a capital markets services licence to provide custodial services for securities under the Securities and Futures Act 2001 and who holds shares in that capacity; or
  - (c) the Central Provident Fund Board established by the Central Provident Fund Act 1953, in respect of shares purchased under the subsidiary legislation made under that Act providing for the making of investments from the contributions and interest standing to the credit of members of the Central Provident Fund, if the Board holds those shares in the capacity of an intermediary pursuant to or in accordance with that subsidiary legislation.

### **Important Reminders**

Due to the constantly evolving COVID-19 situation, the Company may be required to change its Annual General Meeting arrangements at short notice. Members are advised to regularly check the Company's website or announcements released on SGXNet for updates on the Annual General Meeting. Further, in view of the current COVID-19 measures, members are strongly encouraged to submit completed proxy forms electronically via email.

## **V2Y CORPORATION LTD.**

(Company Registration No.: 201717972D) (Incorporated in Singapore on 28 June 2017)

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